

# PUGET SOUND HERALD.

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## PUGET SOUND HERALD.

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Editor and Proprietor.

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### Return of Spring.

Dear as the dove, whose waiting wing,  
To earth a robe of emerald dye,  
The green leaf blossoms in the mead,  
The golden daisy in the field,  
Comes to our shores again;  
For thus has been a wanderer long  
On every fair and foreign strand,  
In bloom and beauty, sun and song,  
And from his land he has come.  
Then bring the blossoms to the bee,  
To earth a robe of emerald dye,  
The leaden to the naked tree,  
And rainbow to the sky;  
I feel thy bliss, thy gentle breeze,  
The pulse of thy youth restore,  
Opening the spring of sense and soul,  
To love and joy once more.  
I will not people thy green bowers  
With words of mine, nor write  
Or lend with mine the faded flowers  
Of memory's distant land;  
For thou hast been a wanderer long  
On every fair and foreign strand,  
In bloom and beauty, sun and song,  
And from his land he has come.  
Then, while the grapes thy garden twine,  
Thy spirit breathes in flower and tree,  
My heart shall breathe in thy shrine,  
And worship thee in love and awe,  
And in some calm, sequestered spot,  
While listening to the choral strain,  
Thy praise shall be my daily song,  
And pleasure bloom again.

### The Wind and the Breeze.

A mighty wind was raving high—  
It was a wondrous sight—  
Dark clouds of dust whirled through the sky,  
And through the air a whirlwind sped,  
But troubles of his might were few.  
A little breeze passed gently o'er,  
I scarce could feel its tread;  
Yet freshness to the flowers it bore,  
And through the open cottage door,  
Their fragrance floated in once more  
Around the sick man's head.  
They thought I was dead, I know,  
The strong proud wind to be;  
But better far, subdued to go  
Along the path of human woe,  
Like the mild breeze, so soft and low,  
In his sweet whispering.

### The Final Separation.

We shall not meet again, love,  
When death has wreathed my heart from thine;  
The up-springing morning dews  
Will gild thy cheek, and mine  
I know not why—since in the tomb  
No heart can feel the silent hours—  
And put it some thought of good  
That we should ever part.  
That journey through the hellish past,  
Thou hast to hand and side by side,  
The foot of earth and air, the last,  
The weary ones divide;  
That the same breeze should sigh  
The self-same funeral bell ring;  
Not over one grave at day-break die,  
The night-bird's lonely sigh.

### There is nothing in nature more useful than water; but, commonly speaking, you can neither obtain a farthing for it nor get anything in exchange for it.

The more ladies practice walking, the more graceful they become in their movements. Those ladies acquire the best carriage who don't ride in one.

We soil the splendor of our most beautiful notions by valuing them too highly.

The love lost by a continued cooling can only be regained by an persevering a warming.

As we must render an account of every idle word, so must we of our idle silence.

Worldly joy is a sunflower, which shuts when the gloom of prosperity is over.

If parents are shameless, the conduct of children will generally be shameful.

The wild duck and wild pigeon fly between four and five hundred miles a day.

Honor, innocence, happiness, time and money lost, are never regained.

He that studies revenge keeps his own wounds green and rankling.

Those who reprove us are more valuable friends than those who flatter us.

Words are but poor fig-leaves to cover the nakedness of deeds.

The least philanthropy are generally the most courteous of praise.

"You don't pass here," the counter said to the bad shilling.

### Equal to the Emergency.

Not many years ago, two Frenchmen—one of them wealthy and in possession of ready cash, and the other poor and penniless—occupied, by choice, the same room in a suburban hotel. In the morning the wealthy one arose first, took from his pocket a pistol, and holding it to his forehead, and backing against the door, exclaimed to his horrified companion: "It is my last desperate resort; I am penniless and tired of life; give me 500 francs, or I will instantly blow out my brains, and you will be arrested as a murderer."  
The other looked himself the hero of an unimportant drama, but the cogency of his companion's argument struck him cold. He quietly crept to his pantaloons, handed over the amount, and the other vanished, after locking the door on the outside.

Hearing of this, another Frenchman, of very savage aspect, one night tried to room with a tall, raw-boned gentleman from Arkansas, who had been rather free with his money during the day, and evidently had plenty more behind him. Next morning, Pike, on a sudden, discovered his roommate standing over him, with a pistol leveled at his own head, and quaking with agitation.  
"What the deuce are you standing that for, in the cold?" said Pike, propping himself on his elbow, and coolly surveying the Gaul.  
"I am desperate!" was the reply. "You give me one hundred dollars, or I will blow out my brains!"

"Well, then blow and be damned," replied Pike, turning over.  
"You will be arrested for so murder!" persisted the Gaul, earnestly.  
"Oh, what's that?" said Pike. "Oh, I see," and suddenly drawing a revolver and a five-pound bowie from under his pillow, he sat upright.  
"A man may as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb," he coolly remarked, and, at the word, he started for the Gaul; but the latter was too nimble in the air, and with one frantic leap our little Frenchman was standing in his night robe at the foot of the staircase—a proof that what may suit one person will not answer at all for another.

### The Birds of the Sea.

The birds that belong to the sea are very curious, and their numbers beyond all calculation. "Every naked rock or surf-bitten cliff that rises over the immeasurable depths of ocean is the refuge of myriads of sea-birds; every coast, from the poles to the equator, is covered with their legions, and far from the land their swarms hover over the solitudes of the deep." The penguins are, perhaps, of all birds, the birds that most widely depart from the ordinary types of their class. Their wings are adapted exclusively for motion in the air, and they swim with such rapidity and perseverance, with the head alone out of water, that they frequently overtake fishes in fair pursuit. They live at sea, and have been met with a thousand miles from the nearest land.

The larger birds of this kind sometimes weigh as much as eighty pounds, and in their stomachs have been found ten pounds weight of pebbles and large stones, swallowed, no doubt, to assist the gizzard to pound up the food submitted to its action. The frigate-bird, the petrel, and the albatross, seem to range through the air over the whole extent of ocean, from coast to coast, from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The pelican, also, and the cormorant, are far more nearly dependent on water than land, and strictly belong to our present subject. They are all birds of powerful and rapid flight, feeding on fishes, and rarely seen far inland, though often stretching to great distances across wide expanses of sea. Thanks to them we have those accumulated masses of guano which help to fertilize our lands. Some idea of the extent of those masses may be obtained when it is stated that, on the island of Iquique alone, upwards of six millions of cubic feet of guano have been removed within the last thirty years, while in the year 1854 not less than half a million of tons were exported from the Chincha Islands.

'Twas at the close of a glorious summer day—the sun was sinking behind the distant horizon—the chickens were going to roost—the bull-frogs were commencing their evening songs—the polly-wogs, in their native mud-puddles, were preparing themselves for the shades of night—and Sal and myself sat upon an old antiquated back-log listening to the music of nature, such as tree-toads, and now and then the mellow music of a jacks, which was wafted to our ears by gentle zephyrs that sighed among the nut-stalks, and came heavily laden with the delicious odor of hen-roosts and pig-styes. The last rays of the setting sun, glancing from the buttons of a solitary horseman, shone through a knot-hole in the hog-pen fall in Sal's face, dyeing her hair with an orange-tinted hue, and showing off my throatsore coat to advantage. One of my arms was around Sal's waist, my hand resting on the small of her back—she was almost alone, and I ditted. She looked like a grasshopper dying with the hiccup, and I felt like a mud-turtle choked with a codfish ball. "Sal," says I, in a voice musical as the notes of a dying swan, "will you have me?" She turned her eyes heavenward, clasped me by the hand, and with a sigh that drew her shoestrings to her palates, said—"Yes!" She gave clean out, then squatted in my lap—I hugged her until I broke my suspension.

Col. Biek Nash tells a rich story about "axing for her." In his earliest days he was smitten with the daughter of a wealthy old skiffint residing in Alabama.

The Colonel, confident of success, arrayed himself in his best suit, and proceeded to call on the parent for the purpose of obtaining his consent to the bargain. Matters had all along gone smoothly, and Col. Nash had every reason to hope for success. Finally a convenient season approached for him to see the old man. Addressing that individual, he said:

"Squire, my business with you to-day is to ask for your daughter's hand."

"It is in it? What! you marry my girl! Look here, young man, leave my premises instant; and if you ever set foot here again, I'll make my niggers skin you. Marry my daughter, indeed! You—"

The Colonel had left. He saw that the old gentleman was angry. After reaching a safe place, he turned to take a last fond look at the image of his lost idol, when he espied her hand shoveling up his tracks from the yard and throwing them over the fence. Col. Nash imagined he was an unwelcome visitor at that house.

An Irish woman appeared in the County Court of Louisville, recently, to be appointed guardian for her child, when the following colloquy ensued:

"What estate has your child?"

"Plaze yer honor, I don't understand you."

"I say, what has she got?"

"Chills and fever, plaze yer honor!"

### Beautiful Legend.

Hard by a far off shore, says the Niebolungen, sat Brunhilda and her court. No living creature had ever equalled the queen; her beauty, like her strength, was beyond conception. Whoever aspired to her hand must first vanquish her in tournament; if he was defeated, he died. Gunther, chief of the Rhine, set his heart on "the beautiful woman," (as she was called) and said: "Whatever happens, I will cross the sea: I will go to Brunhilda, and I will die or make her mine." He departs. The lists are opened. Brunhilda appears—as it were, the very mother of Bradamant and Clorinda. She fights and is conquered; and then she follows Gunther to the borders of the Rhine. The marriage is celebrated; and at night Brunhilda retires to the nuptial chamber; but as Gunther enters, she stands erect before her couch in her bridal garment of white silk. The knight exclaims: "Behold me now, possessor of all I desired!" She then set free his arms, and he boldly approached the proud Brunhilda. "Back, noble sir!" she says. "I choose to remain mistress of myself." Transported with love and rage, the chief springs upon the masculine maiden, and tears her white garment. At this outrage, at the sight of the man who presumes to compel what love alone should grant, the beautiful and powerful girl finds in her modesty and her pride a strength unknown before; and seizing her girdle, she, in turn, leaps upon Gunther, then his hand and foot, and hangs him up, by an enormous nail, on the wall.

Thus part of the night was passed; he dying of shame, she mocking him from time to time.

"Well, Sir Gunther, will it please you now to be seen by your chamberlains, tied fast by the hand of a woman?"

"Unbind me," said Gunther; "and since my violence has offended you, I will not even touch your garments, if you do not desire it."

By George, you've missed him! He's—no he can't fly—see him spin round. Here, give him one more. Mind, aim carefully now. Bang! f-z-z-z bang! I saw the sky, and one thousand more planets than before. When I arose, that diabolical duck was still there, spinning round more than ever before.

"Tim," said I, "that duck is remarkably tenacious of life. The fact is, they are generally, especially canvas-backs; they are so on account of the thickness of their skin." "Tim," said I, "I'll take the skin and shove out and get him. He's nearly gone, now."

"Yes, I'll go back to the house and order breakfast. Our shots have spoiled further sport this morning. I'll have everything ready by the time you get back."

And without waiting for remonstrance, Tim walked off.

I got in the skiff, shoved out, and reached the duck, who appeared, as I advanced, to have his head entirely shot off,—picked it up, and found that it was a decoy! My remarks to Tim, on joining him at the hotel, I have, upon reflection, concluded to omit.

Lewis Foot, of Plainville, N. J., aged seventy-two years, died on Monday, March 11th, and on the following day an immense bony excrescence, extending from the back of his right ear to his right hip, was removed. It weighs fifty-two and a half pounds, and is called a "degeneration of the shoulder blade." It had been growing since 1856, and did not affect his general health seriously. Mr. Foot was at the National Convention of medical men at New Haven last year, and the universal testimony was that nothing like it had ever before been seen. The size of this extraordinary excrescence or tumor is such that it nearly fills the half barrel in which it was put for preservation as a medical curiosity.

A great snow storm occurred lately in the South, which appears to have extended through Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, etc., much to the delight of "Young America" and the amazement of the "oldest inhabitant." At Wilmington, N. C., and in Southwestern Virginia, snow fell to the depth of four inches, while at Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va., it had been snowing thirty-two hours. Not a few people there look upon the storm as an extraordinary and unexpected "Northern invasion," which the snow, however, under the genial influences of a bright sun, rapidly "evacuated." Sleights were out in both Richmond and Petersburg.

Several gentlemen were returning by cars to Pittsburg from the oil region. One of them had a sample of the oil bottled up in his pockets. The bottle burst, causing a strong greasy smell to pervade the train. A keen-nosed speculator, thinking the smell proceeded from the "surface indications" in the land through which they were passing, privately bribed the conductor, had the train stopped, and got off to secure claims. After the train had disappeared around the curve, he discovered his mistake, and had to foot it to the next station.

A spiritualist and me 'um recently underwent a test to prove the reality of his doctrines at a police station, in Halifax, England. It was so serious, as it was thought, bound with cords, and then placed in a room by himself. In forty-five minutes he came forth unbound; but a boy, seared under a bed, saw how it was done, and so did a detective who peeped through a window. Whereupon the medium departed, somewhat "down in the mouth."

In Blount county, Tenn., the Secessionists had a candidate for county delegate, but none for the Senatorial District. Their candidate for the county received just twenty votes, and what is rather remarkable, Wendell Phillips, of Massachusetts, received precisely the same number of votes for Senatorial delegate!

The Tuscaloosa (Ala.) Monitor demands that the Government formed by the Southern Congress should be submitted to the people. If this course is not taken, it threatens, "come weal or woe, to attempt to fire the people's heart, to educate the people's mind, to know their rights and to dare maintain them."

During the last year there have been shipped from the European and New York Fur Agency, at Evansville, Ind., 166,000 coon skins, 60,000 opossum skins, 75,000 pounds of deer skins, and large quantities of other descriptions of skins. The bulk of these skins are from Southern Indiana and Illinois.

The brutal punishment of tying up men by the wrists, or thumbs, and having them in that way for hours together, has been revived in the military department of Texas, and has been protected against by one Johnnie Seaton. Barbarous punishment like this is driving good men out of the army and navy every day.

### How I Shot my First Duck.

In the morning, when the light was about the color of a grey cat in a cellar, Tim roused me up, and we sallied forth. We marched ardently along the shore, looking sharp through the reeds. Tim constantly whispering to me to "keep my eye skinned." The gun felt heavy, and in that peculiar light looked to be about fifteen feet long. On we strode, my pulse going like a volunteer at Buena Vista. Suddenly says Tim, "soh."

"Ah, there is a chance, by Jove! Now, my boy, all ready."

"Jia, chance, where, at what?"

I put his fingers to his lips, and making me crouch down, pointed through the reeds. In a minute, sure enough, I saw a duck gracefully bobbing up and down, about fifty yards off or less. I became awfully excited.

"Let me shoot him, Tim."

"Certainly, crack away."

I knelt down: my fingers trembled like those of a surgeon in his first operation. The duck looked the size of a turkey gobble to my distorted vision. It was a fearful moment, however. I recovered myself by a resolute effort, brought the gun up, took a long, murderous aim, my fingers pressed the trigger, whang! I beheld the sky, and fourteen hundred thousand stars perpetually before me. Upon examination, I found this phenomenon was occasioned by my horizontal position on my back, combined with the concussion of the shot.

"You've hit him!" cried Tim. "He's wounded. Quick, take my gun, while I load yours."

I looked at my weapon. I had fired both my barrels at once. I looked at the duck; he was bobbing up and down violently. Considerably bewildered, I, however, seized Tim's gun, resumed my position, took another aim and fired.

"The old barrel! quick! or he's off," cried Tim.

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### Domestic Items.

The correspondent of the New York Express says that there are on file for postmark stamps over 210 applications from colored citizens of Massachusetts.

Nourse, Mason & Co., of Worcester, the most extensive manufacturers of agricultural implements in the world, have suspended their works altogether.

A losing gambler at St. Louis was told to "cut." He did not cut the cards, but his winning opponent's hand, pinning it to the table. In the confusion, he grasped all the money and escaped.

In Brooklyn, N. Y., recently, Henry Ward Beecher preached from the words, "And there arose a great wind." There very often does when he holds forth. He is the Zolus of preachers.

There is a house in Union, Me., tenanted by three families, where three births happened in one night last week, demonstrating the fact that Union still exists and must and will be preserved.

The circular of the Young Ladies' Collegiate Institute at Monroe, Mich., gives as one of the mottoes of the school: "Education refers to the whole man." What a glorious school for marriageable young ladies.

The American Association for the Advancement of Science was to meet at Nashville, Tenn., on the 17th of April, but it is said the meeting is to be postponed for one year, owing to the disturbed state of the country.

The Lake Superior Miner states that a single mass of copper, weighing 13,000 lbs. (about six and a half tons) was lately taken from the National mine—being about 1200 lbs. heavier than any previous mass obtained for shipment.

A number of the citizens of Brigawater, Alabama, have protested against the passage of the proposed stay law. The memorial says: "If we have the Yankees to whip, we do not wish to advertise to the world beforehand that we are insolvent."

Mr. Grant, of the New York Senate, in opposing the appropriation of half a million to arm the militia of that State, said: "We have no need of the militia to protect us. Our people fear the bayonet more than they fear armed invasion."

H. C. Carr, of Union Springs, N. Y., has challenged the world for a trial of speed on skates. His friends claim that, under favorable circumstances, he can travel a mile in two minutes, and that his skates, when under full motion, are about twenty-two feet.

Some remarkable railroad speed was made in conveying Mr. Lincoln between Buffalo and Albany, the distance of six miles, from Canastota to Oneida, being made in five and a quarter minutes; the distance from Syracuse to Utica—fifty-three miles—in seventy minutes.

The N. Y. Herald says it has received a communication from Hamilton, C. W., stating that there is an organized body of five thousand negroes in Canada West, who only await "the signal of civil war between the North and South before tendering their services to the North."

The Hon. Mr. Van Wyck, M. C. of New York, has taken the "stamp" in Connecticut. This is the gentleman that disposed of three assassins near or about Capitol Hill, Washington, one dark night, and was himself "terribly wounded" from the effects of which, however, he recovered with surprising rapidity.

The N. O. Commercial Bulletin states that Col. Hunter, late U. S. Marshal for the Eastern District of Louisiana, on closing the accounts of his office, found in his hands a balance of \$1720 50, which he proposes to the General Assembly to pay into the State Treasury, provided he be authorized to do so by the Legislature.

A writer in the Columbia Southern Guardian argues against the propriety of relying on England for aid. He acknowledges that Power, rather than to get her cotton from India, and that Great Britain could not be driven by commercial disturbances of suffering among her laboring classes to extend any sympathy to the C. S. A.

Wendell Phillips made another of his "crisis" speeches at New Haven, recently. The Register says: "The audience was made up chiefly of Republicans, and such sentiments as—'The anti-slavery party has stood fast to face with the conspiracy of 1857 is done with.' 'You will never see the Gulf States come back until they come back a black empire, under the control of the black race'—was heartily applauded."

A boy named Samuel Hoy, about ten years of age, was lately arrested at Cornwall, Canada West, for attempting to murder his father. He seems, from some expressions of his which are reported, to have been brooding over the notion that if his father was dead he would come into possession of the farm. He made several attempts to poison him, and failing in them, shot him while asleep in his bed. The father was alive at last accounts, but could hardly recover.

A desperate character, named Bouve, was hung at Omaha, N. T., a few days ago, in accordance with the formalities of Lynch law. He stated in his confession that there was a regularly organized gang of thieves extending from various points on the Missouri to the mountains, and if present troubles continued to such an extent as to draw the troops from the frontier, they would organize into a grand guerrilla and sweep the plains.

A correspondent of the Macon (Ga.) Telegraph, writing from Baltimore, states that Mr. Lincoln would have been eager beyond the shadow of a doubt had he passed through that city according to the programme. The writer speaks of his own knowledge, for he was in the crowd at the depot, heard the threats of those composing it, saw the eggs, and what is more to the purpose, had nasal proof of their bad quality, as they were prematurely crushed in the swaying of the crowd.

Last fall the New York ship builders anticipated one of the busiest seasons at the opening of Spring, that they have had since 1852 and 1853. Parties had in contemplation the building of a considerable number of vessels, but owing to the experience among the English and other countries, it is said to be owing to the high price of a French soldier's bounty, the country, whose attention was drawn to the fact while traveling with Lord Lyons, the British Minister, over the Reading Railway.

### Foreign Items.

There are regular cab stands in Pekin. Infanticide is on the increase in London. A lap dog recently brought \$2,000, in London, at auction.

Chocolate is becoming very fashionable at the Paris soirees.

A new twenty-horse power steam vessel is building for Dr. Livingstone, the African traveler.

There are in England and Wales 26,000 inmates under treatment, in public and private establishments.

A general famine threatens the northwest provinces of India, and the war crops are an entire failure.

A new kind of steam engine, called Pendulous, working with great economy, has been invented in England.

Horseflesh is regularly quoted in the market prices current of several towns in Germany, not on the hoof, but cut up for food.

The city of Messina in Sicily, with a population of 100,000, does not contain a single newspaper, but it has several theatres.

The Empress Eugenie sent one of her carriages to represent her in the funeral procession of Henri Murger, the French author.

There are no less than six different bands of American Ethiopian minstrels now in England, doing strolling and barn business only.

The Edinburgh folks are trying to introduce a better style of church music than now prevails in Scotland. But it is "uncle hard work."

A patent for the use of sugar in making ale has been taken out in England, for which an enormous sum has been offered by Aloop's house.

Experiments are about to be made at Vincennes, France, with a steel cannon, which, we are told, will blow both Whitworth and Armstrong out of water.

Sir Roderick Murchison, at a late meeting of the Ethnological Society, said there were now living in the forests of Poland animals which have hitherto been supposed to be extinct.

The ghost of the Duchess d'Alba walks—and is frightening the Empress Eugenie into his shoes; Maces and wigs seem powerless against the phantom, say the letters.

The London Review asserts that railway engineers, engineers, surveyors, officers and civilian, as a rule, soon lose their health, if not their lives, in consequence of their brains being overworked.

In one of the Italian translations of Mrs. Stowe's novel, Uncle Tom was represented as being beaten to death because he refused to accept the dogma of the Immaculate Conception.

A young Swedish girl, Christine Nilson, has been sent to Paris by the Duchess of Ostgothland, to be educated at her expense as a singer, in consequence of the great beauty of her voice.

The Danes retain their love for the sea; and have a powerful navy of 20 sailing ships, 20 steamers, and 70 small sized vessels, carrying 717 guns. Others are on the stocks or nearly finished, increasing the number of guns to 1,168.

Sir Charles Fellows has bequeathed the watch of Milton to the British Museum, in the following terms: "I give and bequeath Milton's watch to the trustees of the British Museum, to be deposited in the Museum, upon condition that the watch may be placed under glass, or in some other way be always kept exposed to public view."

The feeling of caste is so strong in India, that a soldier lying wounded on a battle field has been known to die rather than drink water offered him by one of a lower caste. A sick soldier in the hospital at Agra suffered two hours rather than receive water from an English lady. "She had received water from an English lady," the words were, "Though no man can see a drink, God will see me."

Trade in France, according to the most trustworthy accounts, is confined within the narrowest limits. The manufacturers have reduced their operations to the exactitude of order given by parties whose solvency is unshakable. Purchases are made merely from day to day, and this state of things will continue as long as the present uncertainty as to the peace of Europe being maintained.

Miss Margaret Len Bevan, the daughter of a surgeon, who was married, by her own procurement, to an omnibus conductor, under the name of Margaret Bevan, with the understanding that the marriage should never be consummated, which has been observed, has been denied a divorce pronouncing her marriage void by the Court for Divorce. She must, therefore, it appears, submit to all the legal disabilities which are given to women by her extraordinary and, in fact, incomprehensible conduct.

The Sicilians have just organized a society for the purchase of Venetia, and elected Garibaldi as its President. In a very eloquently written address, the founders of this society make a warm appeal to the patriotic feelings of the Italians, and announce that societies of a similar character will be established in all parts of Italy. When the amount subscribed is equivalent to the estimated value of Venetia, it will be offered to Austria; if she refuses to accept it, it will be applied to the raising and equipping of an army for the conquest of that province.

Recently, in cutting a canal at Lierre, Belgium, the workmen came upon an immense deposit of fossil remains, consisting of the bones and teeth of the mammoth, rhinoceros, deer, and other animals. The soil is a coarse sand, in which are found fragments of opacous and vitreous quartz, the bones were all found in one spot, as if the animals to which they belonged were all submerged together in the same hollow. A careful examination of more than one thousand cubic yards of the sand excavated furnished no specimens of pebbles or shells.

Louisaire, to be driven by American and thrice coal, are now constructing by the Paris and Orleans Railway Company, at their works shops at Irvy, under the direction of a Prussian engineer, the name of the engine is to be laid down on the line. The engine is the most perfect among the English and other countries, it is said to be owing to the high price of a French soldier's bounty, the country, whose attention was drawn to the fact while traveling with Lord Lyons, the British Minister, over the Reading Railway.

THE PUGET SOUND HERALD is published every THURSDAY EVENING, at \$3 per annum in advance...

THE HERALD can be found in San Francisco at the depot of J. W. Sullivan, adjoining the Post Office...

We shall be pleased to furnish masters of vessels and others, current bonds, with files of the Herald...

L. P. FISHER, 171 1/2 Washington St., San Francisco.

CHAS. FROSCHE, 171 1/2 Washington St., San Francisco.

The columns of the PUGET SOUND HERALD are open to communications on all questions of public policy...

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEILACOOM, W. T., Thursday Evening, May 9, 1861.

TO POSTMASTERS.—We frequently hear complaints from subscribers of inability to get their papers from their respective post offices...

MASSACRE OF AMERICANS.—The Sydney Herald gives an account of the massacre, by the natives of Treasury Island, of a portion of the crew of the whaling barque Superior...

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.—A telegraphic dispatch to Col. Wright, from San Francisco to Shasta, came through by the stage, on Wednesday last...

PROSECUTION OF RATS.—On Saturday evening last, says the Portland Advertiser of the 30th ult., eleven dozen of fresh eggs were placed in a box and laid on a shelf...

SHIPMENT LINE TO CHINA.—In reference to a mail between California and China, the Sacramento Union says: "It is understood that a line of screw steamers will be put on as soon as a reasonable sum shall be appropriated by Congress for carrying the mail."

FUGITIVE SLAVES.—The successful arrest at Chicago of several slaves escaped from Missouri, has alarmed the crowd of fugitive slaves who have flocked to that city...

THE TERRITORIAL CONVENTION.—The Democratic Territorial Convention will convene in Vancouver on Monday next, 19th inst. We hope the result of their labors will be such as to give general satisfaction to the people they represent...

MAIL CORRESPONDENCE FOR PUGET SOUND.—It is confidently asserted by a Washington correspondent, says the Port Townsend Register, that the mail service, coastwise, between San Francisco and Puget Sound will be resumed at an early day...

PERSONAL CHANGE.—Mr. S. J. McCormick, the original editor and proprietor of the Portland Daily Advertiser, has retired from the establishment, and again devotes his time and attention to the book and stationery business.

END OF VOLUME THIRD.

The present number concludes the third year's existence of the PUGET SOUND HERALD. Those of our patrons whose subscriptions date from the commencement of a volume will please note this, and act accordingly.

MUSCULAR FEATS.—Three strong men here had a notable muscular contest in Chicago. Dr. Winship lifted nine kegs of nails, weighing 1,000 lbs. Next, with harness on his shoulders, he raised 1,517 lbs. William Thompson, of the Chicago gymnasium, did the same.

THE WENATCHEE MINES. During the past few weeks, the interest and excitement respecting these mines has been steadily on the increase in Steilacoom, and hardly a day has passed in the last fortnight without witnessing the departure of more or less of our citizens for this promising region.

THE NEZ PERCES MINES. From the Portland Times we take the following highly gratifying intelligence respecting these new mines, which will be perused with interest here:—The Julia arrived about 10 o'clock last night, bringing about \$2,100 in dust; \$500 to Tracy & Co., and 160 ounces in the hands of Mr. Rogers direct from Colville.

DISMISSAL FROM THE ARMY. The following is a copy of the official order dismissing Gen. Twiggs from the U. S. Army:—WAR DEPARTMENT, Adjutant General's Office, Washington, March 1st, 1861.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned having this day dissolved their partnership by mutual consent, the Stationery business will continue to be conducted as heretofore, by E. A. Light, alone, at the old stand, Post Office building.

NEW STORE! P. LARSON, RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE ATTENTION of the public to the fact that he has removed to the new store, where he will keep on hand every kind of GROCERIES, from a Hardine to a glass of Swedish Punch or Toddy.

SHERIFF'S SALE. BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF SALE issued by the Clerk of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of Washington Territory, and to be executed, I have levied upon, seized, and taken into execution, and shall sell at public auction, on the premises, at the dwelling house now occupied by Patrick Fowler, in the County of Pierce and Territory of Washington, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of June, 1861, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the afternoon, the following described premises:

HUCKS & LAMBERT'S CELEBRATED PATENT H. & L. AXLE-GREASE. THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to their numerous patrons and friends that the article known as HUCKS & LAMBERT'S CELEBRATED PATENT UNRIVALLED AXLE-GREASE!

STEILACOOM AND PORT TOWNSEND Provision Markets. HAVING PURCHASED THE MARKET AT PORT TOWNSEND, in connection with the old stand in Steilacoom, the undersigned is now prepared to supply the community with the best quality of FRESH MEATS, on reasonable terms.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Hall's Sarsaparilla Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass. Prepared from the finest red Jamaica Sarsaparilla and English Iodide of Potass; admirable as a restorative and purifier of the blood, it cleanses the system of all morbid and impure matter...

Independent Order of Knighthood. Vancouver Camp No. 2, I. O. of K. meets every THURSDAY Evening, in Vancouver, W. T. All Worthy Companions are invited to attend.

OLYMPIA LODGE, NO. 1. All members of the order in good standing are invited to attend.

THE regular meetings of Olympia Lodge, No. 1, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, are held on Friday evening of each week, at 6 1/2 o'clock, in Barrow's new Hall, next door to the office of the Washington Standard.

PHILIP BEACH, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINDS, Liquors, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BLANKETS, PRINTS, SILKS, PLAIDS, ALSO, MERINOS, DOMESTICS, SHEETINGS, SHIRTINGS, FLANNELS, SHAWLS, CLOTHS, HOSIERY, &c.

GROCERIES. Of every description, from a barrel of Peck down to a Hardine.

WATER TANK. On the wharf, which contains SEVENTEEN THOUSAND gallons of water, for the accommodation of steamers and sailing vessels.

CORD WOOD, SHINGLES, LUMBER, &c. For sale on the wharf in lots to suit purchasers.

M. J. WEST. WOULD INFORM THE PUBLIC GENERALLY that he has constantly on hand and for sale the very best assorted lot of IRON AND STEEL, Foreign and Domestic.

CHAINS. Of all sizes, made of the best Norway Iron.

STEILACOOM Drug Store. JUST OPENED, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES. Extracts, Perfumery, Oils, &c.

THE WASHINGTON NURSERY. THE PROPRIETOR OF THE ABOVE NURSERY offers to the public, this season, a large and well-selected lot of Fruit Trees, which, for their growth and handsome form, few can compare with and none exceed.

APPLE, PEAR, PLUM AND CHERRY TREES. From one to four years old; also a few LAWTON BLACK BERRY plants.

HUGH PATTERSON, Washington Place, Pierce County, W. T.

BEER! BEER! BEEF EATERS. WILL TAKE NOTICE THAT FROM AND AFTER the 1st of April there will be a reduction of retail price on all the best quality of BEER, and that no public will be spared to furnish the very best the country affords, and a regular supply.

THE best purifier of the blood, Hall's Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Constant Companions.—In every climate travellers may repose implicit confidence in the curative powers of these two remedies. They are procurable in every country; armed with them he faces danger with fortitude and repels the attacks of disease with certainty.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.—Hon. E. D. Baker, U. S. Senator from Oregon, has our thanks for public documents from Washington; also Capt. Picton of the steamer Eliza Anderson, for the usual courtesies.

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PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEELACOOM, W. T., Thursday Evening, May 9, 1861. LATEST EASTERN NEWS.

Sr. Louis, April 18th, 1861. The War Department at Washington, April 16th, issued a call on State Governments for troops. Seventy-five thousand were required.

Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore, Chicago and other cities have offered the Federal Government militia.

Danger of an attack on Washington is apprehended. Militia have been called out. The militia of Maryland offer their services.

The public buildings and avenues are guarded at the capital. Lincoln declares that he will enforce the laws and repel the attack of the Confederate States.

All new regiments are required to take the oath to support the government. The excitement still increases at the North.

Meetings are held in the large towns and cities, and men of all parties declare that the Government shall be sustained.

Douglas reiterates loyalty to the Union, and advises the people to remain true to their country's flag.

Secessionists were driven out of Baltimore, or compelled to hoist the stars and stripes. In Philadelphia, the secessionists were threatened with hanging.

The New York Herald office was threatened and compelled to run up the American flag. The war spirit at the South is increasing.

Jeff. Davis declares that seventy-five times seventy-five thousand of Lincoln's troops can't subdue the South. Lincoln's proclamation is laughed at, and Davis says he will march to Washington and take it in thirty days.

Southern banks offer loans, and companies are forming in all the seceding States. Border States offer troops and money to the Confederate Government.

Gen. How offers to raise ten thousand men for the Southern army. The news of the surrender of Fort Sumter was received with excitement at the South.

The people say they are ready for the war. Jeff. Davis will take the command at Pensacola. The steamer Dahlia from Charleston has arrived at N. Y., on the 18th of April.

The Harriet Lane, Penance and Pocahontas, with Anderson's party, have arrived at New York. The Pocahontas had not been at Charleston.

The Penance had not arrived at Charleston until after the surrender of Sumpter. During the whole time of the bombardment it was blowing a gale.

Major Anderson landed at the Battery and was received by an immense crowd. The carriage was surrounded by people who followed him to his house, when Anderson joined his wife.

Capt. Donbley gave a statement of the surrender of the Fort, and says the demand was made on the 11th, and was refused. Not by Anderson, but by his command.

On Friday morning at three o'clock, the rebels sent word that the fire would be opened in one hour. At four o'clock the fire opened in every direction, including hidden batteries.

Anderson's men took breakfast on salt pork and biscuits. His command was divided into three watches, and then went to work and spent the day on Moultrie, Cummings Point and Morris Island.

Anderson's barracks caught fire and were extinguished by the efforts of Hart, of New York, and Lyman, of the Baltimore volunteers.

On Saturday, the officers quarters caught fire from a shell at the main gate, and were burned. The Magazine was surrounded by fire. Ninety barrels of powder were taken out and thrown into the sea.

When the Magazine was encircled by fire, all the material was cut off, and they had taken their last biscuit two days before. They had to lay on the ground with net bankchields over their faces to prevent smothering.

A favorable steady wind was all that saved our lives. The cartridge bags gave out, and five men were engaged in the manufacture of them out of their shirts, blankets and shoes.

It will take a half million dollars to repair Fort Sumpter. Most of the shots were aimed at the United States flag.

Wigfall demanded a surrender without authority. Anderson pulled down the flag, and afterwards finding he had been sold, raised the flag again.

Most of New York's shells were fired to the east, and the deadly fire of the enemy, and cheers of the U. S. troops.

Anderson's men at New York, indignantly repel the charge that he was unfaithful. The reported seizure of Harper's Ferry by the State troops of Virginia, was afterwards contradicted.

The Virginia Convention was still in secret session. Reports to the New York papers say the secession ordinance has passed, and the State is mustering troops to defend itself from a Northern Army.

Gov. Letcher replied to Secretary Cameron's demand for troops, avowingly, and says Virginia will fight with the South, if at all.

DOMESTIC ITEMS.

The hog cholera is sweeping off herds of swine in various parts of Rhode Island. The Providence Journal says the malady is infectious and epidemic, and adds: "In this section it has heretofore been confined principally to hogs brought from the West, and distributed in New England through the Brighton and other markets; but all the hogs that have died recently in this vicinity were raised here."

There is trouble among the cordwainers in Richmond. They publish a card saying that they are willing to have their wages reduced 25 per cent, according to an agreement with their employers, but that they will not submit to finish North river work, i. e., "to totton Northern boot legs."

Whales, it appears, have got into Behring's Straits, after escaping harpooning in Baffin's Bay; in one or two instances a fish harpooned in the Atlantic has been captured soon afterwards in the Pacific; and there can only be a short distance between them, as the whale cannot remain long under water.

More than half the convicts in the Massachusetts State Prison are under twenty-six years of age. The youngest prisoner is fifteen, and the oldest seventy years old.

The Halifax Journal ridicules the idea of a Union between the British North American Colonies and the Northern States of the present American Confederacy.

A New York paper asserts that not less than one hundred failures occurred in that city during one day, recently. This is at the rate of whole blocks.

The Memphis Avalanche says that Prof. Wise, of astronomical fame, is at present engaged in selling apples and candy at the street corners in that city.

Joel E. Mathews has given to the Governor of Alabama 370 bales of cotton, the proceeds of which are to be used for the State.

Let the protection duty of twenty four per cent be removed, and we are afraid the sugar of Louisiana will be crushed sugar.

A writer in the Atlantic Monthly speaks of the inhabitants of the seceding States as "the dwellers in Secession."

Upwards of twelve thousand dollars have been collected in Massachusetts for the relief of Kansas.

Mrs. Barbara Cheek died in Dearborn county, Ind., a few days ago, at the advanced age of 100 years.

Miscellaneous.

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Shipping.

U. S. MAIL LINE. FROM OLYMPIA TO SIMIAHMOO.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMER ELIZA ANDERSON, THOMAS WILCOX, Commander.

Will hereafter leave Olympia every Monday morning at 10 o'clock for STEELACOOM, SEATTLE, PORT TOWNSEND, PORT TUBLOW, WHIDBY ISLAND, BELLEVILLE BAY, AND VICTORIA, V. I.

BALCH & WEBBER'S REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS BETWEEN Puget Sound AND San Francisco.

Is composed of the following first class vessels: Steamer ORIZ, 300 Tons.

Ship MASSACHUSETTS, 300 Tons, SHERRILL FRANK, Commanding.

And other vessels as the trade requires.

The above vessels are commanded by experienced and gentlemanly captains, will run to the trade, and will run regularly between Puget Sound (W. T.) and San Francisco carrying Freight and Passengers.

Freights will be taken at San Francisco for all points on the coast from the Atlantic States and Europe carefully received at San Francisco and promptly forwarded.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW YORK, CALIFORNIA, OREGON AND WASHINGTON EXPRESS.

EXCHANGE COMPANY, CAPITAL \$500,000. D. N. BARNEY, President. T. M. JAMES, Treasurer.

DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE IN GOLD TO SUIT ON ALL THE CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA; UNION BANK OF LONDON, AND ROYAL BANK OF IRELAND, DUBLIN.

Advance on Gold Dust consigned, for assay, and receive deposits, general and special.

FORWARDERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

Ship Treasurer at the lowest rates, and insure under our own policies held with the best English Companies, viz: London & Lancashire; London & Edinburgh; Marine Insurance; London Assurance.

Forward Freight and Parcels To all parts of the United States and Canada, and through the American and European Express and Exchange Company.

Forward Daily Expresses, In charge of experienced and faithful messengers, to all the towns and mining camps in California.

Semi-monthly Express To Oregon and Intermediate points on the Northern coast, Port Townsend, Richwood and Olympia, San Diego and San Francisco.

Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Silver and Plated Ware.

Breastpins and Earrings, Finger-Rings, CALIFORNIA BUCKLES, Fob, Guard, and Vest Chains, LOCKETS, GOLD AND SILVER Pens and Pencils, PERISCOPE SPECTACLES.

Spring and Alarm Clocks, Eight Day and Thirty Hour, Of the most approved patterns and best manufacture, in metallic cases for ships, etc.

Also, A fine assortment of superior TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

FISHING TACKLE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

JUST RECEIVED AND KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND, A FINE AND FRESH STOCK OF ABOVE, and all goods pertaining to my business.

Repairs thorough and warranted. Work from the adjoining towns received and remitted free of express charges.

JAS. E. D. JESTER, Practical Watchmaker, Commercial st., near Balch, Stellacoom, W. T.

P. S.—The standard time of Washington Territory kept constantly on hand for the benefit of the public.

San Francisco.

JOHN T. DALY'S OLD "Q" BRANDY!

JOHN T. DALY'S OLD "Q" BRANDY IS PUT UP IN CASES OF ONE DOZEN BOTTLES EACH, IN A PURE ARTICLE OF FRENCH BRANDY.

And is unsurpassed in quality. FOR THE EXTENSIVE SALE OF THIS BRANDY IN OREGON.

FOR THE PAST TEN YEARS SUFFICIENTLY TESTS ITS REPUTATION. The cases are branded JOHN T. DALY'S OLD "Q" BRANDY.

NONE OTHER IS GENUINE. Each bottle has an additional label with the name of the nature of "Wm. H. Daly."

Wm. NEWELL & CO., San Francisco, Sole Agents.

WIRE ROPE, BY ITS GREAT DURABILITY, IS LESS THAN ONE-FOURTH THE COST OF ANY OTHER KIND OF ROPE.

IT IS 40 PER CENT. LIGHTER THAN ONE HALF THE DIAMETER, and is unaffected by change of temperature.

It is especially adapted for hoisting and winding purposes for Guy Ropes, Ferry Ropes, Long Pump Ropes, etc., and three years' experience has proved the immense economy of its application.

Scenes of strength and weight, and circulars forwarded by address the manufacturer.

A. S. HALLIDAY & CO., 112 COY. STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

PACIFIC FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, SAN FRANCISCO, (First street).

WE CONTINUE TO MANUFACTURE AT THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISHMENT, STEAM ENGINES, QUARTZ FLOUR, AND

Other Machinery of every description, and Iron and Brass Castings of all kinds.

From the long experience we have had, and the superior tools and machinery that we very largely collect of industrial and agricultural purposes, we feel confident that our facilities for turning out the best style of work with dispatch, and at the lowest prices, are not surpassed elsewhere.

Plans, Iron Drawings for Quartz Mills, made at the shortest notice. Orders for all kinds of work will receive prompt attention.

GODDARD, HANCOCK & BARKER, Late Goddard & Co., First st., San Francisco.

Seeds! Seeds! GEO. F. SILVESTER.

WILL RESPECTFULLY REMIND HIS friends and the trade generally that he is now opening an entire new stock of

NEW SEED STOCK, 55 Washington street.

And will be in the constant receipt of all kinds of GARDEN, FLOWER, FRUIT AND AGRICULTURAL SEEDS.

By every steamer, and in the season, from long experience of the business in this city, he has undertaken the raising of all who purchase seeds, and has taken great care in preparing seeds, and has taken great care in preparing seeds, and has taken great care in preparing seeds.

From the long experience we have had, and the superior tools and machinery that we very largely collect of industrial and agricultural purposes, we feel confident that our facilities for turning out the best style of work with dispatch, and at the lowest prices, are not surpassed elsewhere.

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JOHN D. ARTHUR, WM. K. ARTHUR, JOHN D. ARTHUR & SON, IMPORTERS AND JOHNSON OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

NEW CHURCH FOR SALE, AT THE CORNER OF MARKET STREET, TOGETHER WITH ALL THE FURNITURE, AND LARGE STOCK OF

CAST AND STEEL PLOWS, Among which may be found the following brands: X Boston Steel Clapper Plow.

This is the best of any plow that has ever been made, and is the lightest draft 12-inch plow in use.

X 1-4 Boston Steel Clapper Plow. This is a 14-inch breaking plow.

X 1-8 Boston Steel Clapper Plow. This is a 14-inch breaking plow.

