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VOLUME II.

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WHOLE NO. 61.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

EASTERN STATES.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Cabinet is in special session, considering the probable membership of the Louisiana commission, and determining certain foreign appointments.

There is entire unanimity in the Cabinet in the belief that the federal troops should no longer be used to interfere with State governments, though the time of their withdrawal creates some difference of opinion.

The *World's* Washington special says the statement that the President never promised any one he would remove the troops from Louisiana or South Carolina, is confirmed so far as the word of the President is concerned. He informed a Western Republican Senator that he had never said to any one that he would remove the troops from either State, and he added: "I never authorized any one to speak for me in that particular. I propose to do what is right in my best judgment, and I don't expect to please everybody."

Nothing is heard from Hampton today, but he is generally expected, though his nearest friends advise him not to come. Republicans here will advise him that Chamberlain will no longer contest the case with Hampton, in view of the Supreme Court decision.

Secretary Schurz has conceived the idea of saving a vast amount of money by establishing an advertising bureau to be a part of the Treasury or some other department, which shall have sole charge of all government advertising and save the expenses of issuing proposals.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Cabinet session to-day was mainly devoted to a discussion of rules and regulations for the government of the civil service throughout the country. Such progress was made as to warrant the belief that they will be ready for promulgation early next week.

A delegate of Irish Republicans called upon the President to-day, and after expressing their approval of his policy, asked that Michael Scanlon be given a national position. The President thanked the delegation for their kind sentiments and spoke of the distinguished services of Irish born citizens.

Cameron and Key of Wisconsin had an interview with the President this afternoon, it is understood for the purpose of urging Howe's appointment to the Supreme Court, and so to prepare the way for Key filling the vacancy in the Senate.

Telegrams have been received from Gov. Chamberlain saying he will be in Washington Tuesday, in compliance with the President's invitation.

Ex-President Grant left Washington to-night for Cincinnati, where he will remain four or five days, going thence to Chicago and Galena. About the 10th of May he will take passage for Europe at Philadelphia with members of his family. Since his term of office expired many persons have called on him to ask his influence in their behalf with the new administration, but vainly.

Senator Sargent has received letters from San Francisco, giving an account of the seizure of the cargo of the *Montana* at Mazatlan, and has laid the matter before the Secretary of State, who promised immediate and active exertion to secure the release of the vessel and cargo. He also laid the matter before the President, in order that other departments of the Government might be ordered to take the necessary steps to secure American interests in this connection.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—A telegram from Havana states that Gen. Martinez Campo, commander of the Spanish forces in Cuba has addressed the following

dispatch to his government regarding the military situation in Cuba: I have placed in the most suitable positions, 17 battalions, 15 squadrons of cavalry and 5 bodies of irregular troops that remain in the Territory of Cines Villas for the purpose of maintaining order, preventing incendiarism and other insolated acts of savagery. There are also stated stationed 9 battalions with 9 pieces of artillery to guard the Trocha. The remainder of available forces will advance to day toward the eastern part of the island in order to clear it from roving bands of insurgents. Since I have commanded the army, the losses of the enemy have been 795 dead; at least 299 wounded, and 489 prisoners, made on the field of battle. Besides these, 1,581 insurgents and 3,234 women from the insurgent camps have surrendered themselves or been captured by our troops on their march. Our loss during this period consisted of 194 dead, 472 wounded, 29 bruised and 16 prisoners or missing.

Pacific Coast.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 24.—For the race at Oakland Park to-day between Rarus and Bodine, the weather was favorable; track on the inside a little heavy. Rarus won the first heat by a length in 2:23, won the second by half length in 2:20, and won the third and race in 2:22. Budd Doble, who was to have driven Bodine, was absent, and John Crooks was substituted, and John Splann driving Rarus.

Next Saturday Goldsmith Maid and Rarus will trot at San Jose for a purse of \$2,000. One thousand is also offered as speed premium in case the fastest time ever made in the State, 2:16, made by Occident at the State Fair a few years ago, is beaten.

A few days ago mention was made of the discovery of five thousand dollars worth of opium in the cargo of the *City of Peking* which was seized by the Custom House officers. Since then other important discoveries and seizures have been made on the same steamer. The value of the opium taken from this steamer since her arrival is estimated at \$12,000. The authorities are pursuing the search diligently and do not despair of ascertaining the names of the smugglers, who are increasing in audacity and boldness. The venture is so bold in all its plans that suspicion arises of smuggling in high places.

Tweed to be Liberated.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The *Times* announces that no more suits against Tweed will be brought to trial. In a few days, probably Wednesday, Tweed will be released from custody. The negotiations which were inspired by the prisoner have been conducted by Charles O'Connor for the people and John D. Townsend for Tweed, and resulted in an agreement on Tweed's part, to make all due amends in his power in any way, of restoring property, etc. He represented himself as a poor man, but offered to transfer his property and his interest in claims against private parties if the proceedings were terminated. The proper deed and papers are drawn up and only await signature. The whole amount of property to be transferred will probably not exceed \$250,000, and this is claimed all Tweed's claim. The claim against Woodward was settled in December for less than \$250,000. The claims against Garvey, Keyser and Ingersol are as good as settled. Though Sweeney's trial is set for June, it is asserted positively that the case will be settled. Ex-Surrogate Hutchinson, son-in-law of Connolly has gone to Europe, it is believed to procure some kind of settlement in regard to him. Including the settlement with the Watson estate, it is not considered likely that over a million will be obtained by the people, owing, it is stated, to the fees of one of Tweed's lawyers, which were \$150,000, and because of the dwindling of his estate, his personal expenses and the depreciation in the value of real estate.

The *World* persists that all the facts point to the conclusion that Lee was

murdered in Brooklyn last Friday night. It gives the name of the lady in the divorce court in question as Mrs. Ellen Davis Morgan, wife of Leonard Morgan. The *World* continues: The engagement with Miss Dyas was for the same evening, but Hall afterwards told Miss Dyas that he was compelled to go to Brooklyn during the early part of the evening, and could not meet her until nine. That he did go to Brooklyn about seven, is almost absolutely certain; that he was probably made away with while in the dangerous locality he intended to visit seems now altogether probable. Other journals, including those of Brooklyn, scout the idea.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Hall continues the only sensation. It is now generally believed that Hall has fled to Europe to avoid testimony in the Sweeney case.

Mountain Meadows Massacre.

EXECUTION OF JOHN D. LEE.

The following dispatch, dated Cedar City, March 23d, gives the particulars of the last hours and execution of John D. Lee, the chief of the villains who, under sanction of their prophet, Brigham Young, committed the bloodiest and most cowardly crime known to history, save that committed by Moses when he ordered the slaughter of the Midianites:

Lee made a short speech, in which he expressed his confidence in the Mormon religion as revealed by Joseph Smith. He denounced Brigham Young in severe terms, and said he never had intentionally done wrong; was prepared to die. His language was evasive and contradictory to what he had previously said and written. He dies as he had lived, a religious fanatic. The Marshal with his soldiers and Lee, District Attorney Howard and Rev. Mr. Stokes arrived at Mountain Meadows on Thursday evening.

After eating and stationing guards, all retired around the camp fire, except Lee and Rev. Mr. Stokes, who slept together in a wagon. Lee slept all night and took a light meal. He gave directions as to the disposition of his property to Attorney Howard, dividing it equally between three of his wives and their children. He requested the Marshal to deliver his body to his wife Rachel, and also requested that he might be shot at short range, and that they would aim at his heart. He knelt down on his coffin, and was requested to sit there while a photographer took his picture. Lee called the artist to him and requested that each of his wives should be forwarded a copy. After his remarks Rev. Mr. Stokes offered prayer. Lee kneeling on his coffin, a bandage was placed on his eyes. He sat on his coffin, took off his coat and hat, handed them to an officer, held up his hands and said he was ready. The Marshal gave the word, and three shots went through his heart. He fell back upon his coffin and died without a struggle. Quite a number of spectators were present. The best of order prevailed. The body was immediately placed in a coffin and sent to his wife Rachel. During the past few days Lee has had some hopes of executive interference in response to a petition recently presented by his children.

HIS CONFESSION.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 23.—The full confession of John D. Lee, written by his own hand since it became certain that no pardon would be granted him, and confided to District Attorney Howard, will be published to-morrow. It is quite lengthy, occupying about three columns, and describes in detail all the circumstances preceding, attendant on and subsequent to the Mountain Meadows massacre. The facts as related by Lee have been heretofore brought out in evidence at the trial, from which his confession varies in no material particular. He relates conferences between Haight, Dawe, Kligen Smith and other Mormon leaders and himself, claiming that he was compelled by them to take the part he did in the massacre on the peril of his personal safety and life. He alleges

that he protested in the strongest manner against attacking the emigrants, and only yielded under the representation of Haight and others that it was ordered by those in authority. He does not admit that he personally killed any of the emigrants, although he had charge of the wagon containing the children and wounded men when the attack was made upon them and saved the lives of two children who were about being killed. He fails to directly charge Brigham Young with ordering the massacre, but states that when he reported the matter to Young, the latter at first expressed much concern, whereupon Lee protested against Young going back on the acts of his subordinates, to which Young replied he had not been aware that there were so many women and children with the train, but that he would consider the matter and take counsel of God. He then retired, and on his return assured Lee that they were justified in their action and he would sustain them. Lee arraigns the Mormon priesthood, holding them responsible for the foulest crimes during a long period of years, including the crowning horrors of Mountain Meadows. When led out to die he laid a written statement on the field contradicting his previous confession made to counsel, and expressed his firm reliance on the mercy of God, evidently dying as he had lived, a religious fanatic.

English manufacturers look with incredulity on the French Exhibition of 1878. The London papers say "the world is tired of exhibitions." The fact is, they dread another competition with American manufacturers in the presence of the world. Their defeat at Philadelphia is well understood in Europe, and is hurting their foreign trade, and another at Paris in 1878 would be likely to prove a serious blow to British industries.

On a panel in church wall in Valparaiso, Chili, is a painting representing the Emperor of Germany and Prince Bismarck squirming around in the flames of hell, while the devil is poking the Imperial Chancellor in the back with a red hot fork.

"Don't put too much confidence in a lover's vows and sighs," said Mrs. Partington to her niece; "let him tell you that your lips are like strawberries and cream, cheeks like a tarnation and eyes like an asterisk; but such things oftener come from a tender head than a tender heart."

A Mr. Roar, of New York, who has been experimenting for a long time, has discovered that a lighted candle, a match or a lighted cigar applied to a magazine of powder will produce a detonation which can be heard for forty miles. Query: Would the business end of a hornet do the same.

The young lad, whose father makes him clean the back yard and front pavement of the snow, was heard to remark the other day: "I don't believe that this here earth goes round every day, for if it did, when America was at the bottom, the snow would tumble off our pavement, and by Jimmy it don't."

"Pray, Mr. Professor, what is a periphrasis?" "Madam, it is simply a circumlocutory circle of oratorical sonorosity circumscribing an atom of ideality, lost in verbal profundity." "Thank you, sir."

Over 300,000,000 pounds of coffee were imported by the United States last year. Looking at these figures one can't see the use of grinding up half a million barrels of beans to make the coffee of further.

When the Breton mariner puts to sea his prayer is: "Keep me, my God; my boat is so small and Thy ocean so wide." Does not this beautiful prayer truly express the condition of each of us.

The lawyers in San Francisco are wearing craps on the left arm for thirty days, as an evidence of their grief at the settlement of the Lick estate without litigation.

The value of a man's education cannot be estimated by the price he paid for it.

Upon the matter of love-making the Pilgrims were strenuous, for, of all the virtues, chastity held highest place. So in 1638 "it is ordered that if any man make a motion of marriage to any man's daughter or maid without first obtaining leave of her parents or master, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding five pounds, or corporal punishment, or both, at the discretion of the bench, according to the nature of the offense." What money, what whipping would now ensue, were this old statute still standing!

Desmoines man, who has just mysteriously disappeared, was known as "Calamity" Brown, from his war experience. He bore the marks of eighteen rebel bullets, one of which passed through his head, destroying one eye, one through his body, and several through his legs and other parts; yet he recovered from all of his wounds and was able to work and walk with the aid of a cane—one of the bullets having injured the knee joint.

The following is said to be a certain cure for diphtheria, and it so, is within the reach of all. Take ordinary garden sage, make a strong tea, put it in an ordinary teapot and let the patient inhale the steam through the spout. By this process relief is soon obtained, and in a short time the patient is restored to health. So say those who have given it a trial.

The use of scientific terms often becomes a sort of second nature with some professional men. A savant who incautiously struck the back of his head, against the sidewalk the other day pitifully exclaimed: "Oh, my poor medulla oblongata!" The crowd thought he alluded to his wife, and that she was a lady of rank.

Experiments show that the amount of meat obtained from the domestic animals varies greatly, some yielding as much as 80 per cent., while others give only 50 per cent. The average is calculated at 58 per cent. on the live weight of beef cattle, while sheep give but from 50 to 45 per cent.

Last year 523,317 persons, exclusive of readers, were admitted into the British Museum; 36,786 new volumes and pamphlets were added, and 12,861 prints and drawings acquired.

Here is a Newark sign: "Washing, ironing, and going out by days' work taken in here."

PEACH and cherry trees are in blossom.

For the Northern Star.

Little Charley.

Once more, oh Death, thy wings are spread
Around a loved one's frame,
Another flower its bloom must shed,
And earth must lose its name.

Another casket in the heart,
Where jewels once were bright;
Their lustre now we see in part
As memory sheds her light.

One little chair will vacant stand,
We'll hear no patter of feet,
They're sounding in that holy land
Upon the pearly street.

That pleasant smile, how much we miss;
Those eyes—that pretty hair,
No more the darling's good-night kiss
After the little prayer.

All is hushed. The cruel tomb
Has robbed our hearts of peace.
His soul is in that happy home
Where joys shall never cease.

But boast not, Death, for soon thy power
Now great, shall shatter'd be.
Yes, soon shall dawn the blessed hour
When loved ones we shall see.

Then, then the happy shout shall ring
From out the halls of death:
"Oh Grave! where is thy bitter sting?
Where, Death, thy blighting breath?"

—Lenox

DROWNED.—Peter La Dabush, an old settler of this Territory, and well known throughout this county, was drowned a short time ago near Island. He was one of the old Hudson Bay trappers and hunters for many years, and had traveled over nearly every section of this coast, west of the Rocky Mountains and north of Mexico. He was about 65 years of age.

Last Thursday must be chronicled as the pleasantest day of the year so far. The thermometer stood at 71 at noon in the shade.

The Tendencies of Present Religious Things.

By Rev. Charles F. Dale.

The purpose of this article is to trace the tendencies of present religious thought, to distinguish the issue upon which men are divided as conservatives or liberals, and to indicate the general drift of opinion. One of the characteristics of modern thought, proceeding as it does from a study of facts, is the difficulty of definitions. Sect and party lines seem hopelessly confused. Two conflicting tendencies, however, flow side by side: the progressive or liberal, and the stationary or conservative. The difference between them is not essentially in object or spirit or opinions or methods, but in point of view. The liberal sees things with an eye to his object, and makes means simply auxiliary. The conservative sees means, precedents and authority as primary, the objects as secondary. The two tendencies run through human nature, and mutually checking each other work out progress. In religion more than ever before people are united in their general purpose. It is the bringing mankind into harmony with God. Their apparent differences upon the question of the supernatural are largely misunderstandings of language. Their theological disagreements are surprisingly indistinct. They believe in the same general elements of a religious life, such as love, reverence and obedience to law. Still, everywhere you find our two great tendencies. Several conditions will define the liberal position.

(1.) The supreme purpose is divine character. The liberal does not insist upon any special means or scheme of salvation. Much less does he seek, first, clearance from any supposed penalty and character afterwards.

(2.) The sole standard of judgment is character. Men are judged as bad not by any conventional test of belief or experience, except so far as their beliefs and experiences go to make character; nor by their "acceptance of Christ," only as they become really like Christ; nor by any act or choice except so far as it represents genuine character.

(3.) The spirit or tempter demanded is love.

(4.) The authority upon which the liberal relies is the study of facts, using the word facts in its broadest sense. The whole study of theology thus undergoes radical change. Instead of beginning with hypotheses and proof texts, and proceeding to reconcile facts, it now, like every other science, begins with facts wherever found and requires theories to conform.

(5.) Religious faith must be rational; as though by divine compulsion the mind questions, doubts, and, if need be, waits till it is able finally to rest in the unity of truth.

(6.) Religious belief is real only as it comes to depend on each man's own experience; i. e., because truths commend themselves.

(7.) Truths, convictions, facts, theories, methods ordinances are relatively important according to the bearing which they have upon character.

(8.) The future of religion is free, being necessarily directed and inspired, but never bound by the past. Past facts are good for their lessons, precedents for the principles which they cover, authorities for the eternal truths to which they point.

(9.) Absolute truth lies always before and not behind. In short, a past infallibility and a completed revelation seems in the nature of things unphilosophical, impossible and contrary to the facts.

If this liberal confession of faith is widely inclusive, it is all the better. It would be hard to believe that in all creeds and religions, men would not be found to agree with it. Even the last article when understood and clearly faced would probably command extensive assent.

The applications of these principles may readily be illustrated. The liberal believes in the Bible for that which the book really is and does, and for the means which it may afford for a religious life. The liberal believes in or doubts miracles according to the weight of evidence which they present. The religious life is equally bear to him, irrespective of his doubts or convictions upon a subject

relatively so important as the miraculous. He regards Jesus Christ, too, for that which the facts seem to make him, and his ideal of that which each man ought to be, holds the same whatever his theory of the nature of Jesus. Sin, again, is the same, as bad, as curable and as perilous, whatever be the speculation upon its origin; and guilt and responsibility are facts, whatever definitions, Arminian or Necessitarian, are given them. In religious organization, governments and methods likewise, the liberal uses, modifies or discards, according to present exigencies.

A word now of the law of religious development. It is, as in every other department of nature, a sort of survival of the fittest. Whatever is good is its own best evidence, and holds its place because better than anything else. Conformity to facts, reasonableness and actual experience, are the stern and axiomatic tests of truth.

It may be interesting now to indicate what appears to be the general drift of religious movement. In the first place, the extreme conservative party is losing strength. It is impossible for people to-day not to read, to question and to learn charity. There is an irresistible atmosphere around them of unrest, of doubt and of thoughtfulness.

Next, the extreme radical wing represented by materialism, agnosticism and atheism, necessarily becomes weak as fast as its real meaning is clearly apprehended. Whenever a philosophy denies man's religious nature, doubts the eternal character of truth and goodness, and destroys the hope of immortality, the very purpose and motive of philosophy themselves are lost. If this is what Mr. Cook means by skepticism, it is probably true when he says that there is no secularly skepticism to-day.

My next point is that the so-called religious dogmas, having for some time lost their distinctness, are declining in influence and consideration. The common ignorance and thoughtlessness about them is a silent proof of their unreality. The zeal with which they are still occasionally set forth is rather a sign of alarm than of conviction among their defenders, while many of the most intelligent thinkers already deem them unworthy of serious attack.

Meanwhile in all denominations theological unsoundness is frequent, and few ministers care to discuss the dogmatic forms of their creeds; they prefer to accept their articles for "substance of doctrine," and to let them alone in their preaching. Thus to take the single case of the doctrine of regeneration; all are agreed that man needs spiritual life, and that God is its source. But he is a bold man who will dare squarely to say that his children are born into the world, by nature, lost souls and enemies to God; that before the change called conversion, whatever the character, they are doomed to remediless hell, but the infant after they are sure of paradise. The overwhelming fact, by Jesus' favorite test of the fruits of men's lives, is that no sharp lines of difference divide men into two distinct classes of saints and sinners; but the bad and the good, as in every other department of nature, grade into each other with almost insensible variations. It is hard to find a man who is wholly a sinner, or, again, who is entirely a saint; and the divine seeds of goodness just as really lie in the heart of each child awaiting development, as the germ of evil tendencies to be repressed. The corner stone of "evangelicalism," as a theological system, consists in the denial of these seemingly plain facts; and here perhaps, more than anywhere else, orthodoxy is unconsciously losing its hold over men who find themselves unable clearly to face premises terrible, unreasonable, contradictory to experience and observation, and, to say the least, doubtfully scriptural.

More positively now men are coming to distinguish and to rely upon certain great religious essentials:

(1.) The belief in God, on the grounds not only of power, thought, beauty, righteousness and love, illustrated both in nature and in human history, and testified by the words and lives of holy men, but still more for what we may see, know, feel and be, ourselves.

(2.) The idea of revelation, or the fact that moral and spiritual truth has

come into the world—no matter how nor through whom; for not even Jesus Christ seems to have introduced new and unknown principles.

(3.) The fact of inspiration, or the presence of God with each soul, according to the eternal condition of *purity in heart*.

(4.) The fact of divine sonship; Jesus is thus called the Christ because he stands in men's minds as the ideal of that sonship which he taught was possible for all; whoever loves and seeks goodness really "accepts Christ."

(5.) The hope of immortality; they have always held it with most certainty who, like Jesus, have possessed in themselves immortal qualities of character.

(6.) The belief in retribution, or the solemn and inevitable connection of wrong-doing and suffering.

(7.) The possibility of the cure of sin. The fact of a love divine in forgiveness is a thought broadening and deepening through all human history.

We sum up what has been said in the single proposition that the tendency of modern religious thought and life, often where little suspected, is towards pure theism, or what is called natural religion. In other words, the living, active religious thoughts of the times are those great essential and rational ideas, for the plain teaching of which Jesus can never cease to be regarded as wonderful; which are common to all religions, and which, if a broad enough meaning is given to nature, including humanity, may be called the truths of natural religion. I do not say here how far this movement will go, but merely what it undoubtedly is. I do not for a moment define theism or natural religion, as by a common fallacy has often been done, as opposed to Christianity, or as leaving out Christianity. Natural religion is all the religion there is in the world. Christianity, with its teachings, its ideals, and its associations, is a fact of the past, from which the present and the future can be neither able nor willing ever to escape. A pure and developed Christianity may well be the highest possible type of theism. I do not mean, again, that natural religion is not of divine revelation. By its very essence, whatever is of religion is of God. But I say that the tendency of the times is towards theism, or natural religion, as opposed to dogmatic or "revealed religion," in that narrower sense of *revelation* by which doctrines are supposed to be specially communicated, which on grounds of fact and reason would not otherwise command assent. It is significant that it is upon such doctrines that Christian people disagree, and that they are not believed for themselves, but because they are supposed to be involved with religion itself. We have already shown that they are either taking on a new and larger meaning, or else sinking out of actual belief into neglect. They were not the real things which Jesus thought and they are not the fountains from which men draw their spiritual life. Mr. Cook's lectures are an admirable illustration of our point. Whenever he is strong and clear, it is upon the foundations of natural religion. You will often suspect that he is not happy upon other ground, and he seems to enjoy the company of his favorite German authorities better than more orthodox society.

Mr. Moody, from quite a different point of view, gives you the same impression. His real power lies in this, that he demands moral reform; that he gives an unmistakable sense of God's love through the power of his own; that he insists on the same spirit in his hearers, and that he believes in religion as joyous and good. All these elements make him essentially a preacher of natural, and I may add, of liberal religion. In short, when the Boston lectureship, supposed to represent the best fearless as well as the soundest evangelical thought of the day, defines "saving faith" so as to save Theodore Parker, and when Mr. Moody tells us that a Christian is known by the love which he has for his brother, you return to the grand and simple test of character by which men have been rated good or bad under every form of religion. And this is what Mr. Cook and Mr. Moody, whatever else inconsistent and illogical they say, are really helping people to see.

A few words now as to the character of the present conflict of thought. The method of discussion is coming to be no longer force or words, but deeds and lives. Can your simpler religion produce holy lives. Can your supposed perilous position prove itself safe, not by arguments, affirmations or denials, but as commending itself through the power of its love, joy, peace and other virtues? You believe, on the other hand, certain doctrines or opinions important. Men are not to be persuaded with proof texts, but rather as your doctrines give you a character, which without them they fail to secure. You see God's check against error. Whatever false views of truth, lack of conformity to nature, or want of harmony with God, somewhere and sooner or later, is shown in men's lives. If righteousness and love in any respect really depend on a single idea from which men to-day may be drifting away, be sure, though this present reaction may go on for a century, yet the tidal wave of human progress shall return again towards any lost or forgotten truth which men's souls need.

Two or three points in conclusion. The people of this generation care little for past issues. The Baptist separation, the divisions of Old School and New, the Unitarian controversy, the Universalist protests, these questions subside when ministers of religion anxiously ask demonstration of their faith in God, and when the reality and the helpfulness of religion itself are involved. Meanwhile to many the vision seems to grow clear that religion is more simple, more comprehensive and more natural than the artificial systems through which it has been only shadowed.

We care little, also, for denominational lines. Except as they indicate methods and church government, they seem no longer to indicate true distinctions. Neither are people going to travel from one sect-line to another for truth and freedom to-day. They can commonly work out freedom and truth where they are. Many of us use these names already only under protest. We object to profess peculiarity in opinions upon which thousands of other names are really as one with us. We do not love even to seem to stand as secretaries when the Broad Churchmen are everywhere.

Finally, what people want to see proved to-day is not negatives. It does not help them very much to batter Mr. Moody's theology. But they are interested to know how the grand elements of true character—integrity, earnestness, humility, love—can be won and developed. They would like to be shown that they do not depend upon dogmas and theologies. If then we possess the spirit of candor, discussing for truth not for victory; if we are ready to learn new truth or to recover old truth neglected; if we love and serve people; if our conceptions of truth inspire genuine enthusiasm; if we are generous and appreciative of goodness wherever found; above all, if our lives have in them the power of helpfulness, and are themselves both proof and revelation of God—we shall thus be the best possible demonstration of the delight, the safety and the truth of a liberal faith.

CLEANLINESS NOT NEXT TO GODLINESS.—No devout Spanish woman dares to bathe without the permission of her father confessor, hence her neck is too frequently ornamented with dirty stripes. The aversion to cleanliness came forward in the time of the anchorites, and, indeed, whole sects of that epoch condemned ablutions as heathenish, and were lauded because they wore their clothes so long that they rotted to pieces and fell off them, or because their skin became as "pumice stone," from the crust of dirt on it. The superstition that cleansing the body soils the soul still exists among the women of those Christian nations which have long carried on conflicts with the Mohammedans, on whom the Koran enjoins frequent ablutions. A female Bulgarian is permitted to wash only once in her life—on the day of her wedding; and in most South Slavonian families the girls are rarely allowed to bathe, the women never. It is not surprising to learn that with them the pig is the pet of the household.

RELIGIOUS INSANITY.—The *Tribune* of the 1st inst. said: A few weeks ago, a young man who had been attending the revival services at Chicago, shot himself at his boarding house while singing "Sweet bye-and-bye." A commercial traveler who had listened to Mr. Moody's sermons in the same city, left his room in an Evansville, Ind., hotel one evening last week, walked down stairs, without so much as a collar to protect him from the cold, and informed the clerk that he was going out doors to do penance for his sins. Religious excitement had crazed his brain. On Saturday night, a young man who had lost his reason through the same cause, made desperate attempts to wreck a train on the Erie Railway. After forcing open the switch and obstructing the track near the bridge, he seated himself on a freight car and waited for another Ashtruba horror, which happily did not come to pass. When he was arrested, he remarked that he had been reading about Mr. Bliss' death and was anxious to see a big accident. These incidents illustrate the dangers that are inseparable from emotional religion. Mr. Moody is a practical man, and preaches a common sense, broad daylight gospel. He aims to enkindle Christian zeal rather than religious excitement. But his audiences are large and it is not strange that the overwrought enthusiasm of an ill-balanced mind ends in insanity. To say that revivals pave more paths to lunatic asylums than to heaven is cruel folly. But the leaders of the Boston movement cannot be too cautious. Let them make their movement what their leader designs it to be, a revival of wholesome, practical Christian work.

ORATOR AND NEWSPAPER.—Compare the orator, one of the noblest vehicles for the diffusion of thought, with the newspaper, and you may gain a faint glimpse of the ubiquitous powers of the latter. The orator speaks to a few hundreds, the newspaper addresses millions; the words of the orator may die in the air, the language of the newspaper is stamped on tablets imperishable as marble; the arguments of the orator may follow each other so rapidly that the majority of the audience may struggle in a net of ratiocination, the reasoning of the newspaper may be scanned at leisure without a fear of perplexity; the passion of the orator influences an assembly, the feeling of a newspaper electrifies a continent; the orator is for an edifice, the newspaper for the world—the one shines for an hour, the other glows for all time; the orator may be compared to lightning, which flashes over a valley for a moment, but it leaves it again in darkness; the newspaper to a sun blazing over the whole earth, and fixed on the basis of its own eternity. Printing has been happily defined as the art which preserves arts. Printing makes the orator more than an orator. It catches up his dying words, and breathes into them the breath of life. It is the gallery through which the orator thunders in the ears of ages. He leans from the tomb over the cradle of rising generations.

AN HONEST BOY.—The *Detroit Free Press* tells the following story about a "good boy." He stood on the corner of Campus and Jefferson avenues, when a policeman came along, and pointing to a box at his feet, this good boy said: "The farmer who lost that off his sleigh will feel awful bad. Is'pose you'll take it to the station, won't you?" "You are an honest boy," replied the officer. "Some boys would have lugged that box home. Yes, I'll take it to the station." It was a stout box, weighing over eighty pounds, and when the officer set it down at the station house all his bones ached. Some said it was butter, and some said cheese; and so it was opened. The contents were cobble-stones. The officer ran all the way back, and he spent hours looking for the good boy, but without any luck. The g. b. know his business.

Don't work too hard. Don't work so hard that you can't go home at night and jaw around if supper isn't ready; and have strength to kick things around and get up after supper feeling renewed strength, and go down town and play billiards till 1 o'clock; and come home and sleep till 8. No, don't work too hard. It is best to have a little pleasure as well as work in the world, and, besides, work breaks down the constitution.

Oregon contains 95,374 square miles, with a population of 120,000.

The Self-Murderer.

THOUGHTS ON DRUNKENNESS—WORDS OF CAUTION BY A PAULIST FATHER.

Take the most filthy, hideous and repulsive thing in creation; compare it with the drunkard, and it gains by the comparison. Look at a drunkard at home, or in public, and you will blush for our common humanity. He was made by God, a little less than angels (Psalm viii., 6), but he has degraded himself lower than the brute. He was crowned in glory and honor (*ibid.*), but he has sunk into ignominy and disgrace. The tavern is his temple, his prayers are blasphemies, his God is his belly, Philip iii., 19). In the midst of his infernal orgies he barks, he shouts, he roars, he screams, he bellows, he stamps, he kicks, he strikes, he gnaws, he tears, he snores, he grunts, he yawns, he hiccoughs, he vomits. Vengeance, hatred, blasphemy, and bestial obscenity are on his serpent-like tongue; his eyes are fire and blood-shot; his ears stunted; his carbuncled nose is a dripping distillation of nastiness, which mingles with his foul eruptions dropping into and savoring his poisonous cup. His hair is a bundle of hissing serpents, his teeth chatter and rattle like ivory in a dice-box; his hands are palsied; a cess-pool is a pure fountain compared to his mephitic stomach; his knees totter, and his legs refuse to support his bloated carcass. The drunkard tramples on all the laws of nature, as well as all the precepts of God. He robs, he steals, he cheats, he breaks his word, he violates his promise, he betrays the secret which was confided to him. He has no honor, no principle, no spirit of independence, no regard for truth, no respect for modesty. Theft and sacrilege, adultery and murder, he commits without remorse. He is a wicked husband, an ungrateful child, a cruel father, a false friend; a troublesome neighbor, a social pest.

At home he is a roaring lion; when he appears in public he is a midday devil, vomiting fire and flame. He is always in excitement, his nerves are on the rack, his thoughts are scattered, his memory is weak, his will is vacillating, his judgment is obscured, his understanding is impaired. The drunkard is exposed to a thousand dangers, from which the sober man is secured. Every time he drinks to excess his life is in peril, as also his property, his liberty, and his reputation. He may be seen by hundreds, and to be seen is to be despised. He may commit many crimes for which he is amenable to justice. He becomes an easy prey to the ROBBER, THE VIL-LAIN, AND THE CHEAT; he makes a ruinous purchase; his pockets are rifled, his valuables are stolen; he is sometimes even stripped of his clothes. Perhaps he falls from his horse and breaks his neck, or fractures his skull; he tumbles into a river and is drowned; he falls into a dike and is suffocated. His eyes swim, the earth reels, surrounding objects are in motion; he staggers from one side to the other; he describes all manner of geometrical figures on the highway, he creeps like a serpent, and grasps the earth for support; he advances like a crab, and continues to walk backward whilst he is making the most violent efforts to go forward. No Arabesque is more intricate, no Cretan labyrinth more tortuous than his zigzag path. He falls upon his skull, and his brains are dashed out, or upon his face and he is smothered or upon his side, and he perishes from the inclemency of the weather. If he escapes death, after wooing him in so many forms, who can describe the agony of his returning consciousness, or the trembling fits of his delirium?

Hideous spectators surround him, frightful apparitions, appall him, terrific and mysterious whispers curdle his blood; the demon of intemperance, to whom he has sold his body and soul, exults over his despairing victim, and all the imps of hell are, as it were summoned to his bedside to laugh at his destruction, to mock his agony, and to tell him, in the language of the damned, that his reign of misery is passed away, and that hope is no more! The sequence is natural. He may cut his throat, hang himself, or blow out his brains; but before he executes this vengeance of heaven upon himself, it frequently oc-

curs that he murders his wife, dispatches his child, or sets fire to the house. If he be not prematurely cut off by a sudden accident, or a blow, or a wound, he is sure to hasten his end by the insidious poison of intoxicating drinks, which he daily imbibes. His spongy throat cries out like a horse leech, "Give, give," and he is never satisfied. The scorched palate has lost all savor and more powerful stimulants must be mingled with the hellish liquid, in order to arouse for a moment the jaded sense. No foul shaft in a coal mine is more explosive than that bottomless pit, the drunkard's insatiable stomach. The heated blood is propelled through the swelling veins with railroad speed, and the very marrow is frying in his bones. He exposes himself to a long catalogue of excruciating and fatal diseases. He leads a dying life, he endures a lingering martyrdom, and whether by apoplexy, or dropsy, or consumption, or fever, death is sure to clutch its wretched victim. So true is the old proverb, that *the throat has killed more than the sword*: So true would be the epitaph upon almost each of the accursed race of drunkards: *HERE LIES A SELF-MURDERER!*—*Catholic Sentinel.*

When Whiskey May be Taken Medicinally.

After goose, or Irish stew, or any delicacy of the season into which onions may have seasonably entered.
Invariably after salmon.
When there is washing being done at home.
When the painters are in the house.
When a person feels faint and doesn't know what is the matter with him.
When a friend turns up after an absence of several years, or when you are parting with a friend whom you do not expect to see for several years.
When a person has the toothache.
When a person has lost at cards or has come into property.
When a person has met with a great misfortune, or made a tremendous bargain.
When a person has quarreled, and when a reconciliation has taken place.
When a man is going to be married to a beautiful young lady, and has made her a present of a \$500 set of jewelry, and she elopes with her music teacher.
When a person takes a ride in a baggy oris on a sea voyage or goes out between the acts of a five-act tragedy, or before ascending in a balloon, or after coming off the jury of a coroner's inquest, or when you are sitting up for your wife, or when a friend drops in to smoke a cigar; and, in fact, upon all suitable occasions of sadness and merriment.

A Conscientious Engineer.

Scribner's Monthly has the following item: Mr. Peter A. Dey was the engineer who surveyed and located the first hundred miles of the Union Pacific railroad. He estimated its cost at not over thirty thousand dollars a mile. When this estimate was shown to the directors it was returned to him with orders to retouch it with higher colors, to put in embankments on paper where none existed on earth, and to make the old embankments heavier, and to increase the expense generally; and then he was requested to send in his estimate that it would cost fifty thousand dollars a mile. When Mr. Dey found that this part of the road was to be let to parties at \$50,000 per mile, for work which he knew could be done for \$30,000—this difference of \$20,000 a mile, amounting to two millions of dollars on the first hundred miles, and to five millions on the two hundred and forty-six miles—he resigned his position as chief engineer, with a letter to the president of the road. He closed that letter thus:

"My views of the Pacific road are, perhaps, peculiar. I look upon its managers as trustees of the bounty of Congress. * * * You are doubtless informed how disproportioned the amount to be paid is to the work contracted for. I need not expatiate on the sincerity of my course, when you reflect that I have resigned the best position in my profession this country has offered to any man!"

"Hell and Damnation" is the title of a pamphlet written by Rev. G. H. Humphrey of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. It is a theological work and not, as might be supposed, a review of the electoral commission.

Somebody who claims to know, states that during the progress of the Moody and Sankey meetings in Chicago, nearly one thousand pocket-books were stolen.

LATEST PATENT SPRING BED BOTTOMS

Two Styles, at Reduced Rates.

—ALSO—

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Always on hand at

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One Door East of E. C. Ferguson's Store,

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T. F. MARKS, PROPRIETOR.

SNOHOMISH CITY, W. T.

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand at the

OLD STAND.

L. P. SMITH & SON,

WATCH MAKERS,

Jewelers & Engravers.

Dealers in American Gold and Silver

WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS and SPECTACLES,

FRONT STREET, SEATTLE, W. T.

All orders from a distance by mail or express, promptly attended to.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in the very best manner, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Give us your order and satisfy yourselves.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

Served in the most delicious manner at

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A. W. PIPER'S.

PUGET SOUND

Confectionery Saloon

Front Street, Seattle.

Customers will find at this place all the delicacies of the season, the finest Java Coffee, the best Tea and Chocolate; also

HAM AND EGGS

and other Eatables.

Fresh Made CANDIES,

And an Assortment of

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING.

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HAS ON HAND A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF GOODS,

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A large assortment of **SHIP KNEES** constantly on hand. SHIP KNEES of any dimensions furnished to order.

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v141 SNOHOMISH CITY, W. T. January 1, 1876

Snohomish Exchange

SNOHOMISH CITY, W. T.

THIS HOTEL

Is the Best in Snohomish County, in every

respect.

FIRST CLASS BOARD.

Is always Furnished at Moderate Rates.

THE BAR

Is supplied with the best Wines and Liquors North of San Francisco

Also a First-Class BILLIARD TABLE.

To Accomodate the Patrons of this House. :

ISAAC CATHCART, Proprietor.

Lowell Hotel.

E. D. SMITH, Proprietor.

THE HOUSE AND FURNITURE ENTIRELY NEW

THE BAR ROOM

Is the largest in the County.

Furnished with a BILLIARD TABLE, and the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS

to be found in the market.

THE TABLE

Will be supplied with the best that can be obtained in this market

CHARGES REASONABLE.

The Northern Star.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31, 1877.

Local Items.

Items in Brief.

A large freight was taken up the river on Wednesday.

The saw-mill at Glenwild is running, with orders ahead.

Rev. J. R. Thompson preached in this place last Sabbath.

The genuine negro minstrels are soon to pay Seattle a visit.

Mr. George Plumb has just received a new invoice of wall paper.

The school-house is being enlarged and improved. We are glad to see.

Work has been resumed on the new church, and is progressing favorably.

The Blackman Bros. have filed a caveat for their valuable improvement in logging cars.

The river is fallen enough to make log running safe again. The Pill Chuck loggers will soon have theirs in the main river.

Mr. McKay has a contract for a lot of dimension ship knees. He is getting them near Mr. Mathews place at the forks of the river.

The Pill Chuck boom, which went down river during the late high water has been towed back to its place and re-adjusted ready for logs.

The Sawtelle Troup played at the Riverside Hall last Friday and Saturday evenings. Considering the state of the weather and the amount of sickness in town, they had good houses. The performance was satisfactory.

A yoke of cattle attached to a wagon load of wood were accidentally driven into the river at Mr. R. D. Hilton's place this week. Fortunately the cattle became detached and swam ashore. The wagon has not been seen since.

MR. NIEL McMILLAN, a gentleman who was formerly engaged in the logging business on Ebey slough, and who was at one time a partner of Harry Mills, but who left this county about one year ago, has lately returned; and having purchased from his former partner (Mr. Mills) between five and six hundred acres of timber lands on Ebey slough, intends to resume business and permanently settle in the county. Mr. McMILLAN has been most of the time in the Cassiar mines and other parts of British Columbia; and failing to find anything that suited him, after a year's search, now thinks our county good enough for him for life. Mr. McMILLAN's opinion of the mines is this: that there are a few rich paying claims, but they are exceedingly scarce and hard to find. Some claims have paid as high as \$100 a day while most of the balance yield barely wages, and many not that even. Wages are from \$8 to \$10 a day. The season is very short, barely three months. Provisions of all kinds are high, the winters long, cold and dreary. Those only can make anything who have a high yielding claim, and they are few indeed. Mr. McMILLAN will go at once to Ebey slough, to his old place and commence ranching, his timber lands being subject to a lease.

DIPHTHERIA.—This disease and those of a kindred nature appears to be on the decrease. There are only two cases in town, and they are both improving. It is not certain but it may reappear again at any time more violent than ever. Too much precaution can not be taken to guard the little ones from the ravages of this fell disease. Warm clothing, flannels next the skin, warm baths and nourishing, easily digested food are sanitary regulations that should not be neglected in families containing little children.

DR. FOLSOM, who was severely injured about two months ago from a fall, that for a time threatened to have cost him the loss of one of his eyes, has nearly recovered. This week, for the first time since the accident, he has been able to contribute to the columns of the Star. We are not only glad for his own sake, but on our own account, as he has been of great assistance to this journal, even helping to issue the first number.

It is rumored that several young ladies from abroad are about to make Snohomish City a visit. We think the report is founded in fact, as several of our handsomest young men are already sprucing up. Paper collars are very scarce already.

Real Estate.

F. Dolan has sold his half interest in the Ebey House property to O. S. Young; consideration, \$750.

Ulmer Stinson has sold to Blackman Bros. the southeast 1/4 of section 2, township 27, range 5 east; consideration, \$430.

Mrs. M. L. Sinclair, lots No. 7 and 8, block No. 7, Snohomish City, eastern part, to Mrs. Lizzie Leighton; consideration, \$100.

E. C. Ferguson to Lot Wilbur, lots 15 and 16, block 11, in Snohomish City; consideration, \$150.

Sold by F. D. C. Mills to Neil McMILLAN, the south 1/4 of the southeast 1/4 of section 34, and the southwest 1/4 of section 26 and west half of northwest 1/4, the southeast 1/4 of northwest 1/4, the northeast 1/4 of the northwest 1/4, the north 1/4 of southwest 1/4, the southeast 1/4 of southwest 1/4, of section 35, township 30 north, of range 5 east, W. M.; total amount, 560 acres; consideration, \$1,000.

Sold by Mrs. M. L. Sinclair to D. O. C. Mills, 2 lots in Snohomish City, eastern part; consideration, \$200.

ATTEND TO YOUR WATCH.—There are very few of the many who carry watches who ever think of the complexity of their delicate mechanism, or of the extraordinary and unceasing labor they perform. There are many who think a watch ought to run and keep good time for years, without a particle of oil, who would not think of running a common piece of machinery a day without oiling, the wheels of which do but a traction of the service. For example, the main wheel makes 4 revolutions in 24 hours, or 1460 in a year; the second or centre wheel 24 revolutions in 24 hours, or 8760 in a year; the third wheel, 192 in 24 hours, or 70,080 in a year; the fourth wheel (which carries the second hand) 1440 in 24 hours, or 525,600 in a year; fifth or scape wheel, 12,964 in 24 hours, or 5,529,000 revolutions in a year; while the beats or vibrations made in 24 hours are 432,000 or 157,680,000 in a year.

The above is good advice, and Chas. Nacher is prepared to do such work in first class style. See his card in another column.

We call attention to the card of Ellsworth & Hanford, in another column. Mr. Hanford has done too much business for our citizens to need further notice from us; his acts speak for themselves as a careful, honorable and able lawyer. His partner was admitted to the Bar last week at the session of the District Court for this county. He appears to be a gentleman thoroughly qualified; a practicing lawyer in Nebraska before coming here.

THE Naturalists' Directory has been received. It is an annual publication, contains the names of all naturalists and scientific men in the United States, with their addresses, and the specialties to which each one is devoted. It is edited and published by M. Cassine, Salem, Mass. No scientist can afford to be without it. Price \$1.00 in currency. Address the author.

THE Athenaeum is indebted to Hon. O. Jacobs, Delegate to Congress from this Territory, for valuable public documents and records. The Librarian tenders thanks. The Superintendent of the Scientific Department has recently received some splendid offers from similar institutions by way of exchange. Can not the Trustees so arrange it that those offers can be accepted.

LOGGING.—As far as we can learn, all the camps, both up and down the river, are making preparations for a good season's work. In a month more, if the weather is favorable, they will make a general move all along the line. We hope this season that none of them will advance backward.

PERSONAL.—W. H. White, of Seattle, District Attorney for this judicial district, left us last Monday for Whatcom and the lower Sound. Hon. J. R. Lewis has returned to Seattle. Dr. T. C. Markey has settled at Utsalady.

UP RIVER.—A large freight for the Snoqualmie loggers was taken up last Saturday by the Nellie. Also a large passenger list and quite a number of excursionists.

SEATTLE PLANING MILLS.—Messrs. Stetson & Post, proprietors of the Seattle planing mills, have just been, or rather are now being, at great expense in building a new mill for their work in making doors, windows, blinds, mouldings, stair-rails, brackets, and all work of this character, at the foot of Commercial street, where they will be able to do work on a much more extensive scale than heretofore at their old mill, foot of Mill street. Their trade has always been extensive with this section, and now with improved facilities for work, and the growth of the lower Sound, it can not help increasing.

BUSINESS PROSPECTS.—Considering the general depression of all branches of business everywhere throughout the country, we cannot complain of the outlook for our county. At the lower end of the county farmers are preparing to cultivate a larger area than ever before. The Utsalady mill will be put in good repair and run to its full capacity. The mill company will have a large store which will be a great benefit both to farmers and loggers of that region; affording also a good market for all the products of this and the Snoqualmie region.

THE bridge across the slough between Mr. Lord's and Mr. Low's place has been so injured by the late high water as to be unsafe. Pity it had not gone entirely. It was always a disgrace to the road and no credit to the county. What is the use of cutting roads through the timber and then have all travel blocked for want of bridges across a few creeks and sloughs.

TROLLING for trout will be in order on the lower river next month. Get your spoons, boys. If you want an extra article, probably Benj. F. Butler of Lowell, Mass., has some of the old Orleans stock left for sale cheap for cash. Send P. O. order to the same, office at Lowell, or to the branch houses at Gloucester and Washington.

DR. LOCKE is doing so well in the dental line, that he has concluded to remain awhile longer. We are glad of it. Besides being an agreeable gentleman, he is master of his profession. We recommend all who need anything in that line not to let the present opportunity slip by unimproved.

MR. PAYNE has retired from the firm of B. A. Hill & Co., of Seattle, the manufacturers of the celebrated wire-suspension, vibrating spring beds, the firm now being B. A. Hill & Son. These bed springs took the first premium wherever exhibited, and are doubtlessly the strongest and most durable bed made.

THE many friends of H. D. Morgan, a former resident of Olympia, will be pleased to learn that his son Alonzo and his daughter Maud, who have been dangerously ill of Diphtheria, are both recovering, and unless a relapse supervenes they will be around town in a few days.

For foot passengers the trail from here to Lowell is best on the south side of the river. Will Mr. road supervisor please to fix up the bridge between Mr. Little's and Mr. Morse's places. Fine weather is at hand and people want to move round occasionally.

HENRY JACKSON, formerly of Lowell, has changed places with his brother Charles, in the care of Packard & Jackson—has lumber on the ground for a new dwelling house and as soon as it is completed will make this place his permanent home.

Across the river from our window, as we write, we can see the plow turning its furrow, the garden spade doing its work, cattle and sheep grazing, and every other indication of agricultural thrift.

We regret that our friend T. F. Marks is again dangerously ill. Probably no man now living in this county has suffered more from injuries and sickness than he.

Our County Auditor has issued another marriage license this week. Thus one after another the stalwart and brave are falling. Soon all will be gone who are worth going for. How sad!

Will the bridge across the creek one mile below town ever be rebuilt? Who knows?

W. A. Jennings, Importer & Jobber,

COMMERCIAL STREET, SEATTLE.

—DEALER IN—

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HARDWARE,

FINE TEAS, Etc.

Imported and Foreign Wines and Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

—SOLE AGENT FOR—

CYRUS NOBLE OLD BOURBON.

W. A. Jennings,

Seattle, Wash. Terr.

Stetson & Post,

—PROPRIETORS OF—

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(Adjoining S. and W. W. Railroad.)

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Furniture, Pictures, Picture Frames,

BRACKETS, WINDOW CORNICES, MOLDINGS, WINDOW SHADES, PERAMBULATORS, ETC.

Give me a call. Get my Prices before buying elsewhere, as I will not be undersold by any one.

Front Street, Seattle, W. T.

PRODUCTIONS OF MINES.—Nevada, the silver state, is pouring out daily \$125,000 in silver, \$75,000 in gold, \$8,000 in lead, and \$5,000 in other metals, making a yield of \$210,000 daily, or \$63,000,000 per annum.

California is producing about \$40,000 in gold, \$10,000 in silver, \$6,000 in quicksilver, \$5,000 in lead and copper, \$7,000 in coal, and \$5,000 in iron, antimony, zinc, and other minerals. Its total yield is therefore \$75,000, corresponding to annual product from its mines of \$23,500,000.

Colorado is producing \$15,000 in silver every twenty-four hours, \$10,000 in gold, and \$1,000 in other minerals, or \$26,000 daily, equal to \$700,000 yearly.

Utah is credited with a daily output of \$12,000 in silver, 9,000 in lead, and \$2,000 in other minerals; \$23,000 per day, or \$6,900,000 per annum.

Idaho, Montana, Oregon and New Mexico together are turning out each \$20,000 in gold, \$17,000 in silver, and \$1,500 in base metal; giving a total of \$38,500 each day, or \$11,550,000 annually.—*U. S. Economist.*

PERILOUS WORK.—One of the greatest displays of amateur rope-walking ever seen in the world occurs daily in laying the foot bridge on the wire ropes over the East river. The narrow flooring is laid in sections twenty feet in length. The man carrying the outer section to be laid walks backward on a single rope until the inner end joins that already laid, when he stoops down, places it in position, and steps from the rope on to the walk. This, at the height of 270 feet, is said to be the most dangerous part of the great work of building the bridge. The careful and cool-headed manner in which this perilous work is performed relieves the spectator from any over-anxiety as to the fate of the workman. Our ambitious politicians, now endeavoring to carry on their work at dizzy heights, can learn a lesson by watching the footsteps of the Brooklyn bridge builders. It is dangerous work, and every step should be carefully measured before it is taken.

A MILLION PEOPLE.—Few people are aware of the vast number of people that can be placed in a small place. When we speak of millions of men, we are apt to picture to ourselves an almost boundless mass of humanity; yet a million people standing together, each person occupying four square feet, could be placed upon a patch but little more than a mile square.

It is told of Pope Pius IX, that he recently noticed a young man studying a painting in the Vatican gallery: "You are of the academy, my son?" he asked. "No, your holiness, I am too poor." "Go and put your name down, and I will pay the fees." "But your holiness, I am a protestant." "The academy is for artists," quietly replied the Pope; that is enough for me."

Some idea of the severity of the late cold snap in the East may be gathered from the fact that the Mississippi river was gorged with ice as far south as Ozark Island, nearly a hundred miles below Helena. Only once before in the memory of that venerable chronologist, "the oldest inhabitant," has such a thing occurred, and that was in the exceptionally cold winter of 1839.

In one of the fierce battles in the South a colored soldier stood with the standard well up in front. An officer tearing that the ensign would be captured, called out in the thick of the fight, "Come back with that flag!" The dusky hero replied, "Massa Cap'n, this year flag never go back; bring up dem men dar!" "Dem men dar" came up and turned the tide of battle.

A preacher took up a collection on Sunday and found, when his hat was returned, that there wasn't a penny in it. "I thank my God," said he, turning his hat up side down, and tapping the crown, of it with his hand, "that I have got my hat back from this congregation."

A clergyman in Northern Indiana ascended the pulpit the other Sunday and said: "No man can serve the Lord while he has the jumping toothache. I therefore dismiss the congregation."

L. WILBUR,

SNOHOMISH CITY, W. T.

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS,

Medicine and Chemicals.

PURE WINES and LIQUORS

FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.

PERFUMERY,

Fancy Toilet Articles, Cigars, &c. &c.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

ALL ARE INVITED TO CALL.

WADDELL & MILES.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

STOVES & RANGES,

TIN, COPPER, & JAPANED WARE

SUCTION AND FORCE PUMPS,

Lead and Iron Pipe,

GAS & STEAM PIPE FITTINGS

BRASS GOODS.

All work pertaining to the business done at short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

Give us a call.

SEATTLE, W. T.

v1:n8

The Silver Steel Diamond Cross-Cut Saw.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS.
E. C. ATKINS & CO.
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.



IS THE CHEAPEST SAW IN THE WORLD, because it is manufactured out of Edge Tool Steel, and has the best cutting principle yet applied to saws. Every Saw Warranted to cut from 25 to 30 cords of wood without filing. It is the easiest kept in order. It will require no gumming for a long time. Time is money, and in the same number of hours you can produce greater results with less labor. Send for a sample and it will make you our friend. PRICES, including Gauge and Handle—Six ft., \$5; Six and a half, \$9 75; Seven ft., \$10 50. Orders promptly filled by
E. C. FERGUSON, Agent, Snohomish City, W. T.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to me are expected to settle, by note or cash, immediately.
ISAAC CATHCART,
Proprietor Snohomish Exchange.

STOVES

—AND—

TIN WARE.

S. P. ANDREWS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cook and Parlor and Box Stoves

Pumps iron and Lead Pipe.

All job work pertaining to the business done in a workman-like manner.

ORDERS FROM ABROAD

Receive Prompt Attention,

Store on Commercial Street SEATTLE, W. T.

Wm. H. WARD, BLACKSMITH.

One Door West of Snohomish Exchange.

SNOHOMISH CITY, W. T.

All orders received at this shop will be attended to with neatness and dispatch.

FARMERS WILL BEAR IN MIND THAT IN ORDER TO GET ONE OF THE

Improved horse Hay

Forks

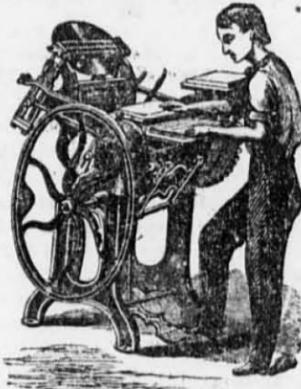
They must leave their orders in time

All tools used in Logging Camps made to order, and as cheap as can be got on the Sound.

v1:n1

NORTHERN STAR JOB OFFICE.

Snohomish City, W. T.



A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Business and Legal Blanks on HAND.

All kinds of job work

IN THE

BEST STYLE AT REASONABLE

PRICES.

Ladies' Visiting Cards

A SPECIALTY.

Chas. Naeher,

WATCHMAKER

AND JEWELER.

LARGEST & CHEAPEST STORE

IN THE TERRITORY.

Watches and Jewelry Carefully Repaired and warranted.

SEATTLE, WASH. TERR.

63

S. BAXTER & CO.,

Importers & Commission Merchants,

—AND DEALERS IN—

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines, Liquors,

AND CIGARS.

—AGENTS FOR—

J. H. CUTTER WHISKIES.

WHITE HOUSE WHISKIES.

UNIVERSAL WHISKY.

A full assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cordials always on hand and for sale at low rates. We call special attention to our

Extensive Stock of Cigars

FOR SALE AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR FURS.

FRONT STREET SEATTLE, W. T.

M. W. PACKARD,

D. B. JACKSON

PACKARD & JACKSON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, HATS, & CAPS, CROCKERY.

BOOTS & SHOES,

Groceries and PROVISIONS, TOBACCO and Cigars

We keep for sale the best Brand of Oregon Flour in the Market.

A NEW INVOICE OF

JEWELRY, WATCHES and CHAINS; WARRANTED PURE MATERIALS and as cheap as can be purchased anywhere in the Territory.

BUTTER, EGGS, HAY, HIDES,

SHINGLES, SHIP KNEES and LOGS,

Taken in Exchange for Merchandise.

v1:n1

An Anecdote of Mrs. Hayes.

The Warren (Ohio) Tribune says: The simplicity of manners which makes Gov. Hayes and family so popular with the people is well illustrated by an incident which occurred in 1862. Colonel Hayes then in camp with his regiment at Marlinton, West Virginia. While there Mrs. Hayes visited her husband and made a short sojourn in camp.

James Parker, of Mesopotamia, Trimble county, was a good natured, jolly "boy" in one of the companies of Hayes' regiment. Soon after Mrs. Hayes' arrival and before it was known to all the boys, Parker was expressing his regrets to some of his comrades that there was no one to mend his blouse and put pockets in it. One of them replied: "Why, Jim, why don't you take it to the woman who does the sewing for the regiment and get her to fix it?" "I didn't know there was such a woman. Where is she?" asked Parker. "She's up in the Colonel's tent," said his comrade, "and if you take your blouse up there she'll mend it for you. That's what she's there for."

The unsophisticated Parker at once started for the Colonel's tent, blouse in hand. Col. Hayes politely returned his salute, invited him in, and inquired what he wanted. He replied that he wanted his blouse mended and pockets put in it, and that he understood there was a woman there to do sewing for the regiment. The Colonel took in the situation at once. With a merry twinkle in his eyes he called to Mrs. Hayes and asked her if she could fix the soldier's blouse. She promptly accepted the job and told Parker to call for it in the afternoon.

When Parker returned to his comrades they were looking out for some fun. "Where's your blouse?" they asked. "Why, I left it with the woman to be fixed," said Parker. And when, in answer to their further questioning, he told them how the Colonel received him and how kindly the woman undertook the job of fixing his blouse, the boys could tell whether the joke was on Jim or on himself; and when later in the afternoon Parker appeared with his blouse neatly mended and two ample pockets in it, he was the hero of his company.

It may well be imagined that the incident did not lessen the popularity of the gallant Colonel and his wife. Poor Jim died in the service, and his name, with many others is engraved on the beautiful monument at Mesopotamia.

The Angel's Toe a Little Too Long.

A very celebrated painter drew a picture of a terrific thunderstorm. The reception was grand. Lovers of the art wondered at it, and even the ignorant admired it. They were filled with awe as they looked upon the grandeur of the scene, and envied the skill that could so vividly present "the fearful frown of angry nature." Over the swaying forests, and falling trees, and frightened herds, and the dark, rolling clouds, and the scene of general devastation, he placed an angel, to heighten the effect by the contrast. The picture was supposed to be very near perfect.

But was anything ever so grand and soul-inspiring, so near perfection, as to escape adverse criticism? To find fault seems to be the very mission of some men, as they interpret their mission. Nothing can exactly suit them. They search for defects, are sure to imagine, at least, that they find them, and are as certain as death to announce their discovery. They fail to see the beautiful, the grand, and the good. One of these objectors, after viewing the picture for some time with a very puzzled expression, was asked his opinion. Not a word of praise came from him. No.

He was looking for defect, and so, pointing to the angel in the picture he said: "I think that toe, just there, is a little too long." The picture of the thunderstorm was a failure. Nothing in it was to commend. His soul was not touched; the angel's toe was just a little too long, according to his notion, and he spoiled all. You laugh at this? Well, now, that you are not laughing at your own self, and in a matter too serious for smiles.

PROSPECTUS

—OF THE—

UNITARIAN ADVOCATE.

A Monthly Publication devoted to the interests of Liberal Christianity upon this coast.

TERMS—ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

D. N. UTTER, EDITOR & PROP'R.

IF YOU ARE A UNITARIAN,

In faith, it becomes your immediate duty to subscribe for this, the first publication of the kind west of the Mississippi, for the extremely low subscription price brings it within the reach of all, while it makes necessary a large subscription list in order to meet expenses.

IF NOT A UNITARIAN,

There is a possibility that you may not fully understand our principles and doctrines, and to take our paper for a year, which many could afford out of mere curiosity to do, would be a sure method of becoming fully informed concerning our faith, our works and our hopes.

IF YOU ARE OPPOSED TO US,

It might still be necessary to take the paper, to learn our tactics—the best method of hindering our progress.

Subscribe Now! at the beginning of the new year, that you may have the paper from its first number. Send silver or gold (\$1) in registered letter or postal order for \$1 25, or \$1 25 in currency. Address 524f D. N. UTTER, Olympia, W. T.

W. H. Pumphrey,

SEATTLE, W. T.

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER.

Always keep large stock of everything usually kept in a first class

BOOK STORE.

Pianos & Organs,

SOLD ON THE

Installment Plan.

EASTERN

News Papers

AND **Magazines**

furnished at Publishers' prices in coin. Cash strictly in advance.

Hall & Paulson,

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Furniture, Bedding,

Window Curtains,

Picture Frames,

Windows, Doors,

and blinds.

Seattle, W. T.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

160 acres of good land lying near the mouth of the Skykomish River, with 15 acres cleared and 75 bearing fruit trees, for sale at a bargain. For further particulars enquire of W. H. ALE

of W. M. PACKARD.

v1 n:34

CUSTOM MADE Boots and shoes.

Manufactured and Sold wholesale and Retail BY

BENJ. VINCENT
Main st., Olympia, W. T.

Latest styles Boots and shoes made to order. All work warranted and satisfaction guaranteed.

Also agent for the celebrated

NEW WEED "Family Favorite" SEWING MACHINE.

Why is it the Best?

IT IS THE MOST SIMPLE, DURABLE, PERFECT.

It runs easy and quiet, Has no cums for shuttle motion, Has no springs to get out of order, The needle is set correctly without screw-driver, or tool of any kind.

It can be cleaned or oiled without lifting from the table; and the best thing of all, It has Perfect Self Adjusting Tension. Call and examine this Machine before buying elsewhere.

v1 n:8.6m. BENJ. VINCENT.

NORTH PACIFIC MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION.

Portland, Oregon,

INCORPORATED 1874,

CAPITAL \$100,000 00 Gold

Coin Basis. DIRECTORS.

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MORSE, Gen'l Agent;

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J. L. ATKINSON.

LIVE ACTIVE AGENTS

Wanted.

Apply to

J. H. Munson,

Supt't Agencies, Olympia,

Washington Territory.

v1 n:22 4m.

Puget Sound Stone Yard!

Foot of Second street

SEATTLE, W. T

Every Variety of

CEMETERY WORK,

HEAD STONES,

Monuments, &c.,

Executed in marble and other stones, with neatness and dispatch.

All Orders Promptly Filled.

Also all kinds of

Masons building material

KEPT FOR THE MARKET.

All Orders Addressed To

M. J. CARKEEK,

PROPRIETOR.

v1 20.

DOLLY VARDEN SALOON

FRONT STREET, NEAR THE PAVILION SEATTLE, W. T.

At the DOLLY VARDEN WINES, LIQUORS, BEER AND CIGARS,

Of the BEST QUALITY, will always be served to our customers.

CUTTER'S OLD BOURBON WHISKEY

AND THE BEST CIGARS IN SEATTLE, Are the specialties at this house.

SMITH & JEWETT.
Proprietors.

v1:4

E. SHONE.

K. SHONE

RIVER SIDE HOTEL!

SNOHOMISH CITY, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Shone Brothers

Having recently leased this convenient and well known Hotel

Building, for a Term of Years and refitted it in good style, beg leave to inform the community that they are now prepared to accommodate the public. They propose keeping a strictly

First Class Hotel

The Table will be supplied with the best the market affords.

FIRST QUALITY OF WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS ALWAYS ON HAND

Every attention will be shown for the convenience of the patrons of This House.

HARDWARE!

Wholesale & Retail.

MECHANICS' TOOLS

CIRCULAR SAWS

OUR SPECIALTY.

and

FARMING

MACHINERY OF

Implement,

All Kinds Fur-

LOGGERS' TOOLS

NISHED TO ORDER AT

&c. &c. &c.

Factory Prices

Patent Ground hin Back Cross-Cut Saws.

Country Orders

Wusthoff & Wald,

Promptly Filled.

P. O. Box 52,

Seattle, W. T.

Pinkham & Saxe,

DEALERS IN

CLOTHING AND GENT FURNISHING GOODS,

SEATTLE, W. T.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF

Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, & Under Clothing of all kinds.

We sell the best goods for the least money of any place on the Sound.

Give us a Call.

PINKHAM & SAXE.

"Speaking of bathing," says Mrs. Parlington, "some can bathe with perfect impunity in water as cold as Greenland's icy mountains and India's coral strands; but for my part I prefer to have the water a little tepid."

SNOHOMISH CITY MARKET REPORT.

Table listing market prices for various goods including Milk Cows, Work Oxen, Beef Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Pigs, Groceries, Provisions, Bacon, Pork, Chickens, Eggs, Flour, Wheat, Butter, Hides, Potatoes, Oats, Ground Barley, Hay, Beans, Syrup, Dried Apples, Nails, Course salt, Tobacco, Coal Oil, Cabbage, Turnips, Apples, Wood, Shingles, Ship Knives, Logs, Hewed Timber.

SAN FRANCISCO GRAIN MARKET.

Table listing grain market prices for Wheat, Barley, Oats, Rye, Buckwheat, Hops, Ground Barley, Hay.

PLUMB BAKERY.

SNOHOMISH CITY, WASH. TERR. Bread, Pies and Cakes. Constantly on hand. Bails and parties supplied, and all kinds of pastry cooking done to order on short notice.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

ORIENTAL HOTEL.

SECOND STREET, SEATTLE, W. T. N. LOUIS, Proprietor. Board and Lodging by the week, Single meal, Beds. The house is newly built, hard finished throughout, has large and well furnished rooms, and first class board, on the European plan. Baggage conveyed to and from the house free of charge.

JOHN B. PILKINGTON, M. D.

Late Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear in the Medical Department of Willamette University. OFFICE IN DEKUM'S BLOCK, PORTLAND, - - - OREGON. All Surgical Diseases of the EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT Skillfully Performed. Cataract Extracted, And Cross Eyes straightened. Artificial Eyes—a large assortment of the best French manufacture always on hand. DEAFNESS, and all Discharges from the Ear, and Nasal Catarrh particularly treated. Diseases of Women Nervous Complaints and Lung Disorders also my specialties. Any number of first-class references given.

PHANTOM EXPRESS

TO WHIDBY ISLAND AND DUNGENESS. Until further notice the Steamer Phantom will leave Port Townsend daily (Sundays excepted) as follows: FOR WHIDBY ISLAND at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Whidby Island at 11 A. M. Passengers can be assured of making the trip from Compeville to Port Townsend in one hour by this route. Every Monday and Thursday the Steamer Phantom will leave Port Townsend for Dungeness at 12 o'clock, noon. Passengers and Freight as Low as by any other route.

Seattle Steamboat Directory.

FOR VICTORIA.—Steamer North Pacific, Clancy master, leaves every Monday and Thursday at 5 A. M. FOR OLYMPIA.—Steamer Messenger, Parker master, leaves every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 A. M.; Steamer Zephyr, Wright master, leaves every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 7 A. M. FOR WHATCOM AND WAY PORTS.—Steamer J. B. Libby, Brannon master, leaves every Monday and Friday, at 7 A. M. FOR SNOHOMISH CITY.—Steamer Nellie, D. Hill master, leaves every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 8 A. M. FOR SKAGIT AND LAJONNE.—Steamer Fanny Lake, J. S. Hill master, leaves every Tuesday and Friday, at 7 A. M. FOR TOWNSEND, SAN JUAN, ORCAS ISLAND, LOPEZ, SEMIABO AND WHATCOM.—SIE. Dispatch, Monroe master, leaves every Thursday, at 10 P. M. FOR FREEPORT AND BLAKELY.—Steamer Success, Nugent master, leaves every day, at 3 P. M. FOR TACOMA, EN ROUTE TO PORTLAND.—Str. Alida, Browner master, every day, after P. M. FROM SAN FRANCISCO.—Pacific Mail steamers leave San Francisco 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE. Default has been made in the sum of \$4,800 10/100 Judgement and costs which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice on a certain Mortgage bearing date of February 16th, 1876, executed by David Kellogg and Anna L. Kellogg his wife, of the city of Seattle, King County, W. T. to James M. Coleman of the same place and recorded in Book No. 2 of Mortgages at page 264 and 265 on the 28th day of February A. D. 1876. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a Decree of Foreclosure and Order of Sale issued out of the District Court of the third Judicial District holding terms at Seattle, in and for the Counties of King and Kitsap to me directed and delivered, and in the Statutes in such cases made and provided, the premises covered and described in said Mortgage, to wit: lots No. one (1) two (2) and three (3) of Section No. one, Township thirty-two North, Range three East containing 167 95/100 Acres, situate in Snohomish County, W. T. will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, gold coin of the United States; in Snohomish City at the door of the Auditors office, in said county of Snohomish on the 13th day of April A. D. 1877, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. Dated at Snohomish City this 15th day of March A. D. 1877. BENJ. STRETCH Sheriff of Snohomish County. 62-4w By Wm. Whitfield, Deputy.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE. Default has been made in the sum of \$4,830 Judgement and an Attorney's fee, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, on a certain Mortgage bearing date of February 16th A. D. 1876 executed by Gardner Kellogg and Sarah A. Kellogg his wife, of Seattle, King County, Washington Territory, to James M. Coleman of same place, and recorded in Book 2 of Mortgages at page 266 and 267 on the 28th day of February A. D. 1876. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that in pursuance of a decree of Foreclosure and Order of Sale issued out of the District Court of the third Judicial District, holding terms at Seattle in and for the counties of King and Kitsap, to me directed and delivered, and of the Statutes in such cases made and provided, the premises covered and described in said Mortgage, to wit: lots No. three (3), four (4) and five (5) of section numbered six in township No. thirty-one North, range four East containing eighty-six and thirty-one one hundredths acres (excepting two acres situate as follows: commencing at a point 200 feet west of the barn, running south to Hart's slough, thence west, thence north, thence east to place of beginning to contain two acres and to be used as a landing) situate in Snohomish County Washington Territory, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, gold coin of the United States, at the door of the Auditors office in said county of Snohomish on the 13th day of April A. D. 1877 between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. Dated at Snohomish City this 15th day of March A. D. 1877. BENJ. STRETCH Sheriff of Snohomish County 62-4w By Wm. Whitfield Deputy.

THE PACIFIC TRIBUNE!

DAILY AND WEEKLY. Seattle, W. T. The Daily is the oldest, largest, and best in the Territory. The Weekly, now in its sixteenth year of publication, contains more reading matter than any of its Territorial contemporaries. The contents of both will include the fullest home news, editorial matter, the latest telegrams from abroad, correspondence, interesting miscellany, &c. TERMS: Daily per annum, \$10; Weekly, \$3. Advertising desired, and inserted on reasonable terms. Address: THOS. W. PROSCH, Publisher, 114.

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COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE.

BUREAUS, CENTER TABLES, CHAIRS,

Parlor & Chamber Sets

CURTAINS, PICTURE FRAMES, MOULDINGS, ETC.

54th

B. A. HILL & SON

MANUFACTURERS OF

G. V. B. Reeder's

WIRE-SUSPENSION, VIBRATING

SPRING BEDS.

Excel for Cheapness, Durability and Convenience. Made of the best spring wire. Are the softest, most elastic and strongest bed in use.

Warranted for Five Years.

First Premium

Awarded them at the Fair at Olympia, Oct. 1876, and at every other Fair where exhibited on this coast. County Rights for sale in Oregon and Washington Territory. Bedsteads on hand, to be sold cheap for cash.

YESLER'S WHARF,

SEATTLE, W. T.

JOHN PIKE, Agent for Snohomish. 481

L. HANSON,

BLACKSMITH.

SNOHOMISH CITY, WASH. TERR.

Is ready to do all kinds of Loggers' and Farmers' Blacksmith Work with

NEATNESS AND DISPATCH.

SHOP — IN THE UPPER TOWN.

Call and see my work.

WM. H. WALE,

DESIGNER & ARCHITECT,

Carpenter, Contractor and BOAT BUILDER.

All work entrusted to his care will be done with NEATNESS and DISPATCH.

CHARGES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Places of business at the old BLUE EAGLE BUILDING, Union Avenue, SNOHOMISH CITY, W. T.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ELDRIDGE MORSE,

Lawyer; SNOHOMISH.

P. M. ELLSWORTH. G. H. HANFORD.

Ellsworth & Hanford,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

OFFICE—IN FRAUENTHAL BUILDING, Commercial street, Seattle.

Practice in all the courts of the Territory. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases.

Dr. A. C. FOLSOM,

Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Northern Star building, up stairs.

W. M. TIRTLOT,

Lawyer,

Notary Public and Conveyancer.

Snohomish City, W. T. v1:35

C. B. LARRABEE. I. M. HALL. W. R. ANDREWS.

Larrabee, Hall & Andrews,

COUNSELORS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

SEATTLE.....WASH. TERR.

H. C. VINING,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.,

MUKILTEO, W. T.

Full stock of Blanks on hand. Business done with accuracy and 1:24 dispatch.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

By virtue of an execution issued out of the District Court of Snohomish County, Washington Territory, in the action of Granville O. Hajler against John S. Le Ballister and orange S. Kellogg, partners doing business under the firm name of Le Ballister & Kellogg, duly attested the 21st day of March A. D. 1877, I have duly levied upon all those certain lots, pieces and parcels of land known and described as the south half of the northwest quarter and the east half of the southwest quarter (a 1/2 of nw 1/4 and e 1/2 of sw 1/4) of section fourteen (14) in township thirty north, of range five (5) east, in Snohomish county, W. T. Notice is hereby given that on FRIDAY, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1877, at the hour of 10 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House door of Snohomish county, in Snohomish city, W. T., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, gold coin of the United States, the whole of said premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the judgment and the costs of the action, according to said execution. BENJ. STRETCH, Sheriff of Snohomish County. G. MORRIS HALLER, Attorney for Plaintiff. 63-4w

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of sale and judgment issued out of the District Court of Snohomish county, Washington Territory, in the suit of Robert C. Hill against Perlin C. Preston and George W. Preston, duly attested the 21st day of March, A. D. 1877, I have duly levied upon all those certain lots, pieces and parcels of land known and described by the maps and plats of the U. S. Surveys at the U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T., as lots 1, 2 and 3 of section 7; lot 4, and the nw 1/4 of the sw 1/4, and the s 1/2 of the sw 1/4, and the e 1/2 of the ne 1/4 and e 1/2 nw 1/4 of section 17, in township 29 N., of range 5 east, containing 818 acres, more or less, and situated in Snohomish county, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that on FRIDAY, the 27th day of April, A. D. 1877, at the hour of 10 o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court House door of Snohomish county in Snohomish city, W. T., I will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, gold coin of the United States, the whole of the said mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the mortgage and the costs of the action, according to said order of sale. BENJ. STRETCH, Sheriff of Snohomish County. G. MORRIS HALLER, Attorney for Plaintiff. 63-4w

National Business College.

EDUCATES THOROUGHLY FOR BUSINESS

Receives students any week-day of the year. State of advancement not material.

Day and Evening Sessions

The year through.

Instruction Individual

College "Journal" sent free upon application. Address,

DeFrancis & White,

v1:44. Lock Box 104, Portland, Ogn.

Notice!

WHAT is a single man to do? The merchant and hotel keepers give notice that after a certain date no credit will be given. There is but one remedy. All those indebted to me must come forward and settle up, or else their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney.

50-41 A. C. FOLSOM.

PIONEER

Variety Store!

CORNER MILL & SECOND STS., SEATTLE, W. T.

An Extensive Stock of

House Furnishing Goods!

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, BEDSTANDS, BEDSTEADS, HARDWARE,

Charter Oak

Cooking

STOVES!

Tinware, Cutlery, Carpets and Mattings, Chambersets, Chairs, Tables, Overland Baskets and other Wood Ware.

Special attention paid to fitting Keys to Locks. Dealer in all kinds of new and second-hand Goods.

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