

### **INTRODUCTION TO THE 1994 VOTERS PAMPHLET**

During the past year, we have witnessed a number of 50th anniversary commemorations relating to key events of World War II. In keeping with the spirit of these observances, the 1994 Washington State Voters Pamphlet pays tribute to one of the lasting legacies of WWII — absentee voting.

While the state of Washington has provided for absentee voting since the early 1900's, the system really came into widespread use in the 1944 election. Voting by mail was the only option for the hundreds of thousands of U.S. service men and women who were serving their country overseas.

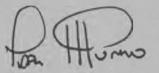
As World War II veterans returned home with the experience of voting by mail, absentee balloting became increasingly popular. The state of Washington pioneered several new methods of mail voting, including the permanent absentee ballot for senior citizens and the disabled, and the special service absentee ballot for members of the military and overseas voters.

Today, Washington is recognized as one of the most progressive states for voting by absentee ballot. Any registered voter may request an absentee ballot up to the day before the election (hospitalized voters may receive an absentee ballot on election day). And recently, the permanent absentee ballot program was extended to all registered voters (an application is available in the back of this pamphlet).

This year, Washington state continues its tradition of making voting as convenient and accessible as possible. Seven counties in our state conducted their September primaries entirely by mail, an approach which is helping to increase voter turnout and reduce election costs.

We applaud voters for making Washington state a leader in promoting citizen participation in voting and elections, especially those who served during World War II and helped popularize absentee voting. We offer those veterans our heartfelt thanks. They gave most of the world renewed freedom.





RALPH MUNRO Secretary of State

Just as our World War II veterans fought to defend our democratic system, thousands of King County citizens also play a key role in preserving our democratic right to vote by working at the polls, processing absentee ballots, and keeping our voter registration information up to date. On General Election Night, many election staff and officials will be working to ensure that your vote is counted and recorded accurately.

Approximately 4,500 poll workers will report to over 600 polling places throughout King County on Election Day to ensure that every voter has the opportunity to cast their ballot. Poll workers are trained to follow strict procedures for securing the safety of your ballot, from the time you sign in at the polling place to when the ballots are transported for tabulation. Over 250 election night officials will also be working to make sure your ballot arrives safely and is counted accurately.

Absentee voting is becoming more popular every year. Absentee ballot workers processed over 90,000 absentee ballots for September's 1994 Primary Election, and are already sending out a greater number of absentee ballots to voters for the General Election. Every registered voter may sign up for the permanent absentee program, which provides an additional method for you to exercise your right to vote.

These absentee ballots were first widely used in World War II by soldiers of every stripe and every color as they exercised their right to vote. They fought to preserve our democratic system of voting, among them one million African American men and women who served with distinction in every branch of the armed forces and the Japanese Americans who volunteered or were drafted out of wartime incarceration to serve in the Army's 442nd Regimental Combat Team and 100th Battalion.

All of the election workers described here work in collaboration with King County's permanent election staff to ensure that we carry out free, democratic elections—the right for which our World War II veterans fought so hard. Please join all of us and vote on November 8th.



GARY LOCKE / King County Executive

This pamphlet was prepared by Erika E. Aust, Director, State Voters Pamphlet, Office of the Secretary of State; and Candace A. McDonald, King County Coordinator.

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

Introduction	2
Voter's Checklist	3
Political Party Information	4
Public Disclosure Information	4
Precinct Committee Officer Information	5
Initiative Measure 607	6
Referendum Bill 43	8
Text of State Measures	10
Federal Offices	24

# Supreme Court29State Legislature31Local Pamphlet46Prosecuting Attorney46Find Your District46Local Judicial Offices47Local Measures58Absentee Ballot Applications70Voting in the State of Washington71

YES

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NO

### **VOTER'S CHECKLIST**

INITIATIVE MEASURE 607 Shall persons other than dentists be licensed to make and sell dentures to the public, as regulated by a new state board of

### **REFERENDUM BILL 43**

denture technology?

Shall taxes on sales of cigarettes, liquor, and pop syrup be extended to fund violence reduction and drug enforcement programs?

**NOTE:** In the Presidential Election of 1992 the majority of voters in the State of Washington voted Democratic for the office of President. Therefore, according to state law, all partisan offices will list the Democratic candidates first.

U.S. SENATE	SUPERIOR COURT (if applicable)
U.S. REPRESENTATIVE	STATE SENATOR (if applicable)
SUPREME COURT	STATE REPRESENTATIVE
Position No. 2	Position No. 1
Position No. 3	Position No. 2

### Secretary of State Toll-Free Hotlines

1-800-448-4881 1

TDD (Hearing Impaired) 1-800-422-8683

### VOTER PARTICIPATION IN ELECTION CAMPAIGNS

Any person who wishes to participate in the election campaign process through financial contributions, volunteer work or other types of involvement, may contact the candidate or party of his or her choice for more information. Listed below are the addresses and telephone numbers of the major and minor political parties with candidates on the general election ballot.

Gun Control Party Libertarian Party Natural Law Party of Washington Populist Party of Pierce Co. State Democratic Party State Republican Party POLITICAL PARTIES 7021 Monaco S.E., Tumwater, 98501 P.O. Box 20732, Seattle, 98102 13032 28th Avenue N.E., Seattle, 98125 7911 S. Hosmer, #D-106, Tacoma, 98408 P.O. Box 4027, Seattle, 98104 16400 Southcenter Pkwy., #200, Seattle, 98188

(206) 754-6631 1-800-353-1776 (206) 821-1323 (206) 845-8245 (206) 583-0664 (206) 575-2900

### DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS

**Contributions to Candidates and Political Committees:** An individual may not give more than \$500 in the primary election and \$500 in the general election to a candidate for the state legislature. Individuals may only give a candidate for Governor, Lt. Governor and the other statewide executive offices a maximum of \$1,000 in the primary and \$1,000 in the general election. Individuals may give an unlimited amount to a political party, ballot issue committee or other political action committee. During the 21 days before the general election, however, a person may contribute no more than \$5,000 to a local or judicial office candidate, political party or other political committee. Contributions from corporations, unions, businesses, associations and similar organizations are permitted, subject to limits and other restrictions.

**Registration and Reporting by Candidates and Political Committees:** No later than two weeks after an individual becomes a candidate or a political committee is organized, a campaign finance registration statement must be filed with the Public Disclosure Commission (PDC) and the local county elections official. (Committees that form within three weeks of the election must register within three business days.) The candidate or committee treasurer is also required to report periodically the source and amount of campaign contributions over \$25 and to list campaign expenditures. The occupation and employer of individuals giving \$100 or more to a campaign must also be identified.

These reports are open to the public. Copies are available at the PDC Office in Olympia or at the county elections office in the county where the candidate lives. In addition, the campaign financial books and records of a candidate or committee are available for public inspection the last eight days (Monday through Friday) before each election. The campaign registration on file with PDC and the county elections office shows the time and place where the records may be inspected.

Independent Campaign Expenditures: Anyone making expenditures totaling \$100 or more in support of or opposition to a state or local candidate or ballot proposition (not including contributions made to a candidate or political committee) must file a report with the Public Disclosure Commission within five days. Forms are available from PDC or the county elections office. Also, all political advertising must identify the person paying for the ad.

Federal Campaigns: Contributions to U.S. Senate and House of Representative candidates are regulated by federal law. An individual may contribute a maximum of \$1,000 in the primary election and \$1,000 in the general election to each candidate for senator and representative. Corporations and unions are prohibited from contributing to federal campaigns. Copies of federal campaign finance reports are available from the PDC.

For additional information contact: the Public Disclosure Commission, 711 Capitol Way, Room 403, P.O. Box 40908, Olympia WA 98504-0908, (206) 753-1111; for federal campaigns, the Federal Election Commission, 1-800-424-9530.

### FEDERAL INCOME TAX CREDITS & DEDUCTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Political Contributions Tax Credit: The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 eliminated the personal tax credit previously allowed for political contributions.

As in the past, contributions or gifts made to political parties or candidates may not be deducted as a business expense. In addition, expenses paid or incurred to take part in any political campaign on behalf of a candidate for public office are not deductible as a business expense. Finally, indirect political contributions, such as advertising for a political party or admission to a program with proceeds going to a political party or candidate, may not be deducted as a business expense.

Presidential Election Campaign Fund Checkoff: Individuals, however, may make a deductible contribution to the Presidential Election Campaign Fund Checkoff. This fund was established to help pay for presidential election campaigns. \$3 may be taken (\$6 on a joint return) from an individual's taxes to go to a general fund, not for any specific party, to meet the expenses of the 1996 presidential election. The contribution will not increase your tax or reduce your refund.

### THE OFFICE OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER

### THE OFFICE OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER

In addition to the various state and county offices which will appear upon the general election ballot, most voters will have the opportunity to vote for the office of "precinct committee officer."

### WHO IS ELIGIBLE

State law (RCW 29.42.040) provides that any person who is a registered voter and a member of a major political party may become a candidate for the office of precinct committee officer by filing a declaration of candidacy and paying a \$1 filing fee to the county auditor. Since voters do not register by political party in Washington, a candidate declares himself or herself to be a Democrat or a Republican at the time he or she files for the office. The filing period for the office of precinct committee officer begins at the same time as the filing period for other partisan offices (the fourth Monday in July in even-numbered years), and lasts for three weeks, ending on the third Friday following that date.

### ELECTION OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER

Candidates for precinct committee officer do not appear on the primary ballot but rather are placed directly on the general election ballot, and the candidate receiving the most votes in his or her precinct for each political party is declared elected. State law (RCW 29.42.050) does provide, however, that to be declared elected, a candidate must receive at least 10% of the number of votes cast for the candidate of his or her party receiving the greatest number of votes in that precinct.

### TERM OF OFFICE AND VACANCIES

The term of office for anyone elected to the office of precinct committee officer is two years, and commences upon the official canvass of election returns by the county canvassing board. Should a vacancy occur in the office (caused by death, disqualification, resignation, or failure to elect), the usual process is for the chairman of the party central committee to fill the vacancy by appointment. Appointments to fill vacancies cannot be made between the state general election and the organization meeting of the county central committee, which must be held prior to the second Saturday in January following the election of precinct committee officer.

### DUTIES OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER AS MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY AND STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES

 Each precinct committee officer is a member of the county central committee. The county central committee has the authority to fill vacancies on the party ticket for partisan county offices and for legislative offices in districts entirely within that county when no candidate files for such a position or when a candidate or nominee dies or is disqualified leaving no candidate of that party for such an office; they may also nominate persons for appointment to these offices if an incumbent of that party resigns; and finally, elect members to the state central committee.

 The state central committee has the authority under state law (RCW 29.42.020) to:

-Call caucuses and conventions.

-Provide for the election of delegates to national nominating conventions.

-Fill vacancies on the party ticket for any federal, state or legislative office which encompasses more than one county.

-Nominate persons to fill vacancles caused by resignation or death of an incumbent of that party in state offices and legislative offices in districts which encompass more than one county.

-Provide for the nomination of presidential electors. -Perform other functions inherent in such an organization.

### NON-STATUTORY DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER

Specific duties and responsibilities of a precinct committee officer are usually determined by either the county or state central committees. The following duties are commonly assigned to precinct committee officers by their party organization:

- -Keep informed on current issues and candidates, study the party platform.
- -Attend meetings of county committees and actively participate in fund-raising activities.
- -Obtain lists of registered voters from the County Auditor's office.
- -Canvass the precinct and become acquainted with the voters residing therein.
- -Establish a record of eligible voters and party members within the precinct.
- -Encourage voter registration within the precinct.
- -Distribute party election materials during election campaigns.
- -Recommend party members to work as precinct election officers.
- Encourage voters to get out and vote on election day.
   Encourage the use of absentee ballots.
- -Hold precinct caucuses at certain selected times for the purpose of adopting resolutions and selecting delegates to the county conventions.

Individuals who are interested in serving as a precinct committee officer should contact the chairman of the county central committee of their party or the state committee office of that party.

# INITIATIVE **MEASURE 607**

TO THE PEOPLE

### Official Ballot Title:

Shall persons other than dentists be licensed to make and sell dentures to the public, as regulated by a new state board of denture technology?

### The law as it now exists:

Current law defines the furnishing or fitting of dentures (sometimes called "false teeth") as an element of the practice of dentistry. No person may legally prescribe or furnish dentures to a patient except a licensed dentist, or a person working under the direct supervision of a licensed dentist. "Denturists" are not currently licensed in the State of Washington.

This measure would allow a new category of persons, licensed as "denturists," to examine patients and make and fit dentures. The measure creates a state board of dental technology, which would establish standards for the practice of denturism, administer tests and examinations, issue and renew licenses for qualifying denturists, and have authority to discipline denturists who violate professional standards. A denturist could supply dentures directly to patients without the supervision or involvement of a dentist. However, denturists and dentists would be free to practice together if they wished, and dentists would still be permitted to furnish dentures as a part of their practice.

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 607 begins on page 10.

### Statement for

Initiative 607 closely resembles measures that have passed in Washington's surrounding states. Since 1979 in Oregon, 1982 in Idaho, and 1984 in Montana denturism has proven to be an effective, safe and affordable option for denture patients. Canada has recognized the profession of denturism for over 30 years. These states and countries have proven that a denturist is a competent and reliable alternative to a dentist for the provision of dentures.

In 1987 the State Health Coordinating Council under the Department of Social and Health Services found that denturists posed no threat to the public's health and that legislation on denturism should be enacted. Endorsers of Initiative 607 include AARP, Washington State Retired Teachers Association, Retired Public Employees, Washington State Labor Council and Citizens for Health.

Denturists are more than laboratory technicians. Initiative 607 does not include a "grandfather clause" and it calls for individuals who wish to become licensed Washington denturists to pass a written and practical board certified exam. This exam covers college level course topics such as: microbiology, oral pathology and partial denture construction and design. Licensed denturists will be highly qualified denture health care providers.

Finally, the field of denturism has proven to lower the costs of dentures due to increased competition in the provision of dentures to the general public. Initiative 607 simply provides the citizens of Washington the FREEDOM OF CHOICE for their denture care. Upon passage of Initiative 607 Washingtonians will finally receive the same options that their neighbors have received for decades.

### **Rebuttal of Statement against**

Millions of dollars have been donated by special interest groups to Washington's elected officials over the last 15 years in an attempt to restrict the legislature's ability to pass this issue. Democrats and Republicans have never had the chance to say YES or NO to I-607. Citizens for Affordable Denture Care consists of hundreds of thousands of Washingtonians who have already said YES to I-607's Freedom of Choice.

Now, YOU have the opportunity to choose.

### Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

VALLAN CHARRON, Chairman, Citizens for Affordable Denture Care; HAROLD MOSS, Mayor of Tacoma; KURT ROEHL, member of Washington Denturist Association.

Advisory Committee: ALEXANDER G. SCHAUSS, Ph.D., Executive Director, Citizens for Health: JOHN J. DEMANOVICH, President, Retired Public Employees of Washington; MAX ROFFMAN, Board of Directors, Puget Sound Council of Senior Citizens; MARTHA KEMP. President, Washington State Retired Teachers Association; LARS HENNUM, President, Washington State Council of Senior Citizens.

### Statement against

PROTECT SENIOR CITIZENS AND OTHER DENTAL PATIENTS - VOTE NO ON I-607

### VOTE NO ON I-607 TO PROTECT PUBLIC HEALTH.

This initiative is a threat to public health. Obtaining dentures is not like having a pair of shoes fitted at the local mall or buying magnifying eyeglasses at the drug store. Providing partials (removable bridges attached to natural teeth) and dentures (false teeth) is a complex health care service and is part of overall dental care requiring the expertise of your dentist.

### VOTE NO ON 1-607 TO MAINTAIN OUR HIGH DENTAL STANDARDS.

A few dental lab technicians can acquire a quick license through a loophole hidden in the fine print of I-607. These technicians have no formal training in hands-on patient care. Senior citizens and others could place their oral health in the hands of unqualified technicians without the training to recognize unhealthy conditions. An ill-fitting denture or bridge destroys bone and teeth. Health care is too serious to "let the buyer beware!"

### VOTE NO ON I-607 TO SAY THAT ILLEGAL PAID SIGNATURE GATHERING IS WRONG.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by: I-607 is backed by a small group who paid \$200,000 to manipulate the process by collecting signatures illegally. DR. VICTOR J. BARRY; DR. MARY K. SMITH; These few technicians who would gain a guick license have DR. RONALD E. HARMON. lobbied the legislature for years and both Democrats and

The Office of the Secretary of State is not authorized to edit statements, nor is it responsible for their contents.

### The effect of Initiative Measure 607, if approved into law:

Republicans have said "NO!" I-607 lacks public support. It only benefits the few technicians who paid to get this initiative on the ballot.

Vote for Good Oral Health

Vote Against Manipulation

Vote NO on I-607

### **Rebuttal of Statement for**

Forty-five states prohibit denturism, forty-nine prohibit fitting partial dentures.

The "grandfather clause" will allow the I-607 sponsors to become licensed without attending an accredited school (see section 10.1-3 and 18.3).

I-607 does not require sanitation controls to protect against infectious diseases.

1-607 is not an economic issue. Dentures and partials represent less than one-half of one percent of dentists' insurance claims.

I-607 is radical health care deregulation opposed by the Gray Panthers.

7

## REFERENDUM **BILL 43**

### CHAPTER 7, LAWS OF 1994, **1st SPECIAL SESSION**

Note: The explanatory statement was written by the Attorney General as required by law. The ballot title was submitted as part of Referendum Bill 43. The complete text of Referendum Bill 43 begins on page 18.

Vote cast by the 1994 Legislature on final passage: House: Yeas, 51; Nays, 43; Absent, 0; Excused, 4. Senate: Yeas, 26; Nays, 20; Absent, 0; Excused, 3.

### Statement for

### GET TOUGH, BE SMART

Referendum 43 funds a comprehensive attack on drugs and violent crime.

It continues funding for important and proven efforts to prevent drug abuse and prosecute drug crimes: · Prosecutors to go after drug dealers; · School security personnel to protect our children; . Alcohol and drug testing for criminals on parole; . Intervention, treatment and prevention programs for youth and troubled families.

It pays for new steps to fight violent crime by young people: . Tougher sentences for violent youth; . Tougher sentences for drive-by shootings; . Tougher sentences for crimes involving guns; . Prosecution and sentencing of serious juvenile offenders as adults.

We need to be tough and smart to fight drugs and violence. Referendum 43 is a tough, smart strategy,

### **GIVING PARENTS, COMMUNITIES A VOICE**

Parents, working with their neighbors and community leaders, will choose which strategies to fund in their local communities. But efforts will have to show results or lose their funding, so taxpayers won't keep paying for programs that don't work.

### NO NEW TAXES

These efforts are funded by cigarette, alcohol, and pop syrup taxes, most of which have been in place since 1989. There are no new taxes in Referendum 43, though it increases the tax on cigarettes and greatly reduces the tax on pop. Alcohol taxes stay the same.

### **Official Ballot Title:**

Shall taxes on sales of cigarettes, liquor, and pop syrup be extended to fund violence reduction and drug enforcement programs?

### The law as it now exists:

The 1993 legislature enacted temporary additional taxes on the sale of wine, beer, spirits, and cigarettes, and provided that the revenues from these taxes would be used to pay for drug enforcement and educational programs.

### BACKING UP TOUGH TALK

Initiative 601 requires your approval to continue funding for these important, proven efforts. Without your "Yes" vote, the dedicated funding for these efforts will disappear.

A "Yes" vote says keep up the fight against drugs and violence in our communities - and fight even harder.

Vote "Yes" on Referendum 43.

For more information, call (206) 627-4343.

### **Rebuttal of Statement against**

Referendum 43 has no new taxes. It continues funding for crime fighting actions working since 1989. Referendum 43 is about strengthening the front-line fight for safer schools and neighborhoods. Funding, mostly from cigarettes, goes only to fight drugs and crime with proven steps like DARE, tougher sentences for violent juveniles and special drug crime prosecutors. Police, prosecutors and parents support Referendum 43 because it's vital to our future. Vote "YES" to combat drugs and violence.

### Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

MARLIN APPELWICK, State Representative: MARCUS GASPARD, State Senator; BRIAN EBERSOLE, Speaker, State House of Representatives.

Advisory Committee: PAMEAKES, Chair, Mothers Against Violence in America; REV. DR. SAMUEL B. McKINNEY. Senior Pastor, Mount Zion Baptist Church; NORM MALENG, King County Prosecutor; JOHN A. MOYER, M.D., State Senator; MIKE PATRICK, Executive Director, Washington State Council of Police Officers

These taxes are scheduled to expire on July 1, 1995. In addition, the 1991 legislature imposed a tax on the sale of carbonated beverages and syrup, with the revenue also to be placed in the drug enforcement and education fund.

### The effect of Referendum Bill 43. if approved into law:

This referendum is on the tax portions of E2SHB 2319, entitled "an act relating to violence prevention." The bill contains a number of provisions, including: planning for public health services improvements, community health and safety networks, revising firearm-related crimes and sentencing, revising the laws on licenses to carry firearms, authorizing local governments to enact curfew ordinances and other public safety laws, violence-reduction programs in the schools, and measures to reduce the effects of violence on television. To pay for these new programs, the bill would indefinitely extend the 1993 taxes on sale of wine, beer, and spirits, and would extend the cigarette sales tax.

### Statement against

### REFERENDUM 43: VOTE YES AND YOU'RE THE VICTIM.

It's bad enough that Washington citizens live in fear of being victimized by violent criminals. But voting for Referendum 43 will make taxpayers victims again-victims of those in Olympia who spent \$16 billion for bigger government, and now want to raise your taxes \$114 million for public safety.

Vote NO on Referendum 43 and tell Olympia to fund anti-crime efforts first and bureaucracy last.

### \$1 IN PUBLIC SAFETY FOR EVERY \$3 IN SOCIAL PROGRAMS.

Referendum 43 will raise taxes \$114 million. But for every dollar the Youth Violence Prevention Act would spend on public safety, it would spend \$3 for the kinds of government programs that have allowed the number of violent crimes to jump 93% in less than 18 years.

### PUBLIC SAFETY NEEDS PRIORITY SPENDING AND ACCOUNTABILITY, NOT HIGHER TAXES.

Think we need new taxes to cover a huge prison budget? Think again.

Prison costs are just 2.5% of the state budget. And while millions of our tax dollars are still being spent on state travel, retreats, office furnishings and equipment, a brand-new prison sits empty near Spokane because the Legislature wouldn't provide \$7 million from the state's \$337 million savings account to open the doors.

New taxes will reward big-spending bureaucracy with more money to spend, without significantly reducing crime.

A vote against Referendum 43 will give lawmakers 9 months to revise the law and make public safety a top budget priority. We can get violent criminals off our streets without new taxes. Vote no and force legislators to reduce wasteful spending and put the savings into community law enforcement, public protection and more iails for criminals.

while increasing it from one and one half mills to five and one-fourth mills per cigarette. The 1991 carbonated beverage tax would be revised to one dollar per gallon on the sale of syrup for use in carbonated beverages. All these taxes would be placed in a violence reduction and drug enforcement account. This referendum is on the tax portions of the bill, and would not directly affect the remainder. However, the bill provides that certain sections relating to enhanced sentences for crime will automatically expire on July 1, 1995, if the voters reject this referendum. There are other taxes on the sale of liquor and cigarettes which would not be affected by this referendum.

NOTE: As indicated in the explanatory statement by the Attorney General the amendments made in certain sections of Chapter 7, Laws of 1994, 1st Special Session, (the Youth Violence Bill) will expire on July 1, 1995, if the referendum is not approved by the voters. A copy of those sections can be obtained by calling the Voter Hotline at 1-800-448-4881.

### VOTE NO AND FORCE LAWMAKERS TO FUND PUBLIC SAFETY FIRST.

### **Rebuttal of Statement for**

Tax-increase supporters say, "Referendum 43 has no new taxes." But we'll pay millions more in taxes if Referendum 43 is approved - taxes we don't need.

Criminal justice funding will NOT automatically disappear if you vote "No." Legislators have a year - and enough money - to fund public safety programs with existing revenues.

Please vote "No" on Referendum 43. Tell lawmakers to make our safety top priority, and pay for public safety first - without new taxes.

### Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

MIKE PADDEN, State Representative; DAN McDONALD, State Senator; TOM CAMPBELL, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: ANN ANDERSON, State Senator; LINDA SMITH, State Senator; IDA BALLASIOTES, State Representative; BETTY EDMONDSON, State Representative: HELEN HARLOW, Founder of Tennis Shoe Brigade.

9



### COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 607

AN ACT Relating to denturism; amending RCW 18.120.020 and 18.130.040; adding a new section to chapter 48.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.46 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and creating a new section.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The state of Washington finds that to realize the state's current statutory policy of regulating health professions at the least restrictive level consistent with the public interest, a program of licensure for denturists should be established. The intent of the legislature is to help assure the public's health, provide a mechanism for consumer protection, and offer cost-effective alternatives for denture care services and products to individual consumers and the state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Board" means the state board of denture technology.

(2) "Denture" means a removable full or partial upper or lower dental appliance to be worn in the mouth to replace missing natural teeth.

(3) "Denturist" means a person licensed under this chapter to engage in the practice of denturism.

(4) "Department" means the department of health.

(5) "Practice of denturism" means:

(a) Making, placing, constructing, altering, reproduc-

ing, or repairing a denture; and

(b) Taking impressions and furnishing or supplying a denture directly to a person or advising the use of a denture, and maintaining a facility for the same.

(6) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) Before making and fitting a denture, a denturist shall examine the patient's oral cavity.

(a) If the examination gives the denturist reasonable cause to believe that there is an abnormality or disease process that requires medical or dental treatment, the denturist shall immediately refer the patient to a dentist or physician. In such cases, the denturist shall take no further action to manufacture or place a denture until the patient has been examined by a dentist or physician and the dentist or physician gives written clearance that the denture will pose no threat to the patient's health.

(b) If the examination reveals the need for tissue or teeth modification in order to assure proper fit of a full or partial denture, the denturist shall refer the patient to a dentist and assure that the modification has been completed before taking an impression for the completion of the denture.

(2) A denturist who makes or places a denture in a manner not consistent with this section is subject to the sanctions provided in chapter 18.130 RCW, the uniform disciplinary act.

(3) A denturist must successfully complete special training in oral pathology prescribed by the board, whether as part of an approved associate degree program or equivalent training, and pass an examination prescribed by the board, which may be a part of the examination for licensure to become a licensed denturist.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. No person may represent himself or herself as a licensed denturist or use any title or description of services without applying for licensure, meeting the required qualifications, and being licensed

The above text is an exact reproduction of the text submitted by the sponsor. The Office of the Secretary of State has no editorial authority.



as a denturist by the department, unless otherwise exempted by this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. Nothing in this chapter prohibits or restricts:

(1) The practice of a profession by an individual who is licensed, certified, or registered under other laws of this state and who is performing services within the authorized scope of practice;

(2) The practice of denturism by an individual employed by the government of the United States while the individual is engaged in the performance of duties prescribed by the laws and regulations of the United States;

(3) The practice of denturism by students enrolled in a school approved by the department. The performance of services must be pursuant to a course of instruction or an assignment from an instructor and under the supervision of an instructor; or

(4) Work performed by dental labs and dental technicians under the written prescription of a dentist.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. (1) The state board of denture technology is created. The board shall consist of seven members appointed by the secretary as follows:

(a) Four members of the board must be denturists licensed under this chapter, except initial appointees, who must have five years' experience in the field of denturism or a related field.

(b) Two members shall be selected from persons who are not affiliated with any health care profession or facility, at least one of whom must be over sixty-five years of age representing the elderly.

(c) One member must be a dentist licensed in the state of Washington.

(2) The members of the board shall serve for terms of

three years. The terms of the initial members shall be staggered, with the members appointed under subsection (1) (a) of this section serving two-year and threeyear terms initially and the members appointed under subsection (1) (b) and (c) of this section serving oneyear, two-year, and three-year terms initially. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments are made. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be for the remainder of the unexpired term of the vacant position.

(3) No appointee may serve more than two consecutive terms.

(4) Members of the board shall be reimbursed for travel expenses under RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

(5) A member of the board may be removed for just cause by the secretary.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. (1) The board shall elect a chairperson of the board annually. The same person may not hold the office of chairperson for more than three years in succession.

(2) A majority of the board constitutes a quorum for all purposes, and a majority vote of the members voting governs the decisions of the board.

### NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The board shall:

 Determine the qualifications of persons applying for licensure under this chapter;

(2) Prescribe, administer, and determine the requirements for examinations under this chapter and establish a passing grade for licensure under this chapter;

(3) Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW to carry out the provisions of this chapter;

(4) Set all licensure, examination, and renewal fees in accordance with RCW 43.70.250;

(5) Advise the secretary on the hiring of clerical, administrative, investigative, and other staff as needed to implement this chapter and act on behalf of the board;

(6) Evaluate and designate those schools from which graduation will be accepted as proof of an applicant's



completion of coursework requirements for licensure; and

(7) Act as the disciplining authority under this chapter in accordance with the uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, which governs unlicensed practice, the issuance and denial of licenses, and the disciplining of license holders under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The secretary shall:

 Issue licenses for the practice of denturism under this chapter;

(2) Administer oaths and subpoena witnesses for the purpose of carrying out the activities authorized under this chapter;

(3) Establish forms and procedures necessary to administer this chapter;

(4) Hire clerical, administrative, investigative, and other staff as needed to implement this chapter and act on behalf of the board; and

(5) Issue licenses of endorsement for applicants from states that maintain standards of practice substantially equivalent to this state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. The secretary shall issue a license to practice denturism to an applicant who submits a completed application, pays the appropriate fees, and meets the following requirements:

(1) A person currently licensed to practice denturism under statutory provisions of another state or federal enclave that maintains standards of practice substantially equivalent to this chapter shall be licensed without examination upon providing the department with the following:

(a) Proof of successfully passing a written and clinical examination for denturism in a state that the board has determined has substantially equivalent standards as those in this chapter in both the written and clinical examinations; and

(b) An affidavit from the state agency where the person is licensed or certified attesting to the fact of the person's licensure or certification.

(2) A person graduating from a formal denturism program shall be licensed if he or she:

(a) Documents successful completion of formal training with a major course of study in denturism of not less than two years in duration at an educational institution recognized by the board; and

(b) Passes a written and clinical examination approved by the board.

(3) An applicant who does not otherwise qualify under subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall be licensed within two years of the effective date of this act if he or she:

(a) Provides to the board three affidavits by persons other than family members attesting to the applicant's employment in denture technology for at least five years, or provides documentation of at least four thousand hours of practical work within denture technology;

(b) Provides documentation of successful completion of a training course approved by the board or completion of an equivalent course approved by the board; and

(c) Passes a written and clinical examination administered by the board.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. The board shall administer the examinations for licensing under this chapter, subject to the following requirements:

 Examinations shall determine the qualifications, fitness, and ability of the applicant to practice denturism. The test shall include a written examination and a practical demonstration of skills.

(2) Examinations shall be held at least annually.

(3) The first examination shall be conducted not later than July 1, 1995.

(4) The written examination shall cover the following subjects: (a) Head and oral anatomy and physiology;



(b) oral pathology; (c) partial denture construction and design; (d) microbiology; (e) clinical dental technology;
(f) dental laboratory technology; (g) clinical jurisprudence; (h) asepsis; (i) medical emergencies; and (j) cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

(5) Upon payment of the appropriate fee, an applicant who fails either the written or practical examination may have additional opportunities to take the portion of the examination that he or she failed.

The board or secretary may hire trained persons licensed under this chapter to administer and grade the examinations or may contract with regional examiners who meet qualifications adopted by the board.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. The department shall charge and collect the fees established by the board. Fees collected shall be placed in the health professions account under RCW 43.70.320.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. (1) A license issued under section 9 of this act is valid for two years. A license may be renewed by paying the renewal fee.

(2) If a license issued is effective on a date other than July 1, it shall be valid until the following June 30.

(3) The license shall contain, on its face, the address or addresses where the license holder will perform the denturist services.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. The board shall establish by rule the administrative requirements for renewal of licenses to practice denturism, but shall not increase the licensure requirements provided in this chapter. The board shall establish a renewal and late renewal penalty in accordance with RCW 43.70.250. Failure to renew shall invalidate the license and all privileges granted by the license. The board shall determine by rule whether a license shall be canceled for failure to renew and shall establish procedures and prerequisites for relicensure.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. (1) An individual may place his or her license on inactive status. The holder of an inactive license shall not practice denturism in this state without first activating the license.

(2) The inactive renewal fee shall be established by the board. Failure to renew an inactive license shall result in cancellation in the same manner as failure to renew an active license results in cancellation.

(3) An inactive license may be placed in an active status upon compliance with rules established by the board.

(4) The provisions relating to denial, suspension, and revocation of a license are applicable to an inactive license, except that when proceedings to suspend or revoke an inactive license have been initiated, the license shall remain inactive until the proceedings have been completed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, a licensed denturist may enter into a partnership or other business association with a dentist, provided that such association does not impede the independent professional judgment of either party.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. This chapter may be known and cited as the Washington state denturist act.

Sec. 18. RCW 18.120.020 and 1989 c 300 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions contained in this section shall apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Applicant group" includes any health professional group or organization, any individual, or any other interested party which proposes that any health professional group not presently regulated be regulated or



which proposes to substantially increase the scope of practice of the profession.

(2) "Certificate" and "certification" mean a voluntary process by which a statutory regulatory entity grants recognition to an individual who (a) has met certain prerequisite qualifications specified by that regulatory entity, and (b) may assume or use "certified" in the title or designation to perform prescribed health professional tasks.

(3) "Grandfather clause" means a provision in a regulatory statute applicable to practitioners actively engaged in the regulated health profession prior to the effective date of the regulatory statute which exempts the practitioners from meeting the prerequisite qualifications set forth in the regulatory statute to perform prescribed occupational tasks.

(4) "Health professions" means and includes the following health and health-related licensed or regulated professions and occupations: ((Podiatry)) podiatric medicine and surgery under chapter 18.22 RCW; chiropractic under chapters 18.25 and 18.26 RCW; dental hygiene under chapter 18.29 RCW; dentistry under chapter 18.32 RCW; denturism under chapter 18.—RCW (sections 2 through 17 of this act); dispensing opticians under chapter 18.34 RCW; hearing aids under chapter 18.35 RCW; naturopaths under chapter 18.36A RCW; embalming and funeral directing under chapter 18.39 RCW; midwifery under chapter 18.50 RCW; nursing home administration under chapter 18.52 RCW; optometry under chapters 18.53 and 18.54 RCW; ocularists under chapter 18.55 RCW; osteopathy and osteopathic medicine and surgery under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW; pharmacy under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW; medicine under chapters 18.71, 18.71A, and 18.72 RCW; emergency medicine under chapter 18.73 RCW; physical therapy under chapter 18.74

RCW; practical nurses under chapter 18.78 RCW; psychologists under chapter 18.83 RCW; registered nurses under chapter 18.88 RCW; occupational therapists licensed pursuant to chapter 18.59 RCW; respiratory care practitioners certified under chapter 18.89 RCW; veterinarians and animal technicians under chapter 18.92 RCW; health care assistants under chapter 18.135 RCW; massage practitioners under chapter 18.108 RCW; acupuncturists certified under chapter 18.06 RCW; persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW; dietitians and nutritionists certified by chapter 18.138 RCW; radiologic technicians under chapter 18.84 RCW; and nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter 18.88A RCW.

(5) "Inspection" means the periodic examination of practitioners by a state agency in order to ascertain whether the practitioners' occupation is being carried out in a fashion consistent with the public health, safety, and welfare.

(6) "Legislative committees of reference" means the standing legislative committees designated by the respective rules committees of the senate and house of representatives to consider proposed legislation to regulate health professions not previously regulated.

(7) "License," "licensing," and "licensure" mean permission to engage in a health profession which would otherwise be unlawful in the state in the absence of the permission. A license is granted to those individuals who meet prerequisite qualifications to perform prescribed health professional tasks and for the use of a particular title.

(8) "Professional license" means an individual, nontransferable authorization to carry on a health activity based on qualifications which include: (a) Graduation from an accredited or approved program, and (b) acceptable performance on a qualifying examination or series of examinations.

(9) "Practitioner" means an individual who (a) has achieved knowledge and skill by practice, and (b) is actively engaged in a specified health profession.



(10) "Public member" means an individual who is not, and never was, a member of the health profession being regulated or the spouse of a member, or an individual who does not have and never has had a material financial interest in either the rendering of the health professional service being regulated or an activity directly related to the profession being regulated.

(11) "Registration" means the formal notification which, prior to rendering services, a practitioner shall submit to a state agency setting forth the name and address of the practitioner; the location, nature and operation of the health activity to be practiced; and, if required by the regulatory entity, a description of the service to be provided.

(12) "Regulatory entity" means any board, commission, agency, division, or other unit or subunit of state government which regulates one or more professions, occupations, industries, businesses, or other endeavors in this state.

(13) "State agency" includes every state office, department, board, commission, regulatory entity, and agency of the state, and, where provided by law, programs and activities involving less than the full responsibility of a state agency.

Sec. 19. RCW 18.130.040 and 1993 c 367 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.

(2) (a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation to the following professions:

(i) Dispensing opticians licensed under chapter 18.34

RCW;

(ii) Naturopaths licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW;

(iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;

(iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;

 (v) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108 RCW;

(vi) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29RCW;

(vii) Acupuncturists certified under chapter 18.06 RCW;

(viii) Radiologic technologists certified under chapter 18.84 RCW;

 (ix) Respiratory care practitioners certified under chapter 18.89 RCW;

(x) Persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;

(xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators;

(xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter 18.88A RCW;

(xiii) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;

(xiv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138 RCW;

(xv) Sex offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW; and

(xvi) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or RCW 18.71.205.

(b) The boards having authority under this chapter are as follows:

 (i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22 RCW;

 (ii) The chiropractic disciplinary board as established in chapter 18.26 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.25 RCW;

(iii) The dental disciplinary board as established in chapter 18.32 RCW;

 (iv) The ((council on)) board on fitting and dispensing of hearing aids as established in chapter 18.35 RCW;

 (v) The board of funeral directors and embalmers as established in chapter 18.39 RCW;

(vi) The board of examiners for nursing home admin-



istrators as established in chapter 18.52 RCW;

(vii) The optometry board as established in chapter
 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter
 18.53 RCW;

(viii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;

(ix) The board of pharmacy as established in chapter
 18.64 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters
 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;

(x) The medical disciplinary board as established in chapter 18.72 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;

(xi) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 RCW;

(xii) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;

(xiii) The board of practical nursing as established in chapter 18.78 RCW;

(xiv) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW;

(xv) The board of nursing as established in chapter 18.88 RCW; ((and))

(xvi) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 18.92 RCW; and

(xvii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 2 through 17 of this act).

(3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section. However, the board of chiropractic examiners has authority over issuance and denial of licenses provided for in chapter 18.25 RCW, the board of dental examiners has authority over issuance and denial of licenses provided for in RCW 18.32.040, and the board of medical examiners has authority over issuance and denial of licenses and registrations provided for in chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW. This chapter also governs any investigation, hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure or issuance of a license conditioned on the applicant's compliance with an order entered pursuant to RCW 18.130.160 by the disciplining authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. Sections 2 through 17 of this act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of any disability insurance contract covering dental care as provided for in this chapter, effective January 1, 1995, benefits shall not be denied thereunder for any service performed by a denturist licensed under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 2 through 17 of this act) if (1) the service performed was within the lawful scope of such person's license, and (2) such contract would have provided benefits if such service had been performed by a dentist licensed under chapter 18.32 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. A new section is added to chapter 48.21 RCW to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of any group disability insurance contract or blanket disability insurance contract covering dental care as provided for in this chapter, effective January 1, 1995, benefits shall not be denied thereunder for any service performed by a denturist licensed under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 2 through 17 of this act) if (1) the service performed was within the lawful scope of such person's license, and (2) such contract would have provided benefits if such service had been performed by a dentist licensed under chapter 18.32 RCW.

The above text is an exact reproduction of the text submitted by the sponsor. The Office of the Secretary of State has no editorial authority.



<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of any certified health plan covering dental care as provided for in this chapter, effective January 1, 1995, benefits shall not be denied thereunder for any service performed by a denturist licensed under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 2 through 17 of this act) if (1) the service performed was within the lawful scope of such person's license, and (2) such plan would have provided benefits if such service had been performed by a dentist licensed under chapter 18.32 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 48.44 RCW to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of any health care service contract covering dental care as provided for in this chapter, effective January 1, 1995, benefits shall not be denied thereunder for any service performed by a denturist licensed under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 2 through 17 of this act) if (1) the service performed was within the lawful scope of such person's license, and (2) such contract would have provided benefits if such service had been performed by a dentist licensed under chapter 18.32 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 48.46 RCW to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of any health maintenance organization agreement covering dental care as provided for in this chapter, effective January 1, 1995, benefits shall not be denied thereunder for any service performed by a denturist licensed under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 2 through 17 of this act) if (1) the service performed was within the lawful scope of such person's license, and (2) such agreement would have provided benefits if such service had been performed by a dentist licensed under chapter 18.32 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 26. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

### PLEASE NOTE:

In the preceding and following measures, all words in double parentheses with a line through them are in the State Law at the present time and are being taken out by the measure. All words underlined do not appear in the State Law as it is now written but will be put in if the measure is adopted.

To obtain a copy of the texts of these state measures in larger print, call the Secretary of State's toll-free hotline -- 1-800-448-4881.

### PROJECT VOTE SMART

Additional information about candidates for federal office is available free to Washington voters from Project Vote Smart, a national, nonpartisan program started in 1992. This includes information about voting records, campaign finances, past and current position statements and performance evaluations. Voters can telephone Project Vote Smart at 1-800-622-7627.



### COMPLETE TEXT OF Referendum Bill 43

AN ACT Relating to violence prevention; amending RCW 66.24.210, 66.24.290, 82.08.150, 82.24.020, 82.64.010, 82.64.020, 82.64.030, 82.64.040; repealing RCW 82.64.060, and 82.64.900; providing an effective date; and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

### PART IX. MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 901. RCW 66.24.210 and 1993 c 160 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is hereby imposed upon all wines sold to wine wholesalers and the Washington state liquor control board, within the state a tax at the rate of twenty and one-fourth cents per liter: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That wine sold or shipped in bulk from one winery to another winery shall not be subject to such tax. The tax provided for in this section may, if so prescribed by the board, be collected by means of stamps to be furnished by the board, or by direct payments based on wine purchased by wine wholesalers. Every person purchasing wine under the provisions of this section shall on or before the twentieth day of each month report to the board all purchases during the preceding calendar month in such manner and upon such forms as may be prescribed by the board, and with such report shall pay the tax due from the purchases covered by such report unless the same has previously been paid. Any such purchaser of wine whose applicable tax payment is not postmarked by the twentieth day following the month of purchase will be assessed a penalty at the rate of two percent a month or fraction thereof. If this tax be collected by means of stamps, every such person shall procure from the board revenue stamps representing the tax in such form as the board shall prescribe and shall affix the same to the package or container in such manner and in such denomination as required by the board and shall cancel the same prior to the delivery of the package or container containing the wine to the purchaser. If the tax is not collected by means of stamps, the board may require that every such person shall execute to and file with the board a bond to be approved by the board, in such amount as the board may fix, securing the payment of the tax. If any such person fails to pay the tax when due, the board may forthwith suspend or cancel the license until all taxes are paid.

(2) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be transferred to the state general fund by the twentyfifth day of the following month.

(3) An additional tax is imposed on wines subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section, at the rate of one-fourth of one cent per liter for wine sold after June 30, 1987. Such additional tax shall cease to be imposed on July 1, 2001. All revenues collected under this subsection (3) shall be disbursed quarterly to the Washington wine commission for use in carrying out the purposes of chapter 15.88 RCW.

(4) ((Until July 1, 1995;)) <u>An additional tax is imposed</u> on all wine subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section. The additional tax is equal to twenty-three and forty-four one-hundredths cents per liter on fortified wine as defined in RCW 66.04.010(34) when bottled or packaged by the manufacturer and one cent per liter on all other wine. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the <u>violence</u> <u>reduction and</u> drug enforcement ((and education)) account under RCW 69.50.520 by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.



Sec. 902. RCW 66.24.290 and 1993 c 492 s 311 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any brewer or beer wholesaler licensed under this title may sell and deliver beer to holders of authorized licenses direct, but to no other person, other than the board; and every such brewer or beer wholesaler shall report all sales to the board monthly, pursuant to the regulations, and shall pay to the board as an added tax for the privilege of manufacturing and selling the beer within the state a tax of two dollars and sixty cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons on sales to licensees within the state and on sales to licensees within the state of bottled and canned beer shall pay a tax computed in gallons at the rate of two dollars and sixty cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons. Any brewer or beer wholesaler whose applicable tax payment is not postmarked by the twentieth day following the month of sale will be assessed a penalty at the rate of two percent per month or fraction thereof. Each such brewer or wholesaler shall procure from the board revenue stamps representing such tax in form prescribed by the board and shall affix the same to the barrel or package in such manner and in such denominations as required by the board, and shall cancel the same prior to commencing delivery from his or her place of business or warehouse of such barrels or packages. Beer shall be sold by brewers and wholesalers in sealed barrels or packages. The revenue stamps provided under this section need not be affixed and canceled in the making of resales of barrels or packages already taxed by the affixation and cancellation of stamps as provided in this section.

(2) An additional tax is imposed equal to seven percent multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be transferred to the state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.

(3) ((Until July 1, 1995;)) An additional tax is imposed on all beer subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section. The additional tax is equal to two dollars per barrel of thirty-one gallons. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the <u>violence reduction and</u> drug enforcement ((and education)) account under RCW 69.50.520 by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.

(4)(a) An additional tax is imposed on all beer subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section. The additional tax is equal to ninety-six cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons through June 30, 1995, two dollars and thirtynine cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and four dollars and seventy-eight cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons thereafter.

(b) The additional tax imposed under this subsection does not apply to the sale of the first sixty thousand barrels of beer each year by breweries that are entitled to a reduced rate of tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 5051, as existing on July 1, 1993, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the board by rule consistent with the purposes of this exemption.

(c) All revenues collected from the additional tax imposed under this subsection (4) shall be deposited in the health services account under RCW 43.72.900.

(5) The tax imposed under this section shall not apply to "strong beer" as defined in this title.

Sec. 903. RCW 82.08.150 and 1993 c 492 s 310 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is levied and shall be collected a tax upon each retail sale of spirits, or strong beer in the original package at the rate of fifteen percent of the selling price. The tax imposed in this subsection shall apply to all such sales including sales by the Washington state liquor stores and agencies, but excluding sales to class H licensees.

(2) There is levied and shall be collected a tax upon



each sale of spirits, or strong beer in the original package at the rate of ten percent of the selling price on sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies to class H licensees.

(3) There is levied and shall be collected an additional tax upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of one dollar and seventy-two cents per liter. The additional tax imposed in this subsection shall apply to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, and including sales to class H licensees.

(4) An additional tax is imposed equal to fourteen percent multiplied by the taxes payable under subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section.

(5) ((Until July 1, 1995,)) An additional tax is imposed upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of seven cents per liter. The additional tax imposed in this subsection shall apply to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, and including sales to class H licensees. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the <u>violence reduction and</u> drug enforcement ((and education)) account under RCW 69.50.520 by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.

(6)(a) An additional tax is imposed upon retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of one and seven-tenths percent of the selling price through June 30, 1995, two and six-tenths percent of the selling price for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and three and four-tenths of the selling price thereafter. This additional tax applies to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, but excluding sales to class H licensees.

(b) An additional tax is imposed upon retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of one and onetenth percent of the selling price through June 30, 1995, one and seven-tenths percent of the selling price for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and two and three-tenths of the selling price thereafter. This additional tax applies to all such sales to class H licensees.

(c) An additional tax is imposed upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of twenty cents per liter through June 30, 1995, thirty cents per liter for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and forty-one cents per liter thereafter. This additional tax applies to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, and including sales to class H licensees.

(d) All revenues collected during any month from additional taxes under this subsection shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900 by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.

(7) The tax imposed in RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of spirits or strong beer in the original package.

(8) The taxes imposed in this section shall be paid by the buyer to the seller, and each seller shall collect from the buyer the full amount of the tax payable in respect to each taxable sale under this section. The taxes required by this section to be collected by the seller shall be stated separately from the selling price and for purposes of determining the tax due from the buyer to the seller, it shall be conclusively presumed that the selling price quoted in any price list does not include the taxes imposed by this section.

(9) As used in this section, the terms, "spirits," "strong beer," and "package" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in chapter 66.04 RCW.

Sec. 904. RCW 82.24.020 and 1993 c 492 s 307 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is levied and there shall be collected as provided in this chapter, a tax upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession or distribution of all cigarettes, in an amount equal to the rate of eleven and one-half mills per cigarette.

(2) ((Until July 1, 1995,)) An additional tax is imposed



upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of all cigarettes, in an amount equal to the rate of ((one and one-half)) five and one-fourth mills per cigarette. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the <u>violence reduction and</u> drug enforcement ((and education)) account under RCW 69.50.520 by the twentyfifth day of the following month.

(3) An additional tax is imposed upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of all cigarettes, in an amount equal to the rate of ten mills per cigarette through June 30, 1994, eleven and one-fourth mills per cigarette for the period July 1, 1994, through June 30, 1995, twenty mills per cigarette for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1996, and twenty and one-half mills per cigarette thereafter. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900 by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.

(4) Wholesalers and retailers subject to the payment of this tax may, if they wish, absorb one-half mill per cigarette of the tax and not pass it on to purchasers without being in violation of this section or any other act relating to the sale or taxation of cigarettes.

(5) For purposes of this chapter, "possession" shall mean both (a) physical possession by the purchaser and, (b) when cigarettes are being transported to or held for the purchaser or his or her designee by a person other than the purchaser, constructive possession by the purchaser or his <u>or her</u> designee, which constructive possession shall be deemed to occur at the location of the cigarettes being so transported or held.

Sec. 905. RCW 82.64.010 and 1991 c 80 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Carbonated beverage" has its ordinary meaning and includes any nonalcoholic liquid intended for human consumption which contains carbon dioxide, whether carbonation is obtained by natural or artificial means.

(2) "Previously taxed ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup" means ((a carbonated beverage or)) syrup in respect to which a tax has been paid under this chapter. ((A "previously taxed carbonated beverage" includes carbonated beverages in respect to which a tax has been paid under this chapter on the carbonated beverage or on the syrup in the carbonated beverage.))

(3) "Syrup" means a concentrated liquid which is added to carbonated water to produce a carbonated beverage.

(4) Except for terms defined in this section, the definitions in chapters 82.04, 82.08, and 82.12 RCW apply to this chapter.

Sec. 906. RCW 82.64.020 and 1991 c 80 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A tax is imposed on each sale at wholesale of ((a carbonated beverage or)) syrup in this state. The rate of the tax shall be equal to ((eighty-four one-thou-sandths of a cent per ounce for carbonated beverages and seventy-five cents)) one dollar per gallon ((for syrups)). Fractional amounts shall be taxed proportionally.

(2) A tax is imposed on each sale at retail of ((a carbonated beverage or)) syrup in this state. The rate of the tax shall be equal to the rate imposed under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Moneys collected under this chapter shall be deposited in the <u>violence reduction and</u> drug enforcement ((<del>and education</del>)) account under RCW 69.50.520.

(4) Chapter 82.32 RCW applies to the taxes imposed in this chapter. The tax due dates, reporting periods, and return requirements applicable to chapter 82.04 RCW apply equally to the taxes imposed in this chapter.



Sec. 907. RCW 82.64.030 and 1991 c 80 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The following are exempt from the taxes imposed in this chapter:

 Any successive sale of a previously taxed ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup.

(2) Any ((earbonated beverage or)) syrup that is transferred to a point outside the state for use outside the state. The department shall provide by rule appropriate procedures and exemption certificates for the administration of this exemption.

(3) Any sale at wholesale of a trademarked ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup by any person to a person commonly known as a bottler who is appointed by the owner of the trademark to manufacture, distribute, and sell such trademarked ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup within a specified geographic territory.

(4) Any sale of ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup in respect to which a tax on the privilege of possession was paid under this chapter before June 1, 1991.

Sec. 908. RCW 82.64.040 and 1991 c 80 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Credit shall be allowed, in accordance with rules of the department, against the taxes imposed in this chapter for any ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup tax paid to another state with respect to the same ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup. The amount of the credit shall not exceed the tax liability arising under this chapter with respect to that ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup.

(2) For the purpose of this section:

(a) "((Garbonated beverage or)) Syrup tax" means a tax:

 (i) That is imposed on the sale at wholesale of ((carbonated beverages or)) syrup and that is not generally imposed on other activities or privileges; and

(ii) That is measured by the volume of the ((carbonated beverage or)) syrup.

(b) "State" means (i) a state of the United States other than Washington, or any political subdivision of such other state, (ii) the District of Columbia, and (iii) any foreign country or political subdivision thereof.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 909. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 82.64.060 and 1991 c 80 s 5; and

(2) RCW 82.64.900 and 1989 c 271 s 509.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 911. Sections 901 through 909 of this act shall be submitted as a single ballot measure to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next succeeding general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution, as amended, and the laws adopted to facilitate the operation thereof unless section 13, chapter 2, Laws of 1994, has been declared invalid or otherwise enjoined or stayed by a court of competent jurisdiction.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 912. Sections 905 through 908 of this act shall not be construed as affecting any existing right acquired or liability or obligation incurred, nor as affecting any proceeding instituted under those sections, before the effective date of sections 905 through 908 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 915. (2) Sections 904 through 908 of this act shall take effect July 1, 1995.

# WORLD WAR II 1944 VETERANS VOTE



"Our voting booth was simply a tree, and we had a lot of these... It was the first time I ever voted in any election and I recognized it as a special privilege, for that was one of the main principles we were fighting for."

> Allan C. Barger Port Orchard

"Voting was a morale booster. After four years of war, it made me feel that what I was doing was important... I goofed! It was the only time in my life that I had a chance to vote for Franklin Roosevelt and I voted for Tom Dewey. I knew the names of some of the state and local people and I probably got some of them right."

> Robert Edlin Port Orchard

"I remember well the election of 1944 while serving with the Army Air Corps in Italy. My four tent buddies and I unanimously voted for Franklin D. Roosevelt for President."

> Charles D. Johnson Endicott



Thanks to Washington State World War II veterans for submitting their voting stories.

All photographs courtesy of the Fort Lewis Public Affairs Office and The Pentagon Visual Media Library.



### **United States Senator**



### Ron SIMS

### Democrat

Campaign Address: Ron Sims for U.S. Senate 233 6th Avenue N. Seattle, WA 98109

### Dear Washingtonian,

Long ago, I asked my father, a Spokane minister, whether I should follow his steps into the ministry or turn to public service. He advised service. Today, after graduating from Central Washington University in Ellensburg, and working for the Washington Attorney General, the Federal Trade Commission, and the Washington State Senate, I am serving my third term on the King County Council. At 46, I am a candidate for the U.S. Senate because I want to fight for hardworking middle class families, for our children, and for seniors.

I have tried to live a life of service in my job, as a husband and father of three, and in my community as a volunteer school tutor, a lay minister for Operation Nightwatch working to help young people get off the streets, as a coach, and as a volunteer hospital chaplain for the terminally ill.

Public safety and fiscal responsibility were my priorities as Chair of the Council's Finance Committee. I added police, pioneered the use of DNA coding and an Automated Fingerprint Identification System, and created a registry of convicted sex predators. I made sure funding for senior services and programs for women and children continued, but by holding the line on spending I created new financial reserves and earned King County one of the nation's top credit ratings.

I have tried to say with my life that our echoing footsteps will create our children's tomorrows. I want to be a Senator whose hands and heart and mind will be there for all of us. Please help me with your vote.

#### Thank you. Ron Sims

Endorsed By: The Washington Education Association, Washington Federation of Teachers, Sierra Club, National Organization for Women, International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, and eighteen other organizations representing Telephone: (206) 448-7010 Washington's working families.

### **United States Senator**





Slade GORTON Republican A fire burns within me because I know that if I and a few more likeminded people are elected to the U.S. Senate this year we can begin turning things around for a safer and more prosperous Washington state and America.

The direction being set by today's dominant majority in Washington D.C. is wrong. I believe passionately that there is a better way. Their way is toward a more centralized and expensive federal government. Their way takes money and choices away from families and communities. They want to decide 3,000 miles away what is best for us in our neighborhoods, schools and doctors' offices. Their way means less freedom, fewer choices, decreased individual responsibility, more taxes and deficits.

This is your choice: If you want just another Senator who will support the majority that dominates Washington D.C. today, vote for my opponent. But, if you agree with me that there is a better way and you want a voice to balance today's majority — then I would appreciate your vote because mine is a different direction.

My agenda is simple: I work for jobs, personal safety and a clean Washington state.

My faith is not in centralized federal decisions. Instead I believe in the ability of people, families and communities to decide better for themselves. Whether the issue is education, creating jobs, health care, or fighting crime — my faith is in you. My direction is toward empowering you and your family to give you the maximum freedom to make the best choices about your own life and your own future. I work for you.

Do you want one more Senator who thinks like the dominant majority or do you want Slade Gorton — a voice for balance and a different direction?



### United States Representative

**First Congressional District** 



### Maria CANTWELL

Democrat Campaign Address:

Maria Cantwell for Congress 6524 N.E. 181st Street Kenmore, WA 98155 Telephone: (206) 481-8108 Maria Cantwell has made change in Washington D.C. a reality instead of just another political slogan.

**Fiscal Responsibility.** Cantwell set the standard by slashing her own office budget saving taxpayers over a quarter million dollars. She also voted to cut the budget for Congress and then began to attack wasteful federal spending. She supported \$90 billion more in budget cuts than the President proposed. The independent Roll Call magazine labeled Cantwell one of the most frugal new members of Congress. The bipartisan Concord Coalition, an organization dedicated to deficit reduction, also recognized Cantwell's efforts and gave her its highest rating.

She supports the line-item veto and a balanced budget proposal both designed to bring federal spending under control.

Effective. Maria hasn't just focused on budget cutting. She's getting things done for Washington and the 1st District, even if it means opposing the President. Her efforts on behalf of the local software industry will open up billions worth of new markets, keep jobs at home and contribute positively to the balance of trade.

Leadership. Maria Cantwell has led the way in representing the needs of her district, and she has demonstrated a responsible approach to other issues important to all of us. Maria is clear in her positions: she is pro-choice; she supports the Brady bill and a ban on assault weapons. She also supports family leave to allow mothers or fathers to take unpaid leave to care for a newborn or sick child without fear of losing their jobs.

Maria Cantwell is just the kind of change we wanted in Congress. These last two years she has proven that she knows how to work hard to represent our interests in Congress.

Rick White is running for Congress because it's time for us to take government back from career politicians.

Rick White has a young family and many reasons *not* to run. But he cares about our country and the issues that are important to us. He wants to truly reform Congress. Maria Cantwell promised change in 1992, but failed to deliver!

Rick White will be a different kind of Representative. He will tell you where he stands and then stick to his principles. Here is how he will represent you: • Rick White will be an independent vote for the people of the First District. The incumbent votes with Bill Clinton more than 80 percent of the time. • Rick White will vote to cut spending first, not raise taxes first. The incumbent cast the deciding vote for Clinton's 1993 tax package, which raised taxes by an average of \$1,487 for every man, woman and child in the First District. • Rick White will vote to cut government waste, starting with Congress. The incumbent voted against cutting Congress' budget by five percent, against cutting committee spending by 25 percent, and against other basic cuts. • Rick White will vote for *real* crime control. The incumbent voted for racial quotas for death-row inmates, sensitivity training for judges, and other misguided social programs that will not stop crime.

Congress is out of control. Incumbents are more concerned about getting re-elected than about helping the people that elected them. Ms. Cantwell is a classic political careerist, who moved to our state to run for office and has never held a job outside politics.

We won't solve the mess in Congress until we start electing a different kind of person to serve us. That's why Rick White decided to run, and that's why he wants your vote.

### Rick WHITE

Republican Campaign Address: Rick White for Congress Committee P.O. Box 8156 Kirkland, WA 98034 Telephone: (206) 823-5948

### United States Representative Seventh Congressional District



### Jim McDERMOTT

Democrat

Campaign Address: Friends for Jim McDermott P.O. Box 21786 Seattle, WA 98111-3786 Telephone: (206) 689-5635

Completing his third term in the House of Representatives, Jim McDermott is a national leader in the struggle to achieve meaningful health care reform. He is the chief sponsor of legislation to create a national single payer health care system to provide universal, permanent health insurance to all Americans, thereby enabling our citizens to obtain affordable care from the doctors, hospitals, and other providers they choose, regardless of age, employment status, location, or medical condition.

Jim continues to promote a comprehensive and compassionate national response to the HIV/AIDS epidemic, encouraging research, housing, and social services funding to combat the devastating impacts of this disease. His expertise in issues surrounding HIV/AIDS extends to the international arena as well; as chairman of the Congressional Task Force on International HIV/AIDS, McDermott is working to stem the spread of the disease worldwide.

Also in the international sphere, Jim is pressing for the expanded trade opportunities on which so many Washington State jobs depend. His support of an innovative proposal to export U.S. environmental technology and services to underdeveloped nations facing environmental crisis reflects Jim's pursuit of thoughtful trade strategies that deliver multiple benefits.

Similarly, Jim continues to advance legislation to preserve fragile forest and water resources. He successfully sought consolidation of its land holdings in the Cedar River watershed to ensure Seattle's ability to protect the quality of its drinking water. Jim has been instrumental in obtaining federal funds for development of a regional transportation system, and he is emphasizing the importance of conservation in the restructuring of the Bonneville Power Administration.

Jim McDermott is an effective leader respected for his work on issues of civil rights, reproductive choice, affordable housing, educational opportunity, children's services, and veterans' aid. He represents Washington's Seventh Congressional District with integrity and vigor.

impose a government controlled single-payer system. Of course if the government pays all the bills, we'll only be able to get treatment that's been officially approved by the government.

Even now, government interference is a big part of the problem. Many promising drugs and medical devices are unavailable because the manufacturer hasn't managed to jump through all the FDA hoops. Medicare regulations confuse and exasperate people. What we need is a health care system that gives people more freedom, not more restrictions.

How about the public school system? Many parents are forced to send their children to public schools where they aren't even safe. Parents should be given a voucher they can use at the school of their choice, public or private. That way parents with modest incomes would have some of the options that wealthier people do.

Finally, there's nothing quite like welfare to demonstrate the foolishness of putting government bureaucrats in control. Since the mid-60s we've spent literally trillions of dollars on government poverty programs. Those programs are so misguided in the way they're set up that they've lured millions of people into irresponsible, self-destructive behavior.

Private charities are *far* more effective than the government. They're more efficient, and they're much more sensible in the way they design their programs. If we're really serious about fighting poverty, we'll let taxpayers direct the welfare portion of their taxes to private charities. Government poverty programs don't work, and *taxpayers shouldn't be forced to support them.* 

Who should run things? More government isn't the answer. We should trust the American people.



### Keith HARRIS

Republican Campaign Address: Keith Harris for Congress Committee 32623 108th Place S.E. Auburn, WA 98092 Telephone: (206) 931-8018

As we look for solutions to our nation's problems, one basic question comes up again and again: Who's going to run things, the government or the people?

Look at the health care situation. Many in Congress want to



### United States Representative

Ninth Congressional District



### Mike KREIDLER

Democrat Campaign Address: Mike Kreidler for Congress Committee P.O. Box 4839 Federal Way, WA 98063 Telephone: (206) 661-8147

Mike Kreidler is a fighter who puts principal ahead of politics. "Kreidler is...one whose vote can't be bought..." (Tacoma News Tribune.)

Kreidler "has cast many tough votes, many going against the wishes of strong, vested interests..." (Federal Way News.)

No one "has cast more courageous...votes than Kreidler." (Seattle Times.)

*"It was a tough and courageous vote."* The Seattle Post-Intelligencer wrote on Mike Kreidler's vote for the Brady Bill and banning semi-automatic assault weapons.

Mike Kreidler has earned his reputation for hard work and courage because he is serious about change. Even if it means going up against the President or powerful special interests.

Mike has taken on the tobacco lobby over the dangers of smoking; the insurance lobby over health care reform; the meat packers lobby over the E. coli scandal; and the federal government itself when he helped eliminate 250,000 federal positions.

Now, Mike is taking on the gun lobby over crime and violence. Even though Mike Kreidler supports the right of hunters and sports people, co-sponsored the federal Three Strikes and You're Out, voted for broadening the death penalty and for 100,000 more police in our communities, the gun lobby is going after Mike.

Why? Because he also supports banning semi-automatic assault weapons and licensing hand gun owners just as we do automobile drivers.

Join common sense people across the District and let's re-elect Mike Kreidler.

Mike is a Pierce County native. In college he worked jumping forest fires in Oregon. An optometrist with Group Health for twenty years, Mike was a local school board member, community bank director, and is a Lt. Colonel in the U.S. Army Reserves. His medical unit was activated during Desert Storm.

Mike is married to Lela Kreidler. They have three children.

our families a better life and a future of hope and opportunity . . . or leadership that does not share these values and beliefs.

Too many politicians in the other Washington believe that healthcare reform must include new government bureaucracy. Randy Tate knows government control will affect our choice of doctors, coverage and medical care.

We must make quality health care more available and more affordable, but we do not need to create a new government bureaucracy nor give government control over our health-care choices. Randy Tate will fight to preserve our choices, our ability to keep health insurance when we change jobs, and to get insurance despite pre-existing illnesses.

Randy Tate believes we must reform our justice system. He knows the greatest root cause of crime is a lack of respect for the law. To deter crime and increase our safety, we must reform the system so it is no longer treated as a joke and so criminals receive swift and sure punishment. That's why Randy Tate passed one of the most stringent sexual predator laws in the nation.

Politicians in Washington, D.C. ignore the fact that government does not spend a nickel that it did not first take from someone else — the person who earned it.

Instead of the tax cut promised two years ago, we got a tax increase. Instead of the fiscal responsibility promised, we got continued deficit spending and a big increase in the national debt.

The incumbent, Mike Kreidler, was the deciding vote for the Clinton tax increase. He voted for continued deficit spending and to increase the national debt.



### Randy TATE

### Republican

Campaign Address: Randy Tate for Congress Committee 33743 9th Avenue S. Federal Way, WA 98003 Telephone: (206) 952-7868 Pierce County or (206) 874-4646 King County

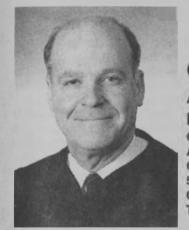
This election is a choice between leadership that favors less taxes, less government control of our private lives, and policies that promote new jobs and economic growth . . . leadership that will give

28

### **Justice of the Supreme Court**

**Position 2** 





### Gerry L. ALEXANDER

Nonpartisan Campaign Address: Alexander for Supreme Court Committee 525 Columbia N.W., Suite 202 Olympia, WA 98501 Telephone: (206) 756-0447 "Court of Appeals Judge Gerry Alexander has the experience and integrity to be a great Justice on our Supreme Court." - *Retired Justice Robert Hunter* 

Judge Alexander is endorsed by 6 of 7 retired Supreme Court Justices, many County Prosecutors, law enforcement leaders, organizations, and hundreds of individuals from across the state.

Judicial Experience-Judge Alexander is the most experienced judge running for this position, having served 10 years on the Washington Court of Appeals and 11 years on the Thurston-Mason County Superior Court. He taught Legal Ethics at the University of Puget Sound Law School and served as Judge Pro Tempore on the Supreme Court. The State Bar Association gave its Highest Rating for his appointment to the Supreme Court.

**Community Leadership** - Judge Alexander is Past President of Thurston County United Way, Olympia area YMCA, Capital Marathon Association, and State Capital Historical Association; a past Board Member of the Thurston County Crisis Clinic and past Moderator of United Churches of Olympia.

**Personal Achievement** - Born in Washington; attended public schools in Aberdeen and Olympia; graduate of University of Washington and its law school. He served as an Army infantry officer and is the proud father of three children.



### Janice NIEMI

Nonpartisan Campaign Address: Janice Niemi for Supreme Court P.O. Box 20516 Seattle, WA 98102 Telephone: (206) 323-2619 Janice Niemi will protect our legal rights. She is uniquely qualified to serve on the Supreme Court. She has experience as a judge, a legislator and a community leader. Niemi offers common sense with an outstanding record of public service. Her experience has taught her to listen and to understand the wide variety of interests we have in this State. She understands that the law must represent real people as well as high ideals.

Balanced Experience - Janice Niemi served as a District Court Judge and Superior Court Judge for 7 1/2 years. She was Presiding Judge of Seattle District Court, President of her local PTA, a volunteer on the Central Area School Council, and served as a State Representative and Senator.

Compassion and Strength - Niemi's judicial experience, community leadership and legislative service make her exceptionally qualified to serve on our highest court. She has received the highest rating of the Seattle Police Guild, from officers who regularly appear before her. We need Janice Niemi because she listens, is fair-minded, and cares about issues affecting our daily lives.

Raised in Spokane, Niemi received her law degree from the University of Washington. She is the mother of two children.



### **Justice of the Supreme Court Position 3**



### Phil TALMADGE

Nonpartisan Campaign Address: Committee to Elect

Phil Talmadge P.O. Box 46417 Seattle, WA 98146 Telephone: (206) 340-4616

Phil Talmadge, an experienced legislator and nationally-honored appeals lawyer, knows that the Supreme Court, like other governmental institutions, must change to serve us:

Work Harder for Justice - Our appellate courts are congested. Some cases wait for more than a year to be decided. That's too long. The Supreme Court should work with the Court of Appeals, taking more cases to reduce the backlog.

More Affordable Justice - Arbitration and mediation should be used more often as an alternative to traditional litigation, which can be expensive and traumatic for those seeking justice.

Concern for Children, Families and Crime Victims - The courts need to be sensitive to the needs of crime victims, children, and families. Phil, who wrote the laws against child abuse and domestic violence, knows that the administration of our juvenile justice system must be improved.

Phil's campaign has received support from the State Council of Police Officers, the State Patrol Troopers Association, the Washington Council of Firefighters, the State Labor Council, the Federation of State Employees, the Hispanic Bar Association and the Seattle Firefighters. Phil is rated "exceptionally well qualified" by the Loren Miller Bar Association and Washington Women Lawyers.



### Jeanette BURRAGE

### Nonpartisan

Campaign Address: Friends of Jeanette Burrage 557 Roy Street, Suite 95 Seattle, WA 98109 Telephone: (206) 824-1405

Proven Leadership -

Jeanette Burrage will protect the constitutional liberties guaranteed to everyone. As Executive Director of the Northwest Legal Foundation, Burrage has assisted people directly and through management of the foundation. The mission of the foundation is to protect individual rights including private property rights. One of her goals is to make the law more easily understood. **Balanced Experience -**

Jeanette Burrage has practiced land use and privacy rights law. Her law degree is from the University of Washington. She has been an accountant, budget analyst and a financial consultant, as well as assistant to Federal Appeals Court Judge Eugene A. Wright.

Burrage served as a Washington State Representative in 1981-82, and is currently a councilwoman for Des Moines, Washington. Will Bring Common Sense to Washington's Highest Court -

Jeanette Burrage will combine practical knowledge and legal experience in making judgments. She is the mother of two sons. With her husband she has assisted with community service projects through the West Seattle Jaycees.

Mrs. Burrage has been a board member of the Senior Center of West Seattle, and Citizens to Save Puget Sound. She has a track record for getting things done. Jeanette Burrage will make an outstanding State Supreme Court Justice.

### State Representative **Eleventh Legislative District**





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### Eileen L. CODY

Democrat

Campaign Address: **Committee to Elect Eileen Cody** 5209 36th Avenue S.W. Seattle, WA 98126 Telephone: (206) 935-9176

Eileen was appointed to this position in June of 1994. The precinct committee officers of the district selected her because of her long history of activism in the Democratic party and in her union.

A long time West Seattle resident and registered nurse, Eileen has been working throughout her career for health care reform that assures guality care, access, and affordability for all. She plans on continuing working towards that goal in Olympia.

When elected Eileen anticipates listening to, caring for, and working with the diverse community that makes up the 11th District.

Republican - No candidate filed.



### Velma VELORIA

Democrat

Campaign Address: **Committee to Re-elect** Velma Veloria 1511 S. Ferdinand Street Seattle, WA 98108 Telephone: (206) 762-7855

During her first term, Velma Veloria got more bills signed into law than any first-term representative. As a member of the House Health Care Committee, Velma worked hard to ensure equal access to health care for all. She led a key international trade mission that resulted in increased export revenue to our state. She strongly promoted multilingual abilities for all.

Velma will continue to be an effective advocate for workers' rights to earn livable wages with job security, a safe and clean environment, and fight for a health benefits package that's affordable and meets everyone's needs.

Republican - No candidate filed.



### State Senator Thirty-Second Legislative District

Have you ever noticed candidates seem to do all the talking, and you do all the listening? Not so with Darlene Fairley.

Her job in the past 10 years has been to listen—to kids, who have been victims of assault and abuse, to families who have had to deal with violence and to mothers needing prenatal and postnatal care.

As a Lake Forest Park City Councilwoman, Darlene listens to citizens, helps deliver basic services and keeps the community involved in local government.

Darlene knows what it's like to listen to other people about healthcare. She has listened to discussions about her and her son's recovery from a near-fatal car accident. When the benefits package is being passed in Olympia, Darlene wants to be at the table.

Her history includes: Volunteer Victim Advocate, Seattle Police Department; Court-appointed advocate for abused children; Lake Forest Park City Councilmember; Co-Chair, Legislative Committee Human Service Roundtable; Founder, Cuc Family Medical Clinic in Vietnam; Former high school teacher; Former medic and social worker in Vietnam.

Darlene has been endorsed by Washington Federation of Teachers, Sierra Club, Seattle Firefighters, Washington and King County Labor Councils and Washington Business and Professional Women.



### Bryan WAHL

Darlene

Democrat

FAIRLEY

Campaign Address:

Washington State Senate

Kenmore, WA 98028-0826

Telephone: (206) 362-9548

**Darlene Fairley for** 

P.O. Box 82826

Republican Campaign Address: People for Bryan Wahl

P.O. Box 77458 Shoreline, WA 98177 Telephone: (206) 367-3272

### Strong, Experienced Leadership for Our Future

Bryan Wahl, a small business owner, exemplifies the American Dream at work in the 32nd District. Born and raised in the area, Bryan graduated from our Shoreline public schools and the University of Washington. Bryan has been active in the community over the past ten years: • Commissioner and Past-Chairman, Shoreline Parks and Recreation Board; • Legislative Chairman, Department of Youth Services Advisory Committee; • Past Campaign Chairman, VISION: Shoreline, city incorporation effort; • Washington State Executive Director, Concord Coalition; • Chairman, Shoreline Chamber of Commerce's Governmental Affairs Committee; • Chairman, Shoreline Business Roundtable.

Bryan Wahl's recent efforts have been directed at: Fostering a compassionate community for our families; Creating positive alternatives for our children; Improving our public schools; Restoring local control; and, Reducing our tax burden.

Bryan Wahl is working to create a business friendly environment, revitalizing our communities by restoring local control and neighborhood support, and ensuring public safety by increasing the certainty and severity of punishment.

Providing economic prosperity. Rebuilding our communities.

Fighting violent crime.

32

### State Representative Thirty-Second Legislative District





### Nancy RUST

Democrat Campaign Address: Friends for Nancy Rust 18747 Ridgefield Road N.W. Seattle, WA 98177 Telephone: (206) 542-4329 The best reason to continue my legislative work is my granddaughters and their generation. I am committed to our children and our environment.

As chair of the house environment committee, I have made Washington a model for environmental legislation.

As a member of the appropriations committee, I have worked for programs for children that will prevent problems in the future.

My husband, Dr. Richard Rust, and I have lived and worked in the community for 40 years. We have six grown children who graduated from public schools.

I am an effective leader needed in the Legislature.



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### Terry ROBERTS

Republican Campaign Address: Citizens for Terry Roberts P.O. Box 33782 Seattle, WA 98133 Telephone: (206) 364-5015 Once I could have fallen into a life of crime. I know what saved me. As an Administrator for a private company dealing with gang youth, I know what will save them, *quality education*, *prevention* and *tough sentencing*.

I have never held public office. My experience, energy and problem solving skills will make a difference.

My family has lived in north Seattle over 20 years. I am a board member for Northshore Youth and Family Services and Korean Task Force on Long Term Care. I am active in Shoreline Chamber, Vision Shoreline, Shoreline Parks and Mothers Against Violence.



### Grace COLE

Democrat

Campaign Address: Committee to Re-elect Grace Cole 3026 N.E. 163rd Seattle, WA 98155 Telephone: (206) 362-7409 Grace Cole is effective and trustworthy. A Seattle Times survey ranked Grace "one of the top five legislators in integrity." Grace won the 1994 Governor's Child Abuse Prevention Award.

Grace passed legislation helping working families by increasing minimum wage and improving family leave laws. Her bills also tighten regulations on auto-repair shops and prevent scams by dishonest travel agents.

An active long-time resident of Shoreline, Grace served on the Shoreline School Board, Shoreline Youth Services, and was co-founder of the Center for Human Services.

Grace will continue to work for better schools and reform of the Juvenile Justice Act.



### Patrick BISSEN

Republican Campaign Address: Citizens to Elect Patrick Bissen 15831 8th Avenue N.E. Seattle, WA 98155 Telephone: (206) 365-5986 What are your dreams for the future of Washington state? A government of politicians or a government of, by, for *We the People*? We the people have children in need of education. We have families who enjoy our freedoms. We the people have loved ones who seek safety from those who viciously threaten our basic liberties of love, life and happiness, through criminal injustice; be it street crime or bureaucratic idleness. I am asking you to please take an active part, remembering always that freedom is never free! I ask for your vote as I strive to do the same.



### State Senator Thirty-Third Legislative District



### Adam SMITH

Democrat Campaign Address: Committee to Elect Adam Smith 27030 47th Avenue S., #104 Kent, WA 98032 Telephone: (206) 852-3487 Four years ago the 33rd District elected Adam Smith as the youngest State Senator in the nation. After two years in office, Adam became the youngest Chair of the Senate Law and Justice Committee in our state's history.

Now, at age 29 and a prosecuting attorney, Adam is running for a second term as one of the brightest stars in the legislature. He was ranked 14th out of 146 legislators in a recent Seattle Times survey, and is the only legislator in the state to be endorsed by every major law enforcement group. Adam was also the prime sponsor of our state's tough new DWI law and was named legislator of the year by MADD for his efforts.

Adam is a life-time resident in our community and has worked hard as our Senator because he cares about the people in our district. His top priority is to always listen to our concerns and to do his best to address those concerns. Crime, education, government efficiency and fighting to stop the third runway are the main concerns Adam wants to keep working on.

Let's keep Adam Smith working for us. He is a leader we can be proud of.



34

### Jerry GUITE

Republican Campaign Address: Campaign Headquarters 22507 Marine View Drive Des Moines, WA 98198 Telephone: (206) 824-4430 In every aspect of our lives, it is the individual who must take responsibility for his actions. Government officials should be even more responsible, and be accountable, but cannot allow government to take over our personal decisions.

I've been a successful business person for over 20 years, not an attorney. I've met over 1,000 straight payrolls, and I know how to live within a budget.

With so few dollars available and so much to do, every single tax dollar must be treated as precious. Government spends more each year because it bases its budget increases on the last budget. Wouldn't it make more sense to justify each expenditure, and base your budget on what you need - not what you had last year? Today, agencies have the incentive to spend, not save. I know how to save money wisely.

In education, we must responsibly spend our limited tax money to make sure our funds go to the children, not to an administration. In Criminal Justice - speedy trials, tough penalties, sure sentences.

I've been listening to people's needs for 25 years, and will listen to your needs from government.

I need your support and want your vote. Thank you.

### State Representative Thirty-Third Legislative District



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### Julia PATTERSON Democrat

Campaign Address: People for Patterson 4221 S. 185th SeaTac, WA 98188 Telephone: (206) 241-7077 Julia Patterson's commitment to strong principles and common sense makes her an extraordinary Representative. As stated by the Seattle Times, "Her record is one of civic involvement, rather than partisan politics."

Proven effective in her first term, Julia won passage of five bills into law, including airport mitigation legislation and a child abuse prevention law. Julia advocates crime prevention and early intervention for youth to

help reduce crime and its causes.

Growing up in our community, attending our schools, marrying, working with her husband, raising three youngsters, Julia has spent her entire life serving, volunteering and living in our district.



### Chuck BREZINA

Republican Campaign Address: Citizens to Elect Chuck Brezina, G.O.P. c/o 3250 B Street N.W. Auburn, WA 98002 Telephone: (206) 941-1146 I am plain Chuck Brezina, Citizen. I have consented to be a Candidate for State Representative. My political principles are short and sweet, our Constitution as written by the Founders, and the State of Washington. I believe in God, country, family, Corps, and myself. I believe in a system of internal improvements, and I am against human suffering. I believe that "Times" change but principles stay the same.

If on that platform, I can win your vote, I shall be grateful as your servant and much obliged. If not, no harm done or offense taken, and I remain respectfully yours.



### Greg FISHER

### Democrat

Campaign Address: Greg Fisher Committee 867 S.W. Shoremont Avenue Normandy Park, WA 98166 Telephone: (206) 431-9187 Greg Fisher was voted in a recent Seattle Times poll of Democrats, Republicans and government experts as one of the top legislators in Washington. Greg's bipartisan support is rooted in his willingness to work with all sides and listen to all viewpoints. He is always willing to take on big special interests to represent his constituents. Whether it is fighting the third runway, cutting taxes and government waste or increasing sentences for criminals, Greg Fisher has never walked away from tough issues or his constituents. As a small businessman, husband and father, Greg brings our experiences and viewpoints to Olympia.



Jim McCUNE

Republican Campaign Address: Citizens for Jim McCune P.O. Box 98044 Des Moines, WA 98198 Telephone: (206) 878-2911 "We can't solve today's problems by re-electing those who created them." To Jim McCune representing our community means being accountable and accessible to the citizens, which our present government lacks.

The liberal socialist agenda continues to erode our state, with unproven social engineering schemes. Let's restore academic excellence, discipline and local control in education, and maintain our freedom in healthcare. Jim is opposed to a third runway.

Working families, retired people, job providers and property owners cannot thrive when they are overregulated, overtaxed and overwhelmed by overgrown bureaucracies. Jim favors swift justice, stiff penalties, and full terms for criminals.

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### State Senator Thirty-Fourth Legislative District



### Michael HEAVEY

Democrat Campaign Address: Committee to Elect Mike Heavey 9403 44th Avenue S.W. Seattle, WA 98136 Telephone: (206) 937-2233 Mike Heavey will be a State Senator who is willing to take a stand on the tough issues, and fight for us in Olympia.

As Chair of the House Labor and Commerce Committee, and an expert on issues relating to labor, regulatory reform, and alcohol and gambling laws, Mike has effectively brought together diverse interests to negotiate and compromise on complex issues.

In our community, Mike's efforts were critical in winning approval for the 1st Avenue South bridge. He has fought against Seattle's urban villages and the third runway at Sea-Tac Airport. He works to preserve the rural environment of Vashon Island for future generations.

Mike Heavey is working for a community free from crime and violence, transportation solutions which move people efficiently, and reduced residential property tax burdens.

Mike Heavey believes neighborhood schools are essential to improving the quality of public education. He'll work for stable funding for education and greater cooperation between businesses, schools and parents, and for the reduction of class size.

A lifelong resident of Seattle, Mike Heavey is a successful attorney and decorated veteran of the Vietnam war. He and his wife Connie have two daughters.



### Ed SNELLING

### Republican

Campaign Address: Committee to Elect Snelling for State Senate 5937 49th S.W. Seattle, WA 98136 Telephone: (206) 993-5313 Dear Neighbor,

Government waste, mismanagement and excessive spending are a continued problem. The Democratic controlled State Legislature's response has been the equivalent of throwing an anchor to a drowning man. With nearly every vote in the '93 session, new taxes, fees and regulations were imposed on state business, large and small. A costly, untested new health care program was enacted. New business taxes, fees and higher college tuition's have added in excess of One Billion Tax burden to the citizens of Washington State. The result: lost jobs, increased unemployment, lost confidence and a struggle to survive for the once proud basis for the economy: The Small Business.

West Seattleites and Vashontonians alike are ready for real change. Change that will preserve and protect the community, improve our States Economy, insure excellent education and healthcare and build a lasting prospering for the 21st Century.

You voted for a change in '92. You are not getting the change you voted for...

Vote for a "Real" Change now ...

Vote Snelling for State Senate - 34th District '94.

### **State Representative Thirty-Fourth Legislative District**





### Erik POULSEN Democrat

Campaign Address: **Committee to Elect** Erik Poulsen 4817 50th Avenue S.W. Seattle, WA 98116 Telephone: (206) 937-2485

Reasonable, responsible, and respected are three words that accurately describe Erik Poulsen.

Poulsen believes it's vital that ordinary citizens serve in the legislature to help ensure that career politicians are doing what's best for the next generation, not just the next election.

Poulsen will work to fight violence and crime, build strong neighborhood schools, and preserve the character of our communities in the 34th District.

Active in community affairs and the public school system, Poulsen and his wife Mary, who operates an in-home daycare business, have two school-aged children.

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### Gary L. WILKINSON

Republican Campaign Address: Gary Wilkinson for House P.O. Box 66836 Seattle, WA 98166-0836

Garv is a Christian, 42 years old and married with 5 children. With 22 years of business experience, he has the expertise to work with government, reduce your taxes and help small businesses operate more efficiently.

Gary believes in keeping criminals locked up and off our streets.

He believes schools can be better and that the spending per student ratio has to be improved.

He will work to repeal the Growth Management Act, which caused the Urban Village Plan to be created.

We can't afford to pay any more taxes. It has to stop and it has to stop now!



### Georgette W. VALLE

Democrat

Campaign Address: Committee to Re-elect Georgette Valle 1434 S.W. 137th Street Seattle, WA 98166 Telephone: (206) 248-0334

Georgette Valle is presently serving the 34th District. Her leadership on Appropriations, Education, Trade, Economic Development, Housing and Environmental Committees reflect her constituents' concerns for accountability, quality education, clean environment, jobs and affordable housing.

A University of Minnesota graduate in Occupational Therapy, Georgette passed health measures pertinent to all citizens. She has been recognized with numerous awards.

Georgette has led and supported building new 1st Avenue South bridge, opposition to the 3rd runway, and "No" to urban villages.

Georgette and Odd Valle, D.D.S., are longtime King County residents. Their children Peter and Christine and four grandchildren reside out of state.

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### Marilynn SEARS

Republican Campaign Address: Friends of Marilynn Sears P.O. Box 47415 Seattle, WA 98146-9415 Telephone: (206) 763-3595

Government is out of control. That's why we need Marilynn Sears. Taxes: Marilynn pledges to hold down taxes and repeal taxes that hurt the ability of people to keep their homes.

Health Care: Marilynn says we do not need socialized medicine. "We need accessible and affordable health care that allows portability and covers pre-existing conditions."

Crime: Marilynn says we need a strong deterrent to crime such as tougher laws and she will push for increased penalties for offenses committed by armed criminals.

Marilynn Sears pledges to help stop the nonsense that's been going on in Olympia.



### State Senator Thirty-Sixth Legislative District



### Jeanne KOHL Democrat

Campaign Address: Friends of Jeanne Kohl 1509 Queen Anne Avenue N., Suite 256 Seattle, WA 98109 Telephone: (206) 283-6494 Dedicated, smart, effective: Jeanne Kohl has made these qualities work for her in her community and in the Legislature. Married and a mother of five, Jeanne's energy and insight have earned her election as Majority Whip, becoming the highest ranking woman in a House leadership position. With her background as a teacher and U.W. lecturer, she knows it's important to do one's homework and stick to the job. Her hard work has paid off with nine separate pieces of legislation she **prime-sponsored** signed into law!

Jeanne's made her priorities clear: reforming juvenile justice for greater accountability and new options for troubled youth; protecting funding for our world-class universities, schools, essential services, and environmental protection; and creating a fast, clean transportation system that works for people and for businesses.

Her first priority remains, however, the people of the 36th district. Jeanne's strong commitment to the community shows in her record of service, e.g., serving on the Boards of the Queen Anne Helpline, Bayview Manor, Queen Anne Community Council, and Committee for Children; attending business and community meetings throughout the district; and holding town meetings, e.g., on regulatory reform and youth violence.

Jeanne Kohl works hard and the results show.



### Ed CARLSON

Republican Campaign Address: Carlson for State Senate 3051 44th W. Seattle, WA 98199 Telephone: (206) 527-0899 In 1994, Seattle has had 35 murders; Washington ranks 15th in the nation in teen-pregnancy; Only half the money we spend on education in this state makes it to the classroom (i.e. to the children); and here in the 36th legislative district our state senator has been living in Hawaii - yet neither of the other two legislators who claim to "represent" us ever bothered to share what was an open-secret in Olympia. Is there a connection between the people we send to Olympia and the state of our State? Absolutely!

Ed Carlson is a pro-choice Republican. His experience as a trade representative to the People's Republic of China will allow the 36th district to have a respected voice in determining the future of Washington's international relationships. While conservatives and liberals continue their never-ending battle between more prisons and more social programs Ed has proposed turning our jails into schools and requiring all prisoners to study 20 hours per week and to work 40. We want criminals to learn new behaviors and people learn through practice.

Urban villages, drive-by shootings, clogged streets and desperate schools are a fact. To get change in Washington vote for change in November.

## State Representative Thirty-Sixth Legislative District





Helen was ranked No. 1 legislator in a 1994 poll rating all 147 legislators for effectiveness, knowledge, integrity, and energy. Helen serves as Chair of the budget writing Appropriations Committee.

Former key posts include Chair of the Budger Whiting Appropriations Committee. Former key posts include Chair of the Majority Caucus, and Chair of the Capital Budget, Revenue and Higher Education Committees. She has a long-standing reputation for prudent fiscal management. This year she achieved passage of welfare reform. She has gained statewide recognition for leadership in sponsoring programs reducing adolescent pregnancy.

Helen earned an M.A. in economics from the University of Washington and works in King County's Finance Division.

Republican - No candidate filed.



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## Mary Lou DICKERSON

Democrat Campaign Address: Citizens for Mary Lou Dickerson 719 N. 68th Seattle, WA 98103 Telephone: (206) 706-1984 Mary Lou Dickerson's priorities are education, youth violence, and the environment. Having served her community for 23 years, she recently was Executive Director of the state's largest public schools foundation and founder of the Washington Coalition of Public Schools Foundations. She's been chair of the Washington ERA Coalition, founder of the Children's Fund, and Executive Director of North Seattle Youth Services where she designed the premier dropout prevention program still in use in all Seattle middle schools.

Mary Lou's endorsers include the Washington State Labor Council, Washington Federation of Teachers, King County Women's Political Caucus, and Washington Environmental PAC.

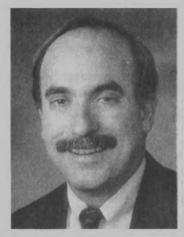


## Rick CANTRELL Republican

Campaign Address: 7731 18th Avenue N.W. Seattle, WA 98117 Telephone: (206) 784-2452 Rick Cantrell is who we need to represent us in the 36th District. Rick wants to work for *you!* A vote for Rick is a vote for job creation, small business growth, safer streets, responsible budgeting of education dollars, and effective state spending. Rick, a long time resident of Ballard, a hard working family man, and a decorated Gulf War veteran; wants to ensure common sense government in the 36th District. You can count on Rick to make sure the voice of the people is heard in Olympia. Rick is a man of honesty, integrity, and above all common sense.

# State Senator

Thirty-Seventh Legislative District



## Dwight PELZ

Democrat Campaign Address: P.O. Box 22125 Seattle, WA 98122 Telephone: (206) 328-1392 During his first term, Senator Dwight Pelz gained a reputation as a hardworking legislator responsive to the individual needs of his constituents. His hard work has earned him many endorsements including the King County Democrats, the Sierra Club, and the King County Labor Council.

He has served his district on the key issues of crime, neighborhood safety, children, and education.

Dwight is a leader on gun control issues. He won an important measure to limit the possession of handguns by young people under the age of 21. His bill to bar adults from bringing guns to school grounds passed in 1993. He supported the youth violence bill which increased penalties for violent crimes committed by young adults.

After serving two years in the legislature he was awarded the Chair of the influential Senate Education Committee. Dwight coauthored the Education Reform Act, restored programs for at-risk students, and fought for full school funding. Dwight gained funds to remodel the Seattle Vocational Institute, and an anti-smoking campaign aimed at teenagers.

Dwight's goals include continuing to help at-risk youth, improving education and making sure health care is affordable and accessible.



## Clinton A. (Clint) SNOW

#### Republican

Campaign Address: Clint Snow for State Senator Committee 4859 S. Spencer Street Seattle, WA 98118 Telephone: (206) 722-7979 Clint is sensitive to the needs of this diverse geographical area because for the past 38 years his family home has been in the Rainier Valley area. Their children were educated in local Seattle schools.

He received an Engineering BS Degree from Purdue University, Indiana; CPA license from state of Washington.

Clint worked 35 years as a Boeing engineer in Manufacturing, Engineering, and Computer Departments. Now owns small computer business.

Past President, Rainier District Toastmasters. Active in getting hundreds of quality books into local libraries. Participant in Block Watch and Seattle P-Patch programs.

It's obvious that the majority of current legislators, from Washington DC to Olympia, are out of touch with voters in their area. Lots of talking - not much listening!

Clint and dedicated supporters are presently conducting a survey of the 37th district to tune in to issues important to voters. Once elected he intends to focus on solving these issues. Furthermore, Clint plans to remain tuned in to the people of his district throughout his term.

He expects to be a wind of fresh air blowing away the frustrating political fog surrounding us all!

For survey forms, call (206) 722-1288.

## State Representative Thirty-Seventh Legislative District





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## Dawn MASON

Democrat Campaign Address:

Committee to Elect Dawn Mason P.O. Box 18676 Seattle, WA 98118-0676 Telephone: (206) 760-8928 I know that an effective education system is the foundation on which we can reverse trends of family, community and economic failure. I am a Seattle Human Rights Commissioner and have built coalitions with policymakers, labor, environmental, and education organizations to accomplish the work of my district. Family responsibility is important, I have developed effective low cost models for parent and community involvement for children's success. I will sponsor preventive measures to reduce social and fiscal burdens caused by criminal behavior. I will work to bring about taxation that is equitable and allows for proper funding for essentials.

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## Donna LARSEN

Republican Campaign Address: Campaign to Elect Donna Larsen 200 17th E., #207 Seattle, WA 98112-5276 Telephone: (206) 860-1415 Donna Larsen is not a newcomer to state government. Donna has been in Olympia nearly every week during the legislative sessions for the past six years. Donna has hands-on experience as citizen activist, legislative "Watchdog" and private lobbyist.

Donna knows changes are needed but not more government, not more taxes, not more regulations, not more partisan control and manipulation of your legislators.

Donna will work to reverse the power grab of "big brother" government in individual families, health care, education, small businesses and even churches.

Don't vote for a "go along to get along" legislator. Vote for Donna Larsen.



## Kip TOKUDA

Democrat

Campaign Address: Committee to Elect Kip Tokuda P.O. Box 18593 Seattle, WA 98118 Telephone: (206) 725-1115 Kip Tokuda is a life long resident of Central and Southeast Seattle. As the former Executive Director of the Washington Council for Prevention of Child Abuse and Neglect, Kip worked eight legislative sessions shaping legislation, programs, and policy to improve the lives of kids.

Kip Tokuda values diversity, fairness and civil rights for all people. Kip will work hard to improve schools by advocating for local control. Kip is committed to reducing violence, strengthening families and creating more job opportunities in local communities.

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## Daniel Michael ELLIS

Republican Campaign Address: Elect Daniel Ellis for State House 37-2 6718 40th Avenue S. Seattle, WA 98118 Telephone: (206) 722-6466 I am a resident of the 37th district since 1976, happily married father, grandfather, provider of public service since 1983 with DSHS and Labor and Industries, and a deacon of Tabernacle Missionary Baptist Church.

Good government representation sponsors and supports the honoring, enhancement and encouragement of traditional family, faith, free enterprise, each individuals God given equal humanity, rights and responsibilities, and provides those critical functions that cannot be better provided by individual or private organizations.

Please join me in my campaign to return good government representation to the 37th.



## State Senator Forty-Third Legislative District



## Cal ANDERSON

Democrat Campaign Address: Committee to Elect Cal Anderson 1202 E. Pike Street, #567 Seattle, WA 98122-3934 Telephone: (206) 328-8005 Cal Anderson has gained a reputation in Olympia for being an accessible and responsive State Representative who works hard for all the people of the 43rd Legislative District.

Cal Anderson has earned this reputation by *leading* on tough issues — gun control, death with dignity, a woman's right to reproductive freedom, care for people living with HIV/AIDS, and passage of statewide anti-discrimination legislation.

In a survey of lawmakers, legislative staffers, and lobbyists, published on May 15, 1994, The Seattle Times said this about Cal:

"Anderson, the state's only openly gay legislator, is best known for tireless pursuit of a gay-rights bill. But he's respected among insiders for hard, effective work — without fanfare — on nuts-andbolts issues like election law." The survey ranked Anderson #3 among the state's 147 legislators.

If elected to the State Senate, Cal will continue to work to improve state funding for schools, including the special needs of Seattle's schools, and will continue his efforts to promote human/civil rights.

Cal is a life-long Washingtonian and is a decorated Vietnam veteran.



## Mike MEENEN

Republican Campaign Address: Mike Meenen for State Senator 5015 19th Avenue N.E. Seattle, WA 98105 Telephone: (206) 524-4847 At the heart of our Constitution's Preamble are some powerful words we must reconcile.

"...establish Justice," Crime is malignant. Civil authorities' primary job is to restrain bad behavior! Justice for the victim is first. Softhearted mercy for bad behavior is not justice.

"...insure domestic Tranquility," The family is fractured. For precious life - contempt. Our aim, protect it.

"...provide for the common defense," Our military-keep it strong, sovereign and free from the UN flag.

"...promote the general Welfare," For 50 years American workers have been told, "be more compassionate!" "Give to the havenots!" Has it worked? The middle class is bleeding. Productivity is down. The dollar is sick. A \$4 trillion plus debt! Yet promoters say, "need more compassion!"

Similar conditions sparked The Declaration of Independence framers: "He has erected a Multitude of new Offices, and sent hither Swarms of Officers to harass our People, and eat out their Substance." Also, "...whenever any form of government becomes destructive...it is the right of the People to alter or abolish it...." King Georgie, take a hike! Our aim - downsize government - make it accountable to Constitutional principles.

"...secure the blessings of liberty," Pass it on - in better shape. Be courageous!

## State Representative Forty-Third Legislative District





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### Patricia (Pat) THIBAUDEAU Democrat

Campaign Address: Citizens to Elect Pat Thibaudeau 817 E. Shelby Seattle, WA 98102 Telephone: (206) 323-4905 Pat is running for a second term in the House of Representatives. The 43rd District encompasses much of Central Seattle, including downtown and part of North Seattle.

In the House Pat is Acting Chair of Human Services, a member of the Health and Revenue Committees, and was appointed to the '94 Juvenile Offenders Task Force and the Human Services Committee of the National Conference of State Legislatures.

Pat's goals for the 1995-97 session are protecting essential children's services and education, focus on preventing teen pregnancy and child abuse, and promoting measures which enhance the revitalization of downtown Seattle.

Republican - No candidate filed.



## Frank CHOPP

#### Democrat

Campaign Address: Friends of Frank Chopp 4209 Sunnyside Avenue N. Seattle, WA 98103 Telephone: (206) 632-6982 Frank Chopp has devoted his life to community service. For eleven years, he's served as Executive Director of the Fremont Public Association, providing help to tens of thousands of people.

The "secret" to Frank's success is his ability to forge partnerships among government, civic, business, labor and neighborhood organizations to meet community needs.

In Olympia, Frank will work to ban assault weapons; prevent violence by providing young people with jobs and mentors; improve schools through school-based leadership and accountability; prohibit discrimination against gays and lesbians; save the salmon by restoring its habitat; and make health care universal and affordable.

Republican - No candidate filed.



# State Senator

Forty-Sixth Legislative District



### Nita RINEHART Democrat

The Municipal League consistently rates Nita Rinehart "Outstanding." The Retired Teachers Association gave Nita the "Outstanding Legislative Leadership Award." A *Times* poll ranked Nita number one in effectiveness in Olympia. Members of both parties respect Nita as a smart, tough problem-solver who listens carefully and leads rationally.

Nita believes that environmental and economic decisions must focus on a healthy future for our state. Her history of community involvement includes eleven years on the Board of Planned Parenthood. Nita's legislative record includes consistent efforts to build reasoned, comprehensive solutions to violence and fear in our communities.

As Chair of the powerful Senate Ways and Means Committee Nita is a recognized advocate for quality education. Nita's strong collaborative leadership style has brought better public understanding of the state's financial challenges.

Nita insists that government is not some "they" to be attacked with bumper-sticker rhetoric but is each of us working together to set our common goals, deciding together how to achieve them efficiently and pay for them fairly.

Please vote for Nita Rinehart.



## Debra SELF

#### Republican

Campaign Address: Self for Senate Campaign 540 C N.E. Northgate Way, #435 Seattle, WA 98125 Telephone: (206) 526-2904 Put your SELF in charge of government. Debra Self will fight to help you take charge of your government.

Public Safety: The only answer to violence in our neighborhoods is quick, sure, and meaningful punishment, and cutting waste in criminal justice.

Government Accountability and Ethics: Performance Audits of all state agencies and enforcement of ethics rules is essential for quality government.

*Education:* Our children deserve a first class education. Return school control to the districts and parents. Assure the right to enroll in private schools or home school.

Health Care: Health care must preserve patient choice of doctor and quality of care.

*Environment*: We must find a balance between protecting precious resources and preserving business and protecting jobs. Dear Taxpayer:

Most people today believe politicians (1) will say anything to get elected, (2) are blind to our distrust and disappointment with government and its leaders, and (3) throw money at problems as a quick fix.

As a small business owner, wife, and mother, and a 35 year resident of the 46th District, I promise to put people first and to make government respond to our needs without bankrupting our state. Most important, I will listen to you.

## State Representative Forty-Sixth Legislative District





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## Marlin APPELWICK

Democrat Campaign Address: Marlin Appelwick Election Committee P.O. Box 25756 Seattle, WA 98125 Telephone: (206) 365-4300 Marlin Appelwick is an accomplished legislator. The chairman of the House Judiciary Committee ranked fourth in the Seattle Times survey ranking 146 legislators. Marlin is respected as energetic, intelligent, practical and caring. He is effective. He makes no apologies for doing what he believes is right.

He has played key roles in nearly every major piece of crime legislation, including juvenile justice, firearms regulation, hate crimes, sex offenders, drunk driving, and the omnibus Drug and Alcohol Abuse Act.

Marlin has served 12 years on the budget writing committee and played a strong role in Washington's health care reform legislation.

Republican - No candidate filed.



## Ken G. JACOBSEN

Democrat Campaign Address: People for Ken Jacobsen 7307 40th N.E. Seattle, WA 98115 Telephone: (206) 525-8104 It has been an honor to have been your elected state representative and I look forward to working with you again.

I've enjoyed the opportunities I've had to meet and work with you over the years. Your suggestions, advice, and common sense observations have improved my performance as a legislator.

Once again, we face difficult issues but I am sure that working together, we can craft solutions to make our state a better place for all of us. Thank you for the privilege of representing you.

Republican - No candidate filed.



# King County Prosecuting Attorney



Norm MALENG Republican

UNOPPOSED

The Prosecuting Attorney must manage a busy office, represent all branches of county government, and see that justice is done in each of the 6,500 felony, 6,000 juvenile, and 50,000 misdemeanor cases that we handle each year. This is a huge responsibility, but I believe that it is where the job just begins. The Prosecuting Attorney must also be leader on major public issues affecting community safety. In my next term, I will continue to be a leader on these vital issues:

Youth Violence: Our approach to today's most challenging issue must emphasize punishment plus prevention. For public protection, violent offenders must be held accountable and given long prison sentences. At the same time we need to keep young children from descending into a career in crime. We must rebuild the institutions that have traditionally instilled moral values in our children — families, schools, and community organizations. Prevention begins with the enforcement of simple rules like truancy, and with empowering parents to demand that their runaway children be picked up from the streets.

\* Drugs: Drug dealers have a devastating impact on neighborhoods. Their crime goes beyond the

marketing of the dangerous substance; it attracts and multiplies violence. Drug dealers deserve the same break that they give us — no break at all.

Drug users should also be held accountable for their crimes, but at the same time have the chance for a clean start. That is why I developed Drug Court, our tough new program that helps people break the cycle of addiction and re-offense.

 <u>Domestic Violence</u>: In King County we have established an excellent support system for victims of domestic violence, both in the legal system and in the community, but we need to do more.

Felony domestic violence cases jumped over 100% last year. In response, I established a special felony domestic violence unit, staffed with experienced prosecutors and advocates who work to ensure victim safety and offender accountability. Domestic violence will continue to be a top priority in my office.

I am excited about the many opportunities for leadership that lie ahead in my next term as your Prosecuting Attorney.

The above statement is written by the candidate, who is solely responsible for the contents therein.

## FIND YOUR DISTRICT

To determine which legislative or congressional district you reside in, check this list. The district column will be blank if your zip code has more than one legislative or congressional district. In that instance, contact the Division of Records and Elections at 296-8683.

COUNTY		ZIP	CG	LG	COUNTY		ZIP	CG	LG
KING		98101	7	43	KING		98121	7	
KING		98102	7	43	KING		98122	7	
KING	*	98103			KING		98124	7	46
KING	*	98104	7		KING		98125	7	
KING	*	98105	7		KING		98126		
KING .		98106			KING	٠	98133		
KING	*	98107	7		KING		98134	7	11
KING	*	98108			KING		98136	7	
KING	*	98109	7		KING		98138	7	34
KING		98111	7	36	KING	*	98144	7	
KING	*	98112	7		KING		98145	7	37
KING		98114	7	36	KING	*	98146		
KING	*	98115	7		KING	*	98155		
KING		98116	7		KING		98160	9	34
KING	*	98117			KING	*	98177	1	
KING		98118			KING	*	98178		
KING		98119	7	36	KING		98199	7	36

# King County District Court Renton Electoral District

JUDGE McBETH was elected Judge/Renton District Court in 1981 and has served with distinction. He's a wellrespected judge, having been elected to serve as President of the King County District Court Judges Association (1984) and as Treasurer, Secretary, and Vice-President of the Washington State District & Municipal Court Judges Association.

Judge McBeth attended WSU and U of W School of Law. Following a tour of duty in Viet Nam, he spent ten years in private law practice in Renton.

Judge McBeth's personal and professional commitment to our community and judicial system is also reflected in the range of his volunteer activities. He has been very active in the community, having served as a member of the Renton City Council, chair of the Renton Citizen's Advisory Committee on Shoreline Management, and recently served as President of the Renton Rotary Club, which raised and distributed \$70,000 to charity.

The District Court is a "People's Court"—handling issues of domestic violence, DUI, Small Claims and general civil litigation. Judge McBeth has demonstrated his legal knowledge, his fairness and impartiality, and his firm conviction that courts must remain accessible and accountable to the citizens. His record demonstrates his professional excellence and longstanding commitment to public service.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1906 Rolling Hills SE, Renton, WA 98055 TELEPHONE: 255-4498

#### UNOPPOSED

Candidate did not submit a statement or photograph.

Charles J. DELAURENTI, II

No

Photograph

Submitted

Robert E.

**McBETH** 

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# **King County District Court Seattle Electoral District**



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Barbara Linde is the right choice for Seattle District Court Judge. She will bring exceptional skills and experience to the Court.

An outstanding Senior Deputy Prosecutor in the highly respected King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office, where she has served for 14 years, Barbara has earned a reputation as a tough and fair prosecutor, concerned about justice for victims as well as defendants.

Barbara is the only candidate for this position who has: 
• Prosecuted over 100 felony jury trials, including murders, sexual assaults and domestic violence; . Regularly trained prosecutors and police officers on legal issues, both locally and around the state; \* Been rated "Exceptionally Well Qualified" by the Seattle Police Guild, and endorsed by dozens of prominent attorneys and civic leaders, and over 30 judges of the Superior and Appellate Courts.

Barbara, 38, is a Seattle native and graduate of Nathan Hale High School, the University of Washington and the University of Puget Sound Law School. She and her husband, Senior Assistant Attorney General Greg Canova, have two sons and live in West Seattle.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 11522 Durland AV NE, Seattle, WA 98125 TELEPHONE: 937-9586



James R. HARDMAN

The King County Bar Association has singled out James Hardman for its highest rating: "EXCEPTIONALLY WELL QUALIFIED," He's the only candidate who has been an effective judicial officer in all three major court systems in King County: Municipal, District & Superior Courts. Jim provides the guality and depth needed for district court. He's the only candidate experienced in civil law as a lawyer, judge protem and arbitrator.

A Volunteer Consumer Arbitrator for the Better Business Bureau since 1977, Jim was its 1993 Nominee for Arbitrator of the Year. Jim also judges moot court for the University of Washington and the University of Puget Sound Law Schools.

Community service has long been important to Jim. He diligently works on behalf of senior citizens, people with disabilities and youth. Jim has also fostered diversity throughout the legal profession.

Jim's endorsements by individuals, community leaders and groups reflect strong bipartisan support. In Jim Hardman, we have an opportunity to elect a person with significant judicial experience and community involvement who will be a credit to our courts and our community.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 119 1 AV S, Suite 200, Seattle, WA 98104 TELEPHONE: 447-1560

P 0 Candidate did not submit a statement or photograph. S I Mark т CHOW I 0 Ν 2 UNOPPOSED

# King County District Court Seattle Electoral District



It has been a privilege to serve as a King County District Court Judge during the past eight years, and as a Court Commissioner for four years previous to that. I have been honored to have been elected Presiding Judge for three different tenures by my colleagues in Seattle Division of the King County District Court. It is clear to me that each case is of great importance to the individuals appearing before the Court, and to the citizens of King County. I have always maintained a strict policy of impartiality at all times; treating every individual with courtesy and respect; and, resolving all cases in a timely manner. My overriding concern and commitment as a Judge is to ensure that justice prevails in every case.

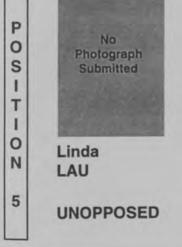


Eileen Kato was appointed Seattle District Court Judge in June by the Metropolitan King County Council. Eileen brings to the court her broad range of experience in the legal profession and our community. Eileen practiced law for 14 years and served as a Judge Pro Tem for over two years in the King County District and Superior Courts, and Seattle Municipal Court. She has won the respect of Judges and attorneys for her integrity and fairness, received the highest ratings from Washington Women Lawyers and the Loren Miller Bar Association, and endorsed by the Hispanic Bar Association, King County Labor Council, and King County Women's Political Caucus.

Eileen's professional activities include the Washington State and King County Bar Associations, Washington Women Lawyers, Washington State Trial Lawyers Association, and Asian Bar Association of Washington, and she has taught at South Seattle Community College since 1988. Her community activities include New Beginnings Shelter for Battered Women/Children, Totem Girl Scout Council, the Legal Clinic in Rainier Valley, and the Empty Space Theatre.

Eileen's commitment to the community is that every person who walks into her courtroom shall be treated with fairness, respect, and dignity without regard to race, gender, economic status, or disability.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 800 5 AV, Suite 204, Seattle, WA 98104 TELEPHONE: 587-7164



It has been a rewarding experience to serve as a Seattle District Court Judge for the past two years. In 1994 I was elected to serve as Presiding Judge for the Seattle Division of the King County District Courts and am a participating member of the Jail Committee Work Group, Personnel Committee, Regional Law Safety Justice Committee and was recently appointed by the Chief Justice of the Washington State Supreme Court to the Ethics Advisory Committee.

I look forward to the next four years with a great deal of excitement and enthusiasm. Thank you for your continued support. It has been and continues to be an honor and privilege to serve this community.



## **ABOUT THE MUNICIPAL COURT OF SEATTLE**

The Municipal Court of Seattle is a court of limited jurisdiction, established by State law, the Revised Code of Washington, Title 35.20. The Court adjudicates violations of the Seattle Municipal Code, which include but are not limited to: parking and minor traffic offenses, driving under the influence of drugs or alcohol and domestic violence assaults. The Court hears over 400 jury trials annually. The Municipal Court of Seattle is generally considered to have one of the heaviest caseloads of any court in Washington State. In addition to ten elected judges, the Court has two appointed magistrates.

The ten judges are elected to four year terms that are not staggered. Therefore, all ten judicial positions will be on the 1994 Primary and General Election ballots. The judicial candidates must be attorneys who reside in the City of Seattle. The position numbers listed on the ballot are not sequential. The judicial position numbers are one to seven and ten to twelve, because they reflect an administrative designation used by the Court.

## SEATTLE MUNICIPAL COURT POSITION NO.1



COMMITTEE TO RE-ELECT JUDGE STEPHEN R. SCHAEFER 2111 SECOND AVENUE SEATTLE, WA 98121 (206) 728-9200 (UNOPPOSED) Judge Stephen R. Schaefer has presided over Department 1, the highest volume court in the state, since his appointment to the bench in January, 1977. A native of Seattle and lifelong resident of the Central Area, Judge Schaefer was born in 1934. He attended Leschi and Madrona Elementary, Meany Junior High and graduated from Garfield High. He received B.A. and LL.B. degrees from the University of Washington and obtained a Masters of Law Degree from New York University.

Serving over five years with the United States Army, he returned to spend three years as a Deputy King County Prosecuting Attorney in both the criminal and civil divisions. He then practiced law in Seattle for over 10 years before his appointment to the bench.

Judge Schaefer is proud of his reputation for fairness, compassion and impartiality earned during his 17 years on the bench. He was the recipient of the 1993 Martin Luther King Jr. Award which was awarded "in recognition of your concern and care for the last, least and the lost in the Judicial system and the community at large."

His reputation is broadbased as exemplified by his support in the most recent election. Although no ratings or endorsements have been made at present for this election, in the last he was either endorsed or given the highest possible rating from all the minority bar associations, the largest woman lawyer association, SEAMAC, law enforcement agencies and several labor groups.

Among other community service activities, Judge Schaefer serves on several non-profit housing, senior citizen and nursing home boards responsible for placing millions of dollars in low income and seniors' housing bonds. He is, therefore, continuously attuned to the problems and needs of these groups of citizens.

Judge Schaefer sees many problems facing the judicial system and Seattle Municipal Court in particular. Difficulties with court congestion, accessibility, warrants, jail overcrowding and revenue collection greatly concern him because they directly affect the rights of all citizens within the community. Further he is particularly concerned with the long suffering and often forgotten participants in the judicial system; the victims, witnesses and jurors.

He has proposed new and creative solutions to these problems but as yet others have not taken any action thereon. However a study commissioned by the City Council has recommended that many of the exact changes suggested by Judge Schaefer to enable the court to better serve the community be made.



RONALD KESSLER

625 WESTERN AVENUE SEATTLE, WA 98104 (206) 447-9159

(UNOPPOSED)

The Municipal Court of Seattle has, over the past ten years, implemented novel procedures that combine caseflow management efficiencies, rehabilitative programs with accountability plus, where appropriate, punishment and warehousing. An example rests in the area of domestic violence. In partnership with the city's Family Violence Project, the court has established special calendars for domestic violence cases. We have reduced the time between arraignment and trial for these cases to the shortest period in Washington. Family violence cases have the highest priority in being assigned to a court for trial, so that a resolution may be reached as soon as possible. For those convicted of family violence crimes, innovative and effective treatment programs are required. Trained, proficient probation counselors work with offenders to demand accountability and promptly report failures to the court, where revocation proceedings are quickly held. While the dismissal rate due to frightened, reconciled and otherwise uncooperative victims remains sadly high, the court continues to work with the City Attorney to find solutions to these problems.

The Municipal Court of Seattle is the most efficient court of limited jurisdiction in Washington. Seattle Municipal Court judges handle more cases per judge than any other court with no reduction in the constitutional due process rights, in light of the fact that the Municipal Court has the highest rate of criminal defendants represented by counsel of any court of limited jurisdiction in Washington.

The United States reportedly has more of its citizens behind bars than any other nation. Fear of, and anger at, crime have driven politicians to find the simplest short-term solution: incarceration. We now have more than one million citizens in prison, twice the number since 1980. We spend \$20 billion per year on jails and prisons. We perceive that crime continues to increase, yet we continue to rely almost exclusively on the same solution without acknowledging its apparent failures. To complain that the criminal justice system fails to punish is to ignore the facts. We must not rely solely upon jails to solve the crime problem.

In the nine years I have served as a municipal judge, I believe that I have taken a leadership role in implementing the innovations which have made the court an effective criminal justice system partner. I look forward to continuing to reach for the ultimate goal of any criminal court: that all criminal cases are resolved promptly, efficiently and effectively on their merits.

## **SEATTLE MUNICIPAL COURT POSITION NO.3**



RON A. MAMIYA C/O ERICKSON & AOKI 411 UNIVERSITY STREET SUITE 1200 SEATTLE, WA 98101 (206) 624-1900 (UNOPPOSED) Ron Mamiya is a judge on the Seattle Municipal Court, "the busiest court in the State", and was the Presiding Judge in 1984 and 1988.

"I want to thank the citizens of our City for the opportunity of serving on the Municipal Court bench. My tenure has given me the opportunity to address the unique challenges which have faced our criminal justice system over the recent past. That experience will be invaluable as Seattle strives to address luture needs for a resourceful, effective yet compassionate judiciary."

Born in Seattle, Ron is a product of its public education system where he attended Beacon Hill Elementary, Asa Mercer Jr. High and Franklin High School, receiving his B.A. from the University of Washington in 1972. He earned his law degree from Gonzaga University in 1975.

Judge Mamiya served as a prosecutor for the City of Spokane, and practiced law in Seattle's International District providing a wide range of services to that community including President of the International District Economic Association; King County United Way board member; pro bono legal services for the Asian Counseling and Referral Service; National Redress Legislative chair for the Japanese American Citizens League; Downtown Human Services Council board member; Mayor's Downtown Development Project "Year 2000" advisor; and minority advisory task force on Seattle's Desegregation Plan.

Judge Mamiya's professional activities include being a founding member and the Education Committee chair of the State Court Interpreters Task Force; a Supreme Court appointee to the State Minority Justice Commission, State DWI Impact Fund Advisory Committee, Judicial Administration Commission, and District Court Weighted Caseload Study; and State District and Municipal Court Judges' Association board member. He has spoken on topics ranging from the Administration of a Large Urban Court to Domestic Violence and Child Abuse.

Ron and his wife, Melanie, have two sons who attend Seattle Public Schools.



#### LARRY GARRETT

855 WEST NICKERSON STREET #9 SEATTLE, WA 98119-1432 (206) 284-2554 If elected to the position of Seattle Municipal Court Judge, I will seek to uphold and apply the laws the people of the State of Washington and the City of Seattle enact and expect to be enforced by the courts. I will bring to the bench a commitment to honesty, integrity and a fervent desire to serve the public good.

Too often the public has questioned the actions of courts as crimes against citizens have skyrocketed. Repeatedly, the courts have responded too little and too late to adequately handle crime problems such as: domestic violence, drunk driving, car prowls, graffiti and other property crimes. While the long-term answers to crime control are not simple, the courts can take an active role in being a part of the solution, instead of a part of the continuing criminal justice problem.

Through creative resolutions and by becoming advocates for better understanding of the legal process, the courts can help make Seattle a better city in which to live. Instead of playing the traditional imposing role, that is often seen as unapproachable and divorced from society, the Judicial system can be proactive and responsive to the needs of the city.

Along with heightened community awareness, the courts need to achieve a level of efficiency in all phases of the court process. The process should be under continual evaluation, seeking out creative ways to respond to the public safety needs of the community.

I have personally seen the positive impact of community involvement through my volunteer work with youth groups, my church, and food banks. As well, I have dedicated a portion of my practice to volunteer legal service.

I am qualified to fulfill the duties and responsibilities of Judicial office in an effective manner. I am a member of the Washington State and King County Bar Associations. I earned a Juris Doctor degree from the University of Puget Sound - School of Law and a Bachelor of Arts degree from Seattle Pacific University. I am married and have a general law practice on Queen Anne, where I have lived for over eight years.

The focus of the courts should be to keep people from needing the courts; that is the goal I have for my law practice and similarly will bring to the bench. Please remember that LARRY GARRETT will serve the people of Seattle by responding with proactive solutions to reduce crime.



### JUDITH HIGHTOWER

RE-ELECTION COMMITTEE P.O. BOX 88654 SEATTLE, WA 98138-2654 (206) 725-1974 Judge Judith Hightower, age 45, was elected in 1990 through a successful write-in campaign. Judge Hightower brought to the Court not only her seven years of experience as a criminal trial lawyer in Superior, Juvenile, and Municipal Courts, but also management and supervisory skills.

Judith Hightower, born and raised in Seattle, is the mother of two children, ages 27 and 13. She graduated from the University of Washington with a B.A. In Comparative Literature and received her Juris Doctorate from U.P.S. Law School. Her background includes 11 years experience in the banking industry and a long history of community involvement with youth, education, and human rights. She is sensitive to the needs of working people, victims' families, and offenders.

Judge Hightower contributes her energy, skills, and commitment to the courts and community. She serves on the Board of Trustees for the District and Municipal Court Judges Association; is a member of the Association's Education Committee; and reviewed curriculum and trained teachers on law-related education for English as a Second Language speakers. Judge Hightower addresses issues of domestic violence, youth, mentally ill offenders, substance abuse, and learning disabilities. She remains active in local Initiatives to develop community interventions for youth crime, speaks and teaches about law in public and private schools, and serves as faculty for Urban Peoples Law School. She is a member of the City Cantabile Choir Advisory Board and sings with the Shades of Praise Gospel Choir.

Judith Hightower is concerned with reducing the rate of repeat offenders and closing the revolving door of our criminal justice system. To accomplish this, she advocates for adequate criminal histories, rehabilitative options, and screening devices necessary to identify suitable penalties.

In the high volume, high stress atmosphere of Seattle Municipal Court, Judge Hightower makes hard decisions in a short time without sacrificing justice for expediency. She has established a reputation as *tough, but fair with a common sense approach to issues.* She holds offenders accountable for violation of the law.

"I view this position as one of service, not privilege. I have and will continue to commit my energy and experience to the courts and community. In the face of declining resources, I work with other judges and branches of the government to develop solutions to the ever increasing burden on the courts. Thank you for your support and confidence."

Judge Hightower received a "well qualified" rating from the King County Bar Association and is endorsed by the King County Women's Political Caucus.

## **GEORGE W. HOLIFIELD**

#### NO STATEMENT OR PHOTO SUBMITTED.

(UNOPPOSED)

## SEATTLE MUNICIPAL COURT POSITION NO.6



MICHAEL HURTADO

P.O. BOX 27682 SEATTLE, WA 98125-2682

(UNOPPOSED)

Michael Hurtado, 46 years old, was appointed as a judge in the Seattle Municipal Court in March 1993 by Seattle Mayor Norm Rice. Immediately prior to his appointment to the bench, he served as an attorney for 12 years with the U.S. National Labor Relations Board, almost all of those years in Seattle.

Hurtado, a Vietnam veteran who earned his undergraduate degree in education from the University of Washington with the assistance of the GI Bill, taught at Garfield High School and Meany Middle School prior to entering the University of Washington Law School. He graduated from law school in 1978 and began his legal career with the City Attorney's Office in Seattle.

Hurtado's interest and concern for education continues today. He believes strongly that education is the key to a better future for children, and he believes that effective education can help keep our youth from becoming criminal offenders. Since becoming a judge, much of his time away from the courtroom has been spent visiting and talking with students in 14 Seattle area elementary, middle and high schools about the consequences of their individual decisions.

Hurtado has also incorporated student visits to his courtroom and to the King County Jail as a method of vividly demonstrating to students the consequences of poor decisions. "I want to reach kids now about the value of learning and the thrill of accomplishment while they are in school and in their communities," Hurtado says. "I don't want to have to try to 'teach' them a lesson in life through the criminal justice system after they have broken the law. I believe our real-life experiences, if related positively and with purpose, can help young people make good decisions. Reducing the number of people going through the courts benefits all of us."

Hurtado and his wife Terrie have been married for over 23 years. They live in the Maple Leaf area of Seattle with their three sons Michael, Jr., Teofilo, and Nicholas.

His pledge to all: "When elected to serve my first full term on the bench by the citizens of Seattle, I will continue to be fair and firm in protecting the public safety and the due process rights of all litigants. Seattle's rich cultural and diverse communities are all one in my courteveryone deserving respect and a fair hearingpaz y justicla."



#### HELEN HALPERT

1011 WESTERN AVENUE SUITE 803 SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98104 (206) 467-6709

(UNOPPOSED)

Judge Helen Halpert has served as a municipal court judge since September, 1989. She was appointed to the bench by Mayor Charles Royer. Judge Halpert was born on April 6, 1952. She graduated magna cum laude from Occidental College in 1974, and received her law degree from the University of California at Davis in 1977.

Judge Halpert has lived in Seattle for over fourteen years. She is married, with two children: Marianna, age fourteen, and Sam, age two.

Prior to her appointment to the bench, Judge Halpert served as Assistant Dean at the University of Washington School of Law, where she had significant administrative and teaching responsibilities. She also has taught as an Adjunct Professor at the University of Puget Sound School of Law. Immediately prior to assuming the bench, Judge Halpert served as the supervisor of the Appellate Unit at the Public Defender Association.

A number of local organizations have benefited from her pro bono work, and Judge Halpert has served as a lecturer for continuing education programs for both lawyers and judges.

On the bench, Judge Halpert has been particularly interested in issues of domestic violence. She is a co-author of *The Domestic Violence Manual for Judges: Volume One (Criminal)* and served on the Gender and Justice Task Force Implementation Committee. She has also served as a member of the education committee of the District and Municipal Court Judges Association and on various bar committees.

Seattle Municipal Court is the busiest court in the state. Judge Halpert has the legal experience, management skills, temperament and common sense to provide a fair hearing for all who come before her. Especially in these times of decreased funding for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult to balance the need for public services, it is difficult who appear in her court—victims, witnesses, police officers, attorneys, and defendants—with dignity and respect. In seeking reelection, Helen Halpert is asking the citizens of Seattle to permit her to continue to serve her community.

# SEATTLE MUNICIPAL COURT POSITION NO.10

#### NICOLE K. MACINNES

#### 1011 WESTERN AVENUE SUITE 803 SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98104 (206) 467-6709

(UNOPPOSED)

Judge Nicole MacInnes was appointed to the Seattle Municipal Court bench in 1989. She has been twice elected to the Position Ten seat.

A graduate of the University of Wisconsin and University of Puget Sound Law School, Judge MacInnes was born in 1944. She lives on Capitol Hill with her husband, Don, a teacher in special education. They have three children.

Judge MacInnes has been involved in public law for sixteen years and has worked exclusively in the field of criminal law. She was a Deputy Prosecutor for King County for eleven years, where she prosecuted hundreds of misdemeanor and felony cases of all types. She has supervised and trained lawyers in cases of sexual assault, child abuse, domestic violence, other crimes of violence, property crimes and traffic offenses.

As a judge, Nicole MacInnes has committed herself to the delivery of justice in Seattle Municipal Court. This court is the busiest in the state. Ensuring that justice is done in each case is a difficult task, but each person, whether crime victim, witnesses, defendant, or juror, must be treated with respect and fairness. At the same time, the business of the court has to move forward in an orderly and efficient manner. During the past five years, Judge MacInnes has striven to meet these demands in her courtroom and as an administrator.

Since January 1993, Judge MacInnes has been the Presiding Judge of Seattle Municipal Court. She has worked with the other judges, court staff, attorneys, and City officials to improve the operation of the court. Areas of particular concern to her are domestic violence cases, ensuring the safety of those who use and work in the court, and providing a court process which truly meets the needs of the citizens of Seattle.

Judge MacInnes feels that a court must do more than simply process cases. Given the devastating effects of drug and alcohol abuse, domestic violence, and the increasing complexity of problems in crime prevention where resources are limited, judges have a responsibility to be actively involved in addressing the community's public safety issues. Judge MacInnes has committed herself finding more effective response to these issues without sacrificing the principles of justice.



#### JUDGE FRED BONNER

NO ADDRESS OR PHONE NUMBER SUBMITTED

(UNOPPOSED)

Judge Fred Bonner is a University of Washington Law School Graduate who has wide-ranging legal background as a Public Defender, Assistant Prosecutor and Assistant City Attorney. Judge Bonner first came to Seattle Municipal Court in 1981 where he has worked as a Judge Pro Tempore, Magistrate, and Court Commissioner and since 1990 as a Seattle Municipal Court Judge.

Judge Bonner has handled a full variety of Seattle Municipal Court cases. Currently Judge Bonner oversees the pre-trial disposition of domestic violence cases and reviews, where he employs his expertise in the causes and prevention of domestic violence.

Judge Bonner is highly active in the community, with a particular interest in activities for young people. He has been a Little League Coach and is involved with Big Brothers, Black Achievers and Youth mentoring. Judge Bonner pioneered a Seattle Municipal Court program of bringing young people into the Court to observe the arraignment process in an effort to provide them with a stark lesson in the realities of criminal involvement. In fact, this program along with Judge Bonner's dedication to other youth activities, underscores his belief that providing young people with positive alternatives to anti-social behavior is a key to maintaining the integrity of the criminal justice system. Prevention, Judge Bonner believes, is ultimately a much more effective tool than incarceration.

Judge Bonner counts among his professional associations the American Judges Association and the National Bar Association. He serves on the National Bar Association's long range planning, program and Judicial committees. He is a most recent recipient of that Organization's Outstanding Service Award.

Judge Fred Bonner can be counted on to provide fair, balanced and responsible decisions and looks forward to the opportunity to continue to serve the citizens of Seattle.

## SEATTLE MUNICIPAL COURT POSITION NO.12



JUDGE C. KIMI KONDO

NO ADDRESS OR PHONE NUMBER SUBMITTED

(UNOPPOSED)

Judge C. Kimi Kondo was appointed to this new position in 1990 by Mayor Rice and stood for election unopposed that year. Born in 1951, she graduated cum laude from the University of Idaho receiving a law degree from UPS in 1977. Previously in private practice, she served as a pro tem and regular traffic magistrate before appointment.

She and her husband, a local 32 steamfitter, reside in the Judkins neighborhood in the Central area with two sons, ages ten and eleven. She is an active parent volunteer at St. Therese School and the Seattle Japanese Language School.

Currently serving as acting presiding judge, she oversees the master jury calendar, assigning cases to her peers in the busiest court of limited jurisdiction in the State. Involvement in domestic violence issues includes handling a regular specialized pretrial hearing, review and revocation calendar addressing those issues. She persuaded the City Council to fund a project to address the needs of non-English speaking Asian/Pacific Islander defendants in domestic violence cases.

Since her appointment she has been assigned to every calendar, including jail arraignments, night court bench and pretrials and jury trials. Other activities include service on various committees of the District and Municipal Court Judge's Association. Appointed by the Supreme Court to the newly formed Gender and Justice Commission, she will identify and make recommendations regarding the equal treatment of parties and court employees in our State's courts. Judge Kondo strives to treat all parties fairly, with dignity and courtesy.

As a member of the design and planning committee for the new public safety building she states, "The current facility has outgrown the Municipal Court's needs in terms of space, function and the safety of the public and our employees. A new physical plant would safely house our court operations, computer hardware complex and the City's emergency response system."

Endorsements include the King County Women's Political Caucus, King County Labor Council, Hispanic Bar Association and the Retired Firefighters of Washington. She is rated Highly Qualified by the Asian Bar Association of Washington, Qualified by Washington Women Lawyers and Exceptionally Well Qualified by the Seattle Police Officer's Guild. The Public Safety Employees Local #519 rated her "outstanding".

# King County District Court Shoreline Electoral District



Douglas J.

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Robert A.

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District courts are the "people's court," handling civil disputes up to \$25,000, small claims, misdemeanor crimes and traffic infractions. Also, judges hear orders for protection and anti-harassment. Judge Douglas J. Smith has the experience and professional expertise to handle these issues.

Judge Smith was elected in 1990 after receiving an "exceptionally well qualified" rating. He previously served Shoreline Court as a prosecutor in 1974 and magistrate/judge pro tem from 1985 to 1990. In 1989 and 1993 Judga Smith was appointed to four year terms as municipal judge in Lake Forest Park.

Judge Smith received the sixth highest rating for overall performance of the twenty-six district court judges in a recent attorney poll. He was the judicial member of the Regional Domestic Violence Training Manual Committee. He has also served as mock trial judge for U.W. and U.P.S. law schools and has made the court available to teachers throughout the district.

Judge Smith is a firm believer in public service, serving on the boards of both the Shoreline YMCA and Lake Forest Park Rotary. In addition, he coaches baseball and soccer.

Judge Smith and his wife Judy, a paralegal, have been married for twenty five years and have four sons.

#### UNOPPOSED

The District Court System has undergone profound change not only as a result of increased work load but also the mandate of legal requirements.

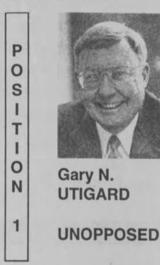
I believe the citizens of King County can be proud of the manner in which the District Court Judiciary has responded. We have adopted computerized docketing of court records; a Judicial Information System providing quick access to necessary data. We have restructured our County in Judicial Districting to accommodate necessary transfer of work load to Divisions within the county.

I have been a Judge in the District Court for 20 years and an attorney for 30 years. During my time on the bench I have participated in numerous training programs; been invited as a group leader for National Judicial College; participated as trial judge for the National Institute For Trial Advocacy and University of Washington Law School Moot Court program; as well as serving on the Executive Committee of the King County District Court Judges Association.

I look forward to continuing to serve the people of this County with the idea that Judges should always be seeking to better serve the needs of the community while still protecting the rights of the individual.

#### UNOPPOSED

# King County District Court Southwest Electoral District



To the voters of King County I renew my pledge to maintain the highest standards of excellence and justice in the District Court, and to the continued efforts to achieve the highest level of efficiencies in the operation of the court.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 2447 SW 170, Seattle, WA 98166 TELEPHONE: 439-9747



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Vicki Seitz has served as our King County District Court Judge in the Highline-Vashon area for the past 4 years, and as a Burien and Normandy Park City Judge. During her tenure, she has heard thousands of criminal, civil, traffic, small claims and restraining order cases.

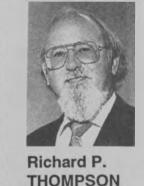
In addition to her work on the bench, Judge Seitz has also attended the Washington State Judicial College, the National Judicial College at Reno, taught at the National Institute for Trial Advocacy, the University of Washington Law School Moot Court, the University of Puget Sound Law School, Jessup International Moot Court, and local area middle and high schools.

As a trial lawyer for 15 years, Vicki Seitz handled over 13,000 felony, misdemeanor, traffic and civil cases. She worked as a prosecutor for 5 years, a judge pro tem for 4 years, a defense attorney for 4 years and a civil practice lawyer for 4 years.

Judge Vicki Seitz has been a judge who is fair, experienced, hard working, effective and uncompromising in enforcing the spirit and letter of the law. She has appreciated being elected to this position of public trust in 1990, and looks forward to serving for the next four years.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 48113, Burien, WA 98148 TELEPHONE: 878-0910

### UNOPPOSED



UNOPPOSED

Richard Thompson is a 30 year resident of the Burien area. He was in the private practice of law in Burlen from 1959 through 1974, at which time he was elected Judge of the Roxbury District Court. He held that position until that district merged with the Airport and Vashon Island districts in 1988 to form the present Southwest Division of the King County District Court and serves as one of the three judges of that court.

While a judge, Thompson has served on the Executive Committee of the King County District Court Judges, as an officer of the Washington State District and Municipal Court Judges Association and two terms on the Board of Governors of the American Judges Association. Judge Thompson has consistently received "Good" ratings in the Judicial evaluation surveys of County District Court Judges conducted by the local Bar Associations.

Judge Thompson is committed to seeing that every person appearing in District Court receives equal justice regardless of why they are there or whether or not they are represented by an attorney.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 48284, Seattle, WA 98148 TELEPHONE: 243-3263



## PROPOSITION NO.1 TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Seattle City Attorney as required by law. The complete text of Proposition No.1 appears on page 65.

## **Official Ballot Title:**

Shall The City of Seattle, Washington, incur indebtedness and borrow not to exceed \$155,000,000 to acquire, construct, renovate and equip central, branch, satellite and other library facilities by selling general obligation bonds therefor to mature within (but may be less than) 30 years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Ordinance No. 117248?

### Statement for

Remember when libraries were quiet places - and you lived In fear of overdue book fines?

Today, our libraries are centers of activity, business, literacy and fun.

Talking - and laughing - are encouraged.

Seventy-four percent of Seattle adults have library cards, making it one of the most used libraries in the country - and one of the busiest public centers in the city.

More than 334,000 Seattle residents have library cardsand last year, they checked out more than 5.2 million books. The downtown library is so busy, it's hard to find a seat. Half the books are in storage. Leaks in the ceiling, broken elevators and technical outages are common. And there's no on-site parking.

The current downtown library was built in 1959, and recent seismic reviews reveal it would not withstand an earthquake. much less any expansions on the same site.

After an extensive public review process, the Library Board recently approved a Facilities Master Plan, which will build a library system that will last us well into the 21st century-complete with major improvements to eight branches and new regional libraries in Ballard, Columbia City and Northgate.

New books and much-needed technology also are included in the bond, with increased computer capacity which will improve dial-in users access to information from schools, homes or offices.

The proposed new downtown library, about twice the size of the current one, is critical to the success of our branches, as it feeds the book, reference and computer needs of all the community libraries. The new headquarters library will have enough room for all our books and have seating to meet the expected capacity needs for at least 20 years. Plus, it will have parking for at least 200 cars.

But perhaps the best reason to support the library bond is that there are still more than 70,000 adults in Seattle who can't read this voter pamphlet. The proposed new downtown library would house a literacy center to serve our citizens who want to

#### learn to read.

Libraries always have been the foundation of our past. As we rebuild our community, the library bond is a great building block which serves us all and improves our quality of living.

With your help, we'll have Libraries Now & Forever, Vote YES on Proposition 1.

#### **Rebuttal of Statement against**

The library bond is balanced. Over \$37 million of this bond builds or renovates branches in every segment of town. But strong neighborhood libraries depend upon an efficient, well-stocked central library that can support the individual branches with books. information and expertise. And the center for technology will be located downtown.

The cost for an average household is less than \$1 a week. And most seniors are exempted from paying this tax.

The downtown library will also house a center for literacy. Eighty-five percent of the kids who get in trouble in the criminal justice system are not able to read. Good kids deserve good books.

Seattle voters have given only once to its library system - the bond approved in 1956. One bond in 103 years.

This library bond would not only rebuild our ailing public facilities, it would bolster the real foundations of Seattle - the minds of its people.

Former Gov, Dan Evans	
Phyllis Lamphere	John Cannon
John Mangels	Ruby Montana
Betty Jane Narver	Ruth Woo

Libraries Now & Forever Campaign P.O. Box 21384 Seattle, Washington 98111-3384 Telephone: 623-8281

## The effect of Proposition No. 1 if approved into law:

#### The Law as it Now Exists-

The Seattle Public Library consists of a central "Downtown" Library at Fourth Avenue and Madison Street, 22 neighborhood branch libraries, a 5-vehicle mobile services fleet, and the Statefunded Washington Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped.

#### The Effect of the Measure if Approved-

The City would issue up to \$155,000,000 in general obligation bonds over the next ten years to acquire, design, construct, renovate, improve and equip library facilities. The expected allocation of bond proceeds is as tollows, and there is an estimated \$2.5 million in bond financing costs:

\$115.5 million 1. New Downtown Library A new central downtown library would be built at a site to be determined.

\$ 22.1 million 2. New Magnet Branch Libraries

### Statement against

#### LIBRARY MEASURE DOES NOT ADDRESS COMMUNITY LIBRARY NEEDS

The \$155 million proposal will not restore library staff, operating hours, and services previously cut by the City.

Instead, our 22 neighborhood libraries, which are in need of crucial renovation, are being held hostage by the City in an attempt to sway voters in approving a new, extravagant downtown library as a monument to downtown "revitalization."

Also, the City's proposal for three "magnet" libraries is unnecessary and is a ploy by the City to deflect neighborhoods into believing that they are going to get services beyond what can be available at their local branches.

#### THE CITY REFUSES TO FUND NEIGHBORHOOD LIBRARIES

The City wrongly contends that an emergency exists and that it has no other way to fund library renovation.

Over the years the City has maintained two generous sources for funding essential City projects: Councilmanic bonds and \$30 million in the Cumulative Reserve Fund.

Regrettably, the City has chosen to use these funds for questionable downtown projects that would be difficult to gain voter approval, such as Coliseum luxury suites, a new symphony hall, and the Seattle Commons.

## THE CITY CANNOT BE TRUSTED WITH OUR MONEY

If this bond measure passes, the City would have the right to divert large sums of money away from neighborhood library renovation without voter approval.

In addition, the City concedes that it will probably have to ask the voters for an additional levy in the near future to staff new facilities.

In an example of mismanagement, it took the State Auditor to stop the City from collecting more than the unauthorized \$10.5 million already collected from taxpayers, two years after the "Seattle 1-2-3" bond had been paid off.

#### THE CITY FAVORS THE DOWNTOWN OVER NEIGHBORHOOD LIBRARIES

Renovating neighborhood libraries will cost nearly \$15 million

Three regional magnet branch libraries would be constructed in Ballard, Columbia and Northgate.

3. Neighborhood Branch Library Improvements \$14.9 million Branch facilities would be expanded, improved or newly built in the following Seattle neighborhoods: North Beacon Hill, West Seattle, Greenwood/Wallingford-Lincoln, Madrona, Magnolia, Lake City, and Northeast Seattle. Upgraded system-wide computer technology would be provided for linking libraries and schools.

The exact facilities to be funded and the amount of bond proceeds allocated to each category of facility may be altered by the City in accordance with Ordinance 117248.

Property taxes in the City would be increased to pay the bonds. The exact increase would depend upon the term of the bonds and the bond interest rate. The term of each series of the bonds would not exceed thirty (30) years. If the bonds were to have a term of twenty (20) years and bear interest at 6.3% per year, annual property taxes would increase approximately \$0.329 per thousand dollars of assessed value.

compared to the \$115 million price tag of a new downtown library. The Library, Public Safety, and School Bonds combined with interest will cost nearly \$1 billion dollars and tax the owner of a \$150,000 house a total of \$3,000 over the course of the bonds. This amount will be far greater if West Seattle and other neighborhoods de-annex from the City over frustration with the Comprehensive Plan.

#### FUNDING ALREADY EXISTS TO PAY FOR NEIGHBORHOOD LIBRARIES

Don't pay for another downtown slush fund. Vote NO and demand that the City spend existing funds to improve our libraries.

### **Rebuttal of Statement for**

Our libraries are in need of repair but the City refuses to perform timely maintenance and crucial renovation with existing funds. Heavy library budget cuts by the City for several years coupled with unneeded extravagant downtown construction will result in even fewer hours of access to our neighborhood branch libraries.

The selection of the downtown library site is based solely on downtown revitalization and not on community library needs. Requiring library patrons to drive downtown for service that should be provided in the communities contradicts City Librarian Liz Stroup's vision of an electronic library that reaches out to the people of Seattle.

The City has not shown that the existing library isn't earthquake ready. Why pay for a new showcase library with a 30 year debt service that may be obsolete in 20 years?

Vote NO and demand that the City put existing funds into our libraries.

Jordan Brower **Bob Hegamin** Barbara Zepeda

Committee To Save Our Neighborhoods P. O. Box 27391 Seattle, WA 98125-1891 Telephone: (206) 344-6480



## PROPOSITION NO. 2 TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Seattle City Attorney as required by law. The complete text of Proposition No.2 appears on page 66.

### **Official Ballot Title:**

Shall The City of Seattle, Washington, incur indebtedness and borrow not to exceed \$122,500,000 to acquire, construct, improve and equip a Justice Center, support facilities, police precinct and satellite facilities and other public safety capital purposes by selling general obligation bonds therefor to mature within (but may be less than) 30 years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Ordinance No. 117249?

### Statement for

#### SAFE, EFFECTIVE POLICE FACILITIES ARE VITAL TO THE SAFETY OF OUR COMMUNITY

Right now, many of Seattle's police facilities are old, unsafe, worn-out, and over-crowded. Seattle Proposition No.2 would improve public safety throughout our community by giving our police officers the tools they need to fight crime more effectively. CURRENT 9-1-1 SYSTEM COULD BE DESTROYED BY EARTHQUAKE

According to recent studies, an earthquake could seriously damage or collapse the old Public Safety Building - destroying the City's primary 9-1-1 emergency response center and threatening the lives and safety of our police officers.

Proposition No.2 would provide a safe and secure location for the 9-1-1 center and other vital police functions, which are so important in the event of an earthquake or other emergency.

#### NEW NEIGHBORHOOD POLICE STATIONS WILL INCREASE POLICE PRESENCE

Proposition No.2 would build 3 new neighborhood police facilities in West Seattle, Ballard, and the Denny Regrade. Building a new West Seattle station will also relieve the severe overcrowding of the South Precinct, and improve crime-fighting efforts in Southeast Seattle. The new Ballard station would double the police facilities north of the Ship Canal.

These neighborhood police facilities will provide a greater police presence, and improve the partnership between our police officers and our citizens.

#### PROPOSITION NO.2 MEANS MORE MONEY FOR DAY-TO-DAY POLICE SERVICES

Right now, it costs millions of dollars every year to repair and maintain the run-down Public Safety Building and to rent the extra space our police need - money that would be better spent on law enforcement and crime prevention. Cost studies have found that it would be cheaper to build new police facilities than to upgrade the existing Public Safety Building and bring it up to earthquake code

By building new and more efficient police facilities, we can save a million dollars a year on annual building repairs and rent,

60

and use those dollars to fight crime on our streets.

Proposition No.2 will also upgrade our crime lab and court facilities, which are vital to our criminal justice system.

#### A GOOD INVESTMENT IN PUBLIC SAFETY - FOR TODAY AND FOR THE FUTURE

Police services are vital building blocks for a healthy community, together with neighborhood schools and libraries.

That's why Proposition No.2 is endorsed by the Seattle Police Officers Guild, the Seattle Police Management Association, Chamber of Commerce, and many other groups.

Vote YES to reduce crime and make this city safer.

#### **Rebuttal of Statement against**

Proposition No. 2 is a cost-efficient effort to deal with disaster before it occurs. Proposition No. 2 will protect our city and its 9-1-1 system so that we won't need to ask "why wasn't the City prepared?" when the big quake occurs.

Some people question whether we need Proposition No. 2. It is vital that we prepare Seattle for emergencies, have efficient public safety centers for prosecution and detention of criminals, and bring police services to our neighborhoods where they belong. These investments are a small price for the many benefits they will provide Seattle for decades to come.

Any why do we choose a bond as the means to protect public safety? Because the services and public safety buildings we buy should be financed in the way that's easiest for Seattlites. For a few cents a day, we will take a large step toward providing a safe city for all residents now as well as in times of disaster

It's time to stand up for Seattle now, rather than sift through the rubble later.

Norm Rice, Mayor, The City of Seattle Norm Stamper, Police Chief, The City of Seattle Margaret Pageler, Seattle City Councilmember

Citizens For A Safe Seattle 2517 Eastlake Avenue E. Seattle, Washington 98102 Telephone: (206) 325-7000

## The effect of Proposition No. 2 if approved into law:

#### The Law as it Now exists-

The City owns and operates a Public Safety Building at Third Avenue and James Street in downtown Seattle. It houses Police headquarters, 9-1-1 operations, municipal courts, other central public safety services, and the West/Downtown Precinct. The City also owns and operates three additional Police Precincts: North, South, and East.

#### The Effect of the Measure if Approved-

The City would issue up to \$122,500,000 in general obligation bonds over the next ten years to acquire, design, construct, improve and equip public safety capital facilities. Some space may be leased to other entities for public safety and related purposes. The expected allocation of bond proceeds is as follows, and there is an estimated \$1.5 million in bond financing costs:

1, New Justice Center & Support Facilities \$91.25 million

A new Justice Center would be constructed and the existing Public Safety Building may be demolished. In addition, support facilities would be constructed either together with

#### Statement against

#### PUBLIC SAFETY MEASURE MISAPPROPRIATES CITY RESOURCES

Ignoring citizen and Police Chief Norm Stamper's recommendations for more community-based police stations, the City has chosen to fund only two neighborhood police stations and to devote most of the money to a downtown Justice Center.

This decision is counterproductive to the community-based policing strategy that is crucial in controlling crime in our neighborhoods. This bond will not add officers to the Seattle police force.

#### JUSTICE CENTER COSTS ARE EXCESSIVE

The need for a renovated Public Safety Building is justified, but demolition of the site and construction of two additional buildings is not.

The decision is based on questionable reports that it would take an astounding \$73 million to earthquake-proof the Public Safety Building. If this was true and if the building was in fact this dangerous, then why hasn't the building been condemned?

The City is using fear tactics to spend more money on buildings downtown instead of improving police protection for its citizens.

The \$105 million cost for downtown construction greatly exceeds the \$15 million for neighborhood police stations and the cost to responsibly renovate the Public Safety Building.

### FUNDING ALREADY EXISTS TO PAY FOR PUBLIC SAFETY

The City wrongly contends that an emergency exists and that it has no other way to fund public safety.

Over the years the City has maintained two generous sources for funding essential City projects: Councilmanic bonds and \$30 million in the Cumulative Reserve Fund.

Regrettably, the City has chosen to use these funds for questionable downtown projects that would be difficult to gain voter approval, such as Coliseum luxury suites, a new symphony hall, and the Seattle Commons.

#### SEATTLE NEIGHBORHOODS ARE HANDING THE DOWNTOWN A BLANK CHECK

The City is still undecided on how it is going to spend much of

or on a site separate from the new Justice Center to house additional police functions.

- \$ 14.0 million 2. Downtown/West Precinct A new Downtown/West Precinct would be constructed to replace the West Precinct currently located in the Public Safety Building.
- \$ 15.0 million 3. Neighborhood Stations New neighborhood police stations would be constructed in Ballard and West Seattle.
- \$ 0.75 million 4. Mounted Patrol The mounted patrol facility would be relocated from Discovery Park and upgraded.

The exact facilities to be built and the amount of bond proceeds allocated to each category of facility may be altered by the City in accordance with Ordinance 117249.

Property taxes in the City would be increased to pay the bonds. The exact increase would depend upon the term of the bonds and the bond interest rate. The term of each series of the bonds would not exceed thirty (30) years. If the bonds were to have a term of twenty (20) years and bear interest at 6.3% per year, annual property taxes would increase approximately \$0.260 per thousand dollars of assessed value.

the bond money. Also, King County and the State of Washington have expressed an interest in sharing space in the Justice Center yet Seattle taxpayers are the only ones asked to foot the bill.

The Library, Public Safety, and School Bonds combined will cost nearly \$1 billion dollars including interest and will cost the owner of a \$150,000 house over \$3,000 in additional property taxes over the term of the bonds.

#### THE CITY'S PROPOSAL IS NOT RESPONSIBLE

Vote NO and demand that the City spend existing funds to improve our public safety program.

### **Rebuttal of Statement for**

The City has willfully neglected to renovate and build public safety facilities with funds that have been available for several years.

Instead, the City has diverted tax revenues targeted specifically for law enforcement to other programs and has chosen to fund many capital renovation projects ahead of public safety.

The 911 Emergency Response Center could have been renovated years ago, but the City deliberately chose to hold it hostage to the downtown "revitalization" plan.

If public safety were the real issue, the City would have proposed more police stations in our neighborhoods. Replacing the existing public safety building is economically unjustified. The bond measure will not put more police officers on the street.

Vote NO and demand that the City put existing funds into public safety.

Jordan Brower Bob Hegamin Barbara Zepeda

Committee To Save Our Neighborhoods P. O. Box 27391 Seattle, WA 98125-1891 Telephone: (206)344-6480



Seattle School District No. 1

## BALLOT TITLE

#### PROPOSITION NO. 1 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

To construct capital improvements, equip the District's education facilities, acquire interests in land and make other capital improvements deemed necessary by the Board, shall Seattle School District No. 1 issue \$332,000,000 of general obligation bonds, maturing within a maximum term of eight years, and shall annual property tax levies in excess of regular property tax levies be authorized to pay principal and interest on such bonds, as described in Resolution No. 1994-11?

## **Explanatory Statement**

The Seattle School District proposes issuance of up to \$332 million in general obligation bonds to finance the District's capital improvement program adopted by the Seattle School Board on August 24, 1994.

The bond proceeds would be utilized to construct, replace and/or improve 18 elementary and secondary schools; add multipurpose rooms, classrooms, or auditorium to three schools; improve or replace Memorial Stadium; provide space that could accommodate senior citizen SPICE Centers and/or other community/school programs at three schools; provide childcare space at all elementary schools being improved or replaced; equip all program facilities; acquire any necessary land; provide for Interim school and office sites; and pay for costs related to the foregoing, all as provided in District Resolution 1994-11.

The proposed bond issue, if authorized by the voters, would result in a property tax levy estimated at an average of \$1.11 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for eight years. Together with the District's "maintenance and operation" levy that supports non-capital school operations, total voter-approved school levies in 1995 would be approximately \$2.66 per \$1,000.

## Statement for

PROPOSITION 1 WILL MAKE OUR SCHOOLS SAFER Seattle's school buildings are in serious need of reconstruction and modernization. The Seattle School Bond - Proposition 1 - will make 21 schools safe and secure to meet the needs of students, teachers, parents and the community.

We need safe, updated school buildings that can withstand an earthquake. The schools needing reconstruction are 60 to 100 years old. Some of them are so outdated that local companies wouldn't use them as factories. Yet, we put thousands of kids in them everyday.

Improved schools will be centers for the community. Proposition 1 will provide for a performance auditorium at Rainier Beach High School, funding for Memorial Stadium, and needed new classrooms.

The Seattle School Bond is one of three building blocks for a better city. It is a prudent measure. It fixes the most serious safety and educational problems. It will make our schools more energy efficient with lower District costs.

Keeping our kids safe and secure is the right thing to do. Vote YES on Proposition 1.

--Joel Pritchard, Lieutenant Governor; Norm Rice, Mayor of Seattle; Barbara Schaad-Lamphere, Parent; Dean D. Thornton, Retired President, Boeing Commercial Airplane Group.

## Rebuttal of statement against

#### Seattle must have safe and secure schools.

We must do more than put a band-aid on our serious structural problems. Making schools safe and secure for our children is a <u>basic</u> step to improving education.

This school bond is a prudent measure. These structural probterns will not go away without your yes vote — they will only grow. Vote YES for our communities. Vote YES for our children.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: NORM RICE, DEAN D. THORNTON, JOEL PRITCHARD

## Statement against

Education, our first priority, is being ignored. This massive building proposal does little to improve education.

It does not: • buy books, paper, pencils and other supplies missing from classrooms • guarantee the District will finally maintain existing schools • hire teachers/reduce class size.

This proposal hasn't changed. Voters rejected it three times. New construction and expensive renovations funded by this bond will tie us to the District's wasteful \$800 million project, addressing 21 sites now, 31 funded later. District building evaluations, published in 1991/92, demonstrate that for \$211 million we could upgrade 91 schools providing: • Updated wiring/additional outlets • Seismic reinforcement • Handicap accessibility • New roofs, boilers, plumbing, floors, windows, paint, additions, masonry restoration...Cost efficient building rehabs/renovations make sense.

Something is seriously wrong when: \* Teachers spend their own money on basic supplies \* Teachers can't assign homework for lack of textbooks \* Millions are spent on District public relations \* School buildings/educational needs are neglected despite adequate funding (over \$2 billion, plus \$563 million in special bonds/levies, since 1984).

The District is misdirecting energy and our financial resources on shiny new buildings. Vote No on Proposition 1, Stop this well funded bureaucracy that eats up millions while children go without basics.

### Rebuttal of statement for

 "None of the city's schools should be considered [seismically] unsafe," District statement (P-I 1/21/94).

UW demonstrates century old buildings don't denigrate education.

 Comprehensive studies established 91 schools can be renovated, expanded and seismically upgraded for less than \$332 million.

Taxes, used wisely, allow improvement of buildings and educational programs.

 \$800 million on unwarranted construction means millions less for true educational needs.

Average homeowners will pay \$425/year Seattle School taxes
 plus \$544 State School taxes.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: BARRY SAMET, LINDA JORDAN

The Division of Records and Elections is not authorized to edit statements, nor is it responsible for their contents.

# **Fire Protection District No. 5**



## **BALLOT TITLE**

#### **PROPOSITION NO. 1**

Shall King County Fire Protection District No. 5 be merged into King County Fire Protection District No. 16?

## **Explanatory Statement**

King County Fire Protection District No. 5 (District 5) is located directly north of the City of Seattle. Over the years, portions of District 5 have been annexed or merged into neighboring fire protection districts. The remaining portion of District 5, which is less than one square mile in area, currently receives fire protection service from the City of Seattle under contract.

In May of 1995, the contract with the City of Seattle will expire and Seattle will no longer be required to provide fire protection service to District 5. In anticipation of the expiration of the contract with Seattle, the Commissioners for King County Fire Protection District No. 16 entered into discussions with the Commissioners for District 5. The Commissioners for both districts agreed that the fire protection needs for the area remaining in District 5 would be best served by District 16.

If approved by the voters, this proposition would authorize a merger of District 5 into District 16. Thereafter all fire protection would be provided by District 16. District 16 currently borders District 5 on its eastern and northern boundaries. District 16 is in the process of building a new station which will provide fire protection and emergency medical service for areas now included in District 5. The Commissioners for District 5 will have the opportunity to become a part of the governing body of District 16.

## Statement for

A vote in favor of merger is a vote in favor of quality fire protection services.

The majority of Fire District No. 5 abuts the boundaries of Lake Forest Park, which receives its Fire Protection and Emergency Medical Services from Fire District No. 16. In order to improve service to Lake Forest Park, District 16 is constructing another station. The new station would also serve District No. 5.

District No. 16 can provide quality, cost efficient services to District No. 5. Additionally, because there is no obligation on the part of the Seattle Fire Department to renew its contract with District 5, provisions must be made for fire protection services.

Finally, the majority of District 5 is within the Municipal Urban Growth Area boundary of Lake Forest Park and will eventually be merged into District 16 by operation of law. A portion of District 5 will be part of the new City of Shoreline. This merger ensures fire protection for the remainder of District 5. Please vote yes.

## Statement against

NO STATEMENT SUBMITTED.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: STAN TERRY, PETER VAGLIO

# Public Hospital District No. 1

LOCAL FOCUS: Public Hospital District One of King County is the only hospital district between Seattle and Tacoma, incorporating a majority of Southeast King County. The District operates Valley Medical Center (the largest district hospital in the Northwest). Approximately 1% of Valley Medical's budget comes from District taxes.

#### BALLOT TITLE PROPOSITION NO. 1 HOSPITAL/EMERGENCY SERVICES LEVY

For the purpose of guaranteeing 24-hour Emergency Room care, Nurse triage, faster Emergency service, Trauma capabilities, Senior and Children's health programs, meeting new hospital Earthquake standards, and other healthcare needs, shall Public Hospital District 1 of King County (Valley Medical Center) raise its regular property tax levy rate to 58 cents per \$1,000 assessed value as set forth in Resolution 570?

(This shall not be construed to authorize an excess levy and shall be subject to otherwise applicable statutory limits.)

## **Explanatory Statement**

Emergency Room services, senior citizens' programs, the children's medical unit, and primary care services are at risk of being reduced, modified or eliminated at Valley Medical Center. To preserve these programs, the residents of Public Hospital District #1 of King County are being asked to approve a regular maintenance and operations levy for the <u>first time in 17 years</u>.

Why THIS need right NOW? A growing Southeast King County population, rapid health care system changes, and depletion of state/federal dollars means that our community hospital can no longer continue to subsidize many important programs without local financial support. Funds will be used to guarantee: helipad service to transport trauma patients, reduced ER waiting times, a dedicated triage nurse, upgrading to meet earthquake standards, ongoing seniors' programs, a children's medical unit, South King County primary care services and more.

What's the bottom line? Of the 52 public hospitals in the state (like Valley Medical Center). 48 currently have higher tax rates than this district. Voters are now being asked to approve an increase of 50 cents per \$1,000 assessed value on their homes. This means for a home assessed at \$100,000, the levy would provide an additional \$50 per year. The new rate would still be 20% below the state average for public hospital districts.

Two important final points. 1. No tax dollars are used for administrative salaries or expenses. 2. Taxpayers may receive credit on their hospital bills based on taxes paid to the District.

## Statement for

Our hospital district residents deserve first-rate emergency and primary care services. Now, this local need requires your help.

It's been 17 years since Valley asked voters to tax themselves...but population growth, increased accidents and decreased Medicare and other reimbursements bring this issue to the ballot. Changes in health care also place unprecedented financial pressures on hospitals.

IN A COMMUNITY GROWING AS RAPIDLY AS OURS, WITH AN EMERGENCY ROOM THAT SEES MORE PATIENTS THAN <u>HARBORVIEW</u> --- • Can we afford NOT to guarantee helipad service to transport critically ill patients? • Can we afford NOT to have a trauma designated emergency room that guarantees 24hour triage nurses and reduced waiting times? • Can we afford NOT to have a dedicated pediatric unit for our children? • Can we afford NOT to have services like free immunizations for seniors and Valley's GoldenCare program? • Can we afford NOT to guarantee the necessary renovations to protect our hospital from earthquakes?

Today, 48 of 52 state hospital districts have higher tax rates than Valley Medical Center. With the levy increase, <u>Valley's overall tax</u> rate will still be 20% below the average of all district hospitals in the state.

Vote YES. Lives are counting on it!

## **Rebuttal of statement against**

This statement is outdated and not factual. It's simply Politics! FACT: The Hospital/Emergency levy will not take one penny from any flood/fire department.

FACT: On Sept. 15, 1994, the hospital guaranteed the flood/fire districts' full tax budgets until the year 2000.

FACT: Hospital/Emergency services will be modified/terminated without this levy because of medicare and insurance cuts.

FACT: No other source of funds exists today for the hospital services that are at risk.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: KEN KAY, GARY KOHLWES. MIKE MILLER

## Statement against

This NEW TAX INCREASE will seriously threaten Fire Departments' emergency medical and fire responses, and completely eliminate funding of the Green River Flood Control District throughout the Valley area. This additional tax will take funding from these agencies.

Fire Departments and Flood Control Districts must rely on property taxes to provide nearly 100% of their budgets. The hospital can charge for services used, whereas Fire Departments and Flood Districts cannot.

Firefighters and Paramedics treat many patients with life threatening emergencies prior to being admitted to the hospital. Delayed responses, caused by budget cuts, would risk the lives of these patients. People need to know that their Fire Department can and will respond to all emergencies.

Health care is a personal choice, response by your Fire Department is not.

Green River Flood Control provides the necessary programs that help reduce the impact of flooding in our Valley. Reduced flooding makes our Valley an attractive area for business to locate and provide job opportunities.

Vote "NO" and protect Fire Department emergency services and Flood Control budget.

## Rebuttal of statement for

While we do not question Valley Medical Center's claims, they come at the expense of the fire district's ability to provide emergency services.

\*Who will answer the calls to 9-1-1 when fire district budgets are slashed?

. How will cities maintain flood control without funding?

While health care is a private choice, we have become increasingly dependent on 9-1-1 emergency responses.

Continue to save lives, vote "NO" and keep your fire district responding.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: DONALD SORENSON, LEE CUMMINGS, HAROLD HOYT



### COMPLETE TEXT OF Proposition No. 1

#### ORDINANCE 117248

AN ORDINANCE relating to library facilities; providing for the submission to the voters of the City at a special election to be held therein on November 8, 1994, in conjunction with the state general election to be held on the same date, of a proposition authorizing the City to incur indebtedness by issuing its general obligation bonds, payable by annual property tax levies to be made in excess of regular property tax levies, for the purpose of paying all or a part of the cost of constructing, acquiring, renovating and equipping central, branch, satellite and other library facilities and to levy those excess property taxes; finding an emergency and requesting a special election.

- WHEREAS, Seattle's Public Libraries provide our community with easy access to a vast array of ideas and information and an opportunity for lifelong learning; and
- WHEREAS, the Seattle Public Library Board of Trustees (the "Board") in June, 1993, approved a Seattle Public Library Facilities Master Plan (the "Plan"); and
- WHEREAS, the Plan was the result of careful planning by the Board, with extensive contributions of ideas from the community through a five year public process including numerous open hearings and meetings in neighborhoods throughout the City; and
- WHEREAS, the response from the community expressed a clear desire to bring existing library facilities up to date by providing additional spaces, services and collections; and
- WHEREAS, the Ptan calls for construction of a new central downtown library, "magnet" branches throughout the City, and the improvement or expansion of many of the Seattle Public Library's branch libraries; and
- WHEREAS, the Board has requested that the Mayor and City Council place before the voters for approval, a bond issue of not to exceed One Hundred Fifty-five Million Dollars (\$155,000,000) to carry out the Plan: and
- WHEREAS, the City Council recognizes it may be necessary to identify additional operating funds to pay the expected increased costs of operating and maintaining the new library facilities, and may in the future place before the voters a levy lid lift proposition for this purpose;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE, AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. The City of Seattle (the "City") shall acquire, design, construct, renovate, improve and equip library facilities comprising three major components: (1) a central downtown library, with an expected allocation of One Hundred Fitteen Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$115,500,000) of bond proceeds; (2) new magnet branch libraries in Ballard, Columbia, and Northgate, with a combined expected allocation of Twenty-Two Million One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$22,100,000) of bond proceeds; and (3) neighborhood branch libraries located at North Beacon Hill, West Seattle, Greenwood/Wallingford-Lincoln, Madrona, Magnolia, Lake City, and North East Seattle, as well as upgrading system-wide computer technology linking libraries and schools, with a combined expected allocation of Fourteen Million Nine Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$14,900,000) of bond proceeds; together with such changes or additions as may be approved pursuant to Section 3 of this ordinance (collectively, the "Project"). The estimated cost of the Project, including the costs of issuing and selling the bonds authorized by this ordinance, is declared to be, as nearly as may be, One Hundred Fitty-five Million Dollars (\$155,000,000). The economic life of the facilities comprising the Project is expected to be at least thiny (30) years.

Project is expected to be at least thirty (30) years. <u>SECTION 2</u>. The City shall incur indebtedness and borrow not to exceed One Hundred Fifty-five Million Dollars (\$155,000,000) on the credit of the City and issue and sell its general obligation bonds not to exceed that principal amount for strictly municipal capital purposes, other than the replacement of equipment, to provide all or part of the funds for the Project. Costs of engineering, architectural, planning, project management. financial, legal and other services lawfully incurred incident to the Project, costs of issuance of the bonds, and an apportionment equal to not more than one percent (1%) of construction expenditures on the Project upon public works for art pursuant to Seattle Municipal Code Section 20.32.030, shall be appropriate capital costs to be paid from the proceeds of the bonds authorized by this ordinance.

SECTION3. The City may change, add to or delete all or a portion of any Project component and the expected allocation of bond proceeds to any Project component described in Section 1 of this ordinance in the manner described in this Section 3, so long as the proceeds of the bonds authorized pursuant to this ordinance are spent on library facility capital purposes and any other purposes related thereto. A change of more than eight percent (8%) in the allocation of bond proceeds to any Project component, or any number of changes accumulating to a change of more than eight percent (8%) in the expected allocation to a Project component, or the deletion of a specified facility, or the addition of another facility not specified as a part of that component, or a Five Million Doltar (\$5,000,000) change in the allocation of bond proceeds to Project component (1) (any (\$5,000,000) change in the allocation of bond proceeds to Project component (1) (any one a "Major Change"), shall be made by ordinance or resolution. A proposal for any Major Change shall be submitted to the City Council and the Mayor accompanied by an explanation detailing the proposal and the recommendation of the Library Board of Trustees concerning that change. Any other change in, addition to detail on from a Project component or allocation of bond proceeds not constituting a Major Change shall be deemed a "Minor Change" and may be made upon the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. However, any changes shall be in conformance with applicable law relating to the budget and fiscal affairs of the City.

The City may by ordinance or resolution (but shall not be required to) establish an oversight committee to monitor the expenditure of bond proceeds on the Project and to review and advise the Mayor and Council on proposed Major Changes.

SECTION 4. The bonds shall be issued as a single issue, as a part of a combined issue with other authorized bonds, or in more than one series and shall be issued within ten (10) years of the date of voter approval of the bonds pursuant to Section 6 of this ordinance. The bonds shall be fully registered; shall bear interest payable as permitted by law; may mature serially or as term bonds with the longest maturities being within thirty (30) years from their date or within any shorter period fixed by the City Council; shall be paid by annual property tax levies sufficient in amount to pay both principal and interest when due, which annual property tax levies shall be made in excess of regular property tax levies without limitation as to rate or amount but only in amounts sufficient to pay both principal and interest when due; and shall be issued and sold in the manner, at the times and in the amounts as shall be required for the Project. The exact date, form, terms, option of prior redemption, price, interest rate or rates and maturities of the bonds shall be fixed hereafter pursuant to ordinance. Pending the issuance of the bonds and receipt of their proceeds, the City Council may authorize the issuance of short-term obligations pursuant to Chapter 39.50 RCW, and the costs of those short-term obligations shall be included in the cost of the Project for which the bonds are issued. The City Council declares that if the City, prior to the date bonds or other short-term obligations are issued to finance the Project, shall make capital expenditures for the Project from funds that are not (and are nol reasonably expected to be) reserved, allocated on a long-term basis or otherwise set aside by the City under its existing and reasonably foreseeable budgetary and financial circumstances to finance the Project, those capital expenditures are intended to be reimbursed out of proceeds of the bonds or other short-term obligations issued in an amount not to exceed the principal amount provided by this ordinance.

In addition to the excess property tax levies approved pursuant to this ordinance, any of the bonds authorized by this ordinance may be paid from any other money legally available for that purpose.

SECTION 5. The City Council finds that an emergency exists which requires the acquisition or construction of the facilities comprising the Project, and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, as ex officio Supervisor of Elections, is requested to concur in that finding and to call and conduct a special election to be held in the City on November 8, 1994, in conjunction with the state general election to be held on the same date, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City for their approval the question of whether or not the City shall incur indebtedness and borrow not to exceed One Hundred Fifty-five Million Dollars (\$155,000,000), issue its general obligation bonds in that principal amount for capital purposes only, other than replacement of equipment, and levy excess taxes necessary to redeem the bonds as herein set torth.

SECTION 6. The City Clerk is directed to certify to the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, as ex officio Supervisor of Elections, at least 45 days prior to the November 8, 1994, special election date a copy of this ordinance and the proposition to be submitted at that special election in the form of a ballot title as follows:

#### **PROPOSITION NO. 1**

#### LIBRARY FACILITIES BONDS - \$155,000,000

Shall The City of Seattle, Washington, incur indebtedness and borrow not to exceed \$155,000,000 to acquire, construct, renovate and equip central, branch, satellite and other library facilities by selling general obligation bonds therefor to mature within (but may be less than) 30 years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Ordinance No.117248.

SECTIONZ Any actions of officers or employees of the City or other governmental agencies prior to the effective date of this ordinance and consistent with its provisions, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

SECTION 8. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty (30) days from and after its passage and approval, if approved by the Mayor; otherwise it shall take effect at the time it shall become a law under the provisions of the City Charter.

Passed by the City Council the First day of August, 1994 and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this First day of August, 1994.

Jim Street President of the City Council

Approved by me this Eighth day of August, 1994.

Norman B. Rice Mayor

Filed this Tenth day of August, 1994.

By: Theresa Dunbar Deputy City Clerk Published



## COMPLETE TEXT OF **Proposition No. 2**

#### ORDINANCE 117249

AN ORDINANCE relating to public safety facilities; providing for the submission to the voters of the City at a special election to be held therein on November 8, 1994, in conjunction with the state general election to be held on the same date, of a proposition authorizing the City to incur indebtedness by issuing its general obligation bonds, payable by annual property tax levies to be made in excess of regular property tax levies and by other money of the City legally available therefor, for the purpose of paying all or a part of the cost of acquiring, constructing, improving and equipping a Justice Center, police precinct and police satellite facilities and other public safety purposes and to levy those excess property taxes; finding an emergency and requesting a special election.

- WHEREAS, the 1988 "Historic Core" Report recommended that The City of Seattle (the "City") develop a municipal center by acquiring the Arctic, Dexter Horton and Alaska Buildings and a later phase of that report recommended that the City redevelop the Public Safety Building; and
- WHEREAS, two "Replacement Option" reports prepared subsequently for the Public Safety Building in 1992 and 1993 estimated the need to invest \$26,000,000 to extend the building's life by twenty (20) years, and further, the reports estimated a cost of \$73,000,000 to correct the building's seismic vulnerability; and
- WHEREAS, the reports compared renovation to new construction and long-term leasing and concluded that new construction is the most economically prudent; and
- WHEREAS, a citizens' group reviewed the two "Replacement Option" reports and concurred with the City's recommendation to replace the current Public Safety Building with a new built-to-suit facility, rather than renovate or lease, and, further, to issue unlimited tax general obligation bonds to construct such a facility; and
- WHEREAS, the Mayor subsequently recommended construction of a new Justice Center in the downtown governmental core and demolition of the vacated Public Safety Building; and
- WHEREAS, the Seattle Police Department desires to further its community policing strategy by placing additional facilities and functions in neighborhoods; and
- WHEREAS, King County and the State of Washington have expressed an interest in leasing or owning space within new Seattle public safety facilities for the provision of related services; and
- WHEREAS, the Seattle Police Department has determined that new patrol stations are needed to more effectively serve downtown neighborhoods (the West Precinct), West Seattle, and Ballard, and that such stations can be largely staffed by redeploying existing personnel; and
- WHEREAS, the mounted patrol station has reached the end of its useful life and must be relocated because of Parks Department requirements, and the City Council Intends to spend an amount not in excess of Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$750,000) to provide for its relocation, including land acquisition and any necessary interim facility; and
- WHEREAS, in order to reinvest in safe streets and the general security of the community, The City is now in urgant need of acquiring, constructing, improving and equipping a Justice Center and support facilities (which may include but need not be limited to police headquarters, dispatch facilities, laboratories and other central police facilities and functions, municipal courts, and related facilities, and which may include the decommissioning or demolition of existing public safety facilities), police precinct and satellite facilities, other public safety capital facilities and other public safety capital purposes, and the City does not have sufficient funds available for those purposes to meet the estimated cost of those improvements; NOW, THEREFORE,

#### BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE, AS FOLLOWS:

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE, AS FOLLOWS: SECTION 1. The City shall acquire, design, construct, improve and equip public safety facilities comprising four components: (1) a Justice Center and support facilities (which may include but need not be limited to police headquarters, dispatch facilities, laboratories and other central police facilities and functions, municipal courts, and related together or with other public safety facilities, and which may include the decommissioning or demolition of existing public safety facilities) with an expected allocation of Ninety-One Million Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$91,250,000) of bond proceeds; (2) a West Precinct facility, with an expected allocation of Fourteen Million Dollars (\$14,000,000) of bond proceeds; (3) neighborhood police stations in Ballard and West Seattle with a combined expected allocation of Fifteen Million Dollars (\$15,000,000) of bond proceeds; and (4) mounted patrol facilities with an expected allocation of (but in no event greater than) Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$750,000) of bond proceeds; and other public safety capital purposes approved pursuant to Section 3 (collectively, the "Project"). Any portion of the Project may include facilities or space leased to other entities for public safety and related purposes. The estimated cost of the Project is expected to be at least fifteen (15) years. SECTION 2. The City shall incur indebtedness and borrow not to exceed One Hundred Twenty-Two Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$122,500,000) on the ceconic life of the facilities comprising the Project. Costs of engineering, architectural, planning, project management, financial, legal and other services lawfully incurred incident to the Project, costs of issuarce of the bonds, and an approprinate capital costs to is public of the City and issue and sell its general obligation bonds not to exceed that principal amount to provide all or part of the funds for the Project. Costs of engineering, architectural,

from the proceeds of the bonds authorized by this ordinance. <u>SECTION 3</u>. The City may change, add to or delete all or a portion of any Project

component and the expected allocation of bond proceeds to any Project component described in Section 1 of this ordinance in the manner described in this Section 3, so long as the proceeds of the bonds authorized pursuant to this ordinance are spent for public safety capital purposes and other purposes related thereto. A change of more than ten percent (10%) in the allocation of bond proceeds to any Project component, or any number of changes accumulating to a change of more than ten percent (10%) in the allocation of bond proceeds to any Project component, or any number of changes accumulating to a change of more than ten percent (10%) in the allocation of a specified facility, or the addition of another facility not specified as a part of that component, or a Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000) change in the allocation of bond proceeds to Project component (1) (any one a "Major Change"), shall be made by ordinance or resolution. A proposal for any Major Change shall be submitted to the City Council and the Mayor accompanied by an explanation detailing the proposal. Any other change in, addition to deletion from a Project component and Budget. However, any changes shall be in contomance with applicable law relating to the budget and fiscal statists of the City. In no event shall more than Sente Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$750,000) of proceeds of the bonds authorized pursuant to this ordinance be spent on any new mounted patrol of the bonds authorized pursuant to this ordinance be spent on any new mounted patrol

The City may by ordinance or resolution (but shall not be required to) establish an

The City may by ordinance or resolution (but shall not be required to) establish an oversight committee to monitor the expenditure of bond proceeds on the Project and to review and advise the Mayor and Council on proposed Major Changes. SECTION 4. The bonds shall be issued in one or more series (with separate series for bonds pledging excess property tax levies and bonds pledging regular property tax levies), or as a part of a combined issue or issues with other authorized bonds and shall be issued within ten (10) years of the date of voter approval of the bonds pursuant to Sectors 6 of this ordinance. The bonds shall be issued with the longest maturfies being within thirty (30) years from their date or within any shorter period fixed by the City Council; and shall be issued withit the fourt date or within any shorter period fixed by the City Council; and shall be issued and sold in the manner, at the times and in the amounts as shall be required for the Project. The exact date, form, terms, option of prior redemption, price, interest rate or rates and maturfies of the bonds and prediges and covenants shall be fixed hereafter pursuant to ordinance. Pending the issuance of the bonds and receipt of their proceeds, the City Council may authorize the issuance of short-term obligations pursuant to Chapter 39.50 RCW, and the costs of those short-term obligations shall be included in the cost of the Project for which the bonds are issued. The City Council declares that if the City, prior to the date bonds or other short-term obligations are issued to finance the Project, shall make capital expendi-tures for the Project row fung finance the royies to than the date bonds or other short-term obligations are issued to finance the Project, shall make capital expendi-tures for the Project one that are not (and are not reasonably expected to be) reserved, allocated on a long-term basis or otherwise set aside by the City under its existing and reasonably foreseeable budgetary and financial circumstances short-term obligations issued in an amount not to exceed the principal amount provided by this ordinance

short-term obligations issued in an amount not to exceed the principal amount provided by this ordinance. SECTION 5. Bonds in a maximum aggregate principal amount not to exceed One Hundred Twenty-Two Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$122,500,000), may be issued for strictly municipal capital purposes, other than the replacement of equipment, and shall be payable by annual property tax levies, made without limitation as to rate or amount necess of the regular property tax levies, but only in amounts sufficient to pay both principal and interest when due, and from other money legally available therefor. Bonds authorized purposes and paid only from regular property taxes levied without a vote of the qualified voters of the City and from other money legally available therefor. Bonds authorized to the City and from other money legally available therefor. Bonds authorized and interest when due, and from other money legally available therefor. Bonds authorized to the City and from the money legally available therefor. Bonds authorized to another than the replacement of equipment, and subject on the City and from other money legally available therefor. Bonds authorized to be city and from other money legally available therefor. Bonds authorized the city on Records and Elections of King County. Washington, as as officio supervisor of Elections, is requested to concur in that finding and to call and conduct a special election to be held on the same date, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City for their approval the question of whether or not the City shall incur indebtedness and borrow not to exceed One Hundred Twenty-Two Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$122,500,000), issue its general obligation bonds in that principal amount for capital purposes only, other than the replacement of equipment, and levy excess taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds as herein set forth. BECTION 7. The City Clerk is directed to certify to the Director of Records and Elections of King County. W

#### PROPOSITION NO 2

#### PUBLIC SAFETY BONDS - \$122,500,000

SECTION 8. Any actions of officers or employees of the City or other governmental agencies prior to the effective date of this ordinance and consistent with its provisions, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

SECTION 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty (30) days from and after its passage and approval, if approved by the Mayor; otherwise it shall take effect at the time it shall become a law under the provisions of the City Charter. Passed by the City Council the First day of August, 1994, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this First day of August, 1994.

Jim Street

President of the City Council

Approved by me this Eighth day of August, 1994. Norman B. Rice Mayor

Filed this Tenth day of August, 1994

By Theresa Dunbar Deputy City Clerk

Published

COMPLETE TEXT OF Seattle School District No. 1 Proposition No. 1

#### **RESOLUTION NO. 1994-11**

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SEATTLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON, DESCRIBING CERTAIN CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS TO BE MADE TO ITS EDUCATION FACILITIES; DECLARING THE ESTIMATED COST OF SUCH IM-PROVEMENTS; PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUANCE OF NOT TO EXCEED \$332,000,000 PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE FROM AD VALOREM TAXES LEVIED AGAINST ALL TAXABLE PROPERTY WITHIN THE DISTRICT; PROVIDING FOR THE SUBMIS-SION OF THE PROPOSITION OF INCURRING SUCH INDEBTEDNESS TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS AT A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1994; REQUESTING THE MANAGER OF ELECTIONS AND RECORDS OF KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON AS EX OFFICIO SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS FOR THE DISTRICT TO DE-CLARE AN EMERGENCY; AND PROVIDING FOR OTHER MATTERS PROPERLY RELATING THERETO

SEATTLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 King County, Washington GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF \$332,000,000

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF SEATTLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON, as follows: WHEREAS, Seattle School District No. 1, King County, Washington (the

"District"), is a duly incorporated first-class school district operating under and by virtue of the Constitution and the laws of the State of Washington;

WHEREAS, certain capital improvements to the education facilities of the District are required to better serve the needs of the students of the District in order to provide the students attending and using the same with adequate, proper and safe education facilities.

WHEREAS, in order to provide funds to acquire, construct, equip, and install such capital improvements, the Board of Directors of the District (the "Board") hereby deems it necessary and advisable that the District issue and sell its unlimited tax general obligation bonds in the principal amount of not to exceed \$332,000,000;

WHEREAS, RCW 28A.530.020 requires that a special election be called for the submission of a proposition to the qualified electors within said District for their ratification or rejection prior to incurring said bonded indebtedness;

WHEREAS, the District will notify the Manager of Elections and Records of King County, Washington as ex officio Supervisor of Elections for the District, in compliance with the chapter 29.13 RCW, of its intention to hold a special election on Tuesday, November 8, 1994, to submit the proposition of the issuance of unlimited tax general obligation bonds to the qualified electors of the District for their ratification or rejection;

WHEREAS, the District recognizes that school facilities should be neighborhood anchors and, in many cases, are ideal locations for the provision of community and educational services by public and private agencies, where outside funding is available:

WHEREAS, the District recognizes the need to involve all sectors of the community, through its Minority and Women's Business Program, in the proposed capital activities;

WHEREAS, the District is committed to cooperative City of Seattle-District planning to carry out the purposes of the Growth Management Act (chapter 36.70A RCW);

WHEREAS, the District recognizes the size of the capital improvement program will require external construction management expertise and oversight; and

WHEREAS, the District recognizes that a significant objective in the design of school facilities is to provide for efficient maintenance and operations;

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY FOUND, DETERMINED, AND ORDERED, as follows:

Section 1: The Board hereby determines that the welfare of the residents and students of the District requires the acquisition, construction, and installation of certain capital improvements and betterments to its education facilities, together with all necessary appurtenances, fixtures, and furnishings therefor.

Section 2: The proposed capital improvements for which the bonds are to be issued are as follows:

(a) the construction, replacement and/or capital improvements to approximately 18 elementary and secondary schools;

 (b) the addition of multipurpose rooms, classrooms, lunchrooms and/or auditoriums to approximately three schools;

(c) the provision of space that could accommodate senior citizen SPICE Centers at approximately three schools;

(d) improvements to or replacement of Memorial Stadium;

 (e) the provision of childcare space at all the elementary schools being improved or replaced;

(f) the acquisition of all necessary land and interests in land;

 (g) equipping the foregoing facilities of the District as deemed necessary by the Board;

(h) provision of interim school and office sites; and

(i) ancillary costs of engineering, architectural, construction management, attorneys' fees, bond costs, permits, accounting costs, easements and any other expenses or consultant fees incidental thereto, together with all necessary appurtenances, fixtures and furnishings thereto.

If, in the opinion of the Board, the needs of the District change in a manner that results in a circumstance wherein any portion of the above-referenced capital improvements is not required, the Board retains the right not to construct such capital improvements and to reallocate the money originally contemplated therefor to other capital improvements deemed more necessary by the Board.

Section 3: The total estimated cost of acquiring, constructing, and installing said capital improvements is hereby declared to be approximately \$388,400,000, a portion of which shall be paid, if authorized and empowered by a three-fifths majority approving vote of the qualified electors of the District, by the issuance and sale of unlimited tax general obligation bonds in the principal amount of not to exceed \$332,000,000.

In the event there are bond proceeds remaining after the capital improvements set forth in Section 2, subsections (a) through (i) above have been completed or duly provided for, or in the event the Board determines that a portion of the capital improvements is not required, the Board retains the right to make additional capital improvements to the facilities of the District as found necessary by the Board.

Section 4: The bonds provided for in Section 3 hereof, if approved and issued, shall be sold, in one or more series, in such amounts and at such time or times as deemed necessary and advisable by the Board and as permitted by law, shall bear interest at such rate or rates (not to exceed the maximum provided by law at the time such bonds are sold) and in such manner as the Board shall determine at the time the bonds are sold, and shall mature in such years and amounts as determined by the Board within a maximum term of eight years from the date of issue, but may mature at an earlier date or dates as authorized by the Board and as provided by law. Said bonds shall be unlimited tax general obligations of the District, and, unless paid from other sources, both principal thereof and interest thereon shall be payable out of annual tax levies to be made upon all the taxable property within the District without limitation as to rate or amount. The designation of the bonds may be changed to reflect the actual date of issuance. The exact date, form, terms, and maturities of said bonds shall be hereafter fixed by resolution of the Board.

In the event the proceeds of the sale of said bonds, plus any or all of the money described in Section 3 above, are insufficient to make all of the capital improvements hereinbefore provided for, the District shall use the available funds for paying the cost of those improvements for which bonds were approved and deemed by the Board to be most necessary and in the best interest of the District.

Section 5: A special election is hereby requested to be called, conducted and held within the District on Tuesday, November 8, 1994, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the District, for their ratification or rejection, the proposal to acquire, construct and install said capital im-



## COMPLETE TEXT OF Seattle School District No. 1 Proposition No. 1 (cont.)

provements, incur indebtedness and issue general obligation bonds to finance said capital improvements and to levy taxes in excess of the regular property tax levy to the pay the principal of and interest on such bonds.

Section 6: The proposition to be certified to the Manager of Elections and Records of King County, Washington as ex officio Supervisor of Elections for the District by the Secretary of the Board shall be in substantially the following form:

#### PROPOSITION NO. 1 SEATTLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

TO CONSTRUCT CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS, EQUIP THE DISTRICT'S EDUCATION FACILITIES, ACQUIRE INTERESTS IN LAND AND MAKE OTHER CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE BOARD, SHALL SEATTLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 ISSUE \$332,000,000 OF GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS, MATURING WITHIN A MAXIMUM TERM OF EIGHT YEARS, AND SHALL ANNUAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES IN EXCESS OF REGULAR PROPERTY TAX LEVIES BE AUTHORIZED TO PAY PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ON SUCH BONDS, AS DESCRIBED IN RESOLUTION NO. 1994-11?

To vote IN FAVOR OF the foregoing Proposition, mark a cross (X) in the "BONDS, YES" square.

To vote AGAINST the foregoing Proposition, mark a cross (X) in the "BONDS, NO" square.

BONDS, YES

BONDS, NO

Section 7: The special election will be held on Tuesday, November 8, 1994. Polls will be open from 7:00 o'clock A.M. and will remain open until 8:00 o'clock P.M., when they will close.

Section 8: The location of the polling places shall be as determined by the Manager of Elections and Records of King County, Washington as ex officio Supervisor of Elections for the District.

Section 9: In the event the proposition set forth above is approved by the legally required three-fifths majority vote of the qualified electors of the District, there shall be levied and collected annual tax levies in an amount sufficient in each such year during the life of said bonds, and until the full payment of both principal thereof and interest thereon, as will produce levy proceeds sufficient in amount to fully pay currently maturing installments of principal of and interest on said bonds as each becomes due. Said tax levies will be in excess of the regular annual tax levies permitted by law without voter approval.

Section 10: It is hereby found and declared that an emergency exists due to the need for improvements to the District's education facilities. Said emergency requires the District to conduct a special election and requires the submission to the qualified electors of the District, for their ratification or rejection at said special election, of the proposition as set forth above. The Secretary of the Board is hereby authorized and directed to deliver a copy of this resolution to the Manager of Elections and Records of King County, Washington as ex officio Supervisor of Elections for the District at least 45 days prior to the special election date.

The Manager of Elections and Records of King County, Washington as ex officio Supervisor of Elections, is hereby requested to also find the existence of such emergency and to deem the same to exist and to call and conduct said special election on Tuesday, November 8, 1994, and to submit to the qualified electors of the District the proposition as set forth above.

Section 11: A Notice of Special Election shall be published at least once, which publication shall take place not more than ten nor less than three days prior to the date of said election. Said publication shall be in a newspaper of general circulation within the District.

Section 12: All actions not inconsistent with the provisions of the Resolution heretofore taken by the Board and its employees with respect to the special election herein authorized, are hereby in all respects ratified, approved and confirmed. Section 13: All resolutions or parts thereof in conflict herewith are, to the extent of such conflict, hereby repealed and shall have no further force or effect.

Section 14: This resolution shall take effect immediately upon adoption. ADOPTED by the Board of Directors of Seattle School District No. 1 at a special meeting thereof, notice of which was given as required by law, held on August 24, 1994.

SEATTLE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 King County, Washington Michael R. Preston (signed), President Janice Shellgren (signed), Vice President Scott Barnhart (signed), Director Linda Harris (signed), Director Ellen Roe (signed), Director Don Nielsen (signed), Director Alan Sugiyama (signed), Director



### COMPLETE TEXT OF Fire Protection District No. 5 Proposition No. 1

#### RESOLUTION NO. 94-03

#### AUTHORIZING SPECIAL ELECTION FOR MERGER PURSUANT TO RCW 52.06.090

A resolution of the Board of Commissioners of King County Fire Protection District No. 5, providing for the submission to the qualified electors of King County Fire Protection District No. 5 at a special election to be held therein In conjunction with a state-wide general election in accordance with RCW 29.13.020 on November 8, 1994, a proposal that King County Fire Protection District No. 5 be merged into King County Fire Protection District No. 16.

WHEREAS, King County Fire Protection District No. 5, presented the King County Fire Protection District No. 16 Board of Commissioners with a petition proposing that King County Fire Protection District No. 5 be merged into and become a part of King County Fire Protection District No. 16;

WHEREAS, King County Fire Protection District No. 16, pursuant to Resolution 94-05 dated March 1, 1994, approved said petition;

WHEREAS, the proposed merger was approved June 25, 1994, by the Washington State Boundary Review Board for King County; and

WHEREAS, the question of whether King County Fire Protection District No. 5 should be merged into King County Fire Protection District No. 16 was submitted to the electorate on September 20, 1994, and it is unknown whether there are sufficient affirmative votes cast to complete the proposed merger; now therefore

BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Commissioners of King County Fire Protection District No. 5 that there shall be submitted to the qualified electors of King County Fire Protection District No. 5 for their ratification or rejection at a special election to be held in conjunction with the state-wide general election in accordance with RCW 29.13.020 on November 8, 1994, the question of whether or not King County Fire Protection District No. 5 should be merged into King County Fire Protection District No. 16 pursuant to RCW 52.06 et seq., and the Superintendent of Elections of the Records and Elections Division of King County is hereby requested to place on the November 8, 1994, special election a ballot titled substantially as follows:

"PROPOSITION - APPROVING PARTIAL MERGER"

Shall King County Fire Protection District No. 5 be merged into King County Fire Protection District No. 16? Yes

No

FURTHER BE IT RESOLVED that should that certified election result from the September 20, 1994, primary election have sufficient affirmative votes to merge King County Fire Protection District No. 5 into King County Fire Protection District No. 16 the Superintendent of the Records and Elections Division of King County is hereby requested to not place the above

The Division of Records and Elections is not authorized to edit or correct spelling in the above text.



## COMPLETE TEXT OF Fire Protection District No. 5 Propostion No. 1 (cont.)

referenced ballot title on the November 8, 1994, special election.

Adopted by the Board of Commissioners of King County Fire Protection District No. 5 at a special meeting thereof this 21st day of September, 1994. BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS: STAN TERRY (signed), CHAIRMAN

WILLIAM RUNDALL (signed), MEMBER

COMPLETE TEXT OF Hospital District No. 1 Proposition No. 1

#### **RESOLUTION NO. 570**

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC HOSPITAL DISTRICT NO. 1 OF KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON, PRO-VIDING FOR SUBMISSION OF A BALLOT PROPOSITION TO THE VOTERS OF PUBLIC HOSPITAL DISTRICT NO. 1 OF KING COUNTY, REQUESTING AUTHORIZATION TO INCREASE THE DISTRICT'S REGULAR PROPERTY TAX LEVY RATES TO APPROXIMATE THE AVERAGE OF THE TOTAL TAX LEVY RATES OF THE PUBLIC HOSPI-TAL DISTRICTS IN KING AND SNOHOMISH COUNTIES.

WHEREAS, Public Hospital District No. 1 of King County, Washington (the "District") is a municipal corporation organized and duly existing under the laws of the state of Washington; and

WHEREAS, as a municipal corporation, the District currently levies a regular property tax in the amount of \$.0846 per \$1,000 of assessed value; and

WHEREAS, public hospital districts are authorized by the Washington State Legislature to levy a regular property tax annually up to \$.75 per \$1,000 of assessed value; and

WHEREAS, under the provisions of RCW 84.55.050, subject to any otherwise applicable statutory dollar rate limitations, regular property taxes may be levied by or for a taxing district in an amount exceeding the limitation provided for in Chapter 84.55 RCW (the so-called 106% tax levy lid) if such a levy is authorized by a proposition approved by a majority of the voters of the taxing district voting on the proposition at a general election held within the district or at a special election within the taxing district called by the district for the purposes of submitting such proposition to the voters; and

WHEREAS, the District has not asked the voters for an increase in taxes in seventeen years; and

WHEREAS, the District currently maintains a program known as the "Valley Dividend Program," which provides for a credit towards a taxpayer's inpatient hospital bill based upon total lifetime taxes paid to the District; and

WHEREAS, 48 of the 52 public hospital districts in Washington have higher overall tax rates than the District; and

WHEREAS, current state and pending federal healthcare reform laws' ("Healthcare Reform") impact to the District will be a reduction in revenues and an increase in the demand for healthcare services; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners of the District is charged by the electors of the District to provide quality hospital services and other healthcare facilities and services for the residents of the District and others; and

WHEREAS, the healthcare needs of the community mandate that the District maintain Valley Medical Center's emergency and acute care services, community outreach programs, the tamily practice residency program and clinic, primary care clinics, and services to senior citizens/children/ families; and WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners of the District finds that the community desires that the District maintain such programs through excellent facilities and offer high quality services; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners of the District believes that the community will affirmatively support a tax levy rate by the District which approximates the average of the other public hospital districts in King and Snohomish Counties, and;

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners of the District acknowledges that the residents of the District expect that their tax dollars be spent locally, in South King County, and that tax dollars be used for healthcare services, programs and facilities rather than administrative expenses, and

WHEREAS, the District recognizes that, at an indeterminable time in the future, a tax increase by the District could impact another existing taxing district that overlaps the District; therefore, the District agrees to review its tax needs annually. Additionally, the District will re-examine its tax requirement every year to determine if a tax rollback is desirable or if additional levies need to be considered in the future.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the Board of Commissioners of Public Hospital District No. 1 of King County, Washington, that it is found and declared that an emergency exists requiring the calling of a special election, and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, is requested to find and declare the existence of an emergency, and to call and conduct a special election in the District in the manner provided by law to be held therein on the 8th day of November, 1994, in conjunction with the State general election to be held on the same date, during lawful voting hours.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a ballot proposition be submitted to the qualified electors of the District at said election described above pursuant to the provisions of RCW 84.55.050, submitting the question of whether, beginning with taxes payable in 1995 and continuing each year thereafter, the District shall increase its regular property tax levy from its current level to 58¢ per \$1,000 of assessed value, and thereby establish a new dollar limit under RCW 84.55.050 on all subsequent regular property tax levies of the District. This increase translates into approximately \$50 per year for a house assessed at \$100,000 in 1994.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the title of the aforesaid proposition shall be substantially as follows:

Since Valley Medical Center's Emergency Room has become one of the Northwest's busiest, and population/accidents are projected to increase, should Public Hospital District 1 of King County (Valley Medical Center) raise its tax levy rate to 58¢ per \$1000 assessed value for the purpose of guaranteeing quality 24-hour Emergency Room care, Nurse triage, faster Emergency service, Trauma capabilities, Senior and Children's health programs, meeting new hospital Earthquake standards, and other healthcare needs, as set forth in Resolution 570?

NO

BEIT FURTHER RESOLVED, the Secretary of the Board of Commissioners of the District is directed to certify to King County a copy of this resolution showing its adoption by the Board of Commissioners at least forty five (45) days prior to the date of that general election; and the Superintendent or his designee is directed to perform any other duties as are necessary or required by law to the end that the question of whether or not the tax levy shall be made as herein provided shall be submitted to the electors of the District at the aforesaid election.

ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Board of Commissioners of Public Hospital District No. 1 of King County, Washington, at a meeting of the Board on the 28th day of July, 1994, the following Commissioners being present and voting.

Carole A. Anderson (signed) C, J. Delaurenti (signed) Charlotte Kurth Cooper RN, MN (signed) John R. Shields MD (signed) Donald Jacobson (signed) Absentee Ballot Request Mail To: ABSENTEE BALLOT Room 553, King County Administration Bldg, 500 4th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104

I HEREBY DECLA	FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT RE THAT I AM A REGISTERED VOTER PLEASE PRINT IN INK	THIS APPLICATION IS FOR THE FOLLOWING:
Registered Name		GENERAL ELECTION ONLY November 8, 1994
Street Address	#	
City	Zip	PERMANENT REQUEST
Telephone: (Day)	(Evening)	All Future Elections
For identification purposes or	nly: (Optional)	
Birth Date	Social Security No	IF KNOWN:
TO BE VALID, YO	DUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED	Registration No. KI
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	RENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:	
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70 If you have requested an Absentee Ballot or have a continuing request for an Absentee Ballot, please do not submit another application.

## **VOTING IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON**

#### Voter qualifications

To register to vote, you must be:

- A citizen of the United States
- A legal resident of Washington state
- · At least 18 years old by election day

In the state of Washington, you do not have to register by political party or declare political party membership to vote in the state's regular primaries or general elections.

#### **Registration deadlines**

You may register to vote at any time, but you must be registered at least **30 days** in advance of an election if you wish to vote **at a polling place** on election day.

You may also register between 30 and 15 days before an election, but you must do so at King County Records and Elections, 500 4th Avenue, Seattle, WA, and you will be required to vote by absentee ballot.

#### How to register

Washington citizens have access to several convenient methods of signing up to vote, including registration by mail and "Motor Voter" registration.

Mail-in registration forms are available from your county auditor or county elections department as well as many public libraries, schools and other government offices. You may also request a form by filling out the box at the right and mailing it to the Secretary of State.

"Motor Voter" registration is offered when you renew or apply for your driver's license. In most instances, a motor voter registration takes less than a minute to complete.

#### Change of residence

If you move to a new county, you must complete a new voter registration.

If you move within the **same** county, you do not need to reregister, but you must request a transfer of your registration. This can be done by calling or writing your county elections department, or by using a mail-in voter registration form.

NOTE: You must re-register or transfer your registration at least **30 days** before the election to be eligible to vote in your new precinct.

#### Absentee ballots

You may request an absentee ballot as early as 45 days before an election. (No absentee ballots are issued on election day except to hospitalized voters.) Absentee ballots may be requested either by phone or by mail from the Elections Division. You may also apply — in writing — to automatically receive an absentee ballot before each election. For an application, call 296-1560.

NOTE: Absentee ballots must be signed and postmarked or delivered to the county elections officer on or before election day.

#### Election dates and poll hours

State primaries are generally held on the third Tuesday in September. The presidential primary, conducted once every four years, is held on the fourth Tuesday in May, or on a date selected by the Secretary of State.

General elections are held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November. Polling hours for all primaries and elections are 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

#### Voter information

If you need assistance with registration and voting, contact the King County Records and Elections Division at 296-8683 (TDD 296-0109).

#### Special services

The Office of the Secretary of State provides a toll-free voter information service to residents within the state of Washington. This service will be operated Monday through Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., beginning Wednesday, October 19, and continuing through the day of the election, November 8. In many instances, assistance can be provided to those who have difficulty reading this pamphlet because their primary language is not English.

Voters may also call to request any of the following special Voters Pamphlet versions: Tape-cassette, Braille, Spanish-language or Chinese-language.

For more information, call the Secretary of State Voter Information Hotline at 1-800-448-4881.

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City:	Zip Code:
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