# 1992 VOTERS PAMPHLET

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November 3

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### **INTRODUCTION TO THE 1992 VOTERS PAMPHLET**

Welcome to the 1992 Washington State Voters Pamphlet. This year we commemorate the anniversaries of great change in the Pacific Northwest. It was 200 years ago that explorers from Spain, England, France, Portugal, Sweden and the United States came to our area, met local tribal leaders and established new relationships. These journeys effectively put this region on the world map and set the stage for Washington state's emergence as a crossroads for international commerce.

The election year of 1992 will be one of great change as well. As noted by numerous political observers, the decisions made on November 3 will have more impact on our state's long-term future than any election in recent memory. It is important not only that you participate, but that you participate as an informed voter.

Your Voters Pamphlet contains a wealth of information regarding two initiative measures appearing on the statewide ballot as well as statements and photographs from scores of candidates seeking positions from the courthouse to the White House. I urge you to read the pamphlet thoroughly, including the additional information regarding the election process.

Should you need special help, or have questions or suggestions for improvements to our voter information, please feel free to contact the state's toll-free Voter Hotline at 1-800-448-4881 (TDD for the hearing or speech impaired - 1-800-422-8683). Also, remember that you may now request an absentee ballot by telephone. Simply call your county auditor or county elections department to have a ballot mailed to you.

Good luck and good voting.



PAI PH MUNIPO

RALPH MUNRO Secretary of State Dear King County Voter:

This year's voter pamphlet commemorates 200 years of discovery in the Pacific Northwest. Those discoveries charted a course for a new, expanding nation. Those who settled here believed in a better future for themselves and their children. Their commitment, energy, and vision helped create the Pacific Northwest in which we live. Our region is a key player in the expanding relations between our country, the far east, and the emerging democracies of Europe.

Elections also chart the course of history. Your vote will help decide who will represent you in the White House, Congress and our state government. Your vote will also help decide many important issues, from state wide ballot measures, to our local system of government, schools, and public safety.

This year we have increased access to our voting process. Over 70,000 more registered voters can participate in this election than could in our last presidential election. When we cast our ballot, we continue to shape the destiny of our region, the nation, and the world.

Make history....vote on Tuesday, November 3.



Dim Hill

King County Executive

FRONT COVER: The replica 18th century ship, LADY WASHINGTON, sails from Aberdeen on its 1992 Bicentennial Voyage. Two hundred years ago, aboard ships like the LADY, Tatoosh talked and traded; Robert Gray from Boston entered and named the Columbia River; Englishman George Vancouver explored and named Puget Sound; and Salvador Fidalgo from Spain sailed to garrison a post on Makah land at Neah Bay.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**



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Voter's Checklist  Political Party Information  Public Disclosure Information  Federal Tax Credit Information	5
State Measures	
Initiative Measure 573	
Initiative Measure 134	
Text of Measures	10
Candidates for Federal Offices President and Vice President	
U.S. Senate	
U.S. House of Representatives	33
Candidates for State Offices	
Governor	
Lieutenant Governor	
Secretary of State	41
Treasurer	
Auditor	43
Attorney General	
Commissioner of Public Lands	45
Superintendent of Public Instruction	46
Insurance Commissioner	47
Candidates for Judicial Offices	
Supreme Court	48
Superior Court	
Candidates for State Legislature	
	-
King County Local Voters Pamphlet	
Assessor	65
Northeast District Court	
Voter Registration Information	
King County Measures	
Local Measures	
Text of Measures	80
Precinct Committee Officer Information	02
Absentee Ballot Applications	
Commont Shoot	94

Due to the nature of the publication process, this edition of the Voters Pamphlet may include some candidates who will not appear on the ballot for your area. To verify which offices will appear on your ballot, contact your county auditor or county elections department. Telephone numbers are listed in the back of this pamphlet.

## **VOTER'S CHECKLIST**

Every Washington voter will have the opportunity to vote on two statewide measures as well as federal and state candidates at the state general election on November 3, 1992. Voters are encouraged to bring any list or sample ballot to the polling place to make voting easier. State law provides: "Any voter may take into the voting booth or voting device any printed or written material to assist in casting his or her vote." (RCW 29.51.180).

INITIATIVE MEASURE 573	YES NO	
Shall candidates for certain offices, who have alrefied time periods in those offices, be denied balle	eady served for specion ot access?	
INITIATIVE MEASURE 134 Shall campaign contributions be limited; public local campaigns be prohibited; and campaign restricted?	funding of state and related activities be	
PRESIDENT/VICE PRESIDENT	COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC LANDS	
U.S. SENATE	SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION	
U.S. REPRESENTATIVE	INSURANCE COMMISSIONER	
GOVERNOR	STATE SUPREME COURT Position No. 1:	
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR	Position No. 2:	
SECRETARY OF STATE	SUPERIOR COURT (if applicable)	
STATE TREASURER	STATE SENATOR (if applicable)	
STATE AUDITOR	STATE REPRESENTATIVE  Position No. 1:  Position No. 2:	
ATTORNEY GENERAL		

LOCAL ELECTIONS	

#### **VOTER PARTICIPATION IN ELECTION CAMPAIGNS**

Any person who wishes to participate in the election campaign process through financial contributions, volunteer work or other types of involvement, may contact the candidate or party of his or her choice for more information. Listed below are the addresses and telephone numbers of the major and minor political parties with candidates on the general election ballot.

#### POLITICAL PARTIES

Libertarian Party	P.O. Box 20732, Seattle, 98102	(206) 329-5669
Natural Law Party	5235 S. Graham St., Seattle, 98118	(206) 781-6637
New Alliance Party	1202 E. Pike #539, Seattle, 98122	(206) 329-9540
Socialist Workers Party	1405 E. Madison, Seattle, 98122	(206) 323-1755
State Democratic Party	1701 Smith Tower, Seattle, 98104	(206) 583-0664
State Republican Party	9 Lk. Bellevue Dr., Bellevue, 98005	(206) 454-1992
The Populist Party	1916 Pike Place, Ste. 695, Seattle, 98101	(206) 781-5617
Washington Taxpayers Party	P.O. Box 25736, Seattle, 98125-1236	(206) 368-0584

#### DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions to Candidates and Political Committees: State law does not limit the amount a person may contribute to support or oppose a candidate, ballot measure, political party or political committee. During the 21 days before the general election, however, a person may contribute no more than \$50,000 to a candidate for statewide office or \$5,000 to any other candidate or political committee. Contributions from corporations, unions, businesses, associations and similar organizations are permitted.

Registration and Reporting by Candidates and Political Committees: Within two weeks after a person becomes a candidate or a political committee is organized, a campaign finance registration statement must be filed with the Public Disclosure Commission and the local county elections official. (Committees that form within three weeks of the election must register within three business days.) The candidate or committee treasurer is also required to report periodically the source and amount of campaign contributions of \$25 or more and to list campaign expenditures.

These reports are open to the public. Copies are available at the Public Disclosure Commission in Olympia or at the county elections office in the county where the candidate lives. In addition, the campaign financial books and records of a candidate or committee are available for public inspection the last eight days (Monday through Friday) before each election. The campaign

registration shows the time and place where the records may be inspected.

Independent Campaign Expenditures: Anyone making an expenditure in support of or opposition to a state or local candidate or ballot proposition (not including contributions made to a candidate or political committee) must file a report with the Public Disclosure Commission within five days if the expenditure is \$100 or more. Reporting forms are available from the Commission and county election offices.

Federal Campaigns: Contributions to U.S. Senate and House of Representative candidates are regulated by federal law. An individual may contribute a maximum of \$1,000 in the primary election and \$1,000 in the general election to each candidate for senator and representative. Corporations, businesses, unions and similar groups are generally prohibited from contributing to federal campaigns. Copies of federal campaign finance reports are available from the Public Disclosure Commission.

For additional information contact: Public Disclosure Commission, 711 Capitol Way, Rm. 403, P.O. Box 40908, Olympia WA 98504-0908, (206) 753-1111, or, for federal campaigns, Federal Election Commission, 1-800-424-9530.

#### FEDERAL INCOME TAX CREDITS AND DEDUCTIONS FOR CONTRIBUTIONS

Political Contributions Tax Credit: The Federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 eliminated the personal tax credit previously allowed for political contributions.

As in the past, contributions or gifts made to political parties or candidates may not be deducted as a business expense. In addition, expenses paid or incurred to take part in any political campaign on behalf of a candidate for public office are not deductible as a business expense. Finally, indirect political contributions, such as advertising for a political party or admission to a program with proceeds going to a political party or candidate, may not be deducted as a business expense.

Presidential Election Campaign Fund Checkoff: Individuals, however, may make a deductible contribution to the Presidential Election Campaign Fund Checkoff. This fund was established to help pay for presidential election campaigns. \$1 may be taken (\$2 on a joint return) from an individual's taxes to go to a general fund, not for any specific party, to meet the expenses of the 1992 presidential election. The contribution will not increase your tax or reduce your refund.



# INITIATIVE MEASURE 573

TO THE PEOPLE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 573 begins on page 10.

#### Statement for

"I'm in favor of term limits, six years, not twelve. Why? Because career politicians have long been bilking the public," broadcast journalist David Brinkley, People Magazine 7/27/92

#### REDUCE THE INFLUENCE OF SPECIAL INTERESTS

Incumbents easily dominate elections through free mailing, large staffs, and special interest funding. By leveling the playing field, term limits will attract more candidates thereby offering voters real choices. Initiative 573 will force rotation in office, breaking up long-term relationships.

#### NO LOSS OF INFLUENCE WITH INITIATIVE 573

Washington state will not lose its congressional clout. Federal limits will not take effect until nine other states adopt similar legislation.

Incumbents who reach the limits of their terms may run as write-in candidates.

Initiative 573 is not retroactive; previous time in office is not counted.

#### TERM LIMITS IS A NATIONAL MOVEMENT

Washington state is not alone. Citizens in at least 15 states will vote on term limits this November.

Our Founding Fathers never envisioned career politicians. Many officials already have limited terms: President, 31 governors, and many county and city politicians. In 1990 California, Colorado and Oklahoma adopted term limits.

Term limits will replace the seniority based system with one based on merit.

#### Official Ballot Title:

Shall candidates for certain offices, who have already served for specified time periods in those offices, be denied ballot access?

#### The law as it now exists:

The length of previous service in public office does not disqualify anyone from appearing on the election ballot for state offices. One can be a candidate on the election ballot for election or re-election to the state legislature, governor, lieutenant governor, or congress without any limits based on prior service in those offices.

#### RESTORE CHOICE TO THE VOTER

As Harry Truman said, term limits would "help cure senility and seniority — both terrible legislative diseases."

Career politicians gave us a national debt of \$4 trillion, a peacetime tax burden that is the highest in our nation's history, the S&L bailout and outrageous congressional banking and postal scandals that defy the ethics of public office.

It's time for a change. We need term limits. Vote YES on Initiative 573.

### Rebuttal of Statement against

We listened to the voters and improved term limits.

Term limits reduces the power of special interests, not the interests of people.

Incumbents are re-elected 96% of the time. Incumbent turnover this year is high due to redistricting, scandals and converting campaign funds to personal loot.

We have the most "experienced" legislature and Congress ever, causing the worst deficits and scandals ever. People want change, not deadwood.

Washington needs term limits. Vote Yes on I-573. For more information call (206) 759-1212.

#### Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

WALLACE M. RUDOLPH, Professor of Constitutional, Legislative and Administrative Law, Puget Sound School of Law; JACK METCALF, State Senator, Chair of Senate Environmental and Natural Resources Committee; SHERRY BOCKWINKEL, Independent Businesswoman.

Advisory Committee: CAROLYN LOGUE, Director, National Federation of Independent Business; PAUL BARDEN, King County Councilman; HAROLD KEAN, former Chairman and CEO of Washington Federal Savings and Loan; SAM ALLRED, Democratic Precinct Chair, Sumner; JOHN SONNELAND, M.D., Spokane area businessman and professional.

## The effect of Initiative Measure 573, if approved into law:

This initiative would consider only years of service in office after November 3, 1992 to deny some potential candidates access to the election ballot. Service prior to that date would not count.

The offices and length of service for which a potential candidate would be denied access to the election ballot are:

1) for governor, if the candidate served 8 of the previous 14 years as governor;

2) for lieutenant governor, if the candidate served 8 of the previous 14 years as lieutenant governor;

3) for senator in the state legislature, if the candidate served 8 of the previous 14 years as a senator;

4) for representative in the state legislature, if the candidate served 6 of the previous 12 years as a representative; and

5) for either the house or senate in the state legislature, if the candidate served in the legislature for 14 of the previous 20 years

While such potential candidates would not be permitted to appear upon the ballot, a write-in candidacy is permitted.

This initiative also provides that only if 9 other states pass laws limiting ballot access or limiting the terms of federal legislative offices, would Congressional representatives and United States senators from Washington state be subject to restrictions for access to the election ballot. Only the years of service which occur after November 2, 1992 would be considered. Service prior to that date would not count.

If nine other states act, then the Congressional offices and the time periods which would deny a potential candidate access to the election ballot would be:

1) for a Washington representative to the United States Congress, if the candidate served as a representative for 6 of the previous 12 years; and

 for a United States senator from Washington, if the candidate served as senator for 12 of the previous 18 years.
 Write-in candidacies would be permitted for such offices.

#### Statement against

#### NEW, IMPROVED TERM LIMITS? DON'T BELIEVE IT

Washington citizens rejected term limits in 1991, and their reasons remain valid in 1992. Delaying term limit restrictions a few years doesn't make the repercussions more acceptable.

#### TERM LIMITS THREATEN OUR QUALITY OF LIFE

Last November, voters said they weren't willing to give up this state's strength in Congress in 1994. Is it somehow more acceptable to give it up in 1998? Will our concerns about offshore drilling, affordable power, transportation funding, Hanford cleanup, and other federally decided issues be diminished by then? Are we willing to play Russian Roulette with Washington's future and unilaterally give away the strength we've taken years to achieve?

#### TERM LIMITS ARE UNNECESSARY

This year alone, Washington state will experience turnovers of AT LEAST 45 percent in our congressional delegation, 30 percent in the state Senate, and 29 percent in the state House of Representatives. And at least four of the nine statewide offices will change hands.

## WE NEED A MIX OF NEW AND EXPERIENCED LAWMAKERS WORKING FOR US

No one wants stagnation in government, but the arbitrary cutoffs imposed by I-573 would cost us vital knowledge, expertise and clout. We all benefit when new office-holders are able to work alongside veterans to learn the ropes and

become skilled lawmakers working successfully for their constituents.

The key to responsive government is dedicated, informed voters - voters who examine candidates carefully, communicate their community's priorities, and refuse to reelect politicians who fail to meet expectations.

No citizen should give up the right to elect, or reelect, the leader of her/his choice.

Say NO to the term limit crusade and yes to effective government.

#### Rebuttal of Statement for

Term limits would take away your right to choose.

If you don't like the elected officials serving you now, use your democratic right to vote to get them out of office. But if your elected officials are doing a good job, keep them in office. That's the choice you have now, and that's the choice you would lose with term limits.

Term limits take away your freedom and our clout in Washington, D.C. Vote NO.

For more information call (206) 628-6163.

#### Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

BOOTH GARDNER, Governor; MARGARET COLONY, President, League of Women Voters.



## INITIATIVE MEASURE 134

TO THE LEGISLATURE

Note: The ballot title and explanatory statement were written by the Attorney General as required by law. The complete text of Initiative Measure 134 begins on page 11.

#### Statement for

Ready for a shock? Here's three:

- Spending on political campaigns in Washington skyrocketed to an all-time high of \$12 million in 1990.
- That year, 20 percent of campaign contributions to statewide and legislative candidates came from individual citizens.
- Incredibly, 61 percent of that \$12 million was paid to politicians by political action committees, unions, corporations and other special interests.

Can we really expect our political candidates and public officials to put *our* interests ahead of the special interests when those big corporations, committees and unions can contribute \$10,000, \$20,000 - even \$50,000 at a time?

Initiative 134 will put the average voter on even ground with the special interests, by holding individuals, PAC's, unions and corporations to the same contribution limit: \$500 per legislative candidate per election (\$1,000 per candidate for statewide office). It would also restrict contributions from political parties and caucuses to candidates.

Initiative 134 will help clean up campaigns in Washington. The new law would prohibit political fund raising from 30 days before a legislative session until 30 days after it ends. It would ban the transfer of funds from one candidate to another and strictly limit taxpayer-financed mailings by incumbent legislators.

Importantly, Initiative 134 would reduce overall spending on political campaigns in Washington, while *prohibiting* the use of state tax dollars to fund political campaigns.

Vote for Initiative 134 and you'll help break the power of special interests - and put the elected officials of today and tomorrow back to work for the people of Washington.

#### Official Ballot Title:

Shall campaign contributions be limited; public funding of state and local campaigns be prohibited; and campaign related activities be restricted?

#### The law as it now exists:

State law does not limit the amounts which can be contributed to campaigns for statewide elected offices and legislative offices, except during the last 21 days of the general election campaign. Contributions are required to be reported to the Public Disclosure Commission. Elected officials and executive state officers must annually report to the Commission any gifts they received as well as any contributions made to their public office fund.

### Rebuttal of Statement against

Don't be misled. I-134 impacts all sides. It equally limits contributions from PACs, unions and individuals to candidates from both political parties.

I-134 strictly prohibits public financing schemes which provide "incumbency insurance" and use tax dollars to help re-elect incumbent lawmakers.

I-134 is our *only* chance to limit campaign influence by special interests and make candidates more accountable to *the people*. I-134 is supported by 40+ independent organizations — and by more than 225,000 Washington citizens.

Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

MIKE WATTERS, President, Washington State Dairy Federation; GARY SMITH, Executive Director, Independent Business Assoc.; CAROLYN LOGUE, State Director, National Federation of Independent Business.

Some local governments have ordinances providing the availability of public funds for political campaigns for municipal offices.

## The effect of Initiative Measure 134, if approved into law:

This initiative would establish maximums for permissible political contributions to campaigns for state legislative offices and the nine statewide elected officers (governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, treasurer, auditor and superintendent of public instruction). The maximum dollar amount an individual, corporation, pac or other group could make is a \$500 contribution to legislative campaigns and \$1,000 for campaigns for statewide offices. Those maximums would separately apply to the primary and general elections. Political parties and legislative caucuses are permitted to make larger contributions with a maximum of \$.50 times each registered voter within the election area.

Legislators, state officials or anyone acting on their behalf would be prohibited from soliciting campaign contributions during the period commencing thirty days before a regular session of the legislature, until thirty days after the adjournment of the regular session. Also, state officials would be prohibited from soliciting political contributions from employees in the state official's agency.

Contributions would be prohibited from businesses not doing business in Washington and from unions having less than ten members in the state.

There would be restrictions on publicly funded, unsolicited mailings by legislators. Voluntary state payroll deductions for political committees would no longer be permitted and agency shop fees could not be used for political purposes without individual authorization. Campaign contributions could not be used to repay more than \$3,000 of a candidate's loans to the candidate's campaign.

Independent expenditure advertising would have to identify the top five contributors paying for the ad, and further disclosures to the Public Disclosure Commission would be required.

Elected officials and executive state officers would annually be required to file a statement describing any gifts received during the preceding year, but the annual reporting of public office funds would be repealed.

No public funds could be used to finance political campaigns for state or local offices.

The dollar amounts referred to in the initiative would be changed every two years by the Public Disclosure Commission to reflect changes in the inflation index. Penalties would be provided and other changes would be made.

#### Statement against

## REAL CAMPAIGN FINANCE REFORM MUST LIMIT BOTH SPENDING AND CONTRIBUTIONS

- Effective campaign reform must limit both campaign spending and contributions. Congress has had contribution limits similar to those in I-134 for years and these limits have done nothing to prevent special interest scandals such as the S&L debacle.
- Contributions limits alone are a sure-fire incumbent protection plan. As long as the sky is the limit on spending, a challenger can never hope to keep pace with an incumbent's ability to raise political funds.
- I-134 doesn't limit how much a candidate can spend on their own campaign wealthy individuals are free to spend as much as they like to "buy" an election.

## REAL REFORM SHOULD AFFECT ALL POLITICAL PARTIES EQUALLY

- I-134 is just more of the same old partisan politics. GOP officials admit the initiative was drafted to favor Republicans. Independent analysis by the Seattle Post-Intelligencer shows that the proposal is specifically designed to hit Democratic candidates harder.
- I-134 doesn't have grass-roots support. The signatures that put I-134 on the ballot were not collected by citizen volunteers. Signatures for I-134 were bought and paid for with large contributions from big business interests and powerful politicians.

## REAL REFORM SHOULD LIMIT THE INFLUENCE OF PACS

I-134 doesn't limit how much a candidate can take from

PACs, it allows candidates to be 100% special-interest funded. Unless the influence of special interest PACs are limited, the views of the average person will be drowned out.

## REAL REFORM SHOULD NOT REPEAL EFFECTIVE LOCAL REFORMS

• I-134 repeals the popular and highly effective local campaign spending limit laws adopted by citizens in Seattle and King County. These laws have been nationally acclaimed as models of effective reform.

#### Rebuttal of Statement for

#### DON'T BE FOOLED BY FALSE REFORM.

Passing I-134 won't hold down campaign spending or clean up campaigns, but it will relieve the pressure on politicians to accept *real* reform.

I-134 *claims* it will reduce campaign spending, but contribution limits alone have *never* succeeded in holding down campaign spending;

I-134 *claims* it will break the power of special interests, but is actually backed by those same special interests.

VOTE NO ON I-134, FALSE CAMPAIGN FINANCE REFORM.

#### Voters Pamphlet Statement Prepared by:

LORRAINE HINE, State Representative; MARGARET COLONY, President, League of Women Voters; JIM STREET, Seattle City Councilmember.

Advisory Committee: CAL ANDERSON, State Representative; LAWRENCE KENNEY, President, Washington State Labor Council; RICK BUNCH, Executive Director, WashPirg; DARLENE MADENWALD, President, Washington Environmental Council.

AN ACT Relating to ballot access for elected officials; adding a new section to chapter 43.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 44.04 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 29.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.51 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 7.16 RCW; and creating a new section.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The people of the state of Washington find that:

(1) The people will best be served by citizen legislators who are subject to a reasonable degree of rotation in office;

(2) Entrenched incumbents have become indifferent to the conditions and concerns of the people;

(3) Entrenched incumbents have an inordinate advantage in elections because of their control of campaign finance laws and gerrymandering of electoral districts;

(4) Entrenched incumbency has discouraged qualified citizens from seeking public office;

from seeking public office;

(5) Entrenched incumbents have become preoccupied with their own reelection and devote more effort to campaigning than to making legislative decisions for the benefit of the people;

(6) Entrenched incumbents have become closely aligned with special interest groups who provide contributions and support for their reelection campaigns, give entrenched incumbents special favors, and lobby office holders for special interest legislation to the detriment of the people of this state, and may create corruption or the appearance of corruption of the legislative system;

(7) The people of Washington have a compelling interest in preventing the self-perpetuating monopoly of elective office by a

dynastic ruling class.

The people of the state of Washington therefore adopt this act to limit ballot access of candidates for state and federal elections.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.01 RCW to read as follows:

(1) No person is eligible to appear on the ballot or file a declaration of candidacy for governor who, by the end of the then current term of office will have served, or but for resignation would have served, as governor during eight of the previous fourteen years.

(2) No person is eligible to appear on the ballot or file a declaration of candidacy for lieutenant governor who, by the end of the then current term of office will have served, or but for resignation would have served, as lieutenant governor during eight of the previous fourteen years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 44.04 RCW to read as follows:

(1) No person is eligible to appear on the ballot or file a declaration of candidacy for the house of representatives of the legislature who, by the end of the then current term of office will

have served, or but for resignation would have served, as a member of the house of representatives of the legislature during six of the previous twelve years.

(2) No person is eligible to appear on the ballot or file a declaration of candidacy for the senate of the legislature who, by the end of the then current term of office will have served, or but for resignation would have served, as a member of the senate of the legislature during eight of the previous fourteen years.

(3) No person is eligible to appear on the ballot or file a declaration of candidacy for the legislature who has served as a member of the legislature for fourteen of the previous twenty years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 29.68 RCW to read as follows:

No person is eligible to appear on the ballot or file a declaration of candidacy for the United States house of representatives who, by the end of the then current term of office will have served, or but for resignation would have served, as a member of the United States house of representatives during six of the previous twelve years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 29.68 RCW to read as follows:

No person is eligible to appear on the ballot or file a declaration of candidacy for the United States senate who, by the end of the then current term of office will have served, or but for resignation would have served, as a member of the United States senate during twelve of the previous eighteen years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 29.51 RCW to read as follows:

Nothing in sections 2 through 5 of this act prohibits a qualified voter of this state from casting a ballot for any person by writing the name of that person on the ballot in accordance with RCW 29.51.170 or from having such a ballot counted or tabulated, nor does anything in sections 2 through 5 of this act prohibit a person from standing or campaigning for an elective office by means of a write-in campaign.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 29.15 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The secretary of state or other election official authorized by law shall not accept or verify the signatures, nor accept a declaration of candidacy or a nomination paper, from or on behalf of a person who, by reason of sections 2 through 5 of this act, is ineligible for the office, nor allow the person's name to appear on the ballot.

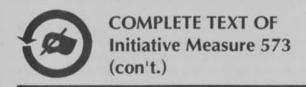
(2) No terms or years served in office before November 3, 1992, may be used to determine eligibility to appear on the ballot.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 29.68 RCW to read as follows:

Sections 4 and 5 of this act, regarding candidates for federal legislative office, are not effective until nine states other than Washington have passed laws limiting ballot access or terms of federal legislative office, or both, based on length of service in federal legislative office.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 7.16 RCW to read as follows:

Any resident of this state may bring suit to enforce sections 2 through 8 of this act. If the person prevails, the court shall award the person reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit.

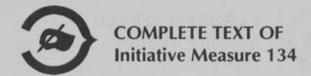


<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

#### **PLEASE NOTE:**

In the preceding and following measures, all words in double brackets with a line through them are in the State Law at the present time and are being taken out by the measure. All words underlined do not appear in the State Law as they are now written but will be put in if the measure is adopted.

To obtain a copy of the preceding and following texts for the state measures in larger print, call the Secretary of State's toll-free hotline -- 1-800-448-4881.



AN ACT Relating to the regulation of political contributions and campaign expenditures; amending RCW 42.17.095, 42.17.125, 42.17.510, 41.04.230, 42.17.180, 42.17.390, and 42.17.240; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 42.17.243; and prescribing penalties.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

#### PART I FINDINGS AND INTENT

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. FINDINGS. The people of the state of Washington find and declare that:

(1) The financial strength of certain individuals or organizations should not permit them to exercise a disproportionate or controlling influence on the election of candidates.

(2) Rapidly increasing political campaign costs have led many candidates to raise larger percentages of money from special interests with a specific financial stake in matters before state government. This has caused the public perception that decisions of elected officials are being improperly influenced by monetary contributions.

(3) Candidates are raising less money in small contributions from individuals and more money from special interests. This has created the public perception that individuals have an insignificant role to play in the political process.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. INTENT. By limiting campaign contributions, the people intend to:

(1) Ensure that individuals and interest groups have fair and equal opportunity to influence elective and governmental processes;

(2) Reduce the influence of large organizational contributors; and

(3) Restore public trust in governmental institutions and the electoral process.

#### PART II DEFINITIONS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. DEFINITIONS. The definitions of RCW 42.17.020 apply to sections 4 through 19 of this act except as modified by this section. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout sections 4 through 19 of this act.

(1) "Authorized committee" means the political committee authorized by a candidate, or by the state official against whom recall charges have been filed, to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of the candidate or state official.

(2) "Bona fide political party" means:

(a) An organization that has filed a valid certificate of nomination with the secretary of state under chapter 29.24 RCW; or

(b) The governing body of the state organization of a major political party, as defined in RCW 29.01.090, which is the body



authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise authority on behalf of the state party; or

(c) The county central committee or legislative district committee

of a major political party.

- (3) "Candidate" means an individual seeking nomination for election or seeking election to a state office. An individual is deemed to be seeking nomination for election or seeking election when the individual first:
  - (a) Announces publicly or files for the office;
- (b) Purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time to promote his or her candidacy;
- (c) Receives contributions or makes expenditures for facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for the office; or
- (d) Gives his or her consent to another person to take on behalf of the individual any of the actions in (b) or (c) of this subsection.
- (4) "Caucus of the state legislature" means the caucus of members of a major political party in the state house of representatives or in the state senate.
- (5)(a) "Contribution" includes a loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds between political committees, or transfer of anything of value, including personal and professional services for less than full consideration.
- (b) Subject to further definition by the commission, "contribution" does not include the following:
- (i) Interest on money deposited in a political committee's account;
  - (ii) Ordinary home hospitality;
- (iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political committee that is returned to the contributor within five business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or political committee;
- (iv) An expenditure or contribution earmarked for voter registration, for absentee ballot information, for precinct caucuses, for get-out-the-vote campaigns, for precinct judges or inspectors, for sample ballots, or for ballot counting, all without promotion of or political advertising for individual candidates;
- (v) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose primary business is that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or political committee;
- (vi) An expenditure by a political committee for its own internal organization or fund raising without direct association with individual candidates;
- (vii) An internal political communication primarily limited to the contributors to a political party organization or political action committee, or the officers, management staff, and stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;
- (viii) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this section, means services or labor

for which the individual is not compensated by any person and that are performed outside the individual's normal working hours; or

(ix) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:

 (A) A political party or caucus of the state legislature if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the person rendering such services; or

- (B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the services and if the services are solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance with state election or public disclosure laws.
- (c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed to have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the contribution.
- (d) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners and parties are contributions, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished at the event.
- (e) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a political committee, or their agents, is considered to be a contribution to such candidate or political committee.
- (f) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic, or other form of political advertising prepared by a candidate, a political committee, or its authorized agent, is considered to be a contribution to the candidate or political committee.
- (6) "Election" means a primary or a general or special election in which a candidate is on the ballot.
- (7) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day of December after the date of the last previous general election for the office that the candidate seeks and ending on November 30th after the next election for the office. In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on November 30th after the special election.
- (8) "General election" means the election that results in the election of a person to a state office. It does not include a primary.
- (9) "Immediate family" means a candidates's spouse, and any child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half-brother, sister, or half-sister of the candidate and the spouse of any such person and any child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half-brother, sister, or half-sister of the candidate's spouse and the spouse of any such person.
- (10) "Independent expenditure" means an "expenditure" as defined in RCW 42.17.020 that has each of the following elements:
- (a) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person who is not (i) a candidate for that office, (ii) an authorized committee of that candidate for that office, (iii) a person who has received the candidate's encouragement or approval to make the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for any political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office, or (iv) a person with whom the candidate has collaborated for the purpose of making the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for any political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office;
- (b) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for any political advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate without using the candidate's name; and



- (c) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or opposition to that candidate, has a value of five hundred dollars or more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under five hundred dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative value is five hundred dollars or more.
- (11)(a) "Intermediary" means an individual who transmits a contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless the contribution is from the individual's employer, immediate family, or an association to which the individual belongs.
- (b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary for purpose of the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.
- (c) A professional fund raiser is not an intermediary if the fund raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and customary rate.
- (d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual's home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event.
  - (12) "Person" includes:
  - (a) An individual;
- (b) A partnership, limited partnership, public or private corporation, or joint venture;
- (c) A nonprofit corporation, organization, or association, including but not limited to, a national, state, or local labor union or collective bargaining organization and a national, state, or local trade or professional association;
- (d) A federal, state, or local governmental entity or agency, however constituted;
- (e) A candidate, committee, political committee, bona fide political party, or executive committee thereof; and
- (f) Any other organization or group of persons, however organized.
- (13) "Primary" means the procedure for nominating a candidate to state office under chapter 29.18 or 29.21 RCW or any other primary for an election which uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter 29.18 or 29.21 RCW.
- (14) "Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning on the date of the filing of recall charges under RCW 29.82.015 and ending thirty days after the recall election.
- (15) "State legislative office" means the office of a member of the state house of representatives and the office of a member of the state senate.
- (16) "State office" means state legislative office or the office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, superintendent of public instruction, state auditor, or state treasurer.
  - (17) "State official" means a person who holds a state office.

#### PART III CONTRIBUTIONS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION LIMITS. (1) No person, other than a bona fide political party or a caucus of the state legislature, may make contributions to a candidate for a state legislative office that in the aggregate exceed five hundred dollars or to a candidate for a state office other than a state legislative

office that in the aggregate exceed one thousand dollars for each election in which the candidate is on the ballot or appears as a write-in candidate. Contributions made with respect to a primary may not be made after the date of the primary. Contributions made with respect to a general election may not be made after the final day of the applicable election cycle.

(2) No person, other than a bona fide political party or a caucus of the state legislature, may make contributions to a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or to a political committee having the expectation of making expenditures in support of the recall of the state official, during a recall campaign that in the aggregate exceed five hundred dollars if for a state legislative office or one thousand dollars if for a state office other than a state legislative office.

(3)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, no bona fide political party or caucus of the state legislature may make contributions to a candidate during an election cycle that in the aggregate exceed (i) fifty cents multiplied by the number of eligible registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected if the contributor is a caucus of the state legislature or the governing body of a state organization, or (ii) twenty-five cents multiplied by the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected if the contributor is a county central committee or a legislative district committee.

(b) No candidate may accept contributions from a county central committee or a legislative district committee during an election cycle that when combined with contributions from other county central committees or legislative district committees would in the aggregate exceed twenty-five cents times the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected.

(4)(a) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, no bona fide political party or caucus of the state legislature may make contributions to a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or to a political committee having the expectation of making expenditures in support of the state official, during a recall campaign that in the aggregate exceed (i) fifty cents multiplied by the number of eligible registered voters in the jurisdiction entitled to recall the state official if the contributor is a caucus of the state legislature of the governing body of a state organization, or (ii) twenty-five cents multiplied by the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected if the contributor is a county central committee or a legislative district committee.

(b) No state official against whom recall charges have been filed, no authorized committee of the official, and no political committee having the expectation of making expenditures in support of the recall of a state official may accept contributions from a county central committee or a legislative district committee or a legislative district committee during an election cycle that when combined with contributions from other county central committees or legislative district committees would in the aggregate exceed twenty-five cents multiplied by the number of registered voters in the jurisdiction from which the candidate is elected.

(5) Notwithstanding subsections (1) through (4) of this section, no person other than an individual, bona fide political party, or caucus of the state legislature may make contributions reportable under this chapter to a caucus of the state legislature that in the aggregate exceed five hundred dollars in a calendar year or to a bona fide political party that in the aggregate exceed two thousand five hundred dollars in a calendar year. This subsection does not apply to loans made in the ordinary course of business.



(6) For the purposes of sections 4 through 19 of this act, a contribution to the authorized political committee of a candidate, or of a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, is considered to be a contribution to the candidate or state official.

(7) A contribution received within the twelve-month period after a recall election concerning a state office is considered to be a contribution during that recall campaign if the contribution is used to pay a debt or obligation incurred to influence the outcome of that recall campaign.

(8) The contributions allowed by subsection (2) of this section are in addition to those allowed by subsection (1) of this section, and the contributions allowed by subsection (4) of this section are in addition to those allowed by subsection (3) of this section.

(9) Sections 4 through 19 of this act apply to a special election conducted to fill a vacancy in a state office. However, the contributions made to a candidate or received by a candidate for a primary or special election conducted to fill such a vacancy shall not be counted toward any of the limitations that apply to the candidate or to contributions made to the candidate for any other primary or election.

(10) Notwithstanding the other subsections of this section, no corporation or business entity not doing business in Washington state, no labor union with fewer than ten members who reside in Washington state, and no political committee that has not received contributions of ten dollars or more from at least ten persons registered to vote in Washington state during the preceding one hundred eighty days may make contributions reportable under this chapter to a candidate, to a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or to a political committee having the expectation of making expenditures in support of the recall of the official. This subsection does not apply to loans made in the ordinary course of business.

(11) Notwithstanding the other subsections of this section, no county central committee or legislative district committee may make contributions reportable under this chapter to a candidate, state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or political committee having the expectation of making expenditures in support of the recall of a state official if the county central committee or legislative district committee is outside of the jurisdiction entitled to elect the candidate or recall the state official.

(12) No person may accept contributions that exceed the contribution limitations provided in this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. ATTRIBUTION AND AGGREGA-TION OF FAMILY CONTRIBUTIONS. (1) Contributions by a husband and wife are considered separate contributions.

(2) Contributions by unemancipated children under eighteen years of age are considered contributions by their parents and are attributed proportionately to each parent. Fifty percent of the contributions are attributed to each parent or, in the case of a single custodial parent, the total amount is attributed to the parent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. ATTRIBUTION OF CONTRIBU-TIONS BY CONTROLLED ENTITIES. For purposes of this chapter: (1) A contribution by a political committee with funds that have all been contributed by one person who exercises exclusive control over the distribution of the funds of the political committee is a contribution by the controlling person.

(2) Two or more entities are treated as a single entity if one of the two or more entities is a subsidiary, branch, or department of a corporation or a local unit, branch, or affiliate of a trade association, labor union, or collective bargaining association. All contributions made by a person or political committee whose contribution or expenditure activity is financed, maintained, or controlled by a trade association, labor union, collective bargaining organization, or the local unit of a trade association, labor union, or collective bargaining organization are considered made by the same person or entity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. ATTRIBUTION OF CONTRIBU-TIONS. All contributions made by a person or entity, either directly or indirectly, to a candidate, to a state official against whom recall charges have been filed, or to a political committee, are considered to be contributions from that person or entity to the candidate, state official, or political committee, as are contributions that are in any way earmarked or otherwise directed through an intermediary or conduit to the candidate, state official, or political committee. For the purposes of this section, "earmarked" means a designation, instruction, or encumbrance, whether direct or indirect, expressed or implied, or oral or written, that is intended to result in or does result in all or any part of a contribution being made to a certain candidate or state official. If a conduit or intermediary exercises any direction or control over the choice of the recipient candidate or state official, the contribution is considered to be by both the original contributor and the conduit or intermediary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. LIMITATIONS ON EMPLOYERS OR LABOR ORGANIZATIONS. (1) No employer or labor organization may increase the salary of an officer or employee, or give an emolument to an officer, employee, or other person or entity, with the intention that the increase in salary, or the emolument, or a part of it, be contributed or spent to support or oppose a candidate, state official against whom recall charges have been filed, political party, or political committee.

(2) No employer or labor organization may discriminate against an officer or employee in the terms or conditions of employment for (a) the failure to contribute to, (b) the failure in any way to support or oppose, or (c) in any way supporting or opposing a candidate, ballot proposition, political party, or political committee.

(3) No employer or other person or entity responsible for the disbursement of funds in payment of wages or salaries may withhold or divert a portion of an employee's wages or salaries for contributions to political committees or for use as political contributions except upon the written request of the employee. The request must be made on a form prescribed by the commission informing the employee of the prohibition against employer and labor organization discrimination described in subsection (2) of this section. The request is valid for no more than twelve months from the date it is made by the employee.

(4) Each person or entity who withholds contributions under subsection (3) of this section shall maintain open for public inspection for a period of no less than three years, during normal business hours, documents and books of accounts that shall include a copy of each employee's request, the amounts and dates funds were actually withheld, and the amounts and dates funds were transferred to a political committee. Copies of such information shall be



delivered to the commission upon request.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. CHANGING MONETARY LIMITS. At the beginning of each even-numbered calendar year, the commission shall increase or decrease all dollar amounts in this chapter based on changes in economic conditions as reflected in the inflationary index used by the commission under RCW 42.17.370. The new dollar amounts established by the commission under this section shall be rounded off by the commission to amounts as judged most convenient for public understanding and so as to be within ten percent of the target amount equal to the base amount provided in this chapter multiplied by the increase in the inflationary index since the effective date of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. CONTRIBUTIONS FROM BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE OF ACT. Contributions made and received before the effective date of this act are considered to be contributions under sections 4 through 19 of this act. Monetary contributions that exceed the contribution limitations and that have not been spent by the recipient of the contribution by the effective date of this act must be disposed of in accordance with RCW 42.17.095.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. TIME LIMIT FOR STATE OFFICIAL TO SOLICIT OR ACCEPT CONTRIBUTIONS. During the period beginning on the thirtieth day before the date a regular legislative session convenes and continuing thirty days past the date of final adjournment, and during the period beginning on the date a special legislative session convenes and continuing through the date that session adjourns, no state official or a person employed by or acting on behalf of a state official or state legislator may solicit or accept contributions to a public office fund, to a candidate or authorized committee, or to retire a campaign debt.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. RESTRICTION ON LOANS. (1) A loan is considered to be a contribution from the maker and the guarantor of the loan and is subject to the contribution limitations of this chapter.

(2) A loan to a candidate or the candidate committee must be by written agreement.

(3) The proceeds of a loan made to a candidate:

(a) By a commercial lending institution;

(b) Made in the regular course of business;

(c) On the same terms ordinarily available to members of the public; and

(d) That is secured or guaranteed, are not subject to the contribution limits of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. CONTRIBUTIONS ON BEHALF OF ANOTHER. (1) A person, other than an individual, may not be an intermediary or an agent for a contribution.

(2) An individual may not make a contribution on behalf of another person or entity, or while acting as the intermediary or agent of another person or entity, without disclosing to the recipient of the contribution both his or her full name, street address, occupation, name of employer, if any, or place of business if self-employed, and

the same information for each contributor for whom the individual serves as intermediary or agent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. CERTAIN CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED TO BE BY WRITTEN INSTRUMENT. (1) An individual may not make a contribution of more than fifty dollars, other than an in-kind contribution, except by a written instrument containing the name of the donor and the name of the payee.

(2) A committee may not make a contribution, other than inkind, except by a written instrument containing the name of the donor and the name of the payee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. SOLICITATION OF CONTRIBUTIONS BY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES. (1) No state official or state official's agent may knowingly solicit, directly or indirectly, a contribution from an employee in the state official's agency.

(2) No state official or state employee may provide an advantage or disadvantage to an employee or applicant for employment in the classified civil service concerning the applicant's or employee's:

(a) Employment;

(b) Conditions of employment; or

(c) Application for employment,

based on the employee's or applicant's contribution or promise to contribute or failure to make a contribution or contribute to a political party or committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. AGENCY SHOP FEES AS CONTRIBUTIONS. A labor organization may not use agency shop fees paid by an individual who is not a member of the organization to make contributions or expenditures to influence an election or to operate a political committee, unless affirmatively authorized by the individual.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. SOLICITATION FOR ENDORSE-MENT FEES. A person or entity may not solicit from a candidate, committee, political party, or other person or entity money or other property as a condition or consideration for an endorsement, article, or other communication in the news media promoting or opposing a candidate, committee, or political party.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. REIMBURSEMENT FOR CONTRIBUTIONS. A person or entity may not, directly or indirectly, reimburse another person or entity for a contribution to a candidate, committee, or political party.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. PROHIBITION ON USE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR A DIFFERENT OFFICE. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a candidate committee may not use or permit the use of contributions solicited for or received by the candidate committee to further the candidacy of the individual for an office other than the office designated on the statement of organization. A contribution solicited for or received on behalf of the candidate is considered solicited or received for the candidacy for which the individual is then a candidate if the contribution is solicited or received before the general elections for which the candidate is a nominee or is unopposed.

(2) With the written approval of the contributor, a candidate committee may use or permit the use of contributions solicited for or received by the candidate committee from that contributor to further the candidacy of the individual for an office other than the office designated on the statement of organization.



Sec. 20. TRANSFER OF FUNDS--USE OF FUNDS FOR OTHER OFFICE ELIMINATED. RCW 42.17.095 and 1982 c 147 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The surplus funds of a candidate, or of a political committee supporting or opposing a candidate, may only be disposed of in any one or more of the following ways:

(1) Return the surplus to a contributor in an amount not to exceed that contributor's original contribution;

(2) Transfer the surplus to the candidate's personal account as reimbursement for lost earnings incurred as a result of that candidate's election campaign. Such lost earnings shall be verifiable as unpaid salary or, when the candidate is not salaried, as an amount not to exceed income received by the candidate for services rendered during an appropriate, corresponding time period. All lost earnings incurred shall be documented and a record thereof shall be maintained by the candidate or the candidate's political committee. The committee shall include a copy of such record when its expenditure for such reimbursement is reported pursuant to RCW 42.17.090;

(3) Transfer the surplus to ((one or more candidates or to)) a political ((committee or)) party or to a caucus of the state legislature;

(4) Donate the surplus to a charitable organization registered in accordance with chapter 19.09 RCW;

(5) Transmit the surplus to the state treasurer for deposit in the general fund; or

(6) Hold the surplus in the campaign depository or depositories designated in accordance with RCW 42.17.050 for possible use in a future election campaign ((, for political activity, for community activity, or for nonreimbursed public office related expenses)) for the same office last sought by the candidate and report any such disposition in accordance with RCW 42.17.090: PROVIDED, That if the candidate subsequently announces or publicly files for office, information as appropriate is reported to the commission in accordance with RCW 42.17.040 through 42.17.090. If a subsequent office is not sought the surplus held shall be disposed of in accordance with the requirements of this section.

(7) No candidate or authorized committee may transfer funds to any other candidate or other political committee.

Sec. 21. CANDIDATE PERSONAL FUND LOANS LIMITED. RCW 42.17.125 and 1989 c 280 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

Contributions received and reported in accordance with RCW 42.17.060 through 42.17.090 may only be transferred to the personal account of a candidate, or of a treasurer or other individual or expended for such individual's personal use under the following circumstances:

(1) Reimbursement for or loans to cover lost earnings incurred as a result of campaigning or services performed for the committee. Such lost earnings shall be verifiable as unpaid salary, or when the individual is not salaried, as an amount not to exceed income received by the individual for services rendered during an appropriate, corresponding time period. All lost earnings incurred shall be documented and a record thereof shall be maintained by the

individual or the individual's political committee. The committee shall include a copy of such record when its expenditure for such reimbursement is reported pursuant to RCW 42.17.090.

(2) Reimbursement for direct out-of-pocket election campaign and postelection campaign related expenses made by the individual. To receive reimbursement from the political committee, the individual shall provide the committee with written documentation as to the amount, date, and description of each expense, and the committee shall include a copy of such information when its expenditure for such reimbursement is reported pursuant to RCW 42.17.090.

(3) Repayment of loans made by the individual to political committees, which repayment shall be reported pursuant to RCW 42.17.090. However, contributions may not be used to reimburse a candidate for loans totaling more than three thousand dollars made by the candidate to the candidate's own authorized committee or campaign.

## PART IV INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURES

Sec. 22. INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE ADVERTISING DISCLOSURE. RCW 42.17.510 and 1984 c 216 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All written political advertising, whether relating to candidates or ballot propositions, shall include the sponsor's name and address. All radio and television political advertising, whether relating to candidates or ballot propositions, shall include the sponsor's name. The use of an assumed name shall be unlawful. The party with which a candidate files shall be clearly identified in

political advertising for partisan office.

(2) In addition to the materials required by subsection (1) of this section, all political advertising undertaken as an independent expenditure by a person or entity other than a party organization must include the following statement on the communication "NOTICE TO VOTERS (Required by law): This advertisement is not authorized or approved by any candidate. It is paid for by (name, address, city, state)." If the advertisement is undertaken by a nonindividual, then the following notation must also be included: "Top Five Contributors," followed by a listing of the names of the five persons or entities making the largest contributions reportable under this chapter during the twelve-month period before the date of the advertisement.

(3) The statements and listings of contributors required by subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall:

(a) Appear on each page or fold of the written communication in at least ten-point type, or in type at least ten percent of the largest size type used in a written communication directed at more than one voter, such as a billboard or poster, whichever is larger;

(b) Not be subject to the half-tone or screening process;

(c) Be in a printed or drawn box set apart from any other printed matter; and

(d) Be clearly spoken on any broadcast advertisement.

(4) Political yard signs are exempt from the requirement of subsections (1) and (2) of this section that the name and address of the sponsor of political advertising be listed on the advertising. In addition, the public disclosure commission shall, by rule, exempt from the identification requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section forms of political advertising such as campaign buttons, balloons, pens, pencils, sky-writing, inscriptions, and other forms of advertising where identification is impractical.



((<del>(3)</del>)) (<u>5</u>) For the purposes of this section, "yard sign" means any outdoor sign with dimensions no greater than eight feet by four feet.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE DISCLOSURE. A person or entity other than a party organization making an independent expenditure by mailing one thousand or more identical or nearly identical cumulative pieces of political advertising in a single calendar year shall, within two working days after the date of the mailing, file a statement disclosing the number of pieces in the mailing and an example of the mailed political advertising with the election officer of the county or residence for the candidate supported or opposed by the independent campaign expenditure or, in the case of an expenditure made in support of or in opposition to a ballot proposition, the county of residence for the person making the expenditure.

## PART V USE OF PUBLIC FUNDS OR OFFICE FOR POLITICAL PURPOSES

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 24. Public funds, whether derived through taxes, fees, penalties, or any other sources, shall not be used to finance political campaigns for state or local office.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. FRANKING PRIVILEGE LIMITED. During the twelve-month period preceding the expiration of a state legislator's term in office, no incumbent to that office may mail to a constituent at public expense a letter, newsletter, brochure, or other piece of literature that is not in direct response to that constituent's request for a response or for information. However, one mailing mailed within thirty days after the start of a regular legislative session and one mailing mailed within sixty days after the end of a regular legislative session of identical newsletters to constituents are permitted. A violation of this section constitutes use of the facilities of a public office for the purpose of assisting a campaign under RCW 42.17.130.

The house of representatives and senate shall specifically limit expenditures per member for the total cost of mailings, including but not limited to production costs, printing costs, and postage.

Sec. 26. STATE PAYROLL POLITICAL CHECK-OFF ELIMI-NATED. RCW 41.04.230 and 1988 c 107 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

Any official of the state authorized to disburse funds in payment of salaries and wages of public officers or employees is authorized, upon written request of the officer or employee, to deduct from the salaries or wages of the officers or employees, the amount or amounts of subscription payments, premiums, contributions, or continuation thereof, for payment of the following:

(1) Credit union deductions: PROVIDED, That the credit union is organized solely for public employees: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That twenty-five or more employees of a single state agency or a total of one hundred or more state employees of several agencies have authorized such a deduction for payment to the same

credit union.

(2) Parking fee deductions: PROVIDED, That payment is made for parking facilities furnished by the agency or by the department of general administration.

(3) U.S. savings bond deductions: PROVIDED, That a person within the particular agency shall be appointed to act as trustee. The trustee will receive all contributions; purchase and deliver all bond certificates; and keep such records and furnish such bond or security as will render full accountability for all bond contributions.

(4) Board, lodging or uniform deductions when such board, lodging and uniforms are furnished by the state, or deductions for academic tuitions or fees or scholarship contributions payable to

the employing institution.

(5) Dues and other fees deductions: PROVIDED, That the deduction is for payment of membership dues to any professional organization formed primarily for public employees or college and university professors: AND PROVIDED, FURTHER, That twenty-five or more employees of a single state agency, or a total of one hundred or more state employees of several agencies have authorized such a deduction for payment to the same professional organization.

(6) Labor or employee organization dues may be deducted in the event that a payroll deduction is not provided under a collective bargaining agreement under the provisions of RCW 41.06.150: PROVIDED, That twenty-five or more officers or employees of a single agency, or a total of one hundred or more officers or employees of several agencies have authorized such a deduction for payment to the same labor or employee organization: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That labor or employee organizations with five hundred or more members in state government may have payroll deduction for employee benefit programs.

(7) ((Voluntary deductions for political committees duly registered with the public disclosure commission and/or the federal election commission: PROVIDED, That twenty-five or more officers or employees of a single agency or a total of one hundred or more officers or employees of several agencies have authorized such a deduction for payment to the same political committee.

(8))) Insurance contributions to the authority for payment of premiums under contracts authorized by the state health care authority.

Deductions from salaries and wages of public officers and employees other than those enumerated in this section or by other law, may be authorized by the director of financial management for purposes clearly related to state employment or goals and objectives of the agency and for plans authorized by the state health care authority.

The authority to make deductions from the salaries and wages of public officers and employees as provided for in this section shall be in addition to such other authority as may be provided by law: PROVIDED, That the state or any department, division, or separate agency of the state shall not be liable to any insurance carrier or contractor for the failure to make or transmit any such deduction.

## PART VI POLITICAL EXPENDITURE AND CONTRIBUTION REPORTING

Sec. 27. INDEPENDENT EXPENDITURE ANNUAL REPORTING. RCW 42.17.180 and 1990 c 139 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every employer of a lobbyist registered under this chapter during the preceding calendar year and every person other than an



individual that made contributions aggregating to more than ten thousand dollars or independent expenditures aggregating to more than five hundred dollars during the preceding calendar year shall file with the commission on or before ((March 31st)) the last day of February of each year a statement disclosing for the preceding calendar year the following information:

(a) The name of each state elected official and the name of each candidate for state office who was elected to the office and any member of the immediate family of those persons to whom the ((employer)) person reporting has paid any compensation in the amount of five hundred dollars or more during the preceding calendar year for personal employment or professional services, including professional services rendered by a corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, union, or other entity in which the person holds any office, directorship, or any general partnership interest, or an ownership interest of ten percent or more, the value of the compensation in accordance with the reporting provisions set out in RCW 42.17.241(2), and the consideration given or performed in exchange for the compensation.

(b) The name of each state elected official, successful candidate for state office, or members of his immediate family to whom the ((lobbyist employer)) person reporting made expenditures, directly or indirectly, either through a lobbyist or otherwise, the amount of the expenditures and the purpose for the expenditures. For the purposes of this subsection, the term expenditure shall not include any expenditure made by the employer in the ordinary course of business if the expenditure is not made for the purpose of influencing, honoring, or benefiting the elected official, successful candidate, or member of his immediate family, as an elected official or candidate.

(c) The total expenditures made by the ((employer)) person reporting for lobbying purposes, whether through or on behalf of a registered lobbyist or otherwise.

(d) All contributions made to a ((candidate for state office, to a)) political committee supporting or opposing a candidate for state office, or to a political committee supporting or opposing a statewide ballot proposition. Such contributions shall be identified by the name and the address of the recipient and the aggregate amount contributed to each such recipient.

(e) The name and address of each registered lobbyist employed by the ((employer)) person reporting and the total expenditures made by ((the employer)) such person for each such lobbyist for lobbying purposes.

(f) The names, offices sought, and party affiliations of candidates for state offices supported or opposed by independent expenditures of the person reporting and the amount of each such expenditure.

(g) The identifying proposition number and a brief description of any state-wide ballot proposition supported or opposed by expenditures not reported under (d) of this subsection and the amount of each such expenditure.

(h) Such other information as the commission prescribes by rule.

(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, an employer of a lobbyist registered under this chapter shall file a special report

with the commission if the employer makes a contribution or contributions aggregating more than one hundred dollars in a calendar month to any one of the following: A candidate, elected official, officer or employee of an agency, or political committee. The report shall identify the date and amount of each such contribution and the name of the candidate, elected official, agency officer or employee, or political committee receiving the contribution or to be benefited by the contribution. The report shall be filed on a form prescribed by the commission and shall be filed within fifteen days after the last day of the calendar month during which the contribution was made.

(b) The provisions of (a) of this subsection do not apply to a contribution which is made through a registered lobbyist and reportable under RCW 42.17.170.

#### PART VII PENALTIES

Sec. 28. PENALTIES. RCW 42.17.390 and 1973 c 1 s 39 are each amended to read as follows:

((<del>(1)</del>)) One or more of the following civil remedies and sanctions may be imposed by court order in addition to any other remedies provided by law:

(((a))) (1) If the court finds that the violation of any provision of this chapter by any candidate or political committee probably affected the outcome of any election, the result of said election may be held void and a special election held within sixty days of such finding. Any action to void an election shall be commenced within one year of the date of the election in question. It is intended that this remedy be imposed freely in all appropriate cases to protect the right of the electorate to an informed and knowledgeable vote.

((<del>(b)</del>)) (<u>2</u>) If any lobbyist or sponsor of any grass roots lobbying campaign violates any of the provisions of this chapter, his registration may be revoked or suspended and he may be enjoined from receiving compensation or making expenditures for lobbying: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That imposition of such sanction shall not excuse said lobbyist from filing statements and reports required by this chapter.

((<del>(c)</del>)) (3) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter may be subject to a civil penalty of not more than ten thousand dollars for each such violation. However, a person or entity who violates section 4 of this act may be subject to a civil penalty of ten thousand dollars or three times the amount of the contribution illegally made or accepted, whichever is greater.

(((d))) (4) Any person who fails to file a properly completed statement or report within the time required by this chapter may be subject to a civil penalty of ten dollars per day for each day each such delinquency continues.

((<del>(e)</del>)) (5) Any person who fails to report a contribution or expenditure may be subject to a civil penalty equivalent to the amount he failed to report.

((<del>(f))</del>) (6) The court may enjoin any person to prevent the doing of any act herein prohibited, or to compel the performance of any act required herein.

## PART VIII PUBLIC DISCLOSURE COMMISSION

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 29. COMMISSION AUDITS. The commission shall conduct a sufficient number of audits and field investigations so as to provide a statistically valid finding regarding



the degree of compliance with the provisions of this chapter by all required filers.

### PART IX

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 30. DEFINITIONS. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.

- (2) "Gift" means a rendering of money, property, services, discount, loan forgiveness, payment of indebtedness, reimbursements from or payments by persons, other than the state of Washington or an agency or political subdivision thereof, for travel or anything else of value in excess of fifty dollars in return for which legal consideration of equal or greater value is not given and received but does not include:
- (a) A contribution that is required to be reported under RCW 42.17.090 or 42.17.243;
- (b) Informational material that is transferred for the purpose of informing the recipient about matters pertaining to official agency business, and that is not intended to financially benefit that recipient;
- (c) A symbolic presentation that is not intended to financially benefit the recipient;
- (d) An honorarium that is required to be reported under this chapter;
- (e) Hosting in the form of entertainment, meals, or refreshments, the value of which does not exceed fifty dollars, furnished in connection with official appearances, official ceremonies, and occasions where official agency business is discussed;
- (f) Gifts that are not used and that, within thirty days after receipt, are returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization without being claimed as a charitable contribution for tax purposes;
  - (g) Intrafamily gifts; or
- (h) Gifts received in the normal course of private business or social interaction that are not related to public policy decisions or agency actions.
- Sec. 31. PUBLIC OFFICIAL ANNUAL REPORTING OF "GIFTS." RCW 42.17.240 and 1989 c 158 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Every elected official and every executive state officer shall after January 1st and before April 15th of each year file with the commission a statement of financial affairs for the preceding calendar year. However, any local elected official whose term of office expires immediately after December 31st shall file the statement required to be filed by this section for the year that ended on that December 31st. In addition to and in conjunction with the statement of financial affairs, every official and officer shall file a statement describing any gifts received during the preceding calendar year.
  - (2) Every candidate shall within two weeks of becoming a

candidate file with the commission a statement of financial affairs for the preceding twelve months.

(3) Every person appointed to a vacancy in an elective office or executive state officer position shall within two weeks of being so appointed file with the commission a statement of financial affairs for the preceding twelve months.

(4) A statement of a candidate or appointee filed during the period from January 1st to April 15th shall cover the period from January 1st of the preceding calendar year to the time of candidacy or appointment if the filing of the statement would relieve the individual of a prior obligation to file a statement covering the entire preceding calendar year.

(5) No individual may be required to file more than once in any calendar year.

(6) Each statement of financial affairs filed under this section shall be sworn as to its truth and accuracy.

(7) For the purposes of this section, the term "executive state officer" includes those listed in RCW 42.17.2401.

(8) This section does not apply to incumbents or candidates for a federal office or the office of precinct committee officer.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. LOBBYIST NOTIFICATION OF GIFTS. When a listing or a report of contributions is made to the commission under RCW 42.17.170(2)(c), a copy of the listing or report must be given to the candidate, elected official, professional staff member of the legislature, or officer or employee of an agency, or a political committee supporting or opposing a ballot proposition named in the listing or report.

## PART X MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. CODIFICATION DIRECTIONS. (1) Sections 1 through 19 of this act are each added to chapter 42.17 RCW as a subchapter and codified with the subchapter heading of "CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTION LIMITATIONS."

(2) Sections 23 through 25, 29, 30, and 32 of this act are each added to chapter 42.17 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. CAPTIONS. Section captions and part headings used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 35. REPEALER. RCW 42.17.243 and 1977 ex.s. c 336 s 5 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 36. SHORT TITLE. This act may be known and cited as the Fair Campaign Practices Act.

#### LANGUAGE ASSISTANCE

In many instances, assistance can be provided to those who have difficulty reading this pamphlet because their primary language is not English. For more information, call the Secretary of State Voter Information Hotline at 1-800-448-4881.





Bill CLINTON Democrat

Campaign Address: Clinton/Gore '92 1507 3rd Avenue Seattle, WA 98101 Telephone: (206) 233-9024



Al GORE Democrat

It's time for a change. It's time to get our economy moving again. Our government has failed our people. For twelve years now, the Republicans have cut taxes for the rich and raised taxes on the rest of us. Good jobs have disappeared. Health care is beyond the reach of millions. Schools have declined. Our streets and neighborhoods are more dangerous. And the Republicans have done nothing.

We can't afford four more years of a President without a vision.

We have a bold new plan to fight for what Americans deserve: good jobs, quality health care, world-class education and safe neighborhoods. Middle-class Americans will finally have leaders who are on their side. We will put people first for a change.

That means reviving our economy. Our plan to rebuild America will create a high-wage, high-skill economy for the post-Cold War era, and give defense workers the transition help they deserve. We'll stop the tax breaks for corporations that ship jobs overseas — but we'll give incentives to those that invest at home. The wealthiest 2 percent will have to pay their fair share — but the middle class will get tax relief. And those on welfare will get the training they need — but after two years they'll have to go to work.

Putting people first means rejecting the false choice between protecting jobs and preserving the environment. America can only achieve a strong economy if we have a clean, safe environment. We will work for both.

Putting people first means making health care a right, not a privilege. We will guarantee affordable, quality care for every American — and take on the health care industry to bring costs down.

Putting people first means educating our people — from the nursery school playground to the factory shop floor. We'll establish tough national standards for K-12 education and reduce class size. We'll make sure high school graduates get the skills they need, and require companies to invest in worker training. And we'll give all Americans the chance to borrow for college — and ask them to serve their communities in return.

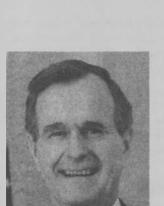
Putting people first means standing up for victims and getting tough with criminals. Our plan will put 100,000 new police officers on our streets, and put beat cops back in our neighborhoods. We'll keep handguns out of the hands of criminals. And we'll reduce demand for drugs by increasing treatment and education.

Putting people first means putting everyday Americans back in control of government: fighting the special interests, cutting bureaucracy, and achieving real campaign reform. We will make the tough choices and do what's right.

And putting people first means uniting Americans behind the hope we share — that we can build a better future for our nation. We won't serve the special interests. We will create opportunity and demand responsibility. We won't blame others when we do not succeed. We will work tirelessly for the American people.

We offer real change and new hope. We will put people first for a change.





George BUSH Republican

Campaign Address: Bush-Quayle '92 2821 Northrup Way Bellevue, WA 98004 Telephone: (206) 889-2874



Dan QUAYLE Republican

George Bush

In 1980 I came to Washington, D.C. as part of a team committed to restoring American pride and freeing our nation from the politics of malaise. I want to continue that mission:

I will work to get our economy moving at full speed and continue to fight for jobs, low taxes and economic opportunity for every American.

I believe in *traditional* values of family, opportunity, safety, and freedom. I believe changes must be made so parents, not bureaucrats, make the important choices about the education of our children.

I believe we must make changes to restore a government America can be proud of. Government is too big and costs too much.

I will continue to seek a balance between the critical efforts to save the spotted owl while creating jobs and allowing economic prosperity to flourish in the Pacific Northwest.

I will continue my strong commitment to the North America Free Trade Agreement which will create jobs and boost our economy. Washington State exemplifies the significance of this agreement with a 54% increase in exports to Canada between 1987 and 1990.

Together, we won the Cold War and ushered in a new, exciting world. While yesterday's challenges are behind us, tomorrow's are yet to be born.

As someone who served with pride in the Second World War and led this country through Desert Storm, I know we can meet any challenge.

Americans need a president they can trust to shape the hard decisions of tomorrow — someone with the values and experience to guide this great nation through many seasons of change.

I know the pressures and responsibilities of leading America and will devote my energy to reaching these challenges by moving forward, always forward. Together, we will enter the 21st century with progress, prosperity and the promise of a peaceful tomorrow.

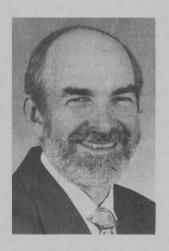
Dan Quayle

Today, we maintain our commitment of peace and prosperity with an agenda that addresses the many challenges and opportunities America will face in the future.

- Our agenda is one of decentralization, reform and reducing the role of government in the everyday lives of people.
- We believe in revitalizing education, empowering individuals and communities and strengthening the family.
- The Bush Administration is committed to the expansion of American trade.
- When it comes to health care reform and child care programs, we want parents to make the important decisions — all the decisions.
- In the battle of over-regulation, our Administration maintains a firm commitment to ending the excessive cost and delay of our civil justice system. Through the Competitiveness Council and regulatory reform efforts, we have brought meaningful change that has yielded \$20 billion in annual savings, creating or saving some 200,000 jobs nationwide.
- We believe that the cycle of welfare dependency must be reduced.
   Our Administration has established new initiatives that get people off welfare rolls and into jobs.

Republicans have led the world to freedom and democracy with the end of the Cold War — and we will lead America to prosperity during the next four years.





Andre MARROU Libertarian Party

LORD
Libertarian Party

Nancy

Campaign Address: The Marrou/Lord Campaign 1528 Pennsylvania Avenue S.E. Washington, D.C. 20003 Telephone: (202) 546-6095 ROO') believes that Thomas Jefferson's words still ring true in 1992: "That government is best which governs least."

Democrats and Republicans have brought us soaring budgets, tax

Democrats and Republicans have brought us soaring budgets, tax increases, erosion of our civil liberties, an enormous bureaucracy and interference in the affairs of other nations.

Libertarian presidential nominee Representative Andre Marrou (Mah-

Many government programs have brought counterproductive results. For example, instead of improving the lives of the poor, anti-poverty programs have created generations of welfare families and an expensive welfare bureaucracy.

It's time for a change.

Andre Marrou understands that the best way to create more jobs and increase personal income is to reduce taxes and eliminate burdensome regulations.

Libertarians believe that government should be limited to protecting individuals from force and fraud. Libertarians place a high value on both personal freedom and economic liberty. Regardless of the issue, Libertarians oppose the use of government force against peaceful and honest individuals.

The positions of Andre Marrou are based on the platform of the Libertarian Party. The platform does not change to accommodate the political climate of the day. It is a document based on the principles of individual liberty and private property, which are the foundations of The Declaration of Independence and the Constitution, including the Bill of Rights.

Libertarians favor the privatization of many government services, which usually reduces their costs, improves quality and increases the choices available to consumers.

Andre Marrou supports: • phasing out the income tax; • ending the deficit by eliminating wasteful and unnecessary programs; • ending corporate subsidies; • having Japan and Germany provide for their own defense; • holding polluters fully liable for the environmental damage they cause; • holding violent criminals responsible for their actions; • a woman's right to choose an abortion, but Marrou opposes government funded abortions; • tuition tax credits as a step toward reducing costs, improving educational quality and increasing choices for students.

George Bush pledged in 1988: "Read my lips - no new taxes." He lied. Instead, he raised taxes and has given us the largest deficits in history.

Bill Clinton claims to be the candidate of "change." But his party has controlled Congress for decades, and is largely responsible for the financial mess our country is in.

There is an old saying: "If you always do what you've always done, you'll always get what you've always gotten." Do not waste your vote this November.

Vote for Libertarian candidates to demonstrate that you are fed up with the taxes, spending, deficits and bureaucracy imposed upon us by the Democrats and the Republicans. Vote for Andre Marrou and Nancy Lord, the only candidates challenging the status quo.

Andre Marrou was referred to as the "conscience of the legislature" when he served in the Alaska House of Representatives. He has a degree in engineering from MIT and currently works as a real estate broker.

His running mate, Dr. Nancy Lord has degrees in medicine and law and is an attorney specializing in medical-legal and constitutional issues.

For information, call toll free: 1-800-682-1776.





James WARREN Socialist Workers Party

Campaign Address: Socialist Workers 1992 Illinois Campaign Committee 545 W. Roosevelt Road Chicago, IL 60607 Telephone: (312) 829-6815



Estelle
DeBATES
Socialist Workers
Party

Our opponents in this election have had a conspiracy of silence on the central issue in world politics: the fact that the imperialist war against Iraq last year was the opening guns of World War III.

At the center of the debate in U.S. ruling circles in this election year is how they can respond to the new world disorder accelerating out of the combined results of the war against Iraq, the fracturing of the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe, and economic trade wars being sharpened by the world depression affecting not only the Third World, but Europe, North America, and Japan as well.

The divisions among the candidates are simply over how best to unload more and more of the burden of the economic and social crisis onto the backs of working people around the world in a desperate attempt to salvage the crisis-ridden system of capitalism.

Washington's war moves against Iraq, North Korea, and Libya and its determination to remain the undisputed strategic military power in the world are current examples of this course.

Combined with the 1990-1992 "double-dip" recession, these events have sharpened competition and trade disputes between capitalists in Japan and the United States, within North America and Europe, and between the European Community and the United States.

If capitalism is not replaced by working people, the international conflict among the imperialist powers will eventuate in a third world war. This outcome can only be prevented by an international movement of workers and farmers that uncompromisingly fights to disarm the warmakers and defend the victims of their wars, racism, and economic depression. We call on Washington to get its warships, bombers, submarines, troops, and hit squads out of every corner of the globe.

The rulers' drive toward war mirrors their attacks at home, which for more than a decade have driven down the real wages and living conditions of working people. Both the Democrats and Republicans, the parties of big-business, have a common fundamental domestic policy. Under the impact of the deepening social crisis, they have moved to the right and become more reactionary every year, challenging democratic rights, a woman's right to abortion, and Black rights won over the past 25 years.

Our campaign begins with the fact that the working class is international. We have common interests, face a common crisis, and have a common enemy. Our campaign will travel across the country and around the world with this message.

Working people can unite on a world scale to fight for protection from the ravages of the universal crisis of the market system. To this end we advance demands that defend the interests of all working people:

30 hours work for 40 hours pay Defend affirmative action Cancel the Third World debt





Lenora B.
FULANI
New Alliance Party

Campaign Address: Fulani for President 454 12th Street Seattle, WA 98122 Telephone: (206) 329-9540



Maria Elizabeth MUNOZ New Alliance Party

Since the first primaries were held in New Hampshire last February, the American people have been expressing their profound dissatisfaction with our political process, with the two major parties that maintain a stranglehold on that process, and with the lackluster candidates the two-party system produces. In survey after survey, the vast majority of people have said that they want more choices, that neither of the major parties represents them, that a fundamental restructuring of the political system is called for.

Clearly, independent politics is on the agenda in America. The issue is: what shape will it take? I am running as an independent candidate for president of the United States as part of a long term effort to open up our political process — to make it more fair, more inclusive, and more democratic.

I am an ardent advocate of civil rights for people of color, for lesbians and gay men, for the elderly and the disabled. I fully support the right of women to choose an abortion and the right of all workers to organize and to strike. I think that corporate polluters should clean up after themselves — and foot the bill. I oppose war.

I believe that the profound crisis of the American economy cannot be resolved without radically transforming the political environment: until the American people are included in economic decision-making, the professional politicians of the PAC-owned major parties will continue to enact public policy that puts trillions into the pockets of the military industrialists and the Wall Streeters while leaving us without solutions to the array of social problems that confront us: homelessness, AIDS, police brutality, drug-induced violence, and the scandalous absence of a national health care system.

The Perot phenomenon revealed that millions of white Americans — hit hard over the last five years by the economic crisis — would waste no time in breaking with the two governing parties if the opportunity arose. The Black community, the Latino community, the lesbian and gay community, women and workers — who have suffered bitterly for decades, even centuries — must make that break as well.

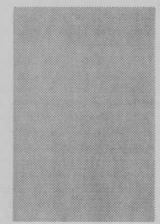
If two to three million Black, Latino, labor and gay voters from the liberal wing of the Democratic Party vote for me in November, and if they are joined by two to three million Perot supporters, we would have the beginnings of a new, broad-based electoral majority that could win the White House (and a lot else besides) in 1996.

I urge you to vote independent in 1992 because political independence is America's future. I urge you to vote for me so that together the ordinary people of this country can shape our future in the light of a progressive and humane social vision.





James "Bo" GRITZ Populist Party



Cy MINETT Populist Party

Campaign Address: Populist Party of Washington - Bo Gritz 1916 Pike Place #695 Seattle, WA 98101 Telephone: (206) 781-5617 As president I will contract with you, thereby promising in writing the following:

- 1) I will return us to a stable economy by getting rid of the private corporation, the Federal Reserve (FED). The FED charges us interest on our own money. It has never been audited.
- 2) Eliminate the income tax. Return to the Constitution and impose tariffs, excise taxes and impose taxes. According to Reagan's Grace Report released in 1984 not one dollar of personal income tax goes to the U.S. Government. It goes to pay the interest due the Federal Reserve.
- 3) Stop all foreign aid. We must put America back on her feet and heal her before we help others. Our people are suffering and must not be ignored by the government any longer. It must be America First!

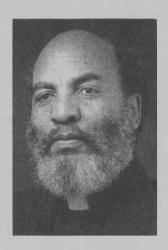
The election of 1992 will be the most important in the history of the United States! The voters will have only two choices...they will choose either the New World Order of George Bush and Bill Clinton, as they both have the same agenda, or select a party that will stop the headlong plunge into disaster. The American people can no longer afford the huge national debt with its billion dollar a day interest. Ownership of our money must be wrested from the private corporation known as the Federal Reserve. The debt money system *must* be eliminated, and replaced with debt free U.S. Bills that will freely circulate in our economy. Without this huge national debt, collection of taxes will no longer be necessary.

The giving away of our money to foreign and unfriendly nations must stop—it is simply America First! With Bo Gritz as your president, you can be sure that these actions will be taken, we will sign a contract to that effect. Has any other candidate offered to do this. Aren't you tired of broken promises like "no new taxes." Give us a chance to prove to you that America can be great again. A vote for Bush or Clinton will give you more of the same only this time The New World Order will insure that you won't get the chance to vote again.





Lyndon H. LaROUCHE, Jr. Independent



James L. BEVEL Independent

Lyndon LaRouche's program for ending the economic depression and building a productive future for all Americans:

LaRouche would reverse the disastrous shift to post-industrial policies begun in the mid-1960s. Beginning with nationalizing the Federal Reserve and converting it into a National Bank of the United States, the federal government will issue over \$600 billion in low-cost credit to state and federal authorities for infrastructural public works. This will create 3 million jobs in the public sector, and 3 million jobs among private sector vendors to the government.

The increase in the tax-revenue base and the growth of our national economy that will result is the only way to provide the economic and social justice to which all Americans are entitled, and to which LaRouche is deeply committed.

Components of the LaRouche program for economic revival:

 Large-scale water improvement projects including the North American Water and Power Alliance (NAWAPA). NAWAPA alone would provide 135 billion gallons of water per day for the U.S.: enough water to satisfy the thirst of the biggest industrial recovery in the history of America.

 The rebuilding of our transportation grid, especially our rail system, emphasizing rapid transit systems, including Maglev, in the densely populated areas of the country. Maintenance and some expansion of our existing highways, roads and ports.

• The construction of the energy grid needed to power an industrial recovery, including nuclear energy, with our ultimate goal being fusion power development. Only fusion energy can guarantee the vast energy and raw materials needed for the next century.

 The creation of a new healthcare-delivery infrastructure, integrating public and voluntary hospitals and clinics with the private medical profession. The whole system, public and private, would be organized to provide adequate health care for every community in this nation.

• Education must return to the classics (emphasizing languages, geometry, etc.) and not be based on rehearsing our children to pass multiple-choice, questionnaire tests. Institute a new version of the Civilian Conservation Corps of the 1930s, not based on digging ditches, but upon exposing our youth to the most advanced technologies to be used in the infrastructure programs outlined above.

 A science-driver, to fuel industrial productivity, such as a longrange buildup toward the colonization of Mars.

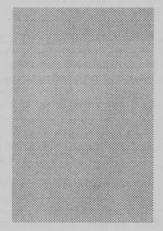
LaRouche's Vice Presidential running mate, veteran civil rights leader Rev. James Bevel, a founder of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee and Direct Action Coordinator for the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, states:

"It is urgently necessary to build an independent people's movement based on the U.S. Constitution and the Declaration of Independence. America has been criminalized by the way it votes. The person who votes for the lesser of two evils, votes for evil. And not voting is a crime of omission. The people must ensure that the self-evident truths of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness, survive. This requires a moral economic policy, based on the Christian idea of love."





Ross PEROT Independent



James STOCKDALE Independent

Campaign Address: United We Stand, America-Perot Petition Committee P.O. Box 19092 Seattle, WA 98109 Telephone: (206) 223-0062 Ross Perot, a businessman we want as President, and James Stockdale, an educator we want as Vice President, have started a revolutionary change in the way America governs itself. You, the voter, are the key to that change. Many heard the message and responded by registering and voting in the primary election in record numbers. 53,734 of you wrote in Ross's name in the presidential preference primary in March and even more of you signed petitions (on one day) to put his name on the ballot in Washington State when only 200 signatures were needed.

From that initial wide-spread support it was obvious that Washington voters and their counterparts across the country were unhappy with government and politics as usual. As Mr. Perot entered "the race" it became more obvious that the candidates selected by the two party system were more intent on character assassination than on issues and problem solving. On July 16th Mr. Perot stepped back from active campaigning in hopes of forcing the Democrats and Republicans to face up to the annual deficit in excess of \$380,000,000,000 (that is \$380 billion) and the four trillion dollar national debt. From a position on the sidelines Mr. Perot prodded them into at least talking about the deficit, however, neither President Bush nor Governor Clinton presented a comprehensive workable plan. The "Wall Street Journal" tells us that both of their plans are hundreds of billions out of balance. Ross wrote and published his own plan United We Stand: How We Can Take Back Our Country. You have responded by buying the book in record numbers and putting it on top of the New York Times best seller list. We all want our country back. We are willing to make the tough choices necessary to pass on the American Dream to our children.

When you finish reading this Voters Pamphlet ask yourself if the congressional and senatorial candidates have addressed the important issues and have what it takes to make the changes necessary. In his book Mr. Perot outlines the ABC's of his platform - Accountability, Balance, and Courage. Please read it. For further information, call the state headquarters in Seattle at (206) 223-0062 or the Spokane headquarters at (509) 326-8089 for help.

It is time for YOU to pick leaders who will work for YOU rather than PAC's or special interests. We don't need leaders who will just cash in, we need leaders who will help US take back OUR country. Let this be the year YOU vote for YOUR children and grandchildren.





Ron DANIELS Independent



Asiba TUPAHACHE Independent

Campaign Address: Washington State Campaign for a New Tomorrow P.O. Box 1182 Bothell, WA 98011 Telephone: (206) 754-7473

Feeling run-down? Worried about your future and your children's future? Wonder whether pulling the lever for the Democrats or Republicans will really make a difference?

Let's talk.

In the past fifteen years of Republican Presidents and Democrat-controlled Congresses we've seen:  Big Business disinvest in the United States and magnify its exploitation of foreign labor, moving hundreds of thousands of jobs out of the country, lowering wages and conditions for all working people.

An environment increasingly at risk.

 Our inner cities devastated by poverty, homelessness, poor schools, and police brutality.

 The Treasury looted by the savings and loan scandal and other welfare-for-the-rich boondoggles. Tax breaks for the wealthy, slashed services for everyone else.

 Civil rights threatened by Republican-appointed and Democratapproved extremists on the Supreme Court — especially a woman's right to control her body.

 Military funding for ultra-expensive, unnecessary weapons paid for with massive deficit spending that has mortgaged the well-being of children yet to be born.

 Racism, sexism, and homophobia by government officials encouraging discrimination and violence against women, people of color, lesbians, and gay men.

Neither party has changed its stripes. Both parties support the jobexporting, worker-degrading North American Free Trade Agreement. Neither party proposes nationalized health care, or major cuts in military spending, or job programs adequate to alleviate the horrendous conditions that caused the LA rebellion. In short, both parties are tied to the Corporate Vision of low wages and no unions, benefits, environmental safeguards, or other inconvenient "restrictions on trade."

Working people need at least *one* party to represent our interests. Ron Daniels and Asiba Tupahache offer a different vision for the future:

• A socially responsible economy with sustainable development to revitalize rural and urban areas: full employment, decent wages and benefits; nationalized health care; affordable housing; greater control by workers and communities over business, industry, finance, and commerce; right to unionize; progressive taxation.

Elimination of discrimination based on race, nationality, reli-

gion, sex, sexual orientation, age, or disability.

 Complete equality for women: full reproductive rights, pay equity, quality child care, paid pregnancy leave, support for ERA.

 Protection from the production and disposal of toxins poisoning our air, land, water, and food; environmentally safe jobs.

 Demilitarization and conversion to production for civilian needs by cutting military spending by 70%.

 Quality education for all: children as our priority; multicultural curriculums; free public colleges and universities.

 Restoration of treaty rights: economic justice for all Native American peoples.

Reparations for African Americans for slavery and continuing institutional discrimination.

 Peace and development foreign policy: self-determination of all peoples and nations; economic and technical assistance to underdeveloped countries; withdrawal of U.S. troops abroad; nuclear disarmament.

To realize this vision, we need a party and a movement for working people, independent of the Democrats and Republicans. Vote for your interests, not General Motors'. Vote Ron Daniels and Asiba Tupahache. Then get active and organize!



Every American family is the victim of "Great Society" policies advanced by White House Republicans and Congressional Democrats.

Since 1961, Federal expenditures have increased from less than \$100 billion to more than \$1.5 trillion annually.

Since 1973, our standard of living has declined steadily. Americans work harder, but have less real income.

Vastly increased government regulation has closed down businesses, raised costs, and eliminated jobs.

More than change drivers, we must change directions, with a "vision of victory" to put America back on the right track.

We offer every taxpayer a "Grand Bargain." Help us cut Federal spending by \$500 billion per year and we will abolish the IRS, so that you can keep all of the thousands of dollars you otherwise would be sending to Washington in income taxes.

George Bush's annual budget is fifty percent greater than Ronald Reagan's 1987 budget - just five years ago. It was \$1 trillion then. It's \$1.5 trillion now.

We can't afford it.

Last year, the income tax produced less than \$500 billion. Borrowing and other revenues made up the difference. If we cut spending by \$500 billion, we can cut taxes by \$500 billion.

That will encourage savings, investment, consumption, and jobs.

I will keep America first militarily and make sure that our foreign policy is designed to serve the interests of American taxpayers and workers, rather than the goals of international banks, multinational corporations, and foreign governments.

I favor capital punishment. The answer to violent crime is not more prisons, but more executions. I will veto funds for those judges who thwart capital punishment or release dangerous felons.

As the former director of the United States Office of Economic Opportunity, I am the only non-incumbent candidate who has ever headed a major Federal agency—and the only Federal executive who, in office, launched a major effort to eliminate programs and cut spending in areas for which he was directly responsible.

The Taxpayers Party platform is based on the Bible and the Constitution of the United States, which establishes that all powers not explicitly delegated to the Federal government are reserved to the states and the people — that means you.

We are pro-jobs, pro-growth, and pro-life.

I will appoint no Federal judge who fails to publicly proclaim his acknowledgement that every unborn child is a human person created in God's image—entitled to full constitutional protections.

As Chairman of The Conservative Caucus and the U.S. Taxpayers Alliance, I've worked for limited government, traditional family values, and victory over Communism. I have fought against New World Order transfers of resources and authority to the World Bank, the IMF, and the United Nations. I have led national campaigns to block treaties which undermine U.S. liberty and security (Panama Canal, SALT II, INF, etc.).

As President, I would work to repeal quotas, to restore parental control of education, to cut off tax dollars for Planned Parenthood, to defeat gun control schemes, to end foreign aid, and to stop Federal subsidies for homosexuality.



Howard PHILLIPS Party



Albion W. KNIGHT, Jr. Washington Taxpayers Washington Taxpayers Party

Campaign Address: **Taxpayers for Phillips** 9520 Bent Creek Lane Vienna, VA 22182 Telephone: 1 (800) 2-VETO-IRS





John HAGELIN Natural Law Party



Mike TOMPKINS Natural Law Party

Campaign Address: Dr. John Hagelin for President Committee 51 W. Washington Street Fairfield, IA 52556 Telephone: (515) 472-2040 The Natural Law Party was established to "bring the light of science into politics"—to introduce the most advanced, scientifically proven solutions to the nation's pressing problems.

Dr. John Hagelin, Presidential candidate, is a Harvard-trained quantum physicist and a world authority in unified field theories.

Economy: Cost-effective solutions to national problems of rising crime, spiralling health care costs, rehabilitation, etc., will eliminate the budget deficit and retire the national debt, while lowering taxes significantly. Reduced taxes will stimulate the economy, cut unemployment, and provide the basis for long-term economic growth and prosperity.

Energy and environment: Under appropriate government policies, environment and economy are not at odds. The Natural Law Party will support the development of new jobs and industries in energy conservation, renewable energy, sustainable agriculture, and related fields that will further the interests of both the economy and the environment.

Health care: Extensive research shows that prevention oriented health education and prevention oriented natural medicine will provide better health and cut health care costs by more than half. The resulting savings of hundreds of billions of dollars will allow government to ensure high quality health care to the 35 million Americans who currently do not qualify for Medicaid and cannot afford the high cost of private insurance.

Education: The Natural Law Party promotes educational programs that directly unfold intelligence, creativity, moral reasoning, and higher states of consciousness. Because such education is highly relevant to the student's own life, it will put an end to the growing attrition from our nation's schools and colleges. This will eliminate functional and technological illiteracy, and will substantially boost our national productivity and international competitiveness.

Crime, violence, drugs, and the inner city: The Natural Law Party supports effective job training, technical training, and management training programs, combined with practical programs to develop an individual's intelligence and full creative potential. The Natural Law Party also promotes proven programs to dissolve accumulated stress in the inner city environments. Such programs, including Transcendental Meditation, have been shown to relieve not only the physiological symptoms of stress, such as high blood pressure, but to reduce symptoms of societal stress, such as crime, violence, accidents, and hospital admissions, and to promote positive trends throughout society.

Defense and foreign policy: The Natural Law Party offers a scientifically proven peace creating technology, which will help to ensure increasingly peaceful and harmonious relationships among the family of nations. This technology will allow defense spending to be responsibly cut, and can thereby ensure a steadily growing "peace dividend" that can be used for more life-supporting programs at home and abroad.

The Natural Law Party believes that U.S. foreign policy should shift immediately from one based principally on military aid to a foreign policy based on the exportation of knowledge. American expertise in areas such as business administration and agriculture, supplemented where necessary with economic support, will allow many developing countries to become financially self-sufficient, eliminate hunger and poverty, and create a more affluent and prosperous world.

## **United States Senator**





Patty
MURRAY
Democrat
Campaign Address:
People for Patty Murray
P.O. Box 3662
Seattle, WA 98124
Telephone: (206) 621-0611

Patty Murray will bring the voice of working people to the U.S. Senate. She has a proven record as an effective legislator, committed to making government work for *all* people. As a State Senator, she fought to pass legislation ranging from education to family leave, from safe neighborhoods to health care. As a U.S. Senator, she offers the voice for real change in our national government.

Restoring the economy and reducing the \$4 trillion debt are critical issues. A *long-term* economic plan which includes a shift in R&D funding from military to civilian technologies, investment in infrastructure, education, and manufacturing must be implemented. We must reduce the military budget by at least \$100 billion over the next five years, increase job training, reform the tax system, and reduce skyrocketing health care costs.

The success of the economy is dependent on our ability to provide jobs and educated workers for the future. Government, industry and academia must join forces to provide leadership committed to educational excellence.

The federal government must implement health care reform. Patty Murray will work to reform the health care system to provide strict cost-containment mechanisms and increase access. Health care decisions must be taken out of the hands of insurance companies, and returned to individuals and their health care providers.

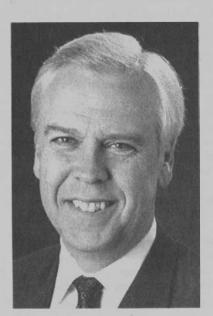
Patty Murray will strive for workplace policies where people are not forced to choose between their job and their loved ones in times of crisis.

The environment and economy should not be in opposition to each other. Our future success is dependent on our ability to balance the health of both. Patty Murray will work to find that balance.

Patty Murray believes that with common sense, courage and leadership, real people can meet the challenges of the future. She is a voice for real change.



### **United States Senator**



Rod CHANDLER Republican Campaign Address: Chandler 92 P.O. Box 5755 Bellevue, WA 98006 Telephone: (206) 454-1166

Rod Chandler has a clear agenda for change. As our next United States Senator, Rod will work to control spending, reform health care, create jobs and change the liberal ways of Congress.

Control Spending

Rod supports the Balanced Budget Amendment to the Constitution and the Line-Item Veto. He has voted consistently for across-the-board-spending cuts. Rod also sponsored the Sunset Act for government programs (except Social Security) that would make them justify their existence every five years or go out of business.

Reform Health Care

Rod is fighting for dramatic health care reforms that retain our rights to choose our own doctors, control costs, expand access, and limit lawyers' fees in medical malpractice cases. He does not support creating another huge, inefficient government bureaucracy to run our health care system.

Create Jobs

Rod's economic blueprint for change will create jobs. He supports an investment tax crèdit and a capital gains tax cut to foster growth. Rod is an activist for agriculture, electronic, aerospace and forest product exports. And, he favors balancing environmental regulation with concern for people and their jobs.

Change Congress

Rod supports national term limits of 12 years. He also believes we must require Congress to live under the same laws it imposes on the rest of our families and businesses.

Rod Chandler's life has prepared him to turn the U.S. Senate into a place of action. He was born in a rural community, started his own small business, and together with his wife, Joyce, raised two children.

In 1974, he ran a grassroots campaign for the state House, and won. Eight years later, he won a hard fought campaign for Congress. Now, Rod wants to fight for us in the United States Senate.

Rod Chandler, he stands out because he stands up for change.

### **First Congressional District**





Maria CANTWELL

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Maria Cantwell for Congress
P.O. Box 144
Mountlake Terrace, WA 98043
Telephone: (206) 485-6780

It's time to quit talking and get serious about the economic health of this country. Maria Cantwell is committed to realistic measures to reduce the federal deficit and grow the American economy.

Cantwell is also committed to and has been a leader in the State

Legislature for efforts to reform our health care system. Congress must enact basic health care for all citizens. Cantwell will work for education improvements and better job training opportunities to prepare the next generation for the global economy. Just as she did in Olympia, Cantwell will be an outspoken advocate in Congress for mass transit and for help for needed transportation projects in our suburban communities.

No young legislator has been so universally praised by the media, her constituents and colleagues. Just look at what some of them had to say about Cantwell.

"...perhaps the brightest and best in the Legislature" Seattle Times columnist

"...young ideas with classic commitment" KIRO-TV

"...a tough negotiator" Seattle P-I

Maria Cantwell demonstrated in Olympia that she can get things done and make change happen. Her leadership took the state's landmark efforts to manage growth and transportation needs from a dream into a reality that is law today. She led state efforts to provide responsible economic growth and jobs for the next generation.

Cantwell will push for campaign reform, and work to reduce the size of the Congressional staff.

Cantwell has made a contract with 1st district voters. She'll make things happen on key issues such as health care and the deficit or she won't continue to run for reelection. Cantwell is the candidate who is running to do the job, not just to hold political office.



Gary
NELSON
Republican
Campaign Address:
Gary Nelson for Congress
20224 Ballinger Way N.E.
Seattle, WA 98155
Telephone: (206) 363-1111

A family man, Gary with his wife of 33 years, JoAnne, have raised three sons in the community. Like most parents, he wants to see children better prepared for the real world. This means restructuring the education system and giving parents and teachers a greater say about how, where and what children will learn.

A businessman, Gary is well prepared to help craft an economic plan that will provide incentives for the private sector to create new jobs and protect existing ones. A plan that will improve Americans' standard of living with sustainable and higher paying jobs.

A citizen-legislator, Gary has served on the Planning Commission, the City Council, in the State House of Representatives and currently in the State Senate, where he is the Law & Justice Committee chair.

He is best known for his sponsorship of laws to protect victims of stalkers, domestic violence, sexual predators and child assault, as well as increasing penalties for crimes of violence. Most important, he has proven he has the will to do what's right.

A community volunteer, Gary has a long standing commitment to helping people. His 30-year history includes involvement with seniors, youth, the hungry, the physically and the mentally challenged.

Gary knows first-hand how devastating long-term illness can be to a family. He is dedicated to creating a national health care policy that will make medical care affordable to everyone.

A veteran who served on active duty in the U.S. Air Force, Gary is committed to providing jobs for veterans and out-of-work Americans due to defense cut-backs.

A *native* and lifelong resident of Washington, Gary is concerned about preserving the quality of the environment. One way is to make the polluters — not the taxpayers — pay for the cost of clean-up.



#### **First Congressional District**



Patrick L. RUCKERT Independent

Our nation and the world face the greatest crisis of the twentieth century: economic collapse and escalating international chaos verging on a new world war. Republicans and Democrats neither recognize the crisis nor offer solutions. We Independent candidates do.

The depression will end only with a large-scale infrastructure construction program and by ending the Federal Reserve's control over credit. As Lyndon LaRouche advises, we must turn the Fed into

a National Bank to issue cheap credit for manufacturing and agriculture.

Nearly one trillion dollars will create six million jobs in the following areas:

A massive project to bring water from Alaska to the entire West. Building magnetically-levitated train systems and repairing highways and bridges.

Building fission plants while we develop fusion and fund "cold fusion" research.

Building hospitals and schools.

Launching a Mars colonization program, revolutionizing our industrial technologies and increasing the productivity of the entire economy.

This program will expand the tax base sufficiently to eliminate the deficit over the coming years. In a depression, budget cuts and more taxes will not.

Internationally, America can do what is right, and in our interest, by rejecting colonial-type debt collection schemes of the International Monetary Fund and free trade frauds like NAFTA. Real development of the "Third World" and former East Bloc is a priority. We must repudiate our government's hypocritical grandstanding war threats against defeated Iraq, while tolerating genocide against Croatia and Bosnia.

We must eliminate white-collar drug crime. The Contras' drugtrafficking was sanctioned by the government. Banks caught laundering money get their wrists slapped, while those who tell the truth about this are called "extremists," labelled "anti-semitic," and jailed.

Cultural degeneracy and environmental extremism must be fought with morality and hope.

Vote for the good, not the lesser of two evils. Vote Independent.



Anne
FLEMING
Natural Law Party

Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect Anne Fleming
12233 80th Avenue N.E.
Kirkland, WA 98034
Telephone: (206) 823-6214

I have a vision for a better life for all the people of this country, my community, and my family—a crime-free, disease-free, and problem-free life that is in harmony with natural law.

Natural law is the intelligence that nature uses to govern itself,

with perfect orderliness, efficiency and without problem. When our lives are in harmony with natural law then we enjoy harmony and order in every area of life. But there is a growing stress and tension prevailing in our country today, causing all the serious problems such as crime and ill health.

As a first step, the Natural Law Party will examine and adopt proven programs to immediately reduce stress and create harmony in our nation.

Once this foundation of harmony and reduced stress is laid, we will immediately implement any scientifically successful program that will solve problems and create a good influence in every area of society. This approach will save the taxpayers billions of dollars annually, allowing for lower taxes, a more balanced budget, and stimulated economic growth.

I will support: prevention-oriented health care and prevention-oriented health education; crime prevention, effective drug and alcohol rehabilitation programs, prison rehabilitation; effective education, job training and re-training; and comprehensive programs for environmental protection and restoration. The success of these programs will allow national administration to be greatly simplified.

I am a lifelong eastside resident. After graduating from Bellevue High School I completed a BA degree in education at Western Washington University and a minor degree in environmental education from Huxley College of Environmental Studies in Bellingham. I am a financial manager for my husband's business, a sailing instructor and a prevention-oriented health care volunteer. I live in Kirkland. I enjoy sailing, camping, hiking, cross-country skiing, and gardening.

### **Eighth Congressional District**





George O.
TAMBLYN
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Tamblyn for Congress
P.O. Box 1636
Mercer Island, WA 98040
Telephone: (206) 865-8683

George Tamblyn, Democrat, is a successful businessman who made an environmentally troubled business profitable, cleaning up a site while saving and creating jobs. As an employer, he worked with his union to find solutions.

George is vice-chair of the Washington Council of Growing Businesses and understands how to balance budgets and stimulate business growth and new jobs.

As a lawyer with 25 years experience, George understands complex problems and how to get results. George is endorsed by the Washington State AFL-CIO, the Aerospace Machinists Workers, many unions and by business owners as well.

Concerned about the national budget deficit, George initiated and chaired a bi-partisan conference for non-incumbent Congressional candidates. More than 50 candidates attended representing 20 states. They unanimously agreed, if elected, to make the budget deficit their highest priority.

Dedicated to a workable, affordable National Health Care system with universal access, George has travelled to Canada to study their system and will work for a health care plan that avoids the difficulties created by Canada's system.

George will work for campaign spending limitations to reduce the power of incumbents and to enable members of Congress to be more free of the influence of large contributors.

George lives with his wife, Sue, and her grade school children on Mercer Island. As a parent, George has volunteered as a teacher's assistant for four years. He is also on the Board of the Mercer Island Boys and Girls Club, and is a board member and twice-weekly volunteer cook at the Compass Center for the Homeless in downtown Seattle.

George is involved. George takes action to solve problems.

George Tamblyn will provide the 8th Congressional District with dynamic, independent and effective representation.



Jennifer
DUNN
Republican
Campaign Address:
Friends of Jennifer Dunn
P.O. Box 40110
Bellevue, WA 98004
Telephone: (206) 455-8875

Jennifer Dunn believes the time has come to send a loud message to Congress. We need to say that we will no longer tolerate its fiscal irresponsibility and its lack of moral fiber. A mother of two sons, she sees the need to fortify family values in America and in Congress.

Congressmen, like parents, must be responsive to those who depend on them. They *must* manage the national budget with the same frugality parents manage their own households. For eleven years Jennifer forged a solid coalition in the Washington State Republican Party as its chairman. She takes that experience as a consensus builder and a reliable money manager with her in her candidacy for the U.S. House of Representatives.

Jennifer wants to do what it takes to remedy our ailing economy. Taxes are high enough. What must be tackled is the elimination of wasteful spending. To trim the fat off the budget and to force the discipline that Congress needs, she supports a balanced budget amendment, and a presidential line-item veto. To reduce the deficit, she endorses a budget item that requires regular payment on the principal of the national debt. Jennifer believes there should be a partnership rather than confrontation between business and government. She believes that eliminating overregulation will create new jobs, encourage badly needed investment, and help the United States regain its position as the world's economic leader.

Having raised two children, Jennifer is deeply concerned with ensuring that children in our community are provided with the best education. She vigorously supports educational reform such as merit pay for outstanding teachers, vouchers to enable parents to select the best schools for their children, and national minimum standards to ensure literacy.

In short, Jennifer Dunn offers a new vision, vitality, and voice in Congress.



#### **Eighth Congressional District**



Bob
ADAMS
Independent
Campaign Address:
Bob Adams for
Congress Committee
P.O. Box 1003
Bellevue, WA 98009
Telephone: (206) 454-1003

As an Independent, I am free to act on your behalf. I'm not constrained by party loyalty; to put the "good of the party" ahead of "your good." I am free to call the "political kettle - black," because, I'm not "sitting in it." As a true outsider, I can advocate real changes

without regard to their impact on either party.

I have not accepted money from any Special Interest, so, I am free to advocate the long range economic policies which will bring our country back to world class competitiveness. My opponents cannot act, for fear of displeasing the Special Interests who paid for their campaigns.

In a normal year an Independent Congressman would have little impact on Congress and the things I now say "I can do" would be just so much bravado. But, this year these things are possible. This year the voters are mad enough to elect a record number of Independents. Then, with other true reformers from both parties, we'll be able to form a powerful Freshman Caucus and enact the "real" campaign funding changes which will release the Congress from Special Interest Domination. Then, the whole Congress will be free to act on your behalf.

After working for thirty years in Boeing Procurement, I took an early retirement, and now run my own business consulting firm. I've spent the last three years studying our campaign funding laws and developing a keen understanding of the pervasive control the Special Interests wield over our elected officials. Based on this knowledge, I wrote and sponsored Initiative 555 to limit terms and campaign contributions; to correct these basic campaign problems, in Washington State. Thus, I believe, I am uniquely qualified to spearhead, in Congress, the changes that will return our Federal Government to you, the voters.

### Governor





Mike
LOWRY
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Mike Lowry for Governor
P.O. Box 4246
Seattle, WA 98104
Telephone: (206) 441-MIKE

Mike Lowry will govern for all the state's hard working citizens and business people, not the special interests.

That's why Lowry alone in the governor's race refuses to take big money contributions. His limit: the \$1,500 recommended by the League of Women Voters.

His aim: To make our state, its environment, its economy better for ourselves and our children.

Lowry's method: To use leadership skills and ideas he honed as a state budget expert, a local government leader, an exceptional member of Congress and for the past four years a teacher ranked outstanding at Seattle University — all to bring diverse people together to get the job done.

To the governorship Lowry brings a special point of view:

He is the candidate with deep roots on both sides of the Cascades. The Renton Democrat is a Washington State University graduate, born and reared in rural Eastern Washington, where he maintains strong ties and got his values of honesty and straight talk. Lowry is equally at home discussing wheat markets, timber harvesting or the Export-Import Bank program that he saved in Congress that finances Washington aerospace and other export sales, upon which thousands of Washington jobs depend.

Lowry's priorities: To make our schools second to none so that all students receive the training they need to reach their highest goals. To institute forthwith a health care program affordable and available to all citizens. To restore, guard and enhance our environment, including salmon and steelhead runs. To relieve unfair tax burdens on small businesses and low and middle income citizens. To make state government lean, vigorous, quick in delivering services. To create a business climate that nurtures our natural resources, high technology and emerging industries. For responsive government beholden only to the citizens, vote for Mike Lowry, Democrat, governor.



### Governor



Ken EIKENBERRY Republican Campaign Address: Eikenberry '92 414 Olive Way, Suite 10 Seattle, WA 98101 Telephone: (206) 623-7167

When I was a young man growing up in Wenatchee, the State of Washington had an open admissions policy at state colleges and universities. Essentially, any young person who wanted to go to college was allowed to do so, at a reasonable cost. It was a gateway to the middle class for children that came from less than well-to-dofamilies.

Because of the open admissions policy, I was able to attend a community college, and later work my way through Washington State University and the University of Washington Law School.

I do not know the course my life would have taken had it not been for open admissions, but it is safe to say that I would not have become an FBI agent, legislator, prosecutor or Attorney General. I doubt that I would be running for Governor.

Washington State abolished its open admissions policy a few years ago. It was a mistake. Reinstituting open admissions is one of my top priorities as Governor.

I fervently believe that we can keep taxes down, and still find money for the important things through better management and by cutting waste in government.

The state should contract with private industry to provide state services whenever possible.

We should put a cap on the size of the state workforce, and gradually reduce it through attrition.

Criminals should be required to work to help reduce prison costs.

Through better management, we can avoid new taxes, solve our deficit problem, and still find funds for better schools, improved health care, law enforcement and the protection of our natural resources.

# **Lieutenant Governor**





Richard
KELLEY
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Kelley For Lieutenant Governor
P.O. Box 4862
Seattle, WA 98104
Telephone: (206) 343-8857

After 32 years as an office holder and lobbyist, the Republican incumbent deserves a comfortable retirement. The voters deserve a leader for their Lieutenant Governor.

Richard Kelley, 42, will be that leader. He knows we need to reform our scandalous campaign finance system. We need to protect a woman's right of choice. We need to invest in a statewide rapid rail system to protect our environment, while creating jobs and building our tax base to fund education, healthcare and housing.

Kelley will not accept contributions from lobbyists, or any contribution above the League of Women Voters' proposed limit.

He has outstanding training and experience. He worked his way through Harvard, and later earned an M.P.A. and a Ph.D. in Government from the University of Washington. He has taught Government and Public Finance at several colleges. He served as Seattle's Deputy Mayor, but most of his public service has paid him little or nothing. In 5 years as member and Chair of the State Personnel Board, he arbitrated over 100 labor disputes. For the past 6 years, he has been President of Critical Ventures, a low-income housing organization. He has been married 12 years, and has two children.



Joel PRITCHARD Republican

Lt. Governor Joel Pritchard is a proven leader with experience as a U.S. Congressman, state legislator, and state-wide elected official. As Lt. Governor he has presided over the state senate in an effective and non-partisan manner, and served as acting Governor over 240 days during the past 4 years.

During the past two years, Joel Pritchard in cooperation with Washington Literacy, the Washington State Library, and the Daily and Weekly Newspapers of Washington, founded Washington Reads, a statewide effort to honor the 10,000 plus adult literacy volunteers serving our state.

Lt. Governor Pritchard is Chairperson of *Washington 2000*. The objective of the Lt. Governor and the *Washington 2000* Advisory Board, is to challenge every city, town, and neighborhood in Washington state to adopt the national education goals agreed to by the nations governors and the President and develop a community wide strategy to achieve them.

He is a strong advocate of **Campaign Finance Reform**. He supports efforts to reduce the amount of money spent in campaigns; limiting the size of contributions, and forbidding state officials from soliciting political contributions from state employees.

Joel Pritchard practices the high standards we expect of our elected officials. He has earned your vote for re-election.



# **Lieutenant Governor**

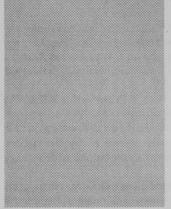


Tom ISENBERG Libertarian Party Telephone: (206) 329-5669

As a Libertarian, I believe that Big Government is a cancer masquerading as a cure. Republicans and Democrats alike continually impose new taxes, waste, and laws. Their policies may benefit different pressure groups lobbying for handouts or regulations that restrict competition, but always at the expense of our taxpayers, consumers, small businesses, and charities.

Libertarians are different. We stand against government rigging the marketplace, criminalizing peaceful behavior, or redistributing your earnings. Libertarians stand for creating jobs and cutting prices by restoring honest competition; aggressively cutting taxes and wasteful programs; holding polluters fully liable for their damages; getting serious with violent criminals; empowering all families with educational choice; and restoring the civil and economic liberties we've already lost.

Big Government is rapidly eroding our prosperity and our freedoms, so please don't waste your vote on the two parties responsible. The more votes Libertarians get, the more the Demopublicans will change to earn your support again. Libertarians don't have to win, we just have to give them a good scare. With hundreds of elected office-holders nationwide, the Libertarians are already America's third-largest and fastest-growing party! Together we can restore prosperity, tolerance, and common sense. For free information call 800-682-1776.



Absolutely NOBODY Independent

Candidate did not submit a statement or a photograph.

# **Secretary of State**





Jeanne DIXON

Democrat

Campaign Address: Jeanne Dixon Campaign 4916.5 Erskine Way S.W. Seattle, WA 98116 Telephone: (206) 937-9714

Elect Jeanne Dixon (D) to Secretary of State position-2nd in succession to Office of Governor.

One primary function of Secretary of State is the corporation

Division. As in her 1988 Governorship campaign against White-Collar crimes, Jeanne opposes State mismanagements allowing the Secretary of State office's back doors open to illegal entries of corporations using alias names without proper payments of required fees, fines, taxes or unpaid judgements—permitting unfair competitions violating WA Constitution

Article 12, Section 7, and other corporation restrictive statutes!

Should this back door remain unlocked and open 4 more years of these illegal entry violations affecting our citizens' welfare and economy?

Certainly not!!!! Then -

Jeanne Dixon is the only candidate qualified for this position now offering to stop corporate-monopoly illegal accesses, and demand retroactive fines due the State and citizens.

Jeanne Dixon has the necessary corporation, partnership business experiences and 49-year knowledgeable administrative, financial background in self-proprietorships and civic participations to interpret financial annual stockholders statements and directorships to "follow-themoney" through corporation records necessary to properly administer

these Secretary of State's responsibilities. Please help! Guard your heritage and Constitutional rights! Vote for Jeanne Dixon. Strike against continued "Rodney King" injustices, Government White-Collar crimes!



Ralph **MUNRO** Republican Campaign Address: Citizens for Ralph Munro 1721 Thurston Avenue N.E. Olympia, WA 98506 Telephone: (206) 534-9911

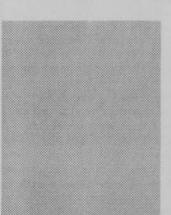
As Washington's chief elections officer, Ralph Munro has modernized voter registration with innovative programs like "Motor Voter," saved our new 9th Congressional District, and led efforts to make polling places accessible. He is committed to changing the initiative-created Presidential Primary so it becomes the true voice of the people it was intended to be.

Ralph Munro works tirelessly to make government more responsive. He was the driving force behind the "one-stop" business license system, and developed a program that helps victims of domestic violence maintain their confidentiality. As chair of the Productivity Board, Ralph

Munro encourages ideas that cut the cost of government.

Whether coordinating our Centennial Celebration, building the Washington State Vietnam Veterans Memorial, or promoting trade and goodwill with countries around the world, especially our Pacific Rim neighbors, Ralph Munro knows how to work with people to get things done. He has received numerous awards for public service, including the prestigious Warren G. Magnuson award.

Through his accomplishments and vision for Washington's future, Ralph Munro continues to live up to his pledge to "help make our state as good for our children as it has been for us." His record merits your vote.



Maurice WILLEY

**Libertarian Party** Campaign Address: 4755 S. Bond Street Seattle, WA 98118 Telephone: (206) 725-9423

This office has one function I will take a special interest in: cochairing the State Productivity Board. The purpose of this body is to promote efficiency and productivity in state government. Since its creation in 1983 it has only managed to save fourteen million dollars. This is disgraceful. I will bring a new aggressiveness to seeking out ways to improve government efficiency, with an emphasis on contracting out private service delivery. As part of the Libertarian message emphasizing individual choice and tolerant diversity, I will also place an emphasis on further improving the registration of voters. I am also interested in keeping the election process open to all individuals, not just the select candidates of the major party machines.

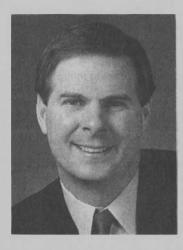
Next, as the registrar of corporations and charitable organizations, I will seek ways to make these faceless and anonymous organizations more accountable for their actions. Too many irresponsible acts are committed in the name of absent and uninvolved shareholders. It is time to place more emphasis on real individual conscience, and less on the

fictional concern of corporations.

Finally, I absolutely support a woman's right of reproductive choice and the decriminalization of all crimes not involving force, fraud or exploitation of minors.



# **State Treasurer**



Dan
GRIMM
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Dan Grimm for State Treasurer
P.O. Box 95422
Seattle, WA 98145-2422
Telephone: (206) 522-3275

Dan Grimm is the only candidate for State Treasurer with a proven record of managing state finances. During his first term, he earned taxpayers more than \$1 million each working day of the year.

Interest earnings were \$935 million, with another \$190 million saved from bond refinancing. This was accomplished with an office budget that increased less than inflation and by a staff the same size it was when Dan Grimm took office.

His leadership brought the state an improved credit rating, which means even more savings for taxpayers.

A state savings bond program implemented by Dan Grimm provides tax free income for Washington families which must deal with the high cost of higher education.

Dan Grimm's courage in attacking the status quo led the way to improve management at the State Investment Board and greater security for \$22 billion in pension and other trust funds.

Grimm has also shown leadership by adopting an ethics policy for himself and his staff that goes well beyond the requirements of Public Disclosure law.

A long time resident of Puyallup, Dan still lives there with his daughter Whitney K, who is in the first grade.



Claude L.
OLIVER
Republican
Campaign Address:
Claude Oliver for
Washington State Treasurer
P.O. Box 3380
5903 W. Clearwater
Kennewick, WA 99301
Telephone: (509) 783-0659

As State Treasurer, Claude Oliver will bring proven management skills to Olympia. The State Treasurer is Chairman of the State Investment Board, (SIB), which has been rocked by scandal revealing mismanagement and conflicts of interest.

Claude Oliver will: • Initiate independent Special Investigation of the State Investment Board. • Seek *legislation* establishing professional and ethical investment standards, mandating full audits and disclosures annually. • Seek *legislation* barring campaign contributions from State money managers. (Current Treasurer has received thousands since 1988 — \$18,500 May, 1992.) • Create The Washington Financial Resources Board. Let's bring together the best financial minds at no cost to the taxpayer to establish a "Blue Print" for State fiscal planning.

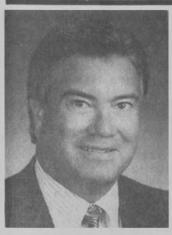
Professional Nine years commercial loan officer; Eleven years Benton County Treasurer. Claude is known for trend setting office efficiencies and willingness to follow through when others quit.

Claude Oliver obtained \$14.6 million in back taxes from Hanford, U.S. Department of Energy and is leading the National initiative to secure over \$50 million due Benton, Grant and Franklin Counties and Washington State from Hanford community impact entitlements.

Streamlined county tax receipt processing, gaining 300% efficiency. Personal Married 25 years to Diane Oliver, has two children in high school; and coaches youth baseball.

# **State Auditor**





Brian SONNTAG

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Sonntag for State Auditor
P.O. Box 111912
Tacoma, WA 98411
Telephone: (206) 756-8075

"Hire" *Brian Sonntag*, your State Auditor. *Sonntag* will bring accountability to your government.

**Sonntag** will audit the performance of every state department, agency, and bureaucrat to ensure the best service for our tax dollars.

Brian Sonntag, as County Clerk and County Auditor in Pierce County is a proven, effective administrator, who has "opened the doors of government."

Sonntag was appointed by Booth Gardner to the Governor's Advisory Committee on Intergovernmental Relations, and represented County Auditors on the State Election Code Task Force.

Brian Sonntag is supported by business, labor, elected officials, and citizens throughout Washington ... Washington State Labor Council, State Teamsters, Congressman Norm Dicks, House Majority Leader Brian Ebersole, Washington State NOW/PAC, State Council of Firefighters, Machinists #751, and campaign co-chairs Snohomish County Clerk Kay Anderson, Kitsap County Commissioner John Horsely, and Stan Naccarato.

"The issue for the office of State Auditor is Accountability. We need to ensure state government is working effectively, efficiently, and manages your tax dollars wisely. *Brian Sonntag* will provide the professional leadership we need," say Bob Graham, State Auditor; Dan Grimm, State Treasurer; Liz Luce, Clark County Auditor; Sylvia Skratek, State Senator.

"Together we'll make state government work for us."



REED
Republican
Campaign Address:
Citizens for Sam Reed
P.O. Box 522
Olympia, WA 98507
Telephone: 1 (800) 487-8363

State government is going broke - despite \$2,104 in state and local taxes coming out of your pocket each year. Is your money

being spent efficiently and effectively? Sam Reed says no.

As your next state auditor, Sam Reed will:

Change the auditor's office from an obscure bureaucracy into what Washington's founders intended it to be - the taxpayers' champion.

Change the office to audit state government for performance, not just balance its books.

Change the auditor's relationship with local officials to help them become more efficient users of your local tax dollars.

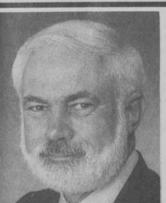
Sam Reed will bring real change to the State Auditor's Office....an end

to a 60-year, one-party dynasty.

Sam Reed has the experience to make the changes he advocates. As Thurston County Auditor, Sam Reed has received widespread recognition for his accomplishments. He has won six prestigious National Achievement Awards from the National Association of County Officials and seven Awards of Excellence from the international Government Finance Officers Association.

Reed is a Certified Professional Finance Officer with a Masters Degree from WSU. Married for 29 years, he has two children.

Vote Sam Reed....an award-winning auditor....because making Olympia efficient is too important for anything less.



Arthur D. "Art"
RATHJEN
Libertarian Party

Campaign Address: Committee to Elect Art Rathjen P.O. Box 4412 Federal Way, WA 98063 Telephone: (206) 527-6149

Independent: As State Auditor, Art Rathjen will be independent of those he is auditing, unlike old party politicians who would

have an inherent conflict of interest in auditing the agencies run by their political cronies.

Being Auditor is a public trust, the taxpayers' defense against fraud or

misuse of our tax dollars. Independence is required!

*Principled:* Libertarian Art Rathjen believes, like Thomas Jefferson, in limiting government to its legitimate function: helping individuals defend themselves, their rights, and their property; that people should be free to achieve their full potential and pursue happiness without limits, so long as they respect the equal rights of others.

This viewpoint is *independent* from the old party politicians and bureaucrats who advocate *bigger* government, *more* regulations.

Qualified: Washington has had only three Auditors since 1905. Unlike both old party candidates for Auditor, Art Rathjen is not a career politician. He's an experienced engineering manager, qualified to lead the Auditor's Office in continuous improvement of productivity and quality of services.

Art has a Master of Science in Electrical Engineering and a BS in Psychology, is a Viet Nam veteran, lives with his wife and son in Seattle, and enjoys skiing, mountaineering, volunteer trail building, and sea kayaking.



# **Attorney General**



# Christine GREGOIRE

Democrat

Campaign Address: People for Chris Gregoire for Attorney General P.O. Box 2114 Olympia, WA 98507-2114 Telephone: (206) 956-3326

Christine Gregoire has the experience to be our next Attorney General. She is the only candidate who has worked in the Attorney General's office. Gregoire worked her way up to become the first woman Deputy Attorney General, running operations in eastern and western Washington. Along the way, she earned a reputation as a "savvy legal strategist" and "a tough negotiator" leading the state's efforts on landmark cases.

She has fought for us before the U.S. Supreme Court, Congress, and our legislature and has successfully taken on the federal government at Hanford and the Navy's Everett Homeport. She will be the people's lawyer our state needs and deserves.

Christine Gregoire is a first-time candidate. She is running because the job of Attorney General is too important to be left to politicians only seeking higher office. Only Gregoire is offering an agenda that covers the full scope and duties of the state's top lawyer. Known for her integrity, Gregoire is the only candidate who is not drawing a taxpayer-paid salary while campaigning for the job.

A graduate of the University of Washington and Gonzaga Law School, Gregoire lives in Olympia with her husband, Mike, and their two

daughters.



Norm MALENG Republican

Campaign Address: Citizens for Norm Maleng P.O. Box 4242 Seattle, WA 98104 Telephone: (206) 622-6004

Norm Maleng's record of getting tough on violent crime and drugs, and protecting those who need a helping hand, sets him apart.

As Staff Counsel to Senator Warren Magnuson's Commerce Committee, he helped write the law against flammable children's clothing.

Elected King County Prosecutor, he set up a Special Assault Unit to fight child abuse and protect battered women that became a national model.

He led Governor Gardner's Community Protection Task Force, formed in the aftermath of several outrageous sex crimes, and won a victory for community safety from sex predators.

He has helped restore the Crime Victims Compensation Fund that's helped victims by making criminals pay for their crimes.

His hard work and ability won such wide respect that he was reelected three times without opposition.

As Attorney General, Norm Maleng will continue standing up for us. His priorities for the office are:

Protection of children from abuse and neglect;

Forging a partnership with local law enforcement to combat crime;

Cracking down on consumer fraud;

 Enforcing laws protecting our air, water, and natural beauty in a way that is predictable, consistent, and fair.

Put a tough fighter in our corner as Attorney General: Norm Maleng.



Homer L. BRAND

**Populist Party** Campaign Address: Committee to Elect Homer Brand 12537 51st Place S. Tukwila, WA 98178 Telephone: (206) 432-9537

Homer Brand is committed to conscientiously performing the duties of Attorney General in accordance with the Constitution of Washington state. Homer believes that the law should not respect persons, so citizens of Washington can expect equal treatment under the law with special favors for no one during Homer's term of office. Having no desire to become a career politician, Homer has consented to serve the people of Washington for one term only.

Homer has been a resident of Washington since 1945, has been

married 30 years, and has five children.

After attending Northwestern University and University of Connecticut, Homer received his bachelor's degree in electrical engineering from the US Armed Forces Institute.

Homer's military service includes 10 years in the Navy, three years in the Air Force, service in World War II, special advisory service to the Chinese Nationalist Army at Shanghai, and service in the Korean War.

As CEO of an independent courier service, Homer employed over 75 people locally and directed company operations in seven western states. For over 25 years at Boeing, he conducted quality control inspection for aerospace electronics and experimental guidance and telemetry systems. Homer was also a licensed real estate salesman and managed properties for 15 years.

# **Commissioner of Public Lands**





Jennifer M. BELCHER

Democrat Campaign Address: Citizens for Jennifer Belcher 1820 State Avenue N.E. Olympia, WA 98506 Telephone: (206) 956-0193 Our Lands Commissioner must be prepared to make tough, educated decisions to protect both jobs **and** the environment. I have a strong record of protecting both—a record in the House of Representatives of nearly 100% on labor **and** environmental issues. Washington must be a leader in commodity production—and do it in an environmentally sound way.

The Commissioner manages 5 million acres of forest, farm, and aquatic lands, and makes decisions that vitally impact our economy and quality of life. The next commissioner must ensure that our lands are properly managed to generate revenue for our schools and jobs for thousands of workers. She must be experienced enough to make those decisions so that we also protect other public resources such as fish and wildlife habitat and provide a variety of recreational opportunities.

As a state representative for the past 10 years and chair of the Natural Resources Committee, I've provided leadership on issues ranging from economic development assistance in timber communities to new forestry practices and protection of sensitive areas.

My endorsements for this office include the State Labor Council, WEA, Firefighters, Women's groups, Federation of State Employees, WEnPAC. I'll work with you to make those tough decisions.



Ann
ANDERSON
Republican
Campaign Address:
Ann Anderson for
Commissioner of Public Lands
2203 Airport Way S., Ste. 110
Seattle, WA 98134

Telephone: (206) 622-8061

If elected Lands Commissioner, I will balance the economic needs of today while protecting the environmental integrity of our

lands for tomorrow.

Education. State timber sales benefit the public school construction fund — and our state's children! As a mother, former teacher, and legislator I believe that education funding is a top priority of government and that it is possible to protect our environment and generate badly needed funds to build and remodel our schools. My expertise and working knowledge of the forest products industry will help me accomplish this challenge.

Environment and Economy. Healthy farms and forests lead to a healthy environment and a prosperous economy. The balance that's needed between our economy and our environment can be achieved. But, balance can only be achieved through sound management policies that refuse to pander to extremists on either side of the debate.

Leadership and Experience. In a state senate, I have been recognized by my colleagues as a tough negotiator and an effective leader for my work in support of small business, reforming education, protecting property rights and passing the 1991 Clean Air Act, a model for the rest of the country.

I would appreciate your vote in this critical race.



William L.
McCORD
Libertarian Party

Campaign Address: 14417 S.E. 41st Street Bellevue, WA 98006 Telephone: (206) 746-2855

Bill McCord, rooted in four generations of Washingtonians, is outside the two-party monopoly, has no direct nor indirect ties to

the natural resource industries overseen by DNR. His active history in environmental issues exceeds his opponents' contributions, having helped pass the State Environmental Policy Act, establish the Department of Ecology, and test the law as a citizen litigant. Throughout this involvement, he's emphasized the interdependence of environment and economics, not accepting simplistic doctrines that make industry and environment incompatible. He will impartially mediate disputes that pit employment opportunities against sound environmental policy.

Neither a career politician nor a career bureaucrat, Bill McCord has a science degree, over ten years professional experience in laboratory and field sciences, business experience, and currently works as an educator/scouncilor.

educator/counselor.

Bill McCord will restore scientific accountability and fiscal soundness to DNR. With over twenty years of citizen activist experience, he has the skills to mediate disputes over natural resources with an even and impartial hand. With substantial experience in science, environmental law, and business, he will initiate profitable understory growth/harvest programs, stimulating entrepreneurs to create new business and employment opportunities.



# **Superintendent of Public Instruction**



BILLINGS
Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
Friends of Education for
Judith Billings
P.O. Box 2937
Olympia, WA 98507
Telephone: (206) 754-3559

**Judith** 

Judith Billings is our state's most effective advocate for all children. As Superintendent of Public Instruction, Judith is leading the movement to reform education and adequately fund schools.

Judith's leadership has resulted in: reduced class size for elementary schools, early intervention services for kindergarten through grade six, more dropout prevention and drug abuse education, and the largest increases in funding for education programs in twelve years.

Judith has also pushed hard to move decision making from the state to local districts.

Perhaps Judith's most valuable accomplishment has been in convincing educators and politicians that together we must deal with the whole child. To learn well, children must be healthy, loved and free from violence. Each child's individual intellectual, social and physical needs must be met for that child to learn and prepare for a productive life.

Judith has spent thirty years in education — at the local, state and federal levels, including thirteen as a classroom teacher with at risk children. She is also an attorney. She is endorsed by the State Labor Council, the Washington Education Association and leading business people and educators.

Judith and her husband, Don, live in Pierce County. They have four children and seven grandchildren.



BERGESON
Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
The Terry Bergeson Campaign
P.O. Box 19577
Seattle, WA 98109
Telephone: (206) 728-9713

Teresa "Terry"

The quality of education will determine the quality of our State's future. I have a vision of what schools can and must be and the experience to lead education into the 21st Century. As SPI, I will build consensus on education reform and unify parents, educators, students, business and community leaders around the plan we build to achieve it.

The goal is clear. We must prepare our children to live, learn, and work successfully in our changing world. They must learn the traditional basics of *reading*, *writing* and *mathematics* and the new basics of *thinking*, *relating* and *planning*.

Education must change to meet this goal. I am running to lead the change, to cut SPI bureaucracy, to help local districts, and to free educators to teach.

During my 28 years as a teacher, guidance counselor, organizational leader, and administrator, I have seen the power of public schools to change children's lives. Despite the challenges, if we work together creatively, we can motivate and equip *all* children to succeed.

In its endorsement, the *Seattle Times* stated, "Bergeson has the dynamic personality of both a leader and consensus builder. . . . Terry Bergeson offers the best hope of making statewide school reform possible."

# **Insurance Commissioner**





Deborah SENN

Democrat Campaign Address: Deborah Senn for Insurance Commissioner 1207 Pine Street Seattle, WA 98101 Telephone: (206) 467-4113

Deborah Senn is endorsed by U.S. Representatives Norm Dicks, Jim McDermott, Al Swift, and Jolene Unsoeld; Mayors Sheri Barnard, Gene Liddell, and Norm Rice; the Washington State Labor Council; and numerous others.

Attorney Deborah Senn has been an effective advocate against utility rate hikes. She's fought for victims of domestic violence and child abuse, for fair wages for school employees, and to end employment discrimination. This is the kind of background that deserves our trust. Now, she'll use the Insurance Commissioner's existing powers to fight for affordable

Until Deborah Senn raised the issue, the incumbent neglected health insurance reform. As Commissioner, Senn will combat skyrocketing costs, arbitrary exclusions for pre-existing conditions, and loss of coverage when people change jobs.

The incumbent has been in office for 16 years. He accepts contributions from insurance company executives. Deborah Senn will not accept such contributions.

The incumbent's inaction has caused the loss of over 100 million of your tax dollars to bail out insolvent insurance companies. Deborah Senn will require insurers to be financially sound.

If you're paying more for insurance and getting less coverage, or if you cannot afford insurance - Vote for Deborah Senn, a leader for change.



**MARQUARDT** Republican

Dick Marquardt continues to win national acclaim as a fighter for consumer rights. A long-time Seattle resident, Dick served as

a State Senator and was Selective Service chief before being elected Insurance Commissioner.

His years of dealing with people's insurance problems have convinced Dick that universal health care must be adopted, but he's committed to improving our present insurance system now. Washington is the first state to look at insurance companies' refusal to pay for "experimental" procedures, and Dick is seeking continuous coverage for people changing from one insurance plan to another.

"I am proud of my staff, particularly their work on consumer protec-Richard G. "Dick" tion," Dick says. "My investigative team has won national praise for ferreting out white collar crime."

Dick has been a leader in protecting senior citizens from health insurance sales and policy abuses. His Senior Health Insurance Benefits Advisors (SHIBA) volunteer program has been copied by practically all other states, but it began here in Washington.

Dick banned misleading TV celebrity insurance pitches, and stopped more than a dozen junk mail insurance marketing schemes. Keep experience and integrity in the Insurance Commissioner's office. Keep Dick working for you in Olympia.



Brian **McCULLOCH** Independent Campaign Address: P.O. Box 60194 Seattle, WA 98160-0194 Telephone: (206) 546-5744

"Can you risk not being paid promptly and fairly by an insurance company when you are sick or hurt, your car is wrecked or stolen, your home or business is damaged, a loved one dies or when you retire? No Washingtonian should be required to do so, yet that is what has happened and will happen unless you elect a knowledgeable, decisive Insurance Commissioner.

I will apply my 22 years of experience as a professional insurance consultant and executive to protect you from financially weak insurers and unfair claims practices. I am on record repeatedly having warned the incumbent about unsafe and unsound firms. Elect me and I will make sure that we will not again be faced with covering \$200 million in lost premium taxes used to bail-out bankrupt companies or sending subsidies to other states such as California.

Insurance is a big and complex business. Its regulation has a greater, direct impact on your pocketbook than any other state agency. You need an expert on your side. As the independent candidate, I am not beholden to any political party or special interest. My commitment, as your Insurance Commissioner, is to protect your rights as policyholders and taxpayers."



# Justice of the Supreme Court



Barbara MADSEN Nonpartisan Campaign Address: Friends of Barbara Madsen P.O. Box 2487 Renton, WA 90856 Telephone: (206) 622-4887

Judge Barbara Madsen will protect the liberties guaranteed all our citizens. The Supreme Court needs her outstanding leadership, as well as her acute ability to listen and render fair judgements.

Proven leadership for our future

Judge Madsen, elected Presiding Judge of Seattle Municipal Court, will bring fresh perspective to the Supreme Court. Madsen, selected by her colleagues to lead Washington's busiest court these past three years, has been serving the public as a Court Commissioner, Magistrate and Judge since 1985.

Balanced experience

A 1977 Gonzaga Law School graduate, Madsen has practiced in Eastern and Western Washington, serving as a defense attorney and a prosecutor. Appointed Special Prosecutor for two consecutive terms, Madsen developed the child abuse component of Seattle's Family Violence Project. She prosecuted sensitive political matters and serious domestic violence and child abuse cases.

Bringing compassion to Washington's highest court

Barbara Madsen, a working mother of four, combines common sense and legal training in her judgements. Her balanced legal background as well as experience in the most culturally diverse court in Washington makes her sensitive to issues confronting us all. In these times of wavering public confidence, we need the strong, honest and compassionate voice of Judge Barbara Madsen.



HOUGHTON
Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect
Elaine Houghton
950 S. Fawcett
Tacoma, WA 98402
Telephone: (206) 627-6627

Elaine

"For her courage, conscience and compassion, with these gifts she truly has made a difference." Those words were inscribed on the award when I became the first woman named Washington Trial Lawyer of the Year in 1991. I hold those words dear because they speak to both my skill as lawyer and my commitment to helping people.

I have committed my career to righting injustice. The injustice of a child's brain destroyed because a manufacturer chose not to warn parents of the product's danger. The injustice of a young woman stabbed and left brain-damaged after her employer refused to respond to employee fears of an unsafe parking lot except to say "wear tennis shoes."

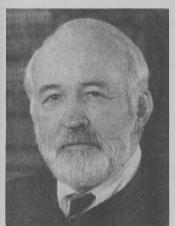
I am proud of my work and the recognition that work has received. Martindale-Hubble, a 125 year old legal rating publication, gave me its highest rating (AV), which is limited to the top 10% of all lawyers.

And retired Supreme Court Justice Vernon Pearson has honored me with his endorsement: "The Citizens of this State deserve a Justice with the energy, intellect and ability of Elaine Houghton. She has proven commitment to justice for all citizens."

# **Justice of the Supreme Court**

**Position 2** 





James M.
DOLLIVER
Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
Committee to Re-elect
Justice James M. Dolliver
P.O. Box 4037
Seattle, WA 98104

Telephone: (206) 464-4224

Judicial elections are the means whereby citizens hold judges accountable for their conduct in office. I am proud of my work on our state's highest court and stand on my record.

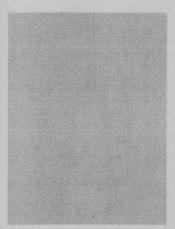
During my sixteen years on the Washington Supreme Court I have worked successfully to streamline judicial administration and to reduce the backlog of cases to be decided.

I believe citizens need a first-hand understanding of our judicial system. When I became Chief Justice, the Supreme Court began to hold sessions throughout our state, not just in Olympia.

For me, education is a top priority. I have served as an adjunct law professor and a trustee of the Washington Center for Law-Related Education and the University of Washington Law School Foundation. I am a trustee of the University of Puget Sound and serve on the Board of Visitors of its law school.

My commitment to public service extends beyond the legal community. I have been active with my church, the Boy Scouts, the Nature Conservancy, the Washington State 4-H Foundation, the United Way and many other civic organizations.

I believe I have been a good judge: honest, independent, hardworking and fair. I am ready and willing to serve.



Kevin Patrick DOLAN Nonpartisan

The legal system should be used for our protection and benefit, not to line the pockets of lawyers, government or big business. Our individual constitutional rights should be preserved, not taken away. Instead the Supreme court is actively pursuing a policy of restricting our rights.

The court should be working to weed out friviolous lawsuits and expensive legal ploys designed to drag out lawsuits and generate more legal fees. Instead, the court's decisions are protecting and perpetuating the current system.

Members of the Supreme court are seriously out of touch with what we need and want from the legal system. Most were appointed, not elected, and have served without opposition for as long as twenty one years. We did not intend these positions to be lifetime appointments.



# **Superior Court Judge**

**Position 8 - King County** 



Marilyn
SELLERS
Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
The Friends of Marilyn Sellers
2840 Bank of California Building
900 4th Avenue
Seattle, WA 98164
Telephone: (206) 621-7583

Following graduation from Seattle's Franklin High School and the University of Washington, Marilyn moved to New York City where, beginning as a secretary, she entered the highly competitive field of publishing. In this arena she worked her way up to managing editor of Ballantine Books, a prestigious New York publishing house.

Marilyn moved back to her native Seattle when she found herself a divorced single parent of a two year old. No jobs being available in the publishing field, she embarked on a career in real estate. When her son reached majority, Marilyn reentered the University of Washington and obtained her law degree.

Marilyn has her own successful law office, ably representing clients in divorces, custody battles, adoptions, and domestic violence.

Hands-on experience of life is Marilyn's primary asset, providing the insight and understanding that come only from actually having experienced adversity. She understands not only the law, but also the individuals to whom it applies.

Marilyn states: "I approach this new challenge with the intent of bringing to the bench my experience of adversity as well as successes. I have lived that sense of powerlessness I see in the eyes of litigants in court."



Jay V.
WHITE
Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
Jay White for Judge
1201 3rd Avenue, Suite 2850
Seattle, WA 98101
Telephone: (206) 789-4483

Twenty-year Legal Career: "As a neighborhood lawyer, I understand how the legal process affects individuals." Ballard lawyer since 1985, with diverse practice, including business and family law; Houghton Cluck Coughlin & Riley, 1975-84; Law Clerk to Court of Appeals Judge, 1971-75. University of Washington, J.D. 1971. Amherst College, B.A. 1967.

Community Service: Pro Bono Award for volunteer legal services, Seattle-King County Bar Association, 1989; Ballard Bell Centennial Foundation, 1987-92; Board of Managers, Ballard Boys and Girls Club, 1986-89; Community Service Award, Ballard Chamber of Commerce, 1989.

Experienced with the Judiciary: "In deciding cases, it is important not only to be fair and decisive, but also to ensure people know their position was heard and that they understand the court's reasoning." Experienced King County Superior Court arbitrator. Supreme Court's Ethics Advisory Committee, 1988-91.

Personal: Married 25 years, Nancy White, M.D.; two children, 16 and 11, in Seattle public schools.

Endorsed: King County Women's Political Cauçus, King County Labor Council, Joint Council of Teamsters, King County and Seattle Police Officers Guild. Highest ranked of the candidates for Position 8 by Seattle-King County Bar Association: "Well Qualified." Washington Women Lawyers: "Highly Qualified." Municipal League: "Outstanding."

# **Superior Court Judge**

Position 9 - King County





Jo Anne ALUMBAUGH

Nonpartisan
Campaign Address:
Jo Anne Alumbaugh for
Superior Court Judge
2226 3rd Avenue
Seattle, WA 98121
Telephone: (206) 728-4288

King County Superior Court has one of the largest caseloads of any court in the state. I have experience as a judge on this bench and have a reputation for hard work and efficient use of time and limited resources.

I am an experienced trial court judge and a graduate of the National Judicial College. My previous judicial experience has included four years as Superior Court Judge in Kittitas County and pro tem judge on the district and city court level. I have also served as a pro tem judge on the Court of Appeals, Division II.

For the past three years, I have actively worked as a pro tem judge in King County Superior Court, hearing a variety of cases, both civil and criminal. I also serve as a pro tem mental illness commissioner at Harborview, pro tem commissioner at ex parte and at family law, and on the mandatory arbitration board.

I have tried cases of aggravated murder, assault, rape, drug trafficking, and vehicular homicide in addition to civil cases of divorce and child abuse. I am the only candidate for this position with a superior court judging background. King County needs experienced judges on the bench.



William
GARLING
Nonpartisan

Campaign Address: William Garling for Judge Campaign 464 12th Avenue, Suite 440 Seattle, WA 98122 Telephone: (206) 328-8554 William Garling, a 42-year old Assistant Attorney General, has the experience, fair-mindedness and temperament to serve with distinction as a Superior Court Judge. A sixteen-year resident of King County, William Garling has earned his "Well Qualified" rating from the Seattle King County Bar Association.

As an Assistant Attorney General for 12 years, William Garling has worked to protect the public interest. His duties have included consumer advocacy for fair utility rates, extensive courtroom work to preserve the integrity of the workers compensation system, and service as counsel to the state's Horse Racing Commission.

Garling's ample trial experience is augmented by two years as a public defender and five years as a Pro Tem Municipal Court Judge and Superior Court Arbitrator.

If elected, he intends to push for devoting more judicial resources to juvenile courts and the needs of children. As a husband and father, Garling knows why attention paid at an early age merits the highest priority.

William Garling's endorsers include Attorney General Kenneth Eikenberry, Mayor Norm Rice, the King County Labor Council, the Seattle Police Officers Guild, the King County Democratic Central Committee, Dorothy C. Bullitt, William H. Gates and over 200 other community leaders.



# State Senator First Legislative District



Rosemary
McAULIFFE
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect
Rosemary McAuliffe

Committee to Elect Rosemary McAuliffe P.O. Box 224 Bothell, WA 98041

Telephone: (206) 486-3120

Rosemary is a registered nurse, a businesswoman, a wife, and a mother of six grown children. She has served her community in many roles, including fourteen years on the Northshore School Board of Directors and three years as the chair of the Bothell Downtown Management Association.

She received the "Outstanding Community Leader Award" from the Northshore Chamber of Commerce in 1989 and the PTA Outstanding Service Award "Champion for Children" in 1991.

Rosemary knows from her broad-based community network that people in the 1st Legislative District want effective education, access to quality health care, and fiscal responsibility. She knows there must be a sensible balance between environmental issues and a viable economy.

She will bring to the race the leadership needed to bring people together to solve the problems facing us today. She will represent the 1st District with common sense and integrity. She believes that "together, we can make a difference."



Marshall
PARIS
Republican
Campaign Address:
Marshall Paris
Campaign Committee
P.O. Box 1575
Bothell, WA 98041
Telephone: (206) 486-1227

"Tying The District Together," is Marshall Paris' campaign theme. As your State Representative these last two years, Marshall served a diverse Forty-fourth District, gaining a reputation for listening, putting the needs of the district first, and then acting with independence and district oriented votes.

Representing you in Olympia, Marshall Paris bucked the special interests, voting yes on Health Care Reform and helping sponsor a bill to keep our buses running. Marshall also helped pass legislation giving control of schools back to local educators and consistently voted to increase education funding. Last year, Marshall Paris helped sponsor a law making "stalking" a crime and worked to pass laws making it easier and less traumatic for victims of violence and harassment to receive orders of protection from courts.

Sometimes Marshall Paris' refusal to be an establishment politician irritates the professionals, but Marshall feels his roots in the community - he founded his business here in 1949 - and his desire to serve the people, make home town folks his first priority as a legislator.

To Marshall Paris, "Tying The District Together!" means service to people, to community, and the new First District. Elect Marshall Paris, Republican, State Senator, and continue that tradition of service.

**First Legislative District** 



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# Barbara S. COTHERN

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Cothern for
Legislature Committee
20006 4th Avenue S.E.
Bothell, WA 98012
Telephone: (206) 481-7139

Barbara Cothern is an experienced community leader and will be an effective state representative.

A director on the Northshore School Board, Barbara has been fighting for quality public education locally and on a state and national level for more than 20 years. As a small business owner, former career counselor and longtime resident of the district, she understands the importance of attracting new jobs to the region.

Barbara will work to protect our quality of life by finding balanced solutions to encourage business growth, protect the environment, provide access to health care and ensure quality education.



# Walter K. BACKSTROM

Republican
Campaign Address:
The Committee to
Elect Walter Backstrom
14814 93rd Bv. N.E. #1205
Bothell, WA 98011
Telephone: (206) 744-6128

The people of our area need a strong positive and effective voice in the legislature. We need a state representative who is accessible and responsive and who will fight for our best interests.

That's the kind of leadership Walter Backstrom is prepared to provide!

Despite the problems our society faces, our area remains a great place in which to live work and raise a family. Working together, we can ensure that our future is a bright one.

If there is a legislative issue you would like to discuss or if you have a question about my campaign, please call me.



# Linda S. JOHNSON

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect
Linda Johnson
P.O. Box 429
Bothell, WA 98041
Telephone: (206) 488-7656

Linda Johnson is a healthcare professional, community college trustee, mother of three, and an active participant in school, church and volunteer activities. These experiences have developed in her the qualities she will bring to the Legislature as our representative: commitment, compassion and competence.

From affordable healthcare to accessible education to a clean environment, the issues that affect the 1st District center around our desire to provide healthy and safe communities for our families.

Together, we can meet these challenges, improve our quality of life and build a better future. Join us in supporting Linda Johnson — she'll work hard for us!



# Joyce MEYERSON

Republican
Campaign Address:
Meyerson for Families '92
P.O. Box 12196
Mill Creek, WA 98012
Telephone: (206) 672-7910

Families work so hard just to survive, they don't have time to lobby Olympia. I want to speak up for our families in the Legislature.

I will work to create and monitor legislation to bolster the family, secure their rights, and help recapture a nurturing environment...educational excellence-support of traditional values in schools...property tax reform averaging-rollback/ freeze for seniors...free-market health care reform...reduced government spending...incentives to create jobs...waging serious war on crime/drugs/pornography.

Currently: Wife/Mother; Volunteer Lobbyist, Washington State PTA; Board, Hilltop PTSA; County Park Project; Realtor, Precinct Committee Officer.



# State Senator Fifth Legislative District



Kathleen
DREW
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Kathleen Drew for
State Senate Committee
70 E. Sunset Way #272
Issaquah, WA 98027
Telephone: (206) 392-9777

As your Senator, I will listen to your concerns and will provide the leadership necessary to ensure a vibrant economy, emphasizing investment in our education and transportation systems, while protecting our natural environment.

**Education** I support a system of high standards designed by educators, parents and community leaders working together at local levels to improve student achievement. Our schools are community facilities and should be used for before and after school child care, parent education and life-long learning.

**Transportation** I will work hard to see that our dangerous roads are improved immediately. We need a mass transit system that works for our communities and we need to support additional biking and walking trails.

Jobs The strength of our major employers and the creation of small businesses are the keys to continued economic success. I will work with our local businesses to secure good jobs for the future.

Health Care I will support legislation which provides all citizens access to affordable health care. We need to provide quality care and keep costs down for all of us.

Women's Rights I strongly support women's reproductive rights and will work to strengthen laws protecting victims and opposing discrimination of all kinds.



Dino J.

ROSSI

Republican

Campaign Address:
Dino Rossi for State Senate
1505 N.W. Gilman Bv., Suite #7
Issaquah, WA 98027
Telephone: (206) 391-7203

I'm Dino Rossi, and I'd like to be your state Senator.

90 years ago, my grandfather, Salvino Rossi, came to America in search of a better tomorrow. He settled in Black Diamond, and worked as a coal miner.

Like many families in the new 5th District, the Rossi family moved here for the uniqueness of our surroundings and the opportunities this area would provide.

But somewhere along the line, Olympia traded our tomorrows for an easy answer today.

I want to take back our tomorrows.

As the youngest of seven, raised on a school teacher's salary, I learned the value of a hard-earned dollar and the importance of a strong education.

As a successful businessman, active in our community, I have the experience to tackle the challenges we face.

As a husband and father, I understand how high taxes hurt our families. I will not vote to raise our taxes.

Our families deserve affordable, quality health care; the very best schools for our children; neighborhoods free from crime; to enjoy our private property without excessive government regulation.

Our families deserve government that lives within its means.

As your state Senator, I'll work hard for you.

I ask for your vote.

# **Fifth Legislative District**



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# Lloyd BAKER

Democrat

Campaign Address: Friends of Lloyd Baker P.O. Box 1378 Fall City, WA 98024 Telephone: (206) 222-7016

Lloyd Baker, a father of 6, is a strong advocate for families—families who deserve a liveable wage, quality public education, and affordable health care. These are basic rights that Lloyd will fight for to protect our children's future.

A strong labor supporter and a community leader on children's health and public education, Lloyd has been endorsed by labor organizations, educators and health care providers.

We need strong leadership that isn't afraid to ask hard questions, make tough decisions and hold itself accountable. We need Lloyd Baker. Leadership you can trust!



# Brian THOMAS

Republican Campaign Address: Thomas for State Representative P.O. Box 34 Issaquah, WA 98027

Brian Thomas will be a strong advocate in the legislature for excellence in education, responsible state budgeting and restoring trust in government. Thomas has an outstanding record of commitment and leadership in public and professional service. As President of the Issaquah School Board, President of Rotary, Coast Guard Captain, Director of Issaquah Valley Community Services, and Scoutmaster, Brian has shown his commitment to our children, community and country. He is Research Administrator and Principal Engineer at Puget Power with degrees in Engineering, and Business Administration. Brian Thomas will be a trusted voice for common sense and responsible government in Olympia.



# Linda McMONAGLE

Democrat Campaign Address: 23220 Maple Valley Hwy., Suite 14 Maple Valley, WA 98038 Telephone: (206) 432-0245

Linda McMonagle is a leader whose track record of accomplishments has been benefitting the communities in the 5th District for over 25 years.

Linda believes her common sense approach and experience are the keys to solving community growth problems and creating education and health care reforms.

An active participant in local and state affairs, Linda McMonagle has been successful in establishing youth programs, senior transportation and special needs programs, emergency and transitional housing and a literacy program.

Linda's dedication to her community has been proven by her actions. Vote the Common Sense Candidate - Vote McMonagle.



Phil DYER

Republican Campaign Address: The Committee to Elect Phil Dyer 4127 205th Avenue S.E. Issaquah, WA 98027 Telephone: (206) 557-0928 Phil Dyer has the experience we need in the Legislature.

As the founder of his own business, Phil understands respect for individual responsibility, what it takes to generate jobs, and pay the bills. He expects the same from our government.

Experience on the Washington Health Care Commission, 23 years with the National Guard, a devoted husband, and the father of two young boys, Phil has the substance and leadership to represent us well.

Phil's work assures that health care, education, and a balanced environment, are ready for the 90's, for all of us! Phil Dyer, 5th District, Position 2, GOP.



# **State Senator Eleventh Legislative District**



Margarita
PRENTICE
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Citizens for Margarita Prentice
8615 14th Avenue S.
Seattle, WA 98178
Telephone: (206) 762-5699

Since election to the State Legislature, Margarita Prentice has become one of its most effective lawmakers. A Registered Nurse for 38 years, Margarita has the skill and insight to lead the state in Health Care Reform. Health care is a right! Washington State Nurses Association, Home Health Care Association, and Washington Health Care Association have all named Margarita Legislator of the Year.

Margarita protected us from pesticides, defeating legislation which would have gutted current protections. Safety in the workplace is a right! Margarita's leadership on labor issues led to recognition as Legislator of the Year by the Washington State Labor Council.

Every child needs the right start for the future. A good education is a right! The Washington Education Association endorses Margarita.

Margarita works with local communities and law enforcement to reduce crime and violence. Safety from crime is a right! The Washington State Council of Police Officers, Washington State Patrol Troopers Association, and the Washington State Council of Firefighters have all endorsed Margarita.

Margarita has demonstrated courage and tenacity during her years in the Legislature. Margarita will continue to represent your interests in the Senate with the same level of energy and commitment. We need Margarita in the Senate!



Mike
SCHILLINGER
Republican
Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect
Mike Schillinger
P.O. Box 1601
Renton, WA 98057-1601
Telephone: (206) 772-9058

Mike Schillinger has done more than talk about campaign reform. Mike, as a first time candidate, has refused all special interest and PAC money and instead financed his campaign with small individual contributions.

Mike will be a common sense senator. There to insure a citizen, and not a politician, is making the government work for the people.

Mike wants to complete many of the new 11th District community projects, first south bridge, I-5 corridor, and 405 "S" curves and wants them done right.

He is an advocate that supports reducing government bureaucracy, encourages local school control, requires fiscal responsibility and balanced budgets.

Mike is married, the father of three of the greatest children in Washington, who believes in family values, and has concern for his community. "It would be an honor for me to serve you as your state senator."

**Eleventh Legislative District** 



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### June LEONARD

Democrat Campaign Address: June Leonard Campaign 8615 14th Avenue S. Seattle, WA 98108 Telephone: (206) 762-5699 Ranked as one of the top legislators in South King County, Leonard currently serves as Chair of the Human Services Committee. As a past Executive Director of Renton Area Youth Services, June has put that experience to work in spearheading efforts to provide effective services that ensure education and opportunity for all children. Leonard has a proven record in support of the environment, tax reform, education and families. In a recent South King County newspaper Leonard received straight A's for integrity from survey respondents, the only perfect rating.



Marie E. GARDNER Republican

Candidate did not submit a statement or photograph.

Velma VELORIA

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect
Velma Veloria
1511 S. Ferdinand Street
Seattle, WA 98108
Telephone: (206) 762-7855

Velma Veloria has spent the past twenty years fighting to improve the lives of working people and make government more responsive to the communities it represents.

As a union shop steward and as a labor representative for Renton nurses, Velma came to understand the needs of working people. As a medical technologist and medical office manager, she has seen our health care crisis first-hand.

As her top priority, Velma will advocate for quality, affordable health care for all Washington residents.

Velma Veloria has the experience, the skills and the vision that our communities in the 11th District need.



Gary MOSELEY Republican

Described as an "outstanding leader," Gary has proven his commitment to serving people in the community. He is on the Board of Directors of the West Seattle Anti-Crime Council and Friends of Lincoln Park Community Council. Past services include: Explorer Scout Advisor, PTA President, and Counselor to Troubled Youth.

"Many important issues currently face our community. Health Care, Welfare and Criminal Justice Reform will be on my agenda. I am uniquely qualified to successfully represent the people within my district."

With your vote and Gary's strong, proven record the 11th District will be well represented.



### **Thirty-Second Legislative District**



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Nancy S. RUST

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect
Nancy Rust
18747 Ridgefield Rd. N.W.
Seattle, WA 98177
Telephone: (206) 542-4329

Nancy Rust is for government that protects our environment. As chair of the house environment committee she's made Washington a model for environmental legislation.

Nancy is for government with a heart and soul. She's backed education funding and programs for children as top priorities.

Nancy is for government under control. She's worked for preventive programs that will save dollars in the future in all areas of government.

Nancy and her husband, Dr. Richard Rust, have lived and worked in the community for over 35 years. They have six grown children.

Nancy is an effective leader who deserves to be reelected.



Terry ROBERTS

Republican
Campaign Address:
Citizens for Terry Roberts
14011 Roslyn Place N.
Seattle, WA 98133

Telephone: (206) 364-5015

Terry Roberts is a hard worker, dedicated to improving the quality of life in the 32nd District and the State of Washington.

He will work towards the goals of cutting government waste, reducing the tax burden on individuals and businesses and addressing the special problems of education and growth management.

Terry will use proven values in solving the problems faced in today's world. Terry is an honest candidate. He will listen to all of the people in his district. He believes that he and the voters, working together, can bring about new responsiveness and integrity in government.

Grace E.

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Committee to
Re-elect Grace Cole
3026 N.E. 163rd Street
Seattle, WA 98155
Telephone: (206) 362-7409

As assistant majority whip, Grace Cole is a dynamic force in Olympia. She has worked to improve education by reducing class size, increasing teacher salaries, and expanding the levy base. To strengthen families, she has worked for family leave, drug abuse prevention, and early intervention for at-risk families. For seniors, property tax relief, chore services and in-home care.

A long-time resident of Shoreline, Grace served on the Shoreline School Board, Shoreline Youth Services, was co-founder of the Center for Human Services

Grace will continue to work for health care reform, environmental protection, and fair taxes.



Pat OLSON

Republican
Campaign Address:
Olson for Legislature
9709 9th N.W.
Seattle, WA 98117
Telephone: (206) 784-6172

Pat is an effective, vibrant, hardworking person who cares about people.

Pat knows the needs and is committed to families and elderly. She is a mother of four; grandmother of eight; with an 89-year old father.

Pat knows the needs and is committed to education. She has been in education as principal, teacher, librarian for 25 years.

Pat knows the needs and is committed to small businesses. She set up a 125-person daycare. She attended SPU and UW for BA, MA, PhD work and Business Certificate.

Pat knows the needs and is committed to the 32nd District.

# **State Senator**

### **Forty-First Legislative District**





Everett
WILCOCK
Democrat
Campaign Address:
Committee to Elect
Everett Wilcock State Senator
11830 164th Avenue S.E.
Renton, WA 98059
Telephone: (206) 271-6255

The 41st District needs a State Senator who will represent them in Olympia for a change. Everett Wilcock is in-touch with the people of our area and the issues we care about.

As a successful small business owner, Everett understands the importance of efficiency and accountability in state government. He knows that wise spending, long-term planning, and investment in the future, are the keys to success.

As a community activist, Everett Wilcock has dedicated himself to effectively managing growth and preserving open space. He has forced government to be more responsive and listen to the needs of our local communities.

Here's where Everett stands on the issues: • Unlike his opponent, Everett Wilcock is *pro-choice* and will protect a woman's right to choose. • Everett Wilcock will fight for meaningful *education reform* that demands tough standards in core subjects like math, science, and English. • Everett will make real changes in our *health care* system that controls costs and opens access to everyone. • Everett Wilcock supports stronger *growth management* laws that preserve the beauty and character of the place we call home.

We can count on Everett Wilcock to represent us in Olympia. We need *Solutions not Excuses*.



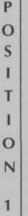
Emilio CANTU Republican

Elected to the key post of Senate Deputy Majority Leader in his first term, Emilio Cantu has earned his reputation for integrity, honesty, and a business-like approach to government.

One of Emilio's top priorities has been to bring efficiency and accountability to government. In 1989 he negotiated a budget that set aside \$260 million for future emergencies - a wise decision. He also saved taxpayers \$15 million when the state acquired a new information system and he was responsible for streamlining the state mail system, saving another \$22 million over five years.

Senator Cantu helped negotiate state budgets which have been the high-water mark in funding public schools and higher education. His Bellevue School Board experience led to his appointment to the Governor's Council on Education Reform and Funding. He is working for a comprehensive school reform plan to improve student learning, parent involvement, school accountability, and local control over schools.

Emilio and his wife, Jo, have four children - Joe, David, Melissa, and Sarah. Active in the 41st District for over 30 years, Emilio is a Navy veteran and retired engineering supervisor for The Boeing Company.





Jim HORN Republican Campaign Address: Citizens for Jim Horn 9507 S.E. 61st Place Mercer Island, WA 98040 Telephone: (206) 232-2347

A proven community leader for seventeen years, Representative Jim Horn believes jobs and a sound economy are high priorities. With an improved business climate (controlled taxation, fewer regulations, and less bureaucracy), government and business can resolve issues of education, health care, transportation, and environment.

A recognized expert on state issues, Horn is fighting for governmental change, sponsoring critical legislation to combat violent crime, improve air quality, and streamline government operations.

Twenty-four year District resident, Korean war veteran, and former Mercer Island Mayor, Jim is a true citizen-legislator with thirty years Boeing management experience in addition to his public service.

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Democrat - No candidate filed.



Ida **BALLASIOTES** 

Republican Campaign Address: Committee to Elect **Ida Ballasiotes** P.O. Box 714 Mercer Island, WA 98040 Telephone: (206) 232-7551

Voters want solutions to problems, not lip service. You can cast your vote for real change by electing Ida Ballasiotes.

You can count on Ida to work for quality schools, health care reform, solutions to transportation problems, and continuing criminal justice reform.

Ida knows how to get people to work together. With twenty years experience as a human resource professional, business owner, and citizen activist, she fought for and got, major changes in our justice system.

Ida earned a B.A. from the University of Puget Sound. She and her husband Andy have lived in the District for over 18 years.

Forty-Fifth Legislative District





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Bill FINKBEINER

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Citizens for Bill Finkbeiner
18314 N.E. 92nd Court
Redmond, WA 98052
Telephone: (206) 882-4325

We need a new voice in Olympia - a new opportunity for responsible citizen government.

We pay plenty in taxes, but don't get our money's worth in good government. We need a new business-like approach to solve problems without crushing seniors, working families and local businesses. We need positive action energetic, enthusiastic leadership - to get Washington moving forward again.

Raised in Kirkland, I now live in Redmond. Since April I've knocked on 9,500 doors, listening to your ideas, answering your questions, sharing your concerns. Working together, we can make a difference. Vote for Bill Finkbeiner - the primary choice for change.

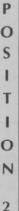


Bill BACKLUND Republican

The legislators you elect must raise taxes or reduce spending. Bill will work to turn around the budget mess by decreasing wasteful spending and insisting on effective control on how your tax dollars are spent.

He will support more local control of schools, sensible land-use planning, and economical health care reform.

Bill's activities in leadership in our community over 15 years have given him greater insight into the challenges we face. With his experience, personal integrity, and basic principles, you can count on him to represent your interests and to do what is right, not what is politically expedient.





Louise MILLER Republican

Democrat - No candidate filed.

Rated "outstanding" eight times by the Municipal League, Louise, a ten year legislator works well with both Democrat and Republican colleagues.

Louise was a key player in obtaining four million in funds to complete the Lake Washington Technical College building. She also was responsible for obtaining funds for Riverview Districts' new high school.

The last two years Louise served on the State Arts Commission, Joint Select Committee on Statewide Water Resources, Rules, Energy and Utilities and Higher Education Committees

Key issues Louise will work on next year include community water supplies, health care for our citizens and education reform.



**Forty-Seventh Legislative District** 



# Rosemarie CLEMENTE

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Friends for
Rosemarie Clemente
P.O. Box 5803
Kent, WA 98064
Telephone: (206) 852-3302

Rosemarie Clemente will be an effective voice in Olympia for the diverse needs of the 47th District. Her concerns are those of families, workers and small business owners: controlling health care costs and providing universal access; solving traffic gridlock; improving public education.

Rosemarie has worked with: PTA Site Council, building an alliance between our schools and local employers; Covington Cares, creating resources in the community for teenagers; the Drinking Driving Task Force, for safer streets; Special Olympics and the Children's Alliance, believing in the importance of every individual. Her experience and commitment will make the difference in the Legislature.



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Suzette
COOKE
Republican
Campaign Address:
Citizens for Suzette Cooke
25307 144th S.E.
Kent, WA 98042
Telephone: (206) 631-5021

I want to make government more accountable to you.

You can count on Suzette Cooke to be accessible and to represent your concerns in the areas of education, the economy, health care and growth management.

I've served the past eleven years as executive director of the Kent Chamber of Commerce. Previously, I spent six years as Director of the Kent Parks Senior Activity Center, three years working for Seattle Parks in youth athletics and cultural arts, and created a program for the developmentally disabled.

My experience working with people and business has prepared me to make government work for you.



Wendell T. PANG

Democrat Campaign Add

Campaign Address: People for Wendell Pang 18006 113th Avenue S.E. Renton, WA 98055 Telephone: (206) 226-6521 Wendell Pang, a retired blue collar worker from Renton, cares. He cares enough to work for you and make a difference. And he's qualified to make that difference count. Wendell has been a resident in the 47th district for 25 years. He understands our problems, like: the economy, jobs, health care, education, senior citizens' rights, and quality of life. Wendell is active in community, church, and veteran's affairs. He served on Renton's Health Care Cost Containment Task Force. His 23 years of military experience included Korea and Viet Nam service. Wendell holds a business management degree from Highline Community College.



Elmira FORNER Republican

Campaign Address: Citizens for Elmira Forner P.O. Box 59704 Renton, WA 98058 Telephone: (206) 631-6714 As a state representative, Elmira Forner brings honesty, hard work and years of community involvement to Olympia. She listens to the people she represents and is a strong advocate for streamlining government. In the Legislature, Elmira is respected as an effective team player who gets the job done. She serves on the Transportation, Judiciary and Trade and Economic Development Committees.

Elmira will work hard to limit property tax increases, to provide quality education, to protect our environment, and to improve our transportation system.

Elmira and her husband, Arny, have lived in the district for 30 years and have three grown children.

# **Forty-Eighth Legislative District**





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Chip TILLEY Democrat Campaign Address: Citizens to Elect Tilley 16515 N.E. 48th Street Redmond, WA 98052-5431 Telephone: (206) 882-3698

Chip Tilley is a concerned, active citizen and a thoughtful, energetic leader.

Chip Tilley is a no-nonsense pragmatist who understands that an investment public education is the best investment we can make in human capital, that

in public education is the best investment we can make in human capital, that economic prosperity and environmental preservation need not be competing interests, and that all citizens deserve access to affordable health care.

Chip Tilley is a fiscal moderate who will slash unnecessary government pending.

Chip Tilley is a social progressive who will defend reproductive freedom in Washington.

Chip Tilley understands the complex problems of today, and will provide creative solutions for a better tomorrow.



REAMS
Republican
Campaign Address:
Bill Reams Committee
7631 N.E. 14th
Bellevue, WA 98004

Tough decisions require a tough manager. I have the necessary experience: Bellevue small businessman; former King County Councilman and 3 time chair; B.A. in Business, U.W., captain U.W. baseball team; Naval veteran. My wife, a school teacher, and I are 29 year residents of the 48th District.

We must: control government spending; provide health care access without another expensive state agency or compromising quality; provide proper education for our children to compete internationally; support crime victims - get tough on criminals; ensure our privacy rights.

Together let's meet these goals and continue to have the best future for our families.



Jon
HEDEGARD
Independent
Campaign Address:
Jon Hedegard
Campaign Committee
16800 N.E. 31st Street
Bellevue, WA 98008
Telephone: (206) 881-2938

Partisan battles in our legislature have clouded the reasons why our politicians are elected. We need pragmatic leadership to solve problems, not ideological squabbles and government by special interest.

I attended Bellevue public schools, the University of Washington, and the University of San Diego Law School. I have worked for law firms and drafted legislation for the legislature.

I stand for a woman's right to choose, campaign finance reform, improving our education system to allow our kids to compete, and developing a mass transit system. Elect Jon Hedegard, a pragmatic leader, not a new version of the same old politician.



Patricia ISENBERG Libertarian Party

Patricia Isenberg offers an alternative to the present policies of tax, spend and regulate.

In seeking solutions to the many problems facing our state, we need to rely more on personal responsibility and private organizations, and less on government.

State 'environmental' policies place owls before people, thus causing unemployment. Private property is classified as *public wetlands*. Instead, we need to respect private property *and* protect the environment.

Patricia says: hold criminals accountable for their crimes; hold polluters liable for damage they cause; reduce burdensome state regulations; no income tax; reduce taxes and spending.

State Representative, 48th District, Position 1, Libertarian.



### Forty-Eighth Legislative District



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2

Erik A.
TOBIASON

Democrat
Campaign Address:
Committee to
Elect a Democrat
16605 S.E. 31st Street
Bellevue, WA 98008
Telephone: (206) 746-2165

It's Time for Change! I'll support Democratic positions in healthcare and choice and initiate the following new proposals: 1. World Class K-12 Education system - adopting college construction and teaching techniques into public schools. 2. Commercialize Defense - forcing The Boeing Company to commercialize taxpayer-owned defense technology. 3. Washington Institute of Technology - building a research institute competitive with Stanford and MIT at NAS Sand Point.

Experience: Ex-Navy jet/carrier pilot, X-29A test manager, former Boeing instructor, current program analyst.

Education: BS-USNA, MS-NPGS, MBA Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

CDR/Navy Reserves: activated to Saudi Arabia for *Operation Desert Storm*. Married with five sons.



Steve VAN LUVEN Republican

Steve has served in the Legislature 7 years.

He opened an Eastside Legislative Office to bring access to state government closer to the people.

He places emphasis on education of our youth, availability of health care and is concerned about property taxes and ensuring government doesn't force people from their homes. An Eastside business owner for 17 years he understands concerns of small business.

Steve, a Washington native, belongs to Rotary, the Youth Eastside Services Board and serves on the Eagle Scout Review Board.

Ranked in top 5 among House members as "most conscientious in responding to constituents requests."





Scott NOBLE Democrat

Campaign Address: 204 Denny Way Seattle, WA 98109 Telephone: 441-4606 I am very confident about the strength of our region and our economy, but we have <u>major problems with property assessments</u>; we need to correct them now. Faith and confidence in the property assessments has been shaken with huge increases while the real estate market goes down.

Property assessments are opinions of value. Today, chances are an untested computer formula has determined your property value. There is no accountability or quality control. We cannot afford to delay getting back on the right track. The assessment problem will not go away by itself. If we continue to ignore the problem and not fix it, the mistakes will only get worse.

The assessments can be corrected. I know, I am a real estate analyst. For over two years, I have focused my efforts on the solutions. My work has come to the attention of local and state legislators and banking authorities.

I recognize that residential land values are unbelievable in many areas. You (and many others) realize <u>something is haywire</u>. Today's real estate market and another round of record numbers of assessment appeals confirm this fact.

There is a <u>need to set the record straight</u> to ensure the ability of present and future homeowners to buy and stay in their homes.

We cannot repeat mistakes of valuing land too highly. (High valuation of land was part of the savings and loan fiasco.) Residential land values are too high now, these inconsistent values must be changed.

Because of my knowledge and experience, I will see that property is valued fairly and will return to accepted methods of appraisal.

I know the values of public service. I am a Vietnam Veteran, and serve as an officer in the Selected Naval Reserve. I was recalled to active duty in support of Operation Desert Storm and the Mt. Pinatubo evacuation.

Allow me to return to you fair, true, and equitable property assessments. I ask for your vote . . . I will get the job done . . . and get the job done right.

Thank you for your consideration, and support.



Norward J. BROOKS Republican

Campaign Address: 100 Mercer ST Seattle, WA 98109-4098 Telephone: 283-6907 Like you, I am concerned about the property tax system. That's why I am working to give you fair tax rates, better taxpayer services and protect your property rights. Here's how I am making government work for you right now. . .

As your Assessor, I pledge that you, as a taxpayer, will get a fair and accurate appraisal of your property.

- I am re-evaluating and updating the current computer software to guarantee accurate appraisals the first-time around.
- And, if you challenge your property value and win the appeal, I have changed the office policy so your case will be closed and not continually challenged by the system.
- To improve competence of the appraisers, I am setting up formal training programs to make sure your property's value is professionally determined.
- To enhance the efficiency of the office, I will fight for computerized tools to help the appraisers collect accurate data while in the field and allow me to hold them accountable for the accuracy of your assessment.

As a proven taxpayer advocate, I will put my experience to work for you.

- I will lobby for a property tax system that will limit large annual tax increases.
- If your property is designated a wetland, green belt or open space, your property will be immediately re-valued.
- And, for those who are 61 and over, I will push to revise the eligibility requirements of the senior exemption program so that more senior property taxpayers can enjoy increased tax relief.

My experience as Comptroller of the City of Seattle; Commissioner of the Washington Employment Security Department; and, Director Administrative Data Processing at the University of Washington, complimented with my education consisting of a Bachelor of Science Degree in Mathematics, Master of Business Administration specializing in finance, and a Doctor of Philosophy in Higher Education Administration provide me with the best experience and education to run an efficient assessor's office where the taxpayer comes first.

As a taxpayer, you deserve no less.

Please vote for me, Norward Brooks, for your King County Assessor. I am making government work for you. Thank you.



# Northeast District Court Judge

P O S I T I

4



J. Wesley SAINT CLAIR

The problems facing the district court system are as diverse as the people that come before the court. Substance abuse, whether alcohol or drug, gangs and gang related crimes, domestic violence, and sheer volume are some of the most pressing problems. When these problems are combined with the pressures on the courts to provide better service while facing understaffing of at least 10 to 20 percent, budgetary cuts, security around the court, and jail overcrowding, we must be even more creative in devising solutions for the people that appear before the court. We must not only hold people accountable for their actions, but must make sure that the punishment fits the crime, the particular circumstances of the individual, and the needs of society. We must temper judgment with fairness. I will continue to strive for fairness, justice and accountability throughout the system. I will continue to listen to each individual as they come before the court in such a fashion that they know they are not just another number appearing before the judge.

UNOPPOSED

# WASHINGTON STATE VOTER REGISTRATION INFORMATION

Qualifications for registering:

- 1. You are a U.S. citizen by birth or naturalization.
- 2. You will be 18 or older on the day of the primary or general election.
- 3. You are a legal resident of the State of Washington.

When to register:

Anytime, but you must be registered 30 days before the election to be qualified to vote. The voter registration deadline for the 1992 State General Election was October 3, 1992.

Where to register:

You must register in person at the King County Division of Records and Elections, before a city or town clerk, or deputy voter registrar. Deputy registrars are located in most public schools, some fire stations, branch public libraries and state offices. Contact the Division of Records and Elections at 296-VOTE (or TDD 296-0109) for the location of a registration facility near you.

You must re-register only if:

- You did not vote in the previous 24-month period, or the most recent presidential election, or
- 2. You have moved from one county/state to another, or
- 3. If you have moved, and Records and Elections receives any correspondence returned by the Post Office as undeliverable, your registration will be cancelled 60 days upon receipt of the returned correspondence.

If you move, you must transfer your registration:

Whenever you move, you must change your voter registration. You may update your voter registration if you have changed your name. These changes can be made before a voter registrar or through the mail. If mailing, include your registration number (if known), your old and new names and/or addresses, printed and written signatures. Mail to the Division of Records and Elections, 553 King County Administration Building, Seattle, WA 98104.

To vote with your new information, you must update your registration 30 days before an election.



# PROPOSITION NO. 1 METRO ASSUMPTION

Shall King County, effective January 1, 1994, assume the rights, powers, functions and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO), with said assumption contingent upon voter approval of King County Charter Amendment No. 1, providing for a thirteen member metropolitan county council with regional committees to review and recommend county-wide policies and plans, allowing cities to propose regional ordinances, and providing unincorporated area residents with alternative initiative and referendum procedures for ordinances effective only in unincorporated areas, all as provided in Ordinance No. 10531?

### **Explanatory Statement**

The Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO) provides public transportation and water pollution abatement services within its service area, and has boundaries which are the same as those of King County. METRO is currently governed by a 44 member council, comprised primarily of persons elected to other local governmental positions.

In September of 1990, the United States District Court ruled that the statutory method by which the METRO council members are selected violates the "one person, one vote" principle embodied in the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution. On June 17, 1992 the court entered an order and injunction ordering that, effective April 30, 1993, only the directly elected King County Executive and King County Councilmembers may vote as members of the METRO Council.

If approved by the voters, Proposition No. 1 would authorize King County, effective January 1, 1994, to assume all of the rights, powers, functions and obligations of METRO, provided that the voters also approve proposed King County Charter Amendment No. 1, which provides for a thirteen member metropolitan county council with regional committees to review and recommend county-wide policies and plans, allows cities within the county to propose ordinances of regional significance, and provides unincorporated area residents with alternative initiative and referendum procedures for ordinances effective only in unincorporated areas. The current 44 member METRO council would be abolished, and King County, in accordance with its charter as amended, would thereafter be vested with all the statutory rights, powers, duties and obligations currently vested in the METRO council.

### Statement for

Debate over Metro-King County reform has dragged on for 20 years, culminating in a constitutional crisis. Let's put the confusion behind us so we can tackle tough, county-wide issues like traffic, growth and environmental protection.

Join the League of Women Voters, the Municipal League and all of us in voting YES for King County Proposition One and YES for King County Charter Amendment One.

These measures unify King County and Metro, the county-wide government for transit and water quality. Both must pass for reforms to occur. Each brings improvements that are long overdue.

Proposition One brings Metro the accountability demanded in federal court: Metro services will be preserved, but the federated, 45-member Metro Council will be dissolved. Metro will be governed instead by directly elected county officials. With nearly 4,000 employees and billion-dollar responsibilities, Metro needs this direct voter oversight.

Charter Amendment One increases local control: This measure guarantees cities an appropriate voice in county-wide policies while improving representation for unincorporated communities.

This plan is endorsed by our leading civic groups and by elected representatives for suburban cities, Seattle and King County.

Vote YES for King County Proposition One and YES for Charter Amendment One.

# Rebuttal of statement against

This is the first Metro-King County ballot proposal to win support from city officials throughout King County.

It was developed in a two year process that was intently scrutinized by civic organizations, legal experts, citizen activists and the news media.

Judge Dwyer's ruling addresses a critical, but narrow, legal issue. This plan improves our entire system of county-wide government, and will bring improvements to both Metro and King County.

Vote YES Proposition 1

# Statement against

This ill-conceived proposal to hand all METRO functions to the King County Council is the third County Council attempt to take over METRO. With this repeat of the previous power grab (with minor modifications), the County Council seeks a formula to put it over. "If at first (and second) you don't succeed..."

A thirteen-member Council supposedly would handle the increased responsibility with better accountability. Our former three-member Board of County Commissioners was much more accessible/accountable than the present nine-member Council. Bigger is worse, not hatter!

King County manages its Building and Land Development division (BALD) atrociously - fees of \$90/hour, plus huge base fees like \$888 for a short plat environmental checklist review. But permit waiting time gets longer. Conversely, METRO has a good record.

Judge Dwyer's ruling did not require a METRO merger. In the alternative described in his later ruling (which is better than the proposed merger), present METRO structure would remain, with County Council members and Executive entitled to vote. Others on the METRO Council would serve in an advisory capacity. Voting members would seldom vote against their METRO Council peers to avoid later retribution.

Vote NO on METRO/King County Council merger.

# Rebuttal of statement for

Proponents claim METRO services will be preserved, admitting METRO won't. You can't have it both ways.

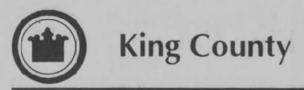
In the early 1980s, five sewer districts were merged with adjoining ones because King County could not manage them effectively. Can they now do better than METRO, which has done very well?

King County could give METRO "one man, one vote" but wants all of the marbles. Let the legislature do it.

Vote NO on Proposition One (METRO merger).

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: MAXINE KEESLING, RICHARD A. PARGETER, PAUL SNYDER

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: TERRY LUKENS, GREG NICKELS, NORM RICE



#### **BALLOT TITLE**

#### PROPOSED CHARTER AMENDMENT NO. 1

Shall the King County Charter be amended to 1) provide for a thirteen member metropolitan county council with regional committees to review and recommend county-wide policies and plans, 2) allow cities to propose regional ordinances and 3) provide unincorporated area residents with alternative initiative and referendum procedures for ordinances effective only in unincorporated areas, all contingent upon voter approval of King County Proposition No. 1 authorizing the county's assumption of the rights, powers, functions and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO)?

## **Explanatory Statement**

If approved by the voters, proposed Charter Amendment No. 1 would amend the King County Charter to provide for a thirteen member metropolitan county council instead of the current nine member council, and would establish regional committees comprised of metropolitan county councilmembers and other local elected officials to review and recommend county-wide policies and plans. The proposed amendment would also allow cities within the county to propose ordinances of regional significance to the metropolitan county council. It would also provide unincorporated area residents with alternative initiative and referendum procedures for ordinances effective only in unincorporated areas. These provisions would take effect January 1, 1994.

Under the proposed amendment, elections for the four new councilmembers would be held in conjunction with the primary and general elections in 1993, with terms commencing on January 1, 1994. Two of the new positions would have initial terms of two years, and two would have full four-year initial terms.

The proposed amendment would be effective only if the voters also approve King County Proposition No. 1, authorizing King County to assume the rights, powers, functions and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO).

### Statement for

We can create a stronger county government that's more accountable to the public by voting YES for King County Charter Amendment One and YES for King County Proposition One.

These ballot measures will unify King County and Metro, the county-wide sewer and transit agency, bringing Metro services and taxing authority under direct voter control.

Charter Amendment One will also expand the County Council to 13 members to assume the duties of the 45 member, unconstitutional Metro Council and the current, nine-member County Council.

Charter Amendment One will also create Regional Policy Committees where county and city officials will jointly develop regional plans and policies.

It will also revise the county charter to make it easier for citizens in unincorporated areas to initiate and challenge county laws which only apply in their communities.

Both ballot measures must pass for reforms to occur. These Metro-King County improvements are long overdue.

We need one county government, not two.

Join the League of Women Voters, the Municipal League, the Suburban Cities Association, King County representatives and the Mayor of Seattle in voting YES for King County Charter Amendment One and YES for King County Proposition One.

# Rebuttal of statement against

Metro-King County reform <u>DECREASES</u> the number of "politicians" making county-wide decisions.

There are 45 Existing Metro and County Councilmembers. A YES vote subtracts 32 "Politicians"

This leaves 13 Directly Elected Councilmembers

By any arithmetic that's less government, and it saves taxpayer's money.

Your YES vote brings greater local control over two existing county-wide governments - Metro and King County - and gives voters direct control over \$1.5 Billion in public services.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: SHEILA KOLLMORGEN, MONICA ZUCKER, LINCOLN FERRIS

### Statement against

#### DO POLITICIANS NEED MORE JOBS?

This charter amendment increases the size of the County Council from 9 to 13 members. Do we really want to create more jobs for more politicians?

#### REGIONAL GOVERNMENT WILL BEVERY COSTLY TO TAXPAYERS

The cost to taxpayers will be very high. Taxpayers will have to pay for the expanded size of the County Council, additional staff to serve the larger County Council, and new staff to serve the regional committees.

#### REGIONAL GOVERNMENT DESTROYS LOCAL CONTROL

Power will be shifted away from local communities to appointed regional committees. Regional government means big, powerful, centralized government. Do we really want to undermine the influence of our local communities?

#### REGIONAL GOVERNMENT UNDERMINES PEOPLE'S RIGHTS

The appointed regional committees are unfairly structured. The unfair, bureaucratic structure will deny representation to many citizens. Accountability will be lacking. People should be represented by locally elected officials, not a costly new layer of bureaucracy. Please vote "NO" on Charter Amendment #1.

### Rebuttal of statement for

CHAOS! Absolute chaos will prevail if this badly flawed, everexpanding regional government is imposed. In effect, bewildered citizens will have to face not one county government, not two governments, but many governments, all squabbling, fighting, and competing for a share of county control. This new, costly, unconstitutional form of government will not be accountable to anyone. Join with organizations such as the Washington Taxpayers Association and Voters Against Tax Abuse in voting "NO."

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: VALERIE CUNNINGHAM, LLOYD GARDNER, KENT PULLEN



#### **BALLOT TITLE**

#### PROPOSITION NO. 2 REGIONAL JUSTICE CENTER

To finance construction of a Regional Justice Center providing additional law, safety and justice space, and to fund site acquisition for a second justice center, jail remodelling, and operation of a drug treatment program, shall King County increase its regular property tax levy by not more than \$0.302 (thirty and two-tenths cents) per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for five consecutive years, with collection beginning in 1993, all as provided in King County Ordinance No. 10534?

(This shall not be construed to constitute an excess levy and shall be subject to otherwise applicable statutory limits.)

## **Explanatory Statement**

If approved by the voters, Proposition 2 would authorize King County, exclusively for the purpose of providing funds to finance the construction of a Regional Justice Center providing additional space for law, safety and justice purposes, acquire a site for a second justice center, remodel existing jail facilities and operate a drug treatment program, to increase its regular property tax levy by not more than \$0.302 (thirty and two-tenths cents) per thousand dollars of assessed valuation for a period of five consecutive years, with collection of the increased levy beginning in 1993. This increase would be in excess of the 106% limitation on levy increases provided for by state law. At the end of the five year period, the authorization for the increased levy would cease.

The proposed increase in the annual regular property tax levy will be authorized if a majority of the votes cast are in favor of the proposition.

### Statement for

For the past decade, citizens have said "get tough on crime." There are more police patrolling our streets and they have the latest in crime fighting hardware and software.

Now our prison and jail populations are at all time highs. Programs to divert low-risk prisoners, like electronic home detention, have already been implemented.

We now face the danger that prisoners could be set free. It has happened in other counties, but it does not have to happen here.

To preserve the integrity of our Law, Safety and Justice system, more courts and detention space are needed now. A "YES" vote on Proposition Two will provide funds to build a <u>Regional Justice Center</u> in South King County. It will provide desperately needed courts and jail space as well as business and marriage licensing services.

The decision to build this facility was made after years of public review and literally hundreds of public meetings in every area of King County. It will protect the integrity of the justice system by assuring police that they will have a place to book prisoners.

The price is just \$45 a year for five years on a home assessed at \$150,000. Vote "YES" on Proposition Two.

# Statement against

Voters are being asked to say yes to proposition 2, funding for the Phase I Regional Justice Center. The King County Council passed ordinance 10406 approving and adopting site 19.

Site 19 had potential contamination that warranted testing, which concluded that soil and ground water contained carcinogenic chemicals beyond the Model Toxic Control Act levels. Contamination extent is unknown until demolition of buildings is completed. This cannot happen until the County becomes the property owner. Building on this site is asking taxpayers to sign a blank check for cleanup cost estimated to run into the millions.

Length of cleanup ranges from 2 to 10 years. During this time construction and facility operations will be ongoing. Is King County leaving themselves and taxpayers open for potential litigation stemming from health concerns derived from contamination on behalf of inmates and facility employees?

During this time of economic uncertainty you are being asked to contribute your hard earned dollars for a project showing potential cost overrun. Cost started at 124 million escalated to 162 million. Yes on proposition 2 allows the County a loose belt while we taxpayers tighten ours.

## Rebuttal of statement against

Site selection for the Regional Justice Center (RJC) involved hundreds of public meetings and extensive environmental review. Environmental experts have studied the site and identified cleanup costs. <u>All</u> costs to build the RJC are included here - THERE ARE NO HIDDEN COSTS. The health and safety of workers and inmates will not be risked.

Don't be swayed by NIMBY arguments disguised as environmental concerns. Vote YES on Proposition 2. We must provide for Public Safety NOW!

### Rebuttal of statement for

Proposition 2 supporters are instilling fear over releasing prisoners due to lacking jail space. Currently there are 6,050 outstanding felony warrants.

Criminals remain free, sentenced criminals are given a few days to tie up loose ends. According to Presiding King County Superior Court Judge Charles Johnson, "Judges do that regularly, because most people will return." Recently, during a five week span, 59 people failed to return.

Can we afford Proposition 2, funding a faulty system?

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: LOIS NORTH, CHARLES JOHNSON, NORMAN CHAMBERLAIN

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: CHERYLE NOBLE, CYNDI HALLIN, MELISSA HARRY



# City of Bothell

LOCAL FOCUS: The City of Bothell, incorporated in 1909, serves a rapidly growing population of 24,105. Bothell's \$23.5 million budget provides police, fire, water, sewer, streets, parks and other services to its citizens. Seven Councilmembers are elected to overlapping 4-year terms; the Mayor is elected by the Council biannually.

#### **BALLOT TITLE**

PROPOSITION NO. 1
PARK AND RECREATION BONDS - \$5,800,000

Shall the City of Bothell, Washington, borrow \$5,800,000 to acquire sites for and improve or renovate parks, multi-purpose sports fields and trails by selling general obligation bonds therefor maturing within 20 years and levy annual excess property taxes, for collection commencing in 1994, necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Ordinance No. 1472?

## **Explanatory Statement**

If approved by the voters, Proposition No. 1 would authorize the City of Bothell to issue up to \$5,800,000 worth of general obligation bonds to finance the capital costs of acquiring sites for and improving or renovating parks, multi-purpose sports fields and trails, all as provided in Ordinance No. 1472 of the city.

The bonds, which would be required to mature within twenty years of their issuance, would be paid through annual property tax levies to be made upon all taxable property within the city and in excess of the regular non-voted property tax levy, at such rate as may be required to meet such payments, and through any other funds which may become available and may be used for such purposes. The principal amount of such bonds would be included in the debt capacity allowance of the city allocated to open space and park facilities.

Generally, if certain requirements administered by the Department of Revenue and the County Assessor are satisfied, a homeowner who is sixty-one years or older and who has disposable income of \$26,000 or less will be exempted from these taxes.

### Statement for

Parks YES! Kids and families need places to grow.

Parents and concerned citizens are supporting the Bothell park bond. We understand how important it is that our kids have sportsfields and places to play, and that our families have places to go.

Our existing sportsfields are already reserved 95% of the time and the facilities at Blyth Park, Bothell's major community park, are also booked up. The newly annexed areas of the city have no sports fields or parks at all. Recognizing these facts, Bothell voters, in a recent survey, expressed a clear priority for the acquisition of new parkland while sites are still available, affordable and interest rates are low.

A citizens' task force, the Park Board and the City are asking voters to approve a 5.8 million dollar park bond. \$1.5 million of the dollars that you authorize will be used to buy 3 five acre multi-purpose sportsfields. The remaining \$4.3 million will be used to acquire and develop community and neighborhood parks and trails. For a \$150,000 home this would be approximately \$4.50 per month and decrease as the tax base increases.

Please vote YES for parks, for kids, for families and for our community.

# Statement against

NO STATEMENT SUBMITTED.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: SUE PARO, DAVE SHIPWAY, THOMAS BONORDEN

# **City of Bothell**



#### **BALLOT TITLE**

PROPOSITION NO. 2
PUBLIC FACILITIES BONDS - \$6,200,000

Shall the City of Bothell, Washington, borrow \$6,200,000 to construct or renovate and equip a building for a police station and acquire a site for that station and a future City Hall by selling general obligation bonds therefor maturing within 20 years and levy annual excess property taxes, for collection commencing in 1994, necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Ordinance No. 1473?

## **Explanatory Statement**

If approved by the voters, Proposition No. 2 would authorize the City of Bothell to issue up to \$6,200,000 worth of general obligation bonds to finance the capital costs of constructing or renovating and equipping a building for a police station and a future City Hall, all as provided in Ordinance No. 1473 of the city.

The bonds, which would be required to mature within twenty years of their issuance, would be paid through annual property tax levies to be made upon all taxable property within the city and in excess of the regular non-voted property tax levy, at such rate as may be required to meet such payments, and through any other funds which may become available and may be used for such purposes.

Generally, if certain requirements administered by the Department of Revenue and the County Assessor are satisfied, a homeowner who is sixty-one years or older and who has disposable income of \$26,000 or less will be exempted from these taxes.

### Statement for

Police YES!

Statistics confirm that "by 1997, most property crimes will occur outside of Seattle and by 2000, 50% of <u>all</u> crimes will occur outside Seattle." To meet this threat to our community we must support our police. This is why concerned Bothell citizens are voting yes for the Bothell police station bond.

In 1987, Bothell's police station was condemned and torn down. Since that time, the city has leased space for the police station (currently we pay more than \$105,000 per year in rent)-money that could be spent on more police personnel and police cars. We need a better buy for our dollars.

The last time Bothell citizens were asked to approve a bond to construct a city building was 1977. You recognized this need and approved the bond for a fire station. NOW, the need is for a police facility!

Your YES vote for Bothell police will authorize a \$6.2 million dollar bond to buy a site, construct and equip a police station of 15,000 to 17,000 square feet. For a \$150,000 home this is \$4.75 a month and decreases as the tax base increases. We must act now while interest rates are low.

# Statement against

NO STATEMENT SUBMITTED.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: MIKE NOBLET, DOUG McCOY, SUE PARO



# **Town of Clyde Hill**

#### **BALLOT TITLE**

#### PROPOSITION NO. 1

Shall the Town of Clyde Hill, Washington be annexed to and be part of the King County Rural Library District?

## **Explanatory Statement**

Four years ago the King County Library System (KCLS) changed the basis for charging contracting towns. Clyde Hill's 1992 contract cost is \$42,500 or about \$0.10/\$1,000 of assessed value (\$40/yr. for a \$400,000 home). KCLS now wants all towns to pay the same levy rate as annexed households pay (projected contract costs: 1993 \$145,100; 1994 \$196,300). KCLS currently levies a property tax of \$0.437/\$1,000 (\$175/yr. for a \$400,000 home) and is authorized to levy up to \$.50/\$1,000 of assessed value.

A temporary agreement was negotiated with KCLS to freeze the Town's contract costs at \$42,500 for 1991 & 1992 in trade for placing annexation on the November 1991 ballot. Clyde Hill voted against annexation (45.5% yes vs. 54.5% no).

Considering the vote and after analyzing financial trends, the Town Council removed the library as a budgeted service for 1993. Library service under the contract is scheduled to end on December 31, 1992. Because a portion of the community expressed the importance of full library service and since some residents have said they did not fully understand the consequences of the 1991 vote, the Council decided to resubmit the issue of annexation to the voters.

A yes vote will make the citizens of Clyde Hill part of the King County Library System and will grant KCLS direct taxing authority.

A no vote will maintain the current taxing authority and mean the curtailment of library services for Clyde Hill residents.

## Statement for

Loss of Library Privileges

Next January, Clyde Hill risks being one of three King County towns without library privileges. Residents who voted last year against library annexation did so assuming an alternative could be found. No plan has proven feasible. KCLS does <u>not</u> issue individual cards. Residents will lose check-out and telephone-ordering privileges, books by mail, computerized reference facilities, and public-school on-line access for our children, for which Library ID will be required.

State-of-the-Art Facilities

The new Bellevue Library will be the flagship of KCLS, providing 2,000,000 items - videos, CDs, extensive automated reference resources (accessing 37 libraries), children's story-hours, and book-mobiles.

Cost Equalization

Clyde Hill residents have no liability for the \$67,000,000 construction bond for the new library. For 12 years Clyde Hill paid less than its fair share for library services. Next year, all KCLS assessments will be equalized at 0.437 cents per \$1,000 home evaluation. A \$400,000 home would pay \$175. In comparison, Cable TV costs approximately \$417.

Our Cultural Heritage

The values are not only financial, but cultural. The young Lincoln read by candlelight. Our children are increasingly absorbed in MTV. Let's join the 99.7% of King County residents who have preserved library privileges for their families.

# Rebuttal of statement against

- Without annexation, we will have no right to <u>any KCLS</u> services. The nearest Seattle library is inconveniently distant, and inaccessible to our children. Future Seattle privileges are in doubt.
- \* Property values will be adversely affected.
- Including annexation, town services won't be threatened, as they will total less than 33% of our available taxing authority.
- » Cost increases are due to previous under-assessment.
- \* A library is more than a material commodity; it is a cultural necessity.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: JIM SCOTT, DAVID BLUM, ERICA CHOW

## Statement against

With annexation, our library cost will be over 4-1/2 times the current levels. Tax statements will increase \$175 per year for the average home, whether the library is used or not. That level of cost is exorbitant. In five years, circulation has increased only 11% while expenditures have tripled, and cannot be controlled by the taxpayers through elected officials.

Clyde Hill residents currently pay 93¢ per \$1,000 in property taxes for all city services, including police, fire and streets. With annexation, King County can charge another 50¢ per \$1,000. A vote to annex comes off the top of our tax base and commits an unreasonable share to a single service, threatening our town's ability to fund future vital services.

Funding library services in rural areas (the reason KCLS was established in 1942) through property tax assessments results in a reasonable cost per capita in rural areas. Expanding this tax to urban communities with sky-rocketing assessments does not.

Without annexation, the county libraries will still be available to visit and to use reference materials without restriction. The excellent Seattle 20 branch system is only minutes away and issues inexpensive cards with full check-out privileges.

**VOTE NO ON ANNEXATION!** 

## Rebuttal of statement for

Clyde Hill will continue library access without annexation through in-library services at county facilities and full privileges, including check-out, at Seattle libraries with cards available for reasonable fees, something Seattle officials assure will continue.

Unreasonable and uncontrolled expenditures by KCLS force us to choose between KCLS affiliation and responsible civic concern over excess spending. Libraries must fit into a proportionately balanced budget. Our town's survival depends upon protecting an extremely limited revenue base.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: JIM HILLMAN, MIKE COLE, GAIL COLE

# City of Kirkland



#### **BALLOT TITLE**

#### PROPOSITION NO. 1 KIRKLAND WATERFRONT PARK BONDS - \$1,500,000

Shall the City of Kirkland, Washington, borrow \$1,500,000 to acquire lands adjacent to the City's existing David E. Brink Park for waterfront, open space and park purposes by selling general obligation bonds therefor, maturing within twenty years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds as provided in Ordinance No. 3329?

## **Explanatory Statement**

Acquisition of 176 feet of Lake Washington waterfront just south of David E. Brink Park is the purpose of Proposition 1. The \$1.5 million measure would cover the acquisition costs for the parcel. The City's 1989 Comprehensive Park, Open Space and Recreation Plan identifies acquisition of additional park land, including waterfront property on Lake Washington, as a high priority if additional waterfront becomes available. If approved, Proposition 1 will cost property owners approximately 4.5 cents per \$1,000 of assessed value, or approximately \$6.74 a year for a \$150,000 home. By law, bond issues require a 60% favorable vote to be validated and the total number of votes cast must be at least 40% of the number cast in the last general election. Based on a voter turnout of 13,271 in the November 1991 election, that means 5,308 ballots must be cast November 3, and 3,185 of them must be "yes" votes for this bond measure to pass.

### Statement for

Kirkland is an award winning, fiscally responsible city with a sound economic budget. We are not planning lay-offs, tax increases or cutting services. We carry one of the lowest amounts of bonded indebtedness - approximately 4% of the State allowed total - and we receive consistently high bond ratings. Our citizens stand in line to purchase Kirkland bonds.

By eliminating development funds, this park request has been significantly reduced from the original primary ballot amount. The City will seek regional reimbursement for some of those costs. (In 1992, Kirkland leveraged \$735,000 in reimbursements for the Forbes Valley wetlands purchase.) Historically, the estimated park bond costs per \$1,000 assessed valuation have dropped each year. By law, the price of city land purchases are set by a professional appraisal. If developed, the property will accommodate three multi-family units.

The development of Kirkland neighborhood parks are still on their completion schedule. The Capital Improvement Program has money slated for street improvements and neighborhood "traffic calming" measures. This bond issue does not impact any currently planned city program. Waterfront purchases are a part of the Comprehensive Park Plan, the public's vision and the dream of our late, farsighted Park Director, David Brink.

# Rebuttal of statement against

Kirkland citizens have pride in our parks particularly those on the waterfront. This is the last available property on Lake Washington. The price reflects market conditions.

The opponents of this bond issue have included erroneous and misleading information in their statement. Kirkland is in very sound financial condition and has no tax revenue shortfalls which would reduce city services.

Do not believe negative campaigning. Vote for open space and public access to the Kirkland Waterfront.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: ROBERT NEIR, MARY ALYCE BURLEIGH

## Statement against

Kirkland taxpayers do not need to pay an exorbitant price for this small area. Kirkland's code requires waterfront access be provided without a cost to the taxpayers when waterfront property is redeveloped. Taxing the residents of Kirkland \$1.5 million to add the 0.3 acre parcel to the existing park provides very little public benefit. Kirkland already offers four waterfront parks, which see extensive use by non-residents. Completion of Houghton Beach's \$1.1 million renovation will make it five.

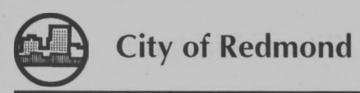
Consider our citizens' greater need for the following capital facilities: the Waverly site; at least six un (der) developed neighborhood parks (i.e. Forbes Lake, Mark Twain, N.E. 70th, Watershed, Kiwanis, and N.E. 100th); City Hall's expansion (estimated to cost millions); Downtown pedestrian and off street parking facilities; enormous Totem Lake area redevelopment improvements; and miles of sidewalks. Kirkland taxpayers should only vote to increase taxes providing directly beneficial and necessary improvements.

Several public expenditure excesses have occurred in recent years pointing to irresponsible long range fiscal planning. Our 1992 economy is flat. Major tax revenue shortfalls are ongoing. Vote NO on the park purchase if you would have your hard-earned tax dollars go to necessities instead of luxuries. Vote NO to show that you support responsible fiscal policy.

# Rebuttal of statement for

Fiscal responsibility is far more than low bonded indebtedness or balanced budgets. It is about providing our citizens the best return on the investment of their tax dollars. This park purchase is not a good public bargain or investment. More public benefit would be gained by spending \$1.5 million on existing un (under) developed park lands in other areas of the city. Taxes continue to increase and we must insure that they are well spent. VOTE NO!

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: DICK EKINS, MIKE NYKREIM, TIMOTHY J. WOOSLEY



LOCAL FOCUS: The City of Redmond surrounds the north end of Lake Sammamish and encompasses 14.34 square miles with a population of 39,040. The 1992 \$28.2 million General Fund Budget supports traditional municipal services with 354 employees. Over 34,670 people work in Redmond, bringing the daytime population to over 50,000.

#### **BALLOT TITLE**

# PROPOSITION NO. 1 COMMUNITY RECREATION CENTER BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$7,900,000.00 to design, construct and equip a Community and Teen Center, either on the Redmond Municipal Campus or at another location in the downtown Redmond area, by selling general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905?

## **Explanatory Statement**

City of Redmond residents are being asked to vote on a \$7,900,000 proposition to construct and equip a Community and Teen Recreation Center in downtown Redmond. No bond funds would be used for the acquisition of land.

The Community Recreation Center would have following components: RECREATION AREAS - Full sized gymnasiums for health and fitness programs such as basketball, volleyball, athletics and special events, an indoor running track, a fitness room and racquetball courts. MULTIPURPOSE ROOMS - For a variety of community functions including meetings, banquets, wedding receptions, aerobic fitness, dance, and arts classes. TEEN AREA - Special facilities for teens only, for non-structured activities, dances, study and snack areas. FAMILY SWIMMING POOLS - A family aquatics facility to include shallow, warm water areas, play features, a slide, a float channel for inner tubes, and a 6 lane pool for lap swimming, instruction, and competition. SUPPORT SPACES - A games room, cafe-snack bar, locker rooms and administrative offices.

Maintenance and operation of the Center will be paid for through recreation program user fees and a City Council proposed additional tax on cable television services.

If approved, Proposition No. 1 will increase property owner taxes approximately 21 cents per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. For example, a \$100,000 home would cost \$21/year; a \$150,000 home \$31.50/year; and a \$200,000 home \$42/year. The expenditure of funds would require approval by the Mayor and City Council.

### Statement for

Redmond needs a focal point: a place for families to gather, a safe place for kids to be.

A Community/Teen Center would give Redmond that "sense of community" we've been looking for. Survey after survey since 1984 has shown more than 70% citizen support for a Community/Teen center.

It is time to stop talking and do something! Vote YES! for the Redmond Community/Teen Center as a sound investment in Redmond's future.

- A major concern for you is the lack of adequate activities for youth: to keep kids off the streets: <u>Vote YES! for the Community/Teen</u> Center!
- The City of Redmond does not currently have sufficient indoor space for active recreation: <u>Vote YES!</u> for the <u>Community/Teen</u> Center!
- The Redmond Senior Center, open for less than two years, is already overbooked: Vote YES! for the Community/Teen Center!

The time is NOW to vote YES! on Proposition #1: the Redmond Community/Teen Center!

# Statement against

A Community Recreation Center is not an urgent need. Should we pay for a health club, another swimming pool, and a teen center when existing facilities and programs function at a fraction of the cost?

The \$7.9 million to construct and equip a Community Recreation Center is only the first of many costs. If land has to be purchased, which is a likely possibility, the City will have to raise several million more dollars. Once built, the minimum cost to operate and maintain a Community Recreation Center is projected to be \$846,000 per year. Anaverage fee of \$2.50 per person per visit is proposed to cover a portion of the maintenance and operation cost. More than 500 people a day will have to pay the \$2.50 to meet the income requirement from fees.

Fees alone don't cover the full costs of maintenance and operation. The City proposes an additional 5.5% tax on cable television viewers to close the gap in the maintenance and operation costs. There is no guarantee that this will be the end of it. Costs and taxes could go even higher. The risk is too great.

Vote NO on Proposition 1!

# Rebuttal of statement against

Proposition 1 promotes solid values and productive youth, Redmond's most urgent need. This bond covers all capital costs, no land need be purchased.

The city's conservative revenue forecast for the Center shows it will run a small deficit. Some new maintenance revenue may be needed, but that is all. Don't be misled. Similar centers are virtually self sufficient.

This project has been a citizen priority for a decade, and will provide downtown with a focus.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: GORDON BLUECHEL, KEITH MEYERS, LINDA BURNS

### Rebuttal of statement for

The surveys referred to didn't explain to Redmond taxpayers that the Community Recreation Center costs would be \$7.9 million dollars, not including the land.

Recently, the community has created programs and opened facilities for youth. Programs and facilities like the Annex, Open Gyms, Redmond Junior High dances, CHASPEN Foundation, and Parks Department events reach all youth, including youth at risk.

The City should support existing programs and facilities before increasing property taxes for new construction.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: DONALD DREW, DEBRA HIGBEE, RICHARD M. SHANK

# **City of Redmond**



#### **BALLOT TITLE**

# PROPOSITION NO. 2 NEIGHBORHOOD STREET IMPROVEMENT BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$2,025,000.00 to acquire land for, design and construct the Neighborhood Street Improvements Program, by selling general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905?

## **Explanatory Statement**

The City of Redmond residents are being asked to vote on a \$2,025,000 proposition to acquire land for, design, and construct the Neighborhood Street Improvement Program.

Seven neighborhood safety improvement projects are included: 160 Avenue NE and Redmond Way intersection and roadway improvements east of Redmond Center, 156 Avenue NE from NE 51 Street to NE 60 Street traffic control improvement, Redmond-Woodinville Road/ NE 109 Street/154 Avenue NE intersection realignment and new traffic signal, Redmond Way/ East Lake Sammamish Parkway/180 Avenue NE intersection realignment and widening, 177 Avenue NE from West Lake Sammamish Parkway to NE 34 Street roadway completion (including sidewalks), Old Redmond Road from 132 Avenue NE to 136 Avenue NE roadway widening to three lanes with bicycle lanes and sidewalks, East Lake Sammamish Parkway from NE 65 Street to 187 Avenue NE bike lane addition to the west side.

If approved, Proposition No. 2 will increase property owner taxes approximately 6 cents per \$1,000 assessed valuation. For example, a \$100,000 home would cost \$6/year; a \$150,000 home \$9/year; and a \$200,000 home \$12/year. Funds collected will be deposited in a bond fund and expenditures will require approval by the Mayor and City Council.

#### Statement for

Ask anyone in Redmond- "We need to improve the traffic bottlenecks and dangerous intersections- we can't get around, our kids aren't safe." Folks, here is your chance.

YES! Proposition 2 for neighborhood street improvements will correct serious snarls and dangerous crossings.

YES! Safe neighborhood streets are the foundation of Redmond's transportation system. Interest rates are the lowest in 20 years. NOW is the time to invest in our neighborhoods. Each citizen's share is 2 cents a day.

#### Proposition 2 YES!

- (1) Align Redmond Way/160th (Denny's/Winchell/QFC)
- (2) Align Redwood/109th, install signal
- (3) Control traffic at 156th/Ben Rush
- (4) Reconstruct Redmond Way/E. Lake Sammamish Intersection
- (5) Redesign and sidewalk bikepath, Old Redmond Road/132nd-136th
- (6) Complete Lake Sammamish Bike Loop/East Marymoor
- (7) Complete, ADD parking, Idylwood Park, 177th

As responsible citizens we ask you to vote YES! for safe neighborhood streets. Proposition 2 is needed, affordable and local.

**VOTE SAFETY, VOTE YES!** 

## Statement against

Redmond residents should not tax themselves \$2 million for Neighborhood Street Improvement projects that are <u>already funded</u>. All seven proposed street improvements are on the City's Transportation Improvement Program. Four of the seven projects receive full funding from the City's operating budget within the next two years.

Furthermore, only one of these projects is in the top ten priority of the Transportation Improvement Program. The other projects rank from 16th to 60th. Why don't these street improvements have a higher priority if they are urgently needed? The answer is that Proposition 2 appears to be politically motivated.

You don't need a tax to change the priority of street improvements. The correct approach to speed up these street improvements is for the City to go through the processes to change the priority. Using up bond capacity to change the priority of Neighborhood Street Improvement projects is poor planning.

Redmond has very little *premium* bond capacity for the next five years because of its current high debt. It doesn't make sense to use bond capacity to pay for projects that are already funded. Also, these projects offer no City-wide traffic improvements.

Vote NO on Proposition 2!

### Rebuttal of statement against

Yes! Proposition 2 is based on today's needs, not tomorrow's underfunded traffic improvement plan. Waiting through the 83 road improvements means Proposition 2 improvements won't be completed until the next century.

Proposition 2 funds will be coupled with <u>currently</u> available state/ federal matching dollars, thus saving money for Redmond taxpayers.

By freeing new monies, further road improvements can be completed sooner; a good investment at 2¢ a day per citizen.

Vote Yes on Proposition 2.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: JEFF PARRISH, GARY VanWIERINGEN, CATHY LUNDSTEAD

#### Rebuttal of statement for

The opposition yells safety hoping that it will elicit emotions and not the solid examination it deserves. We want safety; we are against taxing ourselves unwisely for it.

Rest assured, safety issues are dealt with <u>first</u> in the Transportation Improvement Program. The four projects highest on the list will be taken care of in the next two years.

Why spend bond money, regardless of how cheap it is, if we don't need to spend it.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: DONALD DREW, DEBRA HIGBEE



# **City of Redmond**

#### **BALLOT TITLE**

#### PROPOSITION NO. 3 LOOP ROAD-NORTH BYPASS SEGMENT CONSTRUCTION BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$4,500,000.00 to acquire land for, design and construct N.E. 90th Street and the N.E. 90th Street bridge from 154th Ave. N.E. to the Redmond-Woodinville Road, by selling unlimited tax general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905?

#### **Explanatory Statement**

City of Redmond residents are being asked to vote on a \$4.5 million proposition to provide funds to acquire land for design and construction of NE 90 Street and the NE 90 Street bridge from 154 Avenue NE to Redmond-Woodinville Road. The total project cost is estimated at \$6.3 million. If approved, Proposition No. 3 revenues will be supplemented by existing developers' contributions and funds in the city's Capital Improvement Program.

The North City Center Bypass Plan was adopted in 1979. The first phase of the plan, the 148 Avenue NE extension, was completed in 1991 with funding from the 1986 Street Improvement Bond. The NE 90 Street extension would complete this North City Center Bypass Plan and also provide a direct connection to the West Lake Sammamish Parkway extension which was completed in September 1992.

The NE 90 Street extension project is planned to be a 4-5 lane arterial roadway with a new bridge across the Sammamish River, sidewalks, street lighting, and landscaping. The estimated traffic in the year 2000 is 21,000 vehicles per day.

If approved, Proposition No. 3 will increase property owner taxes approximately 12 cents per \$1,000 of assessed valuation. For example, a \$100,000 home would cost \$12/year; a \$150,000 home \$18/year; and a \$200,000 home \$24/year. Monies collected will be deposited into a fund and expenditures would require approval by the Mayor and City Council.

#### Statement for

A YES vote for the NE 90th Street and Bridge project will aid in reducing overall traffic congestion in Downtown Redmond. The citizens of Redmond in the community survey identified reducing traffic congestion as a top priority. In 1972 transportation planners proposed the NE 148th & 90th street extension. This project was proposed to provide an alternative route for traffic around downtown Redmond. The 148th Street extension to Willows Road was completed in 1991. The West Sammamish Parkway extension under Redmond Way will be completed soon and open to traffic. Both 148th Street and West Sammamish Parkway traffic will be funnelling traffic onto NE 85th Street. This will create a significant increase in traffic congestion on NE 85th. The NE 90th project will provide an additional transportation corridor.

In the past 20 years, the need for this project has only increased. Now is the time to complete the project envisioned 20 years ago. In addition to reducing traffic congestion, this project will improve Fire & Medical Aid Service response times. A YES vote is an investment in our future in Redmond.

## Statement against

Calling this 90th Street bridge project a Loop Road or a North Bypass is false advertising. Look at a map. This project doesn't loop or bypass anything. It simply creates a new intersection and another traffic jam on Redmond-Woodinville Road.

A Loop Road that truly bypasses traffic around Redmond will cost, by the City's estimates, up to \$124 million. Because of these extremely high costs, the other segments of a Loop Road won't be built in the near future. if ever.

This is poor planning. The \$4.5 million this bond raises is only about 70% of the money needed for the North Bypass Segment. The remaining \$2 million must be raised through developer contributions, a potential tax on new businesses, and a shift of city funds from other downtown traffic projects.

We don't oppose spending money on traffic <u>solutions</u>. We do oppose raising taxes to build a North Bypass Segment that only makes a bad situation worse!

Proposition 3 benefits a few big businesses that want to build large developments in the valley. It doesn't benefit the residents of Redmond. Vote NO on Proposition 3!

## Rebuttal of statement against

No other traffic projects will be denied by Proposition 3
Everyone driving through Redmond will benefit. Commuters will be able to bypass downtown Redmond.

With the completed 148th street and just opened West Lake Sammanish projects, commuters will have a real alternative to driving through downtown.

Redmond No doesn't get it. There is no one simple solution to traffic problems. The solutions will come one step at a time. Voting Yes is the next step.

#### Rebuttal of statement for

The opposition believes you can solve traffic congestion by raising taxes to fund halfway measures. They use the opening of West Lake Sammamish Parkway and its <u>possible</u> impact on NE 85th Street as an excuse. However, they completely ignore Redmond-Woodinville Road. This is where the real north-south traffic problems occur, and eastbound traffic comes to a standstill.

A NO vote tells the City that taxpayers insist on a <u>complete</u> and affordable traffic plan.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: ARNOLD TOMAC, NANCY LASWELL, PAT VACHE'

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: DONALD DREW, DEBRA HIGBEE, RICHARD M. SHANK

# **City of Redmond**



# PROPOSITION NO. 4

# FIRE CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$3,800,000.00 to complete certain fire improvements, including acquiring land for a fire station on Education Hill, acquiring land for, designing, constructing and equipping a fire station and maintenance facility in southeast Redmond, and purchasing and equipping an aid vehicle, by selling general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905?

## **Explanatory Statement**

City of Redmond residents are being asked to vote on a \$3,800,000 proposition to complete certain fire improvements, including acquiring land for, constructing, and equipping a fire station and emergency vehicle and maintenance repair facility in Southeast Redmond, acquiring land for a future fire station on Education Hill, and acquiring and equipping an aid car.

The projects have been identified as needed in the Fire Station Location Plan (1985), the 1992-1997 Capital Improvement Plan (1992), and the citizen developed Fire Master Plan (1992).

Land would be acquired for, and a fire station constructed and equipped in the rapidly growing Cadman area of Southeast Redmond. Also constructed and equipped on this same site would be a two-bay fire and emergency medical vehicle maintenance facility. An additional aid car would be acquired and equipped to assist in handling the growing number of medical responses. Finally, land would be purchased in the Education Hill area for a future fire station which has been identified as being needed in that area before the end of the decade.

If approved, Proposition No. 4 will increase property taxes approximately 10 cents per \$1,000 assessed valuation. For example, a \$100,000 home would cost \$10/year; a \$150,000 home \$15/year; or a \$200,000 home \$20/year.

#### Statement for

YES! Proposition #4 will make Redmond safer! YES! Assure our excellent, cost-saving insurance rating.

The Redmond Fire Master Plan (developed by a citizens committee over ten months and adopted by Redmond City Council), established the need for a fire station in southeast Redmond.

This station will reduce response times throughout Redmond to ensure prompt life-saving fire and medical service. The need for this long term investment has been noted in Redmond Forums, blue ribbon citizen committees, the Fire Master Plan, four public hearings and the City Council. A YES vote will:

Establish a southeast city fire station
 Add an aid car.
 Improve response time to fire and medical emergencies.
 Improve emergency equipment maintenance.
 Acquire site for a future fire station on North Education Hill

Supporting this measure now will enable Redmond to take advantage of low interest rates, and acquire land while still relatively inexpensive. Vote YES on Proposition #4 as a sound investment in Redmond's future.

## Rebuttal of statement against

The statement against is wrong! The Master Plan states the SE fire station is "an immediate need."

Proposition 4 secures property now for a future Education Hill station that is properly located, affordable and will shorten response times, enhance safety and improve fire service city-wide.

The SE fire station utilizes personnel provided by the Fire District at no cost to the city.

The need is now. Make Redmond safer. Vote Yes on Proposition 4.

### Statement against

We are surprised this \$3.8 million proposition is on the ballot. According to the new Fire Master Plan, there is no requirement for the property, construction, and equipment until 1997.

Furthermore, Proposition 4 only covers the cost of property on Education Hill. It does not cover the cost of a fire station. Our tax dollars will be tied to property that will remain vacant for many years. Also, this proposition ignores alternatives that provide immediate fire service.

Proposition 4 also proposes the purchase of property and construction for a new fire station and maintenance facility at a southeast location. This southeast location is the Cadman Gravel site, which is primarily commercial development. Currently, two fire stations serve this need.

This proposition does not provide for additional Fire Department manpower, nor does the City's budget. If Proposition 4 passes, the Fire Department must take personnel from other fire stations to operate the new facilities and equipment. Existing fire stations could lose the capability to properly operate both a fire engine and aid car in an emergency. It's not good public safety policy to reduce emergency response standards to satisfy future needs.

Vote NO on Proposition 4!

#### Rebuttal of statement for

The southeast fire station would serve a commercial area with low residential use—not a high risk priority. Proposition 4 ignores the Education Hill fire station, which is the Number 1 priority in the Fire Master Plan.

The key is safety. Placing a station in a high response-time area may lower the average response time a bit, but won't benefit resident's safety as a whole. Citizen's safety, not a city-wide time limit is the issue.

11.5.35

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: DONALD DREW, DEBRA HIGBEE

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: JAMES K. (KEN) SIMPSON, JOHN J. McCANN, DANA CALDART



## **Town of Yarrow Point**

#### **BALLOT TITLE**

#### PROPOSITION NO. 1 LIBRARY SERVICES LEVY

Shall the Town of Yarrow Point increase its regular property tax levy in excess of the 106% limitation in 1992 for collection in 1993 by \$84,500 by levying approximately an additional \$.34 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation in 1992 (for a total of approximately \$1.16 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation in 1992), to pay the costs of the Town's contract for library services with the King County Library System, all as specified in Ordinance No. 401?

### **Explanatory Statement**

I. WHY ARE THE VOTERS CONSIDERING THE APPROVAL OF AN INCREASE IN THE REGULAR PROPERTY TAX LEVY OF EIGHTY-FOUR THOUSAND, FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$84,500)?

Historically, the Town of Yarrow Point has obtained library services through a negotiated contract with King County Library System (KCLS).

The KCLS is governed by a five member Board appointed by the County Executive. The Board recently decided to base <u>contract</u> fees on property value assessments at the same rate charged to property owners in <u>annexed</u> communities. Resulting higher costs for library services cannot be covered in the Town budget unless the Town raises its levy rates.

The Town Council placed the question of annexation on the November, 1991 ballot in exchange for a moratorium on fee increases for 1991 and 1992. These fees were \$15,385 per annum (approximately \$.069/\$1,000 assessed valuation). The annexation vote failed.

The estimated King County Library System contract rate for 1993 is \$84,500.00 (approximately \$.34/\$1,000 assessed valuation).

II. COST OF LEVY

The Library levy will increase the Town's tax rate by approximately .34 per \$1,000 of assessed value for a cost of \$34.00 per \$100,000. The levy would raise an additional \$84,500.00 to fund King County Library costs for 1993. This is a one year levy.

#### Statement for

WHY IS IT CRITICAL TO PASS THIS LEVY? Without passage, the residents of Yarrow Point will have NO PUBLIC LIBRARY SERVICE AFTER JANUARY 1, 1993.

WHY DO WE NEED A LIBRARY?

Libraries enrich the life of a community and are the heart of a literate, democratic society. Without access to KCLS Yarrow Point children will be disadvantaged in these days of tighter school funding. Libraries provide a public good rather than a private gain.

WHY IS THIS LEVY NECESSARY?

Since 1961 Yarrow Point's contract rate has been much lower than the rate paid by homeowners in cities annexed to KCLS. In order to equalize charges, KCLS is raising contract fees over the next two years so that contracting cities will pay the same rate as annexed households.

#### WHAT ABOUT TAXES?

If the 34 mil passes for 1993, Yarrow Point taxing rate will still be lower than tax rates of Medina, Mercer Island, Bellevue and 20 other King County cities.

#### WHAT DO WE GET FOR OUR MONEY?

KCLS is the fifth largest library system in the nation, offering quality in depth. In 1993 the flagship Bellevue regional library will open, housing major business collections, extensive reference resources, and a children's library.

## Rebuttal of statement against

Don't be fooled by scare tactics: other vital town services will not suffer.
 Artificially low contract rates have saved Yarrow Point over \$425,000 since 1982. Current increases reflect assumption of our fair share. By 1994 all KCLS patrons will pay the same rate.
 There is no cheaper, legitimate alternative for library service. KCLS costs less per capita than Seattle, Tacoma and Everett Public Libraries.

A TOWN THE CALIBER OF YARROW POINT DESERVES QUALITY LIBRARY SERVICE.

## Statement against

This proposed excess levy will increase taxes on the average Yarrow Point home by \$220 per year. This unreasonable tax increase would be used to support a 450% increase in library contract costs with King County Library Service ("KCLS") from \$15,400 (1992) to \$84,500 (1993). KCLS estimates an additional 33% increase in contract cost for 1994 to \$112,000 (\$290 per home).

It will cost our Town S88 per resident to provide KCLS library service in 1993 and S115 in 1994 (estimate). The average cost in unincorporated King County is \$25.

KCLS library <u>usage increased less than 2%</u> annually the past 4 years. Operating expenditures have <u>increased 20%</u> and capital expenditures have <u>increased 150%</u> annually. KCLS is spending all available tax revenues rather than controlling costs and reducing taxes. These fiscal decisions are made by a 5 member non elected board with no accountability to taxpayers.

If this measure passes, the annual contract cost for library will be comparable to police and fire protection contract costs. KCLS demands will drain your limited tax dollars from vital Town services.

This Statement Against reflects concerns expressed by 80% of the Y.P. households who returned (32% return) our August library survey.

#### Rebuttal of statement for

VOTE NO. Yarrow Point will have continued access to KCLS inlibrary services. We may purchase <u>reasonable cost</u> cards, van service and computer access for Seattle's superior libraries.

Yarrow Point previously paid the same average cost per capita as King County.

We have lower taxing rates because our property values are higher. Frugal budgeting and volunteers also keep taxes low. KCLS should <u>not</u> take money saved through our fiscal restraint and hard work. VOTE NO.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: CHRIS IVERSON, KATHY SMITH, NANCY VALAAS

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: ANNE MITCHELL, JEANNE WHITING, LARRY COLEMAN

# Fire Protection District No. 36



#### **BALLOT TITLE**

An election on the proposition presented below was held in conjunction with the state-wide primary on September 15, 1992. Proposition 1 was approved September 15, 1992 by more than 60% of those voting. However, because the proposition was submitted to only a portion of the voters then residing in the District, the results of that prior election cannot be relied upon for the sale of general obligation bonds. Therefore, the original proposition is hereby being resubmitted to all of the voters of the District.

#### PROPOSITION NO. 1

#### GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - \$3,900,000

Shall Fire Protection District No. 36 borrow \$3,900,000 to construct, equip, improve, upgrade and expand fire stations, acquire a tanker/engine, acquire or upgrade fire engines and make other capital expenditures by selling general obligation bonds maturing within 10 years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire bonds, as provided in Resolution No. 390?

## **Explanatory Statement**

If approved by the voters, Proposition No. 1 would authorize King County Fire Protection District No. 36 to issue up to \$3,900,000 of general obligation bonds to finance the capital costs of constructing and equipping two new fire stations, improving, upgrading and/or expanding four fire stations, upgrading two fire engines and one aid vehicle, acquiring a tanker/engine and five other vehicles, acquiring additional and upgraded equipment and making other capital expenditures, as provided in Resolution No. 390 of the District.

The bonds, which would be required to mature within ten years of their issuance, would be paid through annual property tax levies to be made upon all taxable property within the District and in excess of the regular non-voted property tax levy, but only at such rate as may be required to meet such payments, and through any other funds which may become available and may be used for such purposes.

Generally, if certain requirements administered by the Department of Revenue and the County Assessor are satisfied, a homeowner who is sixty-one years or older and who has disposable income of \$26,000 or less will be exempted from these taxes.

## Statement for

In mid 1991, Fire District 36 began updating its long range district service plan. The District involved citizens at every step in the process.

A <u>Fire Services Study</u>, completed last fall, projects future growth and explores cost reduction opportunities. It endorses Fire District efforts to "regionalize" training and fire prevention activities, and encourages continued resource sharing with neighboring departments. The study also recommends additional facilities and equipment if the District is to keep pace with growth.

This committee closely examined these capital improvement recommendations. One of the consultant's options would have significantly improved service. In reflecting community sentiment, we rejected this expensive option. The other option maintains current service levels by tying improvements to growth. We unanimously endorsed this less costly option. We fully support Proposition 1 as the means to fund the District's capital needs through 2002.

Proposition 1 replaces the District's previous capital levy. It is not an additional tax. The average monthly cost for a \$150,000 home would be \$2.50 - reflecting a \$900,000 decrease from the previous levy amount.

Last summer we saw what happens when basic services (water) fall behind population growth. Proposition 1 is our opportunity to avoid similar inadequacy in emergency service delivery.

## Rebuttal of statement against

#### CONSIDER THE FACTS

- Emergency service calls have doubled over the past five years.
   The population of District #36 will nearly double by the year 2000, from its current population of 42,850 to 82,200.
- Calls for service within K.C. #36 are projected to increase to 5,200.

#### WHAT IT WILL COST

The average cost for a \$150,000 home is \$2.34 per month for the next ten years, retiring the previous bond.

PLEASE VOTE YES FIRE/LIFE SAFETY

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: MARY BAUM

## Statement against

Under the State's Growth Management Act, the bulk of the growth in Woodinville's Fire District 36 will be within the incorporated city limits, where city taxpayers will pay for increased fire-protection needs. The unincorporated remainder of the District is being severely downzoned and will not experience the formerly-projected growth. That fact, coupled with the permanent ban on outdoor burning, adds up to fewer fire calls than predicted.

Most District calls are for medic service. The District's aid cars are limited to providing first-aid-type help, as serious medical emergencies are assigned to the Evergreen Hospital's Paramedic Program, also paid for by Taxpayers.

Since adoption of the District's "benefit charge," which is in addition to the fire tax levied on each dollar of assessed valuation, the fire/emergency medical service taxes paid on a Cottage Lake home valued at \$76,800 have more than doubled, to \$18 a month. (Voters should turn to the CURRENT BILLING DISTRIBUTION column on 1992 tax statements, and add up the figures for FIRE, SPECIAL ASSESSMENT, and EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE, to see what their own bills are.)

In these lean times, vote NO on this overlapping bond issue.

#### Rebuttal of statement for

Call Assessor Van de Putte, 296-5145, to verify that this IS an additional bond issue, and that the \$900,000 "decrease" is due to the District's 1992 overcollection.... Add the three entries on your 1992 tax statement. Compare to the selectively-stated, ADDITIONAL \$2.50/month for the NEW bond.... All District 36 tax billings for 1992 totaled \$4,055,756, compared to \$2,920,628 for Shoreline's District 4, with that District's \$819 million higher value in buildings to protect.

STATEMENT PREPARED BY: MAXINE KEESLING



## COMPLETE TEXT OF **King County** Proposition No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 10531

AN ORDINANCE providing for the consolidation of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle and King County pursuant to Chapter 36.56 RCW, and for the submission to the qualified voters of King County of a proposition ratifying said consolidation and establishing a date of election.
BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. Findings and declaration of purpose. The council makes the following findings:

A. It is in the best interests of the citizens of King County for the functions of King County and the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO) to be consolidated.

B. This consolidation is being endorsed by a regional panel of elected representatives from King County, Seattle and the suburban cities as part of a broader plan to reorganize and improve the governance of both Metro and

Implementation of this consolidation plan is also being recommended by the same regional panel of elected representatives as their preferred alternative to the remedy ordered in Cunningham et al v. METRO

(No. C89-1587D).

SECTION 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 36.56 RCW, and upon both: (i) the approval of this ordinance and its ratification by the qualified voters of King County, and (ii) voter approval of the proposed amendment of the county charter set forth in Ordinance No. 10530, King County shall on the date established in Section 5 of this ordinance assume all rights, powers, functions and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle, the Metropolitan Council shall be abolished and the legislative and executive authority of King County as provided for in the King County Charter shall be vested with all rights, powers, functions and obligations otherwise vested by general state law in said Metropolitan

SECTION 3. Ninety days in advance of the date for the assumption by King County of the rights, powers, functions and obligations of METRO, the county council shall by ordinance establish the metropolitan services. department, which shall provide those mass transit and water quality services authorized in Chapter 35.58 RCW.

SECTION 4. Revenues and expenditures for metropolitan municipal corporation purposes shall be preserved and accounted for as first tier enterprise funds separate from other county funds, and shall be specifically pledged to services authorized by chapter 35.58 RCW, or as otherwise

provided by state or federal law.

SECTION 5. The effective date of the assumption by King County of the rights, powers, functions and obligations of METRO provided for in this ordinance shall be January 1, 1994; provided, however, that planning activities necessary to effectuate said assumption, including planning activities carried out by King County alone, or by both King County and METRO pursuant to duly negotiated interlocal agreements, and the expenditure of county funds for such planning activities prior to the effective date of assumption are hereby authorized.

SECTION 6. Upon approval of this ordinance and its ratification by the qualified voters of King County, in the manner specified in Chapter 36.56 RCW, and upon voter approval of the proposed amendment of the county charter set forth in Ordinance No. 10530, this ordinance shall be construed to have met the requirements of Chapter 36.56 RCW and shall be deemed to have effectuated the assumption by King County of the rights, powers,

functions and obligations of METRO.

SECTION 7. It is hereby found that an urgent need exists for the consideration by the electors of King County of the proposition set forth in this ordinance. Pursuant to RCW 29.13.010, it is hereby deemed that an emergency exists requiring the submission to the qualified voters of the county at a special county election to be held therein on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the statewide general election to be held on that same date, of the proposition set forth in this ordinance. Pursuant to Chapter 36.56 RCW, this ordinance shall be referred to the qualified voters of King County at the general election of November 3, 1992, and the manager of the division of records and elections shall provide notice of this proposed ordinance in accordance with the state constitution and general law.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the King County Code, this proposed ordinance shall be submitted to the voters of King County for ratification with the following ballot title:

"Shall King County, effective January 1, 1994, assume the rights, powers, functions and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO) as authorized by state law, with said assumption being contingent upon voter approval of Proposed King County Charter Amendment No. providing for a thirteen member metropolitan county council, regional committees to review county-wide policy plans, and modified referendum and initiative requirements, all as provided in Ordinance No.

SECTION 8. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 17th day of August,

PASSED this 24th day of August, 1992. KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON Ronald Sims (signed), Acting Chair

Gerald A. Peterson (signed), Clerk of the Council APPROVED this 4th day of September, 1992. Tim Hill (signed), King County Executive



## COMPLETE TEXT OF **Proposed King County** Charter Amendment No. 1

**ORDINANCE NO. 10530** 

AN ORDINANCE proposing an amendment to Articles 2, 3, 4, and 6 of the King County Charter concerning the legislative branch and elections; providing for thirteen county council members and for regional committees to recommend and review ordinances adopting county-wide policies; establishing special referendum and initiative requirements for ordinances affecting only unincorporated areas of the county, granting cities the power to initiate ordinances; and submitting the same to the voters of the county and establishing a date of election; amending provisions of Article 2, Sections 210, 220, 220.10, 230.10, 230.20, 230.30, 230.40, 230.50; adding new sections 230.50.10, and 270, amending provisions of Article 3, adding new section 350.20.30; amending provisions of Article 4, Section 460 and amending provisions of Article 6, Section 650.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

SECTION 1. There shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the county for their approval and ratification or rejection at the next general election to be held in the county the following amendment to the King County Charter:

Article 2. Section 210. Composition.

The legislative branch shall be composed of the metropolitan county council

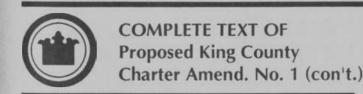
Section 220. The Metropolitan County Council. 220.10. Composition and Terms of Office.

The metropolitan county council shall consist of ((nine)) thirteen members. The county shall be divided into ((nine)) thirteen districts, and one council ((man)) member shall be nominated and elected by the voters of each district. The term of office of each council ((man)) member shall be four years and until his or her successor is elected and qualified.

Section 230. Ordinances.

230.10. Introduction and Adoption.

Proposed ordinances shall be limited to one subject and may be introduced by any council ((man)) member ((or)); by initiative petition or by institutional initiative. At least seven days after the introduction of a proposed ordinance, except an emergency ordinance, and prior to its adoption or enactment, the county council shall hold a public hearing after due notice to consider the proposed ordinance. Except as otherwise provided in this charter, a minimum of ((five)) seven affirmative votes shall be required to adopt an ordinance.



New Section. Section 230.10.010. Each metropolitan municipal function authorized to be performed by the county pursuant to RCW ch. 35.58 shall be operated as a distinct functional unit. Revenues or property received for such functions shall never be used for any purposes other than the operating expenses thereof, interest on and redemption of the outstanding debt thereof, capital improvements, and the reduction of rates and charges for such functions.

230.20. Executive Veto.

Except as otherwise provided in this charter, the county executive shall have the right to veto any ordinance or any object of expense of an appropriation ordinance. Every ordinance shall be presented to the county executive within five days after its adoption or enactment by the county council. Within ten days after its presentation, the county executive shall either sign the ordinance and return it to the county council, veto the ordinance and return it to the county council with a written and signed statement of the reasons for his or her veto or sign and partially veto an appropriation ordinance and return it to the county council with a written and signed statement of the reasons for his or her partial veto. If an ordinance is not returned by the county executive within ten days after its presentation it shall be deemed enacted without his or her signature. Within thirty days after an ordinance has been vetoed and returned or partially vetoed and returned, the county council may override the veto or partial veto by enacting the ordinance by a minimum of ((six)) nine affirmative votes.

230.30. Emergency Ordinances.

Any proposed ordinance may be enacted as an emergency ordinance if the county council finds as a fact, and states in the ordinance, that an emergency exists and that the ordinance is necessary for the immediate preservation of public peace, health or safety or for the support of county government and its existing public institutions. A minimum of ((seven)) nine affirmative votes shall be required to enact an emergency ordinance; and unless it is an emergency appropriation ordinance, it shall not be subject to the veto power of the county executive.

230.40. Referendum.

Except as provided herein, an enacted ordinance may be subjected to a referendum by the voters of the county by filing with the county council prior to the effective date of the ordinance petitions bearing signatures of registered voters of the county equal in number to not less than eight percent of the votes cast in the county for the office of county executive at the last preceding election for county executive. In addition, except as provided herein, an enacted ordinance which pursuant to state law is effective only in unincorporated areas of the county may be subjected to a referendum by the voters of the unincorporated areas of the county by filing with the county council prior to the effective date of the ordinance petitions bearing signatures of registered voters residing in unincorporated areas of the county equal in number to not less than eight percent of the votes cast at the last preceding election for county executive, provided however that the number of required signatures shall be calculated based only upon votes cast within areas which on the date such petitions are required to be filed are unincorporated areas of the county. Each petition shall contain the full text of the ordinance to be referred. The ordinance to be referred shall be placed on the ballot at the special or general election occurring more than forty-five days after the petitions are filed, provided that in the case of an ordinance effective only in unincorporated areas of the county, the proposed ordinance shall be voted upon only by the registered voters residing in unincorporated areas of the county.

An appropriation ordinance; an ordinance necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety or for the support of county government and its existing public institutions; an ordinance proposing amendments to this charter; an ordinance providing for collective bargaining; an ordinance approving a collective bargaining agreement; an ordinance providing for the compensation or working conditions of county employees; or an ordinance which has been approved by the voters by referendum or initiative shall not be subject to a referendum.

230.50. Initiative.

Ordinances except ordinances providing for the compensation or working conditions of county employees may be proposed by filing with the county council petitions bearing signatures of registered voters of the county

equal in number to not less than ten percent of the votes cast in the county for the office of county executive at the last preceding election for county executive. In addition, an ordinance which pursuant to state law is effective only in unincorporated areas of the county, except an ordinance providing for the compensation or working conditions of county employees, may be proposed by filing with the county council petitions bearing signatures of registered voters residing in unincorporated areas of the county equal in number to not less than ten percent of the votes cast at the last preceding election for county executive, provided, however that the number of required signatures shall be calculated based only upon votes cast within areas which on the date such petitions are required to be filed are unincorporated areas of the county. Each petition shall contain the full text of the proposed ordinance.

The county council shall consider the proposed ordinance. If the proposed ordinance is not enacted within ninety days after the petitions are presented, it shall be placed on the ballot at the next regular or special election occurring more than one hundred thirty-five days after the petitions are filed or at an earlier election designated by the county council. However, if the proposed ordinance is enacted at any time prior to the election, it shall not be placed on the ballot or be voted on unless it is

subjected to referendum.

If the county council rejects the proposed ordinance and adopts a substitute ordinance concerning the same subject matter, the substitute ordinance shall be placed on the same ballot with the proposed ordinance; and the voters shall first be given the choice of accepting either or rejecting both and shall then be given the choice of accepting one and rejecting the other, provided that in the case of an ordinance effective only in unincorporated areas of the county, the proposed ordinance shall be voted upon only by the registered voters residing in unincorporated areas of the county. If a majority of the voters voting on the first issue is for either, then the ordinance receiving the majority of the votes cast on the second issue shall be deemed approved. If a majority of those voting on the first issue is for rejecting both, then neither ordinance shall be approved regardless of the vote on the second issue.

New Section. Section 230.50.10. Institutional Initiative.

Any city or town located within the county may, after securing the consent, by motion or resolution, of at least one half of the cities within the county, propose an ordinance of county-wide significance directly to the metropolitan county council, except an ordinance which is not subject to a referendum under the provisions of Section 230.40 of this charter. Such proposed legislation shall be in ordinance form. The metropolitan county council shall take action on such proposed legislation within ninety (90) days of its filing with the county council.

New Section. Section 270. Regional Committees

270.10. Regional Committees.

Three regional committees shall be established by ordinance to develop, recommend and review regional policies and plans for consideration by the metropolitan county council: one for transit, one for water quality and one for other regional policies and plans.

Section 270.20. Composition of regional committees.

Each regional committee shall consist of twelve voting members. Six members shall be metropolitan county councilmembers appointed by the chair of the council, and shall include councilmembers from districts with unincorporated residents. The remaining six members of each committee except the water quality committee shall be local elected city officials appointed from and in proportion to the relative populations of: (i) the city with the largest population in the county and (ii) the other cities and towns in the county. Committee members from the city with the largest population in the county shall be appointed by the legislative authority of that city. Committee members from the other cities and towns in the county shall be appointed in a manner agreed to by and among those cities and towns representing a majority of the populations of such cities and towns, provided, however, that such cities and towns may appoint two representatives for each allocated committee membership, each with fractional (1/ 2) voting rights.

The special purpose districts providing sewer service in the county shall appoint two members to serve on the water quality committee in a manner agreed to by districts representing a majority of the population within the county served by such districts. The remaining four local government members of the water quality committee shall be appointed in the manner set forth above for other regional committees. Allocation of membership of each committee's members who are city and town representatives shall be adjusted January 1 of each even-numbered year beginning in 1996 based upon current census information or, if more recent, official state office of

financial management population statistics.



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF **Proposed King County** Charter Amend. No. 1 (con't.)

In the event any areas are annexed pursuant to powers granted to metropolitan municipal corporations under state law, the populations of any cities and towns in such annexed areas shall be considered as if they were within the county for all purposes in this section with regard to regional committee participation on policies and plans which would be effective in such annexed areas.
270.30. Powers and Duties.

Each regional committee shall develop, review and recommend ordinances and motions adopting, repealing, or amending county-wide policies and plans relating to the subject matter area for which a regional committee has been established. The regional policies committee may, by majority vote, request that the county council assign to the committee proposed policies and plans concerning other regional issues including but not limited to public health, human services, regional services financial policies, criminal justice and jails, and regional facilities siting.

The metropolitan county council shall assign each such proposed ordinance or motion to a regional committee for review. When a proposed policy or plan is referred to a regional committee for review, a time limit for such review shall be 120 days or such other time as is jointly established by the metropolitan county council and the committee, which shall be confirmed in the form of a motion by the metropolitan county council. If the committee fails to act upon the proposed policy or plan within the established time limit, the metropolitan county council may adopt the proposed policy or plan upon eight affirmative votes. The committee may request, by motion to the county council, additional time for review.

A proposed policy or plan recommended by a regional committee may be adopted, without amendment, by the metropolitan county council by seven affirmative votes. If the metropolitan county council votes prior to final passage thereof to amend a proposed policy or plan that has been reviewed or recommended by a regional committee, the proposed policy or plan, as amended, shall be referred back to the appropriate committee for further review and recommendation. The committee may concur in, dissent from, or recommend additional amendments to the policy or plan. After the regional committee has had the opportunity to review all metropolitan county council amendments, final action to adopt any proposed policy or plan which differs from the committee recommendation shall require eight affirmative votes of the metropolitan county council.

The council shall not call a special election to authorize the performance of an additional metropolitan municipal function under state law unless such additional function is recommended by a regional policy committee, notwithstanding the provisions of Section 230.50.10 of this charter. Such recommendation shall require an affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the membership of each of: (1) metropolitan councilmembers of the committee; (2) members from the city with the largest population in the county; and (3) other city or town members of the committee. Nothing in this section prohibits the metropolitan county council from calling a special election on the authorization of the performance of one or more additional metropolitan functions after receiving a valid resolution adopted by city councils as permitted by RCW 35.58.100 (1) (a) and RCW 35.58.100 (1) (b), or a duly certified petition as permitted by RCW 35.58.100 (2).

270.40. If any provision of section 270 of this charter is declared invalid, the metropolitan county council shall initiate a process with representatives of cities and towns within the county to develop a proposed charter amendment providing for effective city, town, and unincorporated area participation in regional decisions.

Article 3 New Section Section 350.20.30. Metropolitan Services Department Transitory Provisions.

The metropolitan services department shall be independent of all other executive departments and administrative offices of county government. The metropolitan services department shall operate the metropolitan services in order to perform the metropolitan functions of public transportation and water pollution abatement performed by the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO) prior to county assumption of METRO's metropolitan functions, and shall perform all additional metropolitan functions hereafter authorized under authority of RCW 35.58. Upon county assumption of the rights, powers, functions and obligations of METRO, the metropolitan services department shall take jurisdiction of all the assets and property, real and personal, of METRO.

The metropolitan services department shall initially have the same organizational and reporting structure as has METRO immediately prior to county assumption of METRO's functions. Notwithstanding any other provision of this charter, for a period of two years after January 1, 1994, the county council shall not abolish, combine, or divide the administrative divisions of the metropolitan services department, nor shall it transfer the personnel or powers or duties or property of that department from one division to another, either within the metropolitan services department or to another executive department or administrative office of county government. Thereafter, any organizational changes shall not adversely affect the provision of metropolitan function services.

Article 4. Section 460. Consideration and Adoption of Appropriation Ordinances.

Prior to the adoption of any appropriation ordinances for the next fiscal year, the county council shall hold a public hearing to consider the budget presented by the county executive and shall hold any other public hearing on the budget or any part thereof that it deems advisable. The county council in considering the appropriations ordinances proposed by the county executive may delete or add items, may reduce or increase the proposed appropriations and may add provisions restricting the expenditures of certain appropriations; but it shall not change the form of the proposed appropriation ordinances submitted by the county executive. The appropriation ordinances adopted by the county council shall not exceed the estimated revenues of the county for the next fiscal year for each fund including surpluses and reserves, but the county council may increase the amount of the estimated revenues contained in the budget presented by the county executive by reestimating the amount by motion passed by a minimum of ((six)) nine affirmative votes or by creating additional sources of revenue which were not included in the proposed tax and revenue ordinances presented by the county executive.

Article 6. Section 650. Council ((men)) members.

650.10. Districts.

The county shall be divided into ((nine)) thirteen districts numbered one through ((nine)) thirteen.

New Section. Section 650.40 Transitional Provisions.

650.40.10. Districting in 1993.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this charter, the districting committee called for in Section 650.30 of this charter also shall be appointed and shall perform its duties in 1993 according to the months and days specified in Section 650.30 to prepare a districting plan for thirteen council districts.

650.40.20. Initial elections and terms of office for districts ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this charter, the initial primary and general elections for council districts ten, eleven, twelve, and thirteen shall be held in 1993, with members elected at such general election to commence their term of office January 1, 1994. Councilmembers elected at that election to represent districts ten and twelve each shall serve an initial term of two years. Councilmembers elected at that election to represent districts eleven and thirteen each shall serve full terms. Districts ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen shall not be deemed vacant during 1993. All subsequent elections shall be held according to the existing provisions of this charter.

SECTION 2. It is hereby found that an urgent need exists for consideration by the electors of King County of the proposition set forth in this ordinance. Pursuant to RCW 29.13.010, it is hereby deemed that an emergency exists requiring the submission to the qualified electors of the county at a special election to be held therein on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the statewide general election to be held on the same date, of the proposition set forth in this ordinance. The manager of the division of records and elections shall cause notice of this proposed amendment of the King County Charter to be published in accordance with the state constitution and general law, and shall place it upon the ballot of the countywide general election on November 3,1992. The ballot title for this proposed amendment shall be in substantially the following form:

Shall the King County Charter be amended to provide for (1) a thirteen member metropolitan county council beginning in 1994, (2) with regional committees made up of councilmembers and local government representatives to review county-wide policies and (3) unincorporated area initiative and referendum procedures, such amendment to be contingent upon voter approval of the county's assumption of the rights, powers, functions, and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle (METRO), all as provided for in Ordinance No. 10530?

SECTION 3. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF **Proposed King County** Charter Amend. No. 1 (con't.)

the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

SECTION 4. Effective date. Upon approval by the voters at the November 3, 1992 county-wide general election of the amendment to Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6 of the charter as provided in Ordinance No. 10530, and the approval by the voters of the proposed assumption by King County of the rights, powers, functions and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle pursuant to RCW Ch. 36.56, such amendment shall take effect on January 1, 1993; provided, however, that new sections 230.50.10, 270 and 350.20.30 and amendments to sections 220.10, 230.10, 230.20, 230.30, 230.50 and 460 of the charter shall take effect on

January 1, 1994

In the event that the amendment to Articles 2, 3, 4 and 6 of the charter is approved by the voters at the November, 1992 general election, and the proposed assumption of the rights, powers, functions and obligations of the Municipality of Metropolitan Seattle is approved by a majority of voters voting thereon countywide, but not by separate majorities within Seattle and within the remainder of the county, then new section 650.40.010 providing for preparation of a districting plan shall take effect on January 1, 1993, and remaining sections of such amendment shall take effect upon the earlier of either the effective date of legislation passed on or before May 31, 1993 by the Legislature of the State of Washington conferring the powers of the Municipality on King County or the date of voter approval at a special election in 1993 of the assumption by King County of the functions of the Municipality; provided, however, that new sections 230.50.10, 270 and 350.20.30 and amendments to sections 220.10, 230.10, 230.20, 230.30, 230.50 and 460 of the charter shall take effect on January 1, 1994.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 17th day of August,

1992.

PASSED this 24th day of August, 1992. KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON Ronald Sims (signed), Acting Chair

Gerald A. Peterson (signed), Clerk of the Council APPROVED this 4th day of September, 1992. Tim Hill (signed), King County Executive



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF **King County** Proposition No. 2

ORDINANCE NO. 10534

AN ORDINANCE providing for the submission to the qualified electors of King County at a special election to be held in conjunction with the general election on November 3, 1992 of a proposition authorizing an increase in the regular property tax levy in excess of the 106% levy limitation for five consecutive years beginning in 1992, with collection beginning in 1993, at an additional levy rate of not more than \$.302 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation, pursuant to RCW 84.55.050, as amended, for the purpose of paying for planning, site acquisition, design, construction, equipping and furnishing of the Phase I Regional Justice Center; remodelling of the King County Correctional Facility; preliminary planning and site acquisition for the Phase II Regional Justice Center; and operation of the Intensive Drug Treatment Program

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY: SECTION 1. The Council makes the following findings:

A. The rated capacity of King County adult detention system is 1623 inmates per day. King County's adult inmate population reached record levels in the first quarter of 1992, consistently exceeding 2000 inmates per day. These population levels have made it much more difficult to administer the detention program consistent with council adopted standards, have resulted in rapidly escalating costs merely to keep up with demands created by such inmate numbers and have resulted in costly and time consuming litigation. Without additional facilities, the anticipated growth in the inmate population in the near future will lead to unacceptably crowded conditions in the existing facilities.

B. Jail crowding currently hampers the operation of the adult criminal justice system by limiting the ability of judges and prosecutors to use detention as a deterrent and punishment for criminal behavior. As jail crowding worsens, public safety will be compromised by restricting the use of detention for only the most serious offenders and effectively eliminating detention as a penalty for many types of crimes.

C. Adding permanent and secure detention capacity is the most responsible solution for alleviating crowding at the King County Correctional Facility, to ensure that individuals are available for court and for providing capacity for the anticipated future growth in the inmate population.

D. Other law, safety and justice agencies including the superior court, the prosecuting attorney, the department of public safety, and the department of judicial administration also are facing space limitations which prevent operating in the most effective manner. Future growth in the workload of these agencies will require space well beyond the capacity of the King County courthouse.

E. To minimize future costs of operating the criminal justice system, it is preferable to locate detention, courts, and other criminal justice functions in the same facility or campus such as a regional justice center.

F. The region of south King County is growing rapidly in population and in its demand for law, safety and justice services. However, law enforcement personnel and citizens in south King County must travel to downtown Seattle to receive most law, safety and justice services. The distance and traffic congestion usually encountered on such trips are costly barriers to obtaining access to the law, safety and justice system. Locating a Regional Justice Center in south King County will substantially reduce these barriers.

G. It is in the public interest that the county construct a Regional Justice Center in south King County. This facility will provide additional detention capacity, courtrooms, and office space for law, safety and justice functions necessary to meet the growth in workload through the year 2000. Subject to modification required as part of the design process, the facility will include 896 detention beds with space for offices, administrative and ancillary functions. In addition, the facility will include up to 24 courtrooms and necessary office and administrative space for the courts and their staff, the office of the King County prosecuting attorney, the department of public safety and the department of judicial administration. The facility may also include space for other county governmental functions as determined by the county council and included in the Phase I Regional Justice Center Facility Program Plan.

H. Since its opening in 1986, the population of the King County correction facility requiring medical and psychiatric treatment has grown until it constitutes a significant fraction of the facility's inmate population. The addition of the Regional Justice Center to the county's detention system will also add to this population and will require more space and equipment for the inmates needing such services. It is more efficient to provide intensive medical and psychiatric services in a single facility, rather than duplicating them at the Regional Justice Center. Remodelling the King County correctional facility to provide sufficient space for all inmates requiring such services is the preferred manner to meet the increasing

demand for such services.

1. The current space for detention administration within the King County correction facility is inadequate to meet the needs of a detention system, which is much larger than anticipated when the facility was originally designed. Remodelling of the facility to enhance the county's ability to allocate administrative functions between it and the Regional Justice Center will enhance the overall efficiency of the detention system.

J. The projected growth in the demand for law, safety and justice services also necessitates planning for the period beyond the year 2000. The region of east King County is experiencing substantial population growth and an increase in its demand for law, safety and justice services. To provide reasonable access to law, safety and justice services to this region, the county should proceed with preliminary planning and site acquisition for a Phase II Regional Justice Center to be located in east King County by the year

K. Since January 1991 King County has operated the Intensive Drug Treatment Program at the North Rehabilitation Facility and the King County Correctional Facility. Funded by a federal grant, this program provides intensive, comprehensive inpatient drug treatment for eligible inmates. The program includes individual and group counseling, addiction recovery,



## COMPLETE TEXT OF King County Proposition No. 2 (con't.)

assessment of mental and physical health needs, HIV/AIDS testing and counseling and educational and vocational assistance. An important focus of the program is to create and facilitate a direct link between inmates and community service agencies for continuation of treatment following release. Recognized as a national model, this program seeks to reduce drug abuse and recidivism among inmates, and, therefore, the number of such inmates in the King County correctional system. Federal funding for the program is scheduled to end in August 1993. It is in the public interest for King County to obtain alternate funding for the Intensive Drug Treatment Program as a component of its adult detention system.

L. The most appropriate method of financing the planning, design, site acquisition, construction, equipping and furnishing of a Regional Justice Center, associated remodelling in the King County correction facility, planning and site acquisition for a Phase II Regional Justice Center and operation of an Intensive Drug Treatment Program is to propose an additional regular property tax levy pursuant to RCW 84.55.050, in excess of the one hundred six percent (106%) property tax limit for a designated

period.

M. While certain elements of the Project may be modified as a function of planning and design, the council is satisfied that sufficient information exists to warrant submission of the proposition set forth in this ordinance to the electors of King County on November 3, 1992.

<u>SECTION 2</u>. Definitions. As used in this ordinance, the words hereinafter defined shall have the meaning set forth in this section.

A. "County" means the County of King.

B. "Intensive Drug Treatment Program" means a program administered by King County, which provides intensive, comprehensive inpatient drug treatment for eligible inmates housed in the North Rehabilitation Facility and the King County Correctional Facility

C. "King County Correctional Facility" means the adult detention and correctional facility located on 5th Avenue between James Street and

Jefferson Street in downtown Seattle.

D. "Levy" means the levy of regular property taxes in excess of the 106% limitation on levies, for the specific purpose and term provided herein and authorized by the electorate pursuant to state law.

E. "Levy Proceeds" means the principal amount of funds raised by the Levy, any interest earnings thereon and the proceeds of any interim

financing following authorization of the levy.

F. "Phase I Regional Justice Center Facility Program Plan" means the five volume document prepared by CGA Consulting Services, Inc. in February 1992, which has been approved as amended by the council and describes the types, sizes and interrelationships of all spaces and cost estimates for the Phase I Regional Justice Center and remodel of the King County correctional facility.

G. "Phase I Regional Justice Center" means the facility located in south King County as defined in the Phase I Regional Justice Center Facility

Program Plan approved by the county council.

H. "Phase II Regional Justice Center" means the facility to be located in east King County, which will accommodate growth in the demand for law, safety and justice services for the year 2000 through the year 2010.

I. "Project" means the planning, site acquisition, design, construction, equipping and furnishing of the Phase I Regional Justice Center; remodelling of the King County correctional facility, both pursuant to the approved Phase I Regional Justice Center Facility Program Plan; and the preliminary planning and site acquisition of the Phase II Regional Justice Center; and

operation of an intensive drug treatment program.

SECTION 3. Levy Submittal to Voters. To provide necessary funds for the Project, the budget of which has been approved by the county council to be \$165,979,551 plus necessary interest charges, the county council shall submit to the qualified electors of the county a proposition as authorized by RCW 84.55.050 to exceed the one hundred six percent (106%) levy limitation on regular property taxes contained in RCW 84.55.010, for property taxes levied in five consecutive years commencing in 1992, with collection beginning in 1993, for the sole purpose of raising an amount not to exceed \$174,500,000 in the aggregate by increasing the regular property tax levy rate during such five year period by an amount not to exceed \$.302 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of assessed value. Pursuant

to RCW 84.55.050, as amended, this levy shall be a regular property tax levy, which is subject to the statutory tax rate limit of 84.52.043, as amended, and to the limitations imposed pursuant to RCW 84.55.050, as amended.

<u>SECTION 4.</u> Deposit of Levy Proceeds. All Levy Proceeds collected as authorized herein shall be deposited into the King County Regional Justice Center Construction Fund.

<u>SECTION 5</u>. Financing. After voter approval and pending the collection of the Levy authorized herein, the county may provide by ordinance for the issuance of limited general obligation bonds or other securities in order to finance the Project or any portion thereof as permitted by law.

SECTION 6. Eligible Expenditures. If approved by the qualified electors of King County, all proceeds of the Levy authorized herein shall be used to pay the costs of the Project. Eligible expenditures shall include without limitation all necessary acquisition costs, engineering, planning, architectural, financial, legal, project management, relocation, environmental, inspection and testing, administration and other costs incurred incident to the Project.

Eligible expenditures shall also include the salaries, benefits, office supplies and equipment, medical supplies and equipment, contracted goods and services, administration and other costs incidental to operation

of the Intensive Drug Treatment Program.

Eligible expenditures shall also include payment of any debt issuance costs and debt service to retire any debt incurred for the Project, as well as the funding, refunding, financing or refinancing of debt or the reimbursement of expenditures already incurred by the county with regard to the Project.

SECTION 7. Project Modification. By ordinance, the county may alter, make substitutions to and amend such Project descriptions, including the Phase I Regional Justice Center Facility Program Plan, as it determines to be in the best interest of the county and consistent with the general descriptions provided herein.

SECTION 8. Disposition of Publicly-Owned Property. All real property and improvements to real property acquired with Levy Proceeds may be conveyed or disposed of by the county, if it is determined by the county to be in its best interests and in accordance with applicable law governing the

disposition of public property.

SECTION 9. Levy; Election and Ballot Title. It is hereby found that an urgent need exists to fund the Project, and, pursuant to RCW 29.13.010, it is hereby declared that an emergency exists requiring the submission to the qualified electors of King County a proposition authorizing regular property tax levies in excess of the 106 percent levy limitation for the purposes described in this ordinance at a special election to be held therein on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the statewide general election to be held on the same date.

The King County director of records and elections, as ex-officio supervisor of elections, is hereby requested to assume jurisdiction of and to call and conduct a special election and to submit to the qualified electors of the county the proposition set forth below.

The clerk of the county council is hereby authorized and directed, not less than 45 days prior to November 3,1992, to certify a proposition to the King County director of records and elections in substantially the following form:

#### KING COUNTY PROPOSITION NUMBER 2 LAW, SAFETY AND JUSTICE LEVY

For the purpose of constructing a regional justice center to provide additional space for law, safety, and justice, including jail remodelling, site acquisition for a second justice center, and drug treatment program operations, shall King County be authorized to increase its regular property tax levy by not more than \$.302 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for a period of five consecutive years with collection beginning in 1993, as provided in King County Ordinance No. 10534?

(This shall not be construed to constitute an excess levy and shall be

subject to other applicable statutory limits.)

LEVY, YES

LEVY, NO

SECTION 10. Ratification. Certification of such proposition by the clerk of the county council to the King County director of records and elections in accordance with law prior to the date of such election on November 3, 1992, and any other act consistent with the authority and prior to the effective date of this ordinance are hereby ratified and confirmed.

SECTION 11. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF King County Proposition No. 2 (con't.)

the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

INTRODUCED AND READ for the first time this 20th day of July, 1992. PASSED this 24th day of August, 1992.

KING COUNTY COUNCIL
KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON
Ronald Sims (signed), Acting Chair
ATTEST:

Gerald A. Peterson (signed), Clerk of the Council APPROVED this 4th day of September, 1992. Tim Hill (signed), King County Executive



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Bothell Proposition No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 1472

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF BOTHELL, WASHINGTON, PROVIDING FOR THE SUBMISSION TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY AT A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD THEREIN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1992, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE STATE GENERAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON THE SAME DATE, OF A PROPOSITION AUTHORIZING THE CITY TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS BY ISSUING ITS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS IN A PAR AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED \$5,800,000, PAYABLE BY ANNUAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES TO BE MADE IN EXCESS OF REGULAR PROPERTY TAX LEVIES, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PAYING ALL OR A PART OF THE COST OF ACQUIRING SITES FOR AND IMPROVING OR RENOVATING PARKS, MULTI-PURPOSE SPORTS FIELDS AND TRAILS, AND TO LEVY THOSE EXCESS PROPERTY TAXES.

WHEREAS, the City of Bothell, Washington (the "City"), is in urgent need of acquiring sites for and improving or renovating parks, multi-purpose sports fields and trails, and the City does not have sufficient funds available for that purpose to meet the estimated cost of those improvements; NOW, THEREFORE.

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BOTHELL, WASHINGTON, DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The City shall acquire sites for and improve or renovate parks, multi-purpose sports fields and trails (the "Project"). After payment of the costs of multi-purpose sports fields, it is the intention of the Council that the remaining principal proceeds of the bonds authorized by this ordinance shall be applied approximately 60% to elements of the Project located in Snohomish County and approximately 40% to elements of the Project located in King County. It also is the intent of the Council that improvements and renovations shall be made for both neighborhood and community parks.

The estimated cost of the Project, including the costs of issuing and selling the bonds authorized by this ordinance, is declared to be, as nearly as may be, \$5,800,000. The economic life of the facilities comprising the Project is expected to be at least 20 years.

Section 2. The City shall borrow not to exceed \$5,800,000 on the credit of the City and issue and sell its general obligation bonds in that par amount for strictly municipal capital purposes, other than the replacement of equipment, to provide the funds for the Project. Costs of engineering, planning, financial, legal and other services lawfully incurred incident to the Project, and of additional incidental or mitigating capital improvements including installation of utilities, streets and sidewalks, whether on site or off site, undertaken in connection therewith, shall be appropriate capital costs

to be paid from the proceeds of the bonds authorized by this ordinance. It is the intention of the Council that the principal amount of all such bonds should be included, insofar as possible, in the debt capacity allowance of the City allocated to open space and park facilities.

For the purposes of Treasury Regulations Section 1.103-18, the City Council declares that to the extent, if any, the City prior to the date bonds or other short-term obligations are issued to finance the Project shall make capital expenditures for the Project from funds that are not (and are not reasonably expected to be) reserved, allocated on a long-term basis or otherwise set aside by the City under its existing and reasonably foreseeable budgetary and financial circumstances to finance the Project, those capital expenditures are intended to be reimbursed out of proceeds of the bonds or other short-term obligations issued in an amount not to exceed the principal amount provided by this ordinance.

Section 3. The bonds shall be issued as a single issue, as a part of a combined issue with other authorized bonds, or in more than one series. The bonds shall be fully registered; shall bear interest payable as permitted by law; shall mature within 20 years from their date or within any shorter period fixed by the City Council; shall be paid by annual property tax levies sufficient in amount to pay both principal and interest when due, which annual property tax levies shall be made in excess of regular property tax levies without limitation as to rate or amount but only in amounts sufficient to pay both principal and interest when due; and shall be issued and sold in the manner, at the times and in the amounts as shall be required for the Project. Because of the recently concluded Canyon Park annexation, no such excess property taxes shall be collected for the bonds until 1994.

The exact date, form, terms, option of prior redemption, if any, price, interest rate or rates and maturities of the bonds shall be fixed hereafter by ordinance of the City Council. Pending the issuance of the bonds and receipt of their proceeds, the City Council may authorize the issuance of short-term obligations pursuant to Chapter 39.50 RCW, and the costs of those short-term obligations shall be included in the cost of the Project for which the bonds are issued.

Section 4. The City Council finds that an emergency exists which requires constructing and acquiring the facilities and property comprising the Project, and the Auditor of Snohomish County, Washington, as ex officio Supervisor of Elections, and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, are requested to concur in that finding and to call and conduct a special election to be held in the City on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the State general election to be held on the same date, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City for their approval the question of whether or not the City shall borrow not to exceed \$5,800,000, issue its general obligation bonds in that par amount for capital purposes only, other than replacement of equipment, and levy excess taxes necessary to redeem the bonds as herein set forth.

. Section 5. The City Clerk is directed to certify to the Auditor of Snohomish County, Washington, as ex officio Supervisor of Elections, and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, at least 45 days prior to the November 3, 1992, special election date a copy of this ordinance and the proposition to be submitted at that special election in the form of a ballot title as follows:

#### PROPOSITION No. 1

#### PARK AND RECREATION BONDS - \$5,800,000

Shall the City of Bothell, Washington, borrow \$5,800,000 to acquire sites for and improve or renovate parks, multi-purpose sports fields and trails by selling general obligation bonds therefor maturing within 20 years and levy annual excess property taxes, for collection commencing in 1994, necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Ordinance No. 1472? BONDS, YES BONDS, NO

Section 6. This ordinance, being an exercise of power specifically delegated to the City legislative body, is not subject to referendum and shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and five (5) days

following its publication as required by law.

APPROVED:
Paul O. Cowles (signed), Mayor
ATTEST/AUTHENTICATED:
Terry A. Briscoe (signed), City Clerk



## COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Bothell Proposition No. 2

**ORDINANCE NO. 1473** 

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF BOTHELL, WASHINGTON, PROVIDING FOR THE SUBMISSION TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY AT A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD THEREIN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1992, IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE STATE GENERAL ELECTION TO BE HELD ON THE SAME DATE, OF A PROPOSITION AUTHORIZING THE CITY TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS BY ISSUING ITS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS IN A PARAMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED \$6,200,000, PAYABLE BY ANNUAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES TO BE MADE IN EXCESS OF REGULAR PROPERTY TAX LEVIES, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PAYING ALL OR A PART OF THE COST OF CONSTRUCTING OR RENOVATING AND EQUIPPING A BUILDING FOR A POLICE STATION AND ACQUIRING A SITE FOR THAT STATION AND A FUTURE CITY HALL, AND TO LEVY THOSE EXCESS PROPERTY TAXES.

WHEREAS, the City of Bothell, Washington (the "City"), is in urgent need of constructing or renovating and equipping a building for a police station and acquiring a site for that station and a future City Hall, and the City does not have sufficient funds available for that purpose to meet the estimated cost of those improvements; NOW, THEREFORE,

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF BOTHELL, WASHINGTON, DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. The City shall construct or renovate and equip a building for a police station and acquire a site for that station and a future City Hall (the "Project"). Such site should be on the order of 4 to 6 acres and the police station building shall be approximately 15,000 to 17,000 square feet. It is the intention of the Council that the site for the Project shall be one of the four recommended by the 2010 Citizens Task Force or such other site as the City Council may hereafter determine.

The estimated cost of the Project, including the costs of issuing and selling the bonds authorized by this ordinance, is declared to be, as nearly as may be, \$6,200,000. The economic life of the facilities comprising the

Project is expected to be at least 20 years.

Section 2. The City shall borrow not to exceed \$6,200,000 on the credit of the City and issue and sell its general obligation bonds in that par amount for strictly municipal capital purposes, other than the replacement of equipment, to provide the funds for the Project. Costs of engineering, planning, financial, legal and other services lawfully incurred incident to the Project and of additional incidental or mitigating capital improvements including installation of utilities, streets and sidewalks, whether on site or off site, undertaken in connection therewith, shall be appropriate capital costs to be paid from the proceeds of the bonds authorized by this ordinance. For the purposes of Treasury Regulations Section 1.103-18, the City Council declares that to the extent, if any, the City prior to the date bonds or other short-term obligations are issued to finance the Project shall make capital expenditures for the Project from funds that are not (and are not reasonably expected to be) reserved, allocated on a long-term basis or otherwise set aside by the City under its existing and reasonably foreseeable budgetary and financial circumstances to finance the Project, those capital expenditures are intended to be reimbursed out of proceeds of the bonds or other short-term obligations issued in an amount not to exceed the principal amount provided by this ordinance.

Section 3. The bonds shall be issued as a single issue, as a part of a combined issue with other authorized bonds, or in more than one series. The bonds shall be fully registered; shall bear interest payable as permitted by law; shall mature within 20 years from their date or within any shorter period fixed by the City Council; shall be paid by annual property tax levies sufficient in amount to pay both principal and interest when due, which annual property tax levies shall be made in excess of regular property tax levies without limitation as to rate or amount but only in amounts sufficient to pay both principal and interest when due; and shall be issued and sold in the manner, at the times and in the amounts as shall be required for the Project. Because of the recently concluded Canyon Park annexation, no

such excess property taxes shall be collected for the bonds until 1994.

The exact date, form, terms, option of prior redemption, if any, price, interest rate or rates and maturities of the bonds shall be fixed hereafter by ordinance of the City Council. Pending the issuance of the bonds and receipt of their proceeds, the City Council may authorize the issuance of short-term obligations pursuant to Chapter 39.50 RCW, and the costs of those short-term obligations shall be included in the cost of the Project for which the bonds are issued.

Section 4. The City Council finds that an emergency exists which requires constructing and acquiring the facilities and property comprising the Project, and the Auditor of Snohomish County, Washington, as exofficio Supervisor of Elections, and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, are requested to concur in that finding and to call and conduct a special election to be held in the City on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the State general election to be held on the same date, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City for their approval the question of whether or not the City shall borrow not to exceed \$6,200,000, issue its general obligation bonds in that par amount for capital purposes only, other than replacement of equipment, and levy excess taxes necessary to redeem the bonds as herein set forth.

<u>Section 5</u>. The City Clerk is directed to certify to the Auditor of Snohomish County, Washington, as <u>ex officio</u> Supervisor of Elections, and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, at least 45 days prior to the November 3, 1992, special election date a copy of this ordinance and the proposition to be submitted at that special election in the form of a ballot title as follows:

#### PROPOSITION NO. 2 PUBLIC FACILITIES BONDS - \$6,200,000

Shall the City of Bothell, Washington, borrow \$6,200,000 to construct or renovate and equip a building for a police station and acquire a site for that station and a future City Hall by selling general obligation bonds therefor maturing within 20 years and levy annual excess property taxes, for collection commencing in 1994, necessary to pay and retire the bonds, as provided in Ordinance No. 1473?

BONDS, YES BONDS, NO

<u>Section 6</u>. This ordinance, being an exercise of power specifically delegated to the City legislative body, is not subject to referendum and shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and five (5) days following its publication as required by law.

APPROVED:
Paul O. Cowles (signed), Mayor
ATTEST/AUTHENTICATED:
Terry A. Briscoe (signed), City Clerk



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF Town of Clyde Hill Proposition No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 666

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF CLYDE HILL, WASHINGTON, DECLARING THE INTENT OF THE TOWN TO JOIN AND BE ANNEXED TO THE KING COUNTY LIBRARY DISTRICT; REQUESTING THE CONCURRENCE OF THE DISTRICT BOARD OF TRUSTEES; AND REQUESTING THE COUNTY COUNCIL TO CALL A SPECIAL ELECTION IN THE TOWN ON NOVEMBER 3, 1992, FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUBMITTING THE ANNEXATION PROPOSITION TO THE VOTERS.

WHEREAS, pursuant to RCW Chapter 27.12, a town with a population of 100,000 or less may become part of any rural county library district, the boundaries of which are contiguous to the town, by following the procedure set forth in that Chapter, and

WHEREAS, the boundaries of the Town of Clyde Hill are contiguous to the King County Rural Library District, and the Town Council finds that the public interest will be served by annexing the territory within the Town to said Library District, and

WHEREAS, prior to adoption by the Town Council, the State Librarian was notified of the proposed ordinance pursuant to RCW 27.12.360, NOW, THEREFORE.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN COUNCIL OF THE TOWN OF CLYDE HILL:

Section 1. Declaration of Intent and Finding. The Town of Clyde Hill hereby declares its intent to join and be annexed by the King County Rural Library District. Having weighed the options for providing library service to the citizens within the Town, the Town Council finds that the public interest will be best served by annexation to the said District.

Section 2. Transmittal to District; Request for Concurrence, Pursuant to RCW 27.12.360, the Town Clerk is directed to transmit this ordinance to the King County Rural Library District Board of Trustees. The Town Council requests that the Board of Trustees concur in the proposed annexation of the Town by the District.

Section 3. Transmittal to King County Council; Request for Election. Pursuant to RCW 27.12.360 and .370, if the Board of Trustees concurs in the annexation, the Town Clerk is hereby directed to notify, and to send a certified copy of this ordinance and a copy of the Board of Trustees' concurrence, to the King County Council. The King County Council is hereby requested to call a special election to be held in the Town of Clyde Hill on November 3, 1992, which is the next date provided in RCW 29.13.010 and is not less than forty-five (45) days from the date of this declaration and finding. The King County Council is also requested to give notice of the election as provided for in RCW 29.27.080. The purpose of the election shall be to submit to the qualified voters within the Town of Clyde Hill a ballot proposition in substantially the following form:

PROPOSITION NO. 1

Shall the Town of Clyde Hill be annexed to and be a part of the King County Rural Library District?

Yes

No

Section 4. Annexation. If a majority of persons voting on the annexation proposition shall vote in favor of annexation, then the Town of Clyde Hill shall be annexed to and constitute a part of the King County Rural Library District.

Section 5. Severability Clause. If any section, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section, sentence, clause or phrase of this ordinance.

Section 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force August 11, 1992.

PASSED by the Council of the Town of Clyde Hill this 11th day of August, 1992.

APPROVED by the Mayor of the Town of Clyde Hill this 11th day of August, 1992.

TOWN OF CLYDE HILL
Philip G. Rourke (signed), Mayor
ATTEST/AUTHENTICATED
Mitchell Wasserman (signed), Town Clerk



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Kirkland Proposition No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 3329

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO INCURRING INDEBTEDNESS; PROVIDING FOR THE SUBMISSION TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY AT A SPECIAL ELECTION OR ELECTIONS TO BE HELD THEREIN OF TWO PROPOSITIONS AUTHORIZING THE CITY TO INCUR INDEBTEDNESS BY ISSUING ITS GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS IN A PAR AMOUNT NOT TO EXCEED A TOTAL OF \$5,320,000 PAYABLE BY ANNUAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES TO BE MADE IN EXCESS OF REGULAR PROPERTY TAX LEVIES, FOR THE PURPOSE OF PAYING ALL OR A PART OF THE COST OF IMPROVING, DEVELOPING, CONSTRUCTING AND ACQUIRING PUBLIC SAFETY FACILITIES, LAND FOR PARK AND OPEN SPACE, AND GENERAL MUNICIPAL FACILITIES AND CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS, AND TO LEVY THOSE EXCESS PROPERTY TAXES.

WHEREAS, the City of Kirkland, Washington (the "City") is in urgent need of improving, developing, re-developing, constructing and acquiring public safety facilities, land for park and open space and general municipal facilities and capital improvements as hereinafter described, and the City does not have sufficient funds available for that purpose to meet the estimated cost thereof; NOW, THEREFORE,

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF KIRKLAND, WASHINGTON, DO ORDAIN as follows:

Section 1. The City Council finds continued and anticipated growth and development, including in-filling of lands and increasing population within the City and its service and urban growth area, as identified in the 1990 Kirkland Fire Protection Master Plan, prepared by the City in cooperation with King County Fire Protection District No. 41, creates an urgent need for the planning, design and construction of two new fire stations to reduce the response time to calls for service and to maintain the high level of service the citizens of Kirkland have come to expect, and for the acquisition and installation of a new public safety (fire, police and local government) emergency communications system internally compatible as well as compatible with emergency communications systems serving the adjoining and adjacent communities and governmental entities. The Council further finds the present existence of an opportunity to acquire land for park, recreation and shoreline open space purposes, certain Lake Washington waterfront shoreline property adjacent to the existing David E. Brink waterfront park, all at an estimated cost, as near as may be, in each such case (the "Projects"):

#### PUBLIC SAFETY PROJECTS

The design, development, construction, equipping and furnishing, including site preparation, of a new fire station to be located on City-owned property in the area of Northeast 100th and 124th Avenue Northeast, \$2,300,000.

The design, development, construction, equipping and furnishing, including site preparation, of a new fire station to be located on City-owned property in the vicinity of Forbes Creek and Market Street, \$1,020,000.

The acquisition, installation and implementation of a new public safety



## COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Kirkland Proposition No. 1 (con't.)

(fire and police) emergency communication system including equipment and facilities, to be internally compatible as well as compatible with the emergency communication systems of surrounding communities and governmental entities, \$500,000.

## PARK, RECREATION AND OPEN SPACE PROJECT

Acquisition of Lake Washington waterfront lands adjoining to the south the City's existing David E. Brink Park for general park, recreation and open space purposes, \$1,500,000. It is the intention of the Council that this latter sum should be included, insofar as possible, in the debt capacity allowance of the City allocated to open space and park facilities.

All of the foregoing sums include where appropriate and as may be required, land development and land acquisition costs, capital improvement and other development costs, including costs and expenses for preparation of designs, plans and specifications as to capital improvements for or incidental to the development.

<u>Section 2</u>. The City shall carry out the Projects described in Section 1. The estimated cost of the Projects, including the cost of issuing and selling the bonds authorized by this ordinance, is declared to be as nearly as may be \$5,320,000. The economic life of the improvements and facilities comprising the Projects is expected to be at least twenty years.

Section 3. The City shall borrow not to exceed \$5,320,000 on the credit of the City and issue and sell its general obligation bonds in that par amount for strictly municipal capital purposes other than the replacement of equipment, to provide the funds for the Projects. The cost of architectural, engineering, planning, financial, legal and other services lawfully incurred incident to the Projects shall be appropriate capital cost to be paid from the proceeds of the bonds authorized by this ordinance. For the purposes of Treasury Regulations Section 1.103-18, the City Council declares that to the extent, if any, the City prior to the date bonds or other short-term obligations are issued to finance the Projects shall make capital expenditures for the Projects from funds that are not (and are not reasonably expected to be) reserved, allocated on a long-term basis or otherwise set aside by the City under its existing and reasonably foreseeable budgetary and financial circumstances to finance the Projects, those capital expenditures are intended to be reimbursed out of proceeds of the bonds or other short-term obligations issued in an amount not to exceed the principal amount provided by this ordinance.

Section 4. The bonds shall be issued as a single issue, as a part of a combined issue with other authorized bonds, or in more than one series. The bonds shall be fully registered, shall bear interest payable as permitted by law, shall mature within twenty years from their date or within any shorter period fixed by the City Council; shall be paid by annual property tax levies sufficient in amount to pay both principal and interest when due, which annual property tax levies shall be made in excess of regular property tax levies without limitation as to rate or amount, but only in amounts sufficient to pay both principal and interest when due; and shall be issued and sold in the manner, at the times and in the amounts as shall be required for the Projects. The exact date, form, terms, options of prior redemption, price, interest rate or rates and maturities of the bonds shall be fixed hereafter by ordinance of the City Council. Pending the issuance of the bonds and receipt of their proceeds, the City Council may authorize the issuance of short term obligations pursuant to Chapter 39.50 RCW, and the costs of those short term obligations shall be included in the cost of the Projects for which the bonds are issued.

Section 5. The City Council finds and declares that an emergency exists

which requires carrying out the acquisitions, development, redevelopment and improvements comprising the projects and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, is requested to concur in that finding and to call and conduct a special election to be held in the City on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the State general election to be held on the same date for the purpose of submitting to the qualified electors of the City for their approval, the question of whether or not the City shall borrow not to exceed \$5,320,000, issue its general obligation bonds in that par amount for capital purposes only, other than replacement of equipment, and levy excess taxes necessary to redeem the bonds as herein set forth. In submitting the question to the electors of the City, it shall be divided into two Propositions, 1 and 2, as set forth in Section 6.

<u>Section 6</u>. The City Director of Administration and Finance is directed to certify to the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, at least forty-five days prior to the November 3, 1992, special election date, a copy of this ordinance and the two Propositions to be submitted at that special election in the form of ballot titles as follows:

#### PROPOSITION 1 KIRKLAND PUBLIC SAFETY BONDS \$3,820,000

Shall the City of Kirkland, Washington, borrow \$3,820,000, to construct two new fire stations and an emergency (fire, police and local government) communication system by selling general obligation bonds therefor, maturing within twenty years, and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds as provided in Ordinance No. 3329? BONDS, YES BONDS, NO

#### PROPOSITION 2 KIRKLAND WATER FRONT PARK BONDS \$1,500,000

Shall the City of Kirkland, Washington, borrow \$1,500,000 to acquire lands adjacent to the City's existing David E. Brink Park for waterfront, open space and park purposes by selling general obligation bonds therefor, maturing within twenty years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire the bonds as provided in Ordinance No. 3329? BONDS, YES BONDS, NO

Section 7. The City Council finds and declares that an emergency exists which requires carrying out the acquisitions, development, redevelopment and improvements comprising the Projects. In the event that it is determined that Proposition 1 was approved by 60% of the voters in the special election held on September 15, 1992, and that the total number of votes cast in that election was at least 40% of the votes cast in the preceding general election, the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, is directed to withdraw Proposition 1 as set forth in Section 6 herein and renumber Proposition 2 as Proposition 1.

<u>Section 8.</u> All actions heretofore taken by or on behalf of the City and consistent with the provisions of this ordinance are ratified and confirmed in all respects.

Section 9. This ordinance shall be in force and effect five days from and after its passage by the City Council and publication as required by law.

Passed by majority vote of the Kirkland City Council at a special open public meeting, of which due notice was given as provided by law, this 17th day of September, 1992.

Signed in authentication thereof this day of September, 1992.

Dave Russell (signed), Mayor Attest: Janice Perry (signed), City Clerk



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Redmond Proposition Nos. 1, 2, 3 & 4

**RESOLUTION NO. 905** 

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF REDMOND, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO BONDS FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS; PRO-VIDING FOR THE SUBMISSION TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE CITY AT A SPECIAL ELECTION TO BE HELD IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE GENERAL ELECTION ON NOVEMBER 3, 1992, OF FOUR PROPO-SITIONS, THE FIRST BEING WHETHER THE CITY SHOULD ISSUE NOT MORE THAN \$7,900,000 OF UNLIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS TO FINANCE THE DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION AND EQUIPPING OF A COMMUNITY RECREATION CENTER; THE SECOND BEING WHETHER THE CITY SHOULD ISSUE NOT MORE THAN \$2,025,000 OF UNLIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS TO FINANCE THE ACQUISITION OF LAND FOR, DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT IMPROVE-MENTS TO VARIOUS NEIGHBORHOOD STREETS IN THE CITY; THE THIRD BEING WHETHER THE CITY SHOULD ISSUE NOT MORE THAN 54,500,000 IN UNLIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS TO ACQUIRE LAND FOR, DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT THE LOOP ROAD -NORTH BYPASS SEGMENT TRANSPORTATION PROJECT; AND THE FOURTH BEING WHETHER THE CITY SHOULD ISSUE NOT MORE THAN 53,800,000 OF UNLIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS TO ACQUIRE LAND FOR, DESIGN AND CONSTRUCT A FIRE STATION AND MAINTENANCEFACILITY, ACQUIRELAND FOR A FUTURE FIRE STATION, AND PURCHASE A FIRE DEPARTMENT AID VEHICLE; SUCH BONDS TO BE PAYABLE BY ANNUAL PROPERTY TAX LEVIES TO BE MADE IN EXCESS OF REGULAR PROPERTY TAX LEVIES.

WHEREAS, the City Council has, through such planning documents as the Fire Station Location Plan, the Capital Improvement Plan, and the Fire Master Plan, identified certain urgently needed fire department improvements, and has determined that these improvements are necessary to assure that the Fire Department can continue to provide the types, quantity, and quality of services that are currently being provided, and

WHEREAS, the City Council has also identified a need for the transportation improvements commonly known as the Loop Road - North Bypass Segment and the Neighborhood Streets Improvement Program, and

WHEREAS, the City Council has identified an urgent need for constructing and equipping a Community and Teen Recreation Center to provide an adequate facility to serve the recreational needs of the City's existing and expanding single-family and multi-family population centers, and

WHEREAS, after considering the recommendations of the fire, parks and public works departments, the City Council has determined that these projects should be financed through the issuance of unlimited tax general obligation bonds or notes therefore, in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,800,000.00 for the fire department projects, \$7,900,000.00 for the Community Recreation Center, \$4,500,000.00 for the Loop Road - North Bypass Segment project and \$2,025,000.00 for the Neighborhood Street Improvements Program, and

WHEREAS, by law the propositions of whether the City may incur such indebtedness and issue such bonds for such capital purposes must be submitted to the qualified electors of the City for their ratification or rejection, now, therefore,

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF REDMOND, WASHINGTON, HEREBY RESOLVES AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Fire Projects. Subject to the approval of the qualified electors of the City, the City hereby authorizes the incurrence of indebtedness and the issuance of unlimited tax general obligation bonds (the "Bonds") in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$3,800,000.00 for the purpose of providing all or part of the money necessary to pay the capital costs of the following fire related projects:

A. S.E. Redmond Fire Station - \$2.9 million

Acquire land for, construct and equip a fire station consistent with the Fire Department's standard fire station design in the Cadman area of S.E. Redmond as identified in the Fire Master plan, Fire Station Location Plan,

and Capital Improvement Program.

B. Maintenance Facility - \$700,000

Acquire land for, construct and equip a two-bay fire and emergency medical service (EMS) apparatus maintenance facility as identified in the Fire Master Plan, adjacent to and on the same property as the S.E. Redmond fire station to enable fire and EMS apparatus to be adequately and safely

C. Aid Car - \$100,000

Purchase and equip an additional aid car to handle excessive medical responses from the downtown fire station as identified in the Fire Master Plan, to be relocated to and serve as part of the equipment for the S.E. Redmond fire station upon its completion.

D. Property for Future Fire Station (Education Hill) - \$100,000

Purchase, while still available and affordable, suitably located property for a future fire station which has been identified in the Fire Master Plan, Fire

Station Location Plan, and Capital Improvement Program.

Section 2. Loop Road - North Bypass Segment. Subject to the approval of the qualified electors of the City, the City hereby authorizes the incurrence of indebtedness and the issuance of unlimited tax general obligation bonds (the "Bonds") in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$4,500,000.00 for the purpose of providing all or part of the money necessary for the Loop Road - North Bypass Segment, which consists of the construction of N.E. 90th Street and the N.E. 90th Street bridge from 154th Avenue N.E. to the Redmond-Woodinville Road. This street project would complete the design and construction of a .50 mile long section of 4 to 5 lane arterial roadway from 154th Ave. N.E. and N.E. 90th St. intersection, east, across the Sammamish River, to connect with the Redmond-Woodinville Road. The new road would include all improvements and a new bridge across the slough. This new roadway would be the "North Bypass" section of the loop road around the City. It would link the recently completed 148th extension with the Redmond-Woodinville Road. The bond issue would cover \$4,500,000 of the total project cost of \$6,300,000.

Section 3. Neighborhood Street Improvements Program. Subject to the approval of the qualified electors of the City, the City hereby authorizes the incurrence of indebtedness and the issuance of unlimited tax general obligation bonds (the "Bonds") in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$2,025,000.00 for the purpose of providing all or part of the money necessary to pay the capital costs of designing and constructing the Neighborhood Street Improvements Program, which consists of the following

1. 160th Ave. N.E. & Redmond Way Intersection Improvements -\$500,000. This project will realign and improve the intersection of 160th Ave. N.E. with Redmond Way, by adding roadway and underground utility improvements to bring the intersection up to City standards. Construction improvements include: roadway widening to 3 lanes, curb, gutters and sidewalks, new traffic signal pole locations, and new access restriction for improved safety and traffic flow. The bond issue would cover \$500,000, of the total project cost of \$650,000.

2. 156th Avenue Improvements-N.E. 51st to N.E. 60th Street - \$80,000. This project would improve speed control along approximately half a mile of this heavily traveled residential street that serves as a collector arterial. Improvements include various speed control measures, landscape median

and bikeway provisions.

3. Traffic Signal Installation on Redmond/Woodinville Road @ N.E. 109th Street - \$300,000. Reconstruct and realign this intersection to provide the installation of a 4-way traffic signal that will improve vehicular and pedestrian safety at this heavily used intersection.

4. Intersection Improvements - RedWay/180th Ave/East Lake Sammamish Pkwy. N.E. - \$500,000. This project would improve traffic operation and efficiency at this heavily traveled intersection by revising the present signal alignment and installing a new traffic signal system. This installation would be coordinated with the State's improvement of the SR 520/SR 202 intersection, thus improving the traffic flow along Redmond Way.

5. 177th Ave. N.E. Improvement from West Lake Sammamish Parkway N.E. to N.E. 34th St. - \$45,000. This project would construct the remaining 1/10 mile long, half-section of 177th Ave. N.E. This section is adjacent to King County's Idylwood Park, where high volume pedestrian and vehicular traffic is common. The improvement would also produce additional parking capacity along 177th Avenue.



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF City of Redmond Proposition Nos. 1, 2, 3 & 4 (con't.)

6. Old Redmond Road from 132nd Ave. N.E. to 136th Ave. N.E. -\$500,000. This project would provide for 1/4 mile of roadway and storm drainage improvements on the north side of the street. Improvements include curb, gutter and sidewalk. The new roadway section will include bike lanes on both sides to connect Kirkland's N.E. 70th St. improvements with the existing city bikeway east of 136th Ave. N.E.

East Lake Sammamish Parkway N.E. - Bike Lane Extension -\$100,000. This project provides design and construction of 8/10 of a mile of eight foot wide bike lane on the west side of East Lake Sammamish, from the south city limit at 187th Ave. N.E., to N.E. 65th Street (Access to Marymoor Park). Private development will be required to complete a similar bike lane on the east side of the roadway along their property frontages. These bike lanes will match and connect with King County's

planned road improvements south of the city limit.

Section 4. Community Recreation Center. Subject to the approval of the qualified electors of the City, the City hereby authorizes the incurrence of indebtedness and the issuance of unlimited tax general obligation bonds (the "Bonds") in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$7,900,000.00 for the purpose of providing all or part of the money necessary to pay the capital costs of constructing and equipping a Community and Teen Recreation Center, either on the Redmond Municipal Campus property, or at another location in the downtown Redmond area. No bond funds shall be used for the acquisition of land for the Community Recreation and Teen Center.

Section 5. Capital Cost Defined. The term "capital cost" as used in the foregoing Sections 1 through 4, shall be construed consistently with the term "capital purposes" in Article VII, Section 2(b) of the Washington Constitution and RCW 84.52.056, but, subject thereto, may include the costs of (i) property acquisition, including leasing and acquiring purchase options, with the exception of the Community Recreation Center project; (ii) engineering, design, demolition and other site preparation; (iii) planning, financial, legal, relocation and other services lawfully incurred incident to accomplishing such acquisitions, preparation and/or development and the financing thereof, including the incidental costs and costs related to the sale and issuance of the Bonds; and (iv) the purchase of equipment and a vehicle as provided above. The term "capital costs" shall not include maintenance and operation costs.

Section 6. Short Term Obligations. Subject to the approval by the qualified electors of the City of the issuance of the Bonds for the purposes described in Sections 1 through 4 of this resolution, the City may, by resolution or ordinance, provide for the issuance of short term obligations in anticipation of the issuance of the approved Bonds in accordance with the provisions of RCW 39.50. The aggregate principal amount of all such short term obligations and Bonds outstanding at any time shall not exceed the bond issue amount approved by the voters.

Section 7. Elections and Ballot Propositions. The City finds that an urgent need exists for the described fire, recreation and transportation facilities and declares that an emergency exists requiring submission to the qualified electors of the City of propositions authorizing the issuance of the Bonds for the purposes described in Sections 1 through 4 of this resolution at a special election to be held in conjunction with the general election to be held on November 3, 1992.

The King County Manager of Records and Elections, as ex officio supervisor of elections is hereby requested to find the existence of such emergency pursuant to RCW 29.13, and is requested to assume jurisdiction of and to call and conduct a special election and to submit to the qualified electors of the City the propositions set forth below. The City Clerk is hereby authorized and directed to certify said propositions to the King County Manager of Records and Elections in substantially the following form, which such additions, deletions or modifications as may be required by the City Attorney:

CITY OF REDMOND PROPOSITION NO. 1 COMMUNITY RECREATION CENTER BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$7,900,000.00 to design,

construct and equip a Community and Teen Center, either on the Redmond Municipal Campus or at another location in the downtown Redmond area, by selling general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905?

Bonds, Yes Bonds, No

#### CITY OF REDMOND PROPOSITION NO. 2 NEIGHBORHOOD STREET IMPROVEMENT BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$2,025,000.00 to acquire land for, design and construct the Neighborhood Street Improvements Program, by selling general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905?

Bonds, Yes Bonds, No.

#### CITY OF REDMOND PROPOSITION NO. 3 LOOP ROAD - NORTH BYPASS SEGMENT CONSTRUCTION BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$4,500,000.00 to acquire land for, design and construct N.E. 90th Street and the N.E. 90th Street bridge from 154th Ave. N.E. to the Redmond-Woodinville Road, by selling unlimited tax general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905? Bonds, Yes

Bonds, No

#### CITY OF REDMOND PROPOSITION NO. 4 FIRE CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION BONDS

Shall the City of Redmond, Washington, borrow \$3,800,000.00 to complete certain fire improvements, including acquiring land for a fire station on Education Hill, acquiring land for, designing, constructing and equipping a fire station and maintenance facility in southeast Redmond, and purchasing and equipping an aid vehicle, by selling general obligation bonds therefore maturing within twenty years and levying annual excess property taxes necessary to redeem the bonds, all as provided in Resolution No. 905? Bonds, Yes Bonds, No

Section 8. Bonds. The bonds shall bear such date or dates; shall mature at such time or times not to exceed twenty years from the date of issuance thereof; shall be issued in such denominations; shall bear such terms, conditions and covenants; shall be in such form; shall bear interest at such fixed or variable rate or rates; shall bear such redemption and registration privileges; and shall be sold in such manner, at such time or times, in such amounts and such price or prices as the City shall hereafter determine by ordinance. The Bonds may be issued in one or more series, either separately or in combination with other authorized general obligations of the City.

The Bonds shall be general obligations of the City and, unless paid from other sources, both the principal thereof and the interest thereon shall be payable from annual property tax levies, if authorized by the qualified electors as provided in Section 7 of this Resolution, upon all taxable property within the City in excess of the regular property tax levies, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Section 9. Maintenance and Operation of Community Recreation Center. Maintenance and operation of the Community Recreation Center will not be paid for from bond funds. It is the Council's intent to pay for such maintenance and operation through the imposition of an additional tax on cable television services or such other taxes as may be available to the City, and through revenues derived from operation of the Community Recreation Center and its programs. The City Council intends that there will be user fees and charges for those using the Community Recreation Center, but that there will also be certain times during which use of the Center will be free.

RESOLVED this 18th day of August, 1992.

CITY OF REDMOND Rosemarie Ives (signed), Mayor ATTEST/AUTHENTICATED: Sandra L. Marion (signed for Doris Schaible), City Clerk



#### COMPLETE TEXT OF Town of Yarrow Point Proposition No. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 401

AN ORDINANCE of the Town of Yarrow Point, Washington, providing for the submission to the qualified electors of the Town at a special election to be held therein on November 3, 1992 of a proposition authorizing the Town to levy regular property taxes in 1992 for collection in 1993 in excess of the 106% levy limitation to provide \$84,500 for the purpose of paying the cost of the Town's contract with the King County Library System to provide library services for Town residents and expenses incidental thereto.

WHEREAS, the Town of Yarrow Point, Washington (the "Town") contracts with the King County Library System to provide library services for

Town residents; and

WHEREAS, the King County Library System has increased the cost to the Town of such contracted library services, and funds available to the Town for providing library services during 1993 will be insufficient to enable the Town to pay for the cost of such contracted library services; and

WHEREAS, in order to maintain such contracted library services, the Town Council of the Town (the "Town Council") deems it advisable, as authorized by RCW 84.55.050, to levy regular property taxes in 1992 in excess of the 106% limitation to collect \$84,500 in 1993; and

WHEREAS, RCW 84.55.050 provides that the question of whether or not regular property taxes may exceed the 106% limitation must be submitted to the qualified electors of the Town for their ratification or rejection;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE TOWN OF YARROW POINT, WASHINGTON, AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Authorization of Levy. For the purpose of providing funds necessary to pay the cost of the Town's contract with the King County Library System to provide library services for Town residents and expenses incidental thereto, the Town hereby authorizes the levy in 1992 for collection in 1993 of an additional \$84,500 of regular property taxes. Subsequent tax levies shall be computed as if the one-year proposition authorized herein had not been approved and the Town had made levies at the maximum rates which would otherwise have been allowed under Chapter 84.55 RCW during 1992. The Town shall be authorized to collect such amount in 1993 by increasing the levy rate of regular property taxes by an estimated rate of \$0.34 per thousand dollars of assessed valuation in 1992, causing the aggregate levy rate of regular property taxes in 1992 for collection in 1993 to be approximately \$1.16 per thousand dollars of assessed value (excluding any other voter-approved ballot propositions).

The town may use the proceeds of the additional regular tax levy authorized herein during 1993 to pay the cost of the Town's contract for library services with the King County Library System during such year and expenses incidental thereto, as may be authorized or allowed by law for the use of such taxes, and may for such purposes issue short-term obligations as authorized by RCW ch. 39.50.

Section 2. Election. It is hereby found and declared that an emergency exists requiring the submission to the qualified electors of the Town of a proposition of whether or not the Town shall levy regular property taxes in excess of the 106% levy limitation for the purposes specified in this ordinance. The Director of Records and Elections of King County is hereby requested also to find the existence of such emergency and to assume jurisdiction of and to call and conduct said special election to be held within the Town and to submit to the qualified electors of the Town the proposition hereinafter set forth.

The Town Clerk is hereby authorized and directed not less than 45 days prior to November 3, 1992 to certify the following proposition to the Director of Records and Elections of King County in the following form:

TOWN OF YARROW POINT PROPOSITION NO. 1 LIBRARY SERVICES LEVY

Shall the Town of Yarrow Point increase its regular property tax levy in excess of the 106% limitation in 1992 for collection in 1993 by \$84,500 by levying approximately an additional \$.34 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation

in 1992 (for a total of approximately \$1.16 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation in 1992), to pay the costs of the Town's contract for library services with the King County Library System, all as specified in Ordinance #401?

LEVY, NO

The polls for such special election shall be open from 7:00 a.m. to 8:00

Certification of such proposition by the Town Clerk to the Director of Records and Elections of King County, in accordance with law, prior to the date of such election on November 3, 1992, and any other acts consistent with the authority and prior to the effective date of this ordinance, are hereby ratified and confirmed.

PASSED by the Town Council of the Town of Yarrow Point, Washington, at a special meeting thereof, held on the 17th day of September, 1992. TOWN OF YARROW POINT, WASHINGTON

Lloyd E. Cooney (signed), Mayor

ATTEST:

Annabelle Simon (signed), Town Clerk



## COMPLETE TEXT OF Fire District No. 36 Proposition No. 1

RESOLUTION NO. 390

A Resolution of the Board of Fire Commissioners of Fire Protection District No. 36, King County, Washington, providing for the submission to the qualified electors of the District at a special election to be held therein on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the State general election to be held on the same date, of a proposition authorizing the incurring of general indebtedness in the sum of not to exceed \$3,900,000 for capital purposes only, other than the replacement of equipment, and authorizing the issuance of general obligation bonds evidencing such indebtedness, the principal of and interest thereon to be payable from annual property tax levies to be made in excess of regular property tax levies.

WHEREAS, in the judgement of the Board of Fire Commissioners of Fire Protection District No. 36, King County, Washington (the "District"), it is essential and necessary for the protection of the public health, life and property and to meet new federal and state standards that the District construct and equip two new fire stations, improve, upgrade and/or expand four fire stations, upgrade two fire engines and one aid vehicle, acquire a tanker/engine and five other vehicles, acquire additional and upgraded equipment and make other capital expenditures as determined by the Board of Fire Commissioners, the cost of which is estimated, as nearly as may be, to be the sum of \$3,900,000; NOW, THEREFORE,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS OF FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NO. 36, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON, as follows:

Section 1. The District shall construct and equip two new fire stations, improve, upgrade and/or expand four fire stations, upgrade two fire engines and one aid vehicle, acquire a tanker/engine and five other vehicles, acquire additional and upgraded equipment and make other capital expenditures as determined by the Board of Fire Commissioners (the "Project"), conditioned upon the ratification by the qualified electors of the District of the proposition described in Section 3 of this resolution.

Section 2. The District shall borrow an amount not to exceed \$3,900,000 and in no event to exceed an amount, together with any outstanding general obligation indebtedness, equal to three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property within the District, and issue and sell its general obligation bonds in that principal amount, conditioned as provided in Section 1, for capital purposes only, other than the replacement of equipment, to provide the funds for the Project and the costs of issuing the bonds. Costs of engineering, planning, financial, legal and other services lawfully incurred incident to the purposes specified in Section 1 of this resolution



## COMPLETE TEXT OF Fire District No. 36 Proposition No. 1 (con't.)

shall be appropriate capital costs to be paid from the proceeds of the bonds provided for by this resolution. The bonds authorized shall be issued as a single issue, as a part of a combined issue with other authorized bonds, or in more than one series. The bonds shall be fully registered bonds; shall mature within 10 years from the date of issue (the life of the Project to be acquired by the issuance of bonds being at least as great as the life of the bonds); shall be paid by annual property tax levies sufficient in amount to pay both principal and interest when due, which annual property tax levies shall be made in excess of regular property tax levies without limitation as to rate or amount but only in amounts sufficient to meet such payments of principal and interest as they come due; and shall be issued and sold in such manner and at such time as shall be required for the purpose for which such bonds are to be issued. The exact date, form, terms, options of prior redemption, price, interest rate or rates and maturities of the bonds shall be fixed hereafter by resolution of the Board of Fire commissioners. Pending the issuance of the bonds, the District may issue short-term obligations pursuant to Chapter 39.50 RCW.

Section 3. There shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the District for their ratification or rejection at a special election to be held therein on November 3, 1992, in conjunction with the State general election to be held on the same date, the question of whether or not such indebtedness shall be incurred and such general obligation bonds issued and such excess property taxes levied. The Board of Fire Commissioners declares than an emergency exists and the Director of Records and Elections of King County, Washington, as ex officio Supervisor of Elections, is requested to find and declare the existence of an emergency and further is requested to call and conduct a special election and to submit such proposition to the qualified electors of the District at such special election, as aforesaid, in form of a ballot title substantially as follows:

## PROPOSITION GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS - \$3,900,000

Shall Fire Protection District No. 36 borrow \$3,900,000 to construct, equip, improve, upgrade and expand fire stations, acquire a tanker/engine, acquire or upgrade fire engines and other vehicles, acquire additional and upgraded equipment and make other capital expenditures by selling general obligation bonds maturing within 10 years and levy annual excess property taxes necessary to pay and retire bonds, as provided in Resolution No. 390? BONDS, YES BONDS, NO

A notice substantially in the following form shall be printed above the ballot title:

An election on the proposition presented below was held in conjunction with the state-wide primary on September 15, 1992. Proposition 1 was approved September 15, 1992 by more than 60% of those voting. However, because the proposition was submitted to only a portion of the voters then residing in the District, the results of that prior election cannot be relied upon for the sale of general obligation bonds. Therefore, the original proposition is hereby being resubmitted to all of the voters of the District.

Section 4. The Secretary of the Board of Fire Commissioners of the District is directed (a) to certify to the King County Director of Records and Elections a copy of this resolution showing its adopting by the Board of Fire Commissioners at least 45 days prior to the date of such special election and (b) to perform such other duties as are necessary or required by law to the end that the question of whether or not bonds shall be issued and excess taxes levied necessary to redeem the bonds as herein provided for shall be submitted to the voters of the District at the aforesaid special election.

ADOPTED by the Board of Fire Commissioners of Fire Protection District No. 36, King County, Washington, at a continued regular open public meeting thereof this 17th day of September, 1992, the following Commissioners being present and voting:

Robert Miller (signed) Chairman and Commissioner

Robert Miller (signed), Chairman and Commissioner Donald B. Leggett (signed), Commissioner Susan Dickson (signed), Commissioner James O'Dell (signed), Commissioner



## THE OFFICE OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER

#### THE OFFICE OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER

In addition to the various state and county offices which will appear upon the general election ballot, most voters will have the opportunity to vote for the office of "precinct committee officer."

#### WHO IS ELIGIBLE

State law (RCW 29.42.040) provides that any person who is a registered voter and a member of a major political party may become a candidate for the office of precinct committee officer by filing a declaration of candidacy and paying a \$1 filing fee to the county auditor. Since voters do not register by political party in Washington, a candidate declares himself or herself to be a Democrat or a Republican at the time he or she files for the office. The filing period for the office of precinct committee officer begins at the same time as the filing period for other partisan offices (the fourth Monday in July in even-numbered years), and lasts for three weeks, ending on the third Friday following that date.

#### **ELECTION OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER**

Candidates for precinct committee officer do not appear on the primary ballot but rather are placed directly on the general election ballot, and the candidate receiving the most votes in his or her precinct for each political party is declared elected. State law (RCW 29.42.050) does provide, however, that to be declared elected, a candidate must receive at least 10% of the number of votes cast for the candidate of his or her party receiving the greatest number of votes in that precinct.

#### **TERM OF OFFICE AND VACANCIES**

The term of office for anyone elected to the office of precinct committee officer is two years, and commences upon the official canvass of election returns by the county canvassing board. Should a vacancy occur in the office (caused by death, disqualification, resignation, or failure to elect), the usual process is for the chairman of the party central committee to fill the vacancy by appointment. Appointments to fill vacancies cannot be made between the state general election and the organization meeting of the county central committee, which must be held prior to the second Saturday in January following the election of precinct committee officer.

# DUTIES OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER AS MEMBERS OF THE COUNTY AND STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEES

 Each precinct committee officer is a member of the county central committee. The county central committee has the authority to fill vacancies on the party ticket for partisan county offices and for legislative offices in districts entirely within that county when no candidate files for such a position or when a candidate or nominee dies or is disqualified leaving no candidate of that party for such an office; they may also nominate persons for appointment to these offices if an incumbent of that party resigns; and finally, elect members to the state central committee.

- The state central committee has the authority under state law (RCW 29.42.020) to:
  - -Call caucuses and conventions.
  - -Provide for the election of delegates to national nominating conventions.
  - -Fill vacancies on the party ticket for any federal, state or legislative office which encompasses more than one county.
  - Nominate persons to fill vacancies caused by resignation or death of an incumbent of that party in state offices and legislative offices in districts which encompass more than one county.
  - -Provide for the nomination of presidential electors. -Perform other functions inherent in such an organization.

## NON-STATUTORY DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF PRECINCT COMMITTEE OFFICER

Specific duties and responsibilities of a precinct committee officer are usually determined by either the county or state central committees. The following duties are commonly assigned to precinct committee officers by their party organization:

- -Keep informed on current issues and candidates, study the party platform.
- -Attend meetings of county committees and actively participate in fund-raising activities.
- -Obtain lists of registered voters from the County Auditor's office.
- -Canvass the precinct and become acquainted with the voters residing therein.
- -Establish a record of eligible voters and party members within the precinct.
- -Encourage voter registration within the precinct.
- -Distribute party election materials during election campaigns.
- -Recommend party members to work as precinct election officers.
- -Encourage voters to get out and vote on election day. -Encourage the use of absentee ballots.
- -Hold precinct caucuses at certain selected times for the purpose of adopting resolutions and selecting delegates to the county conventions.

Individuals who are interested in serving as a precinct committee officer should contact the chairman of the county central committee of their party or the state committee office of that party.

## **Absentee Ballot Request**

Mail To: ABSENTEE BALLOT Room 553, King County Administration Bldg, 500 4th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104

TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT I HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM A REGISTERED VOTER	THIS APPLICATION IS FOR THE FOLLOWING:	
PLEASE PRINT IN INK	General Election,	
Registered Name	November 3, 1992	
Street Address #	ONLY	
City Zip		
Telephone: (Day) (Evening)	IF KNOWN:	
For identification purposes only: (Optional)		
Birth Date Social Security No	Registration No. KI	
TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED		
Date		
Signature	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY.	
IF DIFFERENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:		
Street Address#		
City		
State Zip		
Country New Registration: Yes No [		
TO BE FILLED OUT BY APPLICANT I HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM A REGISTERED VOTER PLEASE PRINT IN INK	Bldg, 500 4th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104  THIS APPLICATION IS FOR THE FOLLOWING:  General Election,	
Registered Name	November 3, 1992	
Street Address #	ONLY	
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Telephone: (Day) (Evening)		
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TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED		
TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED  Date  Signature	Registration No. KI	
TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED  Date  Signature  IF DIFFERENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:	Registration No. KI	
TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED  Date  Signature  IF DIFFERENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:  Street Address	Registration No. KI	
TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED  Date  Signature  IF DIFFERENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:	Registration No. KI	
TO BE VALID, YOUR SIGNATURE MUST BE INCLUDED  Date  Signature  IF DIFFERENT, SEND MY BALLOT TO:  Street Address	Registration No. KI	

## **COMMENT SHEET**

Please take a minute and complete this comment sheet. Your comments provide valuable assistance in the improvement of the Voters Pamphlet. Please mail this to: Voters Pamphlet, Office of the Secretary of State, P.O. Box 40231, Olympia, WA 98504-0231.

	YES	NO
Was this Voters Pamphlet delivered early enough to help you study the issues?		
2. Was the format readable?		
3. Was the information provided for each measure, including the ballot title and explanatory statement, clear and understandable?		
4. Do you have any suggestions which might improve the Voters Pamphlet or is there any other voter information you would like to have included in future editions of the Voters Pamphlet?		
Additional comments:		
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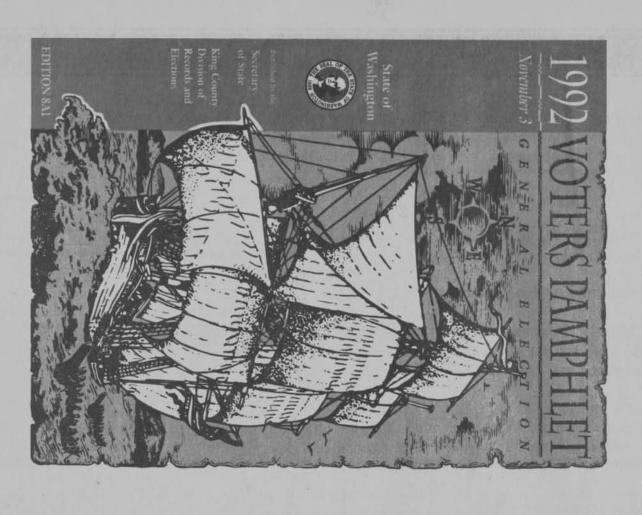
Your comments count!

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

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