

THE YAKIMA HERALD.

Volume I.

NORTH YAKIMA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1889.

Number 25.

THE YAKIMA HERALD.
REED & COE, . . . Proprietors.
ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.
\$2.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.
Advertising Rates Upon Application.
E. M. REED, Editor and Business Manager.

HALL, DEWITT & GARDNER,
Civil Engineers.
Mining Claims Located and Grades Established.
Office Over First National Bank.

M. D. RAUM,
THE PAINTER.
No Combinations. No Dirty Work. All orders done promptly and work guaranteed. Orders solicited. Paper Hanging and Kalsomining a specialty.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T.,
June 29, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at North Yakima, W. T., on Thursday, August 23, 1889, viz:
EDGAR T. STONE, Desert Land Application No. 22, for the SW^{1/4} NE^{1/4}, NW^{1/4}, and E^{1/2} SW^{1/4}, Sec. 22, T. 11, N. R. 20 E., W. 3. He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: William P. Reed, Peter D. Brock, H. C. Farris, and J. C. Parrish, all of North Yakima, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witness of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T.,
June 27, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at North Yakima, W. T., on August 8, 1889, viz:
ANDREW M. HORTON, who filed pre-emption D. R. No. 486 for the NW^{1/4} of sec. 24, Twp. 20, N., R. 27 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: William P. Reed, Peter D. Brock, H. C. Farris, and J. C. Parrish, all of North Yakima, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witness of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T.,
June 10th, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at the U. S. land office at North Yakima, W. T., on August 1, 1889, viz:
JOHN SHAW, (of Cleveland, W. T.) homestead No. 164, for the NW^{1/4} sec. 24, Twp. 20, N., R. 27 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: William P. Reed, Peter D. Brock, H. C. Farris, and J. C. Parrish, all of North Yakima, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witness of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT NORTH YAKIMA, W. T.,
June 12th, 1889.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at the U. S. land office at North Yakima, W. T., on August 8, 1889, viz:
BETTER STEPHENS, homestead No. 266, for the NW^{1/4} sec. 24, Twp. 20, N., R. 27 E. He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: William P. Reed, Peter D. Brock, H. C. Farris, and J. C. Parrish, all of North Yakima, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witness of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

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BEVI A. CAMPBELL, (of Bickleton, W. T.) who made a pre-emption application No. 174, for the E^{1/2} of NW^{1/4} and E^{1/2} of SW^{1/4}, Sec. 24, T. 11, N. R. 20 E., W. 3. He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: William P. Reed, Peter D. Brock, H. C. Farris, and J. C. Parrish, all of North Yakima, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witness of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

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CHARLES F. LAFAYETTE, Pre-emption application No. 174, for the E^{1/2} of NW^{1/4} and E^{1/2} of SW^{1/4}, Sec. 24, T. 11, N. R. 20 E., W. 3. He names the following witnesses to prove his claim: William P. Reed, Peter D. Brock, H. C. Farris, and J. C. Parrish, all of North Yakima, W. T. Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of such proof, or who knows of any substantial reason why such proof should not be allowed, will be given an opportunity at the above mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witness of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
GEORGE TURNER, W. J. MILROY, L. S. HOWLETT, K. B. MILROY,
TURNER, MILROY & HOWLETT,
Attorneys at Law,
NORTH YAKIMA, WASH.

L. S. Howlett, ex-Receiver of Public Monies at the U. S. Land Office, will give special attention to making out papers for Settlers, and to Land Contests.

N. T. CATON, L. C. FARRISH,
Caton & Parrish,
Attorneys at Law.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. Office on First Street, opposite the Court House, North Yakima, W. T.

H. J. SNIVELY,
Prosecuting Attorney for Yakima and Kittitas Counties, and
Attorney at Law.

Office with County Treasurer, at the Court House, North Yakima, W. T. Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory and U. S. land offices.

J. E. REAVIS, A. MILES, C. B. GRAVES,
REAVIS, MILES & GRAVES,
Attorneys at Law.

Will practice in all Courts of the Territory. Office with County Treasurer, at the Court House, North Yakima, W. T.

EDWARD WHITSON, JOHN B. ALLEN,
FREE PARKER, WALLA WALLA,
ALLEN, WHITSON & PARKER,
Attorneys at Law.

Office in First National Bank Building.

S. O. MORFORD,
Attorney at Law,
Practices in all Courts in the Territory. Office on stairs in Hill Block, North Yakima.

W. B. COE, M. D., E. E. HEGG, W. D.,
COE & HEGG,
Physicians, Surgeons and Accoucheurs.

Office Hours—11 till 10 a. m., 2 till 4 p. m. and 7 till 8 o'clock p. m. Office on Second street, near Allen & Chapman's.

DR. J. JAY CHAMBERS,
Physician and Surgeon,
Has had five years' practice—two years Assistant Surgeon of City Hospital, Baltimore. Special attention given to Surgery, Obstetrics and Diseases of Women. Office over Mitchell's Drug Store.

O. M. GRAVES,
DENTIST.

All work in my line first-class. Local anesthetics used to extract teeth without pain. No charge for examination.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fire Wood & Draying.
I have a large quantity of excellent pine and fir wood and fir wood for sale cheap. Also run two drays, and am prepared to do hauling at reasonable figures. Apply to JOHN REED.

An Economical Fence.
I HAVE now the sole right for Yakima County for one of the best wire fences ever patented. IT IS VERY DURABLE AND CHEAP. Wire and machine for making on hand. Those wishing to build fences should call on me. S. M. SPEWET, West Side of Track.

Ahtanum Dairy.
I am now prepared to furnish families with Pure Milk from the Ahtanum Dairy. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED! My delivery wagon has a canopy cover, which prevents the sun from heating down on the cans and souring the milk. W. H. CARPENTER.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
of North Yakima.

J. R. LEWIS, Wm. Ker, Carpenter, A. W. Engle, Edward Whitson,
Capital, \$50,000
\$15,000
J. R. LEWIS, President.
W. L. STEINWALD, Cashier.

DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Says and Sells Exchange at Reasonable Rates.

PAYS INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS.

Prizes for Produce.

MacLean, Reed & Co. offer to the farmers of Yakima county the following cash prizes for best produce.

Best and largest melon	5.00
" " musk melon	2.50
Best bushel potatoes	5.00
Best head cabbage	2.50
Best 1/2-dot beets	2.50
Best sample wheat	5.00
" " corn	5.00
Best 5-pound apples	5.00
Best doz. apples	5.00
" " bunches grapes	5.00
" " peaches	5.00
Best head cauliflower	2.50
Best 2 egg plants	2.50
Best 25 tomatoes	5.00
Best 5 pounds tobacco	5.00

It is our intention to make a fine showing in our office this year, and we ask the farmers to bring us samples. All parties competing for prizes will be notified when the premiums will be given, and three farmers will be selected as judges.

Respectfully,
MACLEAN, REED & CO.

—Parasols! Parasols! Parasols! special reductions at the Great I-X-L.

THREE STAGES.
I. Sighing like a furnace.
Over one in love;
Blind in adoration
Of his lady's glove.
Thinks no girl was ever
Quite so sweet as she;
Tells you she's an angel.
Expects you to agree.

II. Moping and repining,
Gloomy and morose;
Asks the price of poison,
Thinks he'll take a dose.
Women are so fickle,
Love is all a sham,
Marriage is a failure,
Like a broken dam.

III. Whistling, blithe and cheerful,
Always bright and gay,
Dancing, singing, laughing,
All the living day.
Full of fun and frolic,
Caught in Fashion's whirl,
Thinks no more of poison—
Got another girl.

—Somerville Journal.

Hypnotism in Maine.

An Augusta bank cashier recently told me about a queer experience. There came into his bank a seedy man with a wild look in his eyes, who said: "I guess I'll take that money." "What money?" "There's \$500,000 to my credit here, ain't there?" The cashier thought he was talking with an escaped inmate of the institution across the river. "I guess you have made a mistake," said he. Then his visitor's eyes began to roll strangely; he rubbed them with his hand, and a sheepish expression came over his face. "What—what's the matter?" he asked. A moment later it came out that the man had been mesmerized, had been made to believe he was rich, and had recovered himself in the bank. He was as poor as poverty but had all the sensations of being a millionaire for about five minutes. —Levinson (Me.) Journal.

THE JURY SYSTEM.

Its Evils Are Greater Than Its Benefits—Let the Scales of Olympia Remedy This Defect.

The Dallas Times-Mountaineer: The miscarriage of justice in the acquittal of Dr. McDow, who killed Mr. Dawson, the editor of the Charleston, S. C., paper, has been commented on adversely by the press of the country, and no doubt the verdict was a travesty upon law and propriety. But we do not believe that the south is more blameable in this regard than the north, or South Carolina more censurable than Oregon. Juries have erred at strange conclusions in many cases, and frequently the guilty have escaped and the innocent been punished. This has become so often the case and so well understood that one having right on his side does not wish a jury trial, but when he has not a shadow of right or justice in his demands will desire a jury of his peers. The origin of trial by jury was consonant with human freedom, and was greater security for Saxon, Dane or Norman under the English system of being tried by their peers than in continental countries where other methods prevailed. This "trial by peers" was never in force in American jurisprudence, because the necessity never existed. When the bitter race prejudice spread over Great Britain, consequent upon Danish and Norman conquests, this principle in jury trials was a safeguard which could not be overcome, and protected the different races in the enjoyment of certain rights. This idea that Saxons would give Saxons nearer exact justice and Normans Normans was the leading virtue of jury trials, and when race prejudice died out, and the heterogeneous people by the lapse of centuries and intermingling of blood became homogeneous, it ceased to be meritorious. In America this virtue of trial by one's peers never attained any prominence, for the colonies founded by the Puritans and the Pilgrims were very democratic in their tendencies. There may be other good things connected with juries in the trials of causes; but for some time we have believed the attending evils were greater than the benefits, and that human freedom and intelligence would take a stride forward if juries were completely abolished in our courts of law. It is not necessary to pick out the acquittal of Dr. McDow as particularly prominent in the flagrant manner in which a brutal murderer went unwhipped of justice. There have in Oregon been cases in which as guilty men have been given license to prey upon communities. The South Carolina jury consisted of seven white men and five colored men, and the verdict was about the same as might have been expected from any other. It apparently makes little difference whether a jury is white or black, composed of South Carolinians or New England Yankees, the verdict is as in every part of the country with more exactness, and criminals would more frequently their just deserts if juries were unknown. Lawyers would be forced to devote more time to a thorough knowledge of the science of jurisprudence and less to the arts of duplicity and deception. In fact, without juries, the world would be much better and human life and property more secure. Rogues and rascals would find it harder to ply their avocations and honest men and workers easier.

AN EASTERN VIEW.
How North Yakima Charmed a Detroit Newspaper Man.

A Beautiful and Prosperous City in a Beautiful Section of a "Future Great" State.

There are many cities which were located by accident. North Yakima is not one of them. It was located only after a thorough investigation of the advantages which a town located on that particular site ought to enjoy. Its founders laid it out on a generous plan and made all of their calculations for a populous and prosperous city. The streets were made broad and lined on either side with beautiful shade trees, and with streams of living water, which flow nine or ten months in every year. It is rare that such complete preparations for a beautiful city are made previous to its settlement—at the time when most details of the plan can be best arranged—and the result is that the visitor here to-day finds, not only one of the most prosperous cities in the west, but also a city of surpassing loveliness and beauty.

HOW IT HAS GROWN.
You will not find North Yakima on any except the very recent maps of the United States, simply because there was nothing here to map until three or four years ago, when the town was laid out and immediately began to grow and prosper. Today it has a population of 2900 souls and supports sixty-five business establishments, which transacted a business aggregating more than \$2,500,000 during the year 1888. There are two national banks, with a combined capital of \$127,000, and carrying deposits aggregating \$500,000. The assessed valuation of property last August was \$625,000, which is about one-third of its actual value, and the total tax levy for all purposes was equal to one percent of the actual or market value of the property. With this extremely low rate of taxation many improvements have been carried on, which place the town in the front rank of western cities. An efficient municipal government is maintained. The city is finely laid out, the streets kept in good order, and one of the very first moves was in the direction of providing for schools and churches. The town has two large brick school houses and a third is soon to be built; five churches, including one of native stone and another one of brick under contract; a large, two-story brick opera house, with a seating capacity of thirteen hundred; four hotels, one of which, a two-story brick 10x150 feet, has just been completed; many other costly and attractive private and public structures; three weekly newspapers; water works system and electric light plant in process of construction; and, strange to say, only four saloons. A cigar factory has just been established, a cannery is expected to locate here for the coming season's work, a large woolen manufacturing concern has made a proposition for the erection of a factory here, and other important enterprises are expected to develop in the near future. All of this, let it be remembered, has been accomplished in less than four years and without anything partaking of the character of the modern "boom." Every progressive step has a bona fide reason behind it. Every improvement made is solid and substantial. Every investment has proved safe, sure and profitable.

WHY IT HAS GROWN.
Nature has done much for North Yakima. It is located in the midst of the great Yakima country, an agricultural region of unsurpassed fertility, and must stand without a rival as the central and chief commercial city of this great section. It is prominently located on the great Northern Pacific railroad, and has tributary to it the only accessible passes through the mountains, by which other competing railroads can reach this water. It has a glorious climate, a healthy location, pure and ever living water, grand mountain scenery, and is surrounded by a splendid farming, mining and stock country. These are the conditions which contributed to the location of the city, and have produced the unsurpassed growth and prosperity of which I have spoken. In addition to these natural advantages, the people of the city are entitled to great credit for the part they have played in its development. They have come here from all over the land. They have pulled off their coats and gone to work to build up a prosperous community, and their efforts have been richly rewarded. The base of many western cities is a drunken and disorderly people, and a tough, riff-raff element in society. I do not find them here. On the contrary, I find an honest, shrewd and law-abiding people, progressive and fully alive to the magnificent possibilities of their country, and ready to meet the stranger with an errand on half way ground. I find a city to which a man may come and seek a home, feeling assured that all will be well, and that his children will have every religious, educational and social advantage.

THE YAKIMA COUNTRY.
The Yakima country, of which the city of North Yakima is the chief commercial center, comprises that part of Washington lying between the Cascade mountains on the west and the Columbia river on the east, drained by the Yakima river and its tributaries. It includes thirteen rich valleys, besides a large area of fertile land and hilly timber land, and also takes in a considerable portion of the broad plain of the Columbia. The main stream which drains this region is the Yakima river, which takes its rise in the several small lakes near the very crest of the Cascades, and meanders down the mountains and through the valleys to the mighty Columbia. From source to mouth the Yakima is a rapid stream, having an average fall of twenty feet to the mile. It receives a number of tributaries from both sides, all of which are of inestimable benefit to the adjacent country, furnishing irrigation for the thrifty farms in the valley. The descent of these streams is so rapid that it is easy to lead ditches of water from them through the soft soil to irrigate as large tracts as may be desired. The main ditches are easily dug, and when these are done all the farmer has to do when he desires to let the water on his fields, is to run furrows from the main ditch, through the fields. When there is sufficient moisture on the land, a few minutes' work with the hoe stops of the stream and the crops grow on without danger of damage from either drought or flood. It is better than the rain direct from the clouds, for the water goes just where you want it to go, and in such volume as it is wanted. Under this system the Yakima country is capable of growing a remarkable range of vegetable products. All the small grains—wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, etc.—grow as well as in any part of the country. Corn and tobacco are grown to perfection, and sorghum is an excellent crop. Vegetables and root crops of all sorts yield abundantly. One of the most valuable crops is hops, of which there is a very large acreage. All the ordinary fruits flourish, including the finest quality of peaches, pears, grapes and quinces, which can be grown to complete satisfaction. Inasmuch, it is the paradise of the agriculturist—a region where he can defy the elements and produce any crop under the sun. Eastern farmers will read this and accuse me of exaggeration. Let them come here and see for themselves. I might be able to exaggerate in writing of this section, but I doubt it. The word Yakima, an Indian name, is said to mean "a great scotch garden." Whether this is the correct definition or not, that is almost what the Yakima country amounts to, after the soil has been irrigated and tilled with the hoe.

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THE CLIMATE.
I have not many surprises in Washington. One of these is what I met persons from Michigan and other eastern states, who have been cured of pulmonary diseases by a short residence here. The climate of this particular section seems peculiar to itself. It is emphatically a dry climate. No rain falls in summer, nor does snow, in any considerable quantity, fall in winter. The climate is very similar to that of the south of France. The mild chinook wind that blows along up the Columbia river from the ocean enters the Yakima valley, and keeps out the chilling currents from the north that would otherwise prevail there in winter. Spring comes in advance of the calendar, not several weeks behind it. In February the ground thaws and farming operations have a good start by the end of the month. There are scarcely a dozen days in the year when the sun does not shine, and in summer the heat is not oppressive. The lingering snows and heavy frosts of the mountain west, by land to the breezes a refreshing coolness; and then that current from the ocean brings health and comfort, and makes the climate at all times delightful.

STOCK RAISING, MINING, ETC.
The Yakima country is also a splendid grazing country, evidenced by the fact that there are now pastured on the bunch grass ranges of Yakima county alone—which by no means includes all the region known as the Yakima country, nor all that tributary to North Yakima—about 350,000 sheep, 125,000 horses, and 250,000 cattle. This is superb grazing land, and the stockmen desire to give it up, but when qualified by settlers, it will be found that these bunch grass ranges are splendid grain lands. It is also rich in minerals. Placer mining has been carried on to some extent, and there are quartz ledges near the Yakima which will undoubtedly be worked when transportation facilities are better. The little prospecting that has been done there is said to yield promising results in gold. Iron is found in paying quantities in some sections. Coal is everywhere found in abundance, sufficient to insure a supply for all the manufacturing that can possibly crowd into the Yakima country. Marble, limestone, clay, etc., are among the other valuable mineral resources. These are as yet practically undeveloped, but the future will bring them to the front. There are also many tracts of heavily timbered lands of fir, pine and cedar, which only need the "open sesame" of stock and capital to make them veritable mines of wealth.

THE FUTURE.
"He who rains may read" that there is a bright future in store for the metropolis of the Yakima country, surrounded by a country which combines the resources of Illinois and Pennsylvania, with the climate of Central California; inhabited by a people of enterprising spirit and substantial character; centrally and advantageously located for a distributing point, with cheap and abundant water power, North Yakima is coming to the front with as much collateral behind it as a guarantee of permanency as the most ex-

acting shylock could demand. It is a vantage point for the establishment of those numerous branches of manufacturing which consume the products of the farm, range, forest and mine. It is conceded in many parts of the state to be the most eligible city for the capital of the new state. Its growth will be rapid and free from abnormal fluctuation, because its prosperity is based upon a solid foundation, that caprice cannot augment or destroy.

A PARTING WORD.
I want to say, in closing, that North Yakima is a typical, hustling, western city. Her business men are wide awake and progressive. She will soon have at least one, and probably two, new railroads, and she is not going to be left in the rear if she knows herself, and I think she does. It seems to me highly probable that her population will be doubled within the next year. She deserves all praise for what has already been accomplished, and is one of the towns which is not going to stand still for lack of public enterprise and enthusiasm. There are any number of eligible town lots, and a large area of country property waiting for investors and settlers. —Detroit Free Press.

To Prevent Inhabitation Allow.

Many tests have been suggested to determine whether or not life is extinct where death has appeared to occur. One of the most recent, and held to be one of the most reliable, is called the ammonia-hypodermic test. In using this test the operator injects one hypodermic syringe of strong solution of ammonia under the skin of the arm or some other convenient portion of the body. If the body is not dead—if there be the faintest circulation—the ammonia will produce on the skin, over the point where it was injected, a bright red patch, on the surface of which raised red spots will appear; but if there be absolute death there will be produced a brown dark blotch, which is definitely conclusive against any possible vitality.

DELEGATES WE ALL KNOW.

Members of the Constitutional Convention Who are Known and Honored Throughout Yakima.

William F. Prosser, the colleague of R. O. Dunbar of the eleventh district, is a republican. He was born on the 10th of March, 1834, near Williamsport, Pa., was educated in the common schools of that state, attending the Johnstown academy for three terms; engaged in teaching school, studying law and surveying until 20 years of age, when he emigrated, in 1854, across the plains to California; engaged in mining, chiefly in Trinity county; was second lieutenant of the Trinity rangers, a company organized to assist the regular troops in the Indian wars of 1858-59 about Humboldt bay; was the first republican candidate of the republican party in Trinity county for the legislature of California in 1860; went east at the breaking out of the war of the rebellion, in 1861; enlisted as a private in the "Anderson troop"; served in the army of the Cumberland throughout the war; took part in the battles of Shiloh, Stone River, Chickamauga, siege of Knoxville and many others; was commissioned major of the Second Tennessee cavalry regiment in March, 1863, and colonel in June, 1865. After the war was located on a farm seven miles from Nashville, Tenn.; was elected to the Tennessee legislature in 1867; was elected to congress from Nashville in 1868, was postmaster at Nashville for three years; was one of the commissioners from the state of Tennessee to the Centennial exhibition at Philadelphia in 1876; was appointed special agent of the general land office for Oregon and Washington territory in March, 1879; served in that capacity for six years; was removed in the early part of Cleveland's administration; located a homestead in 1882 upon the site of the present town of Prosser, Yakima county; was elected auditor of Yakima county for two years in 1886, and was elected a member of the constitutional convention in May, 1889, from the counties of Yakima and Klickitat, receiving the largest number of votes cast for any candidate in that district; was married in 1880 at Seattle to Miss Flora Thornton; has two children, a son and a daughter.

Jacob T. Eshelman, the only minister of the gospel elected to the convention from the Eleventh district. He was elected by the Democrats. He was born near Memphis, Mo., May 8, 1833; came to this coast May 10, 1878; taught school two years in California. Kept country; came to the territory September, 1878; lived in Klickitat county till November 1887, then moved to North Yakima to take charge of the Christian church. He is still its pastor. Since going to Yakima he has been appointed chief clerk of the U. S. land office there and still holds that position, although he has sent in his resignation. He is a resident of Yakima county although nominated by the Klickitat democratic convention, they not having forgotten the services rendered them while he lived there, and remembering his running qualities, having been three times elected in Klickitat when the republican majority was about 40 votes. Mr. Eshelman has a high standing as a minister of the Christian church. His ability as a pulpit orator and his worth as a Christian man are well known in his district. He is a man of splendid business habits and

judgment, and has made considerable money in the real estate business. R. O. Dunbar, the well known member from the Eleventh district, was born in Illinois, April 26, 1845, crossed the plains to Oregon in 1846, was educated in the Willamette university. Studied law in Olympia with Hon. Elwood Evans and was admitted to the bar in 1870. Has been practicing his profession in the territory ever since, excepting about a year and a half devoted to the practice of law in The Dalles, Oregon. Removed to Goldendale in Klickitat county in 1877, where he has resided ever since. In 1883 was elected probate judge of Klickitat county and also a member of the territorial council. Served as a member of the legislature (in the council) in the session of 1878, and was chairman of the judiciary committee and an active member of other committees. In 1882 was elected prosecuting attorney of the district of Clarke, Skamania, Klickitat, Yakima and Kittitas counties, was speaker of the legislature (house) in the fall of 1886. Is in favor of submitting the questions of prohibition and woman suffrage to the people by separate amendments. Mr. Dunbar has been a prominent candidate for congressional honors before the last two republican territorial conventions, but his failure to secure the nomination did not dampen his ardor for the republican party, as he made an earnest canvass of the territory for his successful rival each time. Ex-Judge George Turner, of the second district, Spokane Falls, is thirty-nine years of age. He was born in Edina, Knox county, Missouri, and is a lawyer. He has held the office of United States marshal for the Northern and Middle district of Alabama and associate justice for Washington territory, the first by appointment from General Grant; the second from President Arthur. Judge Turner was a personal friend of both, and largely consulted by the latter in Southern matters. He was chairman of the republican state committee in Alabama from 1876 to 1884. Member of the national convention from Alabama in 1876-80-84, and in the latter, member at large and chairman of the delegation. He was one of the 536 in the convention of 1880 for Grant. He came to Washington territory in July, 1884. Judge Turner was wrongly assailed by the labor organizations as not in sympathy with their class, in his candidacy for the constitutional convention. He was likewise assailed by the Northern Pacific railroad as inimical to their interests, and also by the woman suffragists and prohibitionists, but was elected by 500 majority and by seventy-five votes more than his associates on the republican ticket. Judge Turner is not a crank on anything. He believes in giving every interest a fair show.—Overland.

Everybody who has done any traveling by rail has been bothered by the sledge, which will get into the eyes. They get in very readily, but when it comes to taking them out, that is quite an other matter. The following hint contributed to the Medical Summary by Dr. E. W. St. Clair will be found valuable: "A few years ago, I was riding on an engine. The engineer threw open the front window, and I caught a cinder that gave me the most excruciating pain. I began to rub the eye with both hands. Let your eye alone and rub the other, said the engineer. "I know you doctors think you know it all; but if you let that eye alone and rub the other one, the cinder will be out in two minutes." I began to rub the other eye, and soon I felt the cinder down near the inner canthus, and made ready to take it out. "Let it alone and keep at the well eye, about the doctor, pro tem. I did so for a minute longer, and looked in a small glass he gave me. I found the offender on my cheek. Since then I have tried it many times, and have advised many others, and I have never known it to fail in one instance.

Spokane's Final Test.
The ways of race horses are certainly mysterious. The latest instance of this is in the performance of the celebrated 3-year-old Spokane. After winning the Kentucky and America derbies in style, he lowered his colors twice in rapid succession, once to his old opponent Pro

NORMAL COLLEGE FOR YAKIMA.—Prof. W. M. Heiney, of the public schools of Tacoma, was in Yakima last week conferring with citizens regarding a project to establish a normal college here.

MATTIE VICKERS COMING.—That accomplished and pretty sourette, Mattie Vickers, will appear at the opera house next Tuesday evening in "Jacqueline, or Paste and Diamonds."

YAKIMA RICH IN MINERALS.—Yakima gives promise of proving one of the best mining countries on the Pacific coast.

ANOTHER BIG IRRIGATION PROJECT.—H. L. Neall, the representative of Philadelphia capitalists, who has been in Yakima for a couple of weeks past, has taken a party of six to the Tietan for purposes of looking into the feasibility of a big irrigating canal from that source to cover the vast bottom of bench land lying to the east and south.

NO MERCY FOR FIRE BUGS.—Last week, while a high wind was blowing, the town of Pasco narrowly escaped destruction from fire. The station building of Mrs. E. Waters was set on fire from the rear, a sack of shavings having been saturated with coal oil, placed against the building and lighted.

WATER WORKS THIS YEAR.—Mayor Reed received this week a telegram from Geo. F. Woolstone stating that he had been unavoidably delayed but that he would be in Yakima in ample time to complete the city water works this year.

MILITIA COMPANY ORGANIZED.—A fair sized crowd met at the G. A. R. hall last Thursday evening and organized a militia company. J. C. MacCrimmon was elected captain, Dudley Eshelman first lieutenant, Matt Barthol second lieutenant and G. A. Bailey orderly sergeant.

A BIG DEAL CLOSED.—The Cadwell and Lloyd deal, for 35 lots in North Yakima, has been closed and they have authorized J. B. Puzley to make contracts for a million of bricks for the two buildings, with aggregate frontage of 175 feet on Second street, which they are under contract to build.

Elliensburgh Appreciates Yakima's Assistance.—Elliensburgh, July 12, 1890. Fred R. Reed, Esq., Mayor of North Yakima, Washington.

A THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLAR SALE.—The ranch of W. F. Morrison, situated to the southwest of the city and consisting of 230 acres, has been sold by MacLean, Reed & Co. to Q. W. Wellington, a banker of Corning, New York, for \$30,000.

Fair Warning.—All parties indebted to the late firm of Bryson & Shriver are hereby notified that settlement must be made at once as the business must be closed up.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Yakima's new steam laundry is expected to commence operations early next week.

Eight car loads of horses were shipped to the eastern markets from Yakima on Saturday last.

The city is to build a two story brick building on Front street; ground dimensions 3x20 feet.

The Oregonian says that Mattie Vickers is the equal if not the superior of Lotta in her palmist days.

The "Twelve Temptations" troupe have telegraphed to secure the opera house for the 24th inst.

G. A. Bailey recently bought of Volney Taft a pair of full blooded Bellfounders, for which he paid \$450.

Forty names are signed to the militia company's rolls which are still open for signatures at Eshelman Bros.

The third annual meeting of the Washington Press Association will be held at Tacoma on Wednesday August 14th.

The N. P. railroad employees were paid for the month of June, Wednesday. The company has twenty men on their pay roll here.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Washington Biochemic Medical College July 23rd, for the transaction of important business.

There will be a meeting of the Yakima Fire department at the engine rooms Monday evening. An especial request is made that every member be present.

The Oneida colony has recently paid the first quarter's installment of \$17,000 on the 16,000 acres of land bought near Klona, in this county, from the Northern Pacific railroad company.

The Yakima Herald has issued a neat pamphlet, giving some of the reasons why Yakima's people think the capital of the new state should be located there.—Walla Walla Union.

Chester A. Congdon, of the Ontario Land company, has offered to give to this school district the east half of block 354, in the Capital addition, on which to build the new brick school house.

The U. S. general land office has denied the application of Louisa Bellevue to make desert land entry on tract to which J. H. Morrison has made application to place a homestead filing.

Walla Walla Journal: Three hundred dollars were raised among the members of the constitutional convention for the Elliensburgh sufferers. North Yakima also came to her neighbor's relief, with a gallantry and promptness which sends a Hosannah clear into the seventh heaven.

The Presbyterian Sunday school included in a picnic at Olmstead's ferry on Thursday last and the occasion was one of great enjoyment. Mrs. Phil. Stanton furnished the ice cream and Mr. Stanton contributed to the pleasure of the occasion by giving the freedom of his new hack to the little ones.

The east bound passenger train was wrecked near Spokane Falls on Sunday owing to coming in collision with several cars which had been blown from the switch by the high wind prevailing. Four coaches were derailed and badly smashed and Fireman Flet-ber received injuries which will probably prove fatal.

A. C. Gervais brought to the office of MacLean, Reed & Co., to-day, specimens of the Chilli club wheat, in stalk, that would make the eyes of wheat growers of other sections water. The heads measure from four to seven inches and the grain is as plump as could be desired.

Wallace W. Atherton has retired from the firm of Carpenter Bros. & Atherton. Mr. Atherton contemplates locating on the Sound.

Theodore Wright, C. W. Liggett, and family, Mrs. Traylor, Mr. and Mrs. Bunnell, John Leach and Mrs. H. L. Tucker and family are among the number camping at the Soda Springs.

Mr. Cotey, of Elliensburgh, was in Yakima Wednesday. It was his first visit here for over a year and he marveled much at the great amount of building that had been done in that time.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Weed, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Krutz, Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Reed, Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Gordon and Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Snively spent last Sunday at the Soda Springs on the Yakima reservation. They found rattlesnakes too plentiful for comfort, five of which were killed by members of the party.

Council Meeting.

The regular meeting of the city council was held July 13, Mayor Reed in the chair. Councilmen Bartholet, Cary, Reynolds, Stout, Strobach and Switzer were present. Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

A telegram received from George F. Woolstone was read, stating that the water works would surely be put in this year. Chairman Switzer, of the cemetery committee, reported that Mr. Lince had opened the road to the cemetery. The city attorney was instructed to draw the necessary papers for said road, and the clerk issue a warrant payable to Mr. Lince for \$120 for right-of-way.

Chairman Bartholet, of the committee on public improvements, reported that an examination had been made of the land which Captain Thomas had offered to donate to the city for park purposes and that the committee recommended its acceptance. The report was adopted, the city attorney instructed to draw up the deeds for the same, and the mayor appointed Messrs. Stout, Reynolds and Cary a committee with the city engineer to locate the lines of the park.

With regard to property for a city building: A proposition was received from T. J. V. Clark and A. F. Switzer in which they offered to deed to the city thirty feet in block ten, with frontage on Front street, for the consideration of \$100, and that Clark would take a half interest in one of the walls of the new city building to be erected. The proposition was accepted, all voting except Cary. The city attorney was instructed to draw up the necessary papers.

Councilman Reynolds then took the chair at Mayor Reed's request. Mr. Stout stated that Prof. W. M. Heiney was present and wished to rent the council chambers for the purpose of holding school therein. The permission was given and the rent placed at \$0.00 per month.

Councilman Stout read a part of the fire ordinance of the city of Tacoma which was adopted with minor changes and the attorney was instructed to draw up an ordinance amending the present one. The ordinance was drawn forthwith, read and passed after the third reading, it being an ordinance to amend section 1 of ordinance No. 91 entitled an ordinance to amend section 8 of ordinance No. 89, entitled an ordinance establishing fire limits and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

The following bills were read and approved and warrants ordered drawn for the amounts: C. F. Matison, night watch, 27 days \$62.80

The salary of the watchman was placed at \$60 per month in scrip. An ordinance was passed amending the ordinance to prevent animals from running at large and to provide a penalty therefor.

It was moved and carried that the city printing be to the Herald. J. P. McCafferty's bid for building a sidewalk on the west side of First street was accepted.

The city engineer was instructed to purchase iron piping to be placed at the corner of each block to show grades.

Big line of stoves at cost come early. Vining & Bilger's.

Ladies' Summer Underwear reduced from 60c. to 25c. at the Great I-X-L.

Rubber hose all sizes at cost at Vining & Bilger's on account of removal sale.

Money to loan in any amounts, on approved security, by R. Strobach, North Yakima.

Ladies' Silk mitts, reduced from 50c. a pair to 25c.—don't miss this opportunity at the Great I-X-L.

Persons desiring transportation about the city or vicinity can be accommodated by leaving orders at Allen & Chapman's for Stanton's hack line.

Go and examine those elegant gold watches at Redfield's. They are dainties and so cheap! Remember, they are warranted as represented or no trade.

Bartholet Bros. will not be undersold in anything—dry goods, clothing, furnishing goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, crockery, groceries, and in fact everything kept in a first-class store.

Dandruff is probably one of the most difficult diseases of the scalp to cure, but Duntard's specific never fails to remove it permanently. Soreness after shaving is instantly relieved by its use. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

If mothers studied their best interests they would find that Dr. Henley's Dandelion Tonic is the best household remedy. Many of the ills peculiar to females could be avoided by its use. It is as pleasant to take as a glass of wine.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 2. For several weeks my wife suffered severely with kidney affection of a very aggravated character, which seemed to defy all the usual remedies. I finally tried the Oregon Kidney Tea. The effect was an immediate improvement, and she has now entirely recovered her health.

H. G. Finner, Salesman at Cutting Co. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

For weak and delicate women nothing builds up the entire system more thoroughly and effectually than Oregon Kidney Tea. It is especially adapted to diseases peculiar to the sex, is pleasant to take and in every instance proves of great value. Oregon Kidney Tea is composed of herbs found in Oregon, is put up in neat tin boxes, and can be prepared fresh by simply steeping in hot water. It contains no mineral substance whatever, is pleasant to take and never fails to cure kidney or urinary troubles. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

WE MEAN BUSINESS OUR REMOVAL SALE!

single article if unheard of low prices will then.

The Vining Block, Which we will occupy is nearly completed. We mean to give you a chance to buy Hardware at prices that will suit!

COOK STOVES! We have a special word to say of these goods: Price them, as we have marked every stove down to a ridiculously low figure. Bid ware at cost.

COOK STOVES! Everything cheap. Don't miss this grand Vining & Bilger.

—Red clover seed at the I. X. L. • —Baled hay for sale at the I. X. L. • —Vegetable seeds in bulk at the I. X. L. •

—Elegant line of satens just received at Cary's. —All styles of job printing at the Herald office. —Go to Bartholet Bros. for your Yakima dairy butter.

—Myron H. Ellis has the finest line of neckwear in the city. —Five hundred boxes of soap at Bartholet Bros. only \$1.25 per box. —Leave your orders for Ice at the Great I-X-L Co., delivered every morning.

—Alfalfa hay for sale at Capt. Inverarity's ranch. A Lenoir, proprietor. • —All of the latest styles in gents' furnishings are to be found at M. H. Ellis's. • —Delicious ice cream can be had day or night at Herke's. Leave orders for family use. je20-tf

—You will always find Morgan's "Gilt Edged" butter at Bartholet Bros. store. Call for it. je24. —100 dozen ladies' Smarking Jerseys, all colors, reduced from \$1.75 to \$1 at the Great I-X-L Co.

—Go and see the new Japanese goods just received by M. H. Ellis, successor to I. H. Dille & Co. —Shiloh's Cough and Consumption is sold by C. B. Bushnell on a guarantee. It cures consumption. —A fine new line of saddles, harness, etc., just received at C. E. McEwen's shop, Yakima avenue.

—For lame back, side or chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by C. B. Bushnell. —Groceries you must have. Groceries we must sell. Let's trade and both be happy. Bartholet Bros. —That hacking cough can be so quickly cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by C. B. Bushnell.

—The stock of harness, saddles, &c., at C. E. McEwen's is the best in the city, and his prices are the lowest. —Article cream soda knocks out all other summer drinks. Go to Herke's candy factory and try a glass. je20-tf

—Every garment made by M. Probach is warranted a good fit, good workmanship and to give satisfaction. —"Hackmetack" is a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist. —For a nobby suit, made to order, do not fail to call on our popular merchant tailor, M. Probach, on Yakima avenue. •

—A nasal injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist. —Shiloh's Cure will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist. —For square dealing and value received for your hard earned cash, call on T. G. Redfield for anything in the line of jewelry.

—The Herald is now prepared to do all kinds of job printing, from a visiting card to a full sized poster, and in the best style of art, too. —C. E. McEwen is now offering saddles, bridles, harness and everything in his line at prices not to be duplicated this side of Portland.

—If you have lost any money lately, Redfield will return it by selling you goods so remarkably cheap that you will forget your misfortune. —Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by C. B. Bushnell, druggist. —C. E. McEwen takes a pride in turning out good work. This is the reason his harness, saddles, bridles, &c., give such satisfaction and outlast all others. •

—Dr. Savage will be found always ready to attend calls day or night. Office over postoffice; residence on Second street, one block south of First National Bank. Oct. -tf. —The Rev. George H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Indiana, says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—M. Probach has received one of the finest lines of spring and summer goods in the city for gents' suits. He has also secured one of the best journeymen tailors, who makes up the garments at home, and is much more beneficial to the commodity than peddler tailors.

Yakima Candy Factory. Anticipating the wants of my numerous and increasing customers, I have prepared arrangements for furnishing I SUGAR! ICE! CHOCOLATE! in moderate prices, and for public accommodation will keep OPEN AT ALL HOURS. Also a full line of Proprietor Yakima Candy Factory. P. J. HERRICK.

WE MEAN BUSINESS OUR REMOVAL SALE!

THE GREAT I-X-L CO.



Want the Earth! But prices will be lowered to the water's edge!

Opposition we invite! Competition we defy!

Grand Knock Out For Next Ten Days!

Our store room being so overpowered with goods, we quote special Cash Prices: 100 dozen Ladies' Silk Mitts reduced to 25c. a pair. 100 dozen Ladies' Colored Hose, worth 40c., reduced to 25c. a pair. 100 dozen Ladies' Balbriggan Undervests 25c. each.

Our entire line of Ladies' Straw Hats, of the very latest shapes will be offered at one-half the regular Price. Hat Trimmings also offered at a sacrifice.

Remnants! Remnants! THROWN AWAY!

Don't Miss This Opportunity! Call Early Before They Are All Sold!

REMNANT EMBROIDERIES, REMNANT LACES, REMNANT STATEENS, REMNANT GINGHAMS, REMNANT BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED MULLINS AND OTHER GOODS. Owing to overstock in Ladies' Dusters, we will commence to slaughter prices.

Grand Cut in Prices! In our Shoe Department, our intention is to knock prices so low as to make ALL OUR PRETENDING COMPETITORS HOWL!

Our Men's and Boys' Clothing Department Will be Knocked Silly! Call at once and be convinced.

MENS' SUITS REDUCED FROM \$10 TO \$6 | BOYS' SUITS FROM \$10 TO \$6.50

" " " " " 12.50 " 7.50 " " " 7.50 " 5.00 " " " " " " 15.00 " 10.00 " " " 5.00 " 3.00 " PANTS " " " 7.50 " 5.00 " " PANTS " 6.00 " 4.00 " " " " " " 6.00 " 3.50 " " " " 2.50 " 1.50

Groceries. -- Groceries. Priced Lower Than Ever!

We carry the Largest Stock, the Latest Styles, and Prices so Low that it makes Everybody Smile Very Respectfully.

Great I-X-L Co., HYMAN HARRIS, Prop.

N. B.---Look for Sign on the Store-Building.

Delinquent Tax List.		Continued from Second Page.	
Unknown Owners, Continued—	Lot 12 in blk 19	37	37
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BARGAINS

— in —

Real Estate

RODMAN & ESHELMAN

Have Listed, and are Now Offering, for the First Time, Three Hundred

300—Business and Residence Lots—300

Formerly owned by the N. P. R. R. Co. and other Locators of North Yakima.

50—Select Residence Lots—50

On Natchez Avenue.

Prices and Terms to Suit Customers.

Special Inducements to parties desiring to build!

Call and Look Over the List.

A LARGE PORTION OF THE ABOVE PROPERTY HAS NEVER BEFORE BEEN OFFERED FOR SALE.

THE New York Store

Clothing, Gents Furnishings, Hats, Caps.

We have recently opened with a fresh stock.

Sell for Cash and Give as low prices

And Guarantee All Goods as We Represent Them.

Give us a call and examine our stock.

Vance & Milford

Proprietors.

Yakima Ave., Opp. Yakima Nat'l Bank.

The People's Barber-Shop,

YAKIMA AVENUE, NEAR HOTEL STEINER.

For Neat, Thorough Work.

The Shop has been thoroughly remodelled, and an elegant Bath Room added to its completeness.

ROBERT BENNETT, Barber. W. E. SHARROW, Proprietors.

Spinning & Robertson, Real Estate, INSURANCE.

We would respectfully call your attention to the fact that our list of

TOWN PROPERTY

is unexcelled. We have Lots for sale in every part of the city and Additions.

FARM PROPERTY

Very desirable, in tracts to suit.

Represent a fine line of Insurance Companies.

Money to Loan!

On Farm and City Property.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of Blagden, Foster & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due said firm are payable to S. J. Blagden, who assumes all liabilities of said firm.

S. J. BLAGDEN, J. T. FOSTER, J. J. ERIKSEN.

Dated at North Yakima, July 7, 1900.

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of an order of the probate court of Yakima county, made on the 21st day of November, 1900, in the matter of the estate of John Jackson, deceased, the undersigned administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, and subject to confirmation by the said probate court, on Friday, the 11th day of August, 1901, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the front door of the court house in North Yakima, Yakima county, Washington territory, all the right, title, interest and estate of the said John Jackson at the time of his death, and to all those certain lots, places or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the county of Yakima, Washington territory, bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

The NW 1/4 of section 24, in township 11, north of range 16, east.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE.

One-third of purchase price to be paid in cash at the time of sale; the balance to be paid six months from date of sale, note to be secured with approved personal security; also by mortgage on land sold, and to bear interest at the rate of ten per cent, per annum from date of sale until paid. All deeds and conveyances at expense of purchaser.

MARY G. JACKSON, Administratrix of the estate of John Jackson, deceased.

Dated this 11th day of July, 1900.

Harvey & Biggam, Blacksmiths & Wagonmakers

NORTH YAKIMA, WASH.

Having purchased the entire stock and tools of C. McLean, North Yakima, we have taken charge of the old shop on Front st., and we ask a share of public patronage in anything in our line. Repairing of all kinds of machinery and horseshoeing done to perfection.

HARVEY & BIGGAM.

A. F. SWITZER, Contractor and Builder,

NORTH YAKIMA, W. T.

Will contract for the erection of all classes of buildings, either Brick, Stone, Concrete, or Wood, and will complete the work promptly and according to agreement.

REFERENCE: First Nat'l Bank of North Yakima. Office, in rear of Rodman & Eselman's, Yakima avenue, near Hotel Yakima. Office hours, 4 to 8 p. m.

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware &c.

SUPERIOR BARBED WIRE



WHEELING STEEL NAILS

The Largest Assortment of Builders' Material in Eastern Washington, and Prices Lower Than the Lowest.

Farm Machinery, Wagons.

A. B. WEED,

Corner 1st St. & Yakima Avenue North Yakima.

Allen & Chapman, DRUGGISTS.

Keep always on hand all that is pertaining to their trade. None but pure medicines and chemicals dispensed.

Prescriptions a Specialty!

Manipulated by a Competent Pharmacist.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Use.

A large Line of Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Glass, Putty, Sash and Doors. Come and see us in our Commodious and Beautiful Quarters.

The Very Finest Brands of Key West and Imported Cigars

Corner Yakima Avenue and Second Street, North Yakima

FRANK B. SHARDLOW. JEFF D. MCDANIEL

Shardlow & McDaniel,

— DEALERS IN —

Fine Wines, Liquors, Imported & Domestic Cigars.

FINE BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Jesse Moore Kentucky Whiskies.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS AND GROCERIES.

J. J. ARMSTRONG,

Corner First street and Yakima Avenue.

A complete line of all of the commodities enumerated above will be found at this store, and a general request is sent forth to the public to call and examine the prices and quality of the Goods.

J. J. Armstrong.

"The Old Reliable," G. W. CARY,

It still to be found "doing business at the old stand," on Yakima Avenue, where will always be found a complete stock of

General Merchandise,

Consisting of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, etc., of every variety. In connection with the store Mrs. Cary conducts a

Millinery Department,

Embracing all the latest novelties in Ladies' Wear.

Yakima Ave. North Yakima, W. T. Tacoma Grocery Co.,

INCORPORATED (\$100,000).

SOLE AGENTS IN WASH. TERR. FOR CELESTINO PALACIO & Co.'s KEY WEST HAVANA CIGARS

TACOMA, WASH., IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Proprietors of the Puget Coffee and Spice Mills.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 1527 to 1541 Pacific avenue.

WHY WE ARE RIGHT-HANDED.

Protecting the Most Exposed and Vulnerable Part of Our Bodies.

Primitive man, being by nature a fighting animal, fought for the most part with his great canine teeth, his nails, and his fists, till in process of time he added to those early and natural weapons the further refinements of a club or shillalah.

He also fought, as Darwin has conclusively shown in the main for the possession of the ladies of his own sex and species. And if you fight you soon learn to protect the most exposed and vulnerable portion of your body.

To the boxer, wrestler, or hand-to-hand combatant that most vulnerable portion is undoubtedly the head. A hard blow, well delivered on the left breast, will easily kill, or, at any rate, stun even a strong man.

Hence from an early period men have used the right arm to fight with and have employed the left arm chiefly to cover the head and to parry a blow aimed at that specially vulnerable region.

And when weapons of offense and defense supersede mere fists and teeth it is the right hand that grasps the spear or sword, while the left holds over the heart for defense the shield or buckler.

From this simple origin, then, the whole vast difference of right and left in civilized life takes its beginning. At first, no doubt, the superiority of the right hand was felt only in the matter of fighting.

But that alone gave it a distinct push, and paved the way, at last, for the supremacy elsewhere.

For when weapons came into use the habitual employment of the right hand to grasp the spear, sword or knife made the nerves or muscles of the right side far more obedient to the control of the will than those of the left.

The dexterity thus acquired by the right—see how the word "dexterity" implies this act—made it more natural for the early hunter and artificer to employ the same hand perpetually in the manufacture of flint hatchets, bows and arrows, and all other manifold activities of savage life.

It was the hand with which he grasped his weapon; it was, therefore, the hand with which he chipped it. To the end, however, the right hand remains especially "the hand in which you held your knife;" and that is exactly how our own children to this day decide the question in which, when they begin to know their right hand from their left for practical purposes.—Coruhill Magazine.

The Lady Was Offended.

"Sir, how dare you insult me?" "I beg a thousand pardons—" "Oh, you needn't apologize!" "Madam, permit me to explain—" "I'll call an officer, so I will!"

The conversation took place on Chestnut street, near Tenth, Saturday afternoon, and so loud was it that a crowd soon collected. The young lady who was dining most of the talking, burst into tears and started on down the street.

The young man to whom the conversation was addressed tremblingly explained that he and a friend were coming down Chestnut street from Association Hall. The street was so crowded that they frequently became separated. At a critical moment the young lady happened to be alongside of him, and getting a side glance of her straw hat he thought it was his gentle man friend. Without looking to see whom he was addressing, he asked:

"Have you changed your underclothes yet?"

The young lady, of course, was mortally offended, and that was the cause of the whole trouble. See?—Philadelphia North American.

Northern Pacific's Dividend.

The matter of the division of the surplus made by the Northern Pacific Company is already under discussion. The company has earned three per cent. on the preferred stock during the year ending June 30th. Some form of obligation should be to the preferred holders. It is not impossible that the company will this year issue a new obligation, probably in the form of a debenture bond.

If this is done the preferred stockholders may get their dividend in the security. Any new bonded issue will require the consent of three-fourths of the preferred stockholders. There has been a proposition to fund the present debt and issue a new blanket mortgage to cover present issues and the future wants of the company. The whole situation will be thoroughly discussed and be laid before the annual meeting in October. In the meantime, the dividend on the preferred is certain to be 3 or 3 1/2 per cent., only the form of it being in doubt.—Railroad Record.

How Fortunes Are Made.

A Philadelphia soap man, who himself made a fortune on clear advertising, says that it would pay half a dozen papers of his circulation to take up any paper from the street, establish him in any business under the sun, it didn't matter what, and give him a column of advertising free every day for a year. Then, he said, those papers would show by a practical object lesson to advertisers the tremendous effect of advertising, because the paper they took off the streets would by that time be a millionaire.

How to Cox a Man to Propose.

An elderly man was telling a group of giddy young girls the other day how he proposed to his wife when he was a young man. She was sewing at the time, he said, or he never would never have had courage to do it. If girls would sew more he thinks they would have more matrimonial chances. Sewing he considers the best accomplishment a woman can have. A woman engaged with a needle has a domestic, homelike air that is irresistible to a man who loves her. It is a picture of what she would be in her own home, and makes him long that it should be his

also. How can a man propose to a girl who sits straight up in her chair, staring hard at him with a pair of bright eyes? but when she is bending gracefully over a bit of plain or fancy sewing, apparently absorbed in counting the stitches, and the arrows of her eyes are sheathed for a few minutes, he plucks up courage enough to offer her his hand and heart.

The average young man is bashful in such affairs, though bold enough at other times, and needs encouragement and opportunities. What sort of encouragement is a pair of bright eyes staring into his, watching his embarrassment? Listen to the advice of an old man who has been all through it, drop your eyes and give the young man a chance. Remember this, girls, when the favorite young man drops in to make an evening visit, get out your bit of fancy-work and look domestic, and with every stitch of your needle you will bind his heart more closely to your own.

This is the advantage that the English girls are said to possess over the American girls—they are more domestic; if they shine less brilliantly in society than their American sisters their domestic virtues shed a steady luster in their houses. This of course is looking at the question from an English point of view. The American girls are capable of doing both; domesticity is not incompatible with social brilliancy, and many of society's queens are careful housekeepers and devoted wives and mothers, keeping their sweetest words and smiles for their own homes.—N. Y. Sun.

Horribly Scared.

But He Did Not Forget His Politeness to His Heavenly Visitor.

Not long after the war a circus came to Montgomery. It was the first circus that had been there in a long time, and attracted an immense crowd, especially of the negroes. The most interesting feature of the entertainment was a balloon ascension. The negroes had never seen anything of the kind, and regarded the spectacle of a man sailing up in the clouds very much as they would have looked upon Elijah going up in his chariot of fire.

The balloon sailed away eight or ten miles and came down in a field where some negroes were plowing. Terrified at the spectacle of a chariot coming down from heaven, they verily believed that the last great day had come, and, remembering all their short-comings, fled away in terror at the approach of the awful judge.

One grey-headed and rheumatic old negro was unable to get away. He could follow the plow, but he could not run, and the chariot came down upon him with awful swiftness. In that awful moment his whole life rushed upon him, he thought of all the petty sins he had committed and the ghosts of a hundred chickens seemed to rise up in judgment against him. But in that desperate emergency his mind did not desert him, and remembering that politeness always counted with his earthly master, he quickly decided to greet the Lord of heaven and earth in becoming style. As the aeronaut touched the earth and began to untangle himself from the meshes about his car, the old darky, with an air of profound obedience, removed the wool hat from his shiny pate, bowed low and said with pious unction: "Mornin', Mars Jesus; how 's you lef' your pa?"—Atlanta Constitution.

A Painter for Proctor Knott.

A ruddy-faced old gentleman picked up Proctor Knott's left fore foot, examined the heel and the shoe, then remarked: "Tell Mr. Bryant that his horse needs to have his heels trimmed if he would win a race and continue a winner on the track. His heel is too long, it strikes the ground first, cracks his quarter and shortens his stride. Shoe him so that he will strike level on his feet and he will be a better horse in every way."

"And who says so?" was the sneering question of the surly groom. "Robert Bonner, of New York. My best wishes to your employer for his fine horse, for he is a beauty, and if correctly shod he will do good work."

The groom's cap came off at once, as he began to apologize and explain that so many people came about the stables to look at Proctor that he did not really know when to be civil. The stable boys pulled off their caps to the owner of Maud S, the queen of the turf, as the unpretentious old gentleman walked across the stable yard to see Spokane, the winner of the Derby.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

OBITUARY.

Died, in North Yakima, June 24, 1890, Claid McDaniel, son of Elisha and Ida McDaniel, aged fourteen months and six days.

Oh, blessed hope, oh, glorious hope, That God's free grace hath given: The hope that though through death we part, We all may meet in heaven.

How can I let the loved one go, How can I bear with him to part, To have his presence here no more, Oh, how it rends and breaks my heart.

But our great loss is his great gain, He's with the Lord; they'll never part; I'll see his face; he'll live again; Oh, how this hope revives my heart.

—Alfalfa seeds at the I. X. L. —Timothy seed at the I. X. L.

—John, when you go to town, just step in at Bartholet's and get me some of that elegant salt pork. It is delicious.

—Go to Redfield's and examine those steel planes with gold nose-pieces—a new patent. They never rust nor wear out.

For Sale Cheap. An old team and an almost new second-hand wagon and harness. Terms easy. Apply to R. STROBACH.

\$100,000 to Loan. MacLean, Reed & Co. have \$100,000 to loan on improved farm lands. Applications for loans will receive prompt attention.

The Teacher

Who advised her pupils to strengthen their minds by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, appreciated the truth that bodily health is essential to mental vigor. For persons of delicate and feeble constitution, whether young or old, this medicine is remarkably beneficial. Be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring and fall I take a number of bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and am greatly benefited."—Mrs. James H. Eastman, Stoneham, Mass.

"I have taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla with great benefit to my general health."—Miss Thirza L. Crear, Palmyra, Md.

"My daughter, twelve years of age, has suffered for the past year from General Debility.

A few weeks since, we began to give her Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Her health has greatly improved."—Mrs. Harriet H. Batten, South Chimesford, Mass.

"About a year ago I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for debility and neuralgia resulting from malarial exposure in the army. I was in a very bad condition, but six bottles of the Sarsaparilla, with occasional doses of Ayer's Pills, has greatly improved my health. I am now able to work, and feel that I cannot say too much for your excellent remedies."—F. A. Pinkham, South Molinicus, Me.

"My daughter, sixteen years old, is using Ayer's Sarsaparilla with good effect."—Rev. S. J. Graham, United Brethren Church, Buckhannon, W. Va.

I suffered from Nervous Prostration, with lame back and headache, and have been much benefited by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I am now 50 years of age, and am confident that my present health and prolonged life are due to the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Lucy Mottit, Killingly, Conn.

Mrs. Ann H. Farnsworth, a lady 73 years old, So. Woodstock, Vt., writes: "After several weeks' suffering from nervous prostration, I procured a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken half of it my usual health returned."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5. Worth \$5 a bottle.

G. A. BAILEY

—THE PIONEER— Sewing Machine Man, Is now General Agent for the Best Makes of Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines

I get my Goods direct from the different Manufacturing Establishments, so I am enabled to Sell Cheaper, —And to Give— BETTER -- TERMS

Then any other Agent in the Field. Terms Cash, or Notes With Good Endorsers.

G. A. Bailey With Redfield, Yakima Ave.

OREGON KIDNEY TEA FOR URINARY KIDNEY TROUBLES DR. HENLEY'S DANDELION TONIC AN ELEGANT APPETIZER. CURES INDIGESTION. DUTARD'S SPECIFIC FOR ALL SKIN DISEASES. THE STARK MEDICINE CO. PORTLAND, OR.

Sold by Allen & Chapman. Field & Meyer, —CITY—

Meat Market,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS AND PACKERS, North Yakima, Washington Territory. M. PROBACH, (successor to H. Sigmond.) —THE LEADING—

MERCHANT TAILOR.

YAKIMA AVE., near Front St., Domestic and Imported Goods made up in the latest styles and at reasonable prices. ALL CLOTHES GUARANTEED TO FIT. (cleaning and Repairing a Specialty.)

To Increase Capital Stock.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the Konesawick Ditch Company will be held Saturday, July 20th, 1890, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the schoolhouse in Parker Bottom, for the purpose of increasing the Capital Stock of said Company to \$2000. A full representation of stock is desired. E. THORNTON, my20-1914 J. B. BARTHOLET.

WELL DIGGING.

I am fully prepared to dig wells, cellars and other excavations in the city or country. All work done speedily, cheaply and in good shape. THOS. BURTON, North-Yakima, W. T.

BARTHOLET BROS. The Syndicate Sub-Division and Meeker's Addition to NORTH YAKIMA! The former contains some of the finest Residence Property on the west side of the Railroad and the latter, with its Fine Soil, all Cleared and Sown to Grass, Together with a complete water-right with each and every Lot, presents an opportunity to buy Cheap and Desirable Residence Property, That should be immediately taken advantage of by all desiring first-class paying investments. Terms, one-third cash, balance in equal payments in six and twelve months. Call at our Office and let us show you This Property before Purchasing. FECHTER & LAW, Sole Agents, REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGENTS, Office Over Yakima National Bank. North Yakima, Washington

MacLEAN, REED & Co., Real Estate and Insurance, Yakima Avenue. TO THE PUBLIC: A few Reasons why North Yakima, Washington Territory is being recognized as the most promising city in Central Washington: First—Because it has eight of the finest, largest and most fertile valleys in Washington Territory immediately tributary to it. Second—The seasons are from four to eight weeks earlier than any other part of the north-west coast. Third—Because we have the finest and most delightful climate in the Pacific northwest. Fourth—We are destined to become the great truck garden of the coast, with a cash market for our produce on Puget Sound. Fifth—Being centrally located, we are recognized as the desirable place for the capital of the great state of Washington. Sixth—Because men who are well known as successful, shrewd and long-busied, are making large investments in North Yakima and Yakima county. Believing we are located in the most favored portion of Washington Territory for gardening, fruit growing and general agricultural purposes we invite all those who are looking for homes, business locations and manufacturing opportunities, to call on us at North Yakima, and, by seeing for themselves, be convinced. We have now listed for sale, in addition to the Northern Pacific Lands, of which we are the local agents, some of the most desirable residence and business lots in North Yakima, together with farm property and garden tracts. The opening of Spring will herald a sharper advance in the realty of Yakima than has been realized during the corresponding seasons for two years past; and it is a the best and coined the most money. Let not the opportunity slip, but get in a once and drill! Now is the Accepted Time to Invest! Well Known Fact That while all who have "dabbled in Yakima dirt" have made handsome returns on their investments, those who have availed themselves of the winter months for purchasing have fared

MacLean, Reed & Co., P. O. BOX, 372.

S. J. LOWE Carries the largest, best and cheapest stock of all kinds of Cooking and Heating Stoves, HARDWARE, Etc., which he is prepared to offer at remarkably low prices. Also in stock a fine line of Tinware, Sheet Ironware, Graniteware, Guns, Pistols and Farm Implements. Corner Yakima Avenue and First street. W. T.

MILROY'S ADDITION! On the Market July 1st! I have platted and will put on the market 46 acres of the beautiful building lots located on the gently sloping hillside overlooking the city of North Yakima, and known as

Milroy's Addition, Monday, July 1st! No Cash payments, and long time given to Those who will Build Immediately. This Addition is the most desirable Residence portion of North Yakima.

W. J. MILROY, Office in Hewitt Block, Corner Second and Chestnut Sts., North Yakima. GULLAND HOUSE FIRST STREET, NORTH YAKIMA. D. Guiland, Prop. Conveniently located. Finely furnished. The very best fare and accommodations in the City RATES, \$1.50 TO \$2.00 PER DAY, According to Room. Special rates to regular boarders.