

SEATTLE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

VOL. 1.

SEATTLE, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, MARCH 13, 1865.

NO. 44.

SEATTLE GAZETTE,

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ORDINANCES

OF THE

Town of Seattle.

ORDINANCE NO. 1.

An Ordinance to levy a Municipal Tax for the year 1865—Passed February 7th, 1865:

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Trustees of the town of Seattle, that a tax of five mills be levied upon every dollar's worth of real and personal property within the limits of the town of Seattle aforesaid, as exhibited upon the assessment roll for the year 1864.

§ 2. That the Clerk of the Board, as soon as said assessment roll shall be placed in the hands of the County Auditor of the County of King, shall proceed to prepare a true and correct list of all persons and said taxable property, and cause it to be filed in his office, and a duplicate thereof shall be made by him and delivered to the Town Marshal, who is hereby directed forthwith to collect and receipt for said municipal tax.

§ 3. When the said Town Marshal shall ascertain that any land or other property has been omitted in the assessment, he shall assess and estimate the tax thereupon, and enter the same upon his duplicate assessment roll, and proceed to collect said tax so assessed by him, as the tax embraced in said assessment roll.

§ 4. That the fees of the town clerk for services under this Ordinance, be the same as is allowed by law to County Auditors for like services under the Territorial and County revenue law.

§ 5. That the fees of the Town Marshal for collecting said taxes be five per centum upon all taxes collected and paid over by him to the Treasurer of the said town of Seattle.

§ 6. The Town Marshal shall demand of each and every taxable inhabitant, within one month after receiving such duplicate tax roll, the tax assessed against said taxable inhabitant and property, and if not paid by or before the first day of September 1865, he shall levy the same on the goods or chattels of such persons, and give fourteen days notice of the time and place of such sale, and the property to be sold, by posting advertisements in four public places in the said town, and sell the same at public auction, and if such property shall sell for more than the tax and costs, the surplus shall be paid to the owner thereof, and said Marshal shall receive ten per cent. added to the tax by the town clerk, for fees of collection, and in case of sale, the fees of a Sheriff for sales upon execution; provided, that any person, before sale of his property, may pay all taxes, per centage and costs, and stop said sale.

§ 7. That all taxes not paid on the said first day of September shall be deemed delinquent, and shall draw interest at the rate of twenty-five per cent per annum from and after that date until paid; and all delinquent taxes on real estate are hereby made a perpetual lien thereupon against all persons, except the United States and the Territory of Washington.

§ 8. The Marshal shall make a return to the town Clerk of the said tax roll and his full proceedings thereupon by or before the first Monday of October—and on the receipt thereof the town Clerk shall forthwith make out two lists of such delinquent (taxable inhabitants, town lots and real estate, with the amount of taxes due thereon, certify one of the same, and file it in the office of the County Auditor of King county for record, and the other one as certified to be delivered to the town Marshal, who shall advertise the same in a newspaper printed in said town for six weeks successively before the first Monday in December; and on that day proceed to sell at public auction, at the town Clerk's office all delinquent lands and real estate, the unpaid tax on which, and accruing interests and costs, shall not have been paid before such time. And said Marshal receive five per cent. on all such sales as his fees therefor.

§ 9. If said real estate will not bring the amount of taxes interest and charges due thereon, the town Clerk shall buy said property for the amount due thereon as town property.

§ 10. The town Clerk shall, on the certificate of the town Marshal that the amount bid on any land, town lot, or parcel of a lot, has been paid within forty-eight hours after the term of sale, execute a certificate of purchase which shall also be officially signed by the President of the Board of Trustees, to said purchaser, which certificate shall be held to convey all right, title and interest of the person in whose name such land, town lot, or part of lot, shall have been taxed except as herein after provided, and when such payment shall not be made within forty-eight hours after said sale, such land, lot, or part of lot shall be considered as sold to the town. The clerk of the Board shall be entitled to a fee of one dollar for every such certificate of purchase, and any number of lots or part of lots may be included in said certificate if required by the purchaser or purchasers, he or they paying ten cents for each additional lot or part of lot so included, to the said town Clerk.

§ 11. The Clerk of the Board shall within ten days after the said sale, make out a list of all lands, town lots, or parts of lots sold to the town of Seattle, and officially certify the same, and a duplicate thereof shall be filed by him in the office of the County Auditor of King county for record, to be entered as lands denominated "Seattle Lands, and to be treated in all respects in accordance with the laws of the Territory of Washington, regulating the assessing and collecting of Territorial and County revenues.

§ 12. All lands, town lots, or parts of lots sold to actual purchasers shall be subject to redemption by the former owner thereof within two years thereafter, on the payment of the delinquent taxes, with fifty per cent interest, cost and charges, and the accruing tax to said purchaser, who shall receipt therefor, or to the town Marshal, for the use of said purchaser, and if no receipt of such purchaser shall be filed with the town clerk, or no such payment be made to the said Marshal, the holder of such certificate of purchase shall be entitled to receive a deed from the President of the Board of Trustees, countersigned by said Clerk of the Board, for such land, town lots, or part of lots, described in such certificate of purchase, run in the name of the Territory of Washington, and shall be presumptive evidence of the regularity of all former proceedings; and the town clerk shall be entitled to a fee of two dollars for every such deed.

§ 13. Lands town lots, or parts of lots sold to the town, may be redeemed by the former owner thereof, by such owner obtaining from the County Auditor of the said County of King a certified statement of all taxes, interests and costs accrued, charged to such land, lots, or parts of lots, and paying such amount to the town Marshal, who shall file with the town Clerk such receipt, and thereupon such clerk shall give to such owner a certificate of redemption, signed by him in his official capacity, and attested by the President of the Board, and the filing of certificate of redemption with the County Auditor of said county shall be a full release of the claim of said town of Seattle to such lands, lots, or parcels of lots.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of the Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 2.

An Ordinance concerning Swine—Passed February 7th, 1865:

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Trustees of the Town of Seattle, that from and after the first day of March A. D. 1865, no hogs shall be permitted to run at large within the town limits at any time, and if found running at large, it is made the duty of the Town Marshal to impound each and every such hog in a common pound, prepared by said Marshal for such purpose, from whence they shall not be released until the owner or owners or some other person shall pay to the Town Marshal the sum of one dollar for his fees in receiving or discharging or selling each and every animal so impounded, and the sum of fifty cents for the proper sustenance of every such animal for every twenty-four hours the same shall be kept, and each owner shall be subject to a penalty of four dollars for every such animal found running at large.

§ 2. It shall be the duty of the Town Marshal to provide necessary sustenance for all swine so impounded, and the reasonable cost of providing such sustenance for each animal shall be paid to the said Marshal before such swine may be released from the pound, and it shall be lawful for the Marshal to sell at public vendue, any swine impounded as aforesaid, at any time after the expiration of three days from the time they shall be so impounded, the Marshal giving forty-eight hours notice of such sale by posting notices in two public places in said town; but if said swine are redeemed, or an offer is made to redeem them by paying penalty and fees, together with expenses of sustenance as aforesaid, at any time before they are actually sold, the same shall not then be sold, but shall be released by the Marshal. The Marshal shall make yearly a statement of all penalties and fees received by him, and if he shall fail he shall be subject to removal.

§ 3. The Town shall not in any case be liable to the Marshal for, or on account of any fees, or expenses due to him on account of any animal which may be impounded, and whenever any such animal may be sold and shall not bring enough to pay the fees and penalty, the same shall be recovered of the owner of any such animal by suit before the town Magistrate, in the name of the Town, and shall be exacted and received by the Marshal and by him retained for his own use, and no part thereof shall be required to pay to the Town.

§ 4. If any person shall break open, or directly or indirectly assist in breaking open, any pound, said person or persons shall severally forfeit and pay the sum of twenty-five dollars.

§ 5. If the Marshal aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to take up or impound any such animal known by him to be running at large he shall be subject to a penalty of ten dollars for every such neglect of duty.

§ 6. That any owner of any swine who shall permit the same to run at large within the said town limits, shall pay a penalty of four dollars for every such offence, and it shall also be lawful for any person to impound any swine found running at large, on his own premises or elsewhere.

§ 7. Any person who shall detain or impound any swine in accordance with the preceding section, shall within twenty-four hours, post four notices in public places in said town, which notices shall describe such animal or animals impounded, and that unless the same are claimed, they will be sold to satisfy charges, and if such notice is not complied with, authority is hereby given to sell and dispose of such swine, in the same manner as is herein provided in relation to Town Marshal. If there be any surplus arising from such sale, it shall be paid to the owner, one half of the penalty shall be paid into the Town Treasury, and the other

half to the person who shall take up, impound and advertise any such animal, when collected.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
Pres. of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 3.

For the Prevention of Drunkenness and Disorderly Conduct in the Town of Seattle—Passed February 7th, 1865:

Be it ordained by the Trustees of the Town of Seattle, that any person who may hereafter be guilty of drunkenness, or other disorderly or riotous conduct in any street, road, lane or alley, or any public place within the limits of the said Town of Seattle, shall be arrested by the Town Marshal, or upon the complaint of any citizen, and taken before the Committing Magistrate of the said Town of Seattle for examination, and if deemed guilty of violating this Ordinance, said Magistrate may fine the person so arrested in any sum not less than ten nor over fifty dollars; and in default of paying said fine the person so offending shall be committed to the custody of the Town Marshal, under whose supervision he shall be put at work on any road or street, and work out said fine and costs, being allowed for said work at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per day.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 4.

To regulate the Building of Side-walks on Commercial street from Mill to Jackson—Passed February 7th, 1865:

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle, that the Town Marshal shall cause to be constructed as soon as practicable after the passage of this Ordinance a good and substantial sidewalk on both sides of Commercial Street from Mill to Jackson Street. The said sidewalk shall be eight feet in width, of boards one and a half inches in thickness, six inches wide, and laid at right angles with said street on three substantial rails.

§ 2. All crossings of alleys to be built by and at the expense of the town.

§ 3. Street crossings to be built by the town, to be built of sawed or hewed logs; said crossing, when laid, to be not less than three feet in width and to extend entirely across the street, or from side-walk to side-walk, and to be high enough to afford dry crossing at all seasons.

§ 4. That said side-walks shall be built by the abutters thereupon, within two weeks after notice served upon them by the Town Marshal, and if not so done, said Marshal shall proceed to lay the side-walk at the expense of the abutters thereupon; and if the expense be unpaid within thirty days after the completion of said work, ten per cent shall be added as a penalty to said delinquent, and further proceedings shall be had as provided in the Ordinance entitled "An Ordinance to levy a Municipal Tax."

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

[SUPPLEMENTAL.]

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Trustees of the Town of Seattle, that upon the refusal or neglect of any abutter upon said streets, to build the portion of said sidewalk fronting his or her lot, after due notice having been given by the Marshal, conformably to the provision of the Ordinances to which this is a supplement, said Marshal shall forthwith proceed to cause the same to be constructed, and to the cost thereof as incurred by him, ten per centum shall be added as a penalty for the neglect or refusal of said abutter to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance.

§ 2. The said Marshal shall cause a verified copy of the amount expended by him in the construction of any side walk, together with the addition of ten per centum; to be filed with the Town Clerk, who shall certify the same and cause it to be filed and recorded by the County Auditor of King county within thirty days from the completion of said side-walk, and the same shall be a lien on the respective lots and real estate which are fronted by said side-walks.

§ 3. The said claim or lien shall be enforced by an action before a court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the Trustees of the Town of Seattle, in the manner as other civil actions.

§ 4. All side-walks built conformably to the provisions of the Ordinance to which this is supplemental must be built according to the instruction and satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Highways.

Passed February 7th, 1865.
Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 5.

For the Removal of Indians—Passed February 7th 1865:

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle, That no Indian or Indians shall be permitted to locate their residences on any street, highway, lane, or alley or any vacant lot in the town of Seattle, from a point known as the South side of Chas. Plummer's ten

acre lot to a point known as the South side of Bell's land claim.

§ 2. All persons having in their employ any Indian or Indians within the corporate limits of said town shall provide lodgings or suitable residences for the said Indians during the time of said employment, on, or immediately attached to their own places of residence.

§ 3. It shall be the duty of the Marshal to see that the provisions of this Ordinance be carried into effect.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 6.

An Ordinance for the prevention of reckless and just driving through the Streets, and upon Bridges, within the Town of Seattle—Passed Feb. 7th, 1865:

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the town of Seattle, that from and after the passage of this Ordinance, if any person or persons shall willfully ride any horse, or drive any horse or other animal attached to any carriage, wagon, or cart or other vehicle whatsoever, at a reckless and immoderate gait, through the streets, lanes or alleys of the said town, the said person or persons so offending, shall for each and every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than ten, nor more than twenty-five dollars.

§ 2. That if any person or persons shall willfully ride any horse, or drive any horse or any other animal, attached to any carriage, wagon, cart, or other vehicle, over any bridge within said town of Seattle, at any gait faster than a walk, the said person or persons so offending, shall, for each and every such offence, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than five nor more than ten dollars.

§ 3. That if any person or persons shall ride, drive or lead any horse upon any sidewalk within said town, he or they shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined in any sum not less than five nor more than twenty five dollars for each and every such offence.

§ 4. Persons violating the foregoing sections may be apprehended by the Marshal, if seen in the act, or arrested upon a warrant to be issued by the committing Magistrate on the complaint of any citizen.

§ 5. Fines and penalties under this ordinance shall be paid over by the said committing Magistrate to the Treasurer of the Board of Trustees of said town, and in default of payment of any fine by any person convicted of violating the foregoing sections, the persons so convicted shall be committed to the custody of the Marshal, and under his supervision, work out such fine and the costs of proceedings, upon the streets of said town, being allowed therefor at the rate of two dollars and a half per day.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk. [no48-2w]

ORDINANCE NO. 7.

An Ordinance in relation to Theatrical Exhibitions, Concerts, etc., in the Town of Seattle—Passed February 7th, 1865:

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle, That no theatrical or other exhibitions, concerts, circus performances or menageries, shall hereafter be allowed within the town of Seattle, without a permit from the Clerk of the Board of Trustees, and such Clerk of said Board shall have authority to grant a permit for such exhibition, concert, or other performance, on the payment of five dollars for each and every performance, together with a fee to said Clerk of fifty cents for each and every such permit.

§ 2. If any person or persons shall attempt to exhibit or perform as aforesaid, without having first obtained a permit according to the provisions of the first section of this Ordinance, he or they so offending, shall forfeit and pay for each and every such offence a sum not less than ten, nor greater than fifty dollars, in the discretion of the committing Magistrate, to be paid over to the Treasurer of the Board of Trustees.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 8.

An Ordinance establishing a Fee Bill of Committing Magistrate—Passed Feb. 7th, 1865.

Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle, That the Fees and compensation of the Committing Magistrate of said town shall be as follows:

For issuing warrant,	\$1 00
" taking affidavit,	50
" docketing cause,	25
" filing each paper required to be filed,	25
" swearing witnesses, each,	25
" entering judgment on trial,	1 00
" entering judgment on confession and default,	50
" entering satisfaction,	50
" Commitment,	50

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 9.

An Ordinance to prohibit the use and carrying of Deadly Weapons, and the discharging Fire Arms—Passed Feb. 7th, 1865.

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle, That any person who shall draw, exhibit or attempt to use any deadly weapon within the corporate limits of this town, upon, to, or against another person, shall be liable to a fine of not more than fifty nor less than twenty-five dollars.

§ 2. Any person who shall in the usual walks of life, within the limits of this town, carry any deadly weapon, shall be liable to

a fine of not more than ten nor less than five dollars.

§ 3. Any person, who shall, within the following limits, to wit: University street on the north, Fourth street on the east, King street on the South, and the town limits on the west, fire off or discharge any gun, pistol or fire-arms of any kind, shall be liable to a fine of not less than five and not more than ten dollars.

§ 4. All fines arising under this Ordinance shall be assessed and collected under the municipal regulations of this town; and it shall be the special duty of the town Marshal to complain of all violations of this ordinance to the police and to the committing Magistrate.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 10.

An Ordinance in relation to Nuisances—Passed Feb. 7th, 1865.

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle, That it shall be the duty of the committee on health and police, and of every member thereof to examine into the state and condition of every place and part of the town where he shall suspect or be informed that there exists any matter or thing which is or may be prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants hereof.

§ 2. Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of either of the members of the committee on health and police, or of the Town Marshal, that there exists upon any premises owned or occupied by any person, any dirt, offal, or animal or vegetable matter, or the contents of any hog-pen, privy, drain or vault, calculated to injure health, or by noxious air, to annoy the neighborhood, it shall be the duty of such member of said committee, or of the town Marshal, to cause the owner or occupant of such premises to be notified either verbally or in writing, of the existence of such nuisance or annoyance, and directed forthwith to abate the same, and if such nuisance shall not be abated within twenty-four hours after such notice, the owner or occupant of such premises shall forfeit and pay a fine of not less than five nor more than fifteen dollars; and the town Marshal shall be authorized, to cause such nuisance to be abated, for the costs of which abatement, together with the penalty aforesaid, the said owner or occupant shall be liable, and the same shall be collected for the use of the town in the same manner as other fines and penalties are collected under the municipal regulations of said town.

Signed, CHAS. C. TERRY,
President of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 11.

An Ordinance regulating Stove-pipes—Passed February 1864, 1865.

§ 1. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle, That no stove-pipe of any stove shall be put up unless it be conducted into a chimney made of brick or stone, except where the committee on police shall deem it equally safe; if otherwise put up, to be certified under their hands. And any person putting up the pipe of any stove contrary to the provisions of this Ordinance, shall for every such offence, forfeit ten dollars and the further sum of one dollar for every twenty-four hours the same shall remain so put up, after notice given by the town Marshal or any member of the committee on police.

§ 2. No chimney shall hereafter be commenced in any loft, unless there are stairs of a fixed ladder leading to the same, and is easy of access at all times; and no stove-pipe shall pass through more than one ceiling before entering a chimney, under a penalty of ten dollars for each offence; and the further sum of two dollars for every week either shall remain after notice shall be given by the Marshal or any member of the committee on police, to alter the same.

§ 3. Stove pipes shall not be less than four inches from any wood or other combustible materials, unless there is a double circle of tin connected together, and air-holes through the connecting tin between said pipe and the combustible substance, under a penalty of five dollars and the sum of one dollar for every three days it shall remain after notice from the Marshal, or either of the committee on police, to alter the same; and all fines or penalties collected under this ordinance to be paid into the Town Treasury.

§ 4. This ordinance to take effect and be in force from and after the first day of May 1865.

Signed, HIRAM BURNETT,
Pres. pro tem. Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 12.

An Ordinance regulating the Salary of Town Clerk—Passed February, 1864, 1865.

Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the town of Seattle, That the Salary of the Clerk of the Board of Trustees shall be Three Hundred Dollars per annum, to be paid quarterly out of the Town Treasury.

Signed, HIRAM BURNETT,
Pres. pro tem. of Board of Trustees.
Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk. [no44-3w]

THE TERRITORIAL CONVENTION.

In these "times that try men's souls"—times when every act is big with momentous interests, it is essential that we have men—tried men, to carry out measures for the well-being of the nation. And that class of men should be selected to fill every position of trust. Let this be remembered in every selection made to act in the Claquato Congressional Convention. Let every person chosen to go there on the 4th of April next, be of tried antecedents upon the great question of loyalty. While we welcome to the Union ranks all who may become converted, even at the eleventh hour, and "do works meet for repentance," we should trust the important business of selecting men to represent us in the councils of the nation, to those only who have most unequivocally the "ring of the right metal." Plans are being concerted to bring forward and sustain for that position those who are "Union—but." To counsel, advise, deliberate, and nominate the right man for that place, let every person selected be like Caesar's wife, without, and above suspicion. Let there be no proxies given—not even to a half vote—other than good men and true. We would not counsel anything extremely partisan. By no means; but there are times when good men are needed as well as good measures. It is not good policy to put young converts in the lead, when experience and maturity are so much needed. It is well, at least at times, to profit by the past. It, to be sure, cannot be remedied, but lessons of practical good may therefrom be educed. Some of the acts of some of the men—"Union men, but"—of late winter's notoriety, should not be forgotten in this connection. Securing the nomination of a citizen whose interests are identified with the Territory, and who at the same time combines good sense with sterling integrity, insures his election. There are loyal voters enough in the Territory who will arise in the majesty of freedom, nail the flag to the mast, and say to that nominee, carry it, man, to the Capital of the Nation as an atonement for our past derelictions. The feeling is becoming somewhat common, that to have proper regard paid by the General Government to our wants, we must be represented by a man in sympathy with the Administration!

NATCHES MINING COMPANY.

We are glad to see, as suggested in our last issue, that our citizens are making a movement to develop the mineral resources of this part of our Territory. A company has been formed for the purpose of erecting and putting in operation a quartz mill upon the Foster ledge, in the Natches Mining district. The Board of Directors of the company are C. H. Hale of Olympia, H. L. Foster, F. P. Foster, T. F. Marks and A. B. Rabson, of this place. The Directors are authorized to transact all the business of the company, and to sell stock to the amount of \$2,500, to enable the company to put up the mill without incurring debt. The Directors have chosen A. B. Rabson President, S. F. Coombs, Secretary, Chas. Plummer, Treasurer, J. D. Luman, General Agent, and C. H. Hale, of Olympia, Hon. Frank Clark, of Steilacoom, John Collins, of Port Townsend, local agents for the sale of stock. The small sum of \$10 is the price paid upon for one share or foot—each share entitling the holder to one vote in the management of the company business, and the election of officers. We are informed that as soon as one hundred shares are sold the Directors will send forthwith to San Francisco for a quartz mill. It is hoped the public will see the necessity of immediate action, and take up the required stock without delay. The sum of twenty-five hundred dollars, divided among all who are interested in the testing of the White River mines, is but a trifle even if no return were expected; but in this case there is good reason that it will prove a profitable investment. Who is not able to take one share? We understand it has been agreed that the holders of these shares, after purchase, shall not be subjected to any further assessments on account of their interest in the company, thus providing against the "freezing out" process so common in incorporated companies. Let our people come forward and subscribe for stock. Once it is known that a quartz mill is shipped for this point from San Francisco, and that mining has actually commenced in the Puget Sound country, the immigration will turn this way, and the mineral wealth with which our country undoubtedly abounds will be in a fair way to become developed.

POLITICAL PREACHING.

It is somewhat instructive and humiliating to trace the history of our advance of political errors in communities until they pervade the public mind, and for a time become a part of the prevailing social life. It is equally suggestive to note the surprise and shame of those communities, when stern truth has dissipated those errors, and they are known only in the history of the past. Now occasions are constantly occurring for interested persons, under pretence of good, and even piety, to be earnest and zealous in disseminating dangerous errors, in practice as well as in words and doctrine. And when the public mind becomes pretty thoroughly poisoned, those who in the general, are well disposed, and truth-loving, are frequently carried away by the current of public clamor, even to their own serious injury. These thoughts are strongly illustrated by the sentiment that has obtained in relation to the duties and the privileges of the gospel ministry. Ordained of Heaven to be the conservators of truth, and the disseminators of those great principles taught by Jesus Christ, and lived out by the good of all ages, they have been cramped in their duties, and circumscribed in their privileges, by reason of the diffusion of the virus above indicated, by men of corrupt practices, and more corrupt morals, who have united in matrimony political abomination and the right for evil men and seducers to rule the nation. It is somewhat remarkable how extensive the error has obtained among us that political life was too corrupt a thing for ministers of the gospel to have to do with. It was to be expected that corrupt politicians whose element is wickedness intensified, would raise the clamor against what they are pleased to call political preaching. And those expectations have been more than realized, and even good Union men at times are horrified at the idea of patronizing the ministry in efforts to prevent or remove evils which have become connected with political life. The minister in no case becomes disfranchised—he loses none of his rights by becoming a minister. Correct political and religious life are identical, and to attempt their divorce is to separate what God has joined in his designs. The evil of this may be seen in the history of the United States for the last few years. Public sentiment becoming corrupt upon the subject referred to, a large portion of the ministry was silenced, and their mouths padlocked, until humanity was outlawed, and a sham aristocracy was enthroned in the nation, God has made requisition of blood, and does not forget to regard the cry of the humble. Chronic church organizations are dissolving, and ministers with consciences that will not allow them to speak on great national questions, are getting converted or being left behind in the march of truth.

CONGRESSIONAL ITEMS.—The Senate bill for the establishment of steam mail service between the United States, China and Japan, passed the House February 16th. The bill provides that the Post Master General shall have the power to contract with any company who will agree for the lowest price, to establish a line of steam ships, to make twelve round trips per annum—the contract to go into effect on the 1st of January, 1867.

The bill amending the Constitution so as to abolish slavery, passed the House by a vote of 119 to 59, and has been approved by the President. So dies the cause of the Rebellion, and the "sum of all villainies."

The bill for constructing a ship canal around Niagara Falls has passed the House. The Senate Committee on the rebellious States, in amendments to the reconstruction bill as reported on the 18th ult., provide for the recognition of the State government of Tennessee, if such State shall be established by loyal citizens, in conformity to the Constitution prior to the first of May. The report also provides that the Constitution of Tennessee shall prescribe that no person shall vote who has held a position in the Confederate military service higher than Colonel, or civil office, unless it be ministerial, and that slavery shall be forever prohibited, and no State usurping power be recognized or paid by the State, and no rebel law of confiscation shall be binding.

A COPPERHEAD who glories in the name, recently stated by way of disparaging abolitionists, that he would prefer sleeping with the dirtiest plantation negro in rebellion, than with one of them. We don't doubt it, and as his preference is "constitutional," let the poor "cuss" have his liking.

A COPPERHEAD editor solemnly avers that the Union party "smells of nigger all over and under, before and behind." As the fellow evidently speaks from olfactory experience, we shall not gainsay the assertion.

THEATRICAL.—One Dugan, a retired tinker, is playing Dogberry, in the columns of the Washington Democrat, at Olympia.

Chapter 1st. of the "Chronicles of Copperplia"—next week.

PARSON BROWNLOW ON GEO. D. PRENTISS.

During the last Presidential canvass, the editor of the Louisville Journal became quite disaffected towards the Union and leaned rebekwards very strongly. About this time Parson Brownlow sent him a friendly note in which is contained the following little family picture, worth reading: "There is a slight difference in the positions occupied by your family and mine, and as a necessary consequence, your principles and mine most differ. My wife and little children, after I had been incarcerated for three months and sent out of the country, were unceremoniously forced to pack up and vacate their house and home, and go North at their own expense upon thirty-six hours notice, and were thus thrown upon my hands North, while my property remained here for the use of the Confederacy. My two sons entered the Federal army, and one of them is now home on crutches, because of wounds received in leading his regiment of cavalry upon Wheeler's in middle Tennessee. My other son is in Gen. Gillem's command, and was in the fight when the great Kentucky horse thief, Morgan, was killed, under whom and with whom your sons have been fighting against the government upon whose bounty their rebel mother and contract hunting father is now living. One of your sons was killed in Kentucky, while on a horse-stealing expedition under rebel officers. Your other son is now on trial in Virginia for the murder of a brother rebel by the name of White. Your wife is an avowed rebel and ought to be sent South by the Federal authorities; and you are but one degree removed from a rebel and a traitor, having been completely played out. There is not a true-hearted Union man in your office, unless he be some one of the employees. Your paper is no longer Union authority, but is rapidly sinking into disrepute, and meeting with that contempt its treason merits. With pity for the sorrow of a poor old man, I am &c. W. G. BROWNLOW.

Whether it was through this severe rebuke administered by the Parson, or that elastic virtue, unknown to little minds, but inherent with the great of soul, even when warped from the rightful course by the pressure of untoward circumstances—the great Kentucky editor has latterly returned to his old love and allegiance. The Journal says: We have dissolved our alliance with the democratic party; for it was never intended that we should merge ourselves into the ranks of our lifelong opponents. We can yield to the President our most earnest exertions to carry on the war; we can accommodate our State to the destiny which awaits the institution of slavery. We are perfectly independent of all parties now, but we are devoted to the support of the Government.

AMONG THE DEAD AT GETTYSBURG

We copy the following battle-field reflections from an eastern religious journal, to which they were last year contributed by a well known citizen of Seattle: Mr. Editor:—As a few days ago, I passed slowly over the battle-field at Gettysburg, I was deeply impressed as follows: 1st. The importance of that battle to our land. There the tide of rebellion was stayed, nay, rolled back. As I looked upon the defenses, I could hear the voices of our noble dead, saying "farther thou shalt not go,"—and it was forced to obey. 2nd. How true it is, that, in the line of duty, men live and die for others. How selfishness stands rebuked by the thousands who then fought, fell, died, that we might live, enjoy and prosper. Well may our noble government gather up their remains, and place them in one consecrated spot, with marble to mark their final resting place. Consecrated did I say? The whole battle ground is consecrated by the best blood of the nation. I heard a voice saying to me on that occasion, "tread softly for this is holy ground;"—and I heeded that voice. 3d. The extreme wickedness of that rebellion that has made necessary such dreadful sacrifices to preserve the integrity of our Government, destroy the vilest system of oppression the sun ever saw, encourage the hopes of earth's crushed millions, and prevent the world's going back in progress for centuries. 4th. The superlative meanness of Northern Copperheads. When the national life is at stake, and to be or not to be is the question to be decided by war,—dreadful war, men, who, for party purposes, cry "peace, peace," when there can be no peace, till the banner—the star spangled banner—wave in triumph east, west, north, south; and thus aid the rebellion at the sacrifice of life, as seen at Gettysburg, Antietam, Chattanooga, etc. Such men sink in contempt so low that Arnold and kindred spirits are saintly in comparison. NEW COLLECTOR.—We learn that F. A. Wilson, of Port Townsend, has been appointed Collector of Customs for the Puget Sound District, and his appointment has been confirmed by the Senate. Copies of the Seattle Town Ordinances may be had at this office—Price 25 cents.

Miscellaneous Items.

It is stated that the coal procured from the mines recently opened on the Government Reserve of Fort Bridger, proves to be of an excellent quality. H. W. Longfellow, of Cambridge Mass., has returned his income as \$14,171, and paid the tax upon it. Poetry is no longer synonymous with poverty. The new cents recently authorized to be issued have appeared in circulation. They are almost entirely of copper, and are about the same circumference as the nickel cents, but thinner and much lighter. Accounts from Mecklenberg, Germany, state that an emigration en masse is going from the Duchy to America, and that the landholders are looking forward with dismay to the moment when they will have no hands to cultivate their estates. It is rumored that two fast sailing and heavily armed vessels have been fitted out at New York to sail as privateers under the Mexican flag and prey upon French commerce. The London Times is said to have been lately bought completely over to the interest of the Palmerston ministry by sundry good things in the way of court honors and plunder. An iron letter has just been sent by by mail from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, to England. The iron was rolled so thin, that the sheet was only twice the weight of a similar sized sheet of ordinary note paper. A rebel officer confined on Johnson's Island, Lake Erie, recently gave birth to a bouncing boy. The surprise of all at the startling event was somewhat allayed when it was discovered that the officer was a female. Gen. Sherman in a private letter states that the only reason why he did not bring tens of thousands of negroes out of the interior of Georgia, during his recent march, was, that he was unable to feed them. A rebel legal authority has given the Sherman opinion that the men under Grant and Sheridan are on the soil of Virginia, "contrary to the organic law of the country, and in violation of the laws of the Commonwealth." Sydney Smith says, regarding the unnecessary consumption of food: "According to my computation, I have eaten and drunken, between my tenth and seventieth year, four horse-wagon loads more than was good for me." One of the Big Trees in the Calaveras grove, named the "Old Maid," fell down last week. The old lady was about twelve hundred years of age and had attained the height of three hundred and twenty-five feet and was thirty feet across the butt. A new dodge at New York is for a well-dressed and well appearing young woman to step out to you and pathetically ask you for aid for her poor sick mother. You take out your pocket book, being melted by her touching story and good looks, and just then a fellow who has come up behind you, snatches away your pocket-book and makes off. Notwithstanding the secession of so many States from the republic, it is a remarkable fact that the receipts for orders, and furnishing of stamps etc., by the General Post Office Department are considerably in excess of any previous similar operations of that department, fully evidencing the fact that postal operations of the Government have been largely augmented since the rebellion. A pro-slavery clergyman was recently traveling from New York to Boston. Being told that one of his fellow passengers was Wendell Phillips, the noted abolitionist, he determined to enter into conversation. After a few moments' argument he said, "But if you are so opposed to slavery, Mr. Phillips, why don't you go down South and preach to the rebels?" "For the same reason, sir," was the reply, "that you do not go to hell to preach religion to sinners." The interloper sloped. The Buenos Ayres Standard of October 20, announces that in the Province of San Juan, which is situated almost at the foot of the Cordilleras, gold has been discovered in almost incredible quantities. Within two days after the discovery was made over four hundred ounces in gold were secured by the gold miners, but since then no mails have been received from this auriferous region. The oil mania has at last crossed the Sierras, says the Virginia Enterprise, and the words of our people are only: "As soon as the snow now covering the ground melts away, a party will start to examine certain springs supposed to be rich in oil. A Western editor, whose wife was absent at the East, was deprived of his usual doughnuts. He therefore advertised that he would send his paper one year to the lady who sent him the best peck of home-made doughnuts, and would also mention her name in large type. He had two barrels full furnished, and the mean fellow, not content with this speculation, announced that none of the samples came up to his home standard and advised the ladies to try again in a month. When Algernon Sidney was told that he might save his life by denying his handwriting, he said: "When God has brought me into a dilemma in which I must assert a lie or lose my life, he gives me a clear indication of my duty, which is to prefer death to falsehood." A lady who edits a newspaper in one of the Western States, says that the popularity of her journal is due to the fact that the people are always expecting her to say something she ought not to.

UNION CONVENTION.

At a regular called meeting of the Union Central Committee of the Territory of Washington, held at Olympia Dec. 10th, 1864. The following members were present: A. R. Elder, Chairman, Olympia; Geo. A. Barnes, Port Townsend; Benj. F. Harned, Pierce County; F. A. Wilson, Port Townsend; C. H. Spinning, Pierce County; J. E. Wyehe, proxy for Abernethy, Clark Co.; B. N. Sexton, proxy for Kelly, Walla Walla. On motion it was unanimously resolved, 1st. That the next Union Convention for the nomination of Delegate to Congress, be held at Claquato, Lewis County, on Tuesday, April 4th, 1865, at 12 M. 2d. That the basis of representation in the Convention from each county in the Territory, be upon the ratio of representation in the House of Representatives. 3d. That the Chairman of the Committee be authorized to prepare a Circular for general distribution among the Union men in the different counties in the Territory. Moved and carried that the Union papers in the Territory be requested to publish the proceedings of the Committee until the meeting of the Convention. On motion adjourned. A. R. ELDER, Chairman. F. A. WILSON, Secretary. King County UNION CONVENTION. The Union men of King County are requested to meet by Delegates in County Convention at Seattle. On Saturday, March 18th, 1865, For the purpose of nominating and electing delegates to the Territorial Convention, to be held in April next; and also to nominate suitable candidates for the several offices to be filled at the general election in June next. The voters of each precinct in the County are requested to meet in their respective precincts at such places and times, before the 18th, as may be convenient to choose delegates to said County Convention—the ratio of representation being one delegate for every ten voters in the precinct. By order of Central Committee. Seattle Feb. 21st, 1865. MARRIED: At the residence of S. P. Coombs in Seattle, on the 11th inst., by Rev. N. Doane, Mr. CORLIS P. STONE, of Port Madison, to Miss FRANCES K. BURN, of Rockland, Maine. Election Notice. NOTICE is hereby given that an election will be held at the Council Room of the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle on the FIRST MONDAY OF APRIL, 1865, for the election of Five Trustees and one Marshal. Judges: Frank Mathias, A. Hubert, and M. R. Meddock. By order of the Board of Trustees of the Town of Seattle. HIRAM BURNETT, President pro. tem. Attest: CHAS. EAGAN, Clerk. [no43-1d] GOOD NEWS! NORTH PACIFIC BREWERY JUST ESTABLISHED IN SEATTLE. This magnificent Brewery having been completed is now manufacturing PORTER, ALE AND LAGER BEER. Which will be sold at the lowest cash prices. Legal tenders taken at market value. Give us a Call—try for yourselves! BUTTERFIELD & CO. Seattle, Feb. 1st 1865. [no43-1f] CONNOISEUR'S RETREAT. THE UNDERSIGNED returns his thanks to the inhabitants of Seattle and vicinity for their patronage, and calls their attention to the conversion of the SEATTLE RESTAURANT INTO AN OYSTER SALOON AND A VERITABLE CHOP HOUSE. He trusts that his long experience as an enterer, his accumulated skill and desire to please the most fastidious, will merit a share of public patronage. MONET. Seattle Feb. 25th, 1865. [no43-1f] NOTICE! I AM ABOUT TO RETURN TO THE ATLANTIC STATES for a short time, and have appointed H. A. ATAINS my Attorney during my absence, hereby giving him full powers to transact any and all business in my name, as fully to all intents and purposes as I could do myself. Seattle Feb. 9th 1865, D. HORTON. SEEDS! SEEDS!! R. W. MOXLIE has on hand and for sale a large assortment of Grass and Vegetable Seed, also Flower Seeds of all varieties, warranted pure, in quantities from one ounce to a ton. Catalogues furnished free of charge. Apply to B. W. MOXLIE, Olympia. Or to CHAS. EAGAN, Seattle. Feb. 1865. [no43-1f] CAUTION. MY WIFE, ANN MARIA CAMPBELL, having left me and board, I hereby caution all parties from trusting her on my account. DAVID B. CAMPBELL. [no43-1w]

SEATTLE GAZETTE

MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR.—About two weeks ago, two men named Burgess and Thompson, left their logging camp in the neighborhood of Henderson's Bay, bound for Seattle, and have not been heard from since.

Since the above was put in type we learn that the parties who went in search of the bodies, returned late last night, with the remains of the man Burgess. We have learned no further particulars.

No News.—Up to ten o'clock to-day the telegraph line was down beyond Olympia, and we are compelled to go to press without any later news from the war than that published last issue.

HAVING this week disposed of the bulk of the town Ordinances, which have occupied so much of our space, we shall have more room for other matters in future.

JOHN BANER, some years since a resident of Seattle, was recently killed, somewhere between Lewiston and Boise, Idaho.

BEGINNING to SKEDADDLE.—It is said, in the telegraphic dispatches, that the rebel General Hindman, of Arkansas has gone to Mexico, expecting to obtain a command in Maximilian's army, having lost faith in Jeff Davis' Confederacy.

YESLER & Co. have recently added a top saw to their lumber mill, and made other improvements in the machinery.

We are under many obligations to Capt. Finch of the steamer Eliza Anderson for supplies of Victoria papers, and other favors.

PARTYSIS.—This terrible disease can be completely cured by the persevering use of Watts Nervous Antidote.

A Quaker, on hearing a man swear, at a particularly bad piece of road, went up to him and said: "Friend, I am under the greatest obligations to thee, I would myself have done what thou hast done, but my religion forbids it. Don't let my conscience, however, bridle thee; give thine indignation wings, and snuff not the prejudice of others to paralyze the tongue of justice and long suffering—yea, verily."

"Madame," said a polite traveler to a feisty old landlady, "if I see proper to help myself to this milk, is there any impropriety in it?"

"I do not know what you mean; but if you mean to insinuate that there is anything in that milk, I'll give you to understand you've struck the wrong house. There ain't the best hair in it; for as soon as Dorothy Ann told me that the cat was drowned in the milk, I went right straight and strained it over."

"I like you," said a girl to her suitor, "but I cannot leave home; I am a widow's only darling; no husband can equal my parent in kindness." "She may be kind," replied the wooer; "but be my wife; we will all live together, and see if I don't beat your mother."

"Sally," said a fellow to a girl who had red hair, "keep away from me or you will set me on fire." "No danger of that," replied Sally, "you are too green to burn."

Rage and frenzy will pull down more in half an hour, than prudence deliberation and foresight can build up in a hundred years.

A Western paper notices the marriage of Mr. Hoehshead to Miss Barrow, and says the consequence will be a litter of little kegs.

"Gardening for ladies" is all very well; but the dears are more inclined to agriculture than horticulture, on account of a particular hobby for husbandry.

Why is a tight shoe like a fine summer? Because it makes the corn grow.

IN ANOTHER COLUMN will be found the advertisement of J. E. DOYEN'S Sarsaparilla. Yellow Duck and Iodine Alternative, for the depraved condition of the blood. It claims to be a powerful Bismuthic as well, and if indeed it combines both properties for diseases of the blood and correcting stony accumulations, it will be properly appreciated by our people after a satisfactory trial.

Adams' German Tonic and Aromatic Bitters.—These Bitters are highly refined, grateful to the taste, warming, stimulating and invigorating to the debilitated system. They are a thoroughly medicated compound, powerful and concentrated, and have been brought to their present state of efficiency by nearly twenty years experience and are beyond question, one of the best remedies for all diseases of the digestive organs. Where the system has been reduced by fevers, etc., they will prove one of the most valuable auxiliaries for a speedy and permanent restoration to health and strength. Price 50 cts. per Bottle. For sale by all Druggists and Grocers. No. 25

For the cure of all diseases having their origin in derangement of the nervous system, Watt's Nervous Antidote will be found to be an infallible remedy. For sale by all Druggists.

A LONG SLEEP.—The wife of Warren Potter, of Greenfield, Mass., went to sleep on the 21st of October and had not waked up to the 1st of November. Physicians who have visited her cannot account for her disease, and are unable to awake her. A little nourishment is forced into her mouth and her life prolonged.

While preaching a funeral discourse in New York, recently, the minister—who has lost, by interposition of Divine Providence, three wives, and now has the fourth—thus eloquently said to the mourners: "And, my dear friends, God sends this trouble upon you for a wise purpose. There is joy, a luxury in such afflictions, as I can testify from personal experience." The soul which can gather luxury from such great affliction must indeed be happy—such succeeding dispensation, of course, bringing a sweeter calm to the lacerated heart.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are decidedly the best remedy for all disorders of the stomach and bowels, the liver and kidneys. They act with so decided an effect, and yet so gently, that people of the most delicate constitutions may take them with the most perfect confidence. They do not contain a single grain of mercury or other noxious substance, being composed exclusively of rare balsams. They are, therefore, equally safe and efficacious, and as a family medicine, nothing yet invented or discovered can be compared with them for a moment. With these inestimable Pills at hand, together with the printed directions affixed to each box, no other medical advice or assistance can be needed in any ordinary case of sickness.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between JOSEPH WILLIAMSON and WILLIAM GREENFIELD is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JOSEPH WILLIAMSON. Seattle, Jan. 21st, 1865. no43-1f



THE ONE THING WANTED! HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

THE BLOOD.—These famous Pills are so composed that they operate wholesomely on the stomach, the liver, the bowels and other organs: by correcting any derangements in their functions, whereby a steady supply of pure materials for the renewal of the blood is furnished, and a constant abstraction of effete products is effected. This perfect circulation thus becomes the very fountain of health and life, and overcomes all forms of disease wherever its situation.

General Disorders of the Liver and Stomach. All who ever indulge at table, either in eating or drinking, should take about ten of these famous Pills at bed time, from which will result a clear head and good stomach the following morning. Thousands of ladies are always complaining of sick headaches, want of appetite, want of energy, and want of strength: to correct all these evils, three or four of these Pills should be taken twice a week, when they would give the invalid the health and appetite of a ploughman.

Females of all Ages and Classes. Obstructions of any kind, either in young persons, or those between forty and fifty—the most critical period in life—may be radically removed by using these Pills according to the printed directions which accompany each box. Young persons with sickly and sallow complexions may have the bloom of health restored by this wonderful corrective, which purifies the blood and expels all gross and impure humors from the system. Beware then of the critical age from forty to fifty, as it sends many thousands to a premature grave—these Pills should be taken at that period of life two or three times a week.

Want of Strength and Energy. Persons of sedentary habits, or those troubled in mind, working in factories, or coal pits, who cannot obtain that amount of fresh air and exercise which nature requires, suffer from weakness and debility, loss of spirits, and want of appetite. A daily use of these Pills every three or four days, as they act gently and effectually on the system, and impart vigor and energy to the body which is always followed by a good appetite, sound and refreshing sleep, and a high flow of spirits.

For the Cure of Dropsy. The efficacy of Holloway's Pills in Dropsy is extraordinary. They act with such peculiar effect upon the system, that the fluids causing this direful complaint, are imperceptibly carried off and prevented from any further accumulation. The sufferer regains a buoyancy of spirits, and rejoices in a completely renovated constitution. It is indispensably necessary that the treatment should be most effectually rubbed into the complaining parts during the whole course of treatment.

Children and their Ailments. In no country in the world are more children carried to an early grave than in Great Britain. Coughs, Measles, Scarletina, Fever, and other diseases attack the little sufferers, and death, but too often, follows at a rapid pace; yet if, at the first stage of these complaints, parents were to have recourse to Holloway's Pills, all danger would be avoided; for the stomach and bowels would be gently but effectually cleansed by this mild aperient; the depraved humor, corrected and the secretions duly regulated. A perfect cure would soon be effected, and the little patient soon be restored to sound health.

Holloway's Pills are the Best known Remedy in the World for the following Diseases: Ague, Bilious complaints, Blisters on the skin, Bowel complaints, Colic, Constipation of the bowels, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fever of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, Sore Throat, Stone or Gravel, Secondary Symp-toms, Tic Doloroux, Tumors, Ulcers, Venereal Affec-tions, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices.—Is. 1j. 2s. 3j. 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 35s. each box. * * * There is considerable saving by taking the larger size. Directions for the guidance of patients in every dis-order are affixed to each box. no43-1f

GAZLAY'S PACIFIC MONTHLY. This new and first class Monthly Magazine is published Every Month, at 34 Liberty street, New York, and sent to the Pacific States by the Steamer leaving New York on the 13th of the month in advance of date of publication. Every one in the Pacific States and Territories should take an interest in the success of the PACIFIC MONTHLY—aside from its local character and worth, it is the cheapest Magazine published. We will send the PACIFIC MONTHLY to any address in the United States for ONE YEAR, postage pre-paid, upon the receipt of FIVE DOLLARS IN GREENBACKS, or TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF IN GOLD.

David M. Gazlay, PUBLISHERS 34, Liberty Street, New York. Specimen Copies of the PACIFIC MONTHLY can be seen at the office of this Paper. Dealers supplied by WHITE & BAUER, News Agents, San Francisco; or the American News Company, 111 Nassau street, New York. [no43-5m]

NEW STORE AT Snohomish City, SINGLAI & CLENDENIN.

THE PROPRIETORS of this establishment respectfully inform the citizens of Snohomish and the public generally that they have just received and will continue to receive fresh supplies of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, SUCH AS DRY GOODS, Coarse and Fine CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Cutlery, MINERS' AND LOGGERS' TOOLS and almost every article of consumption NEEDED IN THIS MARKET.

In connection with their store Messrs. Sinclair & Clendenin will keep the fast sailing schooner "NOR. WESTER"

constantly plying between Snohomish Victoria, and other ports on the Sound, carrying their own freight, and that of all who favor them with their patronage. This arrangement will enable them to sell their goods

Cheaper for Cash than any house on Puget Sound. CALL AND SEE. Snohomish, Nov. 10, 1863.

NEW GOODS? NEW GOODS!!

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing his customers and the public in general that he is now opening

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS That has ever been brought to this Market.

Having had twelve years experience in merchandising, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desires of the people in general. My stock consists in part as follows:

English, French, and American Prints, French, all wool and English Merinos, Silk and worsted Poplins, Fancy and all-wool Delaines, Red and black cotton Velvets, Twilled, plain and Opera Flannels, Drills, Sheetings, coarse and fine plain and cross-bar Malls, Jackonets, Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls, Morning Caps, Wool Scarfs and Hoods, Nobias, silk velvet trimmings, Embroideries, &c.

Also, Fine and Heavy CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, Hats and Caps,

Trunks and Valises, Feed-cutters, Peoria and Boston Clipper Plows, Wheelbarrows, and a general assortment of

HARDWARE, GROCERIES, AND PROVISIONS,

And many other things too numerous to mention. CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

To TRADES and those wishing to buy largely I am prepared to sell at reduced prices. CASH, on delivery of Goods. Produce will be taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

In connection with the store I have a large Warehouse where I can store produce for those who may desire it. D. HORTON. Seattle, Oct. 25th 1864. no35-1f

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON, DEALER IN DRY GOODS CLOTHING, COUNTRY PRODUCE —AND— GENERAL MERCHANDISE, Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

D. B. WARD. If you want CONFECTIONERIES, CHOICE FRUITS, FRENCH PRUNES, FIGS, RAISINS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, OR OTHER "ICTAS," CALL ON D. B. WARD, AT THE UNION CLOTHING STORE. Orders for Picnics and Parties filled at short notice and on REASONABLE terms. Seattle, W. T., Aug. 27th, 1864. no28-1

UNION CLOTHING STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED (Successors to S. F. COOK in the Union Clothing Store) would respectfully inform the public that having engaged in the mercantile business, they are prepared to furnish everything in their line on

CASH PRINCIPLES, And at REASONABLE PRICES A good variety of MEN'S CLOTHING Consisting in part of

Coats, Pants, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c.

ALSO BOOTS AND SHOES, And a well selected stock of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY All of which will be sold cheap for the CASH. Remember our motto is 'small profits and quick sales' BAGLEY & SETTLE. Seattle Aug. 20th 1864. no27-1f

YESLER, DENNY & CO., SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILLS, DEALERS IN

LUMBER, FLOUR, COUNTRY PRODUCE,

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c., &c. Orders from abroad for all kinds of Produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates no1-1f YESLER, DENNY & CO

FOR CASH—NEW GOODS—FOR CASH YESLER, DENNY & CO.

Have just received a new and well selected stock of MERCHANDISE suited to this market, which they offer for sale cheap

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY! Thankful for past patronage, they hope for a continuance of the same upon the CASH SYSTEM, which they find necessary to adopt to sustain their business. Those who have money to pay for goods will remember where they obtained them when they had none. After this date the credit system is closed with YESLER, DENNY & CO.

F. J. HOLLISTER, ENGRAVER, PORT MADISON, W. T.

STAMPS, SEALS, DIES, AND EMBROIDERY PATTERNS, Cut to Order. Nov. 14th 1864. no34-1f

BATHS! AT THE Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon, Two doors South of the Post Office, SEATTLE.

HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS Always in readiness. no11-1f Wm. HEDGES, Proprietor.

J. J. M'GILVRA, ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW SEATTLE, W. T. Office, corner of Commercial and Mill Streets. no80-1f

SEATTLE DRUG STORE, THE ATTENTION OF THE PEOPLE OF Puget Sound is called to our EXTENSIVE STOCK OF

DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND MEDICINES. Our relations with houses in California afford us facilities for buying unsurpassed by any house out side of San Francisco. Our stock of

Patent Medicines, Cannot be excelled in variety, and besides in part of AYERS' TOWNSEND'S SANDS' GUYMOTT'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAY'S SPECIFIC'S and CBANE & BRIGHAM'S

Sarsaparillas: Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectorant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Sarsaparilla, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Special Treatment, Soothing Syrup, Pile Powder, Mustang Lintment, Hembold's Balm, Pain Killer, Osgood's Colicagogue, Ayer's Ague Cure, Clove Anodyne, Seldin's Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil, Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carminative Balsam, Hostetter's, Roback's, and Richardson's Bitters, Jayne's Ayer's Graefenberg, Brandreth's, Wright's Mott's, McLane's, Moffatt's and Lee's

PILLS: Graefenberg Children's Panacea, Hyatt's Young Balsam, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Radway's Relief, Hunnewell's Cough Remedy, Baker's Pain Panacea, Cod Liver Oil, Bachelder's Hair Dye, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Ray Balm, Salt Petre, White and Brown Gels, Shellac Beeswax, Honey, Burnett's Cocaine, Russia Salve, Green Mountain Ointment, Opediodor, Sulphur, Salts, Blue Stone, Olive Oil, Strychnine, Iodide Potass Iam, Scherville's Blood and Liver Syrup, Calcined and Carbonate Magnesia, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot, Concentrated Potash.

ACIDS: Sulphuric Acid, Muriatic Acid, Nitric " Acetic " Phosphoric " Citric " Tartaric Acid.

Sago, Tapioca, Farina, Pearl Barley, Cooper's Isinglass.

A full assortment of cooking extracts. Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Marjoram, &c. &c.

Brown's Essence of Valerian, Winter's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Snuff, Macaboy Snuff, CAMPHENE, TURPENTINE AND ALCOHOL, By the gallon, can or case; Genuine Downer's COAL OIL, Wholesale or Retail.

The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the LOWEST RATES FOR CASH.

Our assortment of TOILET ARTICLES is unexcelled comprising Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps, Foundation, Hair Oil, Toilet Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Lubin Extracts, Brown Windsor Soap, Nail Brushes, &c. Coal Oil Lamps, and Shades, Hanging and Stand Lamps, Hand Lamps, Side Lamps, with Reflectors, &c.

Our stock of CHEMICALS is most complete and we are prepared to fill orders from Merchants or Physicians on the most liberal terms. KELLOGG & BRO.

\$1 00 PER GALLON! GENUINE DOWNER'S

COAL OIL, Usually sold at \$1 50 per Gallon, is selling at KELLOGG & Bro's at ONE DOLLAR PER GALLON, Wholesale and Retail. Seattle Drug Store, Aug. 18. no34-1f

LIVERY STABLE, Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RECENTLY refitted this large and commodious stable, is now prepared to accommodate the citizens of Seattle and the public generally, with the best of

SADDLE-HORSES, BUGGIES, TEAMS, &c., &c. HAY and OATS constantly on hand, for sale. Horses left at this stable will receive the best of attention. All orders for hauling promptly attended to. Give him a call and get the worth of your money. L. V. WYCKOFF, Proprietor. Seattle, July 30th, 1864.

Medical Notices.

Under this heading, all genuine, meritorious Medicines, and Medical Institutions, which are advertised in this paper, will be specially and appropriately noticed.

Watt's Nervous Antidote, is the best soothing yet discovered, its effects upon a crying child are astonishing. Mothers need not be afraid to use it as it is a perfectly harmless preparation.

IN ANOTHER COLUMN will be found the advertisement of LE DOYEN'S Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Iodine Alternative, for the deprived conditions of the blood. It claims to be a powerful tonic, as well, and if indeed it combines both properties for its own, and of blood and corrects both properties, it will be properly appreciated by our people after a satisfactory trial.

There is no doubt but that Watt's Nervous Antidote has during the past three years cured more cases of Rheumatism than all the Physicians in the country.

AN EXCELLENT INSTITUTION -- We wish to call the special attention of our readers to the advertisement of the ELECTROPATHIC INSTITUTE OF SAN FRANCISCO, to be found elsewhere in our columns.

The mode of treatment at this Institute is different from that pursued at any other Medical Establishment on the Pacific coast--NO POISONOUS DRUGS USED.

DR. J. H. JOSSELYN, the Resident Consulting Physician, has been connected with the Institute for five years and bears a very high reputation as a Physician. His success in the treatment of DISEASES OF A PRIVATE NATURE has, during the past four years, driven nearly all the Quacks, who formerly abounded in San Francisco, to other localities.

Persons suffering from diseases of whatever nature, will do well to call upon Dr. Josselyn, at 645 Washington, San Francisco, where he is always ready to give his advice GRATIS to those who may wish to consult him, either personally or by letter.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE.

Notices of the Press.

One of the greatest chemical discoveries of modern times is Watt's Nervous Antidote. This medicine is perfectly harmless in its effects, but at the same time acts so powerfully upon the nervous system that the worst cases of nervous disorders are completely cured in a very short time.--Nevada Transcript.

It is not like the thousand and one remedies offered to the public that cure everything, but it is a specific remedy for all cases arising from nervous derangement. Its merits have been proved in numerous instances known to us, and many a bed-ridden invalid has been restored to health.--Pulaski Gazette.

This is one of the patent articles of the day which is really well worth the confidence of the public, and justly entitled to the popularity it enjoys.--S. E. Herald.

It is the best thing we have yet found to produce a quiet and refreshing sleep. Nervous persons should try it for all.--American Eagle.

If the editors of the Eastern newspapers are to be believed, this is an extraordinary compound. It is said that it will cure the worst cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and all diseases arising from a derangement of the nervous system.--San Jose Patriot.

Watt's Nervous Antidote has the reputation of being one of the wonders of the age.--Pacific Coastlander, Probyer.

It has been known to cure Rheumatism of long standing, even after the case had been given over as hopeless.--Oakland News.

It is a great discovery as thousands that have been relieved by it can bear testimony.--Napa Reporter.

It is a splendid preparation.--Amador Dispatch.

It is unquestionably the greatest medical discovery of the age.--Monterey Gazette.

Dr. Watt's Nervous Antidote cures more nervous diseases than all the Physicians on the Pacific Coast.--Jacksonville Sentinel.

RHEUMATISM.--This terrible and painful disease is very readily cured by the use of "Watt's Nervous Antidote," it affords immediate relief and cures completely in a few weeks.--San Jose Patriot.

This remarkable medicine does not contain anything injurious to the system, being composed of vegetable substances entirely. It contains no mercury or opium, and yet its effects are like magic; under the influence of it, the patient's nerves become quiet and he falls asleep.--Solano Press.

Persons who have suffered for years with physical debility are relieved at once by the use of this medicine, and in a short time are completely restored to health and vigor.--Quincy Union.

The Antidote will cure rheumatism, neuralgia and in fact all diseases arising from derangement of the nervous system.--Placerville Democrat.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Agents, Clay and Front streets, and for sale at retail by all Druggists. no 42-m3

For the cure of all diseases having their origin in derangement of the nervous system, Watt's Nervous Antidote will be found to be an infallible remedy. For sale by all Druggists.

The California Fly Killing Liquid!

Fly Paper kills its thousands--The Liquid Fly Killer kills thousands. This preparation for killing flies gives the greatest satisfaction of anything ever yet used. It is now improved to the highest killing point, and is a safe, and a speedy in its action. It will not spot the walls and windows which makes these of the other preparations so objectionable.

Crane & Brigham, Redington & Co., E. Hall & Co., C. Langley & Co., & E. H. McDonald & Co. Agents. Depot U. S. Drug Store, Cor. Pine and Kearney St. no 41-ly

Adams' German Tonic and Aromatic Bitters.--These Bitters are highly refined, grateful to the taste, warming, stimulating and invigorating to the debilitated system. They are a thoroughly medicated compound, powerful and concentrated, and have been brought to their present state of efficacy by nearly twenty years experience and are beyond question, one of the best remedies for all diseases of the digestive organs. Where the system has been reduced by fevers, etc., they will prove one of the most valuable auxiliaries for a speedy and permanent restoration to health and strength. Price 50 cts. per Bottle. For sale by all Druggists and Grocers. no 25

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE!

The Greatest Medical Discovery

OF THE AGE!

A CERTAIN & SPEEDY CURE.

...FOR ALL...

NERVOUS AFFECTIONS!

THIS MEDICINE IS OF A PURELY VEGETABLE preparation and has never been known to fail in effecting a permanent cure in the following cases:

- Ague, Anxiety, Loss of Appetite, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, Morbans, Rheumatism, Convulsions, Cholera, Dysentery, Delirium Tremens, Mental or Physical Debility, Dyspepsia, Fits, Gout, Headache, Hysterics, Heart Disease, Palsy, Imbecility, Impotency, Suppressed Menses, Neuralgia, Pleurisy, Restlessness, St. Vit's Dance, Stricture, Tic Doleroux, and Whooping Cough, &c.

Columns of certificates of cures might be published sufficient to satisfy the most skeptical, but this medicine is all that its discoverer claims for it. Persons with any of the above diseases, will do well to give it a trial before resorting to any other remedies; that, while they sometimes afford temporary relief, always leave behind them the seeds of some other disease, often times far worse than that which they are given to cure.

Watt's Nervous Antidote

Is a perfectly harmless preparation, and can be given to an infant without fear of injury. In fact there are many persons who give it to crying babies as a soothing syrup, with miraculous effect. The Antidote is for sale at wholesale, by

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Corner of Front and Clay Streets, San Francisco, and at retail by all respectable Druggists. no 31-m3

HOWARD PRIVATE

MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

No. 537, SACRAMENTO ST., SAN FRANCISCO. Two doors above the What Cheer Hotel, adjoining the Banking House of Donahoe, Kelly, & Co.

Consultation, by letter or otherwise, FREE!

ESTABLISHED for the cure of dis-eases of a private nature, such as Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Spermatorrhoea, Mercurial Complaints, Gleet, Stricture, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Rheumatism, Fever and Ague, Skin diseases, Seminal Emissions, and all diseases brought on by indulgence or by accident.

THE HOWARD INSTITUTE

Under the immediate charge of Dr. P. Howard, who has become justly celebrated, by his successful treatment of diseases of the above nature, WITHOUT THE USE OF MERCURY, IN ANY FORM!

In re-opening this old and popular Institute once more to the people of the Pacific Coast, the Doctor is governed by a desire not only to afford an asylum to the afflicted, but to furnish a permanent cure, which has for late so boldly and impudently come before the people.

They claim to have certificates of remarkable cases, or some before unheard of distinction of foreign origin; showing of European education and European remedies, thus misleading the afflicted, who are not aware of the utter uselessness of foreign remedies and practice, when applied to diseases in this variable climate.

Of such pretenders, the Doctor warns those seeking medical relief, to beware; for they but seek to deceive you, and ruin your health.

To his old patrons and the public in general, the Doctor would say, they can rely upon his known skill and integrity, as heretofore, with every assurance of a speedy and permanent cure, in all possible cases.

The Doctor's charges are moderate, and suited to the means of the patient.

The HOWARD INSTITUTE is located in the center of the city, and is fitted up with every convenience for the comfort of the afflicted. The patient will here find everything to his wish, and can enter and leave the Institute without fear of observation.

Persons residing in the interior, who may prefer being cured at home, by sending a careful description of their disease, together with a statement of the length of time they have been afflicted, can have their medicines carefully put up and sent to any part of the Pacific Coast, by Express or Mail, together with full and explicit directions as to how to enable them to bring about a speedy and permanent cure, without entailing upon them the necessity of visiting this city.

All letters should be addressed to DR. P. HOWARD, HOWARD INSTITUTE, No. 537, Commercial St. San Francisco, Cal.

The DOCTOR himself opens and answers all letters, and correspondents can rely upon the strictest secrecy. Consultation, by letter or otherwise, FREE!

To The Ladies!

When a female is in trouble, of whatever nature, or afflicted with a disease, such as Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Irritability, Nervousness, Urinary Difficulties, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, all diseases of the Womb, Hysteria, Sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to Females, they should go at once, or write to Dr. Howard, at his Medical Institute. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately, and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death.

The Doctor's office is so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of discovery.

DR. P. HOWARD, HOWARD INSTITUTE, No. 537, Sacramento Street, San Francisco.

DR. HOWARD'S FEMALE PILLS have come to be universally acknowledged the only compound to be depended upon for the removal of all cases of Suppression, Irregularity, or Obstructions, of whatever nature, and of however long standing. Ladies having reason to believe they are pregnant, should be careful to avoid using them, as they would surely cause a miscarriage. They will be forwarded to any part of the Pacific Coast, upon the receipt of 25 per cent.

All letters must be addressed to DR. P. HOWARD, HOWARD INSTITUTE, No. 537, Sacramento Street, San Francisco. no 32-m3

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINES.

adapted for every variety of sewing in

FAMILIES OR MANUFACTORIES.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

Original Inventor and Patentee.

Established, 1845 - Improved by A. B. Howe, 1862

The Howe machine is well known, and its intrinsic worth creates a demand wherever it is introduced. Large numbers have been sold throughout the States of California, Oregon, Mexico and the Sandwich Islands, and we confidently assert that there is not a machine made that has given the universal satisfaction that this has.

It is capable of performing the entire range of sewing, from the lightest to the heaviest fabric, in the most perfect manner; and if a person having one, becomes obliged to use it to gain a livelihood, it is every way the best adapted to use on all kinds of sewing of any machine made, while many of the machines sold are found to be unfit for many kinds of work which one is called upon to perform who uses a machine to earn their living with.

Letter A--With Pictures Complete. Price \$60 00 We recommend this Machine principally for Family Sewing, but it is also admirably used by Dress Makers, and for Tailoring, Shoe Binding or Gaiter Fitting. Any garment can be made with this Machine.

A Pearl--With Pictures Complete. Price \$ 75. 00 This Machine is the same size as the A, but it is silver plated and elegantly ornamented in pearl. It has a double top, with cover, locking securely, which is very desirable in families where there are children, or where the Machine is not used every day.

Letter B--With Pictures Complete. Price \$85.00. This Machine is principally used for the heavier grades of Tailoring and Boot and Shoe Work, or Carriage Trimming. It runs light and rapid and does fine work well. It has a much larger shuttle than the smaller Machines.

Cylinder--With Pictures Complete. Price \$ 140. This Machine is used exclusively on leather--for Boot and Shoe work of any grade, it has no superior. It appears as if the work is superior to that done by hand. It uses a smaller needle than can possibly be used in any other Machine.

DEWING & CO. NO. 3 MONTGOMERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO. No. 344m

Great Medical Discovery

LE DOYEN'S

SARSAPARILLA, YELLOW DOCK AND

Iodyne Alternative

FOR THE

Blood, Liver and Glands.

FOR CURE OF

Scrofulous, Syphilitic, and Mercurial disease

Of sores, skin diseases and all other

diseases which are caused by

an impure state of

the BLOOD.

WONDERFUL CURE OF SCROFULOUS

WHITE SWELLING!

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy.

Le Doyen's Sarsaparilla, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alternative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and restores the system to its normal state, beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that it will do for them all that medicine can do.

Bad Legs, Old Sores and Ulcers.

Cases of many years' standing that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few doses of this powerful alternative.

Eruptions on the Skin.

Arising from a bad state of the blood, or chronic diseases are eradicated and a clear and transparent surface regained by the restorative action of this alternative. It suppresses in its power to dispel such and disfigurements of the face.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Agents, Wholesale Druggists, Front St., San Francisco, 302 to 310 Druggists.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE!

A Certificate of Cure that every one should Read!

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1, 1864.

Messrs. Crane & Brigham, Druggists, corner of Clay and Front streets:

GENTLEMEN: I notice an advertisement in the newspapers, that you are the Agent for Watt's Nervous Antidote, and being satisfied that there are many persons in this State suffering with Rheumatism, that would gladly avail themselves of any preparation that would cure them. I thought it a duty I owed to suffering humanity, to make a statement of my case. Some eight years since, while working on a railroad I strained my back severely, in attempting to lift a car-wheel, being in a profuse perspiration at the time, and being compelled to go home without a coat. I took a severe cold, which, eventually brought on the Rheumatism, and which kept me confined to the house a large portion of the time for several years. I consulted most of the leading physicians in Sacramento, and in this city, visited the Warm Springs at Alameda, tried the various compounds that are advertised as cures for this terrible disease, but all to no purpose. My complaint, instead of getting better, grew worse. My left leg became partially paralyzed, the pains in my back and chest became so intense, that I often wished myself dead. I could not sleep more than two hours of a night, my appetite failed me, and I grew rapidly day after day, until finally, I made up my mind that my troubles would soon be over. While hobbling down Clay street one day in 1862, I met a gentleman with whom I was formerly acquainted. He inquired the nature of my disease, and upon being informed, stated that he had some years before been similarly afflicted in Washington, and that he had cured himself by the use of Watt's Nervous Antidote. This was the first time that I had heard of the medicine, and I had determined to give it a trial. I procured a half dozen bottles, and before I had used two of them, I could sleep all night, my appetite improved, and I felt considerable easier. Encouraged by the apparent improvement, I determined to persevere in the use of it, as it was "my only hope." I did so, and used it at intervals for two years. I found its effect slow, but sure, until now, I am entirely cured. I have not had an attack of Rheumatism for six months. My back is as strong and well as ever, my leg is as good as new, my appetite altogether restored for my pocket, and I am physically as strong as I was ten years ago, and feel myself able to whip any man of my size and age in the city.

My wife and I state the nature of my sufferings and ultimate cure will be found under the name of my experience. I have not had an attack of Rheumatism for six months. My back is as strong and well as ever, my leg is as good as new, my appetite altogether restored for my pocket, and I am physically as strong as I was ten years ago, and feel myself able to whip any man of my size and age in the city.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE

Is for sale at Wholesale by CRANE & BRIGHAM, corner of Clay and Front streets, San Francisco, and by respectable Druggists everywhere. 3m-no 42

Important Medical Notice.

THE ELECTROPATHIC INSTITUTE.

645 Washington St., Below Kearny St.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Established February 1860, by an Association

of Scientific Gentlemen, for the cure of

DISEASES

and for the suppression of

QUACKERY.

The noble object of the establishment of the Institute was to assume to the afflicted scientific and honorable treatment where they would be safe from the wiles of empirics, who not only rob them of their money, but fill them with poisonous minerals, thereby destroying what little of the constitution was left from the ravages of disease.

The result thus far has generally exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its founders, so liberal has been the patronage of the public that the Resident and Consulting Physician J. H. JOSSELYN M. D., has been able to reduce the price of cure very materially.

The Institute combines with its practice both the use of Vegetable Medicines and the Electropathic System, that is, the use of Electricity and the celebrated Electro-Magnetic Bath.

The most powerful auxiliary in the removing of virus from the system yet discovered.

It is not necessary to enumerate the diseases treated at the Institute; all diseases, no matter what may be their nature, and nature, will be treated in the most scientific manner.

VENEREAL.

This terrible scourge can be entirely eradicated by the system practiced at the Institute in a much shorter time than it has hitherto been accomplished by any other Physician in the country and so entirely is the disease removed that no latent is left in the blood to break out at some future time. The Resident Physician would advise any one who has ever been afflicted and who may have any fears that a cure was not effected, or that there is some of the virus still remaining, to call or write and consult him, and they can at once have their mind relieved and should there be any trouble a cure can be warranted.

T O F E M A L E S .

Females afflicted or in trouble will find at the Institute one who can understand and sympathize with them in their afflictions, and one who will render them prompt assistance, no matter what the trouble or disease, with the utmost dispatch and secrecy. Irregularities attended to promptly and by the most approved methods.

S E M I N A L W E A K N E S S .

That soul destroying disease can be cured in a very short time by the system practiced at the Institute and a perfect cure warranted.

Medicine sent to all parts of the State, Oregon, Nevada Territory, and in fact everywhere within the range of Express facilities.

All letters answered promptly and with pleasure when directed to J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D., Resident Physician, Electropathic Institute, Washington street, San Francisco.

Dr. Josselyn has no connection with any other establishment in California. Remember the number 645 Washington st. No 34

IF YOU ARE SICK, READ THIS!

Modern Chemistry has given to the world many new and valuable compounds, and the Physician should have a proper knowledge of the chemistry of life, that he may with safety prescribe that which is best suited to meet the wants and supply the demands of animal economy, thereby arresting the disease and effecting a cure, much sooner, and without injury to the constitution.

DOCTOR A. BALL

has acquired the profound aid of science in isolating and concentrating active principles in rendering medicinal agents safe, prompt, efficient and pleasant; the old, usual, nauseating and bulky drugs he discards altogether.

DOCTOR BALL has been engaged in the general practice of medicine for forty years, and having had great success in the treatment of the following diseases, has determined to advertise for the benefit of suffering humanity.

Syphilis and Gonorrhoea--in all their complications and stages, DR. BALL has a new and valuable remedy which will readily cure in one-fourth the usual time. Potassium, Mercury and Balsams discarded.

Rheumatism--DR. BALL has a specific for this terrible disease which will be a relief in a few hours and a cure in ten days.

Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Pimples, Piles, &c. skillfully treated and permanently cured, in one-fourth the time usually required in such cases.

Leucorrhoea and the thousand and one diseases with which woman is often afflicted, DR. BALL has successfully treated, by discarding all the old unsatisfactory remedies, and substituting pleasant and efficient medicines which act like a charm. In a few days the check begins to bloom like the rose, and in two or three weeks, cheerfulness, activity and health are the inevitable results. DR. BALL has correspondents in London, Paris, and Boston, who supply him with all the new and valuable medicinal agents as soon as approved by the great Medical Light.

DR. BALL is not a Quack,

he is a regularly educated Physician, of forty years' standing, and has a diploma, which he will be pleased to exhibit to those who may wish to examine it.

Persons living at a distance, by sending a description of their complaint, can have medicines put up in a package, and sent by mail or express, in such a manner, as not to insure safety, in transit, but so that no one would suspect what are the contents. References will be sent, by mail, to those who may wish to enquire as to the Doctor's ability, before placing themselves under his charge.

A. BALL, M. D.,

323, Montgomery Street,

[Between California and Pine Streets,]

San Francisco, California.

Consultations, personal or by letter, FREE! no 31-m

J. J. KNOWLTON. H. W. CHERNEY

J. J. KNOWLTON & CO.,

ADVERTISING AGENTS,

North East Corner of Montgomery and California Streets, over Pacific Bank, San Francisco.

Agents for the SEATTLE WEEKLY GAZETTE. [no 25

STAMP DUTIES,

Under the new Revenue Law, taking effect on the First day of August, 1864.

Acknowledgment of deeds exempt

Affidavits in suits or legal proceedings exempt

Agreement or appraisal (for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written)

Bank Check or Draft, etc., at sight or on demand

Bills of exchange (Inland), draft, or order, payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note, whether payable on demand or at a time designated, for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars

For every additional one hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof,

Bill of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed \$500

Bill of Sale exceeding five hundred dollars, and not exceeding one thousand dollars,

Bill of Sale exceeding one thousand dollars, for each five hundred dollars, or fractional part of five hundred dollars,

Bill of Sale of personal property (other than ship or vessel)

Bond, (personal, for payment of money. (See mortgage.)

Bond, (official)

Bond for indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon, is one thousand dollars or less

Bond, where money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for each additional one thousand dollars or fractional part,

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians, and trustees, each subject to a stamp duty of

Bond--other than that required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged hereon,

Certificate of Stocks--In an Incorporated Company

Certificates of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of Deeds, Notary Public

Certificates of search records

" that certain papers are on file,

" that certain papers cannot be found,

" of qualifications of school teachers

Certificate of Profits--In an Incorporated Company, for an amount not less than ten dollars, nor exceeding fifty dollars

exceeding fifty dollars, nor exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof,

Certificates of appointment

Certified transcripts of judgments, satisfaction of judgment, and all papers recorded or on file

[N. B.--As a general rule, every Certificate which has, or may have, a legal value in any Court of law or equity will require a stamp of 5 cents.]

Contract [See Agreement]

Contract--Brokers

Conveyance, deed, instrument of writing whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold shall be conveyed, where the value does not exceed \$500,

exceeding \$500, and not exceeding \$1,000,

every additional \$500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars

Lease of lands or tenements, where the rent does not exceed three hundred dollars per annum,

exceeding three hundred dollars, for each additional two hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of three hundred dollars,

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money,