

The Vancouver Register

VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1866. NO. 3.

THE VANCOUVER REGISTER,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY,
By H. G. STRUVE,
Editor and Publisher.

TERMS:
For annum, in advance, \$3 00
For six months, in advance, \$2 00
For three months, in advance, \$1 00
For one month, in advance, \$0 50
For each subsequent insertion, 100
Quarterly advertisements inserted at liberal rates by special contract.
Legal advertisements at the established rates.

H. G. STRUVE,
Attorney-at-Law
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
RESIDENCE: 33 JUDICIAL DISTRICT, W. T.
WILL practice in all the courts of Washington Territory, and will attend to the collection of debts, and to all matters in the U. S. Land Office.

JAY D. POTTER,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
CONVEYANCER,
Law & Land Agency.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, (next door to the Postoffice)
Vancouver, Aug. 20, 1866—11-14.

JOHN F. CAPLES,
Attorney & Counselor-at-Law.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

JOSEPH M. FLETCHER,
(Editor of the "Vancouver Register")
Notary Public and Conveyancer
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BONDS, AND LEGAL PAPERS of all kinds, carefully prepared.
Vancouver, Sept. 1, 1865—1-1-17.

D. W. WILLIAMS,
GRAIN AND FEED OF ALL KINDS
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.
Ample Fire-Proof Storage.
And will do a GENERAL
COMMISSION BUSINESS.
No. 110 Front Street, (last door south of Postoffice)
Portland, Oregon.
Sept. 5, 1866—1-1-18.

BUNNELL BROS.,
Portland, Ogden, & Lewiston, I. T.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
STOVES, TIN PLATE,
SHEET IRON,
Wire, Pumps,
Lead Pipe, &c., &c.
And Manufacturers of
TIN, COPPER,
Shot Iron Ware, &c., &c.
Jobbing Work Done to Order.
D. D. BUNNELL, C. C. BUNNELL,
Front St., cor. Yamhill, Lewiston, I. T.

KINGSLEY & REES
Saddles, Harness,
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Saddle Trees, Block and Bent Stirrups, etc.
SHOP—No. 58 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. McHENRY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE
LAMP, PLATED WARE, Etc.
No. 64 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

NEW SHOP!
Gents' Clothing
CLEANED AND REPAIRED.
Promptly and in the Best of Style.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A SHOP FOR
the above business on the corner of John F. Smith's
Block on Main Street.
Don't forget the "New Shop," where your work
shall be done promptly and to your satisfaction.
G. W. MILLER,
Vancouver, June 20, 1866—42

**CITY
BOOT & SHOE STORE**
Main Street.
(Next door South of Alder & Street's Meat Market)
VANCOUVER, W. T.

WE WILL HAVE CONSTANTLY ON
hand a new and select assortment of Ladies',
Gents', Misses', Boys', and Children's Wear.
Also, the best quality of
Custom Work Made to Order.
The public are invited to give us a call.
MOORE & SOVEY,
Vancouver, W. T., Sept. 28, 1865—1-1-17.

WINDOW SHADES AND WALL PAPER
AND
JAMES & TURNBULL'S

FEMALE COURTSHIP.
Two or three looks when your spurs stand like,
Two or three looks when he bids you say "Yes,"
Two or three smiles when you utter the "No,"
Two or three frowns if he offers to go,
Two or three speeches, like "Ah, go away!"
Two or three lines on your forehead to start,
Two or three smiles when they tell for what,
Two or three looks when you are begun,
Two or three quarters before you have done,
Two or three meetings to walk here and there,
Two or three nights to the court-house repair,
Two or three dances to make you join,
Two or three stunts when you are all close,
Two or three starts when he bids you stop,
Two or three glances that instill hope,
Two or three pines before you are gone,
Two or three hints to let him press on,
Two or three sighs when you are wanted for tea,
Two or three looks when the person appears,
Two or three answers when the head's given away,
Two or three coughs when you come to stay,
Two or three compliments when marriage is over,
Two or three losses uncovering your love,
Two or three hays may have by their throats,
Two or three husbands, though hard are the times.

Result of the European Peace Negotiation
The conditions of peace agreed to at Nikolsburg are all understood to be pretty nearly what I signified to you in my last. A sketch of them, which now excites considerable attention, given by the Provincial correspondence of Berlin, a publication in which Bismarck delights to talk confidentially to the public, shows, however, that they are still more favorable to the Prussian view than I had anticipated. Austria and France, who were equally helpless in the matter, were compelled at the last moment to leave a great many points of importance to be settled hereafter at the absolute discretion of Prussia.

For instance, the King of Saxony, who is a personal friend of the King of Prussia, will keep his crown—that is to say, he will be called a King, and a certain number of his own beings will be called his subjects; but it is expressly stated that "the position of Saxony in the Northern Confederation, and to regard Prussia," will be "reserved for ulterior consideration"—in other words, will be settled at the arbitrary pleasure of Prussia. The other German countries at this moment in the military occupation of Prussia—Hanover, Electoral Hesse, most of Hesse-Darmstadt, the Duchy of Nassau and the city of Frankfurt—will probably be annexed "purely and simply" to Prussia. At all events, neither France nor Austria have been able to obtain any conditions for them. They remain entirely at the mercy of the conqueror, and Mr. Bismarck's journal distinctly claims the right to treat them as conquered countries. It, it says, any of their sovereigns shall be restored, it will be by a new title, and by the mere grace and favor of the King of Prussia.

I rather collect from the spirit of the article that the King of Saxony is the only one of the Northern sovereigns who took part with Austria who can hope to be restored as a vassal. The others may go and live as private gentlemen, upon their private property, if they have been so provident as to save any. The King of Hanover, at any rate, can fall back upon his British peerage, and sit in the House of Lords as Duke of Cumberland. He is totally blind, and this misfortune, together with his courageous conduct while trying to save his army from General Falkenstein, has won him a great deal of sympathy for him. I believe he is not a bad fellow, although his father, the old Duke of Cumberland was, unless greatly deceived.

There is a talk of all these deposed Kings and Grand Dukes holding a Congress of their own at Stuttgart. That will be a funny meeting indeed. Prussia is already canvassing in the States intended to form the Confederation of the South; namely, Bavaria, Baden and Wurtemberg. There can be no doubt they will gravitate toward her. Their interests and the passion for unity will make them do that without any canvassing. One great hold of them Prussia will have, which will dissolve the Zollverein (Customs Union), with regard to those States which do not belong to the Confederation, of which she is the chief. The aspects of events down to the present hour show more decidedly than ever that the German empire is revived, and that the King of Prussia, in reality, though not in title, the Emperor of Germany.—Cor. London Times.

THE FENIANS.—There is a little stir in Fenian "circles" just now. A secret Council of delegates from all parts of New England met in this city last week, to organize a movement for the annexation of the British Provinces to the United States. At the head of this movement is P. A. Lamont, native of New Brunswick, and a prominent participant in the late Fenian campaign against Canada. The proceedings of this Council have not been suffered to leak out, but the main object of the meeting is well understood. An advertisement like this has recently appeared in the papers, and is supposed to have emanated from this association: "Officers of adventure and spirit can hear of something to their advantage by calling at Office No. 4, 31 Exchange street. None may call but officers with an honorable discharge." It is said that this new organization has no connection with the Roberts or Stephens factions, and that no contributions of money will be called for—while the latter fact should commend it to the poor Irishmen and women who have given so liberally in aid of the "liberation of Ireland" heretofore. The Sweeny Circles of the Fenian Brotherhood met last week to take measures for thorough reorganization. W. J. Hynes, Central Organizer of all the Sweeny Circles in the Union, was present, and made a speech. He urged those present to yield all political complications, and advised the formation of all Circles into military organizations.—(Boston Cor.) Sic. Union.

To Preserve Ice.—In warm weather ice may be preserved by a very simple process. Make a sort of double pocket of any kind of woollen cloth, leave a space of two inches between the outer and the inner pockets, and fill the space with feathers as tight as they can be packed. In covering thus constructed and kept closely tied at the mouth, a few pounds of ice will keep a week.

A Princely Mansion.
A correspondent, describing Baron James de Rothschild's magnificent chateau at Ferrieres, says:
You enter by a flight of marble steps, a vestibule, which opens on one of the most capacious halls in Europe, furnished as a reception room, and lighted from the roof, which is muffled glass, from behind which, at night, a system of gas illuminates the vast space, somewhat as has been successfully carried out at the chateau. A gallery runs round the upper part of the hall, on which suites of party rooms open, while on the ground floor the reception and family apartments open on the hall. Purple and velvet portières have an admirable effect at each end of this splendid Salle, which has been constructed on the most perfect acoustic principles, the result of which is, that the effect of music executed here is marvellous. Ordinary paper hangings are banished, and each room is hung with tapestry, velvet or silk. Every single visitor finds at his disposal a suite consisting of a splendid drawing-room, boudoir, bed room and dressing-room. On every dressing room table are the ordinary contents of a gorgeous dressing case. Ivory brushes, surrounded by the most delicate silver boxes, containing every species of cosmetic powder, deo, etc.—exquisite hand-mirrors, mounted with sculptured ivory, sandal wood or silver. Curiosity tempts old bachelors. A scent bottle of rare workmanship attracted my attention. As the spring flew back, a jeweled watch by Breguet, was revealed encased in the top—so while a fair lady inhales the perfumed contents she is informed of the time of day. To mention that hot and cold water pipes are laid on so as to supply each dressing room is superfluous, and a mere "detail" in an abode where the most thoughtful care has presided over the minutest arrangement. To describe the thrones taken from the Summer Palace at Peking, the jeweled cups from Cellini's chisel, the ceramic from Faenza or Lucca, the crystal lookers from Venice, the hangings of brocade and satin—all harmless species, Baron's own bed-room—in reality, beyond, in intellect, and I hesitate not to assert that Monomachus herself would be puzzled to tell the half of all the treasure of art congregated in each single room. It is a positive relief to go out into the grounds, where one's power of attention has fewer calls on it. These said grounds are reached through a series of observatories and hot houses, tapestries with the loveliest moss, and filled by Flora's choicest gifts, as well as by the rarest specimens of the sculptor's art, and enlivened by the bright-winged birds of the tropics. These conservatories may, indeed, be said to rival in beauty, if not in extent, those of the far-famed Chatsworth. The grounds are diversified by sheets of water, on which fairy boats continually ply, and rendered interesting by the number of yaks, gazelle, antelope, eland and foreign animals of all harmless species, which roam at their own sweet will, evidently enjoying the Eden as thoroughly as their own native places. In the absence of himself and his family, the Baron's guests are entertained by a repast that would have done honor to Vatel himself. The Baron's cellar contributes the finest Madeira in Europe to the enjoyment of his friends, and that with a truly princely abundance.

Compensation to Informers.
We have received the following circular and requested to give publicity to the same. It will be seen that the act of Congress allows compensation to those who inform of violation against the Internal Revenue law.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
August 14, 1866.
The act amendatory of the Internal Revenue Law, which went into effect on August 1, contains the following provisions:
"And where not otherwise provided for, such share as the Secretary of the Treasury shall, by general regulations, provide, not exceeding one moiety nor more than five thousand dollars in any one case, shall be to the use of the person, to be ascertained by the Court which shall have imposed or decreed any such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, who shall first inform of the cause, matter, or thing whereby such fine, penalty, or forfeiture shall have been incurred; and when any sum is paid without suit, or before judgment, in lieu of fine, penalty, or forfeiture, and a share of the same is claimed by any person as informer, the Secretary of the Treasury, under general regulations to be by him prescribed, shall determine whether any claimant is entitled to such share as above limited, and to whom the same shall be paid, and shall make payment accordingly. It is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning of the present and all previous provisions of internal revenue acts granting shares to informers that no right accrues to or is vested in any informer in any case until the fine, penalty, or forfeiture, in such case is fixed by judgment or compromise, and the amount or proceeds shall have been paid, and the informer shall become entitled to his legal share of the sum adjudged or agreed upon and received: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit or effect the power of remitting the whole or any portion of a fine, penalty, or forfeiture conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury by existing laws."

THE EAGLE OF THE REGIMENT.—The Boston Transcript says that a letter just received from Rev. R. C. Waterston, dated Madison, Wisconsin, contains the following account of a veteran of the 8th Wisconsin Regiment:
The veteran of the 8th Wisconsin is a white headed eagle, taken from the nest in the northern part of Wisconsin by a Chippewa Indian at the beginning of the war. From a little fledgling he soon became a magnificent bird, and seemed animated by a national enthusiasm. Adopted by the 8th Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, he became the pet of the regiment. One man was delegated to take care of him and act as the standard bearer, having his place by the flag, his perch being cut in the shape of a shield, and painted with stars and stripes. He seemed proud of his position, and often banded himself with expanded wings, a living national emblem.—His eye would flash, his feathers quiver, as if he held in his talons the forked lightning. The soldiers, on catching sight of the bird, would kneel with fresh tears, and often break fast into cheers; and when they marched through the city, the eagle, borne aloft, excited the whole population. The bird seemed to share in the excitement of the battle, and was in 17 engagements. He was at the taking of Vicksburg, at Little Bear Creek, and in many of the fiercest contests. The rebels called him "Old" and "Yankee Buzzard," and hated him. One commander declared he would rather capture that bird than a whole brigade. Once a bullet ruffled his feathers, but left him unharmed. He fought through the war, and came home in safety—yes, in triumph—and seemed to rejoice in the knowledge that the old flag was secure. When the boys of the 8th Wisconsin went to their homes from the many hard fought fields, they parted from their eagle with great regret. A place was assigned him in the Capitol, where he has a room and is well provided for, and during the morning he is provided for in the park, enjoying rest after his battles for his country. His name is "Old Abe."

On the 4th of July he was taken, with the flags captured in various battles and the powder stained banners which had waved above the noble volunteers from Wisconsin, and passed through the streets of the city, guarded by the "boys of the 8th," who love him well. It was the event of the day. Everybody here knows "Old Abe," and the Chicago Fair in aid of the Sanitary Commission, the sum raised by an additional fee for a visit to the bird amounted to \$20,000. All honor to the brave sons of Wisconsin, and a long life to the eagle.

SAINT PATRICK.—"Saint Patrick was a gentleman," according to the old song, but he was not, as is generally believed, an Irishman. He was born near the mouth of the Clyde in Scotland, in 372. After sixteen years of age he was captured by a band of outlaws and carried as a prisoner to Ireland. After a captivity of six months he escaped to Scotland. The pirates seem to have a fancy for the young man, and captured him again; but he was equally fortunate in escaping a second time. He was resolved to become a missionary to Ireland, and after a long preparation was ordained priest, and finally consecrated Bishop. He entered on his labors in Ireland in the year 402, when he was at the age of thirty. His preaching was attended with such success that before his death, which was in 461, he converted the whole island to Christianity. He baptized the Kings of Dublin and Munster, and the seven sons of the King of Connaught, with the greatest part of their subjects. A popular legend ascribes to him the banishment of all the snakes and venomous creatures from the Emerald Isle, by means of his crozier or staff, which was preserved in Dublin with great veneration as late as 1350.

THE DECLINE AND FALL OF THE AUSTRIAN EMPIRE.
For the last twenty-five years Austria has been going down. Hungary thrashed her and would have thrown off her yoke had not Russia marched through the Carpathians to her assistance; and now Prussia has pretty nearly given her the coup de grace in a fortnight's campaign. She is fairly brought to her knees, and can no longer rate as a first class military power. Francis Joseph is unquestionably the weakest of European despots, and his Generals and counsellors seem to be a poor set, and quite unable to cope with such energetic soldiers and statesmen as the Prussian princes and Von Bismarck and his ministerial associates. The Austrian government has been out-diplomated, its military magnates have been outgeneralled, and its armies out-fought and doubled up. All this has been accomplished in so short a space of time that the result seems like the effect of magic. The only necromancy, employed, however, was that of superior brains and superior arms. The Austrian military equipments were a score of years behind the age. Obsolete "shooting irons," charged from the muzzle, had of course no chance against breech-loading rifles that rendered a shot for one. It was nothing less than deliberate murder to oppose men armed with such slow going weapons to soldiers, who carried repeating arms with half-a-dozen death shots to the tube. Marshal Benedek's "strategy" seems to have been the climax of infatuated stupidity. While he was maneuvering, the wide-awake and active Prussians were enrolling him from the Federal auxiliaries and harrying the territories of the latter with impunity. One would almost suppose that there were traitors in the Austrian camp for every movement of the Kaiser's troops seems to have been in the direction most to be desired by their enemies. A more complete "fix" than the House of Hapsburg has made of it is not to be found in the annals of modern warfare. Well, so much the better. One despotism, the most bigoted in Europe has gone by the board; and although we have no sympathy whatever with the victor, we rejoice that the bitterest foe of liberal government in all Christendom has received its quietus, while a constitutional monarchy obtains by the result a large accession of territory. The world moves. When despots destroy or cripple despotisms the people are in the end, to be gainers. We recognize in the events as the one that has just occurred the hand of One who brings good out of evil and governs the world "better than prime ministers."—Ex.

EMMET AND HIS LOVE.
'Twas the evening of a lovely day—the last day of the noble and ill-fated Emmet. A young girl stood at the castle gate, and desired admittance into the dungeon. She was closely veiled, and the keeper could not recognize her; and she, not that any one of such proud bearing should be an humble supplicant at the prison door. However, he granted the boon, led her to the dungeon, opened the massive iron door, then closed it again, and the lovers were alone. He was leaning against the prison wall, with a downcast head, and his arms folded against his breast. Gently she raised the veil from her face, and Emmet turned to gaze upon all that earth contained for him—the girl whose sunny brow in the days of childhood, had been his polar star—the maiden who had sometimes made him think the world was all sunshine. The chains sounded like a death knell to her ears, and she wept like a child. Emmet said but little, yet he pressed her warmly to his bosom, and their feelings held a silent meeting—such a meeting, perchance, as is held in heaven only, when we part no more. In a low voice he bemoaned her not to forget him when the cold grave received his inanimate body—his spoke of by-gone days; the happy hours of childhood, when his hopes were bright and glorious—and he concluded by requesting her sometimes to visit the place and scenes that were hallowed to his memory from the days of his childhood, and though the world might pronounce his name with scorn and contempt, he prayed she would still cling to him when all others should forget.

Mark! the bell sounded, and he remembered the hour of execution. The turkey entered, and after dashing the tears from his eyes, he separated them from their long embraces and led the lady from the dungeon. At the entrance she turned and their eyes met—they could say farewell, the door swung upon its heavy hinges and they parted forever—is there not a heaven?

At sunrise next morning he suffered gloriously, a martyr to his country and liberty. And one of her the myrtle showers shed on his grave, and the last of their fair band.

'Twas in the land of Italy; it was a gorgeous scene! of sunset in Italy. What a magnificent scene! A pale emaciated girl lay upon the bed of death. Oh! it was hard to die, far from her home in this beautiful land where the flowers bloom perennial, and the balmy air comes freshly to the pining soul. Oh! no, her star has set; the brightness of her dream has faded; her heart was broken. When ties have been formed on earth—close burning ties—what is more agonizing and heart rending to the spirit than to find at last the beloved one is snatched, and all our love given to a passing flower. Enough! she died the betrothed of Robert Emmet—the lovely Sarah Curran. Italy contains her last remains—its flowers breathe their fragrance over her grave, and lulling notes of the shepherd's lute sound a requiem to her memory.

BREVET TITLES.—As there are many officers unacquainted with the appropriate use of the brevet titles that have recently been so liberally dispensed among the Regular and Volunteer officers of the United States Army, their intention should be directed to paragraphs 8 and 10, article 2, revised Army Regulations. They will learn from the paragraph referred to, that an officer cannot put himself on duty by virtue of his commission, and they will also learn when brevet rank takes effect. It follows, therefore, that an officer has no right to assume his brevet title unless in accordance with orders putting him on duty under his brevet commission.

It is unquestionable the privilege of an officer to use his brevet title, but it should be appended to his previous official title, instead of being used as a substitute therefor.

PALESTINE.—Again the note of distress comes to us from over the sea. The locusts have once more made their appearance, and threaten to produce a famine in the land. The cholera, too, has broken out at Tiberias, where, for prudential reasons, the people are compelled to remain, and are not allowed to scatter themselves over the country for fear of spreading the contagion. This is the Turkish mode of quarantine, cruel in the extreme, and the poverty of the few cities in the country is considered. On the other hand, we are informed that houses are to be erected outside of Jerusalem, near the Touro building, thus relieving the crowded dwellings within the walls of their over-population, and recurring the health of all.

The Springfield Republican says the board appointed for an examination of the various firearms in use by different nations have carefully examined sixty-one different rifles and muskets, and have reported that the most effective, safe and substantial arm is the Springfield rifle which the Board recommends for improvement which changes it to a breech-loading rifle. The board consists of Maj. Generals Hancock, Buchanan, Griffith, Brig. Gen. Hayes and Col. Owens, Benton and Porter, and it is unofficially stated that the members were unanimous in their recommendation of the Springfield rifle.

CHECKMATED HIM.—The Liverpool correspondent of the Mobile Advertiser tells the following good 'un:
While recounting incidents of "the war," I may as well tell you how Mr. Charles de Rothschild checkmated the Prussian General Manteuffel when the Prussian army occupied Frankfurt and the bankers of that city were ordered to raise an immense sum for the use of the invading army. The celebrated capitalist waited on General de Manteuffel and said, "We shall not pay. Pay for our cellars if you like, but you will not find there twenty-five millions of florins. And, if you do so, I give you my word that I will cause all the signatures that I hold of the Prussian bankers to be protested, so that all your banks shall fail." The General had some idea of having M. de Rothschild arrested, but did not carry out that noble design.

A silk factory has been started in San Francisco.

MISSOURI.
Fellows would make fifty and Missouri sixty each State as Rhode Island. Missouri is larger than all New England. Ohio exceeds in extent either Ireland, Scotland or Portugal, and equals Belgium, Switzerland, and Scotland together. Missouri is larger than Denmark, Holland, Belgium, and Switzerland; and Missouri and Illinois are larger than England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales.

VALENTIA. The Irish translation of the Atlantic cable is an Island of about six thousand acres in extent. It has three proprietors, of whom the Knight of Kerry is the chief, the others being Trinity College, Dublin, and Off. Herbert, of Munster. The population is about two thousand.

This great seal of Missouri, which was carried off by Cleby Jackson, is reported to have been found at last, having been dug up from the bottom of a well on the premises of Judge Frasier, at Marshall, Texas, by a party of workmen who were cleaning the well.—The premises were used as headquarters by Ex-Governor Reynolds during the perambulations of the rebel State Government in that section. An impression of the seal has been received at Jefferson City, Mo.

Texas are over 70 telegraph offices in New York, employing 375 persons. One hundred wires leave the city, of which 30 run to Washington. The American and Western Union Companies have altogether 2,000 offices with 5,000 employees.

Rumors of the London Times says that in the American army the big drums are drawn on carts by dogs. The drum is put on a sort of go-cart, with shafts and a pair of wheels, and as Pompey trots along the drummer beats the sheep skin.

"And you have taken the too-total pledge, have you?" asks somebody in an Irishman.—"Indeed I have, and am not ashamed of it either."—"And did not Paul tell Timothy to take a little wine for his stomach's sake?"—"So he did; but my name is not Timothy, and there's nothing the matter with my stomach."

A COBBLER living in Baltimore, has announced his calling: "My party performed best upon old boots and shoes, by having the feet, making good the legs, binding the broken, healing the wounded, mending the Constitution, and supporting the body with new souls. Adversus gratis."

An attempt was made on the night of Aug. 12th to assassinate Major Kellogg, 13th United States Infantry, in command at Fort Morgan, Colorado, by A. H. Patterson, a soldier at that post.—Patterson escaped.

Some benevolent ladies of Chicago have formed a Boarding House Association, and established a comfortable place for girls and young women to get board at cost.

A POWELL'S machine has opened thirty-five safes that came through the recent fire, and found only five of them had preserved their contents.

A BEAUTIFUL thought is suggested in the Koran: "Angels in the grave, will not question thee as to the amount of wealth thou hast left behind thee, but what deeds thou hast done while in the world, to entitle thee to a seat among the blest."

The only really friendless people in the world are those who, rich in means but poor in spirit, are too well off to need benefits, and too selfish to confer them.

GENERAL FRANKLIN will, it is said, be a candidate for United States Senator from Missouri, where he has been residing for two years past.

A. T. STEWART, the New York dry goods prince, had an income last year of \$4,071,256. The steamship between America and Europe make now 1196 trips a year. The locust is appearing in France in large quantities. That utilitarian people have begun to eat them, and you may have them in thirty-six different ways at the most fashionable restaurants. Frenchmen eat everything—snails, frogs, locusts, donkeys, and grass. The contribution imposed by Prussia upon the city of Frankfurt has been reduced to 15,000,000, of which 6,000,000 have already been paid, consequently 9,000,000 only remain to be contributed. GENERAL THOMAS has declined the proffer, by the citizens of Nashville, of a splendid mansion in that city, purchased at the cost of \$60,000. Mrs. JOHN C. CALHOUN, widow of the great South Carolinian, died at Pendleton, in that State on the 25th of July last. A LETTER from Captain Bingham from Texas says: "We in Texas are on the eve of another war which will be more desperate than the one out of which we have just emerged.—While about a dozen Union men have been elected to fill unimportant county offices, the former leaders in the rebellion have all been elected, and they are more hostile and rabid than they were during the war or before the States seceded. Unless troops are kept in the most important towns there will not be a Union man left in Texas in six months."

The wife of General John C. Breckinridge, at present temporarily residing in Canada, presented him recently with twins. Doctors should dearly love our mother Earth, for she kindly hides their evil work.

ENIGMA.
[For the Vancouver Register.]
I am composed of 15 letters.
My 5, 6, 8, 9, & 10, children have.
My 2, 4, 6, is a very destructive animal.
My 9, 11, 7, is worn by ladies.
My 12, 13, 9, is very useful.
My 10, 11, 5, 7, every body ought to be.
My 1, 2, 10, was created.
My 1, 11, 5, 7, most people eat.
My 2, 5, 10, 6, 8, is a young lady's name.
My whole is the name of an aged lady residing in
BILLY TRUETT,
Sept. 27, 1866.
Bellevue Creek, W. T.

AGENTS FOR THE REGISTER: L. P. FISHER, San Francisco; SETH R. HAMMER, Seattle; J. H. MURPHY, Olympia; N. S. PORTER, Seattle; Rev. O. G. BELKNAP, Seattle; Hon. S. N. PERRY, Walla Walla; HETZELIAH CAPLES, St. Helens.

A FEW SUGGESTIONS TO OUR DELEGATE IN CONGRESS.

This section of the territory has never been favored much by the gentlemen who have from time to time represented this Territory in Congress. With one exception all of our Delegates have been chosen from other localities.

The military commission, consisting of Judge Advocate Gen. Holt, Gen. Buchanan and Surgeon-General Barnes, to whom was referred the provision of the civil appropriation in relation to additional bounties, on Monday submitted a set of regulations for the guidance of the Department in the payment of claims under this part of the bill.

By order of the Secretary of War the premium of two dollars will hereafter not be paid to recruit who presents himself, but will continue to be paid to any citizen, non-commissioned officer, or soldier, for each accepted recruit that he may bring to the recruits.

Lieut. A. C. Kistler, 14th Infantry, U. S. A., with his company heretofore stationed at Fort Steilacoom, has been ordered to report to Col. Baker at Camp Watson, for service against the Snake Indians. A Company of 21 Artillery, formerly stationed at Fort Humboldt, will relieve Lieut. Kistler at Steilacoom. Fort Humboldt is to be broken up.

Lieut. R. F. Bernard, 1st Cavalry, U. S. A., now at Camp Watson, has been ordered to report for recruiting service at Carlisle Barracks, Penn.

Gen. R. C. Drum, A. A. G., is relieved from duty in the Division of the Pacific and ordered by the Secretary of War to report to Major Gen. Meade at Philadelphia.

WHAT OUGHT TO BE DONE.—Under the present financial depression of country matter, due diligence should be exercised by our county authorities to make all sources of revenue as productive as possible.

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.

Major-General Howard has published the following letter addressed to the Secretary of War:—"In view of the fact that charges are constantly made by a large number of prominent citizens, in the South and elsewhere, that persons are fed by the Bureau of Idleness, and in consideration of the statements made by the inspectors, Gens. Steadman and Fullerton, implying that the people who labor for support are rendered idle by the promise or hope of rations from the Government; and further, considering that the crops are sufficiently matured already to prevent actual starvation, I recommend that on, and after, the first day of September next the issue of rations be stopped, except to the sick in regularly organized hospitals, and to the Orphan Asylum for refugees and freedmen, already existing; and that the State officials who may be responsible for the poor be carefully notified of this order, so that they may assume the charge of such indigent refugees and freedmen as may not be embraced in the above exception."

The military commission, consisting of Judge Advocate Gen. Holt, Gen. Buchanan and Surgeon-General Barnes, to whom was referred the provision of the civil appropriation in relation to additional bounties, on Monday submitted a set of regulations for the guidance of the Department in the payment of claims under this part of the bill.

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OREGON NEWS.

MATTERS IN CORVALLIS.—The Corvallis Gazette, the official organ of the I. O. of Good Templars in Oregon, reports 45 Lodges of the Order in that Jurisdiction, all of them in a flourishing condition.

News was received lately at Oregon City that Clark's farm, grain and all, below the mouth of Bridge creek, is laid in ashes by the Indians, and that Clark and his brother-in-law had to flee for their lives, the family provisionally being absent.

The Germans at Aurora are finishing a splendid church erected on an eminence west of the village, when completed it will be one of the most showy buildings in the State. We are not informed as to the cost of it.

The State Rights (Albany) Democrat says: That a fire company has been organized in that place, by the enrollment of fifty three names and the election of officers. It is urged that a special tax be levied for the purchase of an engine, etc.

Our friend, the Rev. Mr. Condon has been prospecting for dead elephants and mastodons, during the past week, in the vicinity where the most enormous tracks were found, by Col. Fulton, on Fifteen-mile creek, and the result was that he panned out, in one day's cleaning up, a large number of enormous teeth. The worthy doctor was much pleased with the result, and intends in a few days to start on another prospecting tour.

Mat. Bledsoe, the leader of the late escape from the penitentiary, has been captured at Ashland, in Jackson county, and is now no doubt on his way back to his old quarters.

Washington Territory Items. Discovery of New Mines.—For several weeks back reports have been rife of the discovery of new and rich diggings on the head waters of the Palouse, distant from Walla Walla about 150 miles. A party of prospectors—among them David Weston, of Walla Walla—visited that location early last spring, and although they obtained unmistakable indications of gold, owing to high water and other causes they were unable to work to advantage.

The steamer Yukana, via Perce Chief and Oxyhee of the O. S. N. Co., have ceased running owing to the low stage of water in the upper Columbia.

A correspondent in the Walla Walla Statesman says that Donahue, the alleged murderer of Ferd Patterson, who made his escape from the Walla Walla Jail, had in his possession a certificate purporting to have been signed by Wm. Pickering, Governor of Washington Territory, and certain citizens of Walla Walla, which certificate set forth that he had been lawfully tried and honorably acquitted for the murder of Patterson.

(From dispatches to the Daily Oregonian.) EASTERN NEWS.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—Washington special dispatches say an unusually protracted session yesterday has been the cause of no little speculation. The knowing ones aver that aside from the consideration of the removals and appointments, the subject of the Mexican affairs was discussed. Rumor even goes so far as to declare that information has reached the Government that Maximilian intends to abandon Mexico by December. The Administration is considering how best to act in restoring the Liberal Government to power.

A large number of politicians are from New York in town, called thither by a belief that there is to be a general sweep of office holders in that State. There are also office seeking delegations from Maine, Pennsylvania and Ohio. Notwithstanding the severe storm the rooms of the White House were crowded yesterday, but not more than one third obtained an interview. There is great consternation over the political situation, and the President alone seems confident of success.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—The New York Times of Friday morning Sept. 28th, says: The old ghosts of Democratic mischief will not down for anybody's soothing. They will haunt the Democratic party, and push their leaders from their stools for many a long day to come. The evil that political parties do, lives after them, and the course pursued by the Democratic party as a political organization during the rebellion will no more be forgotten than the record of the Federalists was after the war of 1812. The record of the Democratic party during the war is disloyal and unpatriotic in its organized action. The Democratic party throughout the North in all its party action took ground against the Government, and practically in aid of the rebellion. It began to repeat immediately after the war was closed and tried to change its grounds.

The following letter General Grant has ordered published: HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE U. S., Washington, Sept. 19, 1866. To Brevet Brigadier General, W. A. Hillyer, New York: I see from the papers that you have been making a speech in which you pledged me to a political party. I am, further, in receipt of a letter from Gen. Gresham, of Indiana, in which he says that his opponent for Congress had published an extract from a letter received from you, in which you pledged me to the support of President Johnson, and as opposed to the election of any candidate who does not support his policy.

Chicago, Sept. 30.—The Text of the new Convention between the Emperor Napoleon and Maximilian is published as having been signed on the 30th of July, by which the Mexican Government grants to the French Government an assignment of one half the receipts of all maritime customs of the Empire arising from under mentioned duties and principal and special import and export duties on all articles. The export duties of the Pacific ports are already pledged to the extent of three fourths of the terms of assignment now made. The French stipulate that moneys derived from it shall be applied first to the interests of the sinking fund, and all obligations arising out of the two loans contracted in 1864-'65 by the Mexican Government. And to the payment of interest at the rate of three per cent. on the amount of 216,000,000 francs which the Mexican Government has a knowledge itself to be due by virtue of a convention at Miramar, and of all sums subsequently advanced in any shape, from the French treasury. The amount of liability created which now approximates the sum of 250,000,000 francs, shall hereafter be fixed in a different manner. In event of the amount received being insufficient for the full payment of the debt above mentioned, the right of holders of the bonds of the two loans and of the French Government shall remain completely reserved. The duties are to be collected by special agents under the French flag.

New York, Oct. 2.—The Herald's Washington special says the President, it is understood, is devoting every moment he can spare to the preparation of his annual message.—It is believed that he will adhere rigidly to his present line of policy and will take the ground that in the preparation of new amendments to the Constitution all States that claim and are willing to exercise the right, shall be represented. He will also suggest to Congress a proposition for an amendment to the proposition of representation, amending the representation of States according to the number of qualified male voters as prescribed by each State amendment, to take effect when the census of 1870 has been taken.

New York, Oct. 2.—The Herald says Santa Anna is now negotiating a loan of 5,000,000 dollars for the purpose of carrying out his plans of reconstruction in Mexico and is assured of success in negotiating the same in a few days. A number of ex-Federal officers called on him yesterday to offer their services in the new campaign.

It is believed by those high in authority in Canada, that Secretary Seward has used his diplomacy to bring about a league between Santa Anna and the Fenians.

New York, Oct. 2.—The Herald's South American correspondent says the idea of making peace with Spain is not believed in for a moment among the Chileans. They are anxious to carry the war into the enemy's country and demand that their navy shall appear before Cadix. The Secretary of Foreign Affairs remarked at a dinner during the last week of August, that Chile would ever regard Spain in the light of a natural enemy. It is very doubtful if any agent would be received who might come from Spain to propose terms of peace. Defensive operations in the vicinity of Valparaiso are still being made. The three steamers purchased here by Maturo are being fitted out as ships of war.

New York, Oct. 2.—A very dangerous counterfeit of the Central National Bank of this city is in circulation. The only way for the public to protect themselves will be to refuse all one hundred dollar National Bank notes except when received from sources well known. One peculiarity of the counterfeit is that the word "main-tain" on the right of the bill is defective and looks like the letter "P" but a counterfeiter could soon remedy the defect.

New York, Oct. 2.—The Fall Mall Gazette gives the following statement of the papal difficulty: While preparing for the eventual possibility of his being detained captive at Rome, and as speculation, has drawn up a secret bull, delegating his full powers to a Cardinal whom certain reasons prevents my naming at present. As soon as the Holy Father is taken captive or deprived of his Apostolic liberty, this Cardinal will repair to Vienna or London and there publish the bull which is now in his possession. In this document Pius IX names him as his alter ego ad tempus Vicar of the Universal Church—that is, Pope ab interim. All Catholic Bishops, all priests, and all the faithful are, during the captivity of the sovereign Pontiff, to address themselves to this organ of the Pope reduced to silence, and who will take the interpreter of Peter in bonds.

New York, Oct. 3.—Santa Anna was over-run yesterday by parties who are anxious to enter the service of Mexico. It is reported that a firm on South street has been commissioned to buy up six steamers for the service of the Liberals.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Santa Anna's visit to Washington and his efforts in favor of Mexican independence did not appear to meet with any sympathy from the American Legation.

New York, Oct. 3.—A case came before Judge Clark yesterday in the Supreme Court Chamber, in which Messrs. Jeremiah B. All, W. A. Beall, and Thomas Mercall complain that L. B. Braisher, formerly Treasury agent of the U. S. Government, took from illegally in February, 1866, at Albany, Georgia, some three hundred bales of cotton, valued at \$90,000. Braisher was arrested and held to bail in the sum of \$70,000. The case came before the court on a motion to discharge the order of the first. After hearing the argument of counsel Judge Clark reversed his decision.

The Herald's New Orleans correspondent says information has been received there that the general Government will sustain the Governor in removing men who failed to hold elections for the convention of delegates in accordance with his proclamation. The Herald special says: The Fenian prisoners in Toronto will be tried next week. The Herald's Washington special says: General Dix will only hold his appointment naval officer for a few days. He has accepted the mission to France, which, I understand, was offered to him with Mr. Seward's full and cordial approval. Whether this fact is an indication of a change in our foreign policy I must leave you to infer from the General's well known opinions in regard to Mexico and the Monroe doctrine.

The Marquis De Montholon, Minister of France to this country, has received no further tidings in regard to the fate of his son, an officer in the French army, and reported to have been captured and shot by the Liberals in Mexico. The absence of all information and intelligence of young Montholon since July, added to the rumor of his capture and death, creates a most painful solicitude on the part of his distinguished parents, who have the warm sympathies of a large circle of friends.

COUNTY TREASURER'S NOTICE. Pay Your Taxes! NOTICE is hereby given to the tax payers of Clark County, that the undersigned will be glad to see you over to the Sheriff on the 1st day of November, 1866, the tax roll of Clark County for 1866. Persons delinquent will save ten per cent. on the amount of their taxes by paying the same at the Treasurer's office before the 1st day of November. C. H. HUNTER, County Treasurer of Clark County, W. T., Vancouver, Oct. 5, 1866.

DR. J. E. MOOERS, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office and Residence, WASHINGTON HOTEL. May be found at the office at all times, unless absent on Professional business. Vancouver, Sept. 24th, 1866. 2-1f.

MRS. D. B. SHEFFIELD. Begs leave to inform the public that she can be found at the old stand, three doors south of Myrtle's store on Main street, Vancouver, and that she keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of Groceries of all descriptions, Fruit, and Candies, Confectionery and Ice Cream, SODA WATER, TOBACCO AND CIGARS, and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices. She respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

VANCOUVER DRUG STORE, DAVID WALL, APOTHECARY. Keeps constantly on hand a Choice Selection of Drugs, Medicines, Acids, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Alcohol, Tinctures, Perfumery, Toilet Articles.

FANCY GOODS. Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Use. HOPKINSON'S BITTERS, BAKER'S BITTERS, MOFFAT'S BITTERS, RABBIT'S POTASH, CANARY SEED, CARRIAGE SPOON, CASHEW SOAP, SHAKER KEYS, INDIGO, DOMESTIC DYE, CREAM TARTAR, BLUE STONE, NITRE, ROBIN, OLIVE, COMMON & WHITE, SULPHUR, GLAUBER SALT, BATH BRICKS, CONCENTRATED LYE, Congress Water and Fragrant Essences.

MICHAEL WINTLER, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Cor. Main and Fifth Streets, Keeps constantly on hand and in full assortment of GROCERIES, CROCKERIES, GLASSWARE, HARDWARE AND NAILS, DRY GOODS, READY MADE CLOTHING, BLANKETS, And all kinds of Sales Wools Goods, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES of all descriptions.

Will buy all kinds of Farmers Produce at the highest rates. Cash Paid for Wool and Hides. M. WINTLER. Vancouver, Sept. 22, 1866. 1-6.

BILLIARD SALOON! THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has recently renovated and furnished his large Billiard Saloon on Dawson Street, and he keeps on hand the very best quality of WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. That he has three splendid BILLIARD TABLES of the most approved and Celebrated MANUFACTORY.

His customers and the public generally will find his BILLIARD a cool and pleasant place of resort, where their wants will be attended to by an obliging and attentive bar-keeper. DAVID BROWN, Vancouver, W. T., Sept. 22, 1866. 1-6.

MARBLE'S MILL. ANSEL MARBLE WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the public that he is now prepared at his Mill six miles north of Vancouver, on Salmon Creek, to grind all grades brought to his mill, in a superior manner at the usual rates.

He is also prepared to saw his mill and deliver any amount of superior REDWOOD, as low prices as any can be bought for in this market. This machinery is in superior working order and he always accomplishes what he undertakes or promises to do. A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited. ANSEL S. MARBLE, Sept. 22, 1866. 1-6.

UNION SALOON, 6th Street, Vancouver, W. T. near the Military Reserve. THE UNDERSIGNED announces to the public that this well known place of resort will hereafter be under his management. He keeps a splendid stock of LIQUORS, WINES AND CIGARS, and all other things necessary to constitute a Tip-top Saloon. Give him a call and satisfy yourself of the truth of the statement. M. DAMPHORP, Sept. 22, 1866. 1-6.

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS Having Demands on the Government, PENSIONS, PRIER MONEY, BOUNTIES, PATENTS, Pay for Vouchers, Brip, Back Pay, Lost Horse and Sapon Claims, obtained by the undersigned, who will attend to all other business before the Department at Washington city. C. M. CARTER, Claim Agent, Office—Corner of Alder and Front streets, PORTLAND, Oregon. LEGAL NOTICE. Jane Campbell, Plf. vs. Finley D. Campbell, dft. In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory holding terms at Olympia. To Finley D. Campbell Defendant: YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT Jane Campbell has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will be heard before Hon. C. C. Hewitt, Judge of said Court on Saturday the 17th day of November, A. D. 1866, at 12 o'clock m., at the Court House in Olympia and unless you appear then and there the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between you and said plaintiff upon the ground of abandonment and failure to support plaintiff. H. G. STURVE, Plffs. Atty. { U. S. Revenue stamp, } 50 cts. Cancelled. } Sept 16, 1866. 1-1d.

Local Matters.

CITY FINANCES.—The following is a brief summary of our city finances, which we have taken from the books of the city Treasurer:

Table with columns for item, amount, and date. Includes 'On hand Nov. 17, 1865', 'Rec'd from Liquor Licenses', 'Total amount', etc.

We learn that the whole Wharf indebtedness will be liquidated next year, after which the proceeds derived from Liquor Licenses...

IMPROVEMENTS.—We are glad to notice a general stir and activity in town for the last few weeks by many of our citizens...

Mr. Stevens is erecting a large two-story frame building, corner Main and Fourth St., which will be occupied as a store.

Mr. Riggs, of the Alta House is building another large addition to his hotel. There will certainly not be a want of good hotel accommodations in this city hereafter...

Mr. Holmes is erecting a fine house immediately west of the M. E. Church to be used as a dwelling, and Mr. Stiles has just commenced a building on Tenth street...

Mr. Dargan & Co. have the basement and first story of their new brick building nearly up; another story will be added, which will, perhaps, be occupied by Vancouver Lodge, No. 3, I. O. O. F.

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GOING TO BALTIMORE.—Right Rev. A. M. A. Blanche, Bishop of Nisqually, has gone to Baltimore, with the view of attending a Plenary Council of all the Catholic Bishops in the United States...

RUNAWAY.—Master Louis Brant driving a buggy last Wednesday near town, met with the misfortune of having his horses run away, which resulted in a slight smash-up of the vehicle and divers and sundry bruises and scratches about the young man's face.

COLLECTOR MOORE has appointed J. M. Fletcher, Esq., of this city, Collector in place of Mr. Jones, who goes to Walla Walla next Monday. We understand that Mr. Fletcher has accepted the position.

COL. HOBBS and other officers connected with the military service in this Department have gone on a tour of inspection to Puget Sound. Col. Francis, Paymaster, U. S. A., has just returned from Steilacoom, where he paid the U. S. troops.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.—We are requested to acknowledge a donation of \$135 in U. S. coin from citizens of Portland, who generously contributed this sum to aid Mr. W. Stevens, one of the sufferers by the late fire.

MARBLE'S MILL.—The new grist and saw mill of Mr. Ansel Marble, advertised in another column, located on Salmon creek, is in first rate running condition to grind rick and turn out all sizes and quality of lumber required in this market.

Mr. Justice Tubbs has been doing a thriving business during the last week. A distinguished representative of the "Drum Corps" was arraigned for various "high crimes and misdemeanors," but the esprit du corps of his comrades and the trifling nature of his offense procured his honorable discharge.

Washington Lodge No. 4, F. & A. M., will hold its regular Communication this Saturday evening, Oct. 7th, 1865, to work in the M. M. degree. M. M.'s in good standing are invited to attend.

A SUBSCRIPTION has been started to purchase a stove-pipe hat for "Old Nick," in consideration of his gallant and meritorious services in behalf of the New Bass Drum Corps, lately organized, and which means semi-occasionally, not over a thousand miles from C. S. & Co's store.

SALE OF STOCK.—Mr. J. C. Ainsworth, President of the Cascade Railroad Company, gives notice that he will sell the interest of G. W. Johnson in said Company on the 11th inst., at the Cascades, to defray the delinquent assessments of Mr. Johnson amounting to fifteen thousand dollars.

The District Court of Walla Walla county convenes next Monday, Judge Wyche presiding.

C. H. Hunder Esq., County Treasurer, in another column gives notice to delinquent tax-payers, to which we invite attention.

Secretary Evans has returned to Olympia, from the Atlantic States.

Go and see Harris' panoramas this evening. It is worth seeing.

The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite, is FRENCH'S HANNUING TEA.

Vancouver Lodge No. 3, I. O. O. F. Holds its regular meetings at the Masonic Hall on Monday evenings at 8 o'clock. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

Washington Lodge No. 4, F. & A. M. Holds its Regular Communications on the first and third Saturdays of each month, at 7 o'clock p. m. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

Notice.—The V. H. S. Society hold their regular monthly meetings on the first Thursday evenings of each month.

PUBLIC AUCTION. Valuable City Property FOR SALE. I hereby give notice that I will come to be sold at Public Auction on the 13th day of October, 1865.

DOCTORS. CHAPMAN & WATKINS, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, AND ACCOUCHERS. Office—Cor. Front & Washington Sts., Portland, Oregon.

J. A. CHAPMAN, M. D. LATE OF NEW YORK, AND COMMISSIONED SURGEON IN THE U. S. ARMY. RESIDENCE—S. W. corner of Second and Salmon streets.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

Sidney E. Morse, of New York, has just patented a curious philosophical instrument which is called a bathometer. You throw it overboard, with its appendages, where water is miles deep. It goes down like a shot, and as soon as it touches the bottom it turns and comes back to the surface. You pick it up and the true depth of the water where it struck the bottom is seen on the scale of the bathometer, just as you see the degrees of heat on the scale of a thermometer.

Governor Cummings has issued the certificate of election to A. C. Hunt, the Democratic candidate for Congress. The Denver News denounces it as a swindle and an outrage, and talks of threats by the friends of Chilcott of a coat of tar and feathers. The Union men claim for Chilcott a majority of 108, and say the Governor issued the certificate in opposition to a vote of the majority of the Board of Canvassers.

Mr. Patrick Marmion was killed, last Sunday by the falling of a stump, under which he was at work. The ground around the stump had been worked before, and on that day Mr. Marmion went under it to work the ground further up. In doing so he cut some of the roots and the stump, suddenly fell over upon him. He was alone at the time, and was found about twenty minutes after the accident occurred. The stump had crushed his back and killed him instantly.

The Tribune's Washington correspondent, says that the immense quantities of mutilated currency redeemed and destroyed has created a drought in this class of Government circulation, and orders are pouring in daily by telegram and letters from banks all over the country asking supplies. The superintendent of printing is working his available force extra hours, and is unable to keep up with the demand.

The New York Hotels, which have been doing such a smashing business for the past two years, and have been so "cranky" to their customers are a little more humble now that visitors are few and far between, and are sending circular all over the country inviting patronage and assuring the public that they have plenty of room at reasonable rates.

The Michigan Central Railway Company it is announced, have established at their freight depot in Detroit a bath room for the use of the emigrants who travel over this road. The building is divided into separate apartments for males and females and at each arrival of emigrant trains the baths are liberally patronized.

The Second Comptroller of the Treasury reports that the arrears of pay and bounty cannot be paid to dialylists, nor can such arrears be passed over and payment made to the next person in the order of inheritance, prescribed by the act of July 11th, 1852.

A foreign correspondent says: "Jenny Lind, who was formerly the idol of the public; Jenny Lind, who for years gathered flowers and bank notes on her way, may be said to have assisted at her own funeral as an artist, in having unfortunately again come before the public long after her voice was no more. She was hissed by a greater part of the audience."

General Benjamin F. Butler has made the first movement in his campaign for Congress from the Fifth District, by a speech at Lynn. The Radicals are going for him, Alvey will get out of the way to make room for him, and he is likely to win the position.

The grading of the Central Pacific Railroad when it reaches the summit of the Sierras in California, will be 7,042 feet above the level of the ocean. This is 815 feet higher than the summit of Mount Washington the highest land in New England.

Queen Victoria manifested her royal indignation at a lady for appearing in a very low-necked dress, by ordering her to never present herself again.

Rachel Byrnes, who lives in Boone county, Iowa, is a hundred and fourteen years old, stout, healthy and quite good looking. She was born in Georgia in 1752, before the French and Indian war, and is probably the oldest human being now living in the country.

Hon. Caleb Cushing, of Newburyport, Judge Wm. Johnson, of Cincinnati, and R. J. Meigs, of Washington, have been appointed by the president, to revise and codify the laws of the United States, as provided by congress.

The Unionists of New Orleans have issued a circular to the people, in which they state their grievances and demand protection from the rebel mob now ruling over them.

A young girl in Hudson (Mass.) was killed by lightning during one of the recent showers. She was washing dishes, and the bolt struck a tin pail that was in her hands made quite a large hole in it, and then glanced and struck her. She was found dead, but there was no trace of lightning upon her person that could be discovered.

Judge Black of Pennsylvania has had a discussion with the Rev. Dr. Alfred Nevins upon the right of clergyman to preach politics. Judge Black's interesting biblical arguments suggest the question whether politicians have a right to preach theology.

Gen. Sherman was at Denver, Colorado, on the 12th of September. Sherman is the most industrious traveler in the world. In peace or war, he is the same energetic, tireless man.

Lawrence, Massachusetts, has a population of 10,000 persons. But one death in that city during the month of August. It is doubtful whether any other town in the world, with a like population, can show such a record.

There are six companies of Chinese in California, having under them about 58,000 Chinese, men, women, and children. Over one fourth are employed by the Pacific Railroad; ten thousand in washing and ironing, and the rest in manufactures and agricultural pursuits.

The first turkey ever eaten in France was served up at a banquet given at the wedding of Charles IX, and came from America. The General Land Office publishes statistics showing that the Western States and Territories are still attracting the bulk of emigration from the Atlantic States and Europe.

New Book, Stationery

GROCERY STORE!!

JONES & TURNBULL. DEALERS IN BOOKS, STATIONERY & NOTIONS.

One door south of Crawford, Slocum & Co., Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Vancouver, and the public generally, that they have just opened

A NEW STORE. And will constantly keep a general assortment of STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS, Blank Books, Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, & MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

We will be in receipt, by each steamer, of California and Eastern Papers, For odicals, New Novels, and Light Reading.

SPECIAL ATTENTION is called to our STOCK OF PICTURES

We shall keep an excellent variety of FRAMES AND MOLDINGS

Window Shades. We have also on hand and will constantly keep

A Fine Assortment of Wood & Willow Ware

MATTING, WINDOW GLASS, AND WALL PAPER.

Also a general assortment of Groceries, comprising Sugars, Syrups, Tea, Coffee, Flour and Cornmeal, FEED, SALT, TOBACCO, BUTTER, CANDIES, etc.

Wholesale and Retail, And every thing else adapted to the trade.

JONES & TURNBULL.

GLORIOUS NEWS

JOSEPH WISE Has come back to town again, and is at his old stand, corner of

MAIN & BATEMAN STREETS, Where he will be happy to see his old customers and a great many new ones.

ROOM FOR ALL WHO WANT TO BUY CHEAP GOODS!

MY WAY OF SELLING IS SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES. I will take in exchange all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, the same as I need to. My stock consists of

Dry Goods, Clothing Hats and Caps, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, All kinds of Salmon Goods, BOOTS AND SHOES OF ALL SORTS,

GROCERIES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, And many other things too numerous to mention.

COME, ALL, AND SEE WISE AGAIN! HE HAS COME BACK THIS TIME TO STAY.

TO THE LADIES: I would say, Mrs. Wise will wait on them with all kinds of FANCY ARTICLES, LADIES' DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS.

Remember Wise at the old Corner Store.

HURGREN AND SHINDLER. IMPORTERS AND Manufacturers of every variety

Furniture, Bedding, Mirrors, Gilt & Rosewood Picture Frames, BLUE AND UPHOLSTERY GOODS, No. 97, First and Corner First and Salmon Streets, PORTLAND.

NOTICE. WHEREAS, the Hon. Probate Court of Clarke County, W. T., at the regular adjourned July term, 1865, of said Court made the following order:

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Wright, deceased. Wm. Kelly Executor.

IT APPEARING by the petition presented to said Executor, praying for an order to sell real estate, that it is necessary to sell the real estate of said deceased, to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, and the debts, expenses and charges of the administration.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before said Probate Court on the first day of the regular October term, 1865, of said Court at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the Court House in Vancouver, to show cause why an order should not be granted to said Executor to sell so much of said real estate as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the VANCOUVER EXPLORER, a newspaper published in said County.

Notice is therefore given to all persons interested in said estate to appear at the time and place above mentioned and show cause as above required, why said real estate should not be sold for the purposes above set forth.

H. G. STRUVE, Atty. for Executor.

Vancouver, W. T., Sept. 29.—24w.

Dissolution.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between H. F. McAfee, David McAfee, and G. W. Webber, under the firm name of H. F. McAfee & Co., in the lumber business at Clark County, is dissolved. All persons interested will take notice accordingly.

D. McAFFEE, G. W. WEBBER.

Sept. 1st, 1865.

CRAWFORD SLOCUM & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF THE PUBLIC THAT THROUGH ALL THINGS change, they are still the same, yesterday, to-day, and to-morrow, they are still the same, yesterday, to-day, and to-morrow, they are still the same.

Any Amount of Goods, Importing Direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET

Counting of DRY GOODS Of all kinds and Descriptions.

Embracing particularly A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS

Ready-Made Clothing For the Million, BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Linseys, AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY

HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes, And all kinds of Groceries,

Embracing particularly SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT, Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel, Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c.

Flour always on hand.

In addition to the above, we have a few other things, all of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as AN IMMENSE STOCK OF

Crockery and Glassware, HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c.

PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, OAKUM, SALT, LIME, CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS

For Medical Uses, ALWAYS ON HAND.

We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.

CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO., Cor. Main and Third Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T.

Sept. 11, 1865.—1416.

Agents Wanted FOR HEADLEY'S HISTORY OF THE Great Rebellion.

The Civil War in the United States, BY HON. J. T. HEADLEY.

THIS new and attractive work will embrace a complete and accurate account of the whole contest, neatly printed from beautiful clear type, on good paper, elegantly illustrated with numerous fine engravings and wood cuts, complete in ONE SUPERB VOLUME of over 1200 pages. Will be furnished to subscribers during the coming season.

Mr. Headley has given an impartial and truthful and reliable history of the War. The work is an elegant one, and fully meets our expectations in every respect.—Bookster (N. Y.) Advertiser.

It is written in Headley's best style, and he is about the best delineator of battle scenes that there is among our American authors. Persons purchasing this work will get a reliable and interesting history of the War.—Oregon (Clatsop) Statesman, July 5.

Of the many histories of the War, "The Great Rebellion, or a History of the Civil War in the United States," by J. T. Headley, author of "Napoleon and His Marshals," etc., is undoubtedly the most useful and important, as well as the most interesting which has been issued from the American press. As a descriptive writer Mr. Headley has no superior in America.—Daily Herald, (Portland, Oregon) July 17.

It is the best history yet offered. We recommend it to all who desire a fair and impartial history.—Democratic (Salem, Oregon) Statesman, June 25.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC. Be not deceived into subscribing for any other "Impartial History" (unnecessary now-a-days), believing it to be Headley's.

Agents wanted for History of All Religions, Pictorial Charts, etc. Sold only by subscription. Address, THOMAS BROWN, 51, Gen'l Agents, Portland or Salem.

Administration Notice. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of John Aird, deceased, late of Clarke County, W. T. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me at my residence between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 1 p. m., or after half-past five p. m., or to Messrs. H. L. & J. F. Caples at their office in Vancouver, within one year from date.

Vancouver, W. T., Feb. 12, 1866. LOUIS SOHNS, Adm'r, 231st of the estate of John Aird, dec'd.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Clarke County, W. T., administrator of the estate of Joseph Dargan, late of said county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate, and those having claims against the same, are hereby notified to call at my place of business, in Vancouver, and settle the same within one year from this date.

Dated, Vancouver, July 29th 1866. GEORGE W. DURGAN, Administrator of Joseph Dargan, dec'd.

46-3m.

S. KAISER

Is not Dead, as was supposed, But has just returned from San Francisco with a carefully and well selected and immense Stock of

MERCHANDISE! Which he is now opening and which he will sell at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES, At his Old Stand on Main Street, Adjoining Alpi & Steger's Meat Market.

He has a well selected Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING!

ALL KINDS OF COATS! Varying in price from \$7 to \$40, and PANTS, VESTS, AND SHIRTS To suit all classes of Customers.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS! OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS, Embracing the finest and most desirable styles of German, English, French, Scotch, & AMERICAN MANUFACTURE.

Sheetings, Shirtings, LADIES' BRAVES, AND AMERICAN, FRENCH, AND BRITISH. A well selected Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES! Kip and Calf Boots OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY And Balmorals and Cutlers For the Ladies, From the best Manufacturing Houses in Philadelphia and New York.

He has also a FINE ASSORTMENT OF HATS AND CAPS! For Men and Boys, And a well selected Stock of GROCERIES Adapted to the wants of this Market.

All of which will be sold at the LOWEST LIVING PRICES. Vancouver, Oct. 16, 1865.—1417.

H. L. & J. F. Caples, ATTYS & COUNSELORS AT LAW, Notaries Public, GENERAL REAL ESTATE AND Collecting Agents.

HAVE OPENED A LAW OFFICE AT VANCOUVER, and will attend promptly to all business pertaining to the professions in the above named cities.

JUSTICE, PROBATE, AND DISTRICT COURTS of the 1st Judicial District of Washington Territory. PARTICULAR ATTENTION will be paid to Conveyancing and the Transfers of Real Estate, Bonds, Mortgages, Contracts, and all Legal Instruments of writing, drafted and accurately drawn and acknowledged.

THEY HAVE IN COURSE OF PREPARATION an Abstract of the Titles and a Miscellaneous Index, all located in Clarke County, and are prepared to give perfect satisfaction in the above named branches of business, promptly and satisfactorily.

They have purchased arrangements by which they are enabled promptly to collect claims against the U. S. Government and process Bank Pay, Pass, and Receipts, and all other claims against the Government.

They will act as Agents for the Sale and Procurement of Real Estate in the city or country, also, for the location of Land, and the location of Government Lands, and will promptly attend to all business pertaining to the Public Land Office located at Steilacoom, for the payment of taxes for non-residents.

One of the firm being a Practical Surveyor, and having the advantage of a residence and an extensive acquaintance in this part of Washington Territory for more than forty years last past, they are prepared to give perfect satisfaction in the above named branches of business.

They are all at their respective places of business in SEATTLE AND COLLECT DEDTS in Washington Territory, to NEGOTIATE LOANS upon Good Security, to Buy and Sell Land Warrants and Government Stock, and to Receive, Buy and Sell Good Commercial Paper.

Vancouver, W. T., Nov. 16, 1865.—1417.

Blacksmithing. THE UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD OF Informing the Public generally and the rest of Seattle in particular, that they are now at all reasonable working hours, day or night, at the OLD AND WELL KNOWN SHOP,

COR. FIFTH AND MAIN STREETS, VANCOUVER, where they are prepared to do REPAIRING, and all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, with neatness and dispatch.

Particular Attention paid to Shoeing. All kinds of Wagon and Carriage Ironing done in the best style. Plows, Mill Irons, Edge Tools, &c., made to order.

S. HARRIS, E. DURGAN.

Vancouver, Sept. 22, 1865.—1417.

To Soldiers Claiming Bounties UNDER THE Equalization Bounty Bill!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RECENTLY RETURNED from Washington City, where he has made the proper arrangements for the collection of the BOUNTY Bill allowed to all soldiers enlisted for three years in the service of the United States, and in preparation with the proper BOUNTY, &c., required by the Department at Washington, to have said BOUNTY promptly paid.

Persons entitled to the benefit of said BOUNTY will find it their interest to attend to its collection at once. Send an Agent at Washington, and personal knowledge of the mode of making collection through the Department, I can get returns promptly.

Call with your BOUNTY, at the Publication Office of the Daily Oregonian, No. 4 Washington St., Portland, 11th.

Cigars. OF THE BEST BRANDS always on hand, AT THE SIGN OF THE TRADING POST.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

Sweet Corn all the Year Round.

Nearly all the dried corn that one buys has a flavor, when boiled, resembling soda or pearl ash—certainly it has but little sweetness and much toughness. Now, there is a way of preserving corn which entirely avoids these results, and which is warranted to give "entire satisfaction."

Select, in their season, fresh, medium sized ears of corn, strip off silk and husks, then plunge the ears in boiling hot water, leaving them in for only three minutes. Next cut the corn kernels from the cob with a sharp knife and spread them out on flat dishes, taking care not to have the layer more than two kernels thick.

The dishes must then be placed either in a moderate oven (left open) or over the kitchen range on a board shelf which can be arranged over it for the purpose (say 2 or 3 feet above the top of the range). The contents of each dish must be disturbed occasionally, so as to insure their becoming thoroughly dried. It is well to spread each ear, or possibly heating over the dishes to protect them from fire dust, etc., for sometimes the corn will burn over three days in drying.

When the corn is perfectly dry, tie it up in bags and put it away in a cool, dry place.

In winter, when you wish to enjoy the fruit of this little painstaking, you take out a few handfuls of the corn, wash it well, sink it all night, and the next day boil it till tender, in the same water it was soaked in. About twenty minutes before you take it from the fire, add milk to the liquid in proportion to your taste, and when nearly done, add butter, pepper, and salt. A little corn starch added as thickening, ten or fifteen minutes before taking the corn from the fire, improves it very much. The corn should not be dry when served, but floating thickly in its own stiff broth, and, my word for it, will taste as fresh and sweet as any corn fresh grown.

I need not say, that by soaking corn thus dried all night, and also soaking the preserved beans for the same length of time, a delicious winter succotash can be made the next day, as good as any ever eaten in summer.—Working Farmer.

Sweet Corn.—The first thing in the morning when the kettle boils take a pint of boiling water and put a teaspoonful of salt into it, let it stand until cold enough to bear your finger in it, then stir in flour enough to make a batter (using a quart pitcher for that purpose) then set it to rise, by placing the vessel containing the batter inside of a pot of warm water kept just warm enough to bear the finger in. After it has stood two or three hours, stir in a tablespoonful of Indian meal and when the vessel runs over, which will be in four or five hours from the first, mix the dough into loaves, set them in a warm place and cover to rise.—When risen enough, bake. The above quantity is for seven pounds of flour.

A LITTLE LIZZY.—Housewives can have nice, hard butter in summer, without the use of ice, by following this plan: Put a tureen, or any open, flat thing with legs, in a saucer; put on this tureen the plate of butter, and fill the saucer with water; turn a common flower-pot upside down over the butter, so that its edge shall be within the saucer and under the water. Plug the hole of the flower pot with a cork, then drench the flower pot with water, set in a cool place until morning, or if done at breakfast, the butter will be very hard at supper time.

A GREAT WRONG.—When a dissipated youth goes astray, friends gather around him in order to restore him to the path of virtue. Gentleness and kindness are lavished upon him to win him back again to innocence and peace. No one would suspect that he had ever sinned. But when a poor confiding girl betrays, she receives the brand of society, and is henceforth driven from the ways of virtue. The betrayer is honored, respected, and esteemed; but this ruined, heart-broken victim knows there is no rest for her this side of the grave. Society has no helping hand for her—no smile of peace, no voice of forgiveness. These are earthly moralities they are unknown to her. There is deep wrong in them, and fearful are the consequences. The injustice of society is vividly brought to the mind in the case delineated.

A SHOCKING MURDER.—A mysterious and brutal murder was committed on Sunday night at a house No. 811 Seward street, the victim being an Irish woman, the wife of a German named David Steigler. The husband took his two oldest daughters to a rear garden nearby, leaving his wife at home with two young children. During his absence some fiend in human shape entered the room and killed his sleeping wife in her bed. The husband returning home found his wife lying on the bed with the little girl asleep in her arms. The mother was dead. She had received a blow from a club or other blunt instrument over the left ear, and another over the eye, which broke the skull and mashed her head in a horrible manner. The sleeping child was covered with blood. The mother had probably been slain so suddenly that the slumber of the child was not disturbed, and her arms were still around its young form.—The woman, Mrs. Catharine Steigler, appears to have been married two or three times. She was about thirty-five years old, full and fair, with raven black hair and comely features. One of her husbands, named Quassia, was sent to the Penitentiary for grand larceny last November. Another man who claims her as his wife sells jewelry on the levee. The supposition is that one of her former husbands or lovers killed her through jealousy or revenge. The testimony taken by the coroner does not throw much light upon the mystery.—St. Louis Dem.

COMMON SENSE.—The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, at its recent session, decided in the case of Elmer Mohr, of Lehigh county, that a woman can be indicted as a common scold. Judge Woodward, in delivering the opinion of the Court, said: "As to the unreasonableness of holding a woman liable to punishment for a too free use of her tongue it is enough to say that the common law, which is the expressed wisdom of ages, adjudges that it is not unreasonable. And the Legislature has not changed the common law in this regard, but, on the contrary, declared, so recently as 1860, that this offense shall be punished as heretofore."

TWO LITTLE GIRLS KILLED.—A sad and melancholy occurrence happened four miles east of Naples, in Scott county, one day last week. Two little girls, one of them the daughter of Mr. Jackson Sawyer, and the other a neighbor's child whose name we did not learn, were out playing, and wandered under the bluff where an excavation had been made for sand. While there the bank fell in, jolting the little ones under about sixteen feet of earth, and instantly killed them. They were missed and search made for them, and on the discovery that the sand bank had fallen in, the reality was suspected. On removing the earth the bodies of the children were found. They were ten or twelve years old.—Springfield (Ill.) Rep.

WILCOX & GIBBS Letter "G"



SEWING MACHINE

It is entirely noiseless. A patented device prevents the being turned backward. The needle cannot be set wrong. The Hammer, Pedal, and Brakes are acknowledged to be superior to all others. It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1853.

It also received the first premium for "The Best Sewing Machine."

At the great "New England Fair," the "Vermont State Fair," the "Pennsylvania State Fair," and the "Indiana State Fair," 1864.

N. B.—Agents Wanted.

STEWART & COURLEY, 103 Front Street, Agents for Oregon.

CARPETS & PAPER HANGINGS.

WALTER BROS.

No. 113 Front Street, (Opposite Vaughn's Wharf.)

PORTLAND - OREGON.

ARE RECEIVING BY EVERY STEAMER FROM THE EAST, THE NEWEST PATTERNS OF

Carpets, Oil Cloths,

PAPER HANGINGS,

WINDOW SHADES, DAMASKS,

Lace Curtains,

RUGS AND MATS,

And Everything

In the Housefurnishing Line.

Parties will find it to their interest to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Martha Eversole, Plff., vs. William Eversole, Def't.

In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of W. T., holding terms at Vancouver, To William Eversole, defendant above named.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT

Martha Eversole has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard, at the first term thereof, which shall commence more than two months after the 10th day of August 1866, (being the Oct. term for said last mentioned year,) and unless you appear at said term, and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to procure a divorce from you, and to obtain a decree of said Court that the care and custody of the minor children mentioned and described in said complaint may be awarded to said plaintiff.

H. L. & J. F. CAPLES, Atty's for Plaintiff.

(U. S. Revenue Stamp.) 50 cts. Canceled. Vancouver, August 15th, 1866. 49 2m

NOTICE

Mary E. Lang, Plff., vs. E. H. C. Lang, Def't.

In the District Court for the 21 Judicial District, of Washington Territory, holding terms at Vancouver, W. T.

To E. H. C. Lang, the above named def't.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, THAT

Mary E. Lang has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard before the Hon. C. C. Hewitt, Chief Justice of said Territory, and Judge of said Court, on Monday, the 22d day of October, A. D. 1866, at 12 o'clock 'm. of said day, at the Court House in Vancouver, W. T., and unless you appear then and there and answer, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a decree of divorce, dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between you and plaintiff, upon the grounds of cruel treatment, also to obtain the care, custody and education of the minor child, George H. C., the fruit of said marriage.

H. G. STRUFF, Atty. for Plaintiff.

(U. S. Revenue Stamp.) 50 cts. Canceled. Vancouver, W. T., August 18, 1866.—td

NOTICE

Territory of Washington, vs. County of Clarke.

In the District Court of the 21 Judicial District, holding terms at Vancouver, W. T.

To Alexander Barton, and Jennette Barton, defendants.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT

Yeruman Haas and Joseph Wise have filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months from the 18th day of August, A. D. 1866, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a judgment against you for the balance now due on two certain notes given by you in the year 1861, to the firm of Mayer & Haas, at Vancouver, W. T.

J. D. POTTER, Attorney for Plaintiffs.

(U. S. Revenue Stamp.) 50 cts. Canceled. 49d. David Vancouver, August 18, 1866.

NOTICE

signed has been authorized according to law, to settle all matters of business pertaining to the late firm of Aird & Stegert. All persons having claims against, or who are owing the said firm, are notified to call upon and settle the same with me, immediately.

Vancouver, Feb. 22, 1866.

RICHARD STEGERT, Surviving partner of Aird & Stegert. 124ff.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,

Florence, - Massachusetts,

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

CELEBRATED REVERSIBLE FEED SEWING MACHINES!

Making Four Distinct Stitches.

While a large number of Machines have been offered to the Public, some of which possess points of excellence and acknowledged merit, we have never felt that we have experienced, the one of a Machine more perfect in its mechanical structure, combining in the highest degree, with durability, and while capable of doing a greater range of work, one that could be easily understood and comprehended by all.

To supply a Sewing Machine free from the objections attaching to others, has been no easy task! For we had not only to give to it the most perfect work, but also to improve from time to time, by means of our own ingenuity, this claim has been accomplished by the liberal expenditure of capital, and the patient, untiring labor of years; and in presenting our Machine to the public, we shall make strong assertions respecting its merits, which we are prepared to substantiate in every particular.

As to the most objectionable feature against this favorite stitch, we have added the Knot, Double Lock and Double Knot, either of which is stronger and more durable than the Lock; thus enabling the operator to select a stitch perfectly suited to every grade of fabric, and where necessary new seams much stronger than it is possible to do by hand.

The FLORENCE makes four different stitches with as much ease as ordinary Machines make one, and with as little maintenance.

The results of repeated tests have been all in our favor, and from its first introduction the FLORENCE has gained a high reputation, and been regarded, a household necessity; proving that the public fully appreciate the ability, beauty, and durability combined in the FLORENCE Machine.

Calendar year for Board, Tuition, Washing and Clothing, payable half-yearly, in advance. The education given is the common school education of the country distributed with unusual labor suited to the age and natural abilities of the pupils.

Destitute Orphans from Washington are admitted free. The above institutions are entirely independent of each other.

August 31, 1865.—11y.

MALE AND FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM,

KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

THE MAIN OBJECT OF THIS INSTITUTION IS THE proper raising and education of destitute orphans. Other children, however, are admitted by paying \$25 per calendar year for Board, Tuition, Washing and Clothing, payable half-yearly, in advance. The education given is the common school education of the country distributed with unusual labor suited to the age and natural abilities of the pupils.

Destitute Orphans from Washington are admitted free. The above institutions are entirely independent of each other.

August 31, 1865.—11y.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL!

KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, Vancouver, W. T.

INVALIDS will here find every care and attention for the sum of one dollar per day, payable in advance. Wine and medicinal liquors, when ordered by the physician, and funeral expenses form extra charges. 11y

J. T. MARONY, Military & Citizen TAILOR.

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS FRIENDS AND THE Public, that he is prepared to guarantee satisfaction in all he orders of Tailoring. I keep constantly on hand

American and French Cloths, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, Gents' Clothing Cleaned & Repaired. Main Street, Vancouver. Sept. 11, 1866.—11ff.

LIVERY STABLES

Cor. 6th & A Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS Let by the hour, day, or week, at moderate rates.

HORSES TAKEN TO KEEP AT REASONABLE RATES. Public Patronage respectfully solicited. JOSEPH BRANT, Prop'r. Vancouver, Sept. 6, 1866.—11ff.

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON!

MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.

P. O'KEANE, - PROPRIETOR.

THIS POPULAR PLACE HAS NOW BECOME A Fixed Institution, celebrated for the genuineness of its Wines, Liquors, and Cigars

PAPERS OF THE LATEST DATE ALWAYS ON HAND.

The Proprietor has, at considerable expense, fitted up this Saloon for the accommodation of the Public, and as it is in readiness to suit, at the LOWEST RATE, a general assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, Leeches, Patent Medicines, Frisks, Oils, Vermifuge Oils, Blisters, Painful Materials, Fine Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Toilet Ware, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Fine Washstand Cutlery, Fishing Tackle, etc. Also, a complete assortment of DENTAL INSTRUMENTS AND DENTISTS' MATERIAL. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded by experienced Druggist and Chemist, and put up at all hours of the night. Orders from the country solicited and prompt attention guaranteed. 12-11

GEO. WEEDEN

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, & Repairing Business, SOLICITS THE PUBLIC FAVOR, and pledges himself to execute all orders promptly and in a workmanlike manner. If A. S. B. and the other styles of the trade always on hand.

1-8 MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER, W. T.

W. H. McGrath, Boot & Shoe Maker,

(Two doors south of M. Wintler's Store,) MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.

I INTEND TO KEEP ON HAND ONLY THE BEST of Stock, and perform my work in the best of style, and with special reference to utility and durability. Special Attention GIVEN TO REPAIRING. CHARGES REASONABLE. Don't forget the Place. The second door south of Wintler's store, where you will see my sign. 24

A New Tailor Shop,

VANCOUVER, W. T., (Next door to the "Allen House.")

PETER FOX INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is prepared to give satisfaction in all branches of Tailoring. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CLEANING & REPAIRING. "Neat, Cheap, and Quick." No Machine Sewing. 17

WOOL! WOOL!!

25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For such the highest market price will be paid By CHAMPAGNE, FLOUM & CO

Portland, Sept. 1, 1866.—11-1y.

PROVIDENCE SCHOOL! For Young Ladies,

CONDUCTED BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

THIS INSTITUTION, which was commenced in the year 1866, is delightfully situated at Vancouver, on the north bank of the Columbia river. The beauty of the surrounding scenery, and the salubrity of the place cannot be surpassed.

The course of studies embraces the various branches of a solid and useful education, and a particular attention is given to help the pupils to household duties and plain and fancy needle work.

Parents may rest satisfied that every care will be paid to the comfort of the young ladies placed at this Institution, while no pains will be spared to secure in them those principles of virtue which should be the foundation of a noble character.

No secular influence will be exercised over the religious opinions of the pupils; however, for the maintenance of good order, all are required to conform to the external discipline of the house.

TERMS FOR BOARDERS: For Board and Tuition, per quarter of 11 weeks... \$40 For Washing... 10 For music and use of instrument... 17 For French... 2 For Board during vacation... 25 For Washing... 5

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS: Per quarter... \$6 Payment to be made invariably quarterly in advance. Books, stationery, beds and bedding will form extra charges.

Each pupil must be provided with a white muslin and a grey blue de laine dress. Also, with six changes, and a sufficient number of pairs of shoes. The idea de laine to be procured at the establishment.

No absence is allowed during the year, except in case of serious illness.

August 31, 1865.—11y.

MALE AND FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM,

KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

THE MAIN OBJECT OF THIS INSTITUTION IS THE proper raising and education of destitute orphans. Other children, however, are admitted by paying \$25 per calendar year for Board, Tuition, Washing and Clothing, payable half-yearly, in advance. The education given is the common school education of the country distributed with unusual labor suited to the age and natural abilities of the pupils.

Destitute Orphans from Washington are admitted free. The above institutions are entirely independent of each other.

August 31, 1865.—11y.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL!

KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, Vancouver, W. T.

INVALIDS will here find every care and attention for the sum of one dollar per day, payable in advance. Wine and medicinal liquors, when ordered by the physician, and funeral expenses form extra charges. 11y

J. T. MARONY, Military & Citizen TAILOR.

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS FRIENDS AND THE Public, that he is prepared to guarantee satisfaction in all he orders of Tailoring. I keep constantly on hand

American and French Cloths, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, Gents' Clothing Cleaned & Repaired. Main Street, Vancouver. Sept. 11, 1866.—11ff.

LIVERY STABLES

Cor. 6th & A Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS Let by the hour, day, or week, at moderate rates.

HORSES TAKEN TO KEEP AT REASONABLE RATES. Public Patronage respectfully solicited. JOSEPH BRANT, Prop'r. Vancouver, Sept. 6, 1866.—11ff.

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON!

MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.

P. O'KEANE, - PROPRIETOR.

THIS POPULAR PLACE HAS NOW BECOME A Fixed Institution, celebrated for the genuineness of its Wines, Liquors, and Cigars

PAPERS OF THE LATEST DATE ALWAYS ON HAND.

The Proprietor has, at considerable expense, fitted up this Saloon for the accommodation of the Public, and as it is in readiness to suit, at the LOWEST RATE, a general assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, Leeches, Patent Medicines, Frisks, Oils, Vermifuge Oils, Blisters, Painful Materials, Fine Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Toilet Ware, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Fine Washstand Cutlery, Fishing Tackle, etc. Also, a complete assortment of DENTAL INSTRUMENTS AND DENTISTS' MATERIAL. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded by experienced Druggist and Chemist, and put up at all hours of the night. Orders from the country solicited and prompt attention guaranteed. 12-11

GEO. WEEDEN

HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, & Repairing Business, SOLICITS THE PUBLIC FAVOR, and pledges himself to execute all orders promptly and in a workmanlike manner. If A. S. B. and the other styles of the trade always on hand.

1-8 MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER, W. T.

W. H. McGrath, Boot & Shoe Maker,

(Two doors south of M. Wintler's Store,) MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.

I INTEND TO KEEP ON HAND ONLY THE BEST of Stock, and perform my work in the best of style, and with special reference to utility and durability. Special Attention GIVEN TO REPAIRING. CHARGES REASONABLE. Don't forget the Place. The second door south of Wintler's store, where you will see my sign. 24

A New Tailor Shop,

VANCOUVER, W. T., (Next door to the "Allen House.")

PETER FOX INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is prepared to give satisfaction in all branches of Tailoring. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CLEANING & REPAIRING. "Neat, Cheap, and Quick." No Machine Sewing. 17

WOOL! WOOL!!

25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For such the highest market price will be paid By CHAMPAGNE, FLOUM & CO

Portland, Sept. 1, 1866.—11-1y.

Union Meat Market.

G. W. & J. E. C. DURGAN & CO., Proprietors.

(Three Doors North of Crawford, Hubam & Co.'s.) Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh

BEEF, MUTTON,

Pork, and Salt Meats.

Also, ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES IN THEIR SEASON.

INTENDING TO PURNISH OUR MARKET with the best mutton and vegetables that the country affords and to sell them at reasonable prices, we expect to do well and to receive a reasonable share of the public favor.

Cash paid for Fat Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, &c. Vancouver, Dec. 8, 1865.—11-1f

AIRD & STEGERT,

EMPIRE MARKET

Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FRESH BEEF,

Pork, Mutton, SALT PORK, HAMS, BACON, Smoked Beef, &c.

Cash paid for Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Vancouver, Aug. 28, 1865.—11-1f.

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No. 138 and 140 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN FURNITURE, BEDDING, Wall Paper, Shades, CROCKERY, ETC., ETC.

N. B.—A General Assortment of 32 Furniture in Packages. if

Jewelry! Jewelry!

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STEWART & GOURLEY

Are now offering to the Public the BEST and CHEAPEST assortment of

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, IVORY AND RUBBER SETTS, (New Style Jewelry)

A Large and Well Selected Stock of Silver-Plated Ware;

And everything usually kept in our line of business. AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN W. J. COMPANY. Particular attention paid to the

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Call and see for yourselves. STEWART & GOURLEY, 111-1f 133 HARRIS'S BUILDING, Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

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