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To City Subscribers: On and after this date, the STATESMAN will be served to city subscribers at 50 cents a month, payable to the carrier.

GENTLE FOLKS.—A book on "Good Society" has just been published in England by a Countess, in which after quoting Ruskin and Emerson on what constitutes a gentleman, she goes on to give her own sensible reflections on the subject.

The well-bred person has no manner. The well-bred person is distinguished from the ill-bred person, not by what he does, but by what he leaves undone. The well bred person just differs from the ill bred person in that he knows what he ought not to do. The very best breeding consists chiefly in the utmost unobtrusiveness. To be well bred and well mannered, in short, is to keep down the expression of strong feeling; to be of noiseless bearing and gentle speech; to abstain from all that may hurt the feelings or prejudices of others; to make small sacrifices without seeming to make them; in a word, to remember that in society one lives for others and not for oneself. But politeness is not like a robe of State, to be worn only on occasions of ceremony. In no place do the laws of etiquette bear more gratifying results than in the home circle, where, stripped of their mere formality, tempered with love, and fostered by all kindly impulses, they improve the character and bear their choicest fruits.

AN AMUSING INCIDENT.—Some amusement was created by a scene which occurred in the Washington Senate lately, just after the adjournment. Mr. Sumner was engaged in earnest conversation with a friend, when a young African, dressed in the height of fashion, accompanied by two females of the same "race and color," gorgeous in feathers and silks, approached, and touching Mr. Sumner on the shoulder, claimed acquaintance, and immediately presented his two female friends to the champion of his race.

CONFEDERATE ARCHIVES.—We understand that the archives of the Confederate Government are about to be thrown open to the public under certain restrictions. They have heretofore been under control of the War Department, and all applications to examine them have been refused.

Mrs. Dr. Mary Walker will soon be on the war path. She says she is the only one of her sex who has fought a square stand up fight for the radical party, and they have never accorded her any recognition whatever.

COMMISSIONER DELAND has just decided "that a written extension of the payment of a mortgage requires the same stamp as the original document."

HURRAH FOR LAGER BEER.

A song and a cheer for the lager beer, A song for the nectar brown, Where joy-spirits bide in the sparkling tide, Or dance through its snow-white crown.

They may boast of joys 'mid the din and noise Of a corner grocery bar, Where the gaudy glare through the poisoned air,

Let college dons, and learned drones Rejoice in their dusty lore, And with laden looks o'er their dreary books

Is your spirit tried by an upstart pride? Has love's sweet pledge deceived? Have the hopes that shone, in darkness gone?

Then here's to the stream with the amber gleam, To the king with the silver crown, To the sparkling mine of joy divine—

Beyond the stars that shine in golden glory, Beyond the calm, sweet moon, Up the bright ladder saints have trod before thee,

Ob! his sweet to watch the world's night wearing, The Sabbath morn come on— And sweet it were the vineyard labor sharing—

Patience! then, patience! soon the pang of dying Shall all forgotten be, And thou, through rolling spheres rejoicing, flying

Mrs. ELIZABETH CADY STANTON is out flat-footed in favor of women wearing men's dress. She says: "The true idea is for the sexes to dress as nearly alike as possible."

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ACCEPTING PRESENTS.

(From the Philadelphia Age.) A new batch of presents arriving at Washington, revives the recollection of the last Imagination Day, when the palm of the President of the United States closed on Mr. A. T. Stewart's check for \$65,000 in payment for a house that is worth \$20,000; upon which ensued the appointment of Mr. Stewart as Secretary of the Treasury, and a message asking Congress to repeal the law against interested parties holding that office.

It is to this sort of spectacle that we owe much of the unblushing vanity of the day. Congressmen advertise the public patronage for sale; and a New York Journal, commenting on it, thinks Congressmen may accept pecuniary favors as well as men in higher office.

There are many cases in which the corrupt intent is wanting, and in all cases it will be difficult of proof. Human nature is weak in high and low offices. Many gallant soldiers are now in places of profit and trust; we wish more of them were. To them, too, gifts may be offered under a plausible pretext that is only a tardy arrears of public or private gratitude; and when the officer has been propitiated by the gift and the compliment, then the donor will prefer his requests.

It needs little knowledge of human nature to see what abuses will flow from the loose and new example set in all quarters. For it is a new example. Can any man conceive of Alexander Hamilton appointing the palm of Washington with a large sum of money, and immediately thereupon receive the appointment of Secretary of the Treasury?

THE MERE THOUGHT of such a thing seems absurd and monstrous. The present system began with Mr. Lincoln, or we should rather say Mrs. Lincoln, and though notorious enough in official circles, it did not till after his death cause public scandal.

ANDREW JOHNSON, though not a man of extraordinary refinement, resolutely set his face against the practice; positively refusing the smallest present. It was well he did; for though for a while it would have been defended and applauded as it is now by the radicals, yet the time came when in raking the whole land for something against him they would have hailed with delight the proof that he had taken gifts from men to whom he afterward gave offices.

But Mr. Johnson and Gen. George H. Thomas, and many others only maintain the high tone that was universal in civil and military life, before radicalism began to corrupt and demoralize every department of the Government.

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I should have declined your offer, as I consider myself obliged to do since the receipt of your letter.

I am perfectly aware that your desire of employment is quite distinct from the other subject on which you have written to me. If I did not think so, I should probably treat it in a different manner. But you must be sensible that public men in this country cannot be too cautious or too free from suspicion; and upon consideration you will not be surprised that I should inform you, that if by Monday, the 15th, I shall not receive from you an intimation to what place you wish the three cases of your pictures, now at my house in Pico-street, should be sent, I will send them to you to No. 9, St. Vincent's Parade, Hotwells, Bristol. I have &c., WELLINGTON.

RATES OF FARE ON PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The new rates of fare from San Francisco or Sacramento, to points East on the Pacific Railroad, are as follows: For first-class passengers—Omaha, \$111; to Chicago, \$136; to St. Louis, \$131; to New York, \$150; to Boston, \$153—all in currency.

TEMPER AND THE VOICE.—The influence of temper upon the tone deserves much consideration. Habits of querulousness or ill-nature will communicate a satiric quality to the singing, as infallibly as they give quality to the speaking voice. That there really exist amiable tones is not an unfounded opinion. In the voice there is no deception; it is to many, the index of the mind, denoting moral qualities; and it may be remarked that the low, soft tones of gentle and amiable beings, whatever their musical endowments, may seldom fail to please; besides which, the singing of ladies indicates the cultivation of their taste generally, and the embellishment of their minds.

SAVE.—Save something, no matter how little it may be, always save something. Never turn away your head from small savings; they are the foundation of all great ones. A penny is not much. Many a man would rather throw away a penny than pick it up, if it lay before him. Yet a penny a day is nearly eight dollars a year, eight dollars is the interest of between one and two hundred dollars capital.

ANOTHER CHEAP IMMIGRATION PLAN.—The Mediterranean and Oriental Steamship Company, chartered by the New York Legislature, with a capital of \$20,000,000, has been organized in New York, Gen. Hiram Walbridge, President. The Company proposes to run steamers through the Mediterranean sea and Suez Canal, and to import laborers from Southern Europe, India and China, wherewith to stock the plantations of the Southern States.

A HUMOROUS FELLOW being subpoenaed as a witness on a trial for an assault, one of the counsel, who had been notorious for browbeating witnesses, asked him what distance he was from the parties when the assault happened. He answered, "Just four feet five inches and a half." "How came you to be so very exact, fellow," said the counsel. "Because I expected some fool or other would ask me," said he, "so I measured it."

THE LAVA THROWN out of the crater of Vesuvius during the recent eruptions, it is stated, contains large masses of crystals with a saline taste. This species of lava, it is reported, has never before been noticed, and the scientific societies of Italy are busily engaged in testing the composition of the crystals and the cause of their formation.

"LET ME show you how to drive it," said a carpenter to a little boy, who was about to put a nail in the top of his sled, which had become loose. But the boy refused the kind offer, set the nail wrong, and split the board. Too much conceit spoils many a good effort.

"Why don't you limit yourself," said a physician to an intemperate person; "set down a stake that you will go so far and no farther." "I do," replied the other, "set it so far off, that I always get drunk before I get to it."

A recent medical writer of high authority says: "It is certain that in our times among our brain-workers, there are nine hundred and ninety nine who do not sleep enough to one who sleeps too much."

Do well while thou livest; but regard not what is said of it. Be content with deserving praise and your posterity shall rejoice in hearing it.

A DOUBLE MARRIAGE.

AN ELOPEMENT, PURSUIT, AND MARRIAGE—EVERYBODY HAPPY. Several months ago a young dry goods clerk was requested by his employer to visit a little village, situated in the Coast Range, not a day's journey from San Francisco, and remain there several days, for the purpose of watching the maneuvers of a creditor. Glad of an opportunity to get into the country, and away from the "noise and confusion" of business, he took with him a gun and fishing-tackle, and proceeded to the locality indicated, and began to enjoy himself.

He soon made the acquaintance of a young lady—the daughter of a rich, crabbled old courtdog—whom some people would call beautiful, but whom we, from our standpoint, must pronounce "fair to middling." She could stand upon the doirill of her parental mansion, and look out upon two thousand acres of land, that would, perhaps, some day become hers. She could raise her voice, and two thousand chickens, turkeys, geese and ducks, would fly toward her; she could go into the hay mow and coddle any day in the year and gather three or four dozen eggs. In the evening, when the sun was dropping down behind the hills of the Coast Range, she could see sixty cows coming to the dairy-pen to yield the riches of their udders. One hundred horses were at her command, because she was her father's pet, and his only child. The young clerk—whether attracted to her by her natural lovable traits, or the attractions we have named above, we do not presume to say—paid court to her, and every day managed to be in her company as much as possible.

Then I began to notice long poles with human skulls on top of them. Human bones were on every side. The women ran away as fast as they could, but there were many men, all armed with arrows, spears, and shields made of elephant's hide, cross bows, &c.

Every man had his teeth filed and pointed. They were black, and all tattooed. I never had seen such tall and fierce looking people before, and I never have since.

They led me to the Wausha of court house and there they talked and held a palaver. While passing along the village street, the people surrounded me, and shouted and hallooed so terrifically, that I began to think seriously, when looking at the skulls, that mine would not remain on my shoulders very long.

I told the people that I wanted to see the king. He sent word he would not see me for three days. I had come, he said, as a whirlwind, and in three days the strength of the whirlwind would die away, and I could come to him.

He gave orders that I could have a house. The single street of the village, and the houses, were kept very clean. The latter were made of the barks of trees, and were quite small.

I got into the hut which had been assigned to me, barricaded myself, and went to bed. The bed consisted of six enormous bamboos, with a stick of wood for a pillow.

The next morning I got up and opened my little back door. Just opposite there were thirty human skulls to say good-morning to me. I can hardly say that I liked their looks.

At last the three days were gone, and the king came to me. He was accompanied by two of his wives, and armed with a long knife and spear, had on a necklace of tiger's teeth.

He looked at me for a while with his arms extended, and at last said that when surrounded by his people he was afraid of nobody.

He then left and food was brought in. When the afternoon came, towards night I called the king and gave him presents. I took a string of beads from my chest and put them about his neck, and he seemed much pleased. I handed him other trinkets, and then thought I would give him a looking-glass, which was the greatest treat of all. So taking it up quietly, I placed it before his face. For a while not a muscle moved. Suddenly he made up three faces, and saw the face in the looking-glass do the same. Then he began to look startled, and in a moment became so wild and frightened, that I am sure he'd have turned pale if he could.

He took the looking-glass in one hand, and put up one finger of the other hand, and saw in the mirror. He then put up two, then three, and saw them all. After this experiment he dropped the looking-glass, uttered a terrific yell, and shouted that the devil was there.

I took the glass, gave it to his majesty again, and told him to open his mouth. He opened it, and I showed him his beautifully filed and sharp teeth, and told him how handsome he looked.

Then the king's wife came in and although she was his chief wife, she was the ugliest woman I ever saw, and was tattooed all over. She was a kind-hearted woman, however. I gave her a necklace of beads. She was so much pleased with it that I was afraid she would hug me; but she didn't. Just then, cooked food was brought, and I knew trouble was coming. It is a great insult among these Africans to refuse to eat food which is offered you. This, they said, was antelope and plainain.

VISITING AN AFRICAN KING.

Du Chaillu, in one of his lectures, gives a humorous description of his first meeting with a cannibal in the forests of Africa, and of his interviews with the king of a man-eating tribe and his wife. He had been carefully looking into a tree, searching for a chattering monkey concealed in its branches, when one of the Fans, (a cannibal tribe,) stood before him.

He was a tall powerful looking man. His mouth was wide open, and his teeth were sharp and pointed. He was dressed in the skin of a wild animal, and had a shield made out of a portion of an elephant's hide.

I looked at him, and he at me, and I don't know which was the more astonished. I could not talk with him till my name came up, and he then asked what kind of a spirit I was.

My man replied that I was a good spirit, and was bound for their village. We then went together, and at last emerged from the forest into an area, where tens of thousands of trees had been cut down, and plainain trees, which furnished food for the natives, were growing.

As soon as the people saw me they yelled at the top of their voices; and their wild shouts rang from mountain to mountain. I began to feel a little uncomfortable at this reception; but advanced and passed the gate of the village, for it was fenced in. When I entered, the most warlike sounds were made.

The people gathered around me, looked at my boots, supposed they were my feet and did not know what to make of it as the feet were black, and my face of another color.

Then I began to notice long poles with human skulls on top of them. Human bones were on every side. The women ran away as fast as they could, but there were many men, all armed with arrows, spears, and shields made of elephant's hide, cross bows, &c.

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FRIDAY EVENING, August 27, 1889.

Coming Back to Roost.

That the future which prevailed, and has not yet died, for bestowing the privilege of the franchise upon the negro, says the S. F. Call, was a sincere one in the sentiment of many of its advocates, and that they really believed that justice to the race demanded it, may readily be conceded.

In some of the States the negroes outnumbered the whites, and with large numbers of the latter dropped out of the voting register, because of their course during the rebellion, it seemed no very difficult matter to wheel the whole of the Confederate States into the republican party.

For it was taken for granted that as the republican party claimed to have set the negro free, he would of necessity show his gratitude by voting their ticket.

At first, when he had the opportunity, he did so, and it almost made the hair of those who thought they understood the South, stand erect as they read how State after State was carried for the party ruling so generally in the North.

The republican leaders rejoiced, and all seemed satisfactory for awhile. But now comes the Winter of their discontent, and already some of them who are able to behold the light through the fogs of prejudice, acknowledge that the giving of the privilege of voting to the negro was a great mistake.

Aside from other considerations, it made the republican party in those States too strong. A party is never stronger in this country than when it is able, by great effort, to command just a fair working majority.

A very large one is sure to initiate fraud and wild schemes, and almost certainly leads to contending factions, which, sooner or later, succeed in bursting the party.

Tennessee is a good instance. There, under the almost Robespierre rule of Brownlow, the party he headed was, for a time, omnipotent. It carried everything chiefly by negro votes, and carried Brownlow himself into the United States Senate from the gubernatorial chair where it had previously put him.

Now, Tennessee has heard and obeyed the order 'about face,' and the republican party proper, led by Colonel Stokes, is high and dry, like a steamer wrecked on the Mussel Shoals.

The democratic party, although it had no general ticket, under the name of conservatives elected nearly all the Legislature, and the prospect is now that Andy Johnson will be sent to Washington to confront Parson Brownlow in the Senate.

The republicans should have been sharp enough to see that the negro would soon turn toward his old master rather than to the carpet-bagger, when he wanted to know how to vote, and that in making their party too strong they encouraged ambitious men to bolt, with the hope of carrying a winning force with them.

Had the democrats of the South been as wise as formerly, they would have sooner captured the negro vote. They have learned at last, are winning them, and ere long will probably carry every Southern State into the democratic fold.

Hon. F. P. Dugan, accompanied by his wife, started in the early part of the week on his way to the Atlantic States.

Mr. D. goes by way of San Francisco, and thence by railroad. We have already stated that it is Mr. D's intention to deliver a series of lectures in the principal cities of the Union, in which he will set forth the peculiar inducements Washington Territory offers to immigrants, and more especially will endeavor to call attention to our own beautiful Valley of the Walla Walla.

The trip is made at the invitation of leading capitalists, here and elsewhere, who selected Mr. Dugan on account of his peculiar fitness for the work he has undertaken. He expects to occupy about two months in his lecturing tour, after which, if nothing intervenes, he will at once return home.

From time to time we expect to be posted as to the progress of Mr. D's undertaking, and whatever information is thus obtained will be duly laid before our readers. Mr. D. and his amiable lady will accept our best wishes for a pleasant trip and speedy return.

FRUIT MARKET.—The fruit crop this year is unusually prolific, and as a result our market is well supplied with the different varieties of fruit. As an item of interest for readers abroad, we give the prices that now rule: Peaches, 'Cox's cling,' and other superior varieties, are quoted at 5 cents; inferior varieties can be had at from 2 to 4 cents.

Apples, good winter, 6 to 8 cents—the latter figure for a very superior article. The rates here given are the wholesale prices. A very large amount of fruit has already been freighted out of the Valley for the mines, and recently a demand has sprung up for shipment to Portland.

Fruit raised in this Valley, it is admitted, is better for shipping purposes than that from the Willamette, and it is owing to this fact that the mining districts depend almost solely upon Walla Walla for their supplies of fresh fruit.

INCENDIARY.—The late fire at the head of Dry Creek, in the Blue Mountains, is supposed to have originated in design, but what was the object of the incendiary is difficult to imagine. The party who is suspected of having fired the timber, has been closely watched, and a day or two since gave indications of an intention to leave the country.

It is not certain that there is evidence to convict him, but as we are informed, circumstances point strongly to him as the guilty party. It is more than likely that he will be arrested and held to await the action of the Grand Jury.

REFRESHING RAINS.—During the last two weeks we have been favored with occasional rains, greatly to the joy of farmers, who were worn out with the long dry spell, that rendered existence scarcely endurable. These rains have laid the dust, purified the air, and diffused a general feeling of relief.

As a general thing, the climate of this Valley is all that can be desired, and the drought of this summer is something altogether unusual. For this delightful change in the weather our thanks are due Him who sends the 'earlier and latter rains.'

DIVIDED.—The democracy of San Francisco have got into a snarl over their city ticket, and a portion of them have gone off and affiliated with an independent movement. This is unfortunate as it may endanger the success of the democratic State ticket.

It is certainly shameful that in the strife for a few petty offices men should lose sight of certain great principles upon the successful maintenance of which depends the perpetuity of free institutions.

THE LATEST GOLD STRIKE.

A fresh and very active mining excitement has raged throughout this Basin, and in Alturas and Ada counties as well, during the past week, and hundreds of miners and persons of every avocation have started for the new gold fields.

Report of the discovery was brought here by Jo. Galation during last week, who had gone from his former trading post in Stanley Basin to the new diggings, and on his return not only packed thither his whole stock of merchandise from Stanley, but hastened here, engaged J. G. Bryan's pack train, and rushed off sixteen thousand pounds more of goods, as a sure earnest of what he thought of the Loon creek gold diggings.

It appears the new diggings were discovered this season by a party of prospecting miners from Blackfoot, in Montana. They found the mines to be rich. One of their number, named Craig, happened to journey along to Galation's store in Stanley Basin, to purchase a whip-lash, and while there gave Jo. Galation information of the discovery and urged him to start for the new diggings.

Others, from the diggings on Salmon river, had started from Stanley Basin—Jacob Komer among the number—followed, so that the party were about twenty strong. They reached the Loon creek region in about forty miles ride. Before their start they had packed a camp pretty thorough look, over 200 claims had been staked on up, and many of the discovery party had started back for Blackfoot and other points in Montana to induce their friends to return with them.

So far as we can gather information, the new diggings are about 120 miles distant from this city, a little west of north, and on a line which is a tributary of the South Fork of Salmon river, and the diggings were on high and low bars along an extent of from fifteen to twenty miles up and down the creek. The best route from this Basin to the new diggings is to take a stage to the trail all the way. Galation brought in a goodly haul of the gold, which he paid to Mr. Vansteele and assays of it, by Mr. Dickinson at his establishment, and by Mr. Burckett at the Agency of the First National Bank of Idaho, yielded over \$17 per ounce. It is similar in appearance to the coarse rich gold of California.

Never since the days of the early discoveries in Boise Basin has there been so great a rush to newly found gold placers as these last reports diggings have attracted. Major Taylor, a well known pioneer citizen, has had his recollection awakened, in consequence of the excitement, to the fact that five years ago he found prospecting a little west of Blackfoot, and he says, by no means certain, must be the same on which the new diggings are found. The packer who was employed by Jo. Galation, to pack goods from Stanley Basin to Loon creek has been in town during the week, and we learn that his train had been engaged to pack full cargoes from here to a short distance west of Blackfoot.

The rush from this city has made a visible difference in the population. Miners, merchants, tradesmen, and all elements better than ever, and we learn that the exodus from Centralville, Granite Creek, Pioneer, and Boston, is proportionately greater. Horses and mules, for riding and packing, have been in demand at high prices, and the excitement is yet unabated. We expect that in a few weeks some of our merchant class will return, in the shape of either rich or poor, and then we shall be better able to form an estimate of their character and extent. Of one fact we are quite certain now, however, and it is, that in case the mines shall prove to be rich, and a large camp shall be established there, this will be for some time to come the most profitable and the best basis from which to supply the trade in locally produced goods, and if success shall line the pockets of many who have gone from here they will return to winter, and their full purses will greatly advantage the whole community in the ordinary course of trade.

Mr. Burpee and two other parties—Frank Rapp and W. J. Cole, came in from their camp on Salmon river early last week, by way of Deerwood. On the night of August 3d, they camped on Meadow Fork (of Salmon), and it was so cold that ice formed in the stream during the night. Mr. Burpee went to the diggings about six weeks ago, took up a claim there, and is so contented with the prospect that he took back with him a goodly stock of provisions and mining outfit, and purposes to remain there the remainder of the working season. He is located on Salmon river, and about 100 men were at work when he left. The district is about 140 miles northeast of Idaho City, and the route thither leads to Deerwood, thence 60 miles to Stanley Basin, or Little Salmon, and from there to the new diggings, a distance of twenty miles, prospects are to be found all the way.

With Mr. Burpee are associated Jacob Romer (formerly of the Idaho City Market) and another miner named Crowe. The diggings are all river claims, and worked by help of wing dams. The claims are 200 feet up and down the river and across. Six feet of Deerwood have paid from \$4 to 12 per day to the hand, but no big strikes have been made. Cody & Burnett, Steve Stemmons, and others from this vicinity, and a good many more from Placerville and other Basin camps—fully 100 in all—have located claims along the river, to a distance of twenty miles, and all seem to have done well. Lynch & Miner, of Placerville, have a branch store on the river, in the midst of the camp, and it is amply stocked.

At Stanley Basin, or Little Salmon, 20 miles northeast of this city, Jo. Galation had a store, and good diggings have been found at locality bar, gulch and hill, though water is not very plenty this season, as it is fed from the small gulches between Meadow Fork and the main Salmon river. At Robinson's Bar, between Stanley Basin and Salmon diggings, there is a hydraulic claim, which is amply supplied with water from a creek that has a flow of fully 3,000 inches. But of the general character of these mines, except in the Salmon river district where he is located, Mr. Burpee is unable to give anything more than hearsay information, which is, he says, generally favorable. A ditch is being dug by him and named Wright, to lead water into Stanley Basin, from a large creek, a distance of fifteen miles, and when this shall be completed, water will be abundantly supplied to all the mines there for a long working season.

Between Deerwood and Stanley Basin, Bear Valley extends, and in the mountains back of this claim, which is named Little Salmon. Away to the east, about 180 miles from this city, Salmon river has its source. The climate in this new mining range is much cooler than in Boise Basin, and the timber is principally of the small Norway pine species. In anticipation of a protracted and severe winter, nearly all who have claims there purpose to work them to the last practicable day, and then to return to Idaho City or other camps of this Basin to winter, and take the earliest possible start to resume work in the ensuing Spring. Of course there has been nothing like a fair prospect of the newly discovered region so far, but from all that Mr. Burpee has seen and heard he thinks it will prove a very good mining country, in which fair wages can be made.—Idaho World.

AN INCREASED IMMIGRATION.—Notwithstanding our heavy national debt and taxation, a tolerably healthy opinion of this country, or an unhealthy one of their own, appears to prevail in European countries. Five thousand immigrants landed at the port of New York during the month of July last, making one hundred and sixty-eight thousand for the year to that date. This is thirty-five thousand more than landed for a corresponding period last year. At this rate, \$24,000 per month, the round year would foot up to \$288,000.

LATEST EASTERN NEWS.

Dates to August 21.

COMPILED FROM THE OREGONIAN.] PENDLETON'S PLATFORM. Cincinnati, Aug. 20.—Pendleton's letter of acceptance will be published to-morrow. He attacks especially the financial condition of the country. He says money is scarce and business depressed and employment difficult to be obtained. The industries are hampered with interest, high tariffs and oppressive taxation, unequal, unjust, and some of which he charges upon republican mismanagement. He says he proposes to make these questions prominent in the campaign.

VIRGINIA ENTERPRISE. White Sulphur Springs, Aug. 20.—A commercial Board of Trade, and the subject of a central line of navigation from the West to Hampton Roads, has been in session here for four days. It will probably conclude to-morrow, having given a searching investigation to every branch of the subject. The report gives a history of the Virginia canal, estimates the cost of completing it, with a capacity for boats of 25 tons. It recommends the enterprise as a favorable object for aid from Government.

NATIONAL LABOR CONGRESS. Philadelphia, Aug. 21.—In the National Labor Congress the Committee on Female Labor made a report which was adopted, recommending that all trade unions make an effort to secure a thorough organization of female labor at the same pay for work, equally as well done by women as by men, and that every avenue of labor for which women are physically capacitated, should be freely opened on the same conditions as are allowed to any class. We ask for women equal opportunity and rights in every field of enterprise and labor. Resolutions were adopted denouncing coolie labor, but declaring that voluntary Chinese emigrants should be protected like other citizens. A special committee on new political party was appointed, then a recess taken.

CANADIAN NEWS. Quebec, Aug. 21.—The opening of the Windsor Railroad yesterday, was attended with great eclat. Speeches were made by the Governor-General and others.

CUBAN AFFAIRS. Washington, Aug. 20.—Further Cuban news states that a force sent by Orsua attacked a body of Spaniards moving to join Lesca at Neuvitas. After a warm engagement they captured the entire force. The Spanish loss was over 250. This is regarded as an important triumph. General Jordan sent a force to reconnoiter near Trinidad. An attempt was made to capture them, when a fight ensued, resulting in a defeat of the Spanish, and the capture of 56 persons. At the commencement of the fight, over 150 Spaniards deserted and joined the Cubans and took part in the fight. A small party conveying a train of provisions to Saugua Lagrande, it is reported, was attacked by a superior force of Spaniards and defeated by them. The train was captured. Another small body was captured near Puerto Principe, numbering eight men, all of whom were executed in the place immediately on their arrival. The fate of these men causes extensive excitement among Cubans, who demand immediate retaliation from Gen. Quesada. The letters state they are hoping for interference on the part of civilized governments.

HAVANA, Aug. 20.—Reconnoitering parties recently sent out, have attacked and destroyed several insurgent camps in the jurisdiction of Alcovillas. The Captain General has issued orders for the completion of the Havana aqueduct, and charging the directors of the Havana Railroad of malversation in using the funds of the Company, and they are held responsible by the tribunals. The books of the company have been delivered to the Captain-General's Secretary for examination. An election for new directors is ordered.

STUPENDOUS PATENT RIGHT SWINDLE. Buffalo, Aug. 20.—The officers of Rochester were here to-day looking for parties said to have perpetrated a stupendous patent right swindle. The farmers on the line of the frontier, and in a few interior counties, have been swindled to the amount of a quarter of a million dollars. A warrant was issued and search was made for a broker in this city, who is said to be accessory to the swindle. He has negotiated for good notes to a large amount.

THE DENT MOVEMENT. Chicago, Aug. 20.—A Republican Washington special thinks the Mississippi conservatives will not nominate Dent for Governor, since Grant so evidently discountenances his movement. Probably A. K. Browne will receive the nomination. The contest will be directly between the republicans and democrats.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD EXPEDITION. Omaha, August 20.—A special announces the arrival at Helena of the Northern Pacific Railroad expedition from Puget Sound via Walla Walla. They express themselves pleased with the country, and believe in the entire practicability of the route. They found one pass through the Rocky Mountains with easy grades and an elevation not exceeding 5,000 feet. They proposed to examine the country north of Helena.

Chicago, Aug. 19.—The Republican Washington special says the friends of Judge Chase are jubilant over his presidential prospects. They say the conservative move in the Southern States is in the Chase interest. They expect that he will obtain the undivided support of the South in the convention.

Dent's letter was published yesterday with some ridiculous paragraphs eliminated by his friends, who looked over the copy after being placed in the hands of the printers. The Tribune's special says a general and important revision of whisky regulations will be issued in a few days by Delano, whose purpose it is to carry into effect the laws of April last, and correct some of the apparent conflicts between it and certain sections of the old law.

PRIZE FIGHT. St. Louis, Aug. 18.—Tom Kelley and Ned O'Balduin were seconds for Gallagher, and Jim Coyle and Bud Riley for Allen, with Larra Wesson as referee. Jim Kearney was ring master. Twenty ring-keepers were appointed to preserve order. The fight began at 2:30 P. M. After considerable sparring, Allen received a heavy blow on the mug, which knocked him down and made him bleed freely.

Second round—Allen went down from a stinger under the mug.

Third round—Both received and gave heavy blows. The termination was a clinch, in which Allen went down. At this point several clubs were thrown at Allen, one of which struck him on the cheek causing the blood to flow.

Fourth round—More terrific blows on both sides, terminating in Allen's favor. Fifth round—Favorable to Allen, although he was knocked over the ropes. Sixth round—Gallagher was a little slow in coming up, and received two very heavy blows, one on the nose and the other on the broad basket. Although Allen went down at the close, Gallagher got the worst.

The seventh, eighth and ninth rounds were in favor of Allen. On the termination of the latter the sponge was thrown up, and Allen was declared the victor. The fight was short, but said to have been desperate. Both men were badly punished.

A. J. TRIPP, Councilman for the Clark and Skamania District, has returned home after an absence of over a year in Alaska where he was engaged in building quarters for the military stationed in that inhospitable country. Col. Tripp, although a radical, is an honest man and faithful representative.

MARRIED. On the 22 inst., by Rev. Father Brouillette, HENRY G. TOMIN, to Miss EMMA E. JOHNSON. Compliments received. At the residence of the bride's father, M. J. B. Stowell, near Walla Walla City, on the 25th inst., by Rev. C. Ellis, Mr. L. P. BERRY and Miss M. C. STOWELL. [Olympia papers please copy.] Compliments received.

BIRTH. On Monday, August 23d, the wife of W. A. BERRY, of twins, girls.

REMOVAL. W. M. PHILLIPS has removed his STOVE, TIN AND HARDWARE STORE to his new brick building, corner of Third and Main streets, where he has unequalled facilities for conducting the trade.

Old Franklin Market for Sale. FOR SALE CHEAP—A HOUSE AND LOT, known as the FRANKLIN MARKET, situated on Main street, opposite the "Oriental Hotel." For further particulars, enquire of W. H. BENDER, at the Bank Exchange Saloon.

W. M. O'DONNELL, New Stove and Tin Store, TWO DOORS WEST OF CITY HOTEL, MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA. WHERE YOU WILL FIND A GENERAL assortment of Hardware, Plows, &c. JOBBING STRICTLY ATTENDED TO. WALLA WALLA, August 27, 1889.

W. M. PHILLIPS, WALLA WALLA. WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN STOVES, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, LEAD AND IRON PIPE, FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS, Zinc, Copper, Brass, and IRON WIRE, and a General Assortment of HARDWARE—AND—AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. MANUFACTURER OF Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware. PRICES REDUCED TO SUIT DULL TIMES. I AM DETERMINED NOT BE UNDER-SOLD.

"The Band Still Playing." N. & E. BROWN, Call the attention of the public to the fact that they will sell Dry Goods! Dress Goods! GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING, BOY'S CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, GROCERIES & PROVISIONS, NOTIONS, CROCKERY, And every thing that the Stock comprises AT COST! AT COST! AT COST!

In order to CLOSE BUSINESS before the 1st of January, 1870. TO FARMERS. ALL KINDS OF GRAIN AND PRODUCE taken in exchange for Goods, at the market rate. SECURE THE BARGAINS! Our Stock is still well assorted, and we always take pleasure in showing our Goods. No harm to come and see and SECURE BARGAINS! N. & E. BROWN. WALLA WALLA, August 27, 1889. BLUE MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 13, A. M. holds its regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month, at 6 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

HO, EVERYBODY!

EYES RIGHT, AND DRESS ON ADAMS BROS'S, BRICK CORNER, WHERE YOU WILL FIND A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Staple and Fancy Goods, DRESS GOODS, TRIMMINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, Groceries, Crockery, Lard, &c., &c., &c., &c. AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.

BOUND TO SELL. In order to give room for our large and extensive stock of Fall & Winter Goods! SOON TO ARRIVE. ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

Exchange for Goods. For which the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid. GIVE US A CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK. ADAMS BROTHERS. Walla Walla, August 20, 1889.

SCHWABACHER BROTHERS. OFFER NOW THEIR WELL ASSORTED Stock of Good at REDUCED PRICES, in order to make room for the most extensive FALL & WINTER STOCK ever brought to this market. Our Stock consists as usual in a full assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Dress Goods, Full Stock of Furnishing Goods, Clothing, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, Groceries, Carpets, Crockery, Glassware, &c. &c. We will sell Goods at the LOWEST CASH PRICES, and in return take all kinds of Grain and Produce in exchange. GIVE US A CALL. SCHWABACHER BROTHERS, Main street, Walla Walla, W. T. August 13, 1889.

NEW STORE: JORDAN & CO., OPPOSITE I. T. REESE'S WARE-HOUSE, Wholesale and Retail DEALERS IN— DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, CROCKERY, HARDWARE, Window Glass, Paints, Oils, Wall-Paper, &c., &c., &c. WHICH WILL BE SOLD CHEAP, FOR CASH!

All Kinds of PRODUCE. Taken in Exchange for Goods. Walla Walla, April 16, 1889. MASON'S OREGON STEAM BREWERY!! ALE, BEER AND PORTER. AT REDUCED PRICES.

ON AND AFTER JULY 17, 1889, THE PRICE of BEER and ALE supplied to the Trade will be as follows: XXXALE per bbl. of 30 galls. \$10 00 BEER per bbl. of 30 gallons, 5 00 " per Half-Bbl. of 15 gallons, 2 50 " per Keg of 10 gallons, 2 00 " per Keg. of 5 gallons, 1 00 All orders that I may be favored with will be promptly filled and goods delivered without delay. JOHN MASON, Proprietor, Portland, Oregon. \$4-if

WALLA WALLA LIVERY STABLE. C. F. KRAFT, PROPRIETOR OF THE WALLA WALLA LIVERY AND FEED STABLE, has at all times Saddle Horses and Carriages for Hire. He has also provided a good CORRAL for the use of Packers and Teamsters patronizing the Stable. BAILEY and APARHOE HAY at all times on hand and for sale. A good WELL OF WATER on the premises where animals can be watered.

Walla Walla Statesman.

FRIDAY EVENING, August 27, 1899.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender Notes..... 73% @ 74
New York Gold Quotations..... 135% @ 136

"THE BAND STILL PLAYING," and N. & E. Brown still dealing out bargains to their customers. See their cards.

NATURALS.—Some one says that "Cut Mouth John" has a hang-dog look. This is natural in a man who narrowly escaped hanging.

REAL ESTATE SALES.—Mr. E. Brown has sold his pleasant cottage residence, on Alder street, below the Court House, to Mr. R. P. Reynolds. The price paid was \$1,000, cash down. The price is low, and Mr. R. is sure to realize a handsome return on his investment.

NEW TIN STORE.—It will be noticed that our old friend, Wm. O'Donnell, has opened a new tin and hardware store, where he is prepared to accommodate all those who may require anything in his line. Industrious and accommodating, he is quite sure to have his share of the trade.

PERSONAL.—Mr. E. Brown, accompanied by his estimable lady, left for San Francisco, by yesterday's stage, where he intends to take up his residence. We part with Mr. B. and his lady with regret, and assure them that they have our best wishes for health, long life, and continued prosperity.

REV. BEN. TOWN, a spiritual lecturer, has been holding forth at the Court House, every evening this week. The gentleman is a fluent speaker, but as to the usefulness or good that is to result from his teachings, we fail to see it. Probably a "spiritual manifestation" would improve our powers of vision.

SCHOOL IN DISTRICT 34.—The fifth quarter of the school, in District 34, will commence on Monday, the 6th of September, in charge of the former teachers. The school will be free to all pupils within the limits of the district. Pupils from without the district limits, can attend upon the same terms as last quarter.

DISTRICT COURT.—At a meeting of the members of the "bar," held on Monday last, it was agreed to lay over all the more important civil cases that otherwise would have been tried at the October term of the District Court. This in consequence of the large number of lawyers who will be at Olympia, in October, in attendance on the Legislature.

FALL AND WINTER STOCKS.—Mr. Louis Schwabacher, the senior of the firm, is now in San Francisco engaged in selecting a stock of goods suited to the fall and winter trade. Due notice will be given of his return, when customers will have the opportunity of securing the latest and most fashionable styles of goods, for which their taste is celebrated.

REMOVAL.—Mr. Wm. Phillips has removed his store, tin and hardware store, to his new brick building, corner of Main and Third streets, where he is laying in a very heavy stock of goods in his line suited to the wants of this market. His stock of hardware and iron is particularly large, and in his new location, he will have every facility for accommodating customers.

ANOTHER DIVORCE.—On Friday last, the wife of Joel Smith, living on the Touchet, obtained a divorce. This makes the third divorce in less than a week, and we hear that quite a number of other discontented mates are waiting to have their bonds severed by judicial sentence. The facility with which divorces are obtained, and the hot haste in which the parties marry again, would seem to indicate this as the free lovers' paradise.

DOMESTIC INDUSTRY.—On Saturday, the 21st, Mrs. T. G. Lee brought to town one hundred pounds of butter, every ounce of which was made within the preceding week, and all sold previous to delivery. We mention this fact as showing what can be accomplished by persistent industry, and comment Mrs. Lee's example to other farmers' wives as indicating a mode in which they may materially aid in gaining a competency for their families.

WALL PAPER.—Mr. A. W. Robinson has just received a large and very fine assortment of paper hangings, embracing all the latest styles and patterns, to which he specially invites the attention of persons about to refit their dwellings or places of business. He has a full stock of windows, ready glazed, and every thing in the line of window curtains, cornices, &c., all of which he will sell at the lowest rates. Orders for painting promptly attended to.

COMPLETED.—The work of rebuilding and renovating the STATESMAN office is completed, and we are again in the occupancy of our old quarters. Mr. Wm. Glasford is the contractor for the improvements, and we only repeat the general remark, when we say that he did his work well. It is doubtful whether a better job of the kind has ever been turned out in Walla Walla. This notice is given, not as a "puft," but as an act of justice to a faithful and skillful workman.

PAINFUL ACCIDENT.—On Saturday last, the little son of A. Seitel, aged about 5 years, met with a painful accident; the little fellow was playing around the room in which his mother was engaged at her household duties, and happening to stumble backwards he fell into a tub of boiling water. The poor boy was so badly scalded that the skin peeled from the flesh on removing his clothes. Medical attention was at once secured, and although the boy's injuries are terrible hopes are entertained of his recovery.

HORRIBLE.—On Monday last Judge Kennedy ordered a decree of divorce to enter in the case of Faber vs. Faber. The ink used in writing the decree was scarcely dry before the woman thus set at liberty was united in marriage with a man named Harding, who the evidence showed played the part of a lover whilst the woman was still basking in the arms of her husband. It is disgraceful that parties like these should occupy the time of our Courts, and still more disgraceful that they should be permitted to pollute the marriage relation.

The New Press is now up and in running order. In getting the press under the way we are indebted to the skill of Mr. Charles Able, who bears the reputation of being one of our best and most skillful mechanics. Mr. A. took the detached parts of the press, scattered in hopeless confusion, and in a very short time brought order out of chaos, and delivered the machine over to us in perfect working order. Where else and intricate machinery is to be handled, Mr. A. is the man for the work, as we can testify from actual experience.

PROTECTION FOR SHADE TREES.—For years we have urged upon our citizens the importance of planting shade trees, and thus calling nature to aid them in the work of beautifying their premises.

This advice has very generally been acted upon, until to-day very few towns on the coast present such a picture of rural beauty as the town of Walla Walla. The people who have thus exhibited their taste are entitled to protection and encouragement, and every measure should be taken for the protection of the trees and shrubbery that minister to the pleasure and enjoyment of the passer-by quite as much as to the actual owner. Instead of affording this protection, the authorities have entirely ignored the matter, and allow vicious animals to run at large, and pull down and destroy the young trees. A few mornings since, we counted no less than six shade trees, on the line of Alder, between Third and Fourth streets, all of them broken down and destroyed by cows that are allowed to roam at large in that locality. For the purpose of protecting the shade trees, now so generally planted, we think it would be well for the City Council to pass an ordinance prohibiting cows and horses from running at large within the city limits. The streets were never intended to be a public grazing ground, and the stock owner who has due regard for the comfort of his animals, will never be found turning them loose to feed upon the offal that lines our highways. "The merciful man is merciful to his beast," and it is not this class that allow their stock to roam around and destroy their neighbors' property. It is mainly persons who are careless and thoughtless that leave their cattle to shift for themselves, and this class can be taught that if they thus offend, they can be held responsible in damages. An ordinance of this kind would at once arrest what may be fitly termed the cattle plague, and prevent the property of the town from being so completely the work of beautifying our streets.

SCHOOL FUND.—The amount of money in the County Treasury applicable to the support of the public schools foots up \$1,874 97 which has been apportioned as follows: District No. 1, 300 scholars, \$349 12; No. 3, 70 scholars, \$81 40; No. 5, 54 scholars, \$62 84; No. 7, 42 scholars, \$48 87; No. 8, 56 scholars, \$63 17; No. 9, 32 scholars, \$40 73; No. 10, 20 scholars, \$33 74; No. 11, 87 scholars, \$101 24; No. 12, 48 scholars, \$56 86; No. 13, 67 scholars, \$77 97; No. 14, 35 scholars, \$39 61; No. 15, 64 scholars, \$74 48; No. 16, 32 scholars, \$37 24; No. 18, 33 scholars, \$38 40; No. 19, 59 scholars, \$68 06; No. 20, 35 scholars, \$40 73; No. 21, 25 scholars, \$29 09; No. 22, 39 scholars, \$45 38; No. 23, 50 scholars, \$58 18; No. 25, 70 scholars, \$81 46; No. 26, 46 scholars, \$53 53; No. 27, 24 scholars, \$27 09; No. 28, 59 scholars, \$65 38; No. 29, 24 scholars, \$27 03; No. 30, 18 scholars, \$20 94; No. 31, 26 scholars, \$30 25; No. 32, 36 scholars, \$41 89; No. 33, 23 scholars, \$26 77; No. 34, 113 scholars, \$131 50. The whole number of children entitled to draw from the fund, as per last apportionment, one thousand six hundred and eleven. Amount to each pupil, \$1.16.

HORSE THIEVES.—After an absence of several years, horse thieves have again made their appearance in this Valley, and are depredating upon the property of honest settlers. On Friday last, a couple of horse thieves, who are known respectively by the names of James Love and Wm. Ritchie, visited Mr. George L. Ruckle's ranch, on the Tuma-Lum, and stole two valuable American horses. The thieves are well known in that locality, and it is hoped that the parties in pursuit will succeed in capturing them. Should these depredaters be kept up, we shall not be at all surprised to hear that one or more of the depredaters have come to grief. Our settlers have a summary way of dealing with this class of offenders, and recollecting the transactions of 1895, we think it would be well for the thieves to seek some other field of operation.

REMOVAL. WALLA WALLA BAKERY! FOR THE PRESENT AND UNTIL THE COMPLETION of my fire-proof Brick Building, the WALLA WALLA BAKERY will be removed to the adjoining building, formerly occupied by Dr. Thibault, where I will be pleased to accommodate my old friends with every thing in the line of BREAD, CAKES, CRACKERS, Confectionary, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, ETC. ALSO, AGENT FOR KANE'S CONCERNATED SOAP, the greatest labor-saving article ever invented, a full supply of which will be kept constantly on hand. O. BRECHTEL, Main street, Walla Walla. S. M. COPPE, LEW. DAY.

CUPP & DAY PHOTOGRAPHERS AND FERROTYPISTS, WALLA WALLA, W. T. We are now prepared to take PICTURES in Every Style of the Art, at Greatly Reduced Prices, at all times, and in all kinds of weather. Satisfaction Guaranteed. 314

MERCHANT TAILOR. F. VETTER, MERCHANT TAILOR.—CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, and REPAIRING and CLEANING of all kinds of garments, a specialty of CUTTING and FITTING GARMENTS for those who wish to make up their own Goods. F. VETTER, 22 1/2 Main Street, Walla Walla.

JOE HELMUTH, Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in LAGER BEER AND ALE. WALLA WALLA, Washington Territory. [424]

TO THOSE INTERESTED. I AM PREPARED TO SECURE LAND WARRANTS for all persons who served as Volunteers or Regular Soldiers in the United States Army, or in any of the Indian Wars, in California, Oregon, or Washington Territory, prior to the FOURTEENTH DAY OF MARCH, 1855, as provided by Act of Congress. L. A. MULLAN, Attorney at Law. 164

TALLOW AND GREASE WANTED. THE WALLA WALLA SOAP COMPANY will purchase all the TALLOW AND GREASE that is offered, and pay for the same in Soap or Cash, as may be preferred. Apply at the SOAP FACTORY, just below Reese's Mill. 447

PACK TRAIN. THE SUBSCRIBER has a PACK TRAIN of 40 MULES, which he offers for sale. Apply to JAMES McAULIFF. 204

WANTED! A PARTNER with a cash capital \$1,000 in a well established paying business. For information apply at this office. 314

LARD, CASTOR, BOILED AND NUT OIL, for sale by JORDAN & CO. Opposite I. T. Reese's Warehouse. 344

WALL PAPER, WINDOW GLASS, NAILS AND PUTTY, for sale by JORDAN & CO. Opposite I. T. Reese's Warehouse. 344

JOB PRINTING. HAND-BILLS, BUSINESS CARDS, &c., neatly Printed at the STATESMAN OFFICE.

WAITSBURG STORE.

M. JACOBSON & BROTHER, DESIRING TO CLOSE THEIR BUSINESS AT Wailsburg, offer the whole of their magnificent stock at

General Merchandise, At greatly reduced prices. ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods or in settlement of old accounts.

NEW FURNITURE WAREROOM, MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE ORIENTAL HOTEL. THE UNDERSIGNED IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF FURNITURE

Wool Hair, and Spring Mattresses Made to order. We also keep on hand a full stock of WINDOW SHADES WINDOW GLASS, SASH, FIXTURES, &c. Terms, Cash. EVERETT & ABLE. 293m

O. S. SAVAGE, PRACTICAL PAINTER. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, TURPENTINE, COLORS, PUTTY, GLUE, Gold Leaf, Brushes, &c. &c. No 88 FRONT STREET Second Door from Corner of Washington PORTLAND, OREGON.

S. L. FALLOWS & CO., Importers and Dealers in BAR IRON, STEEL, Tin Plate, Etc. Yamhill street, between Front and First, Portland, Oregon. Walla Walla Meat Market.

R. J. STRINGER, RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO HIS OLD Customers and the public generally that he has opened a meat market on Main street, OPPOSITE THE ORIENTAL HOTEL, where he will henceforth be found, ready to accommodate all who may have occasion to purchase any of the BEST MEATS TO BE OBTAINED in this valley, and at market prices. R. J. STRINGER. Walla Walla, May 7, 1869. 214

UNDERTAKING, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. MY HEARSE Will be used in connection with the business from this date, both in the City and the country, FREE OF CHARGE. Coffin Trimmings Kept for Sale. Place of business at my Wagon and Carriage Shop, lower end of Main Street, Walla Walla, W. T. CAL. WINESET. 293

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE MARKET FRANK FABRE HAS OPENED A FRUIT AND VEGETABLE MARKET, on Main Street, below Third, North side, where he will keep at all times a full supply of FRESH FRUIT, VEGETABLES, &c. All of which will be sold at the lowest rates. HOTELS and families supplied with Fresh Fruit and Vegetables received daily. 343m

NOTICE TO FRUIT GROWERS.—I am now prepared with a superior CIDER MILL AND PRESS, to run CIDER upon short notice and at reasonable rates. A stock of FRESH CIDER always on hand. Orders filled at short notice. FRUIT of all varieties for sale at the lowest market prices. JOHN HANCOCK, 35-1/2 Walla Walla River, on Walla Walla Road.

CONLAN & RAYMANN, Blacksmiths & Horse-Shoers, SHOP ON THE S. W. CORNER OF MAIN AND FOURTH STREETS, where they are prepared to do every thing in the line of Blacksmithing & Shoeing, in a neat and workmanlike manner, and at the lowest prices. GIVE US A CALL. 244

NOTICE. PERSONS WHO MADE application through General McCraver for pay of Horses and Equipments lost in the Indian War of 1855 and '56, will please call on or address the undersigned for any information concerning the same. Claimants must make immediate application as the Government will not pay any more after January 1st, 1890. A. S. GROSS, Notary Public. Agent for Gen. W. T. Miller, 30 Front street, cor. Washington, Portland, Oregon. 35 3m.

NOTICE FOR DISTRIBUTION. IN THE PROBATE COURT OF THE COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA, Territory of Washington: In the Matter of the Estate of James Johnson, Deceased. On reading and filing the petition of Andrew H. McCraver for pay of Horses and Equipments lost in the Indian War of 1855 and '56, which was filed in the Probate Court of said county of Walla Walla, on the 13th day of October, 1889, at ten o'clock, A. M., of said day, then and there to show cause why an order of distribution should not be made of the residue of said estate, among the heirs and legatees of the said James Johnson, deceased, according to law. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks before the said 4th day of September, A. D. 1889, at ten o'clock, A. M., of said day, then and there to show cause why an order of distribution should not be made of the residue of said estate, among the heirs and legatees of the said James Johnson, deceased, according to law. A good stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS and PATENT MEDICINES, always on hand, and for sale at reduced rates. 304

Notice to Absent Defendant. In Justice's Court, before C. W. Frush, J. P. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA. SS T. D. McCRAITH: You are hereby notified that R. E. & S. G. REES have filed a complaint against you in the said Court, which will come on to be heard on the 13th day of October, 1889, at 10 o'clock A. M., at my office, in the City of Walla Walla, W. T., which is two months from and after the filing of the complaint in this action. And unless you appear at the time and place, and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to recover from you the sum of forty (\$40) dollars, and interest thereon, at 10 per cent, per annum, from December 14th, 1887, for bill of advertising due from you to plaintiff. CHAS. W. FRUSH, J. P. Complaint filed August 13, 1889. 35 2m

Notice to Creditors. NOTICE IS GIVEN BY THE UNDERSIGNED, Administrator of the estate of ANDREW ABEL, deceased, to the Creditors of, and to all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, to the undersigned, Administrator, at his residence, in Walla Walla, on the 13th day of July, 1889, or to recover from you the sum of forty (\$40) dollars, and interest thereon, at 10 per cent, per annum, from December 14th, 1887, for bill of advertising due from you to plaintiff. HENRY ABEL, Administrator. Walla Walla, August 6, 1889. 34 4

ACORN, LARD AND HAMS, for sale by JORDAN & CO. Opposite I. T. Reese's Warehouse. 344

BLACKSMITHING AND SHOEING SHOP.

MR. P. M. LYNCH HEREBY NOTIFIES HIS friends and the public that he continues in the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS at the old stand, upper end of Main street, adjoining the bridge, where he is prepared to do

All kinds of Blacksmithing, At the Lowest CASH PRICES. Wagon Shop. Having bought out John Dorell's Wagon Shop, I am now prepared to do everything in the line of WAGON MAKING. Will always keep on hand a fine assortment of

Wagons, Carriages, Buggies, and Wheel Vehicles of Every Class. REPAIRING of all kinds executed with promptness and in a workmanlike manner. Setting Tires, - \$6 to \$8 00 EASTERN TIMBER

Used Exclusively in all work done at this Establishment. Every description of vehicle MADE TO ORDER. Having in my employ one of the very best wagon-makers on the coast, I can guarantee all work turned out of my shop. I have also a No. 1 hand in my Blacksmith shop, and have every facility for getting up work that cannot be surpassed. To meet the requirements of the times, HOUSE-SHOEING will be done at the following low rate, FOR CASH: Horse Shoeing, - - \$3 50 Setting Shoes, each - 50

Still in the Field! NEW GOODS. A. FRANK HAS JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with a complete assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, HARDWARE, CUTLERY, ETC.

Attorneys' Cards. FRANK P. DUGAN, ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW, WALLA WALLA, W. T. WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS OF Washington Territory, Eastern Oregon and Northern Idaho. 84

W. G. LANGFORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, WASHINGTON, D. C. Will practice in the Court of Claims, Land and other Departments of the Government. Claims against the Government of every nature promptly attended to. 40-1/2

CATON & ROSS, Attorneys at Law, WALLA WALLA, W. T. Office on the corner of Third and Alder streets, opposite the Court House. 284

CHAS. W. FRUSH, Justice of the Peace, COLLECTIONS MADE WITH PROMPT RETURN. Acknowledgements of deeds, &c., &c. Copying and witnessing and dispatch. Office at Court House. 284

J. H. BLEWETT, WALLA WALLA, W. T., Notary Public, Real Estate and General Agent. PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO ENTERING LANDS under the Homestead Act, or Private Entry. PLATS fully made out to date, just received from the Land Office. FRUIT of all kinds attended to. MONEYS COLLECTED and promptly remitted to any part of the country. 234

INSURANCE. AGENT OF THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY, San Francisco, California. OFFICE AT THE NEW BOOK & VARIETY STORE, north side of Main Street, between Second and Third Streets, Walla Walla, W. T. 234

1862.} LAND OFFICE {1869. NEW BOOK AND VARIETY STORE, MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA. Directly Opposite Turner's Livery Stable. PLATS OF ALL SURVEYED TOWNSHIPS IN Walla Walla County, and that portion of Umatilla County, in this Valley, with returns from Land Office, complete to date. Parties wishing to ENTER LANDS, under the Homestead Act, or Private Entry, will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned. [34-1/2] W. H. ANDREWS.

Physicians' Cards. STEINBERGER & MINER, Physicians & Surgeons. OFFICE ON Third Street, Opposite the Engine House, and near the Court House. C. M. STEINBERGER, M. D., W. MINER, M. D. 64

E. SHELL, M. D. Physician and Surgeon. 51} WALLA WALLA. [14

DR. L. C. KINNEY, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, DRUGGIST, North side of Main Street, between 2d and 3d. HAVING HAD SEVERAL YEARS EXPERIENCE as Physician and Surgeon in the employ of the Government, holds himself in readiness to attend professional calls at any hour. A good stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS and PATENT MEDICINES, always on hand, and for sale at reduced rates. 304

PIONEER DENTIST, ESTABLISHED, : : : : 1861. DR. CHARLES HERZOG, DENTIST, OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, next door to Walla Fargo & Co's Express Office, Walla Walla. CONSULTATION FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. 14

UNDERTAKER. Hearse Free of Charge! THE UNDERSIGNED WILL ATTEND TO ALL business in the line of Undertaking, and in all cases guarantee moderate charges. CARPENTER SHOP. All orders in the way of BUILDING, JOBBING, &c., promptly attended to. Shop, corner of First and Alder streets, nearly opposite Glasford's Planning Mill. JOHN PICARD. 304

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION. WE THE UNDERSIGNED mutually agree that the partnership heretofore existing between Wm. Phillips and J. H. Blewett, is dissolved on the 17th day of July, 1889. Wm. Phillips agrees to pay all outstanding demands against said firm of Phillips & O'Donnell. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said firm, will pay the same to O. P. Lacy. Wm. Phillips, J. H. BLEWETT. Walla Walla, August 20, 1889. 30-1/2

NEW BOOK

VARIETY STORE.

J. H. BLEWETT, WOULD INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND THE public generally, that he has opened a

New Book and Variety Store, In the building with A. E. ELMER, Jeweler, North side of Main Street, Walla Walla, W. T.

AND WILL SELL CHEAP FOR CASH, Books, Stationery, Tobacco, Cigars, Notions

Of all kinds, too numerous to mention. The stock is entirely new, and embraces every article usually found in a Fancy Variety Store. Call and see. UMATILLA HOUSE!

Handley & Sinnott, Prop'rs, DALLES, OREGON. THIS POPULAR HOUSE IS CENTRALLY LOCATED, near the Steamboat Landing and Railroad Depot. Has Accommodations for 200 Guests, and will be conducted as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL!

THE HOTEL OMNIBUS Will always be at the railroad depot and steamboat landing on the arrival of passengers to convey them and their baggage to and from the hotel FREE OF CHARGE. Two large fire-proof Safes, for the deposit of valuables. In connection with the Hotel, we have a BILLIARD SALOON, CONTAINING TWO FIRST CLASS FRENCH Carrom Tables, entirely new. THE BAR will always be supplied with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Also, Ale, Beer, &c.

THE LEADING ROOM will contain the latest Oregon, California and Eastern papers. FREE LUNCH at 10 o'clock A. M. April 30, 1889. CITY HOTEL, Main Street, : : : : Walla Walla. A. J. GREGORY, PROP'R.

THE CITY HOTEL HAVING BEEN Thoroughly renovated and placed in the best possible condition will at all times be kept as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL. Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietor to do to render guest-comfortable, and it is his intention to furnish THE BEST TABLE EVER SERVED IN THE TOWN. Superior Accommodations for Families. Each bed is furnished with a Spring Mattress. Travelers can always be sure of finding a comfortable home at this house. Walla Walla, May 7, 1889. 214

INTERNATIONAL SALOON, White's New Building, Morrison Street, between Front and First, Portland. CHOICE WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS. Where John S. Sizer, late of the Portland Club Rooms, and Harry W. Warren, of the Mount Hood Saloon, Dalles City, will always be found to cater to the special taste of their friends. 234

WESTERN HOTEL, PORTLAND, OREGON. CORNER OF FIRST AND MORRISON STREETS. THE BEST AND MOST COMMODIOUS HOTEL in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied. Warm and Cold Baths Attached to the House. This Hotel is located near the Steamship Landing. The Hotel Coach will be in attendance at all the Landings to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the House FREE OF CHARGE. EVERETT IN THE TOWN. DORCY & HOLMES, Proprietors. 13-1/2

R. GUICHARD, CORNER MAIN AND THIRD STS., WALLA WALLA. ESTABLISHED, 1860. DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, CHINA, Glassware, HARDWARE, BOOTS, SHOES, &c. Constantly on hand. CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED and promptly attended to. 24-1/2m

FERRAULT & BUTLER, Forwarding & Commission Merchants, LEWISTON, I. T. WILL RECEIVE CONSIGNMENTS OF GOODS to be forwarded to the Mines. Matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to. CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. Mark Goods care of "P. & B., Lewiston." 15-1/2 JOHN DOVELL.

SEVENTH INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION OF THE MECHANICS INSTITUTE OF THE City of San Francisco, Will be opened to the Public 11, A. M., Sept. 14, 1889. The Board of Managers announces that the Seventh Industrial Exhibition will open as above, in the spacious Exhibition Building erected on Union Square, in the City of San Francisco, and no pains will be spared to make it complete in all its details. The building is weather-proof, well ventilated, and lighted (at night) by 1500 gas jets; it is provided with tables for exhibitors' use, and has a line of shafting 200 feet long, provided with necessary pulleys and simple steam power to exhibit working machinery, and covers an area of 90,000 feet. The lines of telegraph wires will be connected in the building, where, also, will be the Postoffice and Express companies' boxes. A fine band will discourse music every evening and afternoon, and the visitor will find ample provision for his comfort in every particular. The various Hotels are making extensive preparations to accommodate visitors at moderate rates during the Exhibition season; and the Board of Managers will, through an agent, extend all information to strangers seeking accommodations during their stay in the city at that period. There is no charge to exhibitors (except ticket of admission) and exhibitors are notified that applications for space must be received before the 15th of August, or space cannot be definitely assigned. Articles intended for exhibition must be in the building by the 15th of September, and no article can enter for competition unless in position by that time. Rules and Regulations, Circulars and Blanks will be forwarded on application at the rooms of the Mechanics Institute, 49 Post street, San Francisco, or by addressing J. H. Gilmore, Corresponding Secretary, same address. Articles from the country must be marked distinctly, and sent to Walla Walla, California. Care of J. H. Gilmore, Corresponding Secretary. 72m

DR. J. H. DAY, DEALER IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals

AND FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES, FINE WINES AND BRANDIES, FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, BRUSHES AND PERFUMERIES, OF THE LATEST STYLES & FINEST QUALITY, Materials for Self-Rising Flour, Everything kept in a first class drug store.

DRUGS, EXTRACTS, ESSENTIAL OILS, HERBS, &c., AND AN ASSORTMENT OF ALL POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES, —ALSO,—

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, DYE STUFFS, COLORS, &c. DR. J. S. CRAIG having taken charge of the Store, I would solicit the patronage of his old friends and the public. PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS Carefully compounded, and orders answered with care and dispatch. Farmers and Physicians from the country will find our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.

ASSAY OFFICE. Gold Dust and Ores, Assayed Correctly and Returns MADE IN 6 HOURS. Opposite Oriental Hotel, Walla Walla. NOTICE —TO— MECHANICS AND BUILDERS!! PLANING MILL —AND— Sash, Door, and Blind Factory.

I DID NOT COMPLETE AT THE LAST QUARTER, but I have re-planed lumber that had been planed by the so-called Premium Planing Machine. For the truth of the above, I refer the public to Dr. Hunter. As I am competing with competitors in this place, and NOT with San Francisco Portland, I call at your work as CHEAP and BETTER than you can get done in the Premium Sash and Door Factory. I am now, and will continue, to sell Sashes, Doors, Window Frames, and Window Blinds, at greatly reduced prices. For the benefit of those building, I will keep the following sizes on hand: SASHES—8x10, 9x12, 10x12, 10x14, and 10x16, 12x16, 12x18, 12x20, and 12x18, eight lights. DOORS—four panels, 6-6x26, 6-8x28, 6-10x20, and 6-12x20. DOORS—two panels, 6-6x26, 6-8x28. And will keep a good assortment of WINDOW BLINDS to match the above sizes. Pioneer Washers For Sale at from \$10 to \$12.

UNDERTAKING I have just procured a HEARSE, and am prepared to fill orders in the Underlying line. Charges in all cases reasonable. Hearse Free of Charge. All orders promptly attended to. Plans and estimates made, and contracts taken in town or country, and all work warranted. W. A. GLASFORD, 164 1/2 Alder street, Walla Walla, W. T.

Premium Sash and Door Factory. HAVING RECEIVED THE PREMIUM AT THE last County Fair on the 21st of August, 1899, I wish more specially to call the attention of the public generally, that I am now steadily adding on new machinery, and am now prepared to do any work in my line as low as any one else in this place; I care not how low they do. My work will be done as well as it is done in San Francisco or Portland. I will keep on hand all the following sizes: SASHES—From 8x10 to 10x16, twelve lights; with and without glass. Other sizes made to order on short notice. DOORS—of all sizes, two and four panels, always on hand. WINDOW BLINDS made to order. I am also prepared to do all kinds of TURNING and CABINET WORK, Brass Hardware, Bedsteads, Tables, and Furniture generally. DOOR and WINDOW FRAMES also made to order. My Planer, and Tongue and Groover are some of the best machines on the coast, and will not fail to do good work. I have a Patent Tooth Saw for sawing weatherboarding, which will saw true and smooth. Also, an up and down saw, for sawing circles. WAGON WORK will be done at low rates. I will take in exchange for some of my work, Grain, Lumber and Shingles. I am now prepared to Take Contracts for any kind of CARPENTER WORK, Having some of the best workmen in my employ, I am Bound to Give Satisfaction. I hold myself ready at all times to GIVE BONDS for the performance of any contract I may take. J. SWIFT, on the Upper Touchet, my agent; those in want of SASH and DOORS in that part of the country will please apply to him. Remember John Dorell's Premium Sash and Door Factory, Walla Walla. JOHN DOVELL.

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