





Delinquents Must Settle.

This is the time of year when newspapers need money, and subscribers should not forget that the times pass more rapidly with the reader than they do with the publisher who has to pay the bills.

HERALDINGS.

Wm. Ker returned from a trip to Tacoma on Wednesday.

C. E. Lam, of Kennewick, was a Yakima visitor the fore part of the week.

W. H. Kershaw is excavating for a brick residence on Second street, corner of B.

Mr. Bicknell, of Kennewick, brought up a wagon load of peaches on Monday for this market.

You can save 20 per cent on boots and shoes and get leather and not paper goods, at Schott the shoe man's. 2114.

A. W. Engle, of Seattle, spent a couple of days in the city this week, attending the semi-annual meeting of the directors of the First National bank.

Frank Fitterer, of the Hotel Bartholomew, was severely cut in the hand Monday night by a broken glass. Dr. McCormack dressed the wound.

Dr. E. E. Massey, of Caldwell, Idaho, was a guest at the Hotel Yakima, Tuesday. The doctor is looking over the state with a view to making a new location.

Miss Cora Allen left Wednesday for Tacoma to attend a lunch to be given by Miss Minnie Catlin, on Thursday, for which 300 invitations have been issued.

Ladies fine shoes in B. C. D. E. EE widths in hand-turned, and handwilt. In common sense and opera lasts. Come and see them at Schott the shoe man's.

The state convention of the people's party for the purpose of nominating presidential electors, a state and congressional ticket, will be held at Ellensburg on the 25th of this month. Yakima is entitled to four delegates.

J. M. Ogle, wife and daughter, arrived from the Sound on Wednesday. Mrs. Ogle left the next day for Pomeroy, being accompanied as far as Walla Walla by her husband. They will return in a few days bringing Mr. Ogle's mother who has been residing in Pomeroy.

C. H. Leadbetter, of the Columbia & Yakima Irrigation company, arrived from Kennewick, Monday, and spent several days in the city looking after the interests of his company. He is at present employing 150 men on the Columbia river ditch, and work is progressing very satisfactorily.

The Great Northern, in its haste to get across the state, cannot wait to put in a steel bridge over the Columbia, at Wenatchee, and has secured the steamer T. L. Nixon to be used as a transfer boat. The Nixon started up the river from Pasco the other day, but broke a part of her machinery and had to return for repairs.

Four individuals of the stripe that caused ex-Marshall Cook to make the distinction in classification by cutting them colored gentlemen when they were sober and drunken niggers when they were not, loaded themselves with gin on Monday and then proceeded to take in the town. They visited the Maison de Jolie of Annie Bennett, and notwithstanding the protests of the occupants they forced entrance into the house and proceeded to make themselves obnoxious. Finally the fair and frail Annie could stand their actions no longer, and fearing personal harm drew a revolver, after repeated warnings, and fired at the most boisterous and preening of the intruders—one Joe Humphrey. The bullet took effect in the body part of the derby's right arm, which caused the gang to beat a hasty retreat. Humphrey went to the office of Dr. Cox, where the wound was dressed. One of the negroes was arrested and fined for disorderly conduct, but nothing was done with the girl, as the general sentiment was that she had acted in self protection, and that Humphrey, who has an unsavory reputation, was served about right.

A meeting of land owners was held at the Wide Hollow school house, Monday afternoon to consider the Barlow-Burlingame ditch proposition. Col. L. S. Howlett was called to the chair and ably presided over the gathering. A committee was chosen by the meeting consisting of Joseph Stephenson, Col. H. D. Cook and John L. Morrison to investigate the proposition and consult legal counsel as to the effect and force of the contracts submitted by Messrs. Barlow and Burlingame for easements. The meeting then adjourned until Saturday, at 2 p. m. at the council chambers. The contract provides that the signers shall deed half of the arid land covered by the proposed ditch to the builder, as a bonus, and to pay \$1.50 per acre annual rental for all land put in cultivation under the ditch, the settlers to have one-half inch of water per acre. There seems to be some doubt among the settlers as to whether or not the amount of water stated was sufficient for the requirements while others maintained that it would make a marsh of the land in time. Messrs. Barlow and Burlingame set a force of men with teams to work on Monday and they are now engaged in making an appropriation of the waters of the Natchez. The proposed ditch will be 11 feet wide on the bottom, with a two feet slope, 3 feet deep, 3 feet fall to the mile and carry 5000 inches of water.

PEOPLES PARTY CONVENTION

The Reformers Meet and Make Nominations for the County Offices.

Nominations for Prosecuting Attorney and Surveyor Were Passed—Twenty of Aspirants for the More Profitable Offices

The people's party of Yakima county had its formal baptism on Wednesday, when the delegates from the Farmers' Alliance, the Industrial Union, the Progressive Alliance, the Knights of Labor, and from the various sections of the county met at the courthouse and organized by electing B. F. Vaughn chairman; W. E. Clark, secretary, and Wm. Mills, assistant secretary. There were thirty-two delegates present, and with their proxies they were able to cast thirty-five votes. A careful canvass of the delegates showed that before the inauguration of the new movement twenty were republicans and twelve democrats, although some placed in the latter class seldom voted the party ticket. The following is the list of delegates as reported by the committee on credentials:

North Yakima—John G. Boyle, F. T. Parker, L. C. Read, P. S. Burke. Knights of Labor—John O. Riley by proxy, G. W. Gardner, B. F. Vaughn, W. E. Clark, M. E. Reed. Farmers Alliance and Industrial Union—G. W. Roberts, L. S. Brown, H. B. Booth, A. Swenen. Farmers Alliance—A. R. Cook, H. F. Rock.

Prosser—G. W. Wilgus. Natchez—Dan Nelson, Perry Zirkle, H. Calbert, L. L. Thorpe. Progressive Farmers Alliance—Z. F. Powell, Jos. LaFortune, Lale Little. Wenas—Simon Longmire, Thomas Taylor, Jasper McLaughlin, Joseph Cochran. Moses Lake—C. Parrish, W. J. Dickson, Wm. Mills, Simpson. Atlatunum—J. F. Marks. Parker Bottom—Dr. P. D. Brooke. The morning session was devoted to organization and the adoption of the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Omaha platform is endorsed and adopted by this convention.

Resolved, That it is the sense of this convention that the present delinquent tax law passed by the last legislature is oppressive on the farmers; for by its enforcement it gives those who may be unfortunate in raising a crop no chance to save their land; for if sold under the present law they have no chance to redeem it; we therefore demand its repeal.

Resolved, That the citizens of this county, banished settlers on U. S. government land, have resided on, continuously cultivated and improved and complied with all the requirements of law governing such settlements; during this time their children have grown to manhood and womanhood on these homes to which they have failed to obtain title, the issue of final papers in these cases having been prevented by the fraudulent and false pretenses of the Northern Pacific Land company; the persistent attempts of this company to defeat the rights of the people has continuously harassed and burdened these settlers with expensive litigation. Those having authority in these cases have witnessed this unequal struggle, knowing the helplessness of the settlers in the grip of a powerful corporation, without extending to the settlers that protection which the law guarantees to every citizen. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That we, the people of Yakima county in convention of the people's party assembled, do emphatically demand a cessation of Northern Pacific interference with the rights of settlers on public land. We also demand the immediate issue of final papers to all settlers on public lands who have complied with the requirements of law. Resolved, By this convention that the next legislature is respectfully petitioned to enact a law against the employment of the police system known as the Pinkerton detective force to take the place of the militia force in times of peace, and that the legislature declare the Pinkerton police interference in our civil policy as a felony to be punished by law.

The announcement that balloting would be commenced for those who were disinterested enough to permit their names to be used in connection with the county offices, created a revival of interest in the proceedings throughout the hall. It was clear to be seen that there were many present who would willingly sacrifice their own private interests to serve the poor people, and especially was this the case when it came to the balloting for some one to handle the county's money. Six candidates were named, and probably twice as many more would have been in the arena could they have secured any one to present their names.

John W. Brice, of the Wenas, was nominated for representative, receiving 20 votes to 6 for L. C. Read and the same number for L. L. Thiero. Mr. Brice is a well known farmer, and was at one time the nominee of the prohibitionists for representative. He was not present at the convention, being on the Columbia river where he has a land claim, and it is not known that he will accept of the nomination, he having recently informed W. H. Liptrap that he had no connection with the third party, and that he was predisposed in favor of the democrats.

J. P. Marks, Tobias Beckner, James Stuart and F. T. Parker were placed in nomination for sheriff. W. E. Carke nominated Mr. Stuart, but as he failed to receive the vote of even the delegate who nominated him, F. Sanford Burke moved, after the first ballot, that his name be dropped. The motion carried, although it had the appearance of being a superfluity. Three ballots were taken, Mr. Beckner receiving 24 votes to 3 for Marks and 8 for Parker, and was declared the nominee. Mr. Beckner is a large landed proprietor and extensive farmer of the Bickleton neighborhood, and is held in high esteem by all who know him. He has always been a staunch and true democrat in the past, and his friends maintain that there has been no change in this respect. He, also, was not present at the convention, and it is doubtful if he will accept the nomination. Should he be disposed to favor it there is a strong feeling among the democrats to place him on their ticket, for he would make a

strong one and is thoroughly competent to fill the office with credit.

For auditor the candidates were L. C. Read, B. F. Vaughn and R. L. Fraker, the first named being nominated on the second ballot, after Mr. Vaughn withdrew, receiving 18 votes to 16 for Fraker. Mr. Read was a republican, is something of a farmer, having planted a large prune orchard, but is mainly known on account of his ability as a musician, and if he brings his cornet into the campaign he will at least add a pleasing element to it. The following financiers were ready to accept the office of county treasurer: L. B. Kinyon, J. C. McCrimmon, Leonard Thorpe, J. P. Marks and B. F. Vaughn. After the first ballot Messrs. McCrimmon and Vaughn withdrew their names and Mr. Thorpe was nominated. The nominee is an old settler in Yakima county, although he has pulled up his stakes several times and moved away, only to return. He is a man of some property, a Spiritualist, and was formerly allied with the democrats.

Robert Fraker was nominated for county clerk on the first ballot, receiving 19 votes to 9 for W. E. Clark and 7 for F. T. Parker. Mr. Fraker is an ex-democrat, who worked against the democratic nominee for auditor at the last election. He is a competent clerk and joined the Republicans during the revival some months since.

C. L. Gano, of the Moxee, was nominated for assessor; Dr. W. W. McCormack for coroner; W. D. Ingalls for superintendent of schools; and the nominees for county commissioners were as follows: First district, Holt Calvert, of Wenas; second district, J. P. Marks, of the Atlatunum; third district, W. B. Matthews, of Prosser.

The officers of prosecuting attorney, surveyor and sheep commissioner were passed, to be filled by appointment of the executive central committee.

The delegates elected to the Ellensburg convention on the 25th inst. were G. W. Roberts, L. S. Brown, W. E. Clark and B. F. Vaughn. J. H. Needham and L. C. Parrish were also elected as delegates at large, but will probably not be given seats as the call does not provide for such representation.

On Tuesday the register and receiver of the U. S. land office sent to the commissioner of the general land office their report of the business of this district for the fiscal year ending June 30th. The report showed that of lands not granted or reserved and subject to settlement or entry on July 1, 1902, there were 64,000 acres of surveyed land in Douglas county; 283,250 acres of surveyed and 234,400 acres of unsurveyed land in Kittitas county; 431,504 acres surveyed and 521,600 acres of unsurveyed land in Yakima county; total for the district, 2,454,930 acres. There were 11 pre-emption entries, 5 of timber and stone, 63 of desert land, 4 desert land proofs, 4 commuted homesteads, 20 commuted timber cultures under the act of March 3d, 1891, 144 homestead entries, 32 homestead proofs, 1 timber culture entry, 5 timber culture proofs and 2 railroad selections, embracing 747 acres. The total number of acres taken was 83,554, against 68,000 for the previous year. The amount of fees, commissions and land payments made \$24,872.50 against \$30,000 for 1901. The salaries and fees of the officers fell from the maximum \$6,000 to \$4,394.96, and the total number of entries and proofs was only 329, against 648 the previous fiscal year.

The stimulus that irrigation enterprises gave to desert land entries is shown through 32,322 acres being appropriated in this way. The main reason for the general falling off of the business of the office was the repeal of the timber culture and pre-emption laws.

The democratic ratification meeting, Tuesday evening, passed off very successfully. The cornet band was out, and all the musicians wore Cleveland hats. The same political decoration was a feature of those who marched in the procession from the opera-house to the band stand, opposite the Hotel Yakima, where the speaking was held. Captain J. T. Kingsbury was the chairman of the occasion, and introduced the speakers, who were ex-governor Eugene Semple, of Tacoma, Hon. H. J. Sniely and Hon. J. B. Reavis. The speeches were brief, but were listened to with marked attention; and the good, sound, democratic doctrines advanced were frequently applauded. The audience was a large one and included many of the fair sex. A huge bonfire, the booming of anvils, and colored fires were features of the occasion.

Robert Ryan, who was stabbed by Sherman on the night of July 24, is still in a very precarious condition; in fact for the past two days the indications have been most unfavorable. His wife is with him most of the time at the hospital. Sherman is in jail awaiting the outcome, and may have a hearing tomorrow. He sets up a plea of self defense, and claims that Ryan hit him in the side of the head and then followed him around the room of the saloon, and that he used the knife only when driven behind the "crap" table and cornered. Sherman's face is swollen and shows marks of a blow of some kind; but whether inflicted by himself or Ryan has not been settled, although there is one witness who claims Ryan struck Sherman and was the aggressor.

Assessor Shannafelt has completed his work of assessment, with the exception of some of the footings, and gives the population of the county as 6,044. The assessor endeavored to keep the census of the city separate from the balance of the county, and while a few errors may have crept in he says that the population of the city is about 2,500, and that it may be a few over or a few under this figure, although the variance will not run over a dozen either way. The property valuation in the county has increased \$500,000.

Mrs. E. Chapman, who has been visiting the family of M. G. Wills, left for home to-day on receipt of the telegraphic announcement of the death of her father-in-law, at Salem, Or.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

Judge Graves held court here for a couple of days this week, and then granted an adjournment until Monday next. All jury cases have been continued for the term, and the only matter of public interest that came up was the divorce proceedings of Anna Stone vs. Henry T. Stone, on the grounds of abandonment. The divorce was granted.

M. G. Wills returned on Tuesday from attending the Chicago convention and visiting relatives and old friends in Arkansas and Missouri. Mr. Wills reports having a splendid time and enjoyable trip, and returns fully imbued with the belief that Grover Cleveland will be the next president of the United States.

"The Midnight Alarm" troupe, which gave a performance at the opera-house Tuesday evening, was fairly well named. The play itself is enough to give a well regulated community the horrors, but the acting was so much worse than the plot that, as Mrs. Partington has aptly said, "comparisons are odorous."

Seattle Press-Times: "The last time I saw George Hazard," says Mr. Sniely, who was at Chicago, "he was waving his hat at Senator Daniels' eulogy of Mr. Hill." But the luster of that oleaginous smile of Hazard is undimmed by defeat, and he will knife Grover in Washington without winking his eye or turning a hair.

The rotary artesian well machine, located beyond Barrel Springs, has been having a hard time between boulders and a formation resembling onyx. A drill will be worn out in half a day, and very little progress made. The hole is now down 100 feet, and easier drilling is experienced.

The involving of S. J. Lowe's hardware stock, preliminary to its sale, has been completed and the transfer will probably be made in a few days. Unless present arrangements are altered the new proprietors will be W. Walton, late of Leadville, Col., and W. W. Atherton.

Mrs. Bud Chapman, of Salem, Or., who has been visiting her sister, Miss Mary Vinson, in this city for several weeks past, was called home Thursday by telegraphic information of the death of her father-in-law, Rev. Caleb Chapman, an Oregon pioneer.

The street department has been busy this week reducing the rock piles over the sewer trenches. The sewer work is to be finished at once, and D. Stewart, who was superintendent under Contractor Schmidt, will have a force of men on the work by Monday.

The hearing in the case of the restored Sunnydale lands has been postponed until August 24, through an agreement between the representative of the government and the attorneys of the Northern Pacific.

"Ted" Cox, the little son of W. A. Cox, has been adopted by the local democracy as their mascot. He appeared at the head of the democratic parade, Tuesday night, with a Cleveland hat on.

Fred R. Reed returned on Tuesday from a trip which embraced the cities of Tacoma, Seattle and Spokane. Mr. Reed expects that his business will take him to Duluth shortly.

The family of D. E. Leah is encamped in the mountains near Stampede tunnel. The families of W. F. Jones and Albert Saylor left for the camp to-day.

Wm. Lines and brother were intending to leave for Victoria on Tuesday, but the report of smallpox caused a postponement of the trip.

Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Morrison leave for the Sound to-day. The trip is taken in hopes of benefitting Mrs. Morrison's health.

Thomas Johnson, of Seattle, was in the city Monday, looking after his interests before the U. S. land office.

A. K. Hiecock, of Tacoma, was in the city this week for a few days. He left for home Thursday.

Joseph Liggett, sr., is dangerously sick at the residence of his son, C. W. Liggett.

Frank C. Sharkey is over from Tacoma on a visit.

New poster type just received at THE HERALD OFFICE. THE HERALD also carries the largest stock of job papers to be found in central Washington. Taste and purse can both be satisfied.

All those indebted to me, either by note or book account, will please call at once and settle. HENRY DITTEL.

HERBY CLAW, who keeps the world posted on the doings of Wall street, writes that the New York banks had to help the government to maintain its gold reserve last week. As a banister Harrison picks the pipe in from the highest timba.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Advertised Letter List.

Letters uncalled for at the postoffice at North Yakima for the week ending July 16, 1892:

- Alexander, Mrs M
Carlson, John
Fisher, J A
Grogg, Walter
Hopkins, Wilber
McDonald, W G
Porter, Chas K
Whelan, C P
Johnson, Gust
Barnet, Clarence
Epelley, C
Flemming, Mrs L
Hardin, W R
Harris, T
Lewin, Benton A
Miller, D A
Quanzill, Will
Wilson, M J

Persons calling for any of the above letters please give the date on which advertised.

ROBERT DUNN, P. M.

Over on the Umatilla Indian reservation they do the mortuary services up in style. Recently Ya-ten-o-octa, a Umatilla chief, forded the river Styx, and at the funeral feast that followed, which was enjoyed by fully 600 Indians, the squaw of the dead chief distributed 82 ponies, 50 shirts, 100 blankets and a number of pipes and beaded articles among those present.

S. W. deLacy, a representative of the Tacoma Ledger, was a Yakima visitor on Wednesday, and took in the people's party convention.

Henry Teal left on Wednesday for Portland, to spend the summer vacation with his parents.

Sunday dinner at the Hotel de Schanno Yakima City, from 5 to 7 p. m. 25-1

If you are going to the mountains this summer you should first go to Lombard & Horley's and see the gold medal folding camp furniture. It is inexpensive and adds wonderfully to the comfort and pleasure of an outing.

Teachers' Institute for Yakima County.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash, July 6th, 1892.

The annual teachers' institute for Yakima county will be held in the Columbia school building, at North Yakima, beginning August 15th, and will continue five days.

Hon. J. H. Morgan, superintendent of Kittitas county will conduct the institute, assisted by some of Yakima county's best teachers.

Every teacher wishing to teach in the county the coming year is expected to be present during the entire session. Any teacher failing to attend the institute in the county in which he holds a certificate to teach, unless on account of sickness, or for other good and sufficient reason, shall be deemed to have forfeited his certificate; Sec. 77, school laws, the attorney general of the state holding as follows: "The teacher must be there every day and during the whole of each day's session, unless prevented by sickness or other good and sufficient reason."

J. G. LAWRENCE, County Superintendent.

Suspenders at cost at Dittor's. 17-1

Campers should remember that Lombard & Horley have the celebrated gold medal camp furniture, including cots, chairs and tables.

Before buying flour inquire the price of Victor-flour, and you will find it the cheapest and also the best quality. 17-1

A barn, centrally located, to rent cheap. Apply at this office. 2114.

M. G. WILLS' SALOON, New Beck Block, Yakima Ave.

The new fittings and furnishings, comfortable quarters and courteous treatment are held out to the public as inducement for patronage, and the most popular and purest make of fine

Wines, Liquors and Cigar.

Are always to be had at his Bar.

The second story of the building has been fitted up and partitioned off into

Club Rooms

Drop in and "Smile!"

FECHTER & ROSS, Real Estate, Insurance and Loans

80 ACRES IN THE MOXEE Valley, \$2,600. It will pay buyers to investigate this.

80 ACRES IN THE MOXEE VALLEY \$3,300, is offered for a few days.

80 ACRES IN THE NATCHEZ VALLEY, \$4,500. A bargain in this buy.

Also IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED FARMS, in all parts of the County.

Large AND SMALL Tracts in all parts of Yakima County.

These ARE ALL PROPOSITIONS and will bear a close investigation.

Agents for Lombard Investment Company, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance, Northern Pacific Lands, Selah Valley Lands.

FECHTER & ROSS, Opposite Yakima National Bank.

A Golden Opportunity

ARE YOU GOING TO BUILD? IF SO CONSULT MAXWELL KREMER & BROTHERS, WHO HAVE SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED THE BURNING OF

200,000 BRICKS

And are now prepared to lay them in the wall at prices that should stimulate building, even during dull times.

The Brick Are a Superior Article

And any one contemplating building should call on or address the undersigned, MAXWELL KREMER & BROS.,

NORTH YAKIMA, WASH.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT!

DRY GOODS AND CROCKERY, ETC., ETC. AT OUR FIGURES.

We are Crowded With Goods and for Next 30 Days will Cut Right and Left.

F. & T. Co-Op. Store, Unger, Mulligan & Co.

SNELLING & MAHER, Hardware Dealers, SUCCESSORS TO LIVESLEY & SON.

The Lowest Prices. Come - and - See - Us.

A Big Sensation!

THIS SWELL IS CUTTING A BIT OF A DASH, BAH JOVE.

Walen & Insland Are making a big sensation with their New Teams and New Buggies

And fresh Saddle Horses. Horses boarded by the day, week or month at reasonable rates. Police attention and satisfaction given.

Give Them a Call When You Want a Rig

The old Mattoon stand, west side of First street, corner of Walnut. WALLEN & INSLAND.

PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC. I can give you samples of dress goods to you if you will specify about the quality and style of goods you desire.

McDougal & Southwick Company, 717-719-721-723 FRONT ST., Seattle - Wash.

# ZILLAH

# ZILLAH

Northern  
Pacific  
Progress

★ ★ ★

## ZILLAH

★ ★ ★

For Full Information Address

**Fred R. Reed & Co**

AGENTS

North Yakima, Wash

# ZILLAH

**T**HE Northern Pacific, Yakima & Kittitas Irrigation Company in its great work of reclaiming 200,000 acres of arid land by building immense canals and irrigating the same has placed Yakima County in the front rank as the great Hop, Fruit, Vegetable and Hay producing section of Washington. In the center of this magnificent agricultural and horticultural country the Northern Pacific, Yakima & Kittitas Irrigation Company has plated and laid out the **TOWN OF ZILLAH** and on Monday, June 27th, 1892, the town market. Zillah is 25 miles south of North Yakima on the river of that name and is the official terminus of the Motor Railroad to be built to North Yakima. Zillah is the headquarters of the company and handsome quarters are being erected to be occupied by the officials as soon as completed. Situated as this town is there are legitimate reasons why it should be prosperous, progressive and healthy. Investigate Zillah.

Northern  
Pacific  
Progress

★ ★ ★

## ZILLAH

★ ★ ★

For Full Information Address

**Fred R. Reed & Co**

AGENTS

North Yakima, Wash

# ZILLAH

### THE RIGHTS OF LABOR.

The Homestead Labor Troubles Discussed in the Senate.

If the Employer is Protected, why should not the Laborer be?—Speeches by Palmer and Voorhees.

Mr. Palmer's speech in the U. S. senate July 7th, on the resolution for inquiry into the battle at Homestead was remarkable for the advanced position taken by the Illinois senator in maintaining the right of factory and railroad employes to continuous employment at reasonable fair rates of compensation. Mr. Palmer said the presence of a Pinkerton armed force at Homestead was in contempt of the authority of the state of Pennsylvania. It is difficult for American citizens, whether in the right or in the wrong, to submit to being driven by armed forces. He maintained, however, that the citizens of Homestead were in the right, as according to the principles of law which should hereafter be applied to the solution of such troubles, they had a right to be there.

These large manufacturing establishments would have to be regarded as holding property subject to the co-terminous rights of those without whose services their property would be utterly valueless. That only conceded to them the right to a reasonable profit on the capital invested in the enterprises. He maintained furthermore that workmen having spent their lives in a particular line of service had a right to insist on permanency of employment, and also on reasonable compensation for their services. He maintained at the time of the assaults the people at Homestead had a right to be on the ground, they had a right to defend their conduct on the line of their rights. Manufacturing establishments are public institutions just as railroads are, because they work for the public, are employed by the public, and because the men in their service become unfit for other service. While conceding the right of the capitalist to control his property and to a reasonable reward for his investment, he claimed the laborer had a right to permanent employment during good behavior. Of course the laborer is compelled to submit to the exigencies of business. Where the profit is small all parties would have to divide the loss, and where they are large they would have to be divided. That, he maintained, was law to-day, because law was the perfection of reason.

Mr. Voorhees' speech on the same subject was made up largely of an attack on the republican party's policy of protection, to which he ascribed the labor riots all over the country. Mr. Voorhees said that the republican party asserted that the great manufacturing barons had to be protected against foreign competition in order to pay higher wages. Had they

done so? Carnegie got a protection of 50 per cent on iron and more than 70 per cent on steel, and instead of paying his workmen higher wages he notified them of a deduction of from 12 to 40 per cent. The beneficiary of the tariff system responded by the employment of an armed mob of Pinkerton's meanest mercenaries, and those of them who were killed were killed by the workmen in self defense. His only regret was that Carnegie himself had not been at the head of the squad instead of skulking in his Scottish castle.

### AN APPALLING RECORD OF DISASTER.

The First Half of 1892 will be memorable for Loss of Life Through Fire, Flood and Accident.

Since January 1st there have been four destructive wind storms, killing nearly 250 persons, viz.: April 1st, Missouri and Kansas, 75; May 10th, Texas, 15; May 27th, Wellington, Kan., 53; June 10th, southern Minnesota, 50. In the same period there have been four great floods, viz.: April 11th, Tombigbee river, 25; May 18th, Sioux City, Ia., 3; May 20th, lower Mississippi, 36; June 6th, fire and flood, Oil Creek, Pa., 196. There also have been four mining disasters, viz.: January 7th, McAllister, I. T., 65; April 20th, Minesville, Pa., 12; May 10th, Roslyn, Wash., 44; May 14th, Butte, Mont., 11. Three fires have been unusually disastrous, viz.: January 21st, Indianapolis Surgical Institute, 19; February 7th, Hotel Royal, New York, 33; April 28th, theater, Philadelphia, 12. Besides these there were on March 21st an explosion at Jordan, Mich., by which 10 lives were lost; June 13th, the explosion at Mare Island navy yard, which killed 15, and June 15th, the fall of the bridge over La-king river, by which 3 lives were sacrificed. These are the principal disasters of the year thus far, and they involve an aggregate of 900 lives. Adding to this total the sum of losses by minor accidents as reported we have the following record: By fire, 876; by drowning, 1,364; by explosions, 313; by falling structures of various kinds, 267; by mine disasters, 208; by wind storms, 34, and by lightning, 120. Grand total, 3,868. The total loss of life by these causes during the whole of last year—and 1891 was one of the most destructive years on record—was 5,762. So it is evident that 1892 will far surpass its predecessor.

### A Sure Cure For Piles.

Itching Piles are known by moisture like perspiration, causing intense itching when warm. This form as well as blind, bleeding or protruding, yield at once to Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts on parts affected, absorbs impure, stops itching and effects a permanent cure. Dr. Bosanko, 227 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by Janeske Pharmacy.

Ladies fine shoes in B, C, D, E, EE widths in hand-turned, and handwelt, in common sense and opera lasts. Come and see them at Schott the Shoe Man's.

### H. J. SNIVELY INTERVIEWED.

His Views on the Political Situation in Nation and State.

The Third Party Claims His Attention—Says Carroll Will Get Congressional and Lewis Governorial Nomination.

Tacoma Ledger: Hon. H. J. Snively, the well known democratic legislator, of North Yakima, passed through the city yesterday afternoon from Seattle, going to his home. Mr. Snively returned a week ago yesterday from Chicago, where he attended the national democratic convention as a delegate. In a general talk on political matters Mr. Snively said: "The people party this year is going to cut a much bigger figure all over the country than anyone thought it would a month ago. They weakened themselves, of course, by nominating Weaver, but I believe they can yet secure the electoral votes of Nevada and Colorado. Whether this will be sufficient to carry the election into the house is problematic. Had Gresham been nominated a number of states could have been carried. The democrats will carry New York with Cleveland. I talked with Dr. Witt, who nominated Hill, after the convention. He said that the Tammany forces were for Cleveland. They were for the party, not for the man, he said. This seemed to be the general feeling. The democrats will make their warmest fight in Indiana and Illinois. In the latter state the same fight will go on that was waged in Wisconsin. The republicans have had a large majority and passed a bill compelling children to attend the public schools. The Lutherans and Catholics, a considerable class, consider this a blow at them, and they will resent it at the polls. Then Adlai Stevenson, the candidate for vice president, is a strong man and will make the fight of his life to carry his own state. In this state we will have a lively fight. No, it will not be a fight without hope for us, though the outcome will depend upon how many republicans vote with the new movement. In eastern Washington whole precincts have left the ranks of the old parties and have announced that they would support the people's party. We cannot tell if they will stick to what they say. I suppose the ratio of the men in the new party will be about three democrats to four republicans. Yes, your party can stand that if the voters do not leave the party to join the democratic party. It is nearly impossible to estimate the strength of the people's party, but their vote will certainly be between 15,000 and 20,000. Thomas Carroll will undoubtedly be the democratic nominee for congress. He is strong east of the mountains. Wherever he went last year he favorably impressed the people. The party could not make a better nomination. East of the mountains Winger will probably receive the nomination. James

Hamilton Lewis will be the democratic candidate for governor, I suppose. He has a good legislative record and is, as everyone knows, a good campaigner. "The withdrawal of Hon. S. C. Jones from the congressional race east of the mountains means the nomination of John L. Wilson, who is stronger than Hyde except in Spokane county. Wilson's weakness there may hurt him generally, but he has a great many friends who have been accommodated by him. Wilson has put himself out a great deal for the accommodation of his constituents. "Judge Turner who is a candidate for the senate, is one of the brainiest lawyers in the state, and if he goes in will make it interesting. "Mr. Snively, with Judge Turner, has been retained by the heirs of the miners who were killed at Roslyn, to bring suit for damages against the company. They have not yet decided what the amounts of the suits will be.

### THE DIMENSIONS OF HEAVEN.

They Are Based on a Passage in the Book of Revelations—There is Room for All.

The following remarkable calculation on the capacity of heaven, which has frequently been published, but is a curiosity in its way and well worthy a place among our other "wonders," is taken bodily from Bombarth's "Gleanings for the Curious." The basis of the calculation, which will furnish much food for thought, is found in Revelations xxi, 16. "And he measured the city (the New Jerusalem) with a reed, 12,000 furlongs. The length, the breadth and the height are equal."

Let us see: Twelve thousand furlongs, 7,920,000 feet, which, being cubed is 913,088,000,000,000,000,000,000 cubic feet. Half of this we will reserve for the throne of God and the court of heaven, half of the remainder for streets, leaving a balance of 124,193,272,000,000,000,000 cubic feet. Divide this last by 4,096 the cubical feet a room 16 feet square, and you will find that there is still enough left for 3,321,848,750,000,000 rooms.

We will now suppose that the world always did and always will contain 900,000,000 of inhabitants, and that a generation lasts 33 1/2 years, making in all 2,970,000,000 for each century, that the world will stand 1,000 centuries, making in 2,970,000,000,000 inhabitants. Then suppose there are 100 worlds equal in point of number of inhabitants and duration of years, making 297,000,000,000, then heaven, according to the measurement above, is large enough to allot 100 rooms each sixteen feet square to each human soul.

TO HOP GROWERS. The Improved McCab hop press is the best press on the market. It is strong and durable, and always gives satisfaction. Place your orders early. S. J. Lowe, Agent for Yakima county.



**S. J. LOWE,**  
DEALER IN  
**Hardware and Farm Implements**

Garden Hose, Lawn Mowers, Sprinklers, The Latest Improved Gardening Tools.

### STOVES -- AND -- TINWARE

Plumbing and Pipe Fitting, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Lamps and Chimneys, Wire Nails, Etc.

### Oliver Plows, Best on Earth

Deering and McCormick Mowers, and the Hollingsworth and Tiger Rakes. These machines have no superiors.

### THE - CELEBRATED - BAIN - WAGON

Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Sulkeys, and Carts of first class make and finish. None better.

Corner Yakima Avenue and First Streets, North Yakima, Washington



**CITY MARKET,**  
(TELEPHONE NO. 38).  
**ALL KINDS OF FRESH AND SALT MEATS,**  
GRAIN-FED PORK, LIVERWORT AND SACKAGES.  
Orders taken at Residences and Delivered Free of Charge.  
**GEO. CARPENTER.**

### Shardlow & McDaniel,

Fine Wines, Liquors.

Imported & Domestic Cigars.

FINE BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

Southeast Corner Yakima Avenue & Front Street, One Door West of Steiner's Hotel.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Jesse Moore Kentucky Whiskies

### Summons by Publication.

In the Superior Court of Yakima County, State of Washington.

J. R. LEWIS, Plaintiff,  
vs.  
CHARLES L. LULL,  
C. E. GRAPTON,  
GEORGE W. BAICH,  
Defendants.

Action brought in the Superior court of Yakima county, state of Washington, at North Yakima and complaint filed in the office of the clerk of said court on the second day of July, 1891.

To the above named Defendant, C. E. Grafton: You are hereby notified that J. R. Lewis, plaintiff, has filed a complaint against you in the superior court of Yakima county, state of Washington, at North Yakima, which will come on to be heard sixty days after the first publication of this summons, to wit: sixty days after the 15th day of July, 1892, and unless you appear and answer the same on or before the 15th day of July, 1892, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer of said complaint granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint and the nature and object of the action is to obtain judgment against the defendant Charles L. Lull for \$10,000, the balance upon a promissory note, dated Sept. 25, 1888, with interest at the rate of eight per cent, per annum from June 27, 1891, until paid, and to foreclose a mortgage given to secure said note, upon lots five and six, in block 106, in the city of North Yakima, according to the plat of record in the office of the county assessor of said Yakima county, and to forever bar or enjoin all the equity and redemptive rights and every of said defendants in and to said premises.

Witness my hand and the seal of said Superior Court, at this 7th day of May, A. D. 1892.

DUDLEY SMITHMAN,  
County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court

The nearest line of ladies' underwear at Ditter's. 17-1f

NOVEL CAMPAIGNING IN OHIO.

Governor Campbell and His Opponent Act as Judges at a Country Fair Cooking Contest.

It was in 1884 that a great fair was held in Butler county. There was a prize offered to the girl who could cook the best meal in the least time.

The contestants, nervous enough at the event anyway, lost their heads when they found themselves cooking for the palates of Campbell and Mowrey.

Each felt miserable but were determined not to be the first to give in on those biscuits. They were tough and sodden, but Campbell munched away and Mowrey, eying him suspiciously, reached out his hand and took a biscuit every time Campbell did.

A House of Glass.

In the city of Dinard, in the department of Ille-et-Vilaine, France, there lives a man distinguished both for his originality of idea and for the fitness of his money bags, says the Chicago Herald.

Presidential Elections.

Somebody has asked the Chicago Inter-Ocean: "Why was the presidential election day fixed on Tuesday following the first Monday in November?"

Who Pays the Tin Plate Tax?

Treasury reports show that in March and April nearly 138,000,000 pounds of tin plate were imported—a higher amount per month, by the way, than the average before the McKinley bill went into effect.

THE 2D, NOT 4TH OF JULY.

Some Forgotten Facts About the Glorious Anniversary.

Was Jefferson a Plagiarist?—Why the 2d of July Should Be Celebrated—Story of Independence Day.

The American revolution was not inaugurated for the achievement of independence. The colonists began the struggle to secure the rights guaranteed them as Englishmen by Magna Charta, the Bill of Rights and their own charters.

The immortal declaration of July, 1776, was preceded by similar declarations of communities and statesmen in various parts of the country, which echoed the same spirit and often the same general language.

THE MENDON RESOLUTIONS.

That all men have naturally an equal right to life, liberty and property. That all just and lawful government must originate in the free consent of the people.

That a principle of self preservation, being duly planted by the God of Nature in every human breast, is as necessary not only to the well being of the individual, but also to the order of the universe, as attraction and cohesion are to the preservation of material bodies and the order of the natural world.

That a voluntary renunciation of any power or privilege included in or necessary connected with a principle of self preservation is manifestly acting counter to the will of the great Author of Nature, the Supreme Legislator; that a right to liberty and property is absolutely inalienable.

That the claim of the parliament of Great Britain to the power of legislation for the colonies in all cases whatsoever, is abhorrent to the spirit and genius of the British constitution, to the letter of our charter and to the most obvious principles of reason and to the essential natural rights given to us by God Almighty; and, finally,

That the introducing of standing armies in a free country in time of peace, without the consent of the people, is a violation of their rights as free men.

The famous Mecklenburg resolutions, also passed May 31, 1775, were somewhat more explicit.

THE MECKLENBURG RESOLUTIONS.

The first three resolutions of this so called Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence were as follows:

Resolved, That whoever directly or indirectly abetted, or in any way, form or manner countenanced the unchartered and dangerous invasion of our rights, as claimed by Great Britain, is an enemy to this country, to America and to the inherent and inalienable rights of man.

Resolved, That we, the citizens of Mecklenburg county, do hereby dissolve the political bonds which have connected us with mother country, and hereby absolve ourselves from all allegiance to the British crown, and abjure all political connection, contact or association with that nation, who have wantonly trampled on our rights and inhumanly shed the blood of American patriots at Lexington.

Resolved, That we do hereby declare ourselves a free and independent people, and of right ought to be a sovereign and self governing association, under the control of no power other than that of our God and the general government of the congress; to the maintenance of which independence we solemnly pledge to each other our mutual co-operation, our lives, our fortunes and our most sacred honor.

The publication of these resolutions at once aroused a bitter controversy in the newspapers. Their resemblance to the most striking portions of the Philadelphia declaration were freely commented on. Jefferson was charged with plagiarism.

John Adams was greatly surprised. He wrote to Jefferson: "Had I known of this declaration I would have made the hall of congress echo and re-echo with it fifteen months before your declaration of independence." The resolutions in question purported to be only copies of the original set, which it was alleged had been burned in 1800.

Adams wrote to a friend: "Jefferson has copied the spirit, the sense and the expressions of the Mecklenburg declaration of independence verbatim into his declaration of the 4th of July, 1776." In 1830 the legislature of North Carolina appointed a committee to investigate the "declaration." The committee reported in favor of the genuineness of the document on the evidence of several old men who had been present at the convention, and one of whom had been the bearer of the paper to the constitutional congress.

The publication of Tom Paine's "Common Sense" in January, 1776, gave a tremendous impetus to independence. At that time not a single American statesman desired permanent separation from England. Six months later the Declaration of Independence was passed and proclaimed over the world.

On June 11 Jefferson of Virginia, Livingston of New York, Adams of Massachusetts, Franklin of Pennsylvania and Sherman of Connecticut were elected a committee by the continental congress to draw up a formal declaration. Jefferson was elected chairman. On July 1 congress, in committee of the whole, took up Lee's resolution for independence, which had been introduced on June 7th. The resolution was reported favorably to the full house on July 2d by a vote of 9 states to 4. The same day the congress concurred.

This day, July 2d, seemed to the patri-

ots assembled in Philadelphia the most memorable in history. They fully believed that future generations would celebrate July 2d as Independence day. John Adams wrote to his wife: "The 2d day of July, 1776, will be the most memorable epoch in the history of America, to be celebrated by succeeding generations as the great anniversary festival, commemorated as the day of deliverance by solemn acts of devotion to God Almighty, from one end of the continent to the other, from this time forever more. I am well aware of the toll, and blood, and treasure that it will cost us to maintain this declaration. Yet through all the gloom I can see the rays of light and glory; that posterity will triumph in that day's transaction."

By one of those curious anomalies of which history is full the 4th of July, and not the 2d, is celebrated as the national birthday. Portions of Jefferson's original draft reflecting on the British people and condemning the slave trade were stricken out by the congress. When the greatest document of human liberty since the day of Magna Charta was finally passed it is related that John Hancock, in signing the document "in letters large enough for George III. to read without spectacles," urged upon his comrades the necessity of "handing together in this matter."

"Yes, indeed," interrupted the facetious Ben Franklin, "we must all hang together, or, assuredly, we shall all hang separately." "When it comes to hanging," said Harrison, the luxurious, heavy gentleman from Virginia (the president's great grandfather), "I shall have the advantage of you; it will be all over with me long before you have done kicking in the air." The glad news of independence was communicated to the throngs in the street, and a tradition asserts that the old bellman in the tower tolled the knell of tyranny and rang in the birth of a new nation, "great, glorious and free," amid the joyous exclamations of the crowd.

THE JOHN ROBINSON SHOW.

Presenting a New Feature in Tent Amusement—King Solomon and the Queen of Sheba.

Solomon, the sagest and grandest of the Hebrew patriarchs, when he uttered that phrase, since become an axiom, that "there is nothing new under the sun," could he "revisit the glimpses of the moon," would find that while his axiom still finds verification, yet that old things have become new in the reproduction and rehabilitation of the scenes, episodes and incidents characterizing his long and memorable reign.

In placing before the people, by the John Robinson show, the grand biblical spectacle of "Solomon, his Temple, and the Queen of Sheba," a realistic, living illustration of the most sacred and most impressive scenes and events of biblical history is presented in entrancing form, and offers the most enjoyable and mind-nourishing afternoon and evening's entertainment ever projected or conceived. The glories, the grandeur and the greatness of Israel's wisest king are lavishly portrayed, and the most salient features and incidents of his noted regal administration find apt and accurate illustration. This gorgeous and resplendent spectacle is from the master mind of Mr. John Rettig, whose former biblical spectacular productions have made him famous, and who prides himself on this, the chef d'œuvre of his art. It certainly is a masterpiece of policy in the management of the John Robinson show to thus so materially and acceptably augment their already stupendous exhibition enterprise, which, as almost every body is aware, is characterized as exhibiting the highest and best circus, the most interesting menagerie and the largest hippodrome on the continent. The combined exhibitions, of which it may be said that they are given without additional entrance fee, are to display here on Thursday, July 21st.

FOOD AND DAIRY COMMISSION.

The Essentials for a Making Powder That Will Make Perfect Bread.

The late report of the Minnesota State Food and Dairy commission contains the result of a series of experiments made by Professor C. W. Drew, state chemist, to determine the strength and keeping qualities of the various baking powders.

The report attaches great importance to these experiments. Baking powders that vary in strength, or that readily lose strength before use, are unreliable and will not give even results; besides, it is an indication of the use of improper ingredients in their compounding. The tests showed the strength or leavening power of the Royal very much greater than that of the others. The uniformity of strength of all the samples of Royal tested, no matter what their age, was remarkable. Its leavening power was practically unimpaired even in the oldest specimens. The difference in the amount of leavening gas in different samples of other brands was so great as to seriously impair their usefulness in baking. As much as 24 per cent loss was found in samples a few months old. All the samples of Royal examined by State Chemist Drew were reported of satisfactory strength and quality.

Dr. Drew states that the Royal being of greater strength than any other, and possessing better keeping qualities, it is the natural conclusion that it is the best baking powder made.

"When your heart is bad, and your head is bad, and you are bad clean through, what is needed?" asked a Sunday school teacher of her class. "I know—Ayer's Sarsaparilla," answered a little girl whose sick mother had recently been restored to health by that medicine.

Take THE HERALD and keep posted.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer has restored gray hair to its original color and prevented baldness in thousands of cases. It will do so to you.

Ayer's pills promptly remove the causes of sick and nervous headaches. These pills speedily correct irregularities of the stomach, liver and bowels, and are the mildest and most reliable cathartic in use. No one should be without them.

New poster type just received at THE HERALD office. THE HERALD also carries the largest stock of job papers to be found in central Washington. Taste and purse can both be satisfied.

Table linens and napkins, latest patterns, at Ditter's. 17-1f

If you order Victor flour, see that you get it. Every sack is stamped VICTOR, and warranted to be the best in the market. 17-1f

The Victor flour is 50 per cent better than last winter, and the price is lower than any other brand. 17-1f

All those indebted to me, either by note or book account, will please call at once and settle. 16-1f HENRY DITZER.

Every sack of Victor flour is now warranted; ask your grocer for it. 17-1f

New line of Broadhead dress goods just received at Ditter's. 17-1f

A great surprise to every bread maker—how sweet and white bread and cakes Victor flour makes lately. 17-1f

Ditter's goods are not shelf-worn or action goods, but fresh from the eastern markets. 17-1f

Remember, Ditter's is the place to buy your dry goods and notions. New goods arriving daily. 17-1f

Shardlow and McDaniel now keep Pabst's Milwaukee beer on draught. "It has no superior" it is the verdict of all who have tried it. 11-1f

A nice line of gentlemen's overshirts, underwear and hosiery at Ditter's. 17-1f

Take Notice.

That the Valley House on Front street, near Tucker's livery stable, is now occupied and prepared to satisfy the hungry and give the weary rest on new clean beds at very moderate rates. The house will be managed by Mrs. J. W. Walters.

A Great Liver Medicine.

Dr. Gunn's Improved Liver Pills are a sure cure for sick headache, bilious complaints, dyspepsia, indigestion, costiveness, torpid liver, etc. These pills insure perfect digestion, correct the liver and stomach, regulate the bowels, purify and enrich the blood and make the skin clear. They also produce a good appetite and invigorate and strengthen the entire system by their tonic. They only require one pill for a dose and never gripe or sicken. Sold at 25cts. a box by Janecz's Pharmacy.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Billiardists, give attention; the billiard table at Shardlow & McDaniel's has been completely overhauled and is now as good as when it came from the factory, for it not only has been newly covered but a splendid set of genuine ivory balls have been purchased. A game of billiards and a glass of Pabst's Milwaukee beer is a pleasant way to spend an evening and these are inducements which Messrs Shardlow & McDaniel have to offer. 11-1f

Announcement.

On and after March 1st, 1892, I will do a general land office and real estate business. Will also deal in relinquishments. Office in U. S. land office building, down stairs. J. H. THOMAS, 5-1f Late Register U. S. Land Office Yakima City.

That slumbering volcano will soon be in active operations again. One thousand new people in less than 12 months.

Mill, breweries, hotels, banks are all now getting ready to start up. For lots at appraised valuation for next 30 days, call at once. J. H. THOMAS, Trustee, North Yakima, April 6, 1892. 11-1f

Saved from Death by Onions.

There has no doubt been more lives of children saved from death in croup or whooping cough by the use of onions than any other known remedy. Our mothers used to make poultices of them, or a syrup, which was always effectual in breaking up a cough or cold. Dr. Gunn's Onion Syrup is made by combining a few remedies with it which makes it more effective as a medicine and destroys the taste and odor of the onion. 50c. Sold by Janecz's Pharmacy.

Wanted.

100,000 pounds of onions. Apply to E. Sampson, N. P. depot. 7-1f

Wanted.

100,000 pounds of onions. Apply to E. Sampson, N. P. depot. 7-1f

For Accommodation of Sunbathers.

N. H. Lillis has opened a grocery and general merchandising stock at Toppenish, and also carries a line of lumber, building material and fence posts. Teams furnished for delivering goods in the Sunnyside country. 6-1f

S. J. Lowe has the agency for the Mc Cabe ho. pr. ss. Call and see him if you want a press. 17-1f

PHOTOGRAPHS.

The New Photographic Studio :- Is Now Ready for Business.

On First street, opposite Haines' old stand and prepared to do first-class photo. work of all kinds.

Pictures Copied and Enlarged to Any Size :- Views Made to Order on Short Notice.

Promptness in Finishing a Specialty. E. E. JAMES, Photographer, NORTH YAKIMA, WASHINGTON.

Do You Read?

Of course you do, and you want the Daily Papers and the Freshest Periodicals and Novels. I am agent for all Papers and Magazines Give me a call.

M. A. Chapman, Stationer and Newsdealer.

Do You Write?

Yes? Well, I keep the most complete line of Stationery, blank books, Legal Blanks, Stationers' Novelties, etc., to be found in the city. Prices reasonable.

M. A. Chapman, Stationer and Newsdealer, Cor. Yakima Ave. & 2nd St.

JOB PRINTING AT THE HERALD

SPOT Notice to Consumers.

After the 15th of December Roslyn Coal

Will be delivered for \$6.50 per ton, SPOT CASE!

Hereafter not a ton of coal nor a cord of wood will be unloaded unless the money is paid on delivery. There will be no deviation from this rule.

\$6.50 JOHN REED. TELEPHONE 17.

The Best!

COON BLACK WARRANTED ABSOLUTELY FAST WILL NOT CROCK

Black Hose Made.

Having the Agency for Ladies' Gents' and Children's Coon Black Hosiery in this city, they can be had only at the store of the undersigned.

HENRY DITZER.

Do You Want a Good Meal?

IF SO, CALL ON Kay & Lucy, RESTAURATEURS

(FORMERLY STEINER'S).

The excellent reputation of this Restaurant is being maintained by the present proprietors.

MEALS 25 AND 50 CENTS.

Open all Hours, Day and Night.

Puyallup-Yakima Nurseries,

J. M. OGLE, Proprietor.

North Yakima, Wash. for Fall, 1892.

300,000 Red Winter Apple Trees. 100,000 Cherry Trees. 50,000 Pear Trees. 50,000 Peach and Apricot Trees. 50,000 Grape Vines. 600,000 Gooseberry, Currant, Raspberry and Blackberry.

Investigate and Supply Your Wants at Home

LOST OR STOLEN.

TWO horses; one sorrel, branded N on left shoulder. The other a blue-roan, branded with anchor on right hip. Returns to the undersigned and receive reward. FRED STEINBERGER, Or Tucker's Stable.

Is attracting the eyes of the entire Northwest, and we realize that it offers exceptional advantages to

THE HOP-GROWER, THE MARKET GARDENER AND THE ORCHARDIST.

Now a Few Words About Ourselves and What We Intend to Do.

Knox & McGowan.

We are Real Estate Agents of Puyallup, Washington, and can present references to our reliability and standing as business men.

We are interested in Yakima County, and shall endeavor to assist materially in her prosperity.

We have unrivaled facilities for inducing Hop Growers and Men of Means to invest in Yakima Realty, and intend devoting much time to bringing parties here and showing them property.

Now, what we want is to have Farm and Fruit and Hop Lands listed with us, and we promise to use our best endeavors to dispose of such lands quickly, and to give entire satisfaction.

Correspondence Solicited. KNOX & MCGOWAN

PUYALLUP, WASH.

Eshelman Bros., Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

Abstracters and Loan Agents.

NORTH - YAKIMA, - WASH.

OUR SPECIALTIES: FANCY GROCERIES,

Canned Goods, Dried Fruits.

Walker & Redmon

We also carry a full line of Staple Groceries, and our prices are as low as the lowest.

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK. . . . . TELEPHONE NO. 21.

H. A. GRIFFIN, GROCERIES!

MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

YAKIMA AVE., NEXT TO HOTEL YAKIMA. TELEPHONE 55.

JOB PRINTING

LETTER HEADS, BILL HEADS, STATEMENTS, POSTERS, BOOK WORK, AND ALL KINDS OF PLAIN AND COLOR PRINTING DONE AT

The Herald Job Room.

We have in Stock the Latest Designs in

BALL PROGRAMS, INVITATIONS, WEDDING AND BOURING STATIONERY, VISITING CARDS.