

## Weekly Statesman.

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OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

BUSINESS CARDS.

BEER! BEER! BEER! BEER!

CITY BREWERY

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

Everybody Made Happy!

BEER BY THE KEG,  
FIVE GALLONS,  
FOR \$1.50 PER KEG!

WANTED.

EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT THE

WALLA WALLA FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE WORKS,

is the largest of Practical Mechanics and

ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY!

Wholesale Liquor Store;

FOR THE BEST BRANDS OF

WHISKIES, BRANDIES

WINE AND CIGARS.

Call and see for yourself.

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## MISCELLANEOUS.

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AT

F. M. COLT

FOR THE

Next Thirty Days.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

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NO ONE NEED SUFFER!

A sure cure for Blood, Bleeding, Itching

and Ulcerated Piles has been discovered by

Dr. William (an Indian remedy) called Dr.

William's Indian Ointment. A single box

has cured the worst chronic case of 25 or 30

years standing. No one can suffer five min-

utes after applying this wonderful soothing

ointment. Lotions, instruments and electri-

cians do more harm than good. William's

Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the

intense itching, (particularly at night

after getting warm in bed), acts as a potent

gives instant and painless relief, and is pre-

pared only for piles, itching of the private

parts, and for nothing else.

Read what the Hon. J. M. Coffinberry of

Cleveland says about Dr. William's Indian

Pile Ointment: "I have used scores of Pile

cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that

I have never found anything which gave

such immediate and permanent relief as Dr.

William's Indian Ointment.

For sale by all druggists on receipt of

price, \$1.00.

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62 Vesey St., New York City.

REMNANTS & Co., Wholesale Agents, San

Francisco, Cal. Nov 22/81

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COFFINS AND CASKETS.

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in Walla Walla. Main street, next to Smith's

Livery Stable, Walla Walla. 19 ft

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FATENT

DROVER

STIRRUPS.

AND SHAVED HUCKEY WHIP STOCKS.

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HARNESS, SADDLERY,

SADDLERY HARDWARE

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LOANS NEGOTIATED

On the best terms and lowest current rates on

FARM LANDS ONLY.

Terms of \$100 and upwards for two, three,

four and five year terms. Apply per-

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R. B. MACKENZIE, Broker.

Corner Second and Alder Streets,

WALLA WALLA.

ALLEN & THOMPSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Office over Baker & Boyer's Bank. 22 1/2

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DEALER IN

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Implements,

Corner Second and Alder Streets,

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ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL

A BOARDING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, WALLA

WALLA, W. T.

The Eight Rev. J. A. PARDOCK, D. D.,

Rector.

The school year consists of two terms, each

term of twenty weeks.

The Easter Term Opens January

19, 1881.

For admission apply to the principal,

MRS. LEMUEL H. WELLS,

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If you want to do business you must go

where business is done. Paine Brothers

having sold out, I have associated myself

with Wm. Jones, for the sale of the cele-

brated line of Frank Brothers' Farming Im-

plements.

Give us a Call,

AND GO AWAY HAPPY

JOHN A. TAYLOR.

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MAKING

POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of pu-

trity, strength and wholesomeness. More eco-

nomical than the ordinary kind, and cannot

be sold in competition with the multitude of

low test, short weight, alum or phosphate

powders. Sold in cans.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., N. Y.

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BETWEEN SAN FRANCISCO AND PORT

LAND.

STEAMSHIP LEAVES EVERY FIVE DAYS.

Leaves San Francisco at 10 A. M.

Leaves Portland at 12:30 M.

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THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER

The Assotin Country.

There is no part of Washington Territory where a new settler can settle down and grow up with the country with greater profit to himself than that part of Garfield county known as the Assotin country. It is fertile, very productive, with a climate second to none on the northwest coast, and a stock range unequalled anywhere. Timber and water is to be found almost everywhere, and the Blue Mountains furnish wood for lumber, fuel and fencing in inexhaustible quantities, and soon a market will be right at hand for everything that can be produced. In their gigantic efforts to develop the resources of the country, the O. R. & N. Co. are so liberal to the settlers in what are now remote localities, that the people are encouraged to making efforts that but a few short months since they considered themselves entirely incapable of. About a year since settlers began to settle in this Assotin country and to-day there is a town glorifying in the name of Assotin City, and three shipments of wheat have been made, and on the very steambath I write this are some 2,000 bushels of the finest wheat in the world, shipped from six miles above the old time head of navigation on Snake river, to the Eureka mills at Walla Walla, owned by the energetic firm of DeMont Brothers.

The people generally, until very lately, have hardly been able to realize the fact that they can ship wheat at a profit from a point that has until very recently been, to all intents and purposes, a veritable terra incognita. It appears to be the policy of the O. R. & N. Co. to encourage producers in order that they may go ahead and develop the country to its fullest extent, and taking a broad and cosmopolitan view of the case is a policy in every sense of the word, and yet it is a policy that many cannot understand, because it is of a benevolent and generous nature. Under the old O. R. & N. regime there was little or no country produce sent to this water and consequently no money returned, but now every boat goes down loaded as heavy as the low stage of water in Snake river will admit. Eight dollars per ton freight for grain is all that is charged from the Assotin to Portland. As a general rule people will not believe in the term generosity when applied to corporations. Like the newly-hatched chicken which began life by dictating to the old hen it would listen to no advice or counsel on a subject contrary to its own inclinations. It said, "I do not understand it, and what I don't understand I won't believe." It is very simple, this company are working on business principles with an eye to the future. They know that the country is not peopled sufficiently to develop its agricultural and other resources, and are therefore doing all in their power to encourage every one by supplying them with a market, even at a present loss to themselves. Eye-and-eye they will have all the carrying they want, but they have to offer inducements in order to obtain it at present. They are sowing the seed which will eventuate in a magnificent harvest, and this is the whole thing in a nut-shell. Suppose they will benefit by it; will they not honestly have earned it, and as thousands will derive benefit also, where does the harm come in?

This is somewhat of a digression from the Assotin country, but one thing leads to another which must be the only excuse I can offer.

The present may be considered to be the first season's shipment of grain from Assotin City and in all about 375 tons have been carried away from there. This year it is estimated that 50,000 bushels will be raised in the locality and the same amount from the Idaho side, making 100,000 bushels which will be ready for shipment after the next harvest—not a bad showing for a comparatively new country. In a few years they will boast of as many tons as they now do of bushels.

There is any amount of land yet to be taken up on both sides of the river and in one week lately twenty land claims were taken up on the Washington side alone.

The banks of the river on the Idaho side being very steep, the grain is sent down to the water's edge in a chute. Five cents per bushel is charged for shunting, sacking, warehousing and shipping. There are some very energetic citizens located here, who are doing all in their power to bring this fine country into the prominence it deserves. Messrs. Alexander Sumpter and O. Keefe own the grain chute and warehouses, and are interested in the town to a great extent. Mr. Corroyer has built a very fine ferry boat and a long-tail boat is thus supplied. The Almota took up the wire and Captain Baughman, with his usual accommodation, stretched the wire across Snake river for the proprietor, thereby saving him lots of hard work. At the present stage of low water, there is great difficulty in getting over the rapids above Lewiston, in order to reach Assotin city, and it was only by putting out a long rope and literally dragging the boat over a rapid, that we got there at all; the craft struck several times, but by perseverance and unlimited sweet oil, the boat attained its point, she was about five hours going up, but the return trip was made in about 30 minutes.

One of the theatrical managers of San Francisco has closed a contract with Oscar Wilde, the apostle of aestheticism and sandalwood, to visit California on a lecturing tour. The dates are not yet fixed, but Wilde is expected to start west soon.

Our Prospects.—Should the present favorable outlook continue for a big wheat yield throughout our valley, the O. R. & N. Co. have not got out care and engines enough to transport it out of the country. Put that in your pipes and smoke it.

According to a high authority, women should never wear white in spring. A biting wind brings out the cold gray tints that lurk even in the fairest complexions and the sallowness that inevitably lies behind the warmest tones of a brunette.

Man's Endurance.

The great walking match in New York city is ended, and the winner, Hazel, is now the six-day champion of the world. In speaking of the distance a man can go on foot in six days, the New York Sun says Hazel's performance of 600 miles was clearly not the limit of his ability.

Before the close of the race he told his baker to bet on his going 625 miles. No one could be found to take this bet, so he contended himself with 600 miles, though there is not the slightest doubt that he could have made the greater distance if there had been any special inducement. His baker thinks he could have gone 640 miles in the six days.

For a six days race, as in all protracted struggles, of course the quality of muscular endurance is the first requisite. But that will be found useless unless there goes with it a strong digestion. John Ennis was certainly a man of great endurance and pluck, but he had to abandon his efforts to make a fortune through go-as-you-please races, simply because his stomach would not go with him. After endurance and digestion, good condition always being understood, comes gait. Horses win with good and bad gait; and so also with the men who have rolled up great scores, some travel with ease and with no apparent muscular exertion except what is directly employed in locomotion; and some go laboriously, with the expense of a great deal of muscular effort that can be of no service in really driving the body forward. If the man that clearly wastes power can keep up with the man that goes with no such waste, it is evidently because he can generate more force to waste, which implies a better digestive apparatus; and it must be remembered that the ungainly Fitzgerald, in scoring 582 miles in the previous race, showed his undeniable ability to go over 600 miles.

Also a man should be able to go well both walking and running. O'Leary, in condition, easily walked away from his competitors, but when the runner came against him he was hopelessly beaten. He could walk, but could not run. So, the old grandeur Krehne possessed enormous endurance, but could not reach the runners.

See, now, what sort of a man has just gone his six hundred miles with ease. Hazel always has been known as a great runner for any distance from five to twenty miles; but he was never celebrated as a walker. Any one seeing him coming down the stretch at speed might well believe he saw a ghost. When running, in spite of his bowed, mis-shapen figure, Hazel travels with such an evenness of gait, and such ease and grace of motion, that he almost seems to get over the ground without any movement at all. Yet when he slows down to a walk he moves with great labor and only moderate speed. Hazel is nearly forty years old, long past the prime of strength, and has probably led a life very different from that which would be marked out as the best for a man to preserve his vitality to the full extent. He is a sufferer from hernia and is a poor walker; and, judging from his previous performances, it is not at all likely that his digestion is of remarkable strength, or that he is gifted with such wonderful power of recuperation as was the case with Weston. Yet, such as he is, he has shown his ability to go not far from 650 miles in the 142 hours.

His present score may never be beaten, for the reason that six days matches may go out of fashion; but it does not seem improbable that the ideal and phenomenal six days runner, a healthy youth with a combination of the best of endurance, digestion, and gait, would cover nearly if not quite 700 miles.

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.—One of those touching incidents occurred at Washington on the day of the Garfield memorial services, which will forever have a place in its memory. A little girl, disappointed in not getting into the capital to hear the eulogy on him whose history had become familiar to her little mind, pressed a pretty bouquet of flowers, and waving her way alone to the depot of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad, and into the fatal room where her dear president was laid, placed her little offering of love and affection on the shelf of the tablet stone there erected to Garfield's memory. She gazed at the marked spot on the floor, and then at the tablet, and the sweet and pearly drops of innocent childhood fell from her youthful eyes, and in childish tone and broken voice she exclaimed, "Poor Mr. Garfield, and turning slowly away, she disappeared unobserved save by a fortunate few who witnessed this most touching evidence of childish innocence and piety.

A YOUNG friend of mine, says Mr. Laboucher, was dining with his father a few nights ago. "George," said the fond parent when they next met, "you took my overcoat instead of your own, and I regret to say I found the pockets of your overcoat full of cigarettes and matches." "I discovered my mistake, father," replied the son, "directly I got outside, for I found the pockets of the coat I had on contained chocolate creams and three pairs of ladies' gloves."

A GENTLEMAN in Paris owned a handsome and valuable dog named Bismarck. He recently received a note from the German embassy inviting him to remove the name from the dog's collar, and to cease calling the animal by it, under pain of prosecution, upon the ground that the patronymic belongs exclusively to the German Chancellor, and the Embassy cannot allow it to be publicly applied to a dog.

It is reported that seventy Apache scouts in New Mexico enlisted in the army of the United States, and who were on their way to San Carlos reservation to be discharged, went on the war-path on the Colorado river a few days ago, killed a man named Michael Cornell and committed other depredations. Serious trouble is anticipated.

A correspondent sends the following riddle to the London Times: "My first two syllables are what Gladstone loves (Reform). My three last are what he hates (a story). My whole, if pronounced separately, is what he would like to do (Reform-a-story). My whole pronounced properly is where he ought to be (Reform-a-tory)."

EARNINGS OF THE N. P.—The Northern Pacific railroad, with a mileage of 972 miles earned \$29,800 in January, 1882, against \$116,308 in January, 1881, on a mileage of 722 miles.

The Russian Jews.

A mass meeting of Jewish citizens in Brooklyn was held at Temple Beth Elohim, in Keap street, near Division avenue, Brooklyn, E. D., recently, under the call of the Brooklyn Auxiliary Branch of the Hebrew Emigrant Aid Society. Moses May was Chairman.

Sigmund Kaufman, Adolph L. Sanger, ex-Judge M. G. Luzzac, and M. Thalmesinger told of outrages committed upon Jews in Russia, and urged the raising of funds for the relief of those who came to this country. About 3,000 of them had already arrived in this city. The society had aided these with means to clothe and feed themselves, and to colonize in different States. They were agriculturists, mechanics, and artisans, and were well calculated to be useful citizens. The exodus, it was averred, would continue so long as the outrages in Russia continued. It would be safe to say that at least 10,000 would flee to the United States within the next thirty days. It was estimated that at least \$500,000 would be required to aid the refugees coming to this country, and an appeal was made to the various congregations, lodges, and benevolent societies to come at once to the aid of the emigrant society with liberal subscriptions.

Resolutions of sympathy containing a proffer of the refugees were passed, and over \$2,000 was subscribed at the meeting.

The subscription to the Russian refugee fund taken in New York on Sunday were increased to \$29,175 after the list was made out for publication. Winslow, Lanier & Co. subscribed \$1,000, and H. Hahlo & Co., S. Bachman, Mills & Gibb, and S. S. Fisher \$250 each.—N. Y. Sun.

On January 24, the skeleton of a woman with a child was discovered at Pompeii in a narrow street about twelve feet above the level of the ancient pavement. It is well known that the catastrophe of 79 A. D. commenced with a thick shower of small pumice stones, by which the streets of Pompeii were covered up to the roofs of the houses. Stones were succeeded by ashes, which became solid owing to the action of excessive showers of boiling water, and these ashes now form the top layer of the materials which cover the ruins of Pompeii. Most of the unhappy beings who remained in the town made their escape through the windows, but the greater part of these fugitives could have taken but few steps, and must have been quickly suffocated by the poisonous fumes. With one arm the woman whose skeleton has now been found was clasping the legs of the child, whose body shows contraction in the arms and legs and a general emaciation, which lead us to suppose that the child must have been very ill. It was a little boy about 10 years of age. Doubtless the woman was the mother of the child. Some jewels found on the female skeleton indicate a person of condition; two bracelets of gold encircled the arm which held the boy, and on the hand were two gold rings, the one set with an emerald on which is engraved a horn of plenty, and the other with an amethyst bearing a head of Mercury.

The Inundations on the Mississippi.

Dispatches give a terrible account of the damage, ruin and loss of life in the lower Mississippi valley, during the recent terrible inundations; the latest says that the worst point on the whole river is Milken's Bend. There is an overflow and a counter overflow in that district. The water from the Mississippi are going over the levee and floods and back water from the Yazoo are coming in from behind. As a consequence when these two bodies meet a whirlpool is formed which destroys everything in its course. The locality of the whirlpool is changing constantly and every day it completes destruction. A large yawl full of negroes was caught in it the other day and upset and all the occupants drowned. The whirlpool struck a churk a few days ago in which several people with their stock had taken refuge. The church was in a few minutes torn to pieces, planks broken and carried away, the stock was drowned and the people floated around in the water for some hours but were finally rescued again after much trouble and danger.

VIENNA, March 21.—The basin of the Danube river, 200 by 40 miles, and embracing six navigable streams, is entirely submerged. The population of the basin is over 100,000, and it is one of the best cotton districts in the south. Water in parts of the basin is encroaching upon house-tops and people are escaping on rafts. At Gaienes landing rations are only given out when the boat is hailed or when people are in actual need. So far there has been nowhere manifested a disposition to impose on the government in this mission of charity. Many a plauter was found like Jamieson on the Cold Water. "Don't put off a pound at my place. I can get my people through this. They are safe upon the gin house, but there's lots of poor people above that will starve to death unless help gets to them." Its a matter of pride with the large planters to get along independently, and at the same time to care for their people as they term negro tenants.

YAZOO CITY, March 21.—Water at this point is ninety-two feet above the 1867 mark, rising one inch in the last twelve hours. It is likely to reach a maximum at midnight or to-morrow. Boats from above report water at a stand and excitement subsiding, but each steamer brings people and stock.

MEMPHIS, March 21.—The river is stationary at a point 11 inches below the highest mark. It has risen steadily this evening but it is thought that it will not affect the river.

New Map.—We have received a copy of the Shippers' and Emigrants' Guide Map to the Pacific Northwest, just issued by the O. R. & N. P. and O. C. railroad companies. It is a most complete and simple guide, containing the names of all the principal cities and villages in Washington and Oregon, and the counties in which they are situated. This is simply another evidence of the efforts of Mr. Villard and his associates to do all in their power to aid in the development of the great northwest. The map will be found invaluable to shippers and emigrants as a guide and general source of information concerning this country. Copies can be procured at the office of Mr. John Muir, superintendent of traffic of the O. R. & N. Co., Portland, Oregon.

ALL ABOUT IT.—Washington Territory—the present and prospective future of the Upper Columbia country, embracing all of Eastern Washington, Northern Idaho and Eastern Oregon. Send 25 cents stamps to STATESMAN office, Walla Walla, W. T. if

The Jeannette's Crew.

Engineer Melville is still searching for the remains of the Jeannette's crew, 14 officers and men, in the frozen deserts of Siberia. The following written memoranda of De Long's visit were found at different places written in six different languages with instructions for the finder to forward it to the Secretary of the Navy at Washington. There is something pathetic in the account of their brave sufferings in their search for safety. The following is DeLong's narrative:

The Jeannette was crushed and sunk by ice 12th of June, 1881, in latitude 17.15 N., longitude 153. After having drifted 22 months in a tremendous pack of ice in this ocean, the entire 33 persons composing her officers and crew dragged three boats and provisions over the ice to latitude N. 76.38, longitude 150.3 E., where we landed upon a new island, afterward named Bennett Island, the 29th of July. Hence we proceeded southward in boats, sometimes dragging over ice until the 10th of September, when we reached Ni-montze land about 90 miles northeast of this delta. We sailed from there in company on the 12th of September, but that same night we were separated in a gale of wind, and I have seen nothing of the two other boats or their people. My boat having weathered the gale, made land on the 16th inst., and after trying to get in shore for two days, and being prevented by shoal water we abandoned the boat and waded to the beach carrying our arms, provisions and records at a point about 12 miles north and east of this place. We have all suffered somewhat from cold and exposure, and three of our men were badly lamed, but having only four days' provisions left of reduced rations, were forced to the southward. Monday, September 19, we left a pile of effects near the beach, erecting a long pole where will be found everything valuable, viz: Ship's chronometer, ship's log-books for two years, tent, etc., which we could not carry. It took us 18 hours to make these 12 miles, owing to our disabled men, and these two huts seemed a good place to stop awhile, while I pushed forward to Nors and Ninderman to get relief to us, but last night we shot two reindeers which gave us abundance of food for the present, and we have seen many more, so that anxiety for the future is relieved. Soon as our three men can walk we shall resume our march for settlements on the Lena river.

Saturday, Sept. 24—S. A. M.—Our three lame men, being now able to walk, we are about to resume our journey with two days' rations of pemmican and three pounds of tea.

This paper is a copy of a note given to Kudimas and carried to Boukok and given to me, and was the first intelligence I had of the first cutter.

Geo. W. DeLong, Lieut. Com.

No. 6—Arctic steamer Jeannette lost on the 18th of June. Landed on Siberia 25th of September or thereabouts. Want assistance to go for captain and doctor and nine other men.

Wm. C. P. Ninderman, U. S. N. Reply in haste. Want food and clothing.

Copy of record No. 4 found in a hut by a Yakut hunter and given to me at upper Belum.

Geo. W. Melville, P. A. Eng. U. S. N.

Saturday, Oct. 1, 1881.—Fourteen of the officers and men of the U. S. Arctic steamer Jeannette reached this hut Wednesday, Sept. 28, and having been forced to wait for the river to freeze over, are proceeding to cross to the west side this morning on their journey to reach some settlement on the Lena river. We have two days' provisions, but having been fortunate enough thus far to get game for our pressing needs, we have no fear for the future. Our party are all well except one man—Erickson—who tells of frost. Other records will be found in several huts on the east side of the river, along which we have come from the northwest.

Geo. W. DeLong, Lieut. U. S., Commanding Ex. P. A. Surgeon Ambley, Mr. J. J. Collins, W. P. Ninderman, H. Erickson, A. Gartz, W. Lee, L. P. Noros, G. H. Byrd, A. Dressler, H. H. Koche, N. Jursen, A. H. Sam, Alexy.

Enclosure: Arctic Expedition, Cape Emma, Bennett Island—To P. A. Engineer Geo. W. Melville, U. S. N.—Sir: We shall leave this island to-morrow, steering our course (over ice or through water, as the case may be) south, magnetic. In event of our embarking in our boat at any time after the start, you are hereby ordered to take command of the whale boat until such time as I relieve you from duty or assign you to some other. Every person under my command at this time who may be embarked in that boat at any time is under your charge and subject to your orders, and you are to use all care for the preservation of the boat. You will under all circumstances keep close to the boat in which I shall embark, but if unfortunately we become separated you will make your best way south until you make the coast of Siberia and follow it along the westward as far as Lena river. This river is the destination of our party, and without delay you will in case of separation, ascend the Lena to a Russian settlement, from which you can communicate or be forwarded, with your party, to some place of security and easy access. If the boat in which I am embarked be separated from the other boats you will at once place yourself under orders of Lieut. C. W. Chipp, or so long as you may remain in his company obey such orders as he may give you. Very respectfully,

Geo. W. DeLong, Lieut. U. S. N., commanding Arctic expedition.

The above is a true copy of my orders, Geo. MELVILLE, P. A., U. S. N.

A LADY was singing lately at a charity concert, and the audience insisted upon hearing her sing a second time. Her daughter, a little child, was present, and on being asked afterwards how her mamma had sung, replied, "Very badly, for they made her do it all over again."

The Cereal Crops of 1881.

The cereal estimates of the Department of Agriculture for the year 1881 are completed, showing a more general reduction in yield than for many years. During the five preceding years no one of the grain crops met with serious disaster. In 1875 the wheat product was reduced while the corn crop was above an average. In 1874 the reverse was true, wheat making an average crop, and corn nearly as bad a failure as in 1881. In 1869 corn was a comparative failure, while wheat produced more than an average yield. In no season since the inauguration of crop reporting has there been so general disaster, involving corn, wheat, barley, buckwheat and rye, oats alone being exempt from loss.

The aggregate of corn estimates is 1,194,916,000 bushels, grown upon 64,262,025 acres, or 18.6 bushels per acre. This is a reduction of 31 per cent. from the crop of 1880.

The wheat crop aggregates 380,280,090 bushels, a reduction of 22 per cent. grown on 37,709,020 acres, a yield of 10.1 per acre, the lowest rate of yield yet reported for the entire crop.

Rye, 20,704,330 bushels, a reduction of 27 per cent., area, 1,739,100 acres, yielding 11.6 bushels per acre.

The product of oats is 416,481,000 bushels, against 417,885,380 in 1880. The area is 16,831,600 acres, and the yield 24.7 bushels per acre.

Barley, 41,161,330 bushels, a reduction of 3 per cent., grown on 1,961,510 acres, or at the rate of 20.9 bushels per acre.

Buckwheat, 9,486,200 bushels, grown on 828,815 acres, yielding 11.4 bushels per acre.

The aggregate product of all the cereals is 2,063,029,570 bushels, against 2,718,193,501, a decrease of 24 per cent.

The aggregate value of cereals grown in 1881 is greater than the total valuation for 1880.

Corn and oats, mainly consumed at home and used interchangeably, are mostly affected by the failure of maize.

The average value of corn has advanced from 39.6 cents in 1880, to 63.6 in 1881; oats from 44 to 47.4 cents; wheat has advanced from an average of 95 cents to \$1.19 per bushel.

The aggregate quantity, area and valuation of these cereals was 2,063,029,570 bushels, grown on 123,383,070 acres, and valued at \$1,467,868,200.

While the reduction of product of corn in the seven surplus-producing states amounts to about four-tenths of the usual crop, the aggregate still equals 62 per cent. of the crop of the country, leaving, as the production of 31 states and ten territories but three-eighths of the maize product.

There are but ten states east of the Rocky Mountains that ever have a surplus of wheat. These with California and Washington and Dakota territories, yield all the wheat for the supply of non-supporting sections and foreign countries.

GROSS & WAGGONER,

Corner Third and Main Street, Walla Walla.

DEALER IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

Morrison Bros.' Sulky & Walking Plows.

FURST AND BRADLEY GANGS,

KETCHUM & WHITEWATER WAGONS!

BUCKEYE SEEDERS AND DRILLS,

Randolph Headers, Straw, Wood and Coal Burning Engines,

MOWERS, REAPERS, ETC., ETC.

GOODS SOLD ON REASONABLE AND EASY TERMS.

The best attention given to orders from the country. Goods sent on order as cheaply as if ordered by person.

SMALL PROFITS! QUICK RETURNS!

STATESMAN OFFICE

IS ENABLED TO PERFORM

JOB PRINTING!

LARGELY REDUCED RATES!

CITY DRUG STORE.

A complete stock of the

FINEST DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES, COMBS, BRUSHES, SPONGES, TRUSSES, PERFUMERY, TOILET SOAPS,

And a large assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES

We make a Point of Keeping the Purest Drugs that can be had, and beyond all Question we sell the Cheapest.

Are now receiving their

WELLS & HUNGATE.

HIRAM SIBLEY & CO.

With mail FREE their Catalogue for 1882, containing a full descriptive Price-List of Flower, Field and Garden

SEEDS

Bulbs, Ornamental Grasses, and Immortelles, Gladioli, Iris, Roses, Pinks, Garden Implements. Beautifully Illustrated. Over 100 pages. Address

ROCHESTER, N. Y. - CHICAGO, ILL 179-183 East Main St. 200-206 Randolph St.

A VALUABLE RESOURCE FOR THE SICK.

DR. WOOD'S LIVER REGULATOR,

A comprehensive remedy for Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Bile and Fever, Debility, Nervousness, Sick Headache, and other ailments attributable to biliousness. Among its ingredients are Mandrake, Dandelion, Butterbur, Black Root, Eow-lan, Bitter Root, Calceyas, Sweet Flag, Indian Hemp, Walrus, Golden Seal, etc.

The active ingredients constitute an alternative tonic and general corrective of the highest class, and endow it with a preventive value entitling it to the first rank as a medicinal safeguard for suffering from dyspepsia, liver complaint and kidney troubles. It also effectually removes those nervous symptoms which while life is imperfectly secreted or is misdirected.

Redington & Co., San Francisco, wholesale agents for the Pacific Coast.

CENTAU LINIMENT

Always cures and never disappoints The world's great Pain-Reliever for Man and Beast. Cheap, quick and reliable.

FARMERS' SUPPLIES.

And any articles in the line of farmers' goods not usually kept in stock will be ordered from the cheapest market and furnished to customers at cost.

The old motto of recommending only the best goods will be strictly adhered to and no recommendations will be made for the sole purpose of effecting sales.

Our stocks of Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Groceries, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Cutlery, Crockery, Oils, etc. will be kept complete as heretofore.

JAS. P. HULME, Lata Miller & Co. JACKSON HART.

HULME & HART, WOOL, GRAIN

And General Commission Merchants.

10 Davis Street, near Market, San Francisco Personal attention given to all sales; and liberal advances made on all consignments at low rates of interest.

BUY THE BEST.

Manufacturers of Sewing Machines and agents are competent judges of the best themselves as follows:

We, the undersigned, have tested the most of our leading brands of Sewing Machines, and find this market, and find



TO BE THE BLST.

The Singer Manufacturing Co. 116 Sutter St., S. F.

MARK SHELDON, 120 Post Street, AGENT FOR THE

STEWART SINGER, HOWE, CHICAGO SINGER, SEWING MACHINES.

J. W. EVANS, No. 25 Post Street, AGENT FOR THE Domestic and Grover & Baker Sewing Machines.

SAMUEL HILL, by A. M. HILL, No. 534 Market Street, GENT'L AGENT FOR THE

WHITE, CROWN, VICTORY, PREMIER, SINGMASTER, NEW HOME, WILSON, FLORENCE, HOME, SHUTTLE, SINGMASTER, MACHINES.

O. SHAW, 20 Second Street, Remington and Royal St. John Sewing Machines.

J. S. COX

DEALER IN

CALIFORNIA DOORS

AND

WINDOWS,

AND NEW SECOND HAND

FURNITURE!

Hardware, Crockery, Lamps, Tents, and Wagon Covers, Carpet Staircases and Flooring.

Cash paid for all kinds of second hand property.

HARNESS SHOP.—In this department is kept all kinds of cheap harness, saddles and whips. Mending a specialty. Cash paid for second-hand harness and saddles or exchanged. Cash paid for harness or taken in exchange for harness work.

MAIN ST., opp. GODD FELLOW'S TEMPLE

600 HORSES WANTED

AT THE

HORSE RESTAURANT

DRIFT.

Caught Floating upon the News Current.

And Steered it to the "Statesman" Office by the Grand Army of Correspondents at all Points of the Compass.

Mrs. Rev. G. M. Irwin is quite sick. Forty electric lights have been substituted for in Helena.

Flowers are blooming beautifully in the yard of Z. K. Straight.

Prof. Paul Boulton left on Tuesday evening's train for Seattle.

Miles C. Moore and family returned Tuesday from the east.

Shaw & Stearns are painting an elegant sign on the front of Rees, Winans & Co's. store.

Main street is becoming dusty, and the street sprinkler will have to be called out in a few days.

Some one of a gun has sent a Scandinavian paper. It presents a neat appearance and is full of news—we guess.

The Secretary of War has approved a recommendation to erect a monument costing \$800 on the Big Hole battle-field.

Elder W. H. Stewart, of Texas, the Lone Star state, will preach at the Advent church in this city next Sunday at 11 A. M.

A miniature canvas tent in front of the store of W. H. Kent & Co., remains open the days of camping parties nearby at hand.

Our advice to Mr. Hopkins is to issue one more picture of Walla Walla, and then quit. The whole business of the last affair is a dirty fraud.

Curson & Stockwell are repainting the front of the agricultural implement house across the Main street bridge, and decorating it with a new sign.

The Chinese of Butte talk of burlesquing the recent carnival in that city. Lena Foo says: "Melican man all samee dan fooler Chinaman."

Engine Jesse and several other young men well known in this city will start for Wood River the last of the week. We hope the boys may all return to Walla Walla millionaires.

Advertisements intended for the WEEKLY STATESMAN must be brought to the counting room before 4 P. M. on Thursday or they will not be attended to until the following week.

Mr. O. F. Jayson, of the Cove, Oregon, formerly of the firm of Sheppard & Jackson, of this city, was married to a young lady in Wisconsin last Friday, and the pair are now on their way to Oregon.

Frank Day of the Pomeroy Republicans is in the city in the interests of his paper; our citizens will find the Republics a clear, decent and free paper, devoted to the interests of Garfield county.

This is the way the Benton Record gives a birth notice: "A little half breed home thief weighing twelve pounds, was born into the Nicholson family at Assinaboine on Sunday night. So Murry informs us."

They searched the school children at Defiance, Ohio, the other day, to find a dirt, and the result was the finding of 20 pistols and revolvers, and six dice and stabbers. Education reveals some strange traits.

Miss Jennie M. Patterson, daughter of C. M. Patterson, of this city, will graduate at Vassar College at commencement of June next. To her has been awarded the valedictory, the highest honor that can be given in the college.

We notice in the Toledo Sunday Journal a very pretty notice of Mr. Will Reed, of this city, who is now there on business connected with considerable property he and his family own there. He will return hence in about five weeks.

H. H. Hungeate, Esq., has purchased Dr. McCurdy's valuable property in this city; the house will be occupied by Mr. Alex. Reed. Dr. McCurdy intends planting his stakes at Wood River at least for this summer; all the harm we wish him is that he may become interested in a mining claim in that rich country which will make a Bonanza Chief of him.

See the young girl in heavy rags, Sings him, says curl—Banging her hair.

And hear the young man At the piano there, Hard as he can—Banging his air!

A young brother stands Oppressed with care, With slipper in hand, Banging her hair.

The WEEKLY STATESMAN of this week adds over one hundred new subscribers to its already large list. This is very flattering when it is taken into consideration that they are mostly up country subscribers from along Snake River, Lewiston, Moscow and Asotin City. The issue will be very interesting to intending settlers at it contains much information relative to the country.

Moses' Reservation.

We have it from an undoubted authority, says the Spokane Chronicle, that two prominent military officials in the Department of the Columbia appointed for the purpose of making a report relative to the matter, have recommended the abandonment of Moses' reservation as such, and a reduction of the Colville reservation; that a commission, of whom Gov. Newell will be one, is appointed to deal with Moses and other chiefs on a cash basis, the money allowed the Indians, to be paid \$10,000 annuities, and certain farming supplies. From what we can learn it is quite probable that this region will be opened up to the whites by the 1st of July. It is also ascertained from Washington that in an official report, now in that city, from this department, the mining region in the country north and west of the Columbia is rated as richer, or fully as rich as that known as the Black Hills.

It only needs the opening up of this great section, to turn there an immense tide of immigration, the coming season. Not only is it rich in mineral, but as an agricultural and stock raising locality, it compares more favorably with any other in the northwest.

New Towns.—The right of way for the Dry creek extension of Dr. Baker's Mill Creek railroad has been granted, and the work of construction will be commenced at once and pushed as rapidly as possible. Mr. H. E. Holmes, of this city, purchased a fine farm on Dry creek a few days ago, on which the terminus of the new branch will be located. Mr. Holmes will soon send a surveyor to the stake off town lots on his new purchase. The new town to be named Baker, in honor of Dr. D. S. Baker, of this city. The chosen town site is an excellent one, and a place of considerable size will no doubt spring up there in the near future.

A New Departure.—Messrs. Doolley & Kirkman have created a new industry by shipping hops from Dayton to this city by rail. On Wednesday they arrived in 88 head, all of which arrived in prime condition.

Not so Bad.—It is said that the people in the neighborhood of Pomeroy are finding out that the small-pox is not so bad as at first reported. This is certainly pleasant news.

Anti-Polygamists.

Among our Eastern exchanges we recently received a copy of the Snider's Herald, an Iowa publication, edited by Joseph Smith. It was a large, neatly printed journal and contained innumerable communications from members of the church in various parts of the state. Many of them referred to the bill now before Congress for the abolition of polygamy, which they praised in the highest terms, saying they hoped for the sake of the Mormon church and humanity that the day was not far distant when the curse of polygamy would be banished from the world. We have always been under the impression that polygamy was a part of the Mormon religion; but it seems, with these Iowa Mormons at least, that this is not the case. We were also mistaken as to the number of those embracing the Mormon faith. According to the communications in the Herald there must be thousands of them in Iowa alone. The idea that the Mormons are all in Utah is erroneous. There are large numbers of them in the adjoining territories. We are of the opinion that the Mormons who have a colony at the base of the Blue mountains, in this valley, are of the same order as the Mormons of Iowa. Among this class are many educated, intelligent people, and they appear to associate themselves with the Brigham Young element, because the latter are polygamists. Polygamy has evidently had its day; only the older members of the church approve of it. With the abolition of the inhuman abuse which licenses polygamy in the Mormon church, the members of that faith may become what we have always found the Mormons of this valley to be—law-abiding and useful citizens.

Fire Engines.

During the present discussion on the respective merits of the different fire engines the following from the St. Paul Pioneer Press will be of interest to our readers. The La France is the only engine considered to be of any account now-a-days, and on trials have left every other engine behind: "The test of the La France fire engine yesterday was a highly interesting one, and the engine did some of the finest work ever seen in the city, completely fulfilling the expectations of those whose opinion of her was the highest. Starting at 3:57 with eighty pounds of steam, she kept throughout the test a good pressure and at 4:44, with 180 pounds of steam, she showed a water pressure of 240 pounds. Water was thrown through 1,200 feet of hose with an inch and a half nozzle, drawing and discharging her own water, with a lift of eighteen feet. Following is the record:

Table with 3 columns: Steam pressure, Water pressure, Time. Rows include 3:57 started with, 4:00, 4:05 shut off, 4:07 started with, 4:10, 4:11 (throttle wide open), 4:15, 4:16 to 4:19, 4:44 (throttle wide open), 4:50.

The Missing Man.

There is still much doubt respecting the identity of the missing man C. N. Williamson with the man who received a pass and money at the O. R. & N. Company's office in Portland. The father doubts very much if his son went to Boston, and the Spokane Chronicle says that he cannot see any sort of connection between the telegram from the Central Pacific ticket office to the O. R. & N. Co.'s office to furnish a pass and money, and his son. Again the initials are not correct. C. M. being given in the Oregonian, and those of the missing man C. N.—Calvin Newton Williamson. R. G. Williamson still holds to the theory that his son was killed between Spokane Falls and Walla Walla; and it is possible the assassin may have obtained a time check on the O. R. & N. Co. from the body of his victim, and presented it for payment, representing himself as Williamson.

An Old Timer.

Capt. John B. Biles, tax agent of the O. R. & N. Co., who pay out an enormous amount of money annually for taxes, etc., is in the city on business. Capt. Biles is well known to many of our citizens as a regular old timer who has been identified with this country from the time when it was the ultima thule of this boundless continent of ours. He came in 1848 and has been connected with us in various capacities ever since. He helped build the first steamboat that walked the waters like a thing of life at Astoria; he was a member of the 1st Washington Territory legislature and has served three times since, but he says things were different in those days than they are now.

Dead Beats.

The Willamette Farmer prints a list of dead beats who have been preying upon it for periods of longer or shorter duration. The worst case reported is that of Mr. Gibson, of The Dalles, who has taken the paper from its first issue fourteen years ago, has never paid a cent, and who now owes \$35. Another man owes \$23, a third \$16 75 and a fourth \$16 50, the subscription price of the paper being \$2 50 per annum. As long as newspapers maintain the credit system such frauds as these will be perpetrated upon them by the score and hundred. How easy and how much better it would be for the journalist to continue in the resolution to end the promiscuous credit system forever.

Arrested.

A young man named Frank Day was arrested in this city on Wednesday charged with stealing the sum of \$500 from a hotel keeper at Dayton. He did not deny the charge and on being searched about \$130 was found upon him. He had been soliciting for a newspaper throughout the country for some days past and had been pretty successful. In a morning sheet published here the name Frank Day was given without a word of explanation as to who he was and in consequence many were led to believe that our solid business man Frank Day the jeweler and watchmaker was the one arrested. It was most outrageous, and nothing but a full and open apology will do Mr. Day justice in the matter.

Agricultural Implements.

We direct particular attention to the advertisement to day of Messrs. Gross & Waggoner. They are new to this country, to be sure, but are none the less responsible and reliable; they keep a full line of every kind of agricultural implements and may be depended upon every hour of the twenty-four. Farmers and settlers residing at any distance from Walla Walla, either in extreme Eastern Washington or Northern Idaho can send their orders to the firm and they will be attended to the same as if they were present.

Lewiston Gun Club.

The Lewiston Gun Club now number over a dozen members, many of them excellent wing shots. During our recent visit there the proposition was made that a match should be shot by picked members of the Lewiston and Walla Walla Gun Club. We have spoken to some of our members on the subject and they favor the proposal. The subject will be discussed at the next meeting of the Club here.

Dedication of St. Patrick's Church.

On Sunday morning last St. Patrick's congregation had the happiness to witness the solemn dedication of their beautiful new church to the service of God, by the Rt. Rev. Aegidius Jager, bishop of the diocese. At 10:30 A. M. the hour appointed, the congregation assembled outside the church. The Bishop, robed in pontificals, assisted by deacon and sub-deacon, master of ceremonies, and sanctuary boys, took his position opposite the main entrance of the church and commenced to recite the prayers prescribed by the Ritual. The procession then formed, headed by the pupils of St. Vincent's Academy, bearing a beautiful banner prepared for the occasion by the Sisters, followed by the choir chanting the psalm "Misericordia," alternately with the clergy; then came the Bishop with his assistants, blessing the walls of the new edifice from top to foundation. The procession having again reached the main door of the church, the Bishop and clergy entered followed by a throng of people which completely filled the spacious building. "The Litania" were then chanted by the Bishop and clergy, the choir responding. The procession again filed from the sanctuary, the Bishop blessed the interior of the church, while the clergy and choir chanted the appropriate psalm. The altar and sanctuary being tastefully decorated for the occasion, the Bishop, and his assistants prepared for solemn pontifical mass, a ceremony which is but rarely witnessed on this coast, except in the cathedrals. At the proper time his lordship addressed to the large congregation present a most suitable and instructive discourse on the ceremony which they had just witnessed, taking for his text, from Parolepomenon, the words of Almighty God addressed to Solomon as follows: "I have heard thy prayer, and I have chosen this place to myself as a house of sacrifice; my eyes shall be open and my ears attentive to the prayer of him who shall pray in this place."

From this text his lordship showed how God accepts and sanctifies with his awful presence the house which is consecrated to his worship, solemnly pledging himself to hear the petitions of those who come to his sacred house with pure and upright motives. The memorable day then on which the Catholics of Walla Walla, through their chief pastor, offered and solemnly dedicated to the living God, a stately temple in which he might hear their petitions and accept their humble worship, was brought to a close with pontifical vespers and benediction of the blessed sacrament, during which the main building, as well as the sanctuary, were brilliantly lighted by gas, while the choir rendered with marked ability some of their most appropriate selections, which, like the harp of David, impart to the soul that peaceful calm which prepares it to commune with God. The Catholics of Walla Walla have thus offered a gift to God which is a worthy expression of their faith and piety—and one that will remain to tell their children that while the fathers pursued a honorable course in the worldly affairs of their temporal career, they did not forget those spiritual duties upon the faithful discharge of which depended their eternal welfare.

Land Enclosure.

When reports of the discovery of a new agricultural region are circulated, the rush there now-a-days is not unlike the rush to new mining camps. Good agricultural land open to settlement within a reasonable distance of Walla Walla is now among the things that were. It will be remembered, however, that for many years valuable land remained idle within a few miles of this city, no one thinking for a moment that it was fit for cultivation. The land thus permitted to go unworked was the high bunch grass hills which seemed unfit for the production of anything but the native bunch grass, but which, when the true character of the soil was discovered, and the land sown to grain, proved to be the best of land, and helped to make the Walla Walla valley one of the finest grain regions in the world. No one who has seen the sand hills across the Columbia river, from Walla Walla would think of there being valuable grain land within two or three miles of that sand-surrounded city. It is the opinion of several gentlemen of this city, however, that such is the case. Several who claim to be competent judges of soil have examined the land across the Columbia a few miles from Walla, and pronounce it of every respect equal to the land near this city which was formerly considered worthless. The result of this supposed discovery has been kept as secret as possible, but it gradually leaked out, and there was some lively scrambling for claims during the past week. Several gentlemen bought considerable railroad land, and on Monday teams and men were sent out to begin plowing. Other parties who have seen the land pronounce it too dry to grow grain. The question of its fertility will soon be tested, however, and if it proves to be good what land it will be very valuable an account of its close proximity to the river; but if it proves too dry for grain, those who have invested heavily will feel like some fellows do after investing in mining stocks.

McAllister Again.

Wm. McAllister, the murderer of Charlie Ward, is at his old tricks again. A few days ago he showed his indifference to law and order by driving his son into town at the point of a gun. If this inhuman old reprobate thinks such "carryings on" will long be permitted from one who not only murdered one of our citizens in cold blood but also violated the solemn oath which gave him his liberty and permitted him to go about his business in peace, his presence in our midst is a disgrace to the community, and he should not be allowed to remain in the valley a single day after his return. We heard some of the farmers who are his neighbors talking of his case the other day, and we are satisfied that if he does not keep quiet he will be dealt with as he deserves.

Our Deserted Village.

Eight blocks of Walla Walla are pictorially illustrated in a recent issue of the Colfax Gazette. The views are quite fine and show the town to great advantage were it not for the omission by the artist of almost all life in the views, representing the greater part, and all of the best part, of the town, only four creatures are to be seen—two men, a woman and a child—and not a horse, dog, cow, or wagon, wheelbarrow, open door, or anything to show that the houses were occupied and the town not deserted. We can hardly imagine a person engaged in making pictures of that kind could be guilty of such a gross omission. In the views are many quite elegant buildings, which are ornamental and creditable to both owners and town.—Post-Intelligencer.

So far as the artist was concerned he but obeyed orders, but the projector stood the part of a cheeky advertising firm. In his description of the business firms the old established houses like Schwabacher Bros., O'Donnell & Bush and others are left out entirely.

Through to Colfax.

The O. R. & N. Co. has extended their rate of through tickets to Colfax via Texas Ferry and Endicott to include The Dalles and Walla Walla. As soon as tickets can be printed they will be placed on sale at the points named. Passengers will take a daily stage at Texas Ferry for Colfax. The time from Portland to Colfax will be 36 hours.

UPPER COUNTRY NEWS.

Reels Collected for the "Statesman" on the Home Deck of the Hurricane Deck of the U.S.S. Albatross. During a trip from Walla Walla to the Head of Navigation on Snake River.

The wing dam operations on Salmon river have been given up owing to the great difficulty in working ground below the water level; the bedrock was never reached and what dirt was taken out was very good but not rich enough to pay for stripping 12 feet of top dirt, a party of men are now prospecting along John Day's creek and will give the river bank a thorough test before high water comes.

The miners in Warrens are working in their quartz ledges and taking out some very good rock; there are numerous very rich open lodes in the old camp and are open for location and working by any man of energy.

Several of the smaller cattle men on Camas Prairie and Salmon river have been recently bought out by men who intend to go extensively into the business. The Salmon river country although steep is the best cattle range in the north, near the river snow seldom falls and never remains long enough to prevent cattle from doing well.

The U. S. mail route to Warrens is now again an established fact.

A man is trying to ruin the prospects of Asotin city by starting what he terms a newspaper there; the place will flourish if not handicapped by lazy blacksmith printers.

There is as much good agricultural land left in Northern Idaho as has been taken and fully as many people as are now there can be supplied; it is government land open to pre-emption homestead, timber culture etc., and equals the best of any other section of the Pacific coast, on Potlatch alone there is enough left to make a county as large as Columbia county, and on Camas Prairie, and in Shoshone and Kootenai counties there is much left; the country skirting Craig mountain offers excellent timber for the dairy business; there is much scattering timber here consisting of pine, fir and cedar, with timely grass growing plentifully and there is abundance of water everywhere; apples, plums, pears and berries will do well there. Those amiable Land office gentlemen at Lewiston, Messrs. J. M. Howe and Richard Monroe will give every inquirer all the information they can with pleasure.

A most excellent quality of lime is now manufactured near the Grande Ronde river and is used at Lewiston in preference to that brought from Portland.

The dear people of the thriving town of Moscow have been requested to start one of an old "bedrock" family with a hatful of type and a printing press, but as the citizens have no particular dirty work they want performed just now they have declined.

The Colville mission school has obtained a splendid reputation among parents of the upper country not only for the excellent education their children receive but also from the fact that they are kept from becoming hoodlums which are increasing at such an alarming rate in every town and city; children are educated and boarded for \$100 per annum, and it is said they are made perfect gentlemen of the school is under control of the sisters and fathers, and is a branch of the Santa Clara college of California; at present there are 26 girls and 68 boys in attendance at the two schools which will shortly be removed to Spokane Falls.

That old time rich mining property in Florence known as "Bear Track" has lately changed hands, it is the longest lasting claim in the camp and has yielded many thousands of dollars of the precious metal, ditch, flumes, ground and everything pertaining to the claim only brought \$600.

Lewiston is getting famous as a health resort, the reason is that the climate is pure, dry and warm and the absence of malaria through no extensive plowing in its immediate vicinity; invalids go there because they can go nowhere else; Portland is too damp and the mountains too cold at this time of the year.

Lewiston is blessed with a one horse Sunday law which is more honored in the breach than in the observance, stores are allowed to be kept open until 10 o'clock A. M., and are then supposed to be closed for the remainder of the blessed day—only they most decidedly are not.

The Indians say that before the advent of the white mountain sheep were very plentiful in the steep hills along Snake river; now they are only to be found in very remote and almost inaccessible localities.

The Lewiston Gun Club are anxious to shoot a match with that of Walla Walla their proposition is that a team of our best shots should first come to Lewiston and then they will return the visit and shoot at our city.

The Raymond House at Lewiston is one of the nicest and best hotels on the coast; it is a new house well built and handsomely furnished with every convenience for guests and the travelling public. We can heartily recommend it.

Robert Grostein is having plans drawn for a new residence which will, when finished, be the handsomest dwelling house in the upper country, and a credit to Lewiston.

The worst place on Snake river for a boat to navigate is at Log Cabin island, the vessel has to lug the bank so close that her sides overhang the land and the only chance is the width of the flat and not a foot to spare.

James Carroll engineer of the "Albatross" is one of the best men in the company's employ.

Two thousand bushels of wheat have been shipped from Asotin city to Democrat Bros. of the Empire mills of Walla Walla; the grain is of most excellent quality and samples can be seen at this office.

The Rev. J. S. Palmer of the Universalist church of Lewiston is in the city; he is on his road to Dayton and will make the attempt to raise a fund in order to relieve the church there from a debt of \$1600, which now hangs over it.

C. Van Peit of Realey's mill at Lewiston secured in the Confederate army during the war and was in no less than 47 battles, he is now reconstructed and is one of the best millers in the country.

Sweet potatoes grow finely on Snake river; the soil is so good that it will make a specialty of this business and supply the interior markets which now obtain them from California. There is lots of money in it.

Three enormous barges are to be made at once at South Fork for the purpose of bringing granite from Granite Point to Ainsworth direct instead of transferring it from Texas by rail as is now the case. Their length will be 120 feet, 30 feet beam, 5 feet hold and are each to carry 200 tons of rock.

Two barges are nearly completed at South Fork for the purpose of repairing steamboats and barges. It is very possible that the company's boats for Snake river will hereafter be built here instead of at Coalinga.

Captured by Crees.

About five weeks ago John J. Healy, sheriff of Chouteau county, accompanied by deputies Joe Healey and Jeff Talbot, left Bonanza for a trip to Milk river, where it was reported that a number of half-breeds from across the line were trading with the Indians contrary to law. Nothing had been heard from the three men since until yesterday morning, at which time a telegram was received here from Poplar river (old Fort Peck) stating that Healy and his deputies had been captured on Milk river last Friday by a party of about a hundred Indians and half-breeds (tribe not stated, but believed to be Crees). The news, it is understood, was brought to Poplar river, a distance of 100 to 150 miles, by a half-breed whom Healy had prevailed upon to perform the service without the knowledge of the remainder of the Indians.

From the character of the dispatch it is apparent that Healy considered himself and his companions in a tight place, which is sufficient evidence of the seriousness of the situation, as Healy is not a man to magnify the dangers of his own position. It is impossible to give full particulars at this time, as the various points telegraphed to last night could furnish us nothing in addition to what was contained in the first dispatch. Gen. Ruger ordered out three companies from Fort Assinaboine to the scene of the difficulty. These probably left that post last night.—Helena Independent.

Manager Steechan.

It would be difficult to say what the amusement loving people of the northwest coast would do but for the enterprise of Manager Steechan in catering to their desires; we understand that he will pay this city a visit in which case he can rest assured that in so far as a home full of people is concerned he can rely upon it. The following from the Portland Standard shows what we may expect from him by giving him sufficient encouragement.

Manager Steechan has signed a one year's contract with Mr. Andrew Haverly's management to play in Portland all eastern attractions that visit the Pacific coast under Haverly's management.

Amongst the many attractions that are billed for this coast during the coming spring are the following: Haverly's Uncle Tom's Cabin company, the Wallace Sisters, Muldoon's Phonic, Emerson Minstrels and the Kennedy Cotton Comedy company.

Mr. Steechan, during his recent visit to the bay, has left nothing undone to secure the best theatrical attractions for the New Market Theatre.

"Michael Strogoff," "Hazel Kirke" and other new and popular pieces, will be played by the Kuncze Colton Comedy company, during their engagement at the New Market.

W. E. Sheridan goes to Australia the beginning of May. The theatrical season will open at the New Market on the 25th with the Wallace Sisters.

Advertisement.

The National Surgical Institute of Indianapolis, with branches at Philadelphia, Atlanta, Ga., and San Francisco, which has a National reputation, will permanently establish a branch at Portland, Oregon. Two of the skilled surgeons of this Institute, prepared with every needed apparatus for the successful treatment of cripples, will meet all the old patients and such new cases as may desire treatment at this year at the following: Portland, St. Charles Hotel, April 28, 1903, and 14th, Albany, April 13th and 14th, The Dalles, April 17th, Walla Walla, 19th and 20th and Seattle, April 25th and 26th, and hereafter at Portland, Oregon, on the first two weeks of May and November of each year, commencing November, 1892.

Beare of all travelling doctors who may claim to represent any other Institute for this is the only surgical Institute on this coast with scientific and experience for the treatment of deformities. J. M. HENKLE, M. D., Surgeon in charge National Surgical Institute, No. 319 Bush St., San Francisco.

OPENS BALL.—We acknowledge with great respect of a ticket to a ball to be given at Drake's new Opera House at Dayton on March 31st. If we have any kind of luck in the meantime well be that.

STOCKS.—Oregon Navigation 130 bid, 135 asked; Northern Pacific 31 1/2 bid, 32 asked. N. P. prof. 70 bid; 70 1/2 asked. Oregon Trans. 64 bid, 65 asked.

One or More Surgeons.

From the Pacific Surgical Institute, 305 Kearny St., San Francisco, will be at the Universalist House, the St. Charles Hotel, Portland, April 14th and 15th, fully prepared to treat all the diseases and deformities treated at this Institute, such as spinal diseases and all diseases of the joints, rupture, nasal catarrh, chronic rheumatism, lung disease, paralysis, nervous diseases, piles, fistula and female diseases. This is the only authorized branch of the great northwest Surgical Institute on the Pacific coast, and desires not to be confounded with any other institute.

In the Whole History of Medicine.

No preparation has ever performed such marvelous cures, or maintained so wide a reputation, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which is recognized as the world's remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs. Its long continued record of wonderful cures in all climates has made it universally known as a safe and reliable agent to employ. Against ordinary colds, which are the forerunners of more serious ailments, acts speedily and surely, always relieving suffering, and often saving life. The protection it affords, by its timely use in throat and chest disorders, makes it an invaluable remedy to be kept always on hand in every home. No person can afford to be without it, and those who have used it never will. From physicians use the Cherry Pectoral extensively in their practice, and everyone who uses it. It is absolutely certain in its remedial effects, and will always cure where cures are possible.

BORN. In this valley, March 13, to the wife of P. J. Kelley, a son.

DIED. In this city, March 15th, Vaughn, son of Frank and Jennie Mitchell, aged 2 1/2 years and two months.

In this city, March 15th, Arthur, infant son of Frank and Jennie Mitchell, aged 10 months.

Spring Millinery! The largest and most complete assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's.

HATS AND BONNETS In the Territory. ALL PREVIOUS EFFORTS OUTDOSE. Blocks received of Fashionable Shapes. Hats Bleached, Colored and Pressed at Mill's Millinery Emporium, the only place north of San Francisco. A full line of Hair Goods.

The Choicest Assortment THE LOWEST PRICES! THE MOST POPULAR STORE!

SCHWABACHER BROS.

It is a well-known fact and admitted by all that SCHWABACHER BROTHERS Are now displaying the best and most useful assortment of HOLIDAY GOODS

Ever brought to Walla Walla, consisting of Silk Dress Patterns, Cloaks, Furs, Silk Handkerchiefs, Lace and Silk Ties, Ornamental Handkerchief Boxes, Etc., Etc.

You will combine economy with good taste by selecting some of the handsome goods displayed at

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E. W. EVERZ architects & builders to WINDOW SHADES PICTURE FRAMES, Mountings, Mirrors, Etc. FURNITURE Bedding, UPHOLSTERING

Done in a workmanlike manner. Furniture Repaired and Varnished. 227 WAREHOUSE on Main street, below Third Walla, Walla.

COMPLETION OF THE STORES OF DUSENBERY BROS.

WE EXTEND A Cordial Invitation To All!

By reason of moving and removing we were forced to post pone, but now cheerfully announce Our Great Reduction Sale,

Which we do not hesitate to assure will be a Reduction such as was never witnessed in Walla Walla.

OUR STOCK IS GENERAL AND IMMENSE!! Even our present and enlarged store is not sufficiently large for the same Considerable of our Spring stock is now being bought for us East.

We have to prepare and make way for them. We must do it and we say THE GOODS MUST GO.

Customers having regular accounts on our books will not be shut out from the advantages of this reduction sale. That would be unfair WE HAVE MARKED DOWN TO ALL

We will give besides a SPECIAL DISCOUNT FOR CASH, of which all can avail themselves.

We Simply Ask You To examine prices anywhere and to examine our prices THEN DECIDE FOR YOURSELF.

VERY RESPECTFULLY, DUSENBERY BROS.

ANSWERS TO NUMEROUS QUESTIONS. Manufacturing the greater portion of our stock and buying from manufacturers direct we are enabled to undersell any establishment in the United States.

We reset Diamonds in any style. We manufacture any article in the jewelry or silverware line or custom made to order, advantage to call on us when coming to the city, or send their orders, as we are enabled to supply them at the same rates, often lower than they can buy of jobbers and middlemen in the east and San Francisco. Goods sent on

