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STATE OF WASHINGTON

VOTERS PAMPHLET



GENERAL

ELECTION

NOVEMBER 2, 1993

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SECRETARY OF STATE

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EDITION 15

KING COUNTY DIVISION OF RECORDS AND ELECTIONS

INTRODUCTION TO THE 1993 VOTERS PAMPHLET

It is my pleasure to introduce you to the 1993 Washington State Voters Pamphlet. I am especially pleased to extend a very special welcome to the 348,000 new voters who have registered under the state's "Motor Voter" program at numerous locations around Washington.

As you will note by the cover, this year's pamphlet commemorates the Sesquicentennial of the Oregon Trail. From 1843 to the early 1860s, more than 300,000 emigrants traveled over the 2,000-mile Oregon Trail to start a new life in the Pacific Northwest. Many of these travelers branched off the Trail in northern Oregon to head for what is now the state of Washington — founding towns such as Walla Walla, New Market (Tumwater), Claquato (near Chehalis), Steilacoom and Lynden.

These emigrants and their descendants brought to the West new thoughts about government and citizen rights. They established a unique state government which diffused power among a host of elective offices, and gave greater rights and privileges to the public.

This voters pamphlet is a direct result of the populist movement which grew from the new ideas of those who came here along the Oregon Trail. Washington's Constitution gives its citizens the right to a voters pamphlet containing information on issues appearing at each general election. Our state was one of the first in the nation to provide a voters pamphlet to its citizens.

And we continue on with this heritage of bringing new ideas and innovative programs to make state government and our elections system more accessible and convenient for citizens. In addition to Motor Voter, we have also seen reforms such as the expansion of the ongoing absentee ballot program to all citizens, a reduction in the 30-day voter registration deadline, and, in the coming year, voter registration by mail.

These efforts reflect our state's rich tradition of promoting voter awareness and voter participation. In the coming days, I urge you to join in this tradition by making use of this voters pamphlet. It contains extensive information on the measures appearing on the statewide ballot and on election procedures and voting. Please study it thoroughly, and be sure to cast your vote on November 2.

With best wishes,



RALPH MUNRO
Secretary of State

Dear King County Resident:

In the 1992 General Election, King County voters approved County Charter amendments which provided for the consolidation of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO) with King County. The consolidation requires restructuring the King County Council and its committee processes for certain regional issues; and includes the assumption by the County of the rights, powers, functions, and obligations presently held by METRO. The result will be an expansion of the regional role of King County to include decisions that impact cities as well as the unincorporated areas King County government has traditionally served.

To support these new responsibilities, voters approved the expansion of the King County Council from nine to thirteen members. The requisite redistricting of the County into thirteen Council Districts took place earlier this year adding four new Districts and proportionately redesigning the original nine.

The November General Election will determine the makeup of the governing body of this new, consolidated regional government which becomes a reality next year. In addition to the County Executive and the four new County Council positions, five of the original nine Council positions are on the ballot this November. Thus, voters will be making decisions on a majority of the members of this new governing body.

The men and women elected to these positions as well as those individuals chosen to serve on the governing bodies of cities, towns and special districts in the County, will make policy decisions that will greatly affect our region and your local communities. I urge you to read this Voters Pamphlet and study the issues and the candidates. You can play an important role in the shaping of King County Government by voting on Tuesday, November 2, 1993.



SONIA SOELTER
Acting Manager
King County Records and Elections Division

This pamphlet was prepared by Erika E. Aust, Assistant Elections Director, Office of the Secretary of State; and Candace A. McDonald, King County Coordinator.



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sample Ballot	4	Court of Appeals	41
Voting in the State of Washington	5	Superior Court	42
Initiative Measure 593	6	Port of Seattle	43
Initiative Measure 601	8	Cities & Towns	44
Initiative Measure 602	10	School Districts	51
House Joint Resolution 4200	12	Fire Districts	60
House Joint Resolution 4201	14	Water Districts	63
Text of State Measures	16	Water & Sewer District	65
Absentee Ballot Requests	35	Hospital District	66
33rd Legislative District	36	Local Measure	67
King County Executive	37	Incorporation of Newport Hills	68
Metropolitan King County Council	38	Text of Local Measures	70

NON-PARTICIPATING DISTRICTS

The following districts have chosen **not** to participate in the Local Voters Pamphlet. Due to this decision, local candidates and/or measures will not be included in this pamphlet.

Algona
Beaux Arts Village
Black Diamond
Carnation
Skykomish

Federal Way School District No. 210
Vashon School District No. 402
Skykomish School District No. 404
Riverview School District No. 407
Fife School District No. 417

Fire Protection Districts No. 1, 2, 5, 11, 13,
14, 17, 20, 24, 26, 28, 31, 34, 38, 40, 41, 44,
46, 47
Snoqualmie Pass Fire Protection Dist. No. 51
Woodinville Fire & Life Safety District

Water Districts No. 1, 17, 19, 20, 45, 54, 83,
85, 86, 94, 97, 117, 119, 123, 125, 127
Covington Water District
Rose Hill Water District

Bryn Mawr-Lakeridge Water & Sewer
Soos Creek Water & Sewer
Skyway Water & Sewer District

Eastgate Sewer District
Highlands Sewer District
Stevens Pass Sewer
Snoqualmie Pass Sewer
Vashon Island Sewer District
Val-View Sewer District

Vashon Airport District
Vashon Cemetery District

Due to the nature of the publication process, this edition of the Voters Pamphlet may include some candidates who will not appear on the ballot for your area. To verify which offices will appear on your ballot, contact the Division of Records and Elections at 296-8683.

Secretary of State Toll-Free Hotlines

1-800-448-4881

TDD (Hearing Impaired) 1-800-422-8683

*Printed on recycled paper.
Please recycle this Voters Pamphlet!*

SAMPLE BALLOT*

State of Washington pg. 6			City of Enumclaw (cont.)			Issaquah Sch. Dist. No. 411 (cont.)		
Initiative 593	Yes	No	Council, Pos. No. 3			District No. 4		
Initiative 601	Yes	No	Barbara Shane	<input type="checkbox"/>		Mary Scott	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Initiative 602	Yes	No	Lou Gerlach	<input type="checkbox"/>		Kent School Dist. No. 415 pg. 59		
H.J.R. 4200	Yes	No	Council, Pos. No. 5			District No. 4		
H.J.R. 4201	Yes	No	Shirley A. Heen	<input type="checkbox"/>		Edward H. Kosnoski	<input type="checkbox"/>	
33rd Legislative Dist. pg. 36			John E. Bookter	<input type="checkbox"/>		Bill Boyce	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Position No. 1			Council, Pos. No. 7			District No. 5		
Julia Patterson (D)	<input type="checkbox"/>		J. Darrell Morrison	<input type="checkbox"/>		Sandy Collins	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Mike Pattison (R)	<input type="checkbox"/>		Christopher O. Quiles	<input type="checkbox"/>		Fire Protection Dist. No. 10 pg. 60		
King County pg. 37			City of Renton pg. 49			Position No. 1		
Executive			Council, Pos. No. 1			Richard P. Landis	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Gary Locke (D)	<input type="checkbox"/>		Randy Corman	<input type="checkbox"/>		Position No. 2		
Tim Hill (R)	<input type="checkbox"/>		Jeff Lukins	<input type="checkbox"/>		Jim Norris	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Metro. King County Council pg. 38			Council, Pos. No. 2			Fire Protection Dist. No. 25 pg. 61		
District No. 5			Bob Edwards	<input type="checkbox"/>		Position No. 1		
Ron Sims (D)	<input type="checkbox"/>		Council, Pos. No. 6			Sonny Putter	<input type="checkbox"/>	
District No. 9			Frank G. Carson	<input type="checkbox"/>		Don Milbrath	<input type="checkbox"/>	
John Sliwa (D)	<input type="checkbox"/>		Tim Schlitzer	<input type="checkbox"/>		Fire Protection Dist. No. 37 pg. 62		
Kent Pullen (R)	<input type="checkbox"/>		Enumclaw Sch. Dist. No. 216 pg. 51			Position No. 1		
District No. 12			District No. 2			Alice Matz	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Debbie Berto (D)	<input type="checkbox"/>		Michael M. Stensen	<input type="checkbox"/>		Jack H. Brandon	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Brian Derdowski (R)	<input type="checkbox"/>		District No. 5			Fire Protection Dist. No. 43 pg. 62		
Court of Appeals			Andy Willner	<input type="checkbox"/>		Position No. 1		
Div. No. 1, Dist. No. 1 pg. 41			Renton School Dist. No. 403 pg. 52			Mark D. Fern	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Position No. 2			District No. 2			Water Dist. No. 90 pg. 63		
Susan Randolph Agid	<input type="checkbox"/>		Scott Kaseburg	<input type="checkbox"/>		Position No. 1		
Superior Court pg. 42			District No. 5			Jim W. Rohrer	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Position No. 18			Bev Barfield	<input type="checkbox"/>		Thomas L. Tasa	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Michael S. Spearman	<input type="checkbox"/>		Bellevue Sch. Dist. No. 405 pg. 53			Position No. 2		
David M. Abercrombie	<input type="checkbox"/>		District No. 3			Glenn L. Bressan	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Port of Seattle pg. 43			Steve Miller	<input type="checkbox"/>		Marshall M. Brenden	<input type="checkbox"/>	
District No. 3			District No. 5			Position No. 3		
Paige Miller	<input type="checkbox"/>		Wayne D. Tanaka	<input type="checkbox"/>		Richard Summers	<input type="checkbox"/>	
George Tamblyn	<input type="checkbox"/>		Dennis Branstetter	<input type="checkbox"/>		Mac Lovell	<input type="checkbox"/>	
City of Bellevue pg. 44			Auburn School Dist. No. 408 pg. 55			Water Dist. No. 107 pg. 65		
Council, Pos. No. 2			District No. 3			Position No. 1		
Conrad Lee	<input type="checkbox"/>		Dick Burkhardt	<input type="checkbox"/>		Pamela A. Martin	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Maria Cain	<input type="checkbox"/>		Zane S. Williams	<input type="checkbox"/>		Mike Genovese	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Council, Pos. No. 4			District No. 5			Cedar River Water & Sewer Dist.		
Margot Blacker	<input type="checkbox"/>		Therald (Ted) L. Leonard	<input type="checkbox"/>		Position No. 1 pg. 65		
Tim Brown	<input type="checkbox"/>		Tahoma School Dist. No. 409 pg. 56			Walter M. Canter	<input type="checkbox"/>	
Council, Pos. No. 6			District No. 1			Hospital Dist. No. 1 pg. 66		
Ron E. Smith	<input type="checkbox"/>		Alana (A.J.) McIalwain	<input type="checkbox"/>		District No. 1		
Al Bentley	<input type="checkbox"/>		Zandra Jones Roberts	<input type="checkbox"/>		Don Jacobson	<input type="checkbox"/>	
City of Enumclaw			Johanna Nagel	<input type="checkbox"/>		Incorporation of Newport Hills		
Proposition No. 1 pg. 67	Yes	No	District No. 5			Prop. No. 1 pg. 68	Yes	No
Mayor pg. 46			Joe Vreeburg	<input type="checkbox"/>				
George Rossman	<input type="checkbox"/>		Barbara K. Kennedy	<input type="checkbox"/>				
John Farman	<input type="checkbox"/>		Issaquah Sch. Dist. No. 411 pg. 58					
Council, Pos. No. 1			District No. 2					
Anne G. McNeely	<input type="checkbox"/>		Connie Fletcher	<input type="checkbox"/>				

VOTING IN THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

Voter qualifications

To register to vote, you must be:

- A citizen of the United States
- A legal resident of Washington state
- At least 18 years old by election day

In the state of Washington, you do not have to register by political party or declare political party membership to vote in the state's regular primaries or general elections.

Registration deadlines

You may register to vote at any time, but you must be registered at least **30 days** in advance of an election if you wish to vote at a **polling place** on election day.

You may also register between 30 and 15 days before an election, but you must do so at King County Records and Elections, 500 4th Avenue, Seattle, WA, and you will be required to vote by absentee ballot.

Where to register

- County Auditor or County Elections Department
- City or Town Clerk offices
- State Driver Licensing offices
- Public schools
- Most fire stations
- Most public libraries
- Most state agencies

Change of residence

If you move to a **new** county, you must complete a new voter registration.

If you move within the **same** county, you do not need to re-register, but you must request a transfer of your registration. This can be done by calling or writing your county elections department, or by requesting a transfer from a voter registrar (see "Where to register"). Failure to do so could cause cancellation of your voter registration.

NOTE: You must re-register or transfer your registration at least **30 days** before the election to be eligible to vote in your new precinct.

Absentee ballots

You may request an absentee ballot as early as 45 days before an election. (No absentee ballots are issued on election day except to hospitalized voters.)

Absentee ballots may be requested either by phone or by mail from the Elections Division. You may also apply for ongoing status — in writing — to automatically receive an absentee ballot before each election. For an ongoing application, call 296-1560.

NOTE: Absentee ballots must be signed and postmarked or delivered to the county elections officer **on or before election day**.

Election dates and poll hours

General elections are held on the Tuesday after the first Monday in November. Polling hours for all primaries and elections are **7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.**

Voter information

If you need assistance with registration and voting, contact the King County Records and Elections Division at 296-8683.

Special services

The Office of the Secretary of State provides a toll-free voter information service to residents within the state of Washington. This service will be operated Monday through Friday from 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., beginning Tuesday October 12, and continuing through the day of the election, November 2. In many instances, assistance can be provided to those who have difficulty reading this pamphlet because their primary language is not English.

Voters may also call to request additional copies of the Voters Pamphlet or any of the following special versions of the Voters Pamphlet: Tape-cassette, Braille, Spanish-language or Chinese-language.

For more information, call the Secretary of State Voter Information Hotline at 1-800-448-4881.



INITIATIVE MEASURE 593

TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 593 begins on page 16.

Statement for

It's time to get tougher on violent criminals.

The problem is clear: the overwhelming majority of violent crime is committed by less than 10% of violent criminals. And most of them will re-offend again when released.

CURRENT STATE LAW IS MUCH TOO WEAK

Under current state laws, the average prison term recommended for a child molester with two previous sex felony convictions on his record is just 9 years, six months. *That's for a third offense.*

For someone convicted of 1st degree robbery with two violent felony convictions already on his record, the recommended sentence is just 5 years. That doesn't count time off for "good behavior."

Why let proven repeat offenders out to offend again? Let's make sure that nobody becomes their 4th, 5th or 6th victim.

INITIATIVE 593 GETS TOUGH ON VIOLENT CRIME

Under 593, anyone convicted of a third violent offense goes to prison for life. No early release. No parole. No furloughs. No loopholes. Three strikes and you're out.

Initiative 593 brings accountability and the certainty of punishment back to our criminal justice system. In aiming at three time violent offenders, it targets the "worst of the worst" criminals who most deserve to be behind bars. With 593 that's where they'll stay. Without it, most of them won't.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall criminals who are convicted of "most serious offenses" on three occasions be sentenced to life in prison without parole?

The law as it now exists:

Criminal sentencing is now governed by the Sentencing Reform Act (Chapter 9.94A RCW). The judge determines the sentence for each person convicted of a crime, based on standard sentencing ranges set down in the law. The

INITIATIVE 593 SENDS THE RIGHT MESSAGE TO CRIMINALS

Not only does 593 keep our most serious offenders off the streets, it also sends a clear and unmistakable message to all other criminals in Washington: either obey the law or leave the state — for good.

People from all over the state are supporting 593 to make our streets and neighborhoods safer.

For more information, call (206) 462-7353.

Rebuttal of Statement against

593's opponents claim that violent offenders can already be locked up for life. The problem is, they aren't. That will change when 593 becomes law. Three time serious felons will stay behind bars for life. Only a pardon issued by the Governor could authorize their release.

The crimes covered by 593 are serious, violent felonies, not "bar fights" or car accidents. 593 keeps the "worst of the worst" in prison. Isn't that where they belong?

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

JOHN CARLSON, Washington Institute for Policy Studies, KVI Radio; IDA BALLASIOTES, State Representative; BRIAN EBERSOLE, Speaker, House of Representatives.

Advisory Committee: HELEN HARLOW, Tennis Shoe Brigade; PAM ROACH, State Senator; JOHN LADENBURG, Pierce County Prosecutor; TERRY MANGAN, Spokane Police Chief; TOM CAMPBELL, State Representative.

standard sentence range is determined by calculating an "offender score," which takes into account the nature of the crime committed as well as prior convictions for other crimes. Prior convictions for serious offenders increase the "offender score" and the standard sentencing range if there is a later conviction. Under special circumstances the judge may give a sentence outside the sentencing range. Current law does not require a specific sentence for repeat offenders.

The effect of Initiative Measure 593, if approved into law:

This initiative would create a new category of "persistent offenders" consisting of persons who have been convicted three or more times of "most serious crimes." The initiative specifies which crimes will be defined as "most serious crimes" (section 3 of the initiative), essentially consisting of all class A felonies and all class B felonies involving harm

Statement against

INITIATIVE 593: REVIVING FAILED AND REJECTED LAWS

Washington used to have a law like "three strikes you're out." It didn't work. It was extremely costly, locked up people who didn't need to be locked up to protect us, and locked up people long past the age when they were a risk. Washington's citizens and legislature have wisely chosen *not* to endorse recent, similar proposals.

INITIATIVE 593: VERY COSTLY, WITHOUT INCREASING OUR SAFETY

Repeat "serious offenders" after middle age are not the norm. 593 will unnecessarily result in expensive geriatric wards in our prisons for people who are long past the age when they are a threat.

593 needlessly forces us to spend nearly \$26,000 per person, per year, for an average of thirty years, to feed, clothe and house people who aren't a risk to us. Nearly \$800,000 for each person!

We can use current law *now* to put away, for a long time, those who need to be put away. 593 takes away the power to *choose* who should be locked up for life.

INITIATIVE 593: INCLUDES OFFENSES NOT MERITING LIFE IMPRISONMENT

Proponents claim 593 only applies to "most serious" offenses. Not true! 593 also includes reckless car accidents with injuries, as well as bar fights if a blow accidentally, recklessly injures someone.

or threats of harm to persons. When a "persistent offender" is sentenced, the initiative would require the judge to impose a sentence of total confinement for life without possibility of parole. For the crime of aggravated murder in the first degree, the initiative would preserve present law allowing the death sentence in some cases.

"Persistent offenders" would not be eligible for community custody, earned early release time, furlough, detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release. Judges and correctional facilities would be authorized to warn about the consequences of becoming a "persistent offender." The governor could still issue pardons or clemency orders on a case-by-case basis, and would be required to issue periodic reports on the progress of any offenders released through pardons or clemency.

INITIATIVE 593: NEEDLESSLY HIGH COST

593 falsely offers the appearance of a quick fix solution to a serious problem.

593 *won't* reduce crime. Repeat, serious offenders can *already* be locked up until they are no longer a danger.

593 *will* increase your taxes, or force the legislature to take away money from jobs, healthcare, education and other programs that *do* serve to prevent crime.

Rebuttal of Statement for

593's proponents aren't telling the whole truth. Current law already keeps violent criminals in prison an average of 15-25 years. Under 593, reckless car accidents with injuries are treated the same as rape and murder. \$12,000,000 will be required over the next few years for additional prisons for people *not* likely to re-offend. 70-year-olds don't repeat violent crimes, *but* have enormous medical costs. 593 plays on our fears, but is in truth expensive and ineffective.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

JOHN A. STRAIT, Associate Professor of Law; CARL MAXEY, Attorney at Law.

Advisory Committee: REVEREND JOHN BOONSTRA, Executive Minister, Washington Association of Churches; JUDGE ROBERT WINSOR, retired; JUDGE SOLIE M. RINGOLD, retired; MONICA ZUCKER; JOHN M. JUNKER, Professor of Law.



INITIATIVE MEASURE 601

TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 601 begins on page 25.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall state expenditures be limited by inflation rates and population growth, and taxes exceeding the limit be subject to referendum?

The law as it now exists:

The state is currently operating under a law (Chapter 43.135 RCW, enacted by initiative in 1979), which limits state tax revenue in each fiscal year to an amount calculated by multiplying the previous year's revenue limit by the average state personal income ratio for the three calendar years immediately preceding the beginning of the fiscal year in question. For instance, the tax revenue limit for fiscal 1994 (which began on July 1, 1993) is the limit for fiscal 1993 multiplied by the average increase in personal income for calendar 1990, 1991, and 1992. The starting point for these calculations was the revenue received in fiscal 1979. Current law requires the Legislature to impose taxes and other

charges in a manner that will ensure that estimated tax revenues do not exceed the revenue limit for each fiscal year. The limit may be exceeded only in case of an emergency declared by the Legislature with a two-thirds vote in each house. The budgeting and accounting laws prohibit the governor from allowing the expenditure of funds in excess of actual revenue received. The 1979 initiative also limits the extent to which the Legislature may impose new obligations on local governments without reimbursing them from state funds.

The effect of Initiative Measure 601, if approved into law:

Initiative Measure 601 would replace the current state tax revenue limit with a state expenditure limit calculated for each fiscal year by increasing the previous fiscal year's limit by a fiscal growth factor derived by averaging the sum of inflation and population change for each of the prior three fiscal years. State expenditures are those expenditures made from the state's general fund, excluding expenditures made from federal funds. The expenditure limit would first become effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1995. Fees paid to the state could not be increased beyond the fiscal growth factor without prior Legislature approval. The initiative would establish an emergency reserve fund and would require the Legislature to place in this fund any revenue received in excess of the new expenditure limit. Money could be taken from the fund only by a vote of two-thirds of the

members of each house of the Legislature. Excess emergency funds would be transferred to a new education construction fund. Any other use of this money would require a two-thirds vote of each house of the Legislature and approval by vote of the people.

After July 1, 1995, the Legislature could not take actions to increase state revenue or shift tax burdens except by a two-thirds vote of each house, and only then if the new revenue would not exceed the state expenditure limit for the fiscal year in question.

The Legislature could increase revenues in excess of the expenditure limit but such increases would be effective only with approval by the people at the next general election.

The state expenditure limit could be exceeded upon a declaration of an emergency approved by a two-thirds vote of each house and signed by the governor. The declaration must set forth the nature of the emergency, which could only be natural disasters requiring immediate government action. Additional taxes to meet the emergency could be imposed, but only for the length of the emergency or two years, whichever is shorter.

The Legislature would be prohibited from imposing responsibility for new programs or increased levels of service on any political subdivision of the state, unless the subdivision is fully reimbursed by specific appropriation by the state.

Parts of the initiative would go into effect immediately, and parts on July 1, 1995. Effective immediately, the Legislature would be prohibited from raising taxes, imposing new taxes, or shifting tax burdens without approval of the voters.

Statement for

I-601 SETS REASONABLE LIMITS ON TAXES AND SPENDING

Politicians can't control spending and Washington's citizens end up paying the bill through higher taxes. With I-601, the Taxpayer Protection Act, the people can set reasonable spending limits and give themselves the power to decide whether tax hikes are really needed.

THE PEOPLE CAN TAKE CONTROL OF TAXES AND SPENDING

I-601 is a cure for overspending, crisis cuts in programs and emergency tax increases:

- Voters would decide whether higher taxes are needed.
- Spending increases would be limited to the rate of inflation and state population growth.
- A "rainy day" fund would be created for economic bad times.

WE CAN'T AFFORD MORE OF THE SAME

Since 1985, nearly 20,000 new state employees have been hired. Washington's population has grown by about 27 percent since 1980, yet the state's budget has seen over a 140 percent increase since 1983. In 1990, the Legislature spent a billion dollar surplus.

Last November, Washingtonians thought they were voting for change, but they instead got more of the same. Despite nearly a billion dollars in new tax revenues for 1993-95, the Legislature and governor gave us a state budget requiring over a billion dollars in new taxes and fees.

NATIONAL NEWSPAPER PRAISES I-601

On July 9th, the following appeared in *The Wall Street*

Journal: "I-601 separates those who want to tax and spend from those who want to restrain taxing and spending.... As one of the proponents of I-601 said to us, 'Who, in their right mind, would ever be opposed to such a thing?'"

We couldn't have said it better ourselves. Fifteen other states may be considering I-601 style resolutions. On November 2nd, vote I-601.

For more information, call 1-800-949-6646.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Opponents of I-601 don't think the people are intelligent enough to decide whether future taxes are really needed. They want us to trust politicians who consistently refuse to control spending.

California is in trouble because they limited taxes without limiting spending. I-601 limits spending, forcing government to cut waste and set priorities.

I-601 protects education. Under I-601, state spending would grow by about 8% the first two years. Harmful cuts would be unnecessary.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

LINDA SMITH, State Senator, member of Senate Ways & Means (Budget) Committee; GREG SEIFERT, Vancouver-based independent Insurance Agent; BOB NIX, Farmer, former Teacher and Volunteer Coordinator for the Washington Taxpayer Protection Coalition.

Advisory Committee: BUTCH SMITH, Spokane-area Real Estate Consultant, member of Washington Taxpayer Protection Coalition Steering Committee; JUDY NIX, Farmer, Community Leader and Volunteer Coordinator of the WTPC; LES WADDINGTON, Tri-Cities Businessman, member of WTPC Steering Committee; DAVID CUTBIRTH, Olympia-area Communications Consultant and Media Relations Coordinator for WTPC; DR. ANN DONNELLY, Geologist and Finance Director of WTPC.

Statement against

I-601 IS NOT THE ANSWER

Washington citizens deserve a strong economy, good paying jobs, a clean environment, safe neighborhoods, quality education, and improved health care. This initiative will NOT help us achieve these goals.

Every citizen should demand that taxes be raised prudently and public money be spent wisely. But this initiative is not the answer to legitimate calls for improved government efficiency and accountability.

CITIZEN NEEDS DON'T RELATE TO ARTIFICIAL FORMULA

I-601 would tie increases in state spending to an artificial formula that has no relationship to the actual needs of our citizens. The needs of those younger than 21 or older than 65 don't increase according to an arbitrary formula. There will be 55,000 new school children in the next two years and double-digit increases in health care costs. Crime on the streets doesn't stop because of some formula in Olympia.

DON'T SLIDE BACKWARD

We've got a state that works. Let's keep it that way. We've got a balanced budget without gimmicks. The voters previously limited state tax revenue to increases in personal income. There are limits on property tax and term limits on legislators. Our state made great strides this year in health care, civil service reform and access to college and job training opportunities. We don't need to make the same mistake California did.

MAJORITY RULE PROTECTS EVERYONE

The requirement for two-thirds agreement in the legislature to respond to critical needs could very well put the control of the state's future in the hands of a small group of legislators with very extreme views. Majority rule protects everyone.

Vote NO on I-601.

For more information, call (206) 625-0511.

Rebuttal of Statement for

Under I-601, as few as 17 senators would decide what's best for all Washingtonians. That's great for politicians, but bad for citizens. Voters will be shut out by special interests and their lobbyists.

I-601 applies only to the general fund. 200 other funds, including gas taxes, are not covered. Another opportunity for special interest lobbyists.

I-601's meaningless statistics ignore the real needs of our children and senior citizens.

Don't be fooled. Vote NO!

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

DANIEL J. EVANS, former Governor; MARGARET COLONY, President, League of Women Voters of Washington; W. HUNTER SIMPSON, retired Businessman.

Advisory Committee: ANNA H. CHAVELLE, MD, President, Washington State Medical Association; DR. WILLIAM WILEY, Senior Vice President, Battelle Memorial Institute; FATHER WILLIAM J. SULLIVAN, S.J., President, Seattle University; PHYLLIS GUTIERREZ KENNEY, Higher Education and Community Leader; AL LINK, President, Spokane Central Labor Council.



INITIATIVE MEASURE 602

TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 602 begins on page 28.

Statement for

**INITIATIVE 602 PROTECTS TAXPAYERS AND
CONTROLS GOVERNMENT SPENDING**

**INITIATIVE 602 FIGHTS RAMPANT INEFFICIENCY
AND WASTE IN GOVERNMENT**

Even before this year's tax increases, state government had nearly \$1 billion more of your tax dollars than ever before. Yet, they still increased spending and burdened Washingtonians with an additional \$1.2 BILLION in new taxes.

I-602 encourages state government to set priorities — funding essential needs, including K-12 and higher education, and public safety first! Inefficient and wasteful uses of your tax dollars — like \$44,000 fish tanks, expensive office buildings, excessive travel, and unnecessary bureaucracy — would meet the chopping-block.

**INITIATIVE 602 SAFEGUARDS WASHINGTON'S
FUTURE**

Reasonable controls that work. I-602 controls how much money the state can collect and then limits spending to that level. Experience shows that limits based on spending alone allow too many loopholes for higher taxes and spending.

Living within taxpayers' means. Our state budget has nearly tripled in the last 12 years . . . that's faster than hard-working taxpayers can afford. Under I-602, government spending rises only if the people's financial condition improves.

Making government accountable. I-602 requires a 60% legislative vote to increase taxes within the limit. New taxes are limited to two years.

Planning ahead. I-602 establishes a "savings account" to

Official Ballot Title:

Shall state revenue collections and state expenditures be limited by a factor based on personal income, and certain revenue measures repealed?

The law as it now exists:

The state is currently operating under a law (Chapter 43.135 RCW, enacted by initiative in 1979), which limits state tax revenue in each fiscal year to an amount calculated by multiplying the previous year's revenue limit by the average state personal income ratio for the three calendar years immediately preceding the beginning of the fiscal year in question. For instance, the tax revenue limit for fiscal 1994 (which began on July 1, 1993) is the limit for fiscal 1993 multiplied by the average increase in personal income for calendar 1990, 1991, and 1992. The starting point for these calculations was the revenue received in fiscal 1979. Current law requires the Legislature to impose taxes and other

protect vital public services during tough times — avoiding unnecessary tax increases. The cycle of simply taxing and spending more will be broken.

**TAKE BACK OUR GOVERNMENT AND
SEND POLITICIANS A MESSAGE . . .
VOTE YES ON INITIATIVE 602**

Too many elected officials believe government is for the politicians, not the people.

I-602 is a common-sense, reasonable plan to make government serve the public . . . and gives taxpayers the protection they deserve.

Make government accountable and control taxes, call 1-800-487-1693.

Rebuttal of Statement against

I-602 is a "boon" to Washington taxpayers who are fed up with wasteful spending by bureaucrats and politicians! Alcohol and Tobacco's share of 1993's \$1.2 billion tax increase is less than 17%. Who pays the rest? You do!

That's why 450,000 Washingtonians signed petitions to put I-602 on the ballot!

**PUT AN END TO \$44,000 FISH TANKS AND JET-
SETTING GOVERNMENT BUREAUCRATS!**

Send Politicians a message.

YES ON I-602!

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

PEGGY JOHNSON, I-602 Republican Co-Chair; KEN DONOHUE, I-602 Democrat Co-Chair; RANDY TATE, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: MELODY MURPHY, I-602 Independent Co-Chair; CAROLYN LOGUE, State Director, National Federation of Independent Business; MIKE CARRELL, Chair, Teachers for I-602; WYNN CANNON, Chairman, League of Wash. Taxpayers; DON BRUNELL, Pres., Association of Wash. Business.

charges in a manner that will insure that estimated tax revenues do not exceed the revenue limit for each fiscal year. The limit may be exceeded only in case of an emergency declared by the Legislature with a two-thirds vote in each house. The budgeting and accounting laws prohibit the governor from allowing the expenditure of funds in excess of actual revenue received. The 1979 initiative also limits the extent to which the Legislature may impose new obligations on local governments without reimbursing them from state funds.

The effect of Initiative Measure 602, if approved into law:

Initiative Measure 602 would replace the current state tax revenue limit with a new state revenue collection limit. This limit would be calculated for each fiscal year by multiplying the total state personal income for the fiscal year in question by a "limitation factor." The limitation factor would be calculated by dividing the sum of total state revenue collections for the fiscal years 1988 through 1992 by the sum of total state personal income for those same fiscal years. The new limit would take effect with the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1993.

The state would be prohibited from expending funds derived from state revenue collections in excess of the state revenue collection limit for the fiscal year in question. The state treasurer,

except in case of emergency, would be prohibited from issuing any checks or warrants which would result in an expenditure in excess of the revenue collection limit.

A revenue reserve fund would be created to hold any excess funds collected above amounts anticipated and budgeted, or any undesignated and unspent funds in the treasury. The treasurer could transfer money from this fund in years when revenue falls short of the amount anticipated and budgeted by the Legislature. Further revenue collections that exceed the limits of the revenue reserve fund would be paid into a general obligation debt reduction account.

The revenue collection limit could be exceeded upon a declaration of an emergency by the governor and a law approved by a vote of seventy-five percent of each house of the Legislature. No emergency could last longer than twenty-four months. In an emergency, revenue collections could be increased enough to meet the emergency, but no more.

The Legislature would be prohibited from imposing new responsibilities on political subdivisions, or programs previously provided by the state, or increased levels of service in existing programs, except where the Legislature fully reimburses the political subdivision. The Legislature could not meet its reimbursement obligation by authorizing new local revenue collections.

The initiative would repeal all revenue actions by the state to increase revenues over those in effect on December 31, 1992.

The initiative would go into effect immediately, and would place a revenue collection limit on the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1993.

Statement against

I-602 IS NOT THE ANSWER

Washington citizens deserve a strong economy, good paying jobs, a clean environment, safe neighborhoods, quality education, and improved health care. This initiative will NOT help us achieve these goals.

Every citizen should demand that taxes be raised prudently and public money be spent wisely. But this initiative is not the answer to legitimate calls for improved government efficiency and accountability.

INDISCRIMINATE HARM

The blanket repeal of all 1993 tax and fee increases would spread indiscriminate harm across the state. The roll-back of alcohol and tobacco taxes will leave 198,000 Washingtonians without health care and cripple health care reform efforts. Two-thousand university students and 8,000 community and technical college students will lose their place in class, including 5,000 laid-off workers seeking job training.

Many other programs such as criminal justice assistance to local government and public school support would likely be reduced as the legislature rebalances state spending. Those politicians who claim they can find plenty of money for worthwhile programs by eliminating waste are not telling the truth.

LEGISLATIVE GRIDLOCK

The requirement that 75% of the legislature approve spending increases for critical needs would encourage a small number of legislators to demand changes in long-established law in trade for their vote on the budget.

ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO WIN

Passage of I-602 would result in unfair, unrepresentative, gridlocked government. A clear threat to our quality of life, and a boon to alcohol and tobacco companies.

Vote NO on I-602.

For more information, call (206) 625-0511.

Rebuttal of Statement for

Lobbyists wrote I-602. Special interests paid \$250,000 to collect the signatures. Why? Because I-602 cuts their taxes. Under their plan, as few as 13 senators would decide what's best for all Washingtonians.

I-602 also cuts essential services like college and university enrollments, retraining for unemployed workers, and it makes health care reform unworkable.

Send a real message. We won't let alcohol, tobacco and insurance lobbyists control our government.

We won't be fooled. Vote NO!

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

DANIEL J. EVANS, former Governor; MARGARET COLONY, President, League of Women Voters of Washington; W. HUNTER SIMPSON, retired Businessman.

Advisory Committee: ANNA H. CHAVELLE, MD, President, Washington State Medical Association; DR. WILLIAM WILEY, Senior Vice President, Battelle Memorial Institute; FATHER WILLIAM J. SULLIVAN, S.J., President, Seattle University; PHYLLIS GUTIERREZ KENNEY, Higher Education and Community Leader; AL LINK, President, Spokane Central Labor Council.



HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 4200

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of House Joint Resolution 4200 begins on page 34.

Vote cast by the 1993 Legislature on final passage:

House: Yeas, 67; Nays, 31; Absent or not voting, 0.

Senate: Yeas, 43; Nays, 4; Excused, 2; Absent or not voting, 0.

Statement for

THE HEALING PROCESS

When facing the physical, emotional and mental challenges of an illness, many people find solace, comfort, and improved healing through their faith and beliefs. Hospitalized patients and their families have repeatedly demonstrated their need to confide in someone of their choice who will listen, counsel, and provide comfort in times of distress. Providing for such needs leads to better healthcare outcomes.

CHAPLAIN AS MEMBER OF HEALTH CARE TEAM

Chaplains in public hospitals arrange for spiritual advisors of choice when requested by a patient or family. The chaplain may also provide personal support for the patient, such as locating a lost friend or family member. In emergencies, a hospital chaplain is available immediately, just as a military chaplain is available to soldiers.

Public hospital chaplains are required by professional ethics to respect patients' spiritual preferences, including those who want no spiritual counseling. The role of a hospital chaplain is to respond to patient or family requests with other health professionals to meet the patient's individual needs.

CURRENT LAW

Volunteer community chaplains are in shrinking supply and frequently unavailable when needed. In nearly half the hospitals in Washington, the public hospitals legal ability to hire chaplains to provide patients such essential services

Official Ballot Title:

Shall counties and public hospital districts be permitted to employ chaplains for their hospitals, health care facilities, and hospices?

has been confusing. Although state prisons and mental institutions may hire chaplains, similar authority for public hospitals is unclear.

THE ISSUE

Public hospitals are asking voters for clear approval to hire chaplains. The chaplains would arrange for spiritual advisors when requested by a patient or a patient's family, and be available immediately in an emergency.

For more information, call (206) 281-7211.

Rebuttal of Statement against

House Joint Resolution 4200 will not result in particular religious beliefs being used as a standard for hiring decisions, for this would be illegal under anti-discrimination laws and our Constitution. Further, it is not government-sponsored religion, therefore it is not a violation of separation of church and state. The precedent of hiring chaplains for state institutions has already been set. Why should this be denied to the sick and dying in our public hospitals?

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

ROSA FRANKLIN, State Senator; LINDA JOHNSON, State Representative; IRV NEWHOUSE, State Senator.

Advisory Committee: CAROLE OELJEN, Vice President, Washington State Nurse Association; ANNA H. CHAVELLE, M.D., President, Washington State Medical Association; GREG VIGDOR, Executive Director, Association of Washington Public Hospital Districts; LEO GREENAWALT, President, Washington State Hospital Association; PARI GILL, Nominating Chair, Society for Social Work Directors in Health Care.

The law as it now exists:

The state Constitution prohibits the use of any public money or property for religious worship, exercise, or instruction, or for the support of any religious establishment. However, the current Constitution contains an exception permitting the state to employ chaplains for its custodial, correctional, and mental institutions, at the discretion of the legislature. Counties and public hospital districts are not covered by this exception.

The effect of House Joint Resolution 4200, if approved into law:

The effect of approving this constitutional amendment would be to extend to counties and public hospital districts the authority to employ chaplains for their hospital districts, health care facilities, and hospices, at the discretion of the legislature. In effect, the exception now provided for chaplains in certain state institutions would be extended to hospitals and other health care facilities owned and operated by counties or public hospital districts. The legislature would decide whether and how to implement this change.

Statement against

Don't be misled by good intentions or emotional appeals. Public hospitals, using your tax dollars, will have to make personnel decisions based on religion. How can this be done fairly? It can't.

HJR 4200 is an unwise and dangerous precedent. Washington state citizens have always respected and understood the need to keep religion and government separate. HJR 4200 is the wrong step toward mixing these two institutions.

There is no need for HJR 4200. Any taxpayer-supported medical facility can already hire professional staff to provide emotional support in time of need. HJR 4200 goes far beyond what is necessary or appropriate. Public hospitals will spend public funds—your tax dollars—to select one religion over others. We should not use tax dollars to eliminate the distinction between church and state.

Please keep our history in mind. Remember one reason why people came here was for the right to practice their beliefs free of government dictates. No matter how innocent sounding HJR 4200 is, the fact remains it is government sponsored religion. And once started, where does this stop? Will counties and cities be required to select one religion to support their employees or be on-site for persons injured in car accidents?

There is a better way than HJR 4200. Tell your hospital administrators to make their decisions based on merit and patient needs, not religious preference.

Keep Washington state where it belongs—in the forefront of separation of church and state, not taxpayer-supported pulpits.

Rebuttal of Statement for

Using your tax dollars to eliminate the separation between religion and government is a bad idea. Doing so when the "problem" isn't caused by government is even worse.

The proponents claim there aren't enough volunteer chaplains for hospitals. Does that require spending your money making religious-based personnel decisions? The churches should fix this problem, not taxpayers.

Public hospitals already hire professional staff to provide emotional support. HJR 4200 is an unnecessary use of taxpayer's money.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

AL WILLIAMS, State Senator; MIKE HEAVEY, State Representative.

Advisory Committee: REVEREND BRUCE CLEAR; MONICA ZUCKER.



HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 4201

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of House Joint Resolution 4201 begins on page 34.

Vote cast by the 1993 Legislature on final passage:

House: Yeas, 97; Nays, 0; Excused, 1; Absent or not voting, 0.

Senate: Yeas, 44; Nays, 1; Excused, 4; Absent or not voting, 0.

Official Ballot Title:

Shall the constitutional provision which gives jurisdiction in "cases in equity" to superior courts be amended to include district courts?

Statement for

WHAT ARE "CASES IN EQUITY"

"Cases in equity" include cases in which a court issues an injunction or restraining order to prevent some harm from occurring. Domestic violence cases, in which protective orders may be issued, are important examples of "cases in equity."

COURTS USE EQUITY POWERS TO PROTECT FAMILIES AND CHILDREN

The issuance of protective orders is one of the most effective tools that judges and law enforcement agencies have for protecting families and children from threats of violence. It is especially important that these protective orders be available right when they are needed. Delay can lead to tragedy.

THE WASHINGTON COMMISSION ON TRIAL COURTS HAS RECOMMENDED THIS AMENDMENT

Under the current wording of the state constitution, there is some question as to whether courts other than the Superior Courts may exercise jurisdiction in "cases in equity." Unfortunately, Superior Courts are seriously overcrowded and cases may encounter significant delays. The Washington Commission on Trial Courts, appointed by the State Supreme Court, has recommended that District Courts also hear "cases in equity." The Legislature has agreed with this recommendation and concluded that *both* the District and Superior Courts should have jurisdiction over these cases, particularly when they involve domestic violence.

DISTRICT COURTS SHOULD HEAR EQUITY CASES

This constitutional amendment will clarify that District Courts, as well as Superior Courts, may hear "cases in equity." It will promote the swift issuance of protective orders. The amendment will allow greater flexibility in dealing with court congestion, will promote efficiency in the courts, and will help insure that our domestic violence laws do their job. This amendment deserves your support.

Rebuttal of Statement against

Sponsored by non-attorneys and attorneys, HJR 4201 will make our courts more available to citizens needing protection. District courts are accessible to the public because they are located not only in the county seat, but also in outlying areas — 66 locations statewide. And, while many have heavy caseloads, district courts are generally less congested than superior courts and can more quickly handle requests for protective orders arising from family violence and harassment situations.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

ADAM SMITH, State Senator, Chair, Senate Law and Justice Committee; CURT LUDWIG, State Representative, Vice Chair, House Judiciary Committee.

Advisory Committee: MARGARET COLONY, President, League of Women Voters of Washington; HONORABLE PAUL D. HANSON, President of Superior Court Judges' Association, Snohomish County Superior Court; HONORABLE THOMAS C. WARREN, President, District and Municipal Court Judges' Association, Chelan County District Court; STEPHEN DeFOREST, President of the Washington State Bar Association; BILL GATES, Attorney.

The law as it now exists:

In the English legal system inherited by the United States, there were two separate court systems: courts of law and courts in equity. These two types of courts followed somewhat different procedures and exercised different types of powers. Certain powers were held only by courts in equity, such as the power to issue an injunction or the power to rescind a contract. The Washington state Constitution did not establish separate courts of law and courts in equity, and in the United States the distinction between legal powers and equitable powers has grown less and less clear. However, the state Constitution currently provides that "the superior courts will have jurisdiction in . . . all 'cases in equity,'" subject to review on appeal. The legislature has created a system of district courts to handle smaller and simpler cases, but the Constitution currently does not provide that district courts may exercise powers historically reserved to courts in equity.

Statement against

THIS AMENDMENT WILL NOT DECONGEST OR MAKE THE DISTRICT COURTS, OR THE SUPERIOR COURTS MORE EFFICIENT

HJR 4201, will not improve or decongest our antiquated courts! This proposed Constitutional Amendment was sponsored by lawyer-legislators and is self-serving! Vote NO on this!

THE CONSTITUTION SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR A BAND-AID CURE

The Constitution, Article IV, section 6, *should not* be amended to allow cases in equity in District Courts. This will shift the overburden of the Superior Courts to the overburdened District Courts. Our District Courts are congested, inefficient, and not serving the public expediently now, why burden them more?

THE SPONSORS OF THIS AMENDMENT HAVE HAD TWO YEARS, OR MORE, TO CORRECT THE INEFFICIENCIES AND CONGESTION IN BOTH THE SUPERIOR AND DISTRICT COURTS

Two years ago these same lawyer/legislators tried to shift the burden of the Superior Courts to the District Courts by removing equity from the Superior Court, and it failed. This time they think by adding equity to the District Court it will reduce the congestion. It won't! It will make both courts more congested, and thereby justify their *adding* of more courts! Both courts are overcrowded now! We suggested then to have equity in both courts and to work with them for

The effect of House Joint Resolution 4201, if approved into law:

The effect of approving this measure would be to amend the Constitution to provide that district courts may exercise equity powers to the same extent as superior courts. The proposed amendment would allow either a superior court or a district court, for instance, to issue an injunction or to specifically require a contract to be performed. The amendment would not change the current system allowing appeals from judgments entered by superior courts or district courts.

complete reform of the judiciary and the courts. They did neither! Now the case overload in District Court today is causing more court congestion, and inefficiency than we had two years ago. They certainly don't need more burden from the Superior Court!

COURT REFORM IS NEEDED NOW, NOT MORE COURTS, OR MONEY, OR AMENDING OF THE CONSTITUTION

For most efficient use of the courts remove family law and child custody to family counseling and have all Superior Courts open from 8AM to 5PM, five days a week.

HJR 4201 is a bad idea. Vote No!

For more information call (206) 938-0234.

Rebuttal of Statement for

Yes, we need judicial reform but putting equity in our overloaded District Court will not make it more efficient or less congested!

Our overburdened and inefficient courts: the legislature should study the proposal of removing Family-law (divorce, child custody etc.) from adversarial proceedings. This would eliminate more than half of the Superior Courts overload, hence no need to transfer cases to the overloaded District Court (or no need for more courts).

Vote No!

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

GENE GOOSMAN, Founder of Equal Justice For All.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593

AN ACT Relating to persistent offenders; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.120 and 9.94A.030; creating new sections; and prescribing penalties.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND INTENT. (1) The people of the state of Washington find and declare that:

(a) Community protection from persistent offenders is a priority for any civilized society.

(b) Nearly fifty percent of the criminals convicted in Washington state have active prior criminal histories.

(c) Punishments for criminal offenses should be proportionate to both the seriousness of the crime and the prior criminal history.

(d) The public has the right and the responsibility to determine when to impose a life sentence.

(2) By sentencing three-time, most serious offenders to prison for life without the possibility of parole, the people intend to:

(a) Improve public safety by placing the most dangerous criminals in prison.

(b) Reduce the number of serious, repeat offenders by tougher sentencing.

(c) Set proper and simplified sentencing practices that both the victims and persistent offenders can understand.

(d) Restore public trust in our criminal justice system by directly involving the people in the process.

Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.120 and 1992 c 145 s 7, 1992 c 75 s 2, and 1992 c 45 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

ENFORCEMENT OF MANDATORY MINIMUM SENTENCES. When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.

(1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), and (7) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range for the offense.

(2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.

(4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of

total confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years (, and shall not be eligible for furlough, work release or other authorized leave of absence from the correctional facility during such minimum five-year term except for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility)). The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree.

(5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;

(c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;

(d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

(e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer; or

(f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.

(6) If a sentence range has not been established for the defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement, community service work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(7)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;

(B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;

(C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others;

(D) Anticipated length of treatment; and

(E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sexual offender sentencing alternative

and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:

(A) The court shall place the defendant on community supervision for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater; and

(B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;

(III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;

(IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination thereof; or

(V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender's crime.

(iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at sentencing.

(iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements,



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community supervision, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community supervision.

(v) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community supervision and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community supervision shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(vi) Except as provided in (a)(vii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

(vii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex offender pursuant to this subsection (7) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (7) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

For purposes of this subsection, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(b) When an offender is convicted of any felony sex offense committed before July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, order the offender committed for up to thirty days to the custody of the secretary of social and health services for evaluation and report to the court on the offender's amenability to treatment at these facilities. If the secretary of social and health

services cannot begin the evaluation within thirty days of the court's order of commitment, the offender shall be transferred to the state for confinement pending an opportunity to be evaluated at the appropriate facility. The court shall review the reports and may order that the term of confinement imposed be served in the sexual offender treatment program at the location determined by the secretary of social and health services or the secretary's designee, only if the report indicates that the offender is amenable to the treatment program provided at these facilities. The offender shall be transferred to the state pending placement in the treatment program. Any offender who has escaped from the treatment program shall be referred back to the sentencing court.

If the offender does not comply with the conditions of the treatment program, the secretary of social and health services may refer the matter to the sentencing court. The sentencing court shall commit the offender to the department of corrections to serve the balance of the term of confinement.

If the offender successfully completes the treatment program before the expiration of the term of confinement, the court may convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and may place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
- (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of the community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.

After June 30, 1993, this subsection (b) shall cease to have effect.

(c) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place con-



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

ditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
- (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.

Nothing in (c) of this subsection shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (c) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

(d) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds.

(8)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender

may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.

(b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or serious violent offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:

- (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;

(iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;

(iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess controlled substances;

(v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department of corrections; and

(vi) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period of community placement.

(c) The court may also order any of the following special conditions:

(i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;

(ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;

(iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or counseling services;

(iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol; or

(v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions.

(d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.

(9) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

(10) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.

(11) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(12) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the secretary of the department of corrections or such person as the secretary may designate and shall follow explicitly the instructions of the secretary including reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.

(13) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community

supervision, community service, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

(14) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

(15) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).

(16) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution.

(17) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision or community placement.

(18) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

(19) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations.

Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1992 c 145 s 6 and 1992 c 75 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

DEFINITIONS. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

(2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

(3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.

(4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the department of corrections.

(5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.

(6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.

(7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.

(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in this section.

(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime

victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction.

(11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct.

(12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(6)(a); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

(13) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(14) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.

(15) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.

(16) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

(b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or

(c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.

(17) "Escape" means:

(a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

(18) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(19) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

(20)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or the selling for profit ~~((off))~~ of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marijuana, and except as provided in (b) of this subsection, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

(b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses.

(21) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following

felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;

(b) Assault in the second degree;

(c) Assault of a child in the second degree;

(d) Child molestation in the second degree;

(e) Controlled substance homicide;

(f) Extortion in the first degree;

(g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;

(h) Indecent liberties;

(i) Kidnapping in the second degree;

(j) Leading organized crime;

(k) Manslaughter in the first degree;

(l) Manslaughter in the second degree;

(m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;

(n) Rape in the third degree;

(o) Robbery in the second degree;

(p) Sexual exploitation;

(q) Vehicular assault;

(r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;

(t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;

(u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to the effective date of this section, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection.

(22) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

~~((22))~~ (23) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

~~((23))~~ (24) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention as defined in this section.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

~~((24))~~ (25) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

(a) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and

(b) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted.

(26) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.

~~((25))~~ (27) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

~~((26))~~ (28) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

~~((27))~~ (29) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense and means:

(a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

~~((28))~~ (30) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

~~((29))~~ (31) "Sex offense" means:

(a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;

(b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under

RCW 9.94A.127; or

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.

~~((30))~~ (32) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.

~~((31))~~ (33) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

~~((32))~~ (34) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

~~((33))~~ (35) "Violent offense" means:

(a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

~~((34))~~ (36) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall be performed on public property or on private property owned or operated by nonprofit entities, except that, for emergency purposes only, work crews may perform snow removal on any private property. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection ~~((29))~~ (31) of this section are not



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 593 (cont.)

eligible for the work crew program.

((35)) (37) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

((36)) (38) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance. Home detention may not be imposed for offenders convicted of a violent offense, any sex offense, any drug offense, reckless burning in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050, assault in the third degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031, assault of a child in the third degree, unlawful imprisonment as defined in RCW 9A.40.040, or harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020. Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403) if the offender fulfills the participation conditions set forth in this subsection and is monitored for drug use by treatment alternatives to street crime (TASC) or a comparable court or agency-referred program.

(a) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of burglary in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.52.030 or residential burglary conditioned upon the offender: (i) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work release program, (ii) having no convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for burglary or residential burglary, (iii) having no convictions for a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense, (iv) having no prior charges of escape, and (v) fulfilling the other conditions of the home detention program.

(b) Participation in a home detention program shall be conditioned upon: (i) The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, or the offender performing parental duties to offspring or minors normally in the custody of the offender, (ii) abiding by the rules of the home detention program, and (iii) compliance with court-ordered legal financial obligations. The home detention program may also be made available to offenders whose charges and convictions do not otherwise disqualify them if medical or health-related conditions, concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's incarceration.

tion. Participation in the home detention program for medical or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered restitution.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. OFFENDER NOTIFICATION AND WARNING. A sentencing judge, law enforcement agency, or state or local correctional facility may, but is not required to, give offenders who have been convicted of an offense that is a most serious offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 either written or oral notice, or both, of the sanctions imposed upon persistent offenders. General notice of these sanctions and the conditions under which they may be imposed may, but need not, be given in correctional facilities maintained by state or local agencies. This section is enacted to provide authority, but not requirement, for the giving of such notice in every conceivable way without incurring liability to offenders or third parties.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. GOVERNOR'S POWERS. (1) Nothing in this act shall ever be interpreted or construed as to reduce or eliminate the power of the governor to grant a pardon or clemency to any offender on an individual case-by-case basis. However, the people recommend that any offender subject to total confinement for life without the possibility of parole not be considered for release until the offender has reached the age of at least sixty years old and has been judged to be no longer a threat to society. The people further recommend that sex offenders be held to the utmost scrutiny under this subsection regardless of age.

(2) Nothing in this section shall ever be interpreted or construed to grant any release for the purpose of reducing prison overcrowding. Furthermore, the governor shall provide twice yearly reports on the activities and progress of offenders subject to total confinement for life without the possibility of parole who are released through executive action during his or her tenure. These reports shall continue for not less than ten years after the release of the offender or upon the death of the released offender.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. SHORT TITLE. This act shall be known and may be cited as the persistent offender accountability act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. CAPTIONS. Captions as used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 601

AN ACT Relating to greater governmental fiscal responsibility through limitations on expenditures and taxation; amending RCW 43.135.010, 43.135.060, and 43.84.092; adding new sections to chapter 43.135 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.88 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 43.88.520, 43.88.525, 43.88.530, 43.88.535, 43.88.540, 43.135.020, 43.135.030, 43.135.040, 43.135.050, 43.135.070, 43.135.900, and 43.135.901; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Sec. 1. RCW 43.135.010 and 1980 c 1 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The people of the state of Washington hereby find and declare:

(1) The continuing increases in our state tax burden and the corresponding growth of state government is contrary to the interest of the people of the state of Washington.

(2) It is necessary to limit the rate of growth of state government while assuring adequate funding of essential services, including basic education as defined by the legislature.

(3) The current budgetary system in the state of Washington lacks stability. The system encourages crisis budgeting and results in cutbacks during lean years and overspending during surplus years.

(4) It is therefore the intent of this chapter to:

(a) Establish a limit ~~((which))~~ on state expenditures that will assure that the growth rate of state ~~((tax revenue))~~ expenditures does not exceed the growth rate of inflation and state ((personal income)) population;

(b) Assure that local governments are provided funds adequate to render those services deemed essential by their citizens;

(c) Assure that the state does not impose ~~((on any taxing district))~~ responsibility on local governments for new programs or increased levels of service under existing programs unless the costs thereof are paid by the state;

(d) Provide for adjustment of the limit when costs of a program are transferred between the state and another political entity; ~~((and))~~

(e) Establish a procedure for exceeding this limit in emergency situations;

(f) Provide for voter approval of tax increases; and

(g) Avoid overfunding and underfunding state programs by providing stability, consistency, and long-range planning.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The state shall not expend from the general fund during any fiscal year state moneys in excess of the state expenditure limit established under this chapter.

(2) Except pursuant to a declaration of emergency under section 4 of this act or pursuant to an appropriation under section 3(4)(b) of this act, the state treasurer shall not issue or redeem any check, warrant, or voucher that will result in a state general fund expenditure for any fiscal year in excess of the state expenditure limit established under this chapter. A violation of this subsection constitutes a violation of RCW 43.88.290 and shall subject the state treasurer to the penalties provided in RCW 43.88.300.

(3) The state expenditure limit for any fiscal year shall be the previous fiscal year's state expenditure limit increased by a percentage rate that equals the fiscal growth factor.

(4) For purposes of computing the state expenditure limit for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1995, the phrase "the previous fiscal year's state expenditure limit" means the total state expenditures from the state general fund, not including federal funds, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1989, plus the fiscal growth factor. This calculation is then computed for the state expenditure limit for fiscal years 1992, 1993, 1994, and 1995, and as required under section 4(4) of this act.

(5) Each November, the office of financial management shall adjust the expenditure limit for the preceding fiscal year based on actual expenditures and known changes in the fiscal growth factor and then project an expenditure limit for the next two fiscal years. The office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees of all adjustments to the state expenditure limit and projections of future expenditure limits.

(6) "Fiscal growth factor" means the average of the sum of inflation and population change for each of the prior three fiscal years.

(7) "Inflation" means the percentage change in the implicit price deflator for the United States for each fiscal year as published by the federal bureau of labor statistics.

(8) "Population change" means the percentage change in state population for each fiscal year as reported by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The emergency reserve fund is established in the state treasury. During each fiscal year, the state treasurer shall deposit in the emergency reserve fund all general fund—state revenues in excess of the state expenditure limit for that fiscal year. Deposits shall be made at the end of each fiscal quarter based on projections of state revenues and the state expenditure limit.

(2) The legislature may appropriate moneys from the emergency reserve fund only with approval of at least two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature, and then only if the appropriation does not cause total expen-



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 601 (cont.)

ditures to exceed the state expenditure limit under this chapter.

(3) The emergency reserve fund balance shall not exceed five percent of biennial general fund—state revenues as projected by the official state revenue forecast. Any balance in excess of five percent shall be transferred on a quarterly basis by the state treasurer to the education construction fund hereby created in the treasury.

(4)(a) Funds may be appropriated from the education construction fund exclusively for common school construction or higher education construction.

(b) Funds may be appropriated for any other purpose only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature and if approved by a vote of the people at the next general election. An appropriation approved by the people under this subsection shall result in an adjustment to the state expenditure limit only for the fiscal period for which the appropriation is made and shall not affect any subsequent fiscal period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) After July 1, 1995, any action or combination of actions by the legislature that raises state revenue or requires revenue-neutral tax shifts may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house, and then only if state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will not exceed the state expenditure limits established under this chapter.

(2)(a) If the legislative action under subsection (1) of this section will result in expenditures in excess of the state expenditure limit, then the action of the legislature shall not take effect until approved by a vote of the people at a November general election. The office of financial management shall adjust the state expenditure limit by the amount of additional revenue approved by the voters under this section. This adjustment shall not exceed the amount of revenue generated by the legislative action during the first full fiscal year in which it is in effect. The state expenditure limit shall be adjusted downward upon expiration or repeal of the legislative action.

(b) The ballot title for any vote of the people required under this section shall be substantially as follows:

"Shall taxes be imposed on in order to allow a spending increase above last year's authorized spending adjusted for inflation and population increases?"

(3)(a) The state expenditure limit may be exceeded upon declaration of an emergency for a period not to exceed twenty-four months by a law approved by a two-thirds vote

of each house of the legislature and signed by the governor. The law shall set forth the nature of the emergency, which is limited to natural disasters that require immediate government action to alleviate human suffering and provide humanitarian assistance. The state expenditure limit may be exceeded for no more than twenty-four months following the declaration of the emergency and only for the purposes contained in the emergency declaration.

(b) Additional taxes required for an emergency under this section may be imposed only until thirty days following the next general election, unless an extension is approved at that general election. The additional taxes shall expire upon expiration of the declaration of emergency. The legislature shall not impose additional taxes for emergency purposes under this subsection unless funds in the education construction fund have been exhausted.

(c) The state or any political subdivision of the state shall not impose any tax on intangible property listed in RCW 84.36.070 as that statute exists on January 1, 1993.

(4) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted from the state general fund on or after January 1, 1993, to another source of funding, or if moneys are transferred from the state general fund to another fund or account, the office of financial management shall lower the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift.

Sec. 5. RCW 43.135.060 and 1990 2nd ex.s. c 1 s 601 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After July 1, 1995, the legislature shall not impose responsibility for new programs or increased levels of service under existing programs on any ((taxing district)) political subdivision of the state unless the ((districts are reimbursed for the costs thereof by the state.

((2)) The amount of increased local revenue and state appropriations and distributions that are received or could be received by a taxing district as a result of legislative enactments after 1979 shall be included as reimbursement under this section. This subsection does not affect litigation pending on January 1, 1990.

((3)) subdivision is fully reimbursed by specific appropriation by the state for the costs of the new programs or increases in service levels.

((2)) If by order of any court, or legislative enactment, the costs of a federal or ((taxing district)) local government program are transferred to or from the state, the otherwise applicable state ((tax revenue)) expenditure limit shall be increased or decreased, as the case may be, by the dollar amount of the costs of the program.

((4)) ((3)) The legislature, in consultation with the office of financial management or its successor agency, shall determine the costs of any new programs or increased levels of service under existing programs imposed on any ((taxing district)) political subdivision or transferred to or from the state.

((5)) ((4)) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 601 (cont.)

the costs incurred for voting devices or machines under RCW 29.04.200.

Sec. 6. RCW 43.84.092 and 1992 c 235 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.

(2) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:

(a) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the common school construction fund, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the data processing building construction account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the emergency reserve fund, the federal forest revolving account, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical aid account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan I account, the public employees' retirement system plan II account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the resource management cost account, the site closure account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the supplemental pension account, the teachers' retirement system plan I account, the teachers' retirement system plan II account, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the volunteer fire fighters' relief and pension principal account, the vol-

unteer fire fighters' relief and pension administrative account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' system plan I retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' system plan II retirement account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts. All earnings to be distributed under this subsection (2)(a) shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

(b) The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period: The central Puget Sound public transportation account, the city hardship assistance account, the county arterial preservation account, the economic development account, the essential rail assistance account, the essential rail banking account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the grade crossing protective fund, the high capacity transportation account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway construction stabilization account, the highway safety account, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the pilotage account, the public transportation systems account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the recreational vehicle account, the rural arterial trust account, the special category C account, the state patrol highway account, the transfer relief account, the transportation capital facilities account, the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, and the urban arterial trust account.

(3) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 43.88 RCW to read as follows:

The budget document submitted by the governor to the legislature under RCW 43.88.030 shall reflect the state expenditure limit established under chapter 43.135 RCW and shall not propose expenditures in excess of that limit.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. No fee may increase in any fiscal year by a percentage in excess of the fiscal growth factor for that fiscal year without prior legislative approval.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The following acts or parts of



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 601 (cont.)

acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 43.88.520 and 1981 c 280 s 1;
- (2) RCW 43.88.525 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 13, 1985 c 57 s 52, & 1981 c 280 s 2;
- (3) RCW 43.88.530 and 1982 1st ex.s. c 36 s 2 & 1981 c 280 s 3;
- (4) RCW 43.88.535 and 1982 1st ex.s. c 36 s 3 & 1981 c 280 s 4;
- (5) RCW 43.88.540 and 1984 c 138 s 11 & 1981 c 280 s 5;
- (6) RCW 43.135.020 and 1980 c 1 s 2;
- (7) RCW 43.135.030 and 1980 c 1 s 3;
- (8) RCW 43.135.040 and 1980 c 1 s 4;
- (9) RCW 43.135.050 and 1980 c 1 s 5;
- (10) RCW 43.135.070 and 1980 c 1 s 7;
- (11) RCW 43.135.900 and 1980 c 1 s 8; and
- (12) RCW 43.135.901 and 1980 c 1 s 9.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This chapter may be known and cited as the taxpayer protection act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 2, 3, 4, 8, 9, and 10 of this act are each added to chapter 43.135 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) After the effective date of this section, the state may raise existing taxes, impose new taxes as authorized by law, or make revenue-neutral tax shifts only with approval of a majority of the voters at a November general election. The requirement for a vote at a November general election is in addition to any other requirements established by law.

(2) This section expires on July 1, 1995.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. (1) Sections 8 and 13 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

(2) Sections 1 through 7 and 9 through 12 of this act shall take effect July 1, 1995.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 602

AN ACT Relating to limitations on state revenues; amending RCW 43.135.060 and 43.84.092; adding new sections to chapter 43.135 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.33 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.88 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 43.88.520, 43.88.525, 43.88.530, 43.88.535, 43.88.540, 43.135.010, 43.135.020, 43.135.030, 43.135.040, 43.135.050, 43.135.070, 43.135.900, and 43.135.901; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS. The people of the state of Washington declare that:

(1) The continued growth in the burden of tax levies and other revenue generating assessments imposed on the citizens and businesses of the state of Washington and the corresponding growth in state government is contrary to the interests of the people of the state of Washington.

(2) It is necessary to reaffirm the people's will to limit the rate of growth of state government while assuring adequate funding of essential services, including basic education as required by Article IX, section 1 of the state Constitution.

(3) During periods of severe economic downturns or fiscal emergencies, receipts of state revenue collections may decline below the state revenue collection limit established in this chapter and, therefore, it is necessary and vital for the state of Washington to maintain an adequate reserve of state revenue collections to provide a resource for the stable financing of essential state services during such periods.

(4) A state tax limitation was passed by a vote of the people at the November 6, 1979, state general election. However, because of a high base calculation, that state tax limitation has not been effective in carrying out the intent of the people to limit revenues and the growth of state government.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. INTENT. It is the intent of the people of the state of Washington to:

(1) Establish a limitation that will assure that the growth rate of state revenue collections does not exceed an established percentage of the economy as represented by total state personal income.

(2) Reaffirm that the state shall not impose upon any political subdivision of the state the responsibility for new programs, programs previously offered by the state, or increased levels of service unless the costs of these programs or services are paid or reimbursed by the state.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 602 (cont.)

(3) Provide for adjustment of the state revenue collection limit when the costs of a federal, state, or political subdivision program, service, project, facility, or activity are transferred in such a manner that the result is an increase or decrease in state revenue collections.

(4) Establish a responsible and fiscally sound revenue reserve fund for use in severe economic downturns or fiscal emergencies.

(5) Establish procedures for the disposition of amounts collected in excess of this limit.

(6) Establish procedures for use when estimated state revenues collections fall below the state revenue collection limit.

(7) Establish procedures for exceeding this limit in emergency situations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. DEFINITIONS. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter:

(1) "Estimated state revenue collections" means the estimated state revenue collections as published in the most recent official economic and revenue forecast prepared under RCW 82.33.020.

(2) "Fiscal year" means the year beginning July 1st and ending the following June 30th.

(3) "General obligation debt reduction account" means the general obligation debt reduction account created by this chapter.

(4) "Political subdivision" means any division of the state made by proper authorities thereof, acting within their constitutional or legislatively authorized powers, for the purpose of carrying out the administration of governmental powers of a subordinate or local nature.

(5) "Revenue measure" means any tax, fee, license, charge, assessment, tariff, toll, duty, or other encumbrance levied, set, imposed, or exacted on persons, income, property, or activities or any expansion of the base of any existing tax, fee, license, charge, assessment, tariff, toll, duty, or other encumbrance levied, set, imposed, or exacted on persons, income, property, or activities.

(6) "Revenue reserve fund" means the revenue reserve fund created by this chapter.

(7) "State revenue collections" means all moneys received, collected, or owed from each and every source as required by law or rule, whether or not such funds are otherwise subject to legislative appropriation, including funds maintained or deposited outside the state treasury. Unless otherwise stated to the contrary, the following shall not be included in this definition:

(a) Moneys received as a gift, grant, donation, aid, or

assistance from any person, firm, or corporation, public or private, when the terms and conditions of such gift, grant, donation, aid, or assistance require the application and disbursement of such moneys otherwise than for the general purposes of the state of Washington;

(b) Moneys received as a gift, grant, donation, aid, or assistance from the United States or any department, agency, bureau, or corporation of the United States;

(c) Moneys derived from the investment of funds under the authority of the state investment board pursuant to chapter 43.33A RCW;

(d) Moneys received from performance bonds and deposits;

(e) Moneys paid into or received from the accident fund established under RCW 51.44.010, the medical aid fund established under RCW 51.44.020, the reserve fund established under RCW 51.44.030, the supplemental pension fund established under RCW 51.44.033, and the second injury fund established under RCW 51.44.040, for the purposes authorized as of December 31, 1992;

(f) Moneys paid into or received from trust funds that were created or established prior to December 31, 1992;

(g) Moneys paid into or received from a permanent and irreducible fund of the state that was created or established prior to December 31, 1992;

(h) Moneys received from the sale of bonds or other evidences of indebtedness;

(i) Moneys paid into or deposited to funds or accounts by the state for disbursement to political subdivisions of the state. However, these funds or accounts must have been created or established prior to December 31, 1992;

(j) Moneys dedicated under Article 2, section 40 of the state Constitution;

(k) Moneys paid into or received from the revenue reserve fund; or

(l) Moneys paid into or received from the general obligation debt reduction account.

(8) "State revenue collection limit" or "limit" means the limitation created by this chapter.

(9) "Limitation factor" means the percentage created by dividing the sum of total state revenue collections for the fiscal years 1988 through 1992 by the sum of total state personal income for the fiscal years 1988 through 1992.

(10) "Total state personal income" means the estimated total personal income for the state during a fiscal year as published by the United States department of commerce, bureau of economic analysis, or its successor, and as reported in the most recent official economic and revenue forecast prepared under RCW 82.33.020.

(11) "Undesignated fund balance" means any unreserved and undesignated current assets or other resources available for expenditure over and above any current liabilities that are expected to be incurred by the close of a fiscal year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. LIMITATION FACTOR—



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 602 (cont.)

COMPUTATION. Within thirty days after the effective date of this act, the economic and revenue forecast supervisor, as defined in RCW 82.33.010(2), shall compute the limitation factor defined under section 3 of this act. Upon computing the limitation factor, the economic and revenue forecast supervisor shall make and file with the secretary of state, a certificate containing the results of the computation and any amendment or adjustment thereof. Copies of the certificate shall be sent to each elected official of the state and each member of the legislature.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. STATE REVENUE COLLECTION LIMIT—CALCULATION. (1) Unless otherwise provided for in this chapter, the state revenue collection limit for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1993, and for each fiscal year thereafter, shall be the limitation factor multiplied by the total state personal income for the fiscal year for which the limit is being calculated.

(2) To establish the revenue collection limit for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1993, the economic and revenue forecast supervisor shall use total state personal income as published by the United States department of commerce, bureau of economic analysis, or its successor, and as reported in the November 1992 official economic and revenue forecast prepared under RCW 82.33.020.

(3) To establish the revenue collection limit for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1994, the economic and revenue forecast supervisor shall use total state personal income as published by the United States department of commerce, bureau of economic analysis, or its successor, and as reported in the November 1993 official economic and revenue forecast prepared under RCW 82.33.020.

(4) For each fiscal year thereafter, the state revenue collection limit shall be established by the economic and revenue forecast supervisor on November 20 of the year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which the limit is being calculated.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. REVENUE MEASURES—ESTIMATED STATE REVENUE COLLECTIONS TO BE WITHIN LIMIT. Except as otherwise provided for in this chapter, all state revenue measures from which state revenue collections are derived shall be imposed, levied, or set by law or rule in such a manner that estimated state revenue collections for each fiscal year will not exceed the state revenue collection limit established for the corresponding fiscal year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. EXPENDITURE REQUIREMENTS. (1) The state shall not expend funds derived from

state revenue collections for any fiscal year in excess of the state revenue collection limit established for the corresponding fiscal year.

(2) Except pursuant to an appropriation provided for a declaration of emergency under section 10 of this act, the state treasurer shall not issue or redeem any check, warrant, or voucher from funds derived from state revenue collections that would result in an expenditure for any fiscal year in excess of the state revenue collection limit for the corresponding fiscal year. A violation of this subsection constitutes a violation of RCW 43.88.290.

(3) In addition to the penalties provided in RCW 43.88.300 for a judgment against the state treasurer for violating RCW 43.88.290, the attorney general may take civil action for such violations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. REVENUE RESERVE FUND.

(1) A revenue reserve fund is created in the custody of the state treasurer. Only the state treasurer may transfer moneys to or from the fund as provided in this chapter. On the effective date of this act, all funds currently contained, or on deposit, in the budget stabilization account created under RCW 43.88.525 shall be transferred into the revenue reserve fund.

(2) The state treasurer is authorized to and shall transfer to the revenue reserve fund a sum equal to the amount of any state revenue collections in excess of the state revenue collection limit. Deposits authorized under this subsection shall be made on the last day of each fiscal year based on estimated state revenue collections for that fiscal year.

(3) Upon the completion of any fiscal year for which there is an undesignated fund balance, the state treasurer is hereby authorized to and shall transfer to the revenue reserve fund a sum equal to the amount of any undesignated fund balance.

(4) The state treasurer is authorized to and shall transfer to the revenue reserve fund any other amounts the legislature may from time to time direct to be deposited or transferred into the fund.

(5) The balance of the revenue reserve fund at the end of a fiscal year shall not exceed two and one-half percent of the immediately preceding fiscal year's state revenue collection limit. Any amount in excess of this two and one-half percent limit shall be transferred by the state treasurer to the general obligation debt reduction account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. ESTIMATED STATE REVENUE COLLECTIONS BELOW LIMIT—PROCEDURES FOR IMPOSITION OF REVENUE MEASURES. (1) If, at the time the state revenue collection limit is established as required pursuant to section 5 of this act, the estimated state revenue collections for the corresponding fiscal year are projected to be below the state revenue collection limit, the state treasurer shall immediately transfer to the state general fund from amounts available in the revenue reserve



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 602 (cont.)

fund a sum equal to the difference between estimated state revenue collections and the state revenue collection limit for use during such fiscal year.

(2) If the procedure required under subsection (1) of this section has been implemented and there remains a difference between the state revenue collection limit and estimated revenue collections, the legislature may, by an affirmative vote of sixty percent of each house, enact revenue measures necessary to generate any sum that is equal to or below the state revenue collection limit less the estimated state revenue collections.

(3) Any revenue measure enacted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section may be imposed, levied, or set by law or rule for a period not to exceed twenty-four months from the effective date of such revenue measure.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. WHEN STATE REVENUE COLLECTION LIMIT MAY BE EXCEEDED—CONDITIONS. (1) The state revenue collection limit may be exceeded upon declaration of an emergency by the governor and a law approved by an affirmative vote of seventy-five percent of each house of the legislature. The declaration of emergency shall set forth the circumstances constituting the emergency and the amount of state revenue collections in excess of the applicable state revenue collection limit necessary to meet the emergency.

(2) A declaration of emergency for the purposes of exceeding the state revenue collection limit shall not exceed twenty-four months.

(3) The state revenue collection limit may be exceeded by an amount no greater than that indicated by the governor in his or her emergency declaration.

(4) The amount of state revenue collections authorized under this section in excess of the state revenue collection limit is not subject to the provisions of sections 7(2) and 8(2) of this act.

(5) Revenue measures enacted to meet the costs of an emergency under this section may be imposed, levied, or set by law or rule for a period not to exceed twenty-four months from the effective date of the revenue measures. However, all revenue measures enacted to meet the cost of an emergency under this section shall expire immediately upon the expiration of the declaration of emergency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. STATE REVENUE COLLECTION LIMIT—ADJUSTMENTS. (1) If by order of any court, the costs of a federal, state, or political subdivision program, service, project, facility, or activity are transferred in such a manner that the result is an increase or decrease

in state revenue collections, the limitation factor shall be adjusted and the state revenue collection limit recalculated as provided in this section. The office of financial management shall determine the total dollar amount of any increase or decrease in state revenue collections caused by such a transfer.

(2) For the purpose of this section, "adjusted limitation factor" means the total dollar amount of any such increase or decrease in state revenue collections for the fiscal year in which the increase or decrease is effective divided by the corresponding fiscal year's total state personal income plus or minus the limitation factor or the most recent adjusted limitation factor.

(3) For the fiscal year in which any such increase or decrease is effective and for each fiscal year thereafter, the state revenue collection limit shall be the adjusted limitation factor multiplied by total state personal income for the fiscal year for which the limit is being recalculated or calculated.

(4) For the fiscal year in which any state revenue collections increase or decrease required by subsection (1) of this section become effective, the state revenue collection limit as adjusted in this section shall be recalculated by the economic and revenue forecast supervisor prior to the beginning of that fiscal year. For the fiscal years thereafter, the state revenue collection limit shall be established by the economic and revenue forecast supervisor on November 20 of the year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which the state revenue collection limit is being calculated.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT REDUCTION ACCOUNT. The general obligation debt reduction account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be spent only following appropriation by law and shall be used solely for the purposes of reducing the outstanding principle and interest of the general obligation indebtedness of the state of Washington.

Sec. 13. RCW 43.135.060 and 1990 2nd ex.s. c 1 s 601 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature shall not impose responsibility for new programs programs previously provided by the state, or increased levels of service under existing programs on any ~~((taxing district))~~ political subdivision of the state unless the ~~((districts))~~ costs of the program or increased service are reimbursed ~~((for the costs thereof))~~ by the state.

(2) The amount of increased local revenue and state appropriations and distributions that are received or could be received by a ~~((taxing district))~~ political subdivision of the state as a result of legislative enactments after 1979 shall be included as reimbursement under subsection (1) of this section. This subsection does not affect litigation pending on January 1, 1990.

(3) ~~((If by order of any court, or legislative enactment, the costs of a federal or taxing district program are transferred~~



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 602 (cont.)

~~to or from the state, the otherwise applicable state tax revenue limit shall be increased or decreased, as the case may be, by the dollar amount of the costs of the program.~~

~~(4) The legislature, in consultation with the office of financial management or its successor agency, shall determine the costs of any new programs or increased levels of service under existing programs imposed on any taxing district or transferred to or from the state.~~

~~(5)) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the costs incurred for voting devices or machines under RCW 29.04.200.~~

~~(4) No portion of the reimbursement provided under subsection (1) of this section by the state to a political subdivision may be in the form of authorization for a new or increased revenue measure.~~

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 82.33 RCW to read as follows:

The official, optimistic, and pessimistic revenue forecasts prepared under RCW 82.33.020 shall include revenue estimates for all state revenue collections as defined in chapter 43.135 RCW.

Sec. 15. RCW 43.84.092 and 1992 c 235 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.

(2) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:

(a) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the common school construction fund, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the data processing building construction account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the general obligation debt reduction account, the industrial insurance premium

refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical aid account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan I account, the public employees' retirement system plan II account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the resource management cost account, the revenue reserve fund, the site closure account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the supplemental pension account, the teachers' retirement system plan I account, the teachers' retirement system plan II account, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the volunteer fire fighters' relief and pension principal account, the volunteer fire fighters' relief and pension administrative account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' system plan I retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' system plan II retirement account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts. All earnings to be distributed under this subsection (2)(a) shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

(b) The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period: The central Puget Sound public transportation account, the city hardship assistance account, the county arterial preservation account, the economic development account, the essential rail assistance account, the essential rail banking account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the grade crossing protective fund, the high capacity transportation account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway construction stabilization account, the highway safety account, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the pilotage account, the public transportation systems account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the recreational vehicle account, the rural arterial



COMPLETE TEXT OF Initiative Measure 602 (cont.)

trust account, the special category C account, the state patrol highway account, the transfer relief account, the transportation capital facilities account, the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, and the urban arterial trust account.

(3) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 43.88 RCW to read as follows:

The budget document submitted by the governor to the legislature under RCW 43.88.030 shall reflect the state revenue collection limit established under chapter 43.135 RCW and shall not propose expenditures from funds derived from state revenue collections in excess of the state revenue collection limit established for the fiscal year or years to which the budget pertains.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. REVENUE MEASURES REPEAL. (1) Upon the effective date of this act, all actions or combinations of actions by the state to increase state revenue measures over those in effect on December 31, 1992, shall revert to those in effect on December 31, 1992, except for those under sections 9 and 10 of this act.

(2) The code reviser, in cooperation with the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and the senate, shall develop a correction bill to reflect the changes required by subsection (1) of this section. The correction bill shall be introduced during the legislative session immediately following the effective date of this act.

(3) Prior to the adoption of the correction bill required under this section, the governor may utilize any means provided by law to ensure that the expenditure of funds derived from state revenue collections does not exceed the state revenue collection limit.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. REPEALER. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 43.88.520 and 1981 c 280 s 1;
- (2) RCW 43.88.525 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 13, 1985 c 57 s 52, & 1981 c 280 s 2;
- (3) RCW 43.88.530 and 1982 1st ex.s. c 36 s 2 & 1981 c 280 s 3;
- (4) RCW 43.88.535 and 1982 1st ex.s. c 36 s 3 & 1981 c 280 s 4;
- (5) RCW 43.88.540 and 1984 c 138 s 11 & 1981 c 280 s 5;

- (6) RCW 43.135.010 and 1980 c 1 s 1;
- (7) RCW 43.135.020 and 1980 c 1 s 2;
- (8) RCW 43.135.030 and 1980 c 1 s 3;
- (9) RCW 43.135.040 and 1980 c 1 s 4;
- (10) RCW 43.135.050 and 1980 c 1 s 5;
- (11) RCW 43.135.070 and 1980 c 1 s 7;
- (12) RCW 43.135.900 and 1980 c 1 s 8; and
- (13) RCW 43.135.901 and 1980 c 1 s 9.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. SHORT TITLE. This chapter shall be known and cited as the state revenue collection limitation act of 1993.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. CODIFICATION INSTRUCTIONS. Sections 1 through 12 and 19 of this act are each added to chapter 43.135 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Section headings as used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. EMERGENCY CLAUSE. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately, and the first fiscal year for which the state revenue collection limit shall be in effect is the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1993.

PLEASE NOTE:

In the preceding and following measures, all words in double brackets with a line through them are in the State Law or Constitution at the present time and are being taken out by the measure. All words underlined do not appear in the State Law or Constitution as they are now written but will be put in if the measure is adopted.



COMPLETE TEXT OF House Joint Resolution 4200

BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN LEGISLATIVE SESSION ASSEMBLED:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article I, section 11 of the Constitution of the state of Washington to read as follows:

Article I, section 11. Absolute freedom of conscience in all matters of religious sentiment, belief and worship, shall be guaranteed to every individual, and no one shall be molested or disturbed in person or property on account of religion; but the liberty of conscience hereby secured shall not be so construed as to excuse acts of licentiousness or justify practices inconsistent with the peace and safety of the state. No public money or property shall be appropriated for or applied to any religious worship, exercise or instruction, or the support of any religious establishment: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That this article shall not be so construed as to forbid the employment by the state of a chaplain for such of the state custodial, correctional, and mental institutions, or by a county's or public hospital district's hospital, health care facility, or hospice, as in the discretion of the legislature may seem justified. No religious qualification shall be required for any public office or employment, nor shall any person be incompetent as a witness or juror, in consequence of his opinion on matters of religion, nor be questioned in any court of justice touching his religious belief to affect the weight of his testimony.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.

PLEASE NOTE:

To obtain a copy of the preceding and following texts for the state measures in larger print, call the Secretary of State's toll-free hotline -- 1-800-448-4881.



COMPLETE TEXT OF House Joint Resolution 4201

BE IT RESOLVED, BY THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, IN LEGISLATIVE SESSION ASSEMBLED:

THAT, At the next general election to be held in this state there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for their approval and ratification, or rejection, an amendment to Article IV, section 6 of the Constitution of the state of Washington to read as follows:

Article IV, section 6. Superior courts and district courts have concurrent jurisdiction in cases in equity. The superior court shall have original jurisdiction (~~in all cases in equity and~~) in all cases at law which involve the title or possession of real property, or the legality of any tax, impost, assessment, toll, or municipal fine, and in all other cases in which the demand or the value of the property in controversy amounts to three thousand dollars or as otherwise determined by law, or a lesser sum in excess of the jurisdiction granted to justices of the peace and other inferior courts, and in all criminal cases amounting to felony, and in all cases of misdemeanor not otherwise provided for by law; of actions of forcible entry and detainer; of proceedings in insolvency; of actions to prevent or abate a nuisance; of all matters of probate, of divorce, and for annulment of marriage; and for such special cases and proceedings as are not otherwise provided for. The superior court shall also have original jurisdiction in all cases and of all proceedings in which jurisdiction shall not have been by law vested exclusively in some other court; and said court shall have the power of naturalization and to issue papers therefor. They shall have such appellate jurisdiction in cases arising in justices' and other inferior courts in their respective counties as may be prescribed by law. They shall always be open, except on nonjudicial days, and their process shall extend to all parts of the state. Said courts and their judges shall have power to issue writs of mandamus, quo warranto, review, certiorari, prohibition, and writs of habeas corpus, on petition by or on behalf of any person in actual custody in their respective counties. Injunctions and writs of prohibition and of habeas corpus may be issued and served on legal holidays and nonjudicial days.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the secretary of state shall cause notice of the foregoing constitutional amendment to be published at least four times during the four weeks next preceding the election in every legal newspaper in the state.

Absentee Ballot Request

Mail To: ABSENTEE BALLOT Room 553, King County Administration Bldg,
500 4th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104

TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT
I HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM A REGISTERED VOTER
PLEASE PRINT IN INK

Registered Name _____
Street Address _____ # _____
City _____ Zip _____
Telephone: (Day) _____ (Evening) _____
For identification purposes only: (Optional)
Birth Date _____ Social Security No. _____

TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED

Signature _____ Date _____

IF DIFFERENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:

Street Address _____ # _____
City _____
State _____ Zip _____
Country _____ New Registration: Yes ☐ No ☐

THIS APPLICATION IS FOR THE FOLLOWING:

GENERAL ELECTION ONLY
November 2, 1993

☐

PERMANENT REQUEST
All Future Elections

☐

IF KNOWN:

Registration No. KI _____ - _____ - _____

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Absentee Ballot Request

Mail To: ABSENTEE BALLOT Room 553, King County Administration Bldg,
500 4th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104

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I HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM A REGISTERED VOTER
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Registered Name _____
Street Address _____ # _____
City _____ Zip _____
Telephone: (Day) _____ (Evening) _____
For identification purposes only: (Optional)
Birth Date _____ Social Security No. _____

TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED

Signature _____ Date _____

IF DIFFERENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:

Street Address _____ # _____
City _____
State _____ Zip _____
Country _____ New Registration: Yes ☐ No ☐

THIS APPLICATION IS FOR THE FOLLOWING:

GENERAL ELECTION ONLY
November 2, 1993

☐

PERMANENT REQUEST
All Future Elections

☐

IF KNOWN:

Registration No. KI _____ - _____ - _____

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY



33rd Legislative District Representative, Position No. 1



**Julia
PATTERSON**

Democrat

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
4221 S 185
SeaTac, WA 98188
PHONE NUMBER: 241-7077

The "Highline Times" once stated, "Julia Patterson is an enthusiastic, original thinker with good knowledge of the community and a passion to make it better."

That summarizes Julia Patterson.

Last winter, when faced with the decision of filling a vacancy in our legislative district, Republicans and Democrats on the King County Council unanimously agreed - Julia Patterson was the best choice.

From the beginning, Julia made a commitment to be independent and hard working. She was. She voted against hundreds of millions of dollars in new taxes, including the state revenue package.

Julia believes families must live within their budget, and so should government. She believes that when the legislature returns in January it must be unrelenting in reducing waste and becoming more efficient.

Julia is opposed to a third runway at SeaTac Airport. She doesn't want more homes condemned, more noise polluting our neighborhoods and tax dollars being spent wastefully on transportation solutions that don't work. She passed a law that forces the Port to finance additional sound-proofing for airport area residents.

Julia previously served as a founding member of the SeaTac city council. She successfully established important programs; including a city/school district latch key program for children and a new community center with recreation programs for teens and seniors.

To fight crime, Julia pressed for policies that increased neighborhood police patrols, strengthened anti-prostitution laws and implemented the community based police concept.

Julia has received key endorsements. They include the Washington Education Association; State Fire Fighters; State Council of Police Officers; King County Womens' Political Caucus; Boeing Aerospace Machinists; and finally, the State Troopers Association, who said "We are pleased to endorse your candidacy. You have shown a commitment to take the 'handcuffs' off the police and put them where they belong... on criminals."

Growing up, attending our schools, marrying, working, and with her husband, Pat, raising three youngsters, Julia has spent her entire life serving and living in our district.

Julia is a graduate of Tyee High School. She holds degrees in Police Science and English from Washington State University and the University of Washington.



**Mike
PATTISON**

Republican

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
24620 Russell RD, A305
Kent, WA 98032
PHONE NUMBER: 852-1459

If you agree with the Lowry agenda for more spending and bigger government, read no further - vote for my opponent.

But, if you believe as I do that we must make government live within it's means, we're kindred spirits.

I'll fight to make government live on a budget, like families do. We must make government set new priorities. Our children's future must come first. We must reform health care in ways which guarantee our right to choose our own doctor, protect our privacy and control costs - not move towards socialized medicine as the Lowry plan does.

I've been active in our community, working on the issues which affect us all. In addition, I was recently honored by being elected a board member of the American Cancer Society. I'm committed to making our community a better one and our future a brighter one.

That includes stopping the third runway.

My background includes a business degree from Seattle University, work experience as a Legislative Aide, work with Multiple Sclerosis patients and as a lab tech researching pulmonary edema.

I ask for your vote and hope that you'll call on me with your input long past election day.

King County Executive



**Gary
LOCKE**

Democrat

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
2911 Second AV
Seattle, WA 98121
PHONE NUMBER: 443-3369

I am running for King County Executive because too many citizens have lost confidence in county government. They are tired of passive leadership, tired of not being heard, tired of the bickering between the Executive and the Council, and between the County, cities and unincorporated areas.

In 1992 voters approved merging Metro and the County to simplify government and achieve savings. They deserve an Executive whose priority is managing this new government effectively — and making it work.

It is not enough for political candidates to promise a vision of the future. I have a proven record in solving difficult problems, mastering the details of a budget and making tough budget cuts. I believe government will never have enough money to do everything people want. So, we must set firm priorities and do a few things well, instead of doing too many things poorly.

King County faces tremendous challenges and opportunities. We must: • solve our transportation mess in sensible, affordable increments; • create a regional public safety system to attack gang violence and prevent crime; • listen to the complaints of businesses and create a

supportive business climate by eliminating costly and unnecessary regulations; • overhaul our permitting process so builders can build affordable housing, and • respect the diversity of our county. Solutions which work in one area may not work in another.

The challenge is to accomplish these goals with limited public resources while preserving the northwest values we cherish.

I was born and raised in King County. As a Deputy County Prosecutor I worked to make our communities safer - prosecuting criminals and supporting crime victims. As a state legislator I have formed coalitions of Democrats and Republicans to tackle successfully many of the critical issues facing our region. In 1990, I was rated #1 in effectiveness among legislators in the Puget Sound area by the *Seattle Times*. The Municipal League has rated me "Outstanding" in each of my legislative races.

My record shows I am best qualified to lead our new County government, break the stalemate, and get the job done.

I would appreciate your vote. Thank you.



**Tim
HILL**

Republican

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
P.O. Box 92
Seattle, WA 98111
PHONE NUMBER: 443-0191

This election is about leadership. Leadership that gets results.

Leadership is a budget that is balanced and has significant reserves for a rainy day. Leadership is investing in a transportation system. Leadership is saving thousands of acres of open spaces, parks and trails. Leadership is a public safety system that keeps neighborhoods safe and criminals behind bars.

These past four years, I have accomplished all of these things, and more. King County is among the top four counties in the country for fiscal responsibility and accountability. While the State of Washington was raising taxes, in King County we were cutting back while still investing in our public safety and the future of our children and families. I have kept faith with the priorities of the taxpayers.

We are building a new Regional Justice Center in South King County. This "second courthouse" will bring needed services to the suburbs and maintain the integrity of the criminal justice system. Unlike other urban areas, no police officer trying to book a prisoner has ever been

turned away from the King County jail.

Transportation has been a major priority of mine. Whether it's fighting for needed improvements to our crowded state highways or improving county roads, King County has been a leader. This year, I put forth a plan that would get commuters onto rail cars by 1996. These trains would travel on existing rails, serve north and south King County as well as Seattle and the major Boeing plants. I will make this a reality in my next term of office.

My record of fiscal responsibility and action is even more important as King County and Metro combine in 1994. This new government must be more efficient and more effective. I will take the best of both governments and combine them into a truly effective regional government that serves our citizens.

We can manage growth, protect our environment, and improve our neighborhoods. And we must remember that quality of life begins with a job. I pledge to continue to make this county a healthy place to do business, to live, and to raise a family.



Metropolitan King County Council, District No. 5



**Ron
SIMS**
Democrat

I have had the pleasure of serving the residents of my King County Council District for eight years. I hope that I have served you well enough to obtain your support for another term.

As the Council's finance and budget chair I take great pride in knowing that the County has the highest credit rating of any government in the State. I was the primary proponent of the County's nationally recognized Automated Fingerprint Identification System, which has led to the arrests and conviction of hundreds of criminals. You approved a levy that I sponsored that established the nation's first coordinated emergency radio communication's system. I have enjoyed working on these issues.

King County has never faced greater challenges than those of the next several years. How do we balance the need for affordable housing and manage growth? Can we restore and

enhance our fisheries yet insure an adequate water supply for the region? Where do we find the resources to prevent individuals from entering our criminal justice system and still protect the public's safety? Can we effectively balance the need for more roads while maintaining and expanding our public transit system? These questions are not easily answered nor do they lend themselves to simple solutions.

The Metropolitan King County government still needs to respond to individual communities and neighborhoods. I firmly believe that this government cannot move away from the people it serves. I will be a proponent of an activist government that responds to both local and regional concerns. I am excited about the future. I ask you to let me work as your representative to find the solutions to the challenges that face all of us.

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Metropolitan King County Council, District No. 9



**John
SLIWA**
Democrat

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
25209 118 AV SE
Kent, WA 98031
PHONE NUMBER: 630-4154

John Sliwa, 46, is a retired Air Traffic Controller and life long Democrat. He served 14 years in government with the Civil Service. John understands that improving service and making King County government work better for us will require, a commitment to responsible representation, council accessibility through community input, and real accountability.

"The goal of the candidacy is a government that embodies the hope and the promise of our country to be sure that we never abandon our charge to serve the people."

"I make a solemn promise that I am committed to be the catalyst for responsible change. You and I must deliver a message to those who run King County that we are going to work for that change."

"We must restore commitment to our community, vitality to the values of our society, vigor to our economy, real democracy to our government, and purpose to our life. Above all, we must secure our children's birthright of a greater America than we ourselves inherited. The future of America's children and their children is

nothing more than our moral test. At stake is everything America means to me."

"I practice campaign finance reform not simply talk about it and will not accept contributions of more than \$100 from any one person. In this regard, I stand apart from other candidates who collect huge sums of money from special interest groups to finance their campaigns and later feel compelled to cater to their special interest to insure future financial support for the next campaign."

"On issues such as growth management, the Metro merger, and delivery of services, I stand apart from my opponents. As a life long fighter for effective and efficient government, I am capable of affecting the change needed to move the 9th District and the county forward."

"This candidacy is not about me. It is about us. If we all look inward and come to the same conclusion that business, labor, government, and citizens need to work harder than ever before. We will find that we can do better by ourselves and our children."



**Kent
PULLEN**
Republican

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
P.O. Box 5253
Kent, WA 98064
PHONE NUMBER: 631-1177

Your kind support elected me to this office in 1989, and I am now seeking re-election to a second term in order to continue making progress on key issues such as public safety, transportation, growth management, and fiscal responsibility.

During the past four years I served as the Chairman of the Law and Justice Committee. I was pleased to have successfully sponsored or co-sponsored ordinances into law that were designed to (1) combat the proliferation of gangs; (2) provide full funding of the automated fingerprint identification system; (3) establish an upgraded emergency radio system; (4) protect abused children, battered women, and victims of domestic violence; and (5) strengthen the county ethics code. Based on my record on these and related issues, I have been endorsed for re-election both by the King County Police Officers' Guild and the Public Safety Employees Local 519.

With regard to land use planning, I would like to help craft a better balanced process. Planners must be more cognizant of the competing objectives and should seek an improved balance

between the need to protect the environment, defend private property rights, keep housing affordable, and ensure that services are in place as development occurs. Also needed are reforms in the permitting process at the Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES, formerly know as BALD). Another key goal is to give local citizens a stronger voice in land use planning decisions through the establishment of community councils.

In addition, transportation needs should be integrated into the land use planning process. A properly designed rail system can help, but the "plan" currently being considered by the Regional Transit Authority is too vague, extremely costly to taxpayers, and unfair to rural area residents. Instead, we should implement a phased approach, beginning with the establishment of commuter trains utilizing existing tracks supplemented by improved bus service to and from regional job centers.

In conclusion, we should strive to make King County government more responsive and accountable to citizens. If re-elected, I would be honored to work with you to achieve this goal.



Metropolitan King County Council, District No. 12



**Debbie
BERTO**
Democrat

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
70 E Sunset WY, Suite 106
Issaquah, WA 98027
PHONE NUMBER: 557-0663

Debbie Berto has played a decisive role in the 12th District for the past twenty years. As a business manager/publisher of a newspaper, and as a community activist, she has worked to protect the environment and build a strong economic base. Debbie has been married 19 years and is the mother of two. Her concerns are the same as ours: managing growth through solutions that create a better future for our children.

Debbie believes citizens themselves have the best answers to the challenges facing our rural and suburban communities. The County's Citizen Advisory Committee system could be a tremendous vehicle for citizen input if clear guidelines are established, if meetings are managed in an unbiased manner, if citizens are encouraged to work toward recognized common goals, and if the results of citizen deliberations are honored by the Council.

Debbie supports the Growth Management Act, but recognizes the need for a more localized economic development plan. She believes family-wage industries should be located near residential areas as a first step toward trans-

portation solutions. Higher densities in mixed-use zones will allow others to preserve their more rural way of life. To prevent our dependence on transported food, we must also preserve sufficient farm land. And our Northwest industries must be encouraged to diversify to provide continued employment for our current residents.

Debbie has an impressive record of community achievement and leadership. She knows how to bring people together to find solutions. Whether working to preserve the state salmon hatchery, promote the need for a youth community center, revitalize Issaquah's historic downtown, or draft a plan for Bellevue's Coal Creek basin, Debbie has made a positive impact. Among her many honors, she was named Issaquah Citizen of the Year in 1991.

We must put a stop to the adversarial, no-win attitudes that have characterized the Eastside's relationship with the County Council. Our plans need bold new ways of thinking, and leaders who know how to get things done. We need Debbie Berto at the Council level to make sure our local voices are heard.



**Brian
DERDOWSKI**
Republican

It has been an honor and a privilege to represent you. With your grass roots support we have accomplished much of what we set out to do in 1990. We stand for:

Accessibility We do four evening community meetings each week. Our home phone number is regularly advertised (391-6089). My wife Karen and I consider this position a privilege rather than a career. We respect and welcome your advice.

Growth Management Our goal should be to grow moderately with high quality jobs. Excessive development will result in crowded schools, traffic congestion, inadequate parks, higher taxes, and a weaker economy in the long run.

Reasonable Development Small builders and property owners will create better and more affordable housing than will large developers. Large concentrations of apartments should be discouraged. Zoning should provide for smooth transitions with neighboring uses.

Environmental Protection Our children deserve a healthy productive environment. Farms, streams, lakes and forests must be protected.

Regulations should be predictable and applied consistently, and fairly.

Traffic Improvement Safety improvements and alleviating existing congestion should be our top priority. I do not support widening roads through neighborhoods unless absolutely necessary.

Government Efficiency I have successfully sponsored new customer service policies, and have initiated numerous performance audits. I have also sponsored performance standards for County departments. We need to treat employees professionally, give them responsibility, and ensure accountability.

Fiscal Conservatism I have voted against many tax increases. I am skeptical of all expenditures, and I do my homework. My office advocates for property taxpayers and conducts annual seminars on tax appeals.

My staff and I have a strong work ethic. We are not afraid to confront special interests. We challenge the system and don't back away from controversy. We welcome public input and work hard to help citizens empower themselves. We appreciate and thank you for your support.

Court of Appeals - Division No. 1

District No. 1 - Position No. 2



Many people know little about what judges do or who we are as professionals and individuals. After defeating an opponent two years ago, I am running unopposed and do not need to make a real campaign statement. I would like to use this space to describe the court and tell you a little about my background.

The Court of Appeals is the intermediate state appellate court. There are three divisions located in Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane. Division I in Seattle has nine judges, and there are four each in Tacoma and Spokane. We review the decisions of the trial courts (Superior, District and Municipal) to determine whether there were mistakes made which require a new trial or dismissal. Our court sits in panels of three judges and does not hear testimony. We base our decisions on the written record from the trial court, briefs and oral argument.

Each judge in Seattle where I sit writes approximately 65 opinions and decides an additional 80 cases without oral argument each

year. We review and sign or dissent from opinions written by our colleagues in the other 130 cases we hear each year. Our caseload is about 55% criminal and 45% civil. We face many difficult and challenging issues for which we must be fully prepared, open-minded and fair.

I have been a judge since 1986, first in King County Superior Court and, since 1991, on the Court of Appeals. I grew up in Charlottesville, Virginia, got my B.A. at the University of Pennsylvania and my law degree at Columbia University. I moved to Seattle after law school in 1975 with my husband and five-month-old daughter who is now a freshman in college. I was an attorney specializing in land use and employment discrimination law. I have written books on discrimination law and articles on both topics. I worked for private law firms and in the public sector and taught discrimination law at the University of Puget Sound Law School. I have also been involved in several neighborhood, civic and educational groups.

**Susan Randolph
AGID**

UNOPPOSED



Superior Court Position No. 18



**Michael S.
SPEARMAN**

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
800 5 AV #204
Seattle, WA 98104
PHONE NUMBER: 722-6519

JUSTICE REQUIRES FAIRNESS - Judge Michael Spearman believes fairness is the bedrock of justice. All who come into his courtroom have an equal voice and are treated with dignity and respect.

JUSTICE REQUIRES EXPERIENCE - Michael Spearman has had extensive courtroom experience over the last twelve years. He has capably handled administrative responsibilities as Supervisor of the Felony Division of The Defender Association. In private practice, he focused on family law, gaining expertise on issues of importance to families and children.

Judge Spearman graduated from Brown University and the New York University School of Law. Between college and law school, he spent four years working as a machinist and shop steward. This gave him a true understanding of the issues important to working people.

JUSTICE REQUIRES A CONCERNED RESPONSE TO CRIME - Michael Spearman was appointed to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission by Governor Booth Gardner; and in 1992, he was appointed to Task Force on Criminal Justice by Governor Mike Lowry. He fully understands the need to impose strict sentences when required by the facts and the law

and the need to explore alternative sentences when appropriate.

JUSTICE REQUIRES AN EFFICIENT COURT SYSTEM - Judge Spearman believes the court must become more efficient in handling its enormous caseload. He supports mediation and arbitration as methods of resolving civil disputes and efforts by law enforcement agencies to coordinate collection of criminal history to speed up sentencing.

Judge Spearman has been endorsed by Governor Mike Lowry, Lieutenant Governor Joel Pritchard, Attorney General Christine Gregoire, former U.S. Attorney Mike McKay, Mayor Norm Rice, the King County Women's Political Caucus, Rainbow Coalition, King County Democrats, King County Labor Council, Teamsters Local 28, UFCW Local 1001, and Aeromachinists Local 571. He has received the highest possible ratings from the King County Bar Association, SEAMEC, the Asian Bar Association and Washington Women Lawyers. He was rated well qualified by the Loren Miller Bar Association. He has been endorsed by the Harvey Muggy Gay and Lesbian Democrats and Hispanic Bar Association. He is recommended by the Seattle Police Officers Guild. Judge Spearman and his wife, Mariane, have one daughter, Samantha.



**David M.
ABERCROMBIE**

BRING LEADERSHIP AND MANAGEMENT TO SUPERIOR COURT

- **MAGISTRATE PRO-TEM** — shown decisiveness and stamina required of a judicial officer
- **LAWYER** — helped people from all walks of life
- **FIRE COMMISSIONER** - Meeting community needs
- **BUSINESSMAN** — Identifying and meeting demands through planning, motivating and hard work
- **COMBAT OFFICER** — Armored Calvary Platoon Leader in Vietnam, awarded Bronze Star

The King County Courts are currently faced with a critical shortage of leadership, management and resources. My experience in the private sector as a businessman, as a soldier, as well as a lawyer has enabled me to develop the skill, knowledge and leadership that will enable me to address and solve these problems. My opponent, a recent Lowry appointee,

was sworn in less than two weeks before this election began. With experience almost solely that of defending criminal defendants on the public payroll, he lacks the depth or breadth of background needed for this position. My election would bring a depth of understanding, firmness and stamina to the bench that is needed at this time.

LOCAL FOCUS: The Port of Seattle is among the Nation's largest port districts. It is the owner/developer of marine and transportation facilities around Seattle's harbor and the owner/operator of Seattle-Tacoma International Airport, Fishermen's Terminal and Shilshole Marina. It is governed by five Commission members elected by voters for four-years.

Port of Seattle District No. 3



**Paige
MILLER**

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
711 W Kinnear PL
Seattle, WA 98119
PHONE NUMBER: 281-8674

When you elected me six years ago, the Port Commission was in disarray, and Seattle was not a place new businesses wanted to call home.

Things have changed.

I have worked hard to help turn things around, and today our Port is again considered one of the most efficient and innovative in the world.

We are on the move.

And while moving forward has required making tough decisions, it is leading us to major accomplishments: • Expanding of American President Lines' facility at Terminal 5, which will create 1,500 good-paying jobs. • Deciding to expand Sea-Tac runway capacity will ensure our economic recovery doesn't stall, while requiring airlines to reduce noise levels by 50%. • Creating a waterfront plan that retains traditional uses, while adding a maritime museum and international conference center. • Reorganizing the Port to increase financial accountability. • Cleaning up contaminated properties around our harbor.

But the Port isn't just about airplanes and shipping. It's about addressing the concerns we all share in our daily lives. I have worked especially hard in the following areas: • Estab-

lishing **PortJOBS**, a partnership among employers, training institutions, community groups and unions to ensure good-paying jobs are available to women, minorities and persons with disabilities. • **Strengthening relationships** with Port customers around the Pacific Rim. I've worked hard to bring EVA Airline of Taiwan and China Eastern Airline to Sea-Tac, expanding our relations with two of the world's fastest growing economies. • Developing a **Port Ethics Code** - the first in Washington. • **Opening our public processes**, so everyone can voice their opinions about our region's future. • Holding the line on taxes. I have **voted against raising the tax levy** three years running.

The Port is vital to the future of our region, especially when Boeing is experiencing a cyclical downturn. I'm proud of the work I'm doing, and I love my job. Please help me continue that work.

Thank you,
Paige

Paige Miller, A Yale Law School graduate, and her husband Bruce Johnson have three children: Marta, Winslow and Russell. Russell is the first child born to a sitting Port Commissioner in the U.S.



**George
TAMBLIN**

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
6248 E Mercer WY
Mercer Island, WA 98040
PHONE NUMBER: 236-1893

GEORGE TAMBLYN, 56, is a successful businessman, practiced business law for over twenty years before he and a partner bought a Seattle manufacturing company, dealt with it's environmental problems, turned it around and now it is profitable and employs over 50 people.

Tamblin attended Colgate University and Cornell University Law School, and specialized in International Business Affairs. His community activities include: Mercer Island Rotary, Boys and Girls Club Board, Church Vestry, PTA committee on Drugs and Alcohol, director and volunteer cook at the Compass Center for the Homeless in Seattle and the Washington State Land Bank Advisory Committee.

He is married with three grown children, lives on Mercer Island with his wife and two step daughters; private pilot, enjoys sailing, cross country skiing, scuba diving.

"The Port is supposed to generate JOBS and economic growth"

INSTEAD:

The Port has increased PROPERTY TAX col-

lections from KING COUNTY TAXPAYERS over 30% over the past six years.

Seattle's share of Puget Sound shipping DECLINED over 10% while Tacoma's share increased 17% ('87-'91).

The Port has engaged in questionable and costly real estate projects, including plush waterfront offices for the management. These do little for the economy.

The cost of the proposed third runway is unknown but may be one billion dollars. The source of funds to build it is unreliable and the benefits very questionable. We need a regional approach that does not put the burden solely on the taxpayers of King County.

I will use my experience to refocus the Port on cost effective investments that create JOBS and stimulate the economy. **I will oppose any increase in property taxes.**

HELP ME CREATE AN ECONOMIC SUCCESS STORY AT THE PORT.

VOTE FOR GEORGE TAMBLYN



City of Bellevue Council

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**Conrad
LEE**

I will bring my **leadership experience and common sense** to the Bellevue City Council. I want to give back to our community what I have received.

Leadership Experience and Community Commitment: • Chair of the Bellevue Transportation Commission • Chair of the Factoria Subarea Citizens Advisory Committee • Former Vice Chair of Bellevue's "City-in-A-Park" Committee • Chair of the 1992 Washington State Summer Games • Church administrative council member • Cub Scout Master • Little League Baseball and Youth Soccer Coach • Married 27 years and parent of 2 children • Bellevue resident for 26 years • B.S. in Engineering from the University of Michigan • MBA from the University of Washington.

My goal is to **build a Bellevue that's even better for our children than it has been for us**. With solid planning, personal commitment and real citizen participation, we can do it by bringing government back to the people.

My **3-point agenda** for my first 18 months in office: • **Bring Government Back Down to Earth** • **Renew Bellevue's Economic Vitality** • **Get Real Citizen Participation**.

I consider it an honor to serve you and **I ask for your vote**. Thanks.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 4409 138 AV SE, Bellevue, WA 98006 PHONE NUMBER: 747-0468



**Maria
CAIN**

I have been a resident of Bellevue for 25 years and a participant in local and regional political activity over the past 15 years. During this time I organized the Bellevue Residents' Coalition, a group of 21 Resident Community Clubs, and served four years on the Bellevue City Council.

Current conditions in Bellevue require individuals with experience, knowledge and tenacity to ask the tough questions of City staff and the professionals that guide council decisions. Each decision of the City Council adds or subtracts from our unique quality of life.

I have worked on and off the City Council to insure that residents have a strong and constructive voice at City Hall. Most recently, a prominent business leader and I co-chaired the effort to defeat last September's special levy election, which would have significantly increased your property taxes. This is an example of how residents and business working together in a spirit of cooperation can improve local government.

My experience, knowledge and historical perspective are important qualifications I offer in dealing with the challenges confronting Bellevue. I am committed to a more open, responsive and fair City government that fosters a strong economy as well as a quality residential environment.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 7387, Bellevue, WA 98008 PHONE NUMBER: 454-3143



**Margot
BLACKER**

An active involved citizen of Bellevue since 1972, Margot Blacker brought impressive qualifications and experience to the Council in 1990. Margot has a reputation of balanced decision making and is a committed, capable and caring council member. She is an active participant in the government process, working constructively to find positive solutions to the problems facing Bellevue and the region. She has provided informed and thoughtful leadership as a council member and Deputy mayor.

Margot's experience includes: King County Growth Management Planning Council; Eastside Transportation Program; Bellevue Planning Commission, past Chair; Environmental Services Commissioner, 82-84; Bellevue Historical Society, past President; Northtowne Community Club, past President; King County Affordable Housing Task Force; 1988 Park Bond Committee; Trustee, WA Trust for Historic Preservation.

"My primary focus for Bellevue as it matures is retaining its livability. My primary objective for you, the taxpayer, is maintaining fiscal responsibility with your tax dollar. We all want Bellevue to retain its high level of services and provide the best possible qualities of life. City government must be efficient and responsive to face the complex challenges ahead, and meet the needs of its citizens, and to that end I pledge my time, energy and experience on your behalf."

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 11034 SE 28 PL, Bellevue, WA 98004 PHONE NUMBER: 454-1832



**Tim
BROWN**

Tim Brown has the experience, ability, and commitment to serve effectively as a member of your city council. He knows the importance of fiscal constraint and establishing budget priorities. He is determined to achieve the greatest value for Bellevue's tax dollars. Tim worked for 17 years as a cost analyst, negotiator, and financial manager for multi-billion dollar defense programs. He is currently employed as a budget software development consultant.

Tim is committed to increasing public participation in decisions: "Too many people, both in the neighborhoods and the business community, feel their concerns fall on deaf ears. It is essential the council listen, understand, and respond to those concerns. We must lower taxes, reduce traffic in neighborhoods, and ensure public safety. We must sustain both livability and economic vitality."

Tim has demonstrated his abilities to bridge differences amongst people and mobilize their efforts supporting a common vision. He currently serves as Vice-President, Bridle Trails Community Club.

Tim and his wife Kathleen are active in community affairs. They have one daughter, Kristina, age 6. "Bellevue's key assets are it's capable, positive residents and attractive, healthy environment. It's a great place to live - I want to keep it that way."

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 13715 NE 36 PL, Bellevue, WA 98005 PHONE NUMBER: 869-0536

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City of Bellevue Council



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**Ron E.
SMITH**

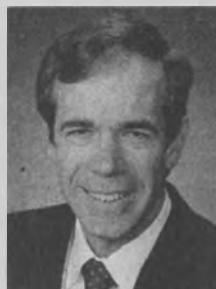
Community service is every citizen's responsibility. As a small business owner and homeowner, Ron Smith is qualified and motivated to serve.

Only one current Councilmember owns a business and has to meet a payroll, hire and manage employees, and deal with city regulations and taxes. Ron Smith's experience and knowledge will help Bellevue: • Encourage small business development, creating employment opportunities for all; • Enhance our neighborhoods—the best way to ensure affordable housing is to help residents maintain the quality of existing, older homes; and • Downsize the City bureaucracy for leaner, more efficient service and lower taxes.

Ron Smith is supported by a large cross-section of Bellevue neighborhood leaders, business owners and other committed citizens. They share his concerns about Bellevue's direction: City staff are under investigation by the Public Disclosure Commission; were sued over shortcuts in the Newport Hills annexation process; and didn't consult in advance with east Bellevue residents about a major street fair there.

The 1980s—when government was our biggest growth industry—are over. To maintain our community's quality of life, our Council must work smart, demand the most for every tax dollar, and manage Bellevue's staff effectively. Ron Smith will be that kind of Councilmember.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 11140 SE 29 PL, Bellevue, WA 98004 **PHONE NUMBER:** 827-2234



**Al
BENTLEY**

Bellevue faces significant problems as it enters its fifth decade — floods of traffic that overwhelm our local streets, a sense that the City Council is out of touch with public concerns, and a widespread feeling that the city is inhospitable to businesses of all kinds. We need Councilmembers who can attack traffic congestion through effective cooperation with neighboring jurisdictions; who will foster closer relationships between the Council, the city's boards and commissions, and the community; and who can work with all segments of the community to promote a healthy, growing economy.

I have served on Bellevue's volunteer Planning Commission since 1990. Under my leadership (1992-93), the Commission advanced a number of measures to improve our community. We wrote an accessory dwelling unit ordinance, authorizing "mother-in-law apartments" in owner-occupied homes. We revised the definition of the neighborhood business zone, enabling development of shops and other businesses which can provide goods and services to surrounding neighborhoods. We changed the park approval process, making it simpler and less costly for the city to build new parks.

I like working, I like people, and I'd like to have the opportunity to work for the people of Bellevue.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 52931, Bellevue, WA 98015 **PHONE NUMBER:** 641-7229



City of Enumclaw

LOCAL FOCUS: Enumclaw is located in southeast King County on a plateau of agricultural and forested land nestled against the Cascade foothills and serving as a "Gateway to Mt. Rainier." It is a full-service city supportive of its quality living environment, proximity to urban amenities, and rural character.

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**George
ROSSMAN**

The next four years will be a most important period to the future of Enumclaw. With the new Comprehensive Plan in place, experienced leadership is needed to ensure strict compliance. My goal, if elected Mayor, is to work closely with the City Council to manage the tremendous growth the City has experienced in the last few years. I fought for the lower population figure of 11,000 as the City's growth potential and feel the City must now turn to budget priorities that would repair existing streets and infrastructure before we add on more responsibilities.

I have time for City Hall since my time and work are flexible and would rely on my 8 years as a Councilmember plus Commission, Committee and Civic positions to provide the background necessary to do the job. I have served as President of the Chamber of Commerce, Chairman of the Civil Service Commission and currently am Mayor Pro-Tem and City Council President.

If elected, I will work tirelessly to maintain the quality of life you desire in Enumclaw and encourage all citizens to be a part of that process. It is your opportunity to be a part of better government.

ELECT GEORGE ROSSMAN MAYOR OF ENUMCLAW

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 861, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-4217



**John
FARMAN**

I am 47 years old and was born and have lived all my life in Enumclaw. I have three children: Koll 19, Joshua 14, and Jessica 12. I am presently on the City Council, was previously a member of the Town Center Committee, served as president of Rotary, and am currently a member of Wabash Presbyterian Church. I worked for a family business for 25 years until it was sold and I'm presently employed at American Feed and Farm Supply in Buckley. I have a small pure-bred Limousin cattle herd and I am vice-president of the Washington State Limousin Association.

Being a lifetime resident of Enumclaw, I have seen a vast amount of change in our town; some good, some not. My goal as mayor is to help manage our growth; enabling us to maintain our rural quality of life. As the council sets our policy, it is the mayor's job to oversee it's completion. I'll strive to make our city run more effectively, evaluate employees productivity, and give our citizens the most for their buck.

The city of Enumclaw is a beautiful place to live. We need to maintain this great quality of life with prudent management and decision making.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 3369 Porter ST, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-4820

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**Anne G.
McNEELY**

It has been an honor and a privilege to represent the people of Enumclaw on the City Council for the past three and a half years. With your permission via the ballot box, I would like to continue to serve you for another term.

You can expect me to study issues thoroughly, invite and encourage public participation, insist on the best possible municipal government, and have the courage to vote my convictions for the good of the city.

Despite the restrictions and mandates placed on us with the state and county legislation of the past few years, I believe Enumclaw is still and can remain a unique and precious place. With your support, I will do my best to preserve our treasures. Thank you.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1948 Harding, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-4240

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City of Enumclaw Council



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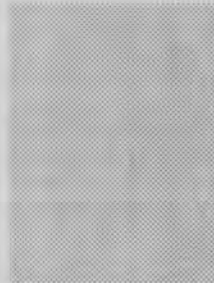
**Barbara
SHANE**

I have been part of the Local Improvements for Enumclaw (L.I.F.E.) Committee. This group presented a bond issue to Enumclaw plateau voters for a Community Center. Through that effort, I learned about the city government process. I am interested in this community and planning for it's future.

Having grown up in Southern California during the sprawl and smog years, I am encouraged that King County and the City of Enumclaw are addressing growth management and pollution issues early. The Enumclaw lifestyle of rural, relaxed living can be maintained as the area grows. As a city council candidate, I am committed to being involved with that growth management process.

I have lived on the Enumclaw plateau for thirty years and have resided within the city limits for six years. I have been a leader in our community as a Service Unit Chairman for the Girl Scouts, President of Enumclaw Music Teacher's Association, Chairman of the Youth Clubhouse Board of Directors, and a member of the Enumclaw Arts Commission and the Chamber of Commerce Education Committee. My Bachelor's Degree is in Physical Education. I taught P.E., coached basketball, volleyball and track while substitute teaching. I currently teach piano and own Enumclaw Music.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1310 Washington, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-3480



**Lou
GERLACH**

With the knowledge received while working for Cities for 31 years in Park and Maintenance and 17 years of past Police work, I feel I can be of use on the City Council to save the taxpayer money.

We need to review our upper management costs and our street repair program. We need to have a midyear budget review.

Are our taxes being spent wisely and where they were budgeted for?

We need a closer relationship between upper management and our City employees.

In this case, "The left hand must know what the right hand is doing." We need to keep our taxes down so the Young and Old can continue to live in our City. We need to take into consideration all our local 20 year bond issues before spending our childrens Tax money on new bond issues.

Do we need a new Community Center or a tax break for all our citizens?

These are the questions we need to work with the Citizens to get true answers to.

Thank you.

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**Shirley A.
HEEN**

I have served on Enumclaw City Council for eight years and I am a candidate for my third term. I have been a resident of Enumclaw for 36 years, have raised three children, and am a part of the business community through my position as Manager of the King County Fairgrounds. I am active with the Enumclaw Area Chamber of Commerce (Tourism committee member), the Enumclaw Business and Professional Women's Club, Enumclaw Rotary and Helping Hand.

I believe that controlled growth is healthy and with careful study and planning can provide economic stability to complement the "good quality of life" that we all enjoy. In addition to improving the city's tax base, being friendly to small business and non-polluting industry will enable residents to experience added shopping convenience and job opportunities.

I can't emphasize enough how much I love being a part of Enumclaw. I am honored that I have been able to represent the citizens of our city by serving on city council and would like to continue to be a part of Enumclaw's future.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1874 Loraine ST, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-2429



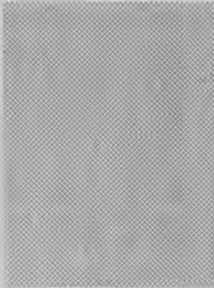
**John E.
BOOKTER**

Candidate did not submit a statement or a photograph.



City of Enumclaw Council

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**J. Darrell
MORRISON**

Often this space is used for campaign promises, promoting changes, and political rhetoric. This is not what I am about. Lets get back to basics. We all want to maintain the quality of life our community has to offer; thats why we live here. Thats why people are moving here. And we want our children to live here. But we need to manage and control growth. We don't want to build new roads. We want to repair and complete the roads and sidewalks we have. Do we want more parks? Lets finish developing and equipping the ones we have. Do we want sewer hook-ups outside the city when the sewer treatment plant is operating at 50-60 percent capacity? Perhaps for emergency but not for general annexation. I am politically conservative and up front. As a family man and practicing dentist, I try to live a high moral and ethical standard namely treat others as I treat myself.

I subscribe to the old idea our nation and our community was founded on: one person-one vote. I am asking to represent your vote, your voice, your concerns for our community to the city council. Thank you.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1313 Washington AV, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-2044



**Christopher O.
QUILES**

If I'm elected to the Enumclaw City Council, my goal will be to represent the citizens wishes in maintaining Enumclaw's high quality of life through controlled, well planned, growth.

I believe that the City of Enumclaw is at a crossroad and that the decisions made by the city council in the next few years will determine if Enumclaw is to maintain its exceptional small town atmosphere, where our children feel safe walking to school and their parents do not feel threatened taking an evening stroll or if Enumclaw is to become just another King County city that is experiencing rampant growth, and with this uncontrolled growth the increase in crime, traffic, taxes and pollution.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 207 Almadon ST, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-0467

City of Renton Council



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**Randy
CORMAN**

Randy Corman believes he will be the best representative for the people of Renton.

Randy, a Boeing Senior Specialist Engineer and 8 year Renton resident, graduated from the University of California. He is a labor representative and chaired his union's State and Local Issues Subcommittee. Randy is a Designated Engineering Representative for the FAA. In 1992 he won the Boeing Annual Invention Award, and an Excellence Award for quality improvement leadership. Randy brings creativity and problem solving skills to the council.

A seasoned neighborhood activist, Randy believes better housing options are available than vast apartment complexes. "The land use plan developed by the Planning Commission is off base. We need attractive and affordable single family homes and condominiums that will encourage Renton workers and their families to live here long term."

Additionally, Randy calls for the council and planners to refocus on saving the downtown business core.

Conservative fiscally, Randy will seek more responsible government. "City revenues lost through Boeing cutbacks should not be replaced by new taxes."

Randy is a deacon, youth counselor, and Sunday school teacher. Randy, his wife Cathy, and their three children make their home in the Renton Highlands.

Make your vote count, vote for Randy.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 3911 NE 7 ST, Renton, WA 98056 PHONE NUMBER: 226-0517



**Jeff
LUKINS**

Jeff Lukins, born July 26, 1956 and a 23-year Renton-area resident, graduated from City University and is currently a Spares Regional Manager at Boeing. Jeff and his wife Lydia have two young daughters.

Jeff was instrumental in lessening the negative impacts of a proposed large-scale apartment complex that located next to his single-family neighborhood. He was then appointed to serve on various City of Renton advisory committees, including Transportation and Development permitting. Since his appointment to the Planning Commission in 1988, he has served terms as Vice-Chairman and Chairman. Jeff has been the Entertainment Chairman for Renton River Days in 1992 and 1993 and was recently appointed to a Blue Ribbon Panel to review the permitting process.

"I initially got involved in city government as a concerned citizen. More recently, I've been helping to plan Renton's future as a Planning Commissioner and offer a diverse background to the city. As a member of the Renton City Council, working with both citizens and businesses, I will help implement the right Land Use Plan and zoning for Renton. I will then continue to 'work together' with our community to address those other issues so crucial to Renton both locally and regionally."

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1113 S 23 ST, Renton, WA 98055 PHONE NUMBER: 271-5666

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**Bob
EDWARDS**

What kind of community will Renton be in five or ten years?

Bob Edwards ran for the Renton City Council with the belief that government shouldn't make critical decisions without first consulting the people. As Council President and Mayor Pro-Tem, Bob Edwards has held true to that belief.

"Government seems to only respond to the public when a crisis makes people angry. Renton is coming in to its own as a suburban city, but I still want to keep our hometown feeling."

Bob Edwards, 43, is a lifelong area resident who has made his home in Kenndale since 1983. Bob and Nancy have a seven year old daughter, Melissa. A U.W. graduate, he is a successful investment broker and a former Boeing engineer. He understands the need for a strong business environment and the importance of local industry to our healthy tax base.

As a homeowner, Bob Edwards realizes the importance of protecting people on fixed incomes from dislocation caused by increased taxes and fees. He recognizes the critical role of public safety and the value of our park and trail system.

"In twenty years I want our children to see Renton as an attractive community in which to live."

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 3719 Park AV N, Renton, WA 98056

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City of Renton Council

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**Frank G.
CARSON**

I am running for city council because I believe the present council is not responsive to Renton citizens. It is time for a change. My views on some of the issues facing us are: 1) I oppose any tax increases, or imposition of any new taxes. I believe that efficiency of city government can be improved to eliminate the need for a greater tax burden on our citizens. 2) We are paying exorbitant rates to expand our utility systems to accommodate future growth. I will oppose rate increases and work to shift expansion cost to new system users. 3) I will strive to improve the oppressive business climate that exists in Renton. I pledge to reduce the onerous bureaucratic maze of regulations and time delays under which business operates today. 4) Our flagship Coulon Park was designed as a waterfront theme park. Ivars is a perfect complement to that theme, besides having the best clam chowder in the country. I will work to retain Ivars at Coulon Park.

I pledge to be an independent advocate for Renton citizens when I am elected, and will strive to ensure that decisions that affect you are reached in open public forum with an opportunity for your input.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1737 Lake AV S, Renton, WA 98055 PHONE NUMBER: 271-6349



**Tim
SCHLITZER**

For nearly 20 years, Tim served the people of Renton as a highly respected police officer. He understands the people and the needs of the city. Tim and his wife Ginnie have lived in Renton for 27 years. The past two years on the council have proven to Tim that his priorities for the city haven't changed.

He still wants to restrain taxation and government spending, insuring the best value for each dollar spent.

He still wants to direct and control growth, rather than letting growth control our city.

He wants to continue his positive role in the "Team Renton" approach to making city government user friendly.

He wants to continue his role as an advocate for Renton on the regional scene.

"My years of service to the citizens of Renton have given me a unique understanding of the people, the businesses, and the inner workings of the city. It has been my privilege to serve these people. It is my desire to continue to do so."

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 368 Stevens AV NW, Renton, WA 98055 PHONE NUMBER: 772-5683

Enumclaw School District No. 216, Director



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**Michael M.
STENSEN**

Two of the main reasons we moved to Enumclaw, 20 years ago, was that it was a good community to raise children in and had a good school system. I feel that it is very important that we keep it that way. I have the interest and experience to help lead Enumclaw schools into the next century. The two most important issues facing us will be to help all students reach their educational goals, and obtain the maximum value for our education dollar.

My wife, Margie, and I have had 11 children in the Enumclaw school system, 2 of them will be in High school next year and 6 have graduated. I have 12 years of experience in public office; 6 years on the City Council, and 6 years on the planning commission. I am currently Chairman of the Enumclaw Juvenile Court Conference Committee and have served with the committee for 17 years.

I am looking forward to the opportunity of representing you on the School Board. If you have any suggestions or concerns please feel free to contact me at 1309 Lafromboise or Phone 825-5408. Thank you.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1309 Lafromboise, Enumclaw, WA 98022 PHONE NUMBER: 825-5408

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**Andy
WILLNER**

Candidate did not submit a statement or a photograph.

UNOPPOSED



Renton School District

No. 403, Director

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**Scott
KASEBURG**

Scott has served on many Renton School Board appointed committees over the past eight years, consistently attended Board meetings, and spoken out on many subjects. He has participated on enrollment, curriculum, financial, and strategic planning committees.

Scott is 44 years old, married, with four children—two grown, one eighth grader and one third grader—as well as a grandparent. He will bring more than twenty years of management experience to the School Board. With Boeing for the past thirteen years, he was part of initiating Boeing's continuous improvement efforts and has served in senior management roles. Other assignments include marketing, engineering, and manufacturing management. He has degrees in Engineering and Communications.

Scott has developed a reputation in the Renton School District for clearly defining issues, obtaining data on complex problems, and suggesting solutions. He has served as a peacemaker between factions in the district, yet has also been willing to take stands on difficult issues.

Scott believes that we must work to draw students into the District. We must compete with aggressive, challenging programs that attract parents and students. This will take cooperation throughout the District. Honest and open communication are needed as well as strong leadership from the Board.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 14515 SE 139 PL, Renton, WA 98059 **PHONE NUMBER:** 255-2876

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**Bev
BARFIELD**

Bev Barfield brings over 22 years of commitment and involvement with children and the community to the School Board. As a current Board member, Bev has worked to find better means to ensure all students a positive, productive and meaningful experience in our schools. An active and committed Board member, she serves on the Federal Relations Network of the National School Board Association, as well as on committees within the District.

Bev and her family have lived in Renton for 24 years. She and her husband have two children who graduated from Renton schools. Currently, Bev is the Community Resource Program Manager for the King South Division of Children and Family Services. She serves on the Treehouse Board, raising funds for abused and neglected children, and is a member of the Renton STD Study Group.

"Through the combined efforts of the Renton community, we can make certain that our children have the opportunity, tools, support and environment to flourish and develop. As a Board member, it is my continuing goal that each student leave the Renton School District with the knowledge and skills that are needed for success in our rapidly changing society."

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1009 N 34 ST, Renton, WA 98056 **PHONE NUMBER:** 255-4387

UNOPPOSED

Bellevue School District No. 405, Director, District No. 3



**Steve
MILLER**

Public schools are crucial to our future. I attended public schools and my children now attend in Bellevue. We must strive to ensure that basic academic excellence is a clear priority throughout our District. Each student deserves to be challenged to his or her highest. We must address the needs of students at risk while offering demanding education for students who come to school ready to learn. As a District, we should seek to involve parents deeply in their children's education.

Our District must do everything possible to attract, support and keep the best possible principals and classroom teachers.

We should refine site based school management so our decision-making processes are clear, accountable, and reasonably efficient. Our efforts have to be aimed at and measured by results in improving and supporting classroom education.

Professionally, I run a small publishing company and practice law. I graduated from Stanford University Phi Beta Kappa with honors in Economics, and from Harvard Law School cum laude. I have been a volunteer teacher of English as a Second Language and a Fulbright lecturer in Indonesia. As a member of a PTSA board, a PDC and the Bellevue Schools Foundation board, I have worked with Bellevue schools.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
10607 SE 27 PL
Bellevue, WA 98004
PHONE NUMBER: 454-3456

UNOPPOSED



Bellevue School District No. 405, Director, District No. 5



**Wayne D.
TANAKA**

The education of our children should be of paramount importance to every person in the Bellevue School District. We must teach our children to live and work in an increasingly diverse, complex and competitive world. And we must give our children the skills to deal with the problems of drug abuse, child abuse and other hazards in our society.

During the past four years I have served on the Bellevue School Board. During that time the Board has taken a more active approach to addressing the needs of all children in the District. The public, as the customers of the District, deserve to know where and how their tax dollars are being spent. Parents must be able to participate in decisions affecting their child's education. And the District must increase cooperative activities with the city and other agencies in order to provide needed services more efficiently and effectively.

With your support I would like to continue the work that I have helped start on the Bellevue School Board. As volunteers, my wife Jan and I have worked actively to help our children's neighborhood school, the District and the Bellevue Schools Foundation. We are proud to have our children in Bellevue Schools. I will bring to the School Board a strong belief in public education, knowledge of School District operations and a commitment to the time and effort needed to assure the best educational opportunities for the children in our District.



**Dennis
BRANSTETTER**

Education is a prize worthy of constant pursuit. Parents and teachers understand this and strive to engender this knowledge in their children.

The Education Reform Act of 1993 has given our community a significant challenge to improve the educational level of our children while complying with the new law. Each parent's goal is to have their children achieve their individual potential. The challenge to educators is to meet this goal of their "customers"—the parents. The future of our children and society is the responsibility of parents and teachers.

Basic education has been sacrificed to experimentation leading to a steady decline of scores on standardized tests over the last thirty years. Our highest priority must be **Academics**. A firm foundation in reading, writing, and mathematics is a prerequisite to academic and business success.

Tough choices will have to be made to live within the school district's **Budget**. Spending per student continues to climb while test scores fall. Dennis will insist on accountability and value-added results for money being spent.

Dennis knows that to ensure the highest level of achievement, the **Cooperation** of the administration, teachers, and the intense involvement of parents who are not a part of the educational establishment is required.

Dennis, his wife Judi, and their three boys have lived in Bellevue for twelve years. He has served as the National Chairman, the Pacific NW Regional Chairman, and the chairman of the 50th National Convention of the YMCA parent-child program (Y-Indian Guides), and as a member of the Eastside YMCA finance committee. He received the Eastside YMCA Volunteer of the Year award and a Distinguished Service award for his longtime involvement with the families of the Eastside and the nation. He has also been active in youth sports as a coach and referee, and treasurer of the Eastside Youth Soccer Association. Dennis, a manager with Boeing Computer Services stated "My degree in psychology, and post graduate work in business administration finance, along with my experience working with people, projects and children will enable me to be a valuable asset to the school board."

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
12853 SE 67 ST
Bellevue, WA 98006
PHONE NUMBER: 643-9025

(The above statements are written by the candidates, who are solely responsible for the contents therein.)

Auburn School District No. 408, Director



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**Dick
BURKHART**

Your son or daughter, granddaughter or grandson, will be working in a cutthroat global economy. Rapid change in technology and business is already a fact of life. Will he or she have the education and skills to find well-paid work? To be the one who is not laid off? To retrain easily for new work?

I have worked for several years with Auburn teachers on improving the mathematics curriculum. Too many students have had trouble learning math in the traditional way, and chances are, you, or one of your children, are among them. I taught for 7 years, then took my Ph.D. in math to develop computer codes at Boeing for 12 years, while my children studied in the Auburn schools.

Skill in technology and the "3 R's" is only part of the need. Boeing figures that it's very survival depends on better teamwork. This must start in the schools, with group projects and study where students can help each other, all can find success, and parents, as well as teachers, can help.

Teens adrift spell trouble: All teens need encouragement to join some extracurricular activity or community service.

Please join me in supporting more **technology, teamwork, and citizenship.**

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 129 J ST SE, Auburn, WA 98002 PHONE NUMBER: 735-1712



**Zane S.
WILLIAMS**

The youth of this great nation are our future. The Auburn School District can be a major resource to help young people prepare to lead productive lives. The District is faced with increased demands due to changes occurring in the family structure and increased demands on funds due to financial cutbacks in the midst of population growth in Auburn. I am anxious to continue serving on the Auburn School Board as part of the team of parents and teachers striving to best meet the changing needs of the community.

I love working with young people and have had many opportunities to serve as a youth leader. As a father of 4 children, I have an even greater commitment to help the children in Auburn develop into productive adults.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 1215 25 ST SE, Auburn, WA 98002 PHONE NUMBER: 735-0936

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**Therald (Ted) L.
LEONARD**

Rapid student growth, and increasing demands placed on the public school system by legislation and society will continue to be a challenge for the Auburn School District.

The uncertainty of state financing of public education requires experienced policy makers to make the hard decisions if we are to be successful. The present board has carefully and responsibly planned a building program which will greatly enhance the facilities in the Auburn School District. Continuity and experience are necessary to continue the success in this district.

Because of my experience on the board and my knowledge of education and private business in the community I can continue to provide the necessary leadership. As a board member I have been a strong voice in support of basic education and of educational excellence in all district programs. I believe education is the backbone of our democratic way of life. I will continue my work and my philosophy in the next four years.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 15321 SE 344, Auburn, WA 98002 PHONE NUMBER: 939-3326

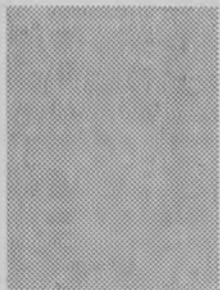
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Tahoma School District

No. 409, Director

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**Alana (A.J.)
McIALWAIN**

I enjoy serving my community.

After raising five children and working full time, I realize it takes a commitment on the part of parents, mentors, students, and professional and administrative staff to become involved in making sure our students are given all the essential educational tools and learning support to be prepared for "life." I believe in lifelong learning and I am excited about the "Tahoma Learning Community" program.

In today's employment market, graduates who are skilled, self-motivated and flexible will succeed. Educating our students on the basics is still critical; however, the ability to adjust to the work environment requires specialized skills—computer training, environmental knowledge, life skills, etc.

I graduated from City University with a Bachelor's in Business Administration in 1985 and I am working towards completing a Master's in Public Administration at Seattle University. My husband and I own Professional Resources, a software training and personnel consulting company. In addition, I work for the City of Kent as an Administrative Manager where my responsibilities include managing projects, contract negotiations, finance/budget administration and community relations. I am a nationally accredited PHR (Professional in Human Resources).

I ask for your vote and hope you will support me in my efforts to be your advocate on the Tahoma School Board.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: P.O. Box 319, Maple Valley, WA 98038 PHONE NUMBER: 432-4915

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**Zandra Jones
ROBERTS**

My strong commitment to public education and children goes back many years. I have been active both locally and statewide. In the last five years, I have assumed active leadership roles in a number of different organizations which advocate for children. As a past PTA president, legislative chairperson, and as a school board member, I have brought to the attention of our lawmakers matters which are important to education. As a member of the Maple Valley Community Center Board of Directors, I devote time and energy developing area youth programs. I currently serve on the Maple Valley Youth Coalition and I was chairperson of the Greater Maple Valley Summit Education Committee.

Prior to serving on the Tahoma School Board, I regularly attended board meetings. I commit 30 to 40 hours a week becoming thoroughly knowledgeable about the issues which we address in education today. The time commitment is worth it because as a taxpayer and parent, I feel it is vital to ask probing questions prior to making quality program and fiscal decisions which affect our entire community.

Consider my experience, involvement, dedication and commitment as you cast your vote for Tahoma School Board Position #2 on November 2.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 21410 SE 248, Maple Valley, WA 98038 PHONE NUMBER: 432-9159



**Johanna
NAGEL**

My name is Johanna Nagel and I am a honors graduate of Tahoma High School, entering my sophomore year of college, where I am currently Green River Community College Student Body President. As a lifelong resident of Maple Valley, I have attended the Tahoma School District for thirteen years, and have developed a desire to serve the community and future students.

My recent experiences in the school district, and my interest and energy will benefit the School Board of District 409 by bringing a fresh outlook tempered by my strong traditional values. If elected, members of the community will find me to be not only a clear voice, but also an attentive ear.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 26818 232 AV SE, Maple Valley, WA 98038 PHONE NUMBER: 432-0814

Tahoma School District No. 409, Director



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**Joe
VREEBURG**

As a father of three young children, I am dedicated to maintaining and enhancing the quality of education in the Tahoma School District. The MOST important factor for preserving and advancing any society is the education of our children.

As a business person, involved in the financial aspects of a large corporation, and familiar with the impact of the high cost of education, I will work to assure we get the best education for our tax dollars. I will make a positive difference in both the quality and cost effectiveness of our school district.

My position as a finance estimator for Boeing has given me experience in all aspects of finance for big business. Did you know that Tahoma's school budget is over \$33,000,000.00 this year? That certainly makes it BIG business deserving the expertise that I bring to the board. This expertise is needed to create a well-rounded board.

I can work with everyone in our school district, from you, the parents and stakeholders, to Dr. Heiser, the superintendent. We can bring together diverse opinions and views to work toward our common goal: Quality Education for Our Children.

JOE VREEBURG
A FATHER'S HEART
A BUSINESS HEAD

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 22208 272 AV SE, Maple Valley, WA 98038 PHONE NUMBER: 432-4735



**Barbara K.
KENNEDY**

Educating children is the concern and responsibility of the entire community. We must all strive to ensure that our students are provided a successful and secure educational environment as it relates to programs, facilities and professional staff.

My commitment will reflect the same dedication I have given as a community volunteer and children's advocate in Maple Valley for 15 years. I have served on numerous committees and boards including Community Home Health Care, Tahoma's Housing Committee and PTA. I chair the Business for Tahoma Schools Foundation and serve as the community representative on the national Elementary School Consortium.

I have been part of the planning and implementation of TLC, the Tahoma Learning Community, a joint community school project offering expanded learning opportunities for children and adults. The wise use of tax dollars and full utilization of the tax-supported school facilities are vital to our community.

Our own children attend Tahoma schools. We want ours and all children to have a quality education. This is achieved when an entire community is focused on what is good for students. We must be a community that cares about children.

With your vote, I will dedicate my efforts to improving education in Tahoma.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 22226 238 PL SE, Maple Valley, WA 98038 PHONE NUMBER: 432-3608



Issaquah School District

No. 411, Director

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**Connie
FLETCHER**

Public education is facing very difficult times ahead. Funding cutbacks and tears in the social fabric of our society make teaching our children more difficult than ever. Maintaining the quality of education for which Issaquah is known is a job too big to leave only to our teachers.

We all have a vested interest in making sure that each child in our school district receives a quality education. It is our responsibility, as parents, students, teachers, administrators and employers working together, to see to it that quality education is delivered. As a community, we need to support and encourage our teachers and administrators. We need to guide our children to acknowledge schools as valued institutions of learning and teachers as respected professionals. As professionals in education, our teachers and administrators need to make every minute our children are in school count. Expectations of our children should be raised, instruction should be adapted to the needs of individual students and learning opportunities created that challenge each student to achieve at his/her potential.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 18712 SE May Valley RD, Issaquah, WA 98027
PHONE NUMBER: 226-1379

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**Mary
SCOTT**

Mary Scott is a three-term Board member and current Board President. An Issaquah resident since 1972, Mary was elected to the Board in 1981, after involvement in community groups, PTSA, and Volunteers for Issaquah Schools. She was elected twice to the Executive Board of the Washington State School Directors Association. Currently, Mary is Secretary-Treasurer of the King County School Directors.

In her 12 years on the Board, the District has grown dramatically. She supports new school construction, reconstruction of existing schools, and technology measures. Mary wants to ensure equality of programs and resources throughout all district schools. She will continue working to attract and keep quality staff and for more effective use of state funds. She favors increased staff, parent, student, citizen, and business involvement in the district's decision making.

Mary is member of the Issaquah Chamber of Commerce, Issaquah Kiwanis, Salmon Days Boosters, and Issaquah Forum. She served on the Issaquah Youth and Family Advisory Board and works with the Issaquah Youth Coalition. For the last four years, Mary has taught 7th grade in the Tahoma School District. She is the mother of Amy and Mike, graduates of Liberty High. A widow since 1982, Scott recently married Ron Rogers.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 13416 248 SE, Issaquah, WA 98027 **PHONE NUMBER:** 392-2280

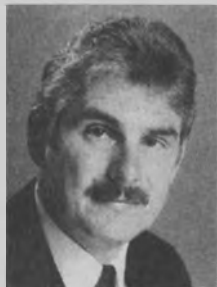
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LOCAL FOCUS: The Kent School District encompasses 73 square miles in Kent and Unincorporated King County. Over 24,000 students are projected. It has 24 elementary, 6 junior high, 3 high schools and a continuation school. A broad-based community and staff task force developed a strategic plan that provides our focus into the 21st century.

Kent School District No. 415, Director



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**Edward H.
KOSNOSKI**

I have had the pleasure of serving the Kent School District these past years as a school board member. I have also served the Kent community prior to becoming a board member. My years of community service gives me the background, training and expertise vital for an effective school board member. I made this commitment as a non-partisan and non-paid public servant and shared in the excitement as the Kent Schools became recognized as one of the very finest systems in the state. The district has tremendous accomplishments and is recognized on many occasions for excellence. I am seeking another term because more than ever education faces many new and different challenges. The district staff, school board, and parents must work together to meet these challenges as they arise. My experience will help continue the tradition of "Kent Educational Excellence" that Kent area families have come to count on and trust. Please give me your support. Together we can prove that every child can learn.



**Bill
BOYCE**

I have chosen to run for the Kent School Board to become more involved with education decisions that impact the youth of today. I thoroughly enjoy working with children and feel strongly that we owe them the best opportunity for a promising future. I feel that the problems facing our youth today can only be conquered with a partnership between public schools and the family versus the schools becoming a substitute for the family. As a board member I would stress the importance of parents being active participants in the education process. As a father of five children, the oldest in sixth grade, I have found staying involved with their school lives is crucial. I also believe the curriculum needs to be more related to the real world so that high school graduates can make wise choices for their future professions. I feel computer proficiency should play more of a major role in the school system. I also feel our classrooms should provide the tools to keep our students in touch with current technology. This can not only familiarize children with the use of these tools but can provide exposure necessary to perhaps spark interests in fields that students may pursue.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 14310 SE 256 PL, Kent, WA 98042 **PHONE NUMBER:** 631-7213

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**Sandy
COLLINS**

Kent's rapid growth and changing demographics demand appropriate changes by responsible leaders. Working with the entire community the School Board can develop programs that meet the needs of our children. Society has changed and schools must change also. We must: consider what is possible — be innovative and creative; continue to balance the needs and resources available by making good choices; be responsive to community concerns; develop and administer clear and fair policies; develop coalitions with other agencies to coordinate services for children; and participate in the legislative process to insure state support for quality education.

As your school board member, I am committed to my role as an advocate for children and public education. The School Board acts to insure that community expectations become reality by encouraging parent/community involvement. We must focus on success for all children now and in the future. Our children are an invaluable resource, and we must give them every opportunity to achieve their potential.

I look forward to the privilege of serving the children of Kent for another four years.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 862 Woodland WY, Kent, WA 98031 **PHONE NUMBER:** 854-2513

UNOPPOSED



Fire Protection District No. 10 Commissioner

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Candidate did not submit a statement or a photograph.

**Richard P.
LANDIS**

UNOPPOSED

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**Jim
NORRIS**

I have served as a Fire Commissioner since 1988. I was elected to serve as a Fire Commissioner for District 35. With the merger of District 10 and District 35 I became a Commissioner with District 10. I have been involved with the administration of Fire Districts since 1980. At that time I served District 35 as the District Secretary. After serving as District Secretary I assumed the position of Finance Officer.

I feel that I am an asset to the Board. I am the only member of the Board who has no past or present affiliation with the fire service. My only motivation for serving on the Board is community service. By having this mindset I tend to have a different perspective in relation to decisions required from the Board.

I have lived in the Snoqualmie valley since 1978. I cherish the rural lifestyle. After growing up in the city I am very protective of my lifestyle. I am always watching for any issues that have the potential of negatively influencing rural living.

The district has many retirees including close friends and relatives. I look very hard at any decision that may have any impact on taxes.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 32601 NE 77 ST, Carnation, WA 98014 PHONE NUMBER: 333-4075

UNOPPOSED

Fire Protection District No. 25 Commissioner



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**Sonny
PUTTER**

Fire District 25 no longer operates its own fire department. The District recently contracted with the Renton Fire Department to serve our area. This change occurred after annexations reduced the District's revenues by 20%. Our new commissioner will need management skills to effectively supervise this contract and the remaining Fire District assets. It is not enough to know only about fighting fires. Our new commissioner will need business skills, financial skills and negotiating skills.

SONNY PUTTER has these skills. **SONNY** is an innovative small business owner. He has a C.P.A. and a Master of Business Administration degree in Finance, Accounting and Management. He has the qualifications and experience we need as the Fire District's resources shrink but calls for service expand.

SONNY PUTTER will preserve our high quality fire and emergency medical services without excessive property taxes or higher insurance rates. He is committed to managing within our means. And **SONNY PUTTER** will negotiate a better deal for all the residents of the District.

Voters who believe that government leaders should listen and be responsive and accountable will elect **SONNY PUTTER Fire Commissioner**.

*Clean out the dead wood(s)! Put a new **PUTTER** in your bag!*

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 6947 Coal Creek PKWY SE, Suite 300, Renton, WA 98059
PHONE NUMBER: 625-9864



**Don
MILBRATH**

After serving the public with 32 years of fire service and as a 35 year Boeing employee, my dedication has made me aware of the needs and concerns of the community. As a citizen I have the desire to run for Commissioner with a mission to provide security in level of service, working out equitable agreements with neighboring cities in the annexed areas without compromising financial resources in the remaining areas, ensuring continuity of thought and revenue between departments.

As an experienced volunteer firefighter, officer and emergency medical technician of the fire department, I became familiar with operations and management and envision it to progress to the benefit of the citizens, ensuring excellent service for all.

My various community services performed include, "Little League," "Boy Scouts" and the local "PTA." These and my family and grandchildren all keep me attuned to the healthy, safe environment that the community deserves.

During these changing times, long-term stable funding for long-term stable service is the key to balanced fire service. As Commissioner I would provide experience, balance and commitment to the deserving community working out equitable solutions to ever changing times. I ask for your vote.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 15624 SE 137 PL, Renton, WA 98059 **PHONE NUMBER: 255-0172**



Fire Protection District No. 37 Commissioner

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**Alice
MATZ**

I have lived in Fire District #37 since 1968. Currently I am Support Services Volunteer for the fire department and from 1978 to 1984 served as a fire commissioner and chairman of the board. As commissioner, I saved the district many dollars by having the district invest monies collected, with the interest going to the district, not to King County, thus helping to serve the citizens better.

I was on the provider board and raised funds to ensure our keeping paramedic services in South King County. I also volunteer to raise funds for the Northwest Burn Foundation, "Help Firefighters Give Burns the Boot" campaigns, and volunteer in other Fire Prevention Programs.

I care about how our fire district tax dollars are spent and will do everything possible to make sure those monies are kept in the district where they belong. I am an average citizen with common sense who cares about giving you the best fire related services you deserve.

Thank you to the Firefighters, Paramedics and citizens who have supported me and will vote for me.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 17200 SE 265 ST, Kent, WA 98042 PHONE NUMBER: 631-2550



**Jack H.
BRANDON**

I have been a resident of the East Hill/Covington area for over 25 years. During that time my wife and I have raised a family. I have been active in civic groups (such as Rotary) and I have successfully operated a professional orthodontics practice.

Through those activities I have been able to interact with members of our community on many issues. I believe my personal values, business experience and commitment to this community qualify me for the position of Fire Commissioner.

Our community has experienced phenomenal growth and is wrestling with a sense of how to better maintain our local voice in the way we are governed. The fire service is a critical element of government. I am concerned that as the community grows in population and age that we must be able to provide continued quality emergency services for medical emergencies, fires and special hazardous, such as hazardous materials.

My desire to fill the vacant position is a personal one to see our community continue a high quality fire/medical emergency response system. I am retired and able to devote appropriate attention to setting goals and policies that will continue to make this a special community for our families.



Fire Protection District No. 43 Commissioner

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**Mark D.
FERN**

I would like to thank the Maple Valley Community for allowing me to serve as Commissioner for the last 6 years. Our staff of highly professional firefighters, administrators and office personnel continue to perform their duties in a very competent manner. I will do everything I can to assure that this same high level of service is delivered effectively, efficiently, and at as reasonable a cost as possible. Our service to you is the best around. But its not easy, or cheap. We have a large number of dedicated, highly trained volunteers that are invaluable in maintaining our level of service and keeping costs down.

As the Community grows, so must the department. Community members are welcome to apply as volunteer firefighters. We need your help. And, we need your input. The Board of Commissioners meets on the first and third Thursday of each month at 7:00 p.m. We would like to see more of you. Stop by and see what's going on.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 20630 295 PL SE, Maple Valley, WA 98038 PHONE NUMBER: 432-1429

(UNOPPOSED)

Water District No. 90 Commissioner



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**Jim W.
ROHRER**

I thank the residents of K.C.W.D. #90 for electing me to serve over 20 years as YOUR Commissioner. During my tenure in office my record proved that I represented the views of the majority of our residents. I served as President or Treasurer during most of my terms in office.

Throughout the years, as your Commissioner, I sponsored several projects that put W.D. #90 a forerunner in Water Storage and Service. With sound direction and financial planning, I led W.D. #90 in increasing its assets from 1.5 to over 7.5 million dollars, while maintaining equitable water rates.

Responsible for implementing and installing a well to enable your district to be less dependent on Seattle for water and enhance our opportunity to maintain lower water rates. Completion should be in 1994.

Besides the major physical improvements that I've sponsored in your district to maintain quality and economical rates, I sponsored many resolutions, wherein new development and expenditures to support this growth is now passed on to the developers and new residents, not the entire district. Also having lived in this district since 1963 I have continually supported your wishes in keeping our area truly suburban.



**Thomas L.
TASA**

As a commissioner of King County Water District #90 over the past six years, I have strived to lead the water district in the direction of economic stability, reduced dependence on the City of Seattle water supply, and for fair treatment of water district customers and potential future customers.

During my term of office we have: • Developed alternative sources of water through the construction of a well in the Cedar River basin. • Increased the storage capacity of the district through the construction of one additional reservoir. • Maintained water rates at levels comparable to, or less than, neighboring water districts. • Reduced the base rate for low consumption users. • Avoided imposing mandatory restrictions on lawn irrigation during periods of water shortage. • Maintained operational effectiveness by accommodating growth without any increase in staffing levels.

My priorities over the next term are to complete the installation of the Cedar River Basin well, replace portions of service lines in need of repair, increase the fire protection of certain areas within the district, maintain water rates at minimal level and continue to reduce the debt of the water district at an accelerated schedule, in order to render the water district to be debt free by 1995.

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**Glenn L.
BRESSAN**

In 1992, I was appointed to Position #2 of Water District #90. My knowledge of the building and housing industry was a major factor in becoming a Water Commissioner.

As Water Commissioner, my duty is to serve the best interests of the community. The new direction of the board has been to receive input from the community based on cooperation, not intimidation. During my tenure with the board, we have initiated change, achieving the following: • Initiation of a rate system to help lower-income and senior citizens of the water district. • Cooperation with developers and customers to achieve methods to increase service and update systems while conserving costs. • Improvement of the financial stability and security of the water district by locating and developing new sources of water.

I was born and raised in Renton and have been a customer of Water District #90 all of my adult life. I am married and have two children. I am an active member of the community, participating in local school activities and coaching softball, baseball and basketball. My goal is to keep Water District #90 service area rural in nature by keeping sewers and density housing to a minimum.



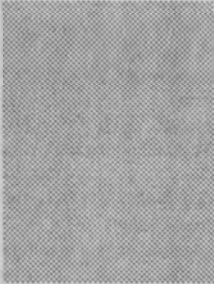
**Marshall M.
BRENDEN**

Candidate did not submit a statement or a photograph.



Water District No. 90 Commissioner

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**Richard
SUMMERS**

I have lived in the Renton/Issaquah area for 38 years. The past 34 years within Water District 90. During this period the growth of our area has maintained a suburban atmosphere of which I strongly endorse and will be committed to maintain.

I was appointed to the Board, June 1992, to fill an unexpired term, and wish to continue through the four years remaining. I'm confident my training and management experience at Boeing will assist in my evaluations on issues, policies and decisions confronting the Board.



**Mac
LOVELL**

Water District 90 is in the doldrums. Over the last five years it has spent great time and effort attempting to complete tasks, but little effective work has been accomplished. An example is the Green River well and pumping station. This project should have been completed and with the 1992 drought, the Green River water would have saved you money caused by the rate increase from the Seattle supplier. Another water source is from Renton which has been available for several years; the connection has not been made. Note last summer Renton had no water rationing.

The system needs improvements in fire fighting capability and water line maintenance. To save money bond interest rates must be reduced.

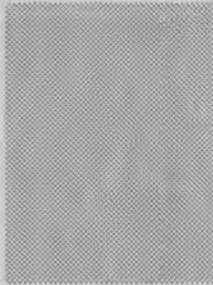
Mac Lovell has 38 years of experience in design and construction. The work includes power plants, (coal and hydro-electric), steel mills, chemical plants, petroleum rigs, site development, and residential (homes and apartments). This work required knowledge of water supply. He has managed projects worth \$150 million with 1,000 workers.

He is a graduate of the University of Virginia with a Bachelor of Civil Engineering. He has served in the U.S. Army, Corps of Engineers.

Water District No. 107 Commissioner



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**Pamela A.
MARTIN**

I have lived in my home in Newport Glen for over sixteen years. I am the mother of six and the grandmother of two. I have a BA degree and graduate work from California State University at Los Angeles. I have nine years work experience in the environmental consulting field. I presently work as a numerical analyst. The projects that I have worked on include the *Bonneville Power Administration Resource Contingency Plan Environmental Impact Statement*, the *State of Washington High-Level Waste Technical Support*, *State of Washington Nuclear Waste Board*, the *Environmental Project Manager Services*, *Office of Crystalline Repository Development*, *Battelle Memorial Institute*, the *USACOE Omaha District Environmental Impact Statement*, *Missouri River Master Water Control Manual*, the *Westinghouse Hanford Company Support to Hanford Environmental Restoration Program*, the *RI/FS at Fort Lewis Logistics Center*, *U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Seattle District, WA*, the *Endicott Environmental Monitoring Program*, the *Munger, Tolles & Olson Exxon Valdez Spill Litigation Project*, and the *Puget Power Project*. I would like to bring my base of environmental consulting experience and analytical skills to the office of Water District #107 Commissioner.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 6616 117 AV SE, Bellevue, WA 98006 PHONE NUMBER: 228-1486



**Mike
GENOVESE**

Water District 107 (WD107) was formed to economically provide water and sewer service to its customers. Is WD107 living up to that commitment?

Our district, like many others, buys water from the Seattle Water Department. Currently, Seattle is pumping at maximum capacity. The only new water "supply" proposed by Seattle, for future King County residents, is mandatory conservation and rationing. Seattle plans to do so by raising our contract rates. Mike Genovese adamantly opposes this tactic and will work to locate other sources of water such as our own wells.

WD107 commissioners have promised far more water to new growth than they can get from Seattle at cost effective rates. Unfortunately, WD107 doesn't even know how much water they've promised. Mike will call for an inventory of all water availability certificates issued, to reveal and deal with the reality of our future water supply.

As commissioner, Mike will work for a realistic comprehensive water/sewer plan and a cost effective growth management plan that doesn't gamble on rain fall to determine our future growth.

Mike values hard work, common sense, and good judgment to ensure the best performance by the commissioners.

Make your vote count. Vote for Mike Genovese.

Cedar River Water & Sewer District Commissioner



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**Walter M.
CANTER**

We need additional water supply and leadership to get it. We face growth, new water quality regulations, over committed water rights, environmental mitigation, and political issues challenging our resolve to develop needed supply. State and local governments recognize my years of dedicated leadership in developing prerequisite regional water supply plans and their implementation to meet this challenge. As your commissioner, my continued commitment is providing leadership that deals effectively with these issues. A commitment ensuring our district has a voice, is compliant with state law, operates within budget, and provides safe, dependable and efficient service to you the rate payer.

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS: 14417 SE 169 ST, Renton, WA 98058 PHONE NUMBER: 255-7541

(UNOPPOSED)



Hospital District No. 1

Commissioner, District No. 1



**Don
JACOBSON**

CAMPAIGN MAILING ADDRESS:
2919 NE 5 PL
Renton, WA 98056
PHONE NUMBER: 255-2883

Big changes are coming in the delivery of healthcare services. We need a proven leader to help make the tough decisions that effect us all.

Don Jacobson believes in access to healthcare for all residents without fiscally handcuffing the hospital district or requiring some patients to significantly subsidize other patients. His experience in business has taught him about sound business practices. He believes it's possible to strive for cost containment without compromising the **QUALITY** of healthcare.

We all know that healthcare reform is imminent. Don wants to work to assure Valley Medical Center continues to be the Southend's premiere provider of healthcare services into the 21st Century by:

- Working to provide **ACCESS** to healthcare resources;
- Cooperating with other healthcare providers to help address **COST-CONTAINMENT** issues;
- Enhancing outpatient services and technology, home healthcare services and continuing advancements in non-traditional in-patient hospital services;
- Continuing to function as a "hospital without walls"

by creating new **OUTREACH** programs to deliver healthcare information and services to the entire community.

Don Jacobson has served his community long and well. His experience as an elected member of the Renton School Board for 14 years, Renton Rotary (past president), officer for the Seattle Labor Temple Association, trustee of Renton Technical College, and active involvement in scouting, PTA, Jaycees, United Way Board, St. Matthew's Lutheran Church (president of church council), Renton Library Board, Renton Ethics Committee and Renton Planning Commission will benefit all of us in this time of sweeping change in healthcare.

Don and his wife, Pearl, have lived in Renton for over 50 years. They have two sons and four grandchildren.

As a commissioner, Don will work hard to continue to assure that Valley provides the best patient care possible while making the most cost efficient use of funds available.

UNOPPOSED



BALLOT TITLE

PROPOSITION NO. 1 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - \$1,800,000

To acquire, construct and equip a community center to be located near the Enumclaw Library, and to make other capital improvements, shall the city of Enumclaw issue \$1,800,000 of general obligation bonds, maturing within a maximum of 20 years, and shall annual property tax levies in excess of regular property tax levies, be authorized to repay such bonds, all as provided in Ordinance No. 1799?

Explanatory Statement

City of Enumclaw residents are being asked to vote on a \$1,800,000 bond proposal to construct and provide furnishings for a new Community Center in downtown Enumclaw. The proposed Community Center will be located on City-owned land directly north of the Enumclaw Library and will provide community facilities for both the Senior program services and the expanding Parks and Recreation program services.

The Community Center is designed with the following components: a multi-purpose room available for community meetings, receptions, aerobic fitness, dance and other recreational activities, and nutrition meal services for seniors; lounge/reception areas available for all citizens and patrons of Senior and Recreation programs for informal meeting space, program sign-ups, and information; meeting rooms and craft areas available for classroom instruction, undisturbed craft areas, and group meeting space; and support space for staff including office areas, kitchen support, and facility maintenance. Operation of the proposed new Community Center will be maintained through existing City revenues and user fees dedicated for such purposes.

If approved, this bond proposition would increase property taxes by an estimated 15-20 cents per \$1000 assessed valuation depending upon the terms and interest rates when the bonds are sold. This would equate to a cost to an owner of a \$100,000 home of approximately \$15-\$20 per year over the term of the bond issue.

Statement for

Enumclaw needs a focal point: a place for families to gather, a place for community activities.

The Community Center will be available for many uses including Senior activities, youth activities, family activities and use by Civic organizations.

It is time to stop talking and do something! Vote YES! for the Enumclaw Community Center as a sound investment in our future.

- The City of Enumclaw does not currently have sufficient indoor space for active recreation: Vote YES! for the Enumclaw Community Center!

- The Seniors in Enumclaw need more space and adequate kitchen facilities to carry on the program the Center provides. Vote Yes!

- Enumclaw Park and Recreation Department does not have its own facility and it needs one now: Vote YES! for the Enumclaw Community Center.

The time is NOW to vote YES! on Proposition #1: The Enumclaw Community Center. "Everyone Wins!"

Statement against

NO STATEMENT SUBMITTED.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: CINDY CLEVELAND,
ANNA LINDAHL, CHERYL TANNER



Proposed Incorporation of Newport Hills

BALLOT TITLE

PROPOSITION NO. 1 NEWPORT HILLS INCORPORATION

Shall the area of unincorporated King County commonly known as Newport Hills and legally described in King County Ordinance No. 11008 be incorporated as a non-charter code city with a council-manager plan of government?

Statement for

You chose this community to raise your children, to build your life, perhaps to retire. **You know which local services your neighborhood needs:**

- Reliable, prompt police, fire and emergency medical response;
- Well-maintained, accessible streets;
- Nearby greenbelts, parks, and playfields;

In short, a **healthy, growing residential community.**

This vision is in jeopardy. King County cannot continue to provide adequate local services to the unincorporated urban parts of the county. Police response times are increasing, even for life-threatening emergencies. Road maintenance and construction funds intended for our community are going to other areas of King County. The County's finances are being strained as more communities decide to incorporate, reducing available tax revenues.

And Renton is planning to aggressively pursue annexation of our area as soon as possible.

INCORPORATION OF A NEW CITY IS THE BEST ANSWER!

Incorporation will give **you control** of our community's future. **You** determine how the community should grow. **You** decide how to spend your tax dollars. **You** will even help select a new name for our city.

An independent study prepared for King County confirmed that our new city will be **financially viable**. Current taxes are more than enough to support improved levels of service and to finance capital projects. Our city will have a **balanced revenue base** from taxes we already pay.

Only as a city is our community eligible for its **full share of state and federal funds**. Over \$1,000,000 in state revenues is now available to our area only if we incorporate!

Like Woodinville, Burien, SeaTac, and Federal Way which have recently incorporated, our new city will **contract for most services**. The contracts will provide for **comparable or improved levels of service at lower operating costs**, without expensive startup costs. Our new city can operate from a "store-front" city hall with a few full-time employees.

A city council composed of your neighbors will determine **local priorities for local needs** based on your input. You will not need to appeal to a remote regional King County council or Renton council.

- A police unit will patrol within the city on a 24-hour basis. Under the contract, the full resources of the King County Police Department will support the local unit. **Emergency response times will improve dramatically.**

- Convenient **city parks and playfields** will be a reality. Our children won't have to leave town to play organized sports.

- A written **contract will determine road construction and maintenance** schedules. They will no longer be subject to the whims of county politicians.

- Our community will grow according to our needs. Our neighbors will make **local land use decisions**, not staff planners in downtown Seattle or downtown Renton.

- Fire and emergency medical services, library, water and sewer, and schools will continue unchanged unless you vote to make changes.

Preservation of our quality of life - access to accountable city government - planned growth - local control to provide local solutions for local needs... these are the real advantages to becoming a city.

VOTE YES FOR NEWPORT HILLS INCORPORATION!

Rebuttal of Statement against

- Politicians in Renton and Bellevue will decide what happens to us **without** our vote or input, unless we secure our future by voting for incorporation.

- Remember, annexation occurred without an election throughout Newport Hills. It could happen here.

- Renton's 1993-1994 budget, page 16, proposes annexation to solve its deficit.

- Independent studies show that a new city will improve services with **no new taxes**.

- Our new city, replacing King County, is our best protection.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: STUART LIDDLE, SONNY PUTTER, TOM DRUMMOND

Explanatory Statement

If Proposition No. 1 is approved by a majority of the voters, the area of unincorporated King County known as Newport Hills would become incorporated as a non-charter code city. Newport Hills would officially become incorporated at a date from 180 days to 360 days following the election on the question of incorporation. The city would have a council-manager plan of government, consisting of an elected city council and a city manager appointed by the city council to serve as chief executive officer and head of the administrative branch of the city government.

Statement against

Proponents of incorporation maintain that the choice before us is to form a new city or be annexed into Renton. In fact, a range of options is still open for this area, including annexation into Bellevue or Renton, and remaining in unincorporated King County indefinitely. **However, the only way to preserve these options is to vote against incorporation.**

In June 1993, Bellevue and Renton agreed to study whether the location of the sphere-of-influence line between the two cities should be changed. This study has been put on hold pending the results of the incorporation vote. If the vote succeeds, the study will be abandoned. If the vote fails, **and it will only fail if enough of us vote against it**, the two cities will continue the sphere-of-influence study. It makes good sense to allow this study to be completed, so we know what our options are before voting on any incorporation or annexation proposal.

Proponents claim that Renton is waiting in the wings to annex us if the incorporation effort fails. In fact, Renton would realize no fiscal advantage by annexing an area with such a limited commercial base. Renton is not prepared to serve this area, and has no plans to annex us in the foreseeable future unless we actively seek annexation. There is no deadline for cities to annex lands within their urban growth boundaries. Most importantly, state law gives us the right to say no even if Renton does propose it. **The choice is always ours. Let's keep our options open by voting against incorporation.**

Beware of comparisons with smaller, wealthier cities like Clyde Hill and Medina. Although the new city may have an assessed valuation of \$475 million, this represents only **\$186,000 per acre or \$62,000 per capita**. Clyde Hill's assessed valuation is \$470 million, which represents **\$734,000 per acre or \$158,000 per capita**. Medina's assessed valuation is \$821 million, which represents **\$907,000 per acre or \$274,000 per capita**. Clearly these cities are financially able to provide far better service to their populations!

The Boundary Review Board was extremely concerned about the fiscal limitations of a new city. Their concerns included limited ability to finance capital improvements, lack of a commercial

base, and the need to provide low-cost housing as required by the Growth Management Act. In response to this requirement, Clyde Hill is proposing to allow homeowners to create and rent low-cost apartments in their homes. Is this what we want?

The proponents argue that a new city would give us "local control." However, the King County Council would have jurisdiction over issues such as growth management, County road improvements, solid waste management, transit, and drainage. Also, we would have to contract with King County, Renton, and Bellevue, for all our critical public service needs. Not only would we have other government agencies providing our services, we would also have an added layer of bureaucracy, our own city government!

Vote for true local control. Vote to keep our future options open. Vote NO on incorporation!

Rebuttal of Statement for

Contrary to the proponents' claims, the independent study concluded that **the new city wouldn't be financially feasible without additional taxes**. Even affluent Clyde Hill laments in its 1993 budget that it is "challenged by immediate financial uncertainties," and that "it is difficult for a small Town, such as ours, to have an effective voice among the larger suburban and other King County jurisdictions." If they can't do it, how can we? **VOTE NO!**

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: ROBERT WARNOCK, PAUL NOGAKI, JEAN GARBER



COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Enumclaw Proposition No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 1799

AN ORDINANCE providing for the submission to the qualified electors of the City of Enumclaw at a special election to be held on November 2, 1993, of a proposition authorizing the City to issue its general obligation bonds in the aggregate principal amount of not to exceed \$1,800,000 or so much thereof as may be issued under the laws governing the indebtedness of cities, for the purpose of providing funds to acquire, construct and equip a community center.

WHEREAS, the best interests of the inhabitants of the City of Enumclaw, Washington (the "City") require the City to acquire, construct and equip a community center (the "Project"); and

WHEREAS, to provide financing for the Project it is deemed necessary and advisable that the City issue and sell its unlimited tax levy general obligation bonds in the principal amount of not to exceed \$1,800,000; and

WHEREAS, the constitution and laws of the State of Washington provide that the question of whether or not the City may issue such bonds be submitted to the qualified electors of the City for their ratification or rejection;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY OF ENUMCLAW, WASHINGTON, DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Findings; Authorization of Project. The City Council (the "Council") hereby finds that the best interests of the inhabitants of the City require the City to acquire, construct and equip a community center of approximately 13,400 square feet to provide facilities for parks and recreation programs, senior activities, a health clinic, and other City uses (the "Project"), at the time or times, and in the manner deemed most necessary and advisable by the Council. The community center shall be located in the City of Enumclaw on a site bounded by Railroad Street on the west, Washington Avenue on the north, First Street on the east, and Griffin Avenue on the south, which site is currently owned by the City.

The cost of all necessary architectural, engineering and other consulting services, inspection and testing, administrative and relocation expenses, on- and off-site utilities, and other costs incurred in connection with the making of the foregoing capital improvements shall be deemed a part of the costs of such improvements.

Such improvements shall be complete with all necessary furniture, equipment and appurtenances.

The estimated cost of the Project, including the cost of issuing and selling the bonds provided in this ordinance, is declared to be, as nearly as may be determined, the amount of \$1,800,000.

The City shall determine the application of available moneys with respect to the Project so as to accomplish, as nearly as may be, all improvements described or provided for in this section. The City shall determine the exact extent and specifications for construction of structures or other improvements. If the Council, by ordinance, shall determine that it has become impractical to accomplish any portion or portions of the Project by reason of changed conditions or needs, or costs substantially in excess of the amount of bond proceeds or tax levies estimated to be applied thereto, the City shall not be required to accomplish such improvements and may apply bond proceeds as set forth in this section. If the Project has been completed, its completion duly provided for, or its completion found to be impractical, the City may apply the bond proceeds or any portion thereof to other portions of the improvements or to other capital improvements related to the community center, or to payment of principal of or interest on the bonds, as the Council, by ordinance and in its discretion, shall determine.

In the event that the proceeds of sale of the bonds, plus any other moneys of the City legally available, are insufficient to accomplish all of the capital improvements provided by this section, the City shall use the available funds for paying the cost of those improvements for which the bonds were approved deemed by the Council most necessary and in the best interest of the City.

Section 2. Authorization of Bonds. For the purpose of providing part of the funds necessary to pay the costs of the Project, the City shall issue and sell its general obligation bonds in the aggregate principal amount of not to exceed \$1,800,000. Such bonds shall be issued in an amount not exceeding the amount approved by the qualified electors of the City or exceeding the amount permitted by the constitution and laws of the State of Washington. The balance, if any, of the cost of the Project shall be paid out of any money that the City now has or may later have on hand that is legally available for such purposes.

The bonds to be issued shall be issued in such amounts and at such time or times as found necessary and advisable by the Council. The bonds may be issued in one or more series and shall bear interest payable at a rate or rates not to exceed the maximum rate permitted by law at the time the bonds are sold, and shall mature in such amounts and at such times within a maximum term of 20 years from date of issue, but may mature at an earlier date or dates as authorized by the Council and as provided by law. The exact date, form, terms, options of redemption, maturities and conditions of sale of the bonds shall be as hereafter fixed by ordinance of the Council passed for such purpose. The bonds shall be general obligations of the City

and, unless paid from other sources, both principal of and interest on the bonds shall be payable out of annual tax levies to be made upon all the taxable property within the City without limitation as to rate or amount. After voter approval of the bond proposition and in anticipation of the issuance of such bonds, the City may issue short term obligations as authorized by Chapter 39.50 RCW.

Section 3. Bond Election. It is hereby found and declared that an emergency exists requiring the submission to the qualified electors of the City of a proposition authorizing the City to issue bonds for the purposes set forth in this ordinance at a special election to be held on the 2nd day of November, 1993. The King County Department of Records and Elections, as ex officio supervisor of elections, is hereby requested to find the existence of such emergency and to assume jurisdiction of and to call and conduct said special election to be held within the City and to submit to the qualified electors of the City the proposition hereinafter set forth.

The City Clerk is hereby authorized and directed, not less than 45 days prior to November 2, 1993, to certify the following proposition to the King County Department of Records and Elections in the following form:

CITY OF ENUMCLAW PROPOSITION

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - \$1,800,000

To acquire, construct and equip a community center to be located near the Enumclaw Library, and to make other capital improvements, shall the City of Enumclaw issue \$1,800,000 of general obligation bonds, maturing within a maximum of 20 years, and shall annual property tax levies in excess of regular property tax levies, be authorized to repay such bonds, all as provided in Ordinance #1799?

The polls for such special election shall be open from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.

The City Clerk is hereby authorized and directed to deliver a certified copy of this ordinance to the King County Department of Records and Elections.

Section 4. Severability. In the event any one or more of the provisions of this ordinance shall for any reason be held to be invalid, such invalidity shall not affect or invalidate any other provision of this ordinance or the bonds, but this ordinance and the bonds shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid provision had not been contained herein; provided, that any provision which shall for any reason be held by reason of its extent to be invalid shall be deemed to be in effect to the extent permitted by law.

Section 5. Effective Date. This ordinance shall become effective five days after its passage and publication, as required by law.

PASSED by the City Council of the City of Enumclaw, Washington, at a regular meeting thereof, held this 23rd day of August, 1993.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Incorporation of Newport Hills - Prop. No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 11008

AN ORDINANCE establishing the date for an election to determine whether an area known as Newport Hills shall be incorporated as a non-charter code city.

PREAMBLE:

Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 35A.03 of the Revised Code of Washington, a petition for incorporation as a non-charter code city, signed by qualified voters resident within the limits of the proposed city equal in number to ten percent of the votes cast in the proposed area at the last preceding general state election has been presented to the Records and Elections Division.

The petition for incorporation states: that the form of government under which the proposed city will operate in the event it is incorporated shall be Council-Manager, sets forth the proposed boundaries of the proposed corporation, states that the name shall be the City of Newport Hills and that the number of inhabitants therein as nearly as may be estimated, is 5,407 and prays that it may be incorporated.

The Superintendent of Elections has determined that the petition for incorporation does not violate the prohibitions contained in RCW 35.02.010 with regard to number of inhabitants and that there are a sufficient number of valid signatures on the petition.

Pursuant to the provisions of RCW 36.93.100 the Boundary Review Board (BRB) invoked jurisdiction and in accordance with RCW 36.93.160 on August 13, 1993, filed its written decision approving with modifications the proposed incorporation. No appeal has been filed.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. The King County Boundary Review Board has deemed the matter of an election for incorporation of Newport Hills approved as of August 13, 1993.

SECTION 2. The name of the proposed city shall be the City of Newport Hills.

SECTION 3. The official population of the proposed City of Newport Hills, if incorporated, shall be 5,407.

SECTION 4. A election shall be held on the 2nd day of November 1993, within the area of the proposed City of Newport Hills, as hereinafter described, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors the determination of whether it shall be incorporated as a non-charter code city, under the Council-Manager plan of government proposed in the petition.



COMPLETE TEXT OF Incorporation of Newport Hills - Prop. No. 1 (cont.)

SECTION 5. The ballot title shall be as directed by statute.

SECTION 6. The boundaries of the territory proposed for annexation are hereby described as follows:

The City of Newport Hills Incorporation being that portion of the, Northwest 1/4 of Section 3, Township 23 North, Range 5 East and Sections 26, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, and 35 all in Township 24 North, Range 5 East, W.M., King County, Washington described as follows:

Beginning at the Northwest corner of the Northwest 1/4 of Section 27, Township 24 North, Range 5 East, W.M., King County, Washington; Thence Easterly along the North line of said Northwest 1/4 to the Northwest corner of Northeast 1/4 of the Section 27, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Southerly along the West line of said Northeast 1/4 to the Southwest corner of the Northwest 1/4 of the Northeast 1/4;

Thence East along the North line of the South 1/2 of the of said Northeast 1/4 to the East line thereof;

Thence South along the East line of said Northeast 1/4 to the North margin of Newcastle-Coal Creek Road;

Thence Southeasterly along the North margin of said Newcastle-Coal Creek Road to the East line of the Southwest 1/4 of Section 26, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Southerly along said East line of said Southwest 1/4 and the East line of Northwest 1/4 of Section 35, Township 24 North, Range 5 East to the South line of the North 1/2 of said Northwest 1/4;

Thence Westerly along said South line to the west line of said Northwest 1/4;

Thence Southerly along said West line to the Southwest corner of said Northwest 1/4;

Thence Easterly along the south line of said Northwest 1/4 to the Southeast corner of Southwest 1/4 of the Northwest 1/4 of said Section 35, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Southerly along the East line of the West 1/2 of the Southwest 1/4 of Section 35, Township 24 North, Range 5 East to the South line of said Southwest 1/4;

Thence westerly along said South line to the Northeasterly margin of Southeast May Valley Road;

Thence Northwesterly along the Northeasterly margin of said Southeast May Valley Road to the Easterly margin of Coal Creek Parkway Southeast (Newcastle Road Rev.), situated in the Southwest 1/4 of Section 34, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Southerly along the East margin of said Coal Creek Parkway Southeast (Newcastle Road Rev.) to the point of intersection with a line extend easterly from the point of intersection of the Westerly margin of said Coal Creek Parkway Southeast and the Northeasterly margin of Southeast 95th Way, situated in the Northwest 1/4 of Section 3, Township 23 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Westerly along said Easterly extended line to the point of intersection of the Westerly line of said Coal Creek Parkway Southeast and the Northeasterly line of said Southeast 95th Way;

Thence northwesterly, Northerly, Westerly and Southwesterly along the Northeasterly margin of said Southeast 95th Way to the point of intersection with the South line of the Southwest 1/4 of Section 33, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Westerly along the South line of said Southwest 1/4 to the point of intersection with Southwesterly margin of 116th Place Southeast;

Thence Northwesterly along the Southwesterly margin of said 116th Place Southeast to the South line of the Abandoned P.C.R.R. right-of-way;

Thence Westerly along the South line of said Abandoned P.C.R.R. right-of-way to the West line of the Southwest 1/4;

Thence Northerly along the West line of said Southwest 1/4 to the North line of Southeast 91st Street;

Thence Easterly along the North line of said Southeast 91st Street to the East line of Tract 372 of C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 6, Recorded in Volume 11 of plats, Page 84, King County, Washington;

Thence Northerly along the East line of said Tract 372 to the point of intersection with a line parallel with and 240 feet North of the South line of said Tract 372;

Thence West along said parallel line 90 feet;

Thence at right angle to said parallel line South 40 feet to the point of intersection with a line 210 feet North of and parallel with the South line of said Tract 372;

Thence West along said parallel line to the East line of Tract 366 of said C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 6;

Thence North along said East line 566.5 feet;

Thence West to the point of intersection with the Southeasterly margin of 114th Avenue Southeast, said point of intersection being 576.5 feet North of the South line of said Tract 366, situated in Southeast 1/4 of Section 32, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Southerly along the Southeast margin of said 114th Avenue Southeast

(as conveyed on June 17, 1957 under Recording Number 4826455) and Northwest-ly along the Southwesterly margin of 112th Place Southeast to the point of intersection with the East line of the West 1/2 of the Northeast 1/4 of said Section 32, said line also being the East margin of 112th Avenue Southeast, situated in the Northeast 1/4 of Section 32, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Northerly along the East line of said West 1/2 (AKA 112th Avenue Southeast) to the point of intersection with the north margin of Southeast 80th Street, situated in the Southeast 1/4 of Section 29, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Westerly along the North margin of said Southeast 80th Street to the point of intersection with the East margin of Northeast 44th Street;

Thence Northerly and Northwesterly along the margin of said Northeast 44th Street to the East line of Tract 183 C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 3, Recorded in Volume 11 of plats, Page 81, King County, Washington;

Thence Northerly along the East line to the South line of Tract 167 of said C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 3;

Thence East along said South line of Tract 167 to the East line thereof;

Thence North along said East line of Tract 167 to the North margin of Southeast 76th Street;

Thence West along the North margin of said Southeast 76th Street to the point of intersection with the West line of Lot 3 King County Short Plat 182082, recorded under Recording Number 8305030409;

Thence North along said West line to the North line of Lot 3 of said K.C.S.P. 182082;

Thence East along said North line to the west line of Tract 163 of said C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 3;

Thence North along said west line to the North line of said Tract 163;

Thence East along said North line of Tract 163 and the Easterly extension of said North line to the point of intersection with the Southwest margin of Northeast 50th Street;

Thence continuing Easterly along the South line of said Northeast 50th Street and the Easterly extension thereof to the point of intersection with the Southerly Extension of the East line of Tract 146 of said C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 3;

Thence Northerly along said East line of Tract 146 to the North line of said Tract 146;

Thence Westerly along the North line to the Northwest corner of Tract 146;

Thence Southerly along the west line of Tract 146 to the point of intersection with a line parallel with and 462 feet South of the North line of Tract 153 of said C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 3;

Thence Westerly along said parallel line to the West margin of 112th Avenue Southeast;

Thence Southerly along the West margin of said 112th Avenue Southeast to the point of intersection with the Northeasterly margin of Northeast 51st Street;

Thence Northwesterly along the Northeasterly margin of said Northeast 51st Street to the East line of Tract 169 of said C.D. Hillman's Lake Washington Garden of Eden No. 3;

Thence North along said East line to the North line of Southeast 1/4 Section 29, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Westerly along the North line of said Southeast 1/4 to the point of intersection with the Easterly right-of-way line of SR 405 (PSH #1) Kennydale North;

Thence Northerly along the Easterly right-of-way line of said SR 405 (PSH #1) Kennydale North to the South line of Southeast 64th Street, situated in the Northeast 1/4 of Section 29, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Easterly along the South line of said Southeast 64th Street to the East margin of 112th Avenue Southeast;

Thence Southerly along the East margin of said 112th Avenue Southeast to the North margin of Southeast 68th Street;

Thence Easterly along the North margin line and the Easterly extension of said Southeast 68th Street to the point of intersection with the East margin of 116th Avenue Southeast, situated in the Northwest 1/4 of Section 28, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Southerly along the East margin of said 116th Avenue Southeast to the point of intersection with the North margin of Southeast 69th Street;

Thence Southerly and Easterly along the North margin of said Southeast 69th Street to the point of intersection with the South line of the plat of Del-Mar Woods Division #5, Recorded in Volume 126 of plats, Page 27 and 28;

Thence Easterly along the South line of said Del-Mar Woods Division #5 and the South line of the plat of Del-Mar Woods Division 2, Recorded in Volume 84 of plats, Page 92 and 93 to the point of intersection with the Easterly margin of Coal Creek Parkway Southeast;

Thence Northerly along the Easterly margin of said Coal Creek Parkway Southeast to the point of intersection with the West line of the Northwest 1/4 of the Northwest 1/4 of the Northwest 1/4 of Section 27, Township 24 North, Range 5 East;

Thence Northerly along the west line of said Northwest 1/4 to the POINT OF BEGINNING.

SECTION 7. The election shall be conducted pursuant to Chapter RCW 35.02.

SECTION 8. The manager of the division of records and elections is directed to send to the registered voters within the area legally described in this ordinance a voters pamphlet which contains the statements in favor or against incorporation.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 30th day of August, 1993.

PASSED this 7th day of September, 1993. KING COUNTY COUNCIL

STATE OF WASHINGTON VOTERS PAMPHLET GENERAL ELECTION



NOVEMBER 2, 1993
Published By The
SECRETARY OF STATE



EDITION 15
KING COUNTY DIVISION OF RECORDS AND ELECTIONS

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