

THE PUGET SOUND HERALD

In this Office and Largest Newspaper published in Washington Territory, and has the Largest Circulation.

It is published every THURSDAY EVENING, at \$5 per an-

Subscription in advance for six months, \$25; three months, \$15; single copies, 10 cents.

Advertisements, to have insertion without delay, should be handed in on or before Wednesday of each week.

We shall be pleased to furnish notices of events and other notices, with lines of the Herald, on application at this office.

L. P. FISHER, Proprietor, Washington, D. C.

Directed to act as the Agent of this paper in receiving all communications and subscriptions to this paper and in collecting and routing for the same.

LEGAL TENDER NOTES received at par for Subscriptions and Advertisements.

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEILACOOM, W. T., Thursday Evening, April 16, 1863.

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.—The Oregon steamer Mountain Buck has been purchased by Mr. Keach for the mail service on Puget Sound.

POST OFFICE.—In the absence of a wharf at Port Angeles, it is represented as about as difficult to effect a landing there as on any part of the ocean beach of the Pacific.

MAJOR WINSTON, in a card in the Oregonian, acknowledges the receipt of the above sum, but denies that any portion of it was gold; he says it was all paper.

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THE NEWS.—For the summary in our columns this week, we are indebted to Mr. Keach, who came through from Portland in about thirty hours, arriving here at noon on Monday.

THE INCOME TAX.—Assessments on all incomes that shall have exceeded \$500 in the year 1862 will be held on the 1st of May next.

CONFIDENTIAL.—At the sitting of the District Court, in Steilacoom, last week, there were two confidential witnesses: one of a man named Gush-

CONFIDENTIAL.—According to the latest foreign news, the Confederates have effected a loss of \$15,000,000 in England. It is said to have been eagerly sought after, and commanded a premium of 4 to 4 1/2.

FEDERAL OFFICIAL CORRUPTION.

The labors of Mr. Brown, Special Agent of the Treasury Department, have been more fruitful of results than was anticipated, even by the most skeptical on the subject of official integrity.

In consequence of the disclosures of Mr. Brown, it is said there will be a clean sweep of all the Federal officials of California.

The present administration has been peculiarly unfortunate in its appointments. Never before were the Eastern journals so burdened with accounts of official corruption; showing that there, not less than on this coast, this evil exists.

LEWIS MERRIMAN TO BE DISMISSED.—The Washington correspondent of the Bulletin learns from the Treasury Department, he says, that Lieut. Merriman is to be peremptorily dismissed the service on his arrival there; that being the purpose of the Department in summoning him to the Federal Capital.

PACIFIC CITY.—It would appear that the proposed new town near the mouth of the Columbia is really to be established. A party of thirty persons are now in readiness to proceed thither from California.

COMPLIMENT TO THE IRISH BRIGADE.—The Southern correspondent of the London Times, in describing the battle of Fredericksburg, pays a glowing and graceful tribute to the gallantry and action of the Irish brigade, under Gen. Meagher, saying that the feeders of the men never displayed more undaunted courage at Fenny, Albuera or Waterloo.

THE DISMISSED.—The British Colonist chronicles the invasion of Vancouver's Island, some days since, by the last squad of deserters from Fort Steilacoom. It credits them with having purchased a canoe, (an extravagance they are not accustomed to) and gives us to understand that they had government property in their possession.

IN BUSINESS.—By a private letter from Victoria, we learn that one of the late deserters from this station has opened a hotel there, and the others board with him. Whether he can keep a hotel will probably depend on the means his boarders find to obtain money.

DRIVEN SERVICES will be held in the M. E. Church, Steilacoom, commencing on Friday, 17th inst., at 8 o'clock P. M.; Saturday, 18th, at the same hour; and on Sabbath, 19th, at 11 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M.

A special dispatch from Washington of the 9d [6th] says: the expedition sent out by Gen. Stahl returned yesterday evening. One had proceeded to Warrenton and vicinity, the other had explored beyond the Bull Run Mountains to the Blue Ridge.

The special Washington dispatch of the Times says: The European mails and the British steam-

VERY LATEST NEWS.

CHICAGO, April 6. Col. Harrison, commanding at Fayetteville, Ark., telegraphs that Capt. Worthing, with two companies of the 1st Arkansas Cavalry, returned from a scout in Carroll county, Ark., having had four skirmishes with the rebels, in which they killed 22 and captured 7. Two rebel captains were killed.

NEW YORK, April 6. The Herald's Washington dispatch says a report has reached here, via Fredericksburg, derived from rebel sources, that Charleston was bombarded by our forces and attacked by our land forces on Thursday last, and is now in possession of the Federals under Gen. Hunter and Admiral Dupont.

The special Washington dispatch of the Times says that the city is nervous over the news derived from rebel sources that Charleston has fallen. Our attack commenced on Friday, and was overwhelmingly successful. A flag of truce came to Falmouth this morning, but the newspapers smuggled under it make no mention of Charleston.

Information has been received contradicting the reported preparations of the rebels to evacuate Richmond. These reports were based upon the movements of troops and materials from Richmond to strengthen the defenses at other points of the Confederacy.

The President's proclamation has caused the return of 15000 soldiers daily to their regiments, thus far. No impediments have been thrown in the way of enforcing the proclamation. Notwithstanding the time laid down in the proclamation for return has expired, the Government is disposed to deal leniently with all who return to their regiments.

A notorious secessionist named Gen. Williamson, formerly Attorney General of Maryland, was arrested yesterday by order of Judge Advocate Turner. His baggage contained a number of letters involving prominent parties in New York and Baltimore. He was sent to Fort Lafayette.

A Richmond dispatch says that the enemy had appeared in force on Seabrook or Johnson's Island. These gunboats and several transports were lying off the Island. Skirmishing had already taken place between the pickets. Our pickets were driven in, and the enemy (Federal) were advancing. Gen. Haywood has ordered all the women, children, and non-combatants to be removed from Adams Run, which is 80 miles from Seabrook Island.

WASHINGTON, April 6. Official information which has been received states that the rebels have a large force at Washington, N. C., and the belief is expressed in the same dispatch that about the 31st of March Gen. Foster was engaged in fighting them up to 1 o'clock that day.

THE GOVERNMENT has received no intelligence regarding affairs at Charleston other than what has already been telegraphed. The State Department had not, up to yesterday, received any official response to the Secretary's letter, denouncing the peace propositions of the French Government.

NEW YORK, April 6. Fortress Monroe dispatches state that Charleston papers had been received. They acknowledge that the attack on that city had commenced, but do not intimate either a success or repulse. If the latter, they would have announced it in the most glowing terms. It is generally believed in official circles that no reverses had been sustained by us, and that we have the best reasons to believe that news will soon be received of the capture of that city.

HARTFORD, April 6. The Republicans carry the State, and select Henry C. Deming to Congress from the first Congressional District. We are unable, as yet, to give the minorities.

CINCINNATI, April 7. The county elections took place throughout the State yesterday. So far as heard from, the Union ticket was pretty generally elected. This city gives majorities ranging from 600 to 1,000 for candidates on that ticket.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 7. Returns from the various townships of the State show large Union gains.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 7. Republican Congressmen were elected in the first and fourth districts. The Democrats carry the second district. It is believed that Gov. Buckingham's majority will be about 8,000. In the State Legislature the Union men have elected 15 out of 31 Senators and a large majority in the House.

ST. LOUIS, April 6. C. J. Filley, radical Emancipationist, is elected Mayor by about 2,300 over D. Filley, the Clay-bank or Blair Emancipationist, and about 1,700 over Joseph O'Neil, Copperhead. The radicals will have a large majority in council.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 6. The Radicals have elected all the city officers and 6 out of 7 councilmen.

CLEVELAND, April 7. All the cities in the State, as far as heard from, except Columbus, gave Union majorities yesterday.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 5. There are no signs thus far of the expected attack. There has been no landing in force on any of the islands below, as reported. The skirmish on Seabrook's Island was between a few independent scouts and a party from the gunboats.

NEW YORK, April 7. A special dispatch from Washington of the 9d [6th] says: the expedition sent out by Gen. Stahl returned yesterday evening. One had proceeded to Warrenton and vicinity, the other had explored beyond the Bull Run Mountains to the Blue Ridge. They encountered a few scattered guerrilla parties and took 51 prisoners, and brought in a number of horses.

The special Washington dispatch of the Times says: The European mails and the British steam-

er or expected her with considerable anxiety. It is needless to disguise the fact that to the most prudent and intelligent statesmen connected with the Government our relations with that of Great Britain are said to be more precarious than they have been at any time since the Trent affair.

THE SURRENDER.—An order came up, by the last steamer at Victoria from San Francisco, for the return of this cutter to California, accompanied by officers to take her down. She has probably reached San Francisco as this, though it is not generally believed that Deputy Collector Moore would permit her to go.

EIGHTH CENSUS.—We are obliged to Col. Wallace, our Delegate in the last Congress, for a copy of the Eighth United States Census Report. It is a valuable book; being filled with statistical and other information interesting to everybody.

ENDED.—The Polish rebellion is at an end. So says the latest foreign news.

THE SKEDADDLERS TO CANADA.—The immigration statistics of Canada show that the number of skeddaddlers from the United States, who became frightened at the prospect of a draft, numbered 1,942. These persons took with them an average of \$1,000 each in American silver, making an aggregate of nearly \$2,000,000. This accounts, in part, for the plethora of United States coins, of which the Canadians make such complaint.

The tobacco crop of Pike county, Indiana, for 1862, amounted to 1,500,000. It is of the best quality, and brought not less than \$100,000. The farmers of Pike intend to double that crop the coming year.

YEAST POWDERS.—Every housekeeper knows how difficult it is to make good bread, and we therefore take pleasure in calling attention to the fact that to insure uniformly good, light, sweet and nutritious bread, it is only necessary to use Redington & Co's Yeast Powders, which in every respect excel all similar preparations ever offered to the public. See advertisement in another column.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Self Preservation.—How many thousands irrevocably lose their health through neglect of early danger signals and carelessness of the first symptoms of disordered action? Had Holloway's Pills been taken, all would have been rectified, all morbid humors would have been expelled and everything obnoxious to the system removed. For cleansing the entire body, and preserving the health, no drug or combination of drugs, equals in potency Holloway's Pills. All who have tried them, have united in besting unequalled praises upon them for the ease, cheerfulness, and vigor they bestow. The excellence of these Pills has been ascertained and confirmed by people in all parts of the globe; their wonderful efficacy in preventing or curing diseases is universally admitted.

MARRIED. Mr. J. H. GARDNER, of the City of Steilacoom, W. T., on the 13th inst. was united in Holy Matrimony to Miss M. G. GARDNER, of the same place.

New Advertisements.

REVENUE STAMPS. FOR SALE AT THE POST OFFICE. REVENUE STAMPS of all descriptions. J. H. MUNSON.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF ORDERS OF SALES MADE under the Statute in that behalf made, I have levied upon, and taken into execution, and will sell according to law, on the premises in Steilacoom, W. T., the following described real estate, to-wit: The premises situate in the County of Pierce, State of Washington, and described in the recorded plat of the town of Steilacoom, in Pierce County, Washington Territory, that is known and described on the recorded plat of the said town of Steilacoom, as follows: Lot 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

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PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STELLACOOM, W. T., Thursday Evening, April 16, 1863.

LATEST EASTERN NEWS.

CAIRO, March 30. The steamer Glendale has arrived with papers to the 27th. By the steamer Kenton from below, it was positively known that an expedition down Deer Creek and Sunflower river had arrived safely and that a very large force had landed above Haines' Bluff. No action had occurred.

A Confederate raid to Austin, Ark., above Helena, a few days since, cut the levee and flooded the country.

WASHINGTON, March 29. Richmond papers of a late date contain a full description of the rebel steamer Georgiana, recently lost. She was an iron vessel, brig rigged, and left England with an assorted cargo valued at \$1,000,000. A long her cargo was a battery of 12 Whitworth guns of superior manufacture.

The President has issued a proclamation ordering public sales of Government lands in Washington Territory.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 29. A Richmond paper says that Judge Meredith, of the Circuit Court, has decided that every citizen and every foreigner who has ever enlisted in the rebel army, no matter for how short a time, has acquired domicile, and is therefore liable to the conscription, if between 18 and 45.

Col. Ludlow, Commissioner for the exchange of prisoners, has concluded arrangements with the rebel Commissioner for the exchange of all United States officers held by the rebel army.

An officer who deserted from the rebel army arrived at Norfolk yesterday, and reports that the rebels are evacuating Richmond as fast as possible. The report is not fully credited.

The enemy attacked Williamsburg this morning with cavalry and infantry, but were repulsed by the 5th Pennsylvania Cavalry. By noon they were in full retreat, and our pickets re-established. The losses, and other particulars have not yet been ascertained.

The enemy attacked Wingfield on the Chowan river, a few days since, but were repulsed after a fight of an hour and a half. Next day reinforcements arrived, but the greater portion of the rebel force made good their escape across the Chowan. These left behind were attacked and dispersed after a short resistance.

VICKSBURG, March 25. Two of the enemy's gunboats attempted to pass down the river this morning, when our batteries opened upon them. One was sunk opposite the battery and the other badly riddled, and now lies opposite the canal. The batteries expected the latter to be sunk. She was not on fire, but the flames were extinguished. The firing of our batteries was splendid. Almost every shot took effect.

CINCINNATI, March 29. A gentleman who left Lexington this morning reports all quiet in that quarter. Gen. Carter was still in the vicinity. The rebel Gen. Clark had encamped eight miles beyond Mount Sterling, on the road to Owen Sound.

Scouts from Barrowsville report everything quiet in Southeastern Kentucky.

A rebel Alabama captain, taken prisoner by our troops in Southern Kentucky, and brought to Lexington on Saturday, states that the rebel plans for the invasion of Kentucky proved a failure, and also says this is the opinion of superior officers. The defeat of Morgan at Milton, and the leaking out of their plans defeated the project. He emphatically avowed his opinion, that the defeat of Bragg by Rosecrans, and the occupation of Tennessee, would produce a revolution in the South that would lead immediately to peace.

A gentleman who left Knoxville on the 19th, says the description has utterly failed in North Carolina and Southern Tennessee. The mountaineers resist it with arms, and an army would be required to enforce it. The presence of Federal troops in Tennessee would enlist 5000 men for the Union.

Parson Brownlow has arrived from Tennessee, and reports that the rebels are concentrating at Tullahoma, while the cavalry has made a diversion on East Kentucky, hoping to draw a force from Rosecrans.

Reinforcements are arriving daily at Tullahoma from Virginia.

Gen. Gilmore crossed the Kentucky river in force yesterday, recaptured Danville, and is driving the rebels in the direction of Crab Orchard.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 29. There is reason to believe that Van Dorn, with 8,000 mounted infantry and cavalry, would strike the Cumberland below Clarksville, and intercept the navigation. Trustworthy rebels say that they are concentrating exclusively on his front to resist Rosecrans's advance, not to attack him. They are not less than 60,000 strong. It is believed that there are no troops at Knoxville. Provisions are moving from Virginia to Tullahoma. There is no doubt that the rebels are suffering from want of provisions. Joe Johnston's headquarters are at Atlanta, Ga.; Bragg's at Tullahoma.

CINCINNATI, March 30. A surgeon who arrived from Louisiana, on the Big Sandy, yesterday, reports that Humphrey's division was within two miles of that place on Friday, with 2000 troops. Gen. White went out to attack him, but they were repulsed.

WASHINGTON, March 30. The Army of the Potomac is being increased as the rate of march and three regions as well as the return of absentees. This statement is made upon a basis of careful returns.

A letter from Gen. Saxton, dated Bonafant, the 14th, to the Secretary of War, accompanying a report of the expedition up the St. John's river, Florida, says: It gives us pleasure to report that, so far, the expedition which had the object to occupy Jacksonville, to make it the base of future operations for the army of negroes, has been fully accomplished. The town is completely in our possession, with many prisoners. There has been constant skirmishing going on for several days, and in every action the negro troops behaved with the utmost bravery. Never, in a single instance, can I learn that they flinched. It is my belief that scarcely an incident in this war was carried a greater panic throughout the Southern coast than this raid of colored troops into Florida. The negroes are collecting in Jacksonville from all quarters.

Admiral Dupont, in a report to the Navy Department, attaches much importance to the destruction of the Georgiana, which, he says, was brought over by a retired British officer, and intended for the Confederate Navy, to be offered on her arrival. On the night of the 28th she attempted to run into Charleston by Moffatt's channel. The alarm was given by a yacht attached to the Wabash, and she was shortly afterwards discovered by the Washington, which was ordered to attack her. She was captured by the latter vessel, and she was shortly afterwards captured by the Wabash, which was ordered to attack her. She was captured by the latter vessel, and she was shortly afterwards captured by the Wabash, which was ordered to attack her.

The Savannah Republican of the 25th reports an engagement between the rebel light batteries and the Federal gunboats on Monday, but no particulars are given, except that the rebels poured shot and shell into our gunboats for a considerable time. The locality of the fight appears to have been in the vicinity of Jacksonville, Fla.

The President has designated Thursday, the 16th day of April, as a fast day.

shore, which being quite near he succeeded in running her aground, and all on board escaped. Capt. Davis, of the Washington, being of the opinion that the vessel could not be saved, set her on fire.

New York, March 30. A semi-official report of the naval engagement at Port Hudson, says a signal for the advance was made at half past 9 on the night of the 14th. The Harford, with the Albatross in the lead, successfully passed; the Richmond and Genesee followed, the former exposed to the fire of all the batteries. She received a shot through her steam drum, which obliged her to fall back out of range. Her losses were 3 killed and 7 wounded, including Lieutenant-Commanding Cummings, mortally. He died at New Orleans on the 17th. The Monongahela and Kracko went up next, the latter under a severe fire for some time. Her rigging was badly cut, and her rudder post shot away, she became unmanageable and was obliged eventually to drop back. The Monongahela was obliged to fall back with a loss of 7 killed and 31 wounded. The side-wheel gunboat Genesee was somewhat damaged, and also fell back. It appears that the Mississippi was the last in the line of the fleet which attempted to pass Port Hudson on the night of the 14th. On going up she was struck three or four times and only slightly damaged, but when near the centre range of batteries the smoke and steam of the vessels in advance, and the smoke of the batteries so enveloped the ship that the pilot lost his bearings and she grounded on the right bank of the river. For 40 minutes she was exposed to a terrific fire from all the batteries. During this time she fired 350 rounds, but her guns became nearly all dismounted; all her port-holes on the starboard side were knocked into one, and from 25 to 30 men killed and four wounded; Capt. Smith ordered her to be abandoned. Many jumped overboard, some of whom were drowned; others to the number of 50 were picked up by the fleet. When the vessel was all off Capt. Smith sprang his gunboats with turpentine and fired her. The flames soon reached the magazine, when she blew up.

A Hilton Head letter of the 25th says the Monitors Passaic, Patapsco, Weehawken, Nahant, Kankakee, Nantuxet, Montauk, Keokuk, and frigate Ironsides, together with several gunboats and steamers, had left that port. Another letter of the same date announces the arrival of the Ericsson, with a floating machine to clear the channel from torpedoes. It also states that the expedition against Charleston had been delayed in consequence of the delay in the arrival of this machine.

A Fortress Monroe letter of the 29th, reports an extensive fire in Richmond. Nearly 100,000 bushels of corn were destroyed.

The steamer Brunsvick, from New Orleans the 23d, had arrived. Gen. Grover's expedition had returned to the vicinity of Baton Rouge, with a large quantity of sugar, molasses and cotton. Five rebel officers were also captured, one of whom reports that the rebels have a large force in reserve, which can readily be thrown into Vicksburg or Port Hudson either.

Gen. Banks announces that the results are entirely satisfactory; and the movement, it is believed, was merely a diversion to enable Farragut's fleet to pass the batteries. The rebel force at Port Hudson is said to number 20,000.

CAIRO, March 30. Gen. Hurlbut has issued an order that the negro camps at Columbus and Cairo be broken up, and that all negroes, women and children included, not actually in service, be sent to Island No. 10, and put at work tilling the soil.

Adjutant-General Thomas reviewed the troops to-day, and made a speech to them. He said the policy of receiving negroes into the lines and organizing them as soldiers will be faithfully carried out hereafter.

The blockading of Galveston is still rigid. The Harriet Lane is still in the harbor. A successful cavalry expedition, under Capt. Perkins, had been made from Brashear City a considerable distance into the rebel lines. He engaged the rebel force and had a brilliant fight, charging them with sabres and chaining them eight miles, killing 10, wounding 20 and capturing 14 horses with equipments, without losing a man.

Several schooners had arrived at New Orleans from across the lake with a large quantity of cotton. A number of passengers were compelled to come in order to get something to eat. They relate that great destitution and suffering exists among the rebels. They also state that a merciless conscription was enforced, and a reign of terror and want prevails.

The Piscataway of the 20th reports that the Monongahela, whose machinery was uninjured during the fight, is repaired the damage to her woodwork, and is now in good order again.

New York, March 31. An attack by cavalry, 100 strong, was made yesterday on our cavalry patrol on the road between Dumfries and Uccquan. Eight of our men were captured.

The news from Savannah of the 24th, states that the people are suffering all kinds of privations. Even the sick have only bacon and corn bread for nourishment. All who are able are working on the fortifications.

A rebel force had been driven from their original position 5 or 6 miles by the darkies. Skirmishes were frequent.

CAIRO, March 31. Memphis papers say that on Wednesday morning the rans Lancaster and Switzerland under took to run past the batteries at Vicksburg, but as soon as they came within range, the Confederates opened upon them a tremendous fire. The Lancaster was sunk 30 times, and her entire bow was shot away, causing her to take water so rapidly that she sunk immediately, turning complete somersault as she went down. All her crew, except two, escaped in small boats. The Switzerland was more fortunate, but was finally disabled by a 64-pound ball penetrating her steam-drum. She floated down below the city, the batteries still keeping up the fire, sinking her repeatedly. Finally the Albatross, from Farragut's fleet, ran alongside and towed her to the mouth of the canal, where she was lying at last accounts. The rans were intended to reinforce Farragut, who had been below Warrenton ever since he ran past Port Hudson.

At Grand Gulf, on the way up, the Harford and Albatross encountered a more formidable battery than Port Hudson. The former vessel was struck 14 times, and had 3 men killed. Both vessels returned the fire vigorously, but both were more or less injured.

New York, March 31. A Hilton Head letter says that the Wash, Pouchden and Passaic, draw too much water to cross Charleston bar, and will therefore remain at Port Royal to receive the rebel ran from Savannah, should she make her appearance.

Another letter of the 29th says heavy firing was heard nearly all the previous day in the vicinity of Charleston, and it is thought probable that the fleet which left on Wednesday was attacking the batteries on Stono Inlet.

The Savannah Republican of the 25th reports an engagement between the rebel light batteries and the Federal gunboats on Monday, but no particulars are given, except that the rebels poured shot and shell into our gunboats for a considerable time. The locality of the fight appears to have been in the vicinity of Jacksonville, Fla.

The President has designated Thursday, the 16th day of April, as a fast day.

In a mutiny of two Georgia regiments, near Monticello, last week, six of the ringleaders were shot.

April 1.—Late Richmond papers contain detailed accounts of the recent great fire, which destroyed 800 households of tobacco, valued at \$500,000, and other property valued at \$250,000. The reported capture of 3000 head of cattle from the rebels near Stanford is confirmed; 140 prisoners were taken. The Federals are still closely following the enemy.

FORTRESS MONROE, March 31. Refugees from rebel and deserters from the army are daily coming into our lines at Suffolk and Yorktown. One entire division of the rebel army arrived at Richmond last Tuesday, for what purpose is not known. The refugees state that the rebels have already commenced to remove the large stores, and also the machinery from machine shops in Richmond to Chattanooga.

WASHINGTON, April 1. The Government has authorized Gen. Ullman to raise a black brigade, and Gov. Andrews to raise two black regiments. Beyond this, no authority is given to any one to enlist black troops. A large number of petitions have been received by the War Department from persons wishing to be officers in colored regiments.

The entire receipts from internal revenue to date amount to \$22,000,000, and the estimated receipts for the year \$150,000,000. It is considered certain that no foreign loan will be accepted by Mr. Secretary Chase.

CHICAGO, April 1. Tuesday's N. Y. Herald says that Capt. Crawford, of Oregon, who commands the escort provided by the Government for the protection of the emigrants to the Pacific shore, had arrived in Washington. He states that already 50,000 emigrants are moving in that direction, and estimate the number for the whole season at about 100,000.

A telegram from Somerset says Gillmore's forces attacked the rebels under Pogram, in a strong position near Somerset, yesterday, and fought five or six hours, whipping them badly, and driving them toward the river. The rebels outnumbered us two to one.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 2. The Republican Unionists swept the State, yesterday. Jas. V. Smith was elected Governor by 2800 majority. The Legislature stands 76 to 26.

CAIRO, April 2. Memphis dates to Tuesday state that the guerrillas who attacked the train near Moscow had been severely punished. Capt. Loomis, with about 300 men, came up with and attacked them on Monday, killing 5, wounding 6, and taking 200 prisoners. Among the latter was the captain. On the return our troops stopped at a farm house to rest, and were attacked by a rebel force said to be 5000 strong, under Col. Richardson. A desperate hand-to-hand conflict ensued; 25 rebels being killed, and a large number wounded and captured. Our loss was 6 killed and 34 wounded. The rebels were completely repulsed.

The work on the canal at Vicksburg was suspended, and the dredges removed. The enemy's cannon commanded two-thirds of the canal, making further prosecution of the work impossible at present.

WASHINGTON, April 2. Dispatches received at headquarters confirm the success in the jobbed school of Somerset, Ky. Gen. Burnside says the vigor, alacrity and gallantry displayed by our troops was highly commendable.

Accounts of the battle of Somerset say that the enemy, numbering 2600, were overtaken four miles north of Somerset, and after five hours fighting, the rebels fled, pursued by the cavalry to the river. The rebels lost 50 killed, and nearly 400 prisoners, including 30 officers. We recovered 400 head of stolen cattle, and lost 10 killed and 25 wounded. Our force numbered 1200.

The public lands to be sold during the summer include 3,000,000 acres in Washington Territory.

New York, April 2. The steamer Cromwell has arrived from New Orleans, with dates to the 25th March. Fugitives from the rebel lines continue to arrive. They bring reports of great destitution. The people of the country parishes of Louisiana are in a starving condition.

Gen. Banks has re-established his headquarters at New Orleans. Two negro brigades have been sent to reinforce Weitzel, who is holding a strong position at Berwick Bay.

Bermuda advices of 20th March say that the steamer General Bawagard, four days from Charleston, with 1060 bales of cotton, arrived at St. George on Monday.

The pirate Florida had burned on Saturday week the ship Star of the Peace, bound from Calcutta to Boston. The Florida reports having been chased after leaving Barbadoes by the vessel, which was on fire, and she was sunk, with her crew, with all lights extinguished and the steam stopped. The Vanderbilt kept on and the pirate escaped.

From the Bermuda of March 25th, it appears that the Vanderbilt arrived and called again on the following day. Gov. Demora has issued orders that should the confederate private Alabama call for supplies, she was to be told that none could be furnished.

Baron Wardline, formerly of the Austrian service, who was captured with Gen. Stoughton at Fairfax, has been released. He states that the treatment of Union officers by the rebels is most outrageous. They don't receive as kind treatment as is usually extended to violent criminals.

CAIRO, April 4. The dispatch-boat Hammit, from the mouth of Yazoo river, on Tuesday, has arrived. Fort's expedition, though unsuccessful in the main, did succeed in destroying about 1000 bales of cotton marked "C. S. A.," and also captured considerable corn.

When the Hannant left, all the gunboats were taking on board 30 days' rations, and there were indications that another move was in preparation, but in what direction was not known.

New York, April 4. A New Orleans letter reports the evacuation of the town of Pensacola. Part of the troops were sent to New Orleans. Those left have gone to the Navy Yard and into the forts. Before leaving the town, St. Mary's Hall and all the dwellings in Pensacola, except Malloy's and Mayor Chase's were burned. The soldiers seemed to think that the entire evacuation of the place was intended. Many swore that they would burn the town. On Thursday noon fire made their appearance, and for three days and nights the place was filled with smoke and flames. The officers tried to stop the work of destruction, but seemed to have no influence over the men. Even soldiers pleaded to guard property set on fire. Col. Dyer, commander of the Post, gave orders to shoot persons caught setting fire to the houses, but no one executed them.

An official statement shows the aggregate amount of indebtedness of the United States to be \$929,186,157.

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J. H. S. & CO. HAVE JUST ISSUED A NEW List, for 1863, of the principal Newspapers and Magazines, with the prices per annum, postage paid, supplied from their establishments, of which the following comprise the principal ones, viz:

Table listing various newspapers and magazines with their prices per annum and postage paid. Includes titles like 'Daily Monitor', 'The Pacific Mail', 'The San Francisco Chronicle', etc.

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The Farmer's Corner.

Pork Making on Clover.

It was a down-east Yankee, we believe, who invented the plan of wintering pigs on clover hay. We presume, however, that the practice has not become very general, whatever merit there may be in that article as winter food for swine. In New Jersey, or in some parts of that State, clover is largely used for feeding hogs during the summer season, and a good share of the value of the pork is to be credited to the summer pasture in the clover fields. In Burlington county, and some other sections of the State, we understand that a large proportion of the income of the farmers is from their hogs, and these are kept almost entirely in clover fields, without other feed, during the summer months, and kept, too, in a thriving and good condition, so that but little grain is required to finish them off for the butcher. After the grain harvest, they are turned, for a little while, into the stable, and when this recourse is exhausted, feeding with grain and mow for a few weeks finishes the process.

There is much economy, we doubt not, in this system of pork making. But few cows are kept in the region in question, and therefore the advantages of feeding the hogs on the dairy slops, as in our large dairy districts, are not at hand. Clover is therefore resorted to, and has proved so far profitable as to encourage the farmers to engage extensively in the business. Hogs are good feeders on clover pasture, which, if fresh and tender, makes excellent pork. The New Jersey farmers generally keep breeds and make pork adapted to barrelling purposes, and sell for immediate consumption in the neighborhood.

Without undertaking to determine, precisely, how much favor this system should command among farmers, we think there can be no doubt that true economy requires that a pasture of the best clover should always be provided for the hogs kept on the farm; if not as the exclusive summer feed, at least as an aid to the rather scanty supply which they are apt to get from other sources. Thus kept, instead of going into the fattening pens in poor condition, they may always be growing, and always improving in flesh, so that a very small expense will prepare them for the block.

Turning under a heavy growth of green clover has long been practised by our most successful farmers, as the surest means of securing a good crop of winter wheat. It has been suggested that the wheat crop should be third in a rotation: First, corn, with a generous application of manure; second, oats or spring wheat, seeding with clover—say eight or ten quarts to the acre—and top-dressing the clover, as soon as up, with plaster, and again the following spring. From four to six weeks before seeding time, turn the clover under, and you have the soil properly manured for a crop of wheat. The writer does not state whether he would permit stock to be pastured on the clover during the summer or not; but it is the practice, among farmers generally, to turn cattle into clover after it has nearly attained its growth, with the belief that, aside from the profit of the pasturage thus afforded, the little that they will eat is more than made up in the manure added. But it is questionable whether, in most cases, the peculiar benefits supposed to accrue from the turning in of green clover, are not in a measure lost by too close feeding.

TREATMENT OF HORSES' FEET.—Mr. Gange, Sen., in the Edinburgh Veterinary Review for August, says: "The day will, I believe, soon come when people will not allow cutting instruments to touch the soles of their horses' feet. I have said in former papers that the wall, sole and frog are so constructed that they mutually co-operate, and that the intermediate burn, which I have shown is situated between the wall and sole at their union, is also required to be left entire; but, by the prevailing custom of cutting the hoof, these substances, which in their nature are rebounding springs, are destroyed or greatly impaired. The custom of thinning the sole and likewise of keeping that part always in cow-dung, or other wet, stodden material, under the name of 'stoppings,' was brought much into vogue after the establishment of our first veterinary schools."

SMALL POX IN SHEEP.—A malignant disease has broken out among the flocks in England, called small pox. The deaths in flocks thus attacked have been as high as 60 per cent. Inoculation has been tried; and of those to which the disease was thus communicated, no more than 4 per cent. died. As might be supposed, considerable alarm is felt among sheep owners. The Government has taken measures to prevent the spread of the disease. Mr. Gange, of the new Edinburgh Veterinary College, recommends recourse to inoculation to lessen the effects of the attack, but fears that on wide extent it would be very confidently blenting, the milder may spread, and that prevention is really the only reliable remedy.

A correspondent of the Country Gentleman would have the readers of that paper understand that he has raised the incredible amount of 144 1/2 bushels of shelled corn on an acre of land near Springfield, Mass. We have seen some fair specimens of "big corn," and remember to have read some stories that taxed its stoutest corn bursers' credulity; but this Springfield corn fairly puts every thing we have seen or read above the clouds.

A writer in the Country Gentleman has been very successful in removing the black streaks that have been so destructive to fruit trees, by saturating the knot with spirits of turpentine, which in time causes the knot to dry up and fall away. This is a novel remedy in its various instances. It is a simple remedy, to be tried, and can be made to do no harm.

The net profits of Hon. Z. Pratt's dairy farm of 365 acres, located at Pratsville, N. Y., for the year 1862, is \$23,962. He keeps 64 cows of native breed, and the average product of butter to each cow, for the year, is 222 lbs.

Leached Ashes.

"There is something about old leached ashes that we do not understand, though we have given the subject considerable attention. We have seen instances where old leached ashes have had an excellent effect on wheat, while unleached ashes seemed to do no good. We have thought that perhaps the potash and soda which had been washed out, were replaced by ammonia and nitric acid from the atmosphere. The subject is one worthy of investigation. At all events, it is certain that leached ashes frequently have a very beneficial effect; and if the above hypothesis is true, the older they are, the better."—N. E. Farmer.

The farmers in Western New York, where there has accumulated large quantities of leached ashes, have found their application to dry gravelly land as a top-dressing for wheat exceedingly beneficial. We know of an experiment with leached ash that had lain in the heap for twenty years, that proved their value most clearly. The land was a gravelly loam, naturally strong, which had been reduced by the constant drain of "wheat after wheat," for several years. After taking off a crop of wheat that would average only about 15 bushels to the acre, the straw being short and the heads small, the field was again sown to wheat, and on that portion of the field where the previous crop was lightest, there was a top-dressing of the before-mentioned old leached ashes. The result was that where ashes were applied the wheat was comparatively good, yielding from twenty to twenty-five bushels to the acre, while on that part of the field where none were spread, it was still lighter than that of the previous year, and would not yield over twelve bushels per acre. Subsequent experiments on the same farm were alike conclusive as to the value of leached ashes. It was also thought by those who noticed the success of this experiment that the increase of the growth of crops on this farm, where ashes had been applied, was greater than on other farms of like soil, where leached ashes, only a year from the leach, were used.

The following chicken story is told by an out-west paper as an undoubted fact. "We do not doubt it—or at least, not much: 'One of our farmers was greatly annoyed by the scratching of the chickens in his garden, and he concluded to experiment a little with them.' He procured a Shanghai rooster, and the result of the cross was a brood of chickens with one long and one short leg. When they stood on the long leg and attempted to scratch with the other, they couldn't touch bottom. On reversing the order of things, and digging with the long leg while the short one supported the body, the first stroke would result in a grand series of somersaults. The consequence was the hens soon became a 'worry' of that fun, and left the garden, and the farmer's wife is about patenting the invention."

When the farmer's wife wants to color a bright red, she must wash her yarn clean and nice, and boil in strong alum water; then dry in the sun a day—but don't rinse it out. Then the next day boil in good madder, soak over night; then dry it again, after which wash it, and you will have a brilliant bright red. When you want to color a bright green, you must boil in alum water the same way, having everything very clean; then boil in the kettle some good, strong black hickory bark; take out the bark and put in the yarn; boil thirty minutes; after drying, wash the yarn; then make some blue dye in the usual way, from indigo and a small bit of madder.

I. Sibley, of Gosport, Niagara county, found that bathing the eye three times a day in cold water produced the removal of a film over the eye of his mare, and perfectly restored the sight in two months. This is a simple and safe remedy, and, besides the success above recorded to recommend it, is just such a remedy as common sense will approve.

WHEELER & WILSON'S FIRST PREMIUM FAMILY SEWING MACHINES AT REDUCED PRICES!

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Among the undeniable advantages of these machines are—1st. Elegance and simplicity of construction, and consequent freedom from derangement and need of repairs. 2d. Durability. 3d. Unparalleled ease and rapidity of operation. 4th. Comparatively noiseless movement. 5th. Beauty of stitch and firmness of seam. 6th. Economy of Thread. 7th. Applicability to a variety of purposes and materials.

They are applicable to every variety of Sewing for Family use, from the lightest muslin to the heaviest cloth. It works equally well upon silk, linen, woolen and cotton goods; sewing, quilting, hemming, gathering and falling, performing every species of sewing except making button holes, stitching on buttons, and Coasting. Various appliances are furnished for regulating the width of hem. The hemmer is an appendage by which the side of the fabric, as it passes through, is turned down and handily stitched. Thousands of these machines are used by families, seamstresses, dress-makers, tailors, manufacturers of skirts, coats, mantillas, children's hats, caps, corsets, ladies' garters, umbrellas, parasols, silk and linen goods, with complete success; sometimes from one to two hundred are used in a single establishment.

An ample supply of these first premium machines will be received by every steamer from New York, by H. C. Baynes, Agent in San Francisco.

Weighting Cattle.

The only instrument necessary is a measure with feet and inches marked upon it. The girth is the circumference of the animal just below the shoulder blades. The following table contains the rules to ascertain the weight of the animal:

If less than one foot in girth, multiply superficial feet by eight. If less than three feet and more than one, multiply superficial feet by eleven. If less than five and more than three, multiply superficial feet by sixteen. If less than seven and more than five, multiply superficial feet by twenty-three. If less than nine feet and more than seven, multiply superficial feet by twenty-three. If less than eleven and more than nine, multiply superficial feet by forty-two.

Example: Suppose the girth of a bullock to be six feet three inches; length five feet six inches, the superficial area will then be thirty-four; and in accordance with the preceding table, the weight will be seven hundred and eighty-two pounds.

Example: Suppose a pig to measure in girth two feet, and length one foot nine inches; there would be 3 1/2 feet, which, multiplied by eleven, gives 38 1/2 pounds as the weight of the animal when dressed. In this way the weight of the fore quarters can be substantially ascertained during life.

In Paris, a man may dine for twopence. In the neighborhood of the Marche des Innocents there is a certain enterprising Madame Robert who daily feeds some six thousand workmen, in the open air, yet she is not in the w-ather. Her daily bill of fare is cabbage soup, a slice of bouilli (beef), a piece of bread, and a glass of wine.

"My son," said the elder Spriggles to Spriggles junior, thinking to enlighten the boy on the propagation of the hen species—"my son, do you know that chickens come out of eggs?" "Do they?" said Spriggles junior, as he licked his plate: "I thought eggs came out of chickens." Thus ended the first lesson.

In this age of speed, when we travel thirty miles an hour, are we less impatient to be at the end of our journey than when we traveled ten? In this age of cheapness, are we more satisfied with our bargains, or more benevolent with our surplus, than formerly?

Lord St. Leonards, when Mr. Sugden, on entering Parliament, having heard that he had been turned into ridicule, for being the son of a hair dresser, made answer:—"So I am, and I am come into the House to give a dressing to the Whigs."

"Charlie, my dear," said a loving mother to her hopeful son just budding into breeches, "Charlie, my dear, come here and get some candy." "I guess I won't mind it now, mother," replied Charlie, "I've got in some tobacco."

CURE IS AT HAND!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT! Scorbatic Eruptions, on Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

If this powerful Ointment be well rubbed into the skin, it acts not by repression, but repulsion. It enters the system as salt enters me, and operates not locally only, but constitutionally purifying the whole system, neutralizing all depraved humors, and effecting a radical and complete cure. The Pills should be taken as an auxiliary to the Ointment; they are so prepared as to act in union with it, dissolving and confining the morbid humors to the system.

Blepharitis. Ulcerated Sore Throat and Quinsy. The above complaints have for twenty years been treated with Holloway's Ointment and Pills with perfect success. The cure here is not a temporary relief, but a permanent one, that often fatal diseases are more easily cured by these medicines, than even the common sore throat, if taken in time.

The Kidneys, Stone and Gravel. In these complaints, the Ointment also acts like a charm, providing it is very effectually rubbed over the regions of the kidneys, which it will penetrate and give almost immediate relief, while the Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, when the most extraordinary cures may be effected by this means.

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Scrofulous Sores and Chancrels Swellings. In such cases the Ointment operates surely and with a rapidity that resembles magic. It should be rubbed into the parts affected, after they have been formed with lukewarm water. The purifying and curative powers of this mercurial ointment have never failed. A good sore wound or ulcer always yields to its influence, and in cases of bad breasts, or milk tumors, the action is wonderful. Chancrels swellings may also be reduced by following the printed directions.

The Action of the Heart. Dropsy. This last named disease is commonly preceded by irregular action of the heart and difficult respiration; which symptoms are always more or less attended with swelling, unless proper means are resorted to in Holloway's unrivaled Ointment and Pills the drooping patient will ever find the present remedy derived from the use of these remedies is marvellously quick, and perseverance in the steady application of this famous Ointment, invariably results in a cure. They act with such energy on the circulatory system, that the morbid drooping fluid, and the sufferer finds all the oppressive symptoms daily decline, till natural health returns.

Gout and Rheumatism. May be cured with the greatest certainty if large quantities of the Ointment be well worked into the complaining parts, and this proceeding done for some time. It is no use to smear it on the skin only, it must be got into the system. Take as in our Pills nighty as will act two or three times during the 24 hours; employ the use of cold, and all stimulants. When these complaints are leaving the system, the violence of the complaint frequently seems to increase.

Indiscretion of Youth. Sores, ulcers, and swellings, can with certainty be cured, if this Ointment be thoroughly rubbed all around the complaining parts twice or three a day, keeping them covered with linen rag spread with the same. The Pills must be taken according to the printed directions. The blood being in an impure state, perseverance is necessary. From humane motives letters of advice will be answered gratuitously. To save carriage, the Pills and Ointment should be obtained in the neighborhood of the sufferer, and sent from Holloway's Establishment.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases: Bad Legs, Gout, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Indiscretion of Youth, Sores, Ulcers, Swellings, Chancrels Swellings, Scrofulous Swellings, Bad Breasts, Milk Tumors, Sore Throat, Quinsy, Blepharitis, Ulcerated Sore Throat, and Quinsy.

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Read the statement of MR. M. McWILLIAMS, who is Elder in Rev. Horace Bushnell's church, regarding the cure of his daughter, who was to all appearances crippled for life with the terrible disease, Scrophulous:

Witness, A. L. REWELL & Co.,

San Francisco, Feb. 25, 1859.

Dear Sir:—I feel it my duty to write you, and let you know what your Blood and Liver Syrup has done for my daughter, and that by publishing it others who suffer with the same disease may know of it, and by its use derive great benefit. My daughter Ellen has been severely afflicted with Scrophulous, attended with great pain, for more than two years. She had some five or six running sores on one of her feet, one on her hip, and one on her back. At this time, from the high recommendation of your Blood and Liver Syrup in curing such diseases, I was induced to try it. She commenced using it, and as the medicine acted on the blood, the sores commenced to heal. She is now gaining strength. I have only used three bottles of the medicine, and she can now walk quite well. Your Blood and Liver Syrup has done wonders in restoring her health. With the greatest respect I remain yours,

M. McWILLIAMS.

Statement of Rev. Horace Bushnell, City Ministry and Pastor of the Presbyterian Church:

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Dear Sir:—Mr. McWilliams, Esq., is an Elder in the church in which I am Pastor. I am acquainted with the circumstances of the case of his daughter, and I have no hesitancy in saying that I consider the cure truly wonderful.

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