

The Vancouver Register.

VOL. 1. VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, AUGUST 4, 1866. NO. 47.

THE VANCOUVER REGISTER.
VANCOUVER, W. T.
ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY,
By S. W. BROWN & H. K. HINES,
Editors and Publishers.

TERMS:
For annum, in advance, \$3.00
If not paid in six months, 3.50
If not paid until the end of the year, 4.00
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Legal advertisements at the established rates.

H. G. STRUVE,
Attorney-at-Law
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, 3d Judicial District, W. T. Will practice in all the courts of Washington Territory. Special and prompt attention given to the collection of debts, and to business in the U. S. Land Office.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

JAY D. POTTER,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
CONVEYANCER,
Law & Land Agency.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, (next door to the Postoffice)
VANCOUVER, Aug. 7, 1866.—1-1-1f.

JOHN F. CAPLES,
Attorney & Counselor-at-Law.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

JOSEPH M. FLETCHER,
(REGISTERED OF THE LAND OFFICE.)
Notary Public and Conveyancer
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BONDS, AND LEGAL PAPERS of all kinds, carefully prepared.
VANCOUVER, Sept. 1, 1866.—1-1-1f.

JULIUS SUISTE,
Attorney & Counselor at Law.
(JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.)
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.
D. W. WILLIAMS,
—DEALER IN—
GRAIN AND FEED OF ALL KINDS
—ALSO—
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.
Is prepared with
Ample Fire-Proof Storage,
And will do a GENERAL
COMMISSION BUSINESS.
No Charges for Storage on Goods sold on Commission.
227 Proceeds of Sales promptly remitted.
No. 110 Front Street, (1st door south of Postoffice)
Portland, Oregon.
Sept. 4, 1866.—1-1-1f.

BUNNELL BROS.,
Portland, Or'n, & Lewiston, I. T.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
STOVES, TIN PLATE,
SHEET IRON,
Wire, Pumps,
Lead Pipe, &c., &c.
And Manufacturers of
TIN, COPPER,
Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c.
Jobbing Work Done to Order.
D. BUNNELL, 22 C. BUNNELL,
Front St., Cor. Yamhill. Lewis & I. T.

The Steamer COWLITZ,
JOHN T. KERNS, MASTER.
WILL MAKE REGULAR TRIPS BETWEEN PORTLAND and Blaine Landing, on the Columbia, every Saturday, and between Portland and navigable points on Lewis river every Monday and Wednesday, returning on Tuesdays, and Thursdays, landing for passengers or freight wherever desired. Other days open for job work, dispatch trips, pleasure parties, &c., at rates that will guarantee satisfaction.
1-2-1f

KINGSLEY & REES
MANUFACTURERS OF
Saddles, Harness,
AND DEALERS IN
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Saddle Trees, Block and Bent Stirrups, etc.
SHOP—No. 58 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. McHENRY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE!
LAMP, PLATED WARE, Etc.
No. 9-11 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.
THIS UNDERIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE HIS Valuable Property consisting of Lots Nos. 7 and 8, in Block No. 3, on Main Street in the City of Vancouver. Said property is advantageously situated, has 100 feet front with a dwelling house and excellent store. It is one of the best stands in the city. There is on the premises a first rate well and a good garden. This property—Terms Cash—Price reasonable.
I am also selling off a FINE STOCK of Goods at
207
THOS. BURT.

LINCOLN HOUSE,
Cor. Front and Washington Streets,
Portland, Oregon.

THE LARGEST AND MOST POPULAR HOTEL IN THE STATE.
AN OMNIBUS EXPRESS WAGONS
will attend all the boats and convey Passengers and their Baggage to the House Free of Charge, or to any other House in the City for 50 cents.
R. S. JEWETT, Proprietor.
P. S.—HOT AND COLD BATHS IN THE HOUSE.
All the Steamers for Oregon City, Vancouver, Monticello, and Astoria land at the Lincoln House Wharf. 251f

O. H. MYERS,
Plumber,
GAS AND STEAM FITTER,
DEALER IN
Gas Fixtures, Cooking Ranges,
HOT WATER BOILERS,
Bath Tubs,
Marble Top Wash Stands,
Force and Lift Pumps,
Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead,
BLOCK TIN,
Wrought Iron Pipes,
(For Steam, Water, and Gas.)
WATER CLOSETS, SEWER TRAPS, STREET WASHERS
Globe or Throttle Valves,
EVERY VARIETY OF BRASS COCKS,
(For Steam, Water, and Gas.)
Rubber Hose, Hose Pipes, etc.
HOTELS, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, AND
PRIVATE RESIDENCES heated with the
latest improvements in Steam or Hot Air Apparatus.
No. 110 First Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

INVITE citizens generally to call and examine my Stock of Steam, Gas, and Water Fixtures, feeling confident that all work entrusted to my care will give entire satisfaction.
C. H. MYERS.
Portland, Sept. 1, 1866.—1-1-1f.

MRS. C. MONELL'S LADIES' EMPORIUM OF FASHION,
18 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
FASHIONABLE MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER,
Keeps constantly on hand a Complete Assortment of
TRIMMINGS,
AND EVERYTHING PERTAINING TO THE TRADE.
MRS. MONELL RECEIVED FIVE PREMIUMS FOR SUPERIOR MILLINERY, at the late State Fair of Oregon.
October 14, 1865.—3-4f.

CITY BOOT & SHOE STORE
Main Street.
(Next door South of Aird & Stager's Meat Market.)
VANCOUVER, W. T.
WE WILL HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND a new and select assortment of Ladies', Gents', Misses', Boys', and Children's Wear. Also, the best quality of
Custom Work Made to Order.
The public are invited to give us a call.
MOORE & SOVEY.
VANCOUVER, W. T., Sept. 28, 1866.—1-1-1f.

A New Tailor Shop,
VANCOUVER, W. T.,
(Next door to the "Abern House.")
PETER FOX
INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is prepared to give satisfaction in all branches of Tailoring.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO CLEANING & REPAIRING.
"Neat, Cheap, and Quick."
No Machine Sewing.

Administration Notice.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of John Aird, deceased, late of Clarke county, W. T. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me at my residence between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 1 p. m., or after half-past five p. m., or to Messrs. H. L. & J. F. Caples at their office in Vancouver, within one year from date.
VANCOUVER, W. T., Feb. 12, 1866.
LOUIS SOHNS, Adm'r.
23-1f Of the estate of John Aird, dec'd.

HOMESTEAD NOTICE.
TO ROBERT M. PERRY, or his legal representatives: You are hereby notified that on Monday, the 13th of August, 1866, I shall apply at the Land Office at Vancouver, W. T., to enter as a homestead, the n w 1/4 of Section No. 24, township 2 north, Range No. 3 east, which land has heretofore been claimed by you under the donation law.
This application will be based upon the failure on your part to prove residence and cultivation as required by said donation.
HENRY KNOX.
Dated Vancouver, June 29, 1866.—42-6f

NOTICE.
I HEREBY WARN all persons not to trust my wife Nancy Kinder, as I will not pay any debts contracted by her after this date.
GALLATIN KINDER.
Lewis River, Clarke Co., Nov. 24, 1866.

SCATTER SEED.
In the furrows of thy life,
Scatter seed!
Small may be thy spirit's seed,
But a goodly crop 'twill yield;
Sow the kindly word and deed,
Scatter seed!

Sun and shower aid thee now,
Scatter seed!
Who can tell where grain may grow?
Winds are blowing to and fro,
Dully good thy sowing creed,
Scatter seed!

Up! the morning dews away,
Scatter seed!
Head of thine must never tire,
Heart must keep its pure desire;
While the brothers faint and bleed,
Scatter seed!

Though thy work should seem to fail,
Scatter seed!
Some may fall on stony ground;
Flowers and blades are often found
In the chinks of thy little band,
Scatter seed!

Spring-time always dawns for thee;
Scatter seed!
Ope thy spirit's golden store,
Stretch thy furrows more and more,
God will give thee thy seed.
Scatter seed!

A Sketch of Scouting Strategy.
One evening, about an hour after the sun had gone down, a couple of stout men, dressed in soiled rebel uniforms, each holding in his hands a good Austrian rifle, tapped at the door of a small frame building near the C— road in Virginia.

The knock was answered by an old woman whose face was almost concealed by the tangled masses of her gray, uncombed and disheveled hair.

"And what do you want, heeb," she exclaimed, as her deep-set eyes flashed on the two men. "I haven't the smallest bit of Johnny cake in the house to offer ye, for it was all—"

"No, no," interrupted one of the soldiers, "we don't want anything to eat; but we want you to tell us, and that in quick time, too, whether or not you've seen a slight but strong looking slip of a man go by here of late?"

"Dressed in blue and carrying a double barreled rifle," added the other.

"Heb, heb," cried the hag, lifting her hands and speaking in a sharp, angry voice, "if ye hadn't interrupted me, I reckon you would a heard me speak of him just now, as he was the very man who came and bought all my cakes. It was about two hours ago, and—"

"Which way did he go after he left you," inquired both men eagerly.

"Before I answer that question, you must tell me who he is," said the old woman, with the curiosity natural to her sex.

"He's a celebrated Union scout, whom we call the Federal Chameleon, because he changes his uniform so often. Sometimes it is blue, other times gray, and he has been seen wearing the disguise of an old farmer. He has shot more of our men than is pleasant, and we have a roving commission from our colonel to go and hunt after him, and capture him, if we can, either dead or alive. And now we have replied to you," continued the speaker, a little impatiently, "we demand that you answer our question, and—"

"Demand!" interrupted the hag, in shrill, piercing tones. "Is that the proper way to speak to an old woman like me?"

"Come, come, answer us, if you please," cried the soldier in a milder tone. "I mean no harm—its my way of speaking."

"Well, perhaps I may forgive and perhaps not," said the old woman shaking her head. "How far is it to your camp from here?"

"What is that to you? What has that to do—"

"There you are again with your cursed civility!" shrieked the hag fiercely; "but you shall answer my question before you get another single word out of me. Now, how far is your camp from here, and how many men have you in and around it? I intend to carry your fellows some corn cakes, d'ye see, and I want to know the number of mouths I have to cook for."

"Oh, in that case," said the rebel, "I do not see any reason why I should not satisfy you. Our camps then, are five miles from here, near the cross roads, and our number may be about five thousand."

"That will do," cried the old woman with a grin of satisfaction—"yes, that will do. And now you are sure that the man who came here to buy his supper is the one you are after?"

"We are sure of it, for although we have never seen the man's face, we'd know him by the double barreled rifle, as no body else in the Yankee army carries a weapon of that kind."

"Ay, ay; it's the right one then," said the hag. "After he had finished and paid me for his meal, he says to me—'friend, I should like to put up here for the night if you have no objections.' But as I did not like the idea of accommodating a Yankee any more than I could help, I said there was no room for him, as I expected visitors before many hours. 'Well, then, says he, 'can't

you tell me of a place where I can pass the night a little comfortably? Ye see, he added looking towards his double-barreled rifle, 'I don't like to camp out, as it looks like rain, and this piece might get hurt by it.' I know of no place, I answered, short of four miles from here, in an old barn, which is tight enough, I think, to keep off the rain. 'Four miles is a pretty long distance, said he, and as I have been tramping about considerable to-day, I don't feel much like carrying this heavy load so far,' pointing to his knapsack as he spoke, 'will you be kind enough to let it remain till morning? Well, yes, said he, hesitating a little, and throwing a significant glance at the well filled pocket-book in his hand. He understood the look and gave me a greenback dollar. All right said I, and he then departed, saying he would call for his luggage in the morning, after he should wake from his sleep in the barn."

"Now, then, which will you do," continued the woman, "go after him at once, or wait in ambush for him till morning?"

The two soldiers drew back a few paces and held a short consultation, after which they advanced to the side of the woman.

"We will go now," said the one who had spoken first; "that is if you can describe to us the exact position of the barn."

"I don't think I could describe it so you could find it in the dark," replied the hag, "but as I am willing to do everything in my power for the Confederacy, I will go with you and show you the place."

"That's right," answered the rebel, "and we will see that you are rewarded for your zeal."

"I don't want any reward for helping my countrymen," she replied. "I'm always ready to help along the cause."

"With these words she disappeared into another room, but came forth in a few minutes with a gray blanket thrown over her shoulders."

"I took this out of the Yankee's knapsack," said she, with a short, dry laugh; "don't you think it becomes me?"

"Aye, aye, my good woman, very much; but lead us on, if you please, for we have no time to lose."

"Forward, march!" she exclaimed, imitating the voice of a man with strong lungs. "Forward, march! Close up! Close up!" And she moved along the road at the trotting pace so natural to a person of her years.

The night by this time had become very dark. The sky was obscured by thick, driving clouds, and the wind screamed and roared among the tall pines that towered upon each side of the road. Occasionally a branch wrenched from its native trunk, would fall into the road with a terrible crash, and more than once the rebels started back and cocked their pieces in the belief that the din was caused by the discharge of some Yankee rifle.

"Ha! ha! ha!" laughed the old hag on one of these occasions; it seems to me that you are very easily startled. Don't you think your commander might have placed a pair of bolder hearts than yours for this expedition?"

"You'd better keep a silent tongue in your head, my good woman, until you have an opportunity to witness as many battles as we have," answered one of the men, "a good soldier is always on his guard."

"Aye, aye!" replied the old woman, "but he should know how to distinguish between the cracking of a branch and the ring of a rifle musket."

The rebel did not relish the noise made by the loud, shrill tones of the female guide, and in order to put an end to it he controlled himself sufficiently not to reply to her last remark. The party then continued on their way in silence—which was not broken by either of them until they had gone about three miles, and a loud, clear challenge suddenly startled the rebels.

"Halt! Who comes there?"

"Friend!" answered the old woman in a ringing voice; "friend with prisoners."

"We are betrayed!" yelled her companions; and, even as the words passed their lips, they were surrounded by a dozen Union soldiers, one of whom carried a lantern.

As the rays of the light flashed upon the hag, the rebels saw the gray hair, the blanket and the female apparel drop to the ground, revealing the slight, but iron-like frame of a Union soldier in the prime of life.

"It is he, by—!" exclaimed the prisoners simultaneously, as their glances wandered to the long double-barreled rifle which he now held in his hand; "it is he—the scout—the Federal Chameleon!"

"Aye, aye!" answered the latter, as he leaned upon his weapon, with a quiet smile, "you are trapped, sure enough, thanks to my disguise, which is only one of the many which I carry in my knapsack. Allow me to express my thanks to you for the information you gave me in regard to the position of your camp and the number of your men; I have already sent a message to my Colonel in relation to the matter, and I perceive he has commenced to act upon it."

And as he spoke he pointed down the road where the dark outline of troops forming into line might be faintly distinguished. They are soon in motion, and in the course of a half hour the booming cannon, the rattling of musketry, and the cheering of Federal troops proclaimed that the combat had commenced. The din continued for about an hour, when the prisoners heard from others who were brought to share their quarters, that the Southern troops had been surprised and totally routed.

Supreme Court Opinion.
JACOB DURACH, Plaintiff in Error,
vs.
A. J. LAWRENCE, et al, Defs' in Error.
Error from 2d Judicial District holding terms at Vancouver:

A suit was instituted in the Court below on a note and mortgage of even date, executed by defendants in error, and upon the hearing the defendants demurred, on the ground that the Judge had no jurisdiction to issue and there try and determine the matter in issue, and Esther M. Lawrence, one of the defendants and the wife of A. J. Lawrence, for separate demurrer, alleged that the cause of action was founded on a promissory note executed by a married woman, and that the mortgage was executed upon her separate property and given to secure the payment of promissory note made by the defendants, and that she was not therefore liable on said note, and that said mortgage was void, and a pro forma judgment sustaining said demurrer was rendered in the court below. The first ground of demurrer has not been urged in this court and is therefore here dismissed, and it remains to be considered by the court whether the mortgaged premises may be sold and whether a personal judgment may be rendered against Esther M. Lawrence for any balance that may be unsatisfied after the mortgaged premises are sold.

We are all of the opinion that a married woman may, under our laws, by joining in the conveyance with her husband charge her own separate estate by mortgage with the payment of a debt. Sec. 3, page 430, Statutes of 1863, provides that a married woman shall be bound by deed effecting her own real estate if she join her husband in the conveyance and acknowledge the same in the manner prescribed. A mortgage is a "deed affecting real estate," and in this case the mortgage was duly executed. True, Sec. 288, page 144, Statutes 1863, provides that all real and personal estate belonging to any married woman in her own right, shall not be liable to attachment or upon execution, upon any liability of judgment against her husband, and yet it is true, too, that Sec. 290, of the same act provides that a married woman may waive the benefit of this exemption in the manner there stated. These sections, in connection with Sec. 3, page 450, would seem to render this question entirely clear. The note and mortgage were executed simultaneously and are to be so considered, and the fact that suit was instituted on the note and for the foreclosure of the mortgage will not effect the liability of the mortgaged premises, in whatever light the liability of Esther M. Lawrence as a party to the note, may be considered. Pfeiffer vs. Rheine, 13. Cal. page 649, DeLeon vs. Higuera, 15th Cal. page 490.

Is the plaintiff entitled to a personal judgment against Esther M. Lawrence on the note for any balance that may remain due after the sale of the mortgaged premises?

The law may be considered as somewhat doubtful as to how far a *feme covert* may be held on a note executed by her either with or without her husband and how far her separate estate may be liable for her debts and obligations contracted during coverture, and the decisions on these questions are somewhat contradictory, and the boundaries of her powers and the limits of her liability are not perhaps very sharply or definitely defined. As at present advised the court is not prepared to hold that a married woman may execute her note and make contracts, and incur liabilities generally unless for necessities and perhaps in other limited cases, and that her separate estate shall be held liable for any such general debts contracted by her. Sec. 6, p 88 has been cited as giving this power, and creating this liability. This section provides that a married woman may sue and be sued without joining her husband or having her husband joined with her, and it is insisted that this provision carries with it by implication the power to make debts and the consequent liability of the *feme covert's* estate for their satisfaction. This provision declares that in certain cases and for certain purposes a *feme covert* may sue and be sued without joining her husband, and that it is all it does declare and no satisfactory reasons are believed to exist for giving by construction any other or different power.

It has been held by the courts of England and may be regarded perhaps as the settled law there, that when a woman has a separate estate and joins in a note or bond with her husband, her bond will bind her separate property and that whether there is any intention expressed on the instrument to that effect, the estate being reached by implication. A different principle however has been established generally in the courts of this country, and the better law is believed to be as stated by Chancellor Kent in the case of the Methodist Episcopal Church vs. Jaques 3f John. Ch. R., p 78 (1817), which case was subjected to an able and profound discussion both in the court of Chancery and the court of Errors in New York. The Chancellor there held that a married woman's "incapacity is general and the exception is to be taken strictly and to be shown in every case because it is against the general policy and immemorial doctrine of the law." True this case on appeal to the court of Errors was reversed but

the doctrine enunciated by Kent has been generally followed in this country and may be regarded the prevailing rule. See lead, cases in equity, Vol. 1, p 405. Where the cases both in England and this country are collated and the questions involved fully examined.

Now as under the "general policy and immemorial doctrine of the law" a married woman's legal existence and capacity was merged in her husband's and suspended during coverture and as this incapacity was general, it follows that she cannot make contracts only as may be expressly provided for by law, and as our statute nowhere gives her the power to make notes and contract debts, except for the purposes and in the cases herein before stated, it is hence believed to be law, that she cannot contract debts generally that will bind either her husband's estate or her own separate property by conveyance as provided by law.

In the institution of marriage the highest dream of earthly happiness sleeps and its intimate and important relations largely affect not only individual happiness but the progress of nations, and the general civilization of the race and there is hence no subject that should receive from the law maker more careful and considerate deliberation whether in the questions relative to property or the terms of union between the parties. The old civilization of woman and the concepts of marriage will probably soon exist only in tradition and in dusty books. To the wife of to-day is given the "ambitious character of a *feme covert* and a *feme sole*." Doubtless on the whole the relaxation of this olden rigor is wise and the remedial and protecting changes of later years is founded in principles of social justice and humanity and yet possibly in some of these reformatory directions the limits of prudence may have been reached.

WICKS, J.

Making a Paper.
The following summing up of the pleasure of the editorial life, is from the columns of the *Charlottesville Chronicle*:
Editing a paper is a very pleasant business. If it contains too much political matter, people won't have it.
If the type is too large, it won't contain enough reading matter.
If the type is small, people won't read it.
If we publish telegraph reports, the people say they are lies.
If we omit them, they say we have an enterprise or suppress them for political effect.
If we have a few jokes, people say we are a rattlehead.
If we omit them, they say we are an old fossil.
If we publish original matter, they curse us for not giving selections.
If we publish selections, men say we are lazy for not writing more, and giving them what they have not read in some other paper.
If we give a man a complimentary notice, then we are accused for being partial.
If we do not, then all hands say that we are a greedy hog.
If we insert an article that pleases the ladies, men become jealous.
If we do not cater to their wishes, the paper is not fit to come in the house.
If we attend church, they say it is only for effect.
If we don't, they denounce us as a deceitful and desperately wicked.
If we remain in the office and attend to business, folks say that we are too proud to mingle with our fellows.
If we go out, they say we never attend to our business.
If we publish poetry, we effect sentimentalism.
If we do not, we have no literary polish or taste.
If the mail does not deliver our papers promptly, they say we do not publish "on the time."
If it does, they are afraid we are getting ahead of time.

CONDemn no man for not thinking as you think. Let every one enjoy the full and free liberty of thinking for himself. Let every one use his own judgment, since every man must give an account of himself to God. Abhor any approach, in any kind and degree, to the spirit of persecution. If you can not reason or persuade a man into the truth, never attempt to force him into it. If love will not compel him, leave him to God, the Judge of all.

KIND words are looked upon like jewels on the breast, never to be forgotten, and perhaps, to cheer by their memory a long and sad life; while words of cruelty, or carelessness, are like swords in the bosom, wounding, and leaving scars which will be borne to the grave by their victims. Do you think there is any bruised heart which bears the mark of such a wound from you? If there is a living one which you have wounded, hasten to heal it; for life is short—to-morrow may be too late.

An eminent physician has discovered that the nightmares, in nine cases out of ten, is produced by owing a bill for a newspaper.

AGENTS FOR THE REGISTER: L. P. FISHER, San Francisco; J. H. MURPHY, Seattle; H. B. SEXTON, Walla Walla; HESSELIAN CAPLES, St. Helens.

THINGS ABOUT TOWN.

In addition to improvements and changes heretofore noticed in the REGISTER, Mr. H. B. Wood has erected and is now finishing a dwelling house, south of, and near the district school house.

Mr. N. Schofield, in addition to his new store mentioned in a former number of our paper, has been making important changes and putting valuable improvements on his fine block opposite the Washington Hotel. The building, formerly used as a drinking and billiard saloon, has been brought forward in a line with the new store, and is now receiving a coat of paint and undergoing other repairs, and is to be put to a better use in the future.

We notice that Mr. Joseph Brant, the owner, has repaired the theatre and platform in front of Metropolitan Hall, and erected a substantial portico, which is both "useful and ornamental." A fresh coat of paint would materially benefit the building and much improve its appearance. This building in the first place cost a good deal of money and has not been very remunerative to the proprietor.

We notice a very neat, new fence in front of Mr. G. W. Durgan and Mr. S. A. Mowder's residences and we call the attention of those who have old unpainted and rickety fences to the contrast. Now this may be thought a very small thing and not worth writing about, but we think differently. Little things, the favorable condition of which, depends more upon habits of neatness and order than upon the outlay of large sums of money, go far to make up the appearance of a town and the favorable or unfavorable opinion which a stranger will form of its inhabitants.

Mr. Rankin, of the Union Hotel, is making important changes in his house. By the removal of partitions, he has converted his former small and uncomfortable bar room into a comfortable and commodious one. He has removed the unsightly and insignificant ell which stood on Main street, and in its place is erecting a two story frame, 25 ft. by 40, with a kitchen in the rear. This building when finished will have a good appearance, and add largely to the accommodations of the house, both in quantity and quality; and will, with the Alta, and our boarding houses and restaurants, furnish the place in a reasonable degree, with accommodations in this line, for the present.

Things about the levee, have a bad appearance generally on account of the recent high water, and there are several things on Main Street which are not as they should be. We shall try to notice both localities next week. Mr. Boyle has lately built a residence up town fronting the Government Reserve, and Mr. Harris one on 11th street. To the two Government barns lately noticed in the REGISTER, another has been added. These buildings are on the Reservation a little way north of the Catholic Church. They are 35 ft. by 120 we believe, and make something of a formidable appearance. Appearances indicate with reasonable certainty, an increasing prosperity. Rumor says that we are now threatened with at least two new stores, and enlarged stocks by some of our present dealers. Such additions and increase, we believe, are fully justified by the signs of the times.

Trains will be services at the Episcopal Church, on Sabbath morning at the usual hour, the Rev. Dr. McCarty officiating.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

SCRIPPS OF MOUNT HOOD. Thursday, July 28, 1866. 1 o'clock p. m.

I date this letter on the extreme summit of the highest mountain of the United States. After thirteen years of desire, this wish is gratified, and I am now standing upon that hoary summit which rises so grandly, so proudly, above the other mountain elevations of the range which it dunes, as well as above all others of this broad Union. Because there is but one Mount Hood, there is no higher altitude to scale. I must be contented then, with my present elevation until the Union embraces this whole North American continent, then I may think of some greater elevation.

But I will descend for a time, and tell my readers how I reached the summit. The party organized for the ascent consisted of Mr. J. C. N. Moreland, formerly of the REGISTER office, Mr. A. Waltz, and Mr. W. Waltz, of Portland, and myself. We had engaged to meet at Revenue's on Tuesday, July 24th, and accordingly, at the appointed time, found ourselves together at that place, and prepared to enter the mountains. Revenue's is situated where the main emigrant road finally crosses the Sandy river, and leaves the mountains. With the exception that the road in one or two places, leaves the valley to cross over points which crowd down to the river forming perpendicular bluffs, it continues up the valley that stream for a distance of thirty or thirty-five miles, when leaving the valley it makes a detour, to gain the summit ridge. Here the way ascends the celebrated "Laurel Hill." This hill, which was justly the dread and terror of the emigrant for so many years, has been graded so that its ascent and descent are comparatively easy. A company is engaged in improving the road, and we must say is really accomplishing what it proposes. Having traveled up and down Laurel Hill some seven or eight times before, I was not prepared to see so much improvement in it, and in all the road.

Reaching the top of Laurel Hill we are on the general summit of the range. That summit is a comparative level of perhaps ten miles in width, whose general character is that of a swamp or marsh. The swampy places are bridged, so that travel over it is comparatively easy. On this summit is a dense and grand growth of fir, cedar, sugar pine and kindred evergreens, with an almost impenetrable undergrowth of Laurel. There is an inexpressible sense of loneliness in these deep solitudes. Struggling rays of sunlight only here and there find way through the dense foliage, and then fall cold and white upon the damp ground. Passing over this summit level, we crossed two high, clear streams, dashing down from the direction of Mount Hood over a sandy, rocky bed, and turning to the left took a plainly marked trail leading in the direction of the mountain.

After a ride of an hour and a half over a continuous, and in many places steep ascent, we came out into an opening of scattered trees which sweeps around the south side of the mountain. The mountain now stood directly before us. It was about five o'clock when we emerged from the forest, and stood, for the time, appalled, confronting the wonderful body of rock and snow which sprang up from the average altitude of the mountains, and entered into wedlock with the leading edge. The bewildering greatness without, inspired an unutterable awe within; and now, as often as memory recurs to that moment the same awe creeps back on the soul. We selected a place for our camp on a beautiful grassy ridge between one of the main affluents of the Des Chutes and one of the Clackamas rivers, and which really constitutes the dividing ridge of the mountains. We erected a booth of boughs, gathered fuel for a large fire during the night, and spreading our blankets on the ground slept until the morning.

At 7 o'clock of Thursday we were ready for the ascent. We arranged to ride as far as we should find it practicable, then tie our horses to some rocks, and make the rest of the way on foot. For the first mile and a half the ascent was very gradual and easy, over a bed of volcanic rock, decayed, and intermixed with ashes. Huge rocks stood here and there, and occasionally a stunted juniper found precarious foothold in the interstices of the rocks. These with moss and lichens formed the only vegetation. We tied our horses at the foot of a broad field of snow which sweeps around the south side of the mountain for several miles in length extending upward to the immediate summit of the mountain perhaps three miles. The ascent of this snow field is comparatively easy. It is smooth, and only in places so steep as to render the footsteps uncertain. Near the upper edge of this snow field the deep gorge from which flows an affluent of the Des Chutes, on the right, and of Sandy on the left approach each other, and seem to cut down into the very foundations of the mountain. The waters were rushing from beneath the glaciers, which at the upper extremity were rent and broken into fissured and jagged corners of unknown depth. From some of these was issuing a blue sulphurous smoke exceedingly nauseating.

A few hundred feet above this we reached a point of rocks projecting through the snow, from which steam and smoke were issuing, and which were in places so hot that we could not hold fragments of them in our hands. Here we lingered for a time, and then turned our faces towards a yawning chasm which cut across the field of ice some five or six hundred feet altitude from the summit of the mountain and perhaps two hundred above where we stood. Following the course of this chasm to the left, we found a place where, with a little care it could be crossed, by the help of our staves, and then turned our faces directly up to the last steep ascent towards the extreme summit. This ascent was at an angle of not less than sixty degrees, but the snow was softened by the hot sun so that it was not difficult to obtain a foothold, though the climbing was exceedingly toilsome. It took us near three-fourths of an hour to make this ascent. But as we neared the summit, a grand and thrilling excitement seemed to thrill and kindle through every nerve, and we sprang upon the pinnacle with the agility of gazelles. At one o'clock p. m., we reached it, having been just six hours making the ascent from our camp. Now let us look around.

The summit of the mountain is a circular ledge of three or four hundred yards in length having its outward curve to the north. On this ridge there are three or four eminences rising a few feet above the average of the ridge. The highest of these is the one to the east, though it is only a few feet higher than the others. We passed along the entire ridge and over all these elevations. The snow upon them was from six to ten feet in depth, and only in one place did a single rock project through it. That was the extreme summit of the highest point of the ridge. On this rock, covering them with a large fragment broken from it, we left as mementoes of our visit, two Pacific Christian Advocates, of date July 21st, 1866, with the names of the party written upon them, and some pieces of silver.

The scene around was overpowering indescribable. I could select here and there a point and speak of it, but to present the scene is a simple and utter impossibility. It would require the canvas and brush, and years of toil to give an idea to the eye. Yet a few general observations may be taken. The first is the Cascade range itself. From south to north its whole line is at once under the eye, from Diamond peak to Ranier, a distance of not less than four hundred miles. Within that distance are Mount St. Helens, Baker, Jefferson and the Three Sisters, making with Mt. Hood, eight snowy mountains. Eastward the Blue Mountains are in distinct view for at least five hundred miles in length, and lying between us and them are the broad plains of the Des Chutes, John Day's and Castalia rivers, one hundred and fifty miles in width. On the west the pine crests of the Coast Range cut clear against the sky, with the Willamette valley sleeping in quiet beauty at their feet. The broad belt of the Columbia winds gracefully through the evergreen valley towards the ocean. Within these wide limits is every variety of mountain and valley, lake and prairie, bold, beetling precipices, and graceful rounded summits, blending and melting away into each other forming a whole of unutterable magnificence. We have seen and studied Niagara in all possible conditions of day and night, of summer and winter, we did think it grand, magnificent, but to the lover of the great, the grand, the unspokeable, we would say see Mount Hood and die.

After we had satisfied ourselves we began the descent. On our way down we went into the crater of the mountain. It opened through an immense ice cave down which we descended until our way was stopped by a perpendicular wall of fifty or sixty feet in height. If we had had a rope I should certainly have ventured to the bottom, but as it was, we were obliged to content myself with looking into the straining, smoking mouth of the crater. In two hours from the summit we reached our camp, judging the distance to be six miles. At night we began to pay the price of our day's work. The glare of the sun on the snow had burned our faces and blinded our eyes so that sleep was out of the question. A very long night was succeeded by a morning at last, but two of our party were totally unable to open their eyes. All that day we lay in camp, they blind as rocks, and suffering the most excruciating pain. At 4 p. m. we took horse, the blind men tying up their red and swollen eyes with wet handkerchiefs, and Mr. Moreland and myself leading their horses traveled until nine o'clock. The next morning one was able to see enough to guide his own horse, but the other could not open his eyes until we reached Revenue's at eleven o'clock a. m. But the prize was worth the pain, though the pain might all have been avoided by simply wearing a veil.

We brought away some rock from the pinnacle, and other mementoes of our journey which we very highly prize.

H. K. HINES.

THE COUNTY ROAD AND THE POWDER MAGAZINE.—It is well known that a very disagreeable creek has been made in the county road a short distance East of town for the purpose of passing around the Government powder magazine and thereby leaving it in the general Ordinance enclosure. It would be a very great accommodation to this place and to the public to have the road straightened and allowed to run as it used to, and did for many years, and we trust the authorities will consent to the change if it can be made without material damage to the Government, and we think it can. It seems to us that the only practical question really involved in the case is, whether the Government property would be rendered less secure by the change. We cannot see that it would make any difference in this respect, as the magazine is separately enclosed and always guarded, and would in deed not be rendered any more accessible to intrusion by the change, than it now is. We understand that a petition for permission to make such a change in the road as is above suggested, is, through the politeness of Captain Babbit about to be laid before the authorities at Washington. We think the request is reasonable and hope for the good of all concerned, it will receive a favorable consideration.

SAVE YOUR SHADE TREES!—Water them through the heats of summer. If some course manure is thrown around over their roots, the earth will not bake. It is a pity to lose fine growing trees for want of a little care.

The Times.

While progress in the development of our mines is somewhat slow, the general confidence, of those interested is highly gratifying. We may note that since our last issue, an assay, of four pounds of rock from the Morning Star, was made by Mr. Deschamps of this place, which resulted in about \$55 to the ton. Some of our citizens, who know Mr. D. best, have a high opinion of his skill, and accept this test with much confidence.

The same person is now preparing to test 20 pounds taken from the tunnel lately commenced by Mr. Beall on the Columbia ledge. This rock has a fine appearance and is thought perhaps, by the best judges, to be the richest rock yet found in these mines. We shall give the result of this test to our readers next week.

The owners of Columbia ledge being well satisfied with the rock generally, at the depth at which it is exposed by Mr. Beall's tunnel I have directed him to sink a shaft at its termination, for the purpose of testing the quality of the rock at greater depths, with view to the erection of machinery should the rock prove as good as is expected.

The owners of the Morning Star have carried their tunnel about 40 ft. into the ledge proper, by which they are enabled as we are informed to procure rock for testing at a depth of 35 to 40 ft. below the surface. They propose to send a ton of this rock by the next steamer to San Francisco and have it subjected to a working test. The result will be looked for with much interest, and soon be made public whether favorable or otherwise. The company feel however that they are not "going it blind." The partial trials, which their rock has undergone, have given them much confidence, but they are adopting this plan to satisfy themselves perfectly, and know what to calculate upon, with as much certainty, as is possibly applicable to mining operations.

More excitement has existed during the past week than at any former period if indeed it may be said that any has existed before.

Several water companies have been organized, and we are assured that some of them will proceed at once to the construction of ditches and the erection of machinery.

We think it may now be safely stated that a want of confidence will no longer prevent limited investments, or retard a moderate development of the mines. A favorable result, however, of the tests now in contemplation, would demonstrate the safety of investments and labor on a larger scale and infuse a new life into business. That the amount of rock is practically inexhaustible is, in our opinion, beyond a reasonable doubt. Should the tests about to be made be favorable, enterprise and capital will no longer be able to resist the attraction, and climate and other circumstances being so favorable as they are, we may, we trust, without being visionary indulge the expectation, that ours will soon be regarded as one of the important mining camps of the coast.

THE CROPS.—We are not very well advised in relation to the crops, but generally, so far as we have heard the reports are favorable. The early part of the season being wet, was favorable to the gravelly soil of the plains; and there the crops, especially the small grain which constitutes the most valuable item, are probably more than the usual average, both in quantity and quality. The latter part of the season being favorable to the sandy lands, the crops on those are likely to prove better than was calculated. The hay crop we think is good and larger than usual.

Our County has suffered considerably from the overflow of the Columbia. The high water continued so long that but little, comparatively will be raised on the overflowed lands, still we think our aggregate crop of all kinds will be larger than that of any former year. Prices will be handsomely remunerative to producers, but not so extravagantly high as to be oppressive to buyers, and all will come out well at the end.

PICNIC.—The children of the Methodist Episcopal Sabbath School of this place had a picnic in the grove near the public square on last Tuesday afternoon. It was intended as a complement or offering of affection to Mrs. S. S. Kline, a very favorite teacher in the school who, with her family is about to remove from this place to Boise City. The children were generally out and considerable pains were taken by the teachers present to make it pleasant for the little ones.

The occasion was a happy one to all present, and closed with brief and appropriate addresses by Mr. Jeffries, of Portland, and John F. Caples, Esq., of this place and the unanimous adoption by the children of the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we learn with regret, of the intended removal from Vancouver of our beloved teacher, and kind friend, Mrs. S. S. Kline, and by this means, we desire to express to her, our appreciation of, and our gratitude for, her worthy efforts for our welfare and improvement.

Resolved, That as she goes out from us, she carries with her, our fondest wishes and sincere prayers. And we will pray to our "Father, who art in Heaven," that when our respective earthly campaigns are all finished, we may join her in angelic greetings, where removal and partings are no more.

LETT.—A man fellow by the name of Gillet left here a few weeks ago in pretty much of a hurry, after having stolen whatever he could get his hands on. Said Gillet, pretending to be a white man, has acquired for a wife, but she undoubtedly has the worst of the bargain, and we mention the matter simply as a means of identity. Such a scamp ought not to go whipped of justice and we deem it nothing more than a public charity to give him the benefit of a public notice. He is supposed to have gone to Fort Colville. Some of our contemporaries be kind enough to give him a place in their columns. Perhaps the Walla Walla Statesman circulates in that direction.

EASTERN NEWS.

Secretary Harlan resigned to-day, and the President nominated O. H. Browning of Illinois to fill the vacancy.

The bill to equalize the bounties for soldiers has passed both houses; also the bill increasing the pay of members of Congress to \$5,000 beginning with this Congress.

Congressional Proceedings.

Washington, July 25.—The Senate admitted Joseph S. Fowler, from Tennessee, and E. T. Ross, from Kansas. The Senate amended the House resolution providing for adjournment, by fixing Saturday noon, July 28, and the House subsequently concurred.

The army bill, civil appropriation bill etc. are in hand.

The Senate confirmed A. W. Randall as Postmaster General.

Washington, July 26.—The Senate debated the case of Patterson, Senator elect from Tennessee, for three hours, and finally referred to the committee on credentials.

The President has nominated U. S. Grant General of the army; Farragut, Admiral of the navy; Sherman, Lieutenant General, and Porter, Vice Admiral. These nominations were immediately confirmed by the Senate. The President also nominated Hancock as Major General, vice Sherman, and Ord as Brigadier General. Both were confirmed.

Washington, July 27.—The Senate, after a long debate, passed the resolution which was sent to the House enabling Patterson to be sworn in as Senator from Tennessee. The House debated and rejected the resolution. Both houses passed a bill admitting Nebraska.

Foreign News.

Further Trip, July 25.—The steamer Ibernia brings dates to noon of the 16th. Nothing further had transpired about peace negotiations. It is now declared in diplomatic circles at St. Petersburg that Russia will not abandon its neutrality or allow intervention.

The Moscow Gazette has expressed sympathy with the Italian cause, and says Italy must have Rome.

The Prussian headquarters were at Brann with a second column at Iglau marching rapidly on Vienna. The Prussians overhauled the Federal army in a battle at Ochsenburg in Bavaria, on the 14th, and were marching on Frankfurt.

General Cialdini has occupied Vincenza, cutting off the Austrian troops in Venetia from Sactor, unless he be dislodged.

The London Times believes the discouragement of the Austrian army by their repeated losses in Bohemia, will deter the Emperor from a final encounter so close to his capital, and trusts that before the Prussians shall be ready for the onset, the interview between the two monarchs will take place, which might better have been held the day after the disaster at Konigsgratz.

The Times of the 26th, says whatever forces the Austrian government may have succeeded in gathering around Vienna, it is still doubtful whether it will find itself equal to the task of withstanding the victorious Prussians, who according to all calculations should assemble before Vienna or the day after. If anything were needed to render the Austrian position hopeless, it was the tidings of the irreparable disaster at St. Venburg.

GEN. GRANT.—"Gen. Grant has done incalculable service to his country and deserves, and will forever receive the gratitude of a loyal people." See how the copperheads, through their true representation, the La Crosse Democrat, and papers of such ilk, show their unbounded affection for him who has done more than any other living man to save the Union.

Read the following precious words from the La Crosse Democrat and then believe if you can that he and his associates are not the best of men and the purest of patriots.

Ah, but old dog of Galena, your teeth are gone, and as the age of miracles has passed away, you are not likely to grow a new set right away. What an aspiration for a man by whose orders the torch swept the fair and beautiful Shenandoah! Nero, fiddling, dancing and reveling over the wreck of burning, did not ask another Rome to satiate his passions, but Gen. Grant, who planned death, and caused, by his agents, horrors at which the civilized world stood aghast, is dissatisfied because the war did not last a year longer, that he might have used the persuasive agencies of the torch, rope, pillage and murder upon portions of the South still unvisited.

BRIGADIER GENERAL RUFUS INGALLS.—This distinguished officer arrived at this place on Thursday last by the down-river boat. Guns were fired by our citizens in honor of his arrival. The General, having been stationed at this post for a number of years prior to the war, is an old acquaintance of most of our people, and is highly esteemed by them.

They hail him with delight, and he no doubt feels at home amidst the associations of former years. We understand that he is on a general tour of inspection of the posts and fortifications of this coast. Having come overland he has already visited those of the interior and is now on his way for the inspection of others. As to the length of his stay on the coast or at this post we are not advised, but presume the latter will be short.

SUPREME COURT OPINION.—We publish this week the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of Jacob Dubach ex. A. J. Lawrence et al, rendered by Judge Wyche at the late special term of the Supreme Court. There are important points of law pertaining to the rights of married women involved in the case. The Court expresses a unanimous opinion "that a married woman may, under our laws, by joining in the conveyance with her husband, charge her own separate estate by mortgage with the payment of a debt," but only to the extent that such estate is included in the mortgage, except for necessaries and perhaps in other limited cases. The opinion we think will be found interesting and profitable to our readers.

New Paper.—We are in receipt of the Idaho Tri Weekly Union, a new paper published at Idaho City, Idaho Territory, by Daniel McLaughlin. It has a neat appearance and exhibits creditable spirit and ability, in its tone and editorial matter. Its politics are correctly indicated by its name, and the Union Ticket which stands at the head of its columns, and at the head of which we recognize the name of an old acquaintance, J. M. Kirkpatrick, Esq., as candidate for Delegate to Congress. Mr. Kirkpatrick is a man of much force of character, and sound on the Union. We wish him and the Union party success in Boise County, and that the Tri Weekly Union may prove a faithful and efficient watchman on the towers of our political Zion.

INSTALLATION.—At the regular Quarterly Installation of Columbia Lodge, No. 2, I. O. of G. T., held on Wednesday, July 26th, the following officers were installed for the ensuing quarter: H. G. Struve, W. C. T.; Mrs. B. Tripp, W. V. T.; W. D. Patterson, W. S.; James Cochrell, W. F. S.; Miss Ginder, W. T.; H. C. Morse, W. M.; Miss Josephine Eddings, W. I. G.; George Woodson, W. O. G.; J. H. Walsh, W. C.; Mrs. S. Wood, W. R. H. S.; Mrs. S. Morse, W. L. H. S.; Mrs. Mary McDowell, W. D. M.; Miss A. Baker, W. A. S.; C. C. Still, P. W. C. T.

THE FIRST SALE.—We are informed that Mr. P. Healy has sold Capt. Kelly and Lieut. McGuire a half claim for \$50. Sales are not usual in the early history of mining camps, for two reasons. First, for want of confidence in the value of claims, and secondly, because persons can generally locate for themselves. The first sale may be regarded as an event of some importance and it is with some degree of interest that we record the first transfer of feet for a consideration in our mines.

RETURNING CONGRESSMEN.—We learn by reference to the list in last Wednesday's Oregonian of passengers sailing from New York for Aspinwall, on the 21st of July, that Messrs. Henderson of Oregon, and Denny of this Territory were among the number. We suppose they may be expected to reach home about the 20th or 25th instant.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. Thomas Nye, who lives a few miles out of town, was accidentally thrown from his wagon, in town, on Tuesday last, and got his leg broke below the knee. We understand that only one of the bones was broken. Doctor Semple was called in his relief and he is doing well. It is not likely that he will be confined to his room more than a few weeks.

CHOLERA MORBUS.—We understand there has been a case or two of this disease in town during the present week. As there is some apprehension of cholera and the season of the year has arrived during which there is more than an ordinary tendency to diseases of this character, people would do well to observe more than usual caution in the use of fruit and in their diet generally.

We have less than our usual amount and variety of editorial matter this week, the space being occupied with a communication by Mr. Hines, from the top of Mount Hood, which we have no doubt will prove much more interesting to our readers than anything we could possibly originate from the common level of every day life.

PRESIDENT MARSH, of Pacific University situated at Forest Grove, Oregon, is now in Boston, and expects to remain East a year longer, laboring with view to an increased endowment of the Institution. He has prepared the services of Prof. Collier, for the University. The Oregonian says: "On Prof. Collier's arrival, there will be three competent Professors in the Pacific University." We learn that a better patronage is promised for the Institution for the coming year than ever before.

FAVORS.—Again, as many times before we are under obligations to the gentlemanly officers of the Fannie Troup for favors.

The proud have no friends—not in prosperity; for then they know nobody; not in adversity, for then nobody knows them.

Ag The Best Remedy for Destroying the Blood, Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite, and
FRENCH'S HAMBURG TONIC.
It is the best preservative against almost any ailment, by use timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish, and German, with every package. TRY IT.
For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries.
EMIL FRENZ, Wholesale Druggist,
Sole Agent, 410 Clay Street,
San Francisco.
1-4454

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE TAX.

District of Washington Territory. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in pursuance of Sec 28 of "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the Public Debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30th 1864, as amended by the act of March 31 1865, that the ANNUAL LIST or valuations and enumerations of property subject to tax under said acts on the first day of May 1866, has been returned to me by the Assessor of this District: that the duties and taxes thereon, (including taxes and incomes and licenses) are payable, and that I will attend (in person or by deputy) at the following places, at the time designated, viz: Post Office, Chinook, Lewis Co., Monday August 15 1866. Bartons Hotel, Monticello, Col. Co., Tuesday August 16th, 1866. Jones' Store, Vancouver, Clark Co., Friday August 17th, Post Office, Cascade, Blaine Co., Monday August 20th. Post Office, Brucport, Pacific Co., Wednesday August 23rd. Tax payers are urged to prompt payment of said taxes at the time and places named, and thus avoid additional percentage and expense. PHILIP D. MOORE, Collector Internal Revenue, Deputy of W. T. Geo. F. BUTLER, Deputy Collector.

Washington Lodge No. 9, A. F. & M. E. - Holds its Regular Communication on the first and third Saturdays of each month, at 7 o'clock. Brothers in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the W. M. F. Notice - The Literary Order of the Sons of Temperance will meet, until further notice, under the Masonic Hall, every Monday evening at 7 o'clock. By order of the G. W. F.

Something New!
Confectionery
-AND-
Ice Cream Saloon.
MRS. D. B. SHEFFIELD,
Has just opened a Confectionery and Ice Cream Saloon, 100 South of M. Winkler's Store on Main Street. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Ice Cream will be kept on hand and served at all hours. 46 tf.

NICHOLAS SCHOFIELD.
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
BOOTS & SHOES,
paints,
Oils,
Wall Paper &c.
Corner of Main and 5th Street,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

Having just received into my NEW STORE, I have greatly extended and enlarged my business, and am prepared to sell all the goods indicated by the above description of articles and a great many more as cheaply as you can be had of the city of Vancouver.

DRY GOODS.
I shall keep at all times a well selected stock of DRY GOODS such as ready made CLOTHING, LADIES SHAWLS, HATS, SHIRTINGS, SHIRTINGS, LADIES SHAWLS, Linens, French and other prints and every thing else in the dry goods line adapted to the wants of this community.
also
FLOUR and FEED always on hand.
also
TOOLS and HARDWARE of all kinds.
CROCKERY & GLASS WARE,
WOODEN & WILLOW WARE.
HATS & CAPS,
BOOTS and SHOES.

NOTICE.
Territory of Washington, } ss.
County of Clarke }
The District Court of the 2d Judicial District holding terms at Vancouver, W. T.,
vs. FRANK G. SCARBOROUGH & JOHN BOSSER, Defendants. You and each of you are hereby notified that Wm. C. Haxel has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 19th day of July, A. D. 1866, and unless you appear at said term and answer the same will be taken confessed and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to recover judgment against you for two hundred and seventy-six dollars and thirty six cents, being due on a promissory note, interest included and delivered to me by you on April 19th, A. D. 1865. Date of Complaint filed July 17th, 1866. Date of publication July 19th, 1866.
H. G. STRUVE, Plaintiff's Atty.
(E. S. Revenue Stamp) }
50 cts. Cancelled } 458w.

NOTICE.
Territory of Washington, } ss.
County of Clarke }
The Justice Court of John F. Smith, City Recorder of Vancouver, ex-officio Justice of the Peace, Clarke County, W. T.,
vs. PHILIP CARWELL: You are hereby notified that Sumner Barker has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will be held the 14th day of September, 1866, and unless you appear and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object of the said complaint is to recover a certain amount amounting to \$41.98. Complaint filed, July 7, 1866.
SUMNER BARKER, Plaintiff.
Vancouver, July 14, 1866. -44 m2.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Clarke County, W. T., Administrator of the estate of Joseph Durgan, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate, and those having claims against the same, are hereby notified to call at my place of business, in Vancouver, to settle the same within one year from this date. Vancouver, July 29th 1866.
GEORGE W. BUCKAN,
Administrator of Joseph Durgan, dec'd.
46-3m.

Photograph Rooms IN VANCOUVER.
THOMPSON, PHOTOGRAPHER,
Has taken rooms at the residence of Mr. Mowder, where he is prepared to take
Cards, Ambrotypes, & Melanotypes
In all the various styles.
CALL AND SEE HIM. -as
Vancouver, May 14, 1866.-36

JOS. BUCHEL'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!
Cor. Front & Morrison Sts.,
Entrance on Morrison Street.
Portland, Sept. 10, 1865.-11-1f.

WM. F. POLDEMAN'S GALLERY,
CORNER OF FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS,
Portland, Oregon.
PICTURES OF ALL KINDS TAKEN IN THE BEST STYLE. LIFE SIZE PICTURES.
1-3 Taken by the use of the Solar Camera. -as

NEW STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS! PRICES REDUCED!
FRENCH PRINTS - Brillants, Lawes, Jacquets, Gingham, Chambray, Poplin, Monogrammes, Marcelline, Nankin, Delaine, Victoria Lawes, India Linen, Chamois, Nainsook, Dotted and Checked Fabrics, &c.
HOOP SKIRTS - Mohair and Lion Balmoral Skirts, White Marcelline Skirts, French Corsets, Silk Balmoral, Circulars and Sequins, Silk P. ruffles and Umbrellas, Fans, Shawls, Cotton, Honesty, Lion Coat Hangers, Gloves, Trimmed Hats, &c., &c.
LINED DAMASKS - Shirting Linens, Past Linens, Paper Linens, Linen Bleeding and Pillow Case Linens, Towels, Napkins, Crabs, Day Linens, Chinese Grass Linens, &c., &c.
OREGON CLOTHS - Cassimeres, Tweeds, Flannels, Blankets, Yarns, &c. Water Proof Chinking, Scarlet and other Broad Cloths, &c., &c.
SILICIAS - Tailors' Canvas, Bindings Buttons, Pant Buckles and Trimmings, Machine Silk Twist, Machine Sewing Linens, Machine Sewing Cottons, Best English Needles, &c., &c.
GENTS' AND BOYS' - Linen Dusters, Straw Hats, Alpaca Coats, Cotton and Merino Rocks, Under Shirts, Fine Drawers, Linen Drawers, Coat of Flannel Drawers, Fine Linen B. Shirts, Collars, Cravats and Fancy Ties, &c., &c.
DENIMS - Drills, Heavy Stripes, Cotton and Linen Cloth Shirtings, Twines, Station Flannels, Blankets and Brown Cottons, &c., &c., &c.

HYGIENIC MEDICATION.
WM. H. GODDARD, Hygienic Physician, may be consulted in his official residence, about 1/2 a mile above the Ordinance Department, in full view of the Maritime Hotel and opposite Mr. Ryan's place. The doctor has chosen this system of Medication in preference to all other systems, because he is fully convinced of its great superiority - being true in theory, correct in science, in harmony with the laws of nature, and successful in practice. It removes every thing in the system except poisons, and is applicable to all diseases. Are you afflicted? Time is precious. Delay is dangerous! Curable to-day, a short time hence you may be incurable. The doctor gives special attention to Chronic Diseases: Liver, lung and throat diseases, Female complaints, Rheumatism, skin and venereal diseases. All kinds of fevers and acute diseases cured in a few days. Are your children afflicted? The doctor will gladly treat them to the most delicate constitution.
The most successful form of disease strikes at the root. (1) Remove the cause. (2) Restore the circulation. (3) Purify the system. (4) Increase the vital power. (5) Harmonize the mind. (6) Restore and strengthen the mental faculties. (7) Make one better and happier. (8) Make life longer, more and fuller than in the most delicate constitution.
Over 5000 women, 1100 of whom had previously submitted to caustic burning for venereal diseases, have been cured by Dr. Jackson's mode of treatment.
Dr. Goddard is familiar with the treatment of operators' weakness, have been treated successfully, after a method also discovered by Dr. J. J. Goddard is familiar with the mode of treating disease. Persons thus afflicted may be sure they will not return. The day when they secure his service.
Dr. Goddard will also give special treatment for the disease when called upon by their physicians. Many cases have been cured by hygienic medication. What greater can be best-when upon each person than a sound mind and a healthy body.
Fees - For counsel and prescription, in cases of Chronic Disease, \$10; and in cases of acute disease, \$5. As the doctor's time is valuable, in addition to the usual fee, the charge will be made in proportion to circumstances - distance, expense, &c. Advice to clergy and nurses, and to the poor without charge.
All communications strictly confidential. -as
June 23d, 1866.-41-1f

CRACKED LUMBER.
THIS undersigned will keep at all times and at the very lowest price a supply of lumber for sale, on the lot opposite U. W. & J. E. C. Durgan & Co's Meat Market. Mr. Harry Wood at the Market or my salesmen. At any time, such lumber is not on hand as customers desire, it will be promptly furnished from my mill in the county on application to Mr. W. H. McAFEE & Co. at-1f.

NOTICE.
Territory of Washington, } ss.
County of Clarke }
In the Justice's Court of J. F. Smith, City Recorder of Vancouver, and ex-officio Justice of the Peace for Clarke County, W. T.,
vs. JOHN MANEY, Defendant: You are hereby notified that H. G. Struve has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1866, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the office of said Justice of the Peace at Vancouver in said county, and unless you appear there and then answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to recover judgment against you for the sum of fifty dollars, being due plaintiff for professional services performed in your behalf as an attorney at law, in the District Court, 2d Judicial District, holding terms at Vancouver in the years 1864-65.
July 12, 1866. H. G. STRUVE, Plaintiff.
44

NOTICE.
BY virtue of an order of the Probate Court, of Clarke County, W. T., made at the July Term 1866, I shall sell at public auction, on the premises, about one and one half miles north of the city of Vancouver, on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1866, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and the setting of the sun on that day, one hundred and seven acres of land, being a portion of the donation land claim of Butler E. Marble, deceased; situated in said county of Clarke.
Terms of sale - cash, on the day of sale, or a credit of not to exceed six months, with approved surety, and mortgage on the premises. The said land to be offered for sale in such lots, or parcels, as the administrator shall deem best for the interest of the estate, on the day of sale.
Vancouver, July 25th, 1866.
ANSIL S. MARBLE,
Administrator of the Estate of Butler E. Marble, deceased.
By J. D. Potter, Atty. for Administrator. 46-3w.

NEW AND STATIONERY Store!!
JAMES JONES,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY & NOTIONS,
One door south of Crawford, Slocum & Co.,
Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Vancouver, and the public generally, that he has just opened
A NEW STORE,
And will constantly keep a general assortment of
STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS,
Blank Books, Day Books,
Journals, Ledgers, &
MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.
I will be in receipt, by each Steamer, of
California and Eastern Papers,
Periodicals,
New Novels, and Light Reading.
SPECIAL ATTENTION
Is called to my
STOCK OF PICTURES
I shall keep an excellent variety of
FRAMES AND MOLDINGS
And at all times be prepared to
Frame Pictures
with neatness and dispatch.
I have also on hand and will constantly keep
A Fine Assortment of
Wood & Willow Ware
AND VARIOUS NOTIONS,
Too numerous to mention. All of which will be sold at reasonable prices.
JAMES JONES.
29th

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
THE STEAMERS
NEW WORLD, CASCADA,
or
WILSON G. HUNT,
CAPT. JOHN WOLFE, Commandeur,
Will leave PORTLAND, daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 5 o'clock a. m. for the CASCADA, connecting with the Steamer
ONEONTA OR IDAHO,
CAPT. JOHN McNUITY, Commandeur,
FOR DALLES - THROUGH IN ONE DAY.

THE STEAMERS
YAKIMA, WEB-FOOT, TENINO, OWYHEE, NEZ PERCE CHIEF, SPRAY, and OKANAGON.
CAPTAINS E. F. COE, C. FELTON, J. H. GRAY, and THOMAS STUMP,
Will run during the Season from CELLO to UMATILLA, WALLULA, WHITEBLUFF, PALOUSE, and LEWISTON.
One of the above named Steamers will leave CELLO for UMATILLA and WALLULA, daily, (Sundays excepted.)
Boats will be dispatched for WHITE BLUFF, PALOUSE and LEWISTON as often as the necessity of the trade will demand.

THE STEAMER
SHOSHONE,
CAPT. J. MYRICK, Commandeur,
Will run on OLD FERRY, on Snake River, to BOISE CITY, OWYHEE, and SOUTH BEND LANDINGS, connecting with
THOMAS & CO'S STAGES
And B. M. D-BELL & CO'S FAST FREIGHT LINES.
Portland, March 9, 1866.
J. C. AINSWORTH,
President O. S. N. Co.

BUTLER & KAST,
PHILADELPHIA BOOT & SHOE STORE
No. 112 Front Street,
Portland, Oregon,
(two doors south of the Post Office.)
We are receiving by every steamer a New Supply of
LADIES', GENTS', Misses', Boys', and Children's Wear,
of ALL DESCRIPTIONS. -as

GLORIOUS NEWS
JOSEPH WISE
Has come back to town again, and is at his old stand, corner of
MAIN & BATEMAN STREETS,
Where he will be happy to see his old customers and a great many new ones.
ROOM FOR ALL WHO WANT TO BUY CHEAP GOODS!
MY WAY OF SELLING IS SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES. I will take in exchange all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, the same as I used to. My stock consists of
Dry Goods, Clothing Hats and Caps, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
All kinds of Salem Goods,
BOOTS AND SHOES OF ALL SORTS,
GROCERIES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,
And many other things too numerous to mention.
COME, ALL, AND SEE WISE AGAIN!
HE HAS COME BACK THIS TIME TO STAY.
TO THE LADIES:
I would say, Mrs. Wise will wait on them with all kinds of FANCY ARTICLES, LADIES' DRESS GOODS and TRIMMINGS.
Remember Wise at the old Corner Store. -if

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE CHEAP!
A FARM CONTAINING 160 ACRES OF LAND under cultivation, 60 acres in crop, situated on Fourth Main St. miles from Vancouver, is offered for sale. Will be sold at private sale before the 10th of July. \$25,000 purchase money to be paid in cash. For further information inquire of the firm of J. Thompson & Co. 409
RUFUS STANLEY.

DOCTORS
CHAPMAN & WATKINS,
PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, AND ACCOUCHEURS,
Office - Cor. Front & Washington Sts.,
Portland, Oregon.
J. A. CHAPMAN, M. D. WM. H. WATKINS, M. D.
LATE OF NEW YORK, AND SURGEON FIRST ORDNANCE, U. S. Army.
RESIDENCE - 3 W. corner of Second and Salmon Streets.
Particular attention given to Surgery.
Oct. 14, 1865.-4-1f.

C. H. MACK, DENTIST!
Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, late of San Francisco, California. It is a sufficient commendation that he is endorsed as a Dentist of Superior Skill and a Gentleman by Messrs. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Dr. COLB, Dentist, and many others of San Francisco.
The Patrons of those desiring FIRST-CLASS and FINISHED OPERATIONS is particularly requested.
OFFICE and LABORATORY - At the old place of E. H. BLACK, No. 10 Alder Street, Portland, Oregon. 1-4f

WM. KOEHLER, DENTIST,
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE - 3 doors from the corner Front, on Morrison Street, Western Hotel Building.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH - from one to full Sets, on the Best Materials and with the Latest Improvements; Right different styles, from \$25 to \$150 a Full Set.
TOOTHACHE CURED, when from exposure of Nerve. FILLING TEETH with PURE GOLD always warranted. TEETH EXTRACTED with Dr. Smith's (of N. York) Galvanic Battery, as it is the most safe and painless method now known.
REFERENCES with Guarantee to First Class and Finest Work will be given at the Office.
Portland, Sept. 1, 1865.-11-1f.

J. R. CARDWELL, DENTIST.
DENTAL ROOMS,
No. 80 FIRST STREET,
1-12 PORTLAND, OREGON. -if
G. W. COOL, DENTIST.
OFFICE - FRONT STREET, near the Post office,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
WORK DONE AT NEW YORK PRICES.
NEW DRUG STORE.
L. GROSS,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Front Street.
(Between What Cheer and New Columbia Hotels.)
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the Public that his Store is now open, and offers for sale in quantities to suit, at the LOWEST RATES, a general Assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, Licochins, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Variations, Glass, Brushes, Painters' Materials, Fine Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Toilet Ware, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Fine Watchmakers' Cutlery, Fishing Tackle, etc., etc. Also, a complete assortment of DENTAL INSTRUMENTS and DENTISTS' MATERIAL. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded by an experienced Druggist and Chemist, and put up at all hours of the night.
Orders from the country solicited and prompt attention guaranteed.
L. GROSS.

CARPETS & PAPER HANGINGS.
WALTER BROS.
No. 113 Front Street,
(Opposite Yanga's Wharf.)
PORTLAND - OREGON.
ARE RECEIVING BY EVERY STEAMER FROM the East, the Newest Patterns of
Carpets, Oil Cloths, PAPER HANGINGS, WINDOW SHADES, DAMASKS, Lace Curtains, RUGS AND MATS,
And Everything
In the Housefurnishing Line.
Parties will find it to their Interest to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere. -if

S. BARKER! ONCE MORE!
AS I HAVE SOLD GOODS IN THIS PLACE BEFORE I deem it unnecessary to say anything more to the Public than to let them know that I have opened a nice little
STOCK OF GOODS
Opposite the Union Hotel, MAIN STREET, where I shall sell my old friends well as to buy their goods, if they can purchase them as cheap as they can elsewhere.
I will just say to them and the public generally that knowing the
WANTS OF THE COMMUNITY,
I have bought a Stock of Goods in SAN FRANCISCO, for CASH, as well as suited to this Market, as was
EVER OFFERED IN THIS PLACE!
And if you will give me a call I think I can convince you of the fact.
CALL AND SEE, ANYHOW!
S. BARKER.
Vancouver, Oct. 17, 1865.-7-1f

Match Factory!
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the public that he is now successfully manufacturing Matches in Vancouver, W. T., where he is prepared to furnish any amount of Matches, and to promptly fill all orders.
His chemicals being prepared by himself and with great care, and his work done by himself or under his immediate supervision, he is able to recommend his Matches as at least equal to any in the market, and therefore respectfully solicits the patronage of Merchants, A. B. H. SHEFFIELD, & others.
Vancouver, April 12, 1866.-31

NEW SHOP!
Gents' Clothing CLEANED AND REPAIRED,
Promptly and in the Best of Style.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A SHOP FOR the above business one door north of John F. Smith's Store on Main Street.
Don't forget the "New Shop," where your work shall be done promptly and to your satisfaction.
G. W. MILLER.
Vancouver, June 20, 1866.-42

S. KAISER
Is not Dead, as was supposed,
But has just returned from San Francisco with a carefully and well selected and immense Stock of
MERCHANDISE!
Which he is now opening and which he will sell at the
LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES,
At his Old Stand on Main Street,
Adjoining Aird & Stegert's Meat Market.
He has a well selected Stock of
READY MADE CLOTHING!
ALL KINDS OF COATS!
Varying in price from \$7 to \$40, and
PANTS, VESTS, AND SHIRTS
To suit all classes of Customers.
LADIES' DRESS GOODS!
OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS,
Embracing the finest and most desirable styles of
German, English, French, Scotch, &
AMERICAN MANUFACTURE.
Sheetings, Shirtings,
LADIES' SHAWLS,
AND AMERICAN, FRENCH, AND DE N PRINTS.
A well selected Stock of
BOOTS & SHOES!
Kip and Calf Boots
OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY
And Balmorals and Gaiters
For the Ladies.
From the best Manufacturing Houses in Philadelphia and New York.
He has also a FINE ASSORTMENT of
HATS & CAPS!
For Men and Boys,
And a well selected Stock of
GROCERIES
Adapted to the wants of this Market.
All of which will be sold at the
LOWEST LIVING PRICES.
Vancouver, Oct. 14, 1865.-6-1f

Columbia Mills!
THREE EXTENSIVE MILLS ARE SITUATED 1/2 mile above Vancouver, on the Washington Territory side of the river.
The owner takes this method of informing the public that he has a convenient way of loading and lowering into boats, and that he is now prepared to grind any amount of grain that may be brought to his Mill both by land and water.
CUSTOM WORK IS ESPECIALLY SOLICITED.
Graham Flour made to order.
FEED ALWAYS ON HAND.
MY LARGE SAW MILL,
Immediately adjoining my Grind Mill is almost complete. In a short time I shall be prepared to manufacture
ALL KINDS OF LUMBER.
And saw up any amount of logs that can be hauled or rafted to my mill.
LEWIS LOVE, Proprietor.

NOTICE.
Signed is hereby given that the undersigned has been authorized according to law, to settle all matters of business pertaining to the late firm of Aird & Stegert. All persons having claims against, or who are owing the said firm, are notified to call upon and settle the same with me, immediately.
Vancouver, Feb. 23d, 1866.
RICHARD STEGERT,
Surviving partner of Aird & Stegert.
1-24-1f.

OREGON TURPENTINE WORKS!
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Turpentine, Pitch, Priming Oil,
BRIGHT VARNISH AXLE GREASE, ETC.
A SUPPLY of the above articles constantly on hand, to which the attention of the trade is called.
\$3 00 per 100 pounds will be paid for Fir Pitch delivered at our works, Front Street, Portland, Oregon.
NORTHROP & COREY
Portland, Sept. 11, 1865.-11-1f.

PETITION FOR DIVORCE
In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Vancouver.
C. H. Rolfe, Plaintiff,
vs.
Caroline H. Rolfe, defendant.
CAROLINE H. ROLFE, DEFENDANT: You are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff has filed a complaint against you in said Court which will come on to be heard at the first term of the said Court which shall commence two months or more after the first publication of this notice, and unless you appear and answer, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a decree of divorce on the ground of abandonment.
And you are further notified that on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock a. m., the plaintiff will take the deposition of Michael O'Connor, D. Wentworth, and other witnesses, before H. G. Struve, Esq., a Notary Public in and for Washington Territory, at his office in Vancouver, Clarke Co., W. T., which deposition will be offered as evidence in the trial of this cause.
July 7, 1866.
HILL & MULKEY,
Attorneys for Plaintiff. 43-2m

NOTICE.
We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.
GRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.,
Cor. Main and Third Streets,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
Sept. 11, 1865.-11-1f

H. L. & J. F. Caples,
ATTY'S & COUNSELORS AT LAW,
Notaries Public,
GENERAL REAL ESTATE
And Collecting Agents,
HAVE OPENED A LAW OFFICE AT VANCOUVER, and will attend promptly to all business pertaining to the profession in the
JUSTICES, PROBATE, AND DISTRICT COURTS
of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION will be paid to Conveyancing and the Transfer of Real Estate, Loans, Mortgages, Contracts, and all Legal Instruments of writing, neatly and accurately drawn and acknowledged.
THEY HAVE IN COURSE OF PREPARATION an Abstract of the Titles to, and Accruesances upon, all lands in Clarke County, and are prepared to settle, quiet, and adjust the Titles thereto, by litigation or otherwise, promptly and satisfactorily.
They have perfected arrangements by which they are enabled promptly to collect claims against the U. S. Government and procure Back Pay, Pensions, Bounty Land for Soldiers and others entitled thereto.
They will act as Agents for the Sale and Purchase of Real Estate either in the city or country; also, for the location of Land Warrants and entry on Government Lands. Will promptly furnish information to those desiring to concerning the location and character of Lands in this part of the Territory, and will promptly attend to all business pertaining to the Public Land Office located at this place, and for the payment of taxes for non-residents.
One of the firm being a Practical Surveyor, and having the advantage of a residence and an extensive acquaintance in this part of Washington Territory for more than fourteen years past, they are prepared to give persons satisfaction in the above named branches of business.
They are at all times prepared promptly to
SECURE AND COLLECT DEBTS
in Washington Territory, to NEGOTIATE LOANS upon Good Security, to Buy and Sell Land Warrants and Government Scrip, and to Discount, Buy and Sell Good Commercial Paper.
Vancouver, W. T., Nov. 16, 1865.-10-1f

J. F. SMITH,
Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.,
DEALER IN
Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes,
Matches, Playing Cards,
Cutlery, Port Monies,
Perfumeries, Combs,
Brushes, Fishing Tackle,
Toys, Fly and Lemerick Hooks,
Silk and Other Lines, Fancy Goods,
Alms, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Confectionery, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.
ALL KINDS OF FRUIT KEPT ON HAND.
A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES.
Vancouver, Sept. 7, 1865.-11-1f.

MICHAEL WINTLER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
Is still on hand, at his old stand,
Cor. Main and Fifth Streets,
Opposite Marsh's Blacksmith Shop, where he has at all the goods to see his friends, and wait on customers.
Will buy all kinds of Farmer's Produce at the highest Cash Price.
W. D. - Cash paid for Wool & Hides,
Vancouver, Sept. 11, 1865.-11-1f.

GRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.,
FROM THE PUBLIC THAT THROUGH ALL THESE changes, they are still the same, yesterday, to-day, and to-morrow, "Providence permitting" - as they are to be in the future, selling
Any Amount of Goods, Importing Direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET
Consisting of
DRY GOODS
Of all kinds and Descriptions.
Embracing particularly
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS
Ready-Made Clothing
For the Million,
BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Linseys,
AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY
HATS AND CAPS,
Boots and Shoes,
And all kinds of Groceries,
Embracing particularly
SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT, Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel,
Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c.
Flour always on hand.

In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, all of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as
AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Groceries and Glassware,
HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c.
PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE,
Oakum, Salt, Lime,
CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS
For Medical Uses,
ALWAYS ON HAND.

We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.
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Cor. Main and Third Streets,
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Sept. 11, 1865.-11-1f

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One of the firm being a Practical Surveyor, and having the advantage of a residence and an extensive acquaintance in this part of Washington Territory for more than fourteen years past, they are prepared to give persons satisfaction in the above named branches of business.
They are at all times prepared promptly to
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Vancouver, W. T., Nov. 16, 1865.-10-1f

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Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes,
Matches, Playing Cards,
Cutlery, Port Monies,
Perfumeries, Combs,
Brushes, Fishing Tackle,
Toys, Fly and Lemerick Hooks,
Silk and Other Lines, Fancy Goods,
Alms, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Confectionery, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.
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Will buy all kinds of Farmer's Produce at the highest Cash Price.
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