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SEATTLE GAZETTE

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THE UNRETURNING BRAVE

The swallows build beneath the eaves, As in the days ago; The wheaten fields are all ablaze, And in and out the west wind plays Amid the tasseled corn.

The sunshine falls as warm and bright, The clover fields are red; The wild bird wakes his simple song, As joyfully the whole day long, As if he were not dead.

The thoughtful skies, with mother care, Their rains and sunshine send; And, standing in the farm-house door, I see, dotting the landscape o'er, The flocks he used to tend.

The wild rose and the jessamine blow Beside the window sill; Their tender moan is in the air, For the dear hands that placed them there Are lying crossed and still.

About the hill, the summer folds Her wealth of golden light; And, past the willow's silvery gleam, I catch the glimmer of the stream, And lilies cool and white.

But, oh! a shadow darkens all The sunshine and the bloom; The voice whose kind and loving words Were sweeter than the song of birds, Is silent in the tomb.

How can the summer fall so gay About our farm-house door, When all the quiet ways he trod— Through leafy wood or blooming sod— Shall know him nevermore?

HEARTS AND FACES.

Can you judge by a smile who is gay, Nor once be misled by the token? I know that I laughed aloud one day From a heart that was almost broken.

But my laughter rang false, do you say? Or tears followed very soon after. You are wrong; for I wept not that day, And my laugh was the merriest laughter.

That my grief was not deep, you maintain, Since I found it so easy to cover; But I tell you I writhed with the pain, And one writhes not when anguish is over.

For my own part, I scarcely believe That sighing can mean only sadness; And I wholly misdoct, you perceive, That laughter must always prove gladness.

Are you sure it is grief when a tear starts? Can you trust smiles of mirth in all places? If aught can be false than human hearts, It must surely be human faces!

NEVER "KNOCK UNDER."—No, never. Always rally your forces for a more desperate attack upon adversity. If calamity assail you, and the world—as it is apt to do in such cases—takes part with your traducers, don't turn moody and misanthropic, or, worse still, seek to drown your unhappiness in dissipation. Bide your time. Disprove the slander if you can; if not, live it down. If poverty come upon you like a thief in the night—what then? Let it rouse you, as the presence of a real thief would do, to energetic action. No matter how deeply you may have got into hot water—always provided that you do not help the Father of Lies to heat it—your case, if you are made of the right sort of stuff, is not desperate; for it is in accord with the divine order and sweep of things, that life should have no difficulties which an honest, determined man, with Heaven's help, cannot surmount.

CAPTAIN CLARK, of the Norfolk Post, tells the following tough story about the weather in that city, July 5th:

"The heat was so intense yesterday that several individuals were melted, and have entirely disappeared. We watched our thermometer until it ran up some hundreds, when we frantically seized it and doused the 'darned thing' into the water-cooler. We fixed that thermometer. It was below zero in a minute, and the weather gradually cooled down."

COLERIDGE was acknowledged to be a bad rider. One day, while riding through a street, he was thus accosted by a would-be wit: "I say, do you know what happened to Balaam?" Came the answer quick and sharp: "The same has happened to me. An ass spoke to him!"

The peach was originally a poisonous almond. Its fleshy parts were used to poison arrows, and the fruit was, for this purpose, introduced into Persia. The transplantation and cultivation, however, not only removed its poisonous qualities, but produced the delicious fruit we now enjoy.

By watering beans with sulphate of iron they will grow to double the ordinary size, and acquire a much better taste. A like effect is produced in the case of other vegetables. Water kept in a tub with a quantity of old nails in it will be found beneficial for watering purposes.

DETAILS OF EASTERN NEWS.

DATES TO OCT. 29th.

New York, Oct. 21.—The Post's special says: The President has not yet made a decision in the case of Wirz.

The following proclamation has been issued by the President: WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God during the year now coming to an end to relieve our beloved land from the fearful ravages of civil war, and to permit and secure the blessing of peace and unity, with a great enlargement of civil liberty, and whereas, our Heavenly Father has also during the year averted from us the horrors of a foreign war, pestilence and famine, while our granaries are full of the fruits of a successful season; and, whereas, virtue is exalted while sin is a reproach to any people, now therefore,

I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby recommend to the people thereof, the first Thursday of December as a day of National Thanksgiving to the Creator of the universe for these deliverances and blessings: I do further recommend that the whole people make confession of our national sins against His infinite goodness, and with one heart and one mind, implore Divine guidance in ways of national virtue and holiness.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and cause the seal of the United States to be attached, Done in the city of Washington, this 28th day of October, A. D. 1865, and of the independence of the United States the ninetieth.

ANDREW JOHNSON, President of U. S.

WM. H. SEWARD, Sec'y of State.

New York, Oct. 28.—The Senate of the Fenian Congress reassembled at the Astor House. The chair was occupied by Priest Roberts. The session was strictly private and the attendance confined to members. It is known that the principal business transacted related to the sale of bonds of the future Republic, which will be ready next week. Several members said that they would subscribe for the bonds. The Senate intends to establish their headquarters permanently in a large hall in this city in a few days.

Canadian News.

Toronto, C. W., Oct. 27.—The Leader to-day has an article advising the Government to take the arms from the vaults lest the Fenians should get them, and to establish patrols on the frontiers, and inaugurate the passport system. A fearful state of alarm exists here.

The jury in the Saunders kidnapping case are still locked up. A raid upon the Canadian Banks by the Fenians is expected.

California News.

San Francisco, Oct. 28.—The eastern line is still down. The case of the People vs. Thomas Maguire, charged with threatening to demolish the bones of Vestfall, the magnificent, has been postponed until next Tuesday, when the complainant will testify before the police court, as to the threats alleged to have been made by Maguire, and the circumstances which called them forth.

Charles Conblem and Henry Solomon, who were arrested for extorting ten dollars from a cigar dealer named Westerland, under the pretence that they were United States revenue officers, have both been held to answer before the county court to the charge of obtaining money under false pretences, and their bail was fixed at \$50 each.

An order from headquarters has been issued directing the commanding officer at the Presidio to keep Capt. Hill, now on trial for murder in close confinement under guard, and holding the commanding officer aforesaid responsible for his safe keeping.

Brevet Brigadier General W. A. French has been appointed commander of Fort Point, to relieve Col. A. L. Anderson, Gen. French is also appointed Inspector of Artillery for forts and batteries in the harbor of San Francisco.

The bodies of J. S. Denton and Charles H. Belden, the former late Purser of the steamship Brother Jonathan, and the latter Assistant Paymaster, both of whom were lost on that ill-fated vessel, arrived here last night by the Del Norte.

Charles Jansen, one of the parties injured by the explosion of the Yosemite, has commenced suit in the 15th District Court against the California Steam Navigation Company to recover \$21,525 damages for injuries received and for moneys expended for surgical and medical treatment on account of the explosion of the Yosemite. Plaintiff was thrown into the air and fell through the deck on to the boiler whereby his right leg was broken and he was severely scalded.

He has expended \$1,025, in consequence, and demands \$20,000 additional damages. A meeting of the workmen engaged in different branches of manufacturing machinery, have called a meeting for Friday evening next, at Dashway Hall, to protest against a repeal of the Specific Contract Law, and to endorse the report of the Chamber of Commerce on the same.

Mrs. Mary Baldwin, the aged lady who cut her throat, lately, died last evening of her self-inflicted wounds.

MANUFACTORIES.

A Lowell, Massachusetts, paper, under date of Sept. 25th, says the manufacturing companies of that city are increasing their productions of goods as fast as the additional help, necessary to enable them to do so, can be obtained. In some instances, messengers have been dispatched to Canada, and to distant parts of the New England States, to procure operatives. The efforts of these agents have been partially successful, although there is an actual scarcity of experienced operatives, who are willing to vacate new fields of labor, opened since the commencement of the war, to resume their old positions in the factories. New beginners, in considerable numbers, are coming into the city every week. Below we give the number of operatives employed by the different incorporated manufacturing establishments of the city, together with the kinds of goods manufactured. The statement of the number employed is as nearly correct as is possible, considering the fact that changes are constantly taking place:

Lawrence Manufacturing Company.—Number of operatives employed—Males, 250; females, 400; total, 650. Fifty thousand yards of sheetings and shirtings, and four thousand dozen pairs of hosiery are manufactured by this company per week, at the present time. Shirtings and sheetings and hosiery of cotton and wool, are the only goods at present manufactured by this company.

Tremont Mills.—Number of operatives employed, 600. Goods manufactured—shirtings, sheetings, denims, cotton flannel and heavy woolen shirtings. Four hundred and fifty cotton weaving looms are now in the mill of the company. Three hundred additional hands could here find employment.

Suffolk Manufacturing Company.—Number of hands employed, 400. Goods manufactured, fancy cassimeres and flannels, cotton sheetings, etc.

Merrimack Manufacturing Company.—Operatives employed on cotton work—males, 258; females, 981, total 1239; number employed on print works—males, 188; females, 26; total 214. Goods manufactured, printing-cloths and calicoes.

Boott Cotton Mills.—Operatives employed, 700. Goods manufactured, printing-cloths, drills, fine sheetings and shirtings.

Massachusetts Cotton Mills.—Operatives employed—males, 173; females, 305; total, 478. Goods manufactured, heavy sheetings.

Prescot Cotton Mills.—(Owned by same Company) Operatives employed—males 70, females, 150; total, 220. Goods manufactured, fine sheetings.

Middlesex Company.—Operatives employed, 800. Goods manufactured, shawls, ladies' cloths, cassimeres, beavers, etc.

Hamilton Manufacturing Company.—Operatives employed—cotton works, 1,000; in print works, 200. Goods manufactured, delaines, balmorals, cotton flannels, tickings, stripes, prints, armures.

Appleton Company.—Operatives employed—males, 120; females, 300. Goods manufactured, sheetings and shirtings, Nov. 13, 17 and 22.

Lowell Manufacturing Company.—Operatives employed, 1,300. Goods manufactured, all-wool carpetings, and ladies' dress goods of cotton and wool.

Lowell Machine Shop.—Machine work, locomotive, and stationary engines, machinists' tools, &c. Workmen employed, 650.

The following is the number of operatives employed by the various companies in August, 1865, compared with the number in January, 1861:

	1861	1865
Lawrence	1800	650
Tremont	680	600
Suffolk	670	400
Merrimack	2151	1239
Boott	1182	700
Massachusetts	1671	698
Middlesex	750	800
Hamilton	1250	1200
Appleton	620	420
Lowell	1270	1800
Lowell Machine Shop	450	650
Belvidere Woolen Mills	150	150
Total	12,044	8,807

The statistics in regard to the Lowell Bleachery are omitted, not having been obtained in season for to-day's paper. The figures, however, can alter the aggregate but little.

NOBLE SENTIMENTS.—Condemn no man, says John Wesley, for not thinking as you think. Let every man enjoy the full and free liberty of thinking for himself. Let every man use his own judgement, since every man must give an account of himself to God. Abhor every approach, in any degree, to the spirit of persecution. If you cannot reason or persuade a man into the truth, never attempt to force him into it. If love will not compel him to come, leave him to God, the judge of all.

EXCITING INCIDENT AT NIAGARA FALLS.

Professor Ruggles, of Dartmouth College, had a narrow escape at Niagara Falls, recently. While walking on Goat Island, in company with some ladies, one of them lost her parasol, which dropped some ten or fifteen feet down the bank of the river. The Professor went down and picked it up, but on attempting to return, the bank being steep and the ground hard, lost his footing and fell down to the very brink of the precipice, which, at this point, is eighty or ninety feet high. Here he caught hold of the roots of an up-turned tree, the trunk of which hangs over the abyss. The shock caused the tree to shake violently, and it appeared on the point of falling over the precipice. The ladies shrieked and called for help, but no assistance was at hand. A movement on the part of Mr. Ruggles, or a gust of wind, seemed sufficient to cause the tree to fall.

At this critical moment one of the ladies took off her basquine and skirt, cut them into strips, got shawls and other articles of clothing from the rest of the party, tied them together, fastened a stone to the rope thus formed, and let it down to Mr. Ruggles, who, taking hold of it, walked slowly up the bank. It was a moment of fearful suspense. The rope was held firmly by the ladies above, but it might untie or break, and a fall of a hundred feet, upon the rocks below, must be the inevitable result.

When Mr. Ruggles reached terra firma, his fair rescuer, who had shown such remarkable presence of mind, fainted, and was carried home in an unconscious state.

CHANCE FOR A SPINSTER.—A young man in Aroostook county, Alabama, advertising for a wife, speaks of himself as follows: "I am eighteen years old, have a good set of teeth, and believe in Andy Johnson, the Star Sangled Banner and the Fourth of July. I have taken up a State lot, cleared up eighteen acres last year, and seeded ten of them down. My buckwheat looks first-rate, and the oats and potatoes are belly. I have nine sheep, a two-year-old bull, and two heifers, besides a good house and barn. I want to get married. I want to buy bread and butter, hoopskirts and waterfalls, for some person of the female persuasion, during life. That's what's the matter with me, but I don't know how to do it."

An urchin of ten summers was sent to school for the first time. The teacher, to test his acquisitions, asked him: "Who made you?" The boy couldn't answer. The teacher told him the proper answer, and desired him to remember it. Some hours after, the teacher repeated the question. The boy, after rubbing his head for some time in a brown study, replied: "I swear, sir, I've forgotten the gentleman's name."

A clergyman called on a poor parishioner whom he found bitterly lamenting the loss of an only son, a boy four or five years of age. In the hope of consoling the afflicted woman, he remarked to her that "one so young could not have committed any very grievous sin; and that, no doubt, the boy was gone to Heaven." "Ah! sir," said the simple-hearted creature, "but Tommy was so shy, and they are all strangers up there."

Blessed is the man who giveth many costly presents to the young ladies, for he shall get his reward—in a horn. Blessed is he that hath no brains, but brass in abundance, for he shall be the ladies' favorite—Selah. Blessed is he who is always flat broke, for no man saith unto him, "lend me five dollars."

The two sons of the late Senator Douglas are students in the Catholic College at Georgetown, near Washington. They are five young men, devotedly attached to Mrs. Douglas, who, it will be remembered, is now their own mother, who on the other hand, has just cause to be proud of them. Their names are Stephen A., and Robert M.

Dr. Lancaster, one of the metropolitan coroners, makes the appalling statement that there are 12,000 mothers in London—the capital of "the most religious country on earth"—who have murdered their own children. Infanticide—actual willful child-murder—is terribly frequent in England.

The botanists tell us there is no such thing in nature as a black flower. We suppose they never heard of the "coal black rose."

The Boston Post says in that State, the apothecaries are forbidden to sell medicine on Saturday evening, that is liable to work on Sunday.

A young Kentucky giant, named Bud Bates, is seven feet tall, and weighs eight hundred and forty pounds.

WEBSTER'S New Dictionary contains 114,000 words. Few people, learned or unlearned, know or use over 20,000.

GEN. Banks has left New Orleans for the North, with no intention of returning to that city.

L. P. FISHER, is the authorized agent for the GAZETTE at San Francisco, California. E. M. WAITE, is agent for the GAZETTE at Victoria, V. I.

SPECIAL ELECTION.

In to-day's issue will be seen the proclamation of Acting Governor Evans, ordering a special election to be held in the Council District of King and Kitsap counties, on the 20th instant, to elect a Councilman to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. A. S. Mercer, Joint Councilman for this District. Some weeks ago we mentioned the probability of an election being held for a Councilman to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Mercer's resignation, and suggested that some good Union man be taken up and elected without opposition, thus avoiding a bitter and unprofitable contest at the present inauspicious time. There are many good and valid reasons why this course should be pursued. In order to advance the prosperity of the Territory and our local interests, it is necessary that we lay aside the differences heretofore existing, as far as possible, and work unitedly for these ends. The bitter strife, which for the last four years has raged so fiercely, is gradually subsiding, and at this time, to fan the smouldering embers of partisan hatred into flame by an exciting political contest, would be exceedingly unwise and injurious. Unwise, because by no possibility through party exertion can the result of the coming election be made to differ politically from that of the last; injurious, as it would divide us in sentiment and action in regard to local measures which we may want to undertake and accomplish, and lessen our chance for obtaining favors at the hands of the Legislature this winter. By the course suggested, we will avoid these disagreeable and unprofitable results, and gain in standing with both the National and Territorial Legislatures. We have heard many citizens express themselves in favor of this course, and we hope it may meet with general approval and be adopted.

SUGGILING.—We publish the following section of the law defining the punishment for smuggling, which may give information to some in the Sound country who have an inclination for that business. Many persons are not aware that there is any other penalty attached to the crime of smuggling, than seizure and confiscation of goods. This they will find is a mistake, as imprisonment and a heavy fine can be inflicted, and, in fact, in many instances at the present time, these penalties for violation of this law are being rigorously enforced: "That if any person shall knowingly or willfully, with intent to defraud the revenue of the United States, smuggle or clandestinely introduce into the United States any goods, wares, or merchandise subject to duty by law, and which shall have been invoiced, without paying or accounting for the duty, or shall make out, or pass, or attempt to pass through the custom-house, any false, forged, or fraudulent invoice, such person, her, or their aiders and abettors, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five thousand dollars, or imprisonment for any term of time not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the Court."—Act of 30th Aug., 1842, section 19.

A couple of gentlemen, who crossed the plains this summer, and whose families are now on White River, called at our office on Tuesday last. They are now looking at the country, before making selection of a locality in which to settle. They informed us that quite a large number of immigrants, who will cross to this side of the mountains in the spring, have stopped on the eastern side to winter, as their stock was too poor to cross this fall.

REV. D. BAGLEY has written to his friends in this place from San Francisco that, while in Oregon, on his way to the Bay City, Governor Gibbs told him that the whole party of ladies coming out with Mr. Mercer, could find homes in Oregon and not have to go farther south than Eugene City. Mr. Bagley will interest himself in finding homes for some of the party in San Francisco, while he is sojourning there.

REMOVAL.—The ladies Libby & Shorey have moved their store and millinery establishment from their former place of business in Masonic Hall building, to their new house on Commercial street, where they will keep on hand a fine assortment of ladies' dress and furnishing goods, and do work in the latest styles.

THEFT.—On Wednesday night last, Mr. Bush had a revolver stolen from his house in this place, and a man called Dutch Ned had two dollars taken; also, a canoe was stolen the same night belonging to Mr. Chase.

THANKSGIVING.—President Johnson has appointed the first Thursday of December, as a day of National thanksgiving and prayer to the Divine Ruler of nations, for the restoration of peace to the country.

A man named John Ewing was shot and killed at Rocky Bar, I. T., on the 14th ult., by Charles Ridgely.

MR. TRAYER, of the Fashion Saloon, will please accept our thanks for a bottle of delicious champagne.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY IN KENTUCKY—A GIRL SHOOT'S TWO MEN.

The Louisville Journal, Sept. 9th, contains the following: In the hurried account given of the killing of George Day, Jr., in yesterday's Journal, there were some inaccuracies as to details. Our contemporary of the Democrat publishes what seems to be a reliable version of the affair, taken from the confession of the homicide. We extract the following: "A young girl, by the name of Juan Stoniker, had gone to Sulphur Well for the purpose of procuring some cider. On the road home she met a man by the name of Mark Skean, and the two stopped in the woods they were passing through, to have a few minutes' conversation. Skean had his gun in his hand having been hunting. The girl states that while thus engaged in conversation, George Day, Sr., and George Day, Jr., advanced towards them with axes in their hands, they having been chopping wood. The Days at once commenced abusing Skean, and advanced towards them with their axes. Skean was inclined to run away, when she remarked: "Will you let these men scare you? they cannot make me run," at the same time seizing the gun. The Days then called her by various hard names, when she raised the gun and fired, the contents lodging in the breast of George Day, Jr., who instantly fell a corpse to the ground. The girl then took the gun and struck the old man two or three times over the head, knocking him insensible. The parties came to this city, a distance of seven or eight miles, surrendered themselves and are now in the county jail." The girl and Skean are still in custody, and will have a hearing before the criminal court at its present term. For this purpose, we learn, witnesses have been subpoenaed and are already in waiting, so that a speedy disposition will be made of the case.

The Alabama Reconstruction Convention, on the 23d of September, after an exciting debate of five days' duration, passed the following ordinance recognizing the utter destruction of slavery in that State, by a vote of 89 to 8: "Be it enacted by the people of the State of Alabama, in Convention assembled, that as the institution of slavery has been destroyed in the state of Alabama, hereafter there shall be neither slavery or involuntary servitude in this State otherwise than for the punishment of crime, whereof the party shall be duly convicted; and,

Be it further ordained, that the Constitution be amended by striking out all provisions in relation to slaves and slavery; and

Be it further ordained, that it shall be the duty of the Legislature at its next session, to pass such laws as will protect the freedmen of this State in the full enjoyment of all their rights of personal property, and guard the State against any evils that may arise from their sudden emancipation.

THE CANADIAN EXODUS.—The Montreal Herald says that Canada is being depopulated. The Catholic Bishop of Toronto lately stated that the great loss of people which his diocese had experienced, prevented him from rebuilding St. Patrick's Church at present. He said: "The young men are leaving the country in every direction." His clergy, at the last retreat had given him a census of their parishes. At the last Government census in 1861, the Catholics of Toronto diocese numbered 42,000 souls. By that given on the occasion referred to, it was found to contain only 30,000. In Toronto city alone, Catholics have gone away to the States to the number of 4,000. We have therefore, but 8,000 left. In Lower Canada it was much the same. The people were leaving in tens of thousands. Similar statements in reference to Lower Canada have appeared in all the French Canadian papers.

DEATH OF LORD PALMERSTON.—The telegraph announces the death of Lord Palmerston, on the 17th of October, after a short illness. For nearly half a century he has been a leading diplomatist of Europe, and has shaped the foreign policy of England during that time to a greater extent than any other of England's statesmen. Sagacious and far seeing, he was generally successful in diplomacy, but his talents and energy have always been exerted in the interest of the aristocratic class. In his death, the governing class of England has lost its ablest supporter, but what has been their great loss, may result in gain to the liberal party. Lord Palmerston has earned for himself a place amongst the names of the great, and has built for himself a monument in history as enduring as the fame of England.

ARSON AT PORT TOWNSEND.—Hydah Joe, a notorious character from Victoria, set fire to the Port Townsend Post Office, on Sunday night last. The fire was set in two places, but was fortunately discovered and extinguished before any damage was done. The incendiary was seized by the populace, who were on the point of hanging him, when the authorities appeared and took him in charge. All the Northern Indians have been driven from the place.

NEW CIDER.—Mr. Egan presented us with a pitcher of new cider on Thursday last, made from his orchard by himself. The cider was of excellent quality, and we duly appreciated the present, for which Mr. Egan will please accept our thanks.

John H. Scranton, formerly a prominent steamboat owner in Oregon and Washington Territory, died at Madison, Conn., on September 30th.

The Lewiston Radiator is about to be removed to Helena, Montana Territory.

Miscellaneous Items.

The munificence of the people of New England is often displayed by noble gifts to Harvard College, to which institution all Massachusetts men delight to do honor. The latest gift is that of Samuel Hooper, of Boston, who has established a foundation of fifty thousand dollars for a School of Mining and Practical Geology. This school is to be opened on the first Monday of next month, in connection with the Lawrence Scientific School. Mr. Hooper has suggested the names of Josiah D. Whitney, of California, Dr. Wolcott Gibbs, formerly of New York, and Professor Eustis of Cambridge, as a suitable faculty, and it is probable this choice will prevail. Young men desiring to enter the school may do so by communicating with the Dean of Lawrence School at Cambridge.

The Southern women who have petitioned President Johnson to pardon Davis, speak of him as "called from the retirement of his home to a position which he did not solicit, but which his manhood forbade him to decline." This is not quite accurate; they should have spoken of him as "leaving his place in the United States Senate in violation of his solemn oath of fidelity to the United States, to assume the position of chief of a traitorous conspiracy against the Union which had educated him in a national school, and received his oath of fidelity and allegiance, not merely as Senator, but as student and as soldier."

Parson Brownlow describes what he calls a "stern-wheel preacher." He is one who went into the rebellion with side wheels and double engines, chafing and fretting, and boasting and blowing that the South would achieve her independence, dressed in fine cloth and sporting his huge whiskers. He comes out with a shattered stern-wheel, and a one-horse engine, dressed in gray home-spun, asking to be allowed to take the amnesty oath, as a means of saving his property, and coolly saying that he never took any part in trying to break up the Government.

The distance now reached in Chicago Lake Tunnel for the water works is 3,500 feet, and the work is progressing at the rate of seventeen feet a day. The authorities confidently expect a completion of this gigantic labor of tunneling the lake for two miles, and the accompanying works, by the close of next year. The city has over 129 miles of water pipe laid and in operation. The income for water rates for the last fiscal year was \$224,902.

A business firm in Arkansas, says the Boston Journal, who was indebted to a house in this city to the amount of four thousand dollars previous to the breaking out of the rebellion, have within the past few days paid the debt, principal and interest. A member of the Arkansas firm is now in this city making purchases of goods.

General Joe Johnston has been defeated as a candidate for President of the Richmond and Danville Railroad. A majority of the stockholders voted for him, but the large vote of the State was cast against him. One Buford was his successful competitor.

The next Legislature of Indiana has a United States Senator to elect to succeed Henry S. Lane. Governor Morton, Speaker Colfax and his Colleague, Goddive S. Orth, are already named for the position. Daniel W. Voorhees is said to be the Democratic candidate.

The Canadian public debt exceeds \$75,000,000, more than three-fourths of which, strange to say, has been incurred within the last ten years. Political affairs in the Provinces are represented as in a very "ticklish" condition.

The Paris correspondent of the News says the son of the late President of the United States, Captain Lincoln, a youth of about nineteen, is now in Paris. He is studying for the bar, and has taken advantage of the vacation to come over and see some of the Old World.

A letter from Florence says that Thomas Ball has just completed a model for the statue of Edwin Forrest as "Carolanus," which he will immediately put in marble. The statue is six feet and a half high.

Marcus D. Buldard, a butcher, in a rencontre, a few days since, at Hicksville, Sacramento county, with a cattle dealer named Goss, shot the latter in the shoulder, inflicting a serious wound.

A marriage occurred in the gray of the morning in St. John's Church, Marysville, on the 17th ult. One of the young principals at the altar was named Gray.

A Committee has been formed in Cincinnati to erect a monument to Major General McPherson, the bravest of the brave, who fell at the siege of Atlanta.

Throughout South-western Virginia there is peace and plenty, and the growing corn crop is unparalleled for its promise of abundance.

Collector Webster at Baltimore, it is said, has thus far appointed army officers to positions in the custom house.

The oldest newspaper in the civilized world is the Gazette de Paris. It is now in its two hundred and thirty-fifth year.

A grandson of Lafayette is now in this country. September 14th he was present at a political meeting in Boston.

The number of regular battles fought during the late rebellion is two hundred and twenty-five.

Economy is no disgrace, it is better to live on a little, than to out live a great deal.

Farmers in the Great Salt Lake Valley are greatly elated over their abundant crops.

LATEST NEWS.

Death of Lord Palmerston.

Dates to Nov. 4.

Eastern News.

New York, Nov. 3.—Secretary McCullough and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue have tendered for consideration a circular regulating trade between the United States and Canada. The circular will be issued in a day or two.

The Washington special dispatch to the Herald says the conservative people can take heart. The prevalent rumors in reference to the sentence of Wirz, had no foundation. Statements are made that the President has the Andersonville jailer's case under close advisement, with a view to mitigation, as much as possible, his punishment. The Wirz trial did not bring out as much as was expected to implicate the rebel authorities in the Andersonville atrocities. The trial, according to the reports of the Radicals, was a sort of failure. Those who know the feelings of the Executive authorities, say that Wirz's punishment will not be death by hanging.

The Tribune's special dispatch says that Wirz has lately been fed on hospital diet at the Old Capitol, but yesterday he was put back on regular army rations, in consequence of the surgeon pronouncing him recovered. At breakfast, he flew into the greatest rage, pronouncing the feeding of a prisoner upon such food, an outrage upon him and disgraceful to a great nation.

Freedmen affairs on the Western frontier of Arkansas are represented as unfavorable. Garrett Davis and Brutus Clay having sued Gens. Palmer and Birdseye for abducting slaves, a counter suit has been brought before the Freedmen's Bureau against Davis and Clay, for abducting blacks to labor without pay, in violation of the laws of the United States.

It is understood that Gen. Longstreet arrived in Washington on Thursday and is desirous of obtaining a pardon, in order that he may be a candidate for Governor of his State, or be President of an Express Company.

Three hundred females and twenty-four males were discharged from the Treasury Department to-day, partly on account of a lack of work, and partly to make vacancies for disabled soldiers. Similar discharges were made by General Leslie, Chief Paymaster of the District of the East.

G. W. Spinner to-day ordered that the tax upon the deposit of a defaulting national bank cease the moment it fails to pay its liabilities; up to the present time, but one has failed.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Richmond correspondent of the Herald states that B. Fabian, charged with frauds in the New York Custom House, has been arrested. It is alleged that he was connected with a recent unlawful shipment of alcohol.

Paymaster Birney has been offered the alternative of restoring to the Government certain funds and be honorably discharged or take the chances of a trial.

The World's special says the Navy Department has ordered a race to take place between the Algonquin and the Winchester, "as soon as the former's engines can be put in order."

The Post Office Department yesterday transferred the great Southern mail to the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac line, by which it reaches Richmond nine hours sooner than by any other route.

California News.

San Francisco, Nov. 4.—Alexander Smith was arrested on Beal street, last evening, on a charge of incest—his own daughter being a witness to his crime.

The Grand Jury yesterday dismissed the complaint against J. J. Ayers and P. B. Foster, proprietors of the Morning Call, and F. Mariott, of the News Letter, for libel.

The Monitor Comanche is still at Mare Island, ready for service and in condition to be placed in the harbor at six hours notice, should there be any occasion for it. Every few days, steam is got up in her to test the working of her engines and machinery, and to keep every thing in proper condition. Target firing is also practiced occasionally to perfect the men in the proper management of the guns.

San Francisco, November 2.—Henry Roquette de Kerguida committed suicide yesterday, at the California Hotel, by laudanum.

The California Steam Navigation Company's new river steamer, Pacific, will probably be launched on Saturday, from the Protrero. She is said to be the finest river boat on the Pacific coast.

A paragraph recently passed the rounds of the press announcing that orders had been received at Mare Island to prepare barracks for 7000 marines; subsequently the story was denied. We learn from Washington that the Navy Department several weeks ago, sent to the Mare Island Navy Yard plans and estimates for the erection of barracks to accommodate 7000 sailors—not marines.

Foreign News.

New York, Oct. 31.—The steamer City of Boston from Liverpool the 18th, via Queenstown the 19th, arrived this afternoon.

The United Kingdom, twenty-four days out from New York for Glasgow, arrived at Reithmilion with her machinery disabled. Lord Palmerston is dead. He had been severely ill for some days from the effects of a cold. His symptoms had been very alarming but he steadily improved. On the night of the 17th, however, a bulletin was issued to the effect that he had become worse since morning, and that it could not be disguised that he was alarmingly ill. Telegrams were constantly being sent to the Queen at Balmoral. Lord Palmerston would have completed his 81st year on the 20th of October. The Paris papers say the deaths from cholera in that city were averaging 200 per day.

The Vigilantes of Montana make short work with suspicious characters. The following items we clip from the Montana Post:

"On Wednesday morning, two men were hanging from a hay frame leaning over the corral of the slaughter house, up the gulch. On the back of one them named John Morgan, (as appears from a gambling note he passed in this city,) was the notice of the Vigilantes, with pencil inscription across it "Road Agents Beware." The name of the other man was John Jackson, alias Jones. The bodies were cut down and brought into town, by Marshal Deasey and his posse. They were decently interred in the new burying ground, in the afternoon of the same day. Several instances of theft and horse stealing were mentioned by parties in the crowd and the police, as having been perpetrated by both of the men. "A good name is better than precious ointment."

One morning last week, a man known by the name of Jack Howard, was found dangling from the limb of a tree, in Diamond city. His face was turned toward the east, and a paper was pinned upon one leg bearing the significant inscription, "Robber." He was left hanging nearly all day.

A TERRIBLE PREDICTION.—Professor Leonard, an Indianapolis astrologer, after looking at the rings around the sun, makes this horrible prophecy: "I observed by the planets that a dreadful plague will commence in Russia, originating in silks brought over from Egypt, Cairo and Turkey. It will extend across the Baltic sea, desolate Germany, cause immense mortality in England, and then spread to the United States. This dreadful epidemic will spot the people like leopards, and turn the flesh to a purple black. The pestilence will carry off such an amount of mortals that there will not be enough left to bury the dead, or give them christian burial. The streets of our cities, towns and villages, will be swarmed with the dead and dying. The groans and yells of horror will fill every breast with consternation. Confusion will abound on all sides. The death knell will cease to toll as the malady rages in fury. The infected will fall and die wherever they take it. The stench of the dead will become so common that the survivors will not heed it."

REMAINS of the Tower of Babel, says Galigiani, still exist, and are visible from a very great distance. Each side of the quadrangular basis measures two hundred yards in length, and the brick of which it is composed are of the purest white clay, with a very slight brownish tint. The bricks before baking were covered with characters traced in a clear and regular style. The bitumen which served for cement was derived from a fountain which still exists near the tower, and which flows with such abundance that it soon forms a stream, and would invade the neighboring river did not the natives from time to time set fire to it.

PETTY THEFTS.—A pretty extensive haul was made by some thieves at this place and Tumwater, on Tuesday night. Captain Clancy and Barber Bush had their "sharpies" stripped of all their sails and rigging. At Tumwater, several clothes-lines were stripped, and the lines and clothes taken. They went into the house of Geo. Biles, through the window, and took from it two coats and a quantity of beef. Mr. Gibson lost quite a large amount of clothing. No trace of the thieves has been found.—Washington Standard of the 4th inst.

HALF-MAST.—We noticed only five or six flags yesterday at half-mast in honor of the memory of England's greatest statesman, Lord Palmerston. When Lincoln died the whole city was draped in mourning, and on the less important occasion of the visit of Speaker Colfax to Victoria the city displayed all its bunting. We can hardly comment on this slight to the memory of the departed Premier by Americans when our own countrymen appear equally indifferent to their national loss.—Coloist.

The San Jose Mercury has the following among its earthquake items: "John Gilroy, an old pioneer, says that in 1813 (or 1815, we are not positive as to dates,) an earthquake shook down all the buildings in this part of the country, which buildings were then chiefly built of adobe, one story high—that the cattle even partook of the general confusion and fled, bellowing and frightened, across the plains."

The New York News calls the rebel General Robert E. Lee, the "brightest illustration of American virtue, the best type of American humanity and civilization." Does the News mean to do willful injustice to the memory of our illustrious townsman, Benedict Arnold?—Norwich (Conn.) Bulletin.

The law card of Mr. Hall, formerly of California, will be seen in another column of today's paper. Mr. Hall has located in Seattle, and will practice in the various Courts of the Territory. He will be happy to attend to any professional business entrusted to him.

SQUIRES, says the most remarkable instance of a whole community becoming converts to a particular religious creed, he ever heard of, occurred recently, when the entire population of San Francisco, in an instant, became quakers.

The schooner Gen. Harney, Capt. Rhoder, sails from this place, to-day, with a cargo of produce for the Russian Telegraph Company.

STEAMERS J. B. Libby, and Gem, from Port Ludlow, arrived at Yesler's wharf last night.

COMEX.—Two English war steamers, the Sutej and Sparrowhawk, have gone up to Comax to look into the Indian troubles there.

SEATTLE CLOTHING STORE.
WELCH & GREENFIELD,
 SEATTLE, W. T.,
 KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR sale, a large assortment of Ready Made and Custom **CLOTHING**: GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, LADIES' HATS, CLOAKS, AND RIDING DRESSES. **of the Latest Style.**
 We have, also, on hand a large assortment of FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN CLOTHS, CASIMERES AND VESTINGS, Which we will make up to order on the most reasonable terms.
 Oregon Cloths for sale at the lowest market value.
 Orders from abroad strictly attended to.
Terms Cash.
 Seattle, W. T. Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

JULIUS LOEWI & CO.,
 IMPORTERS & JOBBERS,
 WHARF STREET,
Victoria, V. I.
 Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale **DRY GOODS & CLOTHING** Hostery, and Furnishing Goods, every variety of **FANCY GOODS,** Table and Pocket **CUTLERY,** **STATIONERY AND PICTURES,** French Casimeres and Broadcloths, India Rubber Coats and Leggings, Violin, and Guitar Strings, Perfumery, Soaps, Pomades, Hair-oils, Lubin Extracts, Cosmetics, Combs and Brushes, of every description, Percussion Caps,
Meerscham
 —AND—
Brier-Root Pipes,
TOBACCO, PIPESTEMS,
Powder Flasks,
WATER MATRONS, NOTIONS, ETC.
 All of which we import direct from the **MARKETS OF EUROPE,** and are thereby enabled to offer them at prices that will admit of their EXPORT.
 Agents for TILTON & Mc FARLAND'S Safes!
 Seattle, Sept. 30, 1865. no18:2m

NEW GOODS? NEW GOODS!!
 AT **WHOLESALE and RETAIL,**
THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing his customers and the public in general that he is now opening **THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS** That has ever been brought to this Market. Having had twelve years experience in merchandising, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desires of the people in general. My stock consists in part as follows:
 English, French, and American Prints, French all wool and English Merinos, Silk and worsted Poplins, Fancy and all-wool Delaines, Red and black cotton Velvets, Twilled, plain and Opera Flannels, Drills, Shootings, coarse and fine plain and cross-bar Mulls, Jacksonets, Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls, Morning Caps, Wool Scarfs and Hoods, Nubias, silk velvet trimmings, Embroideries, &c.
 Also, Fine and Heavy **CLOTHING,** **BOOTS AND SHOES,** **Hats and Caps,** Trunkers and Valises, Feed-cutters, Pebris and Boston Clipper Plows, Wheelbarrows, and a general assortment of **HARDWARE, GROCERIES,** AND **PROVISIONS,** And many other things too numerous to mention. **CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.**
 To Customers and those wishing to buy largely I am prepared to sell at reduced prices.
TERMS CASH, on delivery of Goods.
 Produce will be taken in exchange for goods at market prices.
 In connection with the store I have a large Warehouse where I can store produce for those who may desire it.
D. HORTON.
 Seattle Oct. 7th 1865. no19:1f

CHAS. PLUMMER. GEO. W. HARRIS.
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
 BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM SAN FRANCISCO, AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR FUTURE SUPPLIES,
PLUMMER & HARRIS,
 CORNER OF MAIN AND COMMERCIAL STREETS, Seattle, Washington Territory,
 ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH AT **WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,** **DRY GOODS,** **READY MADE CLOTHING,** **HATS AND CAPS.**
Boots and Shoes
GROCERIES, CROCKERY, **HARDWARE, CUTLERY,** **FURNITURE, PAPER-HANGINGS, UPHOLSTERY, &c., &c.**
PLOWS, **STOVES** and Tinware, **Wines, Liquors,** **Cider, etc., etc.** which they are determined to sell **Cheap for Cash.**
PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS, AND THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID.
 Particular attention paid to filling orders from abroad, and satisfaction guaranteed.
 Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
 Seattle, Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

SEATTLE TANNERY.
THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand and for sale of their own manufacture a fine stock of **LEATHER,** consisting of **SOLE LEATHER,** **UPPER LEATHER,** **HARNESS LEATHER,** **BRIDLE LEATHER,** **BELTING LEATHER,** **SKIRTING LEATHER,** **RUSSET LEATHER,** **CALF AND KIP SKINS,** **BUCKSKINS, &c., &c., &c.**
 All of which we will sell cheaper than they can be purchased at any other establishment North of San Francisco.
M. D. WOODEN.
 IRA R. WOODEN.
 no9:1f

U. S. MAIL LINE!
 TO **BELLINGHAM BAY.**
 Steamer J. B. Libby
 Will leave Seattle every Monday, immediately on the arrival of the Anderson, for
WHATCOM, TOUCHING AT **MUCKILTEO, TULALIP, COUPEVILLE AND UTSALADY.**
 Returning, will leave Whatcom every Wednesday, arriving at Seattle, on Thursday evening. For freight or passage, apply on board.
S. D. LIBBY, Capt.
 Seattle, W. T., Sept. 16, 1865. no16:1f

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!
MRS. LIBBY & SHOREY,
 Under the Masonic Hall, SEATTLE, W. T.
 Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies' Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found a fine assortment of **Ladies' Furnishing Goods,** Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts, Ribbons, Trimmings Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles. Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to order. The ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited to call and see them
 no8:1f

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT
THE EFFECT OF THE OINTMENT ON THE SYSTEM.
 To the very core and centre of all diseases which affect the human body, this remarkable preparation penetrates. It disappears under the friction of the hand as salt disappears when rubbed upon meat. The unguent performs its healing errand rapidly, safely, and without pain. Simple eruptions, open sores, hard tumours, scrofulous developments of all kinds, abscesses, cancers, old wounds, and in fact, every species of inflammation or suppuration, whether in the skin, the flesh, the glands, or among the muscles, can be arrested in its destructive course and permanently cured without danger, by rubbing in this inestimable Ointment.
BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, SORES AND ULCERS.
 In many Hospitals in Europe this celebrated remedy is now used for the cure of old wounds, sores and ulcers; in Spain and Portugal, and in many parts of Italy, the first Physicians regularly prescribe its use. It is a sovereign remedy for bad breasts and bad legs; and likewise for all skin diseases. It is to be found in the chest of nearly every sailor, soldier and emigrant.
PILES, FISTULAS, STRUCTURES.
 The above class of complaints is surely removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in this Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient to merely smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be rubbed in for some considerable time, two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though it were palpable to the eye. Bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only proper treatment for females in cases of cancer in the stomach, or for those who suffer from a general bearing down.
IMPRUDENCIES OF YOUTH;—SORES AND ULCERS.
 Blotches, as also swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way these complaints only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humour from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time, aided by the use of the Pills, to insure a lasting cure.
DIPHTHERIA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROATS, COUGHS AND COLDS.
 Any of the above class of diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day upon the skin covering the throat, chest and neck of the patient. The unguent will soon penetrate the pores and give immediate relief. To allay the fever and prevent inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night and morning. The Ointment will produce perspiration, which is so essential for removing fevers, sore throats, and those oppressions of the chest which arise from Asthma, Bronchitis, and other causes.
BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES:—
 Bad Legs, Corns, (Soft,) Rheumatism, Bad Breasts, Cancers, Scalds, Burns, Contracted and Sore Throats, Bunions, Stiff Joints, Sore Nipples, Bite of Mosquit, Elephantiasis, Skin Diseases, Itches and Sand Fistulas, Scurvy, Sores Heads, Gout, Sore Heads, Cocoa-bay, Glandular Swel. Tumours, Chiego-foot, Rings, Ulcers, Chilblains, Lumbago, Wounds, Chapped Hands, Piles, Yaws.
 Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 224 Strand, (near Temple bar,) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s, 1/4d., 2s, 9d., 4s, 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s., each Pot.
 * * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
 N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. [no4:3 6m

NIAGARA VARIETY STORE.
 Mill Street, opposite "Occidental Hotel."
THE UNDERSIGNED having permanently established himself in this city, will be happy to accommodate and supply his friends and the public generally, with a fine assortment of **Confectionery,** and a general assortment of **CIGARS,** **TOBACCO,** **MEERSCHAUM PIPES,** **OYSTERS,** **SARDINES,** **PLAYING CARDS,** **PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,** **PERIODICALS,** &c., &c., &c., &c.
 The above mentioned articles will be sold cheap for cash as long as "Johnny comes marching home."
 In connection with the above establishment is an elegant **READING ROOM** for the accommodation of his patrons, or "any other"
A. S. PINKHAM.
 no10:1f

University of Washington Territory.
 This Institution will re-open on the Third Monday of October:
Rates of Tuition:
 [Payable in advance per Quarter.]
 COLLEGIATE Course, \$10 00
 ACADEMIC " 8 00
 PRIMARY " 6 00
 INSTRUCTION ON THE PIANO, 15 00
 Students can be accommodated on the University grounds, in the family of the President, at \$75 per Quarter, in advance. Board, room-rent, washing, fuel, lights and Tuition included. Room-rent and Board, without incidentals, at \$4 per week.
 For further Particulars, address
W. E. BARNARD, President.
 Seattle, W. T., Sept. 30. no18:17.

Residences For Sale.
 LOT No. 4, BLOCK No. 8, situated on Fourth Street, in a very pleasant and commanding locality, near the business part of this city. Upon the above lot is a substantial **DWELLING HOUSE,** arranged expressly for the accommodation of two families, with separate entrances and apartments. **PRICE, \$700.**
THREE LOTS AND A DWELLING HOUSE, immediately in front of the Territorial University; all eligible sites for residences. **PRICE, \$500.**
 Apply to **W. E. BARNARD.**
 no16:1f

SEATTLE DRUG STORE.
 HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF **DRUGS AND MEDICINES** TO OUR **NEW STORE,** ON MILL STREET, OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever to our Patrons.
 Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying unparpassed by any other House outside of San Francisco.
 Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:
Sarsaparillas! **PILLS!**
 AYERS' TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S, GUYSSOTT'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFENBERG'S and LE DOYNE'S.
 ALSO
 Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectorant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Trochees, Soothing Syrup, Flea Powder, Mustang Liniment, Hembold's Buchu, Pain Killer, Osgood's Collagouge, Ayers' Anne Cure, Clove Anodyne.
 Seldetz Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil, Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carminative Balsam, Hostetters, Roback's and Richardson's Bitters,
Cooking Extracts Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Marjoram, Sago, Tapioca, Pearl Barley, Farina, Cooper's Isinglass.
Toilet Articles! Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps, Pomades, Hair Oils, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Lubin Extracts, Bown Winsor's, Nail Brushes, &c.
MISCELLANEOUS: Brown's Essence Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Souff and Mac-coboy Souff,
Camphene, Turpentine and Alcohol, By the Gallon, Can, or Case;
GENUINE DOWNER'S COAL OIL, Wholesale and Retail,
 A large stock of **COAL OIL LAMPS,** all sizes and patterns: **SPIRIT LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, COAL OIL LANTERNS, &c., &c.**
 Our list of Chemicals embraces everything required by a Physician in his practice and our prices to Dealers and others will defy competition.
 The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the
Lowest Rates for Cash.
 Seattle, May 18th, 1865. no2:10:1f

WASHINGTON BREWERY.
 SEATTLE, W. T.
M'LOON & SHERMAN,
 (Successors to S. F. Coombs.)
 HAVING taken the above Establishment are now manufacturing the very best quality of **LAGER BEER,** **PORTER,** **PALE, AMBER, STOCK AND CREAM ALE.**
 Orders for the above promptly will be promptly filled at the lowest rates. no17:1f

NEW STORE AT **Snohomish City,** **SINCLAIR & CLENDENIN.**
 THE PROPRIETORS of this establishment respectfully inform the citizens of Snohomish and the public generally that they have just received and will continue to receive fresh supplies of
GENERAL MERCHANDISE, SUCH AS **DRY GOODS,** **Coarse and Fine CLOTHING,** **BOOTS AND SHOES,** **Groceries,** **Provisions,** **Hardware,** **Cutlery,** **MINERS' AND LOGGERS' TOOLS** and almost every article of consumption **NEEDED IN THIS MARKET.**
 In connection with their store Messrs. Sinclair & Clendenin will keep the fast sailing schooner **"NOR. WESTER"** constantly plying between Snohomish Victoria, and other ports on the Sound, carrying their own freight, and that of all who favor them with their patronage. This arrangement will enable them to sell their goods **Cheaper for Cash** than any house on Puget Sound. **CALL AND SEE.** Snohomish, Nov. 10, 1864.

MARTIN'S BRASS AND IRON WORKS
 SEATTLE, W. T.
ORDERS for Brass and Iron Castings executed with neatness and dispatch.
THOMAS MARTIN,
 Seattle, Sept. 23, 1865. no17:1f

FOR CASH---NEW GOODS---FOR CASH.
YESLER, DENNY & CO.
 Have just received a new and well selected stock of **MERCHANDISE** suited to this market, which they offer for sale cheap!
FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!
 Thankful for past patronage, they hope for a continuation of the same upon the **CASH SYSTEM** which they find necessary to adopt to sustain their business. Those who have money to pay for goods will remember where they obtained them when they had none. After this date the credit system is closed with **YESLER, DENNY & CO.**
 no17:1f

BATHS!
 AT THE **Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon,** Two doors South of Pray's Saloon, SEATTLE.
HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS
 Always in readiness.
 no17:1f **W. HEDGES, Proprietor.**

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON DEALER IN **DRY GOODS** **CLOTHING,** **COUNTRY PRODUCE** —AND— **GENERAL MERCHANDISE,** Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.
YESLER, DENNY & CO., SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILL, DEALERS IN **LUMBER, FLOUR,** **COUNTRY PRODUCE,** **DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,** **CROCKERY,** **FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c., &c.**
 Orders from abroad for all kinds of Produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates
 no1:1f **YESLER, DENNY & CO.**

GARFIELD & KENNEDY, ATTORNEYS AND **COUNSELLORS AT LAW.** PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.
 Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the Courts of Washington Territory.
 Mr. Garfield will attend to criminal practice also.
 July 23d 1865. no8