

# Walla Walla Statesman

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## Walla Walla Statesman.

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**WILLIAM H. NEWELL,**  
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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**NOTICE TO FARMERS.**

## SCHWABACHER BROTHERS & CO.

Fire-Proof Brick Building,  
MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

**FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,**

**HATS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,**

**Gents' & Boys' Furnishing Goods**

**Staple and Fancy Groceries,**

**Provisions,**

**WINES AND LIQUORS.**

**CIGARS, TOBACCO,**

**Crockery and Glassware.**

**TIN-WARE,**

**Powder, Shot and Safety Fuse**

**CARPETING,**

**Oil Cloth, China Matting,**

**Window Shades, Looking Glasses,**

**Cords, Pictures, Trimmings, Nails,**

**Oils, Glass, Paints, Putty, Varnishes,**

**Brushes & Co.,**

**PACKERS AND MINERS.**

**FALL STOCK OF GROCERIES**

**MINERS' GOODS.**

**WIBERG & STROWBRIDGE**

**BOOTS, SHOES, Leather and Shoe Findings.**

**DENTISTRY.**

**T. S. MUYGRIDGE, DENTIST.**

**A. G. BRADFORD, WINE AND LIQUOR.**

**BAG FACTORY.**

**NOTICE.**

**ME. FRED. STINE** is duly authorized to attend to my business during my absence from the Territory.

**Soap Powders.**

## WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23d, 1866.

**ED. STATESMAN:**—Since the passage of the Civil Rights Bill over the veto of the President nothing of much public interest has transpired in Congress. The Press of the country has spoken out freely in the matter, and, with the exception of a few of the ultra radical journals, they have been almost unanimous in their approval of his veto, but "it was a measure that was unnecessary, impractical, and unconstitutional." Several cases have been brought before the Courts in different parts of the country, and the parties litigant, either plaintiff or defendant, have set up the Civil Rights Bill as a bar to the State Courts. The following is taken from the Memphis (Tenn.) Argus, as illustrative of the opinion that prevails, generally, all over the land.

There was an animated discussion before the Criminal Court yesterday, between Attorney General Wallace and Messrs. Sale and Chalmer, on a legal point involving the Civil Rights Bill just passed by the United States Congress. Some free persons of color in this city have been indicted for keeping tipping houses and billiard saloons, both of which are prohibited by the statutes of this State—the Statute providing that persons of color shall not have a license either to keep a tipping house or billiard saloon. Messrs. Sale and Chalmer filed a plea in abatement, alleging the all-inclusive nature of the law, and that the Statute of the State is annulled, since they make a distinction between the free persons of color and white citizens; that the recent law of Congress is now the supreme law of the land, &c.

Attorney General Wallace, on the other hand, contends that in all matters pertaining to the Internal policy of the State, the acts of the State government are the paramount law of the land, that the Congress of the United States has no authority to legislate legitimately over the subjects now before the court, "as the States have never transferred to the United States Congress jurisdiction over subjects strictly pertaining to the domestic regulations and internal policy; that to say, 'All powers not delegated to Congress are reserved to the States respectively.'"

Shall we have a test of the infamous "Civil Rights Bill" here in Memphis, by the arrest and imprisonment of our Attorney General for the disregard of our constitution, by the act of Congress? Attorney General Wallace emphatically declared that he would neither obey nor respect a law so palpably violative of the rights of each State to legislate on all subjects of State character, and one which the general government neither has nor can have, under the delegated powers of our constitution. The question is important, and we are sure that the Attorney General will not shrink from any responsibility which a full discussion of this question may involve. Having been a "Union man" through the whole war, General Wallace cannot be accused of any "rebel in disguise." Besides, his whole heart is in the proper decision of the question, and we sincerely trust he, and all of us, will soon have an opportunity, through his instrumentality, of having a decision from the Supreme Court of the United States upon the Constitutionality of the Civil Rights bill.

As a test case is being made up in nearly all the States, would it not be well to make one in Oregon, or in your Territory? For example, let a Chinaman bring suit against some white man; let him prove his case by China witnesses, a few Americans of African descent, an Indian or two, and a Kanaka; how would your mining people like this? But the civil rights bill not only annuls the State constitution, but it directs it; it is mandatory on the Judge who refuses to hear, and decide such cases upon such testimony, is liable to fine and imprisonment.

**ON THE ADMISSION OF COLORADO.**  
Another strong fight has been had in the Senate during the past week on the admission of Colorado with the word "white" in its constitution. It will not do to make any distinction now in citizens on account of color, that is if you want any Congressional legislation. Perhaps it would be advisable to send as your next Delegate from Washington Territory, some smart, intelligent Indian from way down on Puget Sound.

**ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.**  
From present indications, Congress will not adjourn till late in the fall, and as an example of what the ultras would desire, I will mention that in the Senate a day or two ago a bold attempt was made to curtail, if not entirely shut off the prerogatives of the President, by the passage of a joint resolution prohibiting any Federal appointee from receiving any salary unless his appointment had been ratified and confirmed by the Senate. This was, of course, intended to oblige the President into making only such appointments as would be satisfactory to a majority of the Senate, whom he would have to consult. "Whither are we drifting?" is a question that has frequently been asked by men of thought and intelligence. The House has refused to comply with the recommendations of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Post-Master General, in reference to the modification of the "test-oath" as a consequence, very few of the Federal offices in the South, such as Post Masters and Assessors and collectors of Internal Revenue, can be filled, except by the loyal negroes or imported politicians of the ultra stamp, which, of course, will tend to embitter the feelings and prolong the estrangement of the Southern people. The Fall elections, however, will tell the tale.

**A THEATRICAL ACT.**  
Quite an interesting theatrical suit has been going on in New York, in which the notorious Hezekiah L. Bateman, the father of Miss Bateman, the actress, figures conspicuously. It will be recollected by Californians, that the same Bateman in former days induced several gentlemen to write a prize drama, illustrative of life in California, for which he offered a reward of \$1,000, and the award was given to his wife, for the drama known as the "Mother's Trust," which, upon investigation, proved to be nothing more or less than a dramatized version of a nursery tale that could be bought in any book store for a quarter of a dollar. In this instance it appears that Bateman hired a Mr. Daly, an attorney of the New York papers, to write a memoir or biography of Miss Bateman; he obtained the same, and when published, it appears it did pay, consequently Mr. Daly did not get his pay,

## WALLULA CORRESPONDENCE.

WALLULA, June 8, 1866.

**ED. STATESMAN:**—The election is over, and I suppose somebody is elected, but that the election will amount to anything to Walla Walla County, is a matter of doubt. From my understanding of the matter, we can be put into Oregon at any moment, and delay is only caused by the Oregon election. Congress knowing that and fearing a radical change in Oregon, should Walla Walla county be annexed before the election, have quietly permitted us to grope our way in ignorance. Even now, should the annexation of this county prove disadvantageous to the powers that be in Congress and Oregon, we will doubtless be annexed, without an enabling act allowing us to hold another election immediately, but must await the action of the Oregon Legislature next September, to frame the necessary laws for our government; consequently we will be disfranchised for a year or two, ruled out of the Washington Legislature, and not permitted to vote in Oregon. What a fate! What a thing it is to be the plaything of an unscrupulous Rump Congress, and be governed by the great States of Rhode Island, Connecticut and Massachusetts! If we remain in the Territory, there is another matter I wish to call the attention of our Legislature to, and that is another Oregon. The one the great Solons of Olympia concocted last winter don't disfranchise more than one-third of the population; it should be amended so as to disfranchise the other two-thirds, then we could live satisfied and contented, knowing exactly where we stood.

**THE PENIENS.**  
The Peniens becoming very troublesome on the Canadian borderland I hear from official sources that Government here has been arguing importunately to use its strong arm to prevent any invasion of the Canadian territory. No definite act has yet been had in the premises.

**T. Freed Negroes.**  
We extract following as illustrative of the way in which a new system of freed black labor will probably work at the South, from the Charleston correspondence of the Boston Journal:

To recur again to the all-absorbing topic of the South—that the new system of labor—may be stated without fear of contradiction that the old ratio of increase of the black population has received a dried and permanent check. As an evidence of this, innumerable facts, many of which I could not go to show beyond all doubt that there is a wide-spread indifference to the care and even life of young children among the colored people. When taken sick they often have no physician. Indeed, the duties and obligations of parent to their offspring are either not understood or not acknowledged. When taken care of by nurses, the expense of children have before them the dollar, and in the case of a gentlemanly child, the child is regarded as in some sort a burden. Instances of this have fallen under my observation. Without alluding to them in particular, the following scene, which actually took place only a few days ago, will serve to illustrate the hardships which they have to undergo. A large number of cases. A gentlemanly child, his mother servant as follows:

"Now, Tom, you are free, you know, what are you going to do?"  
"Don't know, Massa John; rather stay with you."  
"Well, you know, Tom, I would rather have you live here than in the street, and I will give you as much as any body. How much do you want?"  
"Don't know, Massa, can't care much."  
"Well, suppose I give you ten dollars a month and rations? You know you always fared as well as my own family as to food."  
"Yes, Massa John, perfectly satisfied; call it ten."  
"Now, Tom, as your wife?"  
"Oh, she work to my wife ear?"  
"Well, how much can she ear?"  
"Bout five dollars."  
"Well, I'll give her seven. Is that right?"  
"Yes, Massa John, all right; thank you enough."  
"Now, how about the children? you will take care of them? They real small, you know?"  
"Yes, can't care a fig. I must get somebody to take 'em and put 'em up."  
"Yes, you'll have to pay somebody. Now, suppose I let them stay here. I don't object to letting them play about the yard; but then, you see, I can't afford to feed and clothe them for nothing."  
"Oh, no, I pay."  
"Well, suppose I charge ten cents a day for each?"  
"Oh, Massa John, can't do it for dat; it cost more."  
"Well, call it ten. There are seven of them, you see. That's seventy cents a day, and there are thirty day in the month. That is \$21 per month. So you see you'll have to pay me four dollars a month over and above the wages of you and your wife."

"Don't know nuth 'bout dese ear new tings. Let me keep right on as it was afore, a month here is making labor, considering quality and amount, about as expensive as labor is at the present time at the North. If it should be found that white labor, as, for instance, that of foreign immigrants, succeed there, after a trial on the low cotton lands of the coast, the said race will gradually but surely fade out, and in the course of time become well nigh extinct. Serious as this view of the case may appear, it is sure to come, and that in no long time hence."

**BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.**—There was a suit for breach of marriage promise tried before the Superior Court at Barstow, Mass., a short time ago, that was particularly funny. Miss Emily Harrison, a maiden of twenty summers, sued Noble P. Swift, butcher, aged forty-five, because the said butcher refused to perform oft-repeated promise to make her, the said Emily, his lawful wife. Some of the evidence indicated that Emily's mother had much more to do with the matter than the damsel herself. It was admitted by both sides that the match was broken off because Emily would not consent to "drop" her family name, the train was made one flesh. The oppressed butcher testified that he never should have thought of such a thing as marrying Emily if her mother had not repeatedly urged him to do so, beginning her importunities only three weeks after the death of his first wife, and urging him to take Emily for the second. Mrs. Harrison testified that Swift, becoming sick of the bargain by which he was to obtain the hand of the fair Emily, sent his hired man, one Daniel Cotter, to act the part of John Alden in the courtship of Miles Standish; but Cotter stupidly denied this and averred that Mrs. Harrison invited him (the hired man) to occupy the shrine in her daughter's heart made vacant by the apostasy of the erstwhile butcher. Altogether, the testimony left the case in a very "mixed" condition, which was not simplified by evidence that within three weeks after the engagement was declared "off" between Swift and Emily, the latter (susceptible creature) fell in love with one Arthur T. Hotchkiss, and wrote him many epistles of the order known as love-letters. These letters were read in Court, and amused bench, bar, jury and spectators hugely. Here are some extracts: "As to the butcher, he had to do, hereafter."  
"When I asked you if you didn't wish you were in heaven sucking oranges, you said, 'No, you were perfectly happy.' The enlightened jury deliberated on this case through the night; but were unable to agree upon a verdict."

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**TRICHINIS.**—The Illinois Academy of Science recently appointed a committee to investigate the matter. The committee consisted mainly of physicians, who, after a patient and thorough examination, made the startling report, "Trichinae are not only found in Western pork, but are also found in German sausage, and their effects have been so terrible on human life."

Thereport says that cases of trichinias in the human family are exceedingly rare in the United States, notwithstanding the frequency of affected pork, because of the American system of thorough cooking. Trichinias is never found in old American cured hams. Trichinias is always killed by thorough cooking. Sausages are the most dangerous. Raw pork should never be eaten in any form. Pickling in brine does not kill trichinias. Fried pork should be thoroughly cooked, and consumed with care. Trichinias is never found in old American cured hams. Trichinias is always killed by thorough cooking. Sausages are the most dangerous. Raw pork should never be eaten in any form. Pickling in brine does not kill trichinias. Fried pork should be thoroughly cooked, and consumed with care. Trichinias is never found in old American cured hams. Trichinias is always killed by thorough cooking. Sausages are the most dangerous. Raw pork should never be eaten in any form. 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Walla Walla Statesman.

Money Market. San Francisco Legal Tender rates. 73 3/4 @ 75 1/4 New York Gold Quotations. 127 1/2

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

WALLA WALLA, June 12, 1866. Council met at the usual hour. Present—Messrs. McKee, Baggs, Winesett, Buss and Ryan.

On motion, the contract between the City and Dr. F. Shell for use of water running through Main street, was confirmed, Messrs. Baggs and Buss voting in the affirmative.

Walla Walla County—Election Returns.

Table with columns for Name, Party, and Votes. Includes names like R. L. Sharpsteen, J. F. Boyer, and W. G. Langford.

INDIAN CREEK.—The reports from the diggings of Indian creek are very encouraging. A party of three young men, who had run a ditch on to their bar claim, cleaned up \$600, after about five hours run.

PREPARATIONS FOR CELEBRATING THE FOURTH.—The exercises of the day will be held in Walla Walla. It will not be for the lack of plenty of preparation.

DR. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.—It renovates, purifies and strengthens the system, and acts on the stomach in the performance of its functions.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

Copy of the Report of the Committee of Awards at the Fair of the AMERICAN INSTITUTE, NEW YORK, 1865.

Highest Premium—Gold Medal. REASONS: 1st. Its Simplicity and great range of work.

SAW MILL BURNED DOWN.—We learn that the steam saw mill, situated in the Blue mountains some fifteen miles from this city, and owned by Messrs. Locke & Young, took fire and burned to the ground on Wednesday night, 13th inst.

ANDREW JOHNSON.—The Montana Post, in discussing the question of reconstruction, pays the following handsome tribute to the character of Andrew Johnson:

One bone of contention remained; one "irrepressible conflict" had to be decided. Virtually, this done, and out of the chaos of civil war, arose, in white garments, the Goddess of Liberty, bearing cypress for the fallen, palms for the heroes who died for the country, and the olive branch of peace as the emblem of the future.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE, NEW YORK, 1865. To the Florence Sewing Machine Co., for the Best Family Sewing Machine.

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WALLA WALLA.—A correspondent of the Portland Advocate furnishes the following sketch of Walla Walla and the more immediate surroundings:

Leaving Walla on the 1st, our road up the Walla Walla took us over sandbars and poor and sterile lands, excepting the narrow belts along the rivers and creeks.

At the Half Way house we had a comfortable dinner, and at four o'clock we reached this place, which is a neat and brisk town built up about the geographical centre of the rich valley.

The country round about is beautiful to look upon. It is well watered with living streams, along the banks of which the soil is very rich and moist and well improved.

The uplands are covered with a good crop of grass. The grazing is very excellent and extensive.

The Touchet, Tumalum, Dry Creek, Mill creek and Burch creek are fine streams of water. Timber is only found along the water courses, and in small quantities.

The lumber and fencing are brought from the mountains. The farmers are planting orchards and building houses and barns that indicate a purpose to remain in the country.

The soldiers are nearly all taken from the fort; only a score of men remains, they are under the command of Lieut. Noble. Rev. J. G. Deardorff resides at the fort, being kindly furnished with an excellent house without charge.

There are three churches in the town; a Methodist house, plain, cheap and in bad repair; a Congregational house of better character; and a Catholic which is more numerous attended than either of the Protestant churches.

The public school is taught by an experienced and competent teacher—Mr. Youcum. The Catholics have their parish schools. There is a fine and large flouring mill in the town, and three or four more mills in different parts of the valley.

In all respects this is an interesting portion of the country, in which men of industrious habits and enterprising spirit must do well. As long as the mines last the produce of this section will certainly command good prices.

There are men of capital already here who have it in contemplation to erect a woolen factory, which would prove a source of wealth not only to the proprietors but to those that engage in sheep raising.

The Sacramento Union says about \$3,900 in cash has been raised for the purpose of opening the new road to the Owyhee mines by way of the Truckee Meadows and Humboldt river.

Of this sum, the Teamsters' Association of Sacramento gave \$1,000 and the Pacific Railroad Company \$1,000. Of the balance, some \$4,000 or \$5,000 were raised in San Francisco, and the remainder in Sacramento.

In this enterprise the people of Oregon are greatly interested, for a good and direct thoroughfare to Owyhee is all that is needed to render our communication with California both certain and profitable.

It is the circuitous route hitherto followed that enhances the cost of freighting to such an extent as to raise the price of the goods too high for merchants in this Territory.—Post.

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The Rubber Clothing Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF RUBBER CLOTHING, JEWELRY, ETC.; Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of INDIA RUBBER GOODS.

118 Montgomery Street, Occidental Hotel, SAN FRANCISCO.

INDIA RUBBER JEWELRY AND Fancy Goods.

- Ball, Tora, Pillows, Bed Pans, Combs, Hair Pins, Finger Cots, Gloves, Doll Heads, Pipes, Piano Covers, Match Boxes, Chest Expanders, Tobacco Pouches, Apron Straps, Whip Sockets, Stationers' Gum, Martingale Rings, Bands, Rings, Curry Combs, Inkstands, Shirt Buttons, Pencils, Ballers, Wash Brushes, Penholders, Horse Covers, Cork Strews, Tumbler Corks, Gaiters, Napkin Rings, Embroidered Cloths, Thimbles, Brushes, Boots and Shoes, Knitting Pins, Beating, Packing, F. M. Sawyer, J. A. Massey, Sec.

ATTENTION, EVERYBODY!

IF YOU WANT TO BUY CLOTHING, Hats, Boots & Shoes, CHEAP FOR CASH, call at the Store of N. & E. BROWN.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY DRY GOODS, Fine Spring Dress Goods, Latest Style Ladies' Hats, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, &c., CHEAP FOR CASH, call at the Store of N. & E. BROWN.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY GROCERIES, COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, Dried Fruit, And many other articles, too numerous to mention, all CHEAP FOR CASH, call at the Store of N. & E. BROWN.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY LIQUORS & TOBACCO, CHEAP FOR CASH, call at the Store of N. & E. BROWN.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY CROCKERY and Glassware, CHEAP FOR CASH, call at the Store of N. & E. BROWN.

BUCKET REAPERS and MOWERS. JUST RECEIVED FROM THE AGENTS IN SAN FRANCISCO, a large stock of the above Celebrated Agricultural Implements, which we offer at San Francisco prices and freight.

NOTICE. DOVELL & MASSAM. TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING BUILDERS and the public generally, that they have their Saw and Planing Mill in running order, and are now prepared to do all kinds of PLANING, TONGUE and GROOVE FLOORING, PLANK and SAW WEATHER BOARDING, all at REDUCED PRICES.

Wagon Work. We have also greatly reduced our prices of Wagon Work. Having been to the expense of putting up machinery, we will do your work for less money than any other shop this side of Portland. We will build Wagons and Carriages to order, of the best Eastern Timber, at Portland prices, with freight.

PUBLIC SCHOOL. NOTICE TO THOSE SENDING TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL. There will be one week's vacation, after which, on the supervision of W. F. Youcum, school will continue eight weeks longer, beginning on the second Monday in June.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undersigned has been duly appointed Administrator on the estate of CHARLES STEVENS, late of Walla Walla County, W. T., deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same to the undersigned within one year from date of this notice, or they will be forever barred.

CASH! CASH! CASH PAID FOR THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES: WOOL, HIDES, AND SHEEP SKINS. Also, BEAVER, OTTER, MINK and other FURS. Apply to the Store of J. C. ISAACS, 411 Montgomery Street, Walla Walla.

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR. I have located myself in Walla Walla, Oregon, in French, German and English. Charges moderate. Office and residence, Third Street, second door from the Engine House.

Wool! Wool! Wool!!! THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR WOOL, at the Store of A. FRANK & CO.

FOR SALE OR RENT. THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE his FARM AND HOTEL, situated on Wild Horse Creek, on the Thomas Stage Road. A bargain will be given if applied for immediately.

WALDRON'S BLACKFOOT EXPRESS. MESSRS. WALDRON, BUCHANAN & EDGAR, (late in the employ of Wells, Fargo & Co.) have established an EXPRESS TO BLACKFOOT CITY, HELENA, DEER LODGE, VIRGINIA CITY, and all the Mining Camps in Montana Territory. Connecting at Walla Walla with Wells, Fargo & Co's Express.

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Large and Well-Selected Stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS; Consisting of Foreign Domestic DRY GOODS, DRESS-TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY, AND CLOTHING.

Gentlemen's Furnishings Goods, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, GRIERIES, WINES & LIQUORS, TOBACCO & CIGARS, CUTLERY, YANKEE NOTIONS, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, Paints and Oil, WINDOW GLASS, PATENT MEDICINES, HARDWARE

And many other articles too numerous to mention. A. FRANK & CO., Respectfully announce that they have just received from the manufacturers of the above goods.

Cheaper than any other House in this UPPER COUNTRY OR CASH. Remember the Place! A. FRANK & CO., NEXT DOOR ABOVE THE POST OFFICE. WALLA WALLA, W. T.

All kinds of Grand Produce taken at the highest market price in exchange for Goods. All persons invited to us as requested to come and settle forthwith, in Cash or Grain, and thereby save costs. A. FRANK & CO., Walla Walla, Feb. 24th, 1866.

Hodge, Clef & Co., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, WINDOW GLASS, Brushes, Painters' Materials, &c., &c. 97 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. PROTECT YOUR HEALTH WITH HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Duly invigorates the system, purifies the blood, and restores the vitality of the system. It is the best medicine for all kinds of dyspepsia, indigestion, and all the ailments of the stomach.

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FURNITURE!

THESE subscribers have arranged to receive Eastern Furniture good quality and style.

Bureaus and desks, Dining and Parlor Chairs, Bedsteads and Lounges, Children's Chairs & Cribs, &c. Which will be sold at Moderate Prices.

He is also prepared to manufacture MATRASSES, UPHOLSTERY, and execute all kinds of work in all departments.

J. C. ISAACS, 411 1/2 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE WELL KNOWN AND CELEBRATED OHIO REAPER, (called the New York Improved, or Seymour & Morgan) Combined Machine, with great improvements, having a Steel Cutter-Bar, Can be changed from a Reaper to a Mower in ten minutes; cuts 8 and 6 1/2 feet swath, within one inch of two feet from the ground, will cut 15 or 20 acres will work an AIDE HILLS, where other Machines will not. They are easier to get the grain out than any other Machine, leaving it out of the way of the Reaper.

GIANT REAPER cuts a SEVEN-FOOT SWATH, will cut 30 acres per day. Also, McCormick's 6-Foot Reapers and Mowers. Ball's Ohio Manny's Wood's Prize Mower Union, Bay State, Kerby's, etc.

Pitt's Improved Threshing Machines. Russell's, Mastillon, and Sweepstake, 30 to 50 cylinders.

Haines Illinois Harvester (Header); Wire Horse-Rakes on Wheels; Revolving all sizes; Portable Power Hay-Presses, with a general assortment of AGRICULTURAL GOODS, as low as can be purchased elsewhere.

J. D. ARTHUR & SON, Cor. California and Davis Streets, San Francisco, California.

PRICES OF IRON REDUCED. TIRE IRON, 5 1/2 cts. per lb. NORWAY SHOE SHAPES, 5 1/2 cts. per lb. All other sizes in proportion, or as by.

E. J. NORTHRUP & CO., Importers and Dealers in HARDWARE, Iron, Steel and WAGON TIMBER, Portland, Oregon, Feb. 16, 1866.

Dwelling House For Sale. A DWELLING HOUSE, situated on the corner of A Street and Sixth, containing THREE ROOMS, besides a good kitchen, will be sold on most reasonable terms.

The building adjoining the store of Brown Bros. & Co. is also FOR RENT. For particulars concerning both apply at the WALLA WALLA BAKERY.

FRED W. COLMAN, DRUGGIST & CHEMIST, Sign of an Eagle and Mortar, Main St., Walla Walla. WOOD respectfully invites the attention of the public to his new and extensive stock, consisting of complete assortment of DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, HAIR OILS, NAIL and FLESH BRUSHES, GILLS, LAMPS, Lamp Chimneys, Shades, Paints, PAINT AND VARNISH BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, and in fact, anything pertaining to a First Class Drug Store.

Strict personal attention paid to putting up prescriptions all hours of the day and night. Sept. 1st, 1866.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS: From and After THE 15th INSTANT, THE OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO. FREIGHTS TO BE PAID BEFORE Delivery at Walla Walla, Unless Previously Arranged at Portland Office. J. CHAINSWORTH, Pres't O. S. N. Co. Portland, Feb. 7th, 1866.

FI SALET FOR SALE! A STO, WITH ALL THE NECESSARY FIXTURES, adjoining WAITS FLOUR MILL on the foot, is now offered for sale at a most reasonable price.

The proprietors have a good assortment of STAPLE GOODS, DRY GOODS, &c., on hand, and would greatly prefer selling them at COST RATES in the House and Lot.

This is the first-class, being within one hundred yards of the best Flouring Mill in the Valley, is in the care of a popular farming community, and is also one of the most direct roads to the Blackfoot Mt.

For further information, apply to HAGGERTY & REPP, at the Store, or F. W. COLMAN'S Drug Store, 15th Street, Walla Walla.

Distinction of Copartnership. The partnership heretofore existing at Walla Walla, Oregon, under the firm name of F. W. CASE & CO. is dissolved by limitation on the 1st inst. All debts the late firm must be paid to HARKER BROTHERS, who will settle all claims against the partners.

I. W. CASE, ASA HARKER, J. B. HARKER, Umat, March 2, 1866.

ASA B. HARKER having purchased the interest of W. Case, in the firm of F. W. Case & Co., continues the business at the old stand in Walla Walla under the firm name of Harker Brothers.

ASA B. HARKER, J. B. HARKER, Umat, March 2, 1866.

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ASA B. HARK

Walla Walla Statesman.

LOVE-WORDS. A little head with golden hair, A little face so sweet and fair, A little hand with its dimpled grace, It wanders lovingly over my face, And a sweet voice whispers soft and low, "I love you sister—I love you so."

It is dreary outside—the wind and rain Sweep sobbing by, like a funeral train; But there's light within—my heart beats high, I heed not the wild wind's wailing cry, As I listen to the murmur, soft and low, "I love you sister—I love you so."

Ab, what is fame but an empty show, Loring us on through fields of snow! Ab, what is wealth but a glittering chain, Linking our hearts to the wind and rain, If we hear not murmured, soft and low, "I love you sister—I love you so."

"I love you sister"—ah, murmur it o'er, They're the echoed words of another sphere, Where the streets are gold and the robes are white, Where there comes no storm with its bitter blight, Where many hearts we have missed before, Are murmuring still, "I love you so."

SO SWEET SHE IS, SO SWEET AND FAIR, Such glow and glory grace her hair, I often used to wish she were, A little more divine.

I readily wished in her to see A little less of giggling glee, A little less of merriment, And pertness and disdain:

I wished that she had learnt at school, Not how to win men and to rule, By making wise ones play the fool, And foolish ones adore;

But, how to use the charms she had In cheering hearts that else were sad, And making one heart always glad, And best for evermore.

I wished—but wishing is a trade For boys and simple maidens made; And, if I tried it, I'm afraid I could not set her free.

From all the tricks and trumperies That keep her nature in disguise, And will not let her cast her eyes On quiet folks like me.

GREELY AS A WRITER.—The New York World does Greely ample justice in the following observation upon his style as a writer: We detect sincerely enough the Tribune's politics; but we feel a reasonable professional pride in its journalistic success—a success mainly due to the marked peculiarities of character and sinewy diction of its chief editor. His easily distinguishable articles are characterized by a fervor, directness, succinctness, aptness, raciness, which, whether he be wrong or right (and we think him oftener wrong than right), never fail to enchain attention. Such a writer in journalism is like a well-supported character in the drama—it exists of its interest even when we do not admire its qualities. In the discharge of our daily duty to keep the run of the current radical arguments, we "bless our stars and call it luxury that we can get them every morning without fatigue in the slashing, compendious editorials of the Tribune, instead of hunting them through the dreary, cloudy, pointless, scribbles of most of its radical contributors. Whether Greely's fuel happens to be shavings or anthracite, his style blazes up in clear flame without smoke. He has also the valuable secret, open to all, but discerned by few, of stopping when he is done.

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER.—The New York Times, a conservative Republican organ of marked ability, very justly remarks: "The country will not forget that the critical period through which we are passing, is the result, not of the President's caprice, obstinacy, or ambition, but of the disposition of radicals to force through legislation looking to the establishment of negro supremacy in the Southern States. The differences that exist between the President and Congress, have their origin in theories at variance with the Constitution, and utterly incompatible with the perpetuity of the Union. The responsibility, whatever it may amount to, attaches not to the President, who is willing to concede everything but his sense of constitutional duty, but to those who insist upon having their own way in Congress regardless of the consequences." Clearly and plainly stated. Let the people remember that a republican member of Congress, knowing the designs of the radicals, boldly declares that they are legislating for the "establishment of negro supremacy in the Southern States."

BUSINESS TALENT.—Rare almost as great poets—rarer perhaps, than voracious saints and martyrs—are consummate men of business. A man to be excellent in this way must not only be variously gifted, but gifts should be nicely proportioned to one another. He must have in a high degree that virtue which men have always found the least pleasant of virtues—prudence. His prudence, however will not be of a merely cautious and quiescent order, but that which being ever actively engaged is more fitly called discretion. Such a man must have an almost ignominious love of details, blended—and this is a rare combination—with a high power of imagination enabling him to look along extended lines of possible action and put these details in their proper place. He requires a great knowledge of character with that exquisite tact which feels unerringly the right moment when to act. A discreet rapidity must pervade all the movements of his thoughts and actions. He must be singularly free from all vanity and is generally found to be an enthusiast who has the art to conceal his enthusiasms.

WHERE WEALTH BEGINS.—Wealth begins in a tight roof that keeps the rain and wind out; in a good pump that yields you plenty of sweet water; in two suits of clothes, so as to change your dress when you are wet; in dry sticks to burn; in a good, double-wick lamp, and three meals; in a horse or locomotive to cross the land; in a boat to cross the sea; in tools to work with; in books to read—and so on in giving on all sides, by tools and auxiliaries, the greatest possible extension to our powers, as if it added feet, and hands, and eyes, and blood, length to the day, and knowledge and good-will.—Emerson.

WET AND DRY.—A traveller went into an inn after a shower, and asked the landlord to show him a good fire, he said, "I'm very wet," and then, turning to the waiter, he said, "Bring me a tankard of ale immediately for I'm very dry."

INTERCOURSE AT THE TABLE.—To meet at the breakfast table fathomers, children, all well, ought to be a blessing to any heart; it should be a source of grateful gratitude, and should wake up the most feelings of our nature. Shame upon the contemptible low bred ones, parent or child, that can ever come to the breakfast table, where the family have met in health, to frown, and whine, and growl, and f. It is prima facie evidence of a mean and grovelling, and selfish, and degraded nature, where the cheerfulness and bright spirits of the cheerful may have sprung, for it is less reprehensible to make such exhibitions at the tea table, for before morning comes some of the circle may be stricken with some deadly disease, to gather round the table not again forever.

Children in good health if left to themselves at the table, become after a few months, garrulous and noisy, ut if within at all reasonable or bearable bounds, it is better to let them alone; they callous, because they do not eat so rapidly as is compelled to keep silent, while the very exhilaration of spirits quickens the circulation of the vital fluids, and energizes digestion and assimilation. The extremes of society curiously meet in this regard. The tables of the rich and the nobles of England are modles of mirth, wit, bonhomie; it takes hours to get through a repast, and they live long. If anybody will look upon the negroes of a well-to-do family in Kentucky while at their meals, they cannot but be impressed with the periodic abandon of jabber, catchination and mirth; it seems as if they could talk all day, and they live long. It follows, then that at the family table all should meet, and do it habitually, to make a common interchange of high bred courtesies, of warm affections; of cheering mirthfulness, and that generosity of nature which lifts us above the brutes which perish; or promotive as these things are of good digestion, high health and long life.—Hall's Journal of Health.

ARTEMUS WARD INSURES HIS LIFE.—I know to the conclusion lately that life was so uncertain, that the only way for me to stand a fare obance with other folks, was to get my life insured, and so I called on the agent of the "Garden Angel Life Insurance Company," and answered the following questions which was put to me from the top of a pair of gold speks, by a sleek little man, with as fat a belly on him as any man ever had: 1st. Are you a male or female? If so, state how long you have been so. 2nd. Are you subject to fits, and if so, do you have more than one at a time? 3d. What are your fighting wate? 4th. Did you ever have any ancestors, and if so, how much? 5th. What is your legal opinion of the constitutionality of the 10 commandments? 6th. Du you ever have any night-mares? 7th. Are you married or single, or are you a bachelor? 8th. Du you believe in a future state? If you du, state it. 9th. What are your private sentiments about a rush of rats in a bed—can it be did successfully? 10th. Have you ever committed suicide, and if so, how did it seem to affect you? After asking the above questions like a man in the confumit, the sleek little fat man, with gold speks on, and a well-oiled but discerned by few, of stopping when he is done.

THAT GAME OF CUT-THROAT ECHEQUE.—The Butte Record accuses Gen. Bidwell of wringing in a "cold dete" on the Oville players. Its issue of the 19th has several articles on the subject written in the style peculiarly Crossettite. It calls Chico Checko, Bidwell's Digger ranch, and other eplousous and high-sounding names. We have a dogged good mind, Crossett, to grow an ace or two into the hand of the "Digger ranch" crowd ourself, if for no other reason than to get even on you for helping Checko try to steal our territory. We will quote a specimen: Gen. Bidwell squatted on a sheep-ranch in Big Meadows, some years since. It was necessary to have a road from Chiochis sheep-ranch, in order to save his milk. He has now succeeded in swindling the Government out of \$10,000 for a tri-weekly mail over his sheep trail, and has made his sheep-ranch a distributing Post Office. The mail from Idaho arriving at the sheep-mel, is distributed for Quincy, Red Bluffs, San Francisco, and Europe, by one-horse rates, while the main line of tri-weekly stages its terminus, six miles from weekly sternuel navigation on the Sacramento river, is antinued by tri-weekly mail stages. Bally for the sheep-ranch, and a faithful Representative in Congress!

HUMAN BROTHERHOOD.—The race of mankind would perish, did they cease to aid each other. From the time that the mother binds the child's head till the moment that some kind assistant wipes the death damp from the brows of the dying, we cannot exist without mutual help. All, therefore, that need aid have a right to ask it of their fellow mortals; no one who has the power of granting, can refuse it without guilt.

ANECDOTE OF MR. LINCOLN.—"We trust the Lord is on our side, Mr. Lincoln," said the speaker of a delegation of Christian men to that good man, during one of the dark days of the rebellion. "I do not regard that as essential as something else," said Mr. Lincoln. The pious visitors looked horror struck until the President added, "I am most concerned to know that we are on the Lord's side."

DIVORCE NOTICE. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA.—SS. In the District Court, First Judicial District. To NICHOLAS V. SHAFFER, Defendant: You are hereby notified that ALICE SHAFFER has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first day of the term of the Court which shall commence more than two months after the 30th day of March, A. D. 1866. And unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is, that a divorce be granted to the said ALICE SHAFFER from you, and that the custody and guardianship of the infant children, issue of the marriage of yourself and said complainant, be awarded to said complainant. Complaint filed March 28th, 1866. LASATER & LANGFORD, Attorneys.

Carpentering. THE undersigned, having fitted up a shop at the upper end of Main street, Walla Walla, opposite Massey's wagon shop, wishes to inform the public that he is now prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of CARPENTERING and UNDERTAKING, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a liberal share of patronage. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. W. B. KELLY, Aug. 18, 1865.

THE undersigned, having fitted up a shop at the upper end of Main street, Walla Walla, opposite Massey's wagon shop, wishes to inform the public that he is now prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of CARPENTERING and UNDERTAKING, and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a liberal share of patronage. Jobbing and repairing promptly attended to. W. B. KELLY, Aug. 18, 1865.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND COMMISSION STORE

Corner of Main and Third Streets, Walla Walla, W. T.

R. GUICHARD, DEALER IN

Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Blankets,

Groceries, Provisions, Glass and Hardware, Coal Oil, &c.,

Together with THE BEST QUALITY OF LIQUORS.

RECHASES MADE AT SAN FRANCISCO.

CONSUMENTS SOLICITED & PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Walla Walla, T., March 15, 1866.

Watches, Clocks, and Jewellery. SIMMONS. Watchmaker and Jeweller. HAS recently returned from San Francisco with a complete of Tools and Materials, for the REPAIRING Watches, Clock Jewellery, Engraving, and Stencil Cutting, &c. He has also on hand well selected stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Jewellery, Clocks, and Boxes, &c., which he offers to a full of Walla Walla and vicinity AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES. All work entrusted to him will be done in a Workmanlike manner and warranted. F. SIMMONS, Main St., next door to Gray & Ryan's Saloon. May 26, 1865.

WASHINGTON MILLS. THE undersigned bid inform the public that his mill, situated on the

Touquet, 20 Miles from Walla Walla on the Lewiston Road

is now in successful operation, and prepared to do perfect work. Constantly hand and for sale, the best of Flour, Bran, Short and Screenings. I INTEND MY BRAND OF FLOUR TO SPEAK FOR ITSELF. S. M. VAIT, Proprietor. June 2, '65.

R. G. SEATH, WHOLESALE GROCER,

25 Front Street, (Opposite U.S. Co.'s Office) PORTLAND, OREGON.

GOODS BY THE PACKAGE FOR CASH AT

San Francisco Prices and Freight.

Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired. Portland, March 31, 1865.

Leather, FIRE-PROOF CALF and Rip Skins, Harness and Saddles, at BROWN, BRO'S & CO.

1865. BROWN BRO'S & CO., 1865.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES,

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. &c.,

FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING,

CORNER OF MAIN AND THIRD STREETS,

WALLA WALLA, W. T.

We call the special attention of Merchants, Packers and Miners

to our very large stock of Goods selected especially

for the Mining Trade.

CLOTHING. Coats, Pants, Vests, D. & J. and ATKINSON'S SHIRTS, PLAIN AND FANCY

WOOLEN SHIRTS, Silk, Shaker Flannel and Merino, Undershirts and Drawers.

HARDWARE. Shovels, Spades, Shovel-Forks, and Brushes, WRIGHT'S PICKS, HUNT'S AXES, (With and without Handles) PICKS and HANDLES, SLEDGES, CROW BARS, WHIP SAWS, ROCKER IRONS, MINING AND FRYING-PANS, Nails, BEATING POWDER and Safety Fuses, Quicksilver, &c.

A LARGE STOCK OF LEATHER AND PACKER'S OUTFITTING GOODS, Kept Constantly on Hand

Jan 20, 1865.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSM.

The Remedy for Curing Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, BRONCHITIS, and CROUP.

Diseases of the Throat, Bronchitis, Pains and Oppressions of the Chest, and Lung, Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

ITS ACTION IS EXPECTORANT, ALTERNATIVE, SUDORIFIC, SEDATIVE, DIAPHORETIC AND PURGATIVE, which renders it one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the lungs. It excites expectation, and causes the lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus, CHANGING SPHONCTION AND PURIFIES THE BLOOD; heats the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system. Such is the moderate and satisfactory effect, that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DIFFICULT AND LONG STANDING COUGH IN A FEW HOURS TIME, if not of too long standing. IT IS WARRANTED TO GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION EVEN IN THE MOST CONFIRMED CASES OF CONSUMPTION! IT IS WARRANTED NOT TO produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies or affect the head, as it contains no Opium) IT IS HARMLESS TO THE MOST DELICATE CHILD, although it is an active and powerful remedy for restoring the system. THERE IS NO REAL NECESSITY FOR THE USE OF PURGATIVES BY CONSUMPTION, when ALLEN'S LUNG BALSM will prevent it, if only taken in time.

Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1 per bottle. PREPARED BY SMITH & DAVIS, Portland, Oregon, General Agents. Also, by Dealers in Family Medicines generally. Dec. 30, 1864.

HOWARD & CADY, Main Street, Walla Walla, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN General Merchandise, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, Etc.

THE attention of the citizens of Walla Walla and surrounding country is respectfully called to the fact that we are prepared with a complete stock of goods in the above line, to offer good bargains to purchasers. We shall do a GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS, and will keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Groceries, Provisions, &c. Also, a full assortment of Miners' and Packers' Goods. HOWARD & CADY, April 1865.

Latest Spring and Summer Styles just received and for sale at very low prices at BROWN, BRO'S & CO.

Isthmus Butter: J. C. and Diamond H. celebrated brands at BROWN, BRO'S & CO.

WM. PHILLIPS

Main Street, Walla Walla, (WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN) COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES,

Also, IRON, COPPER, BRASS AND JAPANESE WARE. ALSO, ALL KINDS OF JOBBING AND REPAIRING in the above branches attended to, on short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

He also keeps on hand a WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF HARDWARE

Consisting of Miners' and Carpenters' Tools, Farmers' Implements, and all kinds in the line, Buggy and Carriage Springs, Axes and Bits of all kinds and sizes, Log Chains, Horse and Mule Shoes, Horse Shoe Nails, Wooden Bowls, Meal Sieves, and all other articles too numerous to mention

Gentlemen and business men, from the "Old Territory" invite you all to come and examine my stock, and I will assure you that I can please you all in the quality of my goods, and in especially in the lowness of my prices, for my motto is,

Quick Sales and Small Profits. W. M. PHILLIPS, June 24, 1864.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO. Winter Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, NOV. 13TH, 1865, THE STEAMER SPRAY,

CAPT. C. C. FELLON, Commander. Will leave WALLA WALLA at 2 o'clock P. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for TILLAMOOK with the steamer

TENINO, CAPT. E. F. COE, Commander.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMER CASCADE,

CAPT. JOHN WOLFE, Commander, Will leave Portland, daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock A. M., for the Cascades and Dalles, connecting with the steamers

TENINO AND OWYHEE, Which leave Celilo on alternate days. L. DAY, Nov. 12th, 1865. 481F.

For Boise Mines Direct! THE WALLA WALLA AND BOISE LINE OF CONCORD STAGES

CARRYING THE U. S. OVERLAND MAILS and Walla Walla, Fargo and Co's Express, is now making regular trips from

Walla Walla to Placerville, (Boise Mines) THROUGH IN TWO AND A HALF DAYS, connecting with

The Walla Walla Line of Stages and the Boat of the Oregon Steam Navigation Co. GEO. E. THOMAS & CO. Proprietors. August 5, 1864.

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA. YELLOW DOCK and IODIDE OF POTASS. The best Alternative in the World.

For Rheumatism, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Scrofula, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Neuralgia, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Pains in the Bones, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Pains in the Back, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Impure Blood, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Morbid Liver, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Salt Rheum, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA. For Pimples and Boils, take Hall's SARSAPARILLA.

Hall's SARSAPARILLA will be found superior to any Alternative Medicine offered. Sold Everywhere for \$1 per bottle. H. HALL & CO., Proprietors, Corner Sansone and Commercial Streets, San Francisco, July 30th, 1865.

For Sale by F. W. COLMAN & CO., Walla Walla. IO EDWARD SAWTELL.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, that on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1866, I will apply to the Register of the Land Office, at Vancouver, T. C. for a title to the Homestead Act of March 3rd, 1862, and the amendments thereto, the N. 1/2 of the N. E. 1/4 of Section 6, in Township No. 8, North of Range No. 24 East, and the S. 1/2 of the S. 1/2 of Section No. 31, and the S. W. 1/4 of the S. W. 1/4 of Section No. 32, in Township No. 9, North of Range No. 34 East, Willamette Meridian, containing one hundred and sixty acres, which land was entered by you under said Homestead Act on the 28th day of July, 1862. I will proceed to take depositions before the Clerk of the United States District Court of the First Judicial District, W. T., at 1 o'clock P. M., June 9th, A. D. 1866, which depositions I shall give you present at said Clerk's office, at the time aforesaid, to cross question and examine any and all witnesses who may be presented in said case.

EPH. HARDY, Sheriff of Walla Walla County, W. T. Walla Walla, May 23, 1866.

DIVORCE NOTICE. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA.—SS. THERESA M. BASSETT vs. CHAS. H. BASSETT. In the District Court, First Judicial District. You are hereby notified that THERESA M. BISSETT, plaintiff, has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court which shall commence more than two months after the 6th day of April, 1866, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is, the solution of the bonds of matrimony existing between you and plaintiff, and to give to plaintiff the care and guardianship of Charles Henry Bassett, infant son of plaintiff and defendant. Complaint filed March 29th, 1866. LASATER & LANGFORD, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

Sheriff's Sale. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA.—SS. WHEREAS AN EXECUTION has been issued out of the District Court, First Judicial District, in favor of D. S. Baker & Co., and against J. W. McKee, Administrator of the estate of Thomas Cantrell, deceased, by virtue of said execution and an order of said Court, commanding me to sell the attached property—Therefore, I will sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, for lawful money of the United States, on the premises, on SATURDAY, June 9th, A. D. 1866, the following described real estate, to-wit: A PIECE OF PARCEL OF LAND situated and being in the City of Walla Walla, W. T., and known as Lot No. 9, and 40 feet front of Lot No. 10, in Block B, in said city, and running back to Mill Creek, and fronting 100 feet on Aker street, together with the appurtenances thereon, belonging to J. A. SEITEL. Sheriff of Walla Walla County, W. T. Walla Walla, May 12th, 1866.

Legal Notice. UNITED STATES vs. GEORGE H. LANE, ET AL. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, in and for the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, Walla Walla County. To GEORGE H. LANE, CHARLES WEBSTER, JOHN TURNER and T. NEWLAN: You are hereby notified that LEANDER HOLMES, United States Attorney, has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 27th day of April, 1866, and unless you appear at said term and answer the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer of said complaint is to secure judgment against said defendants for the sum of two hundred dollars, with interest on said amount, and several bonds, executed by them the 10th day of May, 1862, and made payable to the United States. Complaint filed 17th day of April, 1866. LEANDER HOLMES, U. S. District Attorney for W. T.

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