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SEATTLE GAZETTE

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POOR HUMANITY.

In purple robe and jeweled crown
The great king sits in regal state,
And if he smile or if he frown
A hundred noble lords who wait,
Bow at his throne; yet what is he,
In spite of royal robe or crown,
In spite of kingly smile or frown
But part of poor humanity!

Outside the palace gate there stands
A beggar with a face of woe,
Who clad in rags, with outstretched hands,
Asks alms of them that come and go—
A brother of the king is he,
A common Father both may claim,
That God our weak lips may not name,
Who pities poor humanity.

See in the careless crowds that pass
Along the city's busy street,
The rich and poor; there, too, alas!
Bold shame and modest virtue meet;
Brothers and sisters all are we,
Whatever is our worldly lot,
It matters not by whom begot—
A part of poor humanity!

The rich man sipping costly wine,
Whatever the foolish worldlings think,
Is linked with him who from the vine
Crushes the juice the other drinks—
Though nursed in easy luxury, he
May scorn the laborer in his heart,
Forgetting that each forms a part
Of that poor thing humanity!

Up yonder crazy stairs dwells one
Who toils through all the livelong day,
Toils till her weary work is done,
To drive the famished wolf away—
A sister, wan and pale, is she,
To her, that other, young and fair,
Who rides behind you stylish pair,
A part of poor humanity!

Great Heaven look kindly from above
On us the children of Thy care,
And fill our selfish hearts with love,
Be ever this our earnest prayer—
Oh give us grace that we may see
The faults that every virtue war,
And strength to bear the ills that are
The lot of poor humanity!

CHARITY.

When you meet with one suspected
Of some secret deed of shame,
And for this by all rejected
As a thing of evil fame;
Guard thine every look and action,
Speak no word of heartless blame,
For the slanderer's vile detraction,
Yet may soil thy godly name.

When you meet with one pursuing
Ways the lost have wandered in,
Working out his own undoing
With his recklessness and sin;
Think, if placed in his condition,
Would a kind word be in vain?
Or a look of cold suspicion
Win thee back to truth again?

There are spots that bear no flowers,
Not because the soil is bad,
But the Summer's genial showers
Never make their bosoms glad;
Better have an act that's kindly
Treated sometimes with disdain,
Than by judging others blindly,
Doon the innocent to pain.

ADVERTISING.—It is a matter that concerns all business men, and we may as well state that Helmbold is paying the Tribune over \$10,000 this year. He paid us \$1,500 for one insertion of one page in the Weekly Tribune, besides his column in the Daily Tribune. Bonner once paid us \$3,000 for one insertion of an advertisement of the Ledger. He knew that by judicious advertising he could insure a fortune. The old prejudice among druggists and physicians against advertising is dying out, and they, as well as others, see that the cheapest mode whereby they can make themselves and their medicine known to the public, is by a wise and liberal system of advertising. Helmbold discovered this fact, and takes advantage of it.—N. Y. Tribune.

If pumpkin pies cost two bits a piece, how much would a whole one cost?

EACH MAN TO HIS OWN TRADE.

There is a sharp country lawyer in a certain county "out west," whose name is James McHaffley, slightly of the Hibernian persuasion, who, having succeeded in the way of making money, turned his attention to real estate, farming, &c. Among his purchases was a fine flouring mill on the waters of Hog Creek, which was superintended by a competent miller and did a thriving business.

Once upon a day it fell out, that the miller was away on furlough, to be gone all day and the proprietor happening at the mill, found a small boy, in tattered garments, sitting astride a log of corn which lay across the back of a sorry looking nag. The owner of the mill not understanding the trade of a miller, put the corn in the wrong hopper and could get no grist in return. He then put some meal in the corner of the boy's sack and sent him home, telling him that that would keep his mother from starving until the miller should return to find where his grist had gone to.

The boy's corn being all ground out of the hopper, the proprietor undertook to stop the mill, but it would not stop! He pulled one lever and then another, but the mill rattled on with all its might. The mill stones, having nothing to grind, took to grinding each other; presently they waxed hot then hotter; the fire began to fly, and the proprietor became alarmed. He rushed to the house, mounted his horse, and told his wife that he was going in search of the miller, and if any bigger fool than himself should happen along, for heaven's sake to get him to stop the mill.

Away rode the man, and having found the miller ordered him to mount the horse and run for the mill before the thing should set itself on fire. The miller was not slow to obey, and having shut the gate the mad wheels stopped, and all was quiet on Hog Creek.

But what had become of the lost grist? The proprietor showed the miller where he had put it in, and the whole mystery was solved! The grist had been put in the wheat hopper, carried up in the elevators, deposited in the bolt, through which it could not sift so as to reach the box, and there it was inside the wheat bolt where the miller could go in and dip out. And this is how a lawyer undertook to run a mill and lost a grist.

MODERATE DRINKING.—A Scotch parson once preached a long sermon against dram drinking, a vice prevalent in his parish, and from which, report said, he was not altogether free himself. "When you get up, indeed," said he, "ye may take a dram and another just before breakfast, and perhaps another after breakfast; but dinna always be dram drinking. If ye are out in the morn, ye may brace yourself up with another dram, and perhaps take another before luncheon, and, indeed, it is not very blamable to take one after luncheon; but dinna always be dram drinking." Nobody can scruple for one just before dinner, and when the dessert is brought in, and after it is taken away, perhaps, and one, or it may be two, in the course of the afternoon, just to keep ye frae drowsing or snoozeling; but dinna be always dram drinking. Ane afore ten, and another between tea and supper, is no more but right and good; but let me caution ye, brethren, not to be always dram drinking. Just when you start for bed, and when ye're ready to pop into't, to take a dram or two is nothing more than a Christian man may lawfully do. But, brethren, let me caution ye not to drink more than I've mentioned, or maybe ye may pass the bounds of moderation."

OPEN an oyster, retain the liquor in the lower part of the shell, and, if viewed through a microscope, it will be found to contain multitudes of small oysters, covered with shells and swimming nimbly about—one hundred and twenty of which extend but one inch. Besides these young oysters, the liquor contains a variety of animalcules and myriads of three distinct species of worms. Sometimes their light resembles a bluish star above the centre of the shell, which will be beautifully luminous in a dark room.

The pen in the hand that knows how to use it, is one of the most powerful weapons known. As the tongue of the absent, how charming. When self-respect gives it new vigor, how pleasing. When virtue guides it, how beautiful. When honor directs it, how respected. When wit sharpens it, how fatal. When scurrility wields it, how contemptible. 'Tis the weapon of the mind.

A correspondent of the Lewiston Journal says he overheard the following conversation between two small urchins: Says one, "Aint yr got no Grand-mother?" "No." "I tell yer," responded the other, "they're tip-top. Let yer do as yer please; give yer as much good stuff as yer can eat, and ther more yer sarse 'em ther better they likes it."

The mischievous winking of a beautiful coquette from under a hood, is a pleasant and fascinating kind of hood-winking.

ARTEMUS WARD IN THE FAR WEST.

Brigham Young has eighty wives, besides those who are only "sealed" and not with him.

"He loved not wisely,
But two (hundred) well."
The Vice President has two thousand head of cattle and two hundred wives.—They have an awful appetite. I once thoughtlessly gave a family ticket to an elder to attend my lecture. He came and filled the whole house. 'Twas a success that night but I didn't get any money.

The seventeen wives of a deceased elder tried to make a morison of me and marry them. They wept; they have a sigh—[seventeen sighs—a sigh of considerable size.] They put their soft hands in mine [seventeen hands] and surrounded me.—There I was alone away from my parents! I exclaimed: "I hope you have no dishonorable intentions!" As I took myself away, they said in their grief, "it is too much." That was just the thing that troubled me in their request—and so I said, "it is too much."

When captured by the Indians, I saw descending upon me, the glistening tomahawk in the morning light. I had no reinforcements—no pontoons, no last ditch with me; nor had I any female attire, so I says boldly: "I surrender!" I was allowed to march out with my side arms and green cotton umbrella which my aunt at Saccarap had given me. I didn't feel afraid—not I—for I had exposed my life before. I once stood at Centerville and saw thousands of bullets—those leaden messengers of death! thousands of them pass close by me—packed in boxes and wagons.

IMPRISONMENT FOR DEBT IN FRANCE.—A Paris letter says: "The inmates of Clitchey (the debtor's prison) are grievously disappointed at having to pass another winter in duration, after they had illuminated the jail windows, out of gratitude to the Emperor for the promises contained in his speech on the opening of the session, that imprisonment for debt should be abolished. The Conservatives, who are a majority of the Corps Legislatif, are firm believers in the efficacy of imprisonment as a protection to tradesmen against bad debts; and, although when a pressure is put upon them, they must vote as the Emperor orders, it is not with their own good will that they will abolish that property, in the person of the debtor, which time honored laws confer upon the creditor, and under pretence of too much business, they contrived to get the bill made a *renouel*. Meanwhile, the report was industriously circulated that, since the announcement of the measure, arrests for debt had doubled and tripled, and from this assumed fact it has been sought to argue that shop-keepers and bankers feel imprisonment for debt to be necessary, and desire to protest beforehand against the proposed innovation. The truth is, however, that there never were so few prisoners in Clitchey as now; the whole number is under one hundred, and as I do not think the trading interests of this great country could be vitally affected by letting this handful of poor devils loose, I have very little doubt that the Emperor's humane idea, entirely conformable as it is to the spirit of the age, will be realized next year."

HATE not: it is not worth while. Your life is not long enough to make it pay to cherish ill will or hard thoughts toward any one. What if that man has cheated you, or that woman has played you false? What if this friend has forsaken you in your time of need, or that one, having won your entire confidence has concluded to treat you as a stranger? Let it all pass. What difference will it make when you go hence to the "undiscovered country?" All who ill treat you now, will be more sorry for it then, than you, even in your grief and disappointment, can be.

It is the worst policy in the world ever to bear an appearance of doubt towards another till he has given you good cause.—Your suspicion may make an enemy, but it can never gain a friend; and a man who is distrusted, finding he has nothing to gain by honesty, or to lose by villainy, very often becomes a knave through having been suspected of being so.

Nothing is more easy than to grow rich. It is only to trust nobody, befriend no one; to heap interest upon interest, cent upon cent; to destroy all the finer features of nature and be rendered mean, miserable and despised for some twenty or thirty years, and riches will come as sure as disease, disappointment and a miserable death.

The track upon which the train of human reformation runs, is laid in sympathy, and this sympathy can never be established as long as there exists in the heart of virtue the same feeling of hatred towards the sinner that is felt towards the sin.

It is a great blunder in the pursuit of happiness not to know when we have got it; that is, not to be content with a reasonable and possible measure of it.

A pipe, like a quack medicine, is nothing till it is puffed.

DETAILS OF EASTERN NEWS.

Dates to Jan. 11th.

New York, Jan. 11.—The rumors of an impending cabinet reconstruction which have prevailed in well informed circles for a week past, are believed to have more foundation in fact than usually pertains to such reports. The President is known to be anxiously awaiting the European mail, to know whether Mr. Adams proposed an immediate return from London. This taken in connection with other small straws is believed to indicate the course of the coming breeze.

The World's Washington special dispatches say that a bill has been drawn by a very distinguished lawyer of Washington, which will be offered in Congress at an early day, for the reorganization of the Supreme Court of the United States, so as to reduce the number of appeals and increase the number of circuits and circuit Judges.

Senator Wilson's bill for increasing the regular army makes its maximum 92,000 men.

New York, Jan. 11.—The Herald's Fortress Monroe correspondent writes that Captain Alexander, of the Empire City, arrived there on the 3d from Key West. He had seen Dr. Mudd, Spangler and O'Laughlin, the Lincoln assassination conspirators. They all occupy one room and are in good health. They do the most menial and degrading work about the prison. Dr. Mudd has behaved with exemplary propriety since his failure to escape some time ago, and is evidently trying to reinstate himself in the good opinion of his custodians and his former easy and agreeable place in the prison hospital.

The locomotive of a freight train on the New Jersey Central Rail Road exploded at Crandall Junction on Tuesday. The engineer, fireman and brakeman were instantly killed.

Last evening the Union League Club assembled at their hall in Union Square and passed appropriate resolutions expressing their sorrow at the loss sustained by them in the death of their late associate and first President, Robert G. Mintoon.

By order of Henry A. Wise, Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, a large lot of old and miscellaneous cannon were disposed of at public auction at the Brooklyn Navy Yard yesterday. Only about forty persons were present at the sale. These guns before delivery to the purchasers will be mutilated so as to be of no use as an arm of offense or defence, otherwise they would have brought large prices and met with a ready sale.

The names of the Adams' Express robbers arrested are Trustal, Lockwood and Clark.

Nashville, Jan. 7.—The legislature assembled to-day. The political programme includes a new and more efficient franchise law to exclude rebel votes from the polls, and the passage of a law allowing negro testimony in the courts. The latter measure was postponed until after the recess and was referred, in order that members might consult their constituents. Events have been favorable to the most decided legislation.

A meeting will be held to-morrow night of the Union Central Committee, who will send a memorial to the President describing affairs in Tennessee, and earnestly entreating that the protection of the troops be not withdrawn. It is said they will even advise against the admission of the Tennessee Congressmen, if that measure is to be followed by the withdrawal of the troops. Outrages by returned rebels and collisions with discharged loyal soldiers are of too frequent occurrence for specification.

On Friday last, Gov. Brownlow, en route from Knoxville to this city by railroad, was wrecked eight miles from Knoxville, and had his foot and ankle bruised. The car in which the Governor rode was separated from the train and thrown from the track, and several other persons therein were injured.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—A Washington dispatch to the Chicago Tribune says: The resolution adopted in the House to-day, expressing the opinion that the troops should not be withdrawn from the Southern States until Congress had investigated their condition and decided on the future of these States as regards their restoration to the Union, developed nearly an unbroken front among the Republican majority. The resolution was adopted by 94 to 37. Messrs. Raymond, Thomas Davis, Hubbel of New York, Delano of Ohio, Woodbridge of Vermont, and Green Clay Smith were the only Republicans who voted in the negative.

Gen. Steadman, late Commander in Georgia, is in Washington on a short furlough, and will proceed from here to his home in Ohio.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The appointment of a sub-committee by the joint committee on reconstruction, consisting of two members of the Senate and one of the House, to wait upon the President, is regarded as significant of the intention of the committee with reference to the admission of the Tennessee Delegation.

When Jeff Davis and Regan were captured, there was found upon the latter's person some \$50,000 of bills of exchange on Rothschilds drawn by Treuholm. These,

together with some others, amounting to upwards of \$100,000, were sent to our Consular Agent at London for collection.—They have been recently returned by him to the Secretary of the Treasury with an indorsement on the back by the Rothschilds that there were no funds to meet them. It is alleged by persons that know, that there were plenty of funds when the bills were drawn, but by some means the money has been spirited away.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—A fire last night, at corner of Wells and Monroe Streets, destroyed a wooden building occupied by stores and nine families; loss, \$22,000.

A fire this morning, on Clark street, destroyed the block between Adams and Quincy streets, occupied by stores and families; loss, \$800,000.

Detroit, Jan. 7.—A fire this afternoon, in Davine's place, destroyed property valued at \$170,000. Two banks and ten or twelve stores were burned.

Rutland, Vt., Jan. 7.—A fire broke out last evening in C. F. Richardson's stable, adjacent to the Rutland House. The horses, carriages and sleighs were saved; the building was consumed; loss, \$30,000.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 8.—A fire here on Saturday morning, burned five stores; loss, \$30,000; insured for \$17,000.

Valparaiso, Ind., Jan. 8.—A fire yesterday morning destroyed the provision store of D. Cross and the drug store of D. H. Lomis. Loss, about \$10,000.

Memphis, Jan. 7.—The Bulletin says the Mississippi river is rapidly effacing the monuments of the war along its banks. Island No. 10 has disappeared. The height on which Fort Pillow stood is rapidly disappearing, and the great earthworks at Randolph are all gone.

St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 8.—The Legislature met in joint convention this afternoon to hear the farewell message of ex-Gov. Miller and the inaugural of Gov. Marshall. Gov. Miller's message represents that the affairs of the State are in a prosperous condition. He recommends an amendment to the State Constitution, giving the right of suffrage to all who can read and write the English language. He reports two hundred and ten miles of railroad in operation and suggests further legislation to aid the roads. Gov. Marshall's inaugural repeats the recommendation to the suffrage, and favors the same principle for the National Constitution. He says Minnesota will not consent to the readmission of the rebel States until they give full security for the future.

St. Louis, Jan. 8.—Joseph Woods was yesterday arrested and turned over to the United States authorities, having in his possession \$20,000 in counterfeit currency fifty cent notes. The counterfeits were doubtless printed from a plate stolen from the Treasury Department.

WESTERN ELOQUENCE.—The following appears in a Western paper: "Gentlemen of the Jury: Can you for an instant suppose that my client here, a man who has allers sustained a high deprecation in society, a man you all on you suspect and esteem for his many good qualities; yes, gentlemen, a man that never drinks more nor a quart of likker a day; can you, I say, for an instant suppose that this ere man would be guilty of hookin' a box of percussun caps? Rattlesnakes and coon skins forbid! Picter to yourselves, gentlemen, a feller fast asleep in his log-cabin, with his innocent wife and orphan children by his side—all nature hushed in deep repose, and nought to be heard but the silent muttering of the distant thunder and the pathetic hollering of the bull-frogs; then imagine to yourselves a feller sneaking up to the door like a despicable hyena, softly entering the dwelling of the peaceful and happy family, and, in the most mendacious and dastardly manner, hooken' a whole box of percussun? Gentlemen, I will not, I cannot, dwell upon the monstrosity of such a scene! My feelings turn from such a pictur of moral turpentine, like a big woodchuck would turn from my dog Bose! I cannot for an instant harbor the idea that any man in these here diggin's, much less this ere man, could be guilty of an act of such rautankerous and unexampled discretion. And now, gentlemen, after this here brief view of the case, let me entreat of you to make up your minds caudly and unpartially, and give us such a verdict as we might reasonably suspect from such an enlightened and intolerant body of our feller citizens—remembering that, in the language of Nimrod, who fell at the battle of Bunker Hill, it is better that ten innocent men should escape, than that one guilty should suffer. Judge, give us a chaw of terbacker."

The real object of education is to give to children resources that will endure as long as life endures: habits that will render sickness tolerable, solitude pleasant, age venerable, life more dignified and useful, and death less terrible.

An Arkansas chap advertises that "any gal what has got a coffee-pot and skillet, and who knows how to take care of children, can hear of a situation by applying to 'the undersigned.'"

Boys are like Farina jelly—just as you mould them they are likely to turn out.

SEATTLE GAZETTE.

SEATTLE, W. T.

Friday, February 2d, 1866.

L. P. FISHER, is the authorized agent for the GAZETTE at San Francisco, California.

M. W. WAITE, is agent for the GAZETTE at Victoria, V. I.

ON SATURDAY evening last, as Mr. Edward L. Bridges was passing Sires' Hotel, in this place, he was fired upon, the ball entering just below the ear, and passing into the throat. An examination of the wound, left the impression that the ball had either been swallowed or thrown out at the mouth. Mr. David Sires and his wife were arrested and taken before Judge Ross for examination. After hearing the evidence for the prosecution, the Court discharged Mr. Sires, and held Mrs. Sires to bail in the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, which was readily given. No defence was made at the preliminary hearing, but it is claimed that causes greatly aggravating, if not justifying, existed, and a strong defence will be made at the final hearing. We refrain from all comment for the present, not desiring to create any prejudice for or against either of the parties before the trial.

We are happy to state that young Mr. Bridges is doing very well, and will probably be out again in a few days.

CAUGHT.—Two of the parties, Mac and Scotts, concerned in robbing Messrs. Swan & Smith's warehouse, at Arcadia, a short time ago, were captured near the Puyallup Reservation, on the 25th ult. They were taken to Olympia, where a preliminary examination was had, when they were bound over to appear at the next term of the District Court. Failing to get bail, they were transported to Steilacoom, on Monday last, and confined. Mac was recognized as an escaped convict, having been committed for robbery and desertion, and imprisoned at Cape Hancock.

A STRANGE OCCURRENCE.—Last Saturday afternoon, those on board the ship Countess of Fife, then lying on the American side of the Straits of Fuca, between Dungeness and Port Angeles, heard a strange rumbling sound. The appearance soon after of a large number of trees, many of them of large size, and apparently uprooted a short time previously, floating by with the tide, led to the impression that a torrent similar to that which overwhelmed Port Angeles a year or two ago, had swept down the mountains somewhere in the vicinity.

A good deal of excitement has been caused in Nashville, Tenn., through the discovery by the Committee of the Legislature appointed to investigate the affairs of the State Bank, that between five and six millions of spurious notes had been issued by Governor Harris and his accomplices. Their plan was to issue the notes and date them back before the rebellion commenced, in order to give them a greater apparent value, especially in case of the defeat of the rebels.

BIG BEND.—From a gentleman recently arrived in town from the Big Bend gold mines, we learn that there is no doubt but gold, in vast quantities, exists in that region of country. The statements published heretofore in reference to these mines are said to have been no exaggeration. Many of our citizens are getting the fever, and King County will doubtless turn out a goodly number of "gold seekers" this spring.

AMONG.—Capt. Robinson, of the sharpie Clancey, just arrived, informs us that the bark Fremont, owned by the Seabeck Mill Company, went ashore on Dungeness spit, about one mile from the lighthouse, during the late heavy blows. When Capt. Robinson passed, the steamers Anderson and Colfax, were endeavoring to tow the ship off, but, we believe, without success.

FAILED.—Private dispatches received by citizens of this place announce the fact that Amos Phinney & Co., of San Francisco, have failed. As to the extent of their liabilities and the amount of assets to meet them, we are not advised. Their business connections with the Port Ludlow Mill Co. have been extensive.

A BILL to prevent the importation of foreign cattle, in order to avoid any possibility of communicating the cattle plague, was passed by Congress on the 13th of December. This was the first bill passed at the present session.

LAST TRIP.—The Pacific Tribune is informed that the steamer Active has made her last trip on the line between Portland and Victoria, the trade not being sufficient to justify her to continue on the line.

THE Bark V. sails for San Francisco today, with a cargo of lumber, and the following passengers: G. Kellogg, G. W. Harris, S. Harris, Dr. Char. Erlain, J. A. Swim and E. H. King.

THE operation of casting a cubic block of steel, of the enormous weight of one hundred tons, was successfully accomplished recently at the new works of Messrs. Bessemer & Sons, at East-Gravesend, England.

SAILED.—Bark Geo. Washington, Capt. Lenn, sailed from Freeport Mills, with a cargo of lumber for San Francisco, on Wednesday last.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

We copy the following account of this terrible disease from one of our exchanges:

It is in the steppes or plains of Russia that the disease originates, and prevails mortally among the cattle. The true nature of the rinderpest, as it is called, seems not to be well understood, but it is supposed that the poison enters the system through the organs of respiration, soon acts upon the blood, and the animal attacked rarely lives beyond the fourth day after the symptoms have shown themselves; and many of them sink on the second day. So fatal and so malignant is the disease, that the carcasses not considered at all infected, when being driven to the slaughter house, sometimes are attacked with it and lie down and die in the highway.

Last year, nearly two million of cattle died in Egypt, and a complete bridge of carcasses was formed over the river Nile. The disease has swept over a great portion of Europe, and is now rapidly depriving Great Britain of her cattle. It is highly contagious, and when it invades a herd, nearly every animal is sure to take it and die in a few days. Cattle will communicate it to sheep, and sheep to cattle. Of all the animals attacked, the deaths frequently amount to ninety per cent.

Actual contact with infected animals is not necessary for communicating the disease. A lot of diseased hides were taken to New Zealand, and the infection struck the cattle. Not less than one hundred thousand died, and many more were killed and buried, to arrest the progress of the malady. It has been shown that any article whatever, that has been in contact with a diseased animal, will carry the contagion to healthy localities.

Thus far, the dreaded rinderpest has not been communicated to the United States, and the most rigid measures should be adopted to prevent its introduction. Should it make its appearance on the Atlantic border, it would be but a question of time—and perhaps a very short time—of its reaching California. An ocean and a continent intervene at present, but distance seems no barrier to its desolating progress.

WAR BETWEEN SPAIN AND CHILE.—A dispatch from New York, January 1st, says the steamer Atlantic arrived from Aspinwall, with news from Chile to December the 2d. On Nov. 28th, the Chilean man-of-war Esmeralda, captured the Spanish gunboat Conadaga, off Pabuda, having on board the Spanish Admiral. The engagement lasted half an hour. The Esmeralda was undamaged. The prisoners taken were the Commander, six officers and one hundred and ten men. The Chilean man-of-war also captured a launch of the Spanish gunboat Resolute, on the blockade, containing one gun and forty men.

SPECIFIC CONTRACT LAW.—In the case of Miliken and others vs. Sloat, recently tried before the Supreme Court of the State of Nevada, in session at Carson City, the Court reversed the former decision of Chief Justice Lewis, and declared in express terms that the Specific Contract Act was in conflict with the law of Congress making the National issues legal tenders; that the law of Congress was constitutional, and that the Specific Contract Act was unconstitutional, and therefore null and void. Chief Justice Lewis dissented.

It would seem that our National army has not been reduced to such diminutive proportions, since the termination of the rebellion, as is generally supposed. Washington dispatches estimate its strength at one hundred and eighty thousand men, about equally distributed on the east and west sides of the Mississippi river.

On the 13th of the present month, Lincoln's birth-day, the two Houses of Congress will assemble in the Representatives' Hall, together with the President and all the high officials, to hear an address, by Secretary Stanton, upon the life and character of Abraham Lincoln.

CANAL AROUND NIAGARA FALLS.—This project is again being revived, and has recently been urged at a meeting of the Cleveland, Ohio, Board of Trade. There is not, however, much probability of its being carried into effect, as the cost of such an undertaking would be very great.

E. B. KETCHUM, the very aristocratic young broker who swindled to the extent of several millions in New York some time since, has just been sentenced to four years and a half in the State Prison, and it is expected that the Governor will grant him a free pardon.

In pursuance of the recommendations of the President, the House Judiciary Committee are arranging a bill which provides for the holding of a United States District Court in Richmond, to try Jeff. Davis for treason.

It was rumored at Portland that a fire had broken out at Fort Dalles, destroying the buildings occupied by the soldiers and officers stationed there. If it is true, the loss is very heavy.

It is now said that, sixteen months ago, five European Powers entered into a treaty to protect Maximilian on his throne, and that the latter is about to publish the text of the treaty.

The line of steamers from New Orleans to San Francisco is to be resumed by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

The new Judge of the San Francisco Police Court is levying heavy assessments on those who are convicted before him.

THE MERCER EMIGRATION SCHEME

The departure of the Continental, with Mr. Mercer's female emigrants for Washington Territory, will probably be delayed until about the first of January. This delay has been caused mainly by the impossibility of obtaining workmen to make the necessary repairs and alterations on the ship to fit her for the accommodation of so large a number of female passengers. The alterations are projected with an eye to the comfort of her passengers, and are of a very judicious kind. A hurricane deck covers about two-thirds of the length of the ship. Underneath this deck is a saloon 72 feet long and 12 feet wide. This is intended for a general sitting room, and is furnished in a handsome manner. On each side of this saloon are fine staterooms. Below this is another saloon 75 feet long and 16 feet wide. This will be used as a dining room. This saloon is also flanked by staterooms, large and pleasant, and intended for ladies who have families. Running back from the staircase to the fore part of the ship is the young ladies' cabin. This is the largest cabin in the ship, being about 165 feet in length and from 16 to 18 feet wide. On each side are state rooms which will be made as pleasant and cozy as the most fastidious young lady could desire. This cabin will be the exclusive sanctum of the ladies, and no gentleman will, under any circumstances, gain admittance. A number of sewing machines will be fastened to the floor, which the ladies can use when they feel inclined to work.—N. Y. Cor. Bulletin.

JOHNNY CHAPEAU ON THE FOURTH OF JULY.—A Canadian paper says there is no denying the fact that the United States people are sometimes misrepresented. Here is the latest, just translated from a paper published in Bordeaux, France:

"On the fourth of July, (inaugurated by Lafayette), there exists a curious custom in America. As the clock strikes twelve, every man, boy and as many women as can, set to work to whistle 'Yankee Doodle,' and which continues for precisely ten minutes. It may be fairly computed that there are thirty millions of people sibilating simultaneously. The effect is very curious."

IMPRISONED.—A number of drafted men, who had run off, but returned since the close of the war, have been tried by a court-martial at Detroit. One man, named William Jones, was found guilty of desertion, and sentenced to confinement at hard labor for three months, to be dishonorably discharged, to be forever deprived of citizenship, and the sentence to be published in at least two papers, published nearest his home. The sentence was approved and the State Prison at Columbus, Ohio, designated as the place of his confinement.

A man in Newport, R. I., tried four times to commit suicide the other day, twice by cutting his throat and twice by hanging; but interference by outside parties saved his life each time. His wife also tried to hang herself after she heard what her husband had done, but was rescued. Rum and jealousy were the instigators of the rash acts.

Up to 1862 there had been 7,245 applications for places in that excellent institution, the New York State Inebriate Asylum, at Binghamton, from all the states in the Union, and from Europe, Mexico, and the British Provinces, 520 of whom were opium eaters.

The New York Post sums up Lord Palmerston's character in a new form: "No labor has been too arduous, no trick too mean, no grimaces too clownish, no lie too bold, for him to adopt, when his measures were to be obtained."

A YOUNG LADY in Cincinnati, who enthusiastically admired Gen. Grant, stole the cigar from under his nose, at a reception at the Burnett House. The hero was too much astounded by its audacity, to prevent or punish the theft.

At "late investigations," held by juries, as to the cause of railroad disasters, etc., sundry conductors alleged that they could not reasonably be blamed, as it was the business of every train to look out for its own safety.

A Paris paper mentions, among the important affairs of the day, the fact that the Prince Imperial, who has heretofore taken his meals with his teacher, is now "admitted to the table of his august parents."

THE New Albany, Indiana Ledger says an ex-army sutler, who resides in Indianapolis, made two millions dollars, in fourteen months, which he invested in United States bonds, thus escaping taxation.

AN American writing from Mexico, says that without three millions of foreign emigration, a vast acquisition of capital, and thoroughly liberal laws, neither empire nor republic can ever stand in Mexico.

WORKMEN in the lake tunnel at Chicago, forty feet below the bottom of the lake, can hear the engines and paddle-wheels of steamboats passing overhead.

AN enterprising manufacturer of fertilizers has offered \$1,200 for permission to dig up the bones of the horses around Washington.

In the states recently slaveholding, there are about 150,000,000 acres of unimproved farm lands.

Catholic Bishop Wood, of Philadelphia, has recently purchased three Protestant churches.

Railroad from Salt Lake to the Columbia River.

Gov. Lyon, of Idaho, has the following in his message, on the above subject. An exchange thinks, with the Governor, that if proper representations are made to Congress, we ought to receive the same aid towards the construction of railroad at the West end of the Pacific Railroad, as are granted to branches at the East end:

"After a careful series of soundings, at low water, it has been found that the Snake River can be made navigable, at a nominal expense, from Old's Ferry to Salmon Falls, a distance of two hundred and fifty miles, thus making an important link in the chain of railroad communication from the north end of Great Salt Lake to Wallula, by way of Grand Ronde Valley and Walla Walla, over the lowest pass in the Blue Mountains. With about one hundred miles of navigation on Great Salt Lake, we have less than four hundred miles of railroad to build, to render a branch Pacific railroad a success, whose entrepot will be Portland, and its terminus Great Salt Lake City. This route is some five hundred miles nearer China and Japan than the trunk route through Nevada and California, and by your endorsement of the state of facts in a proper way, by memorial, it cannot fail to attract favorably the attention of Congress, that we may have the same chartered rights and Government bounty to induce its construction, that has been given to other measures of a similar character. Thus, the Columbia River, the natural avenue of commerce, would attract the trade of the orient as well as the occident, and form the last grand link in this truly national highway. Oregon, as well as the Territories of Montana and Washington will be largely gainers by its progress and completion."

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY.—The Yreka Journal gives the following particulars of a terrible tragedy at Hawkinsville, Siskiyou county, California: A very honest, respectable, and worthy German, named John Wiffenbach, while laboring under a fit of insanity, shot his wife with a revolver, before daylight in the morning, killing her instantly. He then loaded a double barreled gun with buck-shot, placed the muzzle to his mouth, and fired both barrels with his toes, literally blowing off his head.—He left a brief note explaining the deed, and three children and considerable property, with directions to a friend to take his property and children back to Germany.

The Portland, Maine, Advertiser understands that a memorial to Congress is in circulation in that State, to be signed first, by all soldiers who served during 1861 and 1862, in the late war; and secondly, by citizens who are in favor of praying Congress to pass a law giving every officer below the rank of brigadier-general, and every soldier serving in 1861 and in 1862, a portion of the public lands, which shall go towards equalizing the large bounties of 1863 and 1864.

BROKEN UP.—The Nevada Gazette states that the Fenian Circle, organized in that place some months ago, has recently been broken up, the Circle having adjourned sine die. A number of the members have sent money to Col. O'Mahony, to be invested in the bonds of the Irish Republic, and it is probable the difficulties in the Order at the East have extended to the branch Circles there.

THE London Leader says that experiments recently made on the velocity of light, agree with observations made on the parallax of the stars, that the distance between the sun and the earth must be reduced from about ninety-five millions, to less than ninety-three millions of miles, and all the other planets must have their distances decreased.

RELIGIOUS DISCUSSION.—We learn from an exchange, that Bishop Scott has taken the field at Portland, against the religious fallacies promulgated by the Catholic lecturer, Father Bouchard. There are few able theologians anywhere than Dr. Scott, and we think the Catholics will find the "old Bishop" rather too heavy for the "Mother Church."

THE Oxford, Ohio, Citizen tells of a lady in that village who, upon awakening one fine day, experienced a curious sensation in her water-fall, and upon examination, a young rat leaped out of it. In the absence of particulars, we assume that it was a muskrat.

A preliminary movement has been made in New York for calling a National Convention in relation to the mineral interests of the United States. The Convention will probably be held some time in the Spring, in the city of New York.

JAMES LINEN, a writer of verses in San Francisco, has been treated with "distinguished consideration," by the poets of New York. They gave him a grand dinner at the Astor House, at which the venerable Wm. Cullen Bryant presided.

THE amount of Conscience money received by the Secretary of the Treasury, for the year ending July 1st, 1865, is \$20,876. About one half of the money was forwarded by Catholic clergymen, to whom it was paid in the confessional.

DISPATCHES from New Orleans say that the total amount of cotton shipped North, is one million six hundred thousand bales. The new crop is expected to amount to a million and a half bales.

RUSSIAN-AMERICAN TELEGRAPH

Recent advices, says an exchange, have been to the effect that the Western Union Telegraph Company, represented now in Europe by Hiram Sibley, its founder and late President, and the Vice-President, Mr. Mumford, have already completed the purchases, from William T. Henly, of London, of five hundred miles of iron ramrod cable, and twenty-five miles of heavy shore end, as well as seven hundred and fifty tons of No. 9 galvanized iron wire. Three hundred and seventy-five tons was being shipped on board the ship Mohawk, which was to have sailed on the 1st of December. The remainder of the wire was to have been ready for shipment on the 1st day of January. The Russian Government have assigned a steamer, the Ochtok, to assist in laying the cable on the 6th of August next, and there is now every reason to believe that the entire girde will be completed before the expiration of three years.

BIG BEND.—From a reliable and practical miner, who has spent the past season in the vicinity of the new mines, and who arrived by the Enterprise last evening, we learn that the statements previously published in the columns of this journal are by no means exaggerated. He considers the country highly auriferous over a wide extent, and reported that a river, prospected by some of Moberly's party, would yield an average of twenty dollars per diem for a considerable distance. He confirms the welcome news of the extraordinary wealth of the district in every respect.—Daily Chronicle, of Jan. 25th.

SOME of the State Banks converted into National Banks have been giving the Government trouble. They still continue to circulate their notes as State Banks, as well as the National Bank Notes. In one instance, a State Bank, with a capital of \$500,000, had in circulation \$600,000 of its old paper, and at the same time \$400,000 of the National notes. Threats of punishment for these violations of law, are now gradually bringing the banks within the limits of the statute.

A Second part of Captain Hall's report on his search for fuller information about Sir John Franklin's Arctic Expedition, has been received. The wrecked ships of Franklin appear to have been visited, the remains of a large number of their crews seen frozen and mutilated, and the valuables left in the ships, appropriated by the Esquimaux. They encourage Capt. Hall to believe that some of the men may still be living.

SECRETARY Stanton has changed the name of Fort Richmond, on Staten Island, at the Narrows, to Fort Wadsworth, in honor to the gallant hero who fell at the head of the troops in the battle of the Wilderness.

MICHIGAN is fast becoming a fruit-growing State. During the present season, 233,678 barrels of apples have been delivered at different stations on the line of the Central Railroad.

It is said that Madame Jenny Lind Goldschmidt is obliged to pass the winter in the south of Europe for the purpose of benefiting her health.

Those going to Panama, will be pleased to learn that "the cemetery for foreigners is progressing favorably."

Ten million bushels of wheat were raised in Michigan this year.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are admirably adapted for the removal of all diseases that have their origin in disordered digestion. They are well suited to all classes and conditions, as competent to give comfort to the wealthy, as ease and strength to the poor. These pills will be found an agreeable and efficient remedy by invalids whose minds and bodies are enervated and exhausted from excess, over anxiety, or foreign residence. Persons liable to bilious attacks should take these pills; they cause each seizure to be less severe, the nausea and biliousness will gradually be removed, and good digestion, with complete health, be regained. To add to the merits of Holloway's medicine, no risk or danger attends its use, no weakness follows its employment.

DIED:

At his residence, on White River, January 19th, 1866, David Staudice—aged seventy-two years.

Mr. Standlee was a volunteer in 1811; and again he was found in defense of his country in the Indian War of 1825-6. His entire life was spent on the frontier. Missouri papers please copy. Cox.

Special Notices.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE firm of Terry & Green, will please call and settle their accounts on or before the 1st day of February, 1866. All accounts remaining unsettled at that date will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

CHAR. C. TERRY
JOHN C. GREEN.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO the firm of Yeater, Denny & Co., either by note or book account, will save money by calling on H. L. Yeater, who is authorized to settle all accounts of said firm. All accounts not settled on or before the 10th day of March, 1866, will be placed in the hands of a proper person for collection. We are sorry thus to speak to old customers, but Messrs. Denny and Fry, having disposed of their interest in the firm, to H. L. Yeater, we are compelled to make speedy collections. The business will be conducted, as heretofore, at the old stand, Corner Mill and Commercial streets, under the name and style of H. L. Yeater & Co., Seattle, February 2, 1866.

PRICES CURRENT.

[CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE.]
 SEATTLE, Feb. 2, 1866.
FLOUR—Best quality, \$8 to \$9, per barrel.
BEEF—10 @ 15 cents.
MUTTON—16.
PORK—16.
WHEAT—\$1 25 per bushel.
OATS—50c per bushel, scarce.
BARLEY—2c per lb.
HAY—\$14 @ \$18 per ton.
POTATOES—35 @ 50c per bushel.
ONIONS—2 @ 2 1/2c per lb.
BUTTER—Fresh 50 @ 62 1/2c per lb.
CHEESE—87 1/2c per lb.
EGGS—50 @ 62 1/2c per doz.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18, 1865.

FLOUR—\$6 @ \$7 per bbl.
BUTTER—42c @ 60c per lb.
POTATOES—Best \$1 25 per hund.
SUGAR—10c per lb.
COFFEE—21c, per lb.
COAL OIL—\$1 20 @ 1 60.
CANDLES—25c per lb.
WHEAT—2 97 1/2 @ 100 lb.
OATS—1 45 @ 1 67 @ 100 lb.
BARLEY—95 @ 1 07 @ 100 lb.
HAY—\$10 @ \$14 per ton.

BATHS!

AT THE
 Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon.

Two doors South of Pray's Saloon,
 SEATTLE.

HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS

Always in readiness.

Wm. HEDGES, Proprietor.

M. W. WAITT & CO.

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS, SHEET MUSIC,

Periodicals,

GOLD PENS, CUTLERY, ETC.

**GARFIELD & KENNEDY,
 ATTORNEYS**

AND

COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the
 Courts of Washington Territory.
 Mr. Garfield will attend to criminal practice also.
 July 22d 1865.

IRK M. HALL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Seattle, W. T.

Will practice in the Courts of Washington Territory.

Particular attention given to Collections.

OFFICE—In Masonic Building, Front street.

no24-ly

**H. J. STEVENSON,
 NOTARY PUBLIC.**

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, AND PROMIS-
 sory Notes protested; Oaths administered.
 Affidavits and other legal instruments drawn and cer-
 tified; acknowledgment of Deeds, Wills, etc., taken.
 Seattle, January 20, 1866. no14-lqr:pd.

E. M. SAMMIS

Photographer,

Mill Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

COUNTRY PRODUCE

—AND—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

MRS. LIBBY & STEELE,

Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies'
 Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found
 a fine assortment of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hosiery, Ribbons,
 Milliner's Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles.
 Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to
 order. The Ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited
 to call and see them

no8-ly

JOSIAH SETTLE
 DEALER IN
**DRY GOODS,
 MEN'S CLOTHING,**
 Consisting in part of
 Coats, Pants, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts,
 Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c.,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
 And a well selected stock of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ALSO
 New on hand and constantly receiving new supplies

OF

**Oregon Cloths,
 Blankets, Yarn,**

Etc., Etc.,

all of which he will sell at

REASONABLE PRICES

Give him a call, an examine his stock.
 Seattle, Sept. 9, 1865.

THE CHEAPEST CLOTHING IN VICTORIA
 —IS AT—
WILLIAM WILSON'S,
GOVERNMENT STREET CLOTHING STORE.
 100 \$20 Suits At \$7 75 the suit.
 Victoria, V. I., October 21st, 1865.
 no21-ly

ATTENTION !!

RELIABLE SEEDS,

EDWARD E. MOORE,

425 Washington Street.

THE undersigned, a practical agriculturist, is
 now prepared to supply the wants of merchants,
 ranchmen, and all others, by wholesale or retail,
 of such seeds as will not disappoint those who use them.
 As our seeds are selected with the utmost care, we al-
 ways know them to be true to their kind. We have
 suitable grounds prepared to test the different varie-
 ties, so as to insure their entire reliability.

The assortment consists of

ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLE SEED

ALL KINDS OF FLOWER SEED

ALL KINDS OF GRASS, AND RED

AND WHITE CLOVER SEED,

—ALSO—

ALFALFA AND LUCERNE.

Evergreen Seeds,

Natives of Califor-

nia and Adjacent

States.

All kinds of Trees and Shrubs.

All kinds of Flowers in their Season.

All kinds of Bulbs in their Season.

Strawberry and Raspberry Plants.

The subscriber deems it superfluous to name every
 article for sale, but merely remarks, that no one has
 a superior assortment, and no one will deal more hon-
 orably by his customers, to whom he refers with con-
 fidence, as a universal approval has been awarded him.

Small papers at wholesale or retail.

All communications, or orders, by mail or Express
 Co's, attended to promptly.

Catalogues furnished on application by letter or
 otherwise.

EDWARD E. MOORE.

425 Washington Street.

Nearly opposite Post Office.

SAN FRANCISCO.

**OCCIDENTAL
 HOTEL,**

Seattle, King Co., Wash. Ter.,

JOHN S. CONDON,
 M. R. MADDOCKS,
 JOHN COLLINS, PROPRIETORS.

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL
 is now open for the accommodation of the public.
 It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a

First Class House,

The rooms being handsomely furnished in the best of

style.

THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT

Is under the management of an experienced cook,
 and the table will always be supplied with the best in
 the market.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT

AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the
 best of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A ZEPHYRUS BILLIARD TABLE,

With Marble Bed and Combination Cushions, is con-
 nected with the above establishment for the accom-
 modation of its customers and the public generally.

A Livery Stable

is attached to the house, where all who desire them,
 will find good horses, and where feed can be found
 for those who wish to stable their animals.
 Seattle, Oct. 20, 1865. no25-ly

GOOD NEWS!

NORTH PACIFIC

BREWERY

JUST ESTABLISHED IN SEATTLE.

This magnificent Brewery having been com-
 pleted is now manufacturing

PORTER, ALE

AND

LAGER BEER.

Which will be sold at the lowest cash prices

Legal tenders taken at market value.

Give us a Call—try for yourselves.

SCHMEIG & BROWN.

Seattle, Feb. 1st 1865. no18-ly

**REMOVAL,
 CONNOISEUR'S
 RETREAT.**

SEATTLE, W. T.

The progressive age teaches us to keep pace with
 the times, therefore frequent changes are not aston-
 ishing; and, knowing, also, that "procrastination is
 the thief of time, on these terms, the

Original Monet

takes this method of informing his former patron
 and the public generally, of the transfer of his

Oyster Saloon

to the Old Stand, one door south of Pray's Liquor
 Saloon, where he will be prepared to serve up the best

Olympia Bivalves

in styles to suit the most fastidious.

And, being as ever, grateful for past favors, the
 proprietor will spare no efforts to merit a contin-
 uance of patronage.

Seattle, Dec. 16, 1865. no29vo2-ly

EUREKA BAKERY.

CHAS. C. TERRY,

SEATTLE, W. T.,

MANUFACTURER OF

Ship Bread,

ALL KINDS OF

CRACKERS

AND

Fancy Cakes.

—AT—

SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

ALSO

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries,

Provisions,

Confectionery,

CROCKERY.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

For Cash on Delivery of Goods.

no33-ly

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between
 Charles C. Terry and John C. Green, was dissolved,
 this day, by mutual consent. CHAS. C. TERRY.
 JOHN C. GREEN

Seattle, January 15, 1865.

VICTORIA HOUSE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRAPERY STORE,

CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS,

VICTORIA, V. I.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE ABOVE
 Establishment, BY EXPRESS DIRECT
 from London, the following assortment
 of Fall Goods:

LINSEYS, POPLINS, French Merinos
 and Coburgs.

RICHLY EMBROIDERED LINSEY
 and POPLIN ROBES.

WINTER PETICOATS, a large variety.

LADIES' TRIMMED HATS AND BON-
 NETS, newest styles.

LADIES' untrimmed hats and bonnets.

CHILDREN'S trimmed and untrimmed
 Hats.

FLOWERS, FEATHERS and BONNET
 FRONTS, a large assortment.

BLACK GLACE and MOIRE ANTIQUE
 SILKS.

Ladies' Merino and Flannel Undercloth-
 ing.

White, Pink and Blue Flannels.

White and Scarlet Flannels for Pett-
 coats, two-and-a-half yards wide. Ladies'
 White and Grey Lamb's Wool Hose.

WINTER MANTLES a large assortment
 of the newest styles, Real SEAL SKIN
 CLOAKS, and Sable Collars and Cuffs.

—ALSO—

On hand at LOW PRICES a large stock
 of Staple Goods, such as Horrock's su-
 perior Longcloths, Bleached Sheetings,
 all widths. Blankets, Quilts, Toilet-
 covers, etc.

Prints, Unbleached Calicoes, Canton
 Flannels, etc.

Haberdashery Goods, a complete assort-
 ment.

Please note the address:—Corner of
 Fort and Douglas Streets.

Orders from the Sound executed
 with care and dispatch.

Wm. Denny,

Manager.

no20-1m

PEOPLE OF PUGET SOUND!

THE

LARGEST, FINEST,

—AND—

THE CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT

—OR—

**WATCHES,
 JEWELRY,**

Solid Silver-Ware

Plated-Ware,

SPECTACLES,

OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS

Ship and Pocket

COMPASSES,

CLOCKS &C.

—AT—

JUNGERMAN'S

Yates Street, Victoria, V. I.

All orders from the Country and the Sound
 promptly attended to. no20-ly

A. GILMORE,

Merchant Tailor,

YATES STREET,

VICTORIA, V. I.,

is selling off his entire stock of

Fine Clothing,

CLOTHS, GASMERS AND VESTINGS.

AT COST

In order to close his business.

ALSO

HIS NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING,

ON

Yates Street.

FOR SALE.

Victoria, V. I., Oct. 21, no11-3m

J. H. TURNER & CO.,

LONDON HOUSE.

Government Street, Victoria, V. I.

IMPORTERS OF

ENGLISH AND FRENCH

SILKS, SHAWLS,

Millinery,

Mantles, Dresses,

Hosiery,

Gloves, Blankets,

Flannels.

Prints, Etc., Etc.

Ladies' and Children's

Underclothing.

RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS,

FANCY GOODS.

Curtain Damasks and Trimmings to match.

Every description of

DRY GOODS.

—THE—

Latest Fashions,

received by Express, via Panama, from

LONDON AND PARIS.

Constantly receiving regular supplies by ves-
 sels from London and Liverpool.

All goods are selected by the Part-
 ner resident in Europe, and are the

very best

that can be purchased.

SEATTLE CLOTHING STORE.
WELCH & GREENFELD,
 SEATTLE, W. T.,
 KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR sale, a large assortment of
Ready Made and Custom CLOTHING
 GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
 LADIES' HATS, CLOAKS, AND RIDING DRESSES,
of the Latest Style.
 We have, also, on hand a large assortment
 FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN CLOTHS, CASIMERES AND VESTINGS,
 Which we will make up to order on the most reasonable terms.
 Oregon Cloths for sale at the lowest market value.
 Orders from abroad strictly attended to.
Terms Cash.
 Seattle, W. T. Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

PIPER & ALISKEY,
 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
 Wholesale and Retail
Confectioners.
 WEDDING PARTIES
 supplied upon the shortest notice, and in the best possible manner.
 A great variety of
CAKES AND CANDIES
 always on hand, and for sale at
 SAN FRANCISCO PRICE.
 617 3m

SEATTLE TANNERY.
 THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand and for sale of their own manufacture a fine stock of
LEATHER,
 consisting of
 SOLE LEATHER,
 UPPER LEATHER,
 HARNESS LEATHER,
 BRIDLE LEATHER,
 BELTING LEATHER,
 SKIRTING LEATHER,
 RUSSET LEATHER,
 CALF AND KIP SKINS,
 BUCKSKINS, &c., &c., &c.
 All of which we will sell cheaper than they can be purchased at any other establishment North of San Francisco.
 M. D. WOODEN
 IRA R. WOODEN
Engines & Boilers
 etc., etc.,
 Complete for a Stern-wheel Boat, Sixteen feet Beam, by Eighty or Ninety feet Long
FOR SALE VERY CHEAP!
 —ALSO—
Stationary Engines & Boilers
 of all kinds and sizes.
 —AT THE—
NOVELLY IRON-WORKS.
 E. P. STEEN,
 Corner Mission and Tremont Streets,
 no 24-3m
JOSEPH WILLIAMSON
 DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
COUNTRY PRODUCE
 —AND—
 GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
 Commercial Street,
SEATTLE, W. T.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!
MRS. L. BY & STEELE,
 Commercial Street,
 SEATTLE, W. T.
 Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies' Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found a fine assortment of
 Ladies' Furnishing Goods,
 Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts, Ribbons, Trimmings, Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles.
 Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to order. The ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited to call and see them.
 no 8 1/2

CHAS. PLUMMER. GEO. W. HARRIS!
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
 BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM SAN FRANCISCO, AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR FUTURE SUPPLIES,
PLUMMER & HARRIS,
 CORNER OF MAIN AND COMMERCIAL STREETS,
 Seattle, Washington Territory,
 ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
 HATS AND CAPS,
Boots and Shoes
GROCERIES, CROCKERY,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
FURNITURE, PAPER-HANGINGS, UPHOLSTERY, &c., &c.
STOVES,
and Tinware,
Wines, Liquors,
Cider, etc., etc.
 which they are determined to sell

Cheap for Cash.
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR HIDES, SKINS, & FURS.
PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS. AND THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID.
 Particular attention paid to filling orders from abroad, and satisfaction guaranteed.
 Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
 Seattle, Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

FELLOWS, ROSCOE & CO
 YATES STREET,
 VICTORIA, V. I.
 IMPORTERS OF
Bar & Sheet-Iron.
TIN PLATE,
and other Metals,
BLACKSMITH'S & TINSMITH'S MATERIALS,
SPEAR & JACKSON'S SAWS,
WOSTERHOLM CUTLERY,
 and a full assortment of
GENERAL HARDWARE.
 Liberal arrangements will be made with responsible traders on the Sound.
 Victoria, Oct. 21, 1865. no21:3m
 University of Washington Territory.
 This Institution will re-open on the Third Monday of October:
 Rates of Tuition:
 [Payable in advance per Quarter.]
 COLLEGIATE Course, \$10 00
 ACADEMIC " 8 00
 PRIMARY " 6 00
 INSTRUCTION ON THE PIANO, 15 00
 Students can be accommodated on the University Grounds, in the family of the President, at \$75 per Quarter, in advance, Board, room-rent, washing, fuel, lights and Tuition included. Room-rent and Board, without incidentals, at \$4 per week.
 For further Particulars, address
 W. E. BARNARD,
 President.
 Seattle, W. T., Sept. 30. no18:1y.

Stoves! Stoves!!
THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF COOKING, BOX and PARLOR STOVES ever offered for sale on
Puget Sound,
 —ALSO—
 a general and extensive assortment of
KITCHEN FURNITURE,
FRENCH AND ENGLISH ENAMELED WARES, BRITANIA AND JAPAN WARES,
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARES;
TIN AND METAL ROOFING.
Job Work.
 All job work pertaining to the business done at the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner. Call and examine my stock.
 HUGH McALEER.
 Seattle, W. T., Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT
 THE EFFECT OF THE OINTMENT ON THE SYSTEM.
 To the very core and centre of all diseases which affect the human body, this remarkable preparation penetrates. It disappears under the friction of the hand as salt disappears when rubbed upon meat. The unguent performs its healing errand rapidly, safely, and without pain. Simple eruptions, open sores, hard tumours, scrofulous developments of all kinds, abscesses, cancers, old wounds, and in fact, every species of inflammation or suppuration, whether in the skin, the flesh, the glands, or among the muscles, can be arrested in its destructive course and permanently cured without danger, by rubbing in this inestimable Ointment.
BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, SORES AND ULCERS.
 In many Hospitals in Europe this celebrated remedy is now used for the cure of old wounds, sores and ulcers: in Spain and Portugal, and in many parts of Italy, the first Physicians regularly prescribe its use. It is a sovereign remedy for bad breasts and bad legs: and likewise for all skin diseases. It is to be found in the chest of nearly every sailor, soldier and emigrant.
PILES, FISTULAS, STRUCTURES.
 The above class of complaints is surely removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in this Ointment. Persons suffering from these direful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient to merely smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be rubbed in for some considerable time, two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though it were palpable to the eye. Bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only proper treatment for females in cases of cancer in the stomach, or for those who suffer from a general bearing down.
IMPRUDENCES OF YOUTH:—SORES AND ULCERS.
 Blotches, as also swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way these complaints only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humour from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time, aided by the use of the Pills, to insure a lasting cure.
DIPHTHERIA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROATS, COUGHS AND COLDS.
 Any of the above class of diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day upon the skin covering the throat, chest and neck of the patient. The unguent will soon penetrate to the pores and give immediate relief. To allay the fever and prevent inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night and morning. The Ointment will produce perspiration, which is so essential for removing fevers, sore throats, and those oppressions of the chest which arise from Asthma, Bronchitis, and other causes.

BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES:—
 Bad Legs, Corns, (Soft) Rheumatism,
 Bad Breasts, Cancers, Scalds,
 Burns, Contracted and Sore Throats,
 Blisters, Stiff Joints, Sore Nipples,
 Bite of Mosquit, Elephantiasis, Skin Diseases,
 Toes and Sand Fistulas, Scoury,
 Piles, Gout, Sore Hands,
 Cocoa-bay, Glandular Swell. Tumours,
 Chigo-foot, Itch, Ulcers,
 Chilblains, Lambago, Wounds,
 Chapped Hands, Piles, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 224 Strand, (near Temple bar,) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s, 1/4d., 2s, 9d., 4s, 6d., 11s., 2s., and 3s., each Pot.
 * * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
 N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. [no43:6m]

SIRE'S HOTEL;
 [FORMERLY "WHEAT CHURN HOUSE."] Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.
DAVID SIRE'S . . . Proprietor.
THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN AND popular House, having been thoroughly renovated, enlarged and newly furnished, is now prepared to accommodate guests with greater comfort, and in a more accommodating manner than any House in this city.
 The House will be conducted on the **RESTAURANT PRINCIPLE**
 BREAKFAST, from 8. to 11 o'clock.
 DINNER, " 12. " 2 "
 SUPPER, " 6. " 8 "
 * * * Persons arriving on boats, accommodated at all hours, day or night.
 Connected with the Hotel is
A SPLENDID BAR
 always stocked with the BEST WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS, in the market.
 —ALSO—
 one of Phelan's New Style Four Pocket **Billiard Tables.**
 We would call the attention of passengers to the sign of the "Big Lantern" which is kept burning as long as the house is open.
 Seattle, Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

YESLER, DENNY & CO.,
 SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILLS,
 DEALERS IN
BOMBER, FLOUR
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c., &c.
 Order; from abroad for all kinds of Produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rate
 no14 YESLER, DENNY & CO.

WASHINGTON BREWERY.
 SEATTLE, W. T.
M'LOON & SHERMAN,
 (Successors to S. F. Coombs.)
 HAVING taken the above Establishment are now manufacturing the very best quality of
LAGER BEER,
PORTER,
PALE, AMBER, STOCK AND CREAM ALE.
 Orders for the above promptly will be promptly filled at the lowest rates.
 no16 1/2

SEATTLE DRUG STORE.
 HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF **DRUGS AND MEDICINES** TO OUR **NEW STORE,**
 ON MILL STREET, OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,
 and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever to our Patrons.
 Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying unsurpassed by any other House outside of San Francisco.
 Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:

Sarsaparillas:
 AYERS' TOWNSEND'S SAND'S GUYSSOTT'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFENBERG'S AND LE DOYNE'S.
 ALSO
 Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectorant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Trochees, Soothing Syrup, Flea Powder, Mustang Liniment, Hembold's Buchu, Pain Killer, Osgood's Collargogue, Ayers' Ague Cure, Clove Anodyne, Seibitz Powders, Watts' Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil, Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carmelative Balsam, Hostetter's, Roback's and Richardson's Bitters,
Cooking Extracts
 Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Marjoram, Sago, Tapioca, Pearl Barley, Farina, Cooper's Isinglass.
Toilet Articles:
 Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps, Pomades, Hair Oil, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Lubin Extracts, Brown Windsor Soap, Nail Brushes, &c.

SEATTLE DRUG STORE.
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 and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever to our Patrons.
 Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying unsurpassed by any other House outside of San Francisco.
 Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:

PILLS:
 Jayne's Ayers' Graefenberg, Brandreth's, Wright Mott's, McLane's, Moffatt's, Maynard's and Lee's.
 ALSO
 Graefenberg Children's Panacea, Hyatt's Lung Balm, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Radway's Relief, Hunnewell's Cough Remedy, Baker's Pain Panacea, Cod Liver Oil, Hacheider's Hair Dye, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Bay Rum, Salt Petre, White and Brown Glue, Shellac, Resin, Honey, Burnett's Cocaine, Russia Balm, Green Mountain Ointment, Opodeldoc, Sulphur, Salts, Blue Stone, Olive Oil, Strychnine, Iodine, Potassium, Schoville's Blood and Liver Syrup, Calchod and Carbonate Magnesia, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot, Concentrated Potash,
MISCELLANEOUS:
 Brown's Essence Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Snuff and Mac-cobay Snuff,
Camphene, Turpentine and Alcohol,
 By the Gallon, Can, or Case;
GENUINE DOWNER'S COAL OIL,
 Wholesale and Retail,
 A large stock of COAL OIL LAMPS, all sizes and patterns; SPIRIT LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, COAL OIL LANTERNS, &c., &c.
 Our list of Chemicals embraces everything required by a Physician in his practice and our prices to Dealers and others will defy competition.
 The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the
Lowest Rates for Cash.
 G. KELLOGG.
 Seattle, May 18th, 1865. no2:01:11

NEW STORE
 AT
Snohomish City,
SINCLAIR & CLENDENIN.

THE PROPRIETORS of this establishment respectfully inform the citizens of Snohomish and the public generally that they have just received and will continue to receive fresh supplies of
 GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
 SUCH AS
DRY GOODS,
Coarse and Fine CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
Provisions,
Hardware,
Cutlery,
MINERS' AND LOGGERS' TOOLS
 and almost every article of consumption **NEEDED IN THIS MARKET.**

In connection with their store Messrs. Sinclair & Clendenin will keep the fast sailing schooner
"NOR. WESTER"
 constantly plying between Snohomish Victoria, and other ports on the Sound, carrying their own freight, and that of all who favor them with their patronage. This arrangement will enable them to sell their goods
Cheaper for Cash
 than any house on Puget Sound.
 CALL AND SEE.
 Snohomish, Nov. 10, 1864.

WASHINGTON BREWERY.
 SEATTLE, W. T.
M'LOON & SHERMAN,
 (Successors to S. F. Coombs.)
 HAVING taken the above Establishment are now manufacturing the very best quality of
LAGER BEER,
PORTER,
PALE, AMBER, STOCK AND CREAM ALE.
 Orders for the above promptly will be promptly filled at the lowest rates.
 no16 1/2

NEW GOODS?
NEW GOODS!
 AT
WHOLESALE and RETAIL,
THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of
 informing his customers and the public in general that he is now opening
THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS

That has ever been brought to this Market! Having had twelve years experience in merchandising, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desires of the people in general. My stock consists in part as follows:
 English, French, and American Prints, French, all wool and English Merinos, Silk and worsted Poplins, Fancy and all-wool Delaines, Red and black cotton Velvets, Twills, plain and Opera Flannels, Drills, Sheetings, coarse and fine plain and cross-bar Mulls, Jacquettas, Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls, Morning Caps, Wool Scarfs and Hoods, Nubias, silk velvet trimmings, Embroideries, &c.
 Also, Fine and Heavy **CLOTHING**

BOOTS AND SHOES,
Hats and Caps,
 Trunks and Valises, Foot-cutters, Peoria and Boston Clipper Plows, Wheelbarrows, and a general assortment of
HARDWARE, GROCERIES,
 AND
PROVISIONS.
 And many other things too numerous to mention.
CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.
 To TRADERS and those wishing to buy largely I am prepared to sell at reduced prices.
TERMS CASH, on delivery of Goods.
 Produce will be taken in exchange for goods at market prices.
 In connection with the store I have a large Warehouse where I can store produce for those who may desire it.
 D. HORTON.
 Seattle Oct. 7th 1865. no19:4f

Residences For Sale.
 LOT No. 4, BLOCK No. 8, situated on Fourth Street, in a very pleasant and commanding locality, near the business part of this city. Upon the above lot is a substantial
DWELLING HOUSE,
 arranged expressly for the accommodation of two families, with separate entrances and apartments.
 PRICE, \$700.
THREE LOTS AND A DWELLING HOUSE,
 immediately in front of the Territorial University; all eligible sites for residences.
 PRICE, \$500.
 Apply to W. E. BARNARD.
 no16 1/2