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A S H I N G T O N S T A T E

OTERS PAMPHLET

STATE GENERAL ELECTION



NOVEMBER 7, 1995

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PUBLISHED BY THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
AND THE YAKIMA COUNTY AUDITOR

INTRODUCTION TO THE 1995 VOTERS PAMPHLET

CELEBRATING THE CENTENNIAL OF THE "BAREFOOT SCHOOLBOY LAW"

"It is the paramount duty of the State to make ample provision for the education of all children residing within its borders, without distinction or preference on account of race, color, caste or sex."

Article IX, Section 1
 Washington State Constitution

The framers of the Washington State Constitution crafted a remarkable document during the summer of 1889, a document which to this day contains a number of extraordinary rights and protections for the citizens of our state.

Among the foremost of these provisions is the 34-word section listed above. Penning the strongest language of any state constitution, the authors made it abundantly clear that the state's preeminent responsibility was to provide for the education of its young people.

The ideal set forth in the state constitution was made practical in fairly short order when the Washington State Legislature approved the landmark "Barefoot Schoolboy Law" in 1895. It is the 100th anniversary of the passage of this law that we honor with the 1995 Washington State Voters Pamphlet.

The Barefoot Schoolboy Law drew its name from the fact that many families, particularly those in sparsely populated rural areas, found it difficult to buy shoes for their children let alone pay for support of a local school. The historic law provided state support for local schools through a direct tax and equalized funding between urban and rural school districts.

The investment paid off. In the early 1900s, the state of Washington led the nation in school spending per capita and ranked among the top three states in literacy with only one percent of the population unable to read and write.

The Barefoot Schoolboy Law was sponsored by State Representative John R. Rogers of Puyallup, who went on to be Governor from 1897 to his death in 1901. The 1995 Washington State Voters Pamphlet pays tribute to Rogers and the other visionaries who laid the foundation for support of education a century ago, and to the thousands of men and women who have worked over the years and are working today to meet the challenge of providing for the education of all our children.



Con Huma

RALPH MUNRO Secretary of State

A MESSAGE FROM THE AUDITOR

Although we are nearly a year away from another Presidential election, we are already being exposed to dozens of potential candidates through television and radio. In many ways, this puts local issues and candidates at a disadvantage. This voters pamphlet which is again combined with the state pamphlet is one of the most important resources for candidate and referendum information. We urge you to keep it, write in it, and ask yourself important questions about each issue or candidate. In a non-partisan election there is no national platform to rely on for an overall sense of common values. Yet many of the local issues such as growth management, water rights, taxes, annexation, and the future of our children's education have a direct impact on you and your family. This makes it doubly important to look at the written comments of the candidates in the voters pamphlet and contact them with questions as you have them.

Sometimes a glance through history helps put some of our immediate concerns in perspective. As we celebrate the 75th anniversary of Congress granting women the right to vote, it's important to remember how very dear this privilege is to each of us and that thousands of people have fought and argued for years to win this right. Apathy and negativism have no place within a process that has been put in place through the sacrifice of those visionaries who framed the Constitution and embellished by the resolve of so many women who sacrificed their own personal popularity for a larger good.

Your vote is very valuable. In a county of approximately 200,000 residents, 80,000 are registered to vote. Since elections are divided among cities, towns and school districts your vote counts greatly towards the decisions about your local officials.

Please vote on November 7th!

DOUG COCHRAN Yakima County Auditor

Cover: The Burbank School in Walla Walla County, shown here in 1909, and other rural Washington schools were ensured state support by the "Barefoot Schoolboy Law" of 1895. Photograph provided by the Washington State Historical Society.

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Secretary of State Toll-Free Hotlines

TDD (Telephone Device for the Deaf) 1-800-422-8683 1-800-448-4881



INITIATIVE **MEASURE 640**

TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 640 begins on page 15.

Statement for

REFORMING WASTEFUL FISHING METHODS

Vast quantities of under-sized fish, wild salmon that need protection, and seabirds are unnecessarily slaughtered in nets. Even harbor porpoises and other marine mammals are victims. Every valuable species of saltwater fish in Puget Sound is in low abundance, and many stocks of Washington salmon are far less numerous than the available habitat can support. Voting "yes" on I-640 will limit these senseless kills by preventing the use of the most wasteful fishing methods - such as drift gill netting and bottom dragging. A "yes" will also require the development and use of fishing methods that will "target" the intended catch and hasten the recovery of Washington's priceless sealife.

THE APPALLING LOSSES RESULTING FROM CANADIAN INTERCEPTIONS OF WASHINGTON SALMON

Canada harvests well over 70 percent of many Washington salmon stocks, including those listed, or about to be listed, under the Endangered Species Act. In "payment," commercial fishermen in northern Puget Sound and Alaska net many salmon originating in Canada. I-640 will require the Governor, and other State officials, to take action to reduce this trade-off. This is the quickest and least costly way of greatly increasing the numbers of salmon returning to Washington and the Columbia River.

ECONOMIC REFORM AND JOBS

Since the State's fisheries resources are public property, it follows that they should be used in a manner that sustains

Official Ballot Title:

Shall state fishing regulations ensure certain survival rates for nontargeted catch, and commercial and recreational fisheries be prioritized?

The law as it now exists:

Commercial and recreational fishing are regulated by the department of fish and wildlife. State statutes designate certain waters in which commercial fishing is prohibited or restricted, and authorize the director of fish and wildlife to adopt regulations concerning the time, place, and manner

the highest public benefit. Such considerations have been all but ignored by Washington's fisheries managers. I-640 will vastly increase the number of jobs in Washington.

1-640 HAS NO EFFECT ON FEDERALLY MANDATED TREATY INDIAN FISHING RIGHTS

For more information, call 1-800-357-FISH.

Rebuttal of Statement against

About 95% of "Washington's" commercial catch, by its 10,000 mostly part-time fishermen, occurs in Alaska where 1-640 has no effect. Most commercial fishermen operate at a net loss in Washington waters.

I-640 will save hundreds of thousands of Washington salmon now senselessly killed, unreported, discarded, or caught in Canada. Thousands of profitable jobs will be created.

Much of our best habitat is unused because too many fish are being killed by wasteful fishing.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

FRANK HAW, Fisheries Biologist; DONALD W. MOOS, former Washington Director, Departments of Agriculture, Fisheries, & Ecology; PETER K. BERGMAN, Ph.D, Federal Snake River Salmon Recovery Team Member.

Advisory Committee: MIKE HAYDEN, President, American Sportfishing Association; LARRY SNYDER, Secretary, Vancouver Wildlife League; DAVID BECKER, President, Friends of the Cowlitz River; DR. TED VENTO, Acting President, The Recreational Fishing Coalition; STEVEN WRIGHT, President, Puget Sound Anglers.

in which fish may be taken in the waters of the state. The department has authority to work with other states and with federal and Canadian agencies to preserve and protect commercial and recreational fish stocks. The department is also authorized to operate salmon hatcheries.

The effect of Initiative Measure 640, if approved into law:

This measure would add new provisions to the state fisheries code. First, the measure would establish certain requirements for fishing gear. The director of fish and wildlife would be required to evaluate the extent to which different types of fishing gear unintentionally catch and kill other species of marine life. The measure would require the director of fish and wildlife to evaluate and regulate fishing gear based upon the mortality rate for these "nontargeted" species.

Second, after January 1, 1997, any gear type would be prohibited if its use would result in a mortality rate for "nontargeted" species in excess of fifteen percent. As to certain salmon and sturgeon gear, this rate would be based on numbers of "nontargeted" fish killed. As to other types of gear, the fifteen percent would be measured by dividing the weight of the killed "nontargeted" fish by the total weight of the "targeted" catch.

Third, the measure would direct the department to prioritize fisheries based upon the economic value of the fishery and its associated industries. In the absence of economic studies to the contrary, chinook and coho salmon, and Lake Washington and Lake Wenatchee sockeye salmon, would be deemed more valuable in recreational fisheries, while pink, sockeye, and chum salmon would be deemed more valuable in commercial fisheries.

The department would be instructed to work to reduce Canadian harvest of fish originating in Washington. If necessary to achieve this goal, the director would be authorized to reduce Washington's harvest of fish originating in Canada. The department would be directed to operate salmon hatcheries in such a way as to contribute to fisheries while protecting natural fish stocks.

Statement against

20,000 JOBS WILL BE LOST

I-640 will cost Washington 20,000 jobs in our fishingrelated industries. It will devastate our already beleaguered coastal communities, costing more than \$250 million annually. It will take away fishing families' share of Washington salmon and set aside much of our salmon resource exclusively for recreational fishing.

And worse yet, I-640 will not save a single salmon.

I-640 ELIMINATES FAMILY FISHING

I-640 will effectively outlaw family-owned fishing operations in Washington. The time-honored tradition of family fishing, a mainstay of Northwest culture for generations, will be lost. Sport and family fishermen should be working together to protect and enhance salmon for everyone. Instead, I-640 would destroy the livelihoods of thousands of Washington residents by needlessly prohibiting most fishing gear and reserving much of the salmon for sport only.

1-640 IS COMPLETELY UNFAIR

While Washington fishing families are standing in unemployment lines, commercial fishermen from Oregon and British Columbia will be catching our ocean-going salmon because the initiative doesn't apply to them. Washington sport fisheries will not be affected. It's just not fairforthe few sport fishermen sponsoring 1-640 to eliminate a way of life for Washington's fishing families while they and out-of-state fishermen continue harvesting our state's fish.

1-640 DOES NOT PROTECT OR RESTORE **FISH HABITAT**

Big aluminum companies on the Columbia River are key backers of this initiative. They want fishermen to pay for their destruction of fish habitat. But true conservationists know that habitat restoration is the only way to save our salmon. That's why eight of the largest conservation groups in Washington, including the Sierra Club and American Rivers, oppose I-640.

For more information, call (206) 282-3662.

Rebuttal of Statement for

I-640 will be economic disaster. 20,000 jobs and \$250 million will be lost to Washington communities. A traditional way of life for thousands of people will end.

I-640 will be terribly unfair. Washington citizens will sit and watch while Canadians and Oregonians catch our fish.

I-640 will not save sealife. The conservation community opposes it. It is an attempt to monopolize salmon by a few recreational fishers unwilling to cooperate to save fish for everyone.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

DON STUART, Salmon for Washington - No on I-640; ED OWENS, Washington Coalition of Ocean Fishermen; BOB BOROUGHS, Northwest Fisheries Association.

Advisory Committee: ROD MOORE, West Coast Seafood Processors Association; WILLIAM G. SALETIC, President, Peter Pan Seafoods, Inc.; LORI BODI, American Rivers, Northwest Office: SCOTT TAYLOR, Sierra Club.



INITIATIVE **MEASURE 651**

TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title was written by the Attorney General as required by law. The explanatory statement was written by the court. The complete text of Initiative Measure 651 begins on page 17.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the state enter into compacts with Indian tribes providing for unrestricted gambling on Indian lands within the state's borders?

The law as it now exists:

Gambling on Indian lands is governed by the federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (IGRA). Some forms of gambling (defined as "Class III" gaming by the IGRA), are permitted on Indian lands only if: (1) those gambling activities

Statement for

WE ALL WIN - YES ON I-651

WE ALL WIN - YES ON I-651 BOOSTS TOURISM AND **CREATES JOBS**

1-651 directly benefits the state's economy, creating true destination resorts and tens of thousands of new jobs for everyone. Indirectly, tribal gaming provides thousands of additional jobs and an economic base with adequate infrastructure in Indian country, where historically unemployment is very high and living conditions are very poor. Across the country, tribal gaming operations free to offer those games people want to play, have proven to be great contributors to regional economies. Yes on I-651 brings economic development home to the northwest.

WE ALL WIN - YES ON I-651 SHARES THE RESOURCE WITH THE PEOPLE

I-651 is good business for everyone. In partnership with tribes, I-651 shares the profits. I-651 shares ten percent of the profits from machine games, paid each year to every citizen who exercises the right to vote. In refreshing contrast to ballot measures asking voters to pay more taxes for promises of future growth, here is a measure that makes economic growth possible without raising taxes or increasing deficits a single dime. Every voter gets a check, which can be cashed or signed over to habitat restoration or to charitable causes. We all Win.

WE ALL WIN - YES ON I-651 CREATES SELF-SUFFICIENT TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS

The United States Congress enacted IGRA "to promote tribal economic development, tribal self-sufficiency, and

strong tribal government." I-651 enables all tribes to accomplish those goals. I-651 generates the government revenue Tribes need to build schools and roads, provide basic utilities and health services, improve tribal courts and social services, etc. I-651 allows tribes to invest in longterm answers to long-term problems. I-651 enables tribes to help themselves. We all Win - Yes on I-651.

For more information, call (206) 572-6862.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Strong regulation wins. In addition to strong federal and tribal regulation, I-651 provides for State inspections and background checks of personnel, and State enforcement of high standards of integrity.

Taxpayers win. Gaming employees will pay millions directly into local, state and federal tax coffers, and spend millions more at local businesses.

All tribes win. I-651 secures the right of tribes with compacts to offer machine gaming under existing provisions for renegotiation.

Yes - We all win.

The Office of the Secretary of State is not authorized to edit statements, nor is it responsible for their contents.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

JOHN KIEFFER, Vice-Chairman, Spokane Tribe of Indians: HERBERT "IKE" WHITISH, Chairman, Shoalwater Bay Indian Tribe; MICHAEL L. TURNIPSEED, Tribal Councilman, Puyallup Tribe of Indians.

Advisory Committee: WALLACE R. EDWARDS, former Chairman, Washington State Gambling Commission; SCHUYLER HOUSER, Director, Salish Kootenai College in Wellpinit; RONALD GUTIERREZ, Owner, Double Eagle Casino, Chewelah, Washington; SCOTT CROWELL, Attorney, Kirkland, Washington; KENNETH C. HANSEN, former Chairman, Samish Indian Tribe.

are permitted in the state where the Indian lands are located, and (2) the state and tribe have entered into a tribal-state compact to regulate that gambling. A compact may include descriptions of games permitted under the compact such as provisions relating to hours of operation. size of wager, size or number of tables or other facilities in operation, number and type of inspections and regulations, and related matters.

Several tribes are presently involved in lawsuits with the State regarding IGRA. One major issue in the suits is whether gambling devices such as slot machines and video poker should be authorized for use on Indian land through a compact.

The state gambling commission negotiates with Indian tribes who wish to enter into compacts concerning Class III gaming, and the governor has the authority to sign compacts on behalf of the state. A tribal-state compact may include only those types of gaming which are permitted under state law. Current Washington law prohibits certain types of gambling, such as slot machines and video poker, subject

to certain exceptions. Fifteen tribal-state compacts have been signed by the governor and are currently in place. These compacts allow various forms of gambling on terms and conditions negotiated in each agreement. No compact allows for the play of slot machines or video poker.

The effect of Initiative Measure 651, if approved into law:

This measure would offer a standard compact to all Indian tribes in the state as an alternative to the current tribal-state negotiation process. The standard compacts would authorize all forms of gambling on Indian lands, including slot machines and video poker, but not including sports betting, which presently is prohibited by federal law. The compact would contain no restrictions on hours of operations, size of wagers, or size or number of facilities. The standard compact would be deemed approved by the state effective fifteen days after the measure's approval,

(continued on page 14)

Statement against

Law enforcement officials, political leaders from both parties and even many Indian tribes are opposing Initiative 651. Why?

Initiative 651 would allow Las Vegas-style casinos on Indian trust land, both on and off reservations, with no law enforcement oversight.

- . I-651 means gambling with no state law enforcement
- 1-651 means casinos located anywhere there are Indian
- * I-651 means casinos that don't pay taxes or contribute in any way to local government, increasing the burden on ordinary taxpayers and hurting needed law enforcement, social service and school programs.

SPECIAL INTEREST LEGISLATION

This special interest legislation is sponsored by just three Indian tribes who have refused to negotiate gambling agreements with Washington state. Fifteen of Washington's 23 other tribes have legal, regulated and limited gaming. This initiative would not affect them.

NO LAW ENFORCEMENT OVERSIGHT

Current gambling in Washington is carefully regulated by the Gambling Commission. Strict enforcement assures games are honest and organized crime is kept away.

But, I-651 would allow no law enforcement oversight. Already, out-of-state gambling interests have contributed tens of thousands of dollars to promote I-651.

Even more disturbing, I-651 offers voters a payment in exchange for voting. Whether this provision ever survives

legal challenges, it is insulting to voters to suppose they would open the doors to unlimited gambling in exchange for what amounts to a payoff.

Washington voters should tell the gambling interests "NO!"

No unregulated casinos.

No casinos that don't pay taxes or contribute to local needs.

No to Initiative 651.

Rebuttal of Statement for

Only three of the state's 26 Indian tribes sponsor this initiative. Many other tribes oppose I-651 and know there is no need to change existing state laws.

The worst provision of I-651 is an attempt to bribe voters with a "share" of gambling profits. Don't be fooled. It's unlikely this insulting payoff to voters will ever survive a court challenge.

Already initiative promoters are under investigation for illegal campaign activities.

Vote no on Initiative 651.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

JOEL PRITCHARD, Washington Lieutenant Governor; NORM MALENG, King County Prosecutor.

Advisory Committee: KEVIN CRUM, President, Washington Charitable and Civic Gaming Association; RON ALLEN, Chairman, Jamestown S'Klallam Indian Tribe; RUSS GOODMAN, President, Restaurant Association of the State of Washington.



REFERENDUM **MEASURE 48**

PASSED BY THE LEGISLATURE AND ORDERED REFERRED BY PETITION CHAPTER 98, LAWS OF 1995

Note: The ballot title was written by the court. The explanatory statement was written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Referendum Measure 48 begins on page 20.

Vote cast by the 1995 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 69; Nays 27; Absent, 0; Excused, 2. SENATE: Yeas, 28; Nays, 20; Absent 0; Excused, 1.

Official Ballot Title:

The Washington State Legislature has passed a law that restricts land-use regulations and expands governments' liability to pay for reduced property values of land or improvements thereon caused by certain regulations for public benefit. Should this law be APPROVED or REJECTED?

Statement for

Excessive government regulations cost each taxpayer more than \$6,000 each year. You can help change that by approving Referendum 48 which makes government weigh the cost before passing new regulations.

Your vote to approve Referendum 48 means that local and state government will be limited in their ability to take private property away from individuals.

This law requires government to: (1) State the reason they want to take private property: (2) Determine the cost of new regulations; (3) Identify alternatives to achieving the regulatory goal; (4) Take the least burdensome alternative; and, (5) If government takes land and sets it aside for public use (such as to protect wetlands, wildlife habitat or buffer zones), it requires them to follow the Constitution and compensate landowners for land that is taken.

PROPERTY OWNERS HAVE A RIGHT TO FAIR COMPENSATION WHEN GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS REDUCE THE VALUE OF THEIR PROPERTY.

Opponents of Referendum 48 want to repeal Washington State's existing private property rights law. The state Legislature held a public hearing on this law, thoroughly debated it and passed it overwhelmingly in both houses with the strong support of both Democrats and Republicans. This legislation is clearly in step with the public's desire to limit runaway government regulations.

WHEN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION IS NEEDED. EVERYONE SHOULD PAY FOR IT, NOT JUST THE FAMILY WHO OWNS THE LAND.

Your vote to approve Referendum 48 means that you support balance and fairness and oppose burdensome

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government regulations that unfairly reduce the value of private property. Your vote upholds our country's constitutional principles.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Opponents claim to support private property rights, but for years they - and the environmental community - have stopped the legislature from fairly balancing property rights against land use restrictions.

R-48 will not increase litigation, or prove costly, unless regulatory agencies pass new regulations to take even more private property for public benefits, i.e., wetlands, wildlife habitat and buffer zones. R-48 does not impact local

Approve Referendum 48 and protect your private property and water rights.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

DAN WOOD, Democratic Party Leader, Public Involvement Activist, Hoguiam; DAN SWECKER, Republican State Senator, Fish Farmer, Centralia; STEVE APPEL, Washington State Farm Bureau President, Farmer, Dusty.

Advisory Committee: BERTHA GRONBERG, retired Public School Teacher, Small Tree Farmer, Montesano; JIM CROSBY, Labor Union Leader, Pulp and Paper Workers. Tacoma; DALE FOREMAN, House Majority Leader, Orchardist, Attorney, Wenatchee; ELAINE EDWARDS, Small Business Owner, NFIB Member, Spokane; SID SNYDER, Senator, Democratic Caucus Chair, Long Beach.

The law as it now exists:

Both the federal and state constitutions require state and local governments to pay just compensation if they take private property for public use. Currently the government is required to compensate a property owner in two situations. First, when a government seeks to use private property for a public building, highway, or some other purpose, it must pay the property owner the value of the property taken. Second, when government regulations deprive a private property owner of fundamental property rights, the courts will find that a "taking" has occurred and will require compensation. Fundamental property rights include the right to possess the property and exclude other people from it, the right to dispose of the property, and the right to some reasonable use.

Under current law, governments may regulate the uses of private property for the public health, safety, and welfare. Such regulations do not constitute "takings" or require compensation unless they deprive property owners of fundamental rights. Courts may invalidate unduly oppressive

regulations which are found to be unreasonable or not to further a legitimate governmental purpose. Courts have not required compensation where government regulations limit some uses of a property, or restrict development on a portion of the property, but leave the owner with economically productive uses for the remainder. Compensation may be required if a government imposes conditions on property development if the conditions are not roughly proportional to the impact created by the proposed development.

State and local governments are required to evaluate their proposed administrative actions to avoid unconstitutional "takings," but are not currently required to produce a formal written analysis of the effect of a proposed regulation on private property.

The effect of Referendum Measure 48, if approved into law:

The measure is intended to provide remedies to property owners in addition to any existing constitutional rights.

(continued on page 14)

Statement against

If Referendum 48 passes, taxes will go up, government will grow, red tape will increase and there will be years of costly court battles.

That's why thousands of concerned Washingtonians, including the League of Women Voters, People for Fair Taxes, seniors and conservationists urge you to vote "NO" on Referendum 48, the "Takings" Initiative.

"TAKINGS" MEANS TAXPAYERS GET TAKEN

Experts and newspaper editors across the state say the "Takings" Initiative could cost Washington's taxpayers billions of dollars in studies, bureaucracy and lawsuits.

"TAKINGS" WILL CREATE NEW GOVERNMENT RED TAPE AND BUREAUCRACY

48 mandates new exhaustive, expensive government studies for every existing and future rule and safeguard at the local and state level that affects land use.

"TAKINGS" WILL CREATE ENDLESS, COSTLY COURT BATTLES

The "Takings" Initiative will result in years of expensive lawsuits and litigation.

READ REFERENDUM 48

Its backers downplay its cost to taxpayers, but the "Takings" Initiative speaks for itself: . You, the taxpayer, would be required to pay for costly, time consuming studies and new government red tape whenever a local community limits land use in the public interest (Section 3). You, the taxpayer, would be required to pay developers and others anytime the public regulates land use that

results in any devaluation, even for basic zoning and building codes (Section 4).

"Takings" not only makes taxpayers pay for commonsense restraints on land, but on water as well—jeopardizing safe, quality communities.

We support our constitutionally guaranteed property rights. But everyone's against wasteful government, endless litigation and taxpayer payoffs to developers. This extreme "Takings" Initiative doesn't solve problems. It creates them.

Reject 48. It's the developer's dream. It's the taxpayer's

For more information, call (206) 223-3728.

Rebuttal of Statement for

Don't be misled. Trust your own reading of Referendum 48. It won't solve a thing. Instead: . Taxpayers would pay for new, expensive government bureaucracy. *Taxpayers pay for years of costly lawsuits. . Taxpayers pay for huge payoffs to developers. • Taxpayers pay for reduced quality of life in our communities. 48 means developers profit. Taxpavers lose.

Existing law says our property rights are constitutionally guaranteed. You must protect your pocketbook and Washington's quality of life. Reject 48.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

KAREN VERRILL, President, League of Women Voters of Washington; MARY MARGARET HAUGEN, State Senator, Camano Island; EARL TILLY, Mayor, City of Wenatchee.

Advisory Committee: MICHAEL McGOVERN, President, Washington State Council of Fire Fighters; RICK BENDER, President, Washington State Labor Council; KATHY FLETCHER, Executive Director, People for Puget Sound; LIZ PIRIENI, People for Fair Taxes; GENE LUX, Puget Sound Council of Senior Citizens.



REFERENDUM BILL 45

PROPOSED TO THE PEOPLE BY THE LEGISLATURE CHAPTER 2, LAWS OF 1995, 1st SPECIAL SESSION

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Referendum Bill 45 begins on page 21.

Vote cast by the 1995 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 73; Nays, 24; Absent, 0; Excused, 1. SENATE: Yeas, 30; Nays, 14; Absent, 0; Excused, 5.

Statement for

YES: REFERENDUM 45 WILL TAKE POLITICS OUT OF ENHANCING OUR FISH AND WILDLIFE

Until 1987, Washington's abundant wildlife resources were managed by an independent commission that worked openly to enhance our fish and wildlife for all citizens to enjoy. Today, decisions are made in secret, by politicians and their appointees. The result? Decimated fish runs, shorter seasons and less access than ever — for all of us.

YES: REFERENDUM 45 WILL PUT US - NOT POLITICIANS - IN CHARGE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

An independent commission will: • Represent the concerns of sportsfishing, the environment, commercial fishing, hunting and private property rights, and ensure public input in policymaking; • Enhance and regulate use of fish, shellfish and wildlife; • Protect access to fish for all, including recreational and commercial users; • Authorize equitable tribal, interstate and international agreements; • Have authority to hire and fire the Director of the Department of Fish and Wildlife, oversee department rules and regulations and approve the agency's budget.

YES: REFERENDUM 45 WILL HELP SAVE OUR SALMON, SHELLFISH AND WILDLIFE

Thirty-two states — including Idaho and Oregon — manage fish and wildlife independently, with commissions instead of politicians. They know decisions to improve natural resources are best made in public, by people with first-hand knowledge of fish and wildlife who will be accountable to all of us — not to politicians.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the fish and wildlife commission, rather than the governor, appoint the department's director and regulate food fish and shellfish?

The law as it now exists:

By a law passed in 1993, the legislature merged the former department of fisheries and department of wildlife into a single department of fish and wildlife. The director of

YES: REFERENDUM 45 WILL HELP US END "FIGHTING OVER THE LAST SALMON"

The politicians and special interests who oppose public, independent resource management are the same people who now waste time and tax dollars fighting over the right to what's left of our once-great salmon runs. Let's stop this political infighting and start fighting for the return of the salmon. Voting "yes" for Referendum 45 will bring new urgency to enhancing fish and wildlife, and place our interests ahead of special interests.

For more information, call (206) 869-8898 or (509) 534-6550.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Washington voters placed trust in citizen-commissioners to protect our fisheries for over 50 years. We've trusted citizen commissions to oversee our election financing process, our transportation systems and our state's elected officials — because commissions serve the *public* interest, not *special interests*. Fish and wildlife — managed by diverse citizens committed to open meetings and public input — can thrive again. Where political management has failed, citizen management will save our fish and wildlife. Please vote YES.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

DAN McDONALD, Senate Minority Leader, Member, Ecology and Parks Committee; DEAN SUTHERLAND, Chairman, Senate Select Committee on Water Policy; DALE FOREMAN, House Majority Leader.

Advisory Committee: BOB PANTHER, Executive Director, Inland Northwest Wildlife Council; TRISH BOTTCHER, Vice-President, Westside, Washington State Federation of Fly Fishers; JIM WILCOX, Trout Unlimited; KEN JACOBSEN, State Representative, Board of Directors, Seattle Audubon Society; MARTHA JORDAN, Trumpeter Swan Society.

the merged agency is appointed by the governor and serves at the governor's pleasure. The director has regulatory authority over shellfish, salmon and all fish species designated as "food fish." The director is authorized to enter into certain federal-state, tribal, interstate, and other agreements on behalf of the agency. The director has responsibility to manage the department and to implement programs which fulfill the agency's goals, policies, and objectives.

The fish and wildlife commission consists of nine members appointed by the governor for six-year terms and removable only for cause. The commission has responsibility to set goals, policies, and objectives to preserve, protect and perpetuate wildlife and "game fish" and the habitat associated with these species. The commission classifies wildlife and fish other than "food fish" and shellfish, and regulates hunting, trapping, recreational fishing and other recreational use of wildlife.

The effect of Referendum Bill 45, if approved into law:

If the proposal is enacted, the fish and wildlife commission will assume many responsibilities now assigned elsewhere. The commission rather than the governor would appoint the director. The director and the commission staff would serve at the commission's pleasure. In addition to its existing responsibilities for policy-making on wildlife and game fish, the commission would make policy and regulate fishing for shellfish and food fish, and would act for the state in negotiating certain federal-state, interstate, and state-tribal agreements. These changes would take effect July 1 1996

Statement against

VOTE NO-ON THIS REACH FOR POWER

Washington's fish and wildlife belong to all citizens. Recognizing this, existing law puts responsibility for managing this resource on the state's chief elected official, the governor, so all citizens will be heard.

This measure, however, turns over control of salmon, shellfish, eagles—in fact all fish and wildlife—to nine unelected, part-time political appointees, representing narrow interests. With overlapping six-year terms and no term limits, they're accountable only to themselves.

VOTE NO—ON MORE BUREAUCRACY AND COST

This measure radically changes how we protect fish and wildlife. Right now, a director named by the governor and confirmed by the state Senate manages the Department of Fish and Wildlife in an international setting that often requires instant decisions to save fish and wildlife.

This measure hands over fish and wildlife management to a part-time commission — a new layer of bureaucracy — whose members' conflicting interests will clash, bog things down and generate litigation as they argue how to apportion fish and wildlife and protect our precious heritage.

Worse, this commission would take over all of the state's negotiations on fish and wildlife with Canada, the White House, tribes and Alaska, Oregon, Idaho and Montana. The President of the United States answers phone calls from a governor when international salmon negotiations are in a crisis. Is that likely if an unknown commissioner telephones? No!

VOTE NO-ON MINORITY RULE

Amazingly, under this measure the minority can rule with only four of the nine making a decision binding on all of us!

VOTE NO-ON SILENCING THE VOTERS

A governor *must* listen to voters. A commission doesn't need to.

Rebuttal of Statement for

This law for the first time in our state's history allows those profiting from the killing of fish and wildlife — fish packers, trappers, guides, others — to manage fish and wildlife.

Call this independence? No! It's disguised specialinterest politics aimed at wresting control of fish and wildlife from the state's voters.

Salmon are endangered, disappearing, in California, Oregon and Idaho, while commissioners squabble.

Vote No! on Referendum 45. Put fish and wildlife above special interests.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

KAREN FRASER, Chair, Senate Committee on Ecology and Parks; BOB BASICH, House Ranking Minority Member, Natural Resources Committee.

Advisory Committee: DAN EVANS, Former Governor, State of Washington, Former U.S. Senator; BOOTH GARDNER, Former Governor, State of Washington.



SUBSTITUTE SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 8210

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the selection process for chief justice be changed, and a constitutional process for reducing the supreme court be adopted?

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Substitute Senate Joint Resolution 8210 begins on page 28.

Vote cast by the 1995 Legislature on final passage: HOUSE: Yeas, 68; Nays, 23; Absent, 2; Excused, 4. SENATE: Yeas, 40; Nays, 6; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.

Statement for

SSJR 8210 STRENGTHENS THE JUSTICE SYSTEM BY REFORMING THE WASHINGTON SUPREME COURT

SELECTING THE MOST QUALIFIED CHIEF JUSTICE

The Chief Justice is the chief executive and top administrator for the court system. Under current law, the Chief Justice is randomly chosen by reverse seniority.

8210 authorizes the Court to select its own Chief Justice every four years based on the requirements of the job.

THE SIZE OF THE COURT

The Washington Supreme Court has more members (nine) than 44 other states. Reducing the Court's size will save tax dollars and increase efficiency while maintaining quality, diversity and regional balance.

A seven-judge Court would save taxpayers over \$1.4 million per biennium.

Currently the Constitution permits the Legislature to increase the size of the Court. 8210 creates an orderly process for *reducing* the Court.

No sitting judge will be removed. Instead, new judges would not be appointed until the Court reaches the reduced size established by reform legislation.

SUPPORT COMMON-SENSE COURT REFORM VOTE YES FOR SSJR 8210

Recommended by an independent citizens commission, SSJR 8210 is endorsed by: • Washington State Council of Police Officers • League of Women Voters • Washington State Bar Association • Association of Washington Business • Council on Crime and

Delinquency • Washington Association of Prosecuting Attorneys • Washington State Patrol Troopers Association • Law Enforcement Administrators of Washington • Washington State Trial Lawyers Association • Washington State Association of County Clerks • Greater Seattle Chamber of Commerce • Justice Richard Guy, Chair, Gender and Justice Commission • Freddie Mae Gautier, community leader • State Senate Majority Leader Marc Gaspard • Grant County Superior Court Judge Evan Sperline • State Representative Marlin Appelwick • Yakima County Prosecutor Jeff Sullivan • State Representative

Larry Sheahan . Okanogan County District Court Judge

David Edwards . King County Executive Gary Locke.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Saving \$1.4 million per biennium is not "penny wise, pound foolish"! 8210 is common-sense reform supported by citizens, law enforcement, legal organizations and good government groups. The arguments against are inaccurate. 8210 creates no new powers. Instead, it allows the full Court to select its own Chief — to lead the judiciary, protect public safety, reduce backlogs and improve justice. Court downsizing elsewhere did not harm diversity. Support reasonable, needed reform. Please vote YES.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

BARBARA DURHAM, Chief Justice; JAMES A. ANDERSEN, former Chief Justice; VERNON PEARSON, former Chief Justice.

Advisory Committee: ADAM SMITH, Chair, Senate Law and Justice Committee; TIM HICKEL, Vice Chair, House Law and Justice Committee; WILLIAM GATES, Chair, Courts 2000 Commission; ROBERT F. BRACHTENBACH, former Chief Justice; KAREN VERRILL, President, Washington League of Women Voters.

The law as it now exists:

The state constitution currently provides that the supreme court judge having the shortest term to serve will be the chief justice. If two judges have the same short term to serve, the other judges determine which of the two will be chief justice. In case of the absence of the chief justice, the judge having the next shortest term presides. Under these provisions, the position of chief justice rotates every two years.

The constitution sets the minimum number of supreme court judges at five, but provides the legislature may increase the number of supreme court judges. Under current law there are nine supreme court judges. Some questions may exist regarding whether the legislature may also decrease the number of supreme court judges and how any reduction would be accomplished. The constitution provides that if a vacancy occurs on the supreme court, the governor shall fill the vacancy by appointment.

The effect of SSJR 8210, if approved into law:

The proposed constitutional amendment would make three changes. First, it would change the method of selection of the chief justice. It would provide for the election of the chief justice by majority vote of the judges of the supreme court from among their own membership. In the absence of the chief justice, the remaining judges would select one of their members to serve as acting chief justice. Second, it would provide for selection of a chief justice every four years. Third, it would provide that the governor will make an appointment to a vacancy on the supreme court only if necessary to maintain the number of judges specified by the legislature. Under this change, if the legislature reduced the number of supreme court judges, the reduction would be implemented as vacancies occur. The governor would not fill vacancies on the supreme court unless the membership of the court was below the number of judges specified by the legislature. The constitutional provision requiring a minimum of five supreme court judges would not be changed.

Statement against

THERE IS NO NEED FOR SSJR 8210

Since adoption of our State Constitution, the power of the Supreme Court is shared equally by all justices. The chief justice position rotates every two years, based on seniority and term of office. No legitimate claim has been made, or could be made, suggesting this system needs fixing.

DON'T GIVE THE CHIEF JUSTICE MORE POWER

The term of office of the chief justice should not be expanded. Too much power would be placed in one justice's hands. If it is the pleasure of the majority of the Court, SSJR 8210 would allow a chief justice to serve more than one four-year term. A longer term puts more power in one individual and reduces the opportunity for diversity of background and experiences. Such diversity among the individual justices is good for our system by providing different and varied input into the decision-making process.

SSJR 8210 COULD LEAD TO A LESS REPRESENTATIVE COURT

SSJR 8210 does not change the size of the Court. However, a secondary purpose of this Amendment is to provide a mechanism for reduction of the size of the Court. Our Supreme Court has had nine members since 1909. A reduction in the size of the Court would serve to deny diversity and severely restrict geographical representation. If there is to be a reduction in the size of the Court, this decision should be made by the voters.

It is estimated that reducing the size of our Supreme Court from nine justices to seven justices would save taxpayers dollars. The savings would be penny-wise and pound-foolish.

VOTE NO

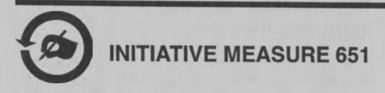
SSJR 8210 IS UNNECESSARY AND BAD PUBLIC POLICY

Rebuttal of Statement for

An efficient system has worked since 1909 and now they want to jeopardize it for a few dollars. With fewer justices the supreme court's efficiency will decrease — the court will become more backlogged and its decisions less thorough. Our current system has been carefully crafted to equalize power on the court and throughout the state, do not change it for a few dollars, especially with no citizen vote.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

SHIRLEY WINSLEY, State Senator; GRACE COLE, State Representative.



The effect of Initiative Measure 651, if approved into law (cont.):

subject to ratification by any tribe which has not negotiated a compact by November 7, 1995. Tribes which are currently operating under more limited tribal-state compacts would continue to do so until their current compacts expire, or are otherwise terminated.

Under the proposed standard compact, Indian gaming will be regulated by the tribal governments. The state may conduct background checks on primary management officials and key employees and have limited rights to inspect Indian gaming facilities. The state may provide other investigative and consulting services to tribes at their request. The proposed standard compact would provide for mediation of disputes between the state and any tribe, and for judicial review in federal courts. The state and tribes would consent to suit in federal court on compact-related matters, provided that all other remedies have been exhausted.

The compact would provide that tribes ratifying it make a monthly payment of ten percent of net gaming revenues from the utilization of slot machines and other "player-activated electromechanical gambling devices" into a fund created and managed under tribal authority. The State Auditor and two other persons who are not tribal members would serve on the fund's board of directors. The revenue in the fund would be distributed annually to all registered voters who voted in the most recent statewide election. At the voter's option, a voter's portion of the distribution could be donated to a qualifying charity. Tribes would be excused from making these payments of the state authorized slot machines or similar devices on non-tribal land in the state.



REFERENDUM MEASURE 48

The effect of Referendum Measure 48, if approved into law (cont.):

If a state or local government regulates or imposes a restraint on a portion or parcel of private property for public benefit (including wetlands, fish and wildlife habitat, buffer zones or other public benefit designation), the government would be required to pay full compensation to the owner of the property for any reduction in the property's value. The governmental entity would not have to pay compensation if, absent the regulation, a public nuisance would result. If a government did not pay compensation as required by the measure, the use of the land could not be restricted.

"Private property" would be defined to include land and interests in land or improvements on land, proprietary water rights, and any crops, forest products or resources capable of being harvested or extracted and protected by the state or federal constitutions. "Restraint of land use" would be defined as any action, requirement, or restriction by a governmental entity, other than actions to prevent or abate public nuisances, that limits the use or development of private property.

The state would be responsible for the compensation liability of other governmental entities for any action which restricts the use of property when such action is mandated by state law or any state agency.

Before adopting any regulation of private property or restraint of land use, a governmental entity would be required to prepare a statement containing a full analysis of the total economic impact on private property of such regulation or restraint. The statement must be made available to the public at least 30 days before the adoption of the regulation or imposition of the restriction. The governmental entity would be required, if it chose to enact the regulation or restriction, to adopt the alternative which had the least possible impact on private property and still accomplished the necessary public purpose.

Governments would be prohibited from requiring any private property owner to provide or pay for any studies, maps, plans, or reports used in decisions to consider restricting the use of private property for public use.

Any private property owner could seek to enforce this measure in the courts, and any prevailing plaintiff would be entitled to recover the costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 640

AN ACT Relating to the protection of living marine resources including salmon, steelhead, other anadromous trout and char, and sturgeon from wasteful and harmful fishing practices; amending RCW 75.12.010; adding a new chapter to Title 75 RCW; and providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. PURPOSE. The purposes of this chapter are to:

(1) Declare a state policy that will promote restoration of the state's marine and anadromous fish stocks while promoting economically viable fisheries that do not unnecessarily harm fish, birds, and other animals not intended for harvest;

(2) Promote efforts which will minimize Canadian and other foreign interception of Washington salmon and steelhead stocks;

(3) Require coordination by the department with federal agencies to minimize potential impacts of fishing on seabirds and other protected animals; and

(4) Accord priority to those fisheries that have been shown to have the greatest value to the people of the state of Washington.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. FINDINGS. Important fisheries for salmon and other species in Washington state have been closed or severely restricted because of the depleted condition of important natural stocks, resulting in lost economic, recreational, and cultural opportunities for Washington citizens. Wasteful fishing practices have significantly contributed to the problems. In many areas of Washington where fisheries are permitted, harvestable surpluses of fish are mixed with nontargeted aquatic creatures, such as birds, shellfish, forage species, juvenile and unmarketable fish, and weak natural or other nontargeted salmon and other anadromous fish stocks. The fishing gear employed often catches both targeted and nontargeted animals indiscriminately. This by-catch can be greatly reduced by fishing in areas where there is little mixing of desired catch and potential by-catch. Where by-catch cannot be avoided in order to conduct an otherwise valuable fishery, by-catch can be minimized by allowing only fishing gear which results in low by-catch mortalities.

Salmon hatcheries often produce more harvestable surpluses than natural stocks, with the result that nonselective fisheries targeting on hatchery fish overharvest commingled natural salmon stocks. Important natural salmon stocks are also impacted by hatchery management policies that do not address issues of competition between hatchery and natural stocks, spread of disease, and other ecological interactions. Used properly and in conjunction with regulations permitting fishing gear and methods that can harvest selectively, hatcheries can provide great benefits and support natural stock recovery by rearing critical stocks. Washington salmon hatcheries should be managed for the specific goal of contributing to important fisheries in a manner that is consistent with protection and rehabilitation of natural stocks.

Excess harvest of threatened natural salmon stocks originating in Washington waters has also resulted from Canadian interception of large numbers of Washington salmon stocks, including endangered Columbia river chinook and other stocks under consideration for listing under the endangered species act. Canada has become the largest exploiter of many salmon stocks originating in Washington

waters and the catch disparity between United States and Canadian fishers has been exacerbated by closures in Washington while fishing in Canada has continued unabated, often targeting the Washington stocks sought to be protected by the fishing closures in Washington. Canadian harvest of Washington salmon is subject to the terms of the Pacific salmon treaty intended to control the extent of each country's harvest of the other's salmon. Washington fishers catch large numbers of Canadian salmon, primarily sockeye and pink salmon homing to the Fraser river, while Canadian fishers intercept Washington salmon, primarily chinook and coho salmon, resulting in further depletion of Washington salmon stocks.

Despite the vast expenditures by the citizens of the state of Washington to maintain and enhance salmon stocks in their state, fishing regulations and policies have resulted in allocations among nontreaty fishers without regard to the value to the people of the state of Washington. Chinook and coho salmon have been proven to be more valuable in recreational fisheries, while pink, chum, and sockeye salmon have generally proven to be more suitable and valuable in commercial fisheries, except where shown to be more valuable in recreational fisheries.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. DEFINITION. As used in this chapter, "by-catch" means nontargeted fish, shellfish, and protected animals that are captured or destroyed while fishing.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. GUIDELINES. The people authorize and direct the department and the governor of the state of Washington to take the following actions:

Provide and apply clear standards consistent with the provisions of this chapter for controlling destruction during fishing operations of fish and other sea life that are not intended for harvest;

(2) Permit only fishing gear and methods of harvesting fish and shellfish that are consistent with the policies and by-catch mortality standards specified in this chapter;

(3) Manage salmon and steelhead hatcheries and hatchery stocks to contribute to fisheries while protecting or enhancing natural stocks.

(4) Minimize Canadian and other foreign interceptions of salmon and steelhead originating in Washington, if necessary by adopting regulations to reduce Washington interception of Canadian fish;

(5) Maximize economic benefit to the state and its citizens in allocating harvestable food fish and shellfish;

(6) Consult and coordinate with federal officials to minimize potential impacts of fishing on seabirds and other federally protected species; and

(7) Develop and evaluate fishing methods that comply with the by-catch standards in section 5 of this act that would become legal on January 1, 1997, if currently legal methods cannot comply with such standards.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. BY-CATCH STANDARDS. (1) The purpose of this subsection is to protect nontargeted salmon, steelhead, other anadromous trout and char, and sturgeon from fisheries on harvestable stocks of salmon and sturgeon. Salmon gear evaluations shall be based upon the average of the two observed mortalities for chinook and coho salmon. Sturgeon gear evaluations shall utilize observed mortalities for sturgeon. The director may require more specific evaluations when deemed appropriate. Evaluations shall involve life stages of fish most commonly exposed to the gear and be conducted under conditions representative of when the gear would be utilized. Fishing gear types shall not be used unless capable of live releasing such fish with no greater than fifteen percent mortality, in numbers of fish, during 1997 and thereafter.

(2) The times and locations legal gear may be operated shall be determined by the director. When and where a gear type is deemed



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 640 (cont.)

to pose a significant threat to the abundance of by-caught salmon, steelhead, other anadromous trout or char, sturgeon, sea birds, or other protected animals, the area shall be closed to fishing with such gear. When and where it is determined that such by-catch will have a lesser impact, fisheries may be conducted only if the gear is operated in accordance with procedures qualifying it for use under the by-catch standard. When and where it is determined that a fishery does not have significant effect on the abundance of such by-catch, such operating procedures may be waived. Waiving of gear operating procedures shall be based only on results of test tishing and catch monitoring.

(3) Any gear type used for food fish and shellfish other than salmon and sturgeon that results in by-catch mortality of nontargeted or unmarketable fish or shellfish that cumulatively weigh in excess of fifteen percent of the live weight of the catch of targeted stocks

during 1997 and thereafter is not permitted.

(4) If the director determines that by-catch standards prevent nontreaty fishers from harvesting their full share of sockeye, pink, or chum salmon, in accordance with rulings under United States of America et al. v. State of Washington et al., Civil No. 9213, United States District Court for Western District of Washington, February 12, 1974, and Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Oregon, 1969), as amended, affirmed, and remanded 529 F. 2d 570 (9th Cir., 1976), existing gear types conforming to the by-catch standards shall be given maximum opportunity for harvesting the targeted stocks consistent with other provisions of this section. If additional harvest levels are required to achieve nontreaty shares the director shall not be constrained by previous provisions of this title after January 1, 1997, for authorizing other gear types that satisfy the by-catch standard. Commercial license applications for new gear types, authorized by the director, shall be limited to holders of 1996 commercial salmon fishing licenses. However, the issuance of such licenses shall be limited to a number consistent with the economic welfare of commercial salmon licensees and the citizens of the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. EVALUATING SELECTIVITY OF FISHING METHODS. The department is directed to study and establish by-catch mortality rates for the various types of existing authorized fishing gear. Existing studies shall be utilized when deemed appropriate by the director. If such studies are unavailable, by-catch mortality rates shall be based upon actual or simulated conditions intended to duplicate the operation of representative gear types in typical fishing situations. Mortality rates shall include and are limited to the sum of immediate mortality, mortality following twelve hours in confinement, and losses to predators while fish and shellfish are contained in or held by the gear. Applicability of findings of these studies to various times, places, and other circumstances shall be determined by the director.

The director shall establish and enforce rules consistent with maintaining the by-catch standards in the state's fisheries.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 7. ELIMINATION OF NONCONFORMING FISHING GEAR AND METHODS. This chapter shall not be construed to prohibit the use of gear that does not comply with the by-catch standards until January 1, 1997, when noncomplying gear is illegal. Nonconforming salmon and sturgeon fishing gear shall not be licensed by the state for use after this date.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 8. HATCHERY POLICY. Salmon hatch-

eries operated by the state of Washington shall be managed and operated to contribute to fisheries in a manner that is consistent with the protection and rehabilitation of natural stocks.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. REDUCTION OF FOREIGN INTER-CEPTION OF WASHINGTON FISH STOCKS. The policy of the state of Washington is to reduce Canadian and other foreign interceptions of salmon and steelhead originating in Washington. The governor and other Washington state officials responsible for negotiation of future fisheries agreements with Canada and other nations shall strive to reduce interceptions of such fish originating in Washington. If it is necessary to reduce Washington interception of fish originating in Canada in order to achieve this goal, the director is authorized and directed to adopt appropriate rules to achieve such reduction.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. VALUE OF FISHERIES TO BE CON-SIDERED. In enacting or adopting rules affecting fisheries for food fish and shellfish in the state of Washington, the director is authorized and directed to consider economic values, including those of the recreational, i.e. personal use, fishery and its associated industries, and accord priority to those fisheries that have the greatest value to the citizens of the state of Washington. Chinook and coho salmon have generally been proven more valuable in recreational fisheries and should be utilized in this manner except where economic studies show that commercial catch is more valuable. Pink. chum, and sockeve salmon have been shown to be more suitable and valuable in commercial fisheries except for Lake Washington and Lake Wenatchee sockeye salmon, which are more valuable when utilized in a recreational fishery. The department may modify these comparative values only when based on economic studies employing generally accepted statistical and economic procedures and methodology.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. PERFORMANCE AUDIT. The state auditor is directed to annually complete for the governor and publish for the citizens a performance audit relating to compliance with the mandates of this chapter on the part of the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. CONSULTATION WITH OREGON. After the effective date of this act, the governor and the director shall consult with the state of Oregon and urge adoption and implementation of the principles and policies set forth in this chapter by the state of Oregon in order to maintain and enhance Columbia river fish stock.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. LEGISLATIVE FUNDING. The legislature shall appropriate the necessary funds to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 14. RCW 75.12.010 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 46 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in this section, it is unlawful to fish commercially for salmon within the waters described in subsection

(2) of this section.

(2) All waters east and south of a line commencing at a concrete monument on Angeles Point in Clallam county near the mouth of the Elwha River on which is inscribed "Angeles Point Monument" (latitude 48° 9' 3"north, longitude 123° 33' 01" west of Greenwich Meridian); thence running east on a line 81° 30' true across the flashlight and bell buoy off Partridge Point and thence continued to longitude 122° 40' west; thence north to the southerly shore of Sinclair Island; thence along the southerly shore of the island to the most easterly point of the island; thence 46° true to Carter Point, the most southerly point of Lummi Island; thence northwesterly along the westerly shore line of Lummi Island to where the shore line



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 640 (cont.)



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 651

intersects line of longitude 122° 40' west; thence north to the mainland, including: The southerly portion of Hale Passage, Bellingham Bay, Padilla Bay, Fidalgo Bay, Guemes Channel, Skagit Bay, Similk Bay, Saratoga Passage, Holmes Harbor, Possession Sound, Admiralty Inlet, Hood Canal, Puget Sound, and their inlets,

passages, waters, waterways, and tributaries.

(3) The director may authorize commercial fishing for sockeye salmon within the waters described in subsection (2) of this section during the period June 10 to July 25 and for other salmon from the second Monday of September through November 30, except during the hours between 4:00 p.m. of Friday and 4:00 p.m. of the following

(4) The director may authorize commercial fishing for salmon ((with gill net gear)) prior to the second Monday in September within the waters of Hale Passage, Bellingham Bay, Samish Bay, Padilla Bay, Fidalgo Bay, Guemes Channel, Skagit Bay, and Similk Bay, to wit: Those waters northerly and easterly of a line commencing at Stanwood, thence along the south shore of Skagit Bay to Rocky Point on Camano Island; thence northerly to Polnell Point on Whidbey Island.

(5) Whenever the director determines that a stock or run of salmon cannot be harvested in the usual manner, and that the stock or run of salmon may be in danger of being wasted and surplus to natural or artificial spawning requirements, the director may authorize units of ((gill net and purse seine)) gear conforming to by-catch standards in any number or equivalents, by time and area, to fully utilize the harvestable portions of these salmon runs for the economic well being of the citizens of this state. Gill net and purse seine gear other than emergency and test gear authorized by the director shall not be used in Lake Washington.

(6) The director may authorize commercial fishing for pink salmon in each odd-numbered year from August 1 through September 1 in the waters lying inside of a line commencing at the most easterly point of Dungeness Spit and thence projected to Point Partridge on Whidbey Island and a line commencing at Olele Point and thence

projected easterly to Bush Point on Whidbey Island.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATE. This act shall take effect January 1, 1996.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. CAPTIONS. Captions used in this chapter do not constitute any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. CODIFICATION. Sections 1 through 13 and 15 through 17 of this act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 75 RCW

PROJECT VOTE SMART

Information about federal office holders is available free to Washington voters from Project Vote Smart, a national, nonpartisan program started in 1992. This includes information about voting records, campaign finances, past and current position statements and performance evaluations. Voters can telephone Project Vote Smart at 1-800-622-7627. World wide web address is: http://www.vote-smart.org

AN ACT Relating to gaming by tribes; and adding new sections to chapter 9.46 RCW.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASH-

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9.46 RCW to read as follows:

The State shall adopt a compact authorizing full class III gaming under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 (102 Stat. 2467; 25 U.S.C. sec. 2710) with all Indian tribes with Indian lands within the external boundaries of the state.

- (1). The public policy and law of the state is that all Indian tribes with Indian lands within the state are entitled to offer unrestricted Class III gaming under a compact as defined under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988. For all Indian tribes with Indian lands within the external boundaries of the state that do not have a compact with the state as of November 7, 1995, Washington State shall be deemed to have executed a compact stating this public policy within fifteen days of the certification of the passage of this section by the secretary of state. When the agreed upon terms of existing compacts with other Indian tribes expire, those Indian tribes may ratify the compact executed by the state as the result of this section. The compact must not have market restrictions as to the operation of class III gaming on Indian lands in the state with regard to size of wager, size of facility, hours of operation, number of games, number of facilities, or type of gaming employed, and there must not be market restrictions on the use of player-activated electromechanical gambling devices. The compact stating this public policy and governing class III gaming is the compact required under section 2 of this act.
- (2). The compact must provide that all of the Indian tribes who ratify this compact shall make a monthly payment of ten percent of the net gaming revenues from the utilization of all player-activated electromechanical gambling devices into a fund created and managed by FTS Enterprises, an intertribal entity established as an extension of tribal governing bodies under the laws of the participating tribes. "Net gaming revenues" is defined as gross revenue minus all revenues paid or allocated as prizes. The compact shall provide that the state auditor and two other persons who are not members of any Indian tribe with Indian lands in Washington State and, who are registered voters in the state, be appointed as directors of FTS Enterprises upon the creation of the fund. The state auditor may decline the appointment if he is otherwise precluded by the laws of the state from accepting the appointment; in which event the existing directors must appoint a replacement.
- (3). The compact must provide that FTS Enterprises distribute the fund's revenue annually on a per capita basis minus operating expenses to all of the registered voters in the state who have voted in the most immediate previous statewide general election. FTS Enterprises shall have its records audited by a certified public accounting firm, annually. The audit shall be included in an annual report published and presented to the state auditor.
- (4). If at any time after the effective date of this act, the state authorizes, by statute, rule or regulation, the operation of any player-activated electromechanical gambling device, other than



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 651 (cont.)

one licensed and in actual operation before March 1, 1995, anywhere within the state not on Indian lands, or not authorized by this act, then the financial obligations of the Indian tribes under the compact signed as a result of this act shall cease. After final distribution is made, further payment by the tribes and distribution to the registered voters must not from that time occur. In such event, all other provisions of the compact must remain in full force and effect.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 9.46 RCW to read as follows:

The compact adopted under section 1 of this act must read as follows:

Tribal State Compact for Class III Gaming by Tribes with Indian Lands in the State of Washington

RECITALS

WHEREAS the voters of the State of Washington have set forth, by Initiative, the clear public policy that all Indian tribes within the state are entitled to offer unrestricted Class III gaming under a compact defined by the federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988; and

WHEREAS the federal Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 provides that a compact governing the operation of Class III gaming shall be submitted to the Secretary of Interior and published in the federal register;

ACCORDINGLY, the State of Washington agrees to the following terms and conditions upon the ratification of this compact by any Indian tribe with Indian lands within the state.

PART I. Effective upon Ratification by Tribe

This compact is entered into by the State of Washington and any federally recognized Indian tribe with Indian lands within the exterior boundaries of the State of Washington that ratifies this compact in accordance with the tribe's constitution and applicable tribal laws and regulations. A Compact already in existence between a tribe and the State of Washington remains in effect until the compact expires by its express terms, after which time, the tribe may ratify this Compact.

PART II. Authorized Class III Gaming

(1). Authorization of games. A tribe may offer any game with the elements of prize, consideration, and chance that (a) is authorized by a tribe pursuant to a valid tribal ordinance that is approved by the National Indian Gaming Commission; and (b) is played according to specific rules, the copies of which are available to patrons. There must not be market restrictions as to the operation of Class III gaming including, but not limited to, size of wager, size of facility, hours of operation, number of games, number of facilities, or type of gaming employed.

(2). Authorization of Gambling Devices. A tribe is entitled to use any gambling device as defined by RCW § 9.46.0241, as in

effect on January 1, 1995, so long as a true and correct prototype of such device has been certified by, or would meet the technical equipment standards of authorized regulatory bodies in the State of Nevada, or the State of New Jersey, or the device is exempted from certification requirements under the laws of the State of Nevada, or the State of New Jersey. If Nevada or New Jersey changes its laws, the devices include devices that are or would be lawful in Nevada or New Jersey under the laws, rules, and regulations in effect on January 1, 1995.

(3). Age Limitations. A person under the age of eighteen (18) may neither participate in a gaming operation, nor be allowed on the Class III gaming floor during actual hours of operation. Should alcoholic beverages be offered on any portion of the gaming floor under applicable law, then a patron under the age of twenty-one (21) may not be permitted on that portion of the gaming floor during actual hours of operation.

PART III. VOTERS' DIVIDEND FUND

(1). Ten Percent Dividend. The Tribes shall make a monthly payment of ten percent of the net gaming revenues from the utilization of all player-activated electromechanical gambling devices into a fund created and managed by FTS Enterprises, an intertribal entity established as an extension of tribal governing bodies under the laws of participating tribes with Indian lands in Washington State, who exercise their sovereign authority to participate in FTS Enterprises. "Net gaming revenues" is defined as gross revenue minus all revenues paid or allocated as prizes. Ratification of this compact by a tribe must include acknowledgment and consent to abide by the policies and procedures of FTS Enterprises consistent with the terms of this compact. Specifically, the tribe consents to providing reasonable access to books and records necessary to conduct a verifiable audit of the tribal gaming operations to ensure that FTS Enterprises and tribes are meeting their obligations to the voters of the state under this compact. The state auditor and two other persons who are not members of any Indian tribe with Indian lands in Washington State, who are registered voters of the state, shall be appointed by the Board as Directors of FTS Enterprises upon the creation of the fund. The state auditor may decline the appointment if he is otherwise precluded by the laws of the state from accepting the appointment; in which event the existing directors must appoint a replacement.

(2). Management & Supervision. The compact shall provide that FTS Enterprises distribute the fund's revenue annually on a per-capita basis minus operating expenses to all of the registered voters in the state who have voted in the most immediate previous state-wide general election. The fund must allow those entitled to a distribution to donate their annual distribution payment to separate funds created by FTS Enterprises to support nonprofit, private programs in the areas of education, environmental protection, law enforcement, and natural resources restoration. FTS Enterprises shall have its records audited by a certified public accounting firm, annually. The audit shall be included in an annual report published and presented to the state auditor.

(3). Exclusivity to Indian Country. If the state authorizes, by statute, rule or regulation, the operation of any player-activated electromechanical gambling device, other than those licensed and actually in play on or before March 1, 1995, anywhere within the state not on Indian lands, or not authorized by this act, then the financial obligations of the Indian tribes under the compact signed as the result of the passage of this act cease immediately. After a final prorated distribution is made, further payment by the tribes and distribution to the registered voters must not from that time occur. In



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 651 (cont.)

such an event, all other provisions of the compact must remain in full force and effect.

PART IV. Regulation of Class III Gaming

- (1). Licensing of Key Employees and Primary Management Officials. The tribe shall license, operate, and regulate all Class III gaming activities consistent with this compact, tribal law, and all other applicable federal law. The tribe shall enforce and administer the regulatory requirements that include but are not limited to the licensing of key employees and primary management officials of each Class III gaming activity or operation. The standards for licensing must be at least as restrictive as the standards required by the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988 and the regulations of the National Indian Gaming Commission for Key Employees and Primary Management Officials in effect for Class II gaming activities, as of March 1, 1995.
- (2). Accounting/Auditing. Accounting records must be kept on a double entry system of accounting, maintaining detailed, supporting, subsidiary records. The tribe shall retain the following records for at least three years: (a) revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and equity for each location at which Class III gaming is conducted: (b) daily cash transactions for each Class III game at each location at which gaming is conducted, including but not limited to transactions relating to each gaming table bank, game drop box, and gaming room bank; (c) all markers, IOUs, returned checks, hold checks or other similar credit instruments; (d) contracts, correspondence and other transaction documents relating to all vendors and contractors; (e) records of all tribal enforcement activities; (f) audits prepared by or on behalf of the tribe; and (g) personnel information on all Class III gaming employees or agents, including rotation sheets, hours worked, employee profiles and background checks. The tribe shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act, P.L. 91-508, 31 U.S.C. §§ 5311-5314 (1970).

(3). Washington State's Role in Regulation.

- (a) Investigative Services to be Made Available. The Washington State Gambling Commission shall conduct background investigations on primary management officials and key employees. Fees for the services shall not exceed the actual and reasonable costs incurred by the Commission for providing the service. The involvement of the state in conducting background investigations shall be voluntary; If the State of Washington chooses not to conduct the background investigations, or is otherwise unable to conduct the background investigations, the tribe may contract with other governments or private companies to provide the services. The tribe shall provide information on primary management officials and key employees sufficient to allow the state to conduct its own background investigation as is necessary to make an independent determination as to suitability of these individuals, consistent with the standards imposed on and by the tribe. If the state disputes the active status of a licensee, the state may pursue the remedies available in Part V of this compact.
- (b) State Inspection. The state may inspect any aspect of the tribal gaming operations. The state presence, however, must not be conducted in a manner which interferes with the day-to-day operations of the gaming facility. A representative authorized in writing by the Governor of the state, or his designee, shall have the

right to inspect, in the accompaniment of a designated tribal representative, all tribal Class III gaming facilities and all tribal records related to Class III gaming, subject to the following conditions:

(i) For public areas, the representative may inspect at

any time without prior notice;

(ii) For private areas not accessible to the public, the representative may inspect at any time during normal business hours, with twelve hours prior written notice; and

- (iii) For inspection and copying of all tribal records relating to Class III gaming, the representative must give 48 hours, not including weekends, prior written notice to the Chairman of the tribe and specifically identify the records to be inspected and copied. However, the state shall pay for all reasonable costs related to the inspection and copying, and the tribe may prohibit the state from copying materials if the state is unable to maintain the confidentiality of the materials.
- (c) State Oversight & Consulting Services. The state may provide additional oversight or consulting services by entering into a separate Memorandum of Agreement with the tribe providing for the services. In such an event, however, the fees charged by the state must not exceed fair and reasonable costs for providing the services.

PART V. DISPUTE RESOLUTION

- (1). Disputes Between Tribe and State -Tribe or state may invoke the following dispute procedure if either believes the other government has failed to comply with a any requirement of the compact.
- (a) Notice. The party asserting noncompliance must serve written notice to the Chairman of the tribe and the Governor of the state. The notice must identify the specific provision of the compact alleged to have been violated and must specify the factual basis for the alleged noncompliance.
- (b) Negotiated Resolution. Within thirty (30) days of Notice under subsection (a) the tribe and state shall meet and make every good faith effort to resolve the dispute amicably, through direct negotiation. If the direct negotiation is futile or unsuccessful, the tribe and state agree to seek an independent mediator, the selection of which must be mutually agreed upon. Such mediator shall attempt to find a mutually acceptable resolution to the dispute.
- (c) Formal Mediation. A controversy or claim arising out of or relating to this compact, or the breach of this compact, wherein negotiated resolution pursuant to subsection (1) (b) of this Part V is unsuccessful, the dispute must be submitted to formal mediation supervised and administrated by Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services, through its Seattle office. The mediator must be selected by Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services unless otherwise agreed to by tribe and state. The mediator shall have at a minimum, three years experience as a federal magistrate, federal district court or appellate judge, with specific experience involving Indian tribes as litigants. The mediation is not binding on the parties, unless prior to mediation, both parties agree, in writing, to be bound by the mediator's decision. The tribe and state shall each bear its own legal fees and expenses unless, in the opinion of the mediator, the position of one party is meritless, in which event the losing party shall reimburse the prevailing party for such fees and expenses. If the preferential use of Judicial Arbitration and Mediation Services violates any law, or is otherwise not available, the government seeking relief is deemed to have exhausted their remedies and may proceed to federal court as set forth in section (2) of this Part V.
 - (2). Consent to Jurisdiction of Federal Court. If significant



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 651 (cont.)



COMPLETE TEXT OF Referendum Measure 48

disputes arise from this compact that cannot be resolved by negotiated resolution or mediation, tribe and state agree to submit the issues to federal court for determination.

(a) Tribe's Limited Waiver of Sovereign Immunity. By this agreement, the tribe does not waive, limit, or modify its sovereign immunity from suit except as provided in this section. The tribe expressly waives in a limited manner its immunity from suit and consents to be sued in the United States District Court for either district of Washington, or in the District Court for the District of Columbia. The state must exhaust the remedies under this Part V before pursuing any action in federal court. This waiver is expressly limited to permit judgments or awards only to the extent of prospective equitable relief that the tribe comply with the court's interpretation of the compact.

(b) State's Limited Walver of Sovereign Immunity. By this agreement, the state does not waive, limit, or modify its sovereign immunity from suit except as provided in this section. State expressly waives in a limited manner its immunity from suit, including any immunity protected by the Eleventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and consents to be sued in the United States District Court for either district of Washington, or for the District Court for the District of Columbia. The tribe must exhaust the remedies under this Part V before pursuing any action in federal court.

PART VI. MISCELLANEOUS

(1). Complete Agreement. This compact is the entire agreement between the governments and supersedes all prior agreements, whether written or oral, with respect to the subject matter of this compact.

(2). Severability. In the event that any section or provision of this compact is held invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, it is the intent of the parties that the remaining sections or provisions of this compact continue in full force and effect. If the Department of Interior, on behalf of the United States, determines that changes in this compact are necessary to be consistent with federal law, this Compact is deemed modified to the extent necessary to conform to federal law.

(3). Jurisdiction. Nothing in this compact may be interpreted to alter jurisdiction that the state might currently have on Indian lands of a Washington tribe. This compact may not be interpreted to preclude a subsequent retrocession agreement, crossdeputization agreement, or other intergovernmental agreement affecting jurisdiction.

PLEASE NOTE

In the preceding and following measures, all words in double parentheses with a line through them are in the State Law at the present time and are being taken out by the measure. All words underlined do not appear in the State Law as it is now written but will be put in if the measure is adopted.

To obtain a copy of the texts of these state measures in larger print, call the Secretary of State's toll-free hotline -- 1-800-448-4881.

AN ACT Relating to regulation of private property; adding a new chapter to Title 64 RCW.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. This act is intended to provide remedies to property owners in addition to any constitutional rights under the state and/or federal constitutions and is not intended to restrict or replace any constitutional rights.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act shall be known as the private property regulatory fairness act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A regulation of private property or restraint of land use by a governmental entity is prohibited unless a statement containing a full analysis of the total economic impact in private property of such regulation or restraint is prepared by the entity and made available to the public at least thirty days prior to adoption of the regulation or imposition of the restraint. Such statement shall identify the manner in which the proposed action will substantially advance the purpose of protecting public health and safety against identified public health or safety risks created by the use of private property, and analyze the economic impact of all reasonable alternatives to the regulation or restraint. Should the governmental entity choose to adopt a proposed regulation or restraint on the use private property, the governmental entity shall adopt the regulation or restraint that has the least possible impact on private property and still accomplishes the necessary public purpose.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) A portion or parcel of private property shall be considered to have been taken for general public use when:

 (a) a governmental entity regulates or imposes a restraint of land use on such portion or parcel of property for public benefit including wetlands, fish or wildlife habitat, buffer zone, or other public benefit designations; and

(b) no public nuisance will be created absent the regulation; and

(2) When private property is taken for general public use, the regulating agency or jurisdiction shall pay full compensation of reduction in value to the owner, or the use of the land by the owner may not be restricted because of the regulation or restraint. The jurisdiction may not require waiving this compensation as a condition of approval of use or another permit, nor as a condition for subdivision of land.

(3) Compensation must be paid to the owner of a private property within three months of the adoption of a regulation or restraint which results in a taking for general public use.

(4) A governmental entity may not deflate the value of property by suggesting or threatening a designation to avoid full compensation to the owner.

(5) A governmental entity that places restrictions on the use of public or private property which deprive a landowner of access to his or her property must also provide alternative access to the property at the governmental entity's expense, or purchase the inaccessible property.

(6) The assessor shall adjust property valuation for tax purposes and notify the owner of the new tax valuation, which must be reflected and identified in the next tax assessment notice.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Referendum Measure 48 (cont.)

(7) The state is responsible for the compensation liability of other governmental entities for any action which restricts the use of property when such action is mandated by state law or any state agency.

(8) Claims for compensation as a result of a taking of private property under this act must be brought within the time period

specified in RCW 4.16.020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. No governmental entity may require any private property owner to provide or pay for any studies, maps, plans, or reports used in decisions to consider restricting the use of private property for public use.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Full compensation" means the reduction in the fair market value of the portion or parcel of property taken for general public use which is attributable to the regulation or restraint. Such reduction shall be measured as of the date of adoption of the regulation or imposition of restraint on the use of private property.

(2) "Governmental entity" means Washington state, state agencies, agencies and commissions funded fully or partially by the state,

counties, cities, and other political subdivisions.

(3) "Private property" means -

(a) land;

(b) any interest in land or improvements thereon;

(c) any proprietary water right;

(d) Any crops, forest products, or resources capable of being harvested or extracted that is owned by a non-governmental entity and is protected by either the Fifth or Fourteenth Amendments to the U.S. Constitution or the Washington State Constitution.

(4) "Restraint of land use" means any action, requirement, or restriction by a governmental entity, other than actions to prevent or abate public nuisances, that limits the use or development or private property.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8 This act may be enforced in Superior Court against any governmental entity which fails to comply with the provisions of this act by any owner of property subject to the jurisdiction of such entity. Any prevailing plaintiff is entitled to recover the costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. Sections 1 through 8 of this act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 64 RCW.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Referendum Bill 45

AN ACT Relating to the role of the state commission on fish and wildlife as recommended by the commission on fish and wildlife; amending RCW 77.04.040, 77.04.055, 77.04.080, 75.08.011, 75.08.025, 75.08.055, 75.08.058, 75.08.070, 75.08.080, 75.08.090, 75.08.110, 75.08.120, 75.08.274, 75.08.285, 75.08.295, 75.08.460, 75.40.020, 75.40.040, 75.40.060, 75.08.014, 75.08.040, 75.08.045, 75.12.010, 75.12.015, 75.20.110, 75.24.030, 75.24.100, 75.24.130, 75.25.095, 75.30.060, 75.50.010, 75.50.020, 75.50.030, 75.50.040, 75.50.050, 75.50.070, 75.50.110, 75.50.130, 75.52.050, and 77.16.135; reenacting and amending RCW 43.17.020 and 75.50.100; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature supports the recommendations of the state fish and wildlife commission with regard to the commission's responsibilities in the merged department of fish and wildlife. It is the intent of the legislature that, beginning July 1, 1996, the commission assume regulatory authority for food fish and shellfish in addition to its existing authority for game fish and wildlife. It is also the intent of the legislature to provide to the commission the authority to review and approve department agreements, to review and approve the department's budget proposals, to adopt rules for the department, and to select commission staff and the director of the department.

The legislature finds that all fish, shellfish, and wildlife species should be managed under a single comprehensive set of goals, policies, and objectives, and that the decision-making authority should rest with the fish and wildlife commission. The commission acts in an open and deliberative process that encourages public involvement and increases public confidence in department decision-making.

Sec. 2. RCW 43,17,020 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 17, 1993 c 472 s 18, and 1993 c 280 s 19 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

There shall be a chief executive officer of each department to be known as: (1) The secretary of social and health services, (2) the director of ecology, (3) the director of labor and industries, (4) the director of agriculture, (5) the director of fish and wildlife, (6) the secretary of transportation, (7) the director of licensing, (8) the director of general administration, (9) the director of community, trade, and economic development, (10) the director of veterans affairs, (11) the director of revenue, (12) the director of retirement systems, (13) the secretary of corrections, and (14) the secretary of health, and (15) the director of financial institutions.

Such officers, except the secretary of transportation and the director of fish and wildlife, shall be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate, and hold office at the pleasure of the governor. The secretary of transportation shall be appointed by the transportation commission as prescribed by RCW 47.01.041. The director of fish and wildlife shall be appointed by the fish and wildlife commission as prescribed by RCW 77.04.055.

Sec. 3. RCW 77.04.040 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 61 are each amended to read as follows:

Persons eligible for appointment as members of the commission



shall have general knowledge of the habits and distribution of ((game)) fish and wildlife and shall not hold another state, county, or municipal elective or appointive office. In making these appointments, the governor shall seek to maintain a balance reflecting all aspects of ((game)) fish and wildlife, including representation recommended by organized groups representing sportfishers, commercial fishers, hunters, private landowners, and environmentalists. Persons eligible for appointment as fish and wildlife commissioners shall ((not have a monetary interest in any private business that is involved with consumptive or nonconsumptive use of game fish or wildlife)) comply with the provisions of chapters 42.52 and 42.17 RCW.

Sec. 4. RCW 77.04.055 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In establishing policies to preserve, protect, and perpetuate wildlife, ((game)) fish, and wildlife and ((game)) fish habitat, the commission shall meet annually with the governor to:

(a) Review and prescribe basic goals and objectives related to

those policies; and

(b) Review the performance of the department in implementing

((game)) fish and wildlife policies.

The commission shall maximize ((game fish)) fishing, hunting, and outdoor recreational opportunities compatible with healthy and diverse fish and wildlife populations.

(2) The commission shall establish hunting, trapping, and fishing seasons and prescribe the time, place, manner, and methods that may be used to harvest or enjoy game fish and wildlife.

(3) The commission shall establish provisions regulating food

fish and shellfish as provided in RCW 75.08.080.

(4) The commission shall have final approval authority for tribal, interstate, international, and any other department agreements relating to fish and wildlife.

(5) The commission shall adopt rules to implement the state's fish

and wildlife laws.

(6) The commission shall have final approval authority for the

department's budget proposals.

(7) The commission shall select its own staff and shall appoint the director of the department. The director and commission staff shall serve at the pleasure of the commission.

Sec. 5. RCW 77.04.080 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 64 are each amended to read as follows:

Persons eligible for appointment ((by the governor)) as director shall have practical knowledge of the habits and distribution of fish and wildlife. ((The governor shall seek recommendations from the commission on the qualifications, skills, and experience necessary to discharge the duties of the position. When considering and selecting the director, the governor shall consult with and be advised by the commission.)) The director shall receive the salary fixed by the governor under RCW 43.03.040.

The director is the ex officio secretary of the commission and shall

attend its meetings and keep a record of its business.

The director may appoint and employ necessary departmental personnel. The director may delegate to department personnel the duties and powers necessary for efficient operation and administration of the department. ((The department shall provide staff for the commission:))

Sec. 6. RCW 75,08.011 and 1994 c 255 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this title or rules of the director, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Commission" means the fish and wildlife commission.

(2) "Director" means the director of fish and wildlife.

(((2))) (3) "Department" means the department of fish and wildlife. (((3))) (4) "Person" means an individual or a public or private entity

or organization. The term "person" includes local, state, and federal government agencies, and all business organizations, including corporations and partnerships.

(((4))) (5) "Fisheries patrol officer" means a person appointed and commissioned by the ((director)) commission, with authority to enforce this title, rules of the director, and other statutes as prescribed by the legislature. Fisheries patrol officers are peace officers.

(((5))) (6) "Ex officio fisheries patrol officer" means a commissioned officer of a municipal, county, state, or federal agency having as its primary function the enforcement of criminal laws in general, while the officer is in the appropriate jursdiction. The term "ex officio fisheries patrol officer" also includes wildlife agents, special agents of the national marine fisheries service, United States fish and wildlife special agents, state parks commissioned officers, department of natural resources enforcement officers, and United States forest service officers, while the agents and officers are within their respective jurisdictions.

(((6))) (7) "To fish," "to harvest," and "to take" and their derivatives mean an effort to kill, injure, harass, or catch food fish or shellfish.

(((7))) (8) "State waters" means all marine waters and fresh waters within ordinary high water lines and within the territorial boundaries of the state.

(((8))) (9) "Offshore waters" means marine waters of the Pacific Ocean outside the territorial boundaries of the state, including the marine waters of other states and countries.

((((0))) (10) "Concurrent waters of the Columbia river" means those waters of the Columbia river that coincide with the

Washington-Oregon state boundary.

(((10))) (11) "Resident" means a person who has maintained a permanent place of abode within the state for at least ninety days immediately preceding an application for a license, has established by formal evidence an intent to continue residing within the state, and who is not licensed to hunt or fish as a resident in another state.

(((11))) (12) "Nonresident" means a person who has not fulfilled

the qualifications of a resident.

(((12))) (13) "Food fish" means those species of the classes Osteichthyes, Agnatha, and Chondrichthyes that have been classified and that shall not be fished for except as authorized by rule of the ((director)) commission. The term "food fish" includes all stages of development and the bodily parts of food fish species.

(((13))) (14) "Shellfish" means those species of marine and freshwater invertebrates that have been classified and that shall not be taken except as authorized by rule of the ((director)) commission. The term "shellfish" includes all stages of development and the bodily

parts of shellfish species.

(((14))) (15) "Salmon" means all species of the genus Oncorhynchus, except those classified as game fish in Title 77 RCW, and includes:

Scientific Name

Oncorhynchus tshawytscha Oncorhynchus kisutch Oncorhynchus keta Oncorhynchus gorbuscha Oncorhynchus nerka

Common Name

Chinook salmon Coho salmon Chum salmon Pink salmon Sockeye salmon



(((15))) (16) "Commercial" means related to or connected with buying, selling, or bartering. Fishing for food fish or shellfish with gear unlawful for fishing for personal use, or possessing food fish or shellfish in excess of the limits permitted for personal use are commercial activities.

(((16))) (17) "To process" and its derivatives mean preparing or preserving food fish or shellfish.

(((17))) (18) "Personal use" means for the private use of the individual taking the food fish or shellfish and not for sale or barter.

(((18))) (19) "Angling gear" means a line attached to a rod and reel capable of being held in hand while landing the fish or a hand-held line operated without rod or reel.

(((19))) (20) "Open season" means those times, manners of taking, and places or waters established by rule of the ((director)) commission for the lawful fishing, taking, or possession of food fish or shellfish. "Open season" includes the first and last days of the established time.

(((20))) (21) "Fishery" means the taking of one or more particular species of food fish or shellfish with particular gear in a particular geographical area.

(((21))) (22) "Limited-entry license" means a license subject to a license limitation program established in chapter 75.30 RCW.

(((22))) (23) "Seaweed" means marine aquatic plant species that are dependent upon the marine aquatic or tidal environment, and exist in either an attached or free floating form, and includes but is not limited to marine aquatic plants in the classes Chlorophyta, Phaeophyta, and Rhodophyta.

Sec. 7. RCW 75.08.025 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) <u>commission</u> may negotiate agreements with the United States department of defense to coordinate fishing in state waters over which the department of defense has assumed control.

Sec. 8. RCW 75.08.055 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The ((director)) commission may enter into agreements with and receive funds from the United States for the construction, maintenance, and operation of fish cultural stations, laboratories, and devices in the Columbia River basin for improvement of feeding and spawning conditions for fish, for the protection of migratory fish from irrigation projects and for facilitating free migration of fish over obstructions.

(2) The ((director)) commission and the department may acquire by gift, purchase, lease, easement, or condemnation the use of lands where the construction or improvement is to be carried on by the United States.

Sec. 9. RCW 75.08.058 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 99 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((department)) commission may adopt rules pertaining to harvest of fish and wildlife in the federal exclusive economic zone by vessels or individuals registered or licensed under the laws of this state.

Sec. 10. RCW 75.08.070 and 1989 c 130 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Consistent with federal law, the ((director's)) commission's authority extends to all areas and waters within the territorial boundaries of

the state, to the offshore waters, and to the concurrent waters of the Columbia river.

Consistent with federal law, the ((director's)) commission's authority extends to fishing in offshore waters by residents of this state.

The ((director)) commission may adopt rules consistent with the regulations adopted by the United States department of commerce for the offshore waters. The ((director)) commission may adopt rules consistent with the recommendations or regulations of the Pacific marine fisheries commission, Columbia river compact, the Pacific salmon commission as provided in chapter 75.40 RCW, or the international Pacific halibut commission.

Sec. 11. RCW 75.08.080 and 1993 c 117 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The ((director)) commission may adopt, amend, or repeal rules as follows:
- (a) Specifying the times when the taking of food fish or shellfish is lawful or unlawful.

(b) Specifying the areas and waters in which the taking and possession of food fish or shellfish is lawful or unlawful.

(c) Specifying and defining the gear, appliances, or other equipment and methods that may be used to take food fish or shellfish, and specifying the times, places, and manner in which the equipment may be used or possessed.

(d) Regulating the possession, disposal, landing, and sale of food fish or shellfish within the state, whether acquired within or without the state.

(e) Regulating the prevention and suppression of diseases and pests affecting food fish or shellfish.

(f) Regulating the size, sex, species, and quantities of food fish or shellfish that may be taken, possessed, sold, or disposed of.

(g) Specifying the statistical and biological reports required from fishermen, dealers, boathouses, or processors of food fish or shellfish.

(h) Classifying species of marine and freshwater life as food fish or shellfish.

(i) Classifying the species of food fish and shellfish that may be used for purposes other than human consumption.

(j) Other rules necessary to carry out this title and the purposes and duties of the department.

(2) Subsections (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), and (f) of this section do not apply to private tideland owners and lessees and the immediate family members of the owners or lessees of state tidelands, when they take or possess oysters, clams, cockles, borers, or mussels, excluding razor clams, produced on their own private tidelands or their leased state tidelands for personal use.

"Immediate family member" for the purposes of this section means a spouse, brother, sister, grandparent, parent, child, or

grandchild.

(3) Except for subsection (1) (g) of this section, this section does not apply to private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020. Subsection (1) (g) of this section does apply to such products.

Sec. 12. RCW 75.08.090 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

- Rules of the ((director)) commission shall be adopted by the ((director)) commission or a designee in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (2) Rules of the ((director)) commission shall be admitted as evidence in the courts of the state when accompanied by an affidavit from the ((director)) commission or a designee certifying that the rule has been lawfully adopted and the affidavit is prima facie evidence of the adoption of the rule.
- (3) The ((director)) <u>commission</u> may designate department employees to act on the ((director's)) <u>commission's</u> behalf in the



adoption and certification of rules.

Sec. 13. RCW 75.08.110 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

Provisions of this title or rules of the ((director)) commission shall not be printed in a pamphlet unless the pamphlet is clearly marked as an unofficial version. This section does not apply to printings approved by the ((director)) commission.

Sec. 14. RCW 75.08.120 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission may designate the boundaries of fishing areas by driving piling or by establishing monuments or by description of landmarks or section lines and directional headings.

Sec. 15. RCW 75.08.274 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:

Except by permit of the ((director)) commission, it is unlawful to take food fish or shellfish for propagation or scientific purposes within state waters.

Sec. 16. RCW 75.08.285 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission may prohibit the introduction, transportation or transplanting of food fish, shellfish, organisms, material, or other equipment which in the ((director's)) commission's judgment may transmit any disease or pests affecting food fish or shellfish.

Sec. 17. RCW 75.08.295 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

Except by permit of the ((director)) commission, it is unlawful to release, plant, or place food fish or shellfish in state waters.

Sec. 18. RCW 75.08.460 and 1990 c 91 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission shall report to the governor and the appropriate legislative committees regarding its progress on the recreational fishery enhancement plan giving the following minimum information:

(1) By July 1, 1990, and by July 1st each succeeding year a report shall include:

(a) Progress on all programs within the plan that are referred to as already underway; and

(b) Specific anticipated needs for additional FTE's, additional capital funds or other needed resources, including whether or not current budgetary dollars are sufficient.

(2) By November 1, 1990, and by November 1st each succeeding year a report shall provide the many specificities omitted from the recreational fishery enhancement plan. They include but are not limited to the following:

(a) The name of the person assigned the responsibility and accountability for over-all management of the recreational fishery enhancement plan.

(b) The name of the person responsible and accountable for management of each regional program.

(c) The anticipated yearly costs related to each regional program.

(d) The specific dates relative to attainment of the recreational fishery enhancement plan goals, including a time-line program by region. (e) Criteria used for measurement of the successful attainment of the recreational fishery enhancement plan.

Sec. 19. RCW 75.40.020 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 150 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission may give to the state of Oregon such consent and approbation of the state of Washington as is necessary under the compact set out in RCW 75.40.010. For the purposes of RCW 75.40.010, the states of Washington and Oregon have concurrent jurisdiction in the concurrent waters of the Columbia river as defined in RCW 75.08.011.

Sec. 20. RCW 75.40.040 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 152 are each amended to read as follows:

((The director)) A member selected by or a designee of the fish and wildlife commission, ex officio, and two appointees of the governor representing the fishing industry shall act as the representatives of this state on the Pacific Marine Fisheries Commission. The appointees of the governor are subject to confirmation by the state senate.

Sec. 21. RCW 75.40.060 and 1989 c 130 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission may adopt and enforce the provisions of the treaty between the government of the United States and the government of Canada concerning Pacific salmon, treaty document number 99-2, entered into force March 18, 1985, at Quebec City, Canada, and the regulations of the commission adopted under authority of the treaty.

Sec. 22. RCW 75.08.014 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall supervise the administration and operation of the department and perform the duties prescribed by law and delegated by the commission. The director may appoint and employ necessary personnel. The director may delegate, in writing, to department personnel the duties and powers necessary for efficient operation and administration of the department.

Only persons having general knowledge of the fisheries and wildlife resources and of the commercial and recreational fishing industry in this state are eligible for appointment as director. The director shall not have a financial interest in the fishing industry or a directly related industry.

Sec. 23. RCW 75.08.040 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission may acquire by gift, easement, purchase, lease, or condemnation lands, water rights, and rights of way, and construct and maintain necessary facilities for purposes consistent with this title.

The ((director)) commission may sell, lease, convey, or grant concessions upon real or personal property under the control of the department.

Sec. 24. RCW 75.08.045 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission may accept money or real property from persons under conditions requiring the use of the property or money for the protection, rehabilitation, preservation, or conservation of the state food fish and shellfish resources, or in settlement of claims for damages to food fish and shellfish resources. The ((director)) commission shall only accept real property useful for the protection, rehabilitation, preservation, or conservation of these fisheries resources.

Sec. 25. RCW 75.12.010 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 46 are each



amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in this section, it is unlawful to fish commercially for salmon within the waters described in subsection

(2) of this section.

(2) All waters east and south of a line commencing at a concrete monument on Angeles Point in Clallam county near the mouth of the Elwha River on which is inscribed "Angeles Point Monument" (latitude 48° 9' 3"north, longitude 123° 33' 01" west of Greenwich Meridian); thence running east on a line 81° 30' true across the flashlight and bell buoy off Partridge Point and thence continued to longitude 122° 40' west; thence north to the southerly shore of Sinclair Island; thence along the southerly shore of the island to the most easterly point of the island; thence 46° true to Carter Point, the most southerly point of Lummi Island; thence northwesterly along the westerly shore line of Lummi Island to where the shore line intersects line of longitude 122° 40' west; thence north to the mainland, including: The southerly portion of Hale Passage, Bellingham Bay, Padilla Bay, Fidalgo Bay, Guemes Channel, Skagit Bay, Similk Bay, Saratoga Passage, Holmes Harbor, Possession Sound, Admiralty Inlet, Hood Canal, Puget Sound, and their inlets, passages, waters, waterways, and tributaries.

(3) The ((director)) commission may authorize commercial fishing for sockeye salmon within the waters described in subsection (2) of this section during the period June 10 to July 25 and for other salmon from the second Monday of September through November 30, except during the hours between 4:00 p.m. of Friday and 4:00 p.m.

of the following Sunday.

(4) The ((director)) commission may authorize commercial fishing for salmon with gill net gear prior to the second Monday in September within the waters of Hale Passage, Bellingham Bay, Samish Bay, Padilla Bay, Fidalgo Bay, Guemes Channel, Skagit Bay, and Similk Bay, to wit: Those waters northerly and easterly of a line commencing at Stanwood, thence along the south shore of Skagit Bay to Rocky Point on Camano Island; thence northerly to Polnell Point on Whidbey Island.

(5) Whenever the ((director)) commission determines that a stock or run of salmon cannot be harvested in the usual manner, and that the stock or run of salmon may be in danger of being wasted and surplus to natural or artificial spawning requirements, the ((director)) commission may authorize units of gill net and purse seine gear in any number or equivalents, by time and area, to fully utilize the harvestable portions of these salmon runs for the economic well being of the citizens of this state. Gill net and purse seine gear other than emergency and test gear authorized by the director shall not be used in Lake Washington.

(6) The ((director)) commission may authorize commercial fishing for pink salmon in each odd-numbered year from August 1 through September 1 in the waters lying inside of a line commencing at the most easterly point of Dungeness Spit and thence projected to Point Partridge on Whidbey Island and a line commencing at Olele Point and thence projected easterly to Bush Point on Whidbey Island.

Sec. 26. RCW 75.12.015 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in this section, it is unlawful to fish commercially for chinook or coho salmon in the Pacific Ocean and the Straits of Juan de Fuca.

 The ((director)) commission may authorize commercial fishing for coho salmon from June 16 through October 31.

(2) The ((director)) commission may authorize commercial fishing for chinook salmon from March 15 through October 31.

Sec. 27. RCW 75.20.110 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 36 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except for the north fork of the Lewis river and the White Salmon river, all streams and rivers tributary to the Columbia river downstream from McNary dam are established as an anadromous fish sanctuary. This sanctuary is created to preserve and develop the food fish and game fish resources in these streams and rivers and to protect them against undue industrial encroachment.

(2) Within the sanctuary area:

(a) It is unlawful to construct a dam greater than twenty-five leet high within the migration range of anadromous fish as determined

by the ((director)) commission.

(b) Except by order of the ((director)) commission, it is unlawful to divert water from rivers and streams in quantities that will reduce the respective stream flow below the annual average low flow, based upon data published in United States geological survey reports.

(3) The ((director)) commission may acquire and abate a dam or other obstruction, or acquire any water right vested on a sanctuary stream or river, which is in conflict with the provisions of subsection

(2) of this section.

(4) Subsection (2) (a) of this section does not apply to the sediment retention structure to be built on the North Fork Toutle river by the United States army corps of engineers.

Sec. 28. RCW 75.24.030 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 79 are each amended to read as follows:

Only upon recommendation of the ((director)) commission may the state oyster reserves be sold, leased, or otherwise disposed of by the department of natural resources.

Sec. 29. RCW 75.24.100 and 1993 c 340 s 51 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful to take geoduck clams for commercial purposes outside the harvest area designated in a current department of natural resources geoduck harvesting agreement issued under RCW 79.96.080. It is unlawful to commercially harvest geoduck clams from bottoms that are shallower than eighteen feet below mean lower low water (0.0. ft.), or that lie in an area bounded by the line of ordinary high tide (mean high tide) and a line two hundred yards seaward from and parallel to the line of ordinary high tide. This section does not apply to the harvest of private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020.

(2) Commercial geoduck harvesting shall be done with a hand-held, manually operated water jet or suction device guided and controlled from under water by a diver. Periodically, the ((director)) commission shall determine the effect of each type or unit of gear upon the geoduck population or the substrate they inhabit. The ((director)) commission may require modification of the gear or stop its use if it is being operated in a wasteful or destructive manner or if its operation may cause permanent damage to the bottom or adjacent

shellfish populations.

Sec. 30. RCW 75.24.130 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 89 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission may examine the clam, mussel, and oyster beds located on aquatic lands belonging to the state and request the commissioner of public lands to withdraw these lands from sale and lease for the purpose of establishing reserves or public beaches. The ((director)) commission shall conserve, protect, and develop these reserves and the oyster, shrimp, clam, and mussel beds on state lands.

Sec. 31. RCW 75.25.095 and 1990 c 34 s 2 are each amended



to read as follows:

((Notwithstanding RCW 75.25.090,)) The ((director)) commission may adopt rules designating times and places for the purposes of family fishing days when a recreational fishing license is not required to fish for food fish or shellfish. All other applicable laws and rules shall remain in effect.

Sec. 32. RCW 75.30.060 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 46 s 139 are each amended to read as follows:

A person aggrieved by a decision of the department under this chapter may request administrative review under the informal procedure established by this section.

In an informal hearing before a review board, the rules of evidence do not apply. A record of the proceeding shall be kept as provided by chapter 34.05 RCW. After hearing the case the review board shall notify in writing the ((director)) commission and the initiating party whether the review board agrees or disagrees with the department's decision and the reasons for the board's findings. Upon receipt of the board's findings the ((director)) commission may order such relief as the ((director)) commission deems appropriate under the circumstances.

Nothing in this section: (1) Impairs an aggrieved person's right to proceed under chapter 34.05 RCW; or (2) imposes a liability on members of a review board for their actions under this section.

Sec. 33. RCW 75.50.010 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 45 are each amended to read as follows:

Currently, many of the salmon stocks of Washington state are critically reduced from their sustainable level. The best interests of all fishing groups and the citizens as a whole are served by a stable and productive salmon resource. Immediate action is needed to reverse the severe decline of the resource and to insure its very survival. The legislature finds a state of emergency exists and that immediate action is required to restore its fishery.

Disagreement and strife have dominated the salmon fisheries for many years. Conflicts among the various fishing interests have only served to erode the resource. It is time for the state of Washington to make a major commitment to increasing productivity of the resource and to move forward with an effective rehabilitation and enhancement program. The ((department)) commission is directed to dedicate its efforts and the efforts of the department to seek resolution to the many conflicts that involve the resource.

Success of the enhancement program can only occur if projects efficiently produce salmon or restore habitat. The expectation of the program is to optimize the efficient use of funding on projects that will increase artificially and naturally produced salmon, restore and improve habitat, or identify ways to increase the survival of salmon. The full utilization of state resources and cooperative efforts with interested groups are essential to the success of the program.

Sec. 34. RCW 75.50.020 and 1985 c 458 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The ((director)) commission shall develop long-term regional policy statements regarding the salmon fishery resources before December 1, 1985. The ((director)) commission shall consider the following in formulating and updating regional policy statements:

(a) Existing resource needs:

(b) Potential for creation of new resources;

(c) Successful existing programs, both within and outside the

(d) Balanced utilization of natural and hatchery production;

(e) Desires of the fishing interest;

(f) Need for additional data or research;

(g) Federal court orders; and

(h) Salmon advisory council recommendations.

(2) The ((director)) commission shall review and update each policy statement at least once each year.

Sec. 35. RCW 75.50.030 and 1985 c 458 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The ((director)) commission shall develop a detailed salmon enhancement plan with proposed enhancement projects. The plan and the regional policy statements shall be submitted to the secretary of the senate and chief clerk of the house of representatives for legislative distribution by June 30, 1986. The enhancement plan and regional policy statements shall be provided by June 30, 1986, to the natural resources committees of the house of representatives and the senate. The ((director)) commission shall provide a maximum opportunity for the public to participate in the development of the salmon enhancement plan. To insure full participation by all interested parties, the ((director)) commission shall solicit and consider enhancement project proposals from Indian tribes, sports fishermen, commercial fishermen, private aquaculturists, and other interested groups or individuals for potential inclusion in the salmon enhancement plan. Joint or cooperative enhancement projects shall be considered for funding.

(2) The following criteria shall be used by the ((director)) com-

mission in formulating the project proposals:

(a) Compatibility with the long-term policy statement;

(b) Benefit/cost analysis;

(c) Needs of all fishing interests;

(d) Compatibility with regional plans, including harvest management plans;

(e) Likely increase in resource productivity;

(f) Direct applicability of any research;

(g) Salmon advisory council recommendations; (h) Compatibility with federal court orders;

(i) Coordination with the salmon and steelhead advisory commission program;

(j) Economic impact to the state;

(k) Technical feasibility; and

(I) Preservation of native salmon runs.

(3) The ((director)) commission shall not approve projects that serve as replacement funding for projects that exist prior to May 21, 1985, unless no other sources of funds are available.

(4) The ((director)) commission shall prioritize various projects and establish a recommended implementation time schedule.

Sec. 36. RCW 75.50.040 and 1985 c 458 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon approval by the legislature of funds for its implementation, the ((director)) commission shall monitor the progress of projects detailed in the salmon enhancement plan.

The ((director)) commission shall be responsible for establishing criteria which shall be used to measure the success of each project in the salmon enhancement plan.

Sec. 37. RCW 75.50.050 and 1987 c 505 s 72 are each amended

to read as follows: The ((director)) commission shall report to the legislature on or before October 30th of each year ((through 1991)) on the progress

and performance of each project. The report shall contain an analysis of the successes and failures of the program to enable optimum development of the program. The report shall include estimates of funding levels necessary to operate the projects in



future years.

The ((director)) commission shall submit the reports and any additional recommendations to the chairs of the committees on ways and means and the committees on natural resources of the senate and house of representatives.

Sec. 38. RCW 75.50.070 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 46 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that it is in the best interest of the salmon resource of the state to encourage the development of regional fisheries enhancement groups. The accomplishments of one existing group, the Grays Harbor fisheries enhancement task force, have been widely recognized as being exemplary. The legislature recognizes the potential benefits to the state that would occur if each region of the state had a similar group of dedicated citizens working to enhance the salmon resource.

The legislature authorizes the formation of regional fisheries enhancement groups. These groups shall be eligible for state financial support and shall be actively supported by the commission and the department. The regional groups shall be operated on a strictly nonprofit basis, and shall seek to maximize the efforts of volunteer and private donations to improve the salmon resource for all citizens of the state.

Sec. 39. RCW 75.50.100 and 1993 sp.s, c 17 s 11 and 1993 c 340 s 53 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The dedicated regional fisheries enhancement group account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. Only the ((director)) commission or the ((director's)) commission's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for expenditures.

A surcharge of one dollar shall be collected on each recreational personal use food fish license sold in the state. A surcharge of one hundred dollars shall be collected on each commercial salmon fishery license, each salmon delivery license, and each salmon charter license sold in the state. The department shall study methods for collecting and making available, an annual list, including names and addresses, of all persons who obtain recreational and commercial salmon fishing licenses. This list may be used to assist formation of the regional fisheries enhancement groups and allow the broadest participation of license holders in enhancement efforts. The results of the study shall be reported to the house of representatives fisheries and wildlife committee and the senate environment and natural resources committee by October 1, 1990. All receipts shall be placed in the regional fisheries enhancement group account and shall be used exclusively for regional fisheries enhancement group projects for the purposes of RCW 75.50.110. Funds from the regional fisheries enhancement group account shall not serve as replacement funding for department operated salmon projects that exist on January 1, 1991.

All revenue from the department's sale of salmon carcasses and eggs that return to group facilities shall be deposited in the regional fisheries enhancement group account for use by the regional fisheries enhancement group that produced the surplus. The ((director)) commission shall adopt rules to implement this section pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW.

Sec. 40. RCW 75.50.110 and 1990 c 58 s 4 are each amended

to read as follows:

A regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board is established to make recommendations to the ((director)) commission. The advisory board shall make recommendations regarding regional enhancement group rearing project proposals and funding of those proposals. The members shall be appointed by the ((director)) commission and consist of two commercial fishing representatives, two recreational fishing representatives, and three at-large positions. The advisory board membership shall include two members serving ex officio to be nominated, one through the Northwest Indian fisheries commission, and one through the Columbia river intertribal fish commission.

The department may use account funds to provide agency assistance to the groups. The level of account funds used by the department shall be determined by the ((director)) commission after review and recommendation by the regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board and shall not exceed twenty percent of annual contributions to the account.

Sec. 41. RCW 75.50.130 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director)) commission shall prepare a salmon recovery plan for the Skagit river. The plan shall include strategies for employing displaced timber workers to conduct salmon restoration and other tasks identified in the plan. The plan shall incorporate the best available technology in order to achieve maximum restoration of depressed salmon stocks. The plan must encourage the restoration of natural spawning areas and natural rearing of salmon but must not preclude the development of an active hatchery program.

Sec. 42. RCW 75.52.050 and 1984 c 72 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((director of each department)) commission shall establish by rule:

(1) The procedure for entering a cooperative agreement and the application forms for a permit to release fish or wildlife required by RCW 75.08.295 or 77.16.150. The procedure shall indicate the information required from the volunteer group as well as the process of review by the department. The process of review shall include the means to coordinate with other agencies and Indian tribes when appropriate and to coordinate the review of any necessary hydraulic permit approval applications.

(2) The procedure for providing within forty-five days of receipt of a proposal a written response to the volunteer group indicating the date by which an acceptance or rejection of the proposal can be expected, the reason why the date was selected, and a written summary of the process of review. The response should also include any suggested modifications to the proposal which would increase its likelihood of approval and the date by which such modified proposal could be expected to be accepted. If the proposal is rejected, the department must provide in writing the reasons for rejection. The volunteer group may request the director or the director's designee to review information provided in the response.

(3) The priority of the uses to which eggs, seed, juveniles, or brood stock are put. Use by cooperative projects shall be second in priority only to the needs of programs of the department or of other public agencies within the territorial boundaries of the state. Sales of eggs, seed, juveniles, or brood stock have a lower priority than use for cooperative projects.

(4) The procedure for notice in writing to a volunteer group of cause to revoke the agreement for the project and the procedure for revocation. Revocation shall be documented in writing to the volunteer group. Cause for revocation may include: (a) The

unavailability of adequate biological or financial resources; (b) the development of unacceptable biological or resource management conflicts; or (c) a violation of agreement provisions. Notice





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of cause to revoke for a violation of agreement provisions may specify a reasonable period of time within which the volunteer group must comply with any violated provisions of the agreement.

(5) An appropriate method of distributing among volunteer groups fish, bird, or animal food or other supplies available for the program.

Sec. 43. RCW 77.16.135 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 74 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The ((director)) commission shall revoke all licenses and privileges extended under Title 77 RCW of a person convicted of assault on a state wildlife agent or other law enforcement officer provided that:

 (a) The wildlife agent or other law enforcement officer was on duty at the time of the assault; and

(b) The wildlife agent or other law enforcement officer was enforcing the provisions of Title 77 RCW.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the definition of assault includes:

(a) RCW 9A.32.030; murder in the first degree;

(b) RCW 9A.32.050; murder in the second degree;

(c) RCW 9A.32.060; manslaughter in the first degree;

(d) RCW 9A.32.070; manslaughter in the second degree;

(e) RCW 9A.36.011; assault in the first degree;

(f) RCW 9A.36.021; assault in the second degree; and

(g) RCW 9A.36.031; assault in the third degree.

(3) For the purposes of this section, a conviction includes:

(a) A determination of guilt by the court;

(b) The entering of a guilty plea to the charge or charges by the accused;

(c) A forfeiture of bail or a vacation of bail posted to the court; or(d) The imposition of a deferred or suspended sentence by the

court.

(4) No license described under Title 77 RCW shall be reissued to a person violating this section for a minimum of ten years, at which time a person may petition the director for a reinstatement of his or her license or licenses. The ten-year period shall be tolled during any time the convicted person is incarcerated in any state or local correctional or penal institution, in community supervision, or home detention for an offense under this section. Upon review by the director, and if all provisions of the court that imposed sentencing have been completed, the director may reinstate in whole or in part the licenses and privileges under Title 77 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 44. By July 1, 1996, the fish and wildlife commission shall submit to the committees on natural resources of the house of representatives and the senate a report identifying other statutory changes necessary for implementation of the commission's recommendations regarding its responsibilities in the department of fish and wildlife.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 45. Sections 2 through 43 of this act shall take effect July 1, 1996.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 46. This act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next succeeding general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constituton, as amended, and the laws adopted to facilitate the operation thereof.

BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRE-SENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN LEGISLA-TIVE SESSION ASSEMBLED:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article IV, section 3 of the Constitution of the state of Washington to read as follows:

Article IV, section 3. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the qualified electors of the state at large at the general state election at the times and places at which state officers are elected, unless some other time be provided by the legislature. The first election of judges of the supreme court shall be at the election which shall be held upon the adoption of this Constitution and the judges elected thereat shall be classified by lot, so that two shall hold their office for the term of three years, two for the term of five years, and one for the term of seven years. The lot shall be drawn by the judges who shall for that purpose assemble at the seat of government, and they shall cause the result thereof to be certified to the secretary of state, and filed in his office. The ((judge having the shortest term to serve not holding his office by appointment or election to fill a vacancy, shall be)) supreme court shall select a chief justice from its own membership to serve for a four-year term at the pleasure of a majority of the court as prescribed by supreme court rule. The chief justice((, and)) shall preside at all sessions of the supreme court((, and in case there shall be two judges having in like manner the same short term, the other judges of the supreme court shall determine which of them shall be chief justice)). In case of the absence of the chief justice, the ((judge having in like manner the shortest or next shortest term to serve shall preside)) majority of the remaining court shall select one of their members to serve as acting chief justice. After the first election the terms of judges elected shall be six years from and after the second Monday in January next succeeding their election. If a vacancy occur in the office of a judge of the supreme court the governor shall only appoint a person to ensure the number of judges as specified by the legislature, to hold the office until the election and qualification of a judge to fill the vacancy, which election shall take place at the next succeeding general election, and the judge so elected shall hold the office for the remainder of the unexpired term. The term of office of the judges of the supreme court, first elected, shall commence as soon as the state shall have been admitted into the Union, and continue for the term herein provided, and until their successors are elected and qualified. The sessions of the supreme court shall be held at the seat of government until otherwise provided by law.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.

THE 1996 WASHINGTON PRESIDENTIAL PRIMARY

Washington's Presidential Primary, which gives citizens the opportunity to cast a vote for the nomination of presidential candidates, will be held March 26, 1996. It is the second such primary in Washington since a citizen-sponsored measure was approved by the Legislature in 1989. Any person who is a registered voter in Washington is eligible to vote in the presidential primary. The adoption of a presidential primary has not eliminated the precinct caucus system, which continues to have an important role in the state's process for nominating presidential candidates.

The 1996 Presidential Primary will reflect two important changes made since the first presidential primary in 1992. First, the upcoming primary is scheduled about two months earlier than before, giving Washington voters more nationwide impact. Second, in addition to the Republican and Democrat ballots, an "unaffiliated" ballot will be available for voters who do not wish to participate in the nominating process of either party. All of the candidates listed on the party ballots will appear on this new independent ballot.

Voters are not required to register with a political party to vote in the presidential primary. They may sign a declaration specifying that they want to receive a particular party's ballot and participate in that party's presidential primary. This request, which pertains only to the presidential primary, will be recorded, but does not constitute a political party registration or a declaration of party membership.

You may vote in the presidential primary by absentee ballot. Absentee ballot requests will be available from your county auditor (or in King County, the Division of Records & Elections) prior to the presidential primary. For more information about the 1996 Presidential Primary, please call the state voter hotline at 1-800-448-4881.

CAMPAIGN DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

Contributions to Candidates and Political Committees: An individual may not give more than: a) \$500 in the primary election and \$500 in the general election to a legislative candidate; and b) \$1,000 in the primary and \$1,000 in the general to a candidate for Governor, Lieutenant Governor or the other statewide executive offices. Individuals may give an unlimited amount to a political party, ballot issue committee or other political committee. During the 21 days before the general election, however, a person may contribute no more than \$5,000 to a local or judicial office candidate, political party or committee.

Reporting by Candidates and Political Committees: Most candidates running for public office must file a personal financial affairs statement. Many candidates and political committees also have to file periodic reports showing the source and amount of campaign contributions and a listing of campaign expenditures. These reports are open to the public. Copies are available at the Public Disclosure Commission office in Olympia or at the county elections office in the county where the candidate or committee treasurer lives.

Independent Expenditures: Anyone making expenditures totaling \$100 or more in support of or opposition to a state or local candidate or ballot measure (not including contributions made to these recipients) must file a report with the Public Disclosure Commission within five days. Forms are available from PDC or the county elections office. Also, all political advertising must identify the person paying for the ad.

For additional information, contact the Public Disclosure Commission, 711 Capitol Way, Room 403, P.O. Box 40908, Olympia, WA 98504-0908, (360) 753-1111.

FEDERAL INCOME TAX CREDITS & DEDUCTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Political Contributions Tax Credit: The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 eliminated the personal tax credit previously allowed for political contributions.

As in the past, contributions or gifts made to political parties or candidates may not be deducted as a business expense. In addition, expenses paid or incurred to take part in any political campaign on behalf of a candidate for public office are not deductible as a business expense. Finally, indirect political contributions, such as advertising for a political party or admission to a program with proceeds going to a political party or candidate, may not be deducted as a business expense.

Presidential Election Campaign Fund Checkoff: Individuals, however, may make a deductible contribution to the Presidential Election Campaign Fund Checkoff. This fund was established to help pay for presidential election campaigns. \$3 may be taken (\$6 on a joint return) from an individual's taxes to go to a general fund, not for any specific party, to meet the expenses of the 1996 presidential election. The contribution will not increase your tax or reduce your refund.



Justice of the Supreme Court



Richard B. SANDERS

Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
Sanders for Supreme Court
4122 128th Avenue S.E., Suite 301
Bellevue, WA 98006
Telephone: (206) 957-7330
E-mail: CourtVote@aol.com

Isn't It Time Our Courts Protected The People?

We need experienced, independent-minded judges with a track record protecting the rights of ordinary people. Richard Sanders has that record.

Most Experienced - Richard Sanders is a citizen lawyer whose landmark cases helped shape constitutional law in Washington for 26 years. His trial and appellate work will make him one of the most experienced justices on the Court.

City Hall Not Above Law - Sanders challenges government for abusing its citizens. When courts found the City of Seattle in contempt for enforcing an unconstitutional law against property owners, the <u>Seattle Times</u> editorialized: Sanders' successful action "makes an important point: City Hall is not above the law."

A Voice for Families, Victims - Increasingly, government tramples individual and family rights. Richard's statewide support comes from ordinary people, not just incumbent officials and judges. He's not beholden to government, but to citizens, whose rights an independent judiciary must protect.

Opposes Lowry Appointee - Sanders' opponent is a career judge, appointed three times by Democrat Governors. Richard comes to public service from the private sector. A UW graduate, he and his attorney wife, Kathleen, practice law together. They live in Bellevue with their three children.



Rosselle PEKELIS

Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
Committee to Retain
Justice Rosselle Pekelis
P.O. Box 22546
Seattle, WA 98122
Telephone: (206) 722-0659

Justice Rosselle Pekelis of the Washington Supreme Court is one of our state's outstanding judges with a strong, 14-year judicial record of integrity, hard work and fairness.

Common Sense Approach — As a mother of four, grandmother, past PTA President, and active Little League Board member, Rosselle Pekelis brings a common sense approach to justice, understanding the law's impact on the lives of real people. She has earned the support of the Washington State Council of Police Officers, the Washington State Labor Council, every Justice on the Supreme Court, and countless citizens across the state.

A Judge, Not a Politician — Justice Pekelis is an experienced judge who has served on the Superior Court, the Court of Appeals, and now on the Supreme Court. She has been named Washington State Trial Lawyer's "Judge of the Year" and is rated "Exceptionally Well-Qualified" by every major statewide bar association that makes endorsements. Rosselle is not a politician pushing a narrow political agenda. She is a judge.

Strong Statewide Support — Rosselle Pekelis is endorsed by Democrats, Republicans, and Independents; former Governors Albert Rosellini, John Spellman and Booth Gardner; Attorney General Christine Gregoire; Pierce County Prosecutor John Ladenburg; and King County Prosecutor Norm Maleng.

YAKIMA COUNTY OFFICIAL LOCAL VOTER'S PAMPHLET 1995



GENERAL ELECTION November 7, 1995

Prepared by the Yakima County Election Department

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NOTE: You will be voting only on the issues and candidates within your jurisdiction.

CANDIDATE STATEMENTS ARE PRINTED AS SUBMITTED. THE COUNTY AUDITOR HAS NO EDITORIAL AUTHORITY.

A separate Spanish Edition of the Yakima County Local Voters' Pamphlet is being published for the following areas:

Yakima County
City of Grandview
City of Mabton
City of Toppenish
City of Wapato
City of Yakima

#7Yakima School District #201 Sunnyside School District #203 Highland School District

* #2 Union Gap School District chose to participate in the Spanish Edition; however, none of the candidates submitted statements.

To obtain a Spanish Edition, please contact the Yakima County Auditor, City Clerk or School Superintendent in one of the areas listed above.

Many thanks to Gene Soules for the Yakima County Voters' Pamphlet cover artwork.

SAMPLE GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT YAKIMA COUNTY, WASHINGTON November 7, 1995

SAMPLE BALLOT

Study this ballot carefully before voting. You may mark your sample ballot and take it into the voting booth with you on election day.

NOTE TO VOTERS:

This sample ballot contains all candidates and measures certified to appear at our General Election, November 7. You will not be entitled to vote on all races that appear on this ballot. When you go to the polls, only the contests and ballot measures that apply to your precinct will be listed.

The polls are open from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

DOUG COCHRAN, Yakima County Auditor

(See STATE VOTERS' PAMPHLET for information on state issues)

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

STATE ISSUES

Shall state fishing regulations ensure certain survival rates for nontargeted catch, and commercial and recreational fisheries be prioritized?

YES +

INITIATIVE TO THE PEOPLE 651

Shall the state enter into compacts with Indian tribes providing for unrestricted gambling on Indian lands within the state's borders?

YES +

REFERENDUM MEASURE 48

The Washington State Legislature has passed a law that restricts land-use regulations and expands governments' liability to pay for reduced property values of land or improvements thereon caused by certain regulations for public benefit. Should this law be approved or rejected?

APPROVED

+

+

REJECTED

REFERENDUM BILL 45

Shall the fish and wildlife commission, rather than the governor, appoint the department's director and regulate food fish and shellfish?

YES

NO

SUBSTITUE SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION 8210

Shall the selection process for chief justice be changed, and a constitutional process for reducing the supreme court be adopted?

YES

NO

SPECIAL ISSUES

YAKIMA COUNTY LOCAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE SALES/USE TAX

Shall Yakima County fix and impose a sales and use tax at the rate of one-tenth of one percent to be used solely for the purpose of providing funds for costs associated with financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, reequipping, and improvement of juvenile detention facilities and jails as authorized by Washington Laws, 1995, 2nd Sp. Session, chapter 107

Sales and Use Tax - Yes

Sales and Use Tax - No

PROPOSITION CITY OF SELAH GENERAL OBLIGATION STREET BONDS \$655,000

Shall the City of Selah, Washington, borrow \$655,000 to pay part of the cost of patching, chipsealing and asphalt overlaying designated streets of Selah by selling general obligation bonds therefor maturing within 10 years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Resolution No. 1113?

Bonds - Yes

+

Bonds - No

+

GRANDVIEW SCHOOL DISTRICT #116/200 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - \$10,406,000

For constructing and equipping a new elementary school, additional classrooms and physical education facility expansion at Grandview High School and making other capital improvements, shall Grandview School District #116/200 issue \$10,406,000 of general obligation bonds maturing within a maximum term of 20 years, and shall annual property tax levies in excess of regular tax levies be authorized to pay principal and interest on such bonds, all as provided in District Resolution #10?

Bonds - Yes

Bonds - No

| +

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

STATE OFFICES NON - PARTISAN

STATE SUPREME COURT - POSITION #1 VOTE FOR ONE		
Richard B. Sanders	Non-Partisan	+
Roselle Pekelis	Non-Partisan	+
		+

CITIES & TOWNS NON - PARTISAN

MAYOR	VOTE FOR ONE	
Jesse S. Palacios	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSI	TION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Helen Darr	Non - Partisan	+
Harold L. Webb	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSI	TION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Marjorie J. Green	Non - Partisan	+
Bill Flory	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSI	TION #6 VOTE FOR ONE	
Robert Morales	Non - Partisan	+
Timothy M. Christomos	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSI	TION #7 VOTE FOR ONE	
Norman W. Childress	Non-Partisan	1+
		+

TOWN O	F GRANGER	
MAYOR VOTE FOR ONE		
David Leach	Non - Partisan	+
Eddie Post	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	VOTE FOR ONE	TERM
Dennis Harris	Non - Partisan	+
Larry Helberg	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
C.M. (Chuck) Lynn	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
COUNCILMEMBER - POS Jr. Cardenas		+

TOW	N OF HARRAH	
MAYOR VOTE FOR ONE		
Barbara Harrer	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - F	POSITION #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Donald M. Yerges	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - F	POSITION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Larry J. Garcia	Non - Partisan	+
		+

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

CITY O	F MABTON	
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	ITION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
John William Reynolds	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	ITION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Vera C. Zavala	Non - Partisan	+
		+

CITY OF	MOXEE	
MAYOR	VOTE FOR ONE	
David Bolm	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSIT	TON #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Gregory L. LaBree	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSIT	TON #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Joe A. Lenseigne	Non - Partisan	+
Karen Ekelman Hambek	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSIT	ON #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Albert Vargas	Non - Partisan	1+
Larry Frank	Non - Partisan	+
		+

TOWN	OF NACHES	
MAYOR VOTE FOR ONE		
Doug Mac Neil	Non - Partisan	+
Stephen G. Chase	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #1 2 YR UNEXP VOTE FOR ONE	TERM
W. Keith Chronister	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
John C. Hartwell	Non - Partisan	+
Juanita K. Chase	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Janet A. Anderson	Non - Partisan	+
		+

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

CITY OF S	SELAH	
MAYOR	VOTE FOR ONE	
Bob Jones	Non - Partisan	+
Wylie G. Mills	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSITIO	N #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Irvin "Monk" Sonker	Non - Partisan	+
Nicholas (Nick) Blair	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSITIO	N #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Herb W. Schmidt	Non - Partisan	+
Roy A. Sample	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSITIO	N #6 VOTE FOR ONE	
Robert E. Ward	Non - Partisan	1
		1
COUNCILMEMBER - POSITIO	N #7 VOTE FOR ONE	
Ron Deatherage	Non - Partisan	1
Greg Coles	Non - Partisan	1
		1

CITY OF	SUNNYSIDE	
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Roy Anciso	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #6 VOTE FOR ONE	
Errol R. Brown	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #7 VOTE FOR ONE	
Ed Prilucik	Non - Partisan	+
		+

TOWN	OF TIETON	
MAYOR 4 YR TERM S/F	VOTE FOR ONE	
James (Jim) Parsley	Non - Partisan	+
Hal Williams	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS 2 YR UNEXP TERM	ITION #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
Dewane Ashbrooks	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS 4 YR TERM S/F	ITION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Rosa M. Fry	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	TTION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Marcus Dilley	Non - Partisan	+
		+

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

CITY OF	TOPPENISH	
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Judith Boekholder	Non - Partisan	+
Kay Dalton	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #6 VOTE FOR ONE	
Bill Rogers	Non - Partisan	+
Elaine D. Willman	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POS	SITION #7 VOTE FOR ONE	
Al Hubert	Non - Partisan	+
W.A. "Sander" Moss	Non - Partisan	+
		+

CITY OF	UNION GAP	
MAYOR	VOTE FOR ONE	
Dan C. Olson	Non - Partisan	+
Ronald D. Krebs	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - PO	SITION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Betty Boyd	Non - Partisan	+
Axel E. Carlson	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - PO	SITION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Donna L. Miller	Non - Partisan	+
Nathan A. Kwak	Non - Partisan	+
		+

CITY OF V	WAPATO	
MAYOR	VOTE FOR ONE	
Rick Foss	Non - Partisan	1+
Edna Mauch	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSITI	ON #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Jim Hanson	Non - Partisan	1
Robert F. Roybal	Non - Partisan	1
		1
COUNCILMEMBER - POSITI	ON #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Chris Foss	Non - Partisan	1
Todd J. Lunning	Non - Partisan	+
		1
COUNCILMEMBER - POSITI	ON #6 VOTE FOR ONE	
Roy N. Brons	Non - Partisan	1
		1
COUNCILMEMBER-AT-LARG	E - POSITION #7 VOTE FOR ONE	
Gabriel Ramos	Non - Partisan	1
Estela J. Vasquez	Non - Partisan	1
		1

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

CITIES & TOWNS NON - PARTISAN

CITY OF YAKIMA COUNCILMEMBER - COUNCIL DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE John Puccinelli Non - Partisan + Jerry Mellen Non - Partisan + + COUNCILMEMBER - COUNCIL DISTRICT #2 VOTE FOR ONE Clarence Barnett Non - Partisan + Brian O. Wyatt Non - Partisan + + COUNCILMEMBER - COUNCIL DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE Lynn Buchanan Non - Partisan Don Meighan Non - Partisan + + COUNCILMEMBER - COUNCIL DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE John Klingele Non - Partisan + Gerald E. Henderson Non - Partisan + +

CITIES & TOWNS NON - PARTISAN

CITY OF	ZILLAH	
MAYOR 2 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE	
Dan Simmons	Non - Partisan	1
Robert (Bob) Cory	Non - Partisan	4
		1
COUNCILMEMBER - POSIT	TON #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Curt Walker	Non - Partisan	1
Charles "Moe" Moszeter	Non - Partisan	1
		1
COUNCILMEMBER - POSIT 4 YR TERM S/F	TON #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Janice Gonzales	Non - Partisan	1
Larry Stewart	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COUNCILMEMBER - POSIT	1ON #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Mark K. Harris	Non - Partisan	1+
Ronald G. Carlquist	Non - Partisan	1
		+

SCHOOL DIRECTORS NON - PARTISAN

	#2 UNION GAP	SCHOOL DISTRICT	
S	CHOOL DIRECTOR - D	IRECTOR DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
Ta	amela Henne	Non - Partisan	+
			+
S	CHOOL DIRECTOR - D	IRECTOR DISTRICT #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
Di	avina J. Martin	Non - Partisan	+
			+
S	CHOOL DIRECTOR - D	IRECTOR DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Do	onald E. Mittlieder	Non - Partisan	+
			+

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

SCHOOL DIRECTORS NON - PARTISAN

ACUIDAL DIDECTOR D	IDECTOR PICTRICT #4	-
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	VOTE FOR ONE	
Don Flyckt	Non - Partisan	+
		1
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	IRECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
George D. Pickard	Non - Partisan	1
Peggy Euteneier	Non - Partisan	1
		1
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	IRECTOR DISTRICT #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Ron Freeze	Non - Partisan	1
Russ DeFields	Non - Partisan	1
		-

#	90 EAST VALLEY	SCHOOL DISTRICT	
SCHOO	OL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
Karen L	. Close	Non - Partisan	+
			+
SCHOO	OL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Timothy	D. Layman	Non - Partisan	+
			+
SCHOO	OL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Pat Boz	е	Non - Partisan	+
Beverly	J. Winterfeld	Non - Partisan	+
			+

# 7 YAKIMA SCH	OOL DISTRICT	
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - POSI	TION #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Maud Scott	Non - Partisan	+
Joe Falk	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - POSI	TION #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Richard Spiegel	Non - Partisan	+
Rosemary Small	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - POSI	TION #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Donald Evans Littlefield	Non - Partisan	+
Earl Hall	Non - Partisan	+
		+

#116/200 GHANDVI	EW SCHOOL DISTRIC	1
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
James N. Simpson	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Tony Gonzalez	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
		_
Tim Grow	Non - Partisan	+

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

SCHOOL DIRECTORS NON - PARTISAN

#119 SELAH S	CHOOL DISTRICT	
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Michael D. Byrd	Non - Partisan	+
Thomas W. Redtfeldt	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Frank Rowley	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Lisa Iverson	Non - Partisan	+
		1

Mike Diaz	Non - Partisan	1
		1
SCHOOL DIRECTOR -	DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Fredrick Kilian	Non - Partisan	1
		1
SCHOOL DIRECTOR -	DIRECTOR DISTRICT #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Gerry Lamberte, Jr.	Non - Partisan	1
		14

#201 SUNNYSIDE SCHOOL DISTRICT

#120 MABTON	SCHOOL DISTRICT	
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	IRECTOR DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
Manuel Guzman	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	IRECTOR DISTRICT #4	
	VOTE FOR ONE	
Donna L. Shreve		+
Donna L. Shreve	VOTE FOR ONE	+
Donna L. Shreve SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	VOTE FOR ONE Non - Partisan	+
	Non - Partisan IRECTOR DISTRICT #5	+

SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DIRI	ECTOR DISTRICT #1	
	VOTE FOR ONE	
Rick Schutz	Non - Partisan	1
Ginny Wells	Non - Partisan	+
		1
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DIRE	CTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
lda Jo Pinkham-Burgess	Non - Partisan	1
Mary Rita Rohde	Non - Partisan	1
		1
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DIRE	CTOR DISTRICT #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
John Babich	Non - Partisan	1
		1

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

SCHOOL DIRECTORS NON - PARTISAN

#203 HIGHLAND	SCHOOL DISTRICT	
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
Ken L. Sugarman	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Laura D. Hahn	Non - Partisan	1
		1
DIRECTOR - AT - LARGE	POSITION #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
Lonie Vickers	Non - Partisan	1
Ann Bowman	Non - Partisan	1
		1

		+
#203 BICKLE	TON SCHOOL DISTRICT	
SCHOOL DIRECTOR	- DIRECTOR DISTRICT #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
Nancy Slater	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR	- DIRECTOR DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Neal Brown	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR	- DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
John C. Jensen	Non - Partisan	+

#204 GRANGER	SCHOOL DISTRICT	
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DIR 2 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE	
Charles L. Alexander	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	VOTE FOR ONE	
Ron Liebert	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Steven R. Gines	Non - Partisan	+
Michael J. Perez	Non - Partisan	+
		+

SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DIR	VOTE FOR ONE	
Jack Lorton	Non - Partisan	+
Wallace A. Donaldson	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DIR	ECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
LeAnn Anderson	Non - Partisan	+
		1

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

SCHOOL DIRECTORS NON - PARTISAN

SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #2
2 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE
Kelly Schibig	Non - Partisan
Stella Morrison	Non - Partisan
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #3 VOTE FOR ONE
Hilda L. Skone	Non - Partisan
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE
Alan McMahan	Non - Partisan
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #5 VOTE FOR ONE
Wendell Lee Hannigan	Non - Partisan
Timothy Macke	Non - Partisan

#208 WEST VALLE	Y SCHOOL DISTRICT	Г
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
Donald E. Eyman	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #4 VOTE FOR ONE	
Irene Glessner	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - DI	RECTOR DISTRICT #5 VOTE FOR ONE	
Janet L. Stelzer	Non - Partisan	+

SCHOOL DIRECTORS NON - PARTISAN

#209 MT ADAM	S SCHOOL DISTRICT	
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	DIRECTOR DISTRICT #1 VOTE FOR ONE	
Jeanne Scott	Non - Partisan	+
		+
SCHOOL DIRECTOR - D	VOTE FOR ONE	
Esther Jarnecke	Non - Partisan	+
		+

OTHER TAXING DISTRICTS NON - PARTISAN

	FIRE PROTECT	ION DISTRICT #1	
C	COMMISSIONER - POSITI	ON #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
Р	hil Nelson	Non - Partisan	+
Г			+
88B -	OMMISSIONER - POSITI YR UNEXP TERM	ON #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
N	. Don Adams	Non - Partisan	+
			+

FINE PROTEO	TION DISTRICT #2	
COMMISSIONER - POSIT	VOTE FOR ONE	
Gus Gojenola	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - POSITI 2 YR UNEXP TERM	ON #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Ron Johnson	Non - Partisan	+
		+

	ION DISTRICT #3	
COMMISSIONER - POSITIO	ON #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
	VOTE FOR ONE	
Robert Pringle	Non - Partisan	+
		1

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

OTHER TAXING DISTRICTS NON - PARTISAN

	ON DISTRICT #4	
COMMISSIONER - POSITIO	VOTE FOR ONE	
Les F. Riel	Non - Partisan	+
Roylance W. Hill	Non - Partisan	+
		+

FIRE PROTECT	TION DISTRICT #5	
COMMISSIONER - POSITI	ION #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
Ernest W. Charvet	Non - Partisan	+
		+

COMMISSIONER - POSI	TION #2	
	VOTE FOR ONE	
Don Rotell	Non - Partisan	+
Frank Wesselius	Non - Partisan	+

COMMISSIONER - POSI	TION #2	
	VOTE FOR ONE	
Gerald R. Davis	Non - Partisan	1+

COMMISSIONER - POST	TION #2	
	VOTE FOR ONE	
Jack R. Dillon	Non - Partisan	+
Edward Hakala	Non - Partisan	+
		1

FIRE PROTECTION D	ISTRICT #11	
COMMISSIONER - POSITION #1 4 YR UNEXP TERM VOTE FOR ONE		
Thomas J. Sevigny	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - POSITION #2 6 YR TERM S/F	TION #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
Rocky D. Willette	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - POSITION #3 2 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE	
Mark Layman	Non - Partisan	+
		+

FIRE PROTEC	TION DISTRICT #12	
COMMISSIONER - POSI	TION #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
George M. Glessner	Non - Partisan	+
		+

FIRE PROTECTION I	DISTRICT #14	
COMMISSIONER - POSITION #2 VOTE FOR ONE		
Dean H. Cook, Jr.	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - POSITION #3 2 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE	
Debbie Dexter	Non - Partisan	+
		+

NOVEMBER 7, 1995

OTHER TAXING DISTRICTS NON - PARTISAN

NACHES PARK & RECREA	ATION DISTRICT	Г
COMMISSIONER - DISTRICT #1	VOTE FOR ONE	
Joseph M. Iriarte	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - DISTRICT #2	VOTE FOR ONE	
Margaret L. St. Martin	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - DISTRICT #4	VOTE FOR ONE	
Pat Lounsbury	Non - Partisan	+
		+

PORT OF GRAN	DVIEW	
COMMISSIONER - DISTRICT #2 2 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE	
Verona K. Casey	Non - Partisan	+
James "Jim" White	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - DISTRICT #3	VOTE FOR ONE	
Ronald E. Grow	Non - Partisan	+
		+

COMMISSIONER - DISTRICT #1		_
OOMMIOOIONEN - DIOTTIOT #1	VOTE FOR ONE	
Arnold Lee Martin	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - DISTRICT #2 4 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE	
Jeffrey E. Matson	Non - Partisan	+
		1+

COWICHE SEWER	DISTRICT	
COMMISSIONER - POSITION #1 4 YR UNEXP TERM	VOTE FOR ONE	
Matt O'Neal	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - POSITION #2	VOTE FOR ONE	
Joe Parsley	Non - Partisan	+
		+

TERRACE HEIGHT	S SEWER DISTRICT	
COMMISSIONER - POSITION 6 YR TERM S/F	ON #2 VOTE FOR ONE	
Warren J. Wayenburg	Non - Partisan	+
Kathy J. McNulty	Non - Partisan	+
		+
COMMISSIONER - POSITIO 2 YR UNEXP TERM	ON #3 VOTE FOR ONE	
Lloyd E. Kusler	Non - Partisan	+
Britt Hill	Non - Partisan	+
		1+

TAXING JURISDICTIONS

What are they? What do they do?

CITIES AND TOWNS

In Washington cities and towns, the council or commission, as legislative body, are authorized to levy taxes and must furnish police and fire protection. They establish local laws and policies, consistent with state law, usually through the enactment of ordinances and resolutions; and also exercise general oversight and control over the city's finances, primarily through the budget process. They may require and issue licenses for the purpose of regulation and/or revenue; may grant various franchises and acquire and operate certain types of public utilities. They may enact zoning ordinances, and may purchase, lease, condemn, or otherwise acquire real and personal property for city purposes. It is ordinarily the council's function to create subordinate positions, prescribe duties and establish salaries.

Cities are generally classified on the basis of population. In some instances, the powers and obligations of a municipality are determined by the class to which it belongs.

Under the Optional Municipal Code, any city or town, regardless of population, may select to become a non-charter code city and be governed under the Optional Municipal Code rather than under existing statutes relating to the class of city to which it belongs. Cities organized under the Optional Municipal Code must adopt either the mayor-council or council-manager plan unless the city was previously organized under the commission form of government.

TYPES OF CITY GOVERNMENT:

There are three principal forms of government used by Washington cities. These are:

- 1) mayor-council
- 2) council-manager
- 3) commission

The basic difference between the three forms of city government is the placement of responsibility for the administration of the city and the relationship of the administrative officer to the legislative or policy-making body to the public.

NON-CHARTER CODE CITY

Grandview Mabton Moxee Selah Sunnyside

Toppenish Zillah

UNCLASSIFIED Union Gap 1ST CLASS CITY

Yakima

3RD CLASS CITY

Wapato

4TH CLASS CITY

Granger Harrah Naches Tieton

COUNCIL-MANAGER CITIES:

Basic to a council-manager system is the belief that the policy-making and administrative functions of the city should be separate. Therefore, the council, which determines city policies and is politically responsible for its actions, selects a city manager who serves as the chief administrator of the city. The manager is accountable to the council for the proper performance of his/her duties and serves at the pleasure of that body.

In some Washington council-manager cities, the mayor is chosen biennially from among the city council members at the first meeting of the new council. In other cities of the council-manager type, the voters choose the presiding council officer. The mayor retains all the rights, privileges, and immunities of other councilmembers, presides at meetings, is recognized as the head of the city for all ceremonial purposes and by the governor for the purposes of military law. However, the mayor does not have the veto power or any regular administrative duties. In an emergency, and if so authorized by the city council, the mayor takes command of the police, maintains law, and enforces order.

MAYOR-COUNCIL CITIES:

The mayor is the chief administrative officer. In addition, he/she is the political head of the city, and as presiding officer of the city council, is active in the development of city policies. Thus, he/she is responsible both for determining policy and for seeing that the policy is carried out.

A variation of the mayor-council form of government present in Washington cities involves allowing the council to override many of the mayor's decisions. The development of public policy, under this form, is primarily the responsibility of the city council, and the job of the mayor is one of coordination rather than leadership.

MAYOR-COUNCIL

Harrah Grandview Granger Mabton Naches Selah Tieton Union Gap Wapato Zillah

COUNCIL-MANAGER

Sunnyside Toppenish Yakima

CITY OF GRANDVIEW

M A Y O R



Jesse S. Palacios

The last four years have been both challenging and yet very rewarding. We, you, and I have developed a team partnership dedicated to building community pride and making Grandview the best that it can be.

Along the way, we have made new friends and developed partnerships with the Yakima Family YMCA, Yakima Valley Community College, Yakima County Fire District #5, City of Sunnyside, Washington National Guard, and Washington State Migrant Council.

Some of our accomplishments include: • New National Guard Armory •Alice Grant Learning Center • Block Grant College Expansion • YMCA Facility •New Fire Station •Police Department Remodel • Wallace Way Construction Grant • Wine Country Road Improvement • Aggressive Sidewalk Improvement Program • \$2.95 Million R.E.C. Designation with the City of Sunnyside • Youth and Neighborhood Home of the Month Programs • Grandview Pride Newsletter • The beautiful Stokely Square and Gazebo

Thank you for your continued support and trust.

POSIT-ON 4

No photo submitted

Helen Darr has been a resident of Grandview for over 40 years, married to Robert with two children.

GRANDVIEW is in a period of change and as a concerned citizen, I feel I can bring ideas to the Council to keep GRANDVIEW competitive, safe and a desirable place to live.

WORKING TOGETHER WE CAN DO IT!!

Helen



Harold L. Webb

Eight year limits for City offices and hiring within the employees for further advancements are only two of the issues Harold Webb stands behind. A local resident for nearly sixty years he and his wife, Eleanor, have raised three children and are proud to be a part of this community.

An Army veteran, and senior citizen with local roots, he feels qualified to serve and bring new representation to the council.

CITY OF GRANDVIEW

COUNCIL 5



Marjorie J. Green

Every community is experiencing more crime, graffiti, drugs, gangs, and taxation. Obviously more funding is not the answer. We must get tougher and enforce to the letter the local, State and Federal laws. The 1991 Parents Responsibility Law with nighttime curfews must be expanded to daytime too. All youth must be educated. Crime stymies growth in business, economics, residents.

 A) I will propose a daytime curfew. Community Involvement. An informed community is satisfied, happy and involved.

B) I propose publishing the anticipated agenda of each Council meeting in the local paper. An apathetic citizenry is wrong, however, when a mayor states, "I don't care what the people think...", grave problems occur.

C) I propose a study and scrutiny of expenditures and debt dismissal. In the last 4 years we have over \$157,800 in uncollectible debts. In 1992, the amount was \$4,691. The citizens cannot pick up the loss of revenue.



Bill

I have enjoyed serving on the Council for the last four years. It has been a learning experience. I look forward to the future growth of our community, and believe several improvements have been made in support of this. The placement of the Lower Valley Educational Center provides new opportunities for those in our community as well as others in the Lower Valley. As we look toward future responsible growth, the infra-structure must be addressed. The new fire station, a new state of the art fire truck, remodeling of the over 40 year old police station, and the improvement of Wine Country Road all are part of this need. There are other improvements yet to be accomplished, and all will lead to improving the quality of life in Grandview. I look forward to being a part of this.

POSITION

6



Robert Morales

I am running for City Council because I believe that active involvement in local government is an integral part of the well being of our community. I am a lifelong resident of Grandview and look forward to addressing the needs of our community.

I have served on Grandview's Planning Commission, Housing Task Force, and the Grandview School District Strategic Planning and Levy Committees. This experience has provided me with a base for meeting the challenges of city council. As a member of the council, my goal would be to strive towards a cohesive and team oriented body that represents the community. This effort would create a visionary council that will seek out strategic growth, affordable housing, economic development and employment opportunities while maintaining fiscal accountability. I believe that a council that communicates with all segments of the community will create greater participation and pride in our town.



Timothy M. Christomos

Reelect Tim Christomos Council Position 6

Tim Christomos, a CONSERVATIVE businessman, earns his living from private enterprise, not from tax supported entities.

Tim's concern and INDEPENDENCE led him to tackle tough challenges like repeal of the Sidewalk Tax.

Tim, an effective LEADER, works hard - YMCA locating here, expansion of YVCC, development of Stokely Square, improvement of Country Park, new stage and Armory and beautification of entrances to Grandview.

An ACTIVE community member, Treasurer of Rotary, Elks member, All America City committee, former Lower Valley Hospice Treasurer, Tim is CONCERNED about young people; he coached soccer and baseball. His ideas led to the formation of Grandview's Youth Advisory Committee. Tim is COMMITTED to a VISION of Grandview as a safe community providing jobs and education. Tim will continue to propose and pursue plans to achieve this vision.

CITY OF GRANDVIEW

POS-T-ON 7

No photo submitted

I remain committed to serving the citizens of Grandview to the best of my ability. The time I have spent on the Grandview City Council has been rewarding and educational.

I will continue to try to make Grandview a family oriented, safe community. Please help our community by getting involved in local programs and issues. I appreciate your opinions and ideas to make Grandview a great place to live.

Sincerely, Norm Childress

Norman W. Childress

TOWN OF GRANGER

M A Y O



David Leach

Previously, I have been Clerk-Treasurer and Town Supervisor for Granger. Working for Granger and later as Town Councilman, I received specific training and experience which has made me uniquely qualified to be an effective mayor. I know what the job takes!

More than qualifications, I have a focused vision which sees a future Granger as a quality place to live with an effective police department, a new swimming pool recreational complex, new business, adequate housing, clean streets, adequate code enforcement, and a small but growing colony of dinosaurs.

I will listen and make the hard decisions or changes necessary to be a responsive mayor.

I am General Manager of H.L. Worden Co., Past-President of the Chamber of Commerce, and member of GrangerTradeTM Publication, Granger Economic Development Council, Parkside Missionary Church, and Granger Town Council.



Eddie Post

Eddle Post is a proven leader — As a business owner in Granger since 1967, Eddle has the management skills necessary to successfully operate an expanding company. He is a member of the Granger Chamber of Commerce, serving in the past as President, as well as serving as past President of the Yakima Valley Chambers of Commerce. His community involvement includes 27 years with the Granger Fire Dept., several years of which included the position of Zone Chief.

Eddie is well acquainted with government in the Town of Granger, having served in the past on the Granger Town Council for four years.

"Your vote for me will put government back in the hands of the community", said Eddie.
"It is time that we, as government officials, realize that the people of Granger don't work for us - we work for them".

TOWN OF GRANGER

POSITION 2

No photo submitted

Dennis Harris, 47, a farmer and a charter member of the Granger J.C's, has lived in Granger all his life. His first priority is to correct the shortcomings of the Granger Police Department and to work toward the further development of the Dinosaur Theme Park.

Dennis Harris



Larry Helberg Larry Helberg and his wife, Pamela, chose Granger as their home thirteen years ago and have three children who attended Granger schools.

During this time Larry has served our town as a fireman, school committee member, and is presently a planning commissioner, and president of the Granger Lions Club.

Larry has always done these jobs on a volunteer basis so he knows what it takes to get things done for our community. His compensation has been the positive results he has been instrumental in obtaining.

When elected as your council person, his goal is to continue to serve Granger, working towards the exciting rebound of business, housing, and public Image that we are beginning to experience.

POSITION

No photo submitted

C.M. (Chuck)

Lynn

I want to thank the voters of Granger for allowing me to serve on the Town Council for the past four years. We have had our ups and downs in the city government, but overall, I believe we have moved forward.

The town is now known for something beside being the poorest town in the valley. We are growing and improving: a new 90+ home subdivision, a new deli/convenience store in town, a new fire station, one or two new service stations with convenience store and fast foods on location.

Just the kinds of growth that will make people think about moving into a quiet but growing community.

I want to remain a part of this growth and will do as good a job as I know how.

Thanks again and remember to get out and vote.

000 U N C - L



Jr. Cardenas

After living in Granger for the past 38 years, the last 5 years have been some of the most promising ones. Helping serve our community by being a part of the Chamber of Commerce, Economic Development Council, and Parks & Recreation Department has helped me in preparing for running for city council.

The people I've been associated with in the last 5 years and the excitement that comes with seeing something be accomplished is one of the major reasons for me wanting to get that much more involved with our community.

It will be a challenge to try and solve some of the problems which face our community. Those problems can be solved easier if everybody involved realizes that the ultimate goal should be for the betterment of our town.

I urge everyone in the Granger community to come out and vote and make a difference.

TOWN OF HARRAH

M A Y

R

No photo submitted

I truly enjoy working with others in the community to improve our town and make it a desirable living area. Today, being Mayor of a small town with limited staff and money is often a challenge that provides opportunity for learning experiences which I appreciate. Harrah is anticipating residential development in the very near future. I would like to continue with my community responsibilities as the town experiences this growth and makes the necessary adjustments.

Barbara Harrer

COUNCIL POSITION #3

Donald M. Yerges

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COUNCIL POSITION #4

Larry J. Garcia

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

CITY OF MABTON

COUNCIL POSITION #4

John William Reynolds (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

POS-T-OZ 5



Vera C. Zavala

I have served on the Mabton City Council now for one year. In this year's time I have obtained many valuable assets. I would like to continue to serve on the City Council so that I might put these assets to further use to my community. I also anticipate learning much more needed knowledge to help me further my good to the community.

CITY OF MOXEE

MAYOR

David Bolm

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COUNCIL POSITION #3

Gregory L. LaBree

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

POS-T-0Z

No photo submitted

Joe A. Lenseigne As an East Valley native for almost 30 years I've had the opportunity to see, first hand, the City of Moxee evolve over the last few decades. There has been positive growth and development; however, it hasn't been without its trials and tribulations.

Coming from two generations of hop farmers in Moxee I can say my heart is in the quality and prosperity of the community. I believe progressively pursuing positive growth and development will lead to an improved quality of life.

As a graduate of Washington State University, and a current employee of the City of Union Gap, I know the value of setting goals and achieving them. It is my goal to work cooperatively with others to bring this quality of life to Moxee by preparing Moxee as a more attractive location for business and residential development, actually listening to the citizenry, and enhancing standards of living.

No photo submitted I was born and raised in the Moxee area and am a graduate of East Valley High School. I am running so I can play a part in trying to get more people involved in the community and help see that their wishes are carried out. I would like to see government put back in the hands of the voters.

Moxee needs a city council that responds to the wishes and desires of the citizens of the community!

Karen Ekelman Hambek

CITY OF MOXEE

COUNCIL 5



Albert Vargas

I am employed as a supervisor at Magnuson Sleepers, Inc. in Moxee, and have been for the past nine years. I was born and raised in the Yakima Valley. I have lived in the City of Moxee for 23 years. As incumbent, I have the knowledge and experience over my opponent. If I am elected, I will serve all the people in this City, not just a few special interest groups.



Larry Frank

I wish to: 1) establish fair & reasonable zoning laws, 2) promote the City of Moxee as a family centered, law abiding community, 3) establish criteria that will enable our schools to operate free of oppression.

If you feel as I do about the issues I've listed, you know we must work together to accomplish these goals. I ask you to allow me to represent you in the up coming elections. Please cast your vote to help support a family centered council.

THANK YOU for your consideration.

My family history follows: •I was born in Yakima •My wife's name is Georgie •We have three children: Larry Frank, Jr.; Justin, & Julie •My father established FRANKS TIRE, a family operated business •I retired from FRANKS TIRE in 1994 •I'm currently employed by BISSELL DISTRIBUTING COMPANY

TOWN OF NACHES

M A Y O B



Doug Mac Neil

I have lived in Naches for approximately 50 years. I retired after 30 years in the education field (24 in Naches). I served 12 years on the Naches Town Council and for the past 3 years have been the Mayor. As a consequence, I have the knowledge, time, experience, personal contacts, and decision-making skills needed to continue serving the Naches community as we head toward the 21st Century.

If the past 3 years of our projects and programs (such as new roads, stoplight, Housing Rehab, Growth Management, and restoring the Gazebo) are any indication of what we've been able to accomplish, I view the future with optimism and excitement.

So we can meet the needs of our unique community, I will continue working toward making Naches a safe place for all, concern for seniors and youth, and control growth with quality completed projects.

I ask for your vote.

No photo submitted

Stephen G.

Chase

Steve Chase owner of Old West Fine Art and Custom Frame Gallery, Naches, wishes to encourage all citizens to vote and get involved in the local government.

I am married and have two grown children and one in the fifth grade.

I studied Personnel and Finance Management in college.

I have spent hundreds of hours researching and studying the records of the Town of Naches and have as good or better knowledge of town problems as anyone on the present town council.

My number one priority will be to make sure that all public meetings and public records will be made available and open to the public.

Unity between citizens, business, town employees, and town council.

Attract new business, seek private and government grants, update sewer and water projects, develop job descriptions for town employees, encourage citizen involvement, update obsolete ordinances and issues too numerous to mention in this space.

TOWN OF NACHES

COUNCIL POSITION #1

W. Keith Chronister

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COUNCIL POSITION #4

John C. Hartwell

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

00110 C

No photo submitted

Juanita K. Chase

I am running for Town Council because Naches is now my home and I like my community, but there is need for change in the attitudes of the Town Government.

I am married, have two grown children, and have one starting the fifth grade. I studied accounting in college and have been in banking for fifteen years. I have been indirectly involved in town politics since my husband got involved two years ago.

I would like to see stability on the planning commission, accountability of financial and employee production matters, water, sewer, ordinance update, open council meetings, community center for all, continued Growth Management, and easy access to public records.

I would also like to see the town get involved in the Crime Watch Program.

There are many more issues that need to be addressed, but the main point I would like to make is, citizens, this is your town.

08-1-0



Janet A. Anderson

I have been on Naches City Council for several years. Since I've been on the council, I've been involved in the State's Growth Management Plan. Also, I am serving for the second time on the Housing Rehab Project for Naches.

I am a retired primary teacher, and have lived most of my life in Naches.

I will do my best.

CITY OF SELAH

M A Y O B



Bob Jones

My experience of: Operating Kings Row Drive-In, providing a product and meeting a payroll; both sponsoring and working in many volunteer community projects; and previously serving on the city council, has taught me the importance of listening to people, promoting a cooperative effort, and then being willing to make tough decisions.

My goals are to: (1) Achieve dependable, cost effective city services to match the needs of our growing population; (2) Encourage planned, orderly growth which increases the property value of our homes; (3) Ensure enough money is allocated to our City Parks Youth Programs, and to maintain our streets, sewer and water systems; (4) Support crime prevention and law enforcement to have safe neighborhoods, parks and streets; (5) Involve a diversity of citizens so their experience, perspective and expertise can contribute to the benefit of our community.

Together, let's build community pride.



Wylie G. Mills

Wylie Mills will work hard to open the doors of city government administration providing equal access for all. He believes in strict and open accountability of how your tax money is spent. He believes in lending a helping hand versus building road blocks. With your vote Wylle will provide strong leadership for the City of Selah.

Wylie strongly advocates and encourages all drug and crime prevention awareness programs. He believes in a strong and effective educational foundation. He has been involved in On-The-Job-Training for high school students. Wylie has watched and helped Selah grow the last forty years and believes he is more than qualified to lead Selah into future growth and development. Together, WE can make a difference.

Wylie and his wife, Rinda, are long time residents of Selah where they raised two children and operate a family owned business.

POSITION

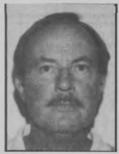


Irvin "Monk" Sonker

Irvin "Monk" Sonker, received his Masters of Education/Business degree from Central Washington University in 1974, and Principal Credentials in 1979. He is a multi-subject teacher at the Key Academy, Yakima School District.

Irvin and his wife Sunny, a teacher at Lince Intermediate, and sons, Ben and Jason have been Selah residents since 1974.

In this time of growing change in Selah's population and business community, one must make the time and commitment to research the issues and talk to businesses and citizens who are going to be affected by those issues. "I would like to be your voice. My commitment to Selah is heartfelt and I will work diligently for its betterment. I want to continue efforts toward manageable city services, harmonious relationships between all citizens, business and government; and assisting our senior citizens and youth in their quest for independent facilities."



Nicholas (Nick) Blair

Encouraging more citizen involvement in city government, and to promote community growth to meet demands in the future.

CITY OF SELAH

POSITION 5



Herb W. Schmidt

GENERAL BACKGROUND

■I have lived in the County of Yakima since 1955. ■I hold B.A. and MA.ED degrees from CWU and WSU. ■I have a grown son and daughter. ■I am married to Pam Schmidt.

•I was a successful public educator for thirty years. •I have been a professional independent insurance agent over ten years, primarily in tax sheltered annuities. •I have also been involved in small business ownership.

CANDIDATE PHILOSOPHY

If elected I will support the following issues for Selah. 1.) Allocation of long term funding for the infrastructure. 2.) Provide support to small business through cooperation with city, Chamber and county officials. 3.) Establish open communication with community residents and organizations in determining relevant city needs and priorities. 4.) Provide incentive to beautify Selah, i.e. major streets, parks, and schools. 5.) Maintain support of policies to keep crime rate low.



Roy A. Sample

The City of Selah is currently experiencing dramatic changes. New businesses and developments are moving to our city. Changes and growth are inevitable, but they must be controlled.

In the 19 years I have lived in the Selah area, I have watched my 5 children graduate from Selah High School and each go on to earn a college degree. I have been involved with school activities, the Selah Dolphin Swim Team, Selah Community Days, and am currently President of the Parish Council of Our Lady of Lourdes Church. I have served on the Yakima County Planning Commission for 8 years and the Selah Planning Commission for the last 3 years. In other words, I am proud to be a Selah resident.

My experience as a REALTOR® and my engineering background have served me well. I hope to employ all these experiences to serve and enhance the City of Selah.

POS-T-ON 6



Robert E. Ward

I am running for another term on the Selah City Council because it is one way to help the community for the privilege of living here and the enjoyment it has brought.

I graduated with a B.S. and a Masters degree from Oregon State College. Most of my working life has been in food processing in Washington State. Jobs held were from production manager to president.

My wife and I have lived in Selah 26 years. Have been a member of Selah United Methodist Church and served on the Selah Planning Commission as chairman and am on the Selah City Council.

I am retired and have time to serve and enjoy doing so. I can bring many years of management experience to the council, along with practical common sense.

CITY OF SELAH

POS-T-ON 7



Ron Deatherage

Selah is a wonderful community! It has a lot to offer in terms of quality of life with its nationally recognized schools, low crime rate and outstanding Fire Department.

Having lived here almost all my life and raising a family with my wife, Cassie, I would like to see our City retain the family atmosphere we have enjoyed so much.

During my last two terms on the Council I have supported projects such as First Street widening, new Fire and Police Stations, City Well #7, and the Selah Overpass construction which is scheduled to start next year and continued efforts to make City Hall more "user friendly".

Eight years on the city council and my experiences gained from managing a Selah business provides me with the tools to be an effective leader and decision maker.

With your support, I will continue to work hard for you and our community.

COUNCIL POSITION #7

Greg Coles

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

CITY OF SUNNYSIDE

COUNCIL POSITION #5

Roy Anciso

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COUNCIL POSITION #6

Errol R. Brown

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COUNC - .



Ed Prilucik

The number one asset of this city is its people. The citizens of Sunnyside are made up of people from many diverse cultural, religious, and economic backgrounds. In a community such as this you need leaders who can bridge the gaps and base decisions on the good of the whole.

I have served the people of Sunnyside for 5 years as a City Councilman. During this time I have been a very active player in council decisions which have brought major change to this community.

During the next four years this community again needs strong leaders who will listen to the citizens' concerns, develop new ideas from the concerns and adopt changes as asked for by the people.

I feel I am one of these leaders and ask for your support.

TOWN OF TIETON

M A Y O R

No photo submitted

I have lived in the Tieton area since 1955. I am married with three children and seven grandchildren. I have been on the Tieton Fire Department for the past 31 years and during the 1960's I served as Town Marshal for two years. I worked as City Maintenance man for a number of years as well, so I learned the ins and outs of our town.

My goal as Mayor would be to work with the council and improve the conditions of our town. I would like to see some changes and make our city a better place for our residents.

James (Jim) Parsley

MAYOR

Hal Williams

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

POW-F-OZ .



Dewane Ashbrooks Dewane Ashbrooks has knowledge of the issues facing the community. Dewane and his wife, Jean, are long time residents of Tieton. He has served three years in the Tieton City government, and 17 years on the Tieton Volunteer Fire Department. "It's my desire to see our city government guide us through the opportunities ahead so our growth keeps in step with the wants and needs of the community".

POS-T-OZ 4

No photo submitted I have lived in Tieton 5 1/2 years. I believe that I can make a contribution to the Town Council.

I want to see Tieton continue a slow growth, but to stay within the boundaries the Planning Commission has set up for the town.

I will work with the other Council Members and the Mayor to keep Tieton a good place to live, and to help develop the goals that we set up to improve our town.

Rosa M. Fry

COUNCIL POSITION #5

Marcus Dilley

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

CITY OF TOPPENISH

POSITION 5



Judith Boekholder

Elected local government is that government closest to the people. Living in, working in, and being actively involved in Toppenish for 27 years has made Toppenish my community.

Complete revision of the state juvenile justice system, strengthened penalties, and more accountability by juveniles is critical. I have helped take a leadership role in passage and implementation of the first parental responsibility ordinance and first day time curfew in Washington, plus a night time curfew. I will continue to work statewide for passage of the "Toppenish Plan" to return some jurisdiction over juveniles to the local community.

Continued encouragement of tourism development, the western theme and murals; and expanding existing industry and new industrial development and annexations will broaden the financial base of Toppenish.

As an eighteen year Association of Washington Cities board of directors member and its immediate past President, I have represented and promoted my community - Toppenish statewide.



Kay Dalton

I have lived in the Yakima Valley for over thirteen years and the small community lifestyle is one to be treasured. Toppenish City, where the west still lives, is the community I choose to call home. I intend to focus on these vital issues: youth and violence, family and community strengths and restructuring the budget to meet the needs of safety, wellness and enhancement. I am an owner of a family counseling agency and have been in the counseling field for twelve years. I serve on BEST team, volunteer for Youth Community Accountability Board, Youth Violence Task Force, Child Abuse and Neglect Coordinating Council of Yakima, Yakima County Sexual Assault Task Force, volunteer for Toppenish Chamber of Commerce, and an active member for thirteen years at Christian Life Center Church of God in Yakima. We all, working together, can make our homes and community one of health, love and safety.

COUNCIL



Bill Rogers

Bill Rogers has served on the city council since 1980. He is the only person in the history of Toppenish to serve as president of the Chamber of Commerce, Toppenish Rotary Club and mayor.

He has served with distinction on the cable TV board, Yakima County Growth Management Board, and Suntran Board of Directors.

He is a proven, conservative leader who has been instrumental in increasing the police department budget by 75% over the past eight years.

Bill Rogers is a man of honesty and integrity. If you want to know where he stands on an issue, he will tell you straight out. He understands the moral values of the community and is the only member of the council whose entire career has been spent in the private sector.

He is a graduate of Central Washington University and married to Karen Rogers. Their son, Benjamin, serves in the US Navy.



Elaine D. Willman

As a resident, business-owner, parent and grandparent in Toppenish, I am deeply interested in economics, education, local government and community plans, short and long term, that promote safe and healthy living conditions in our town.

My professional background includes 14 years of public planning and administrative services in small agriculture/tourism-oriented communities. My educational background includes 2 years of law school and a Masters in Public Administration, California State University - Northridge.

I am a fair-minded, good listener and very hard worker who embraces cultural diversity and individual dignity. I think public safety, land-use, business and tourism development are inter-related and need the deepest involvement of local elected officials. Moving the community methodically forward into the turn of the century will be very hard and rewarding work. I am prepared and willing to serve the Toppenish community and look forward to the privilege.

6

CITY OF TOPPENISH

POSITION 7



Al Hubert

Important issues facing this community are:

Economic Development: We need to continue striving to attract business and industry to our area to expand our tax base and create jobs. Therefore, we need to insure city services are kept updated to allow for economic expansion. <u>Juvenile Crime</u>: The city has made some outstanding decisions in the control of this issue. In order to accomplish more, we must constantly press our state and federal representatives for changes in juvenile laws. I believe strongly in parental responsibility, also that municipal courts should have jurisdiction over misdemeanors committed within the city.

Support our police and fire departments: We must continue to give them the resources and manpower needed to do the job.

These issues become very difficult when considering the budget constraints of a small community. During my military career of forty years, I had extensive experience working with personnel and budgets.



W.A. "Sander" Moss

When I came to Toppenish in April of 1993, I found a progressive community with diverse ethnic backgrounds where people cared for people. The community welcomed me and really made me feel I belong here. My wife and I have adopted Toppenish as our home and dream of raising our family here.

Becoming involved in city government was originally a part of my job description. Now I would like to be involved so I can start giving back to the community which has been so kind to me and help implement some of the many good ideas people have to maintain and improve the quality of life here.

Currently, I serve the city as a volunteer fire fighter. I have a degree from Pierce College in California, and am a Certified Building Inspector. I'm a member of the International Conference of Building Officials, and the Washington Association of Building Officials.

CITY OF UNION GAP

M A Y O R

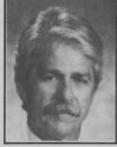


Dan C. Olson

YOUR VOICE TO EMPHASIZE WE THE PEOPLE AND LESS ON POLICY!

I want to work with you to enhance individual participation in city government, reduce individual apathy toward local government, and encourage everyone to attend city meetings and/or communicate their concerns and ideas in writing in order that more citizens will be more informed of the local government process, the problems, issues, and to help in the solution process.

It is essential that the citizens stay involved in community affairs to ensure that the elected officials carry forth their duties in the best interests of the community. The people are responsible to diplomatically remind the elected officials often that the people have entrusted to them the affairs of the community; that the elected officials shall serve the citizens by showing more interest and involvement with the people and less time making and enforcing policy upon the people.



Ronald D. Krebs

I take great pride in several of the accomplishments during my two terms as your Mayor. Our much improved police protection, senior center, improvements in our parks, numerous new businesses bringing literally hundreds of jobs, just to name a few.

We face now, a period of great transition. I am in full support of the downsizing of the government's role in our lives. I feel this is long overdue. We cannot continue to pay for unfunded mandates passed down from the state and/or federal level.

During this transition, experience in protecting what we have, and standing up for our rights, getting credit for what we have accomplished will be critical. Having been your mayor for the past eight years I have that experience.

Please take your time and look at the issues. Ask questions and if you choose to honor me with your vote, please accept my sincere thanks.

CITY OF UNION GAP

Ö Š N C



Betty Boyd

Betty Boyd has been a resident of Union Gap for 42 years. She and her husband Ron operate a family business that has been in Union Gap for 49 years.

Betty has been active in the community serving on the Union Gap School Board, the Union Gap Park Board, an ex-officio board member for the Greenway and a member of Union Gap Association for Progress.

I would like to continue serving as a member of the City Council to help the growth of our city keep in step with the wants and needs of our community.

COUNCIL POSITION #4

Axel E. Carlson

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

0 S C 5



Donna L. Miller

I have been a resident of Union Gap for fifteen years, am a mobile home owner and reside here with my husband, Michael Schons, Sr.

For the past ten years, I have served on the Union Gap City Council and have held several committee positions within, presently serving on the Water and Sewer and Finance Committees. I am an alternate voting member of the Yakima Conference of Governments. My attendance record at council and council-related meetings has been excellent.

My main agenda has been, and will be, to protect property values by fair and unblased enforcement of our codes and ordinances, clean-up of our blighted areas and to provide adequate police and fire protection within the financial means of the city.

I have chosen to live in Union Gap and will do whatever is necessary to make this a clean and safe city.

No photo

submitted

Nathan A. Kwak

We must protect ourselves from being overregulated. Stop the government from leading us, just long enough to lead the government.

How many more laws can we stand (61 in the last 12 months), and how do we enforce them on an already tapped budget.

I will ensure that over the next 4 years I will work diligently to fix Union Gap's problems. I will amend old ordinances, or at the very least make sure that all new laws don't conflict with the old ones.

ALL I CAN GUARANTEE IS THAT I WILL ALWAYS GIVE 180%. NOT BECAUSE IT MAKES ME LOOK BETTER BUT BECAUSE OF WHO I AM MAKES ME INCAPABLE OF DOING ANY LESS.

I have a history of questioning everything, without the right questions how can we expect the right answers.

CITY OF WAPATO

M A Y O R No photo submitted If elected Mayor of Wapato, I will work hard to make our town a place where people of all ages want to live and work. Good streets, sidewalks, an accessible library, a community center and activities for families are only part of my goals for Wapato.

I will work to make our city government more responsive to the citizens. Everyone deserves to be treated with dignity and respect and have their questions answered without long delays. This will be a priority of my administration.

As Mayor I will also work to build a partnership for economic growth. Residents, businesses and industry will be brought together to work on projects that will benefit our entire community.

I believe that Wapato has a bright future. Let's join together to make this the best small town in our valley.

Rick Foss



Edna Mauch As a native of Wapato, I feel qualified to serve as Mayor due to a wide variety of previous and present experiences. Prior to serving on the Wapato City Council, I served on the following City commissions: Planning, Civil Service, Centennial, and Economic Development. I presently serve on the Cable Regulation Board, Regional Economic Development Resource Team and AWC Resolutions Committee. I am active in the Chamber of Commerce, Lions Club, and American Legion. I have worked hard to improve the quality of life in Wapato.

As your full-time Mayor, I will take advantage of resources available. I will administer the city towards meeting the needs of all residents. Issues of concern are economic development, annexation, grants, fiscal accountability, safety, crime, D.A.R.E., library, parks and recreation.

Under my leadership, Wapato can once again become a PROUD, SAFE, and HEALTHY community. Now is the time for fresh ideas and new approaches.

COUNCIL POSITION #4

Jim Hanson

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

POS-F-OZ 4



Robert F. Roybal Greetings to the residents of the City of Wapato.

My name is Robert F. Roybal. I'm running for City Council Position No. 4. I would like to serve on the city council because: *I've been a resident of the Yakima Valley for over 27 years. *I've attended grade school at St. Joseph - Marquette Middle School and graduated from Zillah High School. *I have attended Y.V.C.C. and Heritage College. *I'm currently employed with the Yakima School District (Special Education Services).

I believe crime is destroying our community and high utility rates have hurt us all financially. I would like to see more businesses move into our city and furthermore I would like to see a senior citizen discount on all city utility billings and a fairer rate for all of us in the City of Wapato.

Working together we can make a better city for all of us to live in.

CITY OF WAPATO

POSITION 5

No photo submitted In my lifetime I have lived in six states and nine different towns; Wapato is where I have stayed the longest and have come to feel the most at home.

I am proud of our community and the positive things I have watched happen over the years. Now I would like to be an active participant in the future of Wapato. By serving as a member of City Council, working with city employees and the other Council members I can take part in the decision making process that affects our community.

I am happy to listen to any resident or business person who wishes to voice their ideas on how we can improve the community we live in, or who have concerns about things that are happening in the community now.

I would like to work for a clean, quiet, safe community for our children to grow up in.

Chris Foss



Todd J. Lunning

As a citizen of the City of Wapato, I feel the time has come for Wapato to grow and prosper. One of the best ways this can occur is by the annexation of surrounding areas. If elected a member of the city council, I will work hard to improve the quality of life in Wapato.

Wapato needs to have strong police, fire, and parks departments. Having these departments strong allows Wapato to be a positive place to live. The issue of the library and its accessibility needs to be addressed. These are a few of the areas that I believe need to be addressed by the city council.

I am married and have a daughter. I have been a volunteer fire fighter for the city for over five years. I was selected Fire Fighter of the Year in 1994. I also served on the Cable Regulation Board in 1993-94.

COUNCIL



Roy N. Brons

As a citizen of Wapato for twenty years, I feel qualified to serve on the Wapato City Council.

I am presently serving my third year as Chairman of the Wapato Planning Commission and I have been on the Civil Service Commission for three years. I also helped to spearhead a block watch program in north Wapato which has reduced crime by about 40% in that area.

I want to bring to the Council a new and fresh perspective.

My goals include following the City's newly adopted Comprehensive Plan, and setting achievable goals for its future economic growth. My other concerns include responsible government, safety and crime issues, and an improved quality of life for all of the citizens of Wapato through support of the library, D.A.R.E. and Parks & Recreation Departments.

CITY OF WAPATO

POSITION 7



Gabriel Ramos

My name is Gabriel Ramos. I'm a life long resident of Wapato, having graduated from Wapato Senior High School. I'm currently attending Central Washington University, pursuing my BA degree in Criminal Justice. At the same time I'm an employee of the Yakima County Juvenile System. I come from a family of veterans, who served their country as well as their community of Wapato, during World War 2, Korea, Vietnam and Operation Desert Storm.

I am running for city councilman, position 7, for the city of Wapato, because I feel Wapato can be a thriving more productive community; and can grow in a positive way. With new and young leadership for Wapato, I feel we can achieve these goals. Wapato can be seen as a good place to live, with opportunities for its residents and its young people.



Estela J. Vasquez

A resident of Wapato since 1945, I have seen many changes in our city.

I recently retired from state employment after eighteen years as a Jobs Opportunity Basic Skills Counselor.

I am willing to work with the citizens of the Wapato community. I am ready to devote and dedicate time on issues presented to the Wapato City Council.

With support of our citizens we can make a change. Alone I am only one voice.

My concerns are sewer, water and garbage rates. The crime rate in our community is also a great concern.

I am a civil service commissioner for the City of Wapato. I have been past Poppy Chairman and correspondence secretary for the American Legion Auxiliary, Post #133.

I encourage the citizens of the community to register and vote.

CITY OF YAKIMA

D C I O S U T N R Puccinelli

We must elect people who share our values. My wife Jeneen and I have been a part of the Yakima Community since 1977. We are raising two teenage daughters. We know first hand the issues facing our community today.

As a small business owner I know the struggles of having to do more with less. I am running for city council because I truly believe our city is at a crossroads. Now, more than ever, the decisions made by our elected leaders will have a far reaching impact on our community. Decisions need to be based on the benefits to the entire community and must be made on sound economic principles.

I believe we must get back to basics with our families, our neighborhoods and our community as a whole. We need to make certain that our community is a place where families may grow and our children are safe.



Jerry Mellen

Jerry, married, father of two has resided in Yakima the past sixteen years. A graduate of the University of Maryland, he has a degree in Business Administration/Political Science. In 1992 he retired from the Department of Defense after a 31 year career during which he served in Europe and Asia. Currently, he is employed as a realtor at Heritage Brokers.

After many years observing government, Jerry has become philosophically, socially and economically a conservative. He strongly believes that where government is concerned less is better. To this end, more responsibility must be taken by private enterprise and the dependence on government and its programs reduced.

Jerry's message is simple, Yakima is at a crossroads. New leadership is needed. It is time for the silent majority to "just say no." No to new taxes, no to big government. Together we can make a difference. Thank you for your support.

CITY OF YAKIMA

Clarence Barnett

Clarence Barnett is committed to serve our community. With his re-election, he will continue to devote the time and dedication needed to deal with the complex issues facing the City of Yakima.

He is very concerned over the increasing number of State and Federal mandates which are causing a tremendous financial burden on all of us. He will resist all mandates that do not demonstrate a favorable cost benefit analysis.

Clarence Barnett:

 Born and raised in Yakima.
 University of Washington.
 Veteran of Foreign Wars; American Legion.
 LTC, U.S. Army (Retired).
 Comptroller, a Savings and Loan Association (10 years).

*Former Mayor. *Mayor ProTem. *Yakima Health District Board (former Chair). *Yakima Air Terminal Board. *Yakima Valley Conference of Governments (Chair). *Greater Yakima Chamber of Commerce Board. *Yakima 4th of July Committee (1995). *Yakima Kiwanis Club.



Brian O. Wyatt

As a city council member my focus would be on what I consider to be the two main issues facing Yakima: CRIME and GROWTH. I would be up to the challenge to initiate new ideas and creative ways to fight crime and promote growth in our City. As a city council member I would look into the idea of having mandatory minimum fines for unlawful discharge of fire arms in city limits, community service hours and mandatory minimum fines to violators of the graffiti ordinance, and I would look into the idea of a daytime curfew during school hours. Fighting crime is not limited to passing new laws but also utilizing our resources to such items as technology and encouraging community involvement. I would work on the budget to maintain a reserve balance and to allocate the funds so they would work most efficiently for our City.

COUNCIL



Lynn Buchanan

I was born in Yakima and have lived and worked here all my adult life. Over those years, I have traveled all over our city, meeting many of you and listening to what you want and expect from YOUR city government. As most of you have found, I represent YOU! I built a successful business by providing the service that my customers needed and have used the same philosophy in my Council activities.

Serving you on the City Council lets me bring a businessman's viewpoint to the way our tax dollars are spent. I feel that City Government must use its income the way we all do -live within our budget and have some left over for emergencies—without adding new taxes.



Don Meighan

I don't believe in term limits but 18 years is too long for one person to be on the Yakima City Council. It's time for a change. If elected, I will serve my four-year term then step aside for someone else to take over.

I'm 65 years old. I retired in 1979 after 30 years in broadcast news and public affairs but I still work full time at Ron's Coin & Book Center III.

CITY OF YAKIMA

COUNCIL 4



John Klingele

JOHN KLINGELE a 42 year - life long - city resident.

DEPENDABLE - KNOWLEDGEABLE has attended city council meetings for 20 years and read stacks of reports.

PRACTICAL - DOWN-TO-EARTH need fewer studies and plans (that have cost <u>US</u> millions of dollars in the past few years), which serve only paper shuffling bureaucracies, and put what money there is to use serving the public directly.

REALISTIC all the money that the government has to spend came from the pockets of the citizens. We should spend less on interest payments, which provide no service, and emphasize spending on things like streets, which everyone uses.

Jail inmates should be serving us with work, not just soaking up money on their upkeep.

No man is wise at all times, nor knowing in all things. Call me with your wisdom and knowledge: 457-6085



Gerald E. Henderson

I bring a background of management, volunteer and public service skills to assure that problems are solved and not put aside. I am a family man, husband, father and grandfather who has found Yakima an excellent place to live and work. I have been a community volunteer for many years.

I will listen to the concerns and ideas of our citizens and will use their suggestions to reach solutions to the City's problems. My experience has shown me that concerned citizens who become involved and work and develop positive ideas together will be heard at City Hall. Citizen involvement works.

I want to bring progressive change while maintaining the positive programs already in place. The City of Yakima, like good business, must operate a cost effective spending program. I would work to accomplish that. I have always been known as one who gets the job done.

CITY OF ZILLAH

M A Y O B



Dan Simmons

Dan Simmons has lived in Zillah all of his life. He and his wife, Leslie, have five children. He's been active in the Zillah School District coaching high school and AAU basketball; as well as being a Vocational Committee Member for many years. He is Chairperson for the Facilities Committee and also the Levy Committee.

With his last two children graduating this year, Dan feels it is time to give back to the community in other ways.

Dan feels Zillah is a fast growing community that needs to develop in a way that is good for everyone. Some issues important to Dan are the pressing sewer needs, negotiating a contract with the police union, and working on problems with traffic caused by the new Zillah Middle School.

Dan feels that developing a spirit of cooperation among all of Zillah's leadership is very important to the community.

MAYOR

Robert (Bob) Cory

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

CITY OF ZILLAH

POSITION 3



Curt Walker

I'm running for a council position so that I may give back to a community that has given me so much. With my sixteen years of hands on experience, it's my goal to bring focus, dedication, honesty and leadership to the council.

My background of working in the city maintenance department, running the police department as marshal, four year council member, and public works director for better than a decade, gives me an understanding of the problems and needs our very special community is facing. Truly listening to and acting on concerns of our citizens is of major importance to me.

I believe in less government at all levels. City officials should be responsible to Zillah residents and our taxpayers should be first in line for our city services. What is best for Zillah has and always will be the basis for my actions.



Charles "Moe" Moszeter

I am married, have five grown children, received my education at Zillah High School, CWCE, with numerous business and management courses throughout my career.

My experience in State Government plus my years of management for major companies such as Sears and James Hardie will aid and allow me to draw from a vast knowledge of proven trials and issues to assist the council to make sound, productive and progressive decisions for our city.

I pledge to be open and objective to issues brought before the council, to maintain a stable and honest attitude, to be forthright with my opinions and decisions and promote a positive and caring council for the citizens of Zillah.

With your support, we can make it happen and be proud we did.

"Go for MOE", a candidate who cares!

P O S I T I O N



Janice Gonzales

As an experienced member of Zillah City Council, I will work to advance the interests of the community as a whole, strive to strengthen communications, and invite citizen participation. I will encourage the development of facilities, services and activities, particularly for our youth and senior citizens.

I will be an advocate for city policy that recognizes and respects the rights and needs of all its citizens, promotes public safety, and provides for adequate public services. I will diligently work to preserve and protect the quality of life that makes Zillah a great place to live, while at the same time, encourage economic growth.

Finally, I will ensure the use of fair, equitable and ethical internal business, and personnel practices to promote a responsive and efficient City Government. I will insist on the effective and economic use of your tax dollars.

Remember, Vote for Janice Gonzales, Zillah City Council. Thank you.



Larry Stewart

I believe that it's time for a change. I would like to see the people of Zillah appear in the paper for the good they can do and the good that they are always doing versus being in the paper simply to discuss politics. I feel that I can help to turn this around.

CITY OF ZILLAH

POSITION 5



Mark K. Harris

My family and I have made Zillah our home for the last 8 years, and have grown to love and adore the community. I am the Director of Pharmacy for Providence Toppenish Hospital, and belong to many of Zillah's civic organizations. In the past I was appointed to the Zillah City Council, and worked hard for the citizens of Zillah.

I bring experience in management, negotiation, and strict budget administration. I am open, honest, and fair,

I support an effective and stable police force, healthy moral activities for our youth, and upgrading our streets, water supply, and sewer treatment facilities before it becomes a necessity. I, also, support developing and maintaining a strong economic base providing jobs and services within our community, decreased regulation where beneficial, and having the City serve its citizens.

Please think of me when you cast your vote. I will be your voice on the council.



Ronald G. Carlquist

In my thirteen years spent living in Zillah, I worked at Copeland Insurance seven years and owned and operated 3C's Enterprises, a brake and muffler shop, for the past six years. I am 41 years old and married.

My reason for running for a council position is concern for the City of Zillah and its people. This has been shown by my support in community activities.

Honesty and integrity are of utmost importance to me. I believe that the people of Zillah should be fully informed of matters that affect their tax dollars or them personally and do not endorse closed door council meetings. The services and respect of the city personnel to the citizens is of utmost importance to me.

If elected to city council you have my promise to uphold what the majority of the voting public wants rather than only my personal viewpoint.

SCHOOL BOARD DIRECTORS

Yakima County is divided into 16 separate school districts, each governed by a five-member board of directors. Their responsibilities focus on four areas: Quality of instruction, district planning, policy development and communications. Directors are local policy makers and serve as a link between the school system and the public.

Board members are elected in a non-partisan general election by all voters within that school district. They receive no salary or per diem pay. Board members are partners in a management team and share in a variety of management decisions from fiscal accounting, employment of teachers, educational materials, facilities to transportation services.

School directors are called upon to be leaders in the following areas:

- *Assessing and reflecting the educational needs and values of the community;
- *developing an educational philosophy;
- *establishing school district goals;
- *providing for program development activities;
- *reviewing the financial needs of the districts;
- *assuring systematic review and evaluation of all phases of the school program.

#2 UNION GAP SCHOOL DISTRCT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #1

Tamela Henne

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #2

Davina J. Martin

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #3 Donald E. Mittlieder

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#JT 3 NACHES VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRCT

D STR R C 1 C 0 T R

No photo submitted

> Don **Flyckt**

As a member of the Naches School Board I will have an opportunity to contribute to the direction and quality of education available to our children. This is an issue I am very concerned about, since I have a daughter in the middle school and a son who is about to enter the primary school.

We are fortunate to have the Naches School system available to our children. We cannot expect this quality of education to continue unless we are willing to get involved, and help the administrators and teachers.

Our schools are facing some difficult challenges. I believe my background in industry will be helpful in resolving some of these issues. If elected, I will work to reflect the community's desires, and support the Naches School system so it can continue to provide our children with the education they will need to face the challenges of the future.

#JT. 3 NACHES VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

DISTRICT OR 4



George D. Pickard

Having been associated with the Naches Valley Schools for years as a teacher and coach, it has also been my pleasure to have served on the school board the past four years.

It has been gratifying to me to be part of the district's growth into what is now a first-rate educational opportunity for our students. Our schools have been recognized state and nation wide for their excellence.

I desire to continue involvement in order to work for continued excellence and improvement and to represent the district's patrons. My presence on the board is to represent your and student's interests, not myself or any special interest group.

As Board Legislative Representative, I have worked to foster legislation beneficial to education. With your support, I will continue to do so.

I respectfully request your support in the coming election and invite your comments and questions throughout my term of office.



Peggy Euteneier

Our district provides "Excellence in Education" because we all care enough to work together for the benefit of our students. One example of this teamwork is the recently completed, state-of-the-art middle school, a source of pride to patrons, employees and students alike.

District-wide cooperation will be crucial as we face our greatest challenge: An acute, rapid growth in student population coupled with increasingly uncertain and inconsistent funding. Parental, citizen and staff involvement will ensure that we continue to provide the quality educational opportunities we all expect without unduly burdening our taxpayers.

In four years on the Board, I have served as Auditing Officer, Board representative to committees on health education curriculum and gang policy revision, negotiator for certificated employee contract and certificated administrator contract and, this past year, as Chairman of the Board. With this experience, I look forward to participating in the District's future.

DISTRICT

5



Ron Freeze

Being born and raised in Kennewick, Washington, I chose to raise my family in a smaller school district. We have been here since 1978 allowing our oldest son to go K - 12 here in Naches. We also have a son in Naches High and a son and daughter in the Naches Middle school.

There's a great appreciation and a desire to be of service to this grand institution. Naches has a very well rounded program that should be continued. Communication skills, basic English, writing skills and reading with understanding. These are skills our society is lacking. A continuation of the sports program that allows every child a chance is so important to the physical and emotional well being of our kids.

Enforceable rules, teacher-parent cooperation, and a supportive community. Who could ask for more.

No photo submitted I feel that my position as Public Works Director for the Town of Naches gives me the opportunity to be very accessible to the people in the area I will be serving.

With over 30 years of experience in many phases of construction, I feel I would be able to assist the School Board with any future projects, and perhaps help to eliminate some of the problems with past projects.

I feel I have an open mind, and can accept suggestions and criticism when it is offered or warranted. But I will also stand up for what the people I will be serving want, no matter what my personal thinking is on the matter brought before the Board.

I am looking forward to the opportunity to serve the people of the Naches Valley.

Russ DeFields

#7 YAKIMA SCHOOL DISTRICT

POSITION 3



Maud Scott

Dramatic shifts in demographics, rising enrollments, and related social issues have permanently changed the face of education in Yakima. Our community has never openly discussed the impact of bussing 36% of our elementary students, or the financial and social risks of leaving neighborhoods without adequate schools.

Federal and state funding cuts in transportation and special programs have caught our District off guard. Major changes in the vision and organization of District systems are needed to deliver the best education for the least money. All segments of the community must be included in new dialog. We must decide which to fund, transportation or education.

The responsibility of providing quality education for every student belongs to us. I have demonstrated commitment by researching and advocating community improvement through planning. I am accessible to discuss your concerns and ideas. I will work for you, and expect to be held accountable.



Joe Falk

I have a broad background in volunteer and community service. I was elected to the Yakima School Board in 1991. I have also served on the Educational Service District 105, Red Cross, and Yakima Symphony boards. I am currently on the national Red Cross Board of Governors.

As an experienced attorney, I am able to bring a helpful legal perspective to the work of the board.

A major challenge we face in our school district is to ensure that our educational programs enable all students to achieve their full potential. Elevating student achievement is a high priority for the board and for me. Another challenge is to adequately prepare students for our world's rapidly evolving technology. Still another challenge is to adequately prepare students for the workplace and to be life-long learners.

If re-elected, I will endeavor to continue making a difference for our children and community.

POSITION RECTOR



Richard Spiegel

The primary function of a school district is to provide each of its students with an appropriate and challenging education. Our students have a wide range of needs. At a time of tightening revenues, this places complex demands on the district. In this situation, school board directors must provide leadership and set expectations on behalf of the community.

Over the past four years, as a school board member and parent of two students in our schools, I have had the opportunity of working with district personnel in dealing with the challenges we face. Multiple efforts are now underway to improve instruction, concentrating particularly on middle schools, bilingual education, mathematics and general methods of instruction delivery.

I appreciate the strong support our community provides the district and the opportunity it has given me in serving on the board. I would welcome the chance to continue in that role.



Rosemary Small

The 1994 building bond reversed Yakima's neighborhood school tradition. A thousand plus children will unfairly spend two hours a day on the bus traveling from the densely populated areas of the city to overbuilt schools in westside neighborhoods. Local taxpayers will be asked to share an increasing burden of bussing and special program costs as state and federal money vanishes. Yakima needs a well educated work force to attract new employers. Money should be concentrated on teaching literacy and life long knowledge.

Underbuilding schools in neighborhoods with rapidly increasing populations of youth creates ghetto-like situations creating additional costs to taxpayers. Yakima cannot afford poor urban planning. All neighborhoods need excellent schools that serve children where their families live.

My husband and I own a small business. I have two children in Yakima schools and a history of community activism. I am courageous, persistent, dedicated, and accessible.

#7 YAKIMA SCHOOL DISTRICT

POSITION 5



Donald Evans Littlefield

The past two years on the school board have been a good learning experience which has further prepared me to be a voice in the community for family values. I continue to volunteer my services for community events and have a deep interest in our schools. I believe in providing quality educational opportunities to all the young people of Yakima. Our schools should provide not only strong academic standards but ethical and moral standards as well to equip our youth for success.



Earl

Students develop their full potential by being inspired, assisted, challenged, guided, corrected, encouraged and recognized - so do School Districts. As a Board Member, I would be one member of a five-member leadership team for the District, with the same goals for the District that the District has for its students.

I have been an active parent of two District graduates, participating in their education with them. In addition to pursuing my career as a certified public accountant, I have served as a Little League Director, Boy Scout Leader, Church Camp Counselor, mentor for the Registry Program and Academic Decathlon Team, instructor at Heritage and Yakima Valley Colleges, and other activities that have enriched my life and given me an insight into issues facing our youth today. I want to put that experience and enthusiasm to work for you and for the Yakima School District.

#90 EAST VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

DISTRICT

No photo submitted

I believe in public schools! I feel strongly the necessity of seeking new, innovative and successful ways to involve parents and patrons in our local schools' educational process. Open lines of communication ensure public understanding and support that provides quality instructional programs for our youth. I would like to see more active, positive involvement in our school districts by parents – becoming members of curriculum committees, task forces, activities committees, athletic clubs, school boards. The more involvement - the better the schools!

Karen L. Close

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #3 Timothy D. Layman (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#90 EAST VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

DISTRICTOR 4



Pat Boze

As a candidate for the East Valley School Director District #4, I will encourage our community to become more active in the mechanics of their School Board.

We need a strong, healthy, fully supported school system. Our schools influence all who reside in our community: Those with children still in the school system, those whose child rearing days are over, and those who have not yet started families. Our children are the future of our valley and our society.

I believe our students need increased life skill training as well as a strong academic base. I will work with the community and board to provide equal educational experiences for all students, and to promote efforts to broaden computer literacy and multimedia technology to East Valley schools.

I thank you for your vote.



Beverly J. Winterfeld

As a school director I will continue to use my experience to focus on educational excellence in East Valley. I believe in nurturing a healthy partnership between school, community members, and parents with trust and open communication. I am a "friend of educational issues" and an "advocate of students." We need to develop better quality programs to meet the challenges, choices, and changes in public education at the local, state, and national level. I am prepared to focus on these issues.

I'm a native of the valley, my husband's name is Tim and we have 3 children attending East Valley schools: Ryan, Lorna, Jacob. I have 19 years experience in public schools as a teacher, counselor and parent.

With your support I am looking forward to continue serving on the East Valley District Team another 4 years.

#116/200 GRANDVIEW SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #1 James N

James N. Simpson

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #3 Tony Gonzalez

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 Tim Grow

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#119 SELAH SCHOOL DISTRICT

DI E R C C 0 3

No photo

submitted

I am an eight year resident of the Selah School District. I have five children attending Selah schools, ranging from grade nine to grade three. I am a fiscal conservative who believes increased spending within the school district is

only beneficial in terms of a better education if spent wisely.

I will base my decisions on what will benefit the students in terms of a better education and better educational opportunities.

My primary goals as a potential member of the Selah School Board are: to involve as many individuals within the district in the decision making process, to structure and implement School Restructuring Legislation as required by the 1994 legislature prior to the 1998 deadline to avoid the state from stepping in and implementing it for the district, and to complete the self study of the district as quickly and thoroughly as possible to allow for speedy adjustments.

Michael D. Byrd



Thomas W. Redtfeldt

My name is Thomas Redtfeldt. I am running for Position 3 on the Selah School Board. I feel that the staff and administrators are moving the Selah School District in the right direction to be in compliance with the Education Reform Act. In the last four years, I've been on two Maintenance and Operation Levy Committees, 1993 Facilities Study Committee, and chaired the Capital Projects Levy. All were successful. I was also on the committee that redid the Interscholastic Athletics/Co-Curricular Activity Code. Currently, I am President of the Friends of Selah Schools. I have also been active in the community, vice president of Selah D.A.R.E. Board for four years, and Cub Master of Pack 296.

I feel the knowledge I've gained from the committees I've served on for the school district and the community activities will enable me to give a positive contribution to the Selah

School District.

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 Frank Rowley

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #5 Lisa Iverson

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#120 MABTON SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #1

Manuel Guzman

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 Donna L. Shreve

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#120 MABTON SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #5 Bill Harris

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#201 SUNNYSIDE SCHOOL DISTRICT

D S RT R TC T R



Mike Diaz

Spouse: Barbara. 2 Children Veronica Escobar and Michelle Gonzalez. 6 Granchildren, all enrolled in Sunnyside School District.

Employer: Farm Shop, Sunnyside.

Education: Business Administration - Yakima Valley College.

Experience: 7 years on Sunnyside School Board.

Will continue to work as part of a team with the other school board members. Support recruiting and hiring the most qualified teachers and administrators for the district. Support the continuous training of school personnel for most effective teaching methods. Support the school working closely with parents on student progress and problems to assure students receive the best possible education and preparation for college or vocational training.

Strongly support continued work with the D.A.R.E. program and education on drugs and gang activity.

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 Fredrick Kilian

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #5 Gerry Lamberte, Jr. (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#202 TOPPENISH SCHOOL DISTRICT

DISTRICT 1

No photo submitted My name is Rick L. Schutz. I am self-employed. I have lived in Toppenish for 40 of my 41 years. My wife Debbie and I have five children ages 18, 15, 13, 6 and 4. All have or will attend Toppenish schools.

I have been very involved with many children through sports. I have volunteered as a youth coach and anything else that I have been asked to do.

I feel fortunate to live in this community. The diversity of cultural backgrounds has been a positive influence on myself and my family.

If elected to the board of Toppenish School District, I would hope to have the board more accessible, open and responsive to the concerns or perceived concerns of all parents and students.

Rick Schutz



Ginny Wells For four years, I have brought a variety of professional and community experience to the Toppenish School Board. As a single parent of two boys, both working and pursuing higher education, I know the reality of families struggling for survival and a parent's view of school. Toppenish has been home for 15 years.

My credentials include a Bachelor of Science in Education. Community involvement is broad and deep, including President of the B.E.S.T. Team, Chairman of Toppenish Youth Commission, Chairman of Violence Task Force, and member of Toppenish Accountability Board (juvenile diversion program). I've coached Grid Kids football for 10 years and am Co-director of Toppenish's melodramas.

If you need help or a listening ear, I'm here. If something needs to be done, I'm there. I believe in children and in doing all we can for Toppenish. If it's good for our kids, count me in!

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 Ida Jo Pinkham-Burgess (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR



Mary Rita Rohde

The education of the children of Toppenish is the responsibility and privilege of all adults within our district. Parents, teachers, support staff and administrators must be supported by all citizens of Toppenish in their efforts to educate "our" children. Our quality of life as a community is as good as the quality of education and life that our children enjoy.

All children of school age should be receiving an excellent education in a respectful environment.

I will work with other school board members, school personnel, parents and the community to assure an education where daily every student is challenged and achieves success.

My qualifications include B.A. and M.Ed. degrees and ten years as a high school teacher and principal. Since 1981 I have taught and been an administrator at Heritage College. My past civic service includes membership on Private Industry Council (Yakima, Kittitas, Klickitat Counties) and Seattle Human Rights Commission.

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #5 John Babich

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#203 HIGHLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #1 Ke

Ken L. Sugarman

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

D-RECTOR 3

No photo submitted

Laura D. Hahn Laura Hahn, and her husband Wayne, have lived in the Highland area for fourteen years. They have been actively involved in school and community events, supporting the activities of their three children. Derick and Amber both graduated from Highland and are attending college. Lori will be a 9th grader this fall.

Laura is well qualified for this position. She holds a B.S.N. from Washington State University and a M.S. from the University of Portland. She has held various jobs as a R.N. and supervisor, and is currently a nursing instructor for Washington State University. She has been actively involved in several civic organizations, school related committees, and athletic activities. She is strongly interested in maintaining a quality educational system for all people.

POSITION 2

No photo submitted

> Lonie Vickers

Small town school districts like Highland should reflect the morals and standards of the people in the community. Too often we see one group suffer in the seemingly best interest of another. Decisions are made without properly polling the desires of the parents. Participation is not encouraged.

We need to return to the fundamentals of education. Academically inclined students should receive every opportunity to turn their desire and dedication into a bright future. Sports minded students should receive the support, training, and guidance to succeed. Remedial students should be able to receive the counseling and extra help needed. These things should be dispersed without regard to race, gender, or income. We need to come back to the realization that education should benefit the children and school board members need to represent the honest concerns of the community.

Thank you for your vote.



Ann Bowman When my family came to Highland School District in 1991, I was impressed by several things: a real sense of community, strong traditional values, and schools and teachers who strove to help each child grow to their fullest capability. With three school-aged children, I wanted to see these strengths maintained, so last winter I applied for and was appointed to a vacant seat on the Highland School Board. Having served for six months, I've found it both challenging and stimulating, and I want to continue.

There are problems to be faced: population growth, financial ups and downs, the molding of two cultures into one community, and the continually changing trends in education that must be weighed to provide the best for our children. However, I believe in our school district and our community, and I believe we can meet these challenges and continue providing quality education.

#203 BICKLETON SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #2

Nancy Slater (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #3 Neal Brown

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 John C. Jensen

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#204 GRANGER SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #1 Charles L. Alexander (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT#2 Ron Liebert

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 Steven R. Gines

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

D D ST R Е R C 1 T C 0 R

No Photo Submitted

Michael J. Perez

My name is Michael J. Perez and I am running for a position on the Granger School Board. I am 30 years old and I live here in Granger with my wife Rosie and three children. I attended and graduated from Granger, then continued with my studies in Yakima where I received my degree in radiologic technology. Currently, I am employed at Providence Hospital Toppenish.

I would like to be a part of the Granger School Board for one reason, and that is the care and concern of our children's education and well being. I would like to see the parents being an integral part of their children's education. Regardless of nationality or financial status, a child's education should never be limited due to the fact that we as adults and parents are not comfortable in requesting information in a form that we understand. I would like to be part of this team in helping out our children, and ultimately our future.

#205 ZILLAH SCHOOL DISTRICT

۱ R E Т О C R

No photo submitted

As a parent of four children in the Zillah School District and a lifelong member of the community, I am running for school board director with confidence that I will have a firm grasp of what direction the people of Zillah want to go with their schools.

I feel that we need strong leadership to make the decisions that a growing district will incur. While we have a solid base of education in Zillah, there will be changes that have to occur with growth and new technology. Decisions on these matters will need to reflect the standards that we have long expected out of Zillah schools.

As a member of the board, I will only be an extension of what the community wants. It will be important to have your support in the direction of our schools. I will work hard to represent you, your children, and their future.

Jack Lorton



Wallace A. Donaldson

Quality of education in public schools is directly related to involvement of parents in the education of their children. For 12 years I have served on the Zillah School Board to further quality education and sound financial management. School construction has kept pace with increasing school enrollment with completion of the new middle school this summer.

Teacher evaluation has credibly assured quality instruction in Zillah school classrooms.

My home and medical practice in Zillah confirm my commitment to the community of Zillah. One of my grandchildren attends Zillah schools but I am concerned about the education of all the children in Zillah. I want to continue to work for quality schools and educational programs to serve the needs of my community.

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 LeAnn Anderson

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#207 WAPATO SCHOOL DISTRICT

D D 1 S R TR Ε C 1 Т C 0 R

2



Kelly Schibig

As a life long resident, graduate of Wapato High School, and mother of six, I have a strong desire to maintain the excellent educational opportunities for all of our children. I am currently a volunteer fire fighter/EMT for the City of Wapato and Yakima County Fire Protection District 5.

The Wapato School District is facing many challenges and I would like to help make certain that we continue to improve and provide quality education for all our children. I believe parents need involvement in their children's education at all levels. We need to work toward improvement in all educational areas. This includes recruiting quality teachers, maintaining adequate buildings, providing safe busses, assuring fiscal responsibility and providing general operation of the school district.

Together we can help all children have a bright and prosperous future by being involved in the diverse challenges facing the school board today.

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #2 Stella Morrison

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#207 WAPATO SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #3 Hilda L. Skone

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

D STR R E C T 0 R

No photo submitted

Alan McMahan

In the next four years, the Wapato Schools will face many challenges. Many of these challenges are on-going. I will work hard to make sure our schools are safe for students and staff. Thanks to our community support with the passage of our bond, we are addressing our overcrowding problem. Restructuring of our schools will continue for years to come. One of our biggest challenges will be the reduction of funds, both on the state and federal level. The experience I have gained in the last four years will help overcome these challenges. With your vote of confidence, I will continue to help give our students a quality education.

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #5 Wendell Lee Hannigan (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

D S R T E R C T C 0 R

No photo submitted

Timothy Macke

Public education is at a critical time in which the community's expectation of what our schools can achieve is clashing with decreasing funding of education. This will force us to prioritize decisions concerning our children's education. Wapato School District has an excellent administrative team. Your school director's job is to tell that team the wishes of the community and give them direction concerning those wishes. Becoming involved in Wapato schools either directly or through your school director will make Wapato a better school district.

#208 WEST VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #1

Donald E. Eyman

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #4 Irene Glessner

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#208 WEST VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #5 Janet L. Stelzer

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

#209 MT. ADAMS SCHOOL DISTRICT

DISTRICT



Jeanne Scott

PERSONAL RESUME:

I was born September 28, 1927 at St. Elizabeth Hospital, Yakima, Washington. I have lived sixty eight (68) years in the Mt. Adams School District. I attended Harrah Grade School and White Swan High School and graduated in 1945. After graduating from high school I did attend Yakima Business College. In 1946 I married Richard Scott and we raised five boys. All our boys attended schools in the Mt. Adams School District. The year of 1966 I started to work as a secretary in the district and worked there for twenty seven (27) years. I retired December, 1993 and enjoyed working with the staff, students, and parents. CANDIDATE STATEMENT:

I will work with the Board members to continue the high standard of goals they have accomplished. I will do my best to work with the administrators, staff, students and parents.

DIRECTOR DISTRICT #2

Esther Jarnecke

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

FIRE DISTRICT COMMISSIONER

Yakima County is divided into 11 fire protection districts. Each district is managed by a three-member board of commissioners.

Fire protection districts are formed for the provision of fire prevention services, fire suppression, emergency medical services and for the protection of life and property in areas outside of cities (in the unincorporated areas of the county). Because fire districts are political subdivisions of the state and municipal corporations, the only authority for administrative operations are decisions made by the elected board of fire commissioners.

The board has authority to hire and appoint employees (e.g. chief, secretary, fire fighters, emergency medical technicians, etc.) but has full responsibility and authority for all aspects of the district. The board is required to hold regular monthly meetings and must comply with the Open Public Meeting Act and the public records statutes.

The county treasurer serves as the financial agent for a district. The treasurer collects taxes and assessments that are levied under the authority of the fire commissioners. The district, being a special purpose district, levies regular property taxes to provide services to the public; additionally, with voter approval, the board may issue bonds and make excess levies for specific purposes.

The voters elect commissioners to staggered six-year terms. These commissioners are subject to and must comply with all laws pertaining to fire districts, public officials and other applicable Washington State and federal statutes.

POS-T-OZ 2



Phil Nelson

The past 6 years have been both educational and challenging. Fire District 1 has acquired two new pumpers and converted two trucks into brush rigs. New regulations are a constant challenge to commissioners and fire fighters alike. I feel that I have the experience and knowledge to continue to contribute to the efficiency and fiscal stability of Fire District 1.

POS-T-OZ 3



N. Don Adams

After serving in the fire service for over forty years, I find it a natural progression to the office of commissioner. My background enables me to see both sides of an issue when dealing with personnel and equipment needs. I have lived in the district for fifty years and have a sincere desire to ensure the community is well prepared when faced with adverse situations.

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT #2

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 Gus Gojenola (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

POSHTOON S

No photo submitted

Ron Johnson I was born and raised in Yakima and have lived in rural Selah since 1978. I have been a professional fire fighter with the City of Yakima for 18 years. Prior to my employment as a fire fighter I received an A.A. degree from YVCC in Civil Engineering Technology and more recently an A.A. in Fire Science. I have taken numerous classes in fire department management and administration and served as President of the Yakima Fire Fighter Association.

I believe this training and experience will enable me to be a very effective fire commissioner. I am asking for your support in this election.

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 Robert Pringle (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT #4

OMM-88-0N 0 S Les F. Riel 0

N

2

E R

I was born and raised in the East Valley District, have been married for 16 years to Wanda, and we have two sons.

We're very proud of the exceptional service that the Terrace Heights and Moxee Fire Departments have provided to our community.

Since 1980 I have owned and operated a successful business. Being a self-employed businessman, I've gained the experience and knowledge to assist in preparing and approving budgets, planning for future growth, prioritizing needs and providing the resources that it takes to operate a fire district without burdening the tax paying citizens.

I believe the position requires working closely with the other commissioners as a board, not as an individual.

Also, by attending classes, seminars, and observing firsthand fire and aid calls, I will be able to support the best possible training and equipment for our volunteer fire fighters to continue their exceptional service to our community.



Roylance W. Hill

Roylance Hill has been your Fire Commissioner for the past 5 years. He and his wife, Britt, have been married for 27 years and have two children. Roylance is presently a teacher, responsible for the East and West Valley JROTC programs. He is a retired army officer, commanded the Yakima Training Center for three years, past board member of the East Valley School District and the Yakima Red Cross.

As a Fire Commissioner, Roylance has insured that the District has the best fire protection and medical emergency care. "Our Fire District is one of the best, our equipment is excellent and all our fire fighters are dedicated, well trained to provide you the best possible protection."

Fire District 4 is growing. Roylance Hill is an experienced board member that will be a major voice for all citizens in the District.

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT #5

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 Ernest W. Charvet

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT #6

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 Don Rotell

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 Frank Wesselius

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 Gerald R. Davis

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT #9

POS-F-02 0



Jack R. Dillon

I have been with the Naches Heights Fire Department for fourteen years. I have been a commissioner for the past six years. Our little Department is second to none, and I would like the opportunity to serve one more term.

Thank you.

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 Edward Hakala

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT #11

COMMISSIONER POSITION #1 Thomas J. Sevigny

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

POS-H-OZ № 20-1



Rocky D. Willette

The howl of the fire siren will stir the pulse of anyone but there is another side to fire and emergency medical protection.

Federal, state, county statutes, contracts, budgets, bonds, mutual aid agreements, emergency medical protocol, mandated training, fire prevention, property management, fire code enforcement, planning... These are a few of the issues on the "other side" of the fire siren. I have been a career Fire Officer and Fire Fighter for 10 years and an Emergency Medical Technician for 20 years. I've earned three Bachelor degrees from Central Washington University and numerous fire service certifications.

As your Fire Commissioner my mission is very clear; To help provide the best, most cost effective fire and emergency medical protection to the families and businesses in Fire District 11 by managing the issues from the "other side" of the siren.

COMMISSIONER POSITION #3 Mark Layman (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COMMISSIONER POSITION #2 George M. Glessner

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT #14

POS-T-OZ 2



Dean H. Cook, Jr.

My wife, Barbara, and I have been property owners in Fire Protection District Number 14 since November of 1982, and permanent residents for 2 and 1/2 years.

I am a retired, Puget Sound Naval Shipyard, Combat Systems Engineering Department Branch Manager.

Some of my duties as a Branch Manager were: develop project schedules, budgets, and staffing requirements. Then, I would manage these projects to completion within established schedules and authorized funding.

As I learn the Internal workings of our Fire Protection District, I feel that my past experiences will serve me well as one of your Fire Commissioners.

008-W-00-00 3



Debbie Dexter

I will evaluate and make quality, educated decisions that will best serve the citizens of Fire District #14 in the delivery system for fire and emergency medical services.

Thank you for your support.

PARK & RECREATION DISTRICTS

State law allows for the formation of Park and Recreation Districts for the purposes of providing leisure time activities and facilities and recreational facilities, of a non-profit nature as a public service to the residents of the geographical areas included in their boundaries.

"Recreational facilities" applies to parks, playgrounds, gymnasiums, swimming pools, stadiums, golf courses, public campgrounds, public hunting and fishing areas, and other similar recreational facilities.

The board of Park and Recreation Commissioners oversees the function of the district. They are the policy making body for the recreational facilities. The commissioners oversee the staffing of the facilities, funding of the facilities and development of programs within their district.

Currently, Yakima County has one Park and Recreation District - Naches Park and Recreation District. The district boundaries are identical to the boundaries of Fire Protection District No. 3 and also include the Town of Naches.

NACHES PARK AND RECREATION DISTRICT

COMMISSIONER DISTRICT #1 Joseph M. Iriarte

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COMMISSIONER DISTRICT #2 Margaret L. St. Martin (No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COMMISSIONER DISTRICT #4 Pat Lounsbury

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

PORT DISTRICT COMMISSIONER

Port districts are authorized for the purposes of development, maintenance, operation and regulation within the district of harbor improvements, rail or motor vehicle, water or air terminal facilities or any combination of such.

There are two port districts within Yakima County, each governed by a three-member board of commissioners; each residing in a separate commissioner district. The port commissioners are designated by law, as the legislative authority of the port. Port commissioners are elected in a non-partisan general election by all voters within that port district. The regular terms for port commissioners are six (6) years.

Port Districts are municipal corporations that are regulated by state law with bonding authority and taxing powers. The commissioners are responsible for setting policy and making decisions for the district; these policies guide the development, growth and operation of all the port facilities and functions. Members of the commission are, themselves, accountable for their action under state laws.

Port districts provide the opportunity for programs of industrial and economic development, to promote employment and otherwise enhance the economy of the district, county and state.

PORT OF GRANDVIEW

COMM-SS-ONER



Verona K. Casey

Since being appointed to the position of Port Commissioner of District #2, April 1, 1995, many exciting developments have taken place because of the actions of the Grandview Port Commissioners. It's a great pleasure and an honor to be part of these decisions.

The growth of Commercial building and Industry will be to the advantage of everyone, not only in Grandview but also the surrounding Lower Valley.

Our children, grandchildren and the future generations need the sense of security and accomplishment that these employment opportunities offer close to home, as well as those that are now in the work force desiring better positions.

We, as voters, should understand and subscribe to the important actions being taken by the Port of Grandview to keep these events in motion.

I want to retain my position as Port Commissioner in District #2, to be able to continue the work started.



James "Jim" White

I believe my engineering education and forty plus years of production and processing plant management have provided me with unique and adequate qualifications to perform the duties and responsibilities of Port Commissioner.

I have resided in Washington for thirty some years - with most of them in Grandview. I consider Grandview my home and have a personal vested interest in seeing it develop into a quality city and surrounding area.

My plans are to help develop the strategic plans and strategy to determine which areas to develop first and in what form. To develop plans which will fit in with present situations.

To foster and promote coordination of our advantages with City and County governing bodies. To compile inventories of local advantages already in place. To promote local awareness by solicitation of help from local industries, community opinion leaders, and encourage participation in local board meetings.

COMMISSIONER



Ronald E. Grow

I appreciate the opportunity you have given me to serve you these past eight years as your Port of Grandview commissioner, position #3. For such a short period of time we have seen much accomplished for our area and our valley, but I believe that is only the tip of the iceberg compared to what lies ahead. As Dean Jackson said when we were working to form the port, "You can't catch many fish without bait on your hook." The port has proven to be the bait for our hook and with your continued support I hope we can land a big one.

PORT OF SUNNYSIDE

D-8TR-0T 1



Arnold Lee Martin

I support the mission statement of the Port of Sunnyside which is:

1) The primary objective of the Port is to enhance the economic development within the boundaries of Sunnyside Port District. The Port is organized to aggressively enhance the local economy by providing new and expanding businesses and industries access to industrial land, industrial infrastructure and assistance with funding sources. 2) The mission of the Sunnyside Port Authority is to develop, diversify, broaden, and strengthen an economic base throughout the District in an environmentally prudent manner.

PORT OF SUNNYSIDE

COMMISSIONER DISTRICT #2 Jeffrey E. Matson

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

SEWER DISTRICT COMMISSIONER

Yakima county has two sewer districts, Cowiche and Terrace Heights. Each sewer district is governed by a three-member board of commissioners.

Sewer districts are established to acquire, construct, maintain, operate, develop, reorganize and regulate a system of sewers, including treatment and disposal plants.

A system of sewer means and includes: Sanitary sewage disposal, storm or surface water sewers, outfall for storm or sanitary sewage and facilities for sanitary sewage treatment and disposal.

COWICHE SEWER DISTRICT

COMMISSIONER DISTRICT #1 Matt O'Neal

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

COMMISSIONER DISTRICT #2 Joe Parsley

(No candidate statement or photo was submitted)

TERRACE HEIGHTS SEWER DISTRICT

COMM-SS-ONER



Warren J. Wayenberg

Being an incumbent it is hard to bring up some new issues. While attempting to change some things that you are trying to get done it is necessary to meet the federal, state and local laws that govern all phases of planning or construction.

I have just retired so I will have the time to keep abreast with what is happening in the area. To maintain a quality service and to keep costs as low as possible is our main goal.

I was born in this area and have lived in the sewer district since 1968. Therefore I am interested in the area and its growth.

No photo submitted

Kathy J. McNulty Hello, my name is Kathy McNulty. My family and I have been residents of Terrace Heights for the past 9 years. We have three children in the Terrace Heights School District. We are very concerned and involved in our community. My husband is a fire fighter on the Terrace Heights Fire Department and I currently serve on the Board of the Terrace Heights Improvement Association as treasurer. I'm also a past treasurer and board member of Lutheran Counseling Agency here in Yakima and former board member of the Terrace Heights Pre-School.

I have varied experience in business. I managed a car rental business, and currently work part-time as a dental assistant and bookkeeper. I have set up budgets in my various jobs and made sure they were adhered to.

I would like to serve on the Sewer District Board to better serve the Terrace Heights Community.

POSHT-ONER

No photo submitted

The Terrace Heights Sewer District will be playing an important role in the growth of Terrace Heights. Decisions will have to be made on how to meet current and future requirements. With my over 40 years of engineering and management experience I feel that I can work with the current Commissioners and make an effective contribution in solving problems associated with this growth.

Lloyd E. Kusler



Britt Hill

Britt Hill wants to be your Sewer District Commissioner. She and her husband, Roylance, have been married for 27 years and have two children. She has lived in Terrace Heights for 16 years.

Britt is a dedicated individual who will look at all aspects of the operation to insure all citizens are receiving the best possible service at the best possible cost.

Our District is growing rapidly and Britt cares about our community. Your vote of confidence is appreciated.

BALLOT PROPOSITIONS

- 1. Ballot Titles
- 2. Explanatory Statements
- 3. For and Against Statements

JURISDICTIONS INCLUDED:

Yakima County

Local Criminal Justice Sales/Use Tax

City of Selah

General Obligation Street Bonds \$655,000

#116/200 Grandview School District
General Obligation Bonds -\$10,406,000

NOTE: The full text of all ballot propositions is available upon request at the Yakima County Election Department.

PROPOSITION YAKIMA COUNTY LOCAL CRIMINAL JUSTICE SALES/USE TAX NOVEMBER 7, 1995

Official Ballot Title

Shall Yakima County fix and impose a sales and use tax at the rate of one-tenth of one percent to be used solely for the purpose of providing funds for costs associated with financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, reequipping, and improvement of juvenile detention facilities and jails as authorized by Washington Laws, 1995, 2nd Sp. Session, chapter 10?

Explanatory Statement

The 1995 Washington legislature authorized each county with population under one million, including Yakima County, to impose a new, county-wide local option sales and use tax at the rate of one-tenth of one percent, if approved by county voters.

The proceeds of this tax may only be applied to costs associated with financing, designing, acquiring, constructing, equipping, reequipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, and improving juvenile detention facilities and jails.

This new tax, if approved, would raise the combined sales and use tax rates to 8.0 percent in the City of Yakima and to 7.7 percent elsewhere in Yakima County.

NOTE: Explanatory statements were written by the legislative authority of the district as provided by state law.

Statement for

The one-tenth of one percent sales tax increase is essential to help fight the growing problem of juvenile crime. All of the money collected from this tax will be used to fight crime. It allows the county to use all the beds in our new juvenile facility, and guarantees prosecution of delinquents.

This tax is fair because everyone pays. It will cost each person about \$7.50 per year (\$.10 on a \$100 purchase). This is a small price to pay for money to fight crime. No one likes a tax increase but this one is essential to make our streets safe.

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT AGAINST:

The money raised from this tax will be used to fight crime. It will be used to enforce truancy laws, curfew violations and community policing.

The money is needed in order to lock up the juveniles who violate the law including traffic violators and truants.

Unfortunately it costs money to investigate, prosecute and lock up offenders. This money is necessary for public safety!

Voters' Pamphiet Statement Prepared By: JEFFREY C. SULLIVAN, Prosecuting Attorney; KIM EATON, Yakima County Clerk; DOUG BLAIR, Yakima County Sheriff

Statement against

All Yakima County voters are asked to approve a one-tenth of one percent sales and use tax to raise approximately \$1.8 million a year. County government will get this money to, "pay for costs associated with financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, reequipping and improvement of juvenile detention facilities and jails."

This is a budget problem. It will not reduce crime.

The state legislature and Yakima residents all agree that the State's system for youthful offenders is broken and the increasing juvenile crime is our worst problem. This money will not be used for reducing juvenile crime.

We should spend our money enforcing laws for school attendance, curfews, and illegal juvenile drivers. This would get immediate results. Other communities across the nation reduce crime by community based policing and community help. Use tax money for public safety - not for balancing the county budget.

REBUTTAL OF STATEMENT FOR:

The statement, "All the money collected from this tax will be used to fight crime", is not correct. The ballot title lists twelve uses for the money. Using all the beds in the juvenile facility and guaranteeing prosecution of delinquents is a management problem.

The public needs to know the county sales tax will increase from 7.6% to 7.7%. Tax on City of Yakima residents will increase from 7.9% to 8.0%

Voters' Pamphlet Statement Prepared By: LARRY MATHEWS, Citizens for Responsive and Accountable Government; WINTON (MAC) McLAIN, United We Stand

PROPOSITION CITY OF SELAH GENERAL OBLIGATION STREET BONDS - \$655,000 NOVEMBER 7, 1995

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the City of Selah, Washington, borrow \$655,000 to pay part of the cost of patching, chipsealing and asphalt overlaying designated streets of Selah by selling general obligation bonds therefor maturing within 10 years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Resolution No. 1113?

Explanatory Statement

NO EXPLANATORY STATEMENT FOR THE PROPOSITION WAS SUBMITTED.

Statement for

NO STATEMENTS FOR THE PROPOSITION WERE SUBMITTED.

Statement against

NO STATEMENTS AGAINST THE PROPOSITION WERE SUBMITTED.

GRANDVIEW SCHOOL DISTRICT #116/200 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - \$10,406,000 NOVEMBER 7, 1995

Official Ballot Title:

For constructing and equipping a new elementary school, additional classrooms and physical education facility expansion at Grandview High School and making other capital improvements, shall Grandview School District #116/200 issue \$10,406,000 of general obligation bonds maturing within a maximum term of 20 years, and shall annual property tax levies in excess of regular tax levies be authorized to pay principal and interest on such bonds, all as provided in District Resolution #10?

Explanatory Statement

Passage of this measure would authorize the sale of \$10,406,000 in bonds to construct a new 5th and 6th grade elementary school, an eight classroom addition including a science room with a small gymnasium at the high school and electrical improvements at Grandview Middle School.

Passage of this measure anticipates a tax rate increase of \$1.46 per thousand of assessed valuation for 1996 for a total bond rate of \$2.50 for 19 years. The total rate would be constant if there are no changes in assessed valuation. Increased assessments, would decrease that rate and decreases would increase the rate.

NOTE: Explanatory statements were written by the legislative authority of the district as provided by state law.

Statement for

Grandview School District has a current enrollment of 2,821 students. The student population continues to grow at a rate of 3% per year. This growth has been steady for 10 years. Our current facilities were designed to house 2,500.

While short term requirements have been met with portable classrooms, portables do not alleviate the need for additional care facilities such as lunch rooms, gyms, laboratories, and restrooms.

District buildings range in age from 60 to 18 years. Current technology needs require buildings with the ability to utilize that technology.

The bond would:

Build a new 5th and 6th grade school for 450 students.

<u>Build</u> eight new classrooms including a science classroom at the high school and an auxiliary gym. this increases the high school capacity by 200 students.

<u>Upgrade</u> the electrical system at the Middle School.

We need to act now to provide adequate facilities for our children.

VOTE YES

Voters' Pamphiet Statement Prepared By:
ANN Q. MANLEY, Co-Chair, Grandview Bond Committee; MIKE
CARPENTER, Co-Chair, Grandview Bond Committee; RICK
KIMBROUGH, Grandview Bond Committee Member

Statement against

NO STATEMENTS AGAINST THE PROPOSITION WERE SUBMITTED.

YAKIMA COUNTY POLLING PLACE LOCATIONS

PRECINCT	POLLING PLACE	ADDRESS
(City of Yakima)		
0101	Masonic Center	510 N. Naches Av.
0104	Masonic Center	510 N. Naches Av.
0105	VOTE BY MAIL	
0109	School Administration Building	104 N. 4th Av.
0110	Roosevelt Elementary School	120 N. 16th Av.
0111	Garfield School	612 N. 6th Av.
0114	Central Lutheran Church	1604 W. Yakima Av.
0116	McKinley School	621 S. 13th Av.
0118	Bethlehem Lutheran Church	801 Tieton Dr.
0120	Washington Middle School	501 S. 7th St.
0123	Washington Middle School	501 S. 7th St.
0126	S. E. Community Center	1211 S. 7th St.
0127	Bethlehem Lutheran Church	801 Tieton Dr.
0129	McKinley School	621 S. 13th Av.
0131	McClure School	1222 S. 22nd Av.
0133	Roosevelt Elementary School	120 N. 16th Av.
0134	Nob Hill School	801 S. 34th Av.
0136	Central Lutheran Church	1604 W. Yakima Av.
0138	Robertson School	2807 W. Lincoln Av.
0140	Hoover School	400 W. Viola Av.
0142	Hoover School	400 W. Viola Av.
0143	Garfield School	612 N. 6th Av.
0145	McClure School	1222 S. 22nd Av.
0146	Robertson School	2807 W. Lincoln Av.
0149	Robertson School	2807 W. Lincoln Av.
0151	Englewood Christian Church	511 N. 44th Av.
0153	Eisenhower High School	702 S. 40th Av.
0154	Eisenhower High School	702 S. 40th Av.
0155	McClure School	1222 S. 22nd Av.
0156	Hoover School	400 W. Viola Av.
0161	Hoover School	400 W. Viola Av.
0162	McClure School	1222 S. 22nd Av.
0163	Englewood Christian Church	511 N. 44th Av.
0167	Hoover School	400 W. Viola Av.
0169	Englewood Christian Church	511 N. 44th Av.
0170	Nob Hill School	801 S. 34th Av.
0172	Eisenhower High School	702 S. 40th Av.
0174	Englewood Christian Church	511 N. 44th Av.
0175	Englewood Christian Church	511 N. 44th Av.
0176	McClure School	1222 S. 22nd Av.
0178	Englewood Christian Church	511 N. 44th Av.
0179	Summitview Elementary	6305 W. Chestnut Av.
0180	Summitview Elementary	6305 W. Chestnut Av.
0183	Englewood Christian Church	511 N. 44th Av.
0185	Whitney School	4411 W. Nob Hill Blvd.
0186	Summitview Elementary	6305 W. Chestnut Av.
0189	VOTE BY MAIL	
0190	Castlevale School	2902 Castlevale Blvd.
(City of Grandview)		
0301	VOTE BY MAIL	
0302	Senior Citizen Center	401 W. Second Av.
0303	Senior Citizen Center	401 W. Second Av.
0306	McClure Elementary School	915 W. Second Av.
(Town of Granger)		
0501	Roosevelt Elementary School	Bailey Av.
7777		

YAKIMA COUNTY POLLING PLACE LOCATIONS

ADDRESS POLLING PLACE PRECINCT (Town of Harrah) VOTE BY MAIL 0701 (Town of Mabton) Mabton School Administration Building 306 N. Main St. 0901 (City of Moxee) 1101 Moxee Elementary School 408 E. Seattle Av. (Town of Naches) Naches Middle School Shafer Av. 1301 (City of Selah) Selah Civic Center 216 S. 1st St. 1501 Selah Civic Center 216 S. 1st St. 1502 Selah Civic Center 216 S. 1st St. 1503 Selah Civic Center 216 S. 1st St. 1504 (City of Sunnyside) Harrison Middle School 16th & Harrison 1701 Lincoln School 1110 S. 6th St. 1703 Our Savior's Lutheran Church 1705 G'view & Taylor Lincoln School 1110 S. 6th St. 1706 Sunnyside Christian School 811 North Av. 1708 (Town of Tieton) Tieton Middle School 711 Franklin Av. 1901 (City of Toppenish) Garfield School 505 Madison Av. 2101 309 N. Alder St. Lincoln School 2103 Garfield School 505 Madison Av. 2107 (City of Union Gap) 3200 2nd St. Union Gap School 2301 Union Gap School 2303 3200 2nd St. VOTE BY MAIL 2304 VOTE BY MAIL 2305 Ridgeview Elementary School 609 W. Wash Av. 2306 (City of Wapato) Wapato Police Station 202 E. 3rd St. 2501 Wapato High School 1103 S. Wasco Av. 2503 (City of Zillah) Zillah Intermediate School 205 2nd Av. 2701 Zillah Intermediate School 205 2nd Av. 2702 (Rural Precincts) Ridgeview Elementary School 609 W. Washington Av. 3001 Airport VOTE BY MAIL 3002 Alfalfa 3003 Apple Valley Apple Valley School 7 N. 88th Av. Waneta Grange Hall 1940 Waneta Rd. 3101 Belma First Baptist Church W. Wapato Rd. 3102 Bradshaw **Buena Grange** Highland Drive 3104 Buena VOTE BY MAIL 3105 Byron Terrace Heights Elementary 4209 Terrace Heights Rd. 3106 Butterfield

VOTE BY MAIL

3201 Cascade

YAKIMA COUNTY POLLING PLACE LOCATIONS

PRECINCT (Rural Precincts) 3202 Castlevale 3203 Chinook 3204 Cliffdell 3205 Cottonwood 3206 Country Club 3208 Cowiche Canvon 3209 Crescent 3301 E. Ahtanum 3303 E. Granger 3304 E. Moxee 3305 E. Naches 3306 E. Selah 3307 E. Summitview 3308 E. Tieton 3309 E. Toppenish 3310 E. Wapato 3311 E. Zillah 3312 Englewood 3313 Eschbach 3501 Fairgrounds 3502 Fairview 3503 Fullbright 3504 Firing Center 3601 Glade 3602 Gleed 3605 Gromore 3701 Harrah Rural 3702 Harwood 3902 Liberty 3903 Lower Wenas 3904 Lower Naches 4001 McKinley 4002 Mabton Rural 4003 Moxee Rural 4101 Naches Hts. 4102 Nile 4104 N. Cowiche 4105 N. Grandview 4106 N. Holland 4108 N. Selah Hgts. 4109 N. Sunnyside 4110 N. Toppenish 4111 N. Gleed 4112 N. Selah 4114 N. Tampico 4115 N. Wenas 4302 Orchard 4303 Outlook 4401 Parker Hohts. 4402 Pomona 4501 Rest Haven 4502 Roza 4503 Rimrock 4504 Roza Hill 4601 Scenic 4602 Selah Central 4603 Selah Extension 4604 Selah Rural

4605 Sheller

POLLING PLACE

Castlevale School W.V. Nazarene Church VOTE BY MAIL West Valley High School Terrace Heights Elementary VOTE BY MAIL VOTE BY MAIL Perry Technical Institute Roosevelt Elementary School Moxee Elementary School Naches Middle School State Hwy, Dept. Building Robertson School Tieton Middle School VOTE BY MAIL Wapato High School Zillah High School Summitview Elementary Lower Naches Grange VOTE BY MAIL Lower Naches Grange Mountainview School Harrah Grade School West Valley High School Roosevelt Elementary School Fire Station #4 VOTE BY MAIL Heritage College Gym Mabton School Admin Building Moxee Elementary School Naches Heights Fire Station Nile Club House Highland High School McClure Elementary School E. Valley Admin. Building Selah Heights Grange Sunnyside Christian School Toppenish High School Lower Naches Grange Selah Civic Center VOTE BY MAIL VOTE BY MAIL VOTE BY MAIL Outlook School Parker Heights School State Hwy. Dept. Building Terrace Hots, Elementary Sunnyside Christian School VOTE BY MAIL Terrace Heights Elementary Englewood Christian Church Selah Civic Center

Selah Civic Center

Selah Civic Center

Harrison Middle School

ADDRESS

2902 Castlevale Blvd. 72nd & Nob Hill Blvd.

9206 Zier Rd. 4209 Terrace Heights Rd.

2011 W. Washington Av. Bailey Av. 408 E. Seattle Av. Shafer Av. E. Selah Rd. 2807 W. Lincoln Av. 711 Franklin Av.

1103 S. Wasco Av. 2nd Av. 6305 W. Chestnut Av. 1800 Old Naches Hwy.

1800 Old Naches Hwy. 830 Stone Rd. 3851 Harrah Rd. 9206 Zier Rd. Bailey Av. Wenas Rd.

McKinley Rd.
306 N. Main St.
408 E. Seattle Av.
5000 Naches Hgts. Rd.
Nile Rd.
17000 Summitview Rd.
915 W. Second Av.
2002 Beaudry Rd.
McGonagle Rd.
811 North Av.
141 Ward Rd.
1800 Old Naches Hwy.
216 S. 1st St.

Van Belle Rd. Parker Heights Loop Rd. E. Selah Rd. 4209 Terrace Hts Rd. 811 North Av.

4209 Terrace Heights Rd. 511 N. 44th Av. 216 S. 1st St. 216 S. 1st St. 216 S. 1st St. 16th & Harrison

YAKIMA COUNTY POLLING PLACE LOCATIONS

PRECINCT (Rural Precincts) 4606 Slavin 4607 S. Airport 4609 S. Cowiche

4610 S. Grandview 4611 S. Holland

4613 S. Nob Hill 4615 S. Sunnyside 4616 S. Toppenish 4618 Sunny Valley

4621 Suntides 4622 S. Zillah 4623 S. Ahtanum

4624 S. Hills 4625 S. Wenas 4626 Summitview 4627 S. Naches Hgts.

4628 S. Outlook 4801 Tampico 4802 Terrace Hgts. 5001 Waneta

5002 Wendell Phillips 5003 W. Ahtanum

5006 W. Nob Hill 5007 W. Parker

5009 W. Wapato 5010 Westview

5011 Westwood 5012 White Swan

5012 White Swan

5014 Wiley City

5016 W. Selah 5017 W. Moxee

5018 West Valley 5101 Yakima Ridge

5201 Zier

POLLING PLACE

Terrace Heights Elementary
VOTE BY MAIL
Highland High School
McClure Elementary School
E. Valley Admin. Building
Wilson Middle School
Lincoln School
Mt. Adams Country Club
Harrison Middle School

Harrison Middle School Lower Naches Grange Zillah High School Ahtanum Grade School VOTE BY MAIL

Antanum Grade Scho VOTE BY MAIL Weed Memorial Hall

Terrace Heights Elementary

VOTE BY MAIL
Lincoln School
Ahtanum Pioneer
VOTE BY MAIL
VOTE BY MAIL
Wapato High School
Apple Valley School
W. V. Nazarene Church
White Swan High School

W. V. Nazarene Church Ahtanum Grade School Selah Civic Center E. Valley Admin. Building Apple Valley School VOTE BY MAIL

West Valley High School

ADDRESS

4209 Terrace Heights Rd.

17000 Summitview Rd. 915 W. Second Av. 2002 Beaudry Rd. 902 S. 44th Av. 1110 S. 6th St. Goldendale Hwy. 16th & Harrison 1800 Old Naches Hwy. 1602 2nd Av. 3006 S. Wiley Rd.

5391 Ahtanum Rd. 4209 Terrace Heights Rd.

1110 S. 6th St., S'side 8500 Ahtanum Rd.

1103 S. Wasco Av.
7 N. 88th Av.
72nd & Nob Hill Blvd.
Signal Peak Rd.
72nd & Nob Hill Blvd.
3006 S. Wiley Rd.
216 S. 1st St.
2002 Beaudry Rd.
7 N. 88th Av.

9206 Zier Rd.

MAJOR POLITICAL PARTY CAUCUS AND CONVENTION PROCEDURES

In the state of Washington, candidates for most of the offices which appear on the state general election ballot are nominated at the state primary in September. The office of President is an important exception to this procedure. The candidates for President are nominated by the political parties at their national conventions -- based on the results of either the presidential primary, their own caucuses and conventions, or both.

The delegates to the national conventions are selected by the parties through the precinct caucuses, county or district conventions, and state conventions. Under national or state party rules, these national convention delegates may be bound or pledged to a particular candidate based on the number of votes that candidate receives at the presidential primary in this state. The following information is provided to familiarize Washington citizens with

these essential caucus and convention procedures.

Delegates to the national nominating conventions of the major political parties from Washington are selected through a system of precinct caucuses, county or legislative district conventions, and finally, a state convention. The first step in this process is the precinct caucus, a neighborhood-level meeting open to all members of a particular political party. Precinct caucuses are held in each precinct of the state in the early spring of each presidential year. Individuals are elected from each precinct to attend the legislative district or county convention where the delegates to the state convention are chosen. The state conventions of the major political parties will, in turn, choose delegates for the national conventions at which the Presidential and Vice Presidential nominees are selected. Political parties may choose to base the allocation of delegates in whole or in part on the results of the presidential preference primary.

In addition to the selection of delegates, those persons attending party caucuses and conventions have the opportunity to determine the party platform, vote on resolutions and meet party candidates for a variety of local,

state and national offices.

DATES OF PRECINCT CAUCUSES AND CONVENTIONS

	Democrats	Republican
Precinct caucuses	March 5, 1996	March 5, 1996
County conventions	April 13, 1996	March-May 1996*
District conventions	April 20, 1996	March-May 1996*
State convention	June 1, 1996	May 30-June 1, 1996
Location of state convention	Seattle	Bellevue

*Information was not complete at the time this publication was prepared.

RULES AND PROCEDURES

Each political party has the authority under the United States Constitution and state law to adopt rules to govern the delegate selection process and other party activities which occur in conjunction with the caucuses and conventions. These party rules specify the number of delegates from each precinct to the county or legislative district convention, the number of delegates from each legislative district or county convention to the state convention, and the procedural rules for conducting the caucuses and conventions. A copy of the rules of either party should be available from the state committee of that party in advance of the time precinct caucuses are held.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The dates and locations of all party caucuses and conventions receive advance press coverage and are generally advertised by the parties. Specific questions you have about any aspect of the nominating procedure may be directed to the state committee of the respective party. They may be able to respond to your inquiry directly or they may refer you to either your precinct committeeperson or your county or district chairperson. The addresses and telephone numbers of the state committees are as follows:

Washington State Democratic Central Committee P.O. Box 4027 Seattle WA 98104 (206) 583-0664 Washington State Republican Party 16400 Southcenter Parkway, Suite 200 Seattle WA 98188 (206) 575-2900

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE AND MINOR PARTY NOMINATING PROCEDURES

This summary of the procedures governing the nomination of independent and minor party candidates is <u>NOT</u> meant to be inclusive. Persons interested in this procedure should review Chapter 29,24 of the Revised Code of Washington or obtain more detailed information from the Office of the Secretary of State, 1007 S. Washington Street, P.O. Box 40237, Olympia, WA 98504-0237 or their county auditor.

NOMINATING CONVENTION

Any nomination of a candidate for partisan political office other than by a major political party must be made by a convention held not earlier than the last Saturday in June and not later than the first Saturday in July. Notice of the intention to hold a nominating convention must be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the county in which the convention is held at least ten days before the date of the convention. To be valid, a convention must be attended by at least twenty-five (25) registered voters. In order to nominate candidates for the offices of President and Vice President of the United States, United States Senator, or any statewide office, the parties holding the nominating convention must obtain and submit the signatures of at least two hundred (200) registered voters of the state of Washington. In order to nominate candidates for any other office the parties holding the nominating convention must obtain and submit the signatures of at least twenty-five (25) persons who are registered to vote in the jurisdiction of the office for which nominations are being made.

CERTIFICATE OF NOMINATION

The signatures and addresses of the registered voters who attended the convention and a record of the proceedings of the convention must be submitted to the appropriate filing officer no later than one week following the adjournment of the convention at which the nominations were made. Any candidate except for President and Vice President who is nominated at an independent or minor party convention, must file a declaration of candidacy and pay the filing fee required for the office sought during the regular filing period established for major political parties. (A nominating petition containing signatures of registered voters equal to the dollar amount of the filing fee is permitted for those candidates without sufficient assets or income to pay the filing fee.) The names of all of the candidates who have been nominated by convention except for President and Vice President will be printed on the primary ballot together with the major party candidates for their respective offices. Candidates for President and Vice President will only appear on the general election ballot. No other candidate's name may be printed on the general election ballot unless he or she receives at least one percent of the total votes cast for the office in the partisan primary and a majority of the votes cast for candidates of that party for that office. Independent candidates need only meet the one percent threshold in order to qualify for placement on the general election ballot.

WHERE FILINGS ARE MADE

When the candidacy is for:

A federal or statewide office, with the Secretary of State;

A legislative office that includes territory from more than one county, with the Secretary of State;

A county office or legislative office which lies entirely within a single county, with the County Auditor.

If a minor party or independent candidate convention nominates *any* candidate for office in a jurisdiction where voters from more than one county vote upon the office, *all* nominating petitions and the convention certificates are to be filed with the Office of the Secretary of State.

VOTING IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Voter qualifications

To register to vote, you must be:

- · A citizen of the United States
- · A legal resident of Washington state
- At least 18 years old by election day

In the state of Washington, you do not have to register by political party or declare political party membership to vote in the state's regular primaries or general elections.

Registration deadlines

You may register to vote at any time, but you must be registered at least 30 days in advance of an election if you wish to vote at a polling place on election day.

You may also register between 30 and 15 days before an election, but you must do so at a location designated by the county elections officer, and you will be required to vote by absentee ballot.

How to register

Washington citizens have access to several convenient methods of signing up to vote, including registration by mail and "Motor Voter" registration.

Mail-in registration forms are available from your county auditor or county elections department as well as many public libraries, schools and other government offices. You may also request a form by filling out the box at the right and mailing it to the Secretary of State.

"Motor Voter" registration is offered when you renew or apply for your driver's license. In most instances, a motor voter registration takes less than a minute to complete.

Change of residence

If you move to a **new** county, you must complete a new voter registration.

If you move within the **same** county, you do not need to reregister, but you must request a transfer of your registration. This can be done by calling or writing your county elections department, or by using a mail-in voter registration form.

NOTE: You must re-register or transfer your registration at least **30 days** before the election to be eligible to vote in your new precinct.

Absentee ballots

You may request an absentee ballot as early as 45 days before an election. (No absentee ballots are issued on election day except to hospitalized voters.)

Absentee ballots may be requested either by phone or by mail from the county elections officer. You may also apply — in writing — to automatically receive an absentee ballot before each election.

NOTE: Absentee ballots must be signed and postmarked or delivered to the county elections officer on or before election day.

Election dates and poll hours

State primaries are generally held on the third Tuesday in September. The presidential primary, conducted once every four years, will be held on March 26, 1996.

General elections are held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November. Polling hours for all primaries and elections are 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

Voter information

If you need assistance with registration and voting, contact your county auditor or elections department.

Special services

The Office of the Secretary of State provides a toll-free voter information service to residents within the state of Washington. This service will be operated Monday through Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., beginning October 16, and continuing through the day of the election, November 7. In many instances, assistance can be provided to those who have difficulty reading this pamphlet because their primary language is not English.

Voters may also call to request any of the following special Voters Pamphlet versions: Tape-cassette, Braille, Spanish-language or Chinese-language.

For more information, call the Secretary of State Voter Information Hotline at 1-800-448-4881.

	(Please Print)
lame:	
Address:	
City:	Zip Code:
elephone:	No. of forms requested:
	of the Secretary of State Registration Services

VOTING BY ABSENTEE BALLOT

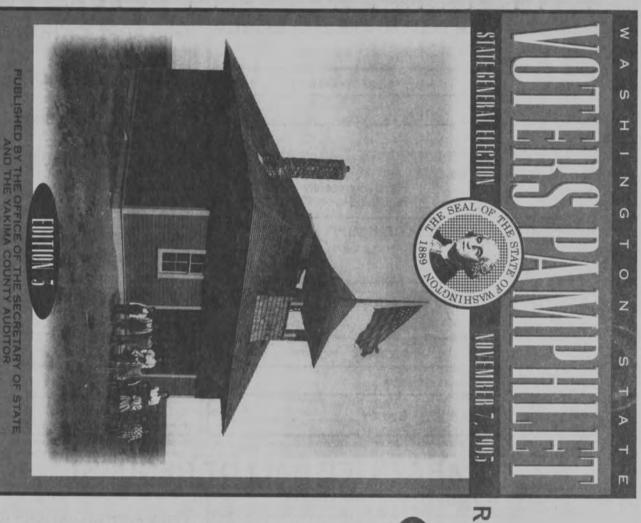
INSTRUCTIONS: Any registered voter may apply for an absentee ballot. Once you receive your absentee/special ballot, vote it. Please do <u>not</u> attempt to vote at the poll site also. Contact your county auditor or elections department for further information. For your convenience, addresses and telephone numbers are listed below.

NOTE: Also listed below are phone numbers for the hearing impaired using Telecommunications Device for the Deaf (TDD) service. The Office of the Secretary of State also provides a toll-free voter information service for the hearing impaired: TOLL-FREE HEARING IMPAIRED VOTER INFORMATION 1-800-422-8683. If you are using an "800 number" for TDD service, you must be prepared to give the relay service operator the number for your county.

COUNTY	ADDRESS	CITY	ZIP	TELEPHONE NUMBER	HEARING IMPAIRED TDD SERVICE
0001111	ADDRESS	CITT	ZIF		
Adams	210 West Broadway	Ritzville	99169	(509) 659-0090 Ext 203	(509) 659-1122
Asotin	P.O. Box 129	Asotin	99402	(509) 243-2084	1-800-855-115
Benton	P.O. Box 470	Prosser	99350	(509) 783-1310 Ext 5618	(509) 736-3063
Chelan	P.O. Box 400	Wenatchee	98801	(509) 664-5431	1-800-833-638
Clallam	P.O. Box 3030	Port Angeles	98362	(360) 417-2221	1-800-833-638
Clark	P.O. Box 9812	Vancouver	98666-9812	(360) 699-2345	(360) 737-6032
Columbia	341 East Main St.	Dayton	99328	(509) 382-4541	(509) 382-4541
Cowlitz	207 North 4th	Kelso	98626	(360) 577-3005	1-800-833-638
Douglas	P.O. Box 456	Waterville	98858	(509) 884-9403	(509) 884-9477
Ferry	P.O. Box 498	Republic	99166	(509) 775-5208	1-800-833-638
Franklin	P.O. Box 1451	Pasco	99301	(509) 545-3538	1-800-344-4358
Garfield	P.O. Box 278	Pomeroy	99347	(509) 843-1411	1-800-344-435
Grant	P.O. Box 37	Ephrata	98823	(509) 754-2011 Ext 377	(509) 754-4646
Grays Harbor	P.O. Box 751	Montesano	98563	(360) 249-4232	(360) 249-6575
Island	P.O. Box 5000	Coupeville	98239	(360) 679-7366	(360) 679-7305
Jefferson	P.O. Box 563	Port Townsend	98368	(360) 385-9119	1-800-833-638
0011010011	1.0. 50. 500	1 OIL TOWNSONG	30000	1-800-831-2678	1-000-000-000
King	500 4th Avenue	Seattle	98104	(206) 296-8683	(206) 296-0109
Kitsap	614 Division St.	Port Orchard	98366	(360) 876-7128	1-800-833-638
Kittitas	205 W. 5th	Ellensburg	98926	(509) 962-7503	1-800-833-6388
Klickitat	205 S. Columbus	Goldendale	98620	(509) 773-4001	1-800-833-638
Lewis	P.O. Box 29	Chehalis	98532-0029	(360) 740-1164	(360) 740-1480
Lincoln	P.O. Box 366	Davenport	99122	(509) 725-4971	1-800-833-638
Mason	P.O. Box 400	Shelton	98584	(360) 427-9670 Ext 470	1-800-344-435
Okanogan	P.O. Box 1010	Okanogan	98840	(509) 422-7240	1-800-855-115
Pacific	P.O. Box 97	South Bend	98586	(360) 875-9317	(360) 875-9400
Pend Oreille	P.O. Box 5015	Newport	99156	(509) 447-3185	(509) 447-3186
Pierce	2401 S. 35th St.	Tacoma	98409-7484	(206) 591-7430	1-800-833-638
1 10100	2401 0. 00111 01.	racoma	30403-7404	1-800-446-4979	1-000-000-000
San Juan	P.O. Box 638	Friday Harbor	98250	(360) 378-3357	(360) 378-4151
Skagit	P.O. Box 1306	Mt. Vernon	98273	(360) 336-9305	(360) 336-9332
Skamania	P.O. Box 790	Stevenson	98648	(509) 427-9420	1-800-833-638
Snohomish	3000 Rockefeller Avenue	Everett	98201	(206) 259-4726	(206) 388-3700
Ononoman	3000 Hockeleller Aveilde	Lverett	30201	1-800-562-4367	(200) 500-0700
Spokane	W. 1116 Broadway	Spokane	99260-0020	(509) 456-2320	(509) 456-2333
Stevens	P.O. Box 189	Colville	99114		1-800-833-638
Thurston	2000 Lakeridge Dr. S.W.			(509) 684-7514	(360) 754-2933
Wahkiakum	P.O. Box 543	Olympia Cathlamet	98502	(360) 786-5408 (360) 795-3219	1-800-833-638
Walla Walla			98612		
	P.O. Box 1856	Walla Walla	99362	(509) 527-3204	1-800-833-638
Whitman	P.O. Box 398	Bellingham	98227	(360) 676-6745	(360) 738-4555
Whitman	P.O. Box 350	Colfax	99111	(509) 397-6270	1-800-833-638
Yakima	128 N. 2nd St. #117	Yakima	98901	(509) 575-4044	(509) 575-4078

ABSENTEE BALLOT REQUEST TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT I HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM A REGISTERED VOTER THIS APPLICATION IS FOR: PLEASE PRINT IN INK Registered Name **General Election Only** Street Address ___ November 7, 1995 City _____ Zip____ Telephone: (Day) ____ (Evening)____ For identification purposes only:

Have you recently **Permanent Request** All Future Elections Birth Date _____ registered to vote? Yes No D TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: SIGNATURE 🖾 Precinct Code SEND MY BALLOT TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS: Levy Code Mailing Address Ballot Code_____ City _____ Ballot Mailed____ Country ____ If you have requested an Absentee Ballot or have a permanent request for an Absentee Ballot on file, please do not submit another application. ABSENTEE BALLOT REQUEST TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT I HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM A REGISTERED VOTER THIS APPLICATION IS FOR: PLEASE PRINT IN INK Registered Name **General Election Only** Street Address _____ November 7, 1995 City_____ Zip____ Telephone: (Day) _____ (Evening)____ **Permanent Request** For identification purposes only: Have you recently (Optional) Have you recently Birth Date registered to vote? Yes No No All Future Elections TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED FOR OFFICE USE ONLY: SIGNATURE 🖾 Precinct Code SEND MY BALLOT TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESS: Levy Code_____ Mailing Address City Ballot Code_____ State Ballot Mailed Country



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