

AGENTS FOR THE REGISTER:

L. P. FISHER, San Francisco. A. G. COOK, Boise City, I. T. BETH E. HAMMER, Salem.

NATIONAL THANKSGIVING.

President Johnson has issued the following proclamation for a day of National Thanksgiving:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God during the year now coming to an end to relieve our beloved land from the fearful ravages of civil war, and to permit and secure the blessing of peace and unity, with a great enlargement of civil liberty, and whereas, our Heavenly Father has also during the year averted from the horrors of a foreign war, pestilence and famine, while our granaries are full of the fruits of a successful season; and whereas, virtue exalteth while sin is a reproach to any people, now therefore,

I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to the people thereof the first Thursday of December as a day of National Thanksgiving to the Creator of the universe for these deliverances and blessings: I do further recommend that the whole people make confession of our National sins against His infinite goodness, and with one heart and one mind, implore Divine guidance in ways of National virtue and holiness.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and cause the seal of the United States to be attached. Done in the city of Washington, this 24th day of October, A. D. 1865, and of the independence of the United States the ninetyeth.

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON, Pres. of U. S. W. H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.

The above is a proclamation eminently fit to be made. We are glad to see President Johnson following in the footsteps of the lamented Abraham Lincoln, in thus publicly recognizing our national dependence on, and responsibility to, Almighty God. And no occasion was ever more suitable. We have just emerged from four years of terrible and sanguinary war. The national authority has been restored over all the States late in rebellion, and hundreds of thousands of men, but a few months since in arms against it, have now returned to a shelter under the flag. There is a general tendency, apparent all through the South, to accept the new state of things, even with its great and radical changes from the old. The Southern press almost unanimously counsel a frank and honest acceptance of the great facts of the present, and advise their readers to forget the old order. This being the case it becomes a manifest duty with us to refrain from bitterness, and aid as much as in our power to close the fast healing wounds which the days of past strife so rudely opened. The hatreds to which our great contest gave birth must not be cherished now the battle is ended. Peace is now both the watchword and the duty of all patriots. Until the perpetuity of the Union was assured, and the military power in array against it was entirely subdued, that duty and watchword was war; but now all that is done, it is peace.

What changes has one year brought! Then near a million of armed men stood frothing each other, the grim frown of war on every brow. Now those armies have melted away: gone to the workshop, the field, the office, and are employed in the arts of peace. Generals have hung up their swords. May they never be taken down again for the bloody purposes of war. For this returned peace our President calls upon us to render our Thanksgiving. This great, grand nation will respond to that proclamation as with one heart and voice.

We are reminded, also, of our deliverance from the dangers of foreign war. To us it seemed from the beginning that we should have no war until the rebellion was subdued. We believed that Providence had a great and glorious mission for this nation's future, and felt that we could not sustain a foreign conflict in addition to the great revolt. Beside, we had faith in the head of the department to which, especially, our foreign discussions were committed. But the danger was imminent. How imminent was illustrated by the statement of one of the great minds of England: "If the North succeeds, England will go to democracy with railroad speed." That, of all things, England desired to avert, even at the expense of war. But it came not, and the President properly calls upon us to "be glad and rejoice."

He reminds us, too, that our harvests have been bountiful. That we have suffered so little from the abstraction of two millions of men from the industrial pursuits of the country, and placing them where each man would count two or three in consumption, is astonishing. It never was seen before. It could not now be done in any other nation on earth. It reveals an elasticity and strength in our social system unparalleled. Our soldiers come home from the war to find "bread enough." Plenty is in all our dwellings. In addition to this, pestilence has been left to waste in other lands. The cholera—that dread devastator of homes and destroyer of peoples—has swept over the broad plains of the East, darkening the great cities of the Orient with the deep shadow of its gloomy wings, but hitherto it has stayed its flight beyond the seas. We are thankful that it has not been permitted to add its pale and ghastly gatherings to the bloody reaping of the field of battle.

The President's statement that virtue exalteth while sin is a reproach to any people, is worthy the attention of those who have practically held that vice is as good as virtue to rule in the halls of legislation, and sit on the seats of power. This, without doubt, is the utterance of the matured conviction of the President's mind, and is creditable to both his heart and judgment. The humble, yet

broad and comprehensive, faith of our martyred Lincoln should always find followers in our Chief Magistrate. Not bigotry, not a sectarian confession, but a simple, plain, just recognition of the supreme authority of God. We hail the proclamation. Let all the people observe it with becoming reverence.

City Election.

On Tuesday next the election for city officers for the ensuing two years will occur. There are some considerations pertinent to that occasion to which we wish to call the attention of our city readers.

Perhaps there has never been a city election of more importance to this place than that which is now approaching. Our city is putting out evidences of progress on every side. New houses are being built, new stores being opened, and everything betokens a rapid advance during the next year. Business is growing both in amount and variety. With these facts before us, we see clearly that the administration of the city government to be elected next Tuesday will be a very important one. It is more than probable that before their term of office expires, their work will quadruple in importance.

It is essential that the right class of men be selected for positions in the city administration. They should be men having a permanent interest in the growth of the place, and whose past course entitles them to the confidence of their fellow-citizens. They should be our most respectable citizens, men who will not forget the moral more than the material interests of the city. Every man, every woman, every child, has a direct interest in this matter, for it is not merely a question of money, but of what is of more value than money. Our character abroad for good order and justice, will necessarily be affected by the result.

The advocates of different lines of policy for the city government to pursue, have put forward, or will put forward their candidates, understood, of course, to be committed to the policy of those who urge their election. We hope the voters will consider well the results of their action in the premises, then go to the polls and elect a good, efficient, and intelligent city government; one that will administer the affairs of the city with vigor, fidelity, and economy.

A Joke in the "Advocate."

We owe our readers an apology, and those of the Advocate a congratulation. Two weeks ago we wrote a little statement of the grounding of the Oriaba in the mouth of a little tributary of the Columbia, about six miles below this place. A week thereafter, our friend of the Advocate comes out with the funniest thing in reply that we have seen for a long time. We never suspected that paper of having any wit before. The truth is we were perfectly astounded on going home last Saturday to find our good wife almost in hysterics over the Advocate. Inquiring the cause of the confusion: Why, said she, I've found a good joke in the Advocate. You here, said we, do let us see it. A good joke in that paper is worth a comic album, and if it is there the editor shall have one to hang up in his sanctum ever to remind him of that one, sole, solitary witicism. Sure enough we found it—don't dispute our word now—a big, solid chunk of wit was in the Advocate of October 28, 1865. We congratulate the demure denizens of that office, editor, factotum, type setter, all together. They will not soon see such a day again.

The Dr. asks eloquently: "Have ye no bowels of compassion?" A few, Dr., but none to brag of. We did have some before we took to editing a newspaper, but since then ours have followed those of older editors "up the flume." Now, if our dear friends of the Advocate will just be quiet, we'll tell them a little story:

Once on a time a very good but quite superstitious maiden lady, passing from one house to another after dark, saw, in a tree by the road side, a Jack O'Lantern which some mischievous boys had placed there. Her fears magnified it, and she ran breathlessly to the next house, entered it unceremoniously, and stammered out: "As I was coming along the road, I saw a great light, and I do believe it is the fore-fore-end—end of somebody's run—run—runner." We only intended our article as a sort of Jack O'Lantern, but the keen eyes of the Advocate detected the light, and saw clearly its application. When you come over here with those "sivashes," please send us word where you camp; we'll treat you kindly, and perhaps let you sleep in our kitchen. We never "make faces," Dr.; it is not polite; and beside, it is said such things are contagious, and some faces are wry enough now. We'll send over that Almanac when the first "dog out" returns.

Sunday School Exhibition.

On Friday night last, the Sunday School connected with the M. E. Church in this city gave an exhibition and concert for the purpose of buying a new library for the school. At an early hour the Church was densely crowded. The whole school was brought into the programme, and it has seldom been our pleasure to witness a more creditable display than was made by the scholars on that occasion. There was not a single failure, and some of the pieces were of an order that would have been creditable to an Academy. The audience frequently testified their delight with the performance, and at a late hour retired, all pronouncing the exhibition a success. A collection was taken, and since, by the kindness of Mr. M. Wintler and other gentlemen not connected with the Church, an amount has been realized sufficient to buy a first rate library. On a proper occasion the school will be glad to tender these gentlemen their thanks in a becoming manner.

We are indebted to the Daily Oregonian for telegraphic dispatches.

District Court Proceedings.

The District Court, which adjourned last Friday after a session of ten days in this city, was engaged in the consideration of some very important causes. Among others the suit of Bradford, et al., vs. the Middle Cascade Portage Company excited a large share of public attention and interest. It is probably known to most of our readers that the Legislature passed, last winter, an act incorporating the above named company, and that they have for some time past been engaged, under their charter, in building a railroad connecting the upper and middle landing at the Cascades. In the prosecution of this work they were authorized to appropriate the right of way over the lands upon which the railroad is being built, by paying to the Bradfords, who are the principal owners of said lands, all damages, to be assessed by a board of appraisers appointed by the District Court for that purpose. These damages were duly assessed by Messrs. Farnsworth, Malory, and Barber, constituting said board, at one thousand dollars in coin, from which assessment and award the Bradfords appealed to the District Court. Upon the trial of the cause the plaintiffs declined to join issue of facts, but made their only defense by objecting to the irregularity of the appraisers award and by denying the constitutionality of the charter. The Court sustained the award as made and declared the charter to be valid, from which decision the plaintiffs appealed, and the case goes to the Supreme Court of this Territory, which meets in December next.

In this connection we may remark, that the said Portage Company has been actively engaged in constructing bridges and trundle work and laying a break, and we are assured that early next spring the enterprise will be completed, and we will have a good practical opposition, which will wrest from the hands of an unscrupulous monopoly the means which so long have obstructed the great main artery of commerce to the general detriment of our Territory.

With reference to the cases of former officials of the late county of Skamania who contested the validity of the act abolishing that county, the Court entered a pro forma judgment against said officials and these cases will also go to the Supreme Court. The said officials are, in the mean time by order of the Court, prohibited from exercising any of the duties of their respective offices.

The criminal calendar of the Court was very light. Only two bills of indictment—one for assault and battery, and one for official malfeasance—were returned by the Grand Jury.

About twelve civil causes were continued for trial until the next term of the said Court.

FAVORS.—We acknowledge the receipt of some very good grapes from the garden of Mr. Charles Baker, of this place. Heretofore it has been thought, perhaps, by most persons, that it "wouldn't pay" to cultivate grapes in this part of the country, but we feel well assured from the specimens which we have seen of this year's production from the gardens of Messrs. S. D. Maxon, D. R. Fales, and others, that grapes of the varieties best adapted to our soil and climate may be very successfully cultivated.

Mr. G. Wagenblast favored us a few days ago with some specimen cabbages, one of which we had the curiosity to weigh. It "pulled down" 24 lbs., and in our simplicity we at once pronounced it "some cabbage." But Judge Hewitt, who after having closed his term of court in this country, dropped in to make us a friendly farewell call before his departure for home, and to whom, of course, according to the rule which every body adopts, of showing their best things to distinguished visitors, we were showing our "big cabbage" with undigested self-satisfaction, and from whom we were expecting a nice compliment, deliberately tumbled our hopes, like the unlucky milk maid's pail, to the ground by coolly assuring us that that was just no cabbage at all. He had seen a cabbage raised on Puget Sound which weighed forty-three pounds. Of course we had nothing more to say, but quietly subsided into the belief of our friends, who inhabit the shores of that famous inland sea, that Puget Sound is a great place.

Our friend Mr. Wm. M. Simmons, perhaps, charitably considering that the soil is somewhat gravelly in Vancouver handed us a beet which from its length appears very much as though it had been prospecting for water and which weighed 104 lbs. Our cogitations on the beet, were very much as on the cabbage, and the finale very much the same, for in came our friend S. W. Deall and declared "pon honor" that he helped dig a beet in California which not only grew down to the water, but a foot below. He says it was as tall as an ordinary man and weighed 60 lbs. That beet beats us all out "clean." Nevertheless we are thankful to our friends Wagenblast and Simmons for "small favors," and can only say in self defense and for their encouragement, that every body knows this has been a mighty bad season for cabbages and beets, and we sincerely hope these gentlemen may live long and be happy, and raise larger cabbages and beets next year.

Communication.

Editors: The Sisters of Charity beg to avail themselves of your pages, to offer their best thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen who interested themselves so much at the Fanny Fair, held in favor of their orphanage; the produce of which was \$850.

They would in particular return their acknowledgments to those Ladies who took charge of the different tables, and who, by their grateful exertions added so much to the success of the Fair. House of Providence, Vancouver, Nov. 2d.

The California papers continue to give accounts of the late earthquake. Beside San Francisco; Stockton, San Jose, Santa Cruz, Santa Clara, and other places felt the shock most severely. In all these places injury was done to buildings. It is evident that the present effect is to unsettle public confidence in the future of San Francisco. The papers of that city, with the exception of the Flag, think it was "no great shakes," after all while that paper says it seriously affects the prosperity of the city. The Virginia Daily Union says: "Look at it as you will it is not a satisfactory prospect. Nevertheless, San Francisco must always be an important seaport, though a dwarfed city in future." The dispatches from the east show that the credit of the city suffered, in consequence of the earthquake, in the Eastern markets.

Tax State printing question continues to occupy large spaces in the Oregon Statesman, and some in the Oregonian. It is a little diverting to an outsider, just over the line, to see the tactics displayed in the controversy. The State printer did not get the laws printed in due time, though he claims to have been as prompt as possible. The occasion was too good to let pass: the Statesman jumps in, saying to itself, now for the succession in '66, and gives the printer column after column of solid lead. The printer puts himself on his dignity, and makes a "statement" declaring that he shall not return to the subject again. State printing must be a good thing over in Oregon.

The New York Times, of September 23d, has a fine article on the military career of Gen. Francis C. Barlow, the nominee of the Union party for that State for Secretary of State. The General enlisted as a private, and rose, because he ought to rise, to the rank of Major General of Volunteers. Of his participation in the battle of Gettysburg, the Times says:

In the midst of the action on the first day of the battle, after losing two staff officers, General Barlow fell from his horse with four musket balls in his body. The corps fell back and he was left on the field near Gettysburg, to all appearances dead. While lying in this state, exposed to the fire of both armies, he received two other wounds in different parts of the body. It was almost a miracle that he was ever heard from again. Yet toward evening, as Gen. Jubal Early and staff were riding across the field, the rebel chief saw the star on the shoulder of an apparently inanimate figure, and stopped for a moment to obtain the name of the dead Union General. It was Barlow; and as the movements of Early's staff officer caused him to open his eyes and discovered him to be alive, Gen. Early inquired if he could do anything for him. Being answered in the negative, it was proposed by some of the rebels to parole him, but Gen. Early declared it to be a waste of time, saying that he would never live to fight again. Slowly raising his head and resting it upon his arm, the plucky hero replied: "I will live to fight you yet, General." Impossible as it might have seemed to the Confederate chief at that time, the prophecy was fulfilled at the battle of Spottsylvania Court House, where Barlow, in a brilliant charge, snatched from Early's corps an entire division and 40 pieces of artillery. Mrs. Barlow, who had followed the army, assisting in the hospitals, and even carrying succor to the wounded on the field, mounted a horse as soon as she heard of the fate of her husband, and rode over to the Confederate lines in search of him. She was permitted to look over the field and through the village, and she found him that night in a barn in the village of Gettysburg.

His wife, after his recovery, was able to exhibit a tencupful of Minnie balls taken from his body by the surgeons.

Tnos. Frazier, United States assessor, for the State of Oregon says the amount of income of 1864, in that State, is \$92,704,30.

The "Pioneers" of Idaho: those who struck the first pick in the gold soil of that territory, recently had a reunion at Idaho City. The original company was fifty but most of them are already gone. Some have procured a competency, and some are as poor as ever.

The Standard has the following. We think John had his revenge:

There is but one Israelite in Seattle, and this one lately got into a quarrel with a John Chinaman, which resulted in John getting kicked over in the saw-dust. On getting up, John exclaimed, "Me sabbe you long time. You killee one Melican man God, Jesus Kist!"

Rev. J. Gerrish, well known by all the old citizens of this county, died very suddenly on the morning of Friday, the 26th ult., of apoplexy or heart disease. He was turning his cows out of the barnyard at the time he was taken. He was conveyed to the house, but it was not possible to restore him to consciousness. Mr. Gerrish was aged, but very active and energetic up to the time of his death.

The North Idaho Radiator, heretofore published at Lewiston, announces in its issue of the 21st ult., that hereafter it will be published at Helena, Montana Territory, as the Montana Radiator. It will be of the same character as heretofore, Union, though mainly devoted to local interests.

The diphtheria is raging to a fearful extent in some parts of California. Near Santa Cruz four children of Mr. William Rosch died, leaving the fifth and only remaining one sick beyond recovery. Many of the California papers refer to the prevalence of this terrible disease, but express the hope that it is abating.

DEATH OF LORD PALMERSTON.—The British Premier is dead. He died on the night of the 17th Oct. Had he lived he would have completed his 81st year on the 20th. For a long time he had exercised a controlling influence in the affairs of England, and indeed of the world. His death will probably necessitate a change of administration in England. Public sentiment there long since selected Mr. Gladstone as the successor of Palmerston in the Premiership.

SCHOOL NOTICE.—We call the attention of teachers and trustees to the notice of the county School Superintendent.

EASTERN NEWS.

New York, Oct. 28.—The Senate of the Fenian Congress assembled at the Astor House. The chair was occupied by Priest Roberts. The session was strictly private and the attendance confined to members. It is known that the principal business transacted related to the sale of bonds of the future Republic, which will be ready next week. Several members said they would subscribe for the bonds. The Senate intends to establish their headquarters permanently in a larger hall in this city in a few days.

Toronto, C. W., Oct. 27.—The Leader today has an article advising the Government to take the arms from the vaults lest the Fenians should get them, and to establish patrols on the frontiers, and inaugurate the passport system. A fearful state of alarm exists here.

The jury in the Saunders kidnapping case are still locked up.

A raid upon the Canadian Banks by the Fenians is expected.

Washington, Oct. 24.—General Grant's report of the active military operations for 1864 and 1865 is concluded and will soon be sent to the Secretary of War.

It is reported that Wirtz has been found guilty of the charges for which he has been on trial, and that he will be sentenced on Monday.

New York, Oct. 24.—The Herald's Charleston dispatch says: James L. Orr, formerly Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, received a majority of votes in Charleston for Governor, and the ticket known as the Mechanic's and Workingmen's ticket was successful.

A correspondence between Secretary Seward and Gov. Perry is published, in which the latter in response to inquiries as to when he shall cease to exercise the functions of his office, is informed that he is expected to continue to act until relieved by order of the President.

The World's correspondent says that accounts from every part of the State indicate that Wade Hampton has undoubtedly been elected Governor of South Carolina. In the city of Charleston the vote stands for Orr, 785; for Hampton, 661. In the parish the vote stands 225 for Hampton to 61 for Orr, leaving Hampton a majority of 400 votes in this district alone.

Washington, Oct. 25.—Freeman Clark, Controller of the currency, has written a reply to the card of Gov. Pierpont, in which the latter said he never asserted that the people of the South would not be taxed to pay the National debt, and Clark unqualifiedly asserts that he did express such sentiments.

New York, Oct. 25.—The State Conventions of Florida and Georgia meet to-day in extra session. Texas is the only Southern State lately in rebellion, which has not elected members or called a Convention for the purpose of reconstruction, under the proclamation of the President.

New York, Oct. 31.—The Herald's dispatch says: The action of the South Carolina in electing Wade Hampton as Governor of the State, and advocating the payment of the rebel war debt, and of Mississippi, in refusing to take up and pass the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery, is believed to have affected the future policy of the President concerning those States, and to have endangered the admission of their delegates in the next Congress. Had Mississippi cheerfully passed the amendment, a general amnesty would have at once been declared in favor of all the rebels; but as it is, but few amnesties will, in all probability hereafter be granted to citizens of that State, the action of their convention has not justified the President's confidence, and the reigns of military government and martial law will be the consequence.

New Orleans, Oct. 31.—Gen. Steele arrived here from the Rio Grande to-day. Dispatches from Weitzel to Steele of the 25th say a fight occurred around Matamoros which lasted three hours. The Liberals succeeded in carrying part of the works, but the Imperialists charged and retook the works, punishing the Liberals severely. The Imperial loss is several wounded and less than a dozen killed. The Liberal loss is fifty-nine taken prisoners and a large number killed and wounded. Gen. Espinosa, second in command of the Liberal forces, was killed. Reports from Brownsville state that at last accounts the Liberals were flying, closely pursued by the Imperialists.

A CASE OF FURBLY ENTRY.—A few evenings ago we happened at the house of a friend, and found him busily engaged trying to drive a large black hog out of the yard. The hog had entered the premises forcibly during an hour's absence of all the family, and had succeeded in eating a bushel of Baldwins and Rambos, three or four cabbage heads, and about a peck of potatoes, and then obstinately refused to be driven away. When at last he would he could not find the hole he came in at, but in a very feebly way tore off a fresh picket. Our friend wished us gently to hint that animals which steal apples in this city get shot sometimes. And, by the way, as we are about to have a city election, it might be well to suggest to our city fathers in expectancy, that a city ordinance to shut up pigs—or their owners—in a pen, might be a very popular thing. How do you stand, gentlemen, on the pig question?

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Mr. J. L. Rankin advertises the Union Hotel. This house is slightly situated on Main Street, and under the management of Mr. Rankin, we have no doubt will well deserve public favor.

Mr. Geo. Weeden advertises the harness and saddlery business, and declares his intention to do well for the public, and we trust the public will for him.

NOT UNANIMOUS.—We see from the Walla Walla Statesman that the people of that county are not agreed on the annexation question. A call is published, signed by a very long list of names, in which we recognize many of the most substantial citizens of the county, for a meeting against it. With so considerable an opposition there to the measure, it is not likely that the thing will go. Indeed, Congress would not be likely to do anything in the premises without some action of our Territorial Legislature. We do not at all agree with the statements of some of the annexationists that there is no hope of Washington ever becoming a State. It is certain to be one; and at no distant day. There is a better, larger country for settlement north of the Columbia and east of the Cascade mountains in Washington, than there is in Oregon. A few more years will fill it with people. Washington will be what a certain famed orator used to call Oregon, "the bright particular northwest star in the national galaxy."

New Post Office.—The Postmaster General has established an office in this county by the name of Union Ridge, and appointed Mr. Asa Richardson postmaster. It is located on the route from this city to Pekin, and the contractor is instructed to visit it regularly both going and returning. The office will be a great convenience to a considerable settlement.

City Nominations.

At a meeting of the citizens of Vancouver, held October 31, 1865, for the purpose of nominating a ticket to be voted at the city election to be held November 6, 1865, H. L. Caples was called to the chair and J. M. Fletcher chosen secretary.

On motion it was Resolved, That, in the opinion of this meeting, the best interest of the city demands that the charter be maintained intact, and that the revenue, derived from licenses within the city, should be used for general purposes of city improvement, and that we will not support any person, for any city office, who is known to be opposed to this resolution.

The following nominations were then made, to-wit:

- For Mayor—John Aird. For the Council—H. L. Caples, A. G. Tripp, J. M. Fletcher, Joseph Brant, Geo. W. Dargan, Michael Wintler, C. C. Stiles. For Recorder—C. H. Hunter. For Treasurer—Louis Sohns. For Marshal—Paul C. Eubanks. For Assessor—J. E. C. Dargan. On motion, Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the VANCOUVER REGISTER. The meeting then, on motion, adjourned. H. L. CAPLES, Ch'n. JOS. M. FLETCHER, Sec'y.

Finding that there is a general dissatisfaction with the manner of proceeding in getting up the above ticket, and having been satisfied myself from the first that it was wrong, I hereby withdraw my name from it. C. C. STILES.

Secret Canvasses.

Editors Reader: The rumor is current upon the street that on some evening of the present week a party of seven or eight citizens of Vancouver, the postmaster at Lewis River, and one or two others, met in an out of the way place, and put in nomination a ticket for city officers to be voted for at the election of next Tuesday. It is known, also, that the gentleman present nominated themselves, almost without exception, for offices, and then dubbed their ticket, "People's Ticket."

Now the people desire to know a few things in relation to said meeting and nominations. Who gave these self-nominated gentlemen authority to nominate a "People's Ticket"? Are they better, are they wiser than other men? Are not the citizens of Vancouver capable of speaking for themselves? When the people want those gentlemen—or any other half-dozen men, even with the Lewis River postmaster thrown in—to select a ticket for them to vote for, they will most likely tell them so. Until they do, it would be quite as modest for them at least to nominate somebody beside themselves. Such things may be done, perhaps, in England, but they are a little opposed to the spirit of our institutions. The great majority of the prominent citizens and property holders of the city were studiously passed by the gentleman who gave the "invitations." The people protest against any and all such usurpation of their rights, and say to those interested, "When we want you, we will tell you." ONE OF THE PEOPLE.

Grand Jury Report.

To the Honorable Court of the 2d Judicial District, in session:

The Grand Jury would beg leave to submit the following report:

We have examined the records of Clark county, and find there is a considerable amount of delinquent taxes unpaid, viz:

Table with 2 columns: Description and Amount. For the year 1862, 118 persons delinquent in the sum of \$ 201 85. And in 1863, 136 persons 409 33. And in 1864, 194 persons 1472 50. Total 2083 68. Amount of delinquent tax payable therein to County Treasury for the foregoing years 719 53. Balance remaining unpaid 21649 20. The property tax assessed in Clark county, for the year 1865, amounted to \$2137 25. Poll tax 1829 00. Total 3966 25.

The Grand Jury would recommend that the County Supervisor take receipts for all moneys expended by him upon the public highways.

On examining the records of the County Auditor, we found all the deeds recorded except those on file, which were not recorded by request of the parties filing the same—but had not time to fully examine said record. We also found, upon examination, that the records of the County Auditor and Treasurer were kept in a neat and satisfactory manner. We have also examined the County Jail, and take pleasure in reporting it unoccupied, and in a clean and wholesome condition. We also found the jail without a prisoner, and have only found one bill of indictment, and that for a minor offense. We cannot refrain from congratulating the citizens of this part of the District, on the present moral condition of affairs, and sincerely hope this state of things may continue. T. J. FLETCHER, Foreman. Vancouver, W. T., Oct. 26, 1865.

MEMORIAL JOURNAL.—We have received the seventh number of volume first of the *Memorial Journal*, published at Eureka, Cal., by J. W. Hines. The *Journal* is "Independent Union." From an acquaintance of more than thirty years with the editor, we are pretty certain that it will be independent enough and Union enough for anybody. The *Journal* is the same size as the *Recorder*, and presents a fair appearance. We wish it health.

THANKS.—Our thanks are due Messrs. Simmons and Egan for a basket of choice apples. The printers affirm that this, on the part of these gentlemen, is a practical example of doing unto others (the printers) as they would have others do unto them.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.
ST. LUKE'S CHURCH, (Episcopal.) Rev. Dr. McCarty, Pastor. Services each Sabbath at 10:30 a. m.
METHODIST CHURCH, Rev. H. K. Hines, Pastor; Services each Sabbath at 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.
CATHOLIC CHURCH, Rev. Father A. Young, Pastor. Services each Sabbath at 6, 7, and 10 o'clock a. m. and 6:30 p. m.

MARRIED:
Sept. 30, by Rev. J. Durgan, Mr. Austin Lane to Miss Sarah Pullen.

THE MARKET.
FLOUR, 20 lbs. \$7.00
WHEAT, 1 bushel 1.00
BUTTER, 1 lb. 15c
EGGS, 1 doz. 25c
CHICKEN, 1 lb. 15c
DRESSED BEEF, 1 lb. 15c
POTATOES, 1 bushel 1.00
ONIONS, 1 bushel 1.00

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE!
For City Marshal,
WM. GOLDBECK.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE!
For City Marshal,
A. J. CORNWELL.

INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE
For City Recorder,
JOHN F. SMITH!

NOTICE.
J. F. CAPLES, ESQ., IS MY AGENT DURING MY ABSENCE.
H. G. STRUVE.

STRAYED.
STRAYED FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, living in Vancouver, W. T., some four weeks ago, a BAY HORSE with three white legs, and a white spot on his belly, branded with the letter S in a ring on the side of the neck, mane shows all around. I will be thankful to any one for information of his whereabouts, and will pay \$5 for his recovery at my residence.
LOUIS MAYER.

NOTICE.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON THE THIRD, FIFTH and SATURDAY, the 17th and 18th days of the month of October, the County Superintendent of Common Schools for Clark County, W. T., will be at the County Seat, as provided by law, for the purpose of making necessary alterations in school districts, and to examine teachers.
M. R. HAYWARD,
Superintendent.
Clark County, W. T., Nov. 4th, 1865.—2t.

UNION HOTEL,
(FORMERLY KEPT BY M. SHEA.)
J. L. RANKIN, - PROPRIETOR.
THIS WELL-KNOWN HOTEL IS STILL OPEN for the reception of Guests. The Proprietor, by strict attention to the comfort of his guests, has given satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.
TERMS:
BOARD AND LODGING, per week \$7.00
BOARD WITHOUT LODGING, per week 5.00
BOARD PER DAY, 1.50
SINGLE MEALS, 50c
LADIES' ROOMS, 50c
ALL BAGGAGE CAREFULLY TAKEN CARE OF.
Vancouver, Oct. 27, 1865.—4t.

GEO. WEEDON
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, & Repairing Business,
SOLICITS THE PUBLIC FAVOR, and pledges himself to execute all orders promptly and in a workmanlike manner. HARNESS, and the other articles of the trade made on hand.
115-117 Main Street, over Marsh's Blacksmith Shop.
Vancouver, W. T.

Homestead Notice.
TO NEWTON FORTNEY:
YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1865, I shall make application at the Land Office at Vancouver, to enter under the "Homestead Act," the NW 1/4 of the NE 1/4, and the E 1/4 and NW 1/4 of Section No. 30, in Township No. 4 North, of Range No. 3 East, which land was entered by you under said act, on the 10th of March, 1865. At the same time, before the Register of said Land Office, I shall produce evidence to prove that said land has reverted to the United States, by reason of the abandonment thereof by you for more than six months.
EDWARD McRVIN,
Vancouver, Oct. 30, 1865.—8t.

S. BARKER!
ONCE MORE!
AS I HAVE SOLD GOODS IN THIS PLACE BEFORE I don't think I need say anything more to you, than to just let them know that I have opened a new stock of goods.
I will just say to them and the public generally that I have opened a new stock of goods.
WANTS OF THE COMMUNITY,
I have bought a stock of goods in SAN FRANCISCO, for CASH, as well as all other goods, and I will sell them as cheap as they can be elsewhere.
EVER OFFERED IN THIS PLACE!
If you will give me a call I think I can convince you of the fact.
CALL AND SEE, ANYHOW!
S. BARKER.
Vancouver, Oct. 27, 1865.—7t.

S. KAISER
Is not Dead, as was supposed.
But has just returned from San Francisco with a carefully and well selected and immense Stock of
MERCHANDISE!
Which he is now opening and which he will sell at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,
At his Old Stand on Main Street,
Adjoining Aird & Stegert's Meat Market.

He has a well selected Stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING!
ALL KINDS OF COATS!
Varying in price from \$7 to \$40, and
PANTS, VESTS, AND SHIRTS
To suit all classes of Customers.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS!
OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS,
Embracing the finest and most desirable styles of
German, English, French, Scotch, &
AMERICAN MANUFACTURE.
Sheetings, Shirtings,
AND AMERICAN, FRENCH, AND GERMAN PRINTS.

A well selected Stock of
BOOTS & SHOES!
Kip and Calf Boots
OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY
And Balmorals and Gaiters
For the Ladies,
From the best Manufacturing Houses in Philadelphia and New York.

He has also a FINE ASSORTMENT of
HATS AND CAPS!
For Men and Boys,
And a well selected Stock of
GROCERIES
Adapted to the wants of this Market.
All of which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING PRICES.
Vancouver, Oct. 14, 1865.—5t.

DOCTORS
CHAPMAN & WATKINS,
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, AND ACCOUCHERS,
Office—Cor. Front & Washington Sts.,
Portland, Oregon.
J. A. CHAPMAN, M. D.
W. H. WATKINS, M. D.LATE OF NEW YORK, AND
Commissioned Surgeon in the
U. S. Army.
RESIDENCE—S. E. cor.
Taylor and Seventh streets.
DR. WATKINS, having
received special instruction
as to treatment of the EYE
and EAR at the New York
Eye and Ear Infirmary, will
give particular attention to
diseases of these organs.

Farm for Sale.
THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS TO SELL HIS FARM consisting of 320 acres of Land, situated in Clark County, W. T., 20 miles above Vancouver, and one mile from the Columbia river. Said Farm contains 240 acres of Prairie and 80 acres of good Fir and Oak Timber; 40 acres under fence and improved, with a good House, Barn, and other outbuildings, and a good bearing orchard. The wagon road from Vancouver to the Cascade runs through the place. It has a fine stream of never-failing water running through it. It is every way a desirable place, and will be sold at a bargain.
TERMS—One-quarter down, and the remainder on responsible time with ten per cent interest.
For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, at his office in Vancouver.
M. WINTLER,
October 20, 1865.—2t.

CITY
BOOT & SHOE STORE
Main Street,
(Next door South of Aird & Stegert's Meat Market.)
VANCOUVER, W. T.
WE WILL HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND a new and select assortment of Ladies', Gents', Misses', Boys', and Children's Wear. Also, the best quality of
Custom Work Made to Order.
The public are invited to give us a call.
MOORE & SOVEY,
Vancouver, W. T., Sept. 28, 1865.—11-12t.

JOS. BUCHTEL'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!
Cor. Front & Morrison Sts.,
Entrance on Morrison Street.
Portland, Sept. 10, 1865.—11-12t.

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS HOLDING CERTIFICATES FOR Services as Jurors or Witnesses at Court in the 1st Judicial District of Washington Territory for the year 1865, will please forward them forthwith to S. W. Brown for payment.
WM. HUNTINGTON,
U. S. Marshal for W. T.

MRS. C. MONELL'S
LADIES'
EMPORIUM OF FASHION,
188 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
FASHIONABLE
MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER,
Keeps constantly on hand a Complete Assortment of
TRIMMINGS,
AND EVERYTHING PERTAINING TO THE TRADE.
MRS. MONELL RECEIVED FIVE PREMIUMS FOR SUPERIOR MILLINERY, at the late State Fair of Oregon, October 14, 1865.—5t.

BUTLER & KAST,
Philadelphia
BOOT & SHOE STORE
No. 112 Front Street,
Portland, Oregon,
(Two doors South of the Post Office.)
We are receiving by every steamer a New Supply of
LADIES', GENTS',
Misses', Boys', and Children's Wear,
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

L. V. STARR,
DEALER IN
STOVES, TIN,
SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE.
Roofing and Steamboat Work Done.
No. 178 Front Street,
Portland, Oregon. 11

KINGSLEY & REES,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
AND DEALERS IN
SADDLE TREES, Block and Bent Stirrups, etc.
SHOP—No. 88 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder.
PORTLAND, OREGON. 17

J. McHENRY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE!
LAMP, PLATED WARE, Etc.
No. 94 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON. 17

WM. F. POLDEMAN'S
GALLERY,
CORNER OF FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
Portland, Oregon.
PICTURES OF ALL KINDS TAKEN IN THE BEST STYLE.
LIFE SIZE PICTURES
Taken by the use of the Solar Camera. 16

SALEM WOOLEN GOODS!
JUST RECEIVED FOR FALL AND WINTER TRADE
A Full Assortment of
CASSIMERES, DRESSINGS, TWEEDS, BEAVERS Ladies' Cloths; Orange, White, and Red Plain Flannels; Clark's Opera Flannels; Grey, Blue, Mix, Blue and Red Twill Flannels; 2-4 Sheetings; Flannels; Yarn; Blue Blankets; White Family Blankets, &c.
Also, per Order:
A Large Assortment of BOYS' CLOTH CAPS, LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS, Mission Mills Cradle Blankets, etc., etc.
For sale by
JOHN WILSON,
117 Front Street, Portland.

DALTON'S
GALLERY AND MUSEUM!
(Bechtel & Cardwell's Old Stand.)
No. 67, First Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Having purchased F. DALTON'S interest in the above Establishment, it will hereafter be known as
Cardwell's Gallery and Museum.
MR. DESMOND—several years Brady's Operator at New York City—will continue to take FIRST CLASS CARD PICTURES, and conduct the business as heretofore.
J. R. CARDWELL.

C. H. MACK,
DENTIST!
Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, late of San Francisco, California. It is a sufficient commendation that he is endorsed as a Dentist of Superior Skill and a Gentleman by Messrs. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Dr. COLE, Dentist, and many others of San Francisco.
The Patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS and FINISHED OPERATIONS is particularly requested.
OFFICE AND LABORATORY—At the old place of H. H. Black, No. 10, Alder Street, Portland, Oregon. 14t

W. D. CARTER,
BOOK, CARD, & JOB
PRINTER!
Front Street, Portland Oregon.
OFFICE in Rooms formerly occupied by Ladd & Titton.

J. R. CARDWELL,
DENTIST.
DENTAL ROOMS.
No. 80 FIRST STREET,
112 PORTLAND, OREGON. 11

WM. H. GODDARD,
HAYING for a series of years devoted much time to the study of various kinds of medical treatment and of Hygienic-Therapy in particular; and being convinced of the great superiority of the latter, and of the great injury to the lives and health of the people by the use of medicines to cure or prevent disease, feels himself pressed to offer his services to the sick, unaided that his course of treatment and advice will be to them of material benefit.
Charges moderate. 11-12t

A. G. TRIPP,
CARPENTER & JOINER,
Bateman Street,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
Particular attention paid to raising and moving buildings. 11

H. G. STRUVE,
Attorney-at-Law
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, 2d Judicial District, W. T. Will practice in all the courts of Washington Territory, and give prompt attention given to the collection of debts, and to business in the U. S. Land Office.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
111 VANCOUVER, W. T. 11

JAY D. POTTER,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
CONVEYANCER,
Law & Land Agency,
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, (next door to the Post Office.)
Vancouver, Aug. 30, 1865.—11-12t.

JOHN F. CAPLES,
Attorney & Counselor-at-Law,
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
111 VANCOUVER, W. T. 11

JOSEPH M. FLETCHER,
(REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE.)
Notary Public and Conveyancer
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BONDS, AND LEGAL PAPERS of all kinds, carefully prepared.
Vancouver, Sept. 1, 1865.—1-12t.

Mrs. S. S. KLINE,
PRACTICAL
MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
BONNETS, CLOAKS, DRESSES
Ladies' and Children's Clothing,
MADE TO ORDER, OR REPAIRED.
Particular attention paid to Bleaching Bonnets, Hats, etc.
STAMPING AND PINKING NEATLY EXECUTED.
Vancouver, Sept. 7, 1865.—11t.

J. T. MARONY,
Military & Citizen
TAILOR.
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC, that he is prepared to guarantee satisfaction in all branches of Tailoring.
I keep constantly on hand
American and French Cloths,
CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
Gents' Clothing Cleaned & Repaired.
Main Street, Vancouver.
Sept. 11, 1865.—11t.

Furniture Store.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING JUST OPENED A Furniture Store in Vancouver, two doors west of Mack's Wagon Shop, takes this method of announcing the Public and particularly the citizens of Vancouver and Clark County, that he can and will supply them with anything in the Furniture Line as CHEAP as a RETAIL CHICKEN, but the same can be had in Portland.
All kinds of Furniture Made.
REPAIRING DONE TO ORDER, NEATLY & PROMPTLY.
Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and examine the Stock and Prices for themselves.
JOSEPH WESTALL.

VANCOUVER
DRUG STORE!
Fourth Street, near Main.
DAVID WALL, APOTHECARY
Constantly on hand a Choice Assortment of
Drugs, Chemicals
PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS,
Alcohol, Toilet Articles, and
FANCY GOODS.
Vancouver, Sept. 10, 1865.—11t.

OYSTERS. CAPT. W. BAKER. OYSTERS.
Oysters in Every Style
MEALS AT ALL HOURS
FROM 6 O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING TO 12 AT NIGHT!
By the day or week. The table is supplied, at all times, with the best the market affords.
Families Supplied with Oysters, IN THE SHELL OR OUT.
W. Baker.
Vancouver, Aug. 30, 1865.—11-12t.

ALTA HOUSE!
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING JUST PURCHASED the above Hotel, and repaired and renovated it in all its departments, is now prepared to entertain the traveling Public, just as that thing ought to be done. It is the Proprietor's intention to satisfy every reasonable person, both as to accommodations and charges.
The ALTA HOUSE is situated on the river bank, convenient to the Steamboat Landing.
A. RIGGS, Prop.
Vancouver, Sept. 11, 1865.—11-12t.

MILK AND WATER!
TOGETHER OR SEPARATE.
Butter, Vegetables, Cord Wood, And Charcoal
To be had of the subscriber on liberal terms.
J. S. NATHAWAY.
117

D. HEALY,
TIN & SHEET-IRON
WORKER,
Main Street,
VANCOUVER, W. T. 11

CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF GOODS,
Importing Direct
FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST
EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET
Consisting of
DRY GOODS
Of all kinds and Descriptions.
Embracing particularly
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Ready-Made Clothing
For the Million,
BLANKETS, CASSIMERES,
Tweeds, Linseys,
AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY
HATS AND CAPS,
Boots and Shoes,
And all kinds of Groceries,
Embracing particularly
SUGARS, SYRUPS,
COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT,
Tobacco, Cigars,
Salmon, Mackerel,
Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c.
Flour always on hand.

In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, all of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as
AN IMMENSE STOCK OF
Crockery and Glassware
HARDWARE AND NAILS,
WOODEN & WILLOW WARE,
Patent Medicines,
OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c.
PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE,
Oakum, Salt, Lime,
CEMENT, AND
CHOICE LIQUORS
For Medical Uses,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

WE have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.
CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.,
Cor. Main and Third Streets,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
Sept. 11, 1865.—11t.

WASHINGTON
HOTEL!
Cor. 6th & Main Sts.,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
Joseph Brant, - Proprietor.
THIS WELL-KNOWN HOUSE HAS JUST BEEN enlarged and thoroughly renovated in every department.
The Proprietor announces to the traveling public with confidence and pleasure, that he is now prepared to entertain all who may give him a call, to their entire satisfaction.
THE PARLORS AND SLEEPING APARTMENTS are fitted up in an elegant manner, and furnished with special reference to the comfort of Guests.
A First Class Piano will at all times be found in the Ladies Parlor.
His Carriage (and drivers, if desired) are always ready for a ride, at reasonable rates.

METROPOLIS HALL
IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE HOUSE, IS still in running order, and fitted up in superior style for Public Assemblies, Theatricals, Amusements, &c., with Stage, Scenery, Seats, and all necessary appointments.
A First Class Piano and such other Musical Instruments as may be desired in connection with Plays and Theatrical Entertainments will at all times be in readiness for the use of the Hall.
Vancouver, Sept. 7, 1865.—11t.

LIVERY
Sale and Exchange
STABLES &
Cor. 6th & A Streets,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS
Let by the hour, day, or week,
at moderate rates.
HORSES TAKEN TO KEEP AT REASONABLE RATES.
Public Patronage respectfully solicited.
JOSEPH BRANT, Prop'r.
Vancouver, Sept. 6, 1865.—11t.

VANCOUVER
BATH HOUSE!
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING FITTED UP THE above mentioned establishment, are prepared to give WARM AND COLD BATHS!
SHAVING,
Hair Cutting and Shampooing
Done in the latest style. No pains spared to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage.
Particular attention given to
CUTTING CHILDREN'S HAIR
A. STAENDER,
WM. H. POPE.

YOUNG AMERICA
SALOON!
MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.
F. O'BRIEN, - PROPRIETOR.
THIS POPULAR PLACE HAS NOW BROOMS A First Class Lotion, celebrated for the goodness of its Wine, Liquor, and Cigars.
PAPERS OF THE LATEST DATES
ALWAYS ON HAND.
The Proprietor has, at considerable expense, fitted up this Saloon for the accommodation of the Public, and as it is the Largest, most Central, and best Lighted Saloon in this City, he flatters himself that all—of any other name—who may call in to see him will not go away disappointed. 11-12t

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES!
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING JUST OPENED THE Public that he has just moved into his New Store adjoining his Old Stand, on
NORTH MAIN STREET,
Where he has, and will keep on hand,
A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES!
Embracing, in the former Department:
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Ladies' Hats, and Dress Goods generally.
And in the latter:
TEA, COFFEE,
SUGARS of all kinds, FLOUR!
And in both departments, everything else that any free man, woman, or child need want. I accept my own billings, and pay no rates; I buy my Goods for CASH, and at the LOWEST PRICES; I do my own work as far as I can, and pay out no money for under clerks; I therefore can and will sell goods as cheap as "any other man," not accepting the cheapest in Portland.
NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS!
Ladies and Gentlemen, please call and examine my Stock, and naturally oblige yourselves and your humble servant.
THOMAS BURT.
Vancouver, Sept. 7, 1865.—11-12t.

AIRD & STEGERT,
Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FRESH BEEF,
Pork, Mutton,
SALT PORK, HAMS, BACON,
Smoked Beef, &c.
Cash paid for Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.
Vancouver, Aug. 25, 1865.—11-12t.

EMPIRE MARKET
Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FRESH BEEF,
Pork, Mutton,
SALT PORK, HAMS, BACON,
Smoked Beef, &c.
Cash paid for Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.
Vancouver, Aug. 25, 1865.—11-12t.

WAGON AND CARRIAGE
MAKING!
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING REMOVED HIS SHOP to the New Building,
Cor. Main and Fourth Streets,
is now prepared to do all kinds of Work in his line.
Thankful for past favors, he still solicits the patronage of the public.
NEW WAGONS ALWAYS ON HAND,
OR MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING DONE at Short Notice, and on REASONABLE TERMS.
WM. HANCOCK.
Vancouver, Sept. 4, 1865.—11-12t.

J. F. SMITH,
Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.
CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF, PIPES,
Matches, Playing Cards,
Cutlery, Port Monies,
Perfumeries, Combs,
Brushes, Fishing Tackle,
Toys, Fly and Locomotive Hooks,
Silk and Other Lines, Fancy Goods,
Alum Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Combs, and many other articles, all warranted to be genuine.
ALL KINDS OF FRUIT KEPT ON HAND.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES.
Vancouver, Sept. 7, 1865.—11-12t.

MICHAEL WINTLER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL
MERCHANDISE,
Is still on hand, at his old Stand,
Cor. Main and Fifth Streets,
Opposite Marsh's Blacksmith Shop, where he has at all times glad to see his friends, and wait on customers.
Will buy all kinds of Farmer's Produce at the highest Cash Price.
N. E.—Cash paid for Wool & Hides.
Vancouver, Sept. 12, 1865.—11t.

Columbia River
MILLS!
THREE EXTENSIVE MILLS ARE SITUATED Six Miles above Vancouver, on the Washington Territory side of the river.
The owner takes this method of informing the public that he has a convenient way of landing and leaving boats, and that he is now prepared to grind any amount of grain that may be brought to his Mill both by land and water.
CUSTOM WORK IS ESPECIALLY SOLICITED.—Graham Flour made to order.
FEED ALWAYS ON HAND.
MY LARGE SAW MILL,
Immediately adjoining my Grist Mill is almost complete. In a short time I shall be prepared to manufacture
ALL KINDS OF LUMBER,
And saw up any amount of logs that can be hauled or rafted to my mill.
LEWIS LOVE, Proprietor.

Blacksmithing.
THE UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD OF informing the Public generally and the rest of mankind in particular, that they may be found at all reasonable working hours, day or night, at MARCH'S OLD AND WELL-KNOWN SHOP,
COR. FIFTH AND MAIN STREETS, VANCOUVER,
Where they are prepared to do BROSSEWORKING, and all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, with neatness and dispatch.
Particular Attention paid to Shoeing.
All kinds of Wagon and Carriage Ironing done in the best style. Plows, Mill Irons, Edge Tools, &c., made to order.
S. WARR,
A. B. STEWART.
Vancouver, Sept. 4, 1865.—11-12t.

