

Daniel Bagley

SEATTLE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

VOL. 2.

SEATTLE, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, JAN. 19, 1866.

NO. 34.

SEATTLE GAZETTE
 PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY THE
SEATTLE PUBLISHING CO.
 SEATTLE, W. T.

TERMS:
 Per Annum, in advance, \$4.00
 Six months, " " 2.00
 Single copies, " " .25

ADVERTISING RATES:
 One square, (ten lines or less) first insertion, \$2.50
 Subsequent insertions, 1.00
 Fifty per cent deducted to monthly advertisers.
 Legal advertisements must be paid in advance.
 Legal Tender notes received at market value.

E. M. SAMMIS
Photographer,
 Mill Street,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

IRVING M. HALL,
 ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
 Seattle, W. T.

Will practice in the Courts of Washington Territory.
 Particular attention given to Collections.
 OFFICE—In Masonic Building, Front street,
 no 24-ly

GARFIELD & KENNEDY,
ATTORNEYS
 AND
COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
 PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the
 Courts of Washington Territory.
 Mr. Garfield will attend to criminal practice also.
 July 22d 1865

M. W. WAITT & CO.
 BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS.
 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

DEALERS IN
FANCY GOODS, SHEET MUSIC,
Periodicals,
 GOLD PENS, CUTLERY, ETC.

FOR CASH—NEW GOODS—FOR CASH.
YESLER, DENNY & CO.

Have just received a new and well selected stock of
 MERCHANDISE suited to this market, which we
 offer for sale cheap

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

Thankful for past patronage, they hope for a
 continuance of the same upon the CASH SYSTEM
 which they find necessary to adopt to sustain their
 business. Those who have money to pay for goods
 will remember where they obtained them when
 they had none. After this date the credit system is
 closed with
YESLER, DENNY & CO.

BATHS!
 AT THE
Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon.
 Two doors South of Pray's Saloon,
 SEATTLE.

HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS
 Always in readiness.
 Wm. HEDGES, Proprietor.

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON
 DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
COUNTRY PRODUCE
 —AND—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
 Commercial Street,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!
MRS. LIBBY & SHOREY,
 Commercial Street,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies'
 Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found
 a fine assortment of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,
 Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts, Ribbons,
 Trimmings, Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles.
 Milliners' Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to
 order. The Ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited
 to call and see them.

TO THE TERRESTRIAL GLOBE.
 BY A MISERABLE WRETCH.

Roll on, thou ball, roll on!
 Through pathless realms of space
 Roll on!
 What though I'm in a sorry case?
 What though I cannot meet my bills?
 What though I suffer toothache's ills?
 What though I swallow countless pills?
 Never you mind!
 Roll on!

Roll on, thou ball, roll on!
 Through seas of inky air
 Roll on!
 It's true I've got no shirts to wear;
 It's true my butcher's bill is due;
 It's true my prospects all look blue—
 But don't let that unsettle you!
 Never you mind!
 Roll on!

[IT ROLLS ON.]

CHURCH BELLES.

Coming in couples,
 Smiling so sweetly,
 Up the long aisle
 Tripping so fleetly.

Flutter of feathers,
 Rustle of dresses,
 Fixing of ribbons,
 Shaking of tresses.

Envy of bonnets—
 Envy of faces,
 Nodding at neighbors,
 Peering at faces.

Whispering softly,
 Heeding no sermon;
 What they go there for
 Hard to determine.

On all around them
 Gazing benignly,
 Wholly unconscious,
 Singing divinely.

Prayer disconcerting
 Don't suit their whims,
 Plain they assemble
 Just for the "hims."

DETAILS OF EASTERN NEWS.
 Dates to Jan. 5th.

Worcester, Mass., Dec. 30.—An inquest held on the bodies of Artemus Ward and wife, found dead at their residence, on Friday morning, resulted in a verdict of "died from inhaling coal gas."

Baltimore, Dec. 30.—Henry Winter Davis died of pneumonia at half past two o'clock P. M.

The following is the proclamation of Secretary Seward, declaring the abolition of slavery: To all to whom these presents shall come, greeting: Know ye, that whereas, the Congress of the United States on the first day of February last, passed a resolution, which is in the words following, namely:

ARTICLE XIII.
 Section 1. Neither slavery or involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

Section 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

And whereas, it appears from official documents on file in this department, that the amendment to the Constitution proposed as aforesaid has been ratified by the Legislatures of the States of Illinois, Rhode Island, Michigan, Maryland, New York, West Virginia, Maine, Kansas, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Virginia, Ohio, Missouri, Nevada, Indiana, Louisiana, Minnesota, Vermont, Tennessee, Arkansas, Connecticut, New Hampshire, South Carolina, Alabama, North Carolina, Georgia and Wisconsin, in all twenty-seven States; and whereas the whole number of States is thirty-six; and whereas the before-mentioned States whose Legislatures have ratified the said proposed amendment constitute three-fourths of the States; now, therefore be it known, that I, Wm. H. Seward, Secretary of State, by virtue, and in pursuance of the 2d section of the act of Congress approved 20th April 1818 (?), entitled "An act to provide for the publication of the laws of the United States and for other purposes," do hereby certify that the amendment has become valid to all intents and purposes, as a part of the Constitution of the United States.

New York, Jan. 2.—The Herald's Washington special gives a list of the amount of prize money paid to the different guards of officers of squadrons, and commanders of vessels during the rebellion. The largest amount of prize money was to Lieut. William Budd, for the capture of the Memphis, \$38,000; for the capture of the Albatross, by Lieut. Cushing's picket boats, the crew netted \$100 per man; Farragut received \$55,000; Lee and Porter over \$95,000 each and Dupont, \$58,000.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 3.—This evening the new State officers were sworn into office.

New York, Dec. 29.—A dispatch says that the President is satisfied with the condition of the South and the peaceable state of our foreign relations and has determined upon still further reductions in the army.

It is rumored that the Government of France and the United States have arrived at a definite understanding in regard to the affairs of Mexico. France agrees to withdraw the French troops from Mexico, and the United States agrees to prevent interference with the Arch-Duke by citizens of the United States.

Yonkers, Jan. 3.—A four story building owned by Wm. Radford, was destroyed by fire this morning. Loss, \$50,000. Insured. A large brick house in Hoboken, was destroyed by fire and two children burned to death.

New York, Dec. 5.—A dispatch says that a resolution was offered in the House providing that all public lands in the South be thrown open to actual settlers, according to the decision of the Land Commissioners. They are now open to black as well as white settlers.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Gen. Hekey, chief clerk of the Senate, died this morning at the age of 70 years. He has been in the employment of that body for 42 years.

Williamsport, Pa., Dec. 29.—There is an ice flood in the West branch of the Susquehanna, and it is estimated that from fifty to seventy millions of saw logs, valued at a million dollars have passed here in the last twenty-four hours. It is the heaviest loss ever sustained by lumbermen in that section.

New York, Dec. 29.—The Emperor of Austria opened the Hungarian Diet with a conciliatory speech. He pointed out the course it will be necessary for the Hungarians to pursue to merit his favor.

New York, Jan. 3.—Gov. Fairbanks, in his inaugural, says: "Not until Jeff. Davis shall have been tried, convicted, and hung for treason, and the fact that treason is a crime that cannot be committed with impunity, shall have been fairly demonstrated, will the American people be content."

New York, Jan. 4.—The Fenian Congress organized to-day, Patrick Corbett being elected permanent chairman, and Mr. Quinn, of Illinois, Secretary. About 500 delegates were present.

The London Times says: The passage in the President's Message which refers to England ought to be received as evidence of a friendly spirit on the part of the United States. It evinces a desire to keep on good terms with those whom the Americans acknowledge to be their friends.

The London Star says: Johnson's message may not be all that could be wished out its sentiments and expressions are moderate and satisfactory as could be reasonably expected.

The News refrains from saying much about the President's message. It only gives a telegraphic synopsis and in reference to that portion relative to foreign nations says: It is friendly in tone and intention.

An examination of the Attorney General's office proves that no application for pardon has yet been filed by Gen. Lee.—All the manifestations of contrition exhibited by Lee has been the signing of the amnesty oath prior to entering upon the duties of President of Washington College.

New York, Jan. 5.—The Washington Circle of Fenians which has been in existence eight years, at a meeting to-night endorsed unanimously the Fenian's Senate and passed a resolution inviting their countrymen to lay aside all minor considerations and support the constitution-holders adopted at Philadelphia for the government of the brotherhood, and like true men prove that they can liberate their beloved country and maintain their republican form of government.

To-morrow will be held at Cooper Institute a public meeting of citizens in support of the position that European powers shall not be allowed to intermeddle in American politics.

Letters from Mexico state that the Republicans are sanguine that they will soon be reinforced by troops from this country.

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—Gold yesterday in New York, was 143. Silver 109. Greenbacks, today, 69—selling at 69 1/2 and 70.

Gold & Curry will pay a dividend of \$1.250 per share.

The Saving Loan Society declares a dividend of one per cent. for the last five months.

The Pacific Insurance Company has declared a dividend of six per cent. per quarter.

New York, Jan. 5.—A letter from a commercial house, dated, City of Mexico, Dec. 17th, says that three loans have been put upon the market since the establishment of the empire, thus burdening the nation with a new debt of nearly eighty millions. Of this sum, only about eight millions were used for the public service, and Maximilian now has only sufficient to meet expenses during the month of January.

New York, Jan. 3.—The steam tug Neptune exploded her boiler in the bay to-day, and eight persons were wounded. The Captain's son only escaped injury. The wounded men were placed on board the tug Resolute, to be taken to the city when she burst some part of her machinery. No one hurt. Captain Campbell, of the steamer Baltimore, was lost overboard in a gale on the passage here from Glasgow.

JOHN ADAMS, COURTESY.

The Boston Transcript says: A correspondent sends us the following interesting reminiscence:

"John Adams sought the hand of the daughter of the Rev. Mr. Smith, of Weymouth, and Miss Abigail was pleased to accept the proposal of Mr. Adams, much to the chagrin of the parson, the objection being that Mr. Adams was a man of humble origin and moderate ability, and could never aspire to anything more than the position of an humble village lawyer. His visits to her home were frequent and prolonged, but no hospitalities were tendered by the Rev. Mr. Smith, either to Adams or his nag; for while Abigail only had watchful care over him, his 'hay' passed the weary hours of night in feeding on the hitching post.

Now Abigail had a sister whose name was Mary, who was betrothed to a wealthier, and it was believed, more promising young man, whose presence was welcomed most cordially by the Reverend's family.

"The good parson had promised each of his daughters that on the occasion of her marriage he would preach a sermon from a text of the bride's own selection. Mary married first and beautifully appropriate did the father think the text: 'And Mary hath chosen that good part.' In due time Abigail marries, and chooses for her text, 'For John eat neither eating nor drinking, and they say he hath a devil.'

"Tradition does not tell us, as we remember, how the text pleased the father, but the sermon was preached. Mary, indeed, chose a good part; her life was a happy one, and her husband was a man of means and respectability. Abigail was a woman of strong affections, a practical wife, and possessed of great nobility of character, while the names of her husband and son will live as long as the love of liberty inspires the soul of man."

THE POPULATION OF THE GLOBE.

There are on the globe about 1,388 million of souls, of which, 369 millions are of the Caucasian race, 552 millions are of the Mongol race, 190 millions are of the Ethiopian race, 176 millions are of the Malay race, and 1 million are of the Indo-American race. There are 3,643 languages spoken, and 1,000 different religions.

The yearly mortality of the globe is 333,333 persons. This is at the rate of 91,554 per day, 3,780 per hour, and 60 per minute. So each pulsation of the human heart marks the decrease of some human creature.

The average of human life is 33 years. One fourth of the population die at or before the age of 7 years—one half at or before 17 years.

Among 10,000 persons 1 arrives at the age of 100 years, one in 500 attains the age of 99, and one in 100 lives to the age of 60.

Married men live longer than single ones. In 1,000 persons, 65 marry. More marriages occur in June and December than in any other months in the year.

One-eighth of the whole population is military.

Professions exercise a very great influence over longevity. In 1,000 individuals who arrive at the age of 70 years 43 are priests, orators or public speakers; 40 are agriculturalists, 33 are workmen, 32 soldiers or military employers, 29 advocates or engineers, 27 professors, and 24 doctors. Those who devote their lives to the prolongation of that of others die the soonest.

There are 335 millions of Christians. There are 5 millions of Israelites. There are 600 millions of Mohammedans. There are 200 millions of Pagans. In the Christian churches: 170 millions profess the Roman Catholic. 75 millions profess the Greek faith; 80 millions profess the Protestant.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Tyrone, in his sermon on Fenians, said: "Who are the so called Fenians?—Even though it were lawful to take up arms against England, where are to be found the disciplined hosts that are to confront, on the red battle field, the greatest empire on the globe? England is at peace with all the world. Is it not the merest mockery then, the extreme of ignorance and idiocy, to entertain for a moment the idea that a multitude of undisciplined tradesmen of the lowest class, united with a crowd of young peasantry, determined no doubt, but still unfit in every way, backed by an undisciplined mass of American styled heroes only—is it not, I say, the rankest nonsense, a libel upon the possessor of the least reason, to fancy that this horde of undisciplined men, without arms, without commissariat, without leaders, can meet in fair fight legions that, in far less propitious times, felled the Gaul at Waterloo, and smote the Czar far away from their beloved England, on the slopes of Alma?"

It is said that the Prince of Wales gave a ball at Kelson, on the night following the death of the premier. He did not see why Lord Palmerston's dying should stop his dancing. The prince's party, who would like to become the prince regent's party, found that the queen's party thought differently.

THE POVERTY OF STATESMEN.

Statesmen who are worth the appellation given them, generally fail to secure fortunes. They devote themselves to pursuits which, if honestly adhered to, rarely yield rich rewards.

Jefferson died comparatively poor. Indeed, if Congress had not purchased his library, and given for it five times its value, he would with difficulty have kept the wolf from his door.

Madison saved money, and was comparatively rich. To add to his fortune, however, or rather that of his widow, Congress purchased his manuscript papers, and paid \$30,000 for them.

James Monroe, sixth President of the United States, died in New York so poor that his remains found a resting place through the charity of a friend.

John Quincy Adams left some \$150,000; the result of industry, prudence, and inheritance. He was a man of method and economy.

Martin Van Buren died very rich.—Throughout his political life he studiously looked out for his own interests. It is not believed that he ever spent thirty shillings in politics. His party shook the bush and he caught the bird.

Daniel Webster squandered some millions in his life time, the product of his professional and political speculations. He died, leaving his property to his children, and his debts to his friends. The former sold for less than \$20,000—the latter exceeded \$250,000.

Henry Clay left a very handsome estate. It probably exceeded \$100,000. He was a prudent manager, and a scrupulously honest man.

James K. Polk left some \$150,000, \$50,000 of which he saved from his Presidency of four years.

John Tyler left \$50,000. Before he reached the Presidency he was bankrupt. In office he husbanded his means, and then married a rich wife.

Zachary Taylor left \$150,000. Millard Fillmore is a wealthy man, and keeps his money in a strong box. It will not be squandered in speculation, nor in vice.

Ex-President Pierce saved some \$50,000 from his term of service.

The Hon. Thomas Corwin, whose complexion, as is well known, is none of the fairest, being in New York, was introduced to an English gentleman of some celebrity, who had lately crossed the big salt pond to see the American elephant on his native soil. "Mr. Corwin was introduced as an Ohionian. The term evidently misled John Bull, who looked for a moment a good deal puzzled; however, his face suddenly brightened, and, seizing the hand of Mr. Corwin, he expressed himself most happy to make his acquaintance, and then kindly inquired 'whether his tribe were in peace with the whites?' An explanation and some merriment followed.

The poet Tennyson is thus described by one who saw him recently: "He was dressed in a very ordinary, rather negligent manner, and his thick, curly gray hair hung in long and shaggy locks down over his face, so that I could not see his physiognomical development; but he truly had the 'sad, passive eye,' which I have credited to him, and which, withal, was nervous and downcast. He wore a rather long beard and moustache; both were plentifully sprinkled with white, though originally very dark. The poet's complexion was sallow, his nose straight, and his face rather long."

At a protracted meeting recently held "out West," an ancient sister in the church arose and said: "I see young ladies here that think more of g-w-gaws, furbelows, ribbons and laces than they do of their Creator. I loved them once, myself, and adorned my hat with French artificial flowers, bright colored ribbons and sky blue trimmings; but I found that they were dragging me down to destruction, so I took them off—and give them to my sister!"

The Salt Lake Union Vedette has been shown a gold nugget which weighs 1783 ounces, or nearly 13 pounds avoirdupois, and worth there in greenbacks, \$3,811.50. It was taken, a short time since, out of Snow Shoe Gulch, thirty miles from Helena, Montana Territory. It was purchased by Tutt & Donnell, merchants of Montana, who are sending it on to one of their firms at present in New York.

GARIBOLDI lately caused two of his horses to be sold in Genoa, on the public market place. King Victor Emanuel having learned what was to occur, gave orders to purchase the two animals, which brought three thousand francs, and then offered them as a present to the General. The latter, however, positively refused to receive them.

A thoughtless gentleman, the other day, sat down on the spur of the moment. He, however, quickly sought an easier situation.

As little drops of rain brighten the meadows, so do little acts of kindness brighten the world.

SEATTLE GAZETTE.

SEATTLE, W. T.

Friday, January 19th, 1866.

L. P. FISHER, is the authorized agent for the GAZETTE at San Francisco, California.

M. W. WAITE, is agent for the GAZETTE at Victoria, V. I.

CALIFORNIA PRISON COMMISSION.—We have received a copy of the "Constitution and By-Laws of the California Prison Association," organized in San Francisco, on Nov. 27th, 1865, for the purpose of restoring to virtue, usefulness and happiness, men who have been confined in the prisons of that State, and whose prospects have thereby been rendered almost hopeless. It is the aim of the society to enlist in their behalf those who have employment for men in the various branches of trade, and its members hope, through the co-operation of all such persons, to find locations and employment for all those who have served their term of imprisonment. This Society also solicits members from every section of the coast, twenty dollars being the fee for a life membership. It calls upon the press, the pulpit, and the people everywhere, to lend a helping hand in the prosecution and consummation of its high and holy work.

DEATH OF ARTEMUS WARD.—We see it announced in the telegraphic dispatches, that this far-famed and inimitable writer, Charles F. Brown, together with his wife, was suffocated by coal gas, at his residence in Wooster, Mass., on the 8th ult. We chronicle this intelligence with many regrets, for one who, as a comic writer, to use his own language, "was equaled by few and excelled by none," and it is to be hoped that the many woes and follies of mankind have, in some measure at least, been corrected by being so ludicrously and satirically pointed out as has been done by him in his most laughable and original style.

NOBEL'S BLASTING OIL.—We have received a pamphlet, explaining the properties, advantages and power of this celebrated blasting oil, and containing also, reports and testimonials of European Societies, that have tested its virtues. Nitro-Glycerine, and its powers have been known to chemists for some twenty years, but its adaptation to blasting purposes has been but recently discovered. It is now rapidly succeeding gunpowder, and is being very generally introduced into Europe. Agents have been appointed in San Francisco for its sale.

PERSONAL.—We were paid a short visit by the Surgeon of the Post at Fort Steilacoom, Dr. Whittemore, yesterday morning. The Doctor is now on his way to Fort Vancouver to be honorably mustered out of the United States service. He will then visit San Francisco, with the intention of returning in a few weeks to permanently locate in Seattle, for the practice of his profession. We shall be happy to greet him as a citizen of our town.

POCKET SCHOONER NAVIGATION COMPANY.—We are pleased to learn that an "Act to incorporate the Puget Sound Steam Navigation Co." has passed the Legislature, and the corporation will shortly commence, at Steilacoom, the construction of a suitable vessel for the Sound trade. We regret not having for publication a copy of the bill and its amendments. This enterprise is deserving of entire success.

GOES ASHORE.—We learn that the vessel seen, bottom up, some time since, outside the Straits of Fuca, has drifted ashore in the vicinity of Gray's Harbor. It proved to be the bark Decatur, formerly a vessel of war on the Sound, and at present owned by Phinney & Co., Port Ludlow. She was taken in charge by an otter hunter, there being no wreckers in that locality. A portion of her cargo will be saved.

ARRIVED.—Bark Vidette, Capt. Merritt, nineteen days from San Francisco, arrived at Freeport on the 18th inst. She is now receiving her cargo of lumber.

ARK GEORGE WASHINGTON, Captain Lensen, twenty-one days from San Francisco, arrived at Yeater & Co.'s wharf on Tuesday last, with merchandise for this place. She will take a cargo of lumber from Freeport Mills.

SNOW STORM.—On Wednesday morning last, the ground was covered with a fall of snow to the depth of one foot. This is uncommon for Washington Territory, and, in consequence of the wet weather, last season, having destroyed so much forage, it may find many farmers unprovided with provender for their stock.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.—It would seem that we were never to receive the message of President Johnson. Its length has doubtless deterred publishers on this coast from having it telegraphed to them. We, however, expect it soon, and will lay it before our readers as early as possible.

MILLBERRY STORE.—By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that Mrs. Steele, recently of Victoria, has purchased the interest of Mrs. Shorey in the above establishment, and the business will in future be conducted by Mrs. Libby & Steele.

Tax Eliza Anderson did not arrive at this place at her usual time, last night, and, up to the time of going to press, she had not made her appearance. We are, therefore, without later news from Victoria and down the Sound.

EARL RUSSELL.

Earl Russell, better known in history as the Lord John Russell, is the third son of John, sixth Duke of Bedford. His mother was the daughter of the fourth Viscount Torrington. He was born at Mayfair, August 18, 1792. After a preparatory course of study at Sunbury and at Westminster School, he completed his scholastic education at the University of Edinburgh, where he was for some time the pupil of the metaphysician Thomas Brown, and of Dugald Stewart. Under the tuition of the latter, the liberal opinions which came as a natural inheritance from his ancestors, were doubtless confirmed.

In 1813, after the formation of the Liverpool Ministry, Lord John Russell entered Parliament as a member from Tavistock. At this time the Whigs possessed great influence, yet not in office. One of the first "hits" made by Lord John was an eloquent speech on Foreign Treaties, which immediately gave him a high place among Parliamentary orators. At the time of the popular outbreaks in 1817, Lord Russell urged that, instead of adopting harsh measures, timely concessions ought to be made to the people; but his advice was not followed by the Government. He threw his whole soul into the cause of Parliamentary Reform, and came at length to be the recognized leader in the movement. He was a strong advocate of Catholic Emancipation, and an opponent of Test and Corporation oaths. When Wellesley—the Duke of Wellington—came into power, in 1828, Lord Russell saw his long cherished projects carried into execution. Then came the excitement about the Reform Bill, in 1832. Then it was that Lord John Russell arrived at the zenith of his glory.

During Lord Melbourne's Administration, Lord Russell became Home Secretary, and from 1835 to 1841, was the guiding spirit of the Whig party. He succeeded Sir Robert Peel as Prime Minister, and remained at the helm until 1851. As often happens, Lord Russell, while in office, became more conservative and cautious; many of his supporters, and even Lord Palmerston, fell away from him; and in 1852, Lord Derby came into power. In 1859, under Lord Palmerston, Lord Russell became Minister of Foreign Affairs. In July, 1861, he was raised to the peerage as Earl Russell.

Earl Russell has proven a very prudent, if not a very satisfactory Foreign Minister. He has forever been protesting and menacing, but has always failed to follow up his protests or menaces with any efficient action; and although by his caution, he has kept England out of hot water during three important wars, the English people would have been better satisfied if he had said less and made fewer angry expositions.

An authentic account of the manner in which General Grant obtained his name, says that there being much discussion in his father's family as to the appellation to be given him, the different names suggested were placed in a hat and shaken together, and it being agreed that the first drawn out should be adopted, Ulysses was the name drawn. Simpson, his middle name, was the maiden name of General Grant's mother.

A queer chap has turned up in Rochester. His name is C. D. Saunders. He has not slept for fourteen years. He has worked on a farm at times, for forty days and nights at a stretch without fatigue. He was in the army, and never suffered the least inconvenience from long marches, in fact, rather preferred going on a trip of four or five hundred miles.

According to the report of the Council of Hygiene of the Citizen's Association of New York, there are tens of thousands of people in that city who are living in underground basements—damp, slimy, noisome, pest-pits, where in typhus holds its revels, and through which the cholera would sweep in the dog-days, like a fire over an autumnal prairie.

LAST THING IN LUCIFER MATCHES.—There is an ingenious safety match, now in general use, which can be lighted only on the box, and not always on that. We hear that this safe article is to be superseded by a new invention that will not light at all. The latter is especially intended for the use of nurseries, powder magazines, and asylums.

Sir Morton Peto's railroad speculations embrace Canada, Russia, Austria, Peru, New Zealand and Australia, and may, by and by, include this country. He is said to control the employment of one hundred thousand men, and in the empire of Austria alone, he has eight thousand.

To remove indelible ink, or nitrate of silver stains from white fabrics—Wet the parts with water, then apply tincture of iodine, which converts the nitrate of silver into iodide of silver, then wash with a dilute solution of common caustic potash—then wash well with hot water and soap.

MR. CHAR. C. TERRY, having purchased the interest of J. C. Green, in the Eureka Bakery, will continue the business in his own name. See advertisement in another column.

It is stated that a tunnel will shortly be commenced from Boston to East-Boston, like the Thames Tunnel.

THE New York Chamber of Commerce has been favoring a reduction of the United States currency.

Look out for counterfeit U. S. \$50 Treasury Notes.

Miscellaneous Items.

There is one man in Harper's Ferry, who did not leave the place during the war, notwithstanding the numerous alternate occupations by the Federal and Confederate armies. Nor was he frightened away by bombardments or burnings. "I don't know," he says, "as the war's done me much harm. Five years ago, I was the poorest man in Harper's Ferry; two years ago, I was the richest, everybody else having run away. I wasn't worth nothin' then; and I ain't worth nothin' now. Judge, have you any terbaccher about ye?"

The extinction of the unfortunate African race, upon whom freedom has been so suddenly forced, would seem, says an exchange, to have already commenced. So unprecedented has the mortality been since their emancipation, that many thoughtful men, North and South, are fearing a fate similar to that of the red man. Whatever the ultimate destiny of the negro on this continent, facts are accumulating, that would seem to indicate the decrease if not the entire disappearance of his race.

A miser, aged eighty-one years, recently died at Gaudensdorf, near Vienna, in possession of a fortune of nearly two million francs, all of which he has left to the Pope. He had for a number of years lived on a life annuity of one thousand francs, of which he contrived to put by a third. The only condition contained in the bequest is, that the Pope shall pray personally for the soul of the departed.

The Boston Courier says that the demand for cotton goods is so much beyond the ability of the manufacturers to supply, that one of the largest calico printing mills in New England is importing its printing cloths from England, and several other manufacturers in Massachusetts, are importing very largely in brown sheetings, which they have stamped with their own trade mark, in Manchester.

Details of the fatal accident to W. P. Johnson, brother to the President, show that he was accidentally shot while removing a gun from a small boat, in which he had crossed the Brazos river, on October 24th. The ball shattered his arm, and amputation being deferred too long, he died, after lingering three or four weeks. He leaves a wife and three children.

About two hundred feet of Drum street, between Washington and Jackson, San Francisco, sunk from two to twelve feet, on the 20th ult. It had just been filled in and Mead-landized, and teams were passing over it all the time. It is supposed that the embankment must have slipped out towards deep water.

The following startling threat was made use of the other day, by an excited pugilist: "I will strait you round your own throat, until there is nothing left of you but the extreme ends of your shirt collar sticking out of your ears. His opponent left.

The Government has been advised that the representations made to Spain, in favor of peace with Chile, have so far prevailed, and that the officers of France and England were accepted on terms proposed by them and the United States.

The prejudice against the Chinese laborers has so far abated in the Boise mines, that they are now allowed to purchase mining ground and work it. Three years ago, a Chinaman in that country was an abomination.

A gentleman who has traveled from the City of Mexico to Vera Cruz, says the road is lined with the blackened corpses of guerrillas. There are no fruits of those men, when one is caught, he is strung up immediately.

A Washington auctioneer had been buying up arms for the Fenians, and was delivering an invoice of weapons, when the municipal authorities embarrassed further contract by imposing a *quo warranto*.

The Second Comptroller announces that the advertisements of claim agents that soldiers and officers than veterans are entitled to extra bounties, are untrue. He says no extra bounties are authorized.

A Washington dispatch says that Gen. Spinner has given his opinion that the deposits of disbursing officers of the United States with the National banks, designated as depositaries, are, like others, subject to taxation.

Don Augustine de Iturbide, the oldest son of the first Emperor of Mexico, is now in New York City. He has been offered rank and emoluments by Maximilian, but has declined them.

Devor's Foundry, on Tremont street, San Francisco, was set on fire by an incendiary, on the night of the 25th ult. No serious damage sustained.

Mrs. Partington declares that she thinks it strange that a little quicksilver in a glass tube, can make such awful hot weather by just rising an inch or so.

It is reported that a military commission has been instituted to investigate the rascality of Government disbursing officers in Kansas.

The Adams Express Company have loaned two million dollars to Southern railroads, to enable them to commence operations.

The loss of the steamer Constitution is confirmed. Sixteen of the crew, and twenty-four passengers were lost.

Several prominent citizens of Baltimore have purchased a piano, for the purpose of presenting to Gen. Lee.

The Confederate cotton bonds in circulation in England amount to £24,518,500.

The game sent to the French markets annually costs six millions of dollars.

A GOOD WIFE.

How much of this world's happiness and prosperity are contained in the compass of the above short words. Her influence is immense. The power of a wife, for good or evil, is irresistible. Home must be the seat of happiness, or it must be forever unknown. A good wife is to a man, wisdom and courage, strength, hope and endurance. A bad one is confusion, weakness, discomfiture and despair. No condition is hopeless, when the wife possesses firmness, decision, energy and economy. There is no outward prosperity which can counteract indolence, fully and extravagance at home. No spirit can long resist bad domestic influence. Man is strong, but his heart is not adamant. Man delights in enterprise and action, but to sustain him, he needs a tranquil mind and a whole heart. He expends his whole moral force in the conflict with the world; his feelings are often lacerated to the utmost point of endurance, by perpetual collisions, irritations and disappointments. To recover his equanimity and composure, home must be to him a place of repose, peace, cheerfulness, comfort,—where his soul renews its strength, and goes forth again with fresh vigor, to encounter the labors and troubles of the world. But, if at home he finds no rest, and is there met with bad temper, selfishness or gloom, or is assailed by discontent, complaints and reproaches, the heart breaks, the spirits are crushed, hope forever vanishes, and the man sinks into almost total despair. A lazy, ignorant, extravagant, restless, ill-natured wife is indeed a curse; while one possessed of the opposite qualities, is truly "the angel of the house."

BE NEAT.—Young ladies, if they only knew how disgusting to men slovenliness is, and how attractive are displays of neatness and taste, would array themselves in the simplicity and cleanliness of the lilies of the field; or, if able to indulge in costly attire, they would study the harmonious blending of colors which nature exhibits in all her works. A girl of good taste, and habits of neatness, can make a more fascinating toilet with a nine-penny calico dress, a few cheap ribbons and laces, and such ornaments as she can gather from the garden, than a vulgar, tawdry creature, who is worth thousands, and has the wardrobe and jewelry of a princess.

SINGING is a great institution. It oils the wheels of care, supplies the place of sunshine. A man who sings, is certainly possessed of a good heart. Such a man not only works more willingly, but he works more constantly. A singing cobbler will earn twice as much money as a cobbler who gives way to low spirits and indignation. Avaricious men never sing. The man who attacks singing, throws a stone at his own feet, and would, if he could, rob June of its roses, or August of her meadow lark.

SILVER MANIA.—Those unacquainted with it, says the Oregon Sentinel, are not aware of the horrors attending this malady. For the last week we have seen men hurrying along, and grouped together at the street corners, in animated conversation over small bits of quartz. The excitement runs so high that all seem to be affected more or less, and from the specimens of ore, we believe silver does exist in this county, and that in no small quantities.

RELIGION.—The collection taken up in the Catholic churches of Maryland for the relief of Southern families, made destitute by the war, amounted to twelve thousand dollars. Of this sum, about six thousand dollars have been distributed—principally in Virginia, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana, South Carolina, and Florida. In parceling out the money, differences of religion have in no cases been considered.

SOMETIME ago we noticed the remarkable devotion of General Spinner to his official duties. It is now stated that in four and a half years, he has lost only eighteen days; seventeen of which were on account of sickness. His average daily attendance at his office is said to have been seventeen hours.

THE Sierra Nevada ran on the rocks near St. Helens, on the 2d inst., and at last accounts, was still in that position. It is thought that it will be impossible to remove her until the freshets of next spring shall raise the river. She will, most probably, be lost.

THE first bale of cotton goods ever manufactured in California, a fair quality of sheetings, from Mexican short staple cotton, was opened in the San Francisco market on the 28d ult., having been manufactured at the Oakland Mills.

THE question of negro suffrage has been submitted to a vote of the people of Georgetown, D. C. There were 1,700 votes polled, of which only three were in favor of extending the franchise.

MILITARY officers recently arrived at San Francisco, from the East, state positively that General Grant has determined on paying an early visit to the Pacific coast.

REPORTS from Arizona confirm the rumor of the massacre by the Apaches, of the mail carrier and five soldiers, who left Prescott for Albuquerque, in November last.

IT is reported that fifty-eight sea-going crafts were lost or missing during the month of December, of which six were steamers.

THE American Theatre was crowded to excess by the advocates of the eight-hour standard for day labor.

METALLIC MAGNIFICENCE.

Although gold is no longer a circulating medium with the people of the Atlantic States, the ladies there are determined that men shall not forget the color of it. They sprinkle their coiffures with little yellow coins—some genuine and some counterfeit;—encircle their hair with shining hoops of gold; bind their jaunty hats with glittering braids, and sport all sorts of glittering devices, with the tinge of the regal metal, if not of its intrinsic value. Broadway, New York, at the fashionable hour, is a dazzling spectacle. Spikes, knobs and coronals, festoons of polished metal, flash back the sunshine, and give one the impression that the ladies' heads are on fire. Then the feather ornaments are something marvelous. Whole birds are the rage; the entire plumage of a pheasant, with its head in front, and the tail extending a foot in the rear of the wearer, being a favorite hat trimming. The metal ornaments now in vogue are quite unworthy of an artistic eye. They are, for the most part, coarse and barbaric in design, and, in fact, just the sort of things that a trader to the coast of Africa, or among the Chinook Indians, would select with which to fascinate the natives. It is surprising that women, with any pretensions to taste, can bedizen themselves with such gew-gaws.

NAVAL LOSSES DURING THE WAR.—It has been ascertained that during the war, the navy lost only 1,405 men in killed, and 1,638 in wounded, out of the 75,000 sailors and marines who have been on the rolls. This is inclusive of all losses in the grand battles on the Mississippi, at Charleston, Mobile, Fort Fisher, and elsewhere, in a word, the splendid victories of Farragut and Porter, have been achieved with less loss of life than that which has been suffered in a single battle, by a single division of troops. This is due in part to the fact that the enormous range of the Navy guns has, in a great degree, kept our men out of musket range. It is worthy of note, that the whole expense of the navy, since the beginning of the war, including the construction and equipment of all the vessels, and their maintenance, has been less than twenty-three millions. Moreover, we have at the close of the war, ships enough to show for the money spent to constitute what is probably a better navy than that of any European power. We have constructed since 1861, 210 vessels of war, all of which are of the most approved models, and contain all the appliances of modern offensive and defensive warfare.

SCENE ON THE STREETS OF OLYMPIA.—We copy the following from the Standard, of the 13th inst., from which we infer that whether "Ned" will get his money for the Public Printing, is a matter rather mixed:

Mr. P.—Good morning, Mr. J., have you seen the Printer?
Mr. J.—What printer?
P.—Why, the Public Printer, of course.
J.—Which one?
P.—Why, the one that prints the laws.
J.—Both print the laws. Try again friend P.
P.—Well, the one who gets the pay.
J.—Ah, there you have me.
[Exeunt omnes.]

DEATH OF THOMAS CORWIN.—Hon. Thomas Corwin, who was struck with paralysis recently, died at Washington, on the 10th day of December. He was born in Bourbon county, Kentucky, July 29, 1794. His ancestors went from New Jersey to Pennsylvania, thence into Kentucky, and afterwards, to Ohio. His father settled in Warren county, Ohio, not far from where the town of Lebanon now stands. Tom Corwin, as he was more familiarly known, was one of the ablest politicians of his State, when the old Whig party was in its glory. He held in succession, the offices of Legislator, Congressman, Governor of Ohio, Secretary of the Treasury, under Fillmore, and Minister to Mexico.

AN IMPORTANT WORK.—The S. F. Flag, of recent date, says that Professor Blakely, the well-known geologist and mineralogist, who has been engaged for nearly ten years past in examining the mines and minerals of the Pacific Coast, is preparing for publication a valuable work on this most important subject, in the form of an "Annotated Catalogue of the Principal Mines and Mineral Properties of the Pacific Coast."

ANOTHER IRISH PAPER.—T. A. Brady, formerly of the S. F. Monitor, has issued a prospectus of "a paper devoted to the interests of Irish Nationality, and of Irishmen residing on the Pacific Coast," the publication of which he proposes to commence early next month.

ORPHEUS C. KERRIS.—Collector Hamlin, of Boston, says he has on file in his office over one thousand five hundred applications for positions in the Custom House, and that he has only fifteen places to fill.

DIED.—J. Whitney, Jr., President of the California Steam Navigation Company, died at San Francisco, on the 26th ult. He was fifty-four years of age, and has been President of this Company for a number of years.

FOR the next year, the working expenses of the Government are estimated at one hundred million dollars.

ALL the volunteers on the Pacific Coast shall have soon been mustered out the service.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—Healthy Homes.—
Nine-tenths of our ailments might be altogether prevented or directly cured if the first faulty action were set aright. This great end is accomplished with wonderful certainty and safety by Holloway's pills, which are adapted to the stout as well as to the frail, and are equally suited to every constitution and climate. They purify the blood, that seat of life and source of health, and in its revivifying streams diffuse regularity and vigor throughout the system, and give every organ its proper natural function. Holloway's Pills have done for the bilious and low-spirited what no wealth or wisdom had previously achieved—they have put it in their power to conquer their miserable feelings.

PRICES CURRENT.

[CONNECTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE.]
SEATTLE, JAN. 19, 1866.

FLOUR—Best quality, \$8 to \$9, per barrel.
BEEF—10 @ 15 cents.
MUTTON—16.
PORK—16.
WHEAT—\$1 25 per bushel.
OATS—50c per bushel, scarce.
BARLEY—2c @ 3c.
HAY—\$14 @ \$18 per ton.
POTATOES—85 @ 50c per bushel.
ONIONS—2 @ 2 1/2c @ 3c.
BUTTER—Fresh 50 @ 62 1/2c @ 70c.
CHEESE—37c @ 40c.
EGGS—50 @ 62 1/2c doz.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 29, 1865.

FLOUR—\$6 @ \$7 @ bbl.
BUTTER—42c @ 60c @ lb.
POTATOES—Best \$1 25 @ hund.
SUGAR—10c @ lb.
COFFEE—21c, per lb.
COAL OIL—\$1 20 @ 1 60.
CANDLES—25c per lb.
WHEAT—2 97 1/2 @ 100 lb.
OATS—1 45 @ 1 67 @ 100 lb.
BARLEY—95 @ 1 07 @ 100 lb.
HAY—\$10 @ \$14 per ton.

EUREKA BAKERY.
CHAS. C. TERRY.
SEATTLE, W. T.,
MANUFACTURER OF

Ship Bread,
ALL KINDS OF
CRACKERS
AND
Fancy Cakes.
—AT—
SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

ALSO
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Groceries,
Provisions,
Confectionery,
CROCKERY.
TOBACCO AND CIGARS.
For Cash on Delivery of Goods.
no88:16

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!
MRS. LIBBY & STEELE,
Commercial Street,
SEATTLE, W. T.

Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies' Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found a fine assortment of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,
Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts, Ribbons, Trimmings Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles. Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to order. The ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited to call and see them no8 if

H. J. STEVENSON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, AND PROMIS-
sory Notes, protested; Oaths administered.
Affidavits and other legal instruments drawn and certified; acknowledgment of Deeds, Wills, etc., taken.
—Smales, January 20, 1866. no54-14rpd.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Charles C. Terry and John C. Green, was dissolved, this day, by mutual consent. CHAS. C. TERRY.
JOHN C. GREEN.
Seattle, January 15, 1866.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE firm of Terry & Green, will please call and settle their accounts on or before the 1st day of February, 1866. All accounts remaining unsettled at that date will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.
CHAS. C. TERRY
JOHN C. GREEN.

FOR CASH—NEW GOODS—FOR CASH.
YESLER, DENNY & CO.

Have just received a new and well selected stock of **REBCHANDISE** suited to this market, which they offer for sale cheap

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!
Thankful for past patronage, they hope for a renewed confidence upon the CASH SYSTEM which they find necessary to adopt to sustain their business. Those who have money to pay for goods will remember where they obtained them when they had none. After this date the credit system is closed with
YESLER, DENNY & CO.

JOSIAH SETTLE
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS,
MEN'S CLOTHING,
Consisting in part of
Coats, Pants, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts,
Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c.,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
And a well selected stock of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

ALSO
Now on hand and constantly receiving new supplies
OF
Oregon Cloths,
Blankets, Yarn,
Etc., Etc.,
all of which they will sell at
REASONABLE PRICES

Give them a call, an examine their stock.
Seattle, Sept. 9, 1865.

THE CHEAPEST CLOTHING IN VICTORIA
—IS AT—
WILLIAM WILSON'S,
GOVERNMENT STREET CLOTHING STORE.
100 820 Suits At \$7 75 the suit.
Victoria, V. I., October 21st 1865.

ATTENTION!!
RELIABLE SEEDS,
EDWARD E. MOORE,
425 Washington Street.

THE undersigned, a practical agriculturalist, is now prepared to supply the wants of merchants, ranchmen, and all others, by wholesale or retail, of such seeds as will not disappoint those who use them, as seeds are selected with the utmost care, we always know them to be true to their kind. We have suitable grounds prepared to test the different varieties, so as to insure their entire reliability.

The assortment consists of
ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLE SEED
ALL KINDS OF FLOWER SEED
ALL KINDS OF GRASS, AND RED
AND WHITE CLOVER SEED,
—ALSO—
ALFALFA AND LUCERNE.

Evergreen Seeds,
Natives of California and Adjacent States.
All kinds of Trees and Shrubs,
All kinds of Flowers in their Season,
All kinds of Bulbs in their Season,
Strawberry and Raspberry Plants.
The subscriber deems it superfluous to name every article for sale, but merely remarks that no one has a superior assortment, and no one will deal more honorably by his customers, to whom he refers with confidence, as universal approval has been awarded him.
Small papers at wholesale or retail.
All communications, or orders by mail or Express Co's, attended to promptly.
Catalogues furnished on application by letter or otherwise.
EDWARD E. MOORE,
425 Washington Street,
Nearly opposite Post Office,
SAN FRANCISCO.

OCCIDENTAL
HOTEL,
Seattle, King Co., Wash. Ter.,
JOHN S. CONDON,
M. R. MADDOCKS, PROPRIETORS.
JOHN COLLINS,

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a

First Class House,
The rooms being handsomely furnished in the best of style.

THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT
Is under the management of an experienced cook, and the table will always be supplied with the best in the market.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT
AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

—ALSO—
A ZPLENDID BILLIARD TABLE,
With Marble Bed and Combination Cushions, is connected with the above establishment for the accommodation of its customers and the public generally.

A Livery Stable
is attached to the house, where all who desire them, will find good horses, and where feed can be found for those who wish to stable their animals.
Seattle, Oct. 20, 1865. no51f

GOOD NEWS!
NORTH PACIFIC
BREWERY
JUST ESTABLISHED IN SEATTLE.

Tills magnificent Brewery having been completed is now manufacturing

PORTER, ALE
AND
LACER BEER.

Which will be sold at the lowest cash prices
Legal tenders taken at market value.
Give us a Call—try for yourselves.
SCHMEIG & BROWN.
Seattle, Feb. 1st 1865. no43-1f

REMOVAL,
CONNOISEUR'S
RETREAT.
SEATTLE, W. T.

The progressive are teachers to keep pace with the times, therefore frequent changes are not astonishing; and, knowing, also, that "procrastination is the thief of time, on these terms, the

Original Monet
takes this method of informing his former patron and the public generally, of the transfer of his

Oyster Saloon
to the Old Stand, one door south of Fry's Liquor Saloon, where he will be prepared to serve up the best

Olympia Bivalves
in styles to suit the most fastidious.
And, being as ever, grateful for past favors, the proprietor will spare no efforts to merit a continuance of patronage.
Seattle, Dec. 16, 1865. no29vo2-1f

GEM SALOON,
Commercial Street,
Seattle, W. T.,
MESSRS. EAGAN & LORING,

Having opened the above elegant Saloon, now offer to the public a choice selection of the best brands of
Wines, Liquors,
Cigars, etc., etc.

—ALSO—
OYSTERS
IN
EVERY STYLE,
served up to suit the most fastidious.
vs. Give them a call. no33 1f
Seattle, January 12, 1866.

M. W. WAITT & CO.
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS.
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
DEALERS IN
FANCY GOODS, SHEET MUSIC,
Periodicals,
GOLD PENS, CUTLERY, ETC.

VICTORIA HOUSE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRAPERY STORE,
CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS,
VICTORIA, V. I.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE ABOVE Establishment, BY EXPRESS DIRECT from London, the following assortment of Fall Goods:
LINSEYS, POPLINS, French Merinos and Coburgs.
RICHLY EMBROIDERED LINSEY and POPLIN ROBES.
WINTER PETICOATS, a large variety
LADIES' TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS, newest styles.
LADIES' untrimmed hats and bonnets.
CHILDREN'S trimmed and untrimmed Hats.
FLOWERS, FEATHERS and BONNET FRONTS, a large assortment.
BLACK GLACE and MOIRE ANTIQUE SILKS.
Ladies' Merino and Flannel Underclothing.

White, Pink and Blue Flannels.
White and Scarlet Flannels for Petticoats, two-and-a-half yards wide. Ladies' White and Grey Lamb's Wool Hose.
WINTER MANTLES a large assortment of the newest styles, Real SEAL SKIN CLOAKS, and Sable Collars and Cuffs.
—ALSO—
On hand at LOW PRICES a large stock of Staple Goods, such as Horrock's superior Longcloths, Bleached Sheetings, all widths. Blankets, Quilts, Toilet-covers, etc.
Prints, Unbleached Calicoes, Canton Flannels, etc.
Haberdashery Goods, a complete assortment.

Please note the address—Corner of Fort and Douglas Streets.
Orders from the Sound executed with care and dispatch.
Wm. DeMay,
Manager.
no20-1m

PEOPLE OF PUGET SOUND!
THE
LARGEST, FINEST,
—AND—
THE CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT
—OF—
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
Solid Silver-Ware
Plated-Ware,
SPECTACLES,
OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS
Ship and Pocket
COMPASSES,
CLOCKS &C.
—AT—
JUNGERMAN'S
Yates Street, Victoria, V. I.
All orders from the Country and the Sound promptly attended to. no20-1f

WEDDING PARTIES
supplied upon the shortest notice, and in the best possible manner.
A great variety of
CAKES AND CANDIES
always on hand, and for sale at
SAN FRANCISCO PRICE.
o17 8m

A. GILMORE,
Merchant Tailor,
YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.,
Is selling off his entire stock of
Fine Clothing,
CLOTHS, CASIMERES AND VESTINGS.
AT COST
In order to close his business.
ALSO
HIS NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING,
ON
Yates Street,
FOR SALE.
Victoria, V. I., Oct. 21. no21:2m

Complete for a Stern-wheel Boat, Sixteen feet Beam, by Eighty or Ninety feet Long,
FOR SALE VERY CHEAP!
—ALSO—
Stationary Engines & Boilers
of all kinds and sizes.
—AT THE—
NOVELY IRON-WORKS.
E. P. STEEN,
Corner Mission and Tremont Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
no 21 3m

J. H. TURNER & CO.,
LONDON HOUSE.
Government Street, Victoria, V. I.

IMPORTERS OF
ENGLISH AND FRENCH
SILKS, SHAWLS,
Millinery,
Mantle s, Dresses,
Hosiery,
Gloves, Blankets,
Flannels,
Prints, Etc., Etc.

Ladies' and Children's
Underclothing,
RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS,
FANCY GOODS.
Curtain Damasks and Trimmings to match.
Every description of
DRY GOODS.

—THE—
Latest Fashions,
received by Express, via Panama, from
LONDON AND PARIS.
Constantly receiving regular supplies by vessels from London and Liverpool.
All goods are selected by the Partner resident in Europe, and are the
very best
that can be purchased.
Particular Attention given to orders.
J. H. TURNER & CO.
no17-8m

T. WILSON & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
ENGLISH MERCHANDISE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, &c.,
YATES STREET,
Victoria, V. I.,
Next door to the Bank of British North America.

LADIES, and the public generally, of Seattle and the neighboring towns on Puget Sound, visiting Victoria, will find this the
LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST
House for all kinds of
STAPLE & FANCY
DRY GOODS
The stock comprises every description of Material for the Winter.
The above is the oldest establishment in this branch of the trade in Victoria.
no18:8m

PIPER & ALISKEY,
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
Wholesale and Retail
Confectioners.

WEDDING PARTIES
supplied upon the shortest notice, and in the best possible manner.
A great variety of
CAKES AND CANDIES
always on hand, and for sale at
SAN FRANCISCO PRICE.
o17 8m

Engines & Boilers
&c., &c.,
Complete for a Stern-wheel Boat, Sixteen feet Beam, by Eighty or Ninety feet Long,
FOR SALE VERY CHEAP!
—ALSO—
Stationary Engines & Boilers
of all kinds and sizes.
—AT THE—
NOVELY IRON-WORKS.
E. P. STEEN,
Corner Mission and Tremont Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
no 21 3m

JULIUS LOEWI & CO.,
IMPORTERS & JOBBERS.

WHARF STREET,
Victoria, V. I.

Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale
DRY GOODS & CLOTHING

Hosiery, and Furnishing Goods,
every variety of

FANCY GOODS,
Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.
STATIONERY AND PICTURES,

French Casimeres and Broadcloths,
India Rubber Coats and Leggings,
Violin, and Guitar Strings,

Perfumery, Soaps, Pomades,
Hair-oils, Labin Extracts,
Cosmetics, Combs and
Brushes, of every de-
scription, Percus-
sion Caps,

Maerschbaum
—AND—
Brier-Root Pipes,

TOBACCO, PIPESTEMS,
Powder Flasks,

VERNS & MATCHES, NOTIONS, ETC.
All of which we import direct from the
MARKETS OF EUROPE,
and are thereby enabled to offer them at
prices that will admit of their EXPORT.

Agents for TILTON & Mc FARLAND'S
Sales!
Seattle, Sept. 30, 1865. no18:2m

SEATTLE
CLOTHING STORE.

WELCH & GREENFELD,
SEATTLE, W. T.,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR
sale, a large assortment of
Ready Made and Custom
CLOTHING:

LADIES' HATS, CLOAKS, AND
RIDING DRESSES.
of the Latest Style.

We have, also, on hand a large assortment
of
FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN
CLOTHS, CASIMERES AND VESTINGS,
Which we will make up to order on the most reason-
able terms.
Oregon Cloths for sale at the lowest market
value.
Orders from abroad strictly attended to.
Terms Cash.
Seattle, W. T., Aug. 26, 1865. no18:2m

PIPER & ALISKEY,
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
Wholesale and Retail
Confectioners.

WEDDING PARTIES
supplied upon the shortest notice, and in the
best possible manner.
A great variety of
CAKES AND CANDLES
always on hand, and for sale at
SAN FRANCISCO PRICE.
o17:8m

SEATTLE TANNERY.
THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand and for sale
of their own manufacture a fine stock of
LEATHER.

consisting of
SOLE LEATHER,
UPPER LEATHER,
HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
BELTING LEATHER,
SKIRTING LEATHER,
RUSSET LEATHER,
CALE AND KIP SKINS,
BUCKSKINS, &c., &c.

All of which we will sell cheaper than they can be
purchased at any other establishment North of San
Francisco.
M. D. WOODEN
IRA R. WOODEN
no9:4j

CHAS. PLUMMER. GEO. W. HARRIS.
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM SAN FRANCISCO,
AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR FUTURE
SUPPLIES,

PLUMMER & HARRIS,
CORNER OF MAIN AND COMMERCIAL STREETS,
Seattle, Washington Territory,
ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
HATS AND CAPS,

Boots and Shoes
GROCERIES, CROCKERY,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
FURNITURE, PAPER-
HANGINGS, UPHOLSTERY, &c., &c.

STOVES
and Tinware,
Wines, Liquors,
Cider, etc., etc.

which they are determined to sell
Cheap for Cash.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE
PAID FOR HIDES, SKINS, & FURS

PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE
FOR GOODS, AND THE HIGHEST
MARKET PRICE PAID.

Particular attention paid to filling orders from
abroad, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Call and examine their stock before purchasing
elsewhere.
Seattle, Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

FELLOWS, ROSCOE & CO
YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.

IMPORTERS OF
Bar & Sheet-Iron.
TIN PLATE,

and other Metals,
BLACKSMITH'S & TINSMITH'S
MATERIALS,

SPEAR & JACKSON'S SAWS,
WOSTERHOLM CUTLERY,
and a full assortment of
GENERAL HARDWARE.

Liberal arrangements will be made with re-
sponsible traders on the Sound.
Victoria, Oct. 21, 1865. no21:3m

This Institution will re-open on the Third Monday
of October:
Rates of Tuition:
[Payable in advance per Quarter.]
COLLEGIATE Course \$10 00
ACADEMIC " 8 00
PRIMARY " 6 00
INSTRUCTION ON THE PIANO, 15 00

Students can be accommodated on the University
Grounds, in the family of the President, at \$75 per
Quarter, in advance, Board, room-rent, washing, fuel,
lights and Tuition included. Room-rent and Board,
without incidentals, at \$4 per week.
For further Particulars, address
W. E. BARNARD,
President.
Seattle, W. T., Sept. 30. no18:1y.

Stoves! Stoves!!
THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORT-
MENT OF COOKING, BOX AND PARLOR
STOVES ever offered for sale on
Puget Sound,
—ALSO—
a general and extensive assortment of
KITCHEN FURNITURE,
FRENCH AND ENGLISH ENAM-
ELED WARES, BRITANIA
AND JAPAN WARES,
TIN, COPPER AND
SHEET IRON
WARES;
TIN AND METAL ROOFING.

Job Work
All job work pertaining to the business done at
the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike
manner. Call and examine my stock.
HUGH McALEER,
President.
Seattle, W. T., Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT

THE EFFECT OF THE OINTMENT ON THE
SYSTEM.

To the very core and centre of all diseases which
affect the human body, this remarkable preparation
penetrates. It disappears under the friction of the
hand as salt disappears when rubbed upon meat.
The unguent performs its healing errand rapidly, safely,
and without pain. Simple eruptions, open sores,
hard tumors, scrofulous developments of all kinds,
abscesses, cancers, old wounds, and in fact, every species
of inflammation or suppuration, whether in the
skin, the flesh, the glands, or among the muscles, can
be arrested in its destructive course and permanently
cured without danger, by rubbing in this inestimable
Ointment.

BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, SORES AND ULCERS.
In many Hospitals in Europe this celebrated reme-
dy is now used for the cure of old wounds, sores and
ulcers: in Spain and Portugal, and in many parts of
Italy, the first Physicians regularly prescribe its use.
It is a sovereign remedy for bad breasts and bad
legs: and likewise for all skins diseases. It is to be
found in the chest of nearly every sailor, soldier and
emigrant.

PILES, FISTULAS, STRUCTURES.
The above class of complaints is surely removed by
nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and
then by most effectually rubbing in this Ointment.
Persons suffering from these dreadful complaints
should lose not a moment in arresting their progress.
It should be understood that it is not sufficient to
merely smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but
it must be rubbed in for some considerable time, two
or three times a day, that it may be taken into the
system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or
wound as effectually as though it were palpable to the
eye. Bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in
of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the
only proper treatment for females in cases of cancer
in the stomach, or for those who suffer from a general
leaving down.

**IMPRUDENCIES OF YOUTH:—SORES AND
ULCERS.**
Blotches, as also swellings, can with certainty be
radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and
the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended
in the printed instructions. When treated in any
other way these complaints only dry up in one place
to break out in another: whereas this Ointment
removes the humor from the system, and leave the
patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require
time, aided by the use of the Pills, to insure a lasting
cure.

**DIPHTHERIA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROAT,
COUGHS AND COLDS.**
Any of the above class of diseases may be cured by
well rubbing the Ointment three times a day upon the
skin covering the throat, chest and neck of the pa-
tient. The unguent will soon penetrate the pores and
give immediate relief. To allay the fever and prevent
inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night
and morning. The Ointment will produce perspiration,
which is so essential for removing fever, sore
throats, and those oppressions of the chest which
arise from Asthma, Bronchitis, and other causes.

**BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD
BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES:—**
Bad Legs, Corns, (Soft,) Rheumatism,
Bad Breasts, Cancers, Scalds,
Burns, Contracted and Sore Throats,
Bunions, Stiff Joints, Sore Nipples,
Bite of Mosquit, Elephantiasis, Skin Diseases,
Toes and Sand Fistulas, Scurvy,
Flies, Gout, Sore Heads,
Coccol-bay, Glandular Swel. Tumours,
Chiego-foot, Rings, Ulcers,
Chilblains, Lumbago, Wounds;
Chapped Hands, Piles, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,
224 Strand, (near Temple bar,) London: also by all
respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines
throughout the civilized world, at the following
prices:—1s., 1jd., 2s., 9d., 4s., 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s.,
each Pot.
*There is a considerable saving by taking the
larger sizes.
N. B.—Directions for the guidance of Patients in
every disorder are affixed to each Pot. [no43:6m]

**SIRE'S
HOTEL;**

[FORMERLY "WHAT CHEER HOUSE."] **Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.**

DAVID SIRE'S. . . . Proprietor.

THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN AND
popular House, having been thoroughly re-
novated, enlarged and newly furnished, is now prepared
to accommodate guests with greater comfort, and in a
more accommodating manner than any House in this
city.

The House will be conducted on the
RESTAURANT PRINCIPLE
BREAKFAST, from 6. to 11 o'clock.
DINNER, " 12, " 2 "
SUPPER, " 6, " 8 "

Persons arriving on boats, accommodated at
all hours, day or night.

Connected with the Hotel is
A SPLENDID BAR

always stocked with the BEST WINES, LIQUORS
and CIGARS, in the market.
—ALSO—
one of Phelan's New Style Four Pocket
Billiard Tables.

We would call the attention of passengers to
the sign of the "Big Lantern," which is kept burn-
ing as long as the house is open.
Seattle, Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

YESLER, DENNY & CO.,
SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILLS,
DEALERS IN

LUMBER, FLOUR
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c., &c.

Order from abroad for all kinds of Produce
filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates
no1:4f YESLER, DENNY & CO.

SEATTLE
DRUG STORE.

HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF
DRUGS AND MEDICINES
TO OUR

NEW STORE,
ON MILL STREET, OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than
ever to our Patrons.

Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying uncom-
passed by any other House outside of San Francisco.

Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:

Sarsaparillas!
AYERS' TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S, GUYSSOTT'S
BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFENBERG'S and
LE DOYNE'S.

ALSO
Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectorant Vermi-
fuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil,
Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Trochies,
Soothing Syrup, Fleas Powder, Blistering
Liniment, Hembold's Buchu, Palm
Killer, Osgood's Collogogue,
Ayers' Ague Cure,
Clove Anodyne,
Seidlitz Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's
and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil,
Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carminative
Balsam, Hodgetts, Roback's and
Richardson's Bitters,

Cooking Extracts
Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Mar-
joram, Sago, Tapioca, Pearl Bar-
ley, Farina, Cooper's Isin-
glass.

Toilet Articles:
Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps
Pomades, Hair Oils, Tooth Brushes, Hair
Brushes, Combs, Labin Extracts,
Brown Windsor Soaps,
Nail Brushes, &c.

MISCELLANEOUS:
Brown's Essence Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Snuff and Mac-
coby Snuff,

Camphene, Turpentine and Alcohol,
By the Gallon, Can, or Case;

GENUINE DOWNER'S COAL OIL,
Wholesale and Retail,

A large stock of COAL OIL LAMPS, all sizes and patterns:
SPIRIT LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, COAL OIL LANTERNS, &c., &c.

Our list of Chemicals embraces everything required by a Physician in his practice
and our prices to Dealers and others will defy competition.

The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand
and for sale at the

Lowest Rates for Cash.
G. KELLOGG,
no2:001:4f

NEW STORE
AT
Snohomish City,
SINCLAIR & CLENDENIN.

THE PROPRIETORS of this establishment
respectfully inform the citizens of Snohomish
and the public generally that they have just re-
ceived and will continue to receive fresh sup-
plies of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
SUCH AS
DRY GOODS,
Coarse and Fine
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Groceries,
Provisions,
Hardware,
Cutlery,

MINERS' AND LOGGERS' TOOLS
and almost every article of consumption
NEEDED IN THIS MARKET.

In connection with their store Messrs. Sin-
clair & Clendenin will keep the fast sailing
schooner
"NOR. WESTER"

constantly plying between Snohomish Victo-
ria, and other ports on the Sound, carrying their
own freight, and that of all who favor them
with their patronage. This arrangement will
enable them to sell their goods
Cheaper for Cash
than any house on Puget Sound.
CALL AND SEE.
Snohomish, Nov. 10, 1864.

WASHINGTON BREWERY.
SEATTLE, W. T.

M'LOON & SHERMAN,
(Successors to S. F. Coombs.)
HAVING taken the above Establishment
are now manufacturing the very best quality of
LAGER BEER,
PORTER,
PALE AMBER, STOCK AND CREAM ALE.

Orders for the above promptly will be promptly
filled at the lowest rates.
no1:4f

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!!
AT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of
informing the citizens and the public in general
that he is now opening
THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS!

That has ever been brought to this Market!
Having had twelve years experience in merchandis-
ing, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desires
of the people in general. My stock consists in part
as follows:

English, French, and American Prints,
French, all wool and English Merinos,
Silk and worsted Poplins, Fancy
and all-wool Delaines, Red
and black cotton Velvets,
Twilled, plain and Opera Flannels, Drills,
Sheetings, coarse and fine plain
cross-bar Mulls, Jacquets,
Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls,
Morning Caps,
Wool Scarfs and Hoods,
Nubias, silk velvet trimmings,
Embroideries, &c.
Also, Fine and Heavy

CLOTHING
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Hats and Caps,
Trunks and Valises, Feed-cutters,
Peoria and Boston Clipper Plows, Wheel-
barrows, and a general assortment of
HARDWARE, GROCERIES,

AND
PROVISIONS,
And many other things too numerous to mention.
CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

To TRADERS and those wishing to buy largely I am
prepared to sell at reduced prices.
TERMS CASH, on delivery of Goods.
Produce will be taken in exchange for goods at
market prices.

In connection with the store I have a large Ware-
house where I can store produce for those who may
desire it.
D. HORTON,
Seattle Oct. 7th 1865. no19:4f

Residences For Sale.
LOT No. 4, BLOCK No. 8, situated on Fourth
Street, in a very pleasant and commanding locality,
near the business part of this city. Upon the above
lot is a substantial
DWELLING HOUSE,
arranged expressly for the accommodation of two
families, with separate entrances and apartments.
PRICE, \$700.
THREE LOTS AND A DWELLING HOUSE,
immediately in front of the Territorial University;
all eligible sites for residences.
PRICE, \$500.
Apply to W. E. BARNARD.