

Elwood Evans

Walla Walla



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Walla Walla, August 20, 1869. 36-1f

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A View of the Northern Pacific Railroad—Its Route, &c.

That the early completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad is a fixed fact, has been conceded ever since the elaborate and almost exhaustive speech of Mr. Windom from Minnesota in the lower House of Congress, and the practical views of the Minority Report on the bill were given to the public; and since then personal reconnoissances have confirmed the facts and furnished data to strengthen the arguments set forth in these documents. A correspondent who represented a leading Boston paper and Boston capital in the late reconnoissance of the Eastern Division of the proposed route, in a second lengthy letter, says:

"Have I not forth the attractions of the Northwest in too strong a light? Or is it that there is a fever of unrest in the community? Letters pour in upon me asking for more information, and people solicit personal interviews. * * * One thing is clear, that the attention of a large number of people is drawn to ward the Northwest. I rejoice in the fact, for there, better than here, young men of nerve, pluck and principle can lay foundations for future prosperity."

LATITUDE.

You see that the boundary between the United States and the British Possessions is the 49th parallel. Now turn to the map of Europe. You see that the same parallel runs near Paris, right through that valley of the Rheims, where the champagne grapes are grown. The vineyards of the Rhine are north of it. England, Scotland, Ireland, and the largest half of Europe, all are further north than the northern boundary of the United States. All the testimony of the people believed him innocent, and the other half were well persuaded of his guilt. Avery, after his acquittal, resumed his occupation as a preacher, and labored in several localities, being settled for several years at Richmond (Mass.) and other places in that neighborhood. Hundreds for a while went great distances to see and hear him; but it was evident that curiosity, more than anything else, tended to swell his audiences; and he could not grow or outlive the suspicion that existed against him. So he finally retired from the ministry and removed to a distant country, to seek the quiet and freedom from annoyance which he could not expect in Massachusetts. For the last twenty or thirty years Avery had led the life of an industrious and quiet farmer at Pittsfield, Ohio, where he died, going to the grave with the respect and regret of his neighbors and acquaintances. His age at death was seventy years.

THE COAL FIELDS.

Coal crops out in the valley of the Red river, on the Moore and on the Assiniboine. It makes its appearance on the Missouri and Yellowstone. It is found at the base of the Rocky mountains, and all the way north to the Arctic circle. Timber is scarce on the plains, but there is fuel in inexhaustible quantity beneath the soil. Railroads will bring timber. Do you think that railroads will be blocked with snow during the winter? Remember that the snow-fall is less in the Northwest than it is in New England. One of the finest railroads in the world is that running from St. Petersburg to Moscow. It is never blocked by snow.

BEYOND THE MOUNTAINS.

Space fails. I cannot stop to look beyond the Rocky mountains at Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Vancouver and British Columbia. There are, with fertile valleys, timber clad mountains, rich pasture lands, water falls, coal mines, beds of iron, veins of gold and silver, and a climate as mild as that of England, fronting China and Japan. Who can estimate the future of that region?

After a quotation from the speech of Wm. H. Seward at St. Paul in 1860, predicting the centralization of wealth and population in what was then the Northwest, the letter concludes:

"Whether the future makes good the prediction remains to be seen, but I am sure that no thoughtful man can study the physical geography of the country—its soil, climate and capabilities—the chain of lakes on the east, their connection with the Pacific on the west, the resources of the vast region, larger than the area of our own country east of the Mississippi, without feeling his heart thrill at the opening prospect. Turn the pages of history, examine the records of all lands, and you will find no correspondingly prospective view. Great as is our country in the present day, it is an increasingly mighty in the coming years."

A GUNPOWDER HAMMER.—Applied to pile driving, has been exhibited in Philadelphia. The cartridge contained one-third of an ounce of gun-powder, the hammer weighed 675 pounds. This was loaded and fired fifty-five times in one minute and a quarter. The driving powder is eight times as great as that of the steam hammer, and the speed ten times.

Important ancient discoveries have been made at Marouli, France. The remains of some 230 Gaul warriors were found, with quite an arsenal of lances, javalins and axes, besides buckles, earrings bearing traces of enamel, and also glass and copper bowls. The greatest curiosity consists in a quantity of hairpins.

A PEACEFUL END OF A TROUBLED LIFE.—We notice in one of our exchanges the death of a man at Pittsfield, Lorain county, Ohio, on the 23d of October, whose name will bring to the recollection of many of the older readers of the Journal the circumstances of an excitement in about the year 1833, which, for intensity and wide spread prevalence, has scarcely been excelled by any of the thousand and one events that have since absorbed the public attention for the time being. The body of a young girl by the name of Sarah A. Cornell, of Fall River, Massachusetts, was found by the side of a hay stack, in a field remote from the highway, with the indications of a great struggle and atrocious murder upon and about it. A Methodist minister of the place named Ephraim K. Avery, was suspected, arrested and tried, both in civil and ecclesiastical Courts, as the author of the atrocious homicide. Avery was a very talented and popular preacher, and the girl was a member of his Church. The ecclesiastical Court acquitted him, with full conviction of his innocence, and the civil Court failed to make a case against him and discharged him. But that did not settle the question of his innocence in the minds of a great portion of the people thereabout, and of the whole country, for the excitement on the subject was as intense in Ohio and other States as in Massachusetts. One-half of the people believed him innocent, and the other half were well persuaded of his guilt. Avery, after his acquittal, resumed his occupation as a preacher, and labored in several localities, being settled for several years at Richmond (Mass.) and other places in that neighborhood. Hundreds for a while went great distances to see and hear him; but it was evident that curiosity, more than anything else, tended to swell his audiences; and he could not grow or outlive the suspicion that existed against him. So he finally retired from the ministry and removed to a distant country, to seek the quiet and freedom from annoyance which he could not expect in Massachusetts. For the last twenty or thirty years Avery had led the life of an industrious and quiet farmer at Pittsfield, Ohio, where he died, going to the grave with the respect and regret of his neighbors and acquaintances. His age at death was seventy years.

THE COWARD TRADUCE.—The midnight assassin, who stealthily breaks in upon the sanctities of the private home of a family, and thrusts his stiletto into the heart of slumbering innocence, is no greater villain than he who assaults his neighbor's good name—invasades the hallowed courts of the temple of his well deserved and hard earned fame—breathes blight and mildew upon his spotless reputation—and leaves in his tortuous track, the slime and venom of the basilisk.

The sentiment has been most truthfully and graphically enunciated, that he who can choke the sweetest flowers of social love, and taint them with disease—and in the paradise of earthly bliss, where the plants of virtue flourish, spread the malarial miasma of the poison of hatred and distrust—who gladly would, were it possible, crush his neighbor's character to dust—grind to powder every vestige of his public honor and private value, and build upon the ruins—who can write infamy upon the brow of others to prove his own purity—is neither man nor beast, but a heartless demon.

Those who have seen their dearest interests tampered with—who have known what it is to have the priceless gem of a good name sullied by the pestilential breath of cold unprincipled slanders—these best can say, the calculator has no heart,—no conscience,—no soul! If the lightning's flash ever darted from heaven to strike the guilty dunder, it will blast the hopes of murderers such as these.

But bad as is the vile defamer of the living—yet far worse, is he who exhumes from the peaceful shadow of death, the departed victim of his envy, to hold him up to the gaze of the world, as a target at which to hurl the pestiferous shaft of his malignant hate.

In such a monster, there is to be found no trace of the image of God; but in room of this, is seen every appalling and disgusting lippament of the archfiend of perdition.—Rev. Z. Fuller.

ALL BILL.—An Irishman recently stopped at a hotel in Des Moines, Iowa, where pretty high bills were charged. In the morning the landlord made out the damages and presented it to the guest. After he had glanced over it, the latter looked the landlord in the face, and exclaimed: "Ye put me in mind of a snipe." "Why?" asked the landlord. "Because ye're very nigh all bill."

General Grant is going to have his counterfeit presentation on the new postage stamp.

EXCITING RACE.—Twelve ladies appeared to contest the prizes for equestrianism at the Decatur (Ill.) Horse Fair—one of whom, Sallie Wilkinson, of Nyantio, had her saddle removed, and mounted bareback, just before the horses were sent off for a scrub race. The word was given, and in an instant every horse was under full run, the ladies were applying the whip, and the air was filled with hats, ribbons, leces and "fixins" which had no place on the race track. The maid of Nyantio gave her black horse the whip, and soon passed the rear horses, and then the middle group, and was in the act of taking the lead, when her horse stumbled and fell upon the grass at the edge of the track. She was up before him, however, and had hold of his bridle, when four or five men sprang over the guard and held him while she mounted the lady riders cut the air with such swiftness that their long skirts floated over the backs of the horses. For some distance now no change had taken place, each doing her level best, except with the Nyantio maid on the bareback steed, who quickly took advantage of the clear space on the pole side, and rapidly passing one after another, came in under the string neck-and-neck with the third horse, and only a length of the lead. The young men cheered and yelled; the young ladies applauded with their fans and kerchiefs, while the tears ran down their pretty cheeks; the old people in many cases embraced each other in their joy, while the thick tongues in their throats murmured in broken syllables, "Nyantio!" As she rode back on her foaming steed, all covered with dirt by his fall, and her clothes torn almost to shreds, the grand stand resounded with the cheers of thirty thousand voices, and the surrounding groves prolonged the echo.

JOURNALISM IN THE UNITED STATES.—The first attempt at journalism in the United States was made in Boston, in 1639. It was a small sheet of four quarto pages, one of them blank; but only one weekly edition of it was ever issued. The Colonial Legislature having discovered in its columns, to use their own language, "reflections of a very high nature, and so its publication was declared contrary to law, and its existence snuffed out. The News Letter was the next attempt, four years afterwards. It was a half sheet, twelve inches by eight with two columns on each page. It was issued weekly until the year of the Declaration of Independence. William Bradford started a paper in the latter part of 1719, and two years afterwards, James Franklin, elder brother of Benjamin, started the New England Courant in Boston. In his autobiography, Ben. Franklin says he remembers some of the friends of his brother trying to dissuade him from attempting the enterprise, for the reason that there was already one newspaper in America, and two would be one too many. Dr. Franklin adds triumphantly, at the time (1771) there are not less than five and twenty. According to the returns of the census in 1810, the number of journals in the United States was 350, of which 27 were dailies. In 1830 the number estimated at 1,000. In 1840 it was 1,641. In 1850 it was 2,800, with a yearly circulation of nearly 500,000,000 copies. Now, the daily, tri-weekly, semi-weekly, weekly, monthly and quarterly publications in the United States amount to over 4,000 with an estimated annual circulation of 800,000,000 copies. There are four times as many periodical publications issued in this country as in England, and twice as many as in France."

GREAT STORMS.—The great storms of past times far exceed any of those of the present century. The storm which occurred in England November 26 and 27, 1703, was called the "great storm," as it was one of the most terrible that ever raged there. The devastation on land was immense; and on the coast, and in the harbors the loss in shipping and lives still greater. The loss in London was estimated at two million pounds sterling. Eight thousand persons were thought to be drowned in the floods on English rivers and on the coast. Twelve men-of-war, with more than eighteen hundred men on board, were lost within sight of land. In the county of Kent seventeen thousand trees were torn up. Multitudes of cattle were destroyed; in one level which was flooded, fifteen thousand sheep were drowned. It was during this terrific gale that the Eddystone light-house was carried away, and its ingenious inventor and his associates perished.

A woman in New Hampshire crazed by religious excitement, insists on preaching in the garb of Eden. It is said that when she preaches she creates quite a sensation.

A Radical Reviewing His Own Work.

Parker Pillsbury, one of the original abolitionists, is writing letters from Charleston, S. C., to the "Revolution," from which we make the following extracts:

"Push woman suffrage at the North against obstacles and oppositions, sparing nothing, sacred or profane, that lies in your way. But meantime may rest the suffrage question here, for a period, at least, until some much more elementary culture and elevation is secured. He surely must have a low estimate of the solemn responsibilities of a government involving the liberty, the person, the property and life of every individual in that government, who would force the ballot on thousands and thousands seen all over the South. And forced it was on many men, wherever the slaves have voted as much as were ever their tasks in the cotton field. They knew no more and cared no more for what they did in voting than if they were as infantile in years as they are in citizenship and political experience.

"Intemperance here is frightfully prevalent, and the colored people share almost universally in the evil. The whiskey here is diabolical, and yet they appear to love it more than anything else, women as well as men. They drink it red hot from the barrel, clean and pure, and I have seen mothers pour it thus down the throat of their six months old babies. And what is worse, there are very few white men, who employ them to any extent, that do not keep a barrel on tap, and furnish them whenever a better bargain or more work can be had thereby.

"The marriage tie is not even a bean knot among them. There is no tie about it as a general fact. On the plantations, very few children are born. Infanticide is common, it is said, but marriage is rare, unless forced upon the parties, and that is not frequent. In the towns it is somewhat better than it is in the country, but everywhere apparently among these poor beings, the legal restraints of marriage are but little regarded. As to any idea of comfortable house-keeping in the rural districts, and they comprise almost the whole South, it is all a mystery to be revealed even in its first principles.

"The ballot may be one thing needful there; but it seems to me suspicious, and fine tooth combs, pots, kettles, chairs, tables, knives, forks, spoons, decent food, cooking and clothing, glass windows, and even looking glasses, should at least go side by side, if they may not precede the rights of suffrage and of sovereignty.

As the New York Express says these are the allies the aristocracy of the East and West have created to vote down the labor and the laborers of both sections.

A TOMATO SENSATION.—Time makes sad havoc with our most cherished illusions. What institution have we in this country more highly and universally respected than the tomato? His old name of love-apple shows what a hold it has upon the popular heart. Who can believe this meek, innocent-looking, health giving fruit is the nurse of a reptile more venomous than the rattlesnake? Yet such is the report. Dr. Fuller of Syracuse, the Carthage Republican informs us, has in his office a tomato worm measuring five inches in length and weighing an ounce. It was taken from a tomato vine in his garden, and is now securely inclosed in a glass bottle. It eats and digests twenty times its own weight of tomatoes and tomato leaves. It eats constantly, except resting occasionally, from one to two minutes. This worm was first discovered this season, and is so poisonous a rattle-snake, it is said by throwing spittle, which it can throw from one to two feet. The spittle striking the skin the parts commence at once to swell, and in a few hours death ends the agonies of the patient. Three cases of death in consequence of the poison have recently been reported. The medical profession is much excited over this new enemy to human existence. It is advisable for persons picking tomatoes to wear gloves. The question arises whether or not a tomato partly devoured by one of these vermin, and then afterwards eaten by a person, may not have sufficient virus left upon it to poison the one who eats it? If this story cannot be contradicted emphatically and at once, the amount of land devoted to the culture of tomatoes in this part of the world will be suddenly and rapidly reduced. We do not care to give hospitality to visitors who eat twenty times their own weight, and whose saliva is deadly venom.—N. Y. Times.

ROUGH ON A PRIZE FIGHTER.—A Massachusetts Court has sentenced O' Baldwin, the Irish giant pugilist, to eighteen months imprisonment, for engaging in a prize fight.

Grant has not yet ascertained what his views are on the tariff.

CHARLES SUMNER AND THE G. A. R.—A few days ago, Mr. Sumner went to Portland to lecture for the benefit of disabled soldiers and their families, under the auspices of the G. A. R. Whatever may be thought or said of the lecture itself, it was not "a success" in replenishing the charity box of the Association. So far from it, a startling deficit of \$150 appeared, and the Argus expressed the hope that Mr. Sumner, being already wealthy, and merely repeating "an old lecture, would not insist upon the payment of his extravagant fee of \$250. A subsequent number of the Argus gives the sequel:

Here was a chance for a genuine touch of one of Sumner's "old Romanes." What did he say? "Gentlemen, I am sorry that your effort in behalf of a noble charity has not resulted more successful. Under the circumstances I must decline to receive the stipulated price of my lecture. If you feel at liberty to pay my expenses without incurring loss, very well." But did the great exponent of moral ideas say anything of the kind? Not much!

He exacted his exorbitant price to the last farthing. He took from the charity fund one hundred and fifty dollars which might almost be called "blood money" when it is remembered that every cent of it represented bread for orphans and wood for widows; dear ones left by brave men who fell in endeavoring to undo the mischief which Sumner and men of his stamp on both sides of the line has made.

The great "philanthropist" probably went home rejoicing in the possession of his gains and likely enough is busy now studying up great moral questions and arranging epithets and anathemas to hurl at the "disloyal."

PROGRESS IN TURKEY.—It is a sign of progress that the Sultan has just purchased from American manufacturers, two hundred thousand of the best American patterns of rifles, as an offset against Napoleon's chassepots and Bismarck's needle-guns. If people mean to fight, they ought to provide themselves with the most effective and lightest weapons. But it is a better sign still that Turkey has adopted the American system of public schools, which taxes the property of the State for the education of all its children, and makes such education compulsory, opening the schools to Christians as well as Moslem boys and girls. If the Sultan goes on at this rate, we shall soon hear of Yankee railway and telegraph enterprises, and something like a liberal constitutional government and parliament.

MORE STATES.—It will not be long before we will be called to admit some more Territories as States into the Union. Among others, Dakota will present fair claims for consideration. Villages and settlements are being rapidly established there. This past Summer some 5,000 immigrants made their homes in that Territory. The present population is reckoned at 20,000, and 47,000 acres of land have been lately taken up under the homestead and pre-emption laws by actual settlers.

THE DAMAGES by the late storm to the completed part of the Troy and Greenfield Railroad, between Greenfield and the Hoosac mountain, are very serious; several bridges and culverts are swept away, besides large breaches in the embankments. It will require from \$50,000 to \$100,000 to put the line in running condition again; and it is not probable now that this will be done before spring.

KITCHEN GIRLS.—All the kitchen girls in a certain French city recently struck for higher wages, less labor, and the privilege of having the company of their beaux in the kitchen. The mistresses granted the last-named demand, which so thoroughly satisfied the girls that they resumed duty without troubling about more pay or lighter tasks.

COURT IN OWHEE.—The District Court, Judge Lewis presiding, is in session at Silver City, Owyhee. The grand jury found a true bill for murder against H. B. Maize, who was shot at Frank Habb and killed another man, last Spring, at Silver City.

MORMON EMIGRATION.—According to the Millennial Star, during the present season, a trifle more than 2,300 Saints have emigrated from Liverpool, of whom about 650 were from Scandinavia, a few others from the Continent, and 39 were Elders returning from their missions.

A quaint writer says: "I have seen women so timid that they were afraid to ride for fear of the horse rearing away; afraid to walk for fear that the dew might fall; afraid to sail for fear the boat might upset; but I never saw one afraid to be married, which is one fearful thing that all of them put together."

Editorial Correspondence.

OLYMPIA, November 21, 1869.

DEAR STATESMAN: The session of the Legislature is rapidly drawing to a close, and I for one am truly glad, for certainly a more corrupt body of men, take them as a whole, have never before been delegated to make laws for any people. Many years since California had a Legislature that was designated as the "Legislature of a thousand drunks." Washington Territory has the "call," and can very properly designate the present law-making body as the "Legislature of a thousand swindlers." It is true, we have honest men in both branches, but the voices of these are drowned in the noisy demands of the plunderers, and so the work of robbing the people progresses with scarce a protest. After this session, I think it will be difficult to induce a man of fair character to allow his name to be mentioned in connection with a seat in the Washington Territory Legislature, and I know that the honest men who are now in the Legislature are ashamed of their association with the corruptionists who make up the majority. The whole body is putrid and festering with corruption. The sooner it disbands the better it will be for the people. As a specimen of the swindling going on, I will cite

THE CODE.

Most persons have supposed that a new code of laws was to be framed that would be simple in their character and easily understood. Instead of this, the old laws are being bundled together and run through the Legislature without regard to uniformity or system, and this both ways is called a "code," for the printing of which Dr. Scott, the Territorial Secretary, will fleece the government out of \$15,000 or \$20,000, and it is to further this swindle that the Legislature is put through the "motions," and some of the greener members are made to believe that they are assisting in framing a "code." The whole thing is a job, got up for the benefit of the Secretary, and those who are "in with him," and the members who assist in carrying out the swindle will in a great measure bear the odium. The laws that go to form this "code" are rushed through both Houses without being read, and the members vote for them in entire ignorance of their character. If such a procedure as this is not calculated to bring the legislature into contempt, then I must confess that I am at fault. Several months since it was prophesied in the Statesman that the election of Mr. Garfield would inaugurate an era of corruption in this Territory, and certainly the conduct of the first Legislature under his dynasty more than verifies the prediction. Some such men as those who rule in Washington Territory must have inspired the poetic declaration that— "When vice prevails and wicked men hold sway, The post of rank is private station."

SWINDLES NOT ACCOMPLISHED.

In the early part of the week a bill creating the office of "Commissioner of Statistics," with a salary of \$2,500, and \$2,500 additional stealings was passed through the Council, under a call for the "previous question," without allowing the opposition to say one word. Whether it will have a similar course in the House remains to be seen. This bill is intended to pension Elwood Evans on the Territory at an annual cost of \$5,000, to come out of the pockets of tax-payers. The next grab at the Treasury was to appropriate thirteen hundred and fifty dollars to Hazard Stevens for one hundred copies of a map of that part of the mountains. These maps are worth at retail about \$5 each, but the Territory when she buys by the wholesale pays thirteen dollars and fifty cents each! What a nice thing it is to be liberal with the public money! I regret to say that the vote of my colleague stands recorded in favor of both these swindles.

UNIFORM FEES.

A few years since the fees of officials in the larger and more populous counties were placed at a moderate rate—satisfactory both to the officials and the public. This arrangement, however, is not satisfactory to the corruptionists who control the Legislature, and to get rid of the reasonable charges that now prevail they propose a "uniform rate of fees."

That is to say, because the thickly populated counties require a high rate of fees, therefore the same rule must be applied to the populous counties, and all be made to pay a high rate. A more shallow pretext for placing additional burdens upon the shoulders of the people was never desired, but shallow as it is, it is likely to succeed. Indeed, with the present Legislature the greater the swindle the greater the probability of success.

THE DIVISION SCHEME.

Before this reaches you Mr. Bond will have reached home, and with his return you will learn that the "division scheme" is stone dead. Not a single prominent radical in either House was willing to father the measure, and so nothing remained for Cox's agent but to gather up his wardrobe and return home. The fact is, the people of the Territory are proud of Walla Walla County, and not a single man in the Legislature was willing to raise a sacrilegious hand to mar her grand proportions. The "Empire County" of the Territory, it should be the pride of our people to protect her against the small men who, for selfish purposes, would hawk at her and tear her limb from limb. In this connection I may add, that Anderson Cox is in bad odor with the people of the Sound, who regard him as a mousetrap politician, destitute of ability, and ready to do any dirty work that promises to further his own advancement. In every manly element, Alvan Flanders is regarded as a head and shoulders above Cox, and as between the two the first has ten friends where the latter has not one.

THE CHIEF JUSTICESHIP.

H. G. Struve, the radical member of the Council from Clark county, has done a vast deal of dirty work during the present session, in the hope thereby of earning the appointment of Chief Justice, in place of Judge Dennison, the present incumbent. It is understood that Garfield promised Struve the place, but then again he promised it to Elwood Evans, and we know not how many others, and so it is altogether probable that Struve, after all his dirty work, will be left out in the cold. For the benefit of the Councilman, we repeat a remark made by Garfield after the Delegate election. It was to the effect, that "Struve had come in at the eleventh hour and done good work, but his early friends must be first rewarded." This platform postpones Struve's claims indefinitely, and in the end we are quite sure he will be found declaring that "republicans are ungrateful."

THE ELECTION LAW.

The election law was up in the Council on Saturday, and after sundry amendments were discussed and disposed of, a motion to extend the right of suffrage to females was carried by a vote of five to four. The bill was made the special order for Monday, at 10 o'clock, when it will be finally disposed of. I still adhere to the opinion that the county and legislative officers will be made elective in June, 1870, but of this nothing is certain. On this question the democratic members of the House from Walla Walla county, are all understood to favor a continuance of the present officials to June, 1871. A day or two will decide the question, and so I forbear predict the result.

WALLA WALLA MEMBERS.

It is due the delegation from Walla Walla county to say that they are constantly in their seats, and giving close attention to business. By common consent, Judge Mix is regarded as the head of the delegation, and on the floor of the House is the acknowledged democratic leader. The only fault I have to find with the Judge is his excessive liberality, and this liberality leads him to favor measures that will entail a serious tax upon the people. The other members of the delegation, being of a different temperament, possibly may hold him in check.

WORSE THAN STEAMBOATED.

A story is current here of the Walla Walla members that will bear repeating. During the recess Messrs. Mix, Stine, Eaton and Vansyckle went over to Victoria to see the sights. On their return, they stopped overnight at the flourishing town of Seattle, and took lodgings at the "Terminus House." At an early hour in the morning they were woken up by the shrill whistle of what they supposed to be the steamer, and bundling their clothes on as fast as possible, hurried down to the landing, and boarding the craft from which the sound of the whistle had proceeded, Fred Stine, who acted as spokesman for the party, enquired "How soon the steamer would start for Olympia?" The answer came back—"This yere saw-mill don't run to Olympia!" Just at this time the Walla Walla Solons beat a hasty retreat, but not fast enough to avoid hearing the shouts of laughter that came from the twenty or thirty lumbermen that were at work in the mill. At first the victims tried to keep the mill quiet, but gradually it leaked out, and now all that is necessary to raise a laugh is to ask—"Who it was that proposed to make the tour of the Sound in a saw-mill?" With this anecdote, I must close this already too long epistle. Yours truly, W. H. N.

RAILROAD TALK.—From the Grand Ronde, Spatsnel, of the 20th ult., we learn that at a Citizens' Meeting recently held in La Grande, it was resolved, "that three thousand dollars be raised for the purpose of sending Jas. H. Slater and Daniel Chaplin to Washington during the coming session of Congress, to assist our senators and Representatives in having measures passed for the benefit of Eastern Oregon. The wants signified were: First—a railroad from the Pacific railroad to the Columbia river and Puget Sound; second the removal of the Indians from the Umatilla reservation; third—the vacant lands of Eastern Oregon surveyed and opened to settlement, and fourth—the inducement of emigration and settlement in Eastern Oregon. Committees were appointed to solicit subscriptions from the counties of Baker, Union and Umatilla."

THE CROPS.—The Commissioner of Agriculture at Washington, has furnished the following statistics of leading crops for the year 1869, in dollars. Some of it has been "estimated":

Table with 2 columns: Crop Name and Value. Includes Indian corn, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Barley, Buckwheat, Potatoes, Tobacco, Hay, Cotton, and a Total of \$1,811,658,915.

ANOTHER RADICAL DEFAULTER.

Daniel R. Farnham, for eight years Postmaster of Rockford, Minnesota, has been arrested for robbing the mail. The evidence at the examination went to show that the accused had been engaged in abstracting letters from the mail, containing money, drafts, etc., amounting from his first entering upon his duties as Postmaster, some eight or nine years ago, and during that time had stolen a large amount. When accused of his crimes he took the matter very coolly, and proceeded to examine the law touching the case, and expressed the opinion that he had acted "within the law." There's radical cheek for you.

TIMES HAVE CHANGED.

The New York Times says that not a single vessel is building in the great ship yards in and about that city. Six years ago during the Autumn, no less than thirty-two large ships were building in New York and Brooklyn yards, each more than one thousand tons burden. The cause of the decline of American ship building is in our tariff and paper currency, which has given the business into foreign hands.

THE SAN FRANCISCO CALL SAYS

Chicago tailors, shoemakers and hatters are sending their agents to San Francisco, who take the measures of its citizens and send them to Chicago where the articles are made up and in three weeks sent to San Francisco and furnished to the parties who made the orders at prices in greenbacks twenty per cent. below what the artisans of the Bay City would make them in gold.

MATRIMONIAL BLISS IN MAINE.

A Portland, Maine, paper has prepared the following matrimonial statistics for that city: "Runaway wives, 94; runaway husbands, 195; married persons legally divorced, 348; living in open warfare, 1,445; living in private misunderstanding, 1,106; mutually indifferent, 4,603; regarded as happy; 9—total 8,803."

JEFFERSON DAVIS.—The New Orleans Picayune says of Jefferson Davis: "Mr. Davis will not and cannot, under any possible circumstances, be induced to enter into the politics of the day, or accept any position in public life. As to this, he is content to be of the past; as to works of material usefulness, he desires to be of the present."

A GOOD IDEA.—It is said that missionaries are to be sent from Salt Lake to Massachusetts, to convert the 30,000 women who can't get any one to marry them. The New York Democrat says that they would be snuffed up in Utah very sudden, and it would be good for what ails them.

According to the Millennial Star, good Mormon authority, during the present season, a trifle more than 2,300 Saints have emigrated from Liverpool, of whom 650 were from Scandinavia, a few others were from the Continent, and thirty-nine were Elders returning from their missions.

POWDER RIVER VALLEY, Oregon, has 6,000 acres under cultivation, 4,000 population, 5,000 cattle, 1,500 sheep, 5,000 hogs, one flour mill, four saw mills; has been settled six years and has room for as many more.

The heirs of Noah Webster are said to receive \$25,000 annually from the sale of his dictionary.

A general order issued from the War Department directs, amongst other places, that San Francisco be made a general depot of funds for the paymasters.

The United States Supreme Court holds that a State has power to tax sales of all goods imported from other States, provided such tax is general in its character, applying to similar productions of the State laying the tax.

ALMSHOUSE HORRORS.—The horrors of our rural almshouse system have never been half told, says the N. Y. World of November 1st.

There are horrors of the blackest kind connected with that system finds ample proof in facts that have been brought to light. Cruelties of the most inhuman kind are perpetrated in our almshouses. Many of these cruelties are too revolting to be described in print. Nor are they of recent practice. They have been committed through many, many years, and they number their victims by thousands. How many poor, helpless wretches have died under these barbarities no one can tell, but that thousands have thus perished admits of no doubt. This is a terrible statement to make, but it is true, and one which ought to raise a cry of indignation that shall awake the people of this State to a full realization of the horrors of our almshouse system.

In an article by Mr. Charles L. Bruce, published in Saturday's Times, the writer says that the commission appointed by the Legislature two years ago, to inspect the charities aided by the State, learned during their visit to county almshouses certain facts which should make all good men blush for the reputation of the Empire State. Dr. Hoyt a member of the commission, discovered, in one of these institutions, "in a close, filthy, dark cell, an insane pauper, smeared with blood and filth, who had just given birth to a child, whose father neither the keeper nor the woman knew. She had been east in there as a pauper lunatic, left without care among adult males, idiots, and lunatics, and the result happened to be witnessed by the commissioner."

If this is not a horrible fact, whither shall we go in quest of horror? Was ever greater cruelty perpetrated in any place or at any time? We think not.

Mr. Bruce says that "repeatedly in these houses of misery, the committed discovered that the poor, wretched women were corrupted or beguiled by the ruffians, or vagabonds or fellow-lunatics and idiots with whom they are left. A strange abnormal, hideous race—the offspring of idleness and lunacy—seems springing up as the fruit of some of our paper-administration in rural districts." In proof of this startling statement, Mr. Bates narrates the following incident, which was furnished him by Dr. Hoyt: "Some sixty years since, a respectable woman, with a child about five years of age, was suddenly reduced to poverty, and sent by the authorities to the almshouse in Cortland county. The almshouse life gradually degraded her womanhood, and she remained there a pauper. Her child grew up a healthy young woman and remained there a pauper in habits. She gave birth in the almshouse to two illegitimate daughters. These again, grew up like their mother and grandmother. In due time, they had respectively two and three children, also illegitimate. So ingrained had the wretched, depraved, dependent life of the almshouse become in them, that wherever these women or their children were sent, they turned up soon in the poor house, and were either returned or went back themselves to the Cortland County Almshouse. When the commissioners visited this institution, he found there all three of these last generations of paupers and prostitutes."

THEY APPRECIATE A NEWSPAPER.

The people of Winnemucca, Nevada, appreciate the importance of a newspaper in their midst. A few weeks since Mr. Bonfield commenced the publication of the Register in that place. It had formerly been published at Unionville, but the good folks of Winnemucca, appreciated the benefits of a paper, and on account of their regard for the proprietor treated him as follows: Bob McBeth made him a present of the office, including house, material and everything complete. G. W. Fox presented him a check for \$250 coin; Tom Julien and Wash Walker contributed a stove; Rosenthal gave a box of candles, and N. Levi sent in a box of fine Havana cigars. Humbolt is inhabited by people whose conduct is unaccountable.

MARVELS OF MINUTE VEGETATION.—Some spores of fungi are so inconceivably minute that it would require more than 200,000,000 placed side by side to cover a square inch, yet these atoms, insignificant as they appear, keep constant to particular patterns, both in shape, size, and colour. More than this, each atom is possessed of a spark of life, which under favorable circumstances, will cause the minute spore to swell and burst and reproduce the parent plant from which it sprang. It is difficult if not totally impossible, to conceive the infinite minuteness of these living bodies, but for comparison, we may say that one spore bears the same relation to a foot linear as a yard does to more than 100 miles; a space four inches square is sufficient to contain a number of spores, side by side, equal to all the inhabitants of the world; 1,000,000 would find ample space on the head of a pin; yet the life contained in these objects is so tenacious that neither the burning sun of summer nor the severest cold of winter causes them to lose their vital power. When they have freshly fallen from the parent plant they are highly sensitive, and if they are allowed to fall upon glass and are watched under the higher powers of the microscope, a breath will show in a remarkable manner how they are inflamed by warmth and moisture.—The World of Wonders.

JAPAN.—The following is the text of the document (mentioned in a recent telegram) addressed by certain Japanese priests of high rank to the Government: "The perverse religion of Jesus, the Master of Heaven, is a calamity which menaces the empire. It is useless to repeat that for a long time past prohibitions have been made against it. Nevertheless these are ineffectual who incline to these doctrines, and these are to be found in no small number amongst the population. More than this, men from foreign lands seek, in divers ways, to indoctrinate, and it is difficult to know if they will not even go so far as to employ violence and the force of arms. We have learnt that the Mikado is filled with anxiety on this subject. We are profoundly grieved at this, and desire that perpetual prohibition against this doctrine be issued. We very humbly, who have already with Buddhism, made the power of Japan are disposed to live and to die with the empire, and notwithstanding our inability to serve it, even at the price of our lives, this is why we pray and supplicate on our knees that this prohibition may be published and made known to all. Mujidi (second year, third month)—Signed by Three High Priests."

STRANGE GROUND FOR DAMAGES.

Russian papers state that a inmate of one of the prisons in St. Petersburg has obtained damages to the amount of five rubles from a friend who neglected to forward a letter to the Spanish Cortes in which the prisoner offered himself as a candidate for the throne. His letter was as follows:—"I am the nobleman Von Robert, and consequently an individuality. I have acted for some years as superintendent of the post station at Krasny, and have gained nothing by it but 140 criminal actions (which vouches for my selfishness); besides this I have served in a regiment of Hussars and a regiment of grenadiers. I have been in custody five years (four in prison) I speak three living languages fluently. My form is majestic, propitious, and my features full of expression; therefore when I am on the throne of Spain I shall not compromise the Spanish people, whom I hope to love as my own, by a miserable exterior."

SCHOOLBOYS IN COURT.

The Concord (New Hampshire) Patriot states that the Supreme Judicial Court at Dover has been occupied for three days with the trial of the case "Ricker vs. Freeman," an action brought for injuries sustained 11 years ago, when the parties were schoolboys of about 12 years of age. The evidence showed that during the recess of the school which they attended the boys were "skyarking" on the stairs, in the course of which Freeman threw Ricker so violently that he fell upon some books in the wall, one of which entered his neck and did him so much injury that he has never recovered from the effects of it. The damages were laid at \$5,000, and the action has been deferred till the parties become of age. The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff, and gave him damages, to the amount of \$3,250. No malice was imputed to the defendant.

BRIGANDAGE IN SARDINIA.

The village of Mamojuda, in Sardinia, was invaded early on the night of the 26th Sept., by a band of 600 individuals, a part of whom surrounded the guard house, while the rest attacked the residence of the receiver of taxes. That official, however, succeeded in escaping with a sum of 80,000 francs, belonging to the State, and the only booty obtained by the brigands was about 200 francs, and some articles of the value of 700 francs, belonging to the tax-collector. The Mayor of the neighboring village of Orsoolo was murdered of the following morning by the same band.

The export of human hair from France to the United States has recently increased so rapidly that the supply proved inadequate to the requirements, and the price was doubled. Germany, Belgium, Poland and Russia have joined to furnish us with supplies.

The Rhode Island cotton mills employ 20,000 operatives, and run 1,000,000 spindles.

Cuba promises a crop of 745,000 tons of sugar and 365,000 hogheads of molasses this year.

The New England Pin company at Winsted, is now averaging at the rate of 2,016,000 per day.

The amount of tobacco inspected in Virginia during this year ending October 1, was 47,567 hogheads.

A New York company is converting the salt works at Eastport, Maine into an iron smelting furnace.

A Providence man has invented a machine for sewing books. It has been put in successful operation.

The three canning establishments of Bridgeton, New Jersey, expect to put up 2,000,000 cans of fruit this season.

The liabilities of the First National Bank of Nevada, are estimated at \$200,000. The creditors are chiefly residents of Nevada.

The Hinkley Knitting Machine Company, at Bath Me., sold recently, 1,000 of its machines to one person.

At Abington, Virginia, the manufacture of stoneware on an extensive scale has recently been started. Clay of the best quality for this purpose abounds in the vicinity.

A factory has been started at Norway, Maine, for the manufacture of pulp for paper from poplar wood. The pulp is to be sent to Massachusetts to be manufactured into book-covers, etc.

It is believed that the corn crop will be 150,000,000 bushels short of the average, which is not far from 80,000,000 bushels; but other food crops more than make up for the failure in corn.

The cotton commissioner of the Berars and Central provinces of India has issued his report of exports to Bombay for the past season. He estimates the amount at 273,000 bales, compared with 220,000 in 1867-68, and 276,000 in 1866-69.

The famous beds of phosphate of lime, near Churleston, South Carolina, cover an area of six or seven hundred acres. They are eighteen inches to two feet thick; the phosphate is worth in Charleston six dollars per ton for fertilizing purposes, and the value of the entire deposit is estimated at six million dollars.

The Basin mill, at Orono, Maine, is said to be the largest saw-mill in the world. It is 440 by 60 feet, has four gang, five single, 2 circular saws, five lathe machines, one shingle and one clapboard machine, and turns out daily 200,000 laths, 10,000 shingles and 4,000 clapboards. It is owned by the heirs of the late General Vesazie and rents for \$25,000 per year.

An industrious arithmetician has calculated that the \$500,000,000 worth of gold sold in Wall street on the memorable Friday, September 24th, would, allowing sixteen dollars to an ounce and sixteen ounces to the pound, and two thousand pounds to the ton and one ton to each cart, require a thousand carts to move it; and, allowing twenty feet to each horse and cart, the string of carts would be eight miles long.

DOMESTIC LIFE IN TURKEY.—A disagreeable scene occurred a short time ago in a Pasha's harem at Serajero, in Bosnia. The Pasha, though a Mussulman, was known to have a great fondness for the bottle, and in one of his drunken fits he beat his wives so unmercifully that the whole town was roused by their screams, and the police had to interfere. During the disturbance one of the Pasha's wives escaped to the Russian consulate, but she was given up the next day, and it is supposed that she has been murdered, as nothing more had been heard of her.

Real Estate. PARTIES having Lots for Sale in Walla Walla, Umatilla, Yakama, and Stevens counties, will be glad to comply for one half the usual charges at the Greenback Store.

Notice to Applicants! ALL BUSINESS pertaining to the several Departments at Washington, left with me before December 1st, will receive my personal attention, assisted by the legal fraternity of the East.

AGENT FOR SILVER'S PATENT Excelsior Broom, Fastener and Handle. Every Farmer his own Broom Maker. Call and examine this valuable invention.

RAG CARPETS FOR \$5.00. I will supply you with a new Patent Machine for making Rag Carpets, without the aid of thread and needle.

Notice to Emigrants! THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE for Walla Walla, Umatilla, Yakama, and Stevens counties, with the only official and complete maps and plats, is located at this establishment. You can have all the benefits and necessary information Papers made out, with legal advice, FREE OF CHARGE.

You will be furnished with General Merchandise for your family use, for the first six months, at less than retail prices. No store left unreturned for the advancement of Walla Walla Valley.

A description of Walla Walla Valley and resources, for sending to your friends in the East, furnished, on application, free of charge.

The Court House Avoided. The use of a splendid Law Library, and legal advice, to those who cannot agree, free of charge.

Suits can be settled by arbitration under our Territorial Laws, without the aid of Court or Jury, saving great expense to the county and contestants.

Special Notice! DISAPPOINTED applicants for high official positions, can learn the grand secret of obtaining such, by calling at the Greenback Store. (Strictly confidential.) No fear of removal before term expires.

H. PARKER. Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for States and Territories. Walla Walla, 1852-1870.

P.S.—A new Patent, invented in Boston during the great Peace Jubilee excitement, for instructing those who are continually meddling with people's domestic and business affairs. For further particulars, enquire of H. PARKER.

GREENBACK STORE.

Reader this Concerns You!

THE ENTIRE STOCK of the "New Book and Variety Store" will be closed out, (Greenbacks taken at Par) to enable us to make room for a large invoice of goods now on the way from New York.

We Mean Business.

Our Stock of School Books and Stationery, which is expected daily, will be sold at New York Prices, with freight added.

Schools supplied with Spellers from 25 to 50 cents each; Copy Books 25 cents; 1st Readers 50 cents each; 2d do \$1.00 each; 3d do \$1.25 each; 4th do \$1.50 each; 5th do \$2.00 each. Arithmetic and Geography same as the Readers. Writing Paper from 25 to 50 cents per quire.

GREENBACK PRICES. We will sell Books and Stationery to all customers, AT RETAIL, at lower rates than San Francisco or Portland prices (Walla Walla trade to the contrary notwithstanding). We have made permanent arrangements with all the principal Publishing Houses in the East for a term of years, and our facilities are such that we cannot be undersold by any House on the Pacific Coast.

To Newspaper Readers. YOU can make arrangements by calling at the New Book and Variety Store, to receive the Portland Oregonian, Herald, and Evening Commercial at cost, or less than 25 cents per week. Also, San Francisco and Sacramento Journals furnished at 12 cents each, coin.

UNITED STATES Postage Stamps furnished to customers for Legal Tenders, at face.

NO DISTINCTION MADE between Greenbacks and Coin for goods now on hand at this establishment.

OLD SANTA CLAU'S will surely establish himself in connection with this business, and on about Christmas and New Years will establish numerous patrons with an endless variety of Holiday Goods, never before seen in Washington Territory.

Garden Seeds. WE HAVE MADE arrangements with the Principal Seed Ware Houses of New York and Philadelphia to receive Fresh Seeds by Railroad.

THE undersigned is General Agent for Washington, Idaho, Montana and Oregon for all the Subscription Books published by the leading houses of New York, Boston, Hartford, and Philadelphia. Agents wanted.

General Agent for Llord's, Watson's and other Map publishing Houses in New York. Agents wanted.

Established Agency. For Herring's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes, second to none in the United States. The safes can be obtained of the undersigned at New York prices, with freight and charges. Also General Agents for several more valuable inventions.

The Great Resurrection Plant. From the Tropics, is now on exhibition at the Greenback Store, at this country, at the Greenback Store.

Agent for Leading Fire Insurance Companies, and the Manhattan Life Insurance Company of New York.

Oregon State Lands. THE undersigned is now prepared with official blanks and instructions for applicants wishing to select or purchase State Lands in said country. Settlers already occupying any of such lands, without having complied with the requirements of law, are liable to lose their improvements required to perfect title.

All persons having land business done through me will be entitled to use my Sola Compens free of charge.

Real Estate. PARTIES having Lots for Sale in Walla Walla, Umatilla, Yakama, and Stevens counties, will be glad to comply for one half the usual charges at the Greenback Store.

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Jacobson Brothers,

(SUCCESSORS TO N. & E. BROWN.)

ARE now in the field with a large and

Complete Assortment

—OF—

STAPLE and FANCY GOODS

Dress Goods,

CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

GROCERIES, CROCKERY,

and a General Stock of

MERCHANDISE;

at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION!

All kinds of

Produce Taken in Exchange

For Goods, for which the Highest Market Price will be Paid

Give us a call and examine our stock, nov 6th JACOBSON BROS.

LARD, CASTOR, BOILED AND NUT OIL, for sale by JORDAN & CO. 24 1/2 Opposite I. T. Reeser, Warehouse.

Money Market. San Francisco Legal Tender rates. 80% New York Gold Quotations. 124 3/4

SHOOTING MATCH.—A shooting match for turkeys and chickens came off below town on Thursday. Owing to a strong cross breeze the shooting was rather wild.

LOCATING LAND.—Some of the shrewd land speculators at the East have been forwarding money to individuals at this place to be invested in vacant lands in this country.

SLIGHTING IN GRAND RONDE.—We have it from a resident of La Grande, just arrived in town, that the citizens of that place were enjoying unusually good sleighing on Tuesday morning last.

BEST STOCK OF FAMILY GROCERIES at the new Cash Store of Kimball & Day.

GRANT DISPLAY.—Mr. Joe Bauer has recently received the most complete and inexhaustible supply of toys for the holidays ever introduced into this market.

DAY GOODS AND NOTIONS in the greatest profusion and cheaper than the cheapest, at the new cash store of Kimball & Day.

A NEW SETTLEMENT.—Quite a number of families have located within the past month, on the high table lands between Snake and Spokane rivers.

TRADE REPORT.—During the week ending Nov. 30th, Messrs. I. T. Reese and Jordan & Co., loaded 19 teams and 25 packs with flour, liquors and assorted merchandise for different parts in this and adjoining Territories.

WEATHER IN ALASKA.—The Alaska Times, published at Sitka, in a late issue describes the weather in that region as very mild for the latitude.

may and thirst for vengeance that filled the home of Mr. Lee when he found the condition of things upon his return.

New Store.—Messrs. Kimball & Day have just opened, in the store lately occupied by Brechtel's Bakery, one of the most complete stocks of family groceries.

BRECHTEL'S NEW STORE.—Mr. Brechtel has this week located himself in his new store, one door above the old stand, on Main street.

TO THE FARMERS AND PUBLIC IN GENERAL.—Your attention is called to the new and complete stock lately received from San Francisco, consisting of the finest and best beaver and cassimere business suits, overcoats, &c.

GROCERIES, FLOUR and all heavy goods delivered free by Express Wagon to any part of the City.

FARM FOR SALE CHEAP! A FARM, consisting of 160 acres of excellent land, situated six miles from Walla Walla City.

Notice To Tax-Payers! By an act of the Territorial Legislature, the Tax List will remain in my hands until the first day of January next.

\$100 REWARD.—GOLD COIN! WHEREAS my women, Ju Ghan, ran away with a Chinaman named Hen Sing, on the 30th day of November, 1869.

Notice of Distribution. In the Probate Court of the County of Walla Walla, Territory of Washington.

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said Samuel R. Moss, deceased, be and appear before the Probate Court of said County of Walla Walla, on Tuesday, December 28, A. D. 1869.

It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said Samuel R. Moss, deceased, be and appear before the Probate Court of said County of Walla Walla, on Tuesday, December 28, A. D. 1869.

Notice of Copartnership. The Copartnership heretofore existing between C. Jacobs, R. Jacobs and Wm. Overholzer, under the firm name of C. Jacobs & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

WILLIAM DAVIDSON, Office, No. 64 Front St. PORTLAND, OREGON.

Special Collector of Claims, Accounts, Notes, Bonds, Drafts, and Mercantile Claims of every description throughout Oregon and the Territories.

REAL ESTATE DEALER. Portland, Sept. 25, 1869.

JORDAN & CO.

OPPOSITE I. T. REESE'S WAREHOUSE.

Wholesale & Retail

DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

LIQUORS

CROCKERY, HARDWARE,

Window Glass,

Paints, Oils,

Wall-Paper,

&c., &c., &c.

WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP, FOR CASH.

All Kinds of

PRODUCE

Taken in Exchange for Goods.

TO FARMERS. THE HIGHEST PRICE IN CASH

PAID FOR

Wheat, Barley, Oats and Beans

BARGAINS!

WE ARE

SELLING OFF

CHEAP FOR

CASH OR PRODUCE

In order to make room for

OUR FALL & WINTER STOCK.

JORDAN & CO., Opposite I. T. REESE'S WAREHOUSE, Walla Walla, Sept. 7, 1869.

APPLES AND ONIONS.

A FRANK is regularly engaged in the PRODUCE TRADE!

And will at all times have on hand a full supply of

APPLES BY BOX, AND ONIONS

In any quantity. Orders filled promptly, and at the very lowest rates.

A. FRANK, Main St., next door to the Post Office, oct22

NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Vancouver, W. T., November 12th, 1869.

COMPLAINT having been entered at this office by Jacob A. Kenoyer, of Walla Walla County, W. T., against Henry Smith, for abandoning his homestead entry, No. 389, dated August 12th, 1861.

Having disposed of ALL THE OLD STOCK of Liquors on hand I now take charge of the above Brewery, I now take this means of notifying my customers and the public generally that in future I shall make nothing but the first quality of

PHILADELPHIA XXX ALE.

Porter & XX Steam or Flat Ale.

All of which I flatter myself we can do to perfection. I solicit the patronage of the community, that on and after November 1, 1869, our Breweries will be sold at the following prices: Philadelphia XXX Ale and Porter, \$15 per barrel or \$2.50 for five gallons.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

F. VETTER, MERCHANT TAILOR.—CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, and REPAIRING and CLEANING attended to. Will make a specialty of CUTTING AND FITTING GARMENTS for those who wish to make up their own Goods. Main Street, Walla Walla, 22 y.

W. T. A. M. & A. F. SOCIETY.

BOOKS FOR THE SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CENTRAL STOCK OF THE W. T. A. M. & A. F. SOCIETY are now open. Secretary's Office, Dr. Shell's building Main Street JOE HELMUTH, Secretary.

JOE HELMUTH, Manufacturer & Wholesale Dealer in Lager Beer and Ale.

WALLA WALLA, Washington Territory. 1424f.

NOTICE.

PERSONS WHO MADE application through General McCarver for pay of Horses and Equipments lost in the Indian War of 1855 and '56, will please call on or address the undersigned for any information concerning the same. Claimants must make immediate application as the Government will not pay any more after January, 1870.

A. S. GROSS, Notary Public. Agent for Gen. McCarter, 76 Front Street, cor. Washington, Portland, Oregon. 35 3m.

INTERNATIONAL SALOON,

White's New Building, Morrison Street, between Front and First, Portland.

CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.

Where John S. Sirey, late of the Portland Club Rooms, and Harry W. Warren, of the Mount Hood Saloon, Walla Walla, will always be found to cater to the special taste of their friends.

BUY OF Johnson & Rees.

If You Would Save Money! GO TO

Johnson & Rees's NEW STORE!

AT WM. STEVENS' OLD STAND, corner Main and First Streets, Walla Walla, and by your

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS; CALIFORNIA AND STATES FINEST LICEYS, DENIMS; BLEACHED AND BROWN MUSLINS; NALCOOES DELAINES, SUGARS; COFFEE, PEPPER, SPICES; TOBACCO AND CIGARS, CANDLES, KEROSENE, SALERATUS, CREAM TARTAR, OYSTERS, CAN AND DRIED FRUITS, CURRY COMBS AND BRUSHES.

Blank Books; Letter Paper; Pens, Ink; Pencils; Envelopes; Mucilage; &c., &c., &c.

We have a large stock selected especially for the Farmers Trade, and will take Wheat, Oats, Barley, Beans, Bacon, Lard, Eggs and Butter in exchange for goods.

UMATILLA HOUSE!

HANDLEY & SINNOTT, Prop'rs. DALLES, OREGON.

THIS POPULAR HOUSE IS CENTRALLY located, near the Steamboat Landing and Railroad Depot, has Accommodations for 200 Guests, and will be conducted as a First Class Hotel

THE HOTEL OMNIBUS Will always be at the railroad depot and steamboat landing on the arrival of passengers to convey them and their baggage to and from the Hotel FREE OF CHARGE.

Two large fire-proof Safes, for the deposit of valuables. In connection with the Hotel, we have

BILLIARD SALOON,

Containing TWO FIRST CLASS FRENCH CARROM Tables, entirely new. THE BAR will always be supplied with the best

Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, Ale, Beer, etc.

THE READING ROOM will contain the latest Oregon, California and Eastern papers. FREE LUNCH at 10 o'clock A. M. April 30, 1869.

EVERTS & ABEL,

MANUFACTURERS

FURNITURE

Spring, Hair, Wool, and Palm Beds and Pillows,

Kept on hand and Made to Order.

UPHOLSTERING Done in a workmanlike manner.

Furniture Repaired and Varished.

We also keep on hand a full stock of WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, PICTURE FRAMES, &c., &c. HO-WAREHOUSE, Main Street, Walla Walla, opposite the Oriental Hotel. 39-1f

FALL & WINTER STOCK!

A. FRANK,

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with a choice new stock of the Fall and Winter trade, including a magnificent stock of

DRY GOODS,

Ladies Dress Goods

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING,

BOYS' CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

HARDWARE,

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE,

TOBACCO,

GROCERIES, &c., &c.

The whole including every article usually found in a well equipped stock, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE TAKEN IN Exchange for Goods

GIVE US A CALL and examine the new stock. A. FRANK, oct21f Main Street, Walla Walla.

Dr. Richau's Golden Remedies.

Use these timely, and save time, health and money. A reward for any case of disease in any stage which they fail to cure.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1. cures Mercerial Affections, Rheumatism in all its forms, and gives immediate relief in all cases.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ANTIDOTE, a radical cure for all urinary derangements. Price \$1 per bottle.

DR. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ELIXIR D'AMOUR, a radical cure for Nervous or General Debility, in old or young; imparting energy with wonderful effect. Price \$3 per bottle, or 2 bottles for \$5.

On receipt of price these remedies will be shipped to any place. Prompt attention paid to all correspondents. None genuine without the name of "Dr. Richau's Golden Remedies, D. B. Richards, Sole Proprietor," blown in glass of bottles.

Address, DR. D. B. RICHARDS, 223 Varlock Street, N. Y.

REDDINGTON, HOBSTETTER & CO., oct22-y Agents for Pacific Coast.

WANTED!

PARTNER with a cash capital \$1,000 in a well established paying business. For information apply at this Office. 63-f

W. PHILLIPS,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

STOVES, TIN PLATE,

SHEET IRON,

LEAD AND IRON PIPE, FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS,

Zinc, Copper, Brass, & IRON WIRE,

And a general assortment of

HARDWARE

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

MANUFACTURER OF Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware.

PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT DULL TIMES. I AM DETERMINED NOT TO BE UNDER-SOLD.

W. O'DONNELL, New Stove & Tin Store,

TWO DOORS WEST OF CITY HOTEL, MAIN STREET, Walla Walla.

WHERE YOU WILL FIND A GENERAL assortment of Hardware, Plows, &c.

JOBBING STRICTLY ATTENDED TO. W. O'DONNELL, Walla Walla, August 27, 1869. 37-1f

Premium Sash & Door Factory.

HAVING RECEIVED THE PREMIUM at the last County Fair on DOORS, SASH, MOULDINGS and PLANING, I wish more especially to call the attention of the public generally, that I am constantly adding on new machinery and am now prepared to do any work in my line as low as any one else in this place; I care not how low they do it.

My work will be done as well as is done in San Francisco or Portland. I will keep on hand all the following sizes: SASHES—From 8x10 to 10x12, 12 lights; with and without glass. Other sizes made to order on Short Notice.

DOORS—Of all sizes, two and four panels, WINDOW BLINDS made to order.

I am also prepared to do all kinds of TURNING and CABINET WORK, Beeswax Handles, Bedsteads, Tables, and Furniture generally. DOOR & WINDOW FRAMES also made to order. My Planer, and Tongue and Groover are some of the best machines on the coast, and will not fail to do good work.

I have a Patent Saw for sawing weather boarding, which will saw true and smooth. Also, an up and down saw, for sawing siding.

WAGON WORK will be done at low rates. I will take in exchange for some of my work.

Grain, Lumber and Shingles. If you are prepared to take contracts for any kind of CARPENTER WORK, Having some of the best workmen in my employ, I am bound to give satisfaction.

I hold myself ready at all times to give BONDS for the performance of any contract I may take.

J. SWIFT, of the Upper Umatilla, Oregon, is agent; those in want of SASH and DOORS in that part of the country will please apply to him.

W. O'DONNELL, John Davell's Premium Sash and Door Factory, Walla Walla, 15-1f JOHN DOVELL.

FALL & WINTER STOCK!

A. FRANK,

HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with a choice new stock of the Fall and Winter trade, including a magnificent stock of

DRY GOODS,

Ladies Dress Goods

GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING,

BOYS' CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

HARDWARE,

CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE,

TOBACCO,

GROCERIES, &c., &c.

The whole including every article usually found in a well equipped stock, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE TAKEN IN Exchange for Goods

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Use these timely, and save time, health and money. A reward for any case of disease in any stage which they fail to cure.

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WANTED!

PARTNER with a cash capital \$1,000 in a well established paying business. For information apply at this Office. 63-f

WALLA WALLA BAKERY

AND— PROVISION STORE.

Reduction in Prices!

O. BRECHTEL,

MANUFACTURER OF READ, PILOT BREAD, CAKES, AND

Crackers of all kinds, And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Family Groceries, Confectioneries, Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

MERCHANTS, PACKERS and others in want of CRACKERS to ship to the mines will find it to their advantage to call on me before going elsewhere as I will sell them Cheaper than they can be imported.

As I have machinery for manufacturing them I can fill orders on short notice. A supply kept constantly on hand.

Bread, Crackers and Cakes will be sold at reduced prices, and promptly delivered in any part of the city.

Customers will please call at the Bakery and state where they will have their Bread left.

The Bread Wagon will go around the city every morning.

PERRAULT & BUTLER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, LEWISTON, I. T.— WILL RECEIVE CONSIGNMENTS OF GOODS to be forwarded to the Mines. Matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Mark Goods care of "P. & B., Lewiston."

JOE PERRAULT, GEO. P. BUTLER, PERRAULT & BUTLER, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Hardware, Groceries, LIQUORS & PROVISIONS. Lewiston, I. T., Jan. 28, 1869. 7-y

NEW BOOK

AND

VARIETY STORE

J. H. BLEWETT,

WOULD INFORM HIS FRIENDS and the public generally, that he has opened a

New Book and Variety Store,

In the building with

A. B. ELMER, Jeweler,

North side of Main Street, Walla Walla, W. T.

AND WILL SELL CHEAP FOR CASH,

Books,

Stationery,

Tobacco,

Cigars,

Notions,

Of all kinds, too numerous to mention. The stock is entirely new, and embraces every article usually found in a Fancy Variety Store.

Call and see. 32H

ORIENTAL HOTEL!

Main Street, Walla Walla.

THE ORIENTAL

Elegantly Furnished Throughout, and in excellent condition for the reception of Guests.

The House is nearly new, and is well furnished throughout with accommodations for 250 Guests.

The very best accommodations for families.

THE DINING ROOM

is large and commodious, and the table will be furnished with the best market of fresh, permitting no House to excel it, either in quality or variety.

GENERAL OFFICE.—Daily Lists of Stages for all parts of the upper country, leave this House.

Fire-proof safe for the deposit of valuables.

HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.

The Proprietor, thankful for past patronage, will at all times endeavor to please, and leave nothing undone which is in his power to do to render guests comfortable.

M. HARTMAN, Proprietor.

CIDER MILL AND PRESS.

NOTICE TO FRUIT GROWERS.—I am now prepared with a superior CIDER PRESS AND PRESSING CHUTE, upon short notice and at reasonable rates.

A stock of FRESH CIDER always on hand. Orders filled at short notice.

Of all varieties for sale at the lowest market prices. JOHN HANCOCK, Walla Walla River, on Walla Walla Road 35-1m

Weekly Statesman.

Annexation Proclamation. Following is a petition now being circulated in Victoria:

To his Excellency the President of the United States of America:

Your memorialists beg leave most respectfully to represent that we are residents of the Colony of British Columbia, many of us British subjects, and all deeply interested in the welfare and progress of our adopted country.

That those that are British subjects are penetrated with the most profound feelings of loyalty and devotion to Her Majesty and Her Majesty's Government, and that all entertain for Her feelings of the greatest respect, as well as attachment to the country.

That while we thus indulge such feelings, we are constrained by the duty we owe to ourselves and families, in view of the contemplated severance of the political ties which unite this Colony to the "Mother Country," to seek for such political and commercial affinity and connection as will insure the immediate and continued prosperity and well being of this our adopted home.

That this Colony is now suffering great depression, owing to a scarcity of population, and other causes too numerous to mention.

That they view with feelings of alarm the avowed intention of Her Majesty's Government to Confederate this Colony with the Dominion of Canada, as they believe such a measure can only tend to still further depression and ultimate injury; for the following reasons, viz:

That Confederation cannot give us protection against internal enemies or foreign foes, owing to the distance of this Colony from Ottawa.

That it cannot open to us a market for the produce of our lands, our forests, our mines, or our waters.

That it cannot bring us population (our greatest need,) as the Dominion itself is suffering from lack of it.

That our connection with the Dominion can satisfy no sentiment of loyalty or devotion.

That her commercial and industrial interests are opposed to ours.

That the tariff of the Dominion will be the ruin of our farmers and the commerce of our chief cities.

That we are instigated by every sentiment of loyalty to Her Majesty, by our attachment to the laws and institutions of Great Britain, and our deep interests in the prosperity of our adopted country, to express our opposition to a severance from England and a confederation with Canada. We admit the Dominion may be aggrandized by confederation but we can see no benefit, either present or future, which can accrue to us therefrom.

That we desire a market for our coal, our lumber and our fish, and this the Dominion seeks for the same produce of her own soil, she can take nothing from us and supply us nothing in return.

That confederating this Colony with Canada may relieve the Mother Country from the trouble and expense of fostering and protecting this isolated distant Colony, but it cannot free us from our long enduring depression, owing to the lack of population as aforesaid, and the continued want of home markets for our produce.

The only remedy for the evils which beset us, we believe to be in a close union with the adjoining States and Territories, we are already bound to them by a unity of object and interest, nearly all our commercial relations are with them; they furnish the chief markets we have for the products of our mines, lands, and waters; they supply the Colony with most of the necessities of life; they furnish us with the only means of communication with the outer world, and we are even dependent upon them for the means of learning the events in the mother country or the Dominion of Canada.

For these reasons we earnestly desire the acquisition of the Colony by the United States.

It would insure us regular mails and communication with the adjoining States and Territories and through them with the world at large.

It would lessen the expense of government, by giving us representative institutions, and immediate control of our domestic concerns, besides giving no protection against foreign enemies. And with all these we should still be united to a people of our own kindred, religion and tongue, and a people who, for all time, most intimately affect us in all our relations, for weal or woe.

That in view of these facts, we respectfully request that your Excellency will cause this memorial to be laid before the Government of the United States, and that in any negotiations which may be pending or undertaken between your Government and that of Her Most Gracious Majesty for the settlement of territorial or other questions, that you will endeavor to induce Her Majesty to consent to the transfer of this Colony to the United States. We believe that Her Majesty earnestly desires the welfare and happiness of her people, in view of the circumstances that she for years has consented to the annual exodus of tens of thousands of her subjects to the United States, and that she will not let political traditions and sentiments influence her against a measure which is so earnestly desired by the people of this poor isolated Colony.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF PLAIN AND FANCY PRINTING TO ORDER. Having the largest and best Job Press in the Territory, we have unusual facilities for doing Work Quick and Cheap!

WALLA WALLA FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP! Is now in operation and ready to MANUFACTURE EVERYTHING in the line of CASTINGS, MACHINERY, etc., that can be made in Any Shop on the Pacific Coast, and to Compete with any Foundry in the country in PRICES, WITH FREIGHT ADDED!

UNIVERSITY WASHINGTON TERRITORY. THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE PERMANENTLY re-opened on Monday, the 12th day of April, 1859, under charge of Professor J. H. HALL, as President, assisted by such Professors and Assistant Teachers as may be required.

It would insure us regular mails and communication with the adjoining States and Territories and through them with the world at large.

It would lessen the expense of government, by giving us representative institutions, and immediate control of our domestic concerns, besides giving no protection against foreign enemies. And with all these we should still be united to a people of our own kindred, religion and tongue, and a people who, for all time, most intimately affect us in all our relations, for weal or woe.

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MORE THAN 100,000 PERSONS

Bear testimony to the Wonderful Curative Effects of Dr. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS.

DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS. A CURE FOR EVERY DISEASE.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND Life-Giving Principal.

PURIFY THE BLOOD and the health of the whole system will follow. Nothing has ever been offered which can compare with these BITTERS.

The Life of all Flesh is the Blood thereof. Cleanse the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well.

Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters. Are a true medicine, placed in the hands of the people for their relief, and no person can take them, according to directions, and remain long unwell.

For Female Complaints. Whether in the young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, these Bitters display an decided influence that a marked improvement is soon perceptible in the health of the patient.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism and Gout. These Bitters have been most successful. They are caused by vitiated blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the digestive organs.

It is a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic. Possessing, also, the peculiar merit of acting as a powerful agent in relieving Constipation or Indigestion of the Liver, and all the Visceral Organs. In this respect, these Bitters have no equal.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms. Lurking in the systems of so many thousands on this Coast are effectually destroyed and removed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion. This disease, in a measure, is occasioned by the irascibility and want of action in the Liver, Biliary ducts, gall bladder, etc. Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pains in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms are the offspring of this Dyspepsia.

Morbid Condition of the Blood. This is the fruitful source of many diseases, such as Tetter or Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Boils, Carbuncles, Sores, Ulcers, Pimples, and Eruptions of all kinds. For the cure of these various affections, which are merely symptoms of a morbid condition of the blood, medicinal science and skill have not as yet discovered a Blood Purifier equal to Walker's Vinegar Bitters.

Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder. It thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and restores the entire system to a healthy condition. It is perfectly harmless, never producing the slightest injury.

Let it be distinctly borne in mind that Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters is not a gold pill, to delight the eye and excite the fancy; it is a medical preparation, and not a beverage; it is composed of the best vegetable ingredients the dispensary of nature furnishes, so far as discovery has yet extended. It may be considered a new life-giving principle, and quickly all painful symptoms will disappear.

JOSEPH WALKER, Proprietor. R. H. McDONALD & Co., Druggists. General Agents, cor. Fine and Sanson streets, S. F. Sacramento, Cal., and 34 Platt St. New York.

WALTHAM WATCHES!

Let every one who wants a watch, read this carefully. Especially if in some remote out-of-the-way place.

Now that the railroad is open, we propose to give the residents of Washington Territory the opportunity of getting single genuine Waltham Watches at the

Lowest New York Wholesale Price. We sell more Waltham Watches than any other watch in the world.

As an indication of the Prices, we will quote one Watch from our list. The T. S. BARTLEY, with Movement, with Extra Jewels, Chronometer Balance, Patent Pinion, Patent Dust Cap, and the other late improvements, in a Solid Gold Silver Case.

\$28 in Greenbacks, or about \$20 in Coin. All the other kinds, both gold and silver, in the same proportion. Do not order a watch till you have seen for a price list, as it contains a great deal of information regarding these watches that will enable you to make an intelligent selection.

HOWARD & CO. Jewelers and Silversmiths, 619 Broadway, N. Y. We refer by permission, to Messrs. WELLS, FARGO & CO., N. Y., and San Francisco.

GEORGE SAVAGE. WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER. Having re-established himself in Walla Walla, is prepared to do all work in his line of business, and from his long experience (over 20 years) in watch-work, feels confident of giving satisfaction.

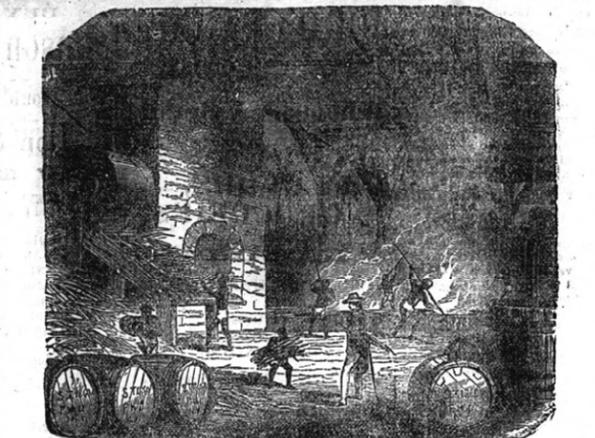
C.O.D. - WALTHAM WATCHES - C.O.D. LATEST IMPROVEMENTS. FULLER & Co. (late M. E. Chapman & Co.) Removed to No. 25 St. John St. N. Y.

WELLS, FARGO & CO. We refer by permission, to Messrs. WELLS, FARGO & CO., N. Y., and San Francisco.

GEORGE SAVAGE. WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER. Having re-established himself in Walla Walla, is prepared to do all work in his line of business, and from his long experience (over 20 years) in watch-work, feels confident of giving satisfaction.

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WELLS, FARGO & CO. We refer by permission, to Messrs. WELLS, FARGO & CO., N. Y., and San Francisco.



Many years ago, the writer of these lines and an invalid physician, while visiting the Island of St. Croix for their health, experienced and witnessed many surprising and beneficial effects of the Rum there produced upon many of the invalids who were (like ourselves) seeking health; and, upon inquiry and investigation, obtained a full history of its medicinal virtues.

The result of his labors was a glorious success for himself and suffering humanity, for the celebrated PLANTATION BITTERS was thus made known to the world. PLANTATION BITTERS being an article of real merit, founded upon new principles, and relying wholly upon the vegetable world for its medicinal effects, worked a rapid revolution in the history of medicine, and became as a household word all over the civilized world.

Notwithstanding the large importation of St. Croix Rum, made expressly for the compounding of these Bitters, the quantity was inadequate. It therefore became necessary that arrangements upon an extensive scale abroad should at once be made, and an agent was dispatched to St. Thomas for that purpose.

As an antidote to Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Malarious Fevers, Dyspepsia, and other kindred diseases, the use of the PLANTATION BITTERS is unsurpassed in the history of the world. Over five million bottles are disposed of annually. They are adapted to old and young, male and female. They are agreeable in taste, and always produce an immediate beneficial result.

The Appetite for Tobacco Destroyed

Leave off Chewing and Smoking the Poisonous Weed, Tobacco. ORTON'S PREPARATION. ESTABLISHED, 1866.

One box of Orton's Preparation is warranted to destroy the appetite for Tobacco, in any person, no matter how long the habit may have been indulged in, and without any bad effect upon the health, and harmless in all cases.

With the help of the Preparation, there is no need of any other medicine, and the habit is so firmly rooted, that it is never again likely to return.

The time taken to ally all desire for Tobacco by the use of Orton's Preparation is very slight in different persons, the average time being about five days. Some have no desire whatever for tobacco after using the Preparation two days.

RECOMMENDATIONS. The following are a few selected from the multitude of recommendations in our possession: We, the undersigned, hereby certify that we have used Orton's Preparation for the purpose of destroying the appetite for tobacco, and assure those who are suffering from this habit that Orton's Preparation will certainly destroy the appetite for tobacco quickly and permanently, and without any bad effect upon the health, and without creating an appetite either for the Preparation or any substitute.

W. P. Heald, Bangor, Maine; J. Moody, Southport, Maine; E. A. Atkins, Knoxville, Tennessee; John Morrill, Bangor, Maine; J. R. May, Northampton, Tennessee; W. D. Harrington, West Point, Georgia.

For about twenty years I had used tobacco in its various forms, and for the past eight years had been an inveterate smoker. Becoming satisfied that the extensive use of this narcotic seriously impaired my health, I determined if possible to break myself of the habit. Hearing of Orton's Preparation for destroying the appetite for tobacco, I sent to Portland, Maine, for a box of the medicine, which I received through the mail on the first of November. A month has not elapsed, and yet the medicine has effectually relieved me from my craving desire to use tobacco in any form.

REMARKS. Beware of counterfeits and all articles purporting to be like this, of the same name or otherwise. The great popularity of Orton's Preparation has induced unprincipled persons to attempt palming upon the public counterfeit and inferior articles. Purchasers will please order directly from the proprietor, or his fully authenticated agents.

How to send money by mail. Enclose the amount a letter, seal carefully, register the letter and take receipt for it of your Postmaster. Money sent by mail is sover directed at any risk.

Address C. H. COTTON, Proprietor, Box 1145, Portland, Maine. An agent wanted in every town.

DR. HUFELAND'S CELEBRATED SWISS STOMACH BITTERS.

The first and most healthful Tonic ever introduced into the United States is still the leading article, and more of this sold than of all other so called Tonics or Bitters.

For Sale to the Trade by TAYLOR & BENDEL, Sole Agents, 409 and 411 Clay Street, San Francisco. 12-ly

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID.

QUICK CURES AND MODERATE CHARGES.

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Established Expressly to Afford the Afflicted Sound and Scientific Medical Aid, in the Treatment and Cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, Cases of Secrecy, and all Sexual Disorders.

To the Afflicted. DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that his chronic diseases of the Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all stages of Syphilis in all its forms and all private Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of self-abuse, Gonorrhoea, Stricture, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc.; and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice will continue to practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and safe remedies against disease of all kinds, He treats in a correct and honorable way, and his respectability and high standing in society, all parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit recovery.

To Females. When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease, as Weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the chest, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, pale features, urinary difficulties, nervousness, ex tremely general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, she should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. DOHERTY, at his Medical Institute, and consult him about her troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other physician in the State of California, and he is a man of high standing in society, and he will receive every possible relief and help. The Doctor's office are so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

To Correspondents. Patients residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of DR. DOHERTY in their respective cases, and who in preference to submitting a written statement of such, respectfully requesting a personal interview, are highly most sacred and confidential. If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communication will be unnecessary, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case itself (including the remedies), will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no idea of the purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted.

Spermatorrhoea. DR. DOHERTY has just published an important pamphlet, embodying his own views and experience in relation to Spermatorrhoea or Virility, being a Short Treatise on Spermatorrhoea or Virility, and its connection with Nervous and Physical Debility, and its consequences, and other diseases of the sexual organs. This little work contains information of the utmost value to all, whether married or single, and will be sent FREE by mail on receipt of six Cents in postage stamps for return post.

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