

# THE YAKIMA HERALD.

Volume I.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1889.

Number 39.

## THE YAKIMA HERALD.

Official Paper of Yakima County.

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ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.

\$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

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A fine new line of saddles, harness, etc., just received at C. E. McEwen's shop, Yakima avenue.

Groceries you must have. Groceries we must sell. Let's trade and both be happy. Bartholet Bros.

John, when you go to town, just step in at Bartholet's and get me some of that elegant salt pork. It is delicious.

Geo. W. Solomon has the only exclusive cigar and tobacco stand in the city. Smokers should try his fine goods.

Go to Redfield's and examine those steel glasses with gold nose-pieces—a new patent. They never rust nor wear out.

Call and examine my samples for fall and winter clothing. I guarantee a good fit and will give you prices that defy competition. Myron H. Ellis.

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The finest line of neckwear ever shown in North Yakima just received at Myron H. Ellis'.

The public will please bear in mind that coal and wood is cash on delivery. John Reed, Agent. 32-1f.

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## YAKIMA TOBACCO.

An Account of the Culture of Tobacco in Washington.

Taken by Consent From the Unpublished Report of Governor Miles C. Moore.

I was led to try the experiment of raising tobacco in Washington territory in 1887. My friend, the late Dr. Jorgensen, in company with Governor Miles Moore and other gentlemen, was discussing the possibility of raising a high class tobacco in this country. He expressed himself as having no doubt that the thing could be done. From his experience in Virginia he was admirably qualified to form a correct judgment in the matter, and he fortified his opinion by reasoning so sound as to convince me that he was right. Among other things I remember, he said that he had submitted a sample of the soil to the late Prof. Henry, of the Smithsonian. Prof. Henry, after analysis, said that the soil was peculiarly adapted to the growth of tobacco.

I tried the first year Havana, Sumatra and Virginia seeds. The Sumatra did not do very well, while the Havana and Virginia were a distinct success.

The next season I put in Havana seed alone, mainly for the reason that this class of tobacco commands a better price and has, at present, a better market than the larger and cheaper grades.

When factories for the handling of these coarse tobaccos are established in this country, however, it will pay the farmer well to grow them.

So far we have not used any fertilizer on our tobacco land. There was much to learn both in growth and curing, and the following is a brief statement of our methods and success so far:

The plants are raised in beds and transplanted.

We sow one-half ounce of seed in a bed one rod square, raising plants enough for three acres of ground, the plants being set about two feet apart.

The first hot beds are sown during the first half of April. If more than one bed is desired they should be sown at intervals so that the plants may not become ready to put out at the same time and so hamper the grower.

After the middle of April, if the season is not unusually cold, open beds may be sown and the plants will be ready for the last setting.

The tobacco field should be prepared by careful cultivation and should be thoroughly irrigated. The plants may be put out when they are from two to three inches high.

Till the plants take root and begin to grow they should be well watered but afterwards very little water and constant cultivation are required.

The crop matures in from sixty to eighty days.

After the plants have budded and before they blossom they are topped, leaving not more than twelve leaves on a stalk. The suckers are then removed constantly until the plant is cut.

When ripe the leaf will be mottled with light spots and will be quite brittle in the cool of the day.

It is then cut and left in the sun until it is thoroughly wilted, then strung on a lath (six to eight plants on each lath) and hung in the curing house. The laths are placed about four inches apart.

Our climate in Eastern Washington is so dry that artificial moisture is required in curing. This may be partially supplied by flooding the ground which forms the floor of the curing shed, but we have found it necessary to supplement this by steam. A vat is placed outside with the latter is closed up and filled with steam, under the action of which the tobacco rapidly becomes soft and pliable.

In damp weather, of course, this treatment is not required; but in the usual warm, dry weather of Eastern Washington it should be repeated at intervals of about two weeks.

After the plants become moist the house is gradually ventilated until they become dry. This is repeated until the tobacco is thoroughly cured, which should be about the 1st of February.

It is taken down (while moist), stripped from the stalk, sorted into grades, and packed into cases containing usually about 300 pounds each, in which it goes through the sweat which prepares it for the manufacturer.

Time is saved and the tobacco improved by putting it through an additional artificial sweat. For this purpose an ordinary box above, with pipes running into a water pan in the bottom of the sweat box, may be used, the case being put in bodily.

In this district the growing and harvesting are much the same as in the old tobacco districts. We consider from eight hundred to one thousand pounds of Havana per acre a good crop so far.

Our last crop had much more gum than either of the preceding ones. I ascribe this to increased dew, consequent on the increase of irrigation in the valley, and increased knowledge in the matter of cultivation and watering. Great care should be taken not to give the plants too much water after they have fairly started to grow, as the tobacco will then cure more easily and better.

The method of curing which I have described is successful is proved by the

quality of cigars we manufacture. The flavor of our tobacco is said by experts to approach more nearly to that of Havana than any other tobacco grown in America, and the cigars meet with the practical approval of constant use by the most critical smokers.

That tobacco culture is one of Washington's great resources would seem to be fairly proven.

WM. KERN, President Moxee Co.

Fast Traveling.

Horse Dealer—I warrant this horse sound and kind.

Possible Buyer—How about speed.

"Speed? Well, I'll tell you. Old man Grimes died the other day—died rich, you know—and it was understood that his will was to be read at the house after the funeral was over. Well, sir, I was out on the road with this horse that day, and hang me if I didn't beat the Grimes family back from the cemetery."—New York Weekly.

The stock of harness, saddles, etc., at C. E. McEwen's is the best in the city, and his prices are the lowest.

A NIGHTY PROJECT.

A New Railway to the Great Lakes and Atlantic Seaboard.

Seattle Post-Intelligencer: Messrs. John Arthur, Henry W. Croken, Willis Collier and J. Luttrell Murphy yesterday filed with the county auditor articles incorporating the Puget Sound & Great Eastern Railway, Telegraph and Navigation Company, with a capital stock of \$6,000,000, divided into 6,000 shares of the par value of \$100 each, with the right to increase to \$50,000,000 with proportionate shares at like par value, reserved to the corporation. The purposes for which the corporation is formed are given at length and in detail. Briefly they are as follows:

To build steam, electric, or other motor power railway lines, beginning at Seattle and running thence by a convenient or practicable route, in an easterly direction through the Cascade mountains by way of Spokane Falls and by a main or branch line to an outlet on and connection with the great lakes and Atlantic ocean, together with such branch or connecting lateral lines running northerly or southerly from the main lines as the corporation may deem necessary, and to obtain subsidies, grants, rights of way, to acquire property, issue certificates and do all other things necessary thereto.

To build and operate telegraph lines along the routes of railroads owned by the company, and to do all things necessary and appertaining thereto.

To buy, build, own, operate and maintain steam, sail and other boats on the waters of Puget sound and Pacific ocean, and do all things necessary thereto.

To acquire any other properties, rights, privileges or franchises for corporate purposes, benefit of stockholders or otherwise.

To hypothecate securities of the corporation, and to do all other things necessary to carry out the purposes of the corporation.

The principal place of business is fixed at Seattle. The duration of the company's existence is fifty years.

The board of trustees for the first six months is as follows: Wm. Van Fleet, of New Jersey; Wm. J. Broadwell, of New York; Edward Vernon, of New York; John Arthur, of Seattle; Henry M. Crocker, of Seattle; William Collier, of Washington, and J. Luttrell Murphy, of Seattle.

A Generous Government.

Seattle Press: Sam L. Crawford, the genial real estate man, did some figuring this afternoon, and after casting a final comical glance at them, said:

"Very few people have considered what an immense extent of land is donated to the state of Washington by the enabling act. Most people know that, not counting the university grant, which amounts to seventy-two sections, part of which has been received, the aggregate amounts to 500,000 acres. This means 781 square miles, or a tract almost 28 miles square."

"Why," continued Mr. Crawford, "the whole state of Rhode Island consists of only 1054 square miles, or 674,944 acres. Washington contains an area of 60,994 square miles, or 44,706,160 acres. This tract of land is a good deal more than one-third as large as the state of Delaware. It is one-sixth as large as Connecticut, and almost exactly one-tenth as large as the old state of Massachusetts. Congress should have thrown in with this grant at least one extra senator and two more congressmen."

Two Bible Books.

First Tramp—Down with whisky is what I say. Don't you say so, partner?

Second Tramp—I've alius set my face agin it, whenever I had a chance.—Terre Haute Express.

A new and apparently valuable ditching machine has recently been invented, and is likely to find favor among those interested in large irrigating schemes in Yakima and Kittitas counties. The machine works on the same principle as the grain header. It is supplied with a gang of plows and the dirt is carried up through a spout and dumped on the outside of the ditch, as it moves along drawn by six or eight horses. From all appearances it is capable of plowing a ditch six or seven feet deep and from ten to fifteen feet wide and possibly more.

## NUGGETS OF NEWS.

Gathered From Here, There and Everywhere for the Herald Readers.

New Ditching Machine—An Old Law Which Still Holds Good—The Ferry Divorce Suit.

A company has been incorporated to build a hotel at Goldendale to cost \$15,000.

Dom Louis, king of Portugal, died on the 19th inst. The Duke of Braganza, eldest son of the king, who succeeds to the throne, will assume the title of Carlos I.

The president has appointed General Green B. Raum, of Illinois, commissioner of pensions, to succeed Corporal Tanner. General Raum is an uncle of M. D. Raum of this city.

F. J. Carlyle, of the Delmonico hotel, Walla Walla, received word last week that he had drawn one-twentieth of the capital prize of \$300,000 in the Louisiana state lottery.

In the past two years 351 patients have been cared for in the territorial insane asylum, of which number 20 hailed from Yakima county and seventeen from Kittitas county.

On Sunday, Oct. 13th, a girl baby was born to the wife of John Curtis, at Weston, without the semblance of eyes, having only a slight mark indicating the place where the eye ought to be.

The taxable valuation of property in this state for 1889 is \$125,058,873, an increase of over forty millions since 1888. There was a decrease of valuations in three counties, viz: Cowlitz, Garfield and Skamania.

The famous Brooklyn Tabernacle, of which the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage is pastor, was, for the second time in its history, destroyed by fire on the 13th of this month. The loss was \$150,000, which was fully covered by insurance.

The population and area of the new states, North and South Dakota, Montana and Washington, took up as follows: Population, 1,160,000; area, 330,720 miles. The state of Pennsylvania has 5,000,000 population and only 45,986 square miles.

Typhoid is very prevalent all over the coast at present. The city health officer of Tacoma reports 135 cases for September and the Seattle Press says there are a hundred cases there at present and a thousand will not cover the record for the year.

The indictments against Supreme Judge-elect T. L. Stiles, of Tacoma, which were found in the Tucson, Arizona, courts, for alleged embezzlement of money while he was the assignee of Hudson & Co., have been dismissed. The prosecution wanted more time, which the court refused to accede.

The terms of separation in the famous C. P. Ferry divorce suit are said to have been agreed upon. Both Mr. and Mrs. Ferry are in Tacoma. Mr. Ferry will not object to the application and "incompatibility of temper" will be the severest allegation made. Mrs. Ferry is to receive \$60,000 of the community property.

The youngest judge in the new state was elected on the same day that he celebrated his twenty-seventh birthday. His name is J. R. Winn. He was elected superior judge of the district embracing Snohomish, Skagit and Whatcom counties. His majority was only twenty-four, but at that majority he ran ahead of the rest of his ticket fully 1600 votes.

An interesting discovery has been made near the deposits of kolin recently discovered thirty-five miles north of Spokane Falls. At a depth of twenty-two feet an ancient pottery of good quality was found, showing that these deposits were known to a bygone race. Fire-brick made from this clay was subjected to a test of 1800 and 4000 degrees in the assay office, one brick breaking at the former and another withstanding the latter degrees of heat.

Chapter 17 of the laws of 1885-6 of Washington territory provides a penalty of \$100 for failure of any guardian or any person having the custody of any children between the ages of 8 and 18 years to send the same to school less than three months each year. Allowance is made where no school is held in the district. The time lost by reason of no school-being held convenient, or for any other reason, must be made up when a school is taught there.

Taken for a Clergyman.

They tell a good story in this connection regarding Mr. Letter, of Chicago. He was out through the Black Hills prospecting, dressed in gentlemanly garb, and with the dignified yet gentle bearing that is his. At a certain point the stage upset, not an uncommon occurrence, but quite a startling one. Mr. Letter distinguished himself by his utter silence under the trying circumstances and by the gallantry with which he assisted the ladies of the party. After all had been straightened up again a red-shirted miner, who had been watching the Chicago capitalist, said to him: "Stranger, will you take a drink?" at the same time producing an old flask.

"Thank you," was the courteous reply. "I don't drink."

The miner subsided for a moment, and then taking out a villainous-looking cigar said, "Well, pard, will you have a smoke?"

"I appreciate your kindness, sir," said Mr. Letter, "but I rarely use tobacco and do not care to smoke at present."

The miner looked surprised. Presently they alighted and partook of dinner in a rude frontier eating-house at \$1 a meal. When Mr. Letter came to settle, the clerk astonished him by saying, "The bill is paid; that party over yonder fixed it." Our townsman looked across at the covered porch, and there at his friend the miner, tilted back in his chair, complacently smoking his big cigar. He stepped up to him with the words: "My friend, I understand that you have paid my bill. Now, I am very much obliged to you, but I have a little money of my own, and am, perhaps, much better able to settle the bill than you are yourself, and I insist upon paying it."

"No you don't, pardner," broke out he of the red shirt, "don't have much religion out this way, but I want you to understand that when a gospel sharp come along we know how to treat him white!" And the Chicago ex-dry goods man had to submit to being taken for a preacher.—Black Hills Corr. Chicago Inter Ocean.

LAUGHTON TURNED THE TIDE.

How His Seductive Violin Redeemed Democratic Douglas County in Nevada.

Dr. J. S. M. Smart, coroner of King county, tells a new story on Charles E. Laughton, lieutenant governor-elect of Washington, and his ability as a fiddler. The doctor was surgeon of the Virginia & Truckee railroad at the time that Mr. Laughton, who was then auditor of the road, was elected lieutenant governor of Nevada.

"Yes," said Dr. Smart, yesterday, to a Post-Intelligencer reporter, "Charley Laughton and I were chums in 1882, when he was elected lieutenant governor of Nevada. An incident of that campaign, which was a decidedly warm one, I shall never forget. The state was democratic, but the republican party made strenuous efforts to carry the election. W. W. Bishop, a Eureka lawyer; John P. Jones, a Mr. Halleck and George Tukey, all prominent men then, stamped the state in the party's behalf.

"About two weeks before the election a big meeting was advertised to be held at Genoa, the county seat of Douglas county, and a democratic stronghold. The day for the meeting arrived and the speakers, including Bishop, Halleck and Tukey, started for Genoa, fifteen miles from Carson, at 8 o'clock in the morning. Laughton wanted to go also, but was detained in town until the afternoon. He then determined to hire a team and go out, but to his dismay he was unable to get one at any livable stable in town. As a last resort

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"THE GRIP OF PARTISANSHIP FROM THE THROAT OF PATRIOTISM."

National Democrat, Washington, D. C.: "Who would tear the grip of partisanship from the throat of patriotism?"

It is possible that partisanship can be blue enough to grip the throat of patriotism? It is, and we can show what partisanship it is that is trying to choke the breath of life out of the noblest of all human passions.

Twenty-five years ago this country was involved in civil war. After the end of the war the defeated section accepted the political and commercial results of the battle field with more alacrity and good faith than a defeated party had ever before displayed.

Has not republican partisanship sunk its claws into the throat of patriotism?

The republican party as a political organization, and with due regard to abundant individual exceptions, has forgotten all about country; it has lost all sense of American citizenship.

The large and rapidly increasing subscription list of the Yakima Herald is an earnest endorsement of its efforts to furnish the people with a journal which all men can afford to take because of its endeavor to treat all men and measure fairly and to give the local and general news of the day in a succinct and attractive form.

What more frightful example could we have of partisanship with its maniac grip upon the throat of patriotism?

The republicans think they love the United States of America, but they only love the republican states. The republican is carefully taught from his youth up that the southern democrat is a traitor simply waiting for a favorable opportunity to arise and destroy the United States, and that the northern democrat is indifferent, if not actually hostile, to the prosperity of his native land, and is working constantly, sometimes in consideration of foreign bribes, to impoverish his country for the enrichment of other nations.

This state of things would be inconceivable, if it were not a fact before our eyes. There are probably innocent, thoughtless republicans who do not believe all this. To them we will address a few questions.

What does it mean when republican politicians attribute every democratic success on the national or local field to fraud? What does it mean when the republican orators announce a republican victory as the coming of the republican party "into its own again"? What does it mean when the loyalty of Lamar, or Hampton, or Morgan is disputed, General Bragg, of Wisconsin, is expelled from a republican grand army post, and Senator Ingalls is applauded for accusing two Union generals, who were democratic candidates for the presidency, of being "allies of the Confederacy," while Mahone and Chalmers are deemed "loyal"? It means that so far as it can be accomplished the grip of republican partisanship upon the throat of patriotism has completed its awful work; that the republican politician has sunk his country entirely in his factionism; that he knows of nothing higher and greater to be loyal to than his party; that party and country are to him interchangeable terms; that loyalty to the republican party is to him loyalty to the country, and hostility to his party is to him all the enmity to his country that his dwarfed soul can conceive of.

Partisanship can sink no lower; the spirit of faction can do the country no greater wrong.

The republican party has degraded the glorious flag of the United States by making a party badge of it. It has, in its ineffectual vulgarity, imagined it was honoring the star and stripes when it has blown its disgusting nose upon what have been made of it. It has taught the young to disbelieve in the very existence of love of country by accusing all its political opponents of being traitors or

under foreign influence. It has habitually insulted the men who fought for national unity a quarter of a century ago by proscribing all who were not of its party and giving every preference to the men who fought against national unity over the men who fought against the republican party.

We are citizens of a magnificent country. It has a great history and it has a greater future. The democratic party belongs to no one corner of it, but it thrives in every state and territory. It believes that the sectional republican party is pursuing a sectional policy, but it has never stooped to the baseness of accusing half the American people of being hired by foreign nations to betray the interests of their native land, though republican policy has that effect. It has never lost sight of the fact that the nation is greater than party, and it has never confused party loyalty with loyalty to the nation.

The democratic party is the party of one united country, whose children will differ in regard to that or that piece of legislation, but will be absolutely united in their love of their native land.

It is its duty to wrench the grip of republican partisanship from the throat of patriotism.

The Ellensburg State Register has very nearly had a paralytic stroke over the modest intimation of the Herald that various relief committees in the cities visited by fire should give a report of their trust. The Herald stated that there had been reports that a portion of the funds subscribed for the relief of the sufferers at Ellensburg had been used in improving the streets and for other purposes. The Register says that relief funds have been used for street improvements and then goes on in a strain of violent invective against the Herald and its editor. Such a course is not only unbecomingly but indicative of an attempt to cover up something with words. Dr. Hare, the secretary of the Ellensburg relief committee, writes a scathing letter in which he says that Ellensburg's donation to Spokane Falls was from the relief funds and was the same amount previously received from that city, and that the committee will in due time make a report. That is as it should be, but the newspaper palaver about "stricken Ellensburg's generosity to her sister city" was uncalled for.

The Ellensburg Register, not content with the statement of the Herald that not a cent of Northern Pacific money was used to advance the interests of North Yakima in the capital contest, says "the company must have paid its subscription in corner lots." The company not only did not pay a dollar to any capital fund, but it did not give any lots or property whatever, or endeavor in any way to advance the interests of North Yakima. The Northern Pacific railroad has but meagre possessions here—far less than it has in Ellensburg; and the cry put forth by our opponents that North Yakima is a Northern Pacific town is folly and cannot be borne out by facts. The only railroad company that took any stand in the contest was the O. R. & N., and it threw its influence and spent its money for Olympia. Walla Walla and other places to the east that cast such heavy votes for Olympia were voting for the company which has been sapping the blood from the heart arteries of their prosperity by excessive freight tariffs.

The whole number of men called for by the government during the late war was 2,759,040. The whole number on the rolls, regulars and volunteers, was 2,090,401. Only a small number was obtained by the drafts, the result being as follows: Held to personal service, 46,347; furnished substitutes, 73,007; paid commutation, 85,724; total 206,078; to which should be added 87,588 credited to the states under the draft of 1862. The amount of commutation money received by the government was \$26,906,316.78. Of drafted men 171,244 failed to report and 315,509 were exempt from service.

The first call for troops was made by President Lincoln April 15, 1861. On that day Mr. Lincoln issued a proclamation calling upon the governors of the several states for a force of 75,000 militia for three months, and on the same day called an extra session of congress to meet on July 4th, 1861. On May 3rd, 1861, the president called for a volunteer force for three years, to consist of thirty-nine regiments of infantry and one regiment of cavalry, making a maximum aggregate of 42,034 officers and men. He also directed an increase of the regular army by the addition of eight regiments of infantry, one of cavalry and one of artillery, making a maximum aggregate of 22,714 officers and men. He also called for 18,000 seamen.

The enrollment act was passed March 3, 1863. This was: "An act for enrolling and calling out the national forces and for other purposes." Under this act a draft was commenced in July, 1863, which resulted in little direct benefit to the army, but served greatly to stimulate volunteering. Prior to July 1, '63, no men were drafted for a greater period than nine months. Subsequent to September 5, 1864, no men were drafted for a greater period than one year. Men drafted for a period less than three years, or substitutes for men so drafted were not entitled to bounty.

During the entire war not less than 500,000 men were charged with desertion. The volunteer force was not a part of the militia, but of the army of the United States. Though assimilated to the militia as was the so-called regular contingency of the army.

The war with Mexico began April 24, 1846, and ended July 26, 1848. One hundred and two thousand two hundred and eighty-seven men served during that war. Of that number 27,500 belonged to the regular army and marine corps; 73,776 were volunteers furnished by states.

About 40,000 men served in the regular army during the war of 1812. The whole militia force raised during the war was 31,210 officers and 440,412 men—in all 471,622.

Albert Edward, prince of Wales, is said to have Bright's disease and cannot live beyond the coming year.

The two Dakotas and Montana and Washington will increase the vote of the electoral college by thirteen, making 414 votes, or 208 necessary for a choice. The democrats to elect their presidential candidate will have to secure the solid south, New York, New Jersey, Indiana and Connecticut.

The Tacoma Ledger, in making up its returns in Thursday's issue, got the vote of Ellensburg and North Yakima transposed. All of the other dailies had the vote right, placing North Yakima second on the list.

Congressman Rosebush's daughter and Dr. Miller, of Ebersburg, Ogn., were married Tuesday without the consent or knowledge of the bride's parents. They have been forgiven and tendered a reception.

Final Proof Making.

Register and Receiver, North Yakima, Washington: GENTLEMEN:—I have received the register's letter of the first instant, in reference to cases of applications to perfect entries of public land, by settlers in your district, as final homesteads, commuted homesteads, and preemptions, in which the time for making the final proof is set, in the notices, for periods that may and probably will be subsequent to the admission of the state into the union, under the act of congress of February 22, 1889, 25 statute, 676, and before territorial officers who will cease to exist, as such, on the occurrence of that event. You desire to be advised as to the proper course to pursue in such cases.

In reply, I have to state that the regulations of this department, under the act of March 3, 1879, require that the notice of intention to make final proof, to make proof, to be published in such cases under said act, shall state the day when the proof is to be taken, and that the proof shall in every case be made at the time and place advertised, and before the officer named in the notice. Circular of January 1, 1890, page 43.

As, on the admission of the state, the officers named in the advertisements published in the cases to which you refer, will cease to exist, as such, it will be impossible for the proof to be made before them after the admission of the state according to the pending notices, and I see no way to comply with the regulations, otherwise than by giving new notices therein, to provide for making the proofs at proper times and places, to be specified and before the proper officers, by their correct names and official designations, under the state government (see rule 3, page 46, circular of January 1, 1890) and you will promptly so advise the parties interested, as soon as the state is admitted, and the fact duly ascertained.

The condition of things above indicated should be explained to parties applying for notices to make proof, hereafter, before the admission of the state, that they may act understandingly with reference to their interests in the matter.

Very respectfully, LEWIS A. GROFF, Commissioner.

Facts and Figures Worth Remembering.

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FAWCETT BROS.,

DEALERS IN—

Farm Machinery & Vehicles,

Sole Agents for the Celebrated

MORRISON AND HEADLIGHT WALKING, SULKY AND GANG PLOWS,

DICKS FAMOUS FEED-CUTTERS, BADGER STATE FANNING MILLS,

VICTOR HAY PRESS (Victor can press from 10 to 12 tons per day),

VICTOR HAY, STOCK AND WAREHOUSE SCALES,

AND THE CELEBRATED

Moline and Weber Wagons.

They have just received a car load of the famous and popular

WEBER WAGONS,

And would respectfully request all parties intending to purchase wagons to call at their place of business and examine them before purchasing elsewhere. They call especial attention to their large and fine stock of

Buggies, Carriages, Half-Platform and Mountain Spring Wagons.

They are the only dealers in Yakima County who handle goods direct from the Factory.

Office and Warehouses, Corner of Front & A Street, in the Old Bennett Building.

Perhaps You Are Thinking

Over what to buy for a Stove to keep yourself and baby warm during the winter which is about upon us.

DON'T THINK US IMPUDENT

If we tell you that we believe

We Know Just What You Want!

If it is something elegant in the way of a Parlor Heater, try one of those

LUNAR JEWELS (Open Grate), FIRESIDE JEWELS (Open Grate),

PLANET JEWELS (Open Grate), VISTA JEWELS (Round),

OAK JEWELS (Round), JEWEL OAK (Round),

LITTLE DUKE (Round), STARLING (Round),

VALLEY OAK (Round), PACIFIC (Open Grate),

SOCIAL JEWEL (Open Grate), MODEL JEWEL (Open Grate),

And twenty other different styles which can't help to prove a jewel in your home, as they will burn either coal or wood. We have other styles in very cheap open grate stoves, such as

FEDORA, WASHINGTON, CHEERFUL, FIRESIDE,

And many other patterns of Round Coal Heaters, with or without Drums.

Box Stoves Cheaper Than Ever Heard of!

Hardware! HARDWARE Hardware!

Lower than the Lowest.

REMEMBER THE PLACE:

VINING BROTHERS,

VINING BLOCK (Next to Hotel Yakima), . . . . YAKIMA AVENUE.

SAWYER & PENNINGTON

(SUCCESSORS TO A. B. WEED.)

Hardware, Stoves,

Farm Machinery, Wagons.

Superior Barbed Wire. Wheeling Steel Nails. The Largest Assortment of Builders' Material in Central Washington, and Prices Lower than the Lowest.

We Make a Specialty of Putting in Hot Air Furnaces.

SAWYER & PENNINGTON,

Southeast Corner First Street and Yakima Avenue, North Yakima, Washington.

Lombard & Horseley,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. H. REYNOLDS.)

Dealers in

FURNITURE!

CARPETS, WINDOW-SHADES, PORTIERS, CURTAINS, OIL CLOTHS.

The largest and best assorted stock in Central Washington, at

Prices that Can't be Duplicated.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T., October 11, 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at North Yakima, W. T., on Nov. 22, 1890, viz:

MAJOR B. MORRISON,

who made Homestead Entry No. 144 for the NW 1/4 of Sec. 22, Tp. 13, R. 12 E.

He claims the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: W. C. Caspe, Jas. H. Stout, John C. Reed, George Fyburn, all of North Yakima, W. T.

IRA M. KRUTZ, Register.

Teachers' Examination

THE TEACHERS' EXAMINATION WILL BE HELD AT THE COURT HOUSE IN NORTH YAKIMA, beginning November 12, 1890, at 9 o'clock a. m.

HILDA A. ENGBALL, Co. School Supt.

An Economical Fence,

I HAVE now the sole right for Yakima County for one of the best wire fences ever patented.

IT IS VERY DURABLE AND CHEAP.

Wire and machine for making on hand. Those wishing to build fences should call on me.

J. M. STROUT, West Side of Track.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the firm of J. N. Vining & Bilger is hereby dissolved by mutual consent from and after (a) date.

The business of hardware, stoves and stoves will be conducted at the old stand on Yakima avenue by W. H. Vining, who will continue to carry on the business, and assume all the debts and liabilities of the late firm of Vining & Bilger, to date, and will collect and receipt for all accounts due said firm.

North Yakima, Wash., Sept. 15, 1890.

W. H. VINING, J. A. BILGER.

FECHTER & LAW,

REAL ESTATE,

FIRST MORTGAGE LOANS.

From this date we will give special attention to the making of First Mortgage Loans upon improved farm property and in special cases upon improved city property. We are prepared to make

Loans at Reasonable Rates of Interest

And a low commission. When in need of money it will be to your advantage to call upon us.

Our : Insurance : Business

Is continually increasing. We say without fear of contradiction that we represent the best line of companies in the City.

\$50,000 In Round Numbers

Is the amount of our real estate sales during the months of August and September, 1889. The

Greatest Activity in Real Estate Market

Is always experienced during the winter months. We predict that the coming winter will usher in greater activity than we have ever experienced before. You must draw your own conclusions. We are prepared for it; are you?

FECHTER & LAW,

OVER YAKIMA NATIONAL BANK,

Yakima Avenue, North Yakima, Washington.

HOW ABOUT YAKIMA?

Listen to the Story as it is Told by Careful Observers from Abroad.

(San Francisco Examiner.)

The new State Capital will probably be at North Yakima.

(Spokane Falls Review.)

The best and most extensive agricultural region in the Yakima Land District, and in the Territory, lies about the City of North Yakima and is known as the Yakima Valley.

(Seattle Post-Intelligencer.)

To-day, where four years ago were unencultivated prairies, the home of great herds of unrestrained wild cattle and vicious bands of cayuse ponies who knew no halter, now stands the City of North Yakima, the Queen of Eastern Washington.

(Northwest Magazine.)

The knot of valleys which meet at the new town of North Yakima seems a bit of Southern California here in the north. Public opinion in all parts of Washington has settled upon this place as the Capital of the new State.

(Portland Oregonian.)

There is no just reason why this city and county, when they shall have reached their maximum in population, should not have in the city from 15,000 to 25,000 and the county 40,000 to 50,000. Neither is there any good reason why they should not be eventually among the very wealthiest towns and counties in Washington Territory. All the material elements that go to make a big and prosperous city are here. The total taxation of the county is only 13 1/2 mills which includes the total tax, territorial added. There is not a pauper in the county. The taxation is heralded to the world as the lowest known from and including Minnesota to and including California. If there is another county in a new country that can show as low a taxation the public would like to know it.

(Tacoma Ledger.)

The valley in which the city of North Yakima is situated in the center of a series of very fertile valleys which open into it and have grown famous for their products. With a splendid agricultural country surrounding it and the peculiar advantages of its location for railroad approaches North Yakima cannot but figure in the future brilliantly.

(Spokane Falls Review.)

Although less than forty miles apart the difference in climate between Yakima in Yakima county and Ellensburg in Kittitas county is almost as great as that between a northern and southern latitude. The valley surrounding Ellensburg is excellent for producing grain, while in the valleys near Yakima the farmers are devoting more attention to fruits, vegetables, hops, tobacco and similar crops, which can only be grown in a warm climate.

Interview with Judge J. R. Lewis on his return from attending the Mechanics Fair in California, Published in the Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

It was a great exhibition of the wealth of California, but I found no better specimens of vegetables and many varieties of fruit than Washington Territory produces. I can go over into the Yakima country and in two days collect finer products in those lines than I saw in California. The Yakima peaches are of better quality and flavor than any raised in California, the apples are superior and the prunes are a way ahead of anything I ever saw. Then, too, they raise finer melons, squashes and all kinds of vegetables in the Yakima country than any produced in California.

MacLean, Reed & Co.,

Real Estate, Insurance Agents,

Have listed with them desirable land of all kinds including farms, garden tracts, orchard lands, residence and business lots. While the opportunity is presented—the lamp still holds out to burn—the wise will take advantage of the low prices which still prevail and invest in Yakima property.

MacLean, Reed & Co., North Yakima, Washington.

NAMING THE TOWN OF ALMIRA.—Almira is a new and thriving town this side of Wilbur, on the line of the Central Washington railroad. While the location of the road was being made Engineer H. S. Huson and Attorney James Ashton went along to treat for right-of-way and town sites. At the present location of Almira they found a store presided over by a Mr. Davis and his attractive wife. Mr. Huson decided upon the place for a station but he could get no concessions from Davis. Finally Mrs. Davis was approached and enlisted in the cause of the company's officials and through her efforts of persuasion the required arrangements were made. When it came to the signing of the deed of conveyance Mrs. Davis wrote in round and handsome characters Almira P. Davis. Upon glancing at the signature Mr. Ashton spoke up and said, "Huson, Almira is a pretty name for this townsite." "By God! Just the thing," answered the vigorous engineer, and then and there it was so christened.

ANOTHER NEW FIRM.—Spokane Falls Review: "George Griffin, so well and favorably known to the citizens of Spokane Falls, leaves this morning for North Yakima, where he and his brother, Henry Griffin, who has been living in the Cœur d'Alene country, will open a grocery store. These boys have a thorough knowledge of that business; their father having been engaged in the grocery trade for years, and they will no doubt make a success. George and his family have lived here for three years, coming here from Portland. Two years ago he was appointed constable by the county commissioners, and last November was re-elected. While serving in that capacity he has been most efficient and his place will be difficult to fill. This city will lose a splendid citizen while Yakima gains one." The Griffin Bros., of whom the Review speaks so highly, have leased and are moving into one of the store rooms in the new Vining block.

A LIKELY INFANT.—The buildings now nearing completion in this city will make a vast difference in the appearance of the place. The Vining and the Lewis & Engle blocks are now receiving the finishing touches; the third story walls of the Syndicate building are up and it will be ready for occupancy in about two weeks; the new three story Bartholet hotel has been roofed, and S. J. Lowe's three story brick block is only awaiting the iron front, which is daily expected. Sinclair's brick building on First street is nearly completed, and work on the city building and Cadwell & Lloyd' brick block of 125 feet frontage, is being actively pushed. North Yakima is a phenomenal four year old babe and gives great promise for the years which will bring her age.

VILLARD ON TOP.—Villard has carried through his consolidated mortgage plan, and is now in supreme control of the Northern Pacific. He let out Robert Harris, Brayton Ives, J. Ballitt and J. H. Brookman from the board of directors, substituting his own special friends and advisors. Villard cast over half of the stock. President Oakes has been relieved from the general management, and W. S. Mellis, formerly of the Wisconsin Central, will perform these duties. The new officers are as follows: President, Thomas F. Oakes, of New York; vice president, James B. Williams, of New York; second vice president, C. H. Hildreth, of Tacoma; secretary, Samuel Williams, of New York; assistant secretary, George H. East, of New York.

FROM YAKIMA TO THE PACIFIC.—A despatch from Chehalis tells of the organization of a company to build a railroad from Shoalwater bay to Chehalis and thence to North Yakima through the Cowitz pass. Vast bodies of anthracite and bituminous coal have been discovered along the route and the road will open up magnificent forests of virgin timber. The road will be called the Pacific, Chehalis & Eastern. The route has been carefully examined and terminal and other lands secured. Negotiations for eastern capital have been successful and additional surveys will immediately go into the field to work this way.

A \$20,000 IRRIGATING DITCH.—Nelson Rich has secured the contract to build a ten mile ditch in Eastern Yakima, to extend from "the Horn" to the Columbia. Joseph Baxter, F. C. Sharkey, Nelson Rich and H. J. Snelvey are the projectors of the enterprise. The line of ditch has been surveyed and cross-sectioned and active work was commenced by the contractor Monday on the stumping and rock cuts. The ditch will have a width of twelve feet on the bottom and the estimated cost is \$20,000.

BORN.—At North Yakima, Oct. 21st, to the wife of S. C. Henton, a son.

The North Yakima Guards had their first drill with guns Monday, the company having received the week previous fifty stands of arms from the territorial authorities. Forty-six men are now on the rolls of the company.

The Selah ditch is fast being completed. There is but a mile more ditch to be built. Next week, through the Herald, the company will offer their lands for sale in small tracts.

Vining Bros' horse ran away this afternoon and the wheels of the wagon passed over a laboring man who was knocked down in attempting to stop the animal. No other damage resulted.

Ground was broken this week for Cadwell & Lloyd's second brick block on the northeast corner of Second and Chestnut streets. It will be two stories in height and have a frontage of fifty feet.

L. Frank Gordon placed life and accident policies aggregating \$23,000 in one day this week.

A broom factory on an extensive scale is shortly to be established in this city.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

—A telephone has been placed in the Herald office.

—The Fowler ditch company has increased its capital stock to \$8500.

—The Hotel Yakima received this week a handsome Brunswick & Balke billiard table.

—The third floor of the Syndicate building has been leased for five years to the Masons.

—Wright Morton has sold his 80-acre farm on the Cowychee to A. J. Splawn for \$2000.

—Episcopal service at St. Michael's church Sunday at 3:30 p. m. Note change of hour.

—A harvest home festival will be given at the Presbyterian church Tuesday, from 5 to 8 o'clock p. m.

—Miss Ellen Gilliam, of Walla Walla, sister of Mitchell Gilliam, was married on Sunday last to Hon. Jesse E. Day.

—Messrs. MacLean, Reed & Co. will build a brick block in the spring on their property, corner First and A streets.

—J. T. Ford shipped twelve car loads of sheep to Chicago Wednesday. Yakima mutton is quoted high in the market.

—Read the new serial, "Country Luck," commenced in this issue. It is by John Habberton, the author of "Helen's Babies."

—Judge Thomas Burke, Governor Watson C. Squire and George H. Heitbrun, of Seattle, have each insured their lives for \$100,000.

—Lowman & Hanford, of Seattle, propose putting in a stationery stock and job office in this city. They make a specialty of legal blanks.

—Judge Calkins last week granted a divorce to Maria Farrell from Michael Farrell, and to Martha H. Jardine from Henry Jardine.

—The Star bakery has been moved from Front street to the building next to the postoffice which was recently vacated by Vining Bros.

—Ralph K. Nichols, who has been made the attorney of the Oneida Ditch Company, went to Kiona Monday to look after ditch matters.

—The storeroom in the Howlett building has been leased to Boyers & Davis, who are fitting it up and will open with a well selected stock of groceries.

—Note the new advertisements of Lombard & Horsley, Fawcett Bros., Sawyer & Pennington, and Fechter & Law, which appear in this issue of the Herald.

—Receiver Vance of the U. S. land office has bought an acre lot on the bench west of the city and is arranging to build a residence costing from \$1500 to \$2000.

—Last week George Gardner, while surveying placed his coat on the ground and when he went to reinhabit it he found that a good sized scorpion had pre-empted the garment.

—Work on the Oneida ditch, the water for which will be taken out of the Yakima river near Kiona, was commenced Monday and will be vigorously prosecuted until winter weather interferes.

—General Hazard Stevens, the son of the first governor of the territory of Washington, owns Allan's island, one of the three islands that guard Burrow's bay, at the western extremity of Fidalgo island.

—F. M. Osgood, of Seattle, who was the guest of the Hotel Yakima for several days recently, has under contract consideration the building of a motor line of railroad from North Yakima to Yakima City.

—Tuesday evening while Barton, son of J. H. Conrad, was trying to mount a fractious horse he was thrown to the ground and sustained the fracture of a leg already weakened by white swelling. Dr. Savage was summoned and dressed the injured member.

—Friesman, the Portland restaurant man, charged the Pasco Land Company \$1,400.50 for the banquet given to newspaper scribes a short time ago. This was considered an exorbitant figure and now the man of steaks and stews has brought suit and is keeping an eye on Pasco in the courts.

—The Yakima Hotel coach was temporarily disabled Tuesday evening by some miscreant removing the burr from one of the wheels. A reward has been offered for information as to the perpetrator, and if he is caught it is to be hoped he will get his just deserts, as such tricks place life in jeopardy.

—There will be a social party at the opera house this evening at which an enjoyable time is anticipated. The committees are as follows: Arrangements—John Reed, Chas. H. Cock and W. Kirkman. Floor—Dan Simmons, Dave Guillard and C. S. Vance. Reception—Fred Rowe, H. C. Hemphrey and F. R. Reed.

—According to the assessment rolls made up by the territorial auditor the property valuation in Kittitas county increased from April 1, 1898, to April 1, 1899, \$341,982, and in Yakima county for the same period \$748,283. It will thus be seen that the increase in valuations here has been more than than double that of our sister county.

—The local passenger train on the Northern Pacific from Tacoma to Portland was wrecked near Hunter's Point, on Sunday last, resulting from running into a steer, and rotten ties. The engine, baggage and smoking cars were ditched. The engineer, named Jones, sustained serious injuries and Charles Nolan, the fireman, was killed.

—While Mrs. Fred Reed was driving with Miss Wiswell, in the former's car, near the railroad track, on Friday last, the whistle of a passing engine scared the horse, which suddenly wheeled around, slipping over the curb and spilling the ladies out. Mrs. Reed retained her hold on the ribbons and with the exception of her being severely bruised no damage resulted.

PERSONAL.

Mayor F. R. Reed left for Tacoma Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Carter returned to Seattle, Monday.

Col. Taggart is in Portland visiting the exposition.

Mrs. Wm. Roaf is quite sick with typhoid fever.

Capt. C. M. Holton returned from the Sound Wednesday.

Mr. Garland, an attorney from Virginia, has located here.

J. D. McIntyre returned Wednesday from Helena, Montana.

John K. Ashley formerly of this place is now located at Pasco.

Hon. J. B. Reavis is again around after a long siege of sickness.

G. M. Brown has been chosen recorder of Summit mining district.

Mrs. Thomas Lund and daughter are down from Roslyn on a visit.

W. H. Chapman is taking in the sights of the exposition at Portland.

Miss Wilson of Ellensburg spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

Mrs. R. B. Milroy left Wednesday for Portland to be gone three or four weeks.

Mrs. Eva Switzer left Monday evening for the east where she will spend the winter.

Ira M. Krutz, Edward Whitson, Wm. Ker and Sam Vincent went to Tacoma Monday but all have returned excepting Mr. Krutz.

Geo. S. Vance, of Vance & Mulford, is confined to his room at the Hotel Yakima with fever.

Miss Birdie Vaughn left for Prosser Sunday where she has been engaged to take charge of the school.

Dr. E. E. Heg left Sunday for Tacoma to attend the organization of the State Medical Association. He returned Wednesday.

Mrs. F. R. Reed has gone to Portland for a brief visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Budd.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Churchill and family have been doing the exposition at Portland for the past week.

W. P. Haskell of the N. P. Coal company, Roslyn, was the guest of the Hotel Yakima for a couple of days this week.

Mrs. C. E. McEwen and daughter Mabel left for Portland last Thursday to make a week taking in the sights of the fair.

James Longmire and wife of Yelm Prairie, arrived Sunday on their yearly visit to their son David Longmire and family.

Captain J. H. Thomas made his appearance Tuesday after being confined to his residence for two weeks from an old disorder.

Miss Lucy Calkins, of Spokane Falls, spent Saturday and Sunday in this city, and accompanied her father, Judge Calkins, home.

Miss Lee Leaming starts on the 29th inst. on a visit to her uncle Will Pennington, and her grandmother and other relatives in New Jersey.

Seth Lowe, ex-mayor of Brooklyn, who spent several days in Yakima a few months since, has been offered the presidency of Columbia college.

B. J. Mackison and sister left Monday evening for San Francisco, in hopes that a change of climate will benefit Miss Mackison's health.

George Dorrell and family have arrived from Seattle and taken possession of the Dickerson ranch which Mr. Dorrell bought a short time ago for \$10,000.

E. W. R. Taylor is up from Prosser, and reports that the alterations in the mill have been completed and that it will again be grinding in a few days.

Mrs. L. H. Daggert, of Boston, who represents some missionary society arrived in the city Wednesday and is to-day visiting the Yakima reservation.

Hon. H. A. P. Carter, Hawaiian minister to the United States, accompanied by his wife and daughters, passed through North Yakima Friday, en route to Washington.

Sam Vincent is back from the west side where he has been staking out coal claims in a newly discovered field. He journeyed from Centralia across the mountains on horseback.

Marion Sumner, of Clackamas county, Oregon, and Miss Minnie R. Dorland of this city, were married by the Rev. J. T. Eshelman, at the residence of the bride's parents, Sunday. They left on the following day for Mr. Sumner's home.

Geo. B. Kittenger, of Seattle, was in the city for a couple of days this week. Mr. Kittenger proposes to build in the spring a handsome brick block on the lots he recently bought for \$6000 from Shardlow & McDaniel, which are situated diagonally across from the Hotel Yakima.

Lombard & Horsley received another car of furniture this week, and can offer special inducements on Bed Room Suits and Parlor Sets. Be sure and call and see our \$25 Bed Room Suits; they can't be beaten for the money.

A telegram announces that a fire engine to replace the one wrecked on the Northern Pacific will be shipped from the factory of Clapp & Jones within two weeks.

W. W. Dickerson this week bought two lots in block 25 from E. M. Reed, on which he will build an attractive residence.

The Selah Ditch Company has contracted for 250 copies of the Yakima Herald per week for circulation in the east.

For fresh Eastern and Olympia Oysters, served in all styles, go to Herke's Candy Factory. o17

The Official Figures.

According to the official returns as canvassed by the secretary of the territory and his associates the vote at the late election was as follows:

Wilson 33,959, Griffiths 24,488; Wilson's majority, 9511.

Linsley 33,927, Kaufman 24,985; Linsley's majority 8242.

Reed 24,149, Murphy 24,333; Reed's majority 9916.

Jones 33,955, Sulvey 24,411; Jones' majority 9524.

Laughton 34,000, Plattor 23,949; Laughton's majority 10,051.

Bryan 33,441, Morgan 24,559; Bryan's majority 8882.

Forrest 34,054, Goodell 24,350; Forrest's majority 9704.

Dunbar 34,045, Stiles 22,771, Hoyt 33,579, Anders 24,274, Scott 33,801, White 24,557, Judson 24,500, Sharpstein 25,468, Reavis 24,504, Ganahl 24,029.

Olympia 25,468, North Yakima 14,707, Ellensburg 12,833.

For constitution 38,394, against 11,809; majority for constitution 26,490.

For prohibition 19,241, against 31,881; majority against prohibition 12,640.

For woman suffrage 16,855, against 34,342; majority against woman suffrage 17,487.

Don't Let the Opportunity Slip By.

Buy only the best of trees and those which have become acclimated here. Trees sold by dealers from abroad seldom live when transplanted in a section where all the atmospheric conditions and the soil are dissimilar. E. R. Leaming has tens of thousands of ornamental, shade and fruit trees of the most approved varieties and as they are propagated and grown here, they can be depended upon for standing transplanting. Now is the time to improve your holdings. Mr. Leaming has the City Nursery, which is located just north of the town, and it would pay any one to visit it.

Strayed or Stolen.

From their range on Trout Creek, Yakima county, one brown horse, branded AA on left hip, weight 1100 pounds, white stripe in forehead. Also, one bay mare, branded F on left shoulder, star in forehead. Suitable reward paid for their return or for information leading to their recovery. J. A. CARPENTER, o24-4t North Yakima, Wash.

Remember the Blacksmith.

All parties indebted to the firm of Schichtl & Schorn are hereby notified that their accounts are awaiting settlement. M. SCHORN.

Fire Wood for Sale.

I have now for sale 400 cords of well-seasoned wood, which I will deliver on short notice. Terms cash. A. H. REYNOLDS. o17-3t

Call at Lombard & Horsley's and see those upholstered fancy Rocking Chairs. These goods are of the latest style, direct from the factory, and are something entirely new. o24t

Remember, Herke's Oyster Parlors are open at all hours. Fresh Eastern and Olympia Oysters served to the Queen's taste. o17

Mrs. G. W. Cary has just returned from Portland with an elegant line of Millinery and other lines of Dry Goods. o17

Parties wanting coal in quantities will please give their orders in early. John Reed, agent. 32-4t

Go and see the new Japanese goods just received by M. H. Ellis, successor to I. H. Dills & Co. o17

Goodwin & Fugate's fire insurance companies do not cancel their policies. Give us a call. o17

Divulge from the east and west, by the dozen or quart, at Herke's Refreshment Parlors. o17

Go to Cary's for your Boys' Clothing and Hats; also Ladies' and Misses fine Cloaks. o17

Cary is selling gents' furnishing goods gloves boots and shoes at cost. o17

Myron H. Ellis has the finest line of neckwear in the city. o17

A full line of shirts always on hand at Myron H. Ellis'. o17

Go to Bartholet Bros. for your Yakima dairy butter. o17

Secret Land, Final Proof.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T., October 21, 1899. NOTICE is hereby given that Carlos S. Chevalier of Moscow, Yakima county, W. T., has filed notice of his intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 17, for the SW 1/4 sec. 6, T. 12 N. R. 2 E. W. 2, before register and receiver U. S. land office at North Yakima, W. T., on Thursday, the 15th day of December, 1899. He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land: Al Ferival and Berry Kinsey, of North Yakima, W. T., Jasper Price and John Price, of Moses, W. T. o21-12 IRA M. KRUTZ, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T., October 21, 1899. NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his claim, and that said proof will be made before register and receiver of U. S. Land Office at North Yakima, W. T., on December 5, 1899, viz: JOHN C. MACCORMOR, who made commuted H. E. application No. 117, for the NW 1/4 sec. 25, T. 12 N. R. 2 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: J. H. Keckham, R. T. Goodwin, Peter Louwer, C. H. Mitchell, all of North Yakima, W. T. o21-25 IRA M. KRUTZ, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T., October 21, 1899. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at North Yakima, W. T., on December 4, 1899, viz: WM. T. WILSON, who made Homestead Entry No. 517, for the NW 1/4 sec. 25, T. 12 N. R. 2 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: J. T. Simmons, J. E. Hathaway, A. J. Teicher and John Reed, all of North Yakima, W. T. o21-25 IRA M. KRUTZ, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T., October 16, 1899. COMPLAINT having been entered at this office by George Finn of Prosser, W. T., against Alvin Churchill for failure to comply with the law as to Timber Culture Entry No. 56, dated December 1, 1885, upon the NW 1/4 of section 4, T. 12 N. R. 2 E. in Yakima county, Wash. Ter., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; contestant alleging that said Churchill has failed to break or caused to be broken five acres during the first year or at any time since, and that he has totally abandoned the same—the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 16th day of November, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m. to present and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure. o17-16 IRA M. KRUTZ, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

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New York Store

Our late trip through the East Gave us an opportunity to make

Bargain Buys! And we are now prepared to make

Bargain Sales

UNDERWEAR Was Never Cheaper than Now!

Clothing. A nice clean line!

SPECIAL SALE Odd Pants! Call and examine our



Stiff and Soft. A line of Stetson's constantly on hand.

Vance & Mulford

Yakima Ave., Opp. Yakima Nat'l Bank.

GEO. S. VANCE. T. L. F. MULFORD.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

H. F. Allen and C. H. Lewis, party doing business under the name of Allen & Lewis, Plaintiffs. vs. W. H. Jackson, Richard Cannon, Mason Turk, Orlan Cannon, Christina Chamberlain and J. L. Chamberlain, Defendants.

ORDER AND BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION on foreclosure issued out of the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding term at North Yakima, in and for Yakima County, the said execution bearing date on the 12th day of October, 1899, in the above entitled case, wherein H. F. Allen and C. H. Lewis, partners doing business under the firm name of Allen & Lewis, the above named plaintiff obtained a judgment and Decree of Foreclosure against W. H. Jackson, Richard Cannon, Mason Turk, Orlan Cannon, Christina Chamberlain

OLD ENGLISH BALLAD.

BY "CALVERLEY"
The piper he piped on the hill-top high
(Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese).

Parker Precinct Wants a Bridge.

EDITOR HERALD:—As a party interested I wish to bring a matter of some interest to taxpayers of this county in general and to the taxpayers of Parker precinct in particular to their notice.

Resolutions of Condolence.

To the Master Workman and Brothers of Assembly No. 421 of K. of L., North Yakima, Washington:
We, your committee chosen to draft resolutions of condolence expressive of the sympathy of this Assembly on the death of Bro. J. W. Holton, beg leave to report the following:

JOHN H. NEEDHAM, Com.
R. STROBACH, Sec.
Wm. Lee, Jr.,

Unanimously adopted in the Assembly K. of L. No. 421, Oct. 9, 1889.

B. F. VAUGHN, Rec. Sec.

NO SALES AT THAT HOUSE.

An Irate Lady Hastens the Departure of an Entertaining Book Agent.

He rang the door-bell of a house on Second avenue and then sat down. In a minute he rose up and rang again. Then he waited for a spell and rang for the third time. Soon thereafter the lady of the house, betraying a dozen proofs of sick headache, opened the door and demanded:
"Are you trying to pull the house down?"

A PROMINENT PIONEER.

A Son of Nathan Olney Denies Some Statements Made by the Correspondent of an Eastern Journal.

PORT SIMCOE, W. T., Oct. 18, 1889.

EDITOR HERALD: Looking over the columns of your valuable paper I see a brief narration of my father's life and habits. I wish to say that while father was a highly respected citizen and always lived as such, he never shunned the society of his own race or made himself obscure by associating himself with the Indians.

When he left his father's roof he was a good-sized boy. He came away with Judge Nelson's family, who are now aged and living on the Natchees, his parents commending him to their care; and after he had come with them to some point in the west he joined a scouting party and left father Nelson and family, and had not seen or heard of them until he met them in the spring or summer of 1863 on the Natchees.

To go back to where I left off: He then worked his way up to Oregon, where The Dalles is now situated, and there he made his home. He took with him to California four or five Indians for the purpose of digging gold for him. He made a good-sized fortune, and went to some point and purchased a lot of merchandise and shipped the same up the Columbia river by canoes to The Dalles, where he established a trading post. There he married (bought) an Indian woman. This wife had a daughter by him, and died. He then sent the little one to his brother, who had come out afterwards to a point where Astoria now stands.

Father continued his trade for some time. When he bought my mother, then a girl of fifteen years, he removed to the Deschutes river, and there built a ferry and kept a store, ferrying emigrants back and forth, and made a good stake at it.

He finally became Indian agent (being appointed by Franklin Pierce, then president of the United States) for the Warm Spring agency. He served four years as Indian agent; then he retired and took up a farm on what is called the Five Mile creek, east of The Dalles. After this he fought the Indians, who then broke out, and after the Indian war he again resettled on the farm. Emigrants made this point their chief camping place, and there he kept a provision store. Afterwards he sold out and bought another farm, owned by a Mr. J. Todd, seven miles from The Dalles. The country was being rapidly settled up. The Dalles was then a growing city, and we had lots of white neighbors, with whose children we constantly played. They visited us, and my father used to take my mother and visit them. There were no Indians to be associated with.

Finally he was elected sheriff of Wasco county, served two terms, and in the summer of 1865 he came to this county and found Mr. Nelson and family, as aforesaid. He located on a 160-acre tract just to the north of the limits of the Yakima reservation, and went back to The Dalles, where we were living, accompanied by Mr. Nelson's boys, to move us to our new home in the Ahtanum valley. Father then lived a little over a year, his death occurring at his home and not "on the reservation and among the wild Yakimas," on the 15th of September, 1860. He never adopted himself into the tribe of the Yakimas, nor did he commit self banishment by burying himself among the Indians and shunning the society of his own race any more than other white pioneers did in those days. After a few years had elapsed my mother married a German, and then not wishing to remain at home any longer I went about to find work. I finally made my way to the reservation and at the agency I made application to learn the wheelwright's trade. My application was accepted and I served four years, after which I settled on the reservation, where my brothers and sister also came and made their homes.

My father never lived on the reservation in his life. GEORGE W. GOODWIN knew him, as did Mr. Lindsay, and had he shunned the society of the whites they would have known it. This was not his inclination, neither do his children inherit any such tendency. If father shunned any society at all it was that of the Yakimas, although he treated everyone alike so long as they acted humanely. The sorry piece of narration which calls forth this statement was written for the St. Louis Globe-Democrat and the writer of it had better never begin anything when not knowing where to begin right, for the ending is bound to be false when the beginning is imperfect. I hope this explanation will set things right and place Nathan Olney before the public in a light other than that conveyed by the correspondent of the Globe-Democrat.

FRANKLIN P. OLNEY.

The Newspaper World.

The Tacoma Every Sunday calls L. R. Freeman the "Wandering Jew" of newspaperdom.

M. D. Egbert, of Walla Walla, has offered the editorial management of the Spokane Chronicle.

M. L. Sherry, lately the editor of the Seattle Budget, has resigned that billet to engage in the publication of the Puyallup Citizen.

The proprietor of a German republican paper of Portland, Oregon, has arranged to publish weekly editions for Seattle, Tacoma and Spokane Falls.

There is a rumor afloat in Tacoma that the Globe of that city has been sold to a syndicate and will be changed from a morning to an evening paper.

The Ray, published at Roy, W. T., by Kullmer & Dexter, is the latest newspaper venture. It is a bright, well edited sheet and deserves local support.

Editor Mays of the Pomeroy Independent claims to have originated the phrase, "Keep your eye on Pasco," at a speech he made there some months ago. All the same Lord Palmerston used the same

in a speech at Paisley more than thirty years before. Alludins to the prospects of that city as a manufacturing center, he advised his hearers to "keep their eyes on Paisley."

The Tacoma Evening News was enlarged on Tuesday, October 8, from an eight-column folio to a six-column quarto, the increase in size being from 28x40 inches to 30x44 inches, with a corresponding increase in the space to be devoted to reading matter.

Major C. M. Barton is now the managing editor of the Spokane Falls Review. Major Barton is one of the most ready and interesting writers on the coast and the Review will lose none of the vigor or high standing it gained while J. M. Adams was in charge.

A meeting was held recently at Anacortes of those persons on Fidalgo and Guemes Islands who had bonded to L. R. Freeman between 500 and 600 acres of land in consideration of his publishing a paper on that island. There was a good attendance and a general war-wau of a desultory character was had, which culminated in Mr. Freeman promising to publish a daily paper whenever the future great city is located on the island, with which promise those in attendance appeared satisfied.

The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is, that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it and should be afflicted with a cough, cold, or any throat, lung or chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time or money refunded. Trial bottles free at C. B. Bushnell's drug store.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., county attorney, Clay Co., Texas, says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with malarial fever and jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life." Mr. D. L. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., adds a like testimony, saying: He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric Bitters. This great remedy will ward off, as well as cure all malarial diseases, and for all kidney, liver and stomach disorders stands unequalled. Price 25 cents and \$1 at C. B. Bushnell's.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

Is the best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, netter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

\$100,000 to Loan.

MacLean, Reed & Co. have \$100,000 to loan on improved farm lands. Applications for loans will receive prompt attention.

—Why people will continue to suffer from day to day, constantly complaining to their friends of pain in the back and loins, and with every symptom of that terrible scourge, Bright's disease, staring them in the face, is certainly a mystery, when they might be made strong, healthy and happy by using Oregon Kidney Tea. It has wonderful medicinal properties, and, if given a fair trial, will prove a boon to those afflicted with disorders of the kidney or urinary organs. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

—Can you imagine any ailment that will make you feel nervous, nervous so peculiar, dissatisfied, ill tempered and cranky as biliousness? There is no reason, whatever, why any one should suffer from indigestion. Dyspepsia, torpid liver and loss of appetite, when Dr. Healey's Dandelion Tonic, which every one knows is a certain cure, can be so easily obtained. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

—Ladies, do not ruin your complexion by the use of poisonous cosmetics and face powders. If your face is red or sunburned, if you are so unfortunate as to have pimples or blotches on the neck and face, Dutard's Specific will not cover them like a coat of paint but will most effectively remove all blemishes from the skin and restore it to its natural youthful bloom.

PORTLAND, Ogn., July 29. My kidneys were in a very bad condition. The urine was like brick dust, and I suffered a great deal with my back. All remedies were unavailing until I tried the Oregon Kidney Tea, which gave me almost immediate relief.

H. HAMILTON.

—Ayer's Pills, being convenient, efficacious and safe, are the best cathartic, whether on land or sea, in city or country. For constipation, sick headache, indigestion, and torpid liver, they never fail. Try a box of them; they are sugar coated.

—Success in life is the result of push and energy. If the blood is impure and sluggish, both body and mind lag vigor. To cleanse and vitalize the blood and impart a new life to the system, nothing else has such a marvelous effect as Ayers' Sarsaparilla.

—Money to loan in any amounts, on approved security, by R. Strobach, North Yakima.

—Choice feed, oats and chopped hay for sale at the North Yakima roller mill.

—All of the latest styles in gentlemen's furnishings are to be found at M. H. Ellis's.

—Goodwin & Pugsley have cheap money to loan on improved business property.

—Six lots given away to people who will build. Goodwin & Pugsley.
—Six lots given away to people who will build. Goodwin & Pugsley.

Patronize Home Industry.

Ed. F. White & Co., FASHIONABLE MERCHANT TAILORS, Next Door South of the Hotel Yakima. A first-class stock of Imported and Domestic Goods always on hand. Please give us a call, and we guarantee to please you. Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed. ED. F. WHITE & CO.

Bartholet -:- House,

JOHN BARTHOLET, Proprietor. FRONT STREET, NORTH YAKIMA, W. T. The Bartholet House is centrally located and conducted on first-class principles. Every attention given to the comfort of guests. MEALS TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. LODGING TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Tacoma Grocery Co.,

INCORPORATED (\$100,000). SOLE AGTS. IN WASH. TER. FOR CELESTINO PALACIO & CO.'S KEY WEST HAYANA CIGARS. TACOMA, WASH., IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE GROCERS, Proprietors of the Puget Coffee and Spice Mills. Office and Warehouse, Nos. 1527 to 1541 Pacific avenue.

"BOARD OF TRADE"

SALOON AND BILLIARD HALL. Fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Constantly on Hand. A. Churchill, Prop. Opposite N. P. Depot, North Yakima, Wash. Ter.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS AND GROCERIES. J. J. ARMSTRONG, Corner First street and Yakima Avenue.

A complete line of all of the commodities enumerated above will be found at this store, and a general request is sent forth to the public to call and examine the prices and quality of the Goods.

J. J. Armstrong.

S. J. LOWE

Cooking and Heating Stoves, HARDWARE,



Hardware, etc., which he is prepared to offer at remarkably low prices. Also in stock a fine line of

Tinware, Sheet Ironware, Graniteware, Guns, Pistols and Farm Implements.

Corner Yakima Avenue and First street. W. T.

SHRIVER BROS., Plumbers, Gas-Fitters, Electricians.

Notice. LAND OFFICE, NORTH YAKIMA, W. T., September 24, 1889. COMPLAINT having been entered at this office by John B. Nelson against Henry B. Allen for abandoning his homestead entry, No. 239, dated March 10, 1874, upon the SW 1/4 and SE 1/4 SW 1/4 sec. 8, Twp. 15, north range 12 E. in Yakima county, W. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 1st day of October 1889, at 1 o'clock p. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning the said alleged abandonment.

IRA M. KRUTZ, Register.

Fire Wood & Draying.

I have a large quantity of excellent pine and fir wood for sale cheap. I also run two drays, and am prepared to do hauling at reasonable figures. JOHN REED.

Clydesdale Stallions for Sale. AT NORTH YAKIMA. Terms to suit purchasers. Apply to ANDREW WILSON, North Yakima, Wash. Sept.

SOMETHING NEW.

We have had placed in our hands for Sale SUMMIT PARK ADDITION.

This elegant property is situated immediately in front of Col. Howlett's residence, and comprises 147 of as slightly residence lots as are now on the market. Both soil and water-rights are of the best.

To any person Building a Residence to Cost not less than \$1000 we will give a Corner and one Inside Lot Free.

These lots will be selected in the following manner: Parties first building have choice of two lots in either block 10, 11, or 12; second and third choice in blocks 7, 8, or 9.

Plats can be Seen at our Office.

We intend building up this property with choice homes, thereby attracting the best class of people; and parties taking hold now will experience the benefit of our most earnest efforts.

Goodwin & Pugsley.

OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK. J. T. ESHELMAN. U. W. RODMAN.

Rodman & Eshelman,

Real Estate and Loan Agents!

Money to Loan on Mortgages.

Investments Made and Property Handled for Non-Residents.

Special attention is called to the Great Bargains in Four Choice Ten-Acre Tracts and One Forty-Tract of the Best Garden Land (balance of the Yolo Ranch) which will be offered for a few days.

City Lots and Farm Property Bought and Sold.

OFFICE—Yakima Avenue, near Hotel Yakima

"The Old Reliable,"

G. W. CARY, Is still to be found "doing business at the old stand," on Yakima Avenue, where will always be found a complete stock of

General Merchandise, Consisting of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, &c., of every variety. In connection with the store Mrs. Cary conducts a

Millinery Department,

Embracing all the latest novelties in Ladies' Wear.

Yakima Ave., North Yakima, W. T. FRANK B. SHARDLOW. JEFF D. MCDANIEL.

Shardlow & McDaniel,

DEALERS IN—

Fine Wines, Liquors,

Imported & Domestic Cigars.

FINE BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Jesse Moore Kentucky Whiskies.

Yakima Candy Factory.

Anticipating the wants of my numerous and increasing customers, I have perfected arrangements for furnishing

OYSTERS! OYSTERS! At moderate prices, and for public accommodation will keep OPEN AT ALL HOURS. Also a full line of

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LUMBER, DOORS, BASH AND BLINDS, LATHS, SHINGLES, &c.

Agent for the Celebrated Averill Paints, the best Paints on the Market, AND A LARGE SUPPLY ALWAYS ON HAND.

Office and Yard, West Side of Railroad Track, North of Depot, North Yakima, W. T.



THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1890. SAMUEL ROCKWELL REED.

A Sketch of One of the Best and Kindest of Men and a Leading Editorial Writer of the United States.

Marion D. Egbert in the Walla Walla Union: Samuel Rockwell Reed, undoubtedly the most forcible general writer in the United States, and for many years the leading editorial writer of the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette, died recently on board of the steamer Lohm, while on his way to Europe in pursuit of health. His was well known to the writer of this, who has no hesitancy in pronouncing him the most scholarly, the most refined and the kindest man he ever met. His attainments in all seeming directions were as marvelous as his ability to discuss them. The discussion of poetry, history, science, philosophy, ethics, chemistry and music seemed to be peculiarly his, and he continually surprised even those who knew him best with his wonderful erudition. He was acknowledged to be peerless as a writer in the eastern and middle sections of the Union, and few, if any, in either portions of the United States cared to contest with him for the palm of superiority. With all his powers, with all his abilities, with all his reputation, he was the gentlest man on earth. A child would approach him unhesitatingly and the demagogue he always presented invited the pleasant converse that always ensued. I remember when a lad when I went to the Gazette office to get my pay for my letters to that paper, and by mistake got into his room instead of that of Richard Smith, the editor. Mr. Reed kindly quit his writing, and looking up I saw one of the most strikingly handsome faces I ever met. He spoke to me kindly, inquired my name, my business and entertained me by his pleasant ways and conversation for over an hour, and when I rose to go he took me by the hand and led me to the room and introduced me to Mr. Smith, from whom I received an order for the first money I ever got for literary work. Mr. Reed remaining all the time and accompanying me to the head of the stairs on my way out. I shall never forget that episode, which made me then, way back in those distant years, believe more in humanity, and the all powerful influence of kindness on human kind. I met him many times afterward, and on each occasion my respect increased until I had a supreme affection for him, and it seemed to me that I was not alone in this feeling, for many others whom I knew, and who were fortunate in the possession of his almost sublime friendship, share in common with me this feeling of love and admiration. In closing this simple tribute to the memory of this truly great and noble man I unhesitatingly say that in all my mingling with men I have never yet seen his equal, in those components that go to make a lovable and loving man, nor do I ever hope to see his like again.

THE TIDE LAND CONTROVERSY.

Judge Jacobs Says the Decision of Chief Justice Marshall Settles the Question of State Sovereignty Over Tide Lands.

Seattle Press: Judge Orange Jacobs in the course of an investigation of the shore land controversy, has found a decision or Chief Justice Marshall of the United States supreme court which settles the constitutional question involved, and has been confirmed by repeated decisions of later date. In the case of Pollard's Lessee against Hagan in regard to the location of shore lands in Mobile bay, congress passed a special act constraining the title of the locator under the federal law in order to end a long existing controversy, Chief Justice Marshall called attention to the provision of the constitution that all new states must be admitted to the union on an equality with the old states, and that the old states had the sovereignty over the shore lands. He held that, for this reason, all new states have the same authority. This decision, Judge Jacobs contends, sustains the contention of the protestants against the scrip filings, that the shore lands are held in trust by the United States for the state of Washington, and that therefore they are not open to occupancy under the federal land laws or grants by congress. Judge Jacobs draws a distinction between shore lands and tide lands. The former he defines as the land between ordinary high and low tide, while the latter is a loose term applied to both shore lands and to what are legally swamp or overflowed lands. The latter term applies to large bodies of the tide flats over which the federal government still has control, as other lands have been given in lieu of the swamp or overflowed lands.

SOUNDS FROM PIERRE.

Just listen to that cheer From the people in Pierre, Who are drunk with excitement, or possibly beer. The capital sits Fills their souls with delight. And they're howling like demons by day and by night. They wildly exult, As they boom real estate, And cheer 'em calling their city the grand future great. They're out of their head As they paint their town red. With the quarter of a million they loudly spread. —Chicago Herald.

A PARAPHRASE.

"I've got a bright idea," Said a maiden young and fair, To her lover, who was helping her To rock a rocking-chair. Then, smilingly, he answered, "I'm very sure if you Would be my little wife, I'd have A bright-eyed-dear, too." —Boston Courier.

Guy Fauske's Day Will Probably be Celebrated as Our Inaugural.

Powder Will of Course be Used, But for the Purpose of Celebrating the Entrance of the Poor of States.

The board of canvassers met on Monday to canvass the election returns which have gone forward to the president, and the indications are that the inauguration will take place on Monday, November 23d.

The Seattle Press says the returns should reach the president on Monday, October 28th. As the president is understood to have already examined and passed upon an unofficial copy of the constitution, it will only remain for him to see that there is no vital difference between it and the official copy to be sent him. He could therefore easily issue his proclamation of admission on the same day.

Supposing this to be done, the inauguration could not take place until the following Monday, November 4, even if the proclamation should be sent by telegraph. It could probably reach the capital by mail on Saturday, November 2d, in time for the inauguration to take place on the Monday. Thus that date is the earliest on which the territory can become a state. Should a delay of a day or two occur in issuing the proclamation, it would have to be sent by telegraph in order to allow the inauguration to take place on November 4th. Otherwise, the difficulty might occur of having the legislature in session without a state government.

Already there are signs that Olympia will be overcrowded on inauguration day. Many members of the legislature are already there, the militia have hired quarters, and at this early date there is not a room to be had in the town for the night of the inauguration. Other devices for securing accommodation are under consideration.

Another Forage Plant.

Quite a sensation has lately been caused in the old world by the announcement of another new forage plant, which will grow enormous and most profitable crops even in the poorest soils, and which seems to flourish luxuriously in any climate. The plant in question is the "Lathyrus Silvestris," and the credit of having brought it to its present state of development, through half a century of constant experimenting and improvement, belongs to Professor Wagner, of Germany. The "Lathyrus Silvestris" grows in a wild state on the pampas of South America, where it flourishes so luxuriantly that sheep are frequently entangled in it and smothered by its rankness and closeness of growth. In its wild state the seed of the plant is unable to germinate, but after fifty years of the most careful cultivation this difficulty has been completely overcome. The plant belongs to the order of the leguminosae, and as such it is able to forage for itself in regard to nitrogen, of which it obtains abundant supplies, either from the lower strata of soil or from the boundless atmospheric stores. Even on the poorest soils it grows a crop which will yield at least four tons of hay per acre, and the nutritive value of the crop, as determined by chemical analysis, is about twice as great as that of clover hay. The Prussian minister of agriculture has been so deeply impressed with the great value of this plant that a government order has just been issued, granting to every Prussian land-owner who cultivates this plant on his waste land a subsidy of 30s. per hectare—a hectare being equal to two and a half English standard acres. —Melbourne Leader.

The Gospel of Justice.

Colonel R. G. Ingersoll says: I believe in the gospel of justice—that we must reap whatever we sow. I do not believe in forgiveness. If I rob Mr. Smith, and God forgives me, how does that help Mr. Smith? If I, by slander, cover some girl or lonely widow with the leprosy of some imputed crime, and they've their away like blighted flowers and aife. And I get forgiveness, how does that help them? If there is another world, we have a right to settle right here; no bankruptcy court there. Square up! Among the ancients, if you committed a crime, you had to kill a sheep; now they say, "charge it," "put it on the slate." It won't do. For every crime you commit you must answer to yourself and to the one you injure. And if you have ever clothed another with unhappiness, as with a garment of pain, you never will be quite as happy as if you had never done that thing. No forgiveness; eternal, inexorable, everlasting justice—that is what I believe in. And if it goes hard with me I will stand it. I will stick to my logic, and I will bear the result like a man, come what will.

An Expert Needed.

"Is there anybody from Vermont in the car?" asked the conductor, opening the door and letting in about forty-two rods of western bitzard. "I be," responded a tall, lank individual, rising up from his seat next to the stove. "Well, if you will be kind enough to come forward into the Pullman car," replied the conductor, "there is a lady who has got her spruce gum mixed up with a paper of resin, and she wants an expert to separate 'em."



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Made Him a Manic.

"Where are you going, my pretty maid?" he inquired. "Should the weather indications continue of an auspicious character, my destination is yonder inclosure, where my unswerving determination is to extract such an amount of lacteal fluid from the distended udder of the gently articulating kine as may be deemed necessary and advisable," calmly replied the rustic girl, who had worked for two weeks in a Boston family.

And she passed upon her way, leaving a gibbering idiot groveling on the ground where lately had stood a dandy drummer.—Grocery World.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

—I buy my underwear direct from the factories, and am now offering it at prices which were never before heard of in North Yakima. Call and examine goods and prices, and see for yourself. MYRON H. ELLIS.

—Readers, in our advertising columns you will see the generous offer of Goodwin & Papeley. Six lots in the best part of town given away. This is an opportunity which should not be thrown away.

—Bartholet Bros. will not be undersold in anything—dry goods, clothing, furnishing goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, crockery, groceries, and in fact everything kept in a first-class store.

—For dyspepsia and liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and \$1. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal injector free. Sold by C. B. Bushnell.

—C. E. McEwen is now offering saddles, bridles, harness and everything in his line at prices not to be duplicated this side of Portland.

—For square dealing and value received for your hard earned cash, call on T. G. Redfield for anything in the line of jewelry.

—Sleepless nights, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by C. B. Bushnell.

—For a nobby suit, made to order, do not fail to call on our popular merchant tailor, M. Probach, on Yakima avenue.

—Every garment made by M. Probach is warranted a good fit, good workmanship and to give satisfaction.

—Call on Myron H. Ellis and examine his fine line of winter underwear; one door south of opera house.

—Croup, whooping cough and bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by Bushnell.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Stockholders of the Natches and Cowychee Ditch Company: That a meeting of the said Stockholders will be held at the office of Whitson & Parker, North Yakima, Washington, on Saturday, the 15th day of November, 1890, at the hour of 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of voting on the question as to whether the Capital Stock of the said Company shall be increased from \$5,000 to \$12,000.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of George W. White, deceased, in present the same to the undersigned administrator for allowance, with the proper vouchers, at my residence on Cowychee Creek, Yakima County, Washington Territory, within one year from the date of this notice, or the same will be forever barred. A. B. WHITE, Administrator. Dated this 26th day of September, 1890.

For the Next Fifteen Days!

FOR CASH ONLY!

Dress Goods.

AT COST. AT COST.

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I would respectfully call your attention to the fact that my list of

TOWN PROPERTY is unexcelled. I have Lots for sale in every part of the city and Additions.

FARM PROPERTY Very desirable, in tracts to suit.

Represent a fine line of Insurance Companies. Money to Loan!

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YAKIMA AVENUE, NORTH YAKIMA, (Shardlow & McDaniel's old stand.)

Thomas Bradley, well-known throughout Eastern Washington and Oregon as an expert mixologist, will do the honors behind the bar, and will be pleased to meet his many acquaintances among the commercial travelers, as well as residents of this section.

The attention of the indulging public is directed to our extensive line of

Fine Whiskies, Wines, Cigars,

Which we guarantee to be of the best makes in the country. ELEGANT

Pool - and - Billiard - Tables

Afford pleasure and recreation to those seeking healthy exercise. If courteous treatment, square dealing and unobtrusive goods can secure and retain the patronage of the public, the efforts of proprietors of this house will be recognized and appreciated.

We have just completed refitting and beautifying the building, and now invite the public to call and bestow upon us such patronage as we merit.

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Keep always on hand all that is pertaining to their trade. None but pure medicines and chemicals dispensed.

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Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Use.

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