

# THE SEATTLE GAZETTE.

VOL. 1.

SEATTLE, KING COUNTY, W. T., JANUARY 9, 1864.

NO. 5.

## THE SEATTLE GAZETTE,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By J. R. WATSON & M. D. CANNAN.

SEATTLE, W. T.

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### THE VEGETARIANS.

The feast was spread: and such a shabby feast!  
From all such feasts I cry, Good Lord deliver us!  
No soup smoked there; no sign of any beast,  
And I—I was caritative.

There at the head, where once the squire reigned,  
Emblem of Saxon plenty and of happiness,  
A mango pudding now the place maintained  
In most insipid pappiness.

The turkey too that lordly bird was fled,  
No more to satisfy our keen voracity,  
And watery beans lay smoking in his stead  
With wonderful audacity.

Gone was the sucking-pig, whose tender flesh  
Was with so many healthy juices succulent;  
The black-cock, too; the partridge white and fresh,  
With head of wild boar, truculent.

There was no sign of rabbit or of hare,  
No tiny red-bird yielded odors savory;  
Unheard of dishes thronged the bill of fare,  
In farinaceous bravery.

Nor could I see that grand and famous joint,  
On which e'en kings bestowed their royal benison  
What carried flavor to its highest point,  
The noble haunch of venison!

To seek upon that ample board, was rash,  
For any substance by a Christian edible;  
Nothing was seen but cabbages and squash,  
Or something as incredible!

Pumpkins in pies, and pumpkins boiled, and fried,  
And stewed, and all without a grain of nutriment  
What trouble, too, the real thing to hide,  
Beneath some false accoutrement!

Potatoes dressed in fifty different ways,  
As if the soul of dinner was variety,  
With several courses of the Indian maize  
Amazed us to satiety.

Dishes like these, the lengthy table swelled,  
So that if one came by, with glances curiory,  
From all the paplike mixtures he beheld,  
He'd fancy 'twas a nursery.

I could not stand a banquet in such style;  
No, after chronicling these strange occurrences,  
I took my hat, and, with a bitter smile,  
I went to dine at Florence's.

AN OLD JOE MILLER.—A sailor was called upon the stand as a witness. "Well, sir," said the lawyer, "do you know the plaintiff and defendant?"

"I don't know the drift of them words," answered the sailor.

"What, not know the meaning of a plaintiff and defendant?" continued the lawyer; "a pretty fellow you to come here as a witness! Can you tell me where on board ship it was that this man struck the other man?"

"Abaft the binnacle," said the sailor.

"Abaft the binnacle," said the lawyer, "what do you mean by that?"

"A pretty fellow," responded the sailor, "to come here as a lawyer, and don't know what abaft the binnacle means."

A country schoolmaster thus describes a money lender: "He serves you in the present tense; he lends you in the conditional mood; keeps you in the subjunctive; and pins you in the future!"

"Mr. Engineer, is there any danger?" "Of what, madam?" "Of the steam's bust-in?" "No, marm; the only things that 'bust' on this locomotive, are the boiler and engineers."

A gentleman at a public table, who had exercised his chopping department for some fifteen minutes upon a small morsel of steak, turned to his neighbor, and said, "What a pity to kill this animal!" "Why?" responded his friend. "Because it would have made such a good working animal—only second to the celebrated iron horse."

BLIND.—Love, justice, and fortune, are said to have no eyes; but all three make men open their eyes pretty wide sometimes.

### A CALCULATING MAN.

Living in Boston is a man named Larkins. Now Larkins is a money-making man, and a calculating man, and when he goes to any expense he expects to get the "worth of his money." The other night Larkins took Mrs. Larkins to see a panorama. The two tickets cost the round sum of fifty cents, and as the money was freely paid, it may be inferred that Larkins felt generous. When the picture commenced moving, Larkins took out his pencil, and began to cipher on the programme which he held in his hand.

"They say it is two miles long in this bill," said he, "and if it should pass in less than two hours I'll set it down for a humbug. A show that doesn't last two hours, isn't worth a quarter. However I'll soon figure it out.

Larkins took out his watch, and shutting one eye, began to calculate the rate at which the panorama was moving.

"Now, my dear," said he, "I'll have it. I've ascertained the rate of progress exactly; let me see—five and a half yards make one rod, pole or perch—nought's a nought—five and carry two—"

All at once he dropped the pencil, and looking Mrs. Larkins full in the face, exclaimed in a voice which made half the audience turn around:

"Wife, we are in for it, and no mistake!" said Larkins.

"Hush! don't talk so loud, my love!" said Mrs. Larkins. "What's the matter?"

"The matter?" cried Larkins. "Why we've bought our tickets, and we are bound to stay till the thing lets out."

"Well, what of that? I'm sure the picture looks very nice."

"It does, does it?" cried Larkins, the cold perspiration starting from his brow. "I can tell you, you'll have enough of it, then. It's now just half past eight—nought's a nought—six and carry—if that cursed thing's two miles long, we'll get out to-morrow evening exactly at sun-down! In pity's name what will become of the poor children!"

Mrs. Larkins was so amazed, that she did not answer.

### SAGACITY OF THE FRENCH.

A recent French paper relates the following, which shows how the French are always prepared for war:—"It is well known that after the war in Italy, the surplus number of draught horses and mules of the artillery and engineers' and wagon trains were, by order of the Emperor, placed in the hands of farmers, to be employed in agricultural operations until the exigencies of the service might again call for them. More than one thousand mules were disposed of in that manner. Recent wants having compelled the government to call them in, the marshal minister of war gave orders that all the animals should be returned by the farmers to the respective corps by the 30th of July last. That operation was accomplished with as much regularity as promptitude, and almost all the mules are in a state to be employed in active service. More than one-half of them have already been attached to the batteries of artillery leaving for Mexico, and the remainder to the wagon train. Thus, during three years, the farmers have enjoyed the benefit of an arrangement, the advantages of which have been incontestable for them, while being at the same time advantageous to the real interest of the country. The care which the mules have generally received, and the promptitude with which they have been returned at the first demand of the military authorities, abundantly prove that the farmers who have had the care of them have appreciated at the same time the kind character of the measure of which they have been the object, and the circumstances which have temporarily restricted its operation."

A "spoon" is a thing that is often near a young lady's lips without kissing them.

### AN ASTONISHING FEAT.

A correspondent who says that he has laughed most heartily over the following, astonishing feat, requests us to publish it in this column so that others may share his mirth. We comply with the request, making no apologies because the article was published some years since. It reads as good as new:

On the road between Boston and Albany a party was conversing, and one of the gentlemen was a mesmerizer—a regular "professor." He was dilating upon its rapid development, its astonishing curative power for diseases, the extraordinary discoveries developed through its agency. Finally he got upon his superiority as a "professor"—a congenial theme—and he was at home. After narrating a variety of experiments—some of them astonishing of course—he spoke of the following with a gusto that was irresistible. Said he:

"Last week I was going through one of the streets of Rochester, and saw a man just ahead to whom I was anxious to speak. He walked too fast for me to overtake him without running, so I just straightened out my right arm, concentrated my will, made a pass at him—thus, and he stopped quicker than lightning."

"Wh-why mister, you don't call that m-much of a t-trick, do you?" asked one of the listeners.

"Yes, sir, I rather flatter myself, sir, that it was a pretty strong demonstration."

"W-w-well, it don't b-bin with w-what I once did."

"Then you are familiar with the science, sir, I presume."

"S-some!"

"Might I enquire what was the case you spoke of?"

"O, c-c-certainly. Y-you see, I h-h-happened to be up in B-Batavia once, in the winter. G-going down to the cars, I saw a m-man on t-t-top of a building shovelling off snow. P-pretty soon his f-f-foot slipped and d-down he came. Wh-when he had got about half down, I just made a p-pass at him, and it st-stopped him quicker than p-powder. I c-came off w-without thinking a-anything more about it. If you are g-going to Batavia, I wish you would just let him down, for I p-p-presume he is h-h-hanging there yet!"

The crowd separated, amazed at the power of mesmerism.

A WIFE'S STRATAGEM TO KEEP HER HUSBAND AT HOME.—Mr. Strong was fond of staying out late at night, and Mrs. Strong objected to such an arrangement, and determined to keep him at home, so one evening a desperate burglar entered the house and carried off all the silver ware and other articles of value, and the rascal left a note threatening to repeat his visit. Mr. Strong gave information to the police, and remained home night after night to watch for the rogues. Mrs. Strong was delighted; but she could not keep a secret. She told a friend, in confidence, that she (Mrs. Strong) was the robber. The friend laughed, and told it to some one else, and then the news reached the husband. He was so glad to recover his property that he has remained home three evenings in the week ever since the discovery.

SELF-STUDY.—Read not books alone, but read thyself. If you find anything questionable there, use the commentary of a severe friend, rather than the gloss of a sweet-lipped flatterer.

SOMETIMES.—Marriage, remarks Mrs. Beeswax, on the day that the honeymoon sets, is a gate through which a lover passes leaving his enchanted regions, and returns to earth.

Out of darkness cometh light, as the printer's devil said, when he looked into the ink keg.

### THE DEAD SEA.

It was little like what either pictures or imagination had prepared us to see. The April sun was shining down broad and bright on the clear rippling waters of the splendid lake, which shone with metallic lustre, closed in between the high cliffs of the Judæan hills to the west, and the grand plains of Moab, like a heaven-high wall, upon the east. Over the distance, and concealing from us the further half of the sea, hung a soft sunny haze. There was nothing in all this of the Accursed Lake, nothing of gloom and desolation. Even the shore was richly studded with bright golden chrysanthemums growing to the edge of the rippling waters. There was but one feature of the scene to convey a different impression; it was the skeletons of the trees once washed down from the woody banks of Jordan by the floods into the lake, and then at last cast up again by the south wind on the shore and gradually half buried in the sands. They stood up almost like a blasted grove, with their bare withered boughs in all fantastic shapes, whitened and charred as if they had passed through the fire. It had been my intention, of course, to bathe in the sea, so I was provided for the attempt, with the exception, unfortunately, of sandals, and the stones being of the sharpest, I was unable to follow the long shallow water bare-footed far enough out to test its well-known buoyancy for swimming. A few ladies, our dragoman told us—indeed he absurdly supposed none—had bathed in the Dead Sea, I may as well warn any so disposed that the water nearly burnt the skin from my face, and occasioned quite excruciating pain for a few moments in the nostrils and eyes, and even on the arms and throat. The taste of it is like salts and quinine mixed together—an odious compound of the saline and the acridly bitter. No great wonder, since its analysis shows a variety of pleasing chlorides and bromides and muriates and sulphates, of all manner of nice things; magnesia and ammonia among those more familiar to the gustatory nerves. The Dead Sea is thirteen hundred feet lower than the Mediterranean, and the evaporation from it—without any outlet—fully makes up for the supply poured in by Jordan, so that the sea sinks a little as time goes on.

"I'll tell you," writes a war correspondent in Indiana to the drawer, "how Wash Litchiter was converted from Secesh into a warm Union man. Wash had been flogged once or twice for cheering for Jeff Davis, but he stuck to his principles. One day Morgan and his band of thieves came along and Wash gave them a cordial welcome. He brought out all the liquor he had and treated them well, told them how he loved the South, and hoped that the Yankees would be whipped out. The banditti then asked him for money. He begged off, but Morgan said, 'Come, old Butternut, shell out; we want all the spondulics you've got!'"

"Wash had to fork over, but was so slow about it that the rascals pitched in and gave him a thrashing, and then carried off every thing he had. Wash has gone in for a 'vigorous prosecution of the war' ever since, and is mighty glad that Morgan has gone to State prison, where all such fellows belong."

A Boston correspondent tells us of a home-sick soldier on the Potomac. A Lieutenant found him solitary and alone, weeping like a big booby boy.

"What's the matter?" "Oh, I wish I was in my father's barn."

"And what would you do there?" "I would go into the house plagu quick!" said the poor fellow, boo-booing again at the rate of 2.40 a minute.

Just So.—Many persons think themselves perfectly virtuous, because, being well fed, they have no temptation to vice. They don't distinguish between virtue and victuals.

# THE SEATTLE GAZETTE.

SEATTLE, W. T., JANUARY 9, 1864.

## THE LEGISLATURE.

After wasting half the legal session time in organizing and adjourning for the holidays, both branches of the Legislature convened last Monday, it may be reasonably expected, to enter upon their proper labors. If, however, it is intended to spend the remaining half of their time in quarreling over irrelevant questions of national politics, in which Territorial discussion is voiceless and powerless for good or evil, the members will save some credit if nothing more, by adjourning at once, *sine die*, and going home to their constituents. It is doubtful whether this Territory would not be as well or even better off to-day, if it had never had a legislature; it is equally questionable whether it now needs legislation half as much as the General Government needs the money required to pay for it; but it is morally certain that neither government nor Territory can be in the least benefitted by futile discussions of Presidential proclamations and measures of war or peace in our legislative body.

There are already indications of a party squabble over a series of Union Resolutions, similar to that which disturbed the harmony and occupied the time of the legislatures of last year and the year before. How legislators expect to serve the interests of their constituents by indulging in such proceedings is difficult to conceive. As a Territory we have no part in the making of Presidents nor voice in the National Government, nor are we ever likely to have, while our legislators waste time and opportunities, which should be devoted to developing our Territory into a populous sovereign State,—in unavailing quarrels about matters foreign to the powers and purposes of their organization. It concerns the nation very little whether Assemblyman A or Councilman B, in our little Territorial Legislature, shall be a war or peace man; and, with the National Congress, the armies of the United States and ten or fifteen millions of people to back him, it probably concerns Uncle Sam still less, whether the whole handful of men in this distant corner of his domain shall think proper to endorse or reject his manner of conducting war or making peace. Nevertheless, some of our legislative Solons, with a self-sufficiency that would be amusing were it not injurious to local interests, plunge into national politics as if the salvation of the republic hung upon the thread of their opinions. Wherein they or their constituencies profit by such a course no man can tell. Favors which might be obtained from the General Government by harmonious and united appeals, are lost in the conflict of party politics; measures of importance to different sections of the Territory, which could easily be adopted by a proper unity of action, are defeated by the bitter spirit of partizanship, and thus the years roll on, and few or none of the objects for which legislatures are created are ever accomplished. We have seen the working of this spirit in former legislatures and we see it now; will not the servants of the people lay aside their political prejudices, and for once fulfil their mission, or do they prefer returning to their constituents with no better excuse for non-performance of duty than that they quarreled with their own bread and butter and dropped the substance of every good to grab at the shadow.

**BOLD ROBBERY.**—The store of Mr. S. B. Hinds, in this place was broken open last night and a quantity of clothing, boots, etc., stolen. The house was entered at the front door, the thief having broken out a large pane of glass to gain egress. The amount and value of the stolen goods are not known. The sheriff is in pursuit of the suspected robber.

**ROTHSCHILD,** of Port Townsend, is getting rich. Cause why—he advertises in the GAZETTE.

## OLLA PODRIDA.

Last week our Ollapod made a visit to the Capital. Several calamities grew out of his visit, for which we are made responsible and required to make amends. He is a fastidious editorial "cuss," and had we not engaged him at a salary so heavy as to make an immediate doubling of our subscription list imperative, we should quarrel and part company.

First, he charges that we have offended typographically by converting the broad, comprehensive editorial *we* into the selfish egotistical pronoun *I*, thereby reflecting petty larceny upon him, (Ollapod,) contributor-in-chief to this paper—to which charge we plead guilty and throw ourselves upon the mercy of him and the great court of the people. Verily, it is a heinous offence.

Second, having like Shakspeare and other great men, but little "Latin and less Greek," Ollapod insists that his little knowledge of a language already dead, shall not undergo a second death at the hands of the typographer. We must therefore, per-force request that the public will read "cælum" instead of "cæluni" in Ollapod's last week's work on shirts. Read also "afflicts" instead of "afficts," in the first line of the same article, and the philological wrath of our critical contributor may be considered partially appeased.

Ollapod went to the Capital on the steamer *Eliza Anderson*. He thinks Capt. Finch is a clever gentleman, and is so much indebted to him that he can never pay, unless the Captain takes it out in our legal-tenders.

A large concourse of Olympians hearing of his coming, assembled on the wharf to receive him. Most of them were hotel keepers, and they carried "bills of fare" in their hands, which induced visions of high living in the mind of Ollapod—but they were last years "bills."

Particular attention was paid to him by a high county official with a tin tube under his arm and a Colt in his pocket, who finally escorted him into town and gave him the freedom of the city.

He visited the Washington Hotel, a large and commodious establishment where people feed and sleep, and Mr. Galliber gave him a love-letter which will be found printed in another column.

He also saw Becky, at the Pacific House, where she keeps plenty of good grub and nice beds—in one of which he tried to sleep, but failed, for reasons which a certain white-bearded "judge," can supply.

He visited Joe Kellett's Restaurant and was pleased with the fare; but was amazed that so good a thing should not be GAZETTED.

Burr told him that he had the biggest peanuts at the Capital. He told Burr there were some *hard* nuts in that town, and hoped the devil might crack 'em.

Judge Sargent showed him a lot of school books which were said to be of the most approved pattern; but it is feared the people won't believe the tale unless they see it in the papers.

He was told that several feminines were waiting on the legislature to get permission to leave their husbands. The legislative Council says that as parties go courting to get married, they must go courting to get unmarried.

It pleased Mr. Ollapod to mark the extensive improvements going on at the Capital. They have a wharf there, set on piles, which is nearly completed; it is thought the worms will finish it in the course of a few months.

Two new buildings were noticed which have been erected in as many years—one is for necessary purposes, and the other to keep the municipal hay-rack out of the wet.

The Damphool Asylum was inspected and found to be progressing finely under the efficient management of the eminently qualified Secretary of the Territory.

The *Overland Press* and *Washington Standard* are published at Olympia.

Returning to his home at the "head of navigation," Ollapod passed through the wilderness of Steilacoom, and saw three wild men and a cow. Friend Prosch was supposed to be in his sanctum, composing the biggest newspaper in the Territory.

**IMPORTANT MEDICAL DISCOVERY.**—A London correspondent of the *Liberator* gives this account:

A great discovery is just now engaging the attention of the scientific and medical world. Few English names are more familiar to Americans than that of Dr. John Chapman, once the leading publisher of heretical books, now editor of the *Westminster*, and always a devotee of science and medicine. He is well acquainted with many scientific and literary Americans; and many of them, amongst others Mr. Emerson, have resided in his house when in England. Dr. Chapman has been for years engaged in studies and experiments connected with the nervous system alone, with such men as Dr. Brown, Sequard and Claude Bernard of Paris. For the past year he has been proving a tremendous discovery—namely the cure of epilepsy, and many diseases heretofore deemed incurable, by means of the external applications of ice and hot water, in India-rubber bags, at various parts of the spinal cord, acting thus upon the sympathetic nerve, and through it upon the most important and vital regions of the body. Many eminent physicians have accompanied Dr. Chapman to see the marvels which he had wrought upon patients who had long ago despaired of health. Some physicians, among others Dr. Wilkinson, (though a homœopathist,) have so recognized the importance of the discovery as to commit to Dr. Chapman's care some of their patients. Cases are attested where a man who for six years had three fits (on an average) daily, and a girl who had two from the ages of 13 to 17, had been entirely cured by ice. Just as wonderful has been the cures of paralysis. Many of the worst and inveterate diseases have yielded to the new cure. The treatment is as simple as it is grand. Any one who is troubled by the pressure of blood on the brain will find that, by holding a bag of ice on the nape of the neck ten minutes, an equable flow of blood can be secured. Those who are troubled with habitual cold feet may find relief by applying ice to the small of the back in the lumbar region. It is hard to estimate the importance of this discovery, which will ere long be ranked by the side of that of Jenner. Several hospitals are already under Dr. Chapman's practice, and, as yet, no one can bring forward an instance of failure.

**TELEGRAPH TO VICTORIA.**—The following letter from Olympia on the subject of a telegraph line from Vancouver to Victoria is copied from the *Victoria Chronicle*:

OLYMPIA, W. T. Dec. 27th, 1863.

To—DEAR SIR: At the last session of our Legislature, I obtained a charter for an Electric Telegraph Line from Vancouver, W. T., to a convenient point on our northern boundary to connect with New Westminster, and Victoria, V. I. I am now in correspondence with certain parties in San Francisco in relation to the same. But I desire to know what is the feelings in Victoria in regard to the matter, and how much of the stock could be taken there. The charter is a perpetual one, with all the privileges that possibly could be attained.—The capital stock "is any amount not exceeding \$150,000" in shares of \$100 each, and whenever \$5,000 is subscribed and paid in, assessments can then be made and the work then commenced. The government is in a board of *five directors* annually chosen; one of the number is President, with a clerk and treasurer, and all the business done under its own By-Laws, made by the Board of Directors. If proper encouragement shall be given in Victoria, and the Mills and business places on the Sound, I will put the stock in the market, otherwise not. I will here say that I believe this will eventually be a part of the great Asiatic American Telegraph Route.

**SLAVERY IN MARYLAND.**—In a speech at Rockville, Md., lately, ex-Governor Thomas said that slavery was effectually dead in that State. No lot of 100 slaves in the State would sell on the block for \$1,000. No slave in the State could be made to render to his "owner" more of his labor than he elects to render, or to remain under his jurisdiction a month after he elects to flee from it. So results the war made by the South for the benefit of slavery.

## WASHINGTON HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA, W. T.

THIS CAPACIOUS AND ELEGANT HOTEL, having been recently thoroughly renovated and refitted, is now prepared for the accommodation of the public in a style superior to any other house on the Sound. The rooms are large, well lighted, warmed and ventilated, and tastefully furnished, having superior accommodations for Families, and Ladies private Dining Room, also suites of rooms for parties.

### THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT

Is under the management of an experienced Cook and the TABLE will always be found provided with the best the market can afford.

### THE BAR

Will always be found stocked with the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

To the public I ever wish to state,  
That for your favors I now wait,  
As I assume to ne'er despise  
To take the chance to ADVERTISE.

S. GALLAHIER.

Olympia, W. T., Jan. 9th, 1863. no 5-1f

## PACIFIC HOTEL

AND

## RESTAURANT,

OLYMPIA, W. T.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN AND POPULAR HOUSE having been THOROUGHLY RENOVATED and newly furnished, is now prepared to entertain guests in greater comfort and in a more accommodating manner than any other house in the place. The house will be conducted on the

### Restaurant Principle.

Meals after Eight o'clock Extra.

An adjoining Cottage has been leased and refitted where a large number can be accommodated with lodging, good clean beds and well-ventilated rooms.

Call and assure yourselves of the truth of the above.

REBECCA HOWARD.

Jan 9-1f Proprietress.

### U. S. MAIL AND STAGE LINE

BETWEEN

## Olympia & Steilacoom,

TRI-WEEKLY LINE.

LEAVES OLYMPIA every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Leaves Steilacoom every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

Jan 9-1f J. D. LAMAN, Proprietor.

### UNITED STATES MAIL YACHT

## MARIA,

JOHN COSGROVE, COMMANDER,

Runs regularly, once a week, between Port Madison, Whidby's Island and Umatady, carrying Freight and Passengers. Apply on board. [no 5-1f]

## D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD. KENTUCKY STORE,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, WINES, LIQUORS,

Ale, Porter, Cider, Looking-Glasses, Powder, Shot, Cutlery, Yankee Notions, Kerosene Oil & Lamps, &c.

TERMS CASH.

Dec. 26. no 3-3m

## RICHARD KING,

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

## CONFECTIONERY,

## FRUITS, NUTS, PRUNES, RAISONS &c.

Orders for Parties abroad filled at short notice and on reasonable terms.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

Of the best brands always on hand. Store opposite Yeiser, Denny Co.'s, Seattle, W. T. [no 3-1f]

# WAR NEWS.

Dates to December 29th.

Fairfax Court-House, Dec. 22.—General Michael Coreoran died this evening, from a fall from his horse.

Gen. Gilmore is shelling Charleston daily from his 200-pounders, but nothing further of importance had transpired.

A special to the Philadelphia Bulletin says, Longstreet has joined Lee, and that the latter had crossed the Rapidan, Meade falling back.

It is rumored that the National Conservative Union Convention, now in session in Philadelphia, has reaffirmed the nomination of Gen. McClellan for the Presidency, and has nominated Judge Campbell, of Tennessee, as Vice-President.

The Tribune's special dispatch from Washington says that Gen. Buford died at Washington last night of typhoid fever and dysentery.

New York, Dec. 28.—The Times' dispatch from Washington says: Our forces occupy Cedar Mountain.

The rebel army has gone into winter quarters between Gordonsville and Orange Court-house.

Dec. 29.—The Tribune's Washington telegram says: Chief Justice Taney is lying at the point of death.

The Navy Department is going to build four casemate steamers—to carry three 20 inch guns, to be of wrought iron—450 feet long, 58 feet beam, four cylinders, 90 inch stroke, 4 feet 2 inch propellers, with a draft of 19 feet, and an expected speed of 16 knots per hour. They will cost \$5,000,000.

Charleston, Dec. 26.—From 12 o'clock on Sunday night to four the next afternoon, 130 shells were thrown into the city. The enemy fired five guns—three at Gregg, one at Cumming's Point, and one from the mortar battery. The engagement on Johnson's Island, between our light batteries and the enemy's gunboats, resulted in a drawn fight, with but few casualties.

A dispatch dated Newbern, N. C., Dec. 23, says the new oath of allegiance has been administered to a number of rebel officers and soldiers, who have recently come into our lines to accept the pardon offered by the President. They bring intelligence that a large number, like situated, intend to do likewise at the earliest possible moment.

Fortress Monroe, Dec. 28.—The Richmond Examiner of to-day contains the following telegram:

Dalton, Ga., Dec. 27.—Gen. Joe Johnson assumed the command of the Army of the Tennessee to-day. Our scouts report 2000 Yankees at Cumberland Shed, two miles north of Cleveland, and a similar force south of that place.

The Richmond Examiner of to-day has the following:

Charleston, Dec. 28.—The enemy commenced shelling this city last night, keeping up a steady fire, which was still going on at nine o'clock this evening. A fire broke out at two o'clock, destroying ten or twelve buildings, and causing a few casualties.

The London Times says the late prize fight between Heenan and King, was a fair stand up one, and ending in a decisive victory for King. Heenan was badly punished; he had the advantage in the first rounds, but King had the most endurance.

## A PROPOSITION.

Whereas, the Secretary of Washington Territory has assumed the power, hitherto exercised by the people, of appointing a public printer, and has contracted with said appointee to do the printing of the Territorial Legislature; and whereas, neither public necessity, economy nor patriotism, are alleged to have called for such assumption of power by the Secretary, and the awarding of the printing to the party now doing it is a violation of the established mode of letting Government contracts;

Therefore, the undersigned, a practical printer, hereby proposes to print the laws and journals, and all other legislative printing for which the Federal Government is required to pay, for the sum of one dollar per thousand ems of composition, and one dollar per token for the press-work of the same—this being one-third less than the price which the Secretary is now paying for the work.

J. R. WATSON.

## D. S. MAYNARD, M. D.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office at the Hospital building on Commercial between Main and Jackson streets, where he will be found at all hours unless on professional calls.  
Seattle, Dec. 1, 1863. nol-1f

## SEATTLE HOSPITAL!

Commercial between Main and Jackson streets.

THIS INSTITUTION will open on the 15th day of December, for the reception of applicants, who upon satisfactory evidence of ability to pay will find Rooms and Board suited to their case and comfort.

### THE LYING-IN DEPARTMENT

Will be entirely under the care of Mrs. C. T. MAYNARD, with the aid of suitable nurses. [nol-1f]

## FASHION SALOON,

A. B. RABBESON, PROPRIETOR,  
Next Door to Yealer and Denny's Store,  
SEATTLE, W. T.

THIS POPULAR SALOON has been recently refitted and prepared for the reception of its old customers and as many new ones as may favor it with their custom. The bar is always supplied with the very best quality of French, English and American

LIQUORS,  
CHAMPAGNES,  
CALIFORNIA WINES,  
CLARETS, and BRANDIES,  
ALE, PORTER, BEER, CIDER, CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A GOOD BILLIARD TABLE  
Is attached to the Saloon.

### FRESH OYSTERS

In every style, at all hours.  
Dec. 1st, 1863. nol-1f

## EXCHANGE SALOON

Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.  
A. G. TERRY & Co., Proprietors.  
ESTABLISHED 1858.

This old and well known establishment is always supplied with the best quality of

### WINE, LIQUORS, ALE AND CIDER,

And the proprietors intend to make their saloon, as heretofore, a quiet and pleasant resort for the public.

### FRESH OYSTERS,

By every Steamer, kept on hand and served in every style. [no2-1f]

## DE LIN'S HOTEL,

Commercial Street 3d door South Yealer's Corner,  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
A. P. De LIN, Proprietor.

THIS WELL KNOWN and Popular Hotel now offers superior accommodations to the travelling public, being situated most convenient to the boat landings, and having comfortable rooms, good beds and a table always supplied with the best of every thing the market affords.  
GIVE HIM A CALL. nol-1f

## UNION HOTEL.

Corner of Commercial and Main Streets,  
SEATTLE, W. T.

THIS being the largest and best arranged Hotel on the borders of Puget Sound, the subscriber is determined that no one shall excel it in accommodation, convenience and comfort for the traveling public. Boarders will find

Spacious, well ventilated furnished Rooms,  
And the house will be kept as a first class Hotel.  
nol-1f L. C. HARMON, Proprietor.

### NOTICE!

THE COPARTNERSHIP existing between MITCHELL & STEWART will be dissolved on or before the first day of February next. All persons having claims against the firm are requested to present them for settlement before that day, and those indebted to us are also respectfully solicited to come forward and settle, as the payments of all accounts found due will be enforced after that date.  
MITCHELL & STEWART.  
Seattle Dec. 25th, 1863. nol-1m

## D. HORTON,

DEALER IN

### STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

HEAVY AND FINE  
CLOTHING,  
BOOTS & SHOES.

### GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

TOBACCO & CIGARS,  
HARDWARE & CUTLERY,  
Steel Plows, and Feed Cutters, Crockery,  
Glassware, Clocks Looking-Glasses,  
Carpeting and Oil Cloths, Paints,  
Oils, Ship Chandlery, Doors,  
Windows &c., &c.

TERMS CASH.  
Corner Commercial and Washington Streets,  
SEATTLE, W. T.

## CHEAP CASH STORE.

### CHARLES PLUMMER,

DEALER IN  
DRY GOODS  
CLOTHING,  
HARDWARE, STOVES AND TINWARE,

FURNITURE & UPHOLSTERY,  
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS  
&c., &c., &c.

Also keeps constantly on hand a well selected stock of

### WINES & LIQUORS,

All of which he will sell Wholesale or Retail, for CASH. Please call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Produce taken in exchange for goods and the highest cash price paid.

C. PLUMMER,  
No. 1-1/2 Corner Main and Commercial Streets,  
SEATTLE, W. T.

## YESLER, DENNY & CO.,

SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILLS,  
DEALERS IN  
LUMBER, FLOUR,  
COUNTRY PRODUCE,

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,  
CROCKERY,  
FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c., &c.

Orders from abroad for all kinds of Produce, filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates  
nol-1f YESLER, DENNY & CO.

## WILLIAMSON & GREENFIELD.

DEALERS IN  
DRY GOODS  
CLOTHING,  
COUNTRY PRODUCE

—AND—  
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,  
Commercial Street,  
SEATTLE, W. T.

### PAY UP! PAY UP!

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method to inform those who are indebted to him, that on the First of February next he intends closing credit and opening strictly on the cash system. All those indebted to him are respectfully solicited to call and settle before that time, or their accounts will be left with the proper officer for collection.  
D. HORTON.  
Seattle Dec. 1st, 1863. nol-2m.

## SEATTLE DRUG STORE,

THE ATTENTION OF THE PEOPLE of Puget Sound is called to our EXTENSIVE STOCK of  
DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND MEDICINES.

Our relations with houses in California afford us facilities for buying unsurpassed by any house outside of San Francisco. Our stock of

**PATENT MEDICINES**  
Cannot be excelled in variety, and consists in part of  
AYERS', TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S, GUYNOTT'S,  
BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFEBERG'S and  
CRANE & BRIGHAM'S

**SARSAPARILLAS**  
Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectoant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Trochescs, Soothing Syrup, Peta Powder, Mustang Liniment, Hembold's Buchu, Pain Killer, Osgood's Collagoue, Ayers' Ague Cure, Clove Anodyne, Seidlitz Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil, Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carminative Balsam, Hoestetter's, Roback's and Richardson's Bitters,  
Jayne's Ayers' Grefenberg, Brandredth's, Wright's, Mott's, McLane's, Moffatts and Lee's

**PILLS**  
Graefenberg Children's Panacea, Hyatt's Life Balm, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Radway's Relief, Hunnewell's Cough Remedy, Bakers Pain Panacea, Cod Liver Oil, Bacelders Hair Dye, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Bay Rum, Salt Petre, White and Brown Glue, Shellac Beeswax, Honey, Burnett's Cocaine, Russia Salve, Green Mountain Ointment, Opedeloc, Sulphur, Salts, Blue Stone, Olive Oil, Strychnine, Iodide Potassium, Schoville's Blood and Liver Syrup, Calcined and Carbonate Magnesia, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot, Concentrated Potash,

CAMPENE, TURPENTINE AND ALCOHOL.  
By the gallon, can or case;  
Genuine Downer's  
**COAL OIL,**

Wholesale or Retail.  
The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the  
**LOWEST RATES FOR CASH.**

Our assortment of TOILET ARTICLES is unexcelled comprising,  
Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps, Pomades, Hair Oils, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Labia Extracts, Brown Windsor Soaps, Nail Brushes, &c.

Coal Oil Lamps, and Shades, Hanging and Stand Lamps, Hand Lamps, Side Lamps, with Reflectors, &c.

Our stock of CHEMICALS is most complete and we are prepared to fill orders from Merchants or Physicians on the most liberal terms.  
nol-1f KELLOGG & BROS.

## H. M ALEER,

TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET-IRON  
MANUFACTURER,  
AND DEALER IN  
**STOVES,**  
SEATTLE, W. T.

A large invoice of Cooking and other Stoves of the latest patterns and best quality, just received and for sale; together with a variety of other articles in his line. The public are invited to call and examine his stock. nol-en

## S. F. COOMBS,

NOTARY PUBLIC  
—AND—  
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS  
For the State of Oregon.  
Office at the Union Store, No. 4, Commercial Street  
SEATTLE, W. T. [nol-1f]

## HOT COFFEE, CAKES AND OYSTERS,

Served to customers at all hours, Night and Day  
AT THE  
FASHION SALOON,  
By W. J. BURNS.

## FLOUR! FLOUR!!

SUISUN CITY MILLS, (Cal.) KITSAP MILLS.  
W. T. Barnes & Hennis' Mills, Tumwater, W. T.  
For sale Wholesale or Retail, at the Union Store.  
Seattle by  
nol-1f S. F. COOMBS, Agent.

