



THE PUGET SOUND HERALD is published every Thursday evening, at \$3 per annum in advance...

The Herald can be found in San Francisco at the depot of J. W. Sullivan...

We shall be pleased to furnish masters of vessels and others, returned bonds...

L. P. FISHER, Attorney at Law, 117 1/2 Washington St., San Francisco.

The columns of the PUGET SOUND HERALD are open to communications on all questions of public policy...

PUGET SOUND HERALD. STEILACOOM, W. T., Thursday Evening, Feb. 23, 1861.

NACHES PASS ROAD MEETING.

Pursuant to a call published in the Puget Sound Herald of the 1st instant, the citizens of Steilacoom met in Goodburn's building on Tuesday evening, 26th inst.

The chairman stated the object of the meeting to be to take into consideration the proper expenditure of the funds already subscribed...

It was stated that \$950 had been subscribed for the work, and that other subscriptions had been promised...

The meeting decided on sending out two men to view the road, and report as soon as possible the present condition and probable cost...

A permanent organization was effected by electing D. H. Byrd, Esq., President; John V. Moser, Esq., Secretary; and E. R. Rogers, Esq., Treasurer...

OLYMPIA THE CAPITAL. The good people of Vancouver, as we noticed last week, have laughed over the success of the Clarke County delegation in having the Capital removed to that place...

LADY JANE FRANKLIN.—This distinguished lady, the relic of the celebrated Arctic navigator, Sir John Franklin, whose melancholy fate was for so many years shrouded in gloomy mystery...

AN ACT TO PERMANENTLY LOCATE THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT FOR THE TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON.

SEC. 1. From and after the passage of this act, the Seat of Government for the Territory of Washington shall be and remain at the city of Vancouver, in Clarke County.

SEC. 2. The Capitol Commissioners are hereby empowered and directed to locate the grounds and erect the Capitol buildings thereon, at the city of Vancouver, according to the instructions from the Government of the United States...

SEC. 3. The present session of the Legislature shall remain at Olympia, until the close thereof.

SEC. 4. LYMAN SHAFER, Jr., Speaker of the House of Representatives. PAUL K. HUBBS, President of the Council.

Unquestionably, in this shape, it is no law; the omission of the enacting clause being fatal.

For the MORMONS.—We learn that several men in town are actively preparing to start for the Wenatchee mines in a few days.

RHODE ISLAND.—The Legislature of Rhode Island, by a large majority, has repealed the Personal Liberty Law of that State...

UNION RESOLUTIONS.

A copy of the Union Resolutions adopted by the Legislature of this Territory on the 28th ult., which we had not before seen, has been enclosed in a letter to us from a friend in Olympia...

WHEREAS, The present appalling conjuncture of our public affairs is calculated to excite, in the heart of every loyal American, feelings of the most anxious solicitude and profound alarm...

Resolved by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Washington, That we consider the preservation of our existing National Union as the first of all patriotic duties...

2d. That it is the bounden duty of all good and true citizens, and especially of those who guide and govern popular sentiment, to counsel harmony and conciliation, and to effect and maintain, by all necessary concessions and compromises, the integrity and perpetuity of that holy brotherhood of States under which we have become the admiration of the world...

3d. That we utterly discountenance, as fraught with incipient treason, and as the incidents of a spring of reckless aspirations and disappointed ambition, all projects of a Pacific Conciliatory Washington Territory covets only the distinction of exhibiting, first and last, her devotion to the entire Union, as created by our ancestors...

We heartily endorse the last resolution, in its opposition to a Pacific Confederacy, for reasons which we shall not hesitate to assign at the proper time, should that time ever arrive, which Heaven forbid.

There is no evidence of any attempt to derive title from the Crown, and I apprehend it was not competent, under the joint occupation of this country, under the convention of 1818, known as the Treaty of Joint Occupation...

It appears that their occupation was like that of any other settlers upon Indian lands to be used as required at the time, and at the time the settlements were made by the Puget Sound Ag. Co., the only British subjects who could legally occupy the country were the Hudson Bay Company in its corporate capacity, and under its license.

The 4th article of the treaty of 1846 certainly confirms to the P. S. Ag. Co. the farms, lands and other property of every description whatsoever belonging to them.

But with regard to the lands claimed as belonging to the Puget Sound Agricultural Company in Washington Territory, and known as the Nisqually claims and the Cowitz Farms, I decide that those lands are and should be treated as public lands, and that the Puget Sound Agricultural Company has no legal title thereto.

Very respectfully, JAS. TILTON, Surveyor General, W. T.

Report of the Secretary of the Interior upon the Puget Sound Agricultural Company's claims, Nov. 30, 1860.

The progress of the public surveys in the Territory of Washington has been interrupted on account of the existence of certain land claims under the treaty of June 16, 1846, with Great Britain.

Two tracts—one at Nisqually, containing, by estimate, 167,000 acres, and another at Cowitz, containing about 3,900 acres—have been claimed under the fourth article of the same treaty.

On this claim the Company have now several thousand sheep, in charge of shepherds, and a few hundred cattle, and the land is well improved.

REPORT OF JAMES TILTON, Esq., Surveyor General, upon the claims of the Puget Sound Agricultural Company.

OFFICE SURVEYOR GENERAL, W. T., OLYMPIA, W. T., Dec. 26th, 1860. COM' GEN. LAND OFFICE, Washington City, D. C.

I respectfully beg leave to submit the following report: There are but two claims in Washington Territory known as the P. S. Co.'s claims. One, called the Nisqually, being bounded to the west by the shores of Puget Sound, on the north by the timbered lands south of the Puyallup river, on the east by the dense timber that extends thence to the western base of the Cascade Mountains, and on the south side by the Nisqually river.

On this claim the Company have now several thousand sheep, in charge of shepherds, and a few hundred cattle, and the land is well improved.

The other claim, called the Cowitz Farms, is near the forks of the Cowitz river, and contains about 3,900 acres of highly arable land.

The Nisqually claim consists of a very extensive plain, being generally prairie, with arable lands upon the bottoms, or low shelves of the prairie, but its general character is not fertile; it is considered admirably adapted to the raising of cattle, and much of the land is also suitable for grazing.

The prairie is very irregular in shape—has many belts of timber and through it, and a growth of small oak, of excellent quality, is thinly scattered over much of it.

The claim, as defined by the map, contains about 167,000 acres, of which about 80,000 acres are prairie or oak openings, and the rest a den of forest of fir, cedar and other coniferous woods; the bottoms on the Nisqually and other large streams are very fertile.

The large and flourishing town of Steilacoom, containing about 800 inhabitants, and the U. S. "Fort Steilacoom," which is the head quarters of the Puget Sound Military District, situated about two miles distant from the town of Steilacoom, and about 200 American settlers having farms in a steady process of improvement, are upon this Nisqually claim of the Company's.

Many of the old servants of the Hudson Bay Company, and almost all of the P. S. Agricultural Company, are long since become American citizens by virtue of our naturalization laws, and are residing upon farms within the alleged limits of the P. S. Ag. Co.'s Nisqually claim, under the former donation and pre-emption laws.

To some extent the same is true in regard to the small claim at the Cowitz.

None of these American settlers have felt any doubt as to their rights, as against the P. S. Ag. Co. An early settlement of the matter is certainly desirable, and the Government of the United States, although practically the Company have long since become American citizens by virtue of our naturalization laws, and are residing upon farms within the alleged limits of the P. S. Ag. Co.'s Nisqually claim, under the former donation and pre-emption laws.

I consider that there is no provision by which British subjects can derive title except through the crown.

It does not appear from the deed of settlement, or from any other proceeding or papers, that the company had ever taken possession of, or claimed by metes and bounds the lands since acquired, until called upon in 1853, by Surveyor General J. P. Frazer, of Oregon.

It appears that their occupation was like that of any other settlers upon Indian lands to be used as required at the time, and at the time the settlements were made by the Puget Sound Ag. Co., the only British subjects who could legally occupy the country were the Hudson Bay Company in its corporate capacity, and under its license.

In proof that at the treaty of 1846, the P. S. Ag. Co. was in occupation of an indefinite tract of land—that it had houses and sheep folds, cattle pens, some fences and improvements of use to the Company, during their occupation, but not of a permanent character, nor of particular value to the reality.

Therefore I arrive at the conclusion that the P. S. Ag. Co. has shown no color of title to the lands claimed, other than an occupation of an indefinite portion of them. Whether the Company are entitled to any compensation for the artificial value incident to the improvements thereon, I do not consider as within the purview of the instructions of your letter of 1st October, 1859, and consequently, I have given no opinion on that subject.

Very respectfully, JAS. TILTON, Surveyor General, W. T.

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On this claim the Company have now several thousand sheep, in charge of shepherds, and a few hundred cattle, and the land is well improved.

lands should be considered by the United States to be of public and political importance, and the United States government should signify a desire to obtain possession of the whole or any part thereof, the property so required shall be transferred to the said government, at a proper valuation, to be agreed upon between the parties.

It is clearly the duty of this government to confirm to the Puget Sound Agricultural Company all such "farms" and "lands" as belonged to said company at the date of the treaty. The treaty, however, created no right; it simply provided for the continuation of a title, either inchoate or perfect, previously existing.

But this department is not advised that said company have, or claim to have, any grant from the Crown of Great Britain. The treaty only secures to them the "lands" and "farms" belonging to them; and, if we reject the literal, obvious interpretation, and construe the words "belonging to" as equivalent to "occupied by" the company, still we find nothing in the words of the treaty which will warrant the claim of an extensive district, when it is well known that at the date of the treaty only a few employees of this company had houses, sheep-folds, and cattle-pens, with very meagre improvements, scattered over a wide and unimproved range of country.

Such a construction of the treaty is totally inadmissible and inconsistent with the local policy of the United States and Great Britain. Whilst it is manifest, from all the evidence collected, that no part of this land "belonged" to the Puget Sound Agricultural Company, yet some scattered portions of it might answer the description of "farms" and "lands" occupied by it, which in a spirit of fairness and liberality, might be determined by survey, confirmed and patented.

On the other hand, the claim which has been presented, and which regards as merely speculative, delays the public surveys, settles settlements, and prevents the improvement of the country.

Indeed, the surveyor general reports that almost all the old servants of the Puget Sound Agricultural Company have long since become American citizens, and are now claiming farms, under our former donation and present pre-emption laws, within the region that has been claimed on the Nisqually river.

It is due to the people of Washington Territory that some decisive action should be taken. I am not advised that any portion of the tracts claimed are of any public or political importance to the United States, and I recommend that the surveyor general of Washington Territory, under the supervision of this department, be authorized by special enactment to decide upon the validity of the claims of the Puget Sound Agricultural Company, and, if they are entitled to confirmation, to determine the location and boundaries of the "farms" and "lands" that belonged to the company, which should be required, within a given period, to present its claims for final action.

SAN FRANCISCO FAILURES.—A number of heavy failures have recently taken place in San Francisco, among which that of Taaffo, McCall & Co., one of the oldest, and, it was thought, one of the most solid Front street houses, is particularly notable.

It turns out that the firm has been in reality bankrupt for a number of years, doing business upon borrowed capital, and paying various interest. Of their liabilities, which amount to half a million of dollars, between \$200,000 and \$300,000 are of borrowed money.

THE MASONIC BALL.—This affair took place on the 22d inst., and proved as successful as the most sanguine could have hoped. The number present was larger than on any former like occasion here; fifty-one ladies having been counted, with the number of gentlemen estimated at about eighty. The management was unexceptionable, and the whole passed off to the satisfaction and delight of the votaries of the dance.

THE PASS OPEN.—An Indian arrived here on Monday last, from the country east of the Cascades, bringing some fine specimens of gold. He came through the Nachess pass, which he represents as in good condition for crossing, the snow offering a very trifling impediment to travel. We have not seen him, but learn the above from one who conversed with him.

BRANDY.—There is a tradition that brandy was at one time manufactured from the vine; but the grapes of France having of late years followed the example of the potato, and taken to moulding and rotting, many of the French brandy makers have adopted bituminous coal as a substitute. They distil a potent spirit from the substance which is thus made available for the production of two kinds of fire—one for the comfort of man, and the other for the destruction of his health, his resources, and his soul.

Large quantities of alcohol distilled from coal, and "doctored with certain chemicals to give it the "Cognac flavor," are now exported from France to England. Coal brandy is the latest adaptation of the good gifts of Providence to the purposes of poison mongers that has come to our knowledge. Coal tar has long been used for the flavoring of whiskeys, but a coal basis is a specimen of chemistry which might well make the "best fellows" shudder.

EDITORIAL VISIT.—James Lodge, Esq., Editor of the Pioneer and Democrat, and John P. Damon, Esq., Editor of the Northwest, paid our office a visit on the occasion of the Masonic festivities, last week.

THANKS.—Our thanks are due to Capt. Fleming, of the steamer Eliza Anderson, for newspaper favors and courtesies during our visit to Olympia, on Saturday last.

Lieut. Talbot returned to Charleston on the 10th of January. The Governor and Council of South Carolina were in consultation during the greatest part of the night.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT.—Faintness—Nausea—Indigestion.—Nothing deprives the mind more rapidly, or wears out the body much faster, than a stomach incapable of fully digesting its food. Indigestion renders life so miserable that from it spring most of the suicides which daily shock our nerves. If Holloway's Pills be taken regularly for a time, and his Ointment be twice daily rubbed over the digestive organs, these melancholy symptoms will soon cease, and pleasurable thoughts succeed the dismal forebodings engendered by Dyspepsia, which drive the sufferer to misery and despair.

Holloway's preparations have long stood prominently forward in the wonderful cures effected over this Protrusion disorder, which, beginning with flatulency, nausea, listlessness, and headache, often ends fatally.

The best purifier of the blood, Hall's Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Sassafras Pills.

MARRIED.

In Steilacoom, Pierce County, W. T., on Friday, Feb. 23d, by A. B. Robinson, Esq., J. P. Mr. L. M. HESON to Miss JANE McWILLIAMS, both of this county.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the Masonic Hall Building in Steilacoom, by subscription, will please come forward immediately and pay up; and those having bills against the same will present them to J. D. LAMAN, Chairman Building Committee.

STAGE AND LIVERY STABLE.

STEILACOOM, W. T., WINSOR & LAMAN, Proprietors.

STRAYED FROM THE STABLE, a red horse, slightly saddle-marked, branded J. W. on the hip. Any person returning said horse will be liberally rewarded.

CAME TO THE PREMISES OF THE subscriber a fine HORSE, named H. M., which is thought to belong to the neighborhood of Steilacoom. The owner can have him by proving property and paying charges.

WIRE ROPE.

BY ITS GREAT DURABILITY, IS LESS THAN ONE-FOURTH THE COST OF ANY OTHER KIND OF ROPE.

IT IS HALF PER CENT. LIGHTER, LESS THAN ONE-HALF THE DIAMETER, and is unaffected by change of weather.

It is specially adapted for hoisting and winding purposes for any ropes, heavy Pulleys, Ac., and is the most economical of its application.

Scales of strength and weights, and circulars forwarded by addressing the manufacturer.

A. S. HALLIDAY & CO., 412 Clay Street, San Francisco.

CHARLES F. ROBBINS,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Type, Presses, Printing Material, INKS, CARD STOCK, &c.

No. 411 to 417 Clay Street, (OPPOSITE FRANK BARD'S)

NOTICE.

BALCH & WEBBER

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE public generally, and Cattle Shippers and sea Captains in particular, that they have a good WHARF, with everything convenient attached which may be desired, such as a FOUNTAIN

OF THE BEST OF SPRING WATER.

Sufficient to supply any ship or steamer; STEVEDORES to receive any amount of goods which may be desired; and a good COBRAL attached for landing cattle, with plenty of good Hay, which we sell for \$15 per ton. Wharfage on Cattle and Horses, 12 1/2 cents per head, and a liberal discount made to regular shippers.

The steamer Mrs. Anderson leaves our Wharf every Thursday for Olympia, and every Monday for ports down the Sound, and is now taking calls at any place desired at a very low rate.

Parties wishing to purchase goods will find a large and desirable assortment at our old stand.

Drafts cashed at a small percentage, if the amount should not exceed ten dollars.

NO MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT, general or special, without the consent of the party or parties wishing to make the same.

BALCH & WEBBER, Steilacoom, Feb. 16th, 1861.

W. BEDINGTON

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC that, Balch & Webber having relinquished the Retail part of their business, he has taken to it, and will continue to carry it on at the old stand, where he solicits a share of its patronage.

He intends to keep up a general supply of GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING, HARDWARE, &c., &c.

Which he proposes to sell on the most reasonable terms.

MRS. F. PARKINSON

WISHES TO INFORM HER FRIENDS AND the public generally that she has now on hand, for ladies, the choicest selection of Fancy Dry Goods,

Comprising all the latest styles, such as Dress Trimmings, Hats, Artificial Flowers, Ribbons, French Poppin, Chalk Ribbons, All wool Drab, French Serges, Plain Swiss, Plain Alpaca, Plain Swiss, Dotted Swiss, Valenciennes, Ladies' Corsets, Hosiery, Plain Satin and Fancy Silks, Fine Handmade Gloves, Thread and Cotton Laces, Heared and Unheared Muslins, Calicoes and Cambrics, Gentlemen's Fine Linen Collars, Lamb-wool and English Cotton Hosiery, Satin and Silk Neckties, Alexander's Kid Gloves, I have been selected Cambric Handkerchiefs, &c. All of which she will sell at reduced prices. Call early and get bargains.

STEILACOOM Drug Store.

JUST OPENED, A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

ALSO—Every variety of TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES, Extracts, Perfumery, Oils, &c.

All the superior Patent Medicines, the Alcohol, Camphor, Turpentine, Valerian, &c., constantly on hand. Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded by an experienced apothecary.

W. BEDINGTON & CO., 3-1st

FOUNTAIN-HEAD SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING OPENED A splendid SALOON on Keesh's Wharf, directly opposite the Fountain, begs leave most respectfully to call the attention of the public generally, and more especially those who wish to enjoy something good to drink, to the fact that he is now prepared to supply their palates with the choicest Wines, Liquors, Beers and Cakes that can be had on the Pacific coast.

Any person who desires a pleasant walk, and wishes to inhale the balmy breeze of the Sound, can find a comfortable place to sit on at the FOUNTAIN-HEAD, down on Keesh's Wharf. Call down, gentlemen, and take a drink.

HARRISON HALL.

Special Notices.

Hall's Sarsaparilla Yellow Dock and Sassafras Pills

Is prepared from the finest red Jamaica Sarsaparilla and English Sassafras; it is a powerful and a restorative and purifier of the blood; it cleanses the system of all morbid and impure matter, restores plumpness, boldness and energy from the system; it cures rheumatism and pains of all kinds. All who can afford should use it, as it tends to give them strength and prolong life. Sold by Druggists generally, at \$1 per bottle.

R. HALL & CO., Proprietors, Wholesale Druggists, 145 and 147 Clay St., San Francisco.

NOTICE.—Stated meetings of the Steilacoom Lodge of the Order of M. M. M. will be held "soil of the well within the Temple," in the first and third places of the month. All members in good standing are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the W. M. G. Q. Sec'y, Steilacoom, June 14th, 1860.

THE regular meetings of Olympia Lodge, No. 1, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, are held on Saturday evening of each week, at 8 1/2 o'clock, in Brown's new Hall, next door to the office of the Washington Standard. All members in good standing in the order are invited to attend.

STEILACOOM LODGE, NO. 2, of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month. All members of the order in good standing are invited to attend. T. F. McLEOD, W. M. LAIDL, HOPE, CHARITY, JUSTICE AND INDUSTRY. Industry Camp No. 1, I. O. of M., meets in Steilacoom every Monday evening. All Communications in good standing are invited to attend. JOHN LATHAM, W. G.

OLYMPIA LODGE, NO. 1, of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month. All members of the order in good standing are invited to attend. T. F. McLEOD, W. M. LAIDL, HOPE, CHARITY, JUSTICE AND INDUSTRY. Industry Camp No. 1, I. O. of M., meets in Steilacoom every Monday evening. All Communications in good standing are invited to attend. JOHN LATHAM, W. G.

PHILIP KEACH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES, Liquors, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

ALSO, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Blankets, Prints, Silks, Plaids, Merinos, Domestic Sheetings, Shirts, Flannels, Shawls, Cloths, Hosiery, &c.

Together with all kinds of staple Dry Goods.

GROCERIES

Of every description; from a barrel of Pork down to a Sardine.

TOGETHER WITH HARDWARE, WOODENWARE, CROCKERYWARE, GLASSWARE, POCKET CUTLERY, &c.

I have also, in connection with my store, a good YARD for landing Cattle, which runs down to the head of my wharf, affording the greatest facilities to drivers and shippers of cattle. There is also a fine stream of pure fresh water running through the yard constantly, and a good WATER TANK

On the wharf, which contains SEVENTEEN THOUSAND gallons of water, for the accommodation of steamers and sailing vessels.

A supply of good haled HAY is kept constantly on hand and furnished to shippers on the most reasonable terms.

It will also attend to the purchase of Cattle of all kinds, in all orders, for a reasonable per centage, and ship them free of wharfage.

CORD WOOD, SHINGLES, LUMBER, &c.

For sale on the wharf in lots to suit purchasers.

Drifts cashed at a small discount. Money received on deposit, general or special.

PHILIP KEACH, Steilacoom, Feb. 28th, 1861.

WATCHES,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE

Breastpins and Earrings, (IN SETS OR SEPARATE)

Finger-Rings, (IN A VARIETY OF STYLES)

CALIFORNIA BOOKLES For Ladies or Gentlemen,

Fob, Guard, and Vest Chains,

LOCKETS, (OF ALL SIZES)

GOLD AND SILVER Pens and Pencils,

PERISCOPIC SPECTACLES In Gold, Silver, and Steel Frames,

Striking and Alarm CLOCKS, Of the most approved patterns and best manufacture, in metallic cases for ships, &c.

ALSO, A fine assortment of superior TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY, AND FISHING TACKLE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Just received and kept constantly on hand, a full and fresh stock of the above, and all goods pertaining to my business. Repairs thorough and warranted.

Work from the adjoining towns received and remitted free of express charges.

JAS. E. D. JESTER, Practical Watchmaker, Commercial St., near Balch, Steilacoom, P. S.—The standard time of Washington Territory kept constantly on hand for the benefit of the public.

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STELLACOOM, W. T., Thursday Evening, Feb. 28, 1861.

LATEST EASTERN NEWS.

By the steamer Oregon, Capt. Hudson, which arrived at Ketchikan wharf on last Saturday evening, we have the following intelligence:—

New York, Jan. 17. The Commercial's Washington dispatch says, the Senate Committee on Commerce, by a vote of three Southern members against two Northern, has decided not to report Mr. McIntyre's nomination for Collector of the Port of Charleston to the Senate.

The President, to-day, sent to the Senate the name of Mr. Holt as Secretary of War. Confirmed.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 19. Lieut. Talbot arrived here last night with gloomy tidings.

The Governor and members of his cabinet were in consultation to the latter part of last night, on the intelligence communicated by Lieut. Talbot.

Hon. Wm. Aiken, of South Carolina, has been forced to contribute \$10,000 to the revolutionary government, under threat of confiscation of property in case of refusal.

New Orleans, Jan. 19. The steamer Alabama, from Pensacola, yesterday afternoon, arrived and reports the navy yard in possession of 2,000 men, and that troops were arriving from all directions.

Milledgeville, Ga., Jan. 20th. The Ordinance declaring the secession of Georgia from the United States, passed the Convention at 6 o'clock P.M. yesterday. Ayes, 403; nays, 93.

Judge Linton said that, while he approved the Ordinance, he saw no reason for its adoption now; he therefore would not vote for or sign it.

A motion to postpone the operation of the Ordinance until the 31st of March was lost, by about eighty majority.

Alexander H. Stephens and M. V. Johnson are among those who voted against the Ordinance.

The Pacific Railroad bill has been several times up in the Senate, and is not yet disposed of. An effort was made by Mr. Rice, of Minnesota, to have the bill indefinitely postponed; but it failed, more than two-thirds having voted against the postponement.

The bill was made the special order for January 23d.

There are no further hostile proceedings in the South to report. Matters are more quiet in the country.

The U. S. Senate has adopted Clark's amendment to Crittenden's compromise resolutions, declaring that the Constitution is amply sufficient for the preservation of the Union—by a vote of 23 to 23.

The secession leaders immediately telegraphed to the Southern States to go ahead, as all hope of compromise was at an end.

The motion of Mr. Cameron of Pennsylvania, in the U. S. Senate, to reconsider the vote on Clark's substitute for Crittenden's resolution, was not lost, for on the 18th it was carried by three majority.

The message of the Governor of Kentucky recommends a convention of the border States to meet in Baltimore early in February, and opposes haste and inconsiderate action; submits the propriety of calling a State Convention, but would leave no authority to take any formal relations between the States; advocates the Crittenden Compromise, and opposes the employment of force against a State; a year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19. The question discussed over Holt's nomination was whether he was a co-operationist. During the debate on the nomination his friends denied it, and maintained his earnest desire to prevent bloodshed, and maintain the laws by every possible means.

Mr. Crittenden is said to have taken the ground that as Kentucky is now a central State, enjoying all the property consequent upon the present Union and form of government, she would never consent to the breaking up and the formation of a Southern Confederacy, in which she would be a border State, exposed to all the losses of such a position. It is stated that he was much affected during this portion of his remarks, and the manner in which he upbraided the Southern members with their conduct in the Senate, was very severe. He took the position that the Union must be preserved at all hazards, whether by peaceable means, or by force; and that if force were used against the lawless citizens of a government, that is not the creation of a State.

The speech, being unexpected, created quite a sensation among the Senators.

Dr. McDowell, of St. Louis, was confirmed as Consul at Lyons.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20. The minority report from the Committee of Thirty-Three, signed by Taylor of Louisiana, Phelps of Missouri, Rust of Arkansas, Wiley of Delaware, and Winslow of North Carolina, embraces in substance the following: The report says the difficulty can only be remedied by amendments to the Constitution, and suggests that the amendments proposed in the Crittenden resolutions would restore tranquility to the country.

The Indian bureau is in receipt of late intelligence that 5,000 Sioux are collected on a fork of the Platte, and they intend to take Fort Kearny and "wipe out" the white settlements, and stop all emigration westward.

JANUARY 22—1 A.M. The California War Debt bill of \$500,000 passed the House on Saturday the 19th.

Col. Hayes, the representative of South Carolina at Washington, does not insist upon the surrender of Fort Sumpter.

The Hon. Mr. Rain returned to Virginia, greatly encouraged by Northern sentiment with respect to an adjustment of national difficulties.

The Missouri Legislature has finally passed a Convention bill to submit a change of the Federal relations to the people.

The Kentucky Legislature has done nothing in national affairs.

The Virginia Senate, by a large vote, has adopted the report in favor of a National Convention. Tyler, Rives, Brockton, Sumners and Sedon, are named as Commissioners. Tyler, as Commissioner, will wait on the President, and Judge Robertson, as Commissioner to the Seceding States, will request them to refrain from hostilities. The House concurred in a resolution unanimously passed by the Senate, that if all efforts should fail, Virginia will unite her destinies with her sister slave States. The House passed somewhat similar resolutions.

The Alabama House has passed a bill to provide against invasion by sea. It authorizes the destruction of land and water marks.

The Tennessee House concurred in resolutions to elect delegates to a Convention, on the 9th of February, who are to assemble on Feb. 25th.

Lieut. Irlie is challenger of Gen. Harney. When Holt's confirmation was under consideration in executive session, Crittenden is said to have been very severe on the Seceding States, and to have stated the opinion that force used against the lawless citizens of any State is not coercion.

The Alabama Congressional delegation withdrew yesterday, the 21st.

The Georgia Legislature endorses the seizure of the forts, unanimously.

Major Anderson declines to receive provisions from Gov. Pickens.

The Senators from Alabama and Mississippi formally took leave of the U. S. Senate yesterday.

The Kansas bill has passed the Senate by a vote of 36 to 16.

An interesting discussion on Crittenden's Compromise has taken place in the Senate; but without action an adjournment took place.

The proceedings in the House are not important.

St. Louis, Jan. 26. The Post Route bill has been under discussion in the House of Representatives at Washington, for several days. Mr. Colfax proposed an amendment, that a daily Overland Mail shall start from the western frontier, instead of St. Louis, and go to Placerville, Mr. Colfax accepted the amendment of Mr. Hamilton, extending the existing contract for Texas so as to connect with the Butterfield route, provided that a semi-weekly line shall connect with New Orleans, at a cost not to exceed \$500,000.

The Pacific Railroad bill and the Crittenden resolutions have been under discussion in the Senate, and the report of the Committee of Thirty-Three in the House, without any definite result.

The Virginia proposition for a Convention of the States at Washington on the 4th of February now monopolizes attention. Ex-President Tyler is at Washington, in connection with this subject, and has had a friendly interview with the President. The latter considers that there will be no collision during his administration.

A mob in Boston collected around the Tremont Temple on the night of the 24th, for the purpose of breaking up an Abolition Convention which was to meet there. As no effort was made to hold a meeting, the mob adjourned to the house of F. Wendell Phillips, and threatened to clean him out. There was no violence, however, attempted.

The Louis a S. secession Ordinance is reported not to have been adopted. There is a strong opposition in the Louisiana Legislature.

The Georgia Convention and the South Carolina Legislature are still at work carrying out their secession programme.

The Rhode Island Senate, by a vote of 21 to 13, and the House by a vote of 49 to 18, have rejected the Personal Liberty Law.

North Carolina has not yet called a Convention. The result is doubtful.

The steamer-war Brooklyn sailed from Norfolk on the 20th of January, under a sealed order, having on board two companies of soldiers for the South.

A resolution was pending in the Pennsylvania Legislature for the appointment of Commissioners to the Convention at Washington on the 4th of February.

The House of Representatives passed a resolution appointing a Committee to inquire whether it is a wise and proper organization hostile to the Government at the National Capital. The Senate is not in session.

The New Jersey Legislature has appointed delegates to the 4th of February Convention at Washington.

The Governor of Maryland has done the same thing.

The Missouri Democratic State caucus cannot agree on a United States Senator.

Cleared at New York for San Francisco, on the 15th January, the ship Reporter, Howes, and the ship Andree Jackson, Johnson.

St. Louis, Jan. 29th. Yesterday the President sent an important message to Congress in reference to the proposition of the Virginia Legislature to hold a Convention at Washington on the 4th of February.

The President thinks that this Convention may be the means of preventing difficulties, and he urges Congress not to pass laws which may bring on a conflict with the efforts of the Convention are tested. He says that his duty is to protect public property, and he will do so to the extent of his ability.

The Union Convention at Washington is greatly encouraged by the prospects of a successful issue to the 4th of February Convention. Besides the Southern States, most of the great Northern States are making movements responsive to the call of Virginia, and it is thought the Convention will be generally attended.

The prospects of a settlement by Congress have not improved. In the House, some thirty speeches have yet to be made, which it is thought will continue to near the end of the session.

The Union sentiment throughout the country is gaining in strength. Numerous meetings are being held, and strong resolutions being passed in the North in favor of the repeal of the Personal Liberty bills; and at the South it is believed sufficient strength can be brought to bear to prevent a consummation of secession, if the proceedings of the 4th of February Convention are satisfactory.

The proceedings in Congress yesterday are interesting, but not important.

The Georgia Secession Ordinance was presented. Iverson withdrew.

Capt. Barron has been ordered to relieve the present Commander of the San Francisco Navy Yard on the 1st of April.

Mrs. Abby Kelly Foster, the most violent of all the female anti-slavery lecturers, was rudely treated in her lectures at New Lisbon, Ohio, lately.

Some of the Eastern papers say that Edwin Forrest, the tragedian, is soon to live again with his divorced wife, now Mrs. Sinclair. Rather improbable.

The New York Journal of Commerce charges Senator Newark with extensive plagiarism from Jay's writings in the Federalist, and seems to prove the charge by copious extracts.

DIXIE'S LAND.

I wish I was in the land of cotton, Old times dar am not forgotten; Look away! Look away! Look away! Dixie Land!

In Dixie Land! I was born in, Early on one frosty mornin', CHORUS.

Den I wish I was in Dixie, hooray, hooray! In Dixie Land I'll take my stand, To lib an' die in Dixie—away! away! Away down south in Dixie, away, away! Away down south in Dixie.

Old Missus marry "Will de wabber," William was gay 'n' jecober; Look away! &c.

But when he put his arm around 'er, He smiled as fierce as a forty-pounder. Look away! &c.

His face was sharp as a butcher's cleaver; But did not seem to grub 'er; Look away! &c.

Old Missus acted de foolish part, And died for a man dat broke her heart. Look away! &c.

Now here's a health to de next old missus, 'An' all de gals dat want to kiss us. Look away! &c.

But if you want to drive 'way sorrow, Come an' hear dis song to-morrow. Look away! &c.

Dar's buckwheat cakes an' ingen batter, Makes you fat or a little fatter; Look away! &c.

Den hoe it down an' scratch your grabble, To Dixie Land I'm bound to trouble. Look away! &c.

Among the officers in Fort Sumpter is Lieut. Richard K. Meade, Jr., of Petersburg, Va. He is a West Point graduate, of the class of 1857, and was one of the United States Minister to Brazil.

The second Wednesday in February is the day fixed by law for counting the electoral votes in Congress, and declaring the election of President and Vice President of the United States.

Miscellaneous.

Bank Exchange.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW SOLE PROPRIETOR OF THE BANK EXCHANGE SALOON.

It has been thoroughly refitted by him, and the bar supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars that the market affords.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING LATELY completed and fitted up a magnificent Gallery in the rear of H. G. Williamson's W. T., on the corner of the late Knox street, is now prepared to receive and exhibit all the latest styles of G. GOOD.

W. B.—Farm Produce taken in exchange for liquor.

BOOK, STATIONERY, WALL PAPER AND Seed Store.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY GIVE notice that they will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of POETICAL, MISCELLANEOUS AND SCHOOL BOOKS;

Also BLANK BOOKS and BLANK FORMS of all descriptions, Stationery, Wall Paper, and Seeds.

H. G. WILLIAMSON, LATE H. G. WILLIAMSON & CO.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND, AT THE OLD STAND OF H. G. WILLIAMSON & CO., all the finest brands of WINES, LIQUORS AND SYRUPS.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS, BACON, HAMS, LARD, TOBACCO, CANDLES, CAN FRUITS, HONEY, OYSTERS, BOOTS, SHOES, CLOTHING, SOLETS, DRY GOODS, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold cheap for cash, at their new store adjoining Balch & Webber's, near Balch, STEILACOOM, W. T.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION have been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of King County, W. T., on the estate of the late ELMOR COOPER, I hereby give notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present and substantiate the same to me, within the time specified in the notice, or they will be barred, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF PIERCE COUNTY, W. T.—In the matter of the Estate of W. H. WOOD, deceased.

Whereas, at a regular term of the said Probate Court of Pierce County, W. T., begun and holden at Steilacoom, in said county, on Monday, the 1st day of March, 1861, in and to which all persons interested in and appearing before the said Probate Court on Monday, the 4th day of March, A. D. 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M., in show cause why an order should not be granted to W. H. Wood, Administrator of said estate, to sell so much of the real estate of the deceased as shall be necessary to pay the allowances, charges and debts allowed by law.

I do hereby give notice to all parties interested in said estate, to be and appear at the time and place above specified, and show cause, if any, why said order of sale should not be granted.

Given under my hand at Steilacoom, this 21st day of January, A. D. 1861.

W. H. WOOD, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, IN THE PROBATE COURT OF PIERCE COUNTY, W. T.—In the matter of the Estate of W. H. WOOD, deceased.

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Given under my hand at Steilacoom, this 21st day of January, A. D. 1861.

W. H. WOOD, Administrator.

Miscellaneous.

Puget Sound DRUG STORE!

STEILACOOM, W. T. NOW OPEN WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

NO PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTION NECESSARY for Dysentery, Syphilis, and many other diseases. Teeth extracted, and all other things attended to which belong to minor surgery.

DR. O. HOWLAND BEGINS LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Pierce County that he has opened an office at FITZGERALD'S DRUG STORE, Steilacoom, and that he will attend to calls on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY of each week.

Just Received! THE FINEST LOT OF GOODS EVER brought to Steilacoom, consisting of the following articles, viz:

Ladies' fine Flannel Dress Patterns; ALL WOOD, DE LAINE DRESS PATTERNS; ENGLISH BARRE DRESS PATTERNS; INFANTS' EMBROIDERED CAPS; FINE FRENCH FLOWERS; SILK HAIR NETS; ZEPHYR HOODES; BUNNET BUSHES.

And the latest styles of Dress Trimmings. Also—a fine lot of Hoop Skirts, and a general assortment of fancy goods.

UNION CLOTHING STORE.

PINKS & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS in CLOTHING of every variety, have added to their stock, by recent arrivals, a large assortment of HATS.

GENTLEMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, FRENCH CASSIMERE FOR GENTS' PANTS, BOOTS AND SHOES, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, DAVIS & JONES' SHIRTS, PAINT BRUSHES, HUSTLE DUSTERS, &c., &c. FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO OF EVERY KIND.

Will be sold at prices to suit all who may favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine our stock. J. V. MEEKER & CO., Commercial st., near Balch, STEILACOOM, W. T.

THE WASHINGTON NURSERY.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE ABOVE NAMED NURSERY offers to the public, this season, a large and well-selected lot of Fruit Trees,

which, for thrifty growth and handsome forms, few can compare with those raised here.

I have a choice lot of PEARS, comprising some fifty varieties, from two to four years old.

APPLE, PEAR, PLUM AND CHERRY TREES, From one to four years old; also a few LAWTON BLACKBERRY plants.

The Trees will be sold at reduced prices for CASH, to suit the times.

HUGH PATTERSON, Washington Plains, Pierce County, W. T.

S. McCAW & CO. Offer for Sale, at Wholesale and Retail, A GREAT VARIETY OF DESIRABLE Goods at low rates, such as:

Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Sugar, Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Dates, Figs, Walnuts, Almonds, Pistachios, Filberts, Chestnuts, Macadamia Nuts, Brazil Nuts, Pecan Nuts, Cashew Nuts, Pineapples, Oranges, Lemons, Limes, Apples, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Grapes, Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Dates, Figs, Walnuts, Almonds, Pistachios, Filberts, Chestnuts, Macadamia Nuts, Brazil Nuts, Pecan Nuts, Cashew Nuts.

Also, a large assortment of good liquors. 1-ly

DRESS TRIMMINGS, HATS, ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, RIBBONS, ETC.

CHEAP CASH STORE!

MRS. F. PARKINSON, LATE FROM THE Atlantic States, has opened in Steilacoom a FANCY AND STAPLE Dry Goods Store,

where she will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods, such as French, English, and American, and every article in the Fancy Goods line, for sale cheap for cash. Also, machine stitching done in the best manner, and all orders promptly attended to.

Store on Commercial street, next door to McCaw & Co's new brick store. 2-ly

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RECEIVED notice that the undersigned have been appointed Administrators of the Estate of W. H. WOOD, deceased, and that they will be required to give an account of their administration to the Probate Court of Pierce County, W. T., on the 1st day of March, 1861, at 10 o'clock A. M., in show cause why an order should not be granted to W. H. Wood, Administrator of said estate, to sell so much of the real estate of the deceased as shall be necessary to pay the allowances, charges and debts allowed by law.

I do hereby give notice to all parties interested in said estate, to be and appear at the time and place above specified, and show cause, if any, why said order of sale should not be granted.

Given under my hand at Steilacoom, this 21st day of January, A. D. 1861.

W. H. WOOD, Administrator.

STEILACOOM ACADEMY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING HAD several years' experience as a Teacher in a High School in Pennsylvania, designs opening an Academy in Steilacoom, for the instruction of the youth of both sexes. He proposes to give a thorough practical education in the various branches, and offers himself that he will be qualified by education for the task.

The Academic course will consist of three departments. The tuition for a quarter of eleven weeks in each department, will be as follows, viz: Primary Department—Orthography, &c., &c., \$5 00; Grammar, English Grammar, &c., &c., \$5 00; Secondary Department—Algebra, &c., &c., \$10 00.

The scholars will be required to attend on Monday in September. Parties desiring to see the premises, or to communicate with him on the subject will address through Steilacoom Post Office, Pierce County, W. T.

REV. GEORGE W. SLAAN, J. D. LAMAN.

CARPENTERING.

DOORS, WINDOW SASHES, BLINDS, ETC., MADE TO ORDER.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING COMPLETED the furnishing of his establishment with the requisite machinery, is now prepared to execute with dispatch, in the most workmanlike manner, all orders in his line. The machinery in his establishment gives him facilities for executing work such as are performed by no one else on the coast. Parties desiring to see the premises, or to communicate with him on the subject will address through Steilacoom Post Office, Pierce County, W. T.

ROBERT GOODWIN, Steilacoom, W. T.

Business Cards.

J. V. MEEKER, SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER, Steilacoom, W. T. Calls from a distance respectfully solicited and promptly attended to. Address through the Post Office at this place. Terms moderate. 2-ly

P. J. MOOREY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER in Foreign and Domestic Wines and Liquors. Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, &c., STEILACOOM, W. T. 1-ly

FRANK CLARK, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Office—Corner of Commercial and Main streets, STEILACOOM, W. T. 1-ly

S. McCAW & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, READY-MADE CLOTHING, Hardware, Tinware, Crockery, &c. N. B.—Liberal terms for cash. STEILACOOM, W. T. 1-ly

GEORGE GALLAGHER, DEALER IN STOVES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, ETC. Steilacoom, W. T. 3-ly

Shipping.

U. S. MAIL LINE FROM OLYMPIA TO SIMLAHMOO.

THE NEW AND SPLENDID STEAMER ELIZA ANDERSON, THOMAS WRIGHT, Commander, will hereafter leave Olympia every Monday morning at 7 o'clock for STEILACOOM.

SEATTLE, PORT GARDNER, PORT TOWNSEND, WHIDDEY ISLAND, NEW DENVER, BELLEHUE BAY, SAN JUAN ISLAND, AND VICTORIA, V. I.

The ELIZA ANDERSON has been recently refitted, and now offers superior accommodations for passengers. Her holding capacity has been enlarged, and cattle, produce, &c., will be carried at reduced prices for sale, in lots to suit purchasers.

For further particulars, address JOHN H. SCRANTON, Olympia, May 4, 1860. 2-ly

BALCH & WEBBER'S REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS BETWEEN Puget Sound AND San Francisco

Is composed of the following first class vessels: Barken ORR, 300 Tons, A. Y. TRANK, Commander; Brig W. D. REED, 200 Tons, J. H. BISHOP, Commander; And other vessels as the trade requires.

The above vessels are commanded by experienced and gentlemanly captains, well known to the trade, and will run regularly between Puget Sound (W. T.) and San Francisco carrying Freight and Passengers.

Freight will be taken at San Francisco for all points on the Sound.

Goods from the Atlantic States and Europe carefully received at San Francisco and promptly forwarded.

BALCH & WEBBER, Pier 20, Stewart street, STEILACOOM, W. T. 1-ly

TOBACCO AND CIGARS! G. SUTRO & CO. HAVE REMOVED THEIR STORE FROM THE CORNER of Yates and Wharf streets to the Brick Warehouse on Yates street, between Wharf and Government streets, Victoria, V. I., where they offer for sale, in lots to suit purchasers.

100,000 FINE HAVANA CIGARS, Imported direct from Havana:

70,000 Havana and Bremen Cigars, Havana—A superior article—imported direct from Havana; 150,000 New York made Cigars—a good article; 150,000 extra No. 10 Cigars, such as French, Fruit, Mary's Own, &c., &c.; 300 boxes Natural Leaf Tobacco, such as Forest King, Ocean of Virginia, Harlow's, Dominion, Magnolia, Gold Leaf, &c., &c.; 100,000 Manila Cigars and Cheroots, imported direct from Manila.

300 boxes Extra No. 10 scented Corn-cob Smoking Tobacco, cheap prices, Pyralis, Figs, Mountain Figs and Cherry stems, imported direct from the States.

Every arrival will bring us additions to our stock, and our goods being imported direct, we can sell them Thirty per cent. Cheaper than San Francisco Houses!!

G. SUTRO & CO., 10th St. Yates and Wharf and Government, VICTORIA, V. I.

HOTEL AND SALOON

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY DRAW THE ATTENTION of Hotel and Saloon keepers to our fine stock of HAVANA CIGARS,

Imported direct from Havana, which we will sell THIRTY PER CENT CHEAPER THAN SAN FRANCISCO HOUSES!

Orders promptly attended to. STEIRO & CO., Yates street,

Agriculture.

California Agriculture.

The Portland Daily Advertiser gathers the following facts from the report of the Board of Managers of the California Agricultural Society, convened in Sacramento Jan. 30th, 1861.

The annual meeting of the State Agricultural Society of California was held at Sacramento on the 30th ult. From the report of the Board of Managers, we gather some interesting information in reference to agricultural interests in that State.

Farming improvements are noticed as a gratifying fact to prove the scientific and systematic culture of the soil, and that farming is pursued with a more proper regard to the objects sought to be realized—good structures, good fencing, the protection and comfort of stock, contributing vastly to this end.

Under the head of "Stock," some judicious remarks are made calculated to show the increased attention and care manifested in that State for this important branch of agricultural industry. Quite recently \$5000 have been paid for a single bull, and in another case \$6000 for a half interest in a stallion.

It is set forth that four millions eight hundred and seventy-five thousand two hundred and thirty-three bushels of wheat have been grown in a single year, with but a moiety of land adapted to its growth in cultivation.

The cattle disease has made frightful ravages among much cows in Ireland, sparing in some herds not a single one. But there is reported the discovery of a specific of a novel character, being neither more nor less than a Turkish balm!

W. Preston, in the London Gardener's Chronicle, claims a new mode of propagating plants. Beginning with growing plants in nutshells, he now strikes and grows in an almost incalculable number of plants in a very small space, without an atom of soil of any kind.

The Fair of 1859 (larger than any previous one) had in the stock grounds 345 animals, of all kinds; that of 1860 had 1,030. In the former Fair the fruits were exhibited in seventy-five down places; in the latter, one hundred and eighty dozen were occupied, without satisfying the desire of exhibitors for room.

PASTURING HORSES.—Few of the writers who have discoursed upon the management of horses have said anything about the summer grazing of these animals. Yet there are some points connected with it well worthy of consideration.

SALMON BREEDING.—It is now a well-known fact, says an English correspondent on pisciculture, that salmon in all their stages of growth return to the rivers where they were spawned.

Haines's Illinois Harvester is making a sensation at the West. It runs before the horses, slips off heads of grain about half the length of the straw, and loads them into a wagon as it goes, thus saving all the labor of reaping and binding and pitching sheaves.

Sheep.

A statement was made by Solon Robinson, at the New York State Fair, this year, and reported in the Country Gentleman, that is highly interesting. It is in regard to the sheep husbandry experiments of Mr. Thomas Bell, of New Jersey.

Mr. Bell usually keeps one hundred sheep. He buys common sheep, of rather large size, in the fall, and crosses them with a full-blooded South-down. The lambs are dropped about the first of April. The ewes in the fall cost from \$2.25 to \$3.50 per head. He selects the best and pays the highest price. He has good August pasture, and keeps the sheep well, so that they go into winter quarters in good condition.

A NEW BREED OF SHEEP.—A report has lately been made to the Society of the Acclimation of Animals in London, of a new breed of sheep, or at least animals resembling sheep, except in size, found in the countries adjacent to the Punjab. These animals are called Parik sheep, and are the most diminutive of the ovine family.

CURE IS AT HAND! HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. Scorbatic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

The Action of the Heart. Dropsy. The last named disease is commonly produced by irregular action of the heart, and difficult respiration; it is attended with a sense of weight and oppression, and is attended with a sense of weight and oppression.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW YORK, CALIFORNIA, OREGON AND WASHINGTON. EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY. CAPITAL \$600,000.

Forward Freight and Parcels. To all parts of the United States and Canada, and through the American and European Express and Exchange Company, to all parts of Europe.

Forward Daily Expresses. In charge of experienced and faithful messengers, to all the towns and mining camps in California.

Semi-monthly Express. To Oregon and intermediate points on the Northern coast, Port Townsend, Steilacoom and Olympia, San Diego and intermediate points on the Southern coast, and by every vessel for the Pacific Islands.

NOTICE.—SOLDIERS, SEAMEN, SAILORS, (or their widows or orphan children) who served in any war or battle, either in California or elsewhere, prior to March 3d, 1852, or their children who were under 21 years of age at that date, or whose names were on the roll of California in the Mexican war, will do well to address us.

Haines's Illinois Harvester is making a sensation at the West. It runs before the horses, slips off heads of grain about half the length of the straw, and loads them into a wagon as it goes, thus saving all the labor of reaping and binding and pitching sheaves.

Miscellaneous.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES AT REDUCED PRICES!

THE HIGHEST PREMIUMS WERE AWARDED these machines in 1858, at the following Fairs and Exhibitions:—Missouri, Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, New Jersey, New York, Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Ohio, California, Mechanics' Institute, San Francisco.

Among the undoubted advantages of these machines are—1st. Elegance and simplicity of construction, and consequent freedom from derangement and need of repairs. 2d. Durability. 3d. Easy and rapidity of operation. 4th. Comparative noiseless movement. 5th. Beauty of stitch and firmness of seam. 6th. Economy of Thread. 7th. Applicability to a variety of purposes.

Read what the Scientific American says:—"We are very much interested in the Sewing Machines from various parts of the country, and as we cannot conveniently reply to them all by mail, we have thought it proper to state our opinion in regard to them in this public manner. We have used Wheeler's patent, manufactured by the Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company, No. 505 Broadway, and we can say, in regard to it, that it is without a rival. It is simple, neat, easy to put out of order, and in point of effectiveness and finish, no other machine stands ahead of it. We state this much in regard to the excellent machine upon our own responsibility."

CHAS. PROSCH, Agent in Steilacoom. CURE IS AT HAND! HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. Scorbatic Eruptions, as Sore Heads and Scrofulous Swellings.

THE UNDERIGNED, HAVING ESTABLISHED himself in the above business in this place, will receive in advance the value of the property.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., NEW YORK, CALIFORNIA, OREGON AND WASHINGTON. EXPRESS AND EXCHANGE COMPANY. CAPITAL \$600,000.

Forward Freight and Parcels. To all parts of the United States and Canada, and through the American and European Express and Exchange Company, to all parts of Europe.

Forward Daily Expresses. In charge of experienced and faithful messengers, to all the towns and mining camps in California.

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San Francisco.

Seeds! Seeds! GEO. F. SILVESTER WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY THAT HE IS NOW OPENING AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF FINEST SEEDS AT HIS NEW SEED STORE, 85 Washington street.

By every customer during the season. From long experience of the business in this city he fully understands the wants of all who purchase seeds, and has taken great care in procuring them, not only to avoid disappointment and loss of crops, but also to secure the most valuable and best of each. Farmers, gardeners and others will do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. All seeds guaranteed fresh and true to label, and sold at the lowest market rates.

JOHN D. ARTHUR & WM. N. ARTHUR, JOHN D. ARTHUR & SON, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

CAST AND STEEL PLOWS. Among which may be found the following brands:—X 8 Boston Steel Clipper Plow. This is made of heavier steel than last year, and has a longer beam, which is a great boon for the farmer. Cuts 12 inches, and is the lightest draft 12-inch plow in use.

BARROWS. Folding and square Barrows, all sizes. With a large and full assortment of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, all of our own importation, direct from the manufacturers in Great Britain, all which will be sold at the lowest market rates.

Nets, Seine, Cotton and Linen Seine Twine, Shoe Thread, Gelling Thread, &c. THE UNDERIGNED HAVE IN STORE, AND FOR SALE AT LOW RATES, the following:—100 lbs. No. 100 cotton cord, corded, leaded, and hung ready for use.

A. KOHLER'S, DIRECT IMPORTATIONS, VIOLIN AND GUITAR STRINGS, &c. All being direct importations, they must and will be sold cheap. Let all give him a call, and judge for themselves.

JANSON, BOND & CO., IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF DRY GOODS, CORNER BATTERY AND CLAY STREETS, SAN FRANCISCO.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING LAID OUT his land claim, adjoining Capt. Balch's claim, in Town Lots of such size, is now prepared to sell Lots to suit parties desiring either to locate and improve or seeking investment. This claim, for advantageous location is not excelled by any on Puget Sound.

J. W. SULLIVAN, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, WASHINGTON STREET, adjoining the Post Office, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

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J. W. SULLIVAN, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, WASHINGTON STREET, adjoining the Post Office, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

Useful Publications.

Leonard Scott & Co.'s BRITISH REVIEWS AND BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

REPRINT OF THE BRITISH PERIODICALS, viz: 1. The London Quarterly, (Conservative.) 2. The Edinburgh Review, (Whig.) 3. The Westminster Review, (Free Church.) 4. The North British Review, (Liberal.) 5. Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

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