

Washington



Statesman.

VOL. I. WALLA WALLA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1862. NO. 46

The Washington Statesman
Published every SATURDAY morning—Publication Office, Main Street, Walla Walla, W. T.
NORTHROP, R. R. & S. G. REES,
Editors and Proprietors.
TERMS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION: \$5.00 per annum in advance; \$6.00 per annum if not paid in advance; \$2.00 per month; \$1.00 per week.
RATES OF ADVERTISING: 25 cents per line for first insertion; 15 cents per line for subsequent insertions; 10 cents per line for long advertisements; 5 cents per line for notices; 2 cents per line for small advertisements.
All advertisements of half column or more to be inserted by special contract.
Advertisements, to ensure insertion, must be paid for in advance, and the number of insertions desired should be noted on the margin, which will be continued until forbidden.

WALLA WALLA DRUG STORE,
JUST received at the Walla Walla Drug Store an extensive assortment of
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Chemicals, etc., together with a full assortment of all prices usually found in a Drug Store.
Orders from a distance promptly filled.
Sole on Main street, opposite the Union Hotel, May 31, 1862. J. S. CRAIG.

EMPIRE RESTAURANT,
MAIN STREET, DALLAS, OREGON, OPPOSITE the Express office—where the substantial elements of life will be served up at all times.
Single meals, fifty cents.
Lodging, fifty cents.
N.B.—I will always have on hand a supply of mattresses, whose springs can sleep on their knees.
By
THOS. SMITH, PROPRIETOR.

BOOT AND SHOE SHOP!
Mr. George Hughes respectfully announces to the citizens of Walla Walla that he is prepared to make
BOOTS AND SHOES,
At the shoe work on the Brock Saloon, 214 1/2
Repairing Neatly Done. Prices moderate.
GEO. HUGHES.

HUMASON & ODELL,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
DALLAS, OREGON.
Prompt attention given to collectors and other business of every description made to order.
March 19, 1862.

J. W. COOK,
MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tents, Awnings, Wagon Covers, Canvas and Sack and Canvas Goods, Tents, Awnings, and Wagon Covers, made to order.
Hour and Grain Sacks constantly on hand and made to order.
Orders from a distance promptly attended to. All orders made returnable by the first conveyance.
By
GRADON & STUDERUS,
WAGON, CARRIAGE AND BUGGY MANUFACTURERS, 101
Front street, Portland, Oregon.
Importers and Dealer in Eastern Wagon Timber, and every description of lumber to order.
On hand and for sale a General Assortment of Oregon Produce in the following line:
A constant supply of the Celebrated Standard Mills Flour on hand and for sale in lots to suit.

HENRY LAW,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION Merchant,
Front street, Portland, Oregon.
Importer and Dealer in Eastern Wagon Timber, and every description of lumber to order.
On hand and for sale a General Assortment of Oregon Produce in the following line:
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WASHINGTON STATESMAN
BOOK, CARD, AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE
Main street, Walla Walla.
An experienced printer has just arrived from the city of Walla Walla and vicinity, that they have a varied and complete assortment of PLAIN and ORNAMENTAL JOB AND CARD TYPES, which make their facilities for executing all kinds of plain and ornamental printing unsurpassed by any office in the Territory. All orders for any of the following named descriptions of printing will be attended to promptly, and executed in the best style:
Books, Broadsides, Circulars, Business Cards, Invitations, Business Cards, Receipts, Certificates, Ballads, Concert Bills, Church Books, Programs, Address Cards, Blankets of all kinds, Sec., etc.
Job work must be paid for before it is taken from the office.

DA I. H. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law, Office on Washington street, second door above First street.

W. PHILLIPS,
HAS ON HAND a large and well selected stock of THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN, and every variety of newspapers, magazines, etc., all of which will be sold at extremely low prices.
Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
By
J. R. CARDWELL,
DENTIST, 111
Main street, Walla Walla, Oregon.
Office at the Union Hotel, Main street, Walla Walla.

CHARLES HERZOG PRACTICAL DENTIST,
has recently received a new set of instruments, and dentistry material, and now feels well assured that he can give better satisfaction than ever to those who may patronize him. Charges moderate, and all work warranted.
Office at the Union Hotel, Main street, Walla Walla.

City Brewery and Bakery.
E. MEYER, Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Flour, Sugar, and Soda Crackers; Pilot Brand, Flour, Cakes, etc., and dealer in Family Groceries, Tea, Coffee, and all kinds of Groceries.
Main street, Walla Walla, at the sign of "Bakery," a few doors below Kyger & Beeson's.

S. B. FARGO,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Office in the south end of Buckley's building, Front street, Walla Walla, W. T., August 23, 1862.

LOUIS SOHNS,
Painter and Paper-hanger,
Office at the Walla Walla Hotel, 26 1/2
August 23, 1862.

W. W. DE LACY,
Civil Engineer and Surveyor, City Surveyor,
All work promptly performed. Plans and maps neatly drawn.
To be found at the office of Messrs. Vaux, Bush & Co., Walla Walla, June 24, 1862. 27c

GEORGE & SPARKS,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Walla Walla, Washington Territory.
Will attend all the Courts in Washington and Oregon east of the Cascade mountains, and the Supreme Court of this Territory.
Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and the securing of pre-emption rights.
Office on Main street, opposite the Printing office, Dec. 4, 1862.

J. A. RAYMOND,
Physician and Surgeon,
WALLA WALLA, W. T.
Office, opposite the Union Hotel. 24 1/2

EDWARD NUGENT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Walla Walla, W. T.
Office, over the Bank Exchange Saloon 27
WALLA OILER HOUSE,
FRONT STREET, PORTLAND, OREGON—M. O'CONNOR PROPRIETOR.
BOARD REDUCED.
Board per week, \$1.00. Board per day, \$1.00. Single meals, 50c. Lodging, 50c.
The Walla Walla Oiler House is open on the wall to convey passengers and baggage free of charge. Good food and keeping valuable.
This house is conducted on temperance principles.

J. H. FAIRCHILD & CO.,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants,
Walla Walla, W. T.
Goods forwarded to all parts of the upper country at moderate charges.
All business entrusted to our care will be promptly attended to. Mark Goods "Care of J. H. & Co. Walla Walla." 28c

W. P. HORTON,
Justice of the Peace and City Recorder,
Office in his new building, in the rear of the Bank Exchange Saloon, Walla Walla.
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Walla Walla, May 31, 1862. 24 1/2

BRANDS AND WINES,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
West side Main street, on door above
Watches repaired and warranted.
Jewelry manufactured to order.
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THE INDIAN WAR IN MINNESOTA.
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After alluding to the policy which had existed for years between the Indians and the whites, the Governor reviews the events of the past month. The first hostilities took place at Aton, in Meeker county, on the 10th of August, where a family of six persons were murdered.
On the 18th of August a force of forty-five soldiers was sent to Fort Ridgely. It was attacked from an ambush, and half their number were slain. The horrible work of murder, pillage and devastation was swiftly extended through the Sioux reservation, and hundreds of every age and sex perished by the hands of these remorseless butchers. The alarm was general, and thousands of people abandoned their homes.
Meanwhile the Chippewa band had assumed a threatening attitude, but no depredations had been committed by them, and there is not sufficient evidence that they contemplate hostility.
Over two thousand troops were raised and sent against the Dakotas, who seemed to be retreating; but it was learned they were continuing their massacres. The settlers at Breckinridge on the Red River were murdered, and Fort Abernethy seriously menaced. The Governor thus forcibly depicts their atrocities:
"But massacre itself had been mercy if it could have purchased exemption from the revolting circumstances with which it was accompanied. Nothing which the brutal lust and wanton cruelty of these savages could wreak upon their helpless and innocent victims was omitted from the category of their crimes."
"Helpless and innocent, indeed, seemed to inspire them only with a more heinous rage."
"Infants were hurled into bloody clays of flesh, or called alive to disport in tiger out their little life in mortal agony, or torn unmercifully from the womb of the murdered mother and in great mockery cast in fragments on her pulchre and bleeding breast; rage joined to murder in one awful tragedy; young girls, even children of tender years, outraged by their brutal ravishers till death ended their shame; women held in captivity to undergo the horrors of a living death; whole families burned alive; and, as if their devilish fury could not glut itself with outrages on the living, its last efforts exhausted in mutilating the bodies of the dead, such are the spectacles, and a thousand nameless horrors besides, which their first experience of Indian war has burned into the brains and hearts of our frontier people."
It is estimated that five hundred persons of every age and sex perished, and more than perished by the hands of these remorseless butchers in the course of the two or three days succeeding the outbreak, before their progress was checked by our forces, and hundreds of them lie yet unburied where they fell, hidden in the grass and bushes of prairies and ravines. Many, doubtless in the attempt to escape have become lost, or fainting from exhaustion and terror have died of starvation.
The theater of depredations as far as ascertained, has extended from Otter tail Lake and Fort Abernethy, on the Red River, to the Iowa boundary, on a front of two hundred miles, and from the western border of the State eastwardly to his heart at Forest City, an area of twenty thousand square miles.
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"But I must have room," said Sanders.
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"Here," said he, "take these as security. Put them in your safe; but give me a room at once."
Of course money has its effect in Clifton House as everywhere else. Still the clerk hesitated, dropping his cornish dialect.
There was no place nearer than the bridge, a mile distant. So the miner again insisted on having the room, and as it was obvious that "things were not as they seem," he was shown to a suitable apartment.
A few minutes afterwards a guest strolled out on the piazza, where ex-Governor Morehead of Kentucky was sitting. "By the way, Governor," said he, "what a singular old fellow that was in the office. He registered his name on the book in initials."
"Good God! in initials!" cried Morehead, starting up, "he's come then," and rushing past the astonished guest, he demanded to be shown to the room of the mysterious S. N. G.
Other accessions also hastened thither. Sanders was provided with a suit of clothes at once, the clerk and servants altered their department to the grandman mirror, and the guests had a rare piece of gossip to talk about. Sanders is by this time half way across the ocean, and whatever is thought of him or his cause, it is generally acknowledged that his journey from Richmond to Canada is one of the "outlets" specimens of rebel "strategy" the war has produced. It shows that our blockade is so stringent that a rebel emissary prefers a long land journey in disguise to attempting to break it.
Of course, the adventure has been the whole topic of gossip in the Niagara hotels; and miners will henceforth be viewed with a very profound suspicion in the neighborhood of the Suspension Bridge.—N. Y. Post.

THE THIRDS OF SOLOMON.
The following account of a remarkable piece of mechanism is taken from a Persian manuscript called the "History of Jerusalem." It purports to be a history of the throne of King Solomon, and if the details are correctly given, it undoubtedly surpasses any specimen of mechanism produced in modern times, and including the wonderful inventions and improvements which have lately taken place in every branch of science:
"The sides of it were of pure gold, the feet of emeralds and rubies, intermixed with pearls, each of which was as big as an ostrich egg. The throne had seven steps; on each side were delineated archways full of trees, the branches of which were composed of precious stones; representing fruit, rips and unripe. On the tops of the trees were to be seen figures of beautifully plumed birds, particularly the peacock, stuns and the kurgel. All these birds were hollowed within artificially, so as occasionally to utter a thousand melodious notes, such as the ear of mortal never heard. On the first step were delineated vine branches, having bunches of grapes composed of various sorts of precious stones, fashioned in such a manner as to represent the different colors of purple, violet, green and red, to render the appearance of real fruit. On the second step on each side of the throne, were two lions of terrible aspect, as large as life, and formed of cast gold. The nature of this remarkable throne was such, that when Solomon placed his feet on the first step, the birds sprang forth their wings and made a fluttering noise in the air. On his touching the second step, the two lions expanded their claws. On his reaching the third step, the whole assembly of demons and fairies repeated the praises of the Deity. When he arrived at the fourth step, voices were heard addressing him in the following manner: 'Son of David, be thankful for the blessings the Almighty has bestowed on you.' The same was repeated on his reaching the fifth step. On his reaching the sixth, all the children of Israel joined them; and on his arrival at the seventh, all the thrones, birds, and animals became in motion and ceased not until he had placed himself in the royal seat, when the birds, lions and other animals, by secret perfumes, discharged a shower of the most precious perfumes on the prophet, after which two of the kurgesses descended and placed a golden crown upon his head. Before the throne was a column of burnished gold, on the top of which was a golden dove, which held in its beak a volume bound in silver. In this book were written the Psalms of David; and the dove having presented the book to the king, he read a portion of it aloud to the children of Israel. It is further related that, on the approach of wicked persons to the throne, the lions were wont to set up a terrible roaring, and lash their tails with violence; the birds also began to bristle up their feathers; and the assembly of demons and geni to utter horrible cries, so that for fear of them no person dared to be guilty of falsehood, but all confessed their crimes. Such was the throne of Solomon, the son of David."

THE AMERICAN AND ENGLISHMAN.—The American, though he dresses like an Englishman and eats roast beef with a silver fork, or sometimes with a steel knife, as does an Englishman, is not like an Englishman in his mind, in his aspirations, in his tastes or his politics. In his mind he is quicker, more universally intelligent, more ambitious of general knowledge, less indulgent of stupidity and ignorance in others, bolder, sharper, brighter with the surface brightness of steel, than the Englishman; but he is more brittle, less enduring, less malleable, and I think less capable of impressions. The mind of the Englishman has more imagination, but that of the American more intellect. The American is a great observer, but he observes things material rather than things social or picturesque. He is a constant and ready speculator; but all speculations—even those which come of philosophy—so with him more or less material. In his aspirations the American is more constant than an Englishman, or I should rather say, he is more constant in aspiring. Every citizen of the United States intends to do something; every one thinks himself capable of some effort; but in his aspirations he is more limited than an Englishman. The ambitious American never scores so high as the ambitious Englishman. He does not even see up to a great height, and when he has raised himself somewhat above the crowd, he becomes sooner dizzy with his own altitude. An American of mark, though always anxious to show his mark, is always fearful of a fall.—Anthony Trollope.

PROSAIC TRAVELERS.—Let people travel not for show and reputation, but for enjoyment. Let them cease to identify travel with the French travel. The eye knows the food that agrees with it, as well as the palate, and forcing on it what it does not seek produces a nervous indigestion. If a man has no eye for art, let him confess it to himself at least, if he do not spread it abroad to the world, and let him select the most agreeable to his eye, instead of wearing out his eyesight, his patience, and his legs, by rushing through long stretches of picture and statue galleries. If he can only enjoy a good field of beans, and a meadow with a prize ox in it, why should he render himself miserable among statues and pictures? A man of inquiry and enjoyment was among animals when he arrived at Rome, went forth to the pig market, and was not only able to see something new and interesting to himself, but also to impart some fresh unlearned scraps of knowledge to the world. I know a man who has traveled all over the world, and who has seen all the wonders of the world, and who has returned home with a good deal of knowledge, but who has not been able to impart any of it to his fellow men. He has been a traveler, but he has not been a traveler in the true sense of the word. He has been a prosaic traveler, and he has not been a traveler at all.

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The clerk looked at the shabby working man a moment, and then coldly said: "We can't give you a room here, sir."
"But I must have room," said Sanders.
"None to spare to-night," replied the clerk.
The miner thrust his hands in his pockets and drew forth a great roll of "green backs."
"Here," said he, "take these as security. Put them in your safe; but give me a room at once."
Of course money has its effect in Clifton House as everywhere else. Still the clerk hesitated, dropping his cornish dialect.
There was no place nearer than the bridge, a mile distant. So the miner again insisted on having the room, and as it was obvious that "things were not as they seem," he was shown to a suitable apartment.
A few minutes afterwards a guest strolled out on the piazza, where ex-Governor Morehead of Kentucky was sitting. "By the way, Governor," said he, "what a singular old fellow that was in the office. He registered his name on the book in initials."
"Good God! in initials!" cried Morehead, starting up, "he's come then," and rushing past the astonished guest, he demanded to be shown to the room of the mysterious S. N. G.
Other accessions also hastened thither. Sanders was provided with a suit of clothes at once, the clerk and servants altered their department to the grandman mirror, and the guests had a rare piece of gossip to talk about. Sanders is by this time half way across the ocean, and whatever is thought of him or his cause, it is generally acknowledged that his journey from Richmond to Canada is one of the "outlets" specimens of rebel "strategy" the war has produced. It shows that our blockade is so stringent that a rebel emissary prefers a long land journey in disguise to attempting to break it.
Of course, the adventure has been the whole topic of gossip in the Niagara hotels; and miners will henceforth be viewed with a very profound suspicion in the neighborhood of the Suspension Bridge.—N. Y. Post.

PROSAIC TRAVELERS.—Let people travel not for show and reputation, but for enjoyment. Let them cease to identify travel with the French travel. The eye knows the food that agrees with it, as well as the palate, and forcing on it what it does not seek produces a nervous indigestion. If a man has no eye for art, let him confess it to himself at least, if he do not spread it abroad to the world, and let him select the most agreeable to his eye, instead of wearing out his eyesight, his patience, and his legs, by rushing through long stretches of picture and statue galleries. If he can only enjoy a good field of beans, and a meadow with a prize ox in it, why should he render himself miserable among statues and pictures? A man of inquiry and enjoyment was among animals when he arrived at Rome, went forth to the pig market, and was not only able to see something new and interesting to himself, but also to impart some fresh unlearned scraps of knowledge to the world. I know a man who has traveled all over the world, and who has seen all the wonders of the world, and who has returned home with a good deal of knowledge, but who has not been able to impart any of it to his fellow men. He has been a traveler, but he has not been a traveler in the true sense of the word. He has been a prosaic traveler, and he has not been a traveler at all.

W. P. HORTON,
Justice of the Peace and City Recorder,
Office in his new building, in the rear of the Bank Exchange Saloon, Walla Walla.
DEEDS and all kinds of conveyances written and acknowledged.
Office hours from 9 to 11 a. m., and from 1 to 4 p. m. Sept. 1, 1862. 24 1/2

F. A. CHENOWETH,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office over the "Bank Exchange," next door to Cain & Nugent's office, Walla Walla. [187]

A. J. CAIN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Office with County Surveyor, north side of the creek, Walla Walla. [29]

UNION HOTEL,
MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.
FRANK CARPENTER, PROPRIETOR.
THE Proprietor of this well known establishment is prepared to furnish all who may give him their patronage with the best accommodations to be found in the City of Walla Walla. His rooms are well furnished and ventilated, and his table is at all times supplied with the best market affords, making his home in every respect a FIRST CLASS HOTEL.
Board per week, \$1.00. Board per day, \$1.00. Single meals, 50c. Lodging, 50c.
Meals served at all hours.
Breakfast from 6 to 12. Supper from 2 o'clock till 7.
Walla Walla, May 31, 1862. 24 1/2

BRANDS AND WINES,
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
West side Main street, on door above
Watches repaired and warranted.
Jewelry manufactured to order.
Walla Walla, June 21, 1862. 24 1/2

THE INDIAN WAR IN MINNESOTA.
The Legislature of Minnesota convened in special session at St. Paul on the 9th of September. Governor Ramsey immediately sent in a message setting forth the history of the Indian outbreak in detail, and showing the necessity of the utter extermination, or at least the expulsion, of the whole Dakota nation from Minnesota.
After alluding to the policy which had existed for years between the Indians and the whites, the Governor reviews the events of the past month. The first hostilities took place at Aton, in Meeker county, on the 10th of August, where a family of six persons were murdered.
On the 18th of August a force of forty-five soldiers was sent to Fort Ridgely. It was attacked from an ambush, and half their number were slain. The horrible work of murder, pillage and devastation was swiftly extended through the Sioux reservation, and hundreds of every age and sex perished by the hands of these remorseless butchers. The alarm was general, and thousands of people abandoned their homes.
Meanwhile the Chippewa band had assumed a threatening attitude, but no depredations had been committed by them, and there is not sufficient evidence that they contemplate hostility.
Over two thousand troops were raised and sent against the Dakotas, who seemed to be retreating; but it was learned they were continuing their massacres. The settlers at Breckinridge on the Red River were murdered, and Fort Abernethy seriously menaced. The Governor thus forcibly depicts their atrocities:
"But massacre itself had been mercy if it could have purchased exemption from the revolting circumstances with which it was accompanied. Nothing which the brutal lust and wanton cruelty of these savages could wreak upon their helpless and innocent victims was omitted from the category of their crimes."
"Helpless and innocent, indeed, seemed to inspire them only with a more heinous rage."
"Infants were hurled into bloody clays of flesh, or called alive to disport in tiger out their little life in mortal agony, or torn unmercifully from the womb of the murdered mother and in great mockery cast in fragments on her pulchre and bleeding breast; rage joined to murder in one awful tragedy; young girls, even children of tender years, outraged by their brutal ravishers till death ended their shame; women held in captivity to undergo the horrors of a living death; whole families burned alive; and, as if their devilish fury could not glut itself with outrages on the living, its last efforts exhausted in mutilating the bodies of the dead, such are the spectacles, and a thousand nameless horrors besides, which their first experience of Indian war has burned into the brains and hearts of our frontier people."
It is estimated that five hundred persons of every age and sex perished, and more than perished by the hands of these remorseless butchers in the course of the two or three days succeeding the outbreak, before their progress was checked by our forces, and hundreds of them lie yet unburied where they fell, hidden in the grass and bushes of prairies and ravines. Many, doubtless in the attempt to escape have become lost, or fainting from exhaustion and terror have died of starvation.
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Of course, the adventure has been the whole topic of gossip

PETITION.—A petition is in circulation in this city setting forth that "the signers being desirous of aiding the Government in maintaining its credit, would most respectfully urge the procuring for sale of all the public lands of the Territory that have been surveyed, as early as a period as practicable, in order that a fund may be provided sufficient to defray the expenses of the land system and other expenses of the Territory, and for extending the public surveys commensurate with the wants of our largely increased population."

SANITARY FUND MEETING.—A meeting was held at the Court House on Saturday evening last to devise means for the collecting of funds in aid of the National Sanitary Commission. Hon. E. P. Oliphant was elected President of the meeting. F. A. Chenoweth Secretary, and E. E. Kelly Treasurer. The Treasurer was authorized by the meeting to transmit all monies collected to A. Holbrook, Portland, Oregon.

NAVIGATION OF SNAKE RIVER.—The Snake River is now open to navigation in its upper reaches. It is reported that there is no serious obstruction in the river as far up as Fort Boise. Two miles above the mouth of Salmon it may be found necessary to make a short land portage. From thence to the mouth of Burat river the channel is good; beyond this to Boise the river is filled, at different places, with rocks, and the explorers were uncertain whether a steamer could ascend this part of the river.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—We learn that, one day last week, a packer and another man, who was in company with him, were robbed on the trail leading from Florence to Lewiston, just below Glato creek, of one or two hundred dollars. There were three robbers armed with double barreled shot guns. "Stand and deliver" is getting to be quite a common salutation to passengers on the trails leading out of Lewiston. Scarcely a day passes that we do not hear of a robbery or an attempt at one.

SALVAGE.—A gentleman from Lewiston informs us that the visit of Gen. Alford to the Lapwai reservation has had a highly salutary effect upon the Indians. They all—including Big Thunder's band—have cast aside the sullen faces they wore a couple of weeks ago, and put on their "week day faces." He thinks all affairs with these Indians are, for the present, amicably settled.

MORE TREASURY NOTES FOR CIRCULATION.—We are told that on the return of Major Francis from Fort Colville—which will be in about fifteen days—he expects funds to meet their needs from the sale of which to pay off the volunteers. While this will no doubt be hailed by the soldiers as a time of thanksgiving, the effect, in a monetary point of view will be greatly beneficial to the community in general. There are now in the upper country six companies to be paid off, and many of them have not received a cent of pay for nearly a year.

CATTLE.—The Oregonian says it is estimated that 40,000 head of cattle have been brought east of the mountains the present season. With those that have been brought from below, and the large additions that have come in via the plains, there is now in the upper country a greater number of cattle than were here last fall. We are glad to notice that the farmers generally have made ample provision for their stock, and the mortality from cold and starvation witnessed last season is not likely again to occur.

EXCITEMENT AT AUBURN.—We learn from Mr. Mossman, who arrived this week from Auburn, that the excitement there in relation to the Boise mines had arose to full fever heat. A number of the returned prospectors, who had come into that place after provisions brought the most flattering accounts of the mines, and about six hundred persons have already left the Powder river country for the new diggings, many of them after the fashion of the stampede for Salmon last spring—on foot, carrying their blankets and provisions on their backs.

THE MAIL TO LEWISTON.—We have heretofore neglected to state that we have a weekly mail between this city and Lewiston. A private contract has been entered into with Messrs. Thatcher, Risky & Co. to carry it until the first of January. Time departure from Walla Walla, every Monday morning. Returning, leaves Lewiston Thursday morning, and arrives here same evening.

COURT.—The term of the District Court now in session in this city is limited to three weeks, and as the docket is quite large, numbering 88 civil cases besides a number of criminal ones, the business will scarcely all be got through with during the term. Forty-eight cases had been disposed of to yesterday noon. The most important cases are yet to come up. The Court is now engaged chiefly in the hearing of criminal matters.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.—The following named persons were admitted to practice as attorneys at law, at this term of the District Court: Francis Reveridge, James M. Thurmond, Wm. McDaniel, and Joseph N. Dolph.

Public Schools.

ERRORS STRATON.—In order to facilitate, as much as possible, the formation of our public schools, I will give the boundaries of the districts as near as I can. They were laid off by Mr. Wm. B. Kelly, when the country was new and there were but few people in the valley. No. 1 commences at Galbraith's ranch and follows the north side of Mill creek to its mouth, thence, southerly to Yellow Hawk's creek, thence easterly to Russell's ranch, thence north to place of beginning.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.—The following members of the bar are present at this session of the District Court: Hon. Wm. Strong, Hon. E. Lander, Hon. F. A. Chenoweth, Hon. J. McIlvra, U. S. Attorney. Gen. O. L. Bridges, A. J. Cain, Messrs. George & Sparks, H. Nugent, G. L. Woods, E. S. Bridges, S. B. Fargo, E. D. Holbrook, and G. W. Langford.

PROGRESSING.—The work on the bridge across Mill creek is now rapidly progressing. We are informed by the contractors, that the bridge will be completed in about ten days.

DEAD.—Morrissey, whom we mentioned as having been shot a week or two since, at Elk City, died from the effect of his wounds on the 16th ult.

CHANGES OF NAME.—The name of the post office in this city has been changed from Waltopta to Walla Walla.

Official Notice!

Office of the U. S. Assessor for Washington Territory, Walla Walla, Oct. 14, 1862.

THE undersigned having been commissioned U. S. Assessor for the District of Washington Territory, do hereby give notice to the citizens of this Territory, that he will hold his office at the following places, to wit: At the County Seat of the County of King, Pierce, Snohomish and Whatcom, at Duane, Assistant Assessor.

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NOTICE TO MERCHANTS

Oregon and Washington Territory

Ladd, Reed & Co.

Take this method of informing Merchants and Traders of Oregon and Washington that they are now receiving at this port (see our arrangements with their Agents at New York)

Direct from Eastern Markets, SELECTED BY THEIR AGENTS ESPECIALLY FOR L. R. & CO.

LARGE INVOICES OF Superior Old Rye and Bourbon

Comprising upwards of 50,000 GALLONS.

Which they are prepared to sell to the trade at Agents' rates, as low as the quality can be sold on the Pacific coast.

They would also remind dealers that they are now offering of their own importations.

Warranted Pure and free from Adulteration

as an advertisement of BRANDIES,

"J. & F. MARTELL," LONDON DOCK.

"Vineyard Proprietors," do do

"A. C. Goddard," do do

—ALSO—

Old London Port and Sherry,

Of high grade and rich flavor.

The above are especially designed for FAMILY and MEDICINAL PURPOSES

Also, a large assortment, direct importations, of FRENCH BRANDIES,

as follows: Champagne Brandy,

Jules Robin, do,

Vine Growers, do,

Rochelle and Bordeaux Brands,

of lower grade.

WINE:

DUFF GORDON SHERRY;

CROWN SHERRY;

CRUSSETT OPORTO PORT;

PURE JUICE (Very heavy and fine);

BURGUNDY, &c.

RUM:

Old Hudson's Bay (Jamaica),

Demerara, St. Croix, &c.

Old Holland:

Pine Apple; Grape Leaf; Swan and Wind Mill.

Also, of their own importation,

OLD SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.

They are also constantly receiving from their houses in New York a full assortment of Case Goods, consisting of:

Wines, Bitters, Cordials, Syrups, &c.,

which will at all times be found at a trifling advance from cost to the trade.

Trusting that the merchants of Oregon and Washington Territory will find it to their advantage to examine importations to their own account, they most cordially invite them to call and compare quality and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

LADD, REED & CO.

121 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Portland, Oregon.

HOWARD & CADY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CLOTHING, GROCERIES,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &c.

THE attention of the citizens of this town and surrounding country, is respectfully called to the fact that I am prepared with a complete stock of goods in the neighborhood can here find sale for their Vegetables, I shall also a GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS.

And will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS, &c.

Also a full assortment of

Miners' and Packers' Goods.

Dec. 9, 1861. T. H. HOWARD.

The Excelsior Mills

ARE NOW RUNNING

READY TO EXCHANGE

four for Wheat.

FLOUR, SHORTS AND BRAN

For Sale.

By J. C. ISAAC.

Walla Walla, Sept. 20, 1862.

Walla Walla

HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.

L. MILLER, Proprietor.

HAS newly fitted the above named establishment, and thoroughly renovated the entire premises, I feel warranted in guaranteeing the most perfect satisfaction to those who may favor the house with their patronage. The house contains both

Family and Single Bed Rooms,

which are fitted up in a good style as the country affords, and will always be kept cleanly and neat.

The Dining Room

is spacious and neatly carpeted, and the TABLES are always supplied by the very best articles to be had in the market.

My citizens and the traveling public are respectfully invited to give me a call.

Walla Walla, June 14, 1862

FOR SALE

30,000 lbs Flour.

5,000 " Bacon.

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

J. H. FAIRCHILD & CO.

Walla Walla, Sept. 13, 1862.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE!

In Cain's Addition to the City of Walla Walla. Title good, and Terms easy.

Apply to

A. J. CAIN,

East Side of Mill Creek.

L. HOWARD, J. BROWN, J. THOMPSON, C. P. HENNING, J. V. WILSON, Cor. Broadway & Duane, Oregon; San Francisco, Walla Walla, W. T., Geo. W. STEVENSON, San Francisco.

Brown Bro's & Co.

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, clothing,

Groceries, &c.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public generally that they are now in receipt of a full and complete stock for the winter trade.

DRESS GOODS—French and English Merinos, Scotch plaids, and All-wool Delaines; French and American Colloids; Black and Colored Silks.

DOMESTICS—Attached and Brown Shirtings, and Merino and Sliver, Colored Bands and Linens; Hosiery and Laces; Irish and table Linens.

White Goods—Jaconets, Swiss Mull and check Mulls; Collars and Slivers; Colored Bands and Linens; Hosiery and Laces; Irish and table Linens.

Shawls! Shawls! Shawls Shawls!

Brosas, Stets and wool; also,

Ladies' and Misses Cloaks.

Clothing:

Business Dress and Overcoat and Cloaks; Pants and Vests.

David's Jones' Whites and Fancy Shirting; French and English Merinos; French and American Colloids; Cotton Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Cotton Socks, and Wool Half Hose.

HOOTS! HOOTS! HOOTS!

MATTING AND CARPETING.

and an endless variety of

GROCERIES

—AND—

Miners' Outfitting Goods!

all of which will be sold

at the lowest possible price.

DEPT. FOR CASH!

Dec. 27, 1861.

H. H. MARONY,

PROPRIETOR OF THE

CRYSTAL SALOON.

Has just received

A Choice Lot of Liquors,

carefully selected for this market:

OLD LONDON DOCK BRANDY;

WATKINS' PURE COGNAC;

UNION VINEYARD PROPRIETORS';

CHAS. HEINRICH CHAMPAGNE;

DUFF GORDON SHERRY;

ROB. BYASS LONDON PORT,

with a variety of other Liquors, Wines,

and a FINE LOT OF FINE OLD COGNAC.

Neel Marony

is always on hand, ready to wait on his friends.

Walla Walla, W. T.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, THE STEAMERS

of the

Oregon Steam Navigation Compy

WILL LEAVE

SEILLO FOR WALLA

AS FOLLOWS:

Steamer Col. Wright,

Monday and Thursday.

Steamer Tomino,

Tuesday and Friday.

Steamer Okanagan,

Wednesday and Saturday.

Making

A Daily Line to and from Walla Walla.

Walla Walla, Sept. 5, 1862.

J. M. IVANKOVIC,

LEADER OF THE LINE, WALLA WALLA, OREGON.

Heath & Barnard,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

VEGETABLES AND GENERAL PRODUCE.

Vegetable Depot and Market.

A few doors below G. Jacobs & Co., in Frank Stone's building, Seattle, Wash.

A constant supply of Fresh Vegetables will be found at the Depot for sale at wholesale or retail. Farmers in the neighborhood can here find sale for their Vegetables by the wagon load. Packers are invited to call, and their patronage is solicited.

THE patronage of the citizens is solicited.

August 9th, 1862.

LAND! LAND!! LAND!!!

PARTIES WISHING TO PURCHSE

UNIVERSITY LANDS

are hereby notified that the

Sales of Said Lands Will be Closed

for Walla Walla County.

By the 1st of November, Proximo.

The Assistant Assessor of the District of Washington Territory, Walla Walla, Sept. 13, 1862.

FOR SALE

On Liberal Terms.

A DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE on Main Street—It will exchange the name for WORK

or for office.

Walla Walla, August 22, 1862.

Hardware.

MIXING TOOLS, IN GREAT VARIETY.

SHELL HARD WARE, UNBURNISHED, POWDER, SHOT and LEAD.

For sale by

H. W. CORBERT,

Portland, Oregon

Cavalry! Cavalry!!

A RECORDED young man will now be recruited in Company E, 1st Cavalry Oregon Volunteers.

Each volunteer must furnish his own horse and horse equipment. Pay the same as Cavalry in the regular army. U. S., with the addition of \$12 per month for outfit. Those who are discharged, a bounty of \$100 will be given to each. Those discharged, when honorably discharged, a bounty of \$100 will be given to each. Those discharged, when honorably discharged, a bounty of \$100 will be given to each. Those discharged, when honorably discharged, a bounty of \$100 will be given to each.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned, at Fort Walla Walla.

CHAS. B. CURRY,

Capt. Comd'g Co. E.

Sept. 20, 1862.

Notice

TO CHARLES W. WALTERS.

YOU will take notice that I shall apply to the next Legislature of Washington Territory for a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between me and MARY J. WALTERS.

COVILLE, August 10, 1862.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between John Croighton and T. D. Smith, under the name of "Croighton & Co.," in this day dissolved by mutual consent. All business relating to the firm will be settled by John Croighton.

JOHN CROIGHTON,

THOMAS D. SMITH.

Florence, W. T., Sept. 13th, 1862.

HUNISTON, WILSON & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

Fine Brandies, Wines

—AND—

LEGUMES,

—Fire-Proof Brick Store, Front Street—

PORTLAND, OREGON.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING to our old patrons and the public of Oregon and Washington Territory generally, that we have established a trade and facilities for importing our line of goods that defies competition; also, that we are selling goods in our line at San Francisco prices, and guaranteeing them to be genuine; our stock being at all times subject to the strictest chemical analysis.

No Trade Solicited Except in Fine Liquors.

Our Stock consists in part of

OTARD, DUPEY & CO.

JAMES HENREY,

UNION VINEYARD PROPRIETORS,

A. DONIOTT & CO.,

PINNETT, CASTLON & CO.,

Union of the Proprietors,

G. MARQUET, A. SEIGNETTE,

and Various Other Brands.

Fine Old Brandy

—AND—

SHERRY WINES.

Pure Old Oporto Port,

