

# The Vancouver Register.

VOL. 4. VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY DECEMBER 5, 1868. NO. 8.

**THE VANCOUVER REGISTER,**  
VANCOUVER, W. T.  
ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.  
ENOCH G. ADAMS,  
Editor and Proprietor.  
TERMS:  
Per annum, in advance, \$3.00  
Terms of Advertising:  
Transient advertisements, one square (ten lines) for one week, \$2.00  
For each subsequent insertion, \$1.00  
Quarterly advertisements inserted at liberal rates by special contract.  
Legal advertisements at the established rates.

**GREAT SPEECH BY COLFAX.**  
AT INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, OCT. 5TH, '68.  
[From the Indianapolis Journal Oct. 5th.]

The meeting at the rink last night was one of the most enthusiastic gatherings of the Union people of Indianapolis held during the present campaign. Long before the hour for speaking the rink was completely crowded, and when the Fighting Boys in Blue arrived with the distinguished speaker of the evening, it was absolutely impossible to force an entrance. Colfax, with a few friends, came upon the stage about 8 o'clock through one of the rear windows, by which means of entrance Frederick Hassaurek also put in an appearance. There were four or five thousand persons present at the rink, and it is scarcely overestimating to say that as many were turned away, being unable to gain admittance. The first sight of our candidate was a signal for a burst of applause, and Albert G. Porter, the chairman of the evening, had the utmost difficulty in securing a hearing. He introduced Mr. Colfax in a few eloquent words.

REMARKS OF MR. COLFAX.  
Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: My heart would indeed be callous and hardened if it did not warm toward you for the kind and affectionate manner in which this densely crowded audience has welcomed me here this evening. But this is but a title of the obligations I feel under to the people of Indianapolis and of the State of which it is the capital. Coming here in the days of my boyhood, over a quarter of a century ago, the kindness of this people has followed me year after year, and decade after decade, until finally, last February, they filled up more than to the full the obligations that I owed to them for a lifetime of friendship, by presenting my name to the American people as their choice for the second office in that people's gift. The ratification of that choice by the National Republican Convention has placed me before the millions of our land for the office for which I am a candidate, and I am come here on this great opportunity since the Convention at Indianapolis and at Chicago, to return to you, and through you to the people of Indiana, the gratitude I feel for this manifestation of their confidence, their esteem and their regard.

I was glad, also, to have this opportunity of bearing witness, even though it be needless testimony to your own Representative in Congress of the United States, General Coburn, whom I am proud to call my friend. Faithful to his principle, as he was faithful to his country on the battlefield, wise in council, forcible in speech, indefatigable in his devotion to principle, he has won a position which few new members have ever won in their first session in the Congress of the United States. The favorite of all there as he is at home, he has shown his sagacity and foresight in the councils of the nation, for if the amendments that were proposed by him to the reconstruction laws that were pending before Congress had been ratified by that Congress, we would today have had a more thorough and effectual reconstruction of the Union than that which has already been achieved. He is in every way worthy of your confidence and your love. You honor yourselves in honoring him, and I hope that when the polls shall close at the coming election, by an increased majority you will send him back to the halls of Congress with that verdict which a public man loves above anything else, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant." [Applause.]

If any one of the thousands who are before me to-night has come here expecting to hear me discuss the platform, the principles or the policy of the Democratic Candidates or the Democratic party, that person will return home disappointed. I expect to respect the proprieties of the position in which I have been placed. I feel and know that the American people do not expect this of those who are placed in nomination for the two highest offices in the land, and which I regard as the two noblest positions in the world. Appealed to, as I have been by my friends, to go beyond the limits to which I confine myself, I have always replied that my convictions forbade it; and they forbid it here as elsewhere, for the only motto for a man is:

**STRUVE & COOK,**  
ATTORNEYS  
—AND—  
Counsellors-at-Law.  
R. O. STRUVE, Prosecuting Attorney 2d Judicial District, W. T.  
A. G. COOK, Notary Public.  
(Office, Up-Stairs, in)  
**SOHNS & SCHUELE'S BRICK,**  
VANCOUVER, W. T.  
**J. F. CAPLES,**  
ATTORNEY AND  
Counsellor-at-Law,  
COR. FRONT AND ALDER STREETS,  
(Opposite Carter's New Block.)  
Portland, Oregon.

**JOS. BUCHEL'S**  
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!  
Old Buchtel and Cardwell's Gallery,  
No. 89 First Street,  
BETWEEN WASHINGTON and ALDER.  
Portland, Oct. 5, 1867.—5-1-ly.

**I. L. TOBEY,**  
Physician, Surgeon  
And Acoucheur.  
(Two doors North of J. F. Smith's store.)  
VANCOUVER, W. T.  
March 14th, 1868.—24-ly.

**JOSEPH M. FLETCHER,**  
(REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE.)  
Notary Public & Conveyancer  
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BONDS, AND LEGAL PAPERS of all kinds, carefully prepared.  
Vancouver, Sept. 1, 1868.—1-1-ly.

**J. C. CHAPMAN,**  
Attorney & Counsellor  
At-Law,  
86 Front Street,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Oct. 24, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**J. W. WHALLEY, M. W. FECHHEIMER,**  
Notary Public.  
WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,  
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,  
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.  
OFFICE—No. 86 Front Street, Portland.  
Particular attention paid to collections.  
Oct. 31, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**OFFICE**  
OF THE  
PUGET SOUND & COLUMBIA RIVER RAILROAD CO.  
IN SOHNS & SCHUELE'S BRICK  
Corner of Sixth and Main Streets, Vancouver, W. T.  
A. G. COOK, Secretary. S. W. BROWN, President.  
Vancouver, Nov. 1, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**HACK AND HATCH,**  
DENTISTS.  
The patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS respectfully solicited.  
Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.  
N. B.—NITROUS OXIDE administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.  
OFFICE—Corner of Washington and Front Sts. Entrance on Washington, Portland, Oregon.  
November 21, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**J. R. CARDWELL,**  
Dentist.  
Dental rooms, 89 First Street,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Residence 255 Second Street, cor. of Columbia,  
Nov. 21, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**CHEAP JOHN!**  
Would respectfully announce to the public at large that he offers to the trade at lower rates than ever offered in this market, his large and well-selected stock of CLOTHING,  
BOOTS,  
SHOES,  
HATS & CAPS,  
Yankee Notions,  
—AND—  
Ladies Wear.  
—ALSO—  
Trunks, Valises, Glazed & Carpet Bags.  
Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere and I will guarantee to please.  
Outside auction sales attended to at reasonable terms.  
J. ISAACS & CO.  
Vancouver, Oct. 5, 1867.

**NEW PAINT SHOP!**  
HOUSE and SIGN PAINTING,  
PAPER HANGING, GLAZING, &c., &c.  
All Work done with neatness and dispatch.  
J. TABLETON.  
Vancouver, April 25, 1868.  
PAINTS AND OILS, VARNISH AND BRUSHES and all kinds of Painters materials just received by Steamer from San Francisco by  
DAVID WALL,  
Vancouver Druggist.

"To thine own self be true,  
And it shall follow as the day the night,  
Thou couldst not then be false to any one."  
I shall not, therefore, follow the example of my competitor in attempting to denounce, to criticize or to analyze the platform of the party opposed to me. Nor did I come here to defend myself against charges that have been made against me by papers opposed to me in this State, and in this vicinity. My character is known to all of you; it has been an open page for the last fourteen years for whomsoever would look upon and read for themselves. My principles are convictions of my life, growing with my growth, strengthening with my strength; I believe in them as I believe in inspiration, and I expect to adhere to them in that office which I believe the people will see fit to elect me to in November, as well as in the private life which may follow, without variability or shadow of turning until I seem them fixed like the eternal granite in the legislation and the policy of this land.

There is one charge that has been made, however, that I will briefly refer to. I have been charged with being rich. Unfortunately for me, that is not true, as the world calls wealth; but as I call wealth, it is true, and I plead guilty to the charge. I am rich in happy contentment, I am rich in the faith that I have in the noble principles of the Republican organization—principles which humanity approve and which God will bless—worth more to me than bank stock of Government bonds. [Applause.]

I am rich in the affection and love of friends, more priceless to me than silver and gold, and I trust that those riches will continue to me until this tongue is silent in death. [Cheers.] I am willing to be arraigned by enemies, and to follow the example of our martyred President, Abraham Lincoln, not to answer railing with railing, or inventive with abuse. I would not, if I could, say one single word in regard to that gentleman who has been placed in nomination as my competitor, but I do feel privileged to discuss the whole record of the most patriotic party that ever existed in any land, in either ancient or modern times. [Cheers.] The glorious Republican organization, lifting itself up above the common plane of politics, allying its cause with the cause of the lowly and the helpless.

Its record fills the brightest pages of our country's history. You must tear that history from our national annals before you can blot from the memory of the living or of posterity what that party has done. I am part and parcel with you of this party. Its record is mine and it is yours. With you I have shared in the victories of the past, and with you I expect to share in the triumphant victories that await us.

What a record is ours. Go back a dozen years to the plains of Kansas, and you will see there border ruffians as you now see them in the South, striking down men for their devotion to liberty, seeking to manacle the people and subject them to their will, endeavoring to force them to submit to what they abhorred, and with outrages, with the bayonet, the torch of the incendiary and the stiletto of the assassin as now in the South, seeking to achieve their unholy triumph. It was an endeavor to plant slavery upon that soil. The Republican party made the cause of Kansas its own. Its leaders hurled the strength of the party against the power of an Administration which was using its army to suppress the freedom of popular opinion. They triumphed, and Kansas entered the Union in her white robes of freedom. [Applause.]

Nor was that all. When a partisan Court for a partisan purpose proclaimed the Dred Scott decision—that infamy in jurisprudence which sought by judicial act to enshrine slavery as a power higher than the Constitution—to make it that power before which every knee should bow—this young Republican party dared to defy and denounce that decision, and to appeal to the people to reverse it. The people did reverse it, and so effectually that to-day that there is none so poor as to do it reverence; and the Dred Scott decision, thanks to the firmness and patriotism of the Republican party, has passed away without achieving its object—dishonoring only the men who dared to proclaim it, and who sought to endorse and establish the principle that a poor and helpless negro had no rights that a white man was bound to respect. This was a triumph for justice and right that we have a right to rejoice over.

Nor is this all to be proud of. War came at last. The degenerate sons of the republic turned themselves into pariahs, filled with hate against the land that protected them in their childhood and honored them in their maturer age with its offices of trust and profit. Never was there a more infernal conspiracy. Our Union had elevated us to a proud position among the nations of the globe. Earth had no arithmetic to estimate its value. It could no more be computed than the priceless value of a father's blessing or a mother's love. It had only been felt by us in its blessings poured over us like the brimming waters of the river pouring their fullness into the sea. And yet because they could not rule it, they determined to ruin it, and send the golden chain that kept the Union unbroken.

**J. B. KELLOGG.**  
**KELLOGG HOUSE,**  
196 Madison Street,  
Between Front and First Streets,  
Portland, Oregon.  
Oct. 24, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**WESTERN HOTEL**  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
THE BEST and most commodious Hotel in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied.  
Warm and Cold Baths attached to the House.  
The Hotel is located near the Steamship Landing. The Hotel Coach will be in attendance at all the Landings to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the House Free of charge.  
S. T. MOODY, Proprietor.  
Oct. 31, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**MOODY'S HOTEL,**  
(FORMERLY THE "PATTON HOUSE.")  
169 FRONT STREET,  
(Two doors South of the Old Court House.)  
Portland, Oregon.  
S. T. MOODY - - Proprietor.  
Single Men, . . . . . 25 Cts.  
Board, per Week, . . . . . \$4.50.  
with Lodgings, . . . . . \$7.50.  
Lodgings from . . . . . 25 to 50 Cts.  
SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS FOR FAMILIES.  
This House is Newly Furnished in the Best Style.  
Oct. 31, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**PACIFIC HOUSE.**  
(LATE UNION HOTEL.)  
West side of Main Street, near the  
**ORO FINO HALL,**  
And convenient to the Steamboat Landing,  
VANCOUVER, W. T.  
J. L. RANKIN, - - Proprietor.

Having rebuilt, renovated and refurnished the above House, wishes to announce to the public that he is now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietor to render guests comfortable.  
N. B.—Good care taken of baggage.  
Vancouver, Dec. 7, 1867. 10-1-ly

**HURRAH! HURRAH!!**  
**L. C. CARMAN**  
HAS OPENED A  
**RESTAURANT**  
In Barker's Building, opposite the Pacific House.  
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.  
Officers, Soldiers, Citizens, and Strangers invited to call and judge for themselves.  
I have in connection with my Restaurant a Ladies' Oyster Saloon.  
L. C. CARMAN.  
Vancouver, Nov. 7, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**SHAKSPEARE HOTEL!**  
Kept by Mrs. McCaugh,  
FRONT STREET,  
Opposite O. S. N. CO'S OFFICE,  
Portland, Oregon.  
Nov. 7, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**BRITTON & GRAY,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
No. 376 Seventh St., P. O. Box 1034,  
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.  
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO LAND BUSINESS, before the General Land Office and Interior Department, and generally to business before the Executive Departments and Congress.  
Having had years of experience in the General Land Office, and a long and successful practice in land claims and controversies, we are enabled to offer valuable services before the U. S. Supreme Court, Interior Department, and General Land Office.  
We refer generally to all U. S. Land Officers. 43-1-ly.

**J. H. MICHELL, JOS. N. DOLPH, SMITH**  
**Michell, Dolph & Smith,**  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS  
AT LAW,  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
AND PROCTORS IN ADMIRALTY,  
Office over Post Office, Front Street, Portland.  
Oct. 24, 1868.—no-1-ly.

**HENDRICKS PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.**  
THE ONLY PLACE IN PORTLAND WHERE YOU are sure of getting No. 1 Pictures at all times is at Hendricks's Gallery, corner of First and Morrison streets, where he is best prepared to do all kinds of work as any gallery in Oregon, and will guarantee as good satisfaction for all his work as can be had in the State.  
Pictures of every kind can be had at short notice. Old Pictures can be copied, enlarged and retouched in India Ink, or Oil Colors, AT LOWER PRICES THAN ANY OTHER PLACE.  
Oct. 5, 5-1-ly.  
J. E. HURFORD, 620 N. HIBBARD.  
**HURFORD & HIBBARD**  
Dealers in  
Groceries, Provisions, Dried Fruits,  
LIME, CEMENT,  
PLASTER, HAIR, BRICK, LATHS,  
WINDOWS, BLINDS, DOORS,  
Flour, Bacon, Ham, Lard, Butter, Cheese,  
EGGS, COAL OIL, ETC.  
Also—Forwarding and Commission Merchants. Liberal advances made on all kinds of produce.  
No. 132 Front Street,  
(Opposite E. J. Northrup & Co.)  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Also FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, and Agents for the sale of Balcon Pioneer Mill's OIL CAKE MEAL.  
Sept. 19, 1868.—5-1-ly.

There was one party, and only one, through out this land of ours, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, did not contain one traitor. [Applause.] There was one party, and only one, not one of all whose millions despaired of the American Republic, and that was the Republican party. There was one party, and only one, that, when the sword was drawn by rebels for the destruction of the nation, said with one united voice as they stood, heart to heart and shoulder to shoulder, "The last man and the last dollar shall be given but this rebellion shall be crushed, and this land shall be saved." It was by the legislation of the Republican party that our armies were called to the field. It was by their votes that the soldiers were fed in the field. It was the vote of every man that represented that party that paid our soldiers in the field—that clothed them, armed them, equipped them, kept them in the hospitals when suffering from the wounds made by rebel bullets and from diseases incident to the camp and the march. The Republican party is the only party of which all this can be said. The sacred record has told us of the honors that it awards to patriotism. We read there the rejoicing song of that remarkable woman, Deborah, when she sang the praise of those "who willingly offered themselves" a sacrifice for the preservation of the nation, while the sacred historian has dedicated to eternal infamy the conduct of Shimei, who, when David went forth to put down the unnatural rebellion of his son Absalom, stood by the wayside cursing him for waging a bloody and inhuman war. Wherever that Sacred Word is read from the rivers to the ends of the earth, patriotism is recommended and the reverse of it denounced. And it is part of our proud record that there were no Shimeis in the Republican party, and it is the only party in the land. [Great Applause.] From the home happy in the sunlight of love, leaving wives as precious to them as their heart's blood, children as dear to them as the apple of the eye, came the noble defenders of the Union—some in the freshness of life's June; others in the rich maturity of life's October.—For us and their country they dashed themselves upon frowning batteries—they hurled themselves upon bristling intrenchments; for us and the preservation of our nationality they gathered around the banner of beauty and glory, sanctified with their blood, bearing it in triumph against the alien flag, black with treason and red with blood; to extinguish the fires of treason they gave their heart's blood, that never again should they be rekindled in this fair land of ours.

Shall it be that now, in these days when peace has come again, that we shall turn our backs upon these sacrifices, and prove ourselves unworthy of the precious blood that has been shed in the cause of the Union, by restoring to power the very rebels, in the very States, to crush whose power they laid down their lives? The only party in this land which stood as one man unitedly by our soldiers in the field, holding up their hands, cheering them onward in the conflict, rejoicing over their victories and mourning over their defeats, was the glorious Republican party, whose principles I advocate before you to-night.

Nor was this all. In the midst of this terrible conflict, when every family altar was crimsoned with blood; when every churchyard was crowded with patriot graves, our brave and noble Chief Magistrate, recognizing in slavery the source of all our woes, issued his proclamation, which has made his name immortal in all the ages that are to come. [Loud cheers.] He said that as slavery was the right arm of this rebellion, its inspiring cause, its strength and bulwark, if it continued it one hundred days longer, he would strike that institution with the battle-axe of the war power and shatter it from turret to foundation stone. You stood by him in that struggle for liberty; you strengthened his hand and encouraged his heart. And while you did so, around you, on every side, were poured the vials of wrath. You were reviled as fanatics. You were denounced as negro worshippers. You were stigmatized as having converted this war for the Union into a war to free negroes. In every way that ingenuity could invent or that malice could devise, opprobrium was heaped upon you; but with the same lofty devotion to liberty with which our fathers went forth into their struggle for independence, you stood fast to your principles; you bore those malignant attacks undismayed, and at last you achieved the victory. At last the final triumph was won. Slavery, that vile stain upon our national escutcheon, was wiped away forever, and we had the satisfaction of saying that, from hundred harbored Maine to that far distant State which opens to the sunset a pathway of gold, there was not one man who dared to call himself master or call another his slave. [Cheers.]

This was your noble, heroic, patriotic work. How triumphantly have you been vindicated! Where are now the men who then denounced and vilified you? They are, on that issue, as silent as the grave. No one of them dares to wag his tongue against your work. You have been the most magnificently indorsed party that ever existed. Our enemies being our judges, we are vindicated before the on-looking world.

This is a record of which you have a right to be proud. A few years at most, and all these thousands shall have passed away. We shall have been laid away beneath the clouds of the valley, but what we have accomplished in this great struggle shall live in history,

brightening under the eye of posterity as age after age shall roll away; and your children and your children's children shall arise and call you blessed, because amid the very chaos of civil war you dared to attack this vile institution, because you hurled this young and progressive party against the infernal wrong with one hand while you struck down the rebellion with the other. This was your work. Is it not a record to make us all proud of our membership in the party that accomplished it? Do you wonder that my heart swells as I feel that this glorious work is part and parcel of my history, he it is of yours—and that it is written down on the pages of our nation's history where no one can ever obliterate it? As the J. H. Michell, Dolph & Smith, the 10

Nor is this all. You had a noble, large-hearted, patriotic President—faithful to his oath, faithful to the Constitution, and faithful against the rebellion. Like Yarro, he never despaired of the republic. He was willing to go down with the ruins of his country rather than to see it surrender into the hands of its enemies. You remember how bitterly he was denounced and vilified as a despot—how he was likened to Nero and Caligula, and to every tyrant whose dark deeds blackened the pages of history. He was branded as a tyrant, vilified as a usurper, denounced as a despot; but you stood by him amid this tempest storm of denunciation, and when the bullet of rebel assassin hurled him into the presence of his Maker, the whole civilized world were mourners at his tomb. Lifting himself by his honesty and devotion to principle from the humblest position in life to the proudest position on the globe, from the top of Fame's ladder he stepped to the sky.

It is a part of our pride and glory as a party when reverse and disaster threatened to crush the nation's power, we stood by him through all the dark hours.

When the question of reconstruction came up after the rebel overthrow, this same noble patriotic party commenced at once its great principle, on which it staked its existence, and on which it stands to-day, and on which it will stand triumphantly through the future, that "loyalty shall govern what loyalty preserved." [Applause.] Come victory or defeat, prosperity or failure, we have written that sentiment upon our banners and will adhere to it, appealing to all hearts that love truth and liberty, for the rectitude of our principles, and for the uprightness of the course of him whose sainted memory we revere. We shall triumph. I have faith, as I said to you, in the glorious future and permanent victory of this young, vigorous and patriotic party. I believe that God reigns and that right will prevail. I believe in the doctrine of England's greatest statesman, John Bright, that all questions should be settled upon the eternal and immutable basis of right. That for the triumph of these noble and sublime principles our soldiers died, that rebellion everywhere might be crushed out. It was not crushed that the rebel States might be restored into the hands of traitors again. The power of treason was not overthrown that the control of these States should be placed in the hands of the men who tried to destroy the nation. It was not done that unrepentant rebels should be again placed in seats at the Cabinet and councils of the nation, that unrepentant rebels, still devoted to the "lost cause," and filled with bitterness and hatred to the nation which conquered their treason, should enter the inner sanctuaries of the Union to make laws for the widows and children they have slain in attempting to destroy the Union. If this is to be the case, then the blood of the thousands who fell in defense of the nation's life was shed in vain. If this were to be the case, then all the soldiers and living sacrifices that were heaped upon our country's altar would be in vain. No, my countrymen, we will never put again in the hands of the assassin the dagger of power with which for four years he struck at the nation's heart. I thank God, there is an overruling Providence which shapes the destinies of nations, and protects the right. He would not have saved us from all this anarchy and civil war, if we might surrender again the power and control of our destinies into the hands of men who trampled upon our banner, and fought to destroy our free institutions.

If we look back into the history of our land we find it is full of instruction. I look back into the history of this great continent with profound reverence, and with the conviction that this is God's most favored land. For fifty-five centuries this continent was unknown to the rest of the world. At length Columbus, piloted by an unforeseen finger, discovered it, and the New World was introduced to the Old.

A hundred and ninety years passed—but a breath of eternity, a span in the history of nations—and a frail bark—so frail that no one in this audience would think of trusting in it the wife of his heart or the children of his love—made its way across the ocean and landed on the bleak shores of New England. Those who came in the *Mayflower* fled from oppression at home to establish a civil and religious liberty in a strange land. Here they were decimated by disease, and daily exposed to the attacks of cruel savages. They buried their dead in silence and secrecy, and smothered over the graves, that the savages might not know that their number was becoming less. They persevered. Others came to fill up the ranks, and at last they triumphed. A hundred and fifty years more pass by—another span in the world's history—another breath of eternity—and our fathers, grown to the number of three millions, still feeble and poor in the means to protect themselves, and one-third of their number devoted to the British Crown, threw down the gauntlet at the feet of the most powerful nation on earth. There was all the odds against the young colonies, as the world calculates odds. Our fathers were poor in all the resources necessary for such an emergency, bankrupt in all but faith and devotion to a noble cause. But they were inspired, as the young Republican party has been inspired, by a love of liberty, and for seven long and weary years they carried on a war against their enemies. Finally the God of battles gave them victory. The tie between us and England was thus severed, and the fathers adopted the grand principles of the Declaration of Independence—that baptismal vow with which we were born into the family of nations—that all men were born equal.

When the question of reconstruction came up after the rebel overthrow, this same noble patriotic party commenced at once its great principle, on which it staked its existence, and on which it stands to-day, and on which it will stand triumphantly through the future, that "loyalty shall govern what loyalty preserved." [Applause.] Come victory or defeat, prosperity or failure, we have written that sentiment upon our banners and will adhere to it, appealing to all hearts that love truth and liberty, for the rectitude of our principles, and for the uprightness of the course of him whose sainted memory we revere. We shall triumph. I have faith, as I said to you, in the glorious future and permanent victory of this young, vigorous and patriotic party. I believe that God reigns and that right will prevail. I believe in the doctrine of England's greatest statesman, John Bright, that all questions should be settled upon the eternal and immutable basis of right. That for the triumph of these noble and sublime principles our soldiers died, that rebellion everywhere might be crushed out. It was not crushed that the rebel States might be restored into the hands of traitors again. The power of treason was not overthrown that the control of these States should be placed in the hands of the men who tried to destroy the nation. It was not done that unrepentant rebels should be again placed in seats at the Cabinet and councils of the nation, that unrepentant rebels, still devoted to the "lost cause," and filled with bitterness and hatred to the nation which conquered their treason, should enter the inner sanctuaries of the Union to make laws for the widows and children they have slain in attempting to destroy the Union. If this is to be the case, then the blood of the thousands who fell in defense of the nation's life was shed in vain. If this were to be the case, then all the soldiers and living sacrifices that were heaped upon our country's altar would be in vain. No, my countrymen, we will never put again in the hands of the assassin the dagger of power with which for four years he struck at the nation's heart. I thank God, there is an overruling Providence which shapes the destinies of nations, and protects the right. He would not have saved us from all this anarchy and civil war, if we might surrender again the power and control of our destinies into the hands of men who trampled upon our banner, and fought to destroy our free institutions.

If we look back into the history of our land we find it is full of instruction. I look back into the history of this great continent with profound reverence, and with the conviction that this is God's most favored land. For fifty-five centuries this continent was unknown to the rest of the world. At length Columbus, piloted by an unforeseen finger, discovered it, and the New World was introduced to the Old.

A hundred and ninety years passed—but a breath of eternity, a span in the history of nations—and a frail bark—so frail that no one in this audience would think of trusting in it the wife of his heart or the children of his love—made its way across the ocean and landed on the bleak shores of New England. Those who came in the *Mayflower* fled from oppression at home to establish a civil and religious liberty in a strange land. Here they were decimated by disease, and daily exposed to the attacks of cruel savages. They buried their dead in silence and secrecy, and smothered over the graves, that the savages might not know that their number was becoming less. They persevered. Others came to fill up the ranks, and at last they triumphed. A hundred and fifty years more pass by—another span in the world's history—another breath of eternity—and our fathers, grown to the number of three millions, still feeble and poor in the means to protect themselves, and one-third of their number devoted to the British Crown, threw down the gauntlet at the feet of the most powerful nation on earth. There was all the odds against the young colonies, as the world calculates odds. Our fathers were poor in all the resources necessary for such an emergency, bankrupt in all but faith and devotion to a noble cause. But they were inspired, as the young Republican party has been inspired, by a love of liberty, and for seven long and weary years they carried on a war against their enemies. Finally the God of battles gave them victory. The tie between us and England was thus severed, and the fathers adopted the grand principles of the Declaration of Independence—that baptismal vow with which we were born into the family of nations—that all men were born equal.

This was your noble, heroic, patriotic work. How triumphantly have you been vindicated! Where are now the men who then denounced and vilified you? They are, on that issue, as silent as the grave. No one of them dares to wag his tongue against your work. You have been the most magnificently indorsed party that ever existed. Our enemies being our judges, we are vindicated before the on-looking world.

This is a record of which you have a right to be proud. A few years at most, and all these thousands shall have passed away. We shall have been laid away beneath the clouds of the valley, but what we have accomplished in this great struggle shall live in history,

brightening under the eye of posterity as age after age shall roll away; and your children and your children's children shall arise and call you blessed, because amid the very chaos of civil war you dared to attack this vile institution, because you hurled this young and progressive party against the infernal wrong with one hand while you struck down the rebellion with the other. This was your work. Is it not a record to make us all proud of our membership in the party that accomplished it? Do you wonder that my heart swells as I feel that this glorious work is part and parcel of my history, he it is of yours—and that it is written down on the pages of our nation's history where no one can ever obliterate it? As the J. H. Michell, Dolph & Smith, the 10

Nor is this all. You had a noble, large-hearted, patriotic President—faithful to his oath, faithful to the Constitution, and faithful against the rebellion. Like Yarro, he never despaired of the republic. He was willing to go down with the ruins of his country rather than to see it surrender into the hands of its enemies. You remember how bitterly he was denounced and vilified as a despot—how he was likened to Nero and Caligula, and to every tyrant whose dark deeds blackened the pages of history. He was branded as a tyrant, vilified as a usurper, denounced as a despot; but you stood by him amid this tempest storm of denunciation, and when the bullet of rebel assassin hurled him into the presence of his Maker, the whole civilized world were mourners at his tomb. Lifting himself by his honesty and devotion to principle from the humblest position in life to the proudest position on the globe, from the top of Fame's ladder he stepped to the sky.

It is a part of our pride and glory as a party when reverse and disaster threatened to crush the nation's power, we stood by him through all the dark hours.

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The Vancouver Register.

VANCOUVER, W. T.

SATURDAY, DEC. 8, 1866.

AGENTS FOR THE REGISTER:

L. P. FISHER, San Francisco. HERRICK & CAPLES, St. Helena. H. MUNSON, Olympia. HUDSON & MENET are our only authorized Agents to the Atlantic States.

THE INDIAN QUESTION.

I see by the following extract from the correspondence of the S. F. Bulletin that General Sherman's solution of the Indian Question agrees with my own, published in the Frontier Scout, at Fort Rice, Dakota Territory, in 1865, so I have taken the liberty of republishing it, it accounts for the sparance of our population on the coast:

A TRANSFER OF ADMINISTRATION NEEDED. I see from the papers that General Sherman is of the opinion that the Indian Bureau has been mismanaged from the beginning, that a long time ago. It was the great mistake in the organization of the Freedmen's Bureau that it was not put in the hands of the army, instead of being made a mongrel affair.

Probably on no subject has there been such clashing in national affairs, and such a contrariety of opinion as on the Indian question. The diseased body politic for the last five years has had its pains aggravated by continued Indian outbreaks and the most horrid massacres on the frontiers. Rebel emissaries no doubt have been among the different tribes, setting them on to deeds of desperation, but not alone avowed enemies, but professed friends have caused us much trouble.

But they love the Indian as a poor piece does a rich uncle. They like to have soldiers in the country to protect them against the savages, whom they have raised to the height of desperation by their imposition and rascality. They wish to manage the soldiery, and have a Major General waiting for their beck like an orderly for H. H. Qrs. While soldiers are protecting their interests in the Territories, they are at Washington log-rolling for those they can use as tools, or writing from their harems of squaws about a demerolized military. Such is a true picture. Many of those same traders have abetted the Rebellion all they were able to do, and often while Minnesota soldiers have been abroad fighting rebels, their wives and children have been murdered at home in cold blood by savages these traders have encouraged and pampered, in order to effect their pettries.

What care they if thousands stand waiting to press into Nevada, Montana, Idaho, Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Oregon and Washington. "Let them wait," they cry, "till we are full." Thus this vast area of Territory is monopolized by a few leeches, too cowardly to fight, men who in this Rebellion have gone to the Territories to escape being drafted, and who hate a blue coat as the Enemy of all righteousness hates the Children of Light. Let a soldier who has fought all through the Rebellion apply for a chance to fill to moderation his depleted pocket, and he doesn't stand the chance of a pauper's seventh baby. He is only to be used as a tool for the Indian Bureau, H. H. Qrs. for Indian speculators and Indian traders. The soldier engaged pettries, but he is not allowed to buy a robe of an Indian to protect him from a winter whose cold ranges forty degrees below zero. The present attitude of Indian affairs in the country seems to render martial law necessary, yet at the same time civilians broken down, or more likely cut down, in the States must bear the sway. Does an officer in the Territories attempt to do his duty, the Indian agents, and their adherents jump on him at once, like Dakotan wolves on a stray buffalo.

President Lincoln cleaned out the States, and if President Johnson will clean out the Territories we shall be a happy people. He can only do this by upholding the military, and his brave soldiers. Must a man with the sanctimony of a Pharisee and the rapacity of a Shylock, dictate to men who have gathered their laurels on every bloody field of the Rebellion? Should a Washington be subservient to an Astor? Must the old rule of dollars versus bravery, virtue and goodness return? Then as a nation we have gained nothing. Our disease may take a new form, but we are not cured. The Indian Bureau is the slave power of the Territories. But its own corruption will be its fall. It may strive with gold dust to blind the national sense of justice, our great Republican Samsen, but he will yet pull down its temple of fraud on the shoulders of its adherents. Every day is writing words of doom on its walls. But yesterday the news reached us that a battle had

H. MOSKOWITZ & CO., Cigar Manufacturers.

And Dealers in

Tobacco, Yankee Notions, &c.

Corner Front and Stark Streets, near Commodore Hotel, at East Portland Ferry.

PORTLAND OREGON.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to. Nov. 28, 1866. - n7-3m.

B. F. GILTNER & CO., ST. HELENS, OREGON.

Dealers in

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, BEST BRANDS TOBACCO AND CIGARS, READY MADE CLOTHING, &c., &c.

Customers will find our stock complete, comprising many articles it is impossible here to enumerate, and all sold at moderate prices.

As all indebted to the above firm are requested to settle before the 1st of January, of their accounts will be left with a lawyer for collection. n7-1f.

Earthquakes and Cheap Goods!

CHRISTMAS!

W. B. NORMAN,

N. E. Corner Washington and First Streets.

Wholesale & Retail Dealer in

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes

TOYS, YANKEE NOTIONS,

CUTLERY, FISHING TACKLE, WILLOW WARE, STATIONERY, PLAYING CARDS, FANCY GOODS, &c.

Portland, Oregon.

Mr. Norman has just arrived from San Francisco, with a new supply of goods. He has bought them at low rates on account of the panic there, and will sell them at a still lower price than they can be bought in New York.

Portland, Oregon, Nov. 28, 1866. n7-1m.

S. A. STANSBERRY, L. F. PROTZMAN.

STANSBERRY & PROTZMAN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps,

Groceries and Provisions

Corner of Front and Yamhill Streets, Portland, Oregon.

Highest cash price paid for

ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Nov. 28, 1866. - n7-1y.

D. C. COLEMAN, WM. A. DALY.

COLEMAN & DALY,

No. 13 Alder Street, Portland, Oregon.

General Collecting and Business Agents, Conveyancers, Accountants, Etc., Foreign, Domestic, and all other Claims against Government presented. n7-3m.

ACCOMMODATION BOAT!

STEAMER "RANGER"

J. N. FISHER, Master.

Will leave Portland for MONTICELLO on Monday, Wednesday and Saturday.

On Wednesday she will go to OAK POINT, W. T.

On Friday and Saturday the Ranger will run the river to the mouth of the Willamette, through the Willamette mouth on Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, leaving Monticello at 10 o'clock, at all way landings.

For Freight or Passage, apply on board, at American Exchange wharf. Nov. 24-1y.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Mrs. Catherine Pope has been appointed Administratrix of the Estate of John Pope, an all persons having claims against said Estate are requested to present them within one year from date to the undersigned, who has been duly appointed as Administrator of said Estate. CATHERINE POPE, Administratrix. Dated Nov. 28, 1866. - n7-1y.

UMBRELLAS.

SILK UMBRELLAS, ALPACA UMBRELLAS, GINGHAM UMBRELLAS, CAMBRIE UMBRELLAS.

The Largest and Finest Assortment ever offered for sale in Oregon, at Wholesale or Retail, very cheap.

WM. CURRIER & CO., 103 Front Street.

Gents' Paper Collars.

FINISHED PAPER COLLARS, Wholesale or Retail at less than San Francisco prices.

WM. CURRIER & CO., 103 Front Street.

Fashionable Clothing.

MADE TO ORDER, FROM GOODS OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION, at Low Price and Better Style than any other house in Oregon.

WM. CURRIER & CO., Merchant Tailors and Clothiers, 103 Front Street.

FINE CUSTOM CLOTHING

AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

FOR OWN IMPORTATION AND MANUFACTURE, selling at less price than can be purchased at any other Store in Portland.

WM. CURRIER & CO., 104 Front Street.

Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-1f.

Donnerberg & Barrett

Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters,

No. 130 First Street.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Will keep constantly on hand,

HOT WATER BOILERS, BATH TUBS, HOT AND COLD WATER SHOWERS, SILVER PLATED BASIN COCKS, MARBLE SINKS, MARBLE WASH BASINS, WATER COCKETS, DOUGLAS PUMPS & LIFT PUMPS, LEAD AND WROUGHT IRON PIPE, SHEET LEAD, ZINC, IRON SINKS, STEAM WHISTLES, SCOTCH TURBS, STEAM GAUGES, BANCA TIN, BRASS COCKS and a variety of Brass work for Steam, Water and Gas.

Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-1f.

been fought at Fort Berthold, where Indians who have just obtained annuities at the Yankton Agency murdered the friendly Indians at that Post. Indians, to suit the traders, must be brought in during the winter with their peltries, and must be subsisted and fed with Government rations, and go out in the spring to murder whom they please. One fact is patent, an Indian trader can go among them and if he furnishes them with ammunition he is safe. Troops are kept here at vast expense to the Government to act as body-guard and menials for these men, generally disloyal and always rapacious. Government sends a Major General and gives him directions as particular as you would give a half-wit sent on an errand, and orders him to report to an Agent of the genus, Rev. Aminadab Sleek, furnishing toothpicks for the amelioration of the Hottentots. The only way for the Government to do is to give these Indian affairs into the charge of a General who has proved his love of right by perilling his life in defence of his country's integrity, and give him power untrammelled by Indian Bureaus, Indian traders, speculators and ameliorators, and let him clean out this Augean stable by pouring the river of a healthy civilization through its length and breadth. Can a man fight with his hands tied behind him? Soldiers in the States, and must save us in the Territories. If we are lenient we shall yet sit at the feet of Abraham, while the whole posse of Indian traders, like Dives, will be in hell, where they ought to have been long ago.

Schools, School Funds, &c.

I am frequently asked how much money there will be this year to the scholar. I answer (and this is intended for all) I do not know—that is I cannot tell what we shall have. I can say this, however, there will be between fifty cents and two dollars and twenty cents per pupil to be distributed. The County Commissioners thinking, I imagine, that they were doing right, passed an order their August session, taking between \$1,500 and \$1,600, that is \$1.58 40, from the school fund and placing the same to the credit of the Special County Fund. I cannot now enter argument to show that they were mistaken in their construction of the law, suffice to say that they and I differ in opinion. I have asked them to hold a Special Session to settle our differences, should they do so, all will be right, otherwise I shall be obliged to do one of two things—let them keep the money or bring a suit against them, but some say "Why have you not sued before?" I answer because I hoped and still hope to settle with the Commissioners, and because I do not care to take upon myself the risk and anxiety of a lawsuit. Remember in case I bring suit against the Commissioners, of course I shall sue them against their will and in case I lose, and the school fund through me, who pays the cost, the county? Of course not, unless by a special order of the Court. Now fellow citizens, particularly you who are so ready to find fault, (commonly called growling) how much will you give to try the case? The attorney's fee is not less than \$50. Must I pay it? If you say as I will do it, but I should be glad if some of the fathers of the children, and mothers, too, if they choose, would stop fault finding and come to the rescue and help dispose of these Commissioners in this matter. Now do one of two things, stop blaming me or come to time and give me your assistance, and then if I don't come to time, why complain and grumble to your heart's content. All that can be done, that will I endeavor, shall be done for the benefit of the children of our county and of future generations. Fellow citizens, what ever else you may do, or fail to do, do not neglect the education of your children. I have thought and said that if there is any indecision which a man (I should say person) is justifiable in incurring without a reasonable hope of being able to discharge it is a debt for the education of his children. Educate your children, pay for it if you can, but if you cannot, educate them anyhow. I incline to the opinion that our country—indeed our Territory—is not doing all that it might and ought to do in this direction. To educate the rising generation is a sacred duty, and no man, or community of men, can properly neglect themselves that neglect it. I have said much more than I intended to when I commenced writing. Again I say, educate your children. I. T. MAULSBY, Superintendent of Schools for Clatsop County.

Letter from Salem, Oregon.

SALEM, NOV. 21, 1866.

Editor Register:

Your letter of 18th inst. containing the information of the action of the Judges of Election of your precinct, regarding your vote, is in hand, and for the information please except my thanks.

At a proper time with your consent I shall make use of the letter, and I hope effectively. If our Electors will consent I propose to fight this matter to the bitter end—and the time has arrived for the actual voters of Oregon to assert their right to rule the State. \* \* \*

If the franchise is not retained in its purity, it is not worth having, and I for one am ready to accept the ulterior proposition made by the Copperhead orators from one end of this State to the other, viz:

"If we cannot win at the ballot-box (that and the cartridge-box)— If we cannot win by ballots we will by bullets." The foregoing was their stock in trade through the last four campaigns in this State.

Now I propose that we ring the changes on them for the next two years and give them what they seem to so anxiously desire. They have placed the State through the action of the Legislature in a position of hostility to the general government, and it is our duty as loyal citizens to drive them until they surrender. Yours respectfully,

M. P. BERRY.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the P. S. and C. R. R. Co., held on Saturday Nov. 28, 1866, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Board be extended to Mrs. S. D. Maxon, Mrs. Capt. Ingram and Mrs. Mowder, of Vancouver, W. T., for the appropriate presentation of a Company flag.

Resolved, That the Secretary furnish a copy of the resolutions to the Editor of the Vancouver Register for publication.

A. G. COOK, Secretary.

They say Butler stole spoons, but how much better is Oregon's Congressional Representative who was known to steel forks, but not the ones he sought however?

P. H. FOX, Civil & Military Tailor, VANCOUVER, W. T.

Has removed his shop directly opposite "Chase John's" Store. He returns thanks to the citizens of Vancouver and Clatsop County generally, for past favors, hoping to merit a continuance of the same.

Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-1y.

CHAS. E. DUBOIS, Manufacturer and Dealer in FURS OF ALL KINDS.

No. 102 1/2 First Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Furs of all kinds constantly on hand AND MADE TO ORDER.

Furs Cleaned and Repaired.

Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-2y.

First Premium State Fair.

PORTLAND MANUFACTORY.

A. GRABENHIEM, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

ROOTS & SHOES, 94 Front St., bet. Washington and Alder, PORTLAND, OREGON.

EVERY VARIETY OF Ladies', Gents', Misses' & Children's Wear

Made to Order and Warranted to Represent.

Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-3m.

G. C. RIDER,

Corner FIRST and SALMON Streets, (Opposite Hargren & Shindler's.)

Portland, Oregon.

MANUFACTURER OF SPRING, HAIR, FEATHER, Wool, Bone and Palm Brist.

—AND DEALER IN—

BLANKETS, BED-SPREADS, COUNTERPANES, COMFORTERS, SHIRTS, PILLOW-CASES, and all kinds of bedding materials.

Oregon made Furniture constantly kept on hand. Furniture repaired, cleaned and varnished. Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-1f.

DIRECT Importation For the Fall Trade.

S. J. McCORMICK HAS JUST RECEIVED HIS ANNUAL installment of

NEW, NOVEL, AND BEAUTIFUL TOYS!

Rich Chase and Elegant FANCY GOODS!

RARE, HANDSOME AND USEFUL

Gifts and Presents!

All of which were purchased in New York FOR CASH, and are offered to dealers and others, in quantities to suit, July

TEN PER CENT LESS THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES

THIS STOCK EMBRACES ALL THE

New Novelties of the Day!

Fresh from Eastern Importers.

AND COMBINES THE

LARGEST STOCK IN THE STATE

WITH THE

Handsomest Goods!

AND THE

CHEAPEST PRICES!

Call and be Convinced!!!

Full Catalogues sent on Application!

S. J. McCORMICK, [Santa Clara's Headquarters.]

105 Front Street, PORTLAND.

Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-1m.

NEW STORE!

RANDALL & SUNDERLAND,

Corner of Front and Alder Sts., (next door to Postoffice.)

ARE OPENING THEIR

New Stock of Boots and Shoes,

Comprising every variety of

LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR

Now Manufactured,

Which we propose to sell Extremely Low for Cash.

All Goods of our own Manufacture Warranted.

RANDALL & SUNDERLAND.

Nov. 21, 1866. - n6-1f.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED OUT OF the District of Washington Territory and to me directed and delivered in favor of Amos Underwood, and against F. G. Innes for the sum of three hundred and twenty-five dollars and eighteen cents, (125 18/100) judgment, and thirty-three dollars (\$33) costs with two per cent per month interest from November first 1867 until paid. I have levied upon (for want of personal property) the following described real estate situated in Skamania county, W. T. to wit: The Northeast quarter of the Northwest quarter and Lots No. 6, 7, 8 & 9, in Section No. 1, in Township No. 2, North of Range No. 7, East of the Willamette Meridian, containing 66 1/2-100 acres, also the North half of the Donation Land Claim of Felix G. Innes, No. 44, being part of Section No. 2 and also, in Township No. 2, North of Range No. 7, East of the Willamette Meridian, containing 363 1/2-100 acres and also the North half being part of Section No. 2 and also, in Township No. 2, North of Range No. 7, East of the Willamette Meridian, containing 166 acres more or less.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell the above described piece or pieces of land on the premises, on Saturday the 17th day of December 1866 at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day at a public auction, a judgment of sale for the sum of \$1,355 18 and 33/100 cents with two per cent per month interest from November first A. D. 1867 until paid together with costs and accruing costs.

A. K. McJANNET, Sheriff of Skamania County, W. T. Cascade, W. T. Nov. 19, 1866. - n6-1m.

Railroad Items.

The railroad meeting at Brant's Hall on Wednesday evening, Dec. 2d, was one of the largest and most enthusiastic meetings ever held in this city. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Gay Hayden. Speeches were made by S. W. Brown, Rev. H. K. Hines, Rev. M. Salles and others. A large amount of land in and adjoining the city was donated to the railroad company, provided they bring their track across the Columbia river at Vancouver. Nearly every property holder donated half his property. It is generally believed that the railroad will cross at Vancouver. Quite a number of new-comers are locating here. Property is increasing in value. As Mr. Hines would say, "This smells like the States."

To haul 40 bushels of corn 50 miles on a wagon would cost at least \$12 for a team, driver and expenses. A railroad would transport it for \$4 at most. Allowing an average of 40 bushels per acre, the crop would be worth \$8 more per acre, or 8 per cent, on the \$100. As the relative advantage is about the same for other crops, it is clear that a Railroad passing through a town would add \$100 an acre to the value of the farms. A town ten miles square contains 64,000 acres. An increase of \$100 per acre is equal to \$6,400,000, or enough to build 200 miles of Railroad, even if it cost \$32,000 per mile. But 200 miles of railroad would extend through twenty towns ten miles square and cost but \$5 per acre if taxed upon the land. These figures are given merely as an illustration. If the farmers had taxed themselves to build all the railroads in the country, and given them away to any companies that would stock and run them, the present increased value of their lands would have well repaid the outlay.

PORTLAND AD.—We would call attention to the advertisement of H. Moskowitz & Co., cigar manufacturers. Everything in their line is perfect, besides their price is reasonable. Don't forget to notice their Ad and don't forget to buy of them if you want a good bargain. Every one should go to Norman's. He has a grand display of goods for the holidays. He has lately been to Frisco for a new supply.

Stansbery & Protzman have opened a splendid store. You can get an outfit in the way of clothes and also provisions to use in the family. If you have country produce to buy or sell, give them a call.

Coleman & Daly have opened a general business agency. Mr. Daly was formerly local of the Herald. He is brother of the celebrated Divine that produced such a sensation here by lectures on the Holy Land. Discharged soldiers who have pensions to collect should entrust their business to them. It will be well attended to.

Hurford & Hibbard have an advertisement that will pay any one to peruse. They are live business men, and do a general business.— They are honorable men to deal with. Mr. Hibbard is an old friend of ours. Give them a call, their prices are reasonable.

VANCOUVER AD.—We would again call attention to Sains & Schuele's advertisement. Farmers and citizens will alike be suited whenever they trade with them. They have just received a large and splendid assortment of boots and shoes of the latest styles, direct from San Francisco, which they offer at figures lower than ever was sold in this city. Call, examine, and judge for yourselves.

We listened on Sunday to a very able discourse from Rev. A. S. Nicholson. There was a fine use of antithesis, and succinctness of expression which showed he had studied the masters of the English tongue. The ideas, too, were as original as they were elegantly uttered. Every sermon we hear from him seems better than its predecessor.

Simple & Co. have gone to San Francisco to get material to start a new Democratic paper in Portland. This reminds me of the darkey who was going to keep tavern when everybody else was dead.

Louis B. Young has painted a fine portrait of the coming man at his Shaving Emporium. He shows much enterprise and should be patronized. He has a fine show case in the window. Soaps, hair oils, pomatums, essences, hair brushes, combs, perfumes, all that goes to constitute a beautiful toilet he offers for sale. He has as good an assortment as can be found in any city.

Captain Craig, of the Q. M. Dept. presented us a five franc piece of 1812, with a portrait of Napoleon the First on it. Those of that date are said to be rare, and would readily bring \$2 50 among lovers of numismatics. The portrait is said to be the most correct of any of those struck in honor of the Great Warrior.

Write for the paper, sending \$3 in the letter.—Etc. We like such correspondents.

A half drunken soldier of the garrison being solicited to take a REGISTER replied: "A soldier's taking a paper is all poppycock—to-day you get it, and to-morrow you don't get it for a month."

Adjutant H—'s wife of the garrison, was walking on the parade ground one day, when a soldier, an Irishman, accosted her thus: "Are you the Adjutant's wife?" "Yes," was the response. "Did he send for you to the States?" "Yes," still further replied the lady. "And fath I wouldn't mind paying the freight of one of the likes of you for myself, sure," rejoined Pat.

In a certain school not a thousand miles from here, a case of contested scholarship was left by the teacher to the vote of the scholars. All the boys but one voted in favor of the boy, and all the girls and one boy in favor of the girl, when one of the pupils exclaimed, "All the girls but one boy voted for Florence!"

Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Chills and Fever, and Fever and Ague are all speedily cured and permanently banished from the system by the use, as directed, of Bristol's Sarsaparilla and Pills. The hardest Ague Cakes quickly disappear under their healing influence. For sale by all druggists,

L. LACOUR & CO., MANUFACTURERS, SAN FRANCISCO.

MANUFACTURE ALL THE LACOUR'S Sarsapariphere BITTERS!

(1st PRIZE AWARDED AT THE LATE STATE FAIR)

Manufactured, as the name denotes, from Sarsaparilla and other healthy roots and berries, a CERTAINLY PURELY VEGETABLE.

"The Elegant!"

Lately introduced, and the most celebrated of modern aperitifs and stomachic tonics, it being composed of the French Cognac, distilled with Coffee, Peppermint Bark and other anti-dyspeptic ingredients, leaving the breath sweet and balmy.

LACOUR'S

Jamaica Ginger.

An article equal to any imported, and greatly superior to any other manufactured in this State, being composed of every respectable Juice and Brandy on the Pacific Coast.

Three or four generations have passed, and what triumphs do we behold! We spread until we filled the vast valley of the Mississippi and our banner waved from the crystal lakes of Minnesota to where the Father of Rivers pours his water into the southern gulf.

Then we scaled the Rocky Mountains—those grand watch-towers of our national heritage—and planted upon the golden shores of the Pacific coast, fronting upon the continent of Asia, the birthplace of mankind.

As a nation we have gone forward with a rapidity unparalleled in history, with strides before unknown. We have developed in agricultural, mineral and industrial resources more than any other land in the range of ancient or modern history.

Now that it is over, its strides of progress and power are more rapid than ever before, and such as no other nation ever experienced.

The Ku Klux Klan are led by the same men who dared to raise their hands against the flag. These men have failed in their undertaking to strike down our institutions by open war, now seek to wreak their vengeance at midnight upon defenseless negroes and Union white men.

It is to the shame of the country that these outrages continue, and it will be to the extreme glory of the Republican party when Grant is elected that these outrages shall cease.

What is Government for? The Declaration of Independence says all men were created equal. You are familiar with that. We are the only party, every member of which believes and proclaims that doctrine.

The "carpet-bagger" is the Northern Union man who has settled in the South. If a brave soldier who went down and fought to suppress the rebellion saw fit to buy a farm with his money, as he had a right to do, and settled upon it, he is called a carpet-bagger.

The "scalawag" is an American citizen of the South, whose devotion to the Union made him an enemy of the rebellion, who refused to trample upon the flag of his fathers, who refused to give up that birthright of liberty which had been purchased by the blood of the Revolution.

The "carpet-bagger" is the Northern Union man who has settled in the South. If a brave soldier who went down and fought to suppress the rebellion saw fit to buy a farm with his money, as he had a right to do, and settled upon it, he is called a carpet-bagger.

Let me speak of one thing more that renders the record of this Republican party glorious. It is the only party that has prevented the whole power in the rebellious States from going back into the hands of those men.

But we are met with the response that we are for negro equality. We have heard that cry for a long time. There is One who is not afraid of negro equality. He who holds the destinies of nations in the hollow of his hand.

One thing more and I conclude. This noble party of which I have spoken to you is the only one that stands upon the rights of man,

Special Notices.

The Vancouver Hibernian Benevolent Society hold their regular monthly meetings on the first Thursday evening of each month at 7 o'clock.

Vancouver Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F. holds its regular meetings at their new Hall in Durgan's Brick building, on Saturday evenings at 8 o'clock.

Lincoln Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T., Meets every Tuesday evening at 7 1/2 o'clock at Odd Fellows Hall in Durgan & Co's building.

Columbia Lodge, No. 2, I. O. G. T., Meets every Wednesday evening at 7 1/2 o'clock at the New Hall corner of Main and 10th street.

Religious. The regular hours for Divine Service at the M. E. Church are 10 1/2 o'clock A. M., and 6 1/2 o'clock P. M.

The regular hours for Divine Service in St. Luke's (Episcopal) Church are 11 A. M., and 7 P. M.

STAR OF THE UNION CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

These delicious Stomach Bitters are entirely Vegetable, and free from alcohol and every harmful ingredient.

DR. HUFFLAND'S CELEBRATED SWISS STOMACH BITTERS! The best Purifier of the Blood! Pleasant Tonic!

COLGATE & COMPANY TOILET SOAPS. Has a DELICIOUS PERFUME, and produces an extremely BENEFICIAL EFFECT upon the skin.

COLGATE & CO'S Primrose Toilet Soap. Has a DELICIOUS PERFUME, and produces an extremely BENEFICIAL EFFECT upon the skin.

The Earthquake may shake up San Francisco, but Portland, Oregon, is all right and so are BECK & WALDMAN.

CLOTHING, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES. Foreign, Domestic, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

Portland Academy. Female Seminary. No effort is spared to make this school worthy of the very liberal patronage it receives.

Sohns & Schuele! DEALERS IN MERCHANDISE. CORNER OF 6TH AND MAIN ST., VANCOUVER, W. T.

Hyman Bros. ORIGINAL CHEAP JOHN. Corner of Front and Alder Streets, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Tobacco, Cigars, Yankee Notions, Etc.

WOOL! WOOL!!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED. For which the highest market price will be paid.

that demands protection for every citizen rich or poor, learned or unlearned, white or black, on our own shores and wherever they may go throughout the world.

Protection in the South, protection in the North, protection abroad, is its motto. Head your statute book and you will find that this Republican party is the first one in our history that has proclaimed by legislation to the world that every foreign born citizen naturalized in our Courts shall, wherever he goes, carry with him the impregnable shield and bulwark of American citizenship.

Under the administration of General Grant, we will have American citizenship as proud a protection as Roman citizenship in its palmy days. When Paul stood in the midst of his enemies, and they were about to scourge him, he said to them in the language of confidence, "Touch me not, for I am a Roman citizen," and the officer shrunk back, for he realized that if he laid the weight of a finger upon him, Rome would punish him for the offense.

STARBUCK AFFRAY.—On last Friday evening between 7 and 8 o'clock Mr. John Maney of this city was in Damphofer's Lager Beer Saloon, when Mr. H. Leonard came in, and slapped him on the top of his head with the open hand, and commenced what is commonly called "sky-larking," from which some feeling between the parties arose, when Leonard, who was a very powerful man, seized Maney by the throat, and shoved him against the wall, at the same time saying, "You owe me some money, and you must pay it."

A complete assortment of Buckingham's Premium French Calf Hand-Made San Francisco Boots. Orders from the country promptly attended to.

The Vancouver Water Co. commenced walling their reservoir Dec. 1st. R. Glover has the contract of building the same. The Co. intends to furnish the Ordnance Department with water within fourteen days.

A lady in town said she was going to Portland to get her teeth fixed, and she should go to Mack, and Hatch!

A play entitled the "Dead Heart," was acted at the Oro Fino Theatre last night with splendid scenery and costumes. Mr. and Mrs. Bates filled leading parts with good taste. It is such acting as I used to see in Ford's Theatre, Washington, and at the Boston Museum.

We are always sorry to hear of the lapse of a Good Templar. We cannot express our feelings when ever we hear of one going on a bender.

There is a paper published at Port Townsend familiarly known among its patrons as the Saucy, Our devil accounts for it on the supposition that the editor is a gut.

IF YOU WANT GOOD AND DURABLE BOOTS & SHOES

Who have received Largest, Cheapest and Best Assortment of Goods. In their line ever offered to the City of Portland.

R. D. WHITE & CO'S BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE. No. 131 First Street, (MONASTES' BLOCK)

Who have received Largest, Cheapest and Best Assortment of Goods.

Boots and Shoes at any Price! Calf Boots as low as \$2.50, Men's Heavy Boots \$2.00.

Farmers' Willamette Valley Water Proof Slaughter Boots, \$2.00.

Infants' Shoes as low as 10 cents.

San Francisco Custom-made Work 33 per cent less than ever sold here before.

\$25,000 worth of Sierlich's Philadelphia Stock, which will be sold at 20 per cent less than heretofore!

Wenker's Philadelphia Boots, Double and Single Soles.

A complete assortment of Buckingham's Premium French Calf Hand-Made San Francisco Boots.

R. D. WHITE & CO., 131 First Street, Portland, Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

Dental Notice. HOME AGAIN

During my tour of two years in the Eastern States I have spared neither time nor money to make myself perfectly familiar with and master of my profession.

DR. J. G. GLENN. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

VANCOUVER BATH HOUSE! Hair Dressing Saloon!

Hot and Cold Baths, SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING.

Perfumeries and Hair Restoratives of superior quality always on hand.

Louis B. Young, Inventor of L. B. Young's world renowned "EUREKA HAIR TONIC."

J. McHenry, No. 94 Front-street, Portland, Oregon.

Has on hand, and is constantly receiving direct from the East, a large and carefully selected

Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Painted Ware, Etc.

Wholesale and Retail. Dealers will do well to call and examine his stock, and learn his prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

NATHANIEL THWING, HAVING REMOVED TO NO 88 FRONT STREET.

Saddles, Harness and Collars. Of every description, all of which will be sold low for CASH.

CARRIAGE TRIMMING! Done in the neatest manner. And by Honesty, Industry and Civility as principles upon which I establish my business.

PAINTS AND OILS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES and all kinds of Painters materials just received by Steamer from San Francisco.

DAVID WALL, Druggist, is determined to keep home trade at home, if selling none but the best articles in his line at the lowest prices, will accomplish it.

It will be seen by an Ad. elsewhere that the ladies of St. Luke's Church designs having a Tableau Exhibition at Oro Fino Hall, Dec. 29th. Their enterprise merits encouragement.

What part of the rolling stock of the West-side railroad will Mr. Bull, editor of the Commercial, constitute? Ans. The cow-catcher, of course.

"CAN'T CARRY KENTUCKY."—The Louisville Courier tells an amusing incident in a railroad car. A Republican and a Democrat were discussing the chances of their respective candidates, when a Second Adventist, who was returning from the great Advent camp-meeting in Connecticut, drawled out:

"You are both mistaken, my friends; the Lord Jesus Christ will be the President of the United States in 1869." Hardly had this sage prediction been uttered when a big Kentuckian on the other side of the aisle, who had heard the first speaker rather indistinctly, jumped to his feet, and bringing down his fist shouted, "I'll bet you twenty-five dollars he doesn't carry Kentucky."

MARRIED. At the residence of Mr. James Fowler in this City, Nov. 20, by Jos. Brant, Justice of the Peace, Mr. David Wells, to Miss Mary Jane Henderson.

At the Pacific House, Nov. 20, by J. F. Smith, J. P. Mr. Andrew J. Board to Miss Abigail Cotterell, both of Linn county, Oregon.

By the same at the same time and place, Mr. William Calvin to Miss Maria C. Board, both of Linn county, Oregon.

By the same at the same place, Mr. Wm. H. Reed to Miss Charlotte E. Parks, both of Umatilla county, Oregon.

Grand Tableau! THE LADIES OF ST. LUKE'S CHURCH WILL GIVE A Tableau Entertainment at ORO FINO HALL, Tuesday Eve. Dec. 29, 1868.

Doors open at 7 o'clock. Admittance 50 cents. Refreshments served at the Hall extra.

NEW COLUMBIAN HOTEL. No. 119, 120 and 122 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE LARGEST, BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT Hotel in Portland. Located in the centre of business and near all the Steamboat Landings.

Board and Lodging. At reasonable rates, according to the room occupied.

Free of Charge! Dec. 3, 1868. nd-1f.

Watches and Jewelry AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICE! MAKING ARRANGEMENTS TO LAY IN A LARGE Stock of Goods for the coming holidays, I propose to sell my present assortment.

At Greatly Reduced Prices. I have now on hand a very extensive stock of FINE GOLD & SILVER WATCHES.

DIAMONDS, CALIFORNIA JEWELRY, AND Solid Silver and Plated Ware.

ENGRAVING DONE FREE OF CHARGE, ON GOODS PURCHASED AT MY ESTABLISHMENT.

Seth Thomas' Clocks For Sale.—Wholesale and Retail.

Particular attention paid to REPAIRING OF WATCHES, MANUFACTURING OF JEWELRY, ENAMELING, ENGRAVING, and SETTING OF DIAMONDS in the most durable manner and latest style.

L. C. HENRICHSEN, (Successor to Jacob O'Brien) No. 105 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

VAN FRIDAGH AND CO. Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, FANCY

MILLINERY GOODS, SHAWLS, AND MANTILLAS, No. 123 Front Street,

Between Morrison and Yamhill, Portland, Oregon. Oct. 24, 1868.—nd-1f.

MEUSSDORFFER BROTHERS Offer their entire stock of AND HAT MATERIAL, AND STORE FIXTURES!

FOR SALE AT COST, UNTIL DECEMBER 1ST, To close the Store they now occupy at No. 12 Front street, and will, after that date, RE-OPEN AT THE CORNER OF FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS.

In White's New Building! The prettiest HAT STORE ever opened on the Pacific Coast.

THE FALL AND WINTER STYLE FOR 1868, IN SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS, IS NOW READY.

ALL OVER THE WORLD people of sense and judgment have learned to use PLANTATION BITTERS.

Dyspepsia, with its symptoms, Headache, Heartburn, Febrile Eruptions, Bad Breath, Salivary Complaints, &c., can be cured by using PLANTATION BITTERS.

This is the most efficacious tonic of the age. Young, middle-aged and old, are delighted with its effects. The first trial always has a marked good effect.

No change of diet necessary. Use all you wish, of the best and most nutritious food.

It is the greatest cure ever known for an overloaded and disordered stomach, which it restores to a healthy condition.

We know that we have the best and most popular medicine in the world. We are not afraid to show what it is composed of.

PREPARED AND GUARANTEED TO BE ACCURATE BY CALVERT BARKER—A thorough, scientific and testable analysis having been made by the chemist of the King of France, for the enormous price of its own weight in silver. It is remarkable for Dyspepsia, Fever, Weakness, Constipation, &c.

CASCABELLA BARK.—For Diarrhoea, Colic, and disease of the stomach and bowels.

DANDELION.—For inflammation of the Lungs and Dropsical Affections.

CASABILLA FLOWERS.—For enlarged Spleen.

LAVENDER FLOWERS.—Aromatic, stimulant and tonic—highly laudable in nervous debility.

WARMING OIL.—For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c.

ANISE.—An aromatic carminative; creating fresh mucus and milk much used by mothers nursing.

ALCOHOLIC EXTRACTS.—Orange, Caraway, Coriander, Carduus, &c.

Another wonderful ingredient, of Spanish origin, imparting beauty to the complexion and brilliancy to the mind, is yet unknown to the commerce of the world, and we withhold its name for the present.

With this recipe before the community, and evidence of its efficacy, we are confident that the people of every country will be enabled to cure themselves of the most distressing diseases, and to preserve their health and vigor.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an immediate beneficial effect. They are accordingly, applicable, perfectly pure and harmless.

Notice.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by retail, as a superior and impostor. It is put up only in our log cabin bottles. Beware of bottles filled with imitation deleterious stuff, for which several persons have suffered in prison. Beware of bottles that have our United States stamp over the cork, imitated, and our signature on steel-plate side label.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

W. H. DRAKE & CO. New York, Sole Proprietors. REDINGTON & CO. San Francisco, AGENTS FOR CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT. The merits of this Liniment are well known. Its effects are instantaneous, soothing, and wonderful.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, sea-sickness, and certain to occur in every family, that a bottle of this Liniment is the best investment that can be made.

It is more certain than the doctor's—save time in seeking for the doctor—it is cheaper than the doctor, and should never be dispensed with.

READ THE FOLLOWING. "I take pleasure in recommending the Mexican Mustang Liniment as a valuable and indispensable article for Sprains, Burns, Bruises, Cuts, and all other ailments. I have used it for Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Rheumatism, &c., and all say it acts like magic."

Formulas for Amey's, Wells, Barber's and Hildner's Express, and domestic agents.

"The sprain of my daughter's ankle, contracted while skating last winter, was entirely cured in one week, after she commenced using your celebrated Mustang Liniment." Gloucester, Mass., Aug. 2, 1868. E. BENT.

Quick and sure it certainly is. All genuine liniment is steel-plate engraved, bearing the signature of G. W. Westbrook, Chemist, and the private U. S. stamp of Dr. Wm. Drake & Co. of New York.

An offer has been made to counterfeit it with a cheap stone plate label. Look closely!

Sold by all Druggists, and Grocers, at 25 and 50 cts. per bottle.

LEON'S FLEA POWDER. It is well known that Leon's genuine Flea Powder will perfectly destroy everything in the shape of fleas, ticks, bedbugs, roaches, etc., that it is perfect poison to the insect tribe, but entirely harmless to the human species and domestic animals.

Rebbergs, Ants, Kachas, etc. are in every house. This powder is their natural death. It should be in every cupboard.

JOHN L. ROBEY, Esq., Superintendent of the New York City Hospital, says: "It is the only one of my articles we have ever used."

New York Hotel Proprietors say: "We have used LEON'S MAGNETIC POWDER for exterminating insects and vermin, with entire satisfaction."

COLEMAN & BROTHERS, Astor House, S. T. COLEMAN, American Hotel, ARCH & THOMPSON, St. Nicholas Hotel, S. L. LANE, Jr., St. Nicholas Hotel, S. L. LANE, Jr., St. Nicholas Hotel, S. L. LANE, Jr., St. Nicholas Hotel.

Testimony of this character is not to be added to any length. Wherever it is used it advertises itself.

The genuine has the signature of G. W. Westbrook, and the private U. S. stamp of Dr. Wm. Drake & Co. of New York.

Hold by all Druggists and general storekeepers in every town and village along the Pacific Coast.

Nov. 23, 1867. E. L.

Vancouver House!

AT THE FOOT OF MAIN STREET AND THE LEVEE, NEAR THE LANDING.

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has got the best market affords.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS, IN—

Restaurant Style.

Fresh Oysters ALWAYS ON-HAND AND Served in every Style.

WILLIAM BAKER, Proprietor.

Vancouver, Nov. 21, 1868.—nd-1f.

J. B. CONGLE, 92 Front Street, Portland, Wholesale and Retail Dealer

SADDLERY, HARDWARE, SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS AND HARNESS

Of every Description.

Oct. 21, 1868.—nd-1f.

DAVID WALL, Druggist, is determined to sell at prices as low as any Drug Store in Portland. He receives his importations direct from San Francisco.

C. S. Silver & Co., No. 126 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' DRESS GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, UNCLE SAM'S PROVISIONS. Highest Cash Price paid for all kinds of Country Produce.

NOTICE. C. DOLSON. BEGRUAVE TO NOTIFY HIS CUSTOMERS AND Friends that he is now located with C. S. SILVER & CO., where he guarantees to give satisfaction and sell goods as low as at any house in Portland. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-6m.

NOTICE. C. M. CARTER collects all demands on the U. S., and on any State, such as Bounty, Scrip, or Vouchers, Bank Pay, Lost Bonds and Promissory Notes, Indian Vouchers, and other demands on the U. S. Treasury, and also on the various Acts of Congress, granting annuities to mothers, fathers, or brothers and sisters, back to time of discharge or death of soldier, the arrears to be paid by Pension Agents. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

DOCTOR JIM, Surgeon and Physician, LATE OF WALLA WALLA, W. T. Begs leave to announce to the Citizens of Portland and vicinity, that he has permanently located himself NORTH SIDE OF WASHINGTON ST., SECOND DOOR FROM FIRST. Who's he will attend to Diseases of ALL kinds, and warrants a PERMANENT CURE for all Diseases on the OUTSIDE of a body or no charge. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

PORTLAND BAG FACTORY, No. 85 Front Street, Portland, Oregon. Opposite O. B. N. Co's. Buildings. Bags, Cellings, Awnings, TARPAULINS, TENTS, WAGON COVERS, HOSE, ETC. Kept constantly on hand and Made to Order. Special Contracts at Greatly Reduced Rates. Particular attention paid to Re-Packing Merchandise.

JOHNSON & CO., will receive prompt attention. C. S. SILVER & CO., Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

Jos. Harris & Son TAKE pleasure in informing the ladies, and the public in general, of Portland and vicinity that they have just opened a fine stock of the following goods: Dress goods of all description, SILK OF ALL COLORS, CALICOES, All kinds of Domestic goods, GLOVES, MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, TAILORS' TRIMMINGS, &c. Cloaks and Dresses cut and made in the latest style. Country orders promptly attended to. JOSEPH HARRIS & SON, No. 111 First Street, Portland, Oregon, Opposite Western Hotel. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-3m.

TEETH EXTRACTED AND PAIN MITIGATED By Dr. Richardson's Apparatus. Lately Improved by Dr. Koehler, with Ether Spray. WILLIAM KOEHLER, DENTIST. OFFICE—Southwest corner Front and Yamhill Streets, opposite R. J. Northrup & Co's. Hardware Store. I am now making and mounting numerous other styles of ARTIFICIAL TEETH, the Improved Vulcanite Plates of Dr. W. C. O'Connell's Patent, patented Dec. 3, 1867, the improvement of which consists in fitting the plate doubly as strong and cleaner than the common Vulcanite Plate. It also can be made considerably thinner and lighter, or, where the price is not little below that for common plates. Call and see specimens. N. B.—Dentists wishing to secure the office right for Dr. W. C. O'Connell's Improved Vulcanite Plates can have it made out to them by applying to this office. N. B.—To strangers I would say, that a constantly improving Dental Practice for the last six years in this city, will be a sufficient guarantee for them to receive a First-Class and Finished Piece of Work. Numerous testimonials of the same can be given at the office. Dental Operations Free of Charge to all. Portland, O. S., 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

W. H. Utter & Co. Merchant Tailors, AND GENTS' FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT. 64 Front St. Portland, Oregon, under Commodore Hotel. Portland, Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-2m.

NOTICE! Matches for sale. San Francisco Prices. \$1.75 per Gross. Front Street, opposite J. P. Walker's Sash and Door Factory, PORTLAND, OREGON. J. F. WALSH. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

Administrator's Notice. In the Probate Court of Clatsop County, Washington Territory. In the matter of the Estate of Esther Short, deceased. It appearing to the Judge of said Probate Court, by the petition presented and filed by Henry S. Burdette and Administrator of the Estate of said Esther Short, deceased, praying that an order of said Probate Court setting apart the 4th of said estate, now remaining undivided to said Estate to the guardian of the said minor David S. Short, and dated Wednesday, February 23, 1868, be revoked as to those portions now remaining undivided and that the property be returned to the Administrator, and for an order of said Probate Court, that it is necessary to sell a part of the real estate to pay the debts outstanding against said estate, and the expenses and charges of administration. It is therefore ordered by the Judge of said Probate Court, that all persons interested in the said estate appear before the said Probate Court on the first Monday in December, A. D. 1868, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., on that day at the Clerk's Office of said Probate Court in and County to show cause why an order should not be made revoking said order of February 23, 1868, and why an order should not be granted to the said Administrator to sell so much of the real estate of the deceased as shall be necessary, and that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the Vancouver Register, a newspaper published in said county. LEVI DAUBITE, Judge of the Probate Court of Clatsop Co., W. T. HENRY S. BURDETTE, Administrator of said Estate. Nov. 12, 1868.—nd-1f.

For Sale. THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES of Land 6 miles from Vancouver on Fourth Plain. Owner, Wm. Probstel. Title, U. S. Patent. For particulars enquire of J. Probstel, Jr., at West Oct. 13, 1868.—nd-1f.

FIRST PREMIUM GOLD MEDALS AWARDED TO WHEELER & WILSON FAMILY SEWING MACHINE! Over 50 Competitors. AT THE Great Paris Exposition, 1867, Being the highest honors and all the Gold Medals awarded to any Sewing Machine Company at this Exposition.

As a HOLIDAY Present, Nothing will be more appreciated THAN ONE OF THESE MACHINES. Good news! good news the cable brings, Over all the wires it flows, Wheeler & Wilson's sewing Machine Brings back the golden prize. Our "Uncle Sam" first struck the note, "John Bull" then caught the sound! Now comes from France the echo back, Wheeler & Wilson's crowned. And now, no more the people doubt, So loud it stood the first— The thing is fully established And they will buy the best. We were long applying those who wish to purchase "WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE" one of the most useful attachments to the Machine yet invented; which, while sewing on cloth, makes the line of marks for the next. W. M. STODDARD, Agent, Cor. Sacramento and Montgomery Sts., San Francisco, Cal., 1-10m.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE. CLEAN SWEEP OF THE PREMIUMS IN 1867. GOLD MEDAL AT AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR, NEW YORK. GOLD MEDAL AT FAIR OF THE MECHANICS' ASSOCIATION, LOWELL, MASS. GOLD MEDAL AT MARYLAND INSTITUTE FAIR, BALTIMORE. FIRST PREMIUM AT NEW ENGLAND AGRICULTURAL FAIR, PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND. AND AT THE NEW YORK STATE FAIR, BUFFALO. THE FLORENCE WAS AWARDED A Silver Medal at the Paris Exposition, Silver Medals being the highest on Family Sewing Machines. The Gold Medals were awarded this: One for Button-hole Machine, and the other to the original inventor of Sewing Machines. Reported the Judges at the Great American Institute Fair, New York City, 1867. The whole number of Sewing Machines on exhibition in 1867, of these, twelve were entered for competition. The article bearing the name of the Florence Sewing Machine is decided to be the best on exhibition. It must also be stated incidentally that this letter, than any of our class known to the judges. (Note:—The Board of Managers determined to elevate the standard of excellence in articles on exhibition by deciding to give the first premium to the best article submitted, by competent judges to be of great utility, and equal or superior to any like article known to them, whether on exhibition or not.) Its merits are: First—Good materials and thorough workmanship. Second—More absolute novelty than marks the usual improvements in Sewing Machines. Third—The ingenious arrangement for adjusting the thread, during the passage of the shuttle, and the gathering up of it in the finish of the stitch. Fourth—The facility of use. Fifth—The variety of work which can be done upon it. We therefore decide that it receive the award of first class.

W. M. PRETT, IRAL CADY, L. J. KNOWLES. The Committees on Family Sewing Machines. At the numerous Fairs held on the Pacific coast in the last four years, have unanimously decided in favor of the Florence, this machine having taken every first premium since the Fair has been established in California. Among the gentlemen who served as judges, we mention Messrs. Thomas Hancock, George Schickler, Samuel Blair, J. N. Andrew, Thomas A. P. Hill, H. O. Cook, and S. O. Brigham—men well known as being among the first and best mechanics in the State—establishing beyond all question the superiority of the Florence as a Family Sewing Machine. If there be a Florence Sewing Machine within one hundred miles of San Francisco that is in working order, subject to our inspection, if it will be attended to without EXPRESS CHARGE, or EXPENSE OF ANY KIND to the owner. SAMUEL HILL, Agent, 111 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

KASK & CAHALIN. NEW STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES! Just Received! BEST SELECTION IN THE CITY. Comprising all the leading and best Brands known such as BENEDETTO, TIBBELL'S, 1000, HOUGHTON, & COOLIDGE'S, REEDS-GODFREY'S, AND NUMEROUS OTHERS, OF GENTS' AND BOYS' WEAR. ALSO MILLS', SIEBERLICH'S, BURNS', SAN FRANCISCO AND CUSTOM MADE LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR. For the customers and the public in general are invited to call and examine our stock, which we sell as CHEAPER THAN EVER. P. S.—BOOTS MADE TO ORDER, and an assortment of our MAKE OXFORDS ON HAND. PHILADELPHIA BOOT AND SHOE STORE, 114 Front Street, Opposite Barnard Box, Portland, Oregon.

ALL THE NEW STYLES OF WORK IN PHOTOGRAPHY, SUN PEARLS, AND DIAMOND PEARLS IN WATCHES. Large and Small Photographs, Plain or Colored, in Water or Oil, OR RE-TOUCHED IN INDIAN K. Ambrotypes, Gems, &c., &c. VIEWS OF SCENERY TAKEN TO ORDER. All Negatives Preserved if Requested. JOSEPH RICHEL, Portland, Oct. 24, 1868.—nd-1f.

MANHOOD.—IN THE YOUNG and rising generation, the vegetative powers of life are strong, but in a few years how often the pallid hue, the lack-luster eye, and emaciated form, and the impossibility of application to mental effort, shows the influence of the disease. It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body. Consumption is talked of, and perhaps the youth is removed from school and sent into the country. This is one of the worst movements. Removed from ordinary diversions of the ever-changing scenes of the city, it is too much enfeebled to give seat to the healthful and rural exercise, thoughts are turned towards upon themselves. If the patient be a female, the approach of the menarche looked for with anxiety, as the first symptom in which Nature is to show her power in diffusing the circulation and visiting the cheek with the bloom of health. Alas! increase of appetite has grown to a food upon the energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged. The beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind undergo such a fascinating change from child to woman, is looked for in vain; the parent's heart bleeds with anxiety, and fancies the grave but waiting for its victim. HEMHOLD'S EXTRACT BECHU, for Weakness arising from excess or early indiscretion, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Giddiness, Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Water fulness, Dimness of Vision, Langour, Often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyeballs, Frequently Black Spots Flying before the Eyes, with Temporary Suffusion, and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread, for Fear of Themselves; no Repose of Manner, no Earnestness, no Speculation, but a hurried Transition from one question to another. These symptoms if allowed to go on—which this medicine invariably removes—ensue follow Loss of Power, Fatuity, and Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire. During the superintendance of Dr. Wilson at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this said result occurred to two patients; reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy. They were of both sexes, and about twenty years of age. Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by these direful diseases, Insanity and Consumption? The records of the Insane Asylum, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sallow and quite destitute—neither Mirth or Grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate. "With woeful measures was Despair, Low sullen sounds their grief beguiled." Whilst we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an invaluable gift of chemistry for the removal of the consequences. HEMHOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT BECHU, is here to the surgeon and patient, and this is the testimony of all who have used or prescribed it. S. H. Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Prepared at H. T. HEMHOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 504 Broadway, New York.

RECOMMENDATIONS. GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Jan. 2nd, 1868. Mr. H. T. HEMHOLD: Dear Sir: Your communication requesting our terms of advertising was duly received, but from a prejudice I had formed against advertising "cures for secret diseases," it was left unanswered. During an accidental conversation in a Drug Store the other evening, my mind was changed on the character of your Bichu. It was then highly commended for other diseases by two physicians present. I enclosed please find our rates of advertising. Yours, &c. T. B. H. STENHOUSE, Editor and Proprietor of Daily and Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

N. Y. S. VOL. INSTITUTE, Corner of 5th Avenue & 7th St. (A Home and School for the Sons of Deceased Soldiers.) Dr. H. T. HEMHOLD: Two bottles only of the package of your valuable Bichu presented to the Institute have been used by the children, and with perfect success. In the case of our little Lieutenant, A. J., his pride is no longer mortified, and he is free from the daily anathemas of the chambermaid who has charge of his bedding. I feel that a knowledge of the result of our use of your Bichu with the children under our charge may save many a Superintendent and Matron of Boarding Schools and Asylums a great amount of annoyance; and many a poor child suffering more from weakness than from habit, may be spared punishment, that is not knowing it as a weakness, instead of a bad habit most unjustly inflicted upon them. Thanking you on behalf of the children, and hoping others may be alike benefited, I am respectfully yours, COL. VOLUNT, General Supt. and Director, June 16, 1868, nd-1vll.

FANCY GOODS. ZEPHYR—WHITE, BLACK AND ALL COLORS, in single, double and split, and 2, 4, 6, and 8 oz. buttons, of all colors and shades; a variety of patterns on paper, rubber, patterns, patch work on canvas, knitting and netting pins, card table books, etc. and card table, etc., etc. DRESS TRIMMINGS—COAT, BENDING, and all kinds of ribbons, lace and cotton tapes. SEWING SILKS—ALL COLORS IN SKIRTS, and all kinds of ribbons, all colors, for ladies use. Ladies' and Gents' Hosiery, all colors, for ladies use. TOILET SOAPS—HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, cloth brushes, soap, hair and body combs, etc. SHAWLS—REAL LAMA POINT LACE SHAWLS in black and white, at low figures; all wool and French shawls, knit shawls. CORSETS—MISSES AND LADIES—A GREAT variety of styles and prices. JOHN WILSON, Opposite the What Cheer House, Portland, Sept. 19, 1868.—nd-1f.

DAVID WALL, Druggist, is determined to sell at prices as low as any Drug Store in Portland. He carries the Importation Street from San Francisco.

SPRING STOCK, NOW OPENING. HURGEN & SHINDLER, 109, 109, 170 & 173 First St., corner Salmon PORTLAND, OREGON. IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF PARLOR, BEDROOM, DININGROOM, LIBRARY AND OFFICE FURNITURE, PURE CULLED HAIR, KURSKA HAIR, MOSS, PULU Wool and Straw Mattresses. SPRING MATTRESSES, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, on hand and made to order. WE ARE CONSTANTLY ADDING TO OUR ALREADY LARGE STOCK. Purchasers will find a most complete assortment to select from. No pains will be spared to do justice to our patrons, both as to price and quality. We have a large stock of CASE GOODS, such as WALNUT BEDROOM SUITS, IMPATATION MAPLE, OAK, and ROSEWOOD SUITS, ARM, DINING, and WOOD-BREAK CHAIRS. We supply Dealers, and Merchants receiving orders from country, at the LOWEST PRICES. HURGEN & SHINDLER, 109, 109, 170 & 173 First St., Portland, Oregon.

TO FARMERS AND GARDENERS. THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE in informing the public that he has added to his large stock of Groceries, and Grain, a splendid assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds, Doors, Windows, Lime, Lard, Bacon, Salt, and all kinds of SALT FISH, SYRUP, DRIED FRUIT, Coal Oil and Tobacco. Vegetables always on hand, and the highest market price paid for grain in exchange for goods. Be sure to call and examine my stock before sending to Portland. ON MAIN STREET, One door South of Durgan & Co's. Meat Market. ANDREW RIDGES, Vancouver, W. T., March 7, 1868.—nd-1f.

VANCOUVER DRUG STORE. DAVID WALL, DRUGGIST & APOTHECARY, Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of Drugs, Medicines, Acids, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Perfumery, and FANCY GOODS. Vancouver, W. T., Oct. 21, 1868.—nd-1f. Next to Sohns and Schuele's, —DEALER IN— STOVES, TIN PLATE SHEET IRON, Wire, Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c., And Manufacturer of Tin, Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c. Jobbing Work Done to Order. He has on hand a large and new assortment of the Wagon, and other articles in his line, suitable for this market, which he will sell at low rates, for cash. C. H. WHITNEY, Ang. 18, 1868.—nd-1f.

R. STECERT'S, EMPIRE MARKET, Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FRESH BEEF, Pork, Mutton, SALT PORK, HAMS, BACON, Smoked Beef, &c. Cash paid for Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Vancouver, Aug. 25, 1868.—nd-1f. LIVERY Sale and Exchange STABLES Cor. 6th & A Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T. HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS Let by the hour, day, or week, at moderate rates. HORSES TAKEN TO KEEP AT REASONABLE RATES. Public Patronage respectfully solicited. JOSEPH BRANT, Prop'r, Vancouver, Sept. 5, 1868.—nd-1f.

Geo. W. Vollum, BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER, AND BOOK MANUFACTURER, 112 Front St., nearly opposite McMillan's Bookstore, PORTLAND, OREGON. Blank Books made to order and ruled to any desired pattern. Newspapers, Magazines, Music, Etc., Etc., bound in any style, with neatness and dispatch, at San Francisco prices. Orders in Vancouver and vicinity left at the office of the "Vancouver Register," will be forwarded promptly by express, by the "Vancouver Register," at 25 cents per copy. Note:—Call on 24th St.

DAVID WALL, DRUGGIST, is determined to keep in stock at home (Freight paid) the best articles in his line at the lowest prices, will accomplish it. CEDAR LUMBER of the best quality for building, constantly kept on hand by N. SCHOFIELD.

WOOL! WOOL!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For which the highest market price will be paid BY CHAS. WARD & CO.

JAMES CRAWFORD & CO., INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT THROUGH ALL THINGS change, they are still the same, yesterday, today, and tomorrow, "Providentia permittit"—and likely to be for some time in the future, selling Any Amount of Goods, Importing Direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET Consisting of DRY GOODS Of all kinds and Descriptions. Embracing particularly A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS Ready-Made Clothing For the Million! BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Linseys, AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY, HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes. And all kinds of Groceries, SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT, Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel, Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c. Flour always on Hand. In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Crockery and Glassware, HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c. PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, Oakum, Salt, Lime, CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS For Medical Uses. ALWAYS ON HAND! We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.

JAMES CRAWFORD & CO., Cor. Main and Third Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T. Sept. 11, 1868.—nd-1f. PROVIDENCE SCHOOL! For Young Ladies, CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T. THIS INSTITUTION, which was commenced in the year 1868, is delightfully situated at Vancouver, on the north bank of the Columbia River. The beauty of the surrounding scenery, and the salubrity of the place cannot be surpassed. The course of studies embraces the various branches of a solid and useful education, and a particular attention is given to form the pupils to household duties and plain and fancy needle work. Parents may rest satisfied that every care will be paid to the conduct of the young ladies placed at the Institution, whilst no pains will be spared to nourish in them those principles of virtue which will be of use under every possible circumstance. No undue influence will be exercised over the religious opinions of the pupils; however, if for the maintenance of good order, all are required to conform to the external discipline of the house. TERMS FOR BOARDERS: For Board and Tuition, per quarter of 11 weeks, \$10 For Washing, " " " 12 For Fuel and use of instrument, " " 13 For French, " " " 14 For Board during vacation, " " 25 For Washing, " " " 5

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS: Payment to be made invariably quarterly in advance. Books, stationery, tools and bedding will form extra charges. Each pupil must be provided with a white muslin and a sky blue dress. Also, with six changes, and a sufficient number of pairs of shoes. The blue muslin to be provided at the establishment. No absence is allowed during the year, except in case of serious illness. August 1, 1868.—nd-1f.

MALE AND FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T. THE MAIN OBJECT OF THIS INSTITUTION IS to bring up and educate destitute orphans, boys, boys, and children are admitted on the following terms: Board, per month, including tuition, \$10.00 Tuition, " " " 2.00 Books, Stationery, and Clothing, (Extra) " " " 2.00 Payment to be made invariably in advance. The Board and Tuition are entirely independent of each other. We will also be prepared to BUY ALL THE GOOD HORSES that come to this market, at BETTER PRICES than any one else, as we have a connection below superior to any other parties in San Francisco. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

SMITH & DAVIS, Wholesale Druggists, AND DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS, DYES &c. 71 Front Street, Portland, Oregon. S. M. SMITH, T. A. DAVIS, P. C. SCHUYLER, Jr. Oct. 13, 1868.—nd-1f.

GEO. WEEDEN, HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, and Repairing Business. SHOP—First door north of Edding's new building, and directly opposite Lawrence & Kidd's Drug Store. HE HAS ALSO CONNECTED WITH THE ABOVE, A LIVERY STABLE. Horses and Carriages to let by the hour or by the day at reasonable rates. Vancouver, W. T. Nov. 21, 1868.—nd-1f.

J. F. SMITH, Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Has just returned from San Francisco with a large assortment of new goods, which he offers for sale lower than Portland rates. Consisting of Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, Matches, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Port Monies, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, Fishing Tackle, Toys, Fly and Lemerick Hooks, Silk and Other Lines, Fancy Goods, Also, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Combinations and many other articles, too numerous to mention. CALL KINDS OF FRUIT KEPT ON HAND. A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES. Special attention is called to my fine assortment of Toys and Yankee Notions. Vancouver, Oct. 13, 1868.—nd-1f.

Union Meat Market. G. W. & J. E. C. DURGAN & CO., Proprietors, (Three Doors North of Crawford, Bloom & Co's.) Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh BEEF, MUTTON, Pork, and Salt Meats. Also, in ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES IN THEIR SEASON. Intending to FURNISH OUR MARKET with the best fresh and vegetable that the country affords, and to sell them at reasonable prices, we expect to receive and hope to receive a reasonable share of the public favor. Cash paid for Fat Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, &c. Vancouver, Dec. 5, 1868.—nd-1f.

VANCOUVER SEMINARY. Rev. Clark Smith, PRINCIPAL. Mrs. R. J. Hines, PRECEPTRESS. First term begins Sept. 14th, and ends Nov. 20th, 1868. Second term begins Nov. 23d, and ends January 20th, 1869. Third term begins February 8th, and ends April 23d. Fourth term begins May 3d, and ends July 31. A regular course of study has been selected for students who desire to graduate. Rates of Tuition. Primary, per term, \$6.00 Preparatory, " " 7.00 Junior, " " 7.00 Middle, " " 8.00 Senior, " " 9.00 Ancient Languages, each extra, " 3.00 Modern Languages, " " 5.00 Instrumental Music, " 2.00 Vocal Music and Drawing free. Usual charges for ornamental branches. On all bills not paid by the middle of the term ten per cent will be added. Students from a distance can be accommodated with board at reasonable rates.

Select School! THE Second Session of Mrs. M. E. Nicholson's Select School will commence on Wednesday Nov. 11th, 1868. Terms of Tuition: Primary Department, for Session of eleven weeks, \$4.00 Higher English Branches " " " 6.00 Languages, each extra " " 3.00 Instrumental Music " " 2.00 Use of Piano for daily practice " " 15.00 No charge for vocal music except for training of the voice. The regular school hours will be from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Payments to be made in advance. No deduction allowed except in case of protracted illness. For further particulars enquire at the School-room. Vancouver, Nov. 7, 1868.—nd-1f.

HOMESTEAD NOTICE. To John Weber. YOU are hereby notified that an affidavit has been filed in this office by James Tappie, alleging that the homestead claim made by you on the first day of July 1867, embracing the West half of the Northwest quarter, and the East half of the Northwest quarter of Sec. 20, Twp. 12 N., R. 10 W., is in violation of the provisions of the Act of Congress, approved March 3, 1857, and asking that the said entry may be cancelled. You are further notified that Saturday the 12th day of October 1868, has been set apart for the hearing of the said case, and unless you appear at this office on that day, and show good cause to the contrary, the said entry will be reported to the General Land Office for cancellation. For further particulars enquire at the Land Office, Vancouver, Nov. 7, 1868.—nd-1f.

GODARD & LAKE, Nov. 114 and 116, Corner of Morrison and Second Streets, PORTLAND, OREGON. HAVING BOUGHT OUT & REFITTED THE OLD BENNETT & WHITE Livery, Sale and Feed Stable. We are now prepared to receive all the old customers, as many more parties as see fit to give us a call in our line of business, and will give particular attention to FARMERS' STOCK. We are satisfied that we can and will give entire satisfaction to our friends and the public. OUR LIVERY IS ALL NEW, BOTH CARRIAGES AND HORSES, and we shall take pride in turning out as nice an outfit as any establishment on our coast for the same price. We will also be prepared to BUY ALL THE GOOD HORSES that come to this market, at BETTER PRICES than any one else, as we have a connection below superior to any other parties in San Francisco. Oct. 31, 1868.—nd-1f.

SMITH & DAVIS, Wholesale Druggists, AND DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS, DYES &c. 71 Front Street, Portland, Oregon. S. M. SMITH, T. A. DAVIS, P. C. SCHUYLER, Jr. Oct. 13, 1868.—nd-1f.

GEO. WEEDEN, HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, and Repairing Business. SHOP—First door north of Edding's new building, and directly opposite Lawrence & Kidd's Drug Store. HE HAS ALSO CONNECTED WITH THE ABOVE, A LIVERY STABLE. Horses and Carriages to let by the hour or by the day at reasonable rates. Vancouver, W. T. Nov. 21, 1868.—nd-1f.

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