

The Vancouver Register.

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H. G. STRUVE,
Attorney-at-Law
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, 3d Judicial District, W. T.
T. Will practice in all the courts of Washington Territory. Special and prompt attention given to the collection of debts, and to business in the U. S. Land Office.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

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Wm. H. Goddard, Hygienic Physician,
and authorized agent and Lecturer for the
"National Health Reform Association."
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JAY D. POTTER,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
CONVEYANCER,
Law & Land Agency.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, (next door to the Post-Office),
Vancouver, Aug. 30, 1865.—1-11-67.

JOSEPH M. FLETCHER,
(REGISTERED OF THE L. & O. OFFICE.)
Notary Public & Conveyancer
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BOND, AND LEGAL PAPERS
of all kinds, carefully prepared.
Vancouver, Sept. 1, 1865.—1-11-67.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

D. W. WILLIAMS,
DEALER IN
GRAIN AND FEED OF ALL KINDS
ALSO
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.
a prepared with

Ample Fire-Proof Storage,
And will do a GENERAL
COMMISSION BUSINESS.
No charges for Storage on Goods sold on Commission.
Proceeds of Sales promptly remitted.—G.S.
No. 110 Front Street, (at door south of Post-Office),
Portland, Oregon.
Sept. 6, 1865.—1-11-67.

KINGSLEY & REES
MANUFACTURERS OF
Saddles, Harness,
AND DEALERS IN
SADDLERY HARDWARE.
Saddle Trees, Block and Bent Stirrups, etc.
SHOP—No. 54 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder,
15 PORTLAND, OREGON.

BUNNELL BROS.,
Portland, Or., & Lewiston, I. T.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STOVES, TIN PLATE,
SHEET IRON,
Wire, Pumps,
Lead Pipe, &c.,
And Manufacturers of
TIN, COPPER,
Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c.
Jobbing Work Done to Order.

UNION SALOON,
6th Street, Vancouver, W. T. near the
Military Reserve.

THE UNDERSIGNED announces to the public, that
this well known place of resort still lives and is in
its management. He keeps a splendid stock of
LIQUORS, WINES AND CIGARS,
and all other things necessary to constitute a
Tip-top Saloon.
Give him a call and satisfy yourselves of the truth of the
Statement.
M. DAMPIFFER,
Sept. 22, 1866. 1-11-67.

MRS. D. B. SHEFFIELD,
Begs leave to inform the public, that she can be found at
the old stand, three doors south of WATSON'S STORE on
Main Street, VANCOUVER, and that she keeps constantly
on hand a fine assortment of
GROCERIES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Fruit, and Candles,
Confectionery and Ice Cream,
SODA WATER, TOBACCO AND CIGARS,
and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which
will be sold at reasonable prices.
She respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage.

Fish.
MACKEREL AND CODFISH of the best quality al-
ways on hand at
JONAS & TURNBULL,
12-11-67.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE 17643 articles too nu-
merous to mention, which are kept on hand always
by
Vancouver Drug Store, 4th Street near Main,
12-11-67.

SHAMUS O'BRIEN.
Jist after the war, in the year '60,
As soon as the boys war all scattered and beto,
'Twas the custom, whenever a piunt was got,
To bang him by thral—harrin sich as was shot.
There was thral by jary g'oin on by daylight,
And the martial tw hangin' the lavins by night.
It's them as was hard times for a honest g'oin:
If he missed in the judges he'd meet a dragon:
An' whether the siders or judges get sentence,
The devil a much time they allowed for repentance.
The devil a much time the fine boy was then on his keepin',
Wid small share iv restin', or atin', or sleepin'.
An' because they loved him, an' scorned to sell it,
A prey for the bloodhound, a mark for the bullet—
Unabashed by night an' day, an' by day,
With the hawk an' the hawk, revenge for their prey.
Was Shamus O'Brien, from the town iv Ullagall,
His limbs were well set, and his body was light,
An' the keen langed head an' no' teeth half so white,
But his face was as pale as the face of the dead,
An' his cheek never warmed with the blush of the red.
An' for that, he was n' an' ugly young boy,
For the devil himself couldn't bless with his eye,
So dull an' so wicked, so dark and so bright,
Like a fire-flash that crosses the depth of the night:
An' he was the best s'war that ever has been,
An' the illegitimate burler that ever was seen:
An' his lancia was such, that the men used to stare,
An' the women turn crazy, he does it so queer:
An' by corra! the whole world got into him there,
An' it's he was the boy that was hard to be caught,
An' it's often he ran, an' it's often he fought,
An' it's many the one can remember right well
The quarrels he done, an' it's oft I heard tell
How he leathred the women, himself agin four,
An' stretched the two strongest on old Olliviers.
But the first must sleep sometimes, the wild deer must rest,
An' treachery prey on the blood iv the best,
After many a brave action of power and pride,
An' many a hard night on the mountain's bleak side,
An' a thousand great dangers and tolls overpast,
In the darkness of night he was taken at last.
Now, Shamus look back on the beautiful moon,
For the door of the prison must close on you soon:
An' take your last look at her dim lovely light,
That falls on the mountain and rallies this night—
One look at the village, one look at the flood,
An' one at the sheltering air distant wood,
Farewell to the forest, farewell to the hill,
An' farewell to the friends that will think of you still:
Farewell to the pithers, the hertils and wake,
An' farewell to the girl that would die for your sake,
An' twelve siders brought him to Maryborough jail,
An' the turkey reaved him, reftain' all bail.
The feet limbs were chained,
An' the strong hands were bound
An' he laid down his length on the cold prison ground:
The dreams of his childhood came over him there,
As gentle an' soft as the sweet summer air,
Bringin' fresh to his heart merry days long gone by,
Till the tears guthred heavy an' thick in his eye,
But the tears didn't fall, for the pride at his heart
Wouldn't suffer one drop down his pale cheek to start.
And he sprang to his feet, in the dark prison cave,
An' he swore with the fierceness that misery gave,
By the hopes of the tree and the cause of the brave,
That when he was murthered in the cold grave
His enemies never should have it to boast
His name or his name should be on a monument,
But his cheek should be dry,
For undanted he'd live an' undanted he'd die,
As soon as a few weeks was over and gone,
The terrible day of trial he on.
There was sich a crowd there was scarce room to stand,
An' an' siders on guard, an' dragons word in hand:
An' the court house so full that the people were bothered,
An' attorneys an' siders on the pint of being smothered:
An' counselors almost get over for dead,
An' the jury sittin' up in their box overhead:
An' the judge settled out on determined an' big,
With his gown on his back an' an' siders wig,
An' silence was called, an' the minute it was said,
The court was as still as the heart of the dead,
An' they heard but the opening of one prison lock,
An' Shamus O'Brien came into the dock,
For one minute he turned his eyes round on the throng,
An' he looked at the bars, so firm and so strong,
An' he saw that he had not hope nor a friend:
A chance to escape, nor a word to defend:
He held his arms as he stood there alone,
As calm an' as cold as a statue of stone:
An' they read a big writin' a yard long at least,
An' Jim didn't understand it nor mind its taste.
An' the judge took a big pinch iv snuff, and he says,
"Are you guilty or not, Jim O'Brien, say please!"
An' he held their breath, in the silence of dread,
An' Shamus O'Brien mad answer an' said:
"My lord, if you can see me in my life time
I thought any treason, or did any crime,
That should call to me here, as I stand alone here,
The hot blush of shame, or the coldness of fear,
Though I stood by the grave to receive my death blow,
Before God and the world, I would answer you no;
But if you would ask me, as I think it like,
If in the rebellion I carried a pike,
An' fought for old Ireland, from the first to the close,
An' shed the heart's blood of her bitterest foe:
I answer you yes: an' I tell you again,
Though I stand here to perish it's my glory that then
In the cause I was willing my reins should run dry,
An' that now for her sake I am ready to die."
Then the silence was great, an' the jury smiled bright,
An' the judge wasn't sorry the job was made light:
By my son, it's himself was the crabbid old chap:
In a twinklin' he pulled on his ugly black cap,
Then Shamus' mother, in the crowd standin' by,
Called out to the judge, with a pitiful cry,
"O judge, darlin', don't! oh! don't say the word!
The judge is young—have mercy, my lord!"
He was foolish—he didn't know what he was doin',
You don't know him, my lord; oh! don't give him to ruin!
He's the kindest creatur, the tenderest hearted;
Don't part us forever, we that's as long parted!
Judge, murtherer forgive him—forgive him, my lord,
An' God will forgive you—oh! don't say the word!"
That was the first minute that O'Brien was shaken,
When he saw he was not quite forgot or forsaken:
An' down his pale cheeks, at the word of his mother,
The big tears war runnin' fast, one after t'other,
An' two or three times he ended to pake,
But the strong noisy voice use to faller and break:
But at last, by the strength of his high-mountain pride,
He conquered an' murthered his great swellin' pride,
An' says he, "mother, darlin', don't cry any more—
For sooner or later the dearest must part:
And, God know, it's better than wanderin' in fear,
On the bleak trackless mountain among the wild deer,
To lie in the grave with the dead, heart and breast
From thought, labor, and sorrow forever shall rest.
Then, mother, my darlin', don't cry any more—
Don't make me seem broken in this my last hour:
For I wish, when my head is lyin' under the caren,
No three men can say that I died like a cawan!"
Then towards the judge Shamus bent down his head,
An' that minute the solemn death sentence was said.
The minute was bright, an' the minute rose on high,
An' the lack whistlin' merrily in the clear sky—
But why do the men standin' idly here?
Why do the crowd gather so fast in the street?
What come they to talk of?—what come they to see?
Oh, Shamus O'Brien, pray fers: at God fast,
May the saints take your soul, for this day is your last:
Pray fast and pray strong, for the moment is nigh
When, shropp, proud an' great as you are, you must die.

And fast as an enter the crowd gathered there,
Boys, horses and gingerbread, just like a fair,
An' whisky was selling, and rumstick, too,
And old men and young women enjoying the view,
And old Tim Maj-mony he had the remark
There wasn't sich a sight since the days of Noah's Ark.
And begorra it was thurs for him for the divil a such a
savage,
Such deration and crowd, was seen since the deluge.
For thousands was gathered there if there was one,
Waltin' 'till sich time as the hangin' would come on.
As last they threw open the big prison gate,
An' out came the sheriff and siders in state,
An' a cart in the middle, and Shamus was in it,
Not paler, but prouder than ever, that minute.
An' as soon as the people saw shamus O'Brien,
Wild praier and blesin', an' all the girls cryin'
A wild willie's sound kept on by degree,
Like the sound of the lonesome wind blowin' thro' trees.
On, on, to the gallows, the lonesome wind blows,
An' the cart an' the siders go steadily on:
An' at every side swarin' around of the cart
A wild, sorrowful sound that it opens your heart.
Now under the gallows the cart takes its stand,
An' the hangman gets up with the rope in his hand:
An' the priest havin' blessed him goes down to the ground,
An' Shamus O'Brien throws one last look around.
Then the hangman drew near, an' the people grew still,
Young faces turned sickly, and warm hearts turned chill,
An' the hangman ready, his sock was made bare,
For the grips iv the life-strangling cord to prepare:
An' the good priest had left him, havin' said his last praier:
But the good priest did more—for his hands he unbound,
And with one daring spring, Jim has leaped on the ground,
Hang, bang goes the carbine, and dash goes the siber,
"He's not down! he's alive still! now stand in his snail's
horn!"
Through the smoke and the brass, he's into the crowd—
"By the heavens, he's free!" than the thunder more loud,
By one shout from the people the heavens were shaken,
One shout that the dead of the world might awake.
To-night he'll be sleepin' in Atholroyd glen,
And the divil's in the dice if you catch him that,
The siders run like wild, the sheriff ran that,
An' Father Malone led his new Sunday hat:
Your siders may glitter, your carbines go bang,
But if you want hangin', it's yourselves you may hang.
For a swift knee will bear him to deep Banty Bay,
Where the salt ships waitin' to bear him away.
Thursnoon we'll be head him at Atholroyd glen,
In America, darlin', the land of the free.

Rufus Choate and a Grateful Client.
The Yankee master of a coasting vessel
was once run into by a steamer, and so serious
was the collision that not only was the craft
badly crippled, but its worthy master almost
killed on an untimely end. He was not far
from port when the catastrophe took place,
so, hastening to the city, he demanded of the
steamboat company damages, which they
refused to pay. His rage knew no bounds.
He would have justice. Starting up town,
he inquired for the best lawyer in the city.
He was directed to Choate & Bell. Finding
the place he strode in and asked if "Squire
Choate" was in. He received a reply that
Mr. Choate was in, but was engaged inside,
and at the same time services were offered by
one of the lawyers in the outer office.
"No," said he, "I don't want any under-
strappers. I came here to see Mr. Choate."
In a short time he was told that he could
see Mr. Choate. Proceeding to Mr. C.'s
room, he offered his large hand to the great
lawyer, with the remark, "How are ye,
Squire? I've got a big case for ye."
Mr. Choate found that he had an original
character to deal with, and listened to his
complaint. Mr. C. wrote a letter and told
him to take it to the company; but our friend
objected.
"No, that won't do; just slay a writ, on to
em. Yes, write me a letter, written in those
unintelligible row tracks, with that unique
signature of Rufus Choate, a terror of all
having an acquaintance with the Court when
he appeared as an opponent, they quickly set-
tled with the Captain on his own terms."
Our friend was mightily pleased, and his
gratitude to Mr. Choate knew no bounds,
rushing into that gentleman's office, he said,
most eagerly—
"Squire, ver got em; forked right over.
What's yer bill?"
Mr. Choate replied that as he had spent
no time he would charge him nothing. The
Captain was indignant.
"That ain't the way we do business down
our way. I can afford to pay you well, and
I will. I drew a dollar from my pocket,
and pushing it toward the great attorney,
said: "Squire, you did a big thing for me,
and I will pay you well for it; here is a dollar
taint a cent too much!"
Dates of Sacred Events.
Our Savior was born on Wednesday, Dec.
25, 4707, Julian period; 1934 Olympiad (2d
year, 6th month); A. U. C. 747 (9th month,
5th day); Julian year, 36.
He was baptized by St. John in the river
Jordan on Sabbath (Saturday, January 6,
4738.
His public entry into Jerusalem was on
Palm Sunday, March 21, 4741, Julian period
201st Olympiad (4th year, 9th month); A.
U. C. 710; Julian year 73, A. D. 28; 19th
year of the associate reign of the Emperor
Tiberius; 15th year of his sole reign.
He was betrayed by Judas Iscariot on the
following Wednesday evening, March 24.
He celebrated the Passover and instituted
the Eucharist on Thursday evening, March
25.
On Friday morning, March 18, at the 3d
hour, or 9 o'clock, he was nailed to the cross
the hour when the lamb of the daily morning
sacrifice was offered in the Temple. At the
6th hour, or 3 o'clock P. M., when the lamb
of the daily evening sacrifice was offered in
the Temple, he expired. At 5 P. M. His
body was taken down and deposited in the
tomb of Joseph of Arimathea.
On the first Easter Sunday, March 28,
about the beginning of the morning watch
or 3 o'clock A. M., He arose from the dead.
It was the morrow after the last Jewish Sab-
bath, when, according to the law, first sheaf
of the earliest ripe grain was waved in the
temple, by which the whole harvest was
sacrificed, that Christ, "the first fruits,"
rose from the dead, as a type and pledge of
the future resurrection of His faithful fol-
lowers.
On Thursday, May 6, He ascended into
Heaven.
On Sunday, May 16, the day of Pentecost
the Holy Ghost descended upon the apostles
and disciples.
At a negro ball, in the lieu of "Not trans-
ferable" on the tickets, a notice was posted
over the door, "No gentleman admitted un-
less he comes himself."

CORRESPONDENCE.

WALLA WALLA, JAN. 12, 1867.
Editor Register:
News of importance from this quarter is
scarcely scarce. Times are dull and will be
till spring opens. The weather is very
changeable and more like the month of April
than January. Montana tidings offer little
food for the hungry correspondent, but Col-
ville with its newly discovered diggings and
Kootenai with its present high prices of pro-
visions, seems to attract the attention of
miners, packers and merchants.

The main business of our city is done in
the court room. A very instructive and ex-
citing case came off lately, which, after
long arguments and daily hearings, didn't
come off at all. A lady won a sewing ma-
chine at the recent ladies' fair, and took im-
mediate possession thereof; the next day how-
ever she was ordered by the President of said
fair to return the machine, as she had taken
the wrong one. The lucky winner couldn't
see it, and refused to deliver. So the matter
was dragged into Court and the Judge failed
to see it; then before two different juries and
they couldn't see it. At last accounts 27
witnesses were examined, three trials held,
and nearly \$400 costs accrued on the case,
and yet remains undetermined, and will no
doubt prove a lasting injury to ladies fair in
future. When a woman gets hold of a new
machine she is not apt to part with it for an
old one.

Information has been received here during
the week that the mint question had finally
been settled in favor of the Dalles and that
the present Steam Navigation Co. is likely to
settle at Vancouver, all of which appears to
be received with universal satisfaction and
approval. The indications in favor of our
worthy friend Judge Wyche as our next rep-
resentative to Congress also look very bright
and favorable. He certainly is the man for
the day and place and Washington Territory
will have cause to be proud to have him fill
that honorable and responsible station. He,
at all events, is our choice. The new Iron
Foundry, erected by Messrs. Wm. Phillips
and Charles Abel will soon receive the finish-
ing touch, next will be a soap factory, a ma-
chine shop and a commodious public building;
then we will have a little New York in our
picturesque and pleasant Valley and the O. S.
N. Co. can sell out then as often as the moon
changes. For the present, Walla Walla is
quiet. The burly gurdies and the theatri-
cal troupes pulled up stakes and crossed the
tail mountains. The "Hungry Brothers,"
association, who had their Grand Lodge here
last winter, have totally disappeared; also
all the Roughs and big Chiefs, who usually
wintered here and gave Walla Walla such a
famous name, have long made their exit and
everything is lovely and the goose hangs ele-
vated.
Truly Yours,
CHAS. BEZERRER.

THE NATIONAL DEBT.—On the 31st of October,
it is said to have been the sum of two billions
five hundred and fifty-one millions three
hundred and ten thousand and six dollars 1/2.
This sum is so vast that no one can have a
correct idea of it. It is decidedly *ya-yu-wu!*
Counting at the rapid rate of one hundred
and twenty dollars per minute, for ten hours
per day, it would require 35,435 days or 113
years to count it. The amount, if in twenty
dollar pieces laid edge to edge on their sides,
would extend a distance of 2,644 miles. In
silver dollars, it would weigh 158,457,875
pounds and would load 79,728 wagons with
one ton or \$32,000 each!

LIFE IN THE MOON.—Herr Schwabe, a dis-
tinguished German astronomer, in a late
number of the Astronomical Annals, an-
nounced having seen a species of vegetation
in the moon! Here is the fact on which he
bases his conclusion; the surface of the
moon presents numerous striped lines like so
many furrows. These had been explained
in a variety of ways—some considering them
as dried up river beds; others as tracks left
by torrents of lava, etc. Schwabe gives an-
other solution. According to him, the ridges
that run down the loftier lunar mountain's
sides present, at certain seasons, a green col-
or, which they lose at the end of a few
months. Hence he concludes that there ex-
ists a vegetation in the moon, coming at a
season corresponding to our earthly spring,
and going at a season corresponding to our
autumn. Should this interesting fact receive
final authority, it will certainly overthrow
the commonly received opinion that there is
no water on the surface of the moon. For
since the vegetation seen by Schwabe is green
would not analogy suggest that it is the re-
sult of chemical combination similar to those
which produce the phenomena of our earthly
vegetation.

KISSING THE DARKIES.—There is a strange
sect called "Dunkers" in Pennsylvania.
They recently held a convention in Waynes-
borough, Franklin county, in that State, and
among the many questions discussed and de-
cided upon by the members was the following:
"Shall we receive colored men into the
church, and shall we salute them with the
holy kiss?"
It was voted that they should be received,
but that the question of kissing was for each
to decide with the understanding, however,
that all who refused the osculation were to
be regarded as weak. With the thermome-
ter at 101 degrees in the shade the majority
would "weaken."

It is alleged that John Surratt will be of-
fered pardon in case he turns States' evidence
against all of his fellow conspirators in the
plot for the murder of President Lincoln.

The Population of the Globe.

There are on the globe about 1,288,000,000
of souls, of which 369,600,000 are of the
Caucasian race; 552,000,000 are of the Mon-
gol race; 190,000,000 are of the Ethiopian
race; 176,000,000 are of the Anglo-American
race.

There are 3,648 languages spoken, and
1,000 different religions.
The yearly mortality of the globe is 3,333,
333 persons. This is at the rate of 91,554
per day, 3,730 per hour, 60 per minute.
So each salutation of our hearts marks the de-
cease of some human creature.
The average of human life is 36 years.
One fourth of the population die at or be-
fore the age of seven years—one half at or
before 17 years.
Among 10,000 persons, one arrives at the
age of 100 years, one in 500 attains the age
of 90, and one in 100 lives to the age of 60.
Married men live longer than single ones.
In 1,000 persons, 65 marry, and more mar-
riages occur in June and December than in
any other month in the year.
Professions exercise a great influence on
longevity. In 1,000 individuals who arrive
at the age of 70 years, 42 are priests, orators
or public speakers; 40 are agriculturists;—
33 are workmen; 32 soldiers or military em-
ployees; 20 advocates or engineers; 27 pro-
fessors, and 24 doctors. Those who devote
their lives to the prolongation of that of oth-
ers die the soonest.

There are 335,000,000 Christians.
There are 5,000,000 Israelites.
There are 60,000,000 of the Asiatic relig-
ion.

There are 160,000,000 Mohammedans.
There are 200,000,000 Pagans.
In the Christian churches, 170,000,000
profess the Roman Catholic faith; 75,000,000
profess the Greek faith; 80,000,000 profess
the Protestant faith.

The number who have lived upon the
earth since the creation has been estimated
at about 27,000,000,000,000,000. This sum
when divided by 28,954,000, the number of
square miles of land, gives 1,314,522,086 to
a square rod, and 5 to a square foot. Sup-
pose a square rod capable of being divided into
12 graves, each grave would contain 100
persons; so that the whole earth has been
one hundred times dug over to bury its inhab-
itants, supposing they had been equally dis-
tributed. Were the bodies lain upon the sur-
face, they would cover the land to the depth
of one hundred feet.

Facts and Funks of Currency.

Many things have been used at different
times as money—cowrie shells in Africa, wamp-
um by the American Indians, cattle in an-
cient Greece.
The Carthaginians used leather as money,
probably bearing some mark or stamp.
Frederick II, at the siege of Milan, used
stamped leather as money.
In 1360, John the Good, King of France,
who was taken prisoner by the celebrated
Black Prince, and sent to England until ran-
somed, also issued leather money, having a
small silver nail in the center.
Salt is the common money in Abyssinia,
codfish in Iceland and New Foundland.
"Living money," slaves and oxen, passed
current with the Anglo-Saxons in payment of
debts.
Marco Polo found, in China, money made
of the bark of the mulberry tree, bearing the
stamp of the sovereign, which it was death
to counterfeit.
Tobacco was generally used as money in
Virginia up to 1660, fifty-seven years after
the foundation of that colony.

In 1641, the Legislature of Massachusetts
enacted that wheat should be received in pay-
ment of all debts.
The Convention of France, during the
Revolution, on the proposition of Jean Bon
Saint Andre, long discussed the propriety
of adopting wheat as money, as the measure
of value of all things.
Platina was coined in Russia from 1823 to
1845.

But the metals best adapted and most gen-
erally used as coin, are copper, nickel, silver
and gold; the first two being used for coins
of small value, to make change; the two lat-
ter, commonly designated the "precious met-
als," are used as measures of value and legal
tenders.
On the continent of Europe, a composition
of silver and copper, called billon have long
been used for small coins, which are made
current at a much higher value than the met-
als they contain. In China, Sycee silver is the
principal currency, and is merely ingot silver
of a uniform fineness, paid and received by
weight. Spanish dollars also circulate there,
but only after they have been assayed and
stamped as a proof that they are of the stand-
ard fineness.

As Asia Minor produced gold, its earliest
coinage was that metal. Italy and Sicily
possessing copper, bronze was first coined there.
Herodotus says, the Lydians were the first
people known to have coined gold and silver.
Servius Tullius, King of Rome, made the
pound weight of copper current money. The
Romans first coined silver 281 B. C., and
gold 207 B. C.—*Moran on Money.*

HOW TO JUDGE THE WEATHER BY THE SKY.
The colors of the sky at different times af-
ford wonderfully good guidance. Not only
does a bright sunset presage fair weather,
but there are other tints which speak with
clearness and accuracy. A bright yellow in
the evening indicates wind; a pale yellow
wet; a neutral gray color constitutes a favor-
able sign in the evening—an unfavorable
one in the morning. The clouds are full of
meaning in themselves. If they are soft,
undefined and feathery, the weather will be
fine; if the edges are hard, sharp and den-
dritic, it will be foul. Generally speaking,
any deep, unusual hues between wind and
rain, while the more quiet and delicate tints
bespeak fair weather. Simple as these max-
ims are, the British Board of trade has tho't
fit to publish them for the use of seafaring
men.

There is in Naples a society which supports
a college of 150 young negroes bro't from
the interior of Africa when children. They
are being educated for the Catholic priest-
hood, and will be sent to places where it is
too unhealthy for whites to live. Fra Ladorio,
its founder and head, has just taken the
first batch of his black missionaries to the
extreme south of Egypt and set them adrift.

MISCELLANY.

The census of Indian tribes, as prepared for
the annual report of the Commissioner of
Indian Affairs for 1866, shows that the total
number of Indians is 296 774.
There is a farm in Colorado 18 miles long
12 wide, which pastures, 2,000 head of cattle
and 6,000 sheep, and last year yielded \$80,
000 worth of grain. It is worked by Mexican
laborers, who are fed and managed by officers
like an army.

A Citizen of Onondaga county, New York
recently dislocated his jaw while gazing, and
it required a stout surgeon and the admin-
istration of chloroform to restore the jaw
to its proper position.
A yankee has invented a new store for the
comfort of travelers. It is to be put under
the feet with a mustard plaster on the head,
which draws the heat through the whole sys-
tem. It is called "the Robinson Exhibitor."

The Olympia Tribune opposes annexation
to Oregon, but favors a division of this State
and Washington Territory by a line running
parallel with the Cascades, leaving all west
of the mountains and South of the Columbia
to Oregon, and retaining the Clam banks to
constitute the future great "State of Wash-
ington." Moses' what an ideal! What will
the Tribune take for its "State," after the
division is made. We'll dig a load of pota-
toes and go over and buy it for a cranberry
"patch."—*Salem Unionist.*

In Michigan, every town of 3,000 or more
inhabitants is required to establish a Union
School for both sexes, open to any child
of the town or adjoining one not large enough
to have a Union School of its own. All who
desire it can be fitted for college; others can
have a thorough business or ornamental train-
ing. Many villages have large and costly
brick structures. Michigan is the model ed-
ucational State in the Union in the estimate
of many.

It is rumored here that Senator Nesmith
has been offered by the President Secretary
Browning's place in the Cabinet. It is quite
likely that upon his retirement from the Sen-
ate he will accept the position which is one
of the best in the gift of the President—
Secretary of the Interior.

The Montana Post, of the 15th ult., quotes
Eastern Flour at \$15 per hundred; other
brands, \$10@11 50. Bacon, 45 cents per
lb. Hams, 50@55 cents. These are the
wholesale prices, and are for coin.

The Dear Nuisance.—The merchants of
Idaho City have bonded themselves under a
solemn oath to take good dust at the follow-
ing rates:
Clean House Dust, \$14 per ounce.
South Boise Dust, \$12 per ounce.
Owyhee Blower Dust, \$10 per ounce.
Owyhee Packer not to be encouraged as a
currency at any price.

Too Much Latin.—A spruce young gentle-
man of Montpelier, Vermont, fresh from his
Latin studies, recently called upon some
young ladies, and being asked by the servant
for his name, as he sat quietly in the parlor,
replied "Amicus" (a friend). Biddy was a
little puzzled, but regarding her composure
in the blindest manner possible, observed:
"What kind of a name did you say, sir?"
that cured him of Latin lingo.

Since the closing of the Sunday bar-rooms,
the New York barbers have invented a new
"hair tonic" for the beard. It is to be ap-
plied just under the mustache.

Visitors to the Paris exhibition in the
Spring will be gratified to learn that four
hundred acres of land near Paris has been
purchased as a burial ground for strangers
expected to die of epidemical diseases engend-
ered by the crowd.
The editor of the Cynthiana Kentucky News
in making an appeal to his subscribers, who
are in arrears, to pay up, says: "We hope
they will settle without delay. Not that we
need the money—oh, no! Our ink is given to
us, we steal our paper, and we win our
printers' wages at seven up. So it costs us
nothing to carry on business. Nevertheless,
as a matter of accommodation, and to ease
their consciences, we will take what they owe
us if they will send in immediately."

The Bedford Journal tells a hard one
about a drunken man in Sacco' who dropped
from his mouth a piece of cracker he was
eating, when a little dog immediately picked
it up and ate it, and less than an hour swelled
up and died! Powerful "rotgut," that, but it
seems that, as in the case recorded by Gold-
smith—
"That the man recovered from the bite,
The dog it was that died."
The Los Angeles News of a late date
says:

A thoughtless young mother of 28 years
named Martina, in the southern part
of the city, on Sunday last placed her infant
child, six months old, on the back of a colt
without bridle or halter, and tied the legs
under the belly of the colt so that it could not
fall off, and letting go the colt, it took flight
and ran off with the infant tearing its flesh
and breaking its bones until life was extinct
and nothing remained of the poor child but a
shapeless mass of flesh.

AGENTS FOR THE REGISTER:

L. P. FISHER, San Francisco; J. H. MURPHY, Olympia; J. H. PORTER, Seattle; JAMES JONES, Walla Walla; HERBERT CAPLES, St. Helens.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.

We are glad to be able to record, that at last measures have been taken, which will tend to the speedy erection of a woolen factory in this county. The people are becoming interested and quite a number of substantial citizens stand ready to invest their means in this project.

FROM OLYMPIA.

We have managed to gather a few items of legislative news from the Olympia papers. The House passed the specific contract law, also an act appropriating two thousand dollars out of the Territorial Treasury to King county to aid in the construction of a road through Snoqualmie pass and three hundred dollars to Thurston county to explore Pack-woods pass.

Also an Act permanently locating the Penitentiary at Steilacoom; also an act to increase the pay of Probate Judge to \$5 00 per day and mileage at 20 cents per mile; also an act requiring the Printer to print all laws pertaining to Justice's Court in appendix to laws of present session. An Act to relocate the Capital was tabled. An insolvent debtors law was also passed by the House. The act heretofore in existence relating to the sale of school lands was repealed. An act in relation to licences of Clarke county was introduced in the House by Mr. Knapp and passed. We presume the act gives the proceeds of licences to the county instead of the city as heretofore, although this is merely a surmise. Mr. Pollock introduced an act to amend the incorporation act of Vancouver, which passed the House. Mr. Knapp introduced a bill for the relief of Clarke county.

The usury law was defeated in the House. The House passed an act appointing, Elwood Evans and B. F. Sharpstein as commissioners to codify the laws of Washington Territory and appropriate \$500 out of the Territorial Treasury for that purpose. The House passed an act to establish a Common School system for W. T. The Council passed a bill requiring the registration of county orders. Also an act providing for the appointment of viewers of the Territorial road from Vancouver to Cape Horn Mountain. A great number of other bills were introduced and acted upon, but as only number and title of these bills are reported, we omit their publication. The members from this county would have obliged us greatly, had they sent a greater supply of printed bills and resolutions from time to time.

CORRESPONDENCE.

VANCOUVER, W. T., Jan. 21, 1867.

At the instance of the teachers, a meeting of the patrons of the public school in this place was last evening held at the School House. A very commendable desire for the improvement of the school was manifested. A unanimous opinion prevailed in favor of finishing the upper story of the school house and at once employing an assistant to take charge of the primary department, and on motion of M. Wintler, Esq., the Directors of the District were requested to call a meeting of the inhabitants of the District to vote a tax to finish and repair the house and furnish it with necessary appendages.

PULLON.

From Idaho.—Governor Ballard is sending in votes at about the rate of two a day. The Idaho Legislature passed a bill to appropriate thirty thousand dollars to the support and maintenance of Catholic schools in that Territory. The money was to be raised by the sale of the thirty-sixth sections of school land when the same shall come into market. The Governor vetoed the bill and the veto was sustained by a close scratch.

A CHANGE.—The O. S. N. Co's. steamers are only making tri weekly trips now from Portland to the Dalles. The change was made this week and will continue until further notice. The supposed reason for this change is the great decrease in freight and passengers, but we are told, that the boats will probably make daily trips again, as soon as the Spring trade opens. We have been so long accustomed to a daily mail, that this change operates as a great inconvenience.

PROBATE COURT.—The regular January term of this Court will be held on next Monday the 29th inst at the Court House in Vancouver.

Washington Territory Items.

The Puget Sound Weekly, published at Seattle, has put on a new dress and presents a greatly improved appearance. This paper together with the Pacific Tribune still continue the publication of the U. S. Laws, although the Walla Walla Statesman and the Olympia Standard announced some time since, that they had been chosen by the State Department as the "U. S. official papers" in Washington Territory.

We learn from the P. S. Weekly, "that Gov. Pickering has turned over the gubernatorial office to Mr. Cole, and that 'all is quiet on the Potomac'."

The British Columbia papers continue to publish glowing accounts from the Caribou mines.

This is what the San Francisco correspondent of the Walla Walla Statesman says about steamboat matters on the Columbia river: Our steamboat matters remain about the same as when I wrote you last. As the purchasers of the O. S. N. Co's did not expect to run their boats all winter, no definite arrangements have been made. The programme I marked out in my last still holds good, to make St. Helens or Vancouver the terminus of the ocean steamers. The preliminaries are still in statu quo. It has leaked out, however, that some one of the company will be stationed at St. Helens or Vancouver, to receive and dispatch the Company's boat, and that there will be a general traveling agent appointed to look after the Company's interest on the upper River, who will have full charge of, and the appointing of all agents above the ocean terminus.

The merchants and business men of the Boise county have come to the unanimous determination, to discourage as much as possible, the use of dust as a currency, and when compelled to take it to uniformly adhere to the reduced rates. The merchants of Umatilla came to a similar determination some time since. In Baker county, as also in Union county, merchants and business men have adopted the same rules in regard to the use of dust. It thus appears that Walla Walla is the only settlement of any note in the upper country that adheres to the system of receiving "mized" and "lottery" dust at figures far in advance of the actual value.—W. W. Statesman.

A correspondent writes us from Touchet, W. T., that Reverend Messrs. Osborne and Stanfield, of the United Brethren persuasion, commenced a protracted meeting at that place on the 2d of January, which was continued for eight days and resulted in the conversion of some twenty persons. Stimulated by the success that crowned this effort, Rev. Mr. Osborne has organized a church at the Touchet, with every prospect of a successful future. B.

The Republicans are evidently determined to be early in the field, and as we are informed by letters from below, their intention is to make a thorough canvass of the Territory. We are further advised the feeling on the Sound is almost a unit in favor of the nomination of Judge Wyche as the republican candidate.—B.

At Umatilla, Flour is held at \$8 50 per 50 lb. At Walla Walla, the best brands are sold at \$20 85. At Umatilla, Barley is quoted at 24 cents. Walla Walla price 17 cents. Oats at Umatilla, 2 cents; Walla Walla, 14 cents. Powdered Sugar is quoted at Umatilla, at 25 cents; Walla Walla, 22 cents. Lard in cans at Umatilla, 25 cents; Walla Walla price, 22 cents. Bacon, 18 to 20 cents. Hams, 20 cents. Shoulders, 15 cents. At Umatilla, Beans 8 to 10 cents; Walla Walla, 6 to 7 cents. At Umatilla, Corn Meal, \$8 to 9 per hundred. Walla Walla price, 55 per hundred.—B.

The Olympia Tribune of the 19th last has the following: Mr. Waterman, late Superintendent of Indian Affairs, died on board the steamer McNear yesterday, at twenty five minutes past twelve, M. He came to Port Townsend where he had been spending the last two weeks for medical advice. The steamer reached the wharf at 10 A. M., but he was too far gone to be removed from the boat while living. His remains were removed to the residence of Mr. Samuel Holmes his former boarding house, from which place they will be interred to-morrow at 2 P. M.

IN MEMORIAM.—At a regular meeting of Lincoln Lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., held at their hall in Vancouver, W. T., on the 22d day of January, 1867, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Allwise Ruler of the Universe to remove from our sorrowing midst our beloved brother and co-laborer Charles H. Bishop and

WHEREAS, In thus lamenting the untimely demise of one reveling in the springtime of his manhood, looking forward with the buoyancy of hope to a long life of usefulness, gliding with the fervid aspirations of youth, the dimly shadowed vista of the future, we are forcibly reminded of the brittle tenure of all earthly happiness, and cautioned to remember that we are but mortal.

Sympathizing with the relations and friends of our deceased brother for their irreparable loss, and wishing to give them evidence of the estimation in which he was held, therefore to be it Resolved, That in bowing to the decree of the Almighty in removing from his sphere of usefulness our late brother Charles H. Bishop, we cannot but realize the great void left in that family circle of which he was a beloved member. Words are useless to assuage the grief of parents who have lost a dutiful son, sisters a beloved brother, and friends a warm and affectionate ally; and in reconciling ourselves to a loss which all must suffer. May our Faith in the wisdom of all His acts; our Hope in the promise of a blessed immortality, and the exercise of that Charity, which He so lavishly displayed while on earth, be the guiding stars of our existence, until we are finally called upon for an account of our stewardship, when we may with open hearts proclaim: "Master, I am ready."

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be engrossed, and transmitted to the parents of the deceased, and that the editor of the VANCOUVER REGISTER be requested to publish the same in his paper.

For the Lodge, THOMAS JOHNSTON, W. C. T.

Owing to the dullness in the line of trade and travel, Captain Turnbull has concluded to have the Fannie Trump make only tri weekly trips from here to Portland. The boat will leave on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. This will give us daily communication with Portland as the O. S. N. Co's. boats run on the alternate days. This new arrangement is only expected to last until spring sets in, when of course trade will again revive.

OREGON NEWS.

The Unionist gives the following particulars of the late accident near Salem by which a man named Dawson was drowned: Dawson and another man, whose name we have not learned, were rowing a skiff up the river on the Marion county side, when they came in contact with a floating pile of driftwood. The skiff was immediately upset, Dawson, when last seen by the man who was saved, was clinging to a piece of driftwood. The rescued man succeeded in turning the skiff right side up and climbing into it. He was brought on shore by Mr. McCaslin, near the Salem ferry landing.

The Mountaineer is informed that a party is now engaged in laying out a road from the Dalles to Canyon City, by way of Leonard's Bridge on the John Day river. The new road will follow the one now traveled to Walla Walla until it crosses the John Day, and then by taking a southeasterly course it is claimed that the new road will be fifty miles shorter than the one now traveled, and that it will pass through an agricultural country which is entirely out of the range of the bands of Indians who infest the present traveled road. Should the new road prove to be what it is represented, it will certainly become the great thoroughfare to the John Day and Idaho mines, and will place the Dalles nearer to the latter gold fields than any town on the Columbia.

CORVALLIS, Jan. 22.—Last night, about 8 o'clock, two ladies, two children and one man were crossing from a farm house to a neighboring house, on the east side of the river, in a skiff, when, by some accident, the skiff was upset, and one woman by the name of Vaughn and one child were drowned.

The Government engineer, who has arrived in Oregon recently, will soon proceed with the plan for erecting an iron clad fortification at Scarborough Point, opposite Astoria, so says the Enterprise.

The "top house" of the Oregon Iron Works, at Oswego, over the first smelting furnace on the coast is now about ready to be enclosed.

The Unionist says that four hundred dollars have been contributed by the citizens of Salem to establish a school for the colored children of that place. It learns, also, that a teacher has been employed and the school is soon to commence.

The sentence of Patrick Brown, who was condemned to be hung at Umatilla on the 10th inst., has been commuted by the Governor to imprisonment for life.

Hon. Rufus Mulhry, Congressman elect, will start for Washington on the first steamer from this place.

The population of Dalles City consists of two hundred residents, who may be set down as permanent. The following shows a careful list of stores and shops: Four wholesale stores, 6 clothing and dry goods, 10 groceries, 3 bakeries, 3 drug, 2 jewelry, 1 stove and tin ware, 1 book, 1 furniture, 1 crockery, 1 variety, 2 saddlery, 1 picture gallery, 3 barber, 4 blacksmith and wagon, 1 lumber factory, 1 paint shop, 1 grist mill, and with any amount of refreshment and billiard saloons. Main street wears the appearance of a healthy business street.

The following items are taken from the Jacksonville Sentinel of the latest date: The telegraph informs us that the persons wounded in the riot near Rosburg are doing very well, none of them being likely to die, except under the hands of the hanganan.

Dr. T. T. Cabanis informs us that a Chinaman, on Poor Man's Creek, killed himself Wednesday last, by taking an overdose of opium. The Chinaman aver that he killed himself because "he hee no likee work."

The order of Old Fellows, in this place, seems to be in a flourishing condition. They have this fall given their hall, in the corner of Oregon and Main Sts., a thorough overhauling and repairing in many ways. Dispatches passed through the telegraph office, here, on Thursday, from London to Portland, having left London the same morning.

WEST POINT.—The annual report of the Board of Visitors has been made public. The examinations in the studies of the past year were very creditable to the cadets and their instructors. The buildings are in good order and the hospital is arranged with convenience and neatness. The Board recommend that the assistant professors be retained at least four years, and the professors for a longer period; that the chaplain be relieved from academic duties, required to hold daily morning prayer in the chapel, and assisted in the discharge of his functions by the intermission on Sunday, of military duties not indispensable to the preservation of discipline; that the number of cadets be increased from two hundred and ninety two to four hundred; and the cadets, on graduation, be required to serve at least two years in regiments or other staff corps entering the engineer or other staff qualifications be tested by some form of competitive examination.

A GOOD SUMMER'S WORK.—The Prussian war cost \$42,000,000, which the conqueror has lavished upon his enemies as follows, including a margin of profit:

Table with 2 columns: Country, Amount. Austria: \$28,000,000; Bavaria: 12,000,000; Wurtemberg: 7,000,000; Baden: 3,200,000; Frankfurt: 2,400,000; Hesse Darmstadt: 1,200,000. Total: \$56,200,000. This gives a clear gain for the needy of \$14,200,000—a pretty good summer's work.

"New Press."—This is the title of a diminutive sheet issued weekly from the Vancouver Register office, under the editorial management of G. R. Washburn and Joseph Brant, Jr., a couple of precocious youths at work in this office. The paper made its first appearance last Saturday. From the Salutatory in the second number, which appears to-day, we make the following extract concerning the aims and objects of the paper.—The editors say, that they forgot to "define their position" in the first number. Here is what they say: "Our politics will depend upon circumstances. We shall gain for the party that buys the most papers, that is, if they pay. The paper will always be of a high moral tone, and if we can get plenty of subscribers its tone will get higher and higher, but we know the people of this country are not very high themselves, and we shall be very careful not to get so high up, but that they can understand us." "We shall expose all tricks and rascality. We intend to have our rights. We want good weight in candy and peanuts, and we expect both of the next candidates for Congress to pay us to advocate their interests. We can go in both sides."

EASTERN NEWS.

[From dispatches to the Daily Oregonian.]

Chicago, Jan. 15.—Lynn Trumbull was re-elected U. S. Senator to-day.

St. Louis, Jan. 15.—Charles D. Drake was elected U. S. Senator from Missouri.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—The Legislators of Illinois and Michigan ratified the constitutional amendment, and the Kentucky Legislature balloted for Senator, but without making a choice. The vote stood, Garrett Davis 24 Pratt 41; Randall 31; Harding 15; Powell 7; Hayes 5.

Chicago, Jan. 17.—The West Virginia Legislature yesterday ratified the Constitutional Amendment.

New York, Jan. 17.—We have had the most severe snow storm witnessed for many years in this city. The streets, country roads and railroads are greatly blocked up. The river and harbor are securely obstructed by ice. Travel by land or water is exceedingly difficult.

The impeachment question is being discussed in the city papers. The dailies have unitedly condemned the proposition from the first. They now admit the formidable power of the impeachment party which the late Supreme Court decision materially strengthens. The Times says the inaugurators of the project are serious and zealous for impeachment. It is absolutely essential to their political purposes, their failure being the President's success; while the Republican party follow moderate Congressmen are already in the current, (?) the chances are two to one that the House sustains the impeachment, but scarcely possible that two-thirds of the Senate will agree to the removal, but they may suspend him. It is possible that the President will resist by all the means in his power, using the army and navy. The Times thinks Congress hesitates at extreme measures for fear of public sentiment. A strenuous struggle may be expected, disturbing the peace, business and credit of the country. The Tribune's Washington special says sufficient evidence is already before the committee to justify Ashley's action. The Herald says no pre-ordained event is more certain than the impeachment or removal of the President. The World says that the radicals are bent upon impeachment. The European press discusses the subject with deep seriousness and in an alarming manner.

Washington, Jan. 17.—During the past year about \$135,000 were deposited in the Treasury by the Patent Office, after paying all expenses of the office. This makes a total amount now credited to the Patent Office of nearly \$300,000. Receipts of customs for week ending January 12th, \$3,303,465. This shows considerable increase over receipts for some time past, owing probably to the prospect of the new tariff, the disposition being to pay all duties before a change is made particularly in cases where duties will be increased by the provisions of the new bill.

The conservatories of the Executive Mansion were burned. The loss of valuable plants cannot be replaced and amounts to hundreds of thousands of dollars. The buildings are damaged to the amount of \$25,000. The White House had a narrow escape.

Williams of Oregon, presented the memorial of the Oregon Legislature for a branch mint. Ordered on the table.

The House considered the Nebraska bill. The question turned upon the question whether Nebraska should be admitted as a State while her colored population by the constitution were deprived of the elective franchise, and also upon the practical effect of the construction embraced in that section. Butwell's amendment was adopted by 80 to 70, and the bill passed by 100 to 59.

The bill for the admission of Colorado was taken up, and the same amendment was adopted on motion of Ashley, by a vote of 80 to 60, and the bill passed by 99 to 60.

New York, Jan. 15.—The Government Directors of the Union Pacific Railroad, Messrs. Geo. Ashburne, of Massachusetts, Jesse S. Williams, of Missouri, Chas. L. Sherman, of Ohio, E. J. Carter, of Illinois, and Springer, Harbargh, of Pennsylvania, were in session several days during last week, and had several interviews with the Secretary of the Interior and the President, and made reports of the condition and progress of the work during the past season, and the probable operations for the present year. It appears that there are 305 miles of road finished and in operation, and it is sufficiently stocked with locomotives, passenger and freight cars, and well supplied with machines, depots and water stations. The present terminus of the road is a point a few miles west of the mouth of the great Platte river. The line is directly located up to Palo Creek at the foot of the Black Hills, and thence through Evans' Pass to Fort Laramie, a further distance of 200 miles, which it contemplated building during the present year. This main line will pass about 100 miles north of Denver which place the company propose to reach by a branch road.

New York, Jan. 15.—Gen. Robinson, commanding the department of the South, ordered the arrest of the sheriff and jailer of Kingston jail, in which 22 negroes were burned. Should the facts be ascertained, they will be kept in military confinement on charge of murder, until civil authorities are ready and willing to try them.

Five cases of false imprisonment against Gen. Butler, which have been on the docket of the Supreme Court of New York, have been transferred to the United States Court by order of presiding Judge Larned.

New York, Jan. 18.—Randall of Pennsylvania is full of confidence of the passage of his bill, superseding the National Bank notes by greenbacks.

Boston is literally snowed under. The storm only ceased at midnight, and no trains have passed out in. Some of the streets are utterly impassable.

New York, Jan. 18.—A furious wind storm prevailed throughout the night and the snow here drifted in some places eight feet deep. Havana advices of January 12th state that the small-pox continues its ravages. At Matanzas there were over 300 cases under treatment. There had been 500 deaths in one day, about 48 per cent. of the cases terminating fatally. The financial crisis at Havana was about over.

Information from private sources in Washington say the plan agreed upon by the leaders of the impeachment movement is to suspend the President as soon as articles are preferred, Wade filling the vacancy, then prolonging the trial during the balance of Johnson's term, and meanwhile reconstruct the South.

ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

STRENGTH OF REGULAR ARMY, 1866-67.

Table with 2 columns: Position, Number. General: 1; Lieutenant General: 1; Major General: 6; Brigadier General: 19; Adjutant General's Department: 35; Inspector General's Department: 9; Bureau of Military Justice: 2; Quartermaster General's Department: 92; Subsistence Department: 40; Medical Department: 221; Pay Department: 83; Engineer Corps: 639; Ordnance Corps: 639; Ten Regiments Cavalry: 12,520; Five Regiments Artillery: 3,840; Forty-five Regiments Infantry: 43,750; Total: 62,045.

It will be seen from this that the regular force, when fully recruited, will be increased over 21,000 men, making a very fair force for a piece footing.

A Connecticut editor, having got into a controversy with a contemporary, congratulated himself that his head was safe from a "donkey's heels." His contemporary astutely inferred that he was unable to make both ends meet.

A Minister who had received a number of calls could hardly decide which was the best, asked the advice of his faithful African servant, who replied: "Massa, go where's the most debble."

A genius named Flaherty, of Washington City, has the following posted on his window: "Eggs newly laid here on the shortest notice."

There is now but one Revolutionary soldier inscribed on the rolls of the Pension Office—Samuel Downing, who enlisted from Carroll county, New Hampshire, but who now resides at Edinburg, in Saratoga county, New York. In 1861 there were sixty-three officers and soldiers of the Revolution on the pension rolls, of whom fourteen resided in the Southern States and have not since been heard from. In 1862 there were but thirty survivors of the forty-nine residing in the Northern States. In 1863 there were but eighteen; in 1864 but three. But since then William Hutchins, of Maine, and Lemuel Cook, of New York, have died, leaving but one survivor of that patriotic host which Washington commanded.

One day lately, during the trial of a homicide before the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in Philadelphia, one of the jurymen was attacked with delirium tremens, and ran stamping and bellowing about the jury room, imagining that his tongue was full of worms. He afterwards became perfectly frantic with the idea that rats were running all over him, and gnawing out his vitals. The jury had to be discharged.

An American paper gives the following reasons for not publishing a poetic effusion:—"The rhythm sounds like pumpkins rolling over a barn floor, while some lines appear to have been measured with a yard stick, and others with a ten-foot pole."

The quantity of paper used every year in England represents a weight of about 220 millions of pounds. France uses 195 millions of pounds, while the United States consumes more paper than England and France put together, viz: 440 millions of pounds.

Four thousand members have been added to the Order of Good Templars in New Hampshire the past year, and it now numbers over 5,000.

A silver mine in Greece, which suspended operations 2,224 years ago, has been purchased and is now being worked by a French company.

One of the engineers of the Coast Survey states that the sea coast of Maine, following all its indentations, is longer than the Atlantic cable.

Madame X—a wealthy lady who resides in Paris, in the Quarter des Champs Elysees, a short time ago, relates the *Patite*, gave birth to a monster, half human and half fish. The monster only lived half an hour. Instead of arms, it had two fins of a small size, its feet were in the shape of a fish's tail, the thighs were covered with scales, and it had the eyes of a carp.

Vienna is a city to be envied. The rats in her sewers have been so effectually exterminated by the use of green vitriol that a professor in one of the colleges, who required some of these animals for experiment's was scarcely able to obtain them at any price.

The most astonishing sentence in the English language, at least of its great length, is probably the seventh section of the British Foreign Enlistment Act, which is composed of a single sentence containing very nearly six hundred words.

The Moonic powder mill, near Cornubria, Pa., exploded last long since, loss, \$20,000. The shock did several hundred dollars' damage at Roushate, three quarters of a mile away.

A leavie Irishman went into a job printing office the other day, and desired some cards for a ball he was about to give. Being asked for copy, he furnished the following: "There will be a plect ball to-morrow night at Cornelius Crowley's. Come one, come all, to the plect ball to-morrow night at Cornelius Crowley's."

A chap inquired of the Post Office in Erie, the other day, for a letter for "Eary Hlooden." He was told there was none. "Look ere," he replied, a little angrily, "you've examined a hedd letter for my name. I don't commence with a hatten! It begins with a h: Look in the ole that's got the h's!"

A number of farmers in Franklin county (O.) were recently cheated into the purchase of some finely appearing buck spanish bucks at high prices. By a cute Vermontier, the next train washed all the coloring matter out of their fleeces, leaving the sheep the poorest kind of white scrubs, and the game concludes with the imprisonment of the swindling Yankee.

NOTICE. THE PUBLIC AND ESPECIALLY ALL persons who have heretofore transacted business with WELLS, FARGO & Co., are requested that a consolidation of interest and business between WELLS, FARGO & Co. (The Pioneer State Co., The Holiday Overland Mail and Express Co., The Overland Mail Co., The United States Express Co., has taken place, and been effected under a Charter granted by the Territorial Legislature of Colorado; and that all the business heretofore done by either of these Companies west of the Missouri River, or between New York, San Francisco and the Chinese Seas, will hereafter be carried on by WELLS, FARGO & Co., under the Act of Incorporation referred to.

OPPOSITION TO PORTLAND!

No more paying tribute to the

Village on Willamette CREEK.

ST. HELENS is the place for Columbia and Clerk county Farmers to trade.

Farmers take Notice

—THAT AT— S. M. LYON'S Store

Formerly occupied by Woodward & Lothrop

Top corner of block of

Groceries, Dry Goods,

At San Francisco Prices.

Call and judge for yourself and you will satisfy yourself that this is no humbug.

All kinds of Produce taken at San Francisco market prices.

Remember

S. M. LYON

At Woodward & Lothrop's old stand.

St. Helens, Nov. 10, 1866.

VANCOUVER

DRUG STORE,

DAVID WALL, APOTHECARY

Keeps constantly on hand a Choice Selection of

Drugs, Medicines, Acids, Chemicals,

Patent Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Alcohol, Turpentine,

Perfumery, Toilet Articles

—AND— FANCY GOODS,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Use.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, BAKER'S BITTERS, DRAKE'S BITTERS, ROOFLAND'S BITTERS, RABBIT'S POTASH, CANARY SEED, CARRIAGE SPONGE, CASTLE SOAP, SHAKER HERBS, INDIGO, DOMESTIC DYES, CREAM TARTAR, BLUE STONE, NITRE, ROSIN, OLIVE, COMBON & WHITE, SULPHUR, GLAUBER SALTS, BATH BRICKS, CONCENTRATED LYE, Congress Water and Fragrant Soaps.

And all articles usually kept in Drug stores. Physicians prescriptions carefully prepared at all hours.

Vancouver, Sept. 22, 1866. 1112

MICHAEL WINTLER

DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Cor. Main and Fifth Streets,

Keeps constantly on hand and for sale a full assortment of

GROCERIES, CROCKERIES, GLASSWARE,

HARDWARE AND NAILS, DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING, BLANKETS

And all kinds of Salem Woolen Goods.

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES

of all descriptions

Will buy all kinds of Farmers Produce at the highest rates.

Cash Paid for Wool and Hides. M. WINTLER.

Vancouver, Sept. 21, 1866. 14.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF CLARKE COUNTY.

THE law makes it my duty to call on each person named on the tax list and collect the taxes charged against them and if not paid to levy on the goods, chattels and real estate of such persons by giving six days notice in four places to the county.

I will therefore meet the tax payers of Clarke County at their respective places of voting in each precinct on the following days, to wit: Paterson Precinct, Feb. 20th, 1867. Lemaster Precinct, Feb. 21st, 1867. Pollock Precinct, Feb. 22d, 1867. Lakeman Precinct, Feb. 24th, 1867. Preston Precinct, Feb. 26th, 1867. Fern Prairie Precinct, Feb. 26th, 1867. Washburn Precinct, Feb. 27th, 1867. I will be present at each of the above named places at the hour of 12 o'clock M., and remain until 2 o'clock P. M. U. S. Revenue Stamp. H. C. MURPHY, Sheriff of Clarke Co., W. T., and Tax Collector. Vancouver, Jan. 19, 1867. 16-42.

DIVORCE NOTICE. Territory of Oregon, County of Clarke, ss. In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District holding term at Vancouver, W. T.

To Pamela E. Perdue, Defendant. YOU are hereby notified that James E. Perdue, her husband, has filed a petition, and complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 19th day of January 1867, and unless you appear at said term and answer the plaintiff's petition, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her after said date. G. W. BRADY, Attorney at Law. Vancouver W. T., Jan. 19, 1867. 16-12.

Local Matters.

A GOOD DEAL BETTER THAN NOTHING.—We feel aggravated to-day for divers good reasons. In the first place the telegraph has ceased working for several days past.

On Sunday last, one of our bachelor friends went and got married. On Monday week and harmony was the order on Main Street.

FANCY FAIR.—It is proposed to hold a fair in this town some time during the ensuing month to aid in maintaining the Orphan Asylum kept by the Sisters of Charity.

COMMON COUNCIL.—This body held its last regular meeting on Monday and transacted the following business: Messrs. Preston, Fletcher and Braut were appointed as a special committee to procure a suitable Engine House, to house the new Engine and other apparatus, which is expected on the next steamer from San Francisco.

THE SISTERS OF CHARITY.—The Sisters of Charity most respectfully invite the ladies of Vancouver to meet in the parlour of the Convent, at 2 o'clock on Thursday afternoon, (the 31st), for the consideration of the arrangements necessary for the Fancy Fair about to be held for the benefit of the orphans.

OBJECTS TO IT.—The local editor of the Oregonian, objects to the people of Vancouver and the Legislature of this Territory remonstrating against the removal of the Military headquarters to Portland.

IN ANOTHER COLUMN our correspondent "Philom" ventilates certain school matters. Want of space forbids a further notice, at the present time, of the matters therein contained.

THE VANCOUVER HIBERNIAN Benevolent Society hold their regular monthly meetings on the first Thursday evening of each month at 7 o'clock.

VANCOUVER LODGE NO. 3, I. O. O. F. Holds its regular meetings at their new Hall in Durgan's Brick building, on Monday evenings at 7 o'clock. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

WASHINGTON LODGE NO. 4, A. F. A. M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the first and third Saturdays of each month, at 7 o'clock, p. m. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.

MARRIED.—At the residence of the bride's father, in Clatsop county, on the 20th inst., by D. H. Lambert, Justice of the Peace, Mr. C. B. Stegert, and Miss Ethelra Fales, both of this county.

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Practical Watchmaker & Jeweler, 105 Front St. Portland, Oregon.

CLOCKS! WATCHES & JEWELRY! In the store recently occupied by Jacob Cohen, (whom he succeeds in business, and where he will keep constantly on hand every article connected with the above business.

RECORDED'S COURT.—The persons charged with keeping diseased sheep on the Fourth Plain in this county, were tried last week by a Jury in this court and acquitted.

On Wednesday last complaint was made against a party residing in town charging him with purchasing uniform clothing of a soldier in the U. S. Army. After an examination the Recorder decided not to hold the defendant over, for the want of sufficient testimony.

MATRIMONIAL.—The Garrison band turned out in full force the other night to serenade our fellow citizen C. R. Stegert, who kicked the bachelor bucket the other night. The band as usual discoursed most eloquent music and were afterwards handsomely entertained by Dick at his own residence, where an abundance of refreshments had been provided.

Idea overloaded with words seldom travel far or long.

APPREHENDED.—Five of the prisoners, who deserted from the garrison last week, have been caught and are now safely lodged in the guard house to await their trial. They escaped while performing police duty under the charge of the guard. During the day and evening they secreted themselves in the vicinity of the town and during the night effected an entrance into S. Kaiser's store and stole therefrom some \$400 worth of dry goods and clothing, then stole a boat belonging to Jacob Wintler and proceeded down the river. They took their breakfast at Mr. Stabler's house on Hayden's Island and went on their way. It seems that the boat got swamped and they could go no farther. They were apprehended at Mr. Dillon's place opposite the mouth of the Willamette, by a detachment of soldiers sent out for that purpose.—Two of the deserters are still missing. The stolen articles as far as recovered were returned to Mr. Kaiser upon being identified, but he says, that some \$200 worth of goods are yet missing. The civil authorities don't propose to try these men for burglary and larceny, at least, not until they have been dealt with by the military authorities.

DAVID WALL, Druggist, is determined to sell at prices as low as any Drug Store at Portland. He receives his importations direct from San Francisco.

PAINTS AND OILS, VARNISH AND BRUSHES and all kinds of Paints materials just received by steamer from San Francisco by DAVID WALL, Vancouver Drug Store.

DOMESTIC DIES of all varieties for sale by the undersigned, cheap, to which particular attention is invited by DAVID WALL, Vancouver Drug Store.

KEROSENE of first rate quality always kept on hand at L. W. rates by DAVID WALL, Vancouver Drug Store.

NEW DRUG STORE. VANCOUVER, W. T. LAWRENCE KIDD, Proprietor. This proprietor would respectfully announce to the citizens of Vancouver and vicinity, that he has just opened a new DRUG STORE on Main Street opposite the Baker's Garden, where he offers to those, who will honor him with their patronage a well selected stock of DRUGS.

CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, ESSENTIAL OILS, HERBS and a complete assortment of all popular PATENT MEDICINES. ALL KINDS OF BITTERS. The purest Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes, in fact all articles generally kept in well equipped DRUG STORES.

Special attention paid to prescriptions of Physicians which are prepared of the purest drugs and carefully put up. LAWRENCE KIDD, Vancouver, Dec. 8, 1866.

IMPORTANT NEWS.—BY THE—ORIFLAME!! MAXIMILIAN has not left MEXICO, but has his baggage all packed ready to start by the first MULE TRAIN.

SUMNER BARKER. Came up as a passenger, bringing with him a fine and well selected STOCK OF MERCHANDISE. Bought in San Francisco for Cash, and shipped to the Columbia River for one dollar per ton and is now prepared and will sell said goods, at his Store in Vancouver, on Main Street, opposite the Union Hotel, cheap, or than any House in Town, let him be.

"JEW OR GENTILE." Give us a call. S. BARKER, Vancouver, Jan. 5, 1867.

JONES TURNBULL & CO. Have just received from San Francisco, A full and complete assortment of STATIONERY. Consisting of LEGAL CAP, FOLIO CAP, LETTER and NOTE PAPER. Also all kinds of BLANKS and LEGAL FORMS, such as DEEDS, MORTGAGES, POWERS of ATTORNEY, ACKNOWLEDGMENTS, BILLS of SALE, PROBATE BLANKS, &c., &c.

Also Form Books for practical use. The above articles have been selected with special reference to the local demands, and said Legal Blanks can be safely used under the laws of this Territory. Vancouver, Jan. 5, 1867.

J. D. HEALY, Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. DEALER IN—STOVES, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, Wire, Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c., &c. MIN, COPPER, Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c. Jobbing Work Done to Order.

He has on hand a large and new assortment of Tin Ware, and other articles in his line, suitable for this market, which he will sell at low rates. J. D. HEALY, No. 110, First Street, Portland, Jan. 12, 1867.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS, Take Notice, JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEBRATED SCOTCH TUBES for Water Engines. Also, the LARGEST STOCK ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPE, from 3/4 to 4 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, TAPS, ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.

Constantly on hand, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GAUGES, WATER GATES, GOVER OR STOP VALVES, TIGHTENING ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GAUGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of.

One of the dwellings is entirely new, large and commodious, being hard finished, well arranged and possessing all the necessary conveniences. The other dwelling is a neat cottage building with three rooms and a kitchen and has a good cistern on the premises.

The above property will be sold cheap, the owner Mr. Montague, being compelled to remain in San Francisco. The title to the above property is good as any in Vancouver. For terms and other particulars inquire at the law office of Vancouver, W. T., Jan. 12, 1867.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE. TWO dwelling houses situate upon Lots Nos. 1 and 2, in Block No. 9, in the City of Vancouver, will be sold at private sale, together with the lots upon which they stand.

One of the dwellings is entirely new, large and commodious, being hard finished, well arranged and possessing all the necessary conveniences. The other dwelling is a neat cottage building with three rooms and a kitchen and has a good cistern on the premises.

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CALL AND EXAMINE THE 17663 articles too numerous to mention, which are kept on hand always by DAVID WALL, Vancouver Drug Store, 4th Street near Main. 15-17.

REMOVAL. THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING REMOVED their entire stock of FURNITURE!! TO THEIR OWN NEW AND COMMODIOUS SALES-ROOMS, 67 First Street, Near Salmon Street.

WHERE, WITH AMPLER ROOM, THEY NOW INVITE the attention of the public to a Larger and Better Assortment! Than ever presented before, and although situated a little way from the center of trade, still, with increased expenses and GOODS FROM EASTERN MANUFACTURERS DIRECT, they feel confident that it will repay purchasers to give them a call.

HUNGREN & SHINDLER, Portland, Nov. 12th, 1866.

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New Book, Stationery AND—GROCERY STORE!! JONES, TURNBULL & CO. DEALERS IN BOOKS, STATIONERY & NOTIONS, One door south of Crawford, Slocum & Co., Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Vancouver, and the public generally, that they have just opened

A NEW STORE, and will constantly keep a general assortment of STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS, Blank Books, Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, & MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

We will be in receipt, by each Steamer, of California and Eastern Papers, Periodicals, New Novels, and Light Reading.

SPECIAL ATTENTION IS CALLED TO OUR STOCK OF PICTURES. We shall keep an excellent variety of FRAMES AND MOLDINGS

Window Shades. We have also on hand and will constantly keep A Fine Assortment of Wood & Willow Ware

MATTING, WINDOW GLASS, AND WALL PAPER. A general assortment of Groceries, comprising Sugars, Syrups, Tea, Coffee, Flour and Cornmeal, FLOUR, SALT, STORAC, NUTS, CANDIES, Wines and Liquors.

Wholesale & Retail. And every thing else adapted to the trade. JONES, TURNBULL & CO.

GLORIOUS NEWS. JOSEPH WISE Has come back to town again, and is at his old stand, corner of MAIN & BATEMAN STREETS.

Where he will be happy to see his old customers and a great many new ones. ROOM FOR ALL WHO WANT TO BUY CHEAP GOODS! MY WAY OF SELLING IS SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES. I will take in exchange all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, the same as I used to. My stock consists of

Dry Goods, Clothing Hats and Caps, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, All kinds of Salem Goods, BOOTS AND SHOES OF ALL SORTS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, And many other things too numerous to mention.

COME, ALL, AND SEE WISE AGAIN! HE HAS COME BACK THIS TIME TO STAY. TO THE LADIES. I would say, Mrs. Wise will wait on them with all kinds of FANCY ARTICLES, LADIES' DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS.

Remember Wise at the old Corner Store. NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS Having Demands on the Government—PENSION, PRIZE MONEY, BOUNTY, PATENTS, PAY for Vouchers, BILLS, Back Pay, Lost Horse and Spoiled Claims, obtained by the undersigned—who will attend to all their business before the Department at Washington City.

C. M. CARTER, Claim Agent, Office—Corner of Alder and Front streets, PORTLAND, Oregon.

Williams Bros. St. Helens, Ogn. WHOLESALE & RETAIL. DRY GOODS

Grocery Merchants. We are receiving goods on every Steamer from San Francisco, and are able to send all goods in our line

CHEAPER Than any Store on the Columbia River. We are paying the highest market price

IN CASH For Butter and all kinds of country produce. WILLIAMS BROS. St. Helens.

CITY BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY! IF you want a pair of BOOTS made, of good material and good Workmanship, and a good fit, give the undersigned a call at his OLD STAND on Main Street, at the sign of the BIG BOOT, and he will guarantee that you get the worth of your money.

Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. N. B.—Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. G. W. COOL, DENTIST. OFFICE—Corner of Front and Alder Streets, Entrance on ALDER STREET, PORTLAND, OREGON. WORK DONE AT NEW YORK PRICES.

Lightning Matches, which strike faster, burn longer, and are thicker and tougher, and cheaper than any other matches, made or sold in Vancouver, or any other place. Call and see. SOHNS & SCHUELE, Vancouver, Dec. 1st, 1866.

CRAWFORD SLOCUM & CO., INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT THROUGH ALL THINGS change, they are still the same, yesterday, today, and in the future, selling

Any Amount of Goods, Importing Direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET

Consisting of DRY GOODS Of all Kinds and Descriptions. Embracing particularly

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS Ready-Made Clothing

For the Million, BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes,

And all Kinds of Groceries, Embracing particularly

SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT, Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel, Coddish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c. Flour always on Hand.

In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, all of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Crockery and Glassware,

HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c.

PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, Oakum, Salt, Lime, CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS For Medical Uses, ALWAYS ON HAND.

We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.

CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO., Cor. Main and Third Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T. Sept. 11, 1866—15-17.

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON! MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER. T. O'KEANE, PROPRIETOR.

THIS POPULAR PLACE HAS NOW BECOME A fixed institution, celebrated for the genuineness of its Wines, LIQUORS, and Cigars.

PAPERS OF THE LATEST DATES ALWAYS ON HANDS. The Proprietor has, at considerable expense, fitted up this Saloon for the accommodation of the Public, and as it is the Largest, most Central, and best Lighted Saloon in the City, he flatters himself that all— "or any other man"—who may call in to see him will not go away dissatisfied. 11-17

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT!! THE undersigned would announce to the public generally, that he has just opened a store on Main Street, Vancouver, next door to the Post office, where he will always keep on hand a full assortment of

Tobacco, Cigars, Yankee Notions, A well selected stock of the best and latest NOVELS, Stationery and Miscellaneous Books. Also School Books. He also keeps on hand full files of the latest NEWSPAPERS, From home and abroad. All of which he will sell at reasonable rates. Dec. 22, 1866. A. NAPPEY, 19-20.

SOHNS AND SCHUELE. BEHOLD respectfully to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have a new stand at the corner of Main Street, (near the Metropolis Hotel)

Splendid assortment of goods consisting in part of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, PICKLES, PRESERVED FRUITS, JELLIES, in short, everything that

Woman, or child can need. They flatter themselves that any person who will call and examine their stock of goods will at once be

Man Struck By

THE exceedingly low price asked for goods of such excellent quality. They are determined that in the matter of fair dealing and strict attention to business they will not be outdone

A JOHNSON, or "any other man." They make no charge for showing goods, but if you buy nothing else, just try one bit worth of Shellards

SOHNS & SCHUELE, Vancouver, Dec. 1st, 1866.

DAVID WALL, DRUGGIST, is determined to keep his house trade at home, if selling more, but the best articles in his line at the lowest prices, will accomplish it.

WOOL! WOOL!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For which the highest market price will be paid by CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.

S. KAISER Is not Dead, as was supposed, But has just returned from San Francisco with a carefully and well selected and immense Stock of MERCHANDISE!

Which he is now opening and which he will sell at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES, At his Old Stand on Main Street, Adjacent Alder & Stegert's Meat Market.

He has a well selected Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING!

ALL KINDS OF COATS! Varying in price from \$7 to \$40, and PANTS, VESTS, AND SKIRT To suit all classes of Customers.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS! OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS, Embracing the finest and most desirable styles of German, English, French, Scotch, & AMERICAN MANUFACTURE.

Sheetings, Shirts, LADIES' SHAWLS, AND AMERICAN, FRENCH, AND GERMAN PRINTS. A well selected Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES! Kip and Calf Boots OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY And Balmorals and Gaiters For the Ladies, From the best Manufacturing Houses in Philadelphia and New York.

He has also a FINE ASSORTMENT of HATS AND CAPS! For Men and Boys. And a well selected Stock of

GROCERIES Adapted to the wants of this Market. All of which will be sold at the LOWEST LIVING PRICES. Vancouver, Oct. 14, 1866—3-17

CITY BAKERY AND Confectionery. JOHN MANEY Keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of fresh BREAD, CAKES, PIES and Crockery of all kinds. Also a good assortment of GROCERIES AND FRUITS, of all kinds. Fancy Cakes made at short notice. Vancouver, Nov. 14, 1866. 3-17

Dress Goods. The undersigned has added to their stock of groceries a splendid Assortment of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS, DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c., &c. To which they invite the attention of their old customers and the public generally. JONES TURNBULL & CO.

J. F. SMITH. Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Has just returned from San Francisco with a large assortment of new goods, which he offers for sale lower than Portland rates. Consisting of

Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, Matches, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Port Monies, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, Fishing Tackle, Toys, Fly and Lemerick Hooks, Silk and Other Lines, Fancy Goods, Also, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Confectionery and many other articles, too numerous to mention. ALL KINDS OF FRUIT KEPT ON HAND. A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES. Special attention is called to my fine assortment of Toys and Yankee Notions. Vancouver, Oct. 13, 1866.—24-17.

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 110 First Street.

ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM THE EAST—Cooking Ranges, Hot Water Boilers, Copper, Tin, and Plated Bath Tubs; Square and regular Black Walnut Center-Boat; Marble Wash Stands; Cold and Hot and Cold Water Showers; SILVER-PLATED BATH COCKS; MARBLE WASH-BASINS; FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS; HYDRAULIC RANS; NON-FREZZING HYDRANTS; WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c.

Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give me a call. Portland, Jan. 3, 1867. C. H. MYERS.

DAVID WALL, DRUGGIST, is determined to keep his house trade at home, if selling more, but the best articles in his line at the lowest prices, will accomplish it.

WOOL! WOOL!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For which the highest market price will be paid by CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.

