

Geo. F. Hitchcock

# PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

VOL. 1.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, JULY 16, 1866.

NO. 17.

**PUGET SOUND WEEKLY,**  
PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY  
BY HALL & M'NAMARA  
SEATTLE, W. T.

## REMOVAL, CONNOISEUR'S RETREAT.

SEATTLE, W. T.

The progressive age teaches us to keep pace with the times, therefore frequent changes are not astonishing; and knowing, also, that "procrastination is the thief of time," on these terms, the

### ORIGINAL MONET

takes this method of informing his former patrons and the public generally, of the transfer of his

**Oyster Saloon**  
to the Old Stand, one door south of Pray's Liquor Saloon, where he will be prepared to serve up the best

### OLYMPIA BIVALVES,

in styles to suit the most fastidious. And, being as ever, grateful for patronage, the proprietor will spare no efforts to merit a continuance of patronage. Seattle, April 5th, 1865. nol-1f

## Occidental HOTEL,

Seattle, King Co., W. T.

JOHN S. CONDON, } PROPRIETORS.  
M. R. MADDOCKS, }  
JOHN COLLINS, }

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a

### FIRST CLASS HOUSE

The rooms being handsomely furnished in the best of style. The

### CULINARY DEPARTMENT

is under the management of an experienced cook, and the table will always be supplied with the best in the market.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.

AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

### A SPLENDID BILLIARD TABLE,

With Marble Bed and Combination Cushions, is connected with the above establishment for the accommodation of its customers and the public generally.

### A LIVERY STABLE

is attached to the house, where all who desire them, will find good horses, and where feed can be found for those who wish to stable their animals. Seattle, Apr. 5, 1866. nol-1f

**CHAS. F. BARNARD, M. D.**  
Dentist and Surgeon,

Having established himself at Seattle, offers his professional services to those in need of them. Having devoted himself to the practice of Dentistry, in the city of Boston, for the last twenty years, except three years as surgeon in the U. S. Army, and having the most approved dental instruments, he feels confident in his ability to give satisfaction to those wishing his services. He therefore respectfully solicits the patronage of the citizens of Seattle and other localities on the Sound.

Office at Kellogg's Drug Store; but when desired will visit parties professionally at their residences.

All branches of the profession attended to.

TERMS—The same as those usually adopted by Dentists traveling on the Sound.

Office hours from 8 to 12, a. m., and from 2 to 5, p. m. nol-1f

## SEATTLE DRUG STORE.

HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF  
DRUGS AND MEDICINES  
TO OUR  
NEW STORE,

ON MILL STREET, OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever to our Patrons.

Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying unsurpassed by any other House outside of San Francisco.

Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:

### Sarsaparillas:

AYERS', TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S,  
GUYSOTT'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S  
GRAEFENBERG'S and LE  
DOYNE'S.

ALSO,

Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expecto-  
rant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for  
the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Ham-  
burg Tea, Bowen's Bronchial  
Troches, Soothing Syrup,  
Pica Powder, Mu-tang  
Liniment, Hemboide  
Bucha, Pain Kil-  
ler, Osgood's  
Collagogene,

Ayers' Aque Care, Clove Anodyne, Seld-  
letz Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote,  
Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative,  
British and Harlem Oil, Mar-  
shall's Uterine Catholicon,  
Jayne's Carminative Bal-  
sam, Hostettlers, Ro-  
back's and Rich-  
ardson's Bitters,

### COOKING EXTRACTS:

Hops, Sage, Summer Savory,  
Sweet Marjoram, Sago, Tap-  
ioca, Pearl Barley, Farina,  
Cooper's Isinglass.

### MISCELLANEOUS:

Brown's Essence Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh  
Snuff and Macoboy Snuff,

### Camphene, Turpentine and Alcohol,

By the Gallon, Can, or Case;

### GENUINE DOWNER'S COAL OIL,

Wholesale and Retail,  
SPIRIT LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, COAL OIL LANTERNS,  
A large stock of

### COAL OIL LAMPS,

All sizes and patterns:  
Our list of Chemicals embraces everything required by a Physi-  
cian in his practice and our prices to Dealers and others will defy  
competition.

The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the  
goods now on hand and for sale at the

**Lowest Rates for Cash.**

G. KELLOGG.

Seattle, May 18th, 1865. vol-1f

### MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

**MRS. LIBBY & STEELE**

Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making  
and Ladies' Furnishing Establishment,  
where will always be found a fine assort-  
ment of

### Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts,  
Ribbons, Trimmings Flowers, etc., all of  
the latest styles.

Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sew-  
ing done to order. The ladies of Seattle  
and vicinity are invited to call and see  
them.

April 5th, nol-1f

### Notice.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,  
County of Jefferson, } ss  
In the United States District Court, Third  
Judicial District, holding Terms at Port  
Townsend, Jefferson County, W. T.

To FRANKLIN SHERMAN:  
You are hereby notified that I, B. HASTINGS, has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court which shall commence more than two months after the 9th day of July, A. D. 1866, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain judgment against you for the balance of account, amounting to the sum of two hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty-six cents due from you to the said I. B. Hastings, with interest and costs of suit.

GARFIELD & KENNEDY,  
Attorneys for Plaintiff.  
Complaint filed July 24, 1866. Date of  
first publication, July 9th, 1866. (50 cent  
Revenue Stamp cancelled.) nol-2m

### The Law of Newspapers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order their papers discontinued without paying up, publishers may continue them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office or place to which they are sent, they are responsible until they settle their bills and give notice to discontinue them.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided the refusing to take a paper or periodical from the office, or removing and leaving it uncalled for, is *prima facie* evidence of intentional fraud.

### United States Official Directory.

President.....ANDREW JOHNSON  
Vice President.....  
Sec'y of State.....Wm. H. Seward  
Sec'y of Treasury...Hugh McCulloch  
Sec'y of War....Edwin M. Stanton  
Sec'y of the Navy...Gideon Welles  
Sec'y of the Interior...Jas. Harlan  
Postmaster General...Wm. Dennison  
Att'y General.....Jas. Speed

### Territorial Official Directory.

Governor.....Wm. Pickering  
Ch. Cl'k Ex. Dep'm't. A. W. Moore  
Chief Justice.....O. C. Hewitt  
Associate Justice.....J. E. Wyche  
Associate Justice...Chan. P. Downs  
U. S. Dist. Atty. Leander Holmes  
Marshall.....Wm. Huntington  
Secretary.....Eliwood Evans  
Auditor.....John M. Murphy  
Treasurer.....Benj. Harned  
Librarian.....S. N. Woodruff  
Adjutant.....Tripp  
Quartermaster Gen'l...J. M. Murphy  
Commissary Gen'l...Jas. McAuliff  
Surveyor Gen'l.....S. Garfield  
Ch. Cl'k to Sur. Gen....  
Col. Int. Revenue....P. D. Moore  
Ass'r Int. Revenue...S. D. Howe  
Col. Custs Puget S'd. F. A. Wilson  
Register L. O., Olympia...E. Marsh  
Receiver L. O., Olympia...J. Cushman  
Register L. O., Vancouver  
.....Jos. M. Fletcher  
Receiver L. O., Vancouver  
.....S. W. Brown  
Paym't'r W. T. & O. Maj. S. Francis  
Sup't Ind'n Aff'rs. W. H. Waterman  
Ch. Cl'k to Sup't. C. P. Huntington  
Indian Agent, Simcoe...J. H. Wilber  
Ind'n Ag't, Medicine Crk. A. R. Elder  
Indian Agent, Tatalip...  
Ind'n Ag't, Neah Bay. H. A. Webster  
Sub-Agent, Skokomish...

### County Official Directory

Probate Judge....Thomas Mearns  
Sheriff.....L. V. Wyckoff  
Auditor.....Gardner Kellogg  
Treasurer.....O. C. Shorey  
Assessor.....L. V. Wyckoff  
School Sup't.....E. Carr  
Coroner.....J. Settle  
Surveyor.....E. Richardson  
County Commissioners...H. Burnett,  
E. L. McMillan, R. N. Stewart

### M. W. WAITT & CO.

Booksellers  
AND

Stationers,

Government Street.

VICTORIA V. I.

DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS,

Sheet Music,

PERIODICALS,  
GOLD PENS, CUTLERY, ETC.  
April 5th, 1866. nol-1f

### STOVES! STOVES!

### STOVES!

### THE LARGEST AND BEST

ASSORTMENT OF

### COOKING BOX,

AND

### PARLOR STOVES

ever offered for sale on

**Puget Sound,**

—ALSO—

a general and extensive assortment of

### KITCHEN FURNITURE,

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

ENAMELED WARES,

BRITANIA AND JAPAN

WARES, TIN,

COPPER AND SHEET IRON

WARES;

### TIN AND METAL ROOFING.

### Job Work.

All job work pertaining to the business done at the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner.

Terms cash.

Call and examine my stock,  
HUGH McALEER.  
Seattle, W. T., April 5th. nol-1f

### IKEM HALL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

Seattle, W. T.

Will practice in the Courts of Washington Territory.

Particular attention given to col-  
lections.

OFFICE—Upstairs over Fashion Sa-  
loon. nol-1f

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 16, 1866.

THE VERY LATEST, By Telegraph

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY.]

NO EASTERN NEWS.

San Francisco, July 14.—The Eastern line is out of order beyond Laraine.

FOR MEXICO.

The bark Keoka, which sailed last Saturday, ostensibly for the Colorado river, but really for Sonora, Mexico, after getting outside of the Heads, received one hundred and forty-seven disbanded California Volunteers, armed with Henry rifles, bowie knives, and amply supplied with ammunition and money.

After rendezvous with a similar expedition, which sailed ten days previous, he will organize a battalion to drive the Imperialists from Sonora.

BURNED AT SEA.

The clipper ship Hornet, from New York, bound to San Francisco, was burned at sea, on May 2d. Twelve of the crew and two passengers were landed at Lanai, after being forty-three days out in the long boat.

PERSONAL.

Among the passengers by the Golden Age, was Dr. McGowan, of Rhode Island, who is on his way to China, in the interest of the East India Telegraph Company.

CALIFORNIA MARKETS.

The general markets have shown a little more activity for the past week compared with the previous one, though trade is very dull. The loss of the Hornet may stifle the market for some kinds of merchandize, especially for oils and paints, of which she had a good invoice.

SHIPPING.

Arrived—Ship Imperial, 15 days from Honolulu.

Sailed—Bark Charlotta, for Puget Sound.

The steamer Orizaba left for Portland at 4 p. m.

San Francisco, July 15th. Arrived on the 15th—Barque Torrent from Treakalet; Architect from Port Discovery.

Sailed on the 15th—Barque Mary for Bellingham Bay; C. Mitchel for Puget Sound.

MEXICAN NEWS

President Juarez writes to Consul Godoy from El Rancho de Patos under date of June 13th, announcing the arrival thus far of the Government on the way to Chihuahua; and the fact that the French were preparing to evacuate Durango and fall back on the City of Mexico.

EARTHQUAKE—WEATHER. A very slight shock of an earthquake was felt here last night.

The weather is very cool.

The steamer Anderson left Olympia at 7 o'clock this morning.

The steamer Pioneer, Finch, left Olympia at 7 1/2 o'clock this morning.

A PRINTER—What a curious being a printer is. He stands when he sets, and sets when he stands, and when he wishes to set with ease he always stands erect. It is, however, the nature of the case which causes him to stand.

The President has instructed the military court now trying Major Gee not to pass sentence in his case, but to send the full record of the proceedings in the trial, when it shall be concluded, to Washington, to enable the Government to act understandingly in the whole matter.

WOULDN'T DO.—"An India-rubber ship!" exclaimed an old sailor who had just listened to a description of such a proposed invention; "that would never do, because it would rub out all the lines of latitude and longitude, to say nothing of the equator."

EASTERN.—The manager of an opera troupe in Savannah Georgia, published a request in the papers of that city to the ladies not to wear such tremendous crinolines in future to his temple of song. Want of room is given as a cause of asking this favor.

The Civil Rights Law is to be tested in the Memphis courts. The statutes prohibit negroes from keeping drinking and billiard saloons; and several cases are now pending maintaining that under the new law all men are on an equal footing as to business pursuits.

Gen. McClellan has, at last, been "reinforced." Mrs. McClellan presented him with a son, recently, at Dresden.

A certain newly elected Irish mayor, observed: "I despise those underhand attacks. When I write an anonymous letter I always sign my name to it."

COLDS.—One dose of Hall's Pulmonary Balsam is nearly always sufficient to cure a cold; if not, repeat every night at bedtime till it does, as directions on the bottle. Kellogg, Druggist, of this place, keeps always a supply on hand.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE TAX.

District of Washington Territory.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in pursuance of Section 23 of "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the Public Debt, and for other purposes," approved June 30th 1864, as amended by the act of March 3d 1865, that the ANNUAL LIST of valuations, and enumerations of property subject to tax under said acts on the first day of May 1866, has been returned to me by the Assessor of this District; that the duties and taxes thereon, (including taxes on incomes and licenses) are payable, and that I will attend (in person or by deputy) at the following places, at the time designated, viz:

- Occidental hotel, Seattle, King Co., Tuesday, July 24th, 1866.
Post Office, Port Madison, Kitsap Co., Wednesday, July 25th, 1866.
Teekalet, Kitsap Co., Thursday, July 26, 1866.
Port Ludlow, Jefferson Co., Friday, July 27th, 1866.
Port Townsend, Jefferson Co., Saturday, July 28th, 1866.
Conneville, Island Co., Monday, July 30th, 1866.
Utsalady, Island Co., Tuesday, July 31st, 1866.
Selah, Whatcom Co., Wednesday, August 1st, 1866.
Muckletco, Snohomish Co., Thursday, Aug 2d, 1866.
Steinacoon, Pierce Co., Thursday, July 26th, 1866.

And at my office in Olympia, Saturday July 21st, ready to receive the above said taxes, and such other taxes as may have been assessed under the U. S. Excise Law. Tax-payers are intreated to attend to paying the U. S. Taxes, for which they are liable, at the above named times and places, and thus save additional expense and per centage.

PHILIP D. MOORE, Collector Internal Revenue, District Washington Territory, Olympia, W. T., July 7th, 1866 [a-17-2w]

FRENCH MEDICAL OFFICE.

Dr. JULIEN PERRAULT, Doctor of Medicine of the Faculty of Paris, Graduate of the University, Queen's College, and Physician of the St. John Baptist Society of San Francisco.

Dr. PERRAULT has pleasure to inform patients, and others seeking confidential medical advice, that he can be consulted daily at his office, Armory Hall Building, North East corner Montgomery and Sacramento streets, San Francisco, Rooms No. 9, 10, 11, first floor, up stairs, entrance on either, Montgomery or Sacramento streets.

Dr. PERRAULT'S studies have been almost exclusively devoted to the cure of the various forms of Nervous and Physical Debility, the results of injurious habits acquired in youth, which usually terminate in impotence and sterility, and permanently induce all the concomitants of old age. Where a secret, but very extensive, involving the happiness of a life and that of others, reason and morality dictate the necessity of its removal, for it is a fact that premature decline of the vigor of manhood, matrimonial unhappiness, compulsory single life, etc., have their sources in causes, the germ of which is planted in early life, and the bitter fruit, tasted long afterward; patients, laboring under this complaint, will complain of one or more of the following symptoms: Nocturnal Emissions, Pains in the Back and Head, Weakness of Memory and Sight, Discharge from the Urethra on going to stool or making water, the Intellectual Faculties are weakened, Loss of Memory ensues, Ideas are clouded, and there is a disinclination to attend to business, or even to reading, writing or the society of friends, etc.

The patient will probably complain of Dizziness, Vertigo, and that Sight and Hearing are weakened and sleep disturbed by dreams, melancholy, sighing, palpitations, faintings, coughs and slow fever; while some have external rheumatic pain, and numbness of the body. Some of the most common symptoms are pimples in the face, and itching in different parts of the body. Patients suffering from this disease, should apply immediately to Dr. PERRAULT, either in person or by letter, as he will guarantee a cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotence in six to eight weeks.

Patients suffering from venereal diseases in any stage, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Strictures, Ballo Ulcers, Cutaneous Eruptions, etc., will be treated successfully. All Syphilitic and Mercurial Taints entirely removed from the system.

Dr. PERRAULT'S diplomas are in his office, where patients can see for themselves that they are under the care of a regularly educated practitioner. The best references given if required.

Patients suffering under chronic diseases, can call and examine for themselves. We invite investigation; claim not to know everything, nor to cure everybody, but we do claim that in all cases taken under treatment we fulfill our promises. We particularly request those who have tried this boasted doctor, and that advertised physician, till worn out and discouraged, to call upon us.

Low charges and quick cures. Ladies suffering from any complaint incidental to their sex, can consult the doctor with the assurance of relief.

FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS.

Dr. PERRAULT is the only agent in California for Dr. Bior's Female Monthly Pills. Their immense sale has established their reputation as a female remedy, unapproached, and far in advance of every other remedy for suppressions and irregularities, and other obstructions in females. On the receipt of five dollars, these Pills will be sent by mail or express to any part of the world, secure from curiosity or damage.

Persons at a distance can be cured at home, by addressing a letter to Dr. PERRAULT, corner of Sacramento and Montgomery streets, Rooms 9 and 11, or Box 973, P. O. San Francisco, stating the case as minutely as possible, general habits of living, occupation, etc., etc. All communications confidential. nol-lyr

TO RENT

OR TO LET ON SHARES!

A Farm, pleasantly situated on Lake Washington, three miles from Seattle, with fourteen acres improved and under crop, and an excellent Stock Range.

A Team, Wagon, Farming Utensils and all the Stock the place will support, furnished with the place if desired. Liberal terms will be given to a good practical Farmer.

For further particulars, apply at this office. 17-1mo

W. H. ROBERTSON, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Seattle and vicinity in the various branches of Medicine and Surgery.

Thankful for past patronage he hopes to merit a continuance of the same. April 5th, 1866. nol-ll

CHAS. PLUMMER. WILLIAM DE SHAW

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

By recent arrivals from San Francisco and arrangements for

Future Supplies,

PLUMMER & DE SHAW,

Corner of Main and Commercial streets,

Seattle, Washington Territory,

ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH AT

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY,

PAPER HANGINGS,

Flows,

Stoves,

Iron and

Tin Ware,

WINES, LIQUORS, CIDER,

&c., &c., &c.,

which they are determined to sell

CHEAP FOR CASH

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

PAID FOR

HIDES, SKINS, AND FURS.

Produce

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR

GOODS,

And the highest Market Price paid.

Particular attention paid to orders from abroad, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Seattle, April 5th, 1866. nol-ll

Wm. De Shaw

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

AT THE POINT AGATE STORE,

KEEPS ON HAND

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, PROVISIONS, BOOTS & SHOES, CLOTHING, CIGARS, WINES AND LIQUORS, etc., etc.

Mr T. O. Williams has charge of the above establishment, and will be glad to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Wm. DE SHAW. Point Agate, Feb. 16, 1866. nol-ll

Tax Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Municipal Tax List for the year 1866, has been placed in my hands for collection. All taxes not paid before the first day of September, 1866, will be returned as delinquent and twenty-five per cent. added. By order of the Board of Trustees. CHAS. EAGAN, Collector. 57-161f

GARFIELDE & KENNEDY, ATTORNEYS

AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the Courts of Washington Territory.

Mr. Garfiede will attend to criminal practice also. April 5th, 1866. nol-ll

CIGAR MANUFACTORY

Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform Traders and the public generally that he has, and keeps constantly on hand for sale,

CIGARS,

of all brands,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

At prices to compete with the San Francisco market.

Orders from abroad promptly attended to. nol-ll] CHEN CHEONG

Notice.

IN the matter of the Claim of Andrew R. Keller under the Homestead Act to land in the County of King in the Territory of Washington.

To ANDREW R. KELLER:—You are hereby notified that I will appear before the Register at the Land Office in Olympia, in said Territory, on the 4th day of August, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., and offer proof of abandonment by you for more than six months at one time of all the tract of land described upon the plat of the public surveys, as Homestead Claim No. 473, being the N E quarter of Section No. 1, in Township No. 22 North, Range 4 East, Willamette Meridian, and where you are requested to appear and show cause why said entry by you as Homestead should not be vacated and said land revert to the United States. M. H. LEE, King County, W. T., June 19th, 1866. [14-4]

SEATTLE TANNERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand and for sale of their own manufacture, a fine stock of

LEATHER.

consisting of

SOLE LEATHER,

UPPER LEATHER,

HARNESS LEATHER,

BRIDLE LEATHER,

BELTING LEATHER,

SKIRTING LEATHER,

RUSSET LEATHER,

CALF and KIP SKINS,

BUCKSKINS, &c. &c.

All of which we will sell cheaper than they can be purchased at any other establishment North of San Francisco.

M. D. WOODEN, IKA R. WOODEN. nol-ll

Seattle, April 5th.

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

COUNTRY PRODUCE

AND GENERAL

MERCHANDISE.

Commercial Street. SEATTLE, W. T. April 5th, 1866. nol-ll

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 16, 1866.

The following is from the Rocky Mountain News: While the Julesburg Operator was repairing the line between Julesburg and Alkali to day, he was informed by several persons that Mr. John Whitton, a driver in Alex. Benham's train, when some eight miles west of Alkali had reason to lift the telegraph line off the ground, when a flash of lightning struck the line at that point, tearing it into small pieces, and instantly killing Mr. Whitton. The men who saw the accident state that they observed a ball of fire, as large as a man's fist issue from Whitton's breast. He was buried on the spot where he was killed. The operator states that this was the most terrific storm of lightning he had ever seen.

**NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.** On the 9th of May last a bill was approved extending the time for the completion of the eastern division of the Union Pacific Railroad, and also extending for two years the time for commencing the Northern Pacific Railroad. We cannot understand that the time for commencing the work on the North Pacific has been extended, but simply the time for its completion. The language of the telegraphic reports received at the time seems to indicate that the former proposition was likewise included. By subsequent and more extended reports the bill relates only to its completion.—*Herald*.

**WHITE BLUFFS.**—A correspondent of the Oregonian, writing from White Bluffs, June 9th, says:

This place is still improving. The buildings now nearing completion give the place an appearance of importance. Several pack-trains have left here lately for Big Bend and Pen d'Oreille Lake. The Hudson's Bay Co.'s train, 142 animals, left here last Tuesday, the 5th inst., with merchandise and flour for forts Colville and Sheppard. There are three pack trains camped here at present, and shippers to the above points will find every facility and low freights at this place.

**THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN NEWS** says: Material for the U. P. R. R. is arriving daily at Omaha. There is about 30 miles of rails now laying upon the levee at that point, besides spikes, chairs, etc. The road bed is completed and ready for the iron rail to within ten miles of Fort Kearney, and it is claimed that the remainder will be completed by June 15. The track is progressing at the rate of over a mile a day. There is no question but that the iron horse will reach Kearney early next fall.

**THE WHEAT CROP.**—Previous to continued unseasonable rains which are now visiting Oregon, it was thought that we would produce this year the largest wheat crop ever grown. But we learn that the late storms have caused the more forward crops to lodge, and apprehensions are expressed among farmers that much damage will result from that cause. It is also feared that rust, which has never been known to any extent in this State, may seriously affect the crops of this year on account of the extreme dampness of the season.—*Herald*.

The Walla Walla Statesman says that within a year a new Woolen Factory will be in operation at that place.

**ELECTION IN OREGON.**—The Oregon Herald of the 30th ult., says: Official returns from all the counties have been received, giving the following Union majorities: Malloy, for Congress, 554; Woods, for Governor, 327; the balance of the State ticket is elected by larger majorities than the Congressman received. The Legislature stands, Senate eight and the House five Union majority, giving the Union party 13 majority on joint ballot.

**RAILROAD TO OREGON.**—The Chicago (Butte county) Cownt speaking of the projected railway from Marysville to Oregon, says it learns that the money to build it is already in San Francisco. By September the cars will run from Lincoln to Marysville, making continuous railroad from Oroville to Sacramento. If the Oregon railroad bill becomes a law at an early day, the cars will run to Chico in one year, and be creeping up the valley at no snail's pace, bringing the San Francisco market to the very doors of the farmers, merchants, mechanics and miners of Northern California.

**A TRAVELING VILLAIN.**—We are informed, says the Oregon Statesman, by Messrs. Case and Swain, of French Prairie, that a certain Paul Hendrick, with half a dozen aliases, is perambulating the county selling "love powders," which, upon examination by Mr. Clark, the druggist, prove to be a composition of Morphine and Cantharides. If such be the facts, and Mr. Paul Hendrick, who is about five feet eight inches tall, dark hair, freckled face, and hollow cheeks, with corduroy coat, and cloth traveling sack, and professing to be a graduate of a Missouri Medical college, can be caught, a coat of tar and feathers would doubtless do him good.

**A GENTLEMAN** who has just arrived in this city from the upper country, informs us that between the Spokane bridge and Snake river on what is known as the "Kentuck trail" is a large extent of as beautiful and excellent farming land as can be found anywhere. It is covered with a rank growth of grass—"red-top"—indicating a very rich soil. There are yet no settlers in that locality, though there must eventually be a heavy and prosperous settlement there.—*Oregonian*.

**CLARK COUNTY MINES.**—An arastra has been working for several days at the mines near Vancouver, and the first "clean up" was to have been taken yesterday. To day the company hold a meeting to decide about erecting a quartz mill—it was thought the enterprise would prove successful.—*[Oregonian]*.

**FREIGHTS.**—Freights are now carried from White Bluffs and Wallula to Pen d'Oreille Lake, at 5 cents per pound, and from Umatilla to Owyhee crossing, on Snake river, within 35 miles of Ruba city, Owyhee, 30 miles of Boise city, and 65 miles of Idaho city, at four and a half cents per pound.—*[Oregonian]*.

**GEORGE LONG** has just arrived from Silver City, says the Lassen Sage Brush, and reports that the Indians in that section still continue to commit their depredations upon the Chinamen traveling to the northern mines, and that 92 were murdered and left scattered along the road, within the distance of thirty miles.

Two men, Mitchell and Williams, got into a difficulty in the house of Mrs. Lambert, in Portland, recently, about the character of a certain female in the employ of Mrs. Lambert. Williams received a stab, from the effects of which he died.

Mr. H. W. Corbett, of Portland, assumes proprietorship of the Oregon and California stage line.

**THE WALLA WALLA STATESMAN** learns that the troops are to be withdrawn from Fort Lapwai, and expresses fears that the Nez Perces will commence hostilities immediately.

**OUR GOLD PRODUCT.**—Mr. A. D. Richardson in one of his recent letters says: "Within ten years after the cars run from ocean to ocean, the gold product of the Pacific coast will reach \$500,000,000 per annum."

**SOLD.**—The plant of the Nanaimo Gazette was sold at public auction in Victoria on the 7th inst., to a Mr. Wallace.

**THE DAILY DALLES MOUNTAINEER** has been discontinued on account of inadequate support.

**INTERESTING MILITARY EXPEDITION.**—The Virginia City Enterprise of June 12th says: Through the kindness of Captain and Brevet-Major D. J. Williams, U. S. A., Chief Quartermaster for the expedition, on Gen. Halleck's staff, we are enabled to furnish the following particulars concerning the inspecting tour of the Department of the Pacific: Major-General Halleck and staff, with Major-General McDowell and staff, will leave San Francisco for Virginia on Wednesday next, arriving here on Friday morning. Gen. McDowell will inspect the military posts of this District, while Gen. Halleck will proceed to Sand Springs, from whence, through preparations already made by Major Williamson, they will proceed to Boise City, Idaho, under an escort of 100 men; thence attend to affairs a la militaire throughout that region; proceed to Montana and Washington Territories, and down the Columbia river to Fort Vancouver, where the United States steamer Saginaw will await their arrival to convey them through Puget Sound, and perhaps the expedition may go as far as Kamschatka. The round trip will occupy four or five months. Joy go with the parties connected, as they won their laurels on the tented field.

**THE NIAGARA SHIP CANAL.**—On the first of May the bill for the construction of a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara, passed the House of Representatives. The canal will be constructed by an incorporated company to whom the Government will loan its credit to the extent of six millions of dollars. The bill provides that the canal shall not be less than one hundred and five feet on the surface, and ninety feet on the bottom, with not less than fourteen feet in depth of water, with locks not less than two hundred and seventy five feet long and forty-six feet broad. Such a ditch will float through vessels of 1,200 tons burden. If the bill passes the Senate this session, work on the canal will be commenced immediately, and it is stipulated that it shall be completed before the opening of navigation in the spring of 1870—four years hence. The bill provides that the tolls on the canal shall not exceed those charged on the Welland Canal in the year 1863, which were quite moderate. The Chicago Tribune observes: It is a safe estimate to say that the Niagara Ship Canal when completed will so cheapen transportation as to add ten cents per bushel to the value of every bushel of wheat, corn, and barley, six cents to every bushel of oats, and a half a cent to every pound of pork, beef and butter produced in the Northwest. The aggregate of those savings would pay for the building of the canal three over every year.

A maiden lady while in company the other evening, alluding to her youthful precociousness, among other things said that at six months old she went alone. A wag present remarked, "yes madam, and you've been alone ever since."

**EMIGRATION.**—Charles Kean was born at Waterford, Ireland, January 18, 1811. Mrs. Charles Kean was born in London, December, 1805.

**CASE OF ISHAM HENDERSON.**—A case that has excited much interest in all parts of the country during the past week, is that of Isham Henderson, of Louisville. Henderson is one of the proprietors of the Louisville Journal, and during the war had a contract for furnishing mules for the army, and, as is alleged, defrauded the Government out of \$24,300 by means of forged returns and vouchers. A military court was formed at Nashville for the purpose of trying him, and he gave bonds in fifty thousand dollars to appear at trial. He was ordered to report for trial Monday of last week, but disregarded the summons. On the 23d, General Johnson (Provost Marshal General on the Staff of General Thomas, at Nashville,) telegraphed to Gen. Jefferson C. Davis, at Louisville, commanding the Department of Kentucky, to arrest Henderson and send him to Nashville, either peacefully or forcibly, as circumstances should require. In the meantime Gen. Johnson received a dispatch from Henderson declaring that he did not recognize the authority of the military court to try him, and would not go to Nashville. Another dispatch was then sent to arrest Henderson and send him along without delay. Davis responded that Henderson was under arrest, but that writs of *habeas corpus* had been sued out in his favor and asked what should be done. Thomas now took the matter in hand and telegraphed to General Davis to disregard all writs of *habeas corpus* and send Henderson to Nashville at once, and if necessary to arrest the Judge also. These instructions Gen. Davis followed to the letter. Since then suits have been brought against General Davis and the other officers for their hand in the proceedings; but Henderson is in the hands of the military until his discharge by the act of the President or acquitted by the court-martial. As Henderson is one of the proprietors of the Louisville Journal, which is the Kentucky organ of Andrew Johnson, it is not improbable he will be discharged by that officer, although there seems to be no doubt of his guilt.

**A DREAM THAT SENT TWO MEN TO PRISON.**—The following singular circumstances are vouched for as strictly true by the Detroit Tribune: Some months since, a citizen of Branch county, in this State, employed two men to remove his deceased wife's remains which they pretended to do, and claimed as recompense, one \$3 50, and the other \$1 50. The gentleman being well pleased with their execution of the work, gave the latter \$2, which he refused, giving back 50 cents. The following night the gentleman dreamed that one of the men visited his room naked, his body covered over with black spots, and on being asked what ailed him, replied that the spots indicated the lie he had told, and the large one on his side the lie he had told him in regard to disintering his wife's remains, which they had not done. On awaking, his dream so impressed him that he was led to ascertain whether the men had actually done what he had paid them for doing, and ascertained that they had not. On his complaint they were arrested and sent to the State prison for one year for obtaining money under false pretences, and are now serving out their time at Jackson.

**THREATS AGAIN—THE OLD SPIRIT.**—The Richmond Examiner, enraged at the remarks of Senator Sherman respecting the letter of Wade Hampton, which Reverdy Johnson introduced in the Senate the other day, bids Sherman to recollect Preston Brooks, and beware of Southern vengeance.

At a church in Scotland, two candidates offered to preach, of the names of Adam and Low. The last preached in the morning, and took for his text, "Adam, where art thou?" In the evening Mr. Adam preached, and took for his text, "Lo, I am here."

A private letter from a Springfield mechanic, who is employed on the St. Petersburg and Moscow railroad says: "The man who saved the Emperor's life is the lion of the day. The Emperor took him home to his palace, introduced him to the royal family and to his generals, and made him a nobleman at once. The merchants of St Petersburg made him a present of a mansion in the city which cost fifty thousand silver roubles. The fortunate man has a wife and one child. There were two days of jollification and one day of thanksgiving and praise at the Emperor's deliverance, with illuminations and general demonstrations of joy. There has been no such time in St. Petersburg since it became a city."

Here is an interesting item from Washington:

The Department of State has received dispatches from our consul at Tobasco, dated January 3d, 1866, in which he communicates the discovery of the ruins of two ancient cities, which have remained unknown since the days of the Conquest. The first he says, from its topography and situation, he is led to believe is the one occupied by Cortez at the time of his invasion of Tobasco, and is situated about fifteen miles west of Frontera, a town at the mouth of the Tobasco or Grjolos river. The other is situated in the north-eastern portion of the State, nearly opposite the present City of Laguna de los Terminos, and was known before the conquest as Xicoenca. The traditions connected with it trace its origin to a period at least two hundred years before the Christian era.—*Record*.

**BOSS.**—The Salt lake *Vedette* of a late date, under the heading of "Boss," says:

"Among other things said in the Tabernacle last Sabbath was something after the following style, by the Trustee in Trust: "Any government of the earth attempting to lay hands upon the priesthood will sink into nothing. Joseph Smith holds the keys of Heaven, and no man or woman can enter therein without his permission." So it appears that Smith has usurped Peter's place."

A bashful youth was paying his addresses to a gay lass of the country, who had long despaired of bringing things to a crisis. He called one day when she was at home alone. After settling the merits of the weather the girl said, looking slyly into his face:

"I dreamed of you last night."

"Did you? why—now!"

"Yes, I dreamed that you kissed me."

"Why now! what did you dream your mother said?"

"Oh, I dreamed she wasn't at home!"

A light dawned on the youth's intellect, a singular sound broke the stillness, and in less than four weeks they were married.

A Gentleman traveling in Ireland a short time since, was desirous of seeing some of the saintly relics belonging to a convent, and on being shown by a priest, two apparently very old skulls, one of a child, the other seemingly of a grown person, asked to whom they belonged, when the Priest replied: "The larger one was of St. Patrick; the smaller one that of the same saint when a boy."

**INGENIOUS ANAGRAM.**—It is said that Napoleon, when he was asked by Dr O'Meara if he really thought he could invade England at the time he threatened to do so, replied in the following anagram: "Able was I ere I saw Eba." Whether this is true or not, we should like to see a more ingenious or extended anagram, which, as the reader will observe, reads the same backwards as forwards.

Look out, lest by endorsing the character of others you lose your own.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 16, 1866.

## OUR AGENTS.

L. P. Fisher, - - - San Francisco.  
 M. W. Waitt, - - - - - Victoria.  
 R. G. Head, - - - - - Portland.  
 A. S. Pinkham, - - - - - Seattle.  
 J. H. Munson, - - - - - Olympia.  
 E. A. Light, - - - - - Steilacoom City.  
 James Scavey, - - - - - Port Townsend.  
 W. H. Llewellyn, - - - - - Teckale.  
 B. F. Coomba, - - - - - Port Madison.  
 W. B. Sinclair, - - - - - Snohomish City.  
 Simeon Hackley, - - - - - Port Discovery.  
 N. Hale, - - - - - Port Orchard.  
 W. E. Barnard, - - - - - Port Angeles.  
 Parker Hinkley, - - - - - Port Ludlow.  
 David Livingstone, - - - - - Port Blakely.  
 Marshall Blinn, - - - - - Seabeck.  
 John Y Sewell, - - - - - Coupeville.

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From the DAILY of Tuesday, 10.

**FROM OLYMPIA.**—The steamer Eliza Anderson, Capt. Finch, arrived here yesterday at about 7 o'clock P. M., on her regular trip from Olympia to Victoria.

**NEW PAPER.**—We have received the first numbers of a new daily paper, recently started at Victoria. It is well edited and, now that there is only one other paper in the city, will, no doubt, flourish.

**BROUGHT THE MAIL.**—The steamer Pioneer arrived last night at about 11 o'clock, with the mail, from Olympia. She proceeded on her way to Victoria.

We omitted to state that the steamer Resolute, Capt. Guindon, arrived here on the Fourth, with passengers to the celebration.

From the DAILY of Wednesday, 11.

**WHITE & BAUER, News Agents,** 413 Washington street, San Francisco, have placed us under obligations for a large package of late papers, among which are Harper's Weeklies, Leslie's Newspapers, Irish American, Missouri Republican, etc., etc.

From the Daily of Thursday 12.

The telegraph line is out of repair between this place and Victoria. We are, therefore, unable to learn whether the steamer Pioneer has sailed on her return trip, with the mail, or not.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY.]

FROM PORTLAND.

Portland, July 9. — Steamer Oriiflamme arrived this evening. She reports the Josie McNear lying at Astoria all safe.

Portland, July 9.—The Fideliter arrived this morning, having been detained at the Astoria Custom House since Friday afternoon. Telegraphic instructions from Washington to Collector Adams, will guarantee her against detention in future.

FIRE AT WALLA WALLA.

A fire at Walla Walla, on July 4th, destroyed property to the value of \$100,000.

TREASURE SHIPMENTS TO EUROPE.

New York, July 7.—The steamers took out for Europe, to-day, \$987,519. The total shipments for the week reach \$1,630,720.

THE MORMONS.

Four ship loads of Mormons have arrived here within the last

month. Five more vessels with similar loads, are now on their way to the United States.

**EUROPEAN—DESPERATE BATTLE BETWEEN ITALIANS AND AUSTRIANS.**

New York, July 8.—The Saxony arrived this evening. She brings news to June 27th:

Consols closed at 86½ @ 86½ for money.

Paris Rentes closed at 63f.

Earl Russell announced in the House of Lords and Gladstone in the House of Commons, on the 26th, that in consequence of the hostile vote, Ministers had tendered their resignations but the Queen having invited them to reconsider their determination, they awaited her arrival in London and would have an interview with her, next day.

The Italian army crossed the Mincio on the morning of June 2d near Gaeta and advanced slowly towards the river Bella without meeting resistance.

At 2 o'clock, on the same day, an Austrian brigade reached the outlying forts of Verona, without loss, having been pushed back by a greatly superior force of Italian cavalry.

The Italians, advancing on both sides of the Mincio towards Peschiera, were repulsed by a short cannonade from the outer fort, that stronghold.

A Verona dispatch, at 2 P. M., says:

A great battle has been in progress since morning, between the Italians and Austrians. Both wings of the Italian army has already been repulsed. The battle still continues.

Official dispatches from the Austrian headquarters state that the Italians were driven back across the Mincio, the Imperial army following. Our forces took several cannon, many prisoners and behaved with extraordinary valor and endurance.

The King employed in the attack, the 3d corps of the Army of the Mincio and the reserve.—Prince Amadus and many Generals were wounded.

The enemy appears to have brought all his troops in succession under fire.

An official dispatch from the Italian headquarters, dated Sunday evening, says:

A desperate engagement has taken place in front of Verona, lasting almost the whole day.—The 1st corps which was intended to occupy positions between Peschiera and Verona, did not succeed in its attack. The 2d and 3d army corps were unable to relieve the 1st corps from the assault it had to sustain against the force of the enemy. The two latter corps attacked an Austrian detachment and occupied Stelois Pass and descended thence to Barmio in Lombardy, on Sunday night.

Garibaldi is near Lake Garda.

Judging from the preparations on the lower Po, Craldini will throw bridges across near Polensels.

The Monitor says that Italian volunteers, who were at Como, passed through Lecco on their way to Tyrol.

The Italian fleet left Toronto on the 23d.

Two attempts were made by the Hanoverians to break through the Prussian line between Lisenach and Gotha.

A dispatch from Gotha, June 25th, says:

The Hanoverian Commander has declared himself willing to capitulate to the Prussian troops, as Hanoverian officers are personally convinced that the Hanoverian army is completely shut in by a superior number of Prussian troops.

Later dispatches say that negotiations for the capitulation remained without results and that, pending the truce, the Hanoverians have succeeded in reaching the territory of Meiningen, after having eluded different Prussian corps, by which they were surrounded.

Paris, June 25.—The Monitor says:

The advance of the Prussians into Bohemia will have the effect of preventing General Bendeck from entering Silesia. That an engagement will shortly take place in Bohemia, appears inevitable.

The Grand Duke of Baden has broken off his relations with Prussia.

The movements of the Austrians (says a Berlin telegram) on the frontiers of Eastern Silesia, is regarded merely as a feint. The main attack is expected further to the west.

## ANOTHER FIGHT

Cracaw, June 25.—The town of Osivien, in Galicia, was attacked yesterday by a battalion of Prussian infantry and two divisions of cavalry, which retreated after the loss of eight men killed and several wounded. No loss was incurred by the Austrians.

## MEXICAN NEWS.

New York, July 7.—The latest advices from Mexico state that Maximilian is far from preparing to evacuate his dominions, but on the contrary, he has ordered a conscription for the Empire to take place on the 15th of July, which, with the aid of 50,000f. per month from France, will be sufficient to keep him awhile longer.

## GEN SICKLES

Charleston, July 7.—General Sickles refused to comply with a writ of habeas corpus in favor of some prisoners at Castle Pinckney under sentence of death, on the ground that the prisoners were convicted by a court-martial of the murder of three soldiers and that the privilege of the writ is still suspended in South Carolina. Judge Bryan ordered an attachment to issue against General Sickles for contempt of Court, made returnable on Tuesday.

## RECONSTRUCTION IN THE SOUTH

Chicago, July 8.—Governor Orr of South Carolina has issued an address indorsing the proposed National Union Convention at Philadelphia and recommending

that delegates be sent from South Carolina.

Judge Howell, President of the Louisiana State Convention of two years ago, has issued a proclamation for reassembling on the 30th of July. He calls upon the Governor to issue writs of election to fill vacancies. The purpose of the movement is to revise the amendment of the organic law of the State in harmony with the General Government; to establish impartial justice; to insure domestic tranquility; to secure the blessings of liberty to all alike; to restore the State to a proper permanent position in the Union, with ample guarantees against any further disturbances; and, also, with a view to the ratification by the State of the proposed amendment of the Constitution, in the shortest time possible.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

Chicago, July 8.—The House yesterday passed the Senate bill, heretofore reported, to quiet land titles in California.

The House debated the Tariff bill in committee of the whole and adopted amendments to increase the duty on corn from ten to twenty cents per bushel; hay, from one to two dollars per ton; wheat, forty cents per bushel; coffee, two and one half cents per pound.

## FROM THE NORTH

Victoria, July 9.—The Russian American Trading Company's barque Prince Menschikoff from Sitka ten days ago, arrived this morning. She comes for a cargo of general merchandise. The Captain reports that none of the telegraph vessels were in port when he left; and that no news had been received from the Telegraph Expedition since last Winter.

**EUROPEAN—FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE BATTLE.**

New York, July 9th.—Steamship Alpha brings Liverpool dates to the evening of the 27th. Consols closed at 86½ @ 87.

The resignation of the British minister has been accepted; Lord Derby will probably form a new Minister, but nothing official has transpired.

There are no further reports of fighting on the continent. The Times gives the following summary of movements in Venetia: The Italian army has divided into three corps and reserves, making the force from 80 to 90,000 combatants. After crossing the Mincio at Joito and sending reconnoitering parties toward Peschiera and Verona they encamped for the night beyond Roverculla at a distance from two fortresses. On the ensuing morning an attack was made upon these high positions of Somna, Campagna and Santa Giutina which command fifteen miles of railway line joining the two strongholds—the position which played the most conspicuous part in the campaign of 1847. The project of the Italians was evidently to take possession of the railways, so as to isolate Peschiera and secure a base of operations

against Verona. The Austrians, however, who were massed in great force at Verona, sallied forth from the place at day-break, and anticipating the Italian movements, took up their position on the hills which are now everywhere glistening with bastions and redoubts, as it were, the outworks of two citadels extending from the gates of one to those of the other. After several bloody and desperate struggles which lasted nearly the whole day—the longest of summer days—the Imperial army was victorious along the whole line; they stormed the summit of Monteverde where the Italians held out longest, and at the close of the engagement at 5 o'clock P. M., they also carried the position of Custozza, a spot fatal to the Italian army in their encounter with Radetsky in July, 1848. The Italian and Austrian dispatches do not differ materially about the engagement. No estimate can yet be formed of losses.

The Times says it believes this a favorable moment for diplomatic settlement of the war with Italy and intimates that Austria would be willing to cede Venetia for a sum of money, now that her honor is satisfied.

## CALIFORNIA NEWS.

San Francisco, July 10.—The Italians have set apart the 25th of the month to be devoted to labor for the benefit of the fund for the liquidation of the national debt of Italy. The amount already handed in exceeds \$13,000. Subscriptions are steadily coming in. The Italians of San Francisco made Italy a member of their mutual benevolent associations, and will give relief to their country as brothers in distress.

The boiler of the Pile-Driver burst, at Mars Island, this morning, seriously wounding Mr. Wells, the Engineer of the Navy Yard; also, Henderson and O'Mally, Engineers, McCloud and two others.

## GOLD.

Gold, 149; Sterling 108½ @ 108½.

## FURTHER FROM EUROPE.

Berlin June 28d.—The official Staats Anzeiger to-day says: After the entry of the Prussians into the elections of Hesse Cassel, the King of Prussia made a fresh endeavor to come to an understanding with the Electors. On the 22d, Prussian Minister offered an alliance on the basis of the Prussian proposition for a new confederation on the condition that the Electors should have a Ministry which should guarantee the treaty of 1841. Had this been accepted, the possession of his throne and his sovereign rights would have been guaranteed to him. The electors, however, declined the conditions without further hesitation; it was therefore necessary for measures to be adopted to connect the two positions of the Kingdom of Prussia. The present military position of the Prussian Kingdom is a sure guarantee against a return of the former state of things. The Elector of Hesse has been sent to the north. The King of Prussia has placed the castles of Sterzing and Konigberg at his disposal.

A telegram from Berlin of the 25th says, the Prussian Government in

tends to instruct her representatives abroad to declare the circulation of false intelligence by the Austrian authorities relative to the forcible enrollments by the Prussians in Bohemia, is a breach of international law, and the object is to prevent the Austrian population from viewing the war which has broken out, in the light of a war of extermination against the inhabitants.

Prussia has decided not to carry out, in case of Hanover, the measures allowed by international law against the shipping of a hostile country, and has instructed commanders of Prussian men-of-war neither to blockade the Hanover ports nor seize private property at sea, with the exception of contraband of war belonging to Hanoverians.

Brunswick has notified the Prussian Government of her willingness to support the Prussian proposals for reform.

A dispatch from Berlin says it is officially announced that the Prussian alliance has been accepted by all the north German States except Saxony, Hanover and Hesse Nassau.

Many Hungarian deserters have come into the Prussian outposts with horses and accoutrements and a detachment has been formed of them at Glogia. Hungarian officers are expected to arrive in order to organize them.

The Mecklenburg and Oldenburg armies have been demoralized; they will form reserve corps with other troops of Northern Germany near Yorgan.

New York, July 8th.—The London Times of June 25th contains important dispatches. A Leipzig, Saxony dispatch of the 25th says, Prussian army corps have arrived destined to operate against Bavaria.

A Berlin dispatch of the 26th states that it is positively announced that the Hanoverian army is completely surrounded, and the demand of the King for twenty-four hours for deliberation on the terms of capitulation, has been granted.

A Florence dispatch of 26th, says, the papers assert that the want of success in the first battle, is but a new motive for redoubled energy and perseverance. The country had full confidence in the army, and the war against Austria must be continued until the complete liberation of Venetia.

An official dispatch dated Brescia, Italy; 25th says: To-day an engagement took place between the Italian volunteers and the Austrians between the bridge of Coffaro and Sandstone. The Austrians were repulsed, leaving several killed and wounded. It is anticipated the Italians will make a diversion in favor of Prussia by attacking Bavaria through the Tyrol.

**REVOLT IN THE SPANISH ARMY.**

A telegram from Madrid dated 22d says: Yesterday the 8th regiment of foot artillery and a regiment of horse artillery revolted, without officers. The barracks they occupied however, were retaken by the troops remaining faithful to the government and after an obstinate resistance the rebels surrendered at discretion.

Another dispatch from Madrid, June 25th says, tranquility prevails throughout Spain. The superior officers of the regiments that revolted at Madrid did duty bravely; thirteen were killed and nine wounded in endeavoring to induce the troops to return to their allegiance. The insurgent Sergeants and Corporals will be shot to-day. Total number killed and wounded at Madrid, one hundred.

**RUSSIAN VICTORIES IN ASIA.**

The Russians occupied Khokard in Bokhara, after seven days fighting. The loss of Bokarians was considerable; of the Russians only one hundred were killed. The latter have cut off the roads, thereby placing Emir of Bokaria in a most critical position.

**ENGLISH AFFAIRS.**

Chicago July 9th.—London correspondence gives a full summary of the proceedings in regard to the Reform Bill. The Ministry have carried their points by majorities ranging from five to twenty-seven, when Lord Dunkillen moved that the basis of Borough franchise be £7 ratable value instead £7 rental value, which, it was estimated, would make a difference of sixty thousand persons in the number designed to be qualified, the £7 ratable being equal to £9 rental—the vote resulted in 396 for the Ministry to 315 for Dunkillen's motion. Parliament adjourned to await results. All parties were already rallying for a popular election, believing the dissolution of Parliament inevitable, for Gladstone had announced, after the above vote, that from the mode of enfranchisement proposed in the bill the Ministry are not, under any circumstances or conditions prepared to recede—by it we intend to stand. The Times endeavors to mitigate and explain away the division, which it considers as dealing with mere details, and affirms that it had no necessary bearing upon the only principle now allowed to be in question, the admission of so many thousand poor electors; the enlargement of the constituency has not been definitely put to the House. The Daily News says the Derbyites know well enough from all the differences about valuation, the meaning of this amendment was nothing more nor less than the refusal through trust, fellow countrymen who might be included in the 9 pounds franchise, and the design, though not expressed to raise the franchise, as proposed by government, to a 9 pounds franchise. This is the issue yet to be paid by the liberal party and the great body of the people of the country.

**WARM WEATHER—CHOLERA—CALIFORNIA STRAMER—NATIONAL CONVENTION.**

New York July 9th.—The thermometer again reached 98 yesterday. 33 cases of sun stroke reported, the number occurring Saturday in addition to 29 reported as resulting fatally. Copious rains fell last night. Two deaths from cholera were reported yesterday. The thermometer this morning is 84.

**STEAMSHIP NEW YORK FROM ASPINWALL, BRINGS SAN FRANCISCO DATES TO JUNE 19TH.**

The Southern papers evince no general disposition to respond to the call for a National Convention at Philadelphia.

**CALIFORNIA NEWS.**

San Francisco July 9th.—Mayor Coon received an answer to his dispatches to Portland, by which it will be seen that much suffering exists and help is greatly needed. California will respond promptly and liberally:

"Boston July 8th.—To H. P. Coon, Mayor—Immediate wants are relieved. Money will be required to prevent suffering and destitution. Signed, F. W. LINCOLN.

"Portland, Me., July 8th.—To Hon. H. P. Coon, Mayor.—About ten thousand of our people are destitute. Signed, A. G. STEVENS, Mayor."

Passengers by Moses Taylor of

the Nicaragua line, of June, arrived in New York in July. The trip across the isthmus was made in 24 hours.

Thos Byrnes, convicted of the murder of Chas. J. Hill, on the 19th of February 1865, was brought before Judge Pratt this morning to receive the death penalty for his crime. When the court opened Judge Pratt commanded the prisoner to stand up. Byrnes complied, when Judge Pratt, in an impressive manner addressed the prisoner and passed the sentence of death. During the delivery of the address, Byrnes kept his head constantly and firmly fixed upon the Judge, as if anxious to hear which escaped his lips. When the Judge spoke of his aged father, tears gathered in the prisoner's eyes, and his arm, resting upon the desk, shook like a leaf. After sentence the prisoner was hand-cuffed and remanded to jail, where he will remain until when he shall make his exit from this to another world.

**SOUTH AMERICAN AFFAIRS.**

New York, July 9.—Steamer New York, from Aspinwall the 1st, has arrived:

Chile, Peru, Bolivia, and Ecuador are said to have formed a league to free Cuba and have asked Venezuela and Columbia to join them. The first three are to furnish money and the others men while hopes are entertained of help from the United States.

Great dissatisfaction exists in Chili and a change of government must soon take place.

Peru, also, seems on the verge of revolution.

Affairs, at the Isthmus, were quiet but a change of government was anxiously looked for.

New York, July 10.—The Herald's Havana letter confirms the reports of a revolt in Cuba.

A Panama letter says that the United States steamer Nepsie, from Rio Janeiro, reports having seen on May 9th, fifty miles east of Waldenito, the iron-clad Peruvian frigates Huascar and Independencia, which remained about that point and, some days subsequently, captured five Spanish vessels. They, also, embarked at Waldenito forty persons, enlisted at Montevideo, when the Spanish Consul protested against the breach of neutrality.

A Santiago correspondent, June 9th, says: The Spanish fleet is still unheard from. The whereabouts of the Huascar and Independencia is, also, a mystery.—No apprehension is felt of a renewal of the attack on Valparaiso.

**MONETARY.**

New York, July 9.—The Post's money article says: The prominent topic on Wall street is the large foreign orders for Government securities.

The loan market is easy but more active.

The stock market is now animated.

**EUROPEAN—TWO MORE BATTLES.**

New York, July 10.—The City of London has arrived with dates to June 28:

Financial affairs and bank rates remained unchanged.

A battle occurred on the 27th of June in Bohemia, near Neus-

tant, 16 miles north-east of Koniggratz and in the vicinity of the fortress of Josephstadt, between the Prussians and Austrians.—The former were beaten, leaving their dead and wounded on the field. The Prussians destroyed the railway bridges between Weidall and Grosswitz and Allenburg.

The King of Saxony left Prague on the 25th of June.

A Berlin dispatch of June 27th says: The Army of the Elbe had successful engagement near Frunno last evening, taking 7 Austrian officers and 500 men prisoners. The Austrians have retreated to their first station on the Slerio. The Italians have taken a position near Port Duitable.

An Ancona dispatch of June 27th says: Twelve men-of-war, comprising the fleet appeared in sight of this port this morning but are now leaving and the Italian squadron is preparing to follow and attack them.

A Florence telegram of the 28th says: At the battle of Custoza, the Austrian forces numbered sixty thousand. The first Italian corps (reserves, on the heights, left at Vallagio) held in check an overwhelming number of Austrians, before which General Cravo had been forced to retire.

General Brazios' division took prisoners the entire battalion of Austrian Chasseurs; and the 3d corps took 1,000 prisoners. The Italian losses were great but the loss of the Austrians is believed to have been considerable in excess.

Prussia has again offered the King of Hanover an alliance, with a guarantee of his throne on conditions of his capitulating with the honors of war and accepting the basis of Federal reform.

**FROM PORTLAND.**

Portland, July 11.—The Fideliter is advertised to sail for Victoria on Thursday at 2 o'clock P. M.

The steamer Montana arrived from San Francisco last evening.

**FROM THE NORTH.**

Victoria, July 11.—The steamer Sierra Nevada arrived from San Francisco at 5:30 o'clock this morning.

**AN ARKANSAS FATHER'S ADVICE TO HIS SON.**—Bob, you are about leaving home for strange parts. You are going to throw me out of the game and go it alone. The odds are agin you, Bob—remember industry and perseverance are the winning cards, ne they are the "bowers." Book learning and all that sort of thing, will do to fill up with, like small trumps, and you must have the bowers to back them, or they ain't worth shucks. If luck is agin you pretty strong don't cave and look like a sick chicken on a rainy day, but hold up your head and make believe you're flush of trumps; they don't play so hard agin you. I've lived and travelled around some, Bob, and I've found out that us soon as folks thought you held a week hand, they'll all buck agin you strong. So when your sorter weak, keep on a bold front; but play cautious; be satisfied with a pint; Many's the hand I've seen 'em encher, 'cause they played for too much. Keep your eyes well skinned, Bob; don't let 'em nig on

yon; recollect the game lays as much with the head as the hands. Be temperate; never get drunk, for then, no matter how good your hand, you won't know how to play it; both bowers and the ace won't save you; for there's sartin to be a mis-deal or something wrong. And another thing Bob, (this was spoken in a low tone) don't go too much on women; queens is kinder poor cards; the more you have of them, the worse for you; you might have three and nary a trump. I don't say discard 'em all; if you get hold of one that is a trump, it's all good, and there's sartin to be one out of four. And above all, Bob, be honest; never take another trick which don't belong to you, nor "slip" cards or "nig," for then you can't look your man in the face; and when that's the case, there's no fun in the game; it's a regular "cut-throat." So now, Bob, farewell; remember wot I tell you, and you'll be sure to win; and if you don't it serves you right if you get "skunked."

**AN IMPORTANT CORRESPONDENCE—SEMME'S FORBIDDEN TO ACT AS JUDGE.**

The following is the correspondence between the Military Commander of the Department of Tennessee and the Secretary of War, relative to the late election of Admiral Raphael W. Semmes to the Judgeship of the Probate Court of Mobile:

Headqrs Military Division Tenn., Nashville, May 10, 1866. Brevet Maj. Gen. Jefferson C. Davis, Commanding Depar't Kentucky: General—The following telegraphic correspondences is furnished you for your information and guidance in cases similar to the one mentioned in these dispatches:

U. S. Military Telegraph, May 11, 1866. (By Telegraph from Mobile, Ala.) To Brig. Gen. W. D. Whipple: Raphael W. Semmes has been elected Judge of the Probate Court for the county of Mobile. Is any action in his case necessary? C. R. Woods, Brev. Maj. Gen.

U. S. Military Telegraph, May 11, 1866. (By Telegraph from Headquarters Military Division, Tenn.) To Hon Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.: Raphael Semmes has been appointed Probate Judge of Mobile. Shall I permit him to act? Geo. H. Thomas, Maj. Gen. U. S. A., Commanding.

U. S. Military Telegraph, May 15th, 1866. (By Telegraph from Washington, D. C.) To Maj. Gen. Geo. H. Thomas, Commanding Military Division, Tenn: Your telegraph respecting Raphael W. Semmes has been presented to the President, who directs that Semmes be not permitted to hold or exercise the functions of Probate Judge in the city of Mobile, or any other civil or political office of trust while he remains unpardoned by the President. If at any time pardon shall be issued to him you will be notified thereof. The above instructions will be observed by you in respect to any other unpardoned rebels in your command.

Edwin M. STANTON, Secretary of War. By order of Maj. General George H. Thomas.

WM D. WHIFFLE, Brig. Gen.

**SMART WOODPECKER.**—A naturalist says: "Last summer while walking in my park, I observed a green woodpecker alight on the ground some fifty paces before me, look around to see if he was observed, then lie down and simulate death by stretching out himself motionless, and hanging his tongue out as far as possible. He occasionally pulled in his bill. He had selected a place near an ant-hill. The ants thinking him dead, would cover his tongue to devour him; when it was black with ants he would swallow them, and repeat his trick, until his jaw could hold no more."

## PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 16, 1866.

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From the DAILY of Friday, 13.

**THE NEW STEAMER.**—The Colonist and Chronicle says that the steamer Josie McNear arrived at Port Angeles on the 11th. We think there is a mistake, for the Pioneer, which was at Port Angeles subsequently, brought no news of her.

**FROM VICTORIA.**—The steamer Pioneer, Capt. Finch, arrived here yesterday evening, with the Mail, from Victoria. She proceeded up the Sound.

The steamer Eliza Anderson, Capt. Finch, from Victoria, arrived here this morning at 3 o'clock, and left shortly afterwards for Olympia.

**FROM WHATCOM.**—The steamer Mary Woodruff Capt. Cosgrove, arrived yesterday evening from Whatcom with the Mail.

**SAILED.**—The barque Geo. Washington, Capt. Lennon, sailed yesterday evening from Freeport for San Francisco, with a cargo of lumber.

Go to Pinkney's for late papers, pictorials, magazines, etc., etc.

From the DAILY of Saturday, 14.

**THE NEW MAIL STEAMER.**

The new mail steamer Josie McNear arrived here to-day, at noon, on her way to Olympia. She will probably return with the mail on Monday next. She is a fine new steamer, and was formerly employed on the route between San Francisco and Petaluma. We understand that she is to be repaired and fitted up in proper style for the route between Olympia and Victoria.

**TELEGRAPHIC.**

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY.]

**CHOLERA—HOT WEATHER—MONETARY.**

New York, July 10th.—There were five cases of cholera in Brooklyn this morning, all fatal. Total number of cases of sun stroke during the recent hot weather was 61. Only 13 in Brooklyn, 4 deaths, in Boston.

Very heavy business was done today in Five-Twenties, the purchases amounting to \$10,000,000, mostly on foreign account. Foreign Exchange firm.

**CHILLI INVADES CUBA.**

Key West, Florida, July 10th.—Bark Ohio touched here on her way to Mobile, having left Havana Sunday morning. The Captain says four Chilian steamers effected a landing of their troops early on the morning of the 5th, which immediately joined the camp of the insurgents near Neuvitas. In camp were 10,000 insurgents among whom were many of the wealthiest planters, acting as officers. Their plantation hands, who were well drilled, expressed the strongest determination to throw off the yoke of Spain. After joining forces they marched to within 50 miles of Havana and fortified. It is thought a battle will be fought in a few days. On the morning of the 7th a skirmish took place between outposts of insurgents and a cavalry force of the Spanish. They captured a General, and several were wounded on each side. Three Spaniards were killed and the utmost excitement prevailed throughout the island.

**MEXICAN NEWS.**

New York, July 10th.—A Vera

Cruz letter dated June 25th says, Gen. Figueroa had taken Tehuacan by storm. Toluca, only forty miles from the city of Mexico, is in peril of capture by the Liberals. Lascajalpan will soon be evacuated by the French garrison who will be sent to reinforce Tampico, the latter being seriously threatened by the Republicans. At Tabasco the Liberals had disabled the French gunboats while attempting to go up the river Frontere.

Washington July 10th.—Minister Romero has information to the 10th of June. President Juarez and Cabinet had left El Paso for Chihuahua. It is reported that the French troops at Durango were under orders to march against Chihuahua. Letters from the City of Mexico state that General Bazaine is concentrating all the available French troops in San Luis Potosi for a new campaign.

**EUROPEAN.**

Vienna June 27th.—Benedick's passive attitude is accounted for by his desire to have the federal troops form a junction with his army, also, to allow the Prussians to advance into Bohemia, so that he may cut off retreat. There is dissension among the Hungarian Liberals, the Deak party being opposed to insurrection unless the Austrians suffer defeat, the other party favoring immediate insurrection.

Florence June 27th.—The King of Italy yesterday requested the assistance of France against the Austrians offering in exchange the Island of Sardinia, in addition to important concessions upon the Roman question. The Italian army has concentrated at Cremona and Pracenza.

Frankfort on Main, June 27th.—The Federal Diet to-day appointed Prince Charles of Bavaria commander of the Federal army, to act under the directions of Marshall Benedick. Dispatches to the President of the Council say the battle of the 24th was neither lost nor won. A concentration of forces has been ordered to resume the campaign.

Berlin, June 27th. Prussia has replaced the principal functionaries in Saxony, Hesse and Hanover.

Frankfort on Main, June 27th.—Austria has proposed to the confederate allies that all the officers of the Diet shall be recalled and Ministers Plenipotentiary appointed in their place under the Presidency of Austria. This committee is to have power to decide matters without reference to their respective Governments. This has not been agreed to yet. A very remarkable increase of activity is observed in the military establishments of France; uniforms, arms and ammunition are got ready in the greatest haste, to a sufficient amount for the equipment of an army. The reserves have not yet been called in, but can always be obtained at three or four days notice.

**POLITICAL.**

Chicago, July 11.—Schuyler Colfax and Rufus P. Spaulding, of Ohio, were yesterday nominated for reelection to Congress.

**PACIFIC RAILROAD**

The 4th section of 20 miles of the Pacific Railroad, Kansas Division, having been completed, the Secretary of the Treasury has been ordered to issue \$64,000 in bonds to the Company.

Bonds, also, have been ordered issued to the Central Pacific Railroad Company of California, one quarter of the work on a section of 20 miles having been completed.

**MEXICAN NEWS**

San Francisco, July 11.—President Juarez, writing from El Paso, June 18th, to Consul Godoy, informs him that on June 10th, the Government would start for Chihuahua again. No French or traitor forces were in the State of Chihuahua or nearer than the city of Durango; and, as the tide of war is rolling rapidly toward the City of Mexico, there is no danger of a return of the Imperialists.

**CALIFORNIA NEWS.**

Commodore Rodgers started to-day for the East by the overland route.

Legal Tenders 71½ @ 71½

Telegraph yesterday and to-day worked remarkably well, despatches being received here at an earlier hour than dated in New York, owing to difference in time in favor of this city.

Dispatches quote gold at 150.

American securities in good demand in New York this morning in consequence probably of European news.

**SHIPPING.**

Sailed ship John Jay, Burrard's Inlet; bark Rainer, Puget Sound; bark Golden Gate, Plover Bay.

**THE CUBAN INSURRECTION.**

New York, July 11.—Steamer Columbia, from Havana, has arrived. The reported insurrection in Puerto Principe proves to be a canard. There was only a slight encounter between the troops and citizens, caused by practical jokes being played on the former, who were ordered to take barracks, and serious trouble prevented. One hundred and twenty Spaniards were expelled from church in Cuba.

**MONETARY.**

New York, July 11.—The Post's money article says: There is no scarcity of gold for delivery loans of coin made either without interest or three or four per cent. in favor of borrowers of foreign demand for United States securities is the only feature with interest on exchange. There is much activity in the loan market.

**FROM WASHINGTON.**

Washington, July 11.—The Tax Bill will be presented to the President to-morrow for his signature. The President has been unwell for some days, which delays the veto of the Freedmen's Bureau bill, which has failed as yet. Before it can become law, it is stated Seward opposes the veto, believing too many vetoes will have bad effect.

The State Department has received no official advices whatever concerning the reported Cuban insurrection. The conference committee has been ordered on the bill quiet land titles in California.

**NEW STEAMER—CHOLERA.**

New York, July 11.—The Pacific Mail Company's new steamer Montana will leave here about the 15th for San Francisco. Three cases of cholera are reported in this city and two in Brooklyn to-day.

**STEPHENS ARRESTED.**

Boston July 11.—Head Center

Stephens was arrested to-day, at the suit of Paresott, who claims \$4000 for delivering lectures on Fenianism, and expenses incurred in excursion to California.

Stephens appeared in the Municipal Court, and gave bail, amount \$7000.

**NEBRASKA.**

Omaha, July 11.—The Legislature elected under the State constitution of Nebraska met to-day, and elected General John M. Thayer and F. Weston, United States senators, both Republicans.

**THE ANNEXATION SCHEME.**

Ottawa, C. W., July 11.—There was an excited session of the Canadian Parliament yesterday. The opposition assailed the Government with great force and effect. The project of annexation to the United States seems to gain favor.

**ENGLAND**

Farther Point, July 11.—The steamship St. David, from Liverpool June 28th, passed at 10:30 this evening.

Nothing is known of the Ministerial arrangements except that the Queen has authorized Earl Derby to form the Ministry but promised her support to nothing.

A meeting of the chief Conservatives was to be held on the 28th.

**CALIFORNIA NEWS**

San Francisco, July 12.—The Western Union Telegraph Co.'s flagship Nightingale sailed yesterday for the Russian Possessions carrying provisions and an assorted cargo for Collins' Telegraph expedition.

**NY MARKET—PORTLAND FIRE.**

Private telegrams from New York yesterday represent the market for standard dry goods very firm.

The losses incurred by the Aetna Insurance Co. at Portland by the recent conflagration, amounts to but \$300,000, a sum which will scarcely be noticed in the assets of the incorporation.

**CALIFORNIA MARKETS.**

A. an auction sale this morning, Costa Rica coffee was withdrawn, owing to the unsettled condition of the market and uncertainty as to the final disposition of the Tariff bill, now before Congress.

The sale of Hawaiian sugars was quite fair, ranging from \$9 12 @ \$9 90 for medium grades and \$7 44 @ \$8 61 for dark grades. Altogether, 3,187 bags were sold. The light grades are said to show an improvement of fully ½c. per pound.

**GOLD.**

Late yesterday afternoon, gold in New York, was 149; Sterling exchange 109. Brokers are buying legal tenders at 70½.

**CONGRESSIONAL.**

Washington, July 11.—Alley of Massachusetts, from the Postal Committee, reported the Senate bill to encourage the construction of independent telegraph lines, which, after considerable discussion passed—ayes 72, noes 41. During the debate, Alley said that nearly all the telegraph companies of the country were recently consolidated into one, which now presented a capital of forty one million dollars, which was certainly the most gigantic monopoly in this country, if not in the world. The American people were subject to the dictation of that company.—Every one knows how much power the telegraph has for evil or good.—This bill was not to oppose that company but to protect rights. Congress, a few years since, granted privileges to the Pacific Telegraph

Co. but that Co. had not acted in good faith towards the Government. It was to charge but \$3 for a message from the Missouri river to the State line of California and it was understood that a message of ten words was to be sent from Washington to San Francisco for \$4 but the company exacted \$8 and refused to receive payment in the currency of the country.

**SHIPPING.**

San Francisco, July 12.—Sailed—Ship Nightingale for Russian Possessions; Hamburg ship Garland for Shanghai via Puget Sound; British barque Constance for Auckland; brig Sheet Anchor for Port Angeles.

**FURTHER FROM EUROPE.**

Portland, July 13.—The latest London telegram of June 29th says: News is conflicting, both sides claiming the advantage in the encounter of the 28th, at Glarz. No engagement is reported as having taken place since.

The Telegraph Company in Great Britain furnishes the following additional particulars of the engagement at Cnastaza: The left wing of the Italian army was attacked at various points simultaneously, and crushed before the remainder of the army could come to its aid. After the battle, the army under the command of the Arch Duke, advanced in pursuit of the Italian army, which to that time had maintained its position. It was, however, driven in, and was compelled to recross the Mincio.

The Austrians also recrossed the river, taking a position on the Italian side. The two armies then stood facing each other, the Italians at Volta, and the Austrians five miles north of Solferno. It was probable that another battle could be brought about. The object of the Italian movement on Saturday was to withdraw the Austrians from the line of Polezela, and allow Cialdini to cross; but the movement having failed, Cialdini remained on the south side of the river. The reverses of Sunday, the 24th, have in no way disheartened the Italians.

It is reported that Franco will not long remain quiet. Active intervention is reported to have been already agreed on.

**FROM SAN FRANCISCO.**

San Francisco, July 13.—The Golden Age arrived from Panama at one o'clock to-day.

Returning adventurers from the Barbadoes mines continue to struggle back to Panama. They fully confirm all previous accounts of disappointment, starvation and sickness.

On the return of H. B. Majesty's corvette Pallas, to England, after a short cruise, she reported having found, at Madeira, the Spanish screw unarm'd frigate Gerona, bearing a Commodore's broad pennant, and a small iron clad under English colors. The latter was said to be bound for Chilean waters, and was being watched evidently by the Spanish frigate. She was fitted with two funnels, carried two pole masts, without yards, and carried her armament in a central iron-cased square battery. The iron-

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 16, 1866.

and sailed from Madeira for Rio unmolested by the Spanish frigate on the morning of May 17th. The Spanish vessel remained until the morning of the 19th, when she sailed, it was understood, on a cruise off the Island.

GOLD.

Gold is 151 1/2

Sterling exchange was quoted to day at 109 1/2.

Legal Tenders are 70 1/2 @ 71 1/2. Market unsettled, owing to a steamer supposed to be bringing a half million of greenbacks.

SHIPPING.

Arrived—Ship Ivanhoe, 157 days from New York; ship Saml. G. Gloyer, 148 days from New York.

FROM THE NORTH

Victoria, July 13.—The owners of the steamer Fideliter, which collided last year with the steamer Alexander, to-day recovered \$22,000 from the owners of the latter steamer. The original claim was \$16,000. \$3,900 was realized by the sale of the Alexander. The jury found that the Fideliter's valves were open, which caused her to sink, and that the damage would not have been more than \$6,100 had the valves been closed as the steamer could have been got ashore.

The bark Evelyn Wood, from London direct, 138 days, with Government stores and a large quantity of wire for Collins' Telegraph Co., arrived this evening.

The ship Mohawk, from London, 188 days from Gravesend, with Government stores and Telegraph wire, also arrived this evening. She experienced very bad weather.

EUROPEAN.

New York, July 12.—The steamer Persia, from Liverpool, June 30th, and Queenstons, July 1st, arrived this morning.

The war news is contradictory. Both Austria and Prussia claim a victory on the same battle field.

A Berlin dispatch of the 29th says: The Austrians were defeated on the 27th and 28th, near Nachod, by the first army corps, and on the 29th, at Frantenan, by a corps of Life Guards, and at Munchengrants, by Prince Frederick Charles. At Grantenan, the Austrians are said to have lost 4,000 men, killed and wounded, and the Prussians about 1000. At Munchengrants, the Austrian losses are stated at 2,000. The Prussians claim to have captured 8000 prisoners and numerous trophies in guns, &c.

There was great rejoicing at Berlin. The inhabitants presented an address and serenaded the King.

The Crown Prince of Prussia reports that in his battle he had 22 battalions opposed to 28 battalions of Austrians.

The Hanover army on the 29th surrendered. The officers retained their side arms, and the men were dismissed to their homes.

The whole federal army, at or near Frankfort, was on the march.

A battle was anticipated.

The Italians have changed their plan of operations. There has been no further commission in Italy.

Garibaldi was at Lake Iseo.

The English Parliament had adjourned till July 5th, at the request of Earl Derby, who is forming the Cabinet. He sought to obtain the support of leading Whigs and Liberals, who have acted against the Russell Cabinet, but failed. A Conservative Ministry is expected.

Threatening demonstrations have taken place in London among the lower order on the Reform question.

JOHN McDONALD,

BOOT AND SHOE

Manufacturer

Mill street, opposite Occidental Hotel,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Repairing done to order.

April 5th, 1866.

Adjourned.

The Preliminary Meeting of the Agricultural Society of King County met agreeable to notice, and adjourned until the 26th of August.

C. CLYMER, President.

By D. S. MAYNARD, Secretary.

Seattle, June 16th, 1866.

NEW DISCOVERY.—They have just found out that Men's Clothing, made by hand, and warranted to STAY MADE, at prices competing with slop work, can be bought at GOODWIN'S TAILOR SHOP, Seattle, W. T.

None but his own work dealt in, and hence the warrantee. 13:3m

WASHINGTON BREWERY.

SEATTLE, W. T.

M'LOON & SHERMAN

(Successors to S. F. Coombs.)

HAVING taken the above Establishment are now manufacturing the very best quality of

LAGER BEER,

PORTER,

PALE, AMBER, STOCK AND

CREAM ALE.

Orders for the above will be promptly filled at the lowest rates.

April 5th.

Good News!

NORTH PACIFIC

BREWERY,

Just established in Seattle.

This magnificent Brewery having been completed is now manufacturing

PORTER,

ALE

AND

LAGER BEER.

Which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

Legal tenders to market value.

Give us a

yourselfes.

SCHMIEG

Seattle, Ap. 1st,

NEW GOODS?

New Goods!

AT

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing his customer and the public in general that he is now opening

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS

That has ever been brought to this Market.

Having had twelve years experience in merchandising, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desire of the people in general. My stock consists in part as follows:

English, French, and American Prints, French, all wool and English Merinos, Silk

and worsted Poplins, Fancy and all wool Delaines, Red and black cotton Velvets,

Twilled, plain and Opera Flannels, Drills, Sheetings, coarse and fine, plain and cross-bar

Mulls, Jackonetts, Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls,

Morning Caps, Wool Scarfs and Hoods, Nubias, silk velvet trimmings, Embroideries, &c., &c., &c.

Also, Fine and Heavy CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, Hats and Caps

Trunks and Valises, Feed-cutters, Peoria and Boston Clipper Plows, Wheelbarrows,

IRON, STEEL, BOILER IRON AND RIVETZ, and a general assortment of

HARDWARE, GROCERIES, AND PROVISIONS,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

To TRADERS and those wishing to buy largely I am prepared to sell at reduced prices.

TERMS, CASH on delivery of Goods.

Produce will be taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

In connection with the store I have a large Warehouse where I can store produce for those who may desire it.

D. HORTON.

Seattle, April 5th, 1866.

MAGIC OIL.

TRY PROF. MURRAY'S CELEBRATED MAGIC OIL.

An infallible cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Earache, Toothache, Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Cramp Cholice, Burns or Scalds.

Will cure corns, etc., etc.

Cox, Laid & Co., Wholesale, Retail and Forwarding Agents, for Dr. J. M. Rice, Salem, Oregon.

Dr. G. Kellogg is an authorized Agent for the sale of this medicine.

Seattle, April 5, 1866.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

I will sell cheap, for cash, the two-story building, formerly the Union Hotel, together with the ground on which it stands, at the corner of Commercial and Main streets, in Seattle, W. T.

Also, a fine farm of 100 acres, about two miles from Seattle, at the mouth of the Duwamish river; a most desirable location.

I wish to sell out for the reason that I desire to return to the Atlantic States.

Apply to Dr. J. SETTLE,

Seattle, W. T.,

J. J. MOSS,

Port Orchard.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS,



IMPORTERS OF

Drugs, Chemicals, Herbs, Patent Medicines.

PAINTS,

OILS,

VARNISHES,

DYE STUFFS,

ACIDS,

BRUSHES,

PERFUMERIES,

TOILET ARTICLES.

We are just receiving, direct from Spain, a complete assortment of

CORKS! CORKS! CORKS! which we offer at prices lower than usual.

Dusting, Paint, Varnish, Shoe, Scrub, Hair and Tooth

Brushes.

We have a splendid stock which we offer at extremely low prices.

HERBS.

We have received, direct from the Shakers, all kinds of fresh Herbs, and intend to keep every article used of this description.

Tildens, Solid and Fluid, Extracts, Pills and Concentrated Preparations.

We have on hand, and shall keep a full assortment of the above celebrated preparations, which we offer to the trade at such prices as will defy competition.

Fluid Extracts.

A great variety, not to be equaled in the market as to quality and price.

Parties about purchasing would do well to give us a call, and examine the prices and goods before purchasing elsewhere.

Plain and Gum Teeth.

We have the largest assortment of any house on the Pacific coast.

Gold Foil.

We are manufacturing Foil which we can recommend to the profession as being a superior article. Also have on hand a full assortment of all the various makers.

VULCANIZERS,

DENTAL CHAIRS AND LATHES

FILES,

VULCANITE AND

GUTTA PERCHA.

FORCEPS,

DRILLS,

EXCAVATORS,

MIRRORS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

We have besides the above every article used by the Dentist, and are daily in receipt of all the new inventions in use.

Dentists will find it to their interests to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

Corner Pine and Sansons streets,

SAN FRANCISCO,

18:3m And J street, Sacramento.

SEATTLE CLOTHING STORE.

WELCH & GREENFIELD

SEATTLE, W. T.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON

hand for sale a large assortment of

Ready Made and Custom

CLOTHING,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

LADIES' HATS, CLOAKS, and

RIDING DRESSES,

Of the Latest Style.

We have, also, on hand a large as-

sortment of

FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND

AMERICAN CLOTHS,

CASIMERES AND

VESTINGS,

Which we will make up to order on the

most reasonable terms.

Oregon Cloths for sale at the low-

est market value.

Orders from abroad strictly attended

to

Terms Cash.

Seattle, April 5th.

FLORENCE

SEWING MACHINES.

Copy of the Report of the Committee of

Awards at the Fair of the

AMERICAN EXHIBITION,

NEW YORK, 1865.

To the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE

CO., for the Best Family Sewing Ma-

chine.

Highest Premium! Gold Medal!

REASONS:

1st. Its simplicity and great range

of work.

2d. The reversible feed motion.

3d. The perfect finish and substantial

manner in which the machine

is made.

4th. The rapidity of its working,

and the quality of work done.

5th. The self-adjusting tension.

The "Florence" was awarded the First

and Highest Premium at the State Fair

of California, the only Fair on the Pacific

Coast at which any two double thread

Sewing Machines were exhibited in com-

petition in 1865.

The FLORENCE received the only pre-

mium awarded by the Mechanics' Insti-

tute, of San Francisco, in 1864 and 1865,

to any Sewing Machine, Sewing Machine

Co., or Agent. The claim of a competi-

tor to a medal is without any foundation

whatever.

Wherever the FLORENCE has been

brought in competition with other Sewing

Machines, it has always been declared the

best. It is the most simple, the most

substantial, the most efficient, and its use

is easily learned. Every machine sold is

guaranteed in the full sense of the word.

Send for Circulars and Samples of

Work.

SAMUEL HILL, General Agent,

111 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

9 ly.

NEW STORE

J. J. BLUMBERG & CO.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GROCERIES

Floor, Provisions, Hardware,

Crockery, Lamps, Lamp Oil,

Paints, Boiled Oil,

Wines, Liquors,

Tobacco, Ci-

gars,

Hats, Caps,

Clothing, Boots,

Shoes, Ladies' and Chil-

dren's Shoes, Stationery,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT

of Merchandise. The highest mar-

ket price paid for

Wool, Hides, Deerkins, Etc.,

Mr. BLUMBERG is engaged in the

Commission business in San Francisco,

and will attend to any orders to purchase

merchandise, or will dispose of any arti-

cles produced in the Puget Sound coun-

try which may be consigned to him, at

the lowest rates of commission.

All orders will be attended to promptly

at the lowest market prices.

J. J. BLUMBERG

No. 225, Clay st.,

San Francisco.

**Table of Stamp Duties.**

AS AMENDED BY ACT OF JUNE 30, 1864.

**Acknowledgment of deeds or other instruments, Exempt**  
**Affidavit, \$ 0 05**  
**Agreement or Appraisal, for each sheet, 5**  
**Assignment or transfer of mortgage or lease, or policy of insurance, or the renewal of an agreement, contract or charter, is subject to same duty as original instrument.**  
**Assignment, ordinary, as of bond without guarantee Ex'mt**  
**Bank checks, drafts, orders etc., at sight or on demand, for all sums of money exceeding \$10 2**  
**Bills of Exchange (inland) draft or order for payment of any sum of money, and any promissory note (except bank notes issued for circulation) or any memorandum, check, receipt, or other written or printed evidence of an amount of money, upon every sum not exceeding \$100 or fraction thereof 5**  
**Bills of exchange (foreign) drawn in sets of three or more, for every bill of each set, where the sum does not exceed one hundred dollars or its equivalent in foreign currency. 2**  
**For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof 2**  
**If drawn single or in duplicate, same rates of duty as inland bills of exchange**  
**The acceptor of a foreign bill of exchange payable in the U. S., must, before paying the same, place thereon a stamp indicating the duty.**  
**Bills of lading of vessels for ports of the U. S., or British North America Ex'mt**  
**For any foreign port, on every bill of each set 10**  
**Bill of sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed \$500 50**  
**For every additional \$500 or fraction thereof 50**  
**Bill of sale of personal property 50**  
**Bond for indemnifying any person where the sum does not exceed \$1,000 50**  
**For every additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof 50**  
**Bond for due execution of duties of office 1 00**  
**Bond for deed or conveyance of land 25**  
**Bonds of any description other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged 25**  
**Cards, playing, per pack, price not exceeding 18 cents 2**  
**Over 18 and not over 25 cents per pack, 4**  
**Over 25 and not over 50 cents, 10**  
**Over 50 cents and not over \$1 15**  
**For each additional 50 or fraction, 05**  
**Certificate of loan same as promissory note 2**  
**Certificate of Deposit in bank, not over \$100 5**  
**Exceeding \$100 25**  
**Certificate of stock in incorporated company 25**

**Certificate of profits in incorporated company, for a sum not less than \$10 nor over \$50 10**  
**Over \$50 and not over \$1,000 25**  
**For every additional \$1,000 or fraction 25**  
**Certificate of Record upon the instrument recorded, Ex'mt**  
**Certificate of Record upon the book Ex'mt**  
**Certificate of weight or measurement Ex'mt**  
**Certificate of Damage and other documents issued by port warden or marine surveyor 25**  
**Certificate of any other description than those specified 5**  
**Certified transcript of judgment, and of all other papers recorded, and of papers on file, each 5**  
**Charter Party, or other writing relating to the charter, if the registered tonnage of the vessel does not exceed 150 tons 1 00**  
**Exceeding 150 and not exceeding 300 tons 3 00**  
**Exceeding 300 and not exceeding 600 tons 5 00**  
**Exceeding 600 tons 10 00**  
**Clearance same as manifest Contract see Agreement Contract, Brokers' Conveyance, Deed or other instrument conveying real property, the actual value of which exceeds one hundred and does not exceed five hundred dollars 50**  
**For every additional five hundred or fraction 50**  
**Disp'ch, telegraphic, where the first ten words does not exceed twenty cents Exceeding 20 cents, 3**  
**Documents made in foreign countries (power of attorney, deed, or other document) to be used in the United States, shall pay same duty as if issued in the U. S.**  
**Entry of goods or wares at the Custom House, either for consumption or warehousing, not exceeding \$100 in value 25**  
**Exceeding \$100 and not exceeding \$500 50**  
**Exceeding \$500 in value 1 00**  
**Withdrawal of goods from bonded warehouse 50**  
**Insurance (marine, inland and fire) where amount paid does not exceed ten dollars. 10**  
**From ten to fifty dollars 25**  
**Exceeding fifty dollars 50**  
**Insurance, (life,) when amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars 25**  
**Over one thousand and not over five thousand dollars 50**  
**Over five thousand dollars 1 00**  
**Lease of lands or tenements where rental value does not exceed three hundred dollars per annum 50**  
**For every additional two hundred dollars or fraction 50**  
**Clause of guarantee of payment of rent five cts additional 10**  
**Legal Documents, writ or other original process to commence suit in court of law or equity 50**  
**Where amount claimed in court not of record is over one hundred dollars 50**  
**Upon every confession of judgment, or cognovit for one hundred dollars or over 25**

**Appeals from justices and other inferior courts to a court of record 50**  
**Warrants of Distress when amount of rent does not exceed one hundred dollars 25**  
**Exceeding one hundred dollars 50**  
**Letters of Credit, see Bills of Exchange, Foreign Letters of Administration see Probate of Will**  
**Manifest of Custom House entry or clearance of cargo of any vessel not exceeding three hundred tons 1 00**  
**From three hundred to six hundred tons 3 00**  
**Exceeding six hundred tons 5 00**  
**Matches in packages of one hundred or less 1**  
**For every additional one hundred in a package 1**  
**Match cigar lights and tapers, double the above rates**  
**Mortgages of real or personal property for a sum over one hundred and not over five hundred dollars 50**  
**For every additional five hundred dollars or fraction thereof 50**  
**Pawners' checks 5**  
**Pension papers, all papers relating to Ex'mt**  
**Passage ticket to a foreign port, costing not over \$35 From \$35 to \$50 1 00**  
**For every additional fifty dollars or fraction 1 00**  
**Power of attorney to sell or transfer stock, bonds or scrip, or collect dividends thereon, 25**  
**To vote at election of incorporated company 10**  
**To receive or collect rents To convey real estate, or rent or lease the same 1 00**  
**For any other purpose 50**  
**Photographs, upon each picture the price of which does not exceed 25 cents 2**  
**From 25 to 50 cents 3**  
**From 50 cents to \$1 5**  
**For every additional one dollar or fraction thereof 5**  
**Probate of will, or letters of administration, where the value of both personal and real estate does not exceed \$2,000 1 00**  
**For every additional \$1000 or fraction thereof 50**  
**Bond of executors, administrators, trustees and guardians Ex'mt**  
**Letter of appointment 5**  
**Certificate of appointment 5**  
**Protest on note, bill of exchange, draft, etc., Promissory note not over \$100 5**  
**For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof 5**  
**Renewal of promissory note subject to same stamp duty Quitclaim deed should be stamped same as conveyance, except when given as release of mortgage, in which case it is Ex'mt**  
**Release, discharge, and satisfaction of mortgage, Receipt for sum exceeding \$20 Returns, Gaugers', for quantity not exceeding 500 galls. 10**  
**Exceeding 500 gallons Returns, Measurers', for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels Exceeding 1000 bushels 25**  
**Returns, Weighers' for weight not exceeding 5000 pounds 10**  
**Exceeding 5000 pounds Sheriff's return on writ or other process Ex'mt**  
**Trust deed made to secure a debt, same as mortgage. 50**  
**Conveying an estate, same as conveyance. 50**  
**Warehouse receipts for property or goods, not exceeding \$500 10**  
**From \$500 to \$1000 20**  
**For every additional \$1000 10**  
**Warehouse receipts not otherwise provided for 25**

**SEATTLE FOUNDRY. HOTEL**

**IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS**

Done at short notice by  
**JAS. TIMON.**

Mr. JAMES TIMON begs leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of Seattle, and the Sound generally, that he has bought out the business heretofore carried on by Mr. Thomas Martin, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work pertaining to his business in a workmanlike manner, and at shortest notice.  
 Terms Cash. 6 ly

**EUREKA BAKERY.**

**C. C. Terry,**  
 SEATTLE, W. T.,  
 MANUFACTURER OF  
**Ship Bread.**

ALL KINDS OF  
**CRACKERS**  
 AND  
**Fancy Cakes.**

—AT—  
**SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.**  
 ALSO  
 Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
**Groceries,**  
**Provisions,**  
**CONFECTIONERY,**  
**CROCKERY.**  
**TOBACCO AND CIGARS,**  
 For Cash on Delivery of Goods.  
 no 1-vol 1

**H. L. YESLER & CO.,**  
 SEATTLE  
**LUMBER & FLOUR MILLS.**

DEALERS IN  
**LUMBER, FLOUR,**  
**COUNTRY PRODUCE,**  
**DRY GOODS**  
**GROCERIES,**  
**HARDWARE,**  
**CROCKERY,**  
**FARMING TOOLS, &c.**

Orders from abroad for all kinds of produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates.  
**H. L. YESLER, & CO.**  
 April 5th, 1866. no 1-11

**E. M. SAMMIS,**  
**PHOTOGRAPHER,**  
 Mill Street,  
 SEATTLE, W. T.

**S I R E S ' HOTEL**

[FORMERLY "WHAT CHEEK HOUSE."] Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

**DAVID SIRE'S, Proprietor.**

THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and popular House, having been thoroughly renovated, enlarged and furnished, is now prepared to accommodate guests with greater comfort, and in a more accommodating manner than any House in this city.

The House will be conducted on the RESTAURANT PRINCIPLE

BREAKFAST, from 6 to 11 o'clock  
 DINNER, " 12, " 2 "  
 SUPPER, " 6, " 8 "

Persons arriving on boats, accommodated at all hours, day or night.

Connected with the Hotel is  
**A SPLENDID BAR**

always stocked with the BEST WINE LIQUORS and CIGARS, in the market —ALSO— one of Phelan's New Style Four Pack

**BILLIARD TABLES**

We would call the attention of passengers to the sign of the "Big Lantern" which is kept burning as long as the house is open.  
 Seattle, April 5th, 1866. no 1-11

**JOSIAH SETTLE,**  
 DEALER IN  
**MEN'S CLOTHING**

Consisting in part of  
 Coats, Pajts, Vests, Fine Woollen Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c.,

**DRY GOODS**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES**

And a well selected stock of  
**BOOKS & STATIONERY**

**Crockery,**  
**Groceries,**  
**Provisions**  
**Etc., etc.**

ALSO  
 Now on hand and constantly receiving new supplies of  
**Oregon Cloth**  
**Blankets,**  
**Yarn, etc.**  
 all of which he will sell at  
**REASONABLE PRICES**

MR. SETTLE  
 Is Agent for the Oregon City Woollen Manufacturing Company, keeps constantly on hand a large well assorted stock of their Goods at manufacturers prices, freight paid

**OREGON CLOTHS**  
 Made into SUITERS and PANTS to order.  
 Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.  
 Seattle, April 5th.