

Weekly Statesman. Published Every Saturday, Wm. H. Newell, OFFICE, STATENMAN BUILDING, THIRD STREET, NEAR MAIN.

Walla Walla Statesman.

VOL XVI.—NO. 44. WALLA WALLA, W. T., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1877. \$4 00 PER YEAR.

Weekly Statesman. PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING. Has the Largest Circulation, And, with one exception, is THE OLDEST PAPER IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

General Business Cards. Walla Walla Bakery. PROVISION STORE. Reduction in Prices! O. BRECHTEL, BREAD, PILOT BREAD, CAKES.

BEER! BEER! BEER! CITY BREWERY. GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! Everybody Made Happy!

STAR BREWERY. HAS BEEN REMOVED TO THE OLD EXPRESS BUILDING. LAGER BEER. L. T. TATTO & CO., FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES & LIQUORS.

NEW LIQUOR STORE. F. STONE, Proprietor. Wines, Liqueurs, Syrups, Bitters and Cigars. F. W. ABERTON, WALLA WALLA FOUNDRY AND PLANING MILL.

CRIST & SAW MILLS. LACY & WHITMAN, Real Estate & Insurance Agents. GEORGE SAVAGE, Watchmaker, Jeweler. FINE FISHING TACKLE.

C. H. MACK, DENTIST. OFFICE IN UNION BLOCK, over Rees & Winans' store, Walla Walla. DENTISTRY IN COLORS, cheap and quick, at the STATESMAN OFFICE.

HOLMES' DRUG STORE. Invites your attention to the stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, Toilet Articles, Glass, Paints & Oil.



DR. J. D. MCCURDY, OF Salem, Oregon, HAVING LOCATED PERMANENTLY at Walla Walla, offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the citizens of this place and vicinity.

North-Western Stage Co. Reduction in Fare to the East. LOCAL RATES OF FARE: Walla Walla to Weston, Oregon, \$2 50.

DOOLEY & KIRKMAN, PROPRIETORS OF THE PIONEER MARKET. Main Street, Walla Walla.

JOHN B. LEWIS, DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF STATIONERY, BOOKS, POCKET CUTLERY, Fishing Tackle, Etc.

THOMAS QUINN, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN Saddles, Bridles, Harness, &c. O. S. SAVAGE, Practical Painter, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WALLA WALLA MARBLE WORKS! COLEMAN & SWEENEY, DEALERS IN Marble Monuments, Tombs, HEAD STONES! C. W. Phillips' Gallery. UNDERTAKER.

Postical Selections. MY FINAL HOME. O dear, dear home! Eternal heartache blooms within your walls.

Free Trade in Ships. One of the measures which will be strongly urged in the next Congress is a repeal of the navigation laws.

Autumn of the World. The last year petals leave the rose, The latest swallows plume for flight.

A Wonderful Creature. There is now in this city one of the most remarkable specimens of humanity that has ever been known to inhabit the earth.

A CITY UNDER A LAKE. An engineering problem, as interesting as the laying open of Pompeii, is involved in a strange discovery which is reported from the Lake of Geneva.

THE MASSACRE OF TOURNAI. From the Helena Independent we take the following particulars of the massacre of National Park tourists.

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GENERAL FREMONT has been sued by the government for three thousand dollars drawn as pay to which he was not entitled.

THE WRONG TRAIL.—The theft of the presidency last winter has caused some well-meaning people to memorialize Congress in favor of the abolition of the presidency.

THE GREAT FRAUD.—To assert and maintain that the vote of Louisiana was rightfully given to Hayes, is to assert and defend a fraud so gross that every decent man, whatever his politics, must blush with shame whenever the subject is presented to his thoughts.

EMPOWERS.—All the radical conventions that have been held thus far have taken pains to say that they believe R. B. Hayes to be a radical.

HAS GREATLY THE ADVANTAGE.—It is said that Joseph E. Johnston and Fitzhugh Lee, two young republicans of the confederate officers whose names they bear, are learning the machinist trade in the Pennsylvania Railroad shops at Altoona.

ARE THEY TO BLAME?—A good deal of censure has been bestowed on the people of Montana for protracting the Indian war by selling supplies to the Nez Percés.

THE DIVORCE BUSINESS.—Having completed its labors, the committee of the grand jury at Salt Lake City find that the twenty probate courts of Utah, in the last twelve months granted 404 divorces.

GOV. FERRY is severely criticised by the Seattle papers for his refusal to commute the sentence of Thompson, who was hung at that place on Friday of last week.

STRANGE THINGS COME TO PASS.—In the whirligig of time and other agencies strange things come to pass, and we have made considerable progress in the way of transformations during the past year.

AN UNEXPECTED EFFORT.—Nothing will bring an obscure man into prominence and create for him a public sympathy so quickly as persecution.

MARRIED AND GONE.—Thos. H. McGhee, son of Jesse McGhee, of this county, came down from Umatilla county a week or two ago, and last Sunday wedded one of our sweetest girls, Miss Anna McFarland.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE is now in a nicely balanced condition. There are thirty-eight States, and there should be seventy-six senators. At present there are but seventy-three, two being wanted from Louisiana and one from South Carolina.

POLITICAL BLUNDERING.—The radical politicians who are striving to keep alive the Southern question and make what they call an issue of it in the next Congress, or at some period in the remote future, are simply wasting their time.

POOR MORTON.—Miserable radical that he is and meanly as he has always acted toward the democracy, a feeling of sympathy cannot be helped for poor Senator Morton, who will probably never again figure in the politics of this country.

THE MAN THAT FRAUD MADE.—The New York Sun thus pungently depicts the situation at the Federal Capital: This is the man that Fraud made. This is the Schurz that clings to the man that Fraud made.

WELLS AND ANDERSON'S TRIAL.—Chicago, Oct. 2.—The Inter-Ocean's Washington special says: New Orleans late advices say Wells and Anderson will probably be tried the present term of court now sitting.

POLITICAL BLINDNESS.—One of the planks of the New Jersey republican platform reads as follows: "We point with pride to the evidence which the history of the republican party affords of its devotion to the interest of labor."

MINNESOTA DEMOCRATS.—Chicago, Oct. 2.—The Times' St. Paul special says the democratic state convention met to-day. The committee on resolutions submitted a majority and minority report.

HOWARD'S COMMAND.—The Bozeman Times speaks thus of the march of Howard's column through the national park and the pitiable condition of the troops: In our last issue we chronicled the fact that Gen. Howard, with his whole command, wagon and pack train, had arrived at a point five miles below the falls of the Yellowstone.

AN UNSUBMITTED LIE.—Mr. Stanley Matthews is evidently going a little too far when he makes, as in his discussion with General Ewing, so plump and comprehensive a denial of the fact of his negotiations last winter with prominent Southern leaders.

ABOUT ORGANIZING THE SENATE.—The Herald's Washington special says: Senator Patterson is going to dodge all the issues involved in his relation to the president, and on the question of voting for or against his would be colleague Butler.

ROLL OF REPRESENTATIVES.—N. York, Oct. 1.—The Tribune's Washington special says: Clerk Adams of the house said to-day he had received the credentials of representatives in congress from all the districts except the fourth California and first Missouri districts.

LIQUOR REGISTERS.—Virginia has hit upon the plan of making liquor drinkers pay the State debt. The register operates in this way: Each drink of whisky and of beer, sold over the counter, is registered by the turning of a crank, the former paying to the State a tax of 21 cents, and the latter of one cent.

A GENERAL EMBROIDERY PREDICTED.—Chicago, Oct. 3.—The Times' London special says the action of the Fort in sending Bashi Bazaraks to Thessaly is having an inflammatory effect, and Greece is certain, sooner or later, to be driven into the war.

REPUTATED.—The New York republican state convention, by a vote of three to one, refused to endorse the Fraudulent President, and voted down a proposition declaring that Hayes has a good title to the office.

THE WALLA WALLA STATESMAN. General Hook & Job Printing Office. THIRD ST., NEAR MAIN. ALL ORDERS EXECUTED WITH NEATNESS & DISPATCH. W. H. NEWELL, PROP.

NOTICE. ALL PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST the Walla Walla Agricultural Society will please present them for payment. By order of the Trustees. J. D. L. MAX, Secretary.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the Walla Walla Agricultural Society, will be held at the Court House, in this city, on SATURDAY, the 6th day of October, 1877, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of ELECTING OFFICERS.

STEEL'S PAIN ERADICATOR. The Most Wonderful Discovery of the Age. The World moves, and unless we Progress we must go backward. Nothing remains stationary.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Wholesale Druggists, 520 and 522 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal. Price \$1 per Large Bottle. Six bottles \$5. 50-50

FRENCH GERMAN. MRS. J. BAUER, Experienced Teacher. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO PRO-NUNCIATION. Terms very moderate. 57-5m

STANDARD FLOURING MILLS. CONSTANTLY ON HAND. Self Raising Flour, Bakers' Extra, Superfine & Graham, Middlings, Shorts, and all under license. Will be sold at a bargain. 35-1/2. Inquire of LACY & WHITMAN.

FURNISHED ROOMS! FOR RENT. First-Class Furnished Rooms TO RENT! Corner of Alder and Sixth Streets. 38-1/2. MRS. REGAN.

Farm for Sale. A FARM CONTAINING ABOUT 700 ACRES, 2 1/2 miles from Walla Walla, well watered, and wood in abundance; three BEARING ORCHARDS and all under fence. Will be sold at a bargain. 35-1/2. Inquire of LACY & WHITMAN.

Branding Wheat Sacks. OFFICE OF O. S. N. COMPANY, WALLULA, W. T., Sept. 27, 1877. ED. STATESMAN:—Will you please state to shippers, through you paper, that if they would brand their wheat sacks on each end, instead of on the side, it would assist us greatly in keeping lots separate. T. J. PEABODY, AGT.

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FRENCH RESTAURANT! OPEN ALL NIGHT.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FITTED UP THE building on the north side of Main street, second door above the St. Louis Hotel, and will occupy the same as a FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT.

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DR. STEELE, who has for years been in the Proprietary Medicine business, and who has traveled in various parts of the world in search of information, has great confidence in the ERADICATOR as the "No Plus Ultra" of safe, sure and reliable remedies for general use as a Family Doctor.

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W. G. LANGFORD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF Washington Territory, Northern Idaho and Eastern Oregon. Office on Main street, next door to Payne Bros. & Moore. 57-1/2

Letter Head Paper.—An invoice of extra quality Letter Head Paper, just received at the Statesman Office, Merchants and Business Men have the pleasure. Heads printed at a small advance upon the cost of white paper. 30-1/2

NEW GOODS! MAMMOTH STOCK! LOW PRICES! AT ADAMS BROTHER'S DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, &c. At Prices that are Lower than the Lowest! WHEAT, BARLEY & OATS! The Highest Market Price Paid for Wheat, Barley and Oats. Grain Shipped on Low Rates of Commission. Consignments solicited. ADAMS BROS.



SOON TO ARRIVE AT Johnson, Rees & Winans, Direct from New York, a large and well selected stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE! WHEAT, BARLEY & OATS sold and shipped on the most reasonable terms. DR. DAY'S DRUG STORE! HAS A FULL STOCK OF Machine Oils, China Nut Oil, Lard Oil, Castor Oil, Polar Oil, Druggist Oil, Elephant Oil, AND Golden Machine Oil, better than China Nut, at One Dollar Per Gallon. PINE AND COAL TAR! Don't Fail to Call and Examine Before Buying Elsewhere.

DR. G. M. STERNBERG is ordered to return to Fort Walla Walla and resume his duty as post surgeon without delay.

EGGS just now are a scarce commodity, and greatly in demand. Will our country friends make a note of this and come to our relief.

DESIRABLE FARM.—The land claim advertised by Mr. Pat Kelly is a most desirable place, and well worth the attention of any one seeking a home.

THE BRICK WORK on Mr. J. Bauer's new store is all up, the roof and the floor laid. In less than two weeks from date Mr. Bauer expects to occupy his new quarters.

FOR THE STATE FAIR.—A small package of Palestine wheat has been left at this office to be forwarded to the State Fair. We ask some of our farmer friends to take charge of it.

WOOD.—Persons desiring to deliver wood in the settlement of accounts due this office are requested to send in the same without delay. This specially applies to persons who have contracted to deliver wood.

THE HEAVY RAINS that have prevailed nearly all week will most certainly damage grain that is left exposed. The rains have commenced earlier than usual and find many persons unprepared for the visitation.

THE DISTRICT COURT for this county will commence its October term on Monday the 15th. It is understood that an effort will be made in the legislature to have the time changed to the first Monday in November. Notices to jury men and others have already been sent out, and possibly it would be well to make the change apply to future terms.

WHEAT GREATLY DAMAGED.—Recent heavy rains have greatly damaged the wheat crop in the Walla Walla valley. The rains came much earlier than usual and found many of the farmers with their crops uncut and exposed to all the fury of the elements. In this valley we have had unusually heavy rains for so early in the season, but no damage has resulted.

NORTH PACIFIC CONFERENCE.—There will be a general meeting of all the Seventh-day Adventists of Oregon and Washington territory, at Walla Walla, Oct. 25-29, 1877, for the purpose of organizing a conference. Elder J. N. Loughborough, from California, in company with Elder J. D. Van Horn, will preside over this meeting. A general invitation is extended to all to attend this meeting at the Adventist meeting house.

THE WHEAT MARKET.—Our San Francisco exchanges quote wheat at \$2.30@2.35 per cent. In this market wheat is dull, and at 70 cents a bushel. The reason of this is the lack of shipping facilities. The San Francisco rate for wheat is \$1.40 per bushel, and it will thus be seen that our producers pay at the rate of 70 cents a bushel to get their wheat to market. That is to say, the farmer gets 70 cents, and the shippers, commission men, etc., get the other 70 cents. Rather a heavy tax upon the producer.

PARADISE FLOUR.—A lady friend, who is regarded as a model house-keeper, has experimented with flour manufactured from "Paradise wheat," and reports favorably. The bread is a shade darker than that made from the ordinary flour of this valley, but in all respects it seems fully equal to the very best brands of flour. This fact established, the great yield of the wheat—averaging 100 bushels to the acre—must make it a favorite with all farmers who desire to raise large crops.

DIPHTHERIA.—We hear of a number of cases of diphtheria, and since our last issue several deaths have resulted from the disease. In every instance where diphtheria is known to prevail, great care should be taken to avoid contact with neighbors. Diphtheria is strictly a contagious disease, and contact is sure to spread it. Children living in families where the disease is known to exist should be carefully excluded from the public schools, and in that way guard against the spread of the contagion.

CAPT. T. J. FRIEDMAN, a pioneer merchant in this country, first at the Dalles, next at Walla Walla, then at Colville, and subsequently at Portland, is here on a visit, and expresses himself greatly gratified with the evidence of progress and prosperity that everywhere meets his eye. Several years since Capt. Friedman retired with an ample fortune, since which time he has made the tour of Europe and seen much of the world, but he has not lost his interest in this section of country where he has host of friends who are always glad to see him.

PUNISHED.—A man came down from the mountains a few days ago having with him about \$1000 in currency and as much more in dust. His evil genius led him to a well known gambling house, where in a very short time he lost a respectable sum. He was then allowed to start to Portland, accompanied by a brace of "sharps," who are more than likely to clean him out before he reaches that place. Plundering a stranger in this way is likely to give our town a bad name, and it occurs to us that it would be well to break up the practice.

FRIENDLY.—Hon. S. S. Fenn, member of Congress, lives at Mount Idaho, and it was supposed that the Indians had destroyed his property. Instead of this he informed the writer that Joseph and his band did not disturb a single one of his (Fenn's) cattle, and that everything about his home and farm was left undisturbed. This is the more singular since the fight commenced in Mr. Fenn's neighborhood, and can only be accounted for from the fact that the Indians were friendly to Fenn or feared to incur his enmity.

MILITARY ITEMS.—Col. Jas. Conrad, with his command consisting of two companies, has left Palouse city and gone to Spokane Falls, where he will go into winter quarters. Col. John Green, with two companies of cavalry, will winter at Mount Idaho, where temporary huts are now being put up for the protection of officers and men. General Wheaton is at Fort Lapwai, and has in his command companies of infantry and 2 companies of cavalry. Lewiston is the headquarters for supplies for the troops stationed in the above.

WEDDING EXTRAORDINARY.—Such a wedding of youth and beauty as arrived in town last Wednesday, is rarely to be met with nowadays. From appearances we concluded that a marriage was to take place and were not disappointed, for, during the day, the bride and bridegroom, attended by quite a little procession of their country friends, could be seen wending their way in the direction of the county auditor's office. Arriving there, application was made for license, which was at once granted—and the parties having already procured the services of a minister—were made one on the spot. Of course it was no high toned affair; "the air" was not laden with oriental perfume, neither was the room resplendent with the lights from alabaster lamps, and although the usual bridal veil, wreath of orange blossoms, white kids, etc., were conspicuous by their absence, and evidence that the "trousseau" had not been ordered from Worth, of Paris, still everyone, though not fashionably attired, was dressed in good style. After the ceremony, the happy couple, with their friends, walked up Main street to where the wagon was standing and got in. The groom's face, which up to this time had remained perfectly placid, suddenly changed—he had forgotten something. Jumping from the wagon he hastened to the nearest fruit store, and in a few minutes returned laboring under the weight of a very large watermelon. After getting in the wagon, he at once began to dissect the aforesaid fruit. Here was the richest treat of all, he was calling out the most luscious portions and feeding them to her with a pen-knife. "Soft eyes looked love to eyes which spoke again," when suddenly he was brought to realize that he was still in this world, by a fellow on the front seat of the wagon calling out, "Say Tom, throw a chunk of that thar melon over here." We drop the curtain.

A MURDERER IN CUSTODY.—For several days this week one of the most desperate men on this coast was confined in our county jail. The particulars of this man's arrest will be found in an article that appears on the first page of this paper. This prisoner, whose name is Maurice L. Bosqui, was brought here by J. C. Bull, sheriff of Humboldt county, California. His offence, as stated, is that of killing a paymaster's clerk, and the evidence against him is conclusive. He was arrested and confined in the Humboldt county jail, but just previous to the time fixed for his trial, by the aid of outside friends, he was enabled to break jail, and for over a year was at large. Sheriff Bull had offered a reward of \$1500 for his arrest, and this sum we presume will be paid to the sheriff of Nez Perce county, through whose agency the arrest was effected. The prisoner is most respectably connected. His brother, Edward S. Bosqui, is at the head of one of the largest printing and bookbinding establishments in San Francisco, and is a man not only of wealth but of the highest respectability. The murder of which the accused stands charged is without the shadow of justification, and if sheriff Bull succeeds in getting him back to Humboldt county his trial and conviction of the highest crime known to the law is almost certain. Family influence may save him from the gallows, but if so justice will be cheated of her dues.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.—A report on the financial affairs of Marion county, Oregon, is before us, and contains one or two items that interest us by way of comparison. The assessment roll for Marion county foots up over \$4,000,000. On this assessment the tax levy is 21 mills, yielding with the amount received from polls a yearly revenue of \$90,000. For receiving and disbursing this amount the county treasurer is allowed at the rate of \$920 per annum. The comparison we wish to institute, is this: The assessment of Walla Walla county in round numbers may be stated at \$2,000,000. The amount collected one year with another is \$40,000. For receiving and disbursing this sum the law allows the county treasurer a yearly compensation of \$800. It is urged that this pay is inadequate, and it is not unlikely that an effort will be made at the present session of the legislature to have the pay increased. Now when we find Marion county with more than double our resources and double our revenue, paying her treasurer but a trifle more than Walla Walla county pays the same official, it will at once occur that there is no justification for the proposed increase. Either this, or public servants in Oregon are disposed to serve the people at lower rates than the same class of officials in Washington territory.

HON. J. B. LA DU, just elected to preside over the lower house of the territorial legislature, has had much legislative experience, and is certain to fill the place creditably. An honest man, he will be a thorn in the side of those who have "put up jobs," and will resolutely oppose frauds it matters not by whom they are championed. The above was written at a time when we supposed Mr. La Du would be permanent speaker. We won't take it back.

GRAIN by the thousands of tons still remains stacked up around the railroad, and exposed to the heavy rains of the past few days must sustain very great damage. The reputation of Walla Walla wheat is now A No. 1, and it will be unfortunate if from this cause it is injured in the San Francisco market. Whenever grain is known to be damaged withhold it from shipment.

BUILDING MATERIAL.—We hear of great complaint of the scarcity of building material. Shingles are not to be had for love or money, and of seasoned lumber there is none in the market. Of late years farming has paid better than getting out lumber and so that branch of industry has been neglected.

PERSONAL.—Just arrived in town by the railroad, Donnelly's Yeast Powder Agent, who will give to every family a sample of the celebrated powder free of charge. Should you by accident not receive any, call at your grocer and get it.

D. G. REED has received the appointment of street commissioner for the town of Portland. Mr. Reed will be recalled as the gentleman who was here a few weeks since, engaged in the business of selling Plummer's fruit dryer.

HON. S. S. FENN, delegate to Congress from Idaho territory, passed through town in the early part of the week on his way to Washington. The old war horse was looking quite well.

FAIR GROUNDS.—At the Agricultural Society's meeting, to-day, the question will come up of purchasing grounds to be used for the purpose of annual fairs. This question was agitated last year, but nothing definite resulted. We think it desirable that the society should own its fair grounds, and trust that the members will come prepared to take action looking in this direction. This is a central point for the whole interior basin, and if properly managed the annual fairs will gather here once a year leading men from the eastern counties of Oregon and Washington territory. Once the owner of its own grounds, the society will assume a character of permanence and exact a degree of respect that it cannot expect to attain so long as it is the tenant at will of an individual. The farmers and producers of this county have an importance that demands a permanent organization, and this permanency being conceded, nothing can be more clear than that they should own their exhibition grounds. Now while land can be had at a reasonable figure is the time to act, and hence we trust that the question will at once be settled affirmatively.

FEMALE ATTENDANTS.—In San Francisco a law has been in force for several years that prohibits the employment of "lady waiters," in saloons, after certain hours of night. We learn that the Washington territory legislature will be asked to pass a similar law, made applicable to such towns as Walla Walla and Seattle. A strict enforcement of the law that requires all applicants for license to sell liquor to be of "good moral character," might possibly meet the necessities of the case, and we suggest that the authorities be a little more careful in this regard. In all cases where a saloon is found to be disorderly, or conducted in an objectionable manner, the county authorities have full authority to revoke the license. If, as alleged, we have places of the character indicated within the city limits, let parties cognisant of the facts make complaint to the county board, and we are quite sure that licenses in all such cases will be revoked. The law does not authorize the licensing of bawdy houses or "dead falls," and whenever such nuisances are known to exist they should be abated.

NOT BUYING.—One of our largest operators informs us that shippers have ceased to buy wheat. He says the uncertainty about getting the wheat out of the country has driven capitalists out of the market. Millers are buying wheat in small quantities for milling purposes, paying 70@72 cents. This is a decline upon the price paid by millers last week. Only choice lots command these figures.

HON. R. G. NEWLAND, just elected speaker of the house, is a republican in politics, but not one of the rabid kind. The best evidence of his popularity where he is best known is the fact that he represents a democratic county. We congratulate our friend upon the honorable position he has attained, and venture the prediction that he will preside over the house in a fair and impartial manner.

SCHOOL CLOSED.—On Tuesday last it was deemed proper to close the lower district school. The prevalence of diphtheria in the neighborhood had caused the attendance to fall off, and yielding to something like a panic, one of the directors ordered the school closed. The fright has now subsided, and we presume that with the coming week studies will be resumed.

C. B. BAGLEY has been appointed territorial printer. When Struve was secretary the printer had to divide the swag. It is in order to ask Bagley if he has to divide this time? The secretary being a new appointment it is altogether probable he wants a share in the "chicken pie."

DISTRICT COURT POSTPONED.—Hon. Dan Stewart telegraphs that the bill postponing the term of Court for this District to the 4th Monday in November, has passed both houses of the legislature, and having received Gov. Ferry's approval, is now a law.

BARGAINS.—At this season of the year Schwabacher Bros. are anxious to make room for their fall and winter stock, soon to arrive, and hence they offer purchasers unusual inducements in the way of bargains.

A SEMMING UP.—Hon. D. M. Baker, editor of the Chariton (Iowa) Leader, was at Walla Walla a few weeks back, at which time we referred to his presence in our midst. He has now returned home, and in his paper of September 22d, he sums up the result of his observations. He says:

"Upon the whole we do not like Oregon sufficient to move to it, and think it a poor place for a poor man to go to from Iowa in the endeavor to better his condition. Delusive pamphlets, papers and circulars are sent out by speculators there to induce emigration to that state, and thousands are annually enticed from their little homes in Iowa to try their fortunes there. Their fortunes prove a bubble, and too late they learn that while distance lends enchantment to the view, the view is often a disagreeable one. The best country we saw in the Northwest was Southeastern Washington, consisting of the Walla Walla and Palouse river country. The former is pretty thickly settled, and is almost our ideal of beauty and perfection; the latter is the finest and richest tract of land we ever saw, but so remote from market and the blessings of modern civilization, that none but those who seek the privations of a pioneer life are adapted to it."

THE TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE organized, Monday last, by electing C. H. Hanford, of King county, president of the council, and J. B. La Du, of Cowlitz county, speaker of the house. Mr. Hanford is a republican, and Mr. La Du a democrat.

The above were temporary officers. On the following day a permanent organization was secured as follows: In the council, T. M. Reed, of Thurston, as president; T. B. Merriam, of King, clerk; L. T. Berry, of Lewis, assistant clerk; I. V. Mossman, of Thurston, sergeant-at-arms; F. W. Hastings, door-keeper; Miss Hathaway, messenger; Miss Baldwin, enrolling clerk; Miss Kingston, engraving clerk, and Ed. Harmon, watchman. In the house, R. G. Newland, of Columbia, was elected as speaker; R. G. O'Brien, of Thurston, was chosen chief clerk, and Wm. Hughes, of King, assistant clerk. Berry, of Walla Walla, was elected sergeant-at-arms; Abbott, of Thurston, doorkeeper; Wilson, of Clark, messenger; Miss Clara Myers, of Jefferson, enrolling clerk, and Miss Stella Gallaher, of Thurston, engraving clerk.

MARKING SACKS.—DITOR STATESMAN:—Please put this item in your paper: Shippers of wheat must mark sacks on both ends plain. If this is not done, we shall be compelled to charge for assorting. Marks on sides will not do. T. J. PABBY, AGENT.

THE DEATH PENALTY.

EXECUTION OF JOHN THOMPSON AT SEATTLE. On Friday, at half past 1 p. m., John Thompson was hanged at Seattle for the murder of Solomon Baxter on the 11th of February last, near that place. This is the first execution of a white man in the territory. The execution took place in the jail yard. The Tribune gives the annexed account: A large number of men and boys, and we may add with shame, two women, gathered to witness the execution of the sentence, some of them being so anxious and determined to see that they hung around the premises for five or six hours, and had fixed themselves, by the aid of long boards, to look over the high fence, as also by getting upon the roofs of houses adjacent. To give them an every chance for his life the execution was delayed until half past 1 in the afternoon, when the prisoner was brought out, the jail yard being opened first to the entrance of spectators and closed afterwards to prevent confusion. Thompson was accompanied by Rev. Messrs. Macle, Bagley and Dillon, and marched to meet his doom in a manner as probably as any other person in the territory. Thompson had a fair complexion, his assertions of innocence, stating that what he did was done in self defense, and that under other and fairer circumstances the result of his trial would have been different. Mr. Macle then prayed with and for him, after which Thompson made some other remarks of a moral character and worthy of any man, concluding that with a sufficient knowledge of his rights to meet his death. His hands and feet were tied, the black cap placed over his head, the nose put around his neck, the signet ring removed from his finger, committing his soul to his saviour, dropped through the scaffold. His neck was broken by the fall, and with a convulsive twitch of the body he was dead. His execution and death was one of the calmest and easiest ever witnessed, and showed the perfection of every arrangement made by the careful officers. After allowing him to hang for half an hour or more he was cut down, and a coffin being ready, he was placed in it and buried.

The Dispatch publishes a long account of the execution, similar to the above, from which we take the following:

Thompson was a native of Renfrew, Scotland, and was about forty years of age. He appeared to be perfectly resigned to his fate, and his manner betrayed no nervousness or fear. Previous to his execution he made a verbal confession to Rev. Mr. Macle, the nature of which we did not learn. All the papers agree that in the homicide there was an element of self defense that called for commutation of the sentence, because from facts developed subsequent to the trial it became apparent that it was not a case of murder in the first degree. But although the whole matter is in doubt as to what before the governor, he refused to interfere. It would seem that improper exercise of executive clemency in the territory heretofore has made it difficult to get a new man in a case which more plainly require it. The Dispatch reviews the whole matter in this way: Gov. Ferry has, in connection with some of our citizens, sought to justify his refusal to commute the sentence of Thompson by stating that no case for executive clemency had been made out. It is therefore not just that the public should know in what manner the case has been handled by one of our officers, and what efforts have been made in behalf of the unfortunate victim. The following information with regard to the case has been furnished us by one of Thompson's attorneys: The governor was furnished with a statement of the evidence adduced upon the trial, which had been prepared for a bill of exceptions, and was certified to be correct by counsel on both sides of the case. He was also furnished with a certified transcript of the proceedings of the district court, and a copy of the evidence adduced upon the case it could have been made, were signed by all the members of the bar resident of Seattle, except the prosecuting attorney, by the grand jury, and by every person connected with the case, and the prominent citizens and a large number of ladies of Seattle, a large number of persons at Lewiston, Portland and Newcastle, and by every one of Thompson's neighbors and acquaintances in Squak valley, where his home was. Letters asking for commutation were written by several prominent citizens, among them the foreman of the grand jury. These papers were presented to the governor and commutation argued by C. H. Hanford, of last week. About the same time the governor was visited and urged to commute the sentence by others of our citizens, among them the Rev. Mr. Whitworth and Sheriff Wyckoff, both of whom heard the whole trial, and unhesitatingly affirm their belief that he was not guilty of murder in the first degree. The position of the governor was, however, maintained by C. H. Hanford and never controverted, setting forth a large amount of material and important evidence, and that the governor should not proceed at the trial because not known to the prisoner's counsel in time. A letter was also handed the governor from a resident of Talbot, stating that the writer saw the meeting of Bennett and Thompson on the railroad track just before the fatal affray, and that instead of Thompson confronting Bennett and Baxter suddenly with a knife and assaulting them, as Bennett testified at the trial, Thompson ran away and Bennett pursued and overtook him. After these matters had been presented and commuted had been refused, W. R. Andrews went to the governor to intercede, carrying with him letters from others of our citizens, and petitions signed by two hundred more persons of all classes, and all favors by Mr. Williams, the foreman of the Renton mine, Messrs. Marshall and Scholey of Renton, and Mr. George Walker, setting forth statements made by Bennett immediately after the affray and before the trial, and stating that he was injured, contradictory of his testimony at the trial, and to the effect that he (Bennett) and not Thompson, was the assaulting party. In addition to these matters, letters were sent to the governor by mail by a large number of our best and most influential citizens, in the most urgent manner possible imploring for mercy, and on Wednesday last a telegram was sent by the ex clerk of the court, who heard the whole trial, affirming that it was his most solemn conviction that the hanging of Thompson would be judicial murder. We say, and Governor Ferry cannot deny, that this was the strongest case for executive clemency ever presented to him or any other governor of Washington territory; and yet it is the first time that clemency has been refused when asked for in a capital case.

A TERRIBLE HAIL STORM visited East Portland and vicinity, on Monday last, destroying a number of barns and out-houses, unroofing many of the finest buildings, and breaking over 1000 window lights. Some of the hail stones picked up were the size of hen's eggs; a great number of pedestrians were knocked down and seriously injured; they were carried to the drug stores where every medical aid was rendered. Several tons of ice were gathered up by the saloon keepers. After it was over, many of the citizens started out to ascertain the damages; a reporter was dispatched in hot haste and was met by a delegation of citizens who stated a large lot of Donnelly's Yeast Powders had been received that day, and it was thought that the air had become impregnated, thereby raising the wind which blew a hurricane, and as there were several icy looking clouds hanging over the city at the time the wind must have reached them bursting them wide open and hence the storm. The reporter left, saying, I have heard that Donnelly's Yeast Powder was good, and would raise most anything, even the lids of a red hot stove, but would not believe it would raise such a commotion as this.

Letter of Inquiry. SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 25, 1877. EDITOR STATESMAN:—Would you be kind enough to forward me a copy of your paper and also tell me the population of your town and the prospects of its growing. I came to California a few months ago and am very much disappointed in the climate and business prospects. I have a small family and am desirous of settling permanently where I can have a farm, and also do some business in a good flourishing town. I would thank you very much for any information you will give in regard to your town and country and their prospects. J. Z. LATSCH.

LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the Postoffice, at Walla Walla, October 5, 1877: Anderson, A B 2 Lapointe, John Lockett, Frank M. Bemis, Geo W. McMerny, Wm Benson, D R Manning, John W Boone, James Moore, Thomas Dodge, C L Morris, James A Evans, Miss Saura O'Neal, Daniel Edwards, C M Robertson, Chas Evans, Geo S Roberts, James N Fredericksen, H 2 Roberts, J W Ferguson, Geo 2 Rankin, W F Glaughlin, Rachel C Shoenes, Jas E Gholz, Jno W Vatemem, Mrs Allie Hogan, Mrs Wallace, E Howard, A R Watson, Jno Howard, F N Waldron, Austin M Linville, M A Williams, Sarah M Persons calling for these letters will please say "advertised." WM. VAWTER, P. M.

LOTIS BERRY, of Walla Walla, is sergeant-at-arms of the territorial council; Tom Merriam is chief clerk.

AN IMMENSE REDUCTION.

Bear in mind that SCHWABACHER BROS. Are now selling their Mammoth Stock of Merchandise at an IMMENSE REDUCTION. To make room for their coming Fall Stock.

WHEAT, BARLEY AND OATS!

Wheat, Barley and Oats, consigned to our House at San Francisco, will receive prompt attention, and with our well known facilities and knowledge of the Market, Farmers can be assured that they will at all times obtain the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE!

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON SUCH CONSIGNMENTS! The Highest Market Prices paid here for WHEAT, BARLEY & OATS! SCHWABACHER BROS.

DUSENBERY BROS.

ANNOUNCE THEIR Fall Stock of Goods!

Selected with great care, and especially suited to this market. In the line of

Gentlemen's Youths' and Boys' Clothing!

Their stock is particularly full, and enables them to suit all customers, and at prices that defy competition.

DRY GOODS & FANCY GOODS.

An unprecedented stock, to which we especially invite the attention of the ladies, and ask them to call and

SECURE GREAT BARGAINS.

In the line of Groceries, Provisions, &c.,

They have everything required for the farmer or private families and at prices that are sure to be satisfactory.

Crockery, Glassware, &c., Boots & Shoes,

And a full stock of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, all to be SOLD OFF IMMENSELY CHEAP

At the old Pioneer Store of DUSENBERY BROS.

A PERSECUTED SOLDIER.

THE REPRESENTABLE METHOD IN WHICH CHIEF JOSEPH MAKES WAR.

The christian soldier sat alone in his guard tent. He heeded not the wind, which howled dimly without, and he paid no attention to the distant yells of the demonic savages, as they danced around the encampment, vainly attempting with insulting taunts to draw the American Havelock forth to battle.

He heeded naught, for his burning sense of injustice was taking form in eloquent words. His rapid pen skipped impetuously to and fro over the paper; page after page of manuscript fell fluttering like snow flakes to the ground till the floor of the tent was covered with white.

The christian commander was replying to the newspaper criticisms on his conduct of the campaign.

"If these gentlemen of the press," he wrote, "knew the true character of the foe with whom I have to contend, they would perhaps be slower to ridicule my policy. The Chief Joseph is a wily, audacious and unscrupulous adversary.

He unites the comprehensive military genius of a Napoleon with the dash of a Massena. Yet he does not hesitate to employ the most reprehensible methods of annoying me, and eludes pursuits by stratagems unknown to civilized warfare.

My campaign must not be judged by the ordinary standards, for his activity is super-human, his resources apparently boundless, and his lack of principle wholly beyond belief."

The progress of the general's composition was interrupted by the entrance of a breathless and agitated orderly.

"Well," said the christian soldier, after he had punctuated his last sentence.

"The orderly touched his hat. 'Joseph's forces are advancing on the outposts, yelling and swearing like devils!'

"It is as I have written," remarked Howard sadly. "The totally unprincipled Aborigine does not scruple to attack me on the holy Sabbath. Direct the chaplain to go out and read to the enemy the fifth chapter of Mathew."

"I have conscientiously endeavored," continued the general, resuming his pen, "both by moral and logical appeals, to bring Joseph to acknowledge the unreasonableness of his attitude toward me, the representative of his military arm. It seems to be a case where argument is unavailing."

The orderly again appeared at the tent flap. "They have scalped the chaplain and are still advancing," he reported.

"He was a good man," reflected Howard, "and we shall miss him. Try and find some pious private who will volunteer to go out and finish the chapter."

"Newspaper criticism," wrote the general, continuing his letter, "serves not only to encourage the enemy, but to grieve me personally. I am therefore constrained to request that it may be suspended, and meanwhile I took to history for the vindication of my—"

Another orderly burst into the tent. "The sentries are shot!" he cried. "What shall we do?"

A patient yet mournful look overpread the christian soldier's features. "Put the flag at half mast," he replied, "and make the necessary arrangements for the funeral to-morrow."

"But they have hauled down the flag and are making a bonfire of tracts and hymnbooks around the pole."

"Summon my officers hither to deliberate on the most prudent course of action to pursue under the circumstances."

"But the red devils are this very minute stealing your tent pins and the canvass will be down on your head."

"This is too much!" murmured the christian commander. "Saddle my mule without delay and order a retreat."

THE DEVIL'S DAUGHTERS.—Our special correspondent with Gen. Howard writes that the wounded were fearfully tortured and mutilated by the Nez Percés squaws on the Big Hole battle ground. The soldiers had taken the Indian village, but being overpowered by numbers, they were obliged to fall back and fight their way to a position on the side of the mountain which the enemy had already taken possession of.

A TERRIBLE AND STRANGE OUTRAGE.—Sacramento, Sep. 27.—About noon to-day an outrage was committed in the town of Washington opposite Sacramento, which has created much excitement. Etta Freeman, of Washington was found in the orchard of Capt. Hodgson on the river bank opposite the foot of K. street. She was fearfully wounded in the face as if by some dull edged implement or sharp piece of wood. She was also bruised about the head. She was lying under a tree among some young shoots and was in a furrow and covered over with earth. A boy named Fay had been sent to market by his mother, and on his way saw the child and gave the alarm. A Chinaman was at work in the orchard thirty feet away. He has been arrested, but the officers believe he had nothing to do with it, and the child might have been placed where she was without his seeing it. The boy Fay is arrested and detained as a witness. He has aroused suspicion by telling contradictory stories. He is about ten years old. The child had been absent from his home only about twenty minutes. When told of the occurrence her father said: "This has been done for revenge," and gave no further explanation. The case is surrounded by a singular mystery. The child is still alive, but it is doubtful if she will recover. She is now unconscious. No signs of maltreatment on the child, except those stated.

FAMINE IN CHINA.

A SHENKING NARRATIVE OF SUFFERING AND DESTITUTION.

SHANGHAI, July 7.—A report has been received from Dr. Nevins, one of the missionaries who have been engaged in the distribution of alms in Shantung, describing the measures adopted by himself and his colleagues for the relief of the sufferers, and stating the present condition and prospects of the district in which he has been staying. Dr. Nevins located himself in the market town of Kaoyal, and having taken measures to ascertain the most destitute people in the neighborhood, made arrangements for distributing ten cash (about one half-penny) per diem among them. At one time no less than 32,559 persons, residing in 383 neighboring towns and villages, were being thus supported, and it is both surprising and gratifying to learn that great good the money effected. He writes:

"The people, by three successive years of scarcity, were reduced to the last extremity. All their supplies were exhausted, and everything that they could sell or pawn was disposed of, so that they had no means by which they could obtain ready money to purchase grain. With a few exceptions, they were subsisting on the leaves of trees, roots and wild plants from the hills; also to a considerable extent on chaff, and when they could get them, sweet potato vines and leaves. Nearly every potato was a starved and haggard appearance, and many men were reduced to mere skeletons. In not a few cases did they state-stone to allay the pangs of hunger. In these circumstances, the allowance given, though it seems a mere pittance, was received as a great boon. Invested in grain to mix with the leaves and roots which they were subsisting on, it supplied them food which was comparatively palatable and nutritious. It was nothing less than life to thousands, who must soon have perished without it. Some, though almost starving, used the money given them to purchase seed for sowing their fields. There are hundreds of acres covered with rich crops which without this aid would probably have remained untillied. Many declared that without it they would not have had strength to go into the fields to work, and without it many would not have been able to redeem their hoes from the pawnshops."

This, however, relates only to one district. I have before me a report from a Roman missionary, Pere de Marchi, which gives a harrowing picture of the distress still prevailing in the neighboring district of Lin Kiu. He writes:

"Fancy a vast tract of land, as it were, devastated by brigand; fields uncultivated, either for want of hands or because the famished peasants have not the necessary strength to bear the fatigues of husbandry; and the houses destroyed in order to sell the timber; in many houses there remains only one room where the wretched family shelter themselves from the inclemency of the weather. In the almost deserted villages you see but exhausted, cadaverous faces. How many families have become totally extinct through starvation; how many have gone elsewhere, after having sold their all at any price, without hope of return! But there is something worse. How many fathers of families who once lived honorably have committed suicide in order to avoid the ignominy of begging, all their family following the dreadful example! How many woe-stricken women—wives, sisters, daughters—have been sold by their fathers, brothers, and husbands to unknown people, till in some places you hardly see any females left! A Christian literate of this district assured me that in the Lui Kiu-hsien alone more than one hundred thousand women and children have been sold, which is shown by a register kept at the Yamen. In several places of this district they were able to sow wheat, and it promises well, especially after the last rain, but to the south-east, in the midst of the hills where I now am, and where hardly any foreigner has penetrated, the land looks like a wilderness; there is neither wheat nor millet, and if ever they sow any late crop they must wait till the Autumn for the harvest."

What drought did last year in the north floods threaten to do this year in the south. From Foochow, for the second year in succession, we have accounts of terrible damage and loss of life caused by the overflow of the River Min; the neighborhood of Canton has been similarly visited; and, as if this were not enough, a correspondent writes Chinkiang that the ground in the neighborhood of that city is black with locust, and that in the neighborhood of Nanking there is grave apprehension of a failure from drought.

RHEUMATISM AMONG FARMERS.—There is a great deal too much carelessness generally among farmers with regard even to ordinary precautions for the preservation of their health, and yet after all, there is scarcely any class to whom sickness is more irksome and inconvenient. Rheumatism is frequent among them because they wear wet clothing, heat and suddenly chill the body, over-eat after very hard work, and because they do not keep the skin in a healthy condition. If farmers would avoid suddenly cooling the body after great exertion, if they would be careful not to go with wet clothing and bathe daily, using much friction, they would have less rheumatism.

SENATOR BOGGY, of Missouri, whose death is announced, although not what is called a great man, will prove a loss to the senate and the country. His large business experience was very much needed, especially at the present time, in a body made up of so many lawyers. He was a conscientious, honest legislator, and deservedly popular among all who knew him.

A WOMAN residing at Providence, R. I., was on the 16th, bitten on the lip by a large black spider. A few days ago she died in great agony, her head and neck having become swollen to an enormous size and her limbs being beyond her control.

The Russian authorities officially acknowledge a loss of 14,459 men up to the present, but it may be assumed that the loss is much greater. They have not published lists, and this has given rise to much discontent throughout the country.

SATURDAY, July 7th, was the seventh day of the week, the seventh day of the seventh month of the seventh year, of the seventh decade, and the decade the seventh of the century.

A STANDING ARMY.—The cry for an increase of the standing army goes up, mostly from radical throats. A standing army, it would be well to remember, is a standing threat against personal freedom, and, in addition to that, is the most expensive luxury that a people can indulge in.

Hope is a flatterer, but the most upright of all parasites, for she frequents the poor man's hut as well as the palace of his superior.

A RUSSIAN STORY.

A good story of Prince Paskievitch, father of the Princess Volkousky and grandfather of the charming Princess Kourakine. During the siege of Warsaw he had ordered a certain Polish battery to be silenced by his own artillery, and became perfectly wild with rage on observing that the artillery fire produced no appreciable effect. Calling to the battery he asked: "What idiot is in charge here?" "I, sir," answered an officer. "Then down you go to the ranks this very day," said Paskievitch; "you don't begin to know your trade; you shells do not explode."

"I know they don't," answered the captain; "for the best of all reason, that they can't explode." "That's a lie," said the Prince. "Is it? See for yourself, then," replied the officer, coolly picking up a shell from the pile and lighting the fuse, and holding it up between himself and the Marshal. The Marshal tranquilly crossed his arms and watched till the fuse sputtered and went out. "There, sir," said the artilleryman, triumphantly, "as he threw the shell on the ground." "You were right, after all," growled the Marshal, and rode away to another point of the line, but at night this captain received at his tent the cross of St. Vladimir for bravery in the field.

WASTE NO TIME.—Time lost can never be regained. After allowing yourself proper time to rest, don't live on hour of your life without doing exactly what is to be done in it and going straight through with it from beginning to end. Whatever it is take hold of it at once, and finish it up squarely, then to the next thing without a moment dropped out between. It is wonderful to see how many hours prompt people make out of a day; it is as if they picked up the moments the diavils lost. If you ever find yourself where you have so many things pressed on you that you hardly know where to begin, let me tell you a secret. Take hold of the first one that comes to hand, and you will find the rest will all fall in to file, and follow after like a company of well-drilled soldiers, and though work may be hard to meet when it challenges you in a squad, it is easily vanquished if you can bring it into line.

WANTED TO BE A RICH WIDOW.—A rich miller of Hankow, near Eger, in Austria, aged sixty, lately married a girl of eighteen, who consented to the match on account of his wealth and the urgency of her parents. She was, however, deeply in love with the miller's foreman, and consented to the murder of the old man in order to free herself and enjoy his wealth. The wedding supper was largely attended by the villagers, and the festivities lasted all night. At daybreak the miller, according to custom, visited his mill and was pushed into the stream by the assistant foreman, who had been drawn into the plot under a promise of money. The water not being deep, the miller regained his feet, and struggled violently with his assassin, who was soon assisted by the bride and her lover. The two men held him under the water and the girl immersed his head, which she kept below the surface until life became extinct; she then took her lover's arm and coolly rejoined the guests, with whom she joined in the dance.

A WOMAN in Pennsylvania went before a notary public to acknowledge a deed, and was asked the usual question if she signed the deed without compulsion or fear of her husband. Stepping back one or two paces she put her hands on her hips, set her head on one side, and after looking at the man for a moment, exclaimed: "I guess, judge you don't know the family."

Two friends just married were, a few days ago, discussing rapturously, as they congratulated each other, the merits and charms of their spouses. Said one: "My wife has got the loveliest head of hair I ever saw, even on the hair-renovator labels. When she lets her hair down the ends fall to the floor." "That's nothing," replied the other. "When my wife lets down her hair, it all falls to the floor."

A MINISTER in Connecticut having married a couple the other day, the bridegroom asked what his price was. The pastor replied that the law gave him two dollars. "Well," said the young fellow, "if the law gives you two dollars, here's fifty cents more, so that now you have two dollars and a half." And before the clergyman could recover from his surprise the pair were off.

JOHN HEARNE, a farmer, living near Raleigh, N. C., gave a dinner to a remarkably polite tramp, who said he had been acquainted with a family of the same name in Quebec. This chance remark led to the union of two brothers who had been separated 18 years.

Snipkins refused to get his wife a new hat, and soon after the little girl came in and said: "Mamma, won't you buy me a monkey to play with, when you go down town?" "No darling—wait till you are older, and then marry one like I did," replied the grief-stricken wife, her tears bursting forth afresh.

ALWAYS take a receipt when you pay out money. Though honest and fair dealing may be intended, a mistake may occur, or through forgetfulness the proper credit may not be given, and thus a dispute or quarrel may ensue.

"INCREASE your receipts and decrease your expenditures," is the valuable information sent to the fools who forward twenty-five cents to the New Yorker in answer to the advertisement: "How to become rich."

THOMSON is not going to do anything more in condoms. He recently asked his wife the difference between his head and a hoghead, and she said there was none. He says that is not the right answer.

A PRETTY girl was complaining to a Quaker friend that she had a cold, and was sadly plagued in her lips by chaps. "Friend," said Obediah, "thee should never suffer the chaps to come near thy lips."

A BURLINGTON preacher discoursing about Peter and Paul remarked a few days since that they were a "good pair." Without opening his eyes the deacon in the first pew remarked: "Take the pot; ace high's all I've got."

A BRIGHT BOY in a suburban school, being asked the other day to give an example of the comparative and superlative degrees, promptly answered: "Miss, mister, mistress."

WHEN a young woman makes up her mind that a hen shall not set, and the hen makes up her mind that she will, the irresistible meets the immovable, and every law of nature is broken or perverted.

"Come right in deah. Gustus Lysander—play'n' wi' dat trash! I—come in deah an' I'll keep the flies off'n po' gran'father! Yo'll never be a Flipper child of yo' don't!"

Hope is a flatterer, but the most upright of all parasites, for she frequents the poor man's hut as well as the palace of his superior.

JOB PRINTING at this office.

Legal Advertisements

District Court Summons. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Walla Walla, ss. SARAH E. STEINBERGER, Plaintiff, vs. CHAS. M. STEINBERGER, Defendant.

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—TO CHARLES M. STEINBERGER, Defendant: You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by SARAH E. STEINBERGER, Plaintiff, in the District Court of the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at the City of Walla Walla, in and for the Counties of Walla Walla and Columbia, to answer the complaint of Plaintiff, filed in Walla Walla County, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service. If not so served, otherwise within sixty days, or the said Plaintiff will take judgment against you by default, according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a divorce from the bonds of matrimony on the grounds of habitual intemperance of defendant, and also to obtain the care and custody and guardianship of John A., the minor child of the parties. And you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, the Hon. S. C. WISNARD, Judge of the District Court of the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, and the seal of said Court affixed, this 7th day of September, A. D. 1877. A. REEVES AYERS, Clerk.

J. D. MIX, Plaintiff's Attorney, 40-6w

District Court Summons. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Walla Walla, ss. In the District Court of the First Judicial District of Washington Territory.

ANNADINE NYE, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIS A. NYE, Defendant. THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—TO WILLIS A. NYE, Defendant: You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by ANNADINE NYE, Plaintiff, in the District Court of the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at the City of Walla Walla, in and for the Counties of Walla Walla and Columbia, to answer the complaint of Plaintiff, filed in Walla Walla County, within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service. If not so served in said county, then in said County of Walla Walla, within thirty days, or the said Plaintiff will take judgment against you by default, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a divorce on the grounds of willful abandonment of Plaintiff by Defendant for a period of more than one year and for failure and neglect of Defendant to make suitable or any provision for the support of his family and for other proper relief. And you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded therein.

Witness, the Hon. S. C. WISNARD, Judge of the District Court of the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, and the seal of said Court affixed, this 29th day of August, A. D. 1877. N. T. CATON, Plaintiff's Attorney, 29-6w

GREAT IMPROVEMENT COME AND SEE GLASGOW'S NEW PLAINING MILL. Great Improvements in Planing and Motive Power. WILL INSURE SATISFACTION IN WORK AND CHARGES. WILLIAM GLASGOW.

SOMETHING NEW! IN WALLA WALLA. THE GRANGE Saddle & Harness Shop!

JUST OPENED a large and complete Stock of Saddlery & Harness!

as good as ever brought to this city, and consisting of Concord Team and Buggy Harness!

Men's, Boys' & Ladies' Saddles, ALSO, Boston Team & Concord Collars, BRIDLES, WHIPS AND SPURS!

AND A FULL LINE OF Hardware and California Leather!

for sale to the trade at low prices. Farmers and Teamsters are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

WHEAT AND HIDES bought at my store, on Main street, a few doors above Reynolds' Bank. JAMES WHEELER.

TERRITORIAL ROAD. PERSONS DESIRING TO CROSS SNAKE RIVER will find it greatly to their advantage to travel the TERRITORIAL ROAD and cross the river at PENAWAWA FERRY.

This route is several miles shorter than any other to COLFAX, SPOKANE FALLS, and the PALOUSE COUNTRY GENERALLY.

The roads have been put in excellent repair, and there is no scarcity of good water and grass. This route possesses an advantage over all others in passing through the settlements.

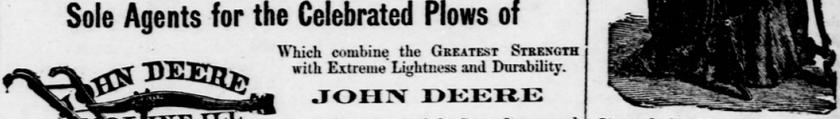
A DAILY STAGE LINE Walla Walla via Penawawa to Colfax. GOOD HOTEL ACCOMMODATIONS AND A FULL LINE OF U. S. Postoffice at Penawawa.

Freight Exceedingly Reasonable. TOWN LOTS AT PENAWAWA Obtained Free of Charge. C. C. CRAM, Proprietor.

HAWLEY, DODD & CO., THE DOMESTIC!

Portland and Walla Walla, W. T. OFFER FOR SALE AT THE Lowest Possible Prices, A FULL LINE OF Agricultural Implements.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Plows of JOHN DEERE. With or Without Breaking Plow Attachments. The Greatest Labor Saving Implement yet Invented. Five Hundred Sold in Oregon in One Year.



Is the sole patentee of the SOLID BLOCK and WELDED FROG, and their Plow is the only Plow so made and are hardened by a patent process peculiar to the JOHN DEERE Plow.

With or Without Breaking Plow Attachments. The Greatest Labor Saving Implement yet Invented. Five Hundred Sold in Oregon in One Year.



SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION, one lever only required in operation. Easily operated; so constructed that by a slight motion of the lever the Plow is run out of the ground, and raised clear by Horse power, instead of Man power; and it is the lightest Draft Plow yet invented.

With or Without Breaking Plow Attachments. The Greatest Labor Saving Implement yet Invented. Five Hundred Sold in Oregon in One Year.

Buckeye Grain Drills & Broadcast Seeders, TOO WELL KNOWN TO NEED COMMENT.



Sole Agents for Schuttler's Farm, Freight and Spring Wagons, Farm Grist Mills, all Styles & Prices. Send for Special Circular.

We are also Commission Dealers and Shippers of Grain, Wool, and all Classes of Farm Produce. Liberal advances given on Consignments. Money loaned on Improved Farms and Growing Crops.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857. E. P. Fitzgerald & Bro., IMPORTERS OF REFINED BAR IRON, Norway Shoe-Shops, Nail Rods and Pick Iron, CAST STEEL, OCTAGON AND FLAT, Spring, Toe Calk, AND...

PLOW STEEL, BURDEN'S Horse & Mule Shoes, PUTNAMS NEW LONDON AND AUSABLE HORSE-SHOE NAILS! Wagon and SEAT SPRINGS! Iron Axle and Thimble Skeins. Cumberland Coal, Wrought Nuts & Washers, CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS! Spear & Jackson's, AND...

Butcher's Files and Rasps. A FULL ASSORTMENT OF BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS! Building and Saddlery Hardware. EVERTS & ABEL, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Superior Pipe and Cast-iron.

Window Shades, Picture Frames, MOLDINGS, MIRRORS, &c. UPHOLSTERING Done in a workmanlike manner. Furniture Repaired and Varnished. WAREHOUSE, Main street, Walla Walla below Third street. 24-1f

SITUATED OPPOSITE ALL THE RAILROAD AND Steamship Offices. Street cars pass the House every five minutes. Free Coach to and from the House. 24-1f

LEGAL CAP PAPER. Just received at the office of extra quality Legal Cap Paper, which will be sold to Lawyers and others 25 per cent. below the usual price.

Freight & Passenger Rates OF THE Walla Walla & Columbia River RAILROAD COMPANY.

Notice: Freight will be received at owner's risk of fire, damage by strikes, leakage, waste, breakage, and all unavoidable accidents for transportation and delivery from our Depots, at the following rates: Rates on Down Freight, [PER TON WEIGHT, ON] GRAIN, FLOUR, BACON AND LARD.

From Walla Walla to Walla Walla... \$1 00 From Walla Walla to Whitman... 1 00 From Whitman to Walla Walla... 3 75

Rates on Up Freight, [PER TON MEASUREMENT, ON] GOODS, MERCHANDISE, ETC., ETC. From Walla Walla to Walla Walla... \$1 00 From Walla Walla to Whitman... 3 75 From Whitman to Walla Walla... 1 00

Special Freights. Pianos, Billiard Tables, Furniture, Glass, Glassware and its contents in cases or otherwise, Queensware, Marble and Castings, taken only at owner's risk of damage, breakage or leakage. Acids, Turpentine, Burning Fluids, Oils and all other liquids, in cans or other vessels, at owner's risk of leakage. Eggs taken only at owner's risk of breakage.

Down Special Rates. Delivered to the O. S. N. Co.'s Boats at Walla Walla. Merchandise, Fruit and Vegetables, same rates as above per ton measurement. Wool, one-half more than the above rates per ton weight. Best hales each 10 cents. Iron and Steel, one-half more than the above rates per ton weight. All freight received at depots will be stored at owner's expense and risk. And all freight received at depots will be owner's risk of fire until shipped or delivered to consignees. All bills payable in gold coin before delivery of freight.

Passenger Rates. From Walla Walla to Walla Walla... \$3 00 From Walla Walla to Whitman... 2 50 From Whitman to Walla Walla... 3 00 From Whitman to Walla Walla... 2 50 Way Passengers, per mile... 10

NOTE.—The charges of the Walla Walla & Columbia River Railroad Company for down freight transferred to O. S. N. Co.'s boats, including the business of forwarding, is 50 cents per ton. And on up freight, 50 cents per ton. All bills payable in gold coin before delivery of freight. D. S. BAKER, President W. & C. R. E. Co. WALLA WALLA, August 29, 1877. 14-1f

Stine House, (BRICK BUILDING, HARD FINISHED.) MAIN STREET, Walla Walla, W. T. THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, Newly Furnished Throughout, is now open for the reception of Guests. THE FINEST ROOMS AND BEST TABLE! At MODERATE CHARGES! 24-1f General Stage Office. THOS. O'BRIEN Proprietor.

Legal Cap Paper. Just received at the office of extra quality Legal Cap Paper, which will be sold to Lawyers and others 25 per cent. below the usual price.

THE DOMESTIC!



C. SCHUMACHER, AGENT FOR THE Domestic Sewing Machine

calls attention to this Machine as embracing all the latest improvements, and superior to any other Machine ever before introduced. Its merits are: 1. It is the lightest running Machine in existence. 2. It is a Noiseless Machine. 3. The room under the arm is greater by one-half than any other Machine. 4. The Shuttle holds more thread than any other Machine, and it is made on a different principle from any other Shuttle. 5. The Machine is constructed so that the last motion of wear can be taken up. 6. The Shuttle which drives the Needle Bar is straight, which gives it more power. 7. The Machine has got no eye-washer gulphers. 8. The Table is made of seven layers of wood, laid crosswise, making it proof against splitting or warping.

C. SCHUMACHER, after a long experience with the mechanism of different Sewing Machines, has accepted the Agency of the above, which he pronounces the Best Sewing Machine!

now in use. The different varieties of Grover & Baker's celebrated Sewing Machines now on hand for sale at his General Store, Main street, Walla Walla, at San Francisco prices, with freight added. I will guarantee to keep these Machines in good order, free of charge to the purchaser. 14-1f

THE SINGER STILL TRIUMPHANT



WE ARE GOVERNED IN OUR STATEMENTS by reliable "STATISTICS OF SALES" made to the owners of the principal patents by those licensed under them. And in this place let us repeat that we hold to the rule that the comparative sale of a Machine constitutes a good criterion of its merit, and more especially so when the rule in question has been thoroughly tested through a series of years.

Sewing Machine Sales for 1875 The Singer Manufacturing Company Wheeler & Wilson Mfg. Co. 249,852 Howe Machine Co. (estimated) 21,900 West Sewing Machine Co. 21,500 Domestic Sewing Machine Co. 21,500 Grover & Baker M. Co. (estimated) 12,000 Wilson & Gibbs Sewing Machine Co. 12,323 Wilson Sewing Machine Co. 9,246 Victor Sewing Machine Co. 4,972 J. E. Brannstrom & Co. (Estim.) 1,047

ES' SINGER SEWING MACHINES sold on Note or Monthly Installment plan and a liberal discount made for Cash. Office 103, Third Street, Portland, Oreg. THOS. RONAN, Agent, Walla Walla, 25-1y

SINGER SEWING MACHINES. ANY PERSON wishing to exchange a SINGER A MACHINE for any other can have any one in the Territory of the same style, and from \$4 to \$40 to boot, after three months' wear; and after five years' wear, I will give two for one SINGER Machine. THOS. RONAN.

White Sewing Machine PERFECTION ATTAINED AT LAST IN THE production of the White Shuttle Sewing Machine

Which, with all its Points of Excellence, is— The Lightest and Easiest Running Machine in the market. The Finest Finished and most Elegantly Ornamented Machine in the world. The Simplest Family Sewing Machine in the market. Capable of sewing from the finest Nankook to the heaviest of Cloth. Simplicity, Durability and Certainty combined. The Shuttle Tension is adjustable without removing the Shuttle from the Machine.

WARRANTED. Every wearing part is case-hardened, and adjustable. We therefore have no hesitancy in warranting every Machine for family purposes as perfect, and if any piece proves defective within three years, we will replace that piece free of cost. This does not include shuttles, hobbles, or needles.

FREE WITH EACH MACHINE. One hanger, (which is also a folder, holder, quilt-caster, bottle of oil, oil can, oil can holder, screw-driver, gauge and screw, six bobbins, six needles, and threaded ready for use. Directions in English, German or Spanish.)

WHITE Shuttle Sewing Machine Has greater capacity than any other Family Sewing Machine for doing every variety of work. Its capacity under the arm is as follows: 7 1/2 inches. Suitable for family purposes as perfect, and if any piece proves defective within three years, we will replace that piece free of cost. This does not include shuttles, hobbles, or needles.

BEST SEWING MACHINES Now in the market. These Machines are sold at REDUCED RATES, and on the most favorable terms. Ladies will please call and examine the Model Sewing Machine. 31-1f EVERTS & ABEL, Agents.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL DR. JOHN E. BINGHAM HAS OPENED A Private Hospital FOR THE RECEPTION OF PATIENTS, IN WALLA WALLA, Corner of First and Alder Streets. PATIENTS WILL RECEIVE THE BEST MEDICAL AND SURGICAL ATTENDANCE, and the utmost attention will be paid to hygienic treatment. Careful nurses constantly in attendance. Each patient has a private room. Meals served in the patient's apartments. Simple, Steam and Medicinal Baths provided. Special Apartments for Ladies. Children under twelve years must be accompanied by a nurse. Persons suffering from contagious diseases will not be received. Terms—For ordinary cases, including board, medicine, and medical attendance, Fifteen Dollars per week. For further information apply to J. E. BINGHAM, M. D., Proprietor. 31-1f Office Main street, next door to Day's Drug Store.

NOTICE. WHITE WATCHING, KALOSMINE AND WALL-COLORING done at the shortest notice. Inquire of DEBOIS, at R. Pogue's Hall, Second Street. DEBOIS, Dealer, in lots to suit purchasers, up to bid at the STATESMAN'S OFFICE.