

# PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

VOL. 1.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, MAY 28, 1866.

NO. 10.

**PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.**  
 PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY  
 BY HALL & M'NAMARA,  
 SEATTLE, W. T.

**TERMS:**  
 [INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.]  
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 For Six Months, \$2 40  
 Per Month, 40 Cents  
 Single Copies, 12 1/2 Cents

**ADVERTISING RATES:**  
 One square (ten lines or less) first insertion, \$2 00  
 Each subsequent insertion, 1 00  
 Monthly advertisements inserted at liberal rates by special contract.  
 Legal advertisements, advertisements from a distance and transient notices, must be accompanied by the cash.  
 Notices of births, marriages, and deaths inserted free of charge.  
 Local tender notes received at market value.

**W. H. ROBERTSON, M. D.**  
 PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,  
 SEATTLE, W. T.

Offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Seattle and vicinity, in the various branches of Medicine and Surgery.  
 Thankful for past patronage, he hopes to merit a continuance of the same.  
 April 5th, 1866.

**GARFIELDE & KENNEDY,**  
 ATTORNEYS  
 AND  
 COUNSELLORS AT LAW,  
 PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the Courts of Washington Territory.  
 Mr. Garfiede will attend to criminal practice also.  
 April 5th, 1866.

**M. W. WAITT & CO.**  
 Booksellers  
 AND  
 Stationers,  
 Governor's Street,  
 VICTORIA V. I.

DEALERS IN  
**FANCY GOODS,**  
**Sheet Music,**  
**PERIODICALS,**  
 GOLD PENS, CUTLERY, ETC.  
 April 5th, 1866.

**CIGAR MANUFACTORY**  
 Commercial Street,  
 SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform Traders and the public generally that he has, and keeps constantly on hand for sale  
**CIGARS,**  
 of all brands,  
**WHOLESALE & RETAIL.**  
 At prices to compete with the San Francisco market.  
 Orders from abroad promptly attended to.  
 GREEN CHEONG.

**SEATTLE TANNERY.**  
 THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand and for sale of their own manufacture, a fine stock of  
**LEATHER, DRY GOODS,**  
 consisting of  
**SOLE LEATHER,**  
**UPPER LEATHER,**  
**HARNESS LEATHER,**  
**BRIDLE LEATHER,**  
**BELTING LEATHER,**  
**SKIRTING LEATHER,**  
**RUSSET LEATHER,**  
**CALF and KIP SKINS,**  
**BUCKSKINS, &c. &c.**  
 All of which we will sell cheaper than they can be purchased at any other establishment North of San Francisco.  
 M. D. WOODEN,  
 IRA R. WOODEN.  
 Seattle, April 5th.

**Good News!**  
**NORTH PACIFIC BREWERY,**  
 Just established in Seattle.  
 This magnificent Brewery having been completed is now manufacturing  
**PORTER,**  
**ALH**  
**LAGER BEER.**  
 Which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.  
 Legal tenders taken at market value.  
 Give us a Call—try for yourselves.  
**SCHMIBG & BROWN.**  
 Seattle, Ap. 1st, 1865.

**WASHINGTON BREWERY.**  
 SEATTLE, W. T.

**M'LOON & SHERMAN**  
 (Successors to S. F. Coombs.)  
 HAVING taken the above Establishment are now manufacturing the very best quality of  
**LAGER BEER,**  
**PORTER,**  
**PALE ALE, STOCK AND**  
**ORHAM ALE**  
 Orders for the above will be promptly filled at the lowest rates.  
 April 5th.

**JOHN M'DONALD,**  
**BOOT AND SHOE**  
**Manufacturer**  
 Mill street, opposite Occidental Hotel,  
 SEATTLE, W. T.  
 Repairing done to order.  
 April 5th, 1866.

**JOSIAH SETTLE,**  
 DEALER IN  
**MEN'S CLOTHING,**  
 Consisting in part of  
**COATS, PANTS, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c.**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES,**  
 And a well selected stock of  
**BOOKS & STATIONERY,**  
**Crockery,**  
**Groceries,**  
**Provisions,**  
**Etc., etc.**  
 ALSO  
 Now on hand and constantly receiving new supplies of  
**Oregon Cloths**  
**Blankets,**  
**Yarn, etc.,**  
 all of which he will sell at  
**REASONABLE PRICES.**  
 MR. SETTLE  
 Is Agent for the Oregon City Woolen Manufacturing Company, and keeps constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of their Goods at manufacturers prices, freight added.  
**OREGON CLOTHS**  
 Made into Suits and Pants to order.  
 Call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.  
 Seattle, April 5th.

**H. L. YESLER & CO,**  
 SEATTLE  
**LUMBER & FLOUR**  
**MILLS.**  
 DEALERS IN  
**LUMBER, FLOUR,**  
**COUNTRY PRODUCE,**  
**DRY GOODS,**  
**GROCERIES,**  
**HARDWARE,**  
**CROCKERY,**  
**FARMING TOOLS, &c.**  
 Orders from abroad for all kinds of Produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates.  
 H. L. YESLER, & CO.  
 April 5th, 1866.

**MAGIC OIL.**  
**TRY PROF. MURRAY'S CELEBRATED MAGIC OIL.**  
 An infallible cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Earache, Toothache, Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Cramp Cholice, Burns or Scalds.  
 Will cure corns, etc., etc.  
 Cox, Ladd & Co., Wholesale, Retail and Forwarding Agents, for Dr. J. M. Killoe, Salem, Oregon.  
 Dr. G. Kellogg is an authorized Agent for the sale of this medicine.  
 Seattle, April 5, 1866.

**Wm. De Shaw**  
 DEALER IN  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**  
 AT THE  
**POINT AGATE STORE,**  
 KEEPS ON HAND  
**DRY GOODS,**  
**GROCERIES,**  
**HARDWARE,**  
**PROVISIONS,**  
**BOOTS & SHOES,**  
**CLOTHING,**  
**CIGARS,**  
**WINES AND LIQUORS,**  
 etc., etc.  
 Mr. T. O. Williams has charge of the above establishment, and will be glad to accommodate all who may favor him with a call.  
**WM. DE SHAW.**  
 Point Agate, Feb. 16, 1866.  
 nol-tf.

**CHAS. FLORENCE, WILLIAM DE SHAW**  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE.**  
 By recent arrivals from San Francisco, and arrangements for future supplies,  
**PLUMMER & DE SHAW,**  
 Corner of Main and Commercial streets, Seattle, Washington Territory,  
 are now prepared to furnish at the lowest prices of market value  
**WHOLESALE & RETAIL,**  
**Dry Goods,**  
**READY MADE CLOTHING,**  
**Hats and Caps**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES,**  
**GROCERIES,**  
**CROCKERY,**  
**HARDWARE,**  
**OUTLERY,**  
**FURNITURE,**  
**UPHOLSTERY,**  
**PAPER HANGINGS,**  
**Flows,**  
**Stoves,**  
**Iron and Tin Ware,**  
**WINES, LIQUORS, CIDER,**  
 &c., &c., &c.,  
 which they are determined to sell  
**CHEAP FOR CASH,**  
**HIGHEST CASH PRICE**  
**PAID FOR**  
**HIDES, SKINS, AND FURS.**  
**Produce**  
**TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR**  
**GOODS,**  
 And the highest Market Price paid.  
 Particular attention paid to orders from abroad, and satisfaction guaranteed.  
 Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.  
 Seattle, April 5th, 1866.

**Wm. De Shaw**  
 DEALER IN  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**  
 AT THE  
**POINT AGATE STORE,**  
 KEEPS ON HAND  
**DRY GOODS,**  
**GROCERIES,**  
**HARDWARE,**  
**PROVISIONS,**  
**BOOTS & SHOES,**  
**CLOTHING,**  
**CIGARS,**  
**WINES AND LIQUORS,**  
 etc., etc.  
 Mr. T. O. Williams has charge of the above establishment, and will be glad to accommodate all who may favor him with a call.  
**WM. DE SHAW.**  
 Point Agate, Feb. 16, 1866.  
 nol-tf.

**The Law of Newspapers.**  
 1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.  
 2. If subscribers order their papers discontinued without paying up, publishers may continue them until all arrears are paid.  
 3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office or place to which they are sent, they are responsible until they settle their bills and give notice to discontinue them.  
 4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.  
 5. The courts have decided, that refusing to take a paper or periodical from the office, or removing and leaving it unclaimed for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

**United States Official Directory.**  
 President..... Andrew Johnson  
 Vice President.....  
 Sec'y of State..... Wm. H. Seward  
 Sec'y of Treasury..... Hugh McCulloch  
 Sec'y of War..... Edwin M. Stanton  
 Sec'y of the Navy..... Gideon Welles  
 Sec'y of the Interior..... Jas. Harlan  
 Postmaster General..... Wm. Dennison  
 Atty General..... Jas. Speed

**Territorial Official Directory.**  
 Governor..... Wm. Pickering  
 Ch. Clk. Ex. Dep't..... A. W. Moore  
 Chief Justice..... G. C. Hewitt  
 Associate Justice..... J. E. Wycke  
 Associate Justice..... Chas. P. Downs  
 U. S. Dist. Atty..... Leander Holmes  
 Marshall..... Wm. Huntington  
 Secretary..... Elwood Evans  
 Auditor..... John M. Murphy  
 Treasurer..... Benj. Harrod  
 Librarian..... S. N. Woodruff  
 Adjutant..... Tripp  
 Quartermaster Gen'l..... J. M. Murphy  
 Commissary Gen'l..... Jas. McAulliff  
 Surveyor Gen'l..... S. Garfiede  
 Ch. Clk to Sup. Gen'l.....  
 Col. Int. Revenue..... P. D. Moore  
 Ass't Int. Revenue..... S. D. Howe  
 Col. Custs Puget S'd..... F. A. Wilson  
 Register L. O., Olympia..... E. Marsh  
 Receiver L. O., Olympia..... J. Cushman  
 Register L. O., Vancouver.....  
 Receiver L. O., Vancouver.....  
 Receiver L. O., Vancouver.....  
 Paym't'r W. T. & O. Maj. S. Francis  
 Sup't Ind'n Aff'rs. W. H. Washman  
 Ch. Clk to Sup't. O. P. Huntington  
 Indian Agent, Simcoo..... J. H. Wilber  
 Ind'n Ag't, Medicine Crk. A. R. Elder  
 Indian Agent, Dulship.....  
 Ind'n Ag't, Neah Bay, H. A. Webster  
 Sub-Agent, Skokomish.....

**County Official Directory**  
 Probate Judge..... Thomas Mercer  
 Sheriff..... L. V. Wyckoff  
 Auditor..... Gardner Kellogg  
 Treasurer..... O. C. Shores  
 Assessor..... L. V. Wyckoff  
 School Sup't..... E. Carr  
 Coroner..... J. Scuba  
 Surveyor..... E. Richardson  
 County Commissioners..... H. Burnett, E. L. McMillan, R. M. Stewart

**Meeting of the Courts.**  
 Supreme Court, O. C. Hewitt, C. J.; J. E. Wycke and C. P. Downs, Associate Justices.—1st Monday in December. Special term, 2nd Monday in June. R. H. Hewitt, Clerk.  
 District Court, (3d Judicial Dist.) Charles P. Downs, Judge.—2d Monday in April and October at Seattle for counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. J. K. Kennedy, District Atty.; T. B. Andrews, Clerk.  
 Probate Court, Thomas Mercer, Judge.—4th Monday in January, April, July and October.  
 Board of Co. Commissioners.—2d Monday in May and November.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, May 23, 1866.

THE VERY LATEST, By Telegraph

LETTER FROM CANON CREEK. New Westminster, May 26.—The following letter was received by A. N. Birch, last evening, accompanying a few of as fine specimens of gold as have been found in any diggings. They are from the Canon Creek Diggings, which created such an excitement a few days since: Quesnelmouth, May 10.

To His Honor, The Offices Administering Government:—I have the honor to forward for the inspection of the Officer administering Government 2 1-10 ounces as samples of gold taken from the new discovered creek, as reported in my letter of the 9th Inst., the exact value of which cannot be ascertained here, but it is presumed to be worth fully \$18 per ounce. The nature of the diggings from which it was obtained is what are termed surface diggings—they having in no instance, as yet, exceeded three feet in depth, and they are of very considerable extent. It is, however, believed by the most experienced miners in this part of the country, that, on examination, much richer earth will be found at a greater depth, and to satisfy themselves on that head, an exploration party with that object in view, will leave here for the locality alluded to, on Saturday next. The sample forwarded is a fair specimen of the gold found; a very trifling proportion being in smaller sized pieces. One piece has been sent to Victoria valued at \$150, and another worth \$80.

(Signed) WARNER R. SPALDING, Stipendiary Magistrate.

UNPRECEDENTED FINANCIAL PANIC IN ENGLAND—DISASTROUS FAILURES—HEAVY LOSSES.

Halifax, May 21.—The steamship Cuba, has arrived with dates from Europe to the 13th. Consols closed on Friday, the 11th, at 85@85 1/2 for money.

Money in the Bank of England had decreased £358,000. The rate of discount had advanced to 9 per cent. Nothing doing in American securities owing to the prevailing panic. Consols closed on Saturday, 12th, at 86 1/2@86 3/4. Five-twentys at 64@66. The Bank raised the rate of discount to 10 per cent. The financial panic culminated late on Thursday, May 10th, in the suspension of Overend, Gurney & Co. Liabilities from ten to twelve millions. Advances were asked from the Bank of England, but the Bank declined to grant any, on the ground that it would be vain in a crisis like this to assist one establishment, not being prepared to help other establishments as well. On the morning of Friday intense excitement prevailed in the financial circles at London, Liverpool, and other centers. Business was almost entirely suspended meanwhile, financially, and most serious disasters were hourly announced. The first was the bank of which the stock was held by English Jews, for eight hundred thousand pounds sterling; then that of Petts & Co., for four millions; then W. Shrimpton, railway contractor, for two hundred thousand pounds, and, finally, it was understood that the Imperial Mercantile Association, with a paid up capital of five hundred thousand pounds sterling, and Consolidated Despatch Co., with a

paid up capital of £250,000, must with extremely heavy commitments, pass into liquidation.—During the day, the most intense anxiety was manifested to ascertain if any steps had been taken by leading merchants and bankers to represent to the Government the extent of the crisis, and a false notice on the Stock Exchange that an extra issue by the bank, to the extent of £10,000,000, had been ordered, caused a general rebound in prices. Later in the evening it transpired that the Government had resolved to suspend the Bank Charter act. It was already known that several failures among dealers, will be announced in connection with the approaching half month's settlement on Stock Exchange. A large number of country bankers were in London to confer with London Agents and to provide against all danger from local runs both in London and the country. At Manchester, there was a complete panic. At Glasgow, the iron brokers resolved to suspend business. In Liverpool, there was an increased panic at the commencement on Friday, but less unsteadiness at the close. Taking into account the depreciation that simultaneously occurred in English funds and foreign securities, the diminution of the market value of this property since the beginning of the year, may be estimated to reach £130,000,000, to say nothing of losses on cotton goods and other articles.

The Times says that if anything can justify the suspension of the Bank Charter act, the panic, which swayed the city to and fro on Friday night will excuse it, yet we believe the reign of terror was approaching an end and would have speedily ceased, had no infraction of the bank laws been committed. Then it is probable the license allowed the bank will not be used. It cannot, however, be denied that at about midday yesterday the tumult became a rout. Such excitement on all sides, has not been witnessed since the great crisis of 1845.

The Daily News applauds the wise and prompt action of the Government and says that during Friday the bank had extended its discount until the amount exceeded £4,000,000. The effect was to reduce bank reserves nearly £3,000,000. The prevailing distrust justified Government intervention. The action of the Government was announced in the House of Commons at midnight on Friday by Gladstone, who had been engaged all evening in consultation with bankers and others who represented that the panic was without parallel in the financial history of the country.

FROM VICTORIA.

Victoria, May 25.—The British ship Eastern Chief, 185 days from Liverpool, arrived yesterday with a cargo of general merchandise. The schooner Premier also arrived yesterday, 29 days from Honolulu, with a cargo of sugar, molasses, palm and rum.

The Queen's birthday celebrated, yesterday, with the usual festivities. In the evening a ball was given by the Governor, which was largely attended.

Coughs, colds, pains in the chest, asthma, and all bronchial and throat affections are immediately relieved by the use of Hall's Pulmonary Balm. Sold for only fifty cents. Kellogg, Druggist, of this place, has always a supply on hand.

A movement is on foot among the Presbyterians of the North of Ireland for increasing the stipend of their ministers, and a conference will immediately be held in Belfast on the subject.

Last week Elspet Hay or Mowat, residing near Elgin, gave birth to four children—three boys and a girl. The girl died soon after, but the boys are all alive and doing well.

There died at Invergordon, recently, a woman named Margaret Munro, or Queen, a pauper, at the age of 112 years. She was a native of the parish of Kilmuir.

WRETCHED SLANDER.—A New York paper has the impudence to accuse the New York ladies of wearing false calves to their legs.

Many a sweet-fashioned mouth has been disfigured and made hideous by the fiery tongue within.

NEW STORE J. F. BLUMBERG & CO., PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in GROCERIES

Flour, Provisions, Hardware, Crockery, Lamps, Lamp Oil, Paints, Boiled Oil, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, Stationery, AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of Merchandise. The highest market prices paid for Wool, Hides, Deer skins, Etc.

Mr. BLUMBERG is engaged in the Commission business in San Francisco, and will attend to any orders to purchase merchandise, or will dispose of any articles produced in the Puget Sound country which may be consigned to him, at the lowest rates of commission.

All orders will be attended to promptly at the lowest market prices. G. O. HALLER, J. F. BLUMBERG, Port Townsend, W. T., No. 225, Clay St., San Francisco, Cal.

DR. CHAS. F. BARNARD, Dentist and Surgeon.

Having established himself at Seattle, offers his professional services to those in need of them. Having devoted himself to the practice of Dentistry, in the city of Boston, for the last twenty years, except three years as surgeon in the U. S. Army, and having the most approved dental instruments, he feels confident in his ability to give satisfaction to those wishing his services. He therefore respectfully solicits the patronage of the citizens of Seattle and other localities on the Sound. Office at Kellogg's Drug Store; but when desired will visit parties professionally at their residences. Office hours from 8 to 12, a. m., and from 2 to 5, p. m.

Executors' Notice.

Estate of John Frederic Carr, deceased, Territory of Washington, King Co. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed executors of last will of John Frederic Carr, by the Probate Court of King County, W. T. All persons having claims against said estate, are required to present them, with proper vouchers, within one year from date, or they will be forever barred. Executors DANIEL BAILEY, S. B. HINDS. Seattle, May 21, 1866. 2:1m

SEEDS! SEEDS! GEORGE F. SYLVESTER, IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealer in all the varieties of Vegetable, Flower, Fruit, AND Agricultural SEEDS.

Fresh supplies received by every steamer, which are warranted to be pure and to give entire satisfaction. We would invite the attention of Dairymen, Ranchmen and others to our stock of

White Sugar Beet, Ruta Baga, Mangel-Wurzel, Field Pumpkin, Long Orange Carrot, Mam. Squash, Long White Belgium, Field Peas, etc.

Also to our stock of GRASSES AND CLOVERS. Kentucky Blue Grass, Italian Rye Grass, Creeping Bent Grass, Mixed Lawn Grass, Timothy, Millet, Alfalfa, White and Red Clover,

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS, of every variety, and in fact every article in the seed line worthy of cultivation are kept constantly on hand, and offered for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Packages of seeds weighing not over four pounds, can be forwarded by mail.

Orders by mail or express will receive prompt and faithful attention. Address, GEO. F. SYLVESTER, Seedsman, 317 Washington street, between Battery and Front, San Francisco. [601-3m]

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

Copy of the Report of the Committee of Awards at the Fair of the AMERICAN INSTITUTE, NEW YORK, 1865.

To the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO., for the Best Family Sewing Machine. Highest Premium! Gold Medal!

- REASONS: 1st. Its simplicity and great range of work. 2d. The reversible feed motion. 3d. The perfect finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made. 4th. The rapidity of its working, and the quality of work done. 5th. The self-adjusting tension.

The "Florence" was awarded the First and Highest Premium at the State Fair of California, the only Fair on the Pacific Coast at which any two double thread Sewing Machines were exhibited in competition in 1865.

The Florence received the only premium awarded by the Mechanics' Institute, of San Francisco, in 1864 and 1865, to any Sewing Machine. Sewing Machine Co., Agent. The claim of a competitor to a medal is without any foundation whatever.

Wherever the Florence has been brought in competition with other Sewing Machines, it has always been declared the best. It is the most simple, the most substantial, the most efficient, and its use is easily learned. Every machine sold is guaranteed to the full value of the word.

Send for Circulars and Samples of Work. SAMUEL HILL, General Agent, 111 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal.

Divorce Notice.

Territory of Washington } ss. County of King. In the District Court of the Third Judicial District, holding terms at Seattle. To Walter B. Thayer: You are hereby notified that Eleanor Thayer has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 20th day of April, 1866; and unless you appear at said term and answer the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a decree of divorce from you, and the care and custody of the minor child.

S. GARFIELD, Atty for Plaintiff. Seattle, April 20th, 1866. 6 2m

PINKHAM'S COLUMN.

PINKHAM'S VARIETY STORE

Can be procured at all times and at prices DEFYING COMPETITION. A great variety of

BOOKS, STATIONERY TOYS, PICTURES.

WILLOW WARE, CONCERTINAS, VIOLINS, POCKET CUTLERY, WATCHES JEWELRY, GENUINE MEERSCHAUM PIPES, AND IMITATION PIPES, FINE CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO

Of all Kinds; Genuine

HAVANA CIGARS.

Sheet Music, Gold Pens and Pencils, A Choice variety of Confectionery, Nuts, Dates, Figs, Raisins, Toy China Tea Sets, Vases, Salvers, Checker, Chess

and Backgammon Boards, Paints, (Oil and Water Colors,) Brushes of all descriptions, Playing Cards, Dice, and Dice Boxes, Dominoes, Props, Combs, Call-bells, Sardines,

Oysters, a choice variety of Jams and Jellies; Fancy Soaps of all descriptions; Hair oil, Cologne and Perfumery, Photographic Albums and Portfolios,

PINKHAM has just received from H. H. Bancroft and Co., a set of sample cases, consisting of Foolscap, Legal cap, Commercial Note, Congress Note, Bath Post, and Congress Letter

PAPER. Together with A General Assortment of such Goods as are usually found in a First Class VARIETY STORE.

MILL STREET, (Opposite the Occidental Hotel.) SEATTLE, W. T.

Latest California Papers always on hand. April 5th, 1866. [601-4]

**THE ROSS MURDER.**

San Francisco, May 24.—The eastern line got out of order, early this a. m., but is again working. No report has been received today.

Col. Ross, who was shot by Duane yesterday and reported dead, is still alive but there are no hopes of recovery. The wounds inflicted by Duane are fatal. The community is aroused in the matter, and on every hand, it is denounced as a cold blooded and deliberate murder.

**QUEEN VICTORIA'S BIRTHDAY.**

This being the anniversary of the birth of Queen Victoria, the day is being duly observed by a large number of our British residents. The British Benevolent Society will celebrate the occasion by a public dinner this evening.

**FATAL ACCIDENT.**

This morning at 11 o'clock, John Hoperberge, a native of Switzerland, and seaman on board the schooner Gelman, when near Neign's wharf, was knocked overboard by the main boom. The schooner was immediately brought to. Marine Reporter's boat went to his assistance but before it could get near him, he sunk. The mate was also knocked overboard but saved himself by clinging to the sail.

**GOLD.**

Private dispatches dated New York yesterday, quoted an excited gold market, the price fluctuating between 133 and 140, closing at 137½; sight exchange rose to 110½. The shipment of specie for Europe reached five millions.

**AUCTION OF LADIES.**—It is well known that an auction of unmarried ladies used to take place annually at Babylon. In every district they assembled on a certain day of every year all of the marriageable virgins. The most beautiful was first put up, and the man who bid the largest sum of money, gained possession of her. The second in personal appearance followed, and the bidders gratified themselves with handsome wives according to the depth of their purses. But alas! it seems that there were in Babylon some ladies for whom no money was likely to be offered; yet these were also disposed of, so provident was the Babylonians. When all the beautiful virgins were sold, the crier ordered the most deformed to stand up and after he had openly demanded who would marry her for a small sum, she was at length adjudged to the man who would be satisfied with the least; and in this way the money arising from the sale of the handsome served as a portion to those who were either of disagreeable looks, or that had any imperfection. This custom prevailed about five hundred years before Christ.

**FROM NEAH BAY.**—By a recent arrival we learn that Mr. Webster, Indian Agent, had gone with a company of soldiers to arrest the murderer of Steve, a hunter from Victoria, who was killed about eighteen months ago on Picht River, by Indians. Mr. Webster is endeavoring to bring to justice those Indians who plundered the Persevere some time ago, and is determined to deal with them in such a manner as will deter them from molesting vessels in the future.—Colonist.

**TO KEEP EGGS FROM SPOILING.** Eat them while they are fresh.

**KING COUNTY DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.**

For Joint Councilman—John Collins;  
For Representatives—Frank McLellan and E. R. Stone;  
For Auditor—Chas Egan;  
For Probate Judge—A. B. Baberson;  
For Commissioner—P. C. Hays;  
For School Superintendent—G. P. Bissell.

**King County Democratic Platform.**

First. Resolved, That we affirm, as the end of our political faith and steadfast devotion to the following principles, viz: EQUAL and EXACT JUSTICE to all men, of whatever State, party or sect; the support of State governments in all their rights, and the Federal Government in all its vigor; a jealous care of the elective franchise; the supremacy of the civil over the military authority; opposition to the centralization of power; economy in all public expenditures; the general diffusion of education; the encouragement of morality and the highest civilization; the right of every man to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience; freedom of speech, freedom of the press, and freedom of the person under the habeas corpus.

Second. Resolved, That the action of the majority in Congress, in refusing to admit the representatives of eleven States, is an unwarranted assumption of power upon the part of Congress, revolutionary in its tendency, and dangerous to the liberties of the people; that we do and will sustain President Johnson in his efforts for the complete restoration of all the Constitutional rights of all the States; and we unreservedly approve his veto of the Freedmen's Bureau and Civil Rights bills, and all his Constitutional efforts to prevent the fanatical majority in Congress from changing or destroying our cherished form of government.

Third. Resolved, That we will ever hold in grateful memory those through whose patriotic—not mercenary or partisan services—the dignity of the Republic and the integrity of the Union were preserved; and we denounce as a base insult to the gallant living and heroic dead, the present efforts of the Radicals to convert the nation's victory into a partisan triumph, seeking to make the late war one of conquest instead of suppression of the rebellion—for subjugation instead of restoring the Union—for the negro instead of the white man.

Fourth. Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to stand by the time-honored principles of conservatism, viz: The Constitution and the Union under the Constitution, with the rights of the States unimpaired; and will support and sustain any man who stands upon the platform and adheres to those principles, no matter what may have been his political antecedents.

**H. A. CLUM** of Rochester, N. Y., has invented an instrument called "Aeloscope," which foretells the approach of storms with unerring precision. The storm which proved so disastrous to the Burnside expedition was predicted six days in advance. The great storm of the 1st and 2d of January, 1864, was predicted by this instrument eight days before it made its appearance, and while yet beyond the Rocky mountains. Since the instrument has been set up no storm has occurred that has not been previously foretold. The Aeloscope is a most elaborate piece of workmanship, and is the result of twenty-one years of study on the part of Clum, who has solved a problem that has been for centuries a study among scientific men.

**NEW ATLANTIC CABLE.**—About 160 miles of this cable have now been made, and when all the machinery is at work, it is said the manufacture will proceed at the rate of 100 miles a week. The structure is said to be identical with the last, only the rope will bear a strain of 15 cwt. to a ton more than that of last year, so that it must be heavier, although there is no dark composition soaked into the manilla hemp, which forms the covering of the outer wires. The outward appearance is far different, being of light color instead of dark. The Great Eastern will endeavor first to lay this new cable, and afterwards to raise the old and complete it also.

**Just So.**—An editor, speaking of the complaints of his readers, that he don't publish all the local items they desire to see, justly observes, that it is often their own fault in not sending in the facts. He says he don't like to publish a birth after the child has been weaned, a marriage after the honeymoon is over, or the death of a man after his widow is married again.

**KING COUNTY UNION NOMINATIONS.**

For Joint Councilman—C. J. Noyes;  
For Representatives—J. J. McGilvra and C. Clymer;  
For Probate Judge—Thos Mercer;  
For Supervisor—L. McMillen;  
For Auditor—G. Kellogg;  
For Coroner—Josiah Settle;  
For School Superintendent—E. Carr;  
For Surveyor—E. Richardson.

**King County Union Platform.**

WHEREAS, Believing that the Union of the States comprising our Federal Government has been cemented, and the liberties of our people preserved upon the principles of the Union Party, and by the blood and treasure of the Union men of the nation, therefore

Resolved, That we have abiding confidence in the intelligence and patriotism of the loyal people of the United States, and that, in our opinion, they have the firmness and wisdom requisite to preserve the Union their valor has sustained.

Resolved, That the courage and devotion of those who have borne arms in the cause of LIBERTY and UNION entitles them to our enduring gratitude, and we pledge ourselves not to dishonor them by deserting the principles, or surrendering the results for which they fought and bled.

Resolved, That the doctrine of SECESSION and Secession held by the so called Democratic party, is antagonistic to the perpetuity of the Union, and destructive to the peace, order and prosperity of the American People.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to sustain the National Union organization in its arduous duties in carrying out and maintaining these principles, and to the support of the Candidates nominated by this Convention.

**THE CHILIAN WAR.**—The news of the bombardment of Valparaiso by the Spanish fleet, and the destruction of the property of British and other foreign residents, will be received with a feeling of indignation in nearly every part of the civilized world. The Republic of Chili is the most prosperous, the best governed, and the most enlightened of the South American States. Its people are resolute, enterprising and courageous. In manufactures and the arts it has made progress that has placed it far in advance of its neighbors. It has always encouraged the introduction of European capital and labor; railways and telegraph lines have been constructed with the assistance of the Government; liberal pre-emption laws have been enacted to induce European immigration, and the prejudice which is found to exist in other South American States towards foreigners, is entirely wanting here. Indeed, foreigners have risen to the highest offices beneath that of President, and the Admiral of the Chilian fleet is an Englishman named Williams. Chili extends from Bolivia to Patagonia, a distance of 1200 miles. The climate is healthful. The soil produces wheat and other cereals in great abundance, and it will be remembered that only a year or so ago the importation of flour from Chili alone prevented a bread famine in California. Valparaiso is, or was, a city of 60,000 inhabitants.

**REMARKABLE MODEL.**—In a window on Stockton street (No. 1522) between Green and Union, is to be seen one of the most ingenious models ever exhibited in San Francisco. It is the work of Wm. A. Scollay, wine and liquor merchant, and represents Fortress Monroe surrounded by a lake containing goldfish and other inhabitants of the aquarium. At the border of the lake is a complete model of a four-stamp quartz mill, which is worked during the day by water power, and at night by a small horizontal steam engine; the whole forming an anatomical exhibition more unique than anything to be seen in the city.—*Dramatic Chronicle.*

**INDIAN ROW AT SWINOMISH.**—The Indians stationed at Swinomish, in Washington Territory, have had a disturbance among themselves. The war-whoop was sounded, and about 150 Indians flew to arms. One of their number was shot.—*Colonist.*

The gentle tendrils of a man's heart sometimes twine around a proud and sinful heart, like roses and honeysuckles around a lightning rod—clinging to what brings down upon them the blasting thunderbolt.

**FOUR.**—At the "Young Men's Ball," in Washington, Grant, Meade, Sherman and Thomas danced in one of the sets.

**Clippings.**

**FAST.**—While George IV was Prince of Wales, his income was fifty thousand pounds per annum, yet at the age of thirty-two his debts amounted to three and a half millions of dollars. All spent in debauchery, and licentiousness. At that time too the people of England were laboring under a heavy load of debt, and many of the poor were suffering for food.

**A POISONOUS ROBE.**—The German papers state that Professor Maschka, of Prague, received, a few days ago, a green robe which had been worn at one of the last balls at the Court of Vienna, and the chemical analysis which he made, along with Dr. Lerch's, showed that two ounces of arsenic were present in that piece of stuff, the length of which was 28 metres (31½ yards).

**THE TELEGRAPH LINE** was in fine working order last evening, and the operator was receiving messages direct from San Francisco to the south, and from San Francisco to the north. Either from a superior description of wire, or from the alkali country through which a considerable portion of it passes, the Collins line works to perfection.—*Colonist.*

"See here, my friend, you are drunk."

"Drunk, to be sure I am and have been for the last three years. You see my brother and I are on the temperance mission. He lectures, while I set a frightful example."

A young and beautiful, but bashful, female lately appeared before a magistrate in Pittsburg and complained that her husband had been taking liberties with her. She was married the morning previous. The magistrate informed her that he had no jurisdiction in the case, and advised her to go home to her ma.

**"COLLIDE."**—Josh Billings says: "I could never find the meaning of the word 'collide' either in Worcester or Webster. But, riding the other day on the New York Central Railroad, I saw it all. It is the attempt of two trains to pass each other on a single track. If I remember correctly, it was a signal failure."

A force of six hundred Chinamen, all in one band, marching in double file, passed through the town of Dutch Flat a few days ago, to commence work on the Central Pacific Railroad. The Chinese force on the road now exceeds three thousand.

**INNOUOUS.**—The latest product of Yankee ingenuity is the self-wringing mop. By the use of it house-cleaning becomes a fine art. It is neat, durable, labor-saving, and there is no longer need of scalding the hands in water, or getting on the knees to do the scrubbing out.

Fear is implanted in us as a preservative from evil; but its duty, like the other passions, is not to overbear reason, but to assist it; nor should it be suffered to tyrannize in the imagination, to raise phantoms of horror, or beset life with superannumerary distresses.

A man named John Jones, living in Atlanta, Georgia, sent to the Wyandotte (Kansas) Gazette, the small sum of fifty thousand dollars in Confederate money, and asked the editor to send him the paper for one month!

"Go it, old fellow," said two idle scapegraces to an honest laborer at work—"work away while we play—sow and we'll reap." "Very likely, my lads," replied the old man, "I'm sowing hemp."

M. About, in a recent publication, says of an avaricious man, that it had been proved that, after having kindled a fire, he stuck a cork in the end of the bellows, to save the little wind that was left in them.

"Mr. Somerset, why don't you get married?" "Because I am too modest to ask any young lady to turn a Somerset."

**HORSEFLESH EATING IN PRUSSIA.**

A letter from Berlin says: "Considering the enormous rise in the price of meat which the rinderpest will probably occasion within a very few months, it may be interesting to your readers to hear of the great success that has attended the introduction of horseflesh in Berlin as an article of human food. In 1860 the number of horses slaughtered for this purpose was 618; in 1861 it was 700, but in 1864 it had increased to 1742, and in 1865 to 2241. The meat is perfectly wholesome, and very tolerably palatable, resembling rather coarse beef. Dinners have been given by a society interested in its introduction, at which horseflesh alone was produced, though prepared in different ways. Old cab-horses, wall-eyed and broken-kneed, are found to be delicious eating when treated by a really artistic hand."

**THINGS LOST FOREVER.**—Wealth lost may be regained by industry; the wreck of health restored by temperance, forgotten knowledge may again be ours by study; alienated friendship soothed into forgetfulness, and even forsighted reputation redeemed by a life of patience and virtue. But who ever again looked upon his vanished hours?—recalled his wasted years?—stamped them with wisdom or effaced from Heaven's record the fearful blot of wasted time?

A Quaker, giving his evidence before a magistrate who had been a carpenter, was asked why he would not take off his hat. "It is a privilege," said he, "that we, as Quakers, are allowed." "If I had it in my power I would have your hat nailed to your head," said the angry magistrate. "I thought," returned Obadiah, "thou hadst given over the trade of driving nails."

The Confederate settlement in Mexico is about ten miles from Cordova, and has been named Charlotte, after the Empress of Mexico. Here, in a beautiful spot, surrounded by rich fruits, and on good ground, about one hundred of those who were recently engaged in the southern rebellion, have fixed themselves, as they declare, for life.

The Boston Post retorts upon some "smart" fellow in the following manner: "The person who sent us a copy of the Post with *Jactans* written upon the margin, is requested to inform us at what stable he can be found."

Some cool headed philosopher says if nature designed man to be a drunkard, he would have been constructed like a churn, so that the more he drank the firmer he would stand.

A YOUNG ITEM.—Brigham Young, it is said, has one hundred and eighty-nine wives, the oldest being but forty-nine and the youngest but fourteen. He has buried twenty-eight wives.

An Eastern paper says the Fenians are so much amused at the row they have kicked up on both sides of the water, that the other day they laughed till they split.

The inebriate who got entirely "oblivious" at the election, said it was all owing to his disinterested and patriotic efforts to put down party spirit.

"Now, then, Joseph, parse courting."

"Courtin'" is an irregular active transitive verb, indicative mood, and so on, and agrees with all the girls in town."

A bachelor seeing the words "Families Supplied," over the door of a shop, stepped in and said he would take a wife and two children.

The dame who was accused of breaking a young man's heart, has been bound over in the bonds of matrimony to keep the piece.

A woman is said to be a mere delusion, but it is sometimes pleasant to hug delusions. The Fenian bonds are being extensively counteracted. No arrests have been made.

The most popular vessel to sail in among the ladies is a "courtship."

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, May 23, 1866.

OUR AGENTS.

L. P. Fisher, - - - San Francisco.  
M. W. Walt, - - - - - Victoria.  
R. G. Head, - - - - - Portland.  
A. S. Pinkham, - - - - - Seattle.  
J. H. Manson, - - - - - Olympia.  
T. A. Light, - - - - - Stellacoom City.  
James Stevey, - - - - - Port Townsend.  
W. H. Llewellyn, - - - - - Teekalet.  
S. F. Coombs, - - - - - Port Madison.  
W. B. Sinclair, - - - - - Snohomish City.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

TUESDAY, May 22.

OUR BROWN, who got a complimentary ticket to the Magical Entertainment last night, says it was an outrage that a "discriminating public" did not turn out, so that the performance could have gone forward. The "ring trick" (the only trick performed on account of the small attendance) was well done, Brown says, and if the performance is all as good as that, he is in favor of it. The entertainment will be given to-night. We hope the public will be on hand, because we've got a complimentary ticket and we want to see "the show."

Major Stratman, newsdealer of San Francisco, again sends us a large bundle of pictorials, magazines, etc., etc. The Major is certainly worthy of patronage, and we hope that generosity will meet with its reward.

DEDICATED.—The ceremony of dedication of the new Methodist Church took place on Sunday last.

WEDNESDAY, May 23.

HON. A. S. MERCER will address the citizens of Seattle and vicinity, at Yesler's Hall, this evening, for the purpose of refuting the numerous stories that have been circulated, in the public prints and otherwise, in regard to himself, in connection with his immigration enterprise. Turn out, every body, and hear the other side of the question.

At a meeting of the citizens of Seattle last evening at Yesler's Hall, Rev. Daniel Bagley was called to the chair, who briefly stated the object of the meeting, which was to hear an address by Mr. A. S. Mercer in regard to his experience while in the East conducting the famous immigration enterprise. Mr. Mercer then addressed the audience, to which address marked attention was paid, the speaker being frequently applauded. The audience was composed, in part, of the fair immigrants who had so recently arrived, and it is a fact, that has no little weight in the vindication of Mr. Mercer's reputation against the assaults that have been made upon it, that those immigrants place the utmost confidence in him. At the close the chairman made a few very appropriate remarks, after which the meeting adjourned, apparently with the best of good will towards Mr. Mercer and all concerned.

ARRIVED.—The barque Vidette, Capt. Merritt, arrived at Port Ludlow on Tuesday last. The barque Scotland, Capt. Nickel, arrived at this port yesterday

evening. The following is the list of passengers, being a part of the Mercer immigrants, that arrived in the above vessels from San Francisco: Dr. Barnard and wife, Mr. Spalding and wife, Mrs. Lord, Mrs. Grinnall, Messrs. T. Read, J. J. Tingley, and Giffard, Master Lord, and Misses Lord, Stevens, Smith, Conner, Stewart, C. Bacon, H. Bacon, two daughters of Mrs. Grinnall and Miss E. Kinney. The J. B. Libby brought over the Vidette's passengers from Port Ludlow.

THE SNOQUALMIE EXPEDITION.—A telegram to Hon. John Denny of Seattle from Mr. Farnsworth of Vancouver, announces that the latter will leave on June 5th, and proceed to explore the Snoqualmie and Natches passes immediately. Those who desire to accompany him (and some of our fellow citizens ought to do so by all means) should hold themselves in readiness to leave immediately upon his arrival.

BEAUTIES OF THE LAW.

The Wisconsin Legislature had formally considered a proposition to abolish all laws for the collection of debts. The mover of the bill, Mr. Ellmore, is a great wag, as evinced by the following extract from his speech on the subject:

The speaker proceeded to review the present system of collecting debts. It was all a humbug and a cheat, a matter of technicalities and legal shuffling. Lawyers gave advice in order to obtain fees and encourage litigation. Judges made blunders and mistakes. He had a little experience in law and that was rich. [Laughter.] He would give a history of it. The speaker then related how he had purchased a yoke of oxen about fifteen years ago—paid thirty dollars for them—a few days after the son of the man of whom he had bought the oxen came to him and said the oxen were his. He insisted on having the pay over again, and commenced a suit before the justice. The jury didn't agree. Finally, through the base wood justice of the peace, the case went against him. He appealed it to the Circuit Court at Milwaukee. There I lost again, and said to my lawyer: I will give you ten dollars to quote Pennsylvania law to Judge Miller, and get a new trial ordered. [Great laughter.] He took the ten dollars and performed his duty. A new trial was then granted, and the venue changed to Walworth county. Judge Irvin was then the Judge. Any man who wanted to gain a cause in his Court, had either to go hunting with him and let the Judge claim all the game that was shot, or pat his dog. I patted his dog. [Laughter.] I fed that dog. [Renewed laughter.] The case was decided in my favor. When I heard the decision I thought the dog had followed me about long enough. I turned round and gave him a kick. [Laughter.] The yelp of that dog had hardly subsided ere I heard the Judge say: "Mr. Clerk, this judgment is set aside and a new trial granted." [Great laughter.] Mr. Speaker, that kick cost me \$200! [Convulsive laughter.] You have no doubt seen a suit in a justice's court in the country? There is spent by jurors and hangings on, besides other costs, at least fifty dollars, besides the ill feelings and dissensions caused by it. It is all a cheat. The litigants had better sit down and play a game of old sledge to decide the case. It would be more sure to settle the case justly.

Dipo fell in love with Euca, but he gave her the cut direct.—And he has his imitators. Men have been cutting didoes ever since.

TELEGRAPHIC.

ITALY AND AUSTRIA.

New York, May 17.—The Tribune's Florence correspondent, under date of April 30, opens his letter thus: "Within a fortnight we shall be involved in war. The abandoned fortress of Cremona is being hastily fortified, the fleet concentrated, and all the soldiers on furlough recalled, even the reserve of the classes of 1864-5-6. All the official papers fire the Italian heart. Gens. Lamarora, Hattings, and Pettl are assembled in military council. Everybody prepares for war; still they try to shift the responsibility upon Austrian armaments. The fact is, Napoleon's great wire-puller, who first pushed Bismack, now pushes Lamarora, so that Austria can't avoid war."

ENGLAND.

New York, May 17.—The following was received by the Jura: In the House of Commons on the 3d of May, Mr. Gladstone read the annual financial statement for the ensuing year, estimating expenditures £66,225,000, and revenue at £47,575,000, leaving a surplus of £1,350,000.

Mr. Gladstone, referring to the American debt, said that he must confess that he thought the future of America, as far as finance was concerned, would not be attended with any embarrassment. He did not believe the debt would constitute any difficulty for the American people. In moderate time the debt would be brought in small limits—possibly even within the time of persons now living be liquidated, although, at that moment, America had fair taxation. The amount of revenue, he apprehended, would not be less than £80,000,000 British money, the largest sum ever raised for purposes of Central Government.

AUSTRIA.

The Venice correspondent of the Paris Patrie says that Austria is placing herself in a state of complete defence. Troops are arriving from all points, without neglecting Peschiera and Legnara. The military authorities are stirring—more especially at Verona and Mantua. The artillery of Verona consists of more than 500 cannon in battery, besides the guns at all the main points between Verona and Mantua. The Austrians have erected redoubts and intrenchments, which will be strongly filled. Quadrilateral is therefore an immense intrenchment camp, where all the advantage will be on the side of the defence.

Napoleon has made an exposition of the position of France toward Italy and the contending German powers. The Corps Legislatif of France, through their Minister, M. Rouher, states in terse terms its decision declaring in favor of a pacific policy, honest neutrality, entire freedom of action for the empire. Italy, the Emperor says, is free to choose her own course, but like Austria, must take on herself alone all the risks of war.

PACIFIC RAILROAD MATTERS.

Chicago, May 19.—Fremont's associates in the purchase of the south-west Pacific Railroad, Missouri, were Levi Parsons, Thos. A. Scott, and Jas. P. Robinson.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.

Montreal, May 18.—The steamer Lincoln, on her trial trip yesterday afternoon, exploded her boiler two miles below this place. Sixty lives lost; several persons injured.

GRAND FENIAN DEMONSTRATION.

San Francisco, May 20.—Sixteen thousand persons were present at the grand Fenian demonstration at San Mateo to-day.—Col. Walsh addressed the assembly, and was received with great enthusiasm. Head Centre, J. Halim, was present. Large delegations from Santa Clara and San Mateo are in favor of sustaining Roberts and Sweeney, hoping that Stevens will unite with them. The gathering is the largest ever held in California. To the present hour, every thing has passed off quietly, and nothing has passed to mar the festivity of the day.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

The ship Elizabeth Kemball, 77 days from New Castle, arrived. The Kadish was to sail immediately from Sidney for this port.—The ship Sutland had arrived from Liverpool with 558 British Government emigrants. During the passage, there were 77 deaths, and most of the remaining passengers were lying ill at Melbourne. Wheat was selling at 8 shillings, market firmer. New rich discoveries, 50 miles west of Cleveland bay. Shocks of an earthquake have been experienced in New Zealand. Wilson's circus had arrived at Sydney. This fact sets at rights all rumors respecting the safety of Wilson and his company.

SHIPPING.

The Western Union Telegraph Co.'s light draught, stern wheel, steamers Wade and Wilder, recently built in this city for the use of the telegraph builders in constructing the Russian telegraph line, made trial trips, yesterday evening, and proved themselves successful.

Arrived—ship Prima Donna, from New York; Barque Rival, 12 days from Port Discovery.

Sailed—Barque Ranier for Puget Sound; Caroline Read for Puget Sound.

Weather cloudy and cold.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

Washington, May 18.—It is reported that a short diplomatic note recently passed between Seward and the French Minister in regard to the French and Austrian troops lately landed at Vera Cruz. Seward insists that no more French troops must be sent into Mexico even to take the place of those killed, disabled or whose term of service has expired. The French Minister says that the landing of these reinforcements will not delay the evacuation as heretofore specified.

FREMONT AND THE PACIFIC R. R.

Chicago, May 18.—Fremont has purchased the south-west branch of the Pacific Railroad, from St. Louis to Rolla, with the right of way to Springfield, paying the State of Missouri \$1,300,000. \$4,000,000 will be required to complete the road to Springfield.

THE FENIANS.

New York, May 17.—Fenian Stevens, who prefers the title of Chief Organizer to that of Head Centre, raised some \$3,000 by the

Jones' wood demonstration. He will shortly start for the principal cities on a financial errand. He refuses to publish the result of the investigations into the affairs of the treasurer of the Fenian Senate. Roberts ignores Steven's authority altogether and is mustering for military demonstrations.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, May 19.—The Golden City sailed this morning for Panama carrying 525 passengers.

Judge Pix in the Police Court, decided this morning that the street railroad companies must take greenbacks for tickets. The decision gives universal satisfaction to the public.

GOLD.

Gold dropped to 128; sterling remains firm but quiet at 109½.

SHIPPING.

Arrived—Barque Rival, 12 days from Port Discovery.

Sailed—Ship Caroline Read, for Puget Sound; barque Ranier for Puget Sound. The Orizaba left for Portland at 4 o'clock, and the Montana left at 4:30 for the same destination.

LOWER CALIFORNIA.

New York, May 19.—A communication in the Tribune, concerning the purchase of Lower California by an American company, says: The Grant of Lower California, with its harbors, mines and fisheries, which was recently acquired by the Company, was made by the Republican Government of Mexico on the 8th of March, 1861, before the advent of Maximilian, and when Juarez was in full power. This Grant remained unexecuted until April last, when the Company paid the money to Minister Romero. The Grant has been carefully examined by Hons. R. J. Walker and Caleb Cushing, both of whom have pronounced it regularly made, full in power, and altogether valid.

Washington, May 19.—As the contract for the colonization of Lower California seems to be misunderstood, it may be interesting to state, from official data, that Jacob P. Leese, with the endorsement of the local authorities, made a contract with the Mexican Government for the colonization of parts of Lower California. He was to receive land at tariff prices and advance certain sums of money, as the amount which it was agreed on should be paid. The was paid to Romero, the Mexican Agent; therefore he has sold some vacant lands, but not the sovereignty of the country. The provisions of the contract are, besides, very advantageous to Mexico.

SANTA ANNA.

New York, May 19.—Vera Cruz dates of the 8th announce the arrival of the notorious guerrilla Quantrell, who had gone to the City of Mexico.

The Common Council of Elizabeth, N. J., have tendered Santa Anna their respects and the hospitality of the city. Next week Santa Anna will remove to New York.

THE DOUGLASS MONUMENT.

Chicago, May 21.—The corner stone of the Douglass monument in this city, is to be laid on the 25th of June with public ceremonies and an address by Governor Oglesby.

Clippings.

**PERU.**  
New York, May 20.—The Secretary of Foreign Affairs of Peru publishes a circular claiming that Peruvian right and justice is but defending herself against Spanish aggression.

The steamer Arizona with San Francisco dates to the 30th, has arrived.

**RELIGIOUS.**  
New Orleans, May 19.—The Episcopal Convention elected Mr. Walder of Virginia, Bishop of the Diocese of Louisiana.

**THE RUSS HOUSE ROBBERS.**  
San Francisco, May 21.—Mills and O'Grady, the Russ House robbers, were sentenced this morning to seven years each in the penitentiary.

The steamer California arrived this morning.

**CHINA.**  
By the arrival of the Carl Ludwig, we have Hong Kong dates to March 15th.

Sir Richard Graves McDonnell, the new English Governor of Hong Kong, was inaugurated on the 11th day of March, with great ceremony.

The gun-boat Aspervine has been distinguishing herself by making extensive captures of Chinese pirates, having taken sixteen besides a village.

The Nieng Fie excitement is steadily declining although the insurgents have slaughtered a number of soldiers and the Imperialist General after deceiving them into an ambushade.

**EUROPEAN IMMIGRATION.**  
A telegram dated New York, May 19th, says the shipment of gold this week reaches nine millions, chiefly supplied by Government at 130.

New York, May 19.—During 3 months, ending April 30th, 48,722 immigrants arrived, and since that date 17,901. From this time forward, the heaviest immigration for the year may be looked for. The total is already estimated at three millions.

**SANTA ANNA DENOUNCED.**  
The Mexican club in this city, passed a series of resolutions, denouncing Santa Anna as an enemy to liberty and entirely unworthy of the sympathy and confidence of the friends of the Liberal cause. The club charges him with being an accomplice of Napoleon and Maximilian.

**JEFF DAVIS.**  
The Times' Fortress Monroe correspondent expresses surprise at the late reports in regard to Jeff Davis' health failing, and says his condition is as good as ever, and that he is being treated kindly, even luxuriously.

**SAILING.**  
Barque W. A. Banks for Puget Sound.

**THE SPANIARDS DEFEATED AT CALLAO.—SPANISH ADMIRAL WOUNDED.**

San Francisco, May 22.—A private despatch from New York states that on the 31 day of May the Spanish fleet attacked Callao, Peru, and were defeated, the Admiral, himself, being wounded.—No further particulars are given.

**THE CHOLERA.**  
Dispatches from New York of the 21st, state that no case of cholera has occurred in the city.

**ANOTHER EXPLOSION.**  
The Harbor gas leading into Bruce's printing office in New York, on Commercial street, this morning, led to an investigation with lighted paper, resulting in an explosion, injuring Bruce and destroying the plastering and floor of the building. Nothing serious occurred although the loud report created much excitement.

**W. U. TELEGRAPH EXPEDITION.**  
The ship Palmetto of the Western Union Telegraph expedition to Russia, will sail this week and the whole fleet expects to be under way by the 14th of June.—The Russian Commissioner will join the fleet by the next steamer from New York.

**CALIFORNIA MARKET.**  
No eastern news to-day.  
Candles—Sales of 500 Mayer's extra prime at 22½c; 300 from store at 20c.

**IT RAINS.**  
It commenced raining last evening at dark and continued until 11 o'clock to-day.

**PARTICULARS OF THE BOMBARDMENT OF CALLAO.**

New York, May 21.—The Panama Star and Herald Extra of May 13th, has the following: The United States Flag ship Vanderbilt, the Monitor and Monadnock arrived in the harbor at Panama on the evening of the 12th, having left Callao on the 3d. From these vessels, we have news of the bombardment of Callao and the result.

The action commenced at noon from the shore batteries, the fire being returned by the Ville de Madrid and Bianca, on the north side of the harbor, and the Numancia, Resolution and Allamanza on the southern side. The Ville de Madrid and Brenjala were badly damaged early in the fight and were obliged to withdraw to San Lorenzo, afterwards followed by the Numancia and the rest of the fleet, all more or less damaged. The Spanish Admiral is said to have been badly wounded during the fight. Senor Galvest, the Peruvian Secretary of War, was killed by an explosion in a battery. The fight lasted till 4 p. m., when it terminated by the withdrawal of the Spanish fleet. Little damage was done to Callao, only a few hundred dollars' worth of property being reported destroyed. Ten Peruvians were killed or wounded. Nothing reliable has been heard in regard to the loss of the Spanish, but it is supposed to have been heavy. It is not known whether the Spaniards will resume the attack, but it is supposed that they will not at present. The Spanish defeat created great enthusiasm at Panama.

**FROM VALPARAISO.**  
Advices from Valparaiso of the 18th of April, report the Spanish blockade raised and that the Chilean Government have in force the import and export duties, that existed before the blockade. The markets are dull.

**LABOUCHERE DISASTER.—CAPT. MOUNT CENSURED.**

Victoria, May 23.—The report of the special commission, on the matter of the loss of the steamship Labouchere, is published. The commission unanimously censure Capt. Mount for not testing his compasses by swinging his vessel before leaving San Francisco Bay. They also censure him for not running nearer to the shore after striking, and also for saving private property and suffering the royal mails to go to the bottom.

Weather pleasant.

**ARMY JOKE.**—The following good one at the expense of Gen. J. B. Magruder, is told by the Natchez Democrat: While retreating from the Peninsula in 1862, the General and his staff stopped at the house of a widow lady on the road and engaged dinner. In a few moments Jim Phelps, a Louisiana soldier, accosted the lady with:

"Madam, can I get dinner?"  
"Yes, sir," was the reply, "but as I am preparing dinner for Gen. Magruder and staff, and have not room at my table for any more, you will have to wait for a second table."

"Very well, madam, thank you," said Phelps, taking his seat in a position to command a view of the dining room. Watching the movements of the servants, Phelps waited until the feast was on the table, and while the hostess proceeded to the parlor to announce dinner to the General and staff, Phelps entered the dining room, and seating himself at the table, waited further developments. Upon the entrance of the party of officers there was found to be seats for all but one, and one politely returned to the parlor to wait.

The General took a seat next to Phelps, and after the first course was finished, turning to Phelps, he inquired:

"Sir, have you any idea with whom you are dining?"  
"No, sir," coolly replied Phelps, "I used to be particular, but since I turned soldier I don't care a fig who I eat with, so long as the victuals are clean."

**A LIZARD IN A WOMAN'S STOMACH FOUR YEARS.**—A young woman by the name of Sherwood, belonging to St. George, New Brunswick, who lived as a domestic with St. Pool, of Calais, about a year ago complained of a living creature being in her stomach, and applied to several physicians to relieve her of it, but to no effect. At length it grew so troublesome, and had such a debilitating effect upon her, that she gave up her place and went home to die, as she fully expected; for to live in such a state she felt and knew was an impossibility. After she got home Dr. Rouse was called, and after hearing her story, left a powerful emetic with directions how and when to take it. She took the medicine as directed, and the result was that a lizard, about six inches in length, was ejected from her stomach. When it fell into the bowl, it is said, it fairly bit at the sides of it, and jumped out and ran along the floor till it was killed by one of the persons in attendance. It had been in her stomach about four years.—*Calais (Me.) Advertiser.*

**ENVY.**—Envy is strongly characteristic of littleness of mind; a truly noble and generous man feels no enmity towards a successful rival. It is related of an Arabian king, that when his architect had finished for him a structure of surpassing magnificence and beauty, he ordered him to be thrown from its highest tower, for fear that he might build a palace of equal or superior beauty for some rival king.

"There's a difference in time, you know, between this country and Europe," said a gentleman on the wharf to a newly arrived Irishman. "For instance, your friends at Cork are in bed and asleep by this time, while we are enjoying ourselves in the early evening." "That's always the way," exclaimed Pat, "Ireland never got justice yet."

**LOST AN ELEPHANT.**—One of the leading business houses of San Francisco has upon its hands an elephant in the shape of thirty cases of nitroglycerin. The Bulletin thus refers to the action of the owner: He first stored it at the Potrero, near the powder-house, where he supposed it would be out of harm's way, and where no danger could arise from its presence. But Chief Burke notified him of his intention to pitch it into the bay, when he was compelled to obtain a temporary injunction to save his blasting oil. He then hired a small sloop of some Chinamen, into which he loaded the dangerous oil, and anchored the vessel and cargo some distance from the shore. But the Chinamen are to-day urgent for its possession. The owners have now determined to store it on Goat Island, on a portion that is unfrequented and uninhabited, to which proposition the owners and occupants of the Island have assented. So that it is now probable that it will be stowed in such a position that no damage can result from its explosion, even if it should suddenly blow up. Still he cannot ship it, for probably no vessel will take it on board after the recent terrible accidents, and it is difficult to see what can be done with the explosive stuffs. At all events, it is out of the city and away from human habitations, and that is a great comfort.

**PLEASANT.**—A San Francisco paper gives the following very pleasant picture of affairs in that city. With its breezes, its earthquakes, and such times as are here pictured, it must be a delightful place to be in: "The old times are come again. Citizens are knocked down and robbed upon a crowded highway; men are chloroformed at street corners, with hundreds within speaking distance; human beings are dumped from wharves; early risers are waylaid; vehicles on public streets are made to 'stand,' and their occupants to 'deliver,' all under the very nose of the police. One day our dailies teem with eulogistic articles for our detectives, and great praise of this quiet and well governed city; the next issue they declare it to be the 'worst governed place' on the globe, where life is insecure from the assassin, and property helpless against the robber. Verily, 'the old times are come!'"

**CHINESE NEWSPAPER.**—The first number of the Chinese newspaper, published in London, by Professor Summers, under the title of the Flying Dragon, contains some general remarks upon the advantages to be derived from newspapers, a summary of European news, including Lord Palmerston's death, the loss of the London, the death of King Leopold, and the close of the civil war in America; next, a dissertation upon railways, their usefulness, economy, and other advantages, and, lastly, some information which must have puzzled the worthy professor to put into Chinese, viz: advertisements of English products and business; patent cartridges, steam ploughs, matches, Colt's revolvers, &c. The second number contains a map of Europe.

**A WONDERFUL TRAVELER.**—Mr. Christian, Fred. Schaeffer, the great traveler, has spent the last thirteen years in traveling, mostly on foot, over Europe, Asia, and Africa, and is now en route for the Pacific coast, via Salt Lake. It is his intention to gather as much information as possible with regard to the Mormons. This apparently feeble man, now about thirty years of age, and a cripple has traveled more than 65,000 miles. His book containing his passports has in it specimens of fifteen different languages, written in the countries he has visited by various officials. He has been assisted to prosecute his undertaking by many influential persons in Europe and in the United States, and in America he has generally received free tickets on the railroads.

**INTERESTED.**—A newspaper editor says he felt called upon to publish a sermon on the "Locality of Hell," as it was a question which nearly all of his readers were deeply interested.

**THE STEAM SUBSIDY.**—Mr. Wallace informs us that he has made arrangement with the California Steam Navigation Company's steamers to run to this port under the steam subsidy arrangement of \$1500 per trip. The steamship Sierra Nevada will be the next steamship to leave for Victoria, and the Active will follow. Should inducements offer, the company will run four steamers per month. The boats, with the exception of the Sierra Nevada, which draws too much water, under the new arrangement will go to New Westminster. The arrangement is not the most favorable that could be wished; but it is the best that could be made under the circumstances.—*Chronicle.*

**ROMANTIC.**—A Norwalk paper states that a young lady of that city died suddenly. Some persons went to dig her up for the surgeons, but the cold air awoke her from a cataleptic fit, in which she was buried. The resurrectionists, thinking it a ghost they had got possession of, fled in dismay, and the lady walked home; but her parents, being as superstitious as the resurrectionists, refused to admit her. She then went to the house of the young man to whom she was engaged, who took her in and the following day married her.

The people of Owyhee propose to wage a war of extermination against the bands of Indians that have so long infested that country. They have organized a company to go out and fight the Indians, and they have further agreed upon a regular scale of bounties to be paid for scalps: Bucks, \$100; squaws, \$50; children, \$25. At Boise City meetings had been held for the purpose of organizing a company of Indian fighters; more than seventy names were enrolled. A large sum of money had been subscribed for the purpose of fitting out the volunteers, and everything went to show that the war against the Indians was to be prosecuted to the bitter end.

**HE HAD HIM.**—Think of it! A friend, the other day, related an anecdote of an Irish peddler who stopped at a country tavern in Pennsylvania, and shared his bed with a magistrate. After some little conversation the squire remarked that his companion might live a long time in Ireland before having the honor of sleeping in the same bed with a magistrate; to which the peddler replied: "And faith, you'd be there a long time before the like of you could be magistrate." The squire concluded it was time to go to sleep.

A gold cross and chain have been dug up at Clare Castle, Suffolk, England, supposed to be the one presented originally to Tewkesbury Abbey in 1285, and alleged to contain portions of the flesh blood, bones, and hairs of certain saints, a part of the beam to which our Lord's cross was fastened, and a piece of stone from Mount Calvary.

We learn by a letter from Idaho City, dated the 9th instant, that there will be a great rush from that district to Blackfoot this season. It was thought this would be a benefit to those remaining, as the mines there have been heretofore too much crowded. The miners in Idaho were just beginning to work—the winter breaking up nearly a month earlier than last year.—*Exchange.*

Hon. B. F. Fongra has completed his report of the survey of the Oregon Central Military Road from Eugene City to Owyhee. Little has been known of that part of the State. The survey and the road to follow will open a large tract of pastoral country for settlement.

Gail Hamilton says one can be a daughter, sister, friend, without impeachment of one's respectability; but it's a dreadful endeavor for a man to marry him.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, May 28, 1866.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

FRIDAY, May 25.

JOHN McDONALD has completed his new building one door east of Pinkham's Variety Store, and moved his Boot and Shoe Shop thereto, where he is always ready to make or mend boots or shoes upon short notice.

We notice that Welch & Greenfield of the Seattle Clothing Store are on the way, are making some decidedly splendid improvements.

SAILED.—The steamer Eliza Anderson sailed from Victoria at 5 o'clock this morning.

ARRIVED.—The United States Revenue Cutter Lincoln arrived at this port from Olympia last night.

SATURDAY, MAY 26.

ARREST OF INDIAN DESPERADOES.—The steamer Cyrus Walker, of Port Gamble, touched at this place to-day on her way to Steilacoom, having on board several Indians, who are charged with the murder of white men in the neighborhood of Neah bay.

Lieut. A. C. Kistler with a detachment of soldiers was sent from Fort Steilacoom not long since to arrest those Indians, the Cyrus Walker being engaged for that purpose. But in order to reach the hiding place of the Indians, it was found necessary to go around Cape Flattery, and Capt. Gove, not wishing to endanger his vessel by going outside, returned.

Lieut. Kistler, however, was determined not to give it up so. He procured a number of canoes and embarked his party in them, and, coasting around Cape Flattery, in a secluded cove, he discovered and pitched into them, destroying their camp and taking several prisoners.

Capt. Gove, being informed of the fact, immediately proceeded to Neah bay and took the Lieutenant and his party on board, together with the prisoners, and proceeded with them to Fort Steilacoom.

THIEVES.—We learn that the Puget Mill Company, during the past few months, have missed from time to time various implements used about a mill and which are very convenient about a logging camp. Suspicion being directed to certain loggers in the vicinity, a party, having taken into custody two of the suspected parties, proceeded from Port Gamble to make search where they thought it likely that the missing property was concealed, and succeeded in recovering a good deal of it.

In the mean time the suspected parties suddenly came to the conclusion that that climate was not exactly wholesome for them and succeeded in making themselves scarce. An attempt is being made to arrest them with some hope of success.

THANKS.—Our thanks are due to Mr. R. G. Head, our agent at Portland, for favors.

The barque Scotland sailed for Port Orchard yesterday. She carries 82,600 barrel hoops, shipped by Horton and Bagley for the San Francisco market. She will complete her cargo at Port Orchard and proceed to San Francisco.

Two chivalrous individuals got into a dispute, last night, and proceeded to settle it by a knock-down. Whether a satisfactory adjustment of their difficulties was effected or not, we are entirely unable to state.

SAILED.—The Revenue Cutter Lincoln sailed for Port Angeles this morning.

THANKS to Mr. Mort Lewis of the steamer Lizzie Hinds for favors.

The PUGET SOUND DAILY announces that the PUGET SOUND SEMI-WEEKLY will hereafter be the PUGET SOUND WEEKLY. Every day since the announcement the WEEKLY, or SEMI-WEEKLY—whichever it is—has been in use as the DAILY. Daily, Semi-Weekly, or Weekly? The paper itself furnishes no solution to the puzzle. It is a good deal like Artemus Ward's "Jeff Davis, she" and "Jeff Davis, he"—the thing is somewhat mixed.—Oregonian.

The PUGET SOUND DAILY issues every day—of course. The PUGET SOUND WEEKLY issues every week, also, of course.

The Seattle DAILY has been turned into a weekly issue.—Chronicle.

We know nothing about the Seattle Daily, but we know very well that the PUGET SOUND DAILY has not been turned into a weekly issue.

From the Avalanche we copy the following, which prove the Owyhee country the richest in the world: Three different assays of the Minnesota resulted as follows: No. 1, by smelting process, went \$8,262 42 in gold and \$816 07 in silver—\$9,078 49 per ton; No. 2, \$3,063 91 in gold, \$518 08 in silver—\$3,581 per ton; No. 3, in gold, \$478 89, in silver, \$189 54—\$1,068 43 per ton. There is a shaft down on this ledge 60 feet, and drifts progressing each way on the ledge. Six pounds of average rock from the Metropolis yielded 515 16 oz.—or \$669 70, silver. Average rock from the Twilight yielded \$811 85 in silver. Ten tons from the Silver Legion yielded \$1,100—a large mill will be erected on this ledge in the spring. These ledges are all being worked, and Owyhee will ship millions of bullion the coming year. The Morning Star claim cleaned up during the present week, \$17,000 in bullion. It was the result of short 11 days run.

The white boy who escaped from the Sibux Indians a few months ago, and found his way to the camp of Col. King, and was taken by him to Jefferson City, proves to be the son of Mr. Sylvester, who now resides in Albany Oregon. The boy was stolen in 1861, while on his way to Oregon with his father's family, and has long been given up as lost by his parents and friends. His recovery is like bringing back the dead.

A REVEREND VILLAIN.—Rev. W. F. Boyakin, of Salem, Oregon, is accused of drugging and outraging two young girls—daughters of a clergyman, in whose house Boyakin was admitted as a guest. The villain, who is 50 years of age, and has a grown up family, has fled the State.

MERCER'S SPEECH.

EDITOR PUGET SOUND DAILY.—The following is the substance of Mr. Mercer's remarks at Yester's Hall, on Wednesday evening last:

Mr. Mercer stated his object in going East was to introduce a permanent element of refinement into the society of Washington Territory; an element which, after five years residence in the Territory, he determined to do all in his power to build up. With this commendable and sole purpose in view, he visited the East, and issued circulars calling the attention of those desirous of emigrating westward to his propositions, which were, to carry passengers from New York to Seattle for \$200. Many responded to the call, such as brickmakers, blacksmiths, shoemakers, carpenters, machinists, and many other sons of ingenious toil, who are wanted here to develop the mighty resources of this Territory; but a majority could not pay. He then visited Gov. Andrews, of Mass., and gained his approval and assistance. He next journeyed to Washington, and finding Governor Pickering in the city, called upon him to aid him in the matter with the Government. He succeeded in obtaining the object desired—an order for the use of a steamer to carry seven hundred emigrants from New York to Seattle. He got his party ready at considerable expense, having good faith in the Government order, when, lo, and behold, Gen. Meiggs annulled the order. He was then left without a steamer, which put him in rather an unenviable position in the eyes of his passengers. He made another visit to Washington and got a new order for a steamer, with the clause that he was to coal and man her at his own expense. The party were all ready to start a second time, when (from some cause) bonds were required for the safe delivery of the ship back to New York in the amount of \$300,000 (a very unreasonable request), which amount he did not quite have, and being almost a stranger in New York, and not being acquainted with any of the leading bulls, or bears or other wild animals who roam the filthy lairs, he could not make up the trifles, and if he had had it would have respectfully declined to acquiesce. All this caused delay after delay, making confusion, and causing him to pay ruinous board bills, and placing him in no very enviable position. After another attempt he succeeded in getting the consent of Government to sell the steamship Continental at her appraised value, for this special undertaking. He then made a plain verbal agreement with Ben. Halliday & Co. to purchase the steamer, with the proviso that they should carry the whole party from New York to Seattle for a stipulated sum. The steamer, through his works, being actually sold to them for one hundred thousand dollars less than she is really worth, as she now proudly floats the Pacific ocean.

About this time the alarmists of the East, in trumpet tones began their slanderous music, sounding forth that he was about to entice away the whole female population of the East with his persuasive eloquence on the productiveness of Washington Territory of *innocent men*. All these, and many other as foul aspirations were by him treated with silent contempt; but it had its influence on the party by the withdrawal of some three or four hundred, leaving him unable to fulfill the terms of the contract with the Company, which chance they took advantage of—charging much more for the few that was left.

All the parties were notified of the steamer's day for sailing, and if any one was left it was their own fault. Parties had sued him for passage money that had never been paid by them, and for whom he had paid two or three months' board. He had paid board bills to the amount of ten thousand dollars, on account of the miserable and contemptible huxtering of the *A-calls*. While the party was enjoying itself at sea, on the voyage to California, in sociable and pleasant amusements, the foul tongue of slander was hot at work all over the land, from the East to the West—from the leading pictorials to the penny-a-liners. On his arrival at San Francisco, where he had a right to expect aid from those who had promised it, but received no reply to his application, the consolation that "times were very dull," which caused a delay at that place of two weeks, at an expense of three thousand dollars in gold, and causing by their meanness a very embarrassing cash account at present. However, he had made good his representations to the Government in spite of his enemies, which was some satisfaction for all the trouble he had had in landing some ninety persons, who would be a benefit to the country by their moral example and mechanical labors. All he had promised them should be carried out to the letter, and with them he would stand or fall—so that the lying slanderers of the East, and the klotchman lovers of this Territory might wallow in their filth. *Fides et justitia*. T. A. L.

for erecting a home for soldiers' orphans in the East, finding the money not needed there, paid over the whole amount, \$745,150, to the Ladies' Self Protection Society of this city as funds for the support of the orphans of deceased soldiers from California.

PACIFIC RAILROAD. A Mr. C. received a dispatch from Senator Conness dated yesterday, to the effect that the time for completing the Western Pacific Railroad had been extended coupled with a condition that the Company shall have no claim to lands of the ex-Mission of San Jose.

HORRIBLE MURDER. The Duane, Ross and Kelly squatter land trouble culminated this afternoon, soon after 2 o'clock. Col. Ross formerly a squatter, was standing on Merchant street, between Montgomery and the City Hall, conversing with Col. Phelps and James Allen, his back being towards Kearney street. When Charles P. and John Duane came down from the direction of the City Hall. As they got within a few feet of Ross, Charles Duane drew a self-cocking Adams' revolver and shot Ross close to the spine. As he was hit, Ross turned partially around and ran into the street, when Duane fired three more shots, one striking Ross in the right side, just above the hip, passing directly through to the left side and lodging under the skin, and another making slight flesh wound in the arm. Ross ran down towards Montgomery street and fell, exclaiming, "I am murdered." He was carried to Keath's drug store, where Dr. Murphy, Bowie and Harris pronounced the wounds mortal. He was removed to St. Mary's Hospital and is still living. Duane was arrested by Officers Ansbrow and McCormick and taken to the Calaboose just in time to save him from being lynched, as the crowd were shouting, "hang him!"

MEXICAN AFFAIRS. San Francisco, May 23.—The steamer Continental has just arrived from Mazatlan.

The Times publishes an official statement of the routing of Corona's forces by the French and traitor forces that left Mazatlan on the 4th inst., and the recapture of two guns taken from the French at the Presidio. The Mexicans on the other hand, claim that they drove back the column with heavy loss to Mazatlan.

ARRESTED. John Duane has just been arrested as accessory to the shooting of Ross. He had a large derringer and a Col's largest revolver, when brought in.

Joseph Flauarty was arrested this evening charged with beating H. M. Plumthal with a crowbar, inflicting supposed fatal injuries. Both parties are in the laundry business.

ARRIVED. The steamship Sacramento brings 520 passengers and among them 85 returning victims of the Barbacoas humbug, most of whom are utterly penniless.

TELEGRAPHIC.

FINANCIAL.

San Francisco, May 23.—Private dispatches announce immense failures among banking houses and merchantile firms in London, consequent upon the announcement of war between Prussia and Austria. Overend & Gurney, the heaviest discount bankers and exchange dealers in the world, after receiving assistance from the Bank of England, failed and a run on the bank ensuing it was found necessary to issue an order in the Council permitting the bank to issue £5,000,000 in paper beyond the legal circulation, immediately, to meet the emergency. Other banks of limited liabilities, their charters failing, it is believed that heavy drains on this country for specie will be inaugurated and possibly a panic in New York will follow.

GOLD. Gold, in New York, yesterday, was 133½. Greenbacks closed this evening weak at 76.

CAL. S. N. CO. The annual election of officers of the California Steam Navigation Company to-day resulted as follows: B. F. Hartshorne, President; Capt. Taylor, Vice President; John Bensley, C. Lowe, Lloyd Tevis, Sam Butterworth, A. Redington and W. Craton, Directors.

A LARGE DONATION. Mrs. Lizzie Bell, who has been canvassing California for funds

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, May 28, 1886

KITSAP COUNTY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

At a meeting of the people of Kitsap county, called for the purpose of ratifying the nomination made by the K. County Union Democratic Convention, for Joint Councilman, and to nominate officers for Kitsap county, L. McKedmond was called to the Chair, and C. C. Perkins chosen Secretary.

On motion, the nomination of John Collins for Councilman from King and Kitsap counties was unanimously ratified.

The following nominations were then made unanimously: for Representatives, Herman Spaulding and M. Fredson; for Commissioner, David Livingston; for Sheriff, P. Sherry; for Coroner, Dr. Longaker. The following County Central Committee was then appointed: J. Collins of Teekalet, M. Fredson of Seabeck, and T. O. Williams of Port Madison.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That this convention indorses the action of President Johnson in his reconstruction policy, and disapprove of the course of the Radical Union party in Congress in their encroachments on the Constitution, and in their efforts to enforce a law for negro suffrage.

Resolved, That we unanimously pledge ourselves to the support of the candidates nominated at this convention, and use all honorable means in our power to secure their election.

On motion, the Secretary was instructed to forward a copy of the proceedings of this Convention, to the PUGET SOUND DAILY for publication.

L. MCKEDMOND, Ch'm. C. C. PERKINS, Sec'y.

The number of prisoners, says the Marin Journal, confined in the State Prison, San Quentin, (Cal.) is about seven hundred—more than at any other period during the existence of that institution. Strict discipline is maintained, and the various workings of the prison reflect credit upon the Warden and those in authority. The prisoners are now clothed in uniform made of striped gray and black woolen cloth manufactured at the Mission Woolen Mills. The manufacture of the clothing, boots and shoes, etc., worn by the convicts, is carried on within the prison walls. Gov. McComb informed us that consequent upon the increase of convicts, it is necessary to increase the guards, so as to have a sufficient force to check any outbreak that may be attempted.

How MEN SHOULD TREAT WOMEN. A Persian post gives the following instructions upon this important subject: "When thou art married seek to please thy wife, and listen to all she says. From man's right side a rib was taken to form a woman, and never was there seen a rib quite straight. And wouldst thou straighten it? It breaks, but bends not. Since, then, 'tis plain that crooked is woman's temper, forgive her faults and blame her not; nor let her anger thee, nor coercion use, as all is vain to straighten what is curved."

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

THE LARGEST AND BEST

ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING BOX,

AND

PARLOR STOVES

ever offered for sale on

Puget Sound,

—ALSO—

a general and extensive assortment of

KITCHEN FURNITURE,

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

ENAMELED WARES,

BRITANIA AND JAPAN

WARES, TIN,

COPPER AND SHEET IRON

WARES;

TIN AND METAL ROOFING.

Job Work.

All job work pertaining to the business done at the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner.

Terms cash.

Call and examine my stock. HUGH McALEER. Seattle, W. T., April 5th. nol 17

SEATTLE CLOTHING STORE.

WILL & GREENFIELD SEATTLE, W. T.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Ready Made and Custom

CLOTHING,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, LADIES' HATS, CLOAKS, and RIBBON DRESSES, Of the Latest Style.

We have also on hand a large assortment of

FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN CLOTHS, CASIMERES AND VESTINGS.

Which we will make up to order on the most reasonable terms.

Oregon Cloths for sale at the lowest market value.

Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

Terms Cash.

Seattle, April 5th. nol 17

GEN SALOON.

Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

ANDERSON & STONE, Proprietors.

Having opened the above elegant Saloon, now offer to the public a choice selection of the best brands of

WINES, LIQUORS, Cigars, etc.

Give them a call. April 5th 1886. nol 17

SIRE'S HOTEL;

[FORMERLY "WHEAT CHEN HOUSE."] Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

DAVID SIRE, Proprietor.

THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and popular House, having been thoroughly renovated, enlarged and new-furnished, is now prepared to accommodate guests with greater comfort, and in a more accommodating manner than any House in this city.

The House will be conducted on the RESTAURANT PRINCIPLE

BREAKFAST, from 6 to 11 o'clock. DINNER, " 12. 2 " SUPPER, " 6, 8 "

Persons arriving on boats, accommodated at all hours, day or night.

Connected with the Hotel is

A SPLENDID BAR

always stocked with the BEST WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS, in the market.

—ALSO— one of Phelan's New Style Four Pocket

BILLIARD TABLES.

We would call the attention of passengers to the sign of the "Big Lantern," which is kept burning as long as the house is open.

Seattle, April 5th, 1886. nol 17

EUREKA BAKERY.

C. C. Terry, SEATTLE, W. T., MANUFACTURER OF

Ship Bread,

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS

AND Fancy Cakes.

—AT— SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

ALSO Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries,

Provisions,

CONFECTIONERY,

CROCKERY,

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

For Cash on Delivery of Goods. no 17

SEATTLE FOUNDRY.

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS

Done at short notice by

JAS. TIMON.

Mr. JAMES TIMON begs leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of Seattle, and the Sound generally, that he has bought out the business heretofore carried on by Mr. Thomas Martin, and is now prepared to do all kinds of work pertaining to his business in a workmanlike manner, and at shortest notice. Terms Cash. nol 17

Occidental HOTEL,

Seattle, King Co., W. T.

JOHN S. CONDON, M. R. MADDOCKS, JOHN COLLINS, PROPRIETORS.

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a

FIRST CLASS HOUSE

The rooms being handsomely furnished in the best of style. The

CULINARY DEPARTMENT

is under the management of an experienced cook, and the table will always be supplied with the best in the market.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.

AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors Cigars, &c., &c.

—ALSO— A SPLENDID BILLIARD TABLE.

With Marble Bed and Combination Cushions, is connected with the above establishment for the accommodation of its customers and the public generally.

A LIVE-LY STABLE

is attached to the house, where all who desire them, will find good horses, and where feed can be found for those who wish to stable their animals. Seattle, April 5, 1886. nol 17

REMOVAL, CONNOISEUR'S RETREAT.

SEATTLE, W. T.

The progressive age teaches us to keep pace with the times; therefore frequent changes are not astonishing; and, knowing also, that "procrastination is the thief of time," on these terms, we

ORIGINAL MONET

takes this method of informing his former patrons and the public generally, of the transfer of his

Oyster Saloon

to the Old Stand, one block south of Pray's Liquor Saloon, where he will be prepared to serve up the best

OLYMPIA BIVALVES

in styles to suit the most fastidious. And, being as ever, grateful for past favors, the proprietor will spare no efforts to merit a continuance of patronage. Seattle, April 5th, 1886. nol 17

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Augustus Potter, deceased, Territory of Washington, King Co. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed Administrator of the estate of Augustus Potter, deceased, W. T. All persons having claims against said estate, are requested to present them, with necessary vouchers, within one year from this date, or they will be forever barred. Dated, and indebted, will pay up. DANIEL BAGLEY, Adm'r. Seattle, May 21, 86. nol 17

H. J. STEVENSON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, and Promissory Notes, etc., etc., on the authorized, Advances, and other legal instruments, drawn and certified, acknowledgment of "Checks," Wills, etc., taken. Seattle, April 5th, 1886. nol 17

NEW GOODS!

New Goods!

AT

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing his customers and the public in general that he is now opening

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS

That has ever been brought to this Market.

Having had twelve years experience in merchandising, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desire of the people in general. My stock consists in part as follows:

- English, French, and American Prints, French, all wool and English Merinos, Silk and worsted Poplins, Fancy and all wool Delaines, Red and black cotton Velvets, Twilled, plain and Opera Flannels, Drills, Sheetings, coarse and fine, plain and cross-bar Mulls, Jackonetta, Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls, Morning Caps, Wool Scarfs and Hoods, Nubias, silk velvet trimmings, Embroideries, &c., &c., &c. Also, Fine and Heavy

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Hats and Caps

Trunks and Valises, Feed-cutters, Peoria and Boston Chipper Plows, Wheelbarrows,

IRON, STEEL, BOILER IRON AND BRASS,

and a general assortment of

HARDWARE, GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

And many other things too numerous to mention.

CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

To TRADERS and those wishing to buy largely I am prepared to sell at reduced prices.

TERMS, CASH on delivery of Goods. Produce will be taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

In connection with the store, I have a large Warehouse where I can store produce for those who may desire it.

D. HORTON, Seattle, April 5th, 1886. nol 17

SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

The following articles will be sold AT AUCTION to the highest bidder at the residence of

MRS. MARY A. DELIN, On WEDNESDAY, May 30, 1886.

- 6 Case Bottom Chairs, 6 Wroded, 1 Stuffed Rocking Chair, 1 Louge, 2 Bureaus, 1 Center Table, 1 Mahogany Bedstead, 3 Commodes, 1 Writing Desk, or Secretary, 1 Cupboard, 2 Stoves (1 Cooking and 1 Parlor), 1 Clock, And various other articles too numerous to mention.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that JAMES GRIFFIN has taken charge of the Occidental Hotel, and will conduct the entire business of the concern. All persons indebted to the undersigned will please settle immediately. G. G. GORDON & CO. Seattle, May 22, 1886. nol 17

E. M. SAMMIS, PHOTOGRAPHER.

711 1/2 Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

Table of Stamp Duties.		AS AMENDED BY ACT OF JUNE 30, 1864.	
Acknowledgment of deeds or other instruments, Exempt Affidavit, \$ 0 05		Certificate of profits in incorporated company, for a sum not less than \$10 nor over \$50	10
Agreement or Appraisal, for each sheet, 5		Over \$50 and not over \$1,000	25
Assignment or transfer of mortgage or lease, or policy of insurance, or the renewal of an agreement, contract or charter, is subject to same duty as original instrument.		For every additional \$1,000 or fraction	25
Assignment, ordinary, as of bond without guarantee	Ex'mt	Certificate of Record upon the instrument recorded,	Ex'mt
Bank checks, drafts, orders etc., at sight or on demand, for all sums of money exceeding \$10		Certificate of Record upon the book	Ex'mt
Bills of Exchange (inland) draft, or order for payment of any sum of money, and any promissory note (except bank notes issued for circulation) or any memorandum, check, receipt, or other written or printed evidence of an amount of money, upon every sum not exceeding \$100		Certificate of weight or measurement	Ex'mt
For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof		Certificate of Damage and other documents issued by port warden or marine surveyor	25
Bills of exchange (foreign) drawn in sets of three or more, for every bill of each set, where the sum does not exceed one hundred dollars or its equivalent in foreign currency.		Certificate of any other description than those specified	5
For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof		Certified transcript of judgment, and of all other papers recorded, and of papers on file, each	5
If drawn single or in duplicate, same rates of duty as inland bills of exchange		Charter Party, or other writing relating to the charter, if the registered tonnage of the vessel does not exceed 150 tons	1 00
The acceptor of a foreign bill of exchange payable in the U. S., must, before paying the same, place thereupon a stamp indicating the duty.		Exceeding 150 and not exceeding 300 tons	3 00
Bills of lading of vessels for ports of the U. S., or British North America	Ex'mt	Exceeding 300 and not exceeding 600 tons	5 00
For any foreign port, on every bill of each set		Exceeding 600 tons	10 00
Bill of sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed \$500		Clearance same as manifest	
For every additional \$500 or fraction thereof		Contract see Agreement	
Bill of sale of personal property		Contract, Brokers'	10
Bond for indemnifying any person where the sum does not exceed \$1,000		Conveyance, Deed or other instrument conveying real property, the actual value of which exceeds one hundred and does not exceed five hundred dollars	50
For every additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof		For every additional five hundred or fraction	50
Bond for due execution of duties of office	1 00	Disp'ch, telegraphic, where the first ten words does not exceed twenty cents	1
Bond for deed or conveyance of land	25	Exceeding 20 cents,	3
Bonds of any description other than such as are required, in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged	25	Documents made in foreign countries (power of attorney, deed, or other document) to be used in the United States, shall pay same duty as if issued in the U. S.	
Cards, playing, per pack, price not exceeding 18 cents	2	Entry of goods or wares at the Custom House, either for consumption or warehousing, not exceeding \$100 in value	25
Over 18 and not over 25 cents per pack,	4	Exceeding \$100 and not exceeding \$500	50
Over 25 and not over 50 cents,	10	Exceeding \$500 in value	1 00
Over 50 cents and not over \$1	15	Withdrawal of goods from bonded warehouses	50
For each additional 50 or fraction,	05	Insurance (marine, inland and fire) where amount paid does not exceed ten dollars.	10
Certificate of loan same as promissory note		From ten to fifty dollars	25
Certificate of Deposit in bank, not over \$100	2	Exceeding fifty dollars	50
Exceeding \$100	5	Insurance, (life,) when amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars	25
Certificate of stock in incorporated company	25	Over one thousand and not over five thousand dollars	50
		Over five thousand dollars	1 00
		Lease of lands or tenements where rental value does not exceed three hundred dollars per annum	50
		For every additional two hundred dollars or fraction	50
		Clause of guarantee of payment of rent five cts additional	10
		Legal Documents, writ or other original process to commence suit in court of law or equity	50
		Where amount claimed in court not of record is over one hundred dollars	50
		Upon every confession of judgment, or cognovit for one hundred dollars or over	50
		Appeals from justices and other inferior courts to a court of record	50
		Warrants of Distress when amount of rent does not exceed one hundred dollars	25
		Exceeding one hundred dollars	50
		Letters of Credit, see Bills of Exchange, Foreign	
		Letters of Administration see Probate of Will	
		Manifest of Custom House entry or clearance of cargo of any vessel not exceeding three hundred tons	1 00
		From three hundred to six hundred tons	3 00
		Exceeding six hundred tons	5 00
		Matches in packages of one hundred or less	1
		For every additional one hundred in a package	1
		Match cigar lights and tapers, double the above rates	
		Mortgages of real or personal property for a sum over one hundred and not over five hundred dollars	50
		For every additional five hundred dollars or fraction thereof	50
		Pawner's checks	5
		Pension papers, all papers relating to	Ex'mt
		Passage ticket to a foreign port, costing not over \$35	50
		From \$35 to \$50	1 00
		For every additional fifty dollars or fraction	1 00
		Power of attorney to sell or transfer stock, bonds or scrip, or collect dividends thereon,	25
		To vote at election of incorporated company	10
		To receive or collect rents	25
		To convey real estate, or rent or lease the same	1 00
		For any other purpose	50
		Photographs, upon each picture the price of which does not exceed 25 cents	2
		From 25 to 50 cents	3
		From 50 cents to \$1	5
		For every additional one dollar or fraction thereof	5
		Probate of will, or letters of administration, where the value of both personal and real estate does not exceed \$2,000	1 00
		For every additional \$1000 or fraction thereof	50
		Bond of executors, administrators, trustees and guardians	50
		Letter of appointment	Ex'mt
		Certificate of appointment	5
		Protest on note, bill of exchange, draft, etc.,	25
		Promissory notes not over \$100	5
		For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof	5
		Renewal of promissory note subject to same stamp duty	
		Quitclaim deed should be stamped same as conveyance, except when given as release of mortgage, in which case it is	Ex'mt
		Release, discharge, and satisfaction of mortgage,	Ex'mt
		Receipt for sum exceeding \$20	2
		Returns, Gaugers', for quantity not exceeding 500 gallons	10
		Exceeding 500 gallons	25
		Returns, Measurers', for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels	10
		Exceeding 1000 bushels	25
		Returns, Weighers' for weight not exceeding 5000 pounds	10
		Exceeding 5000 pounds	25
		Sheriff's return on writ or other process	Ex'mt
		Trust deed made to secure a debt, same as mortgage.	
		Conveying an estate, same as conveyance.	
		Warehouse receipts for property or goods, not exceeding \$500	10
		From \$500 to \$1000	20
		For every additional \$1000	10
		Warehouse receipts not otherwise provided for	25

# SEATTLE DRUG STORE.

HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES TO OUR NEW STORE,

ON MILL STREET, OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever to our Patrons.

Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying unsurpassed by any other House outside of San Francisco.

Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:

## Sarsaparillas:

AYERS', TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S, GUYSSOTT'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFENBERG'S and LE DOYNE'S.

ALSO, Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expecto-rant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Trochescs, Soothing Syrup, Flea Powder, Mustang Liniment, Hembolds Bala, Pain Killer, Osmond's Collagogue,

Ayers' Agee Cure, Clove Anodyne, Seld-lets Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil, Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carminative Balsam, Hostetters, Roback's and Richardson's Bitters,

## PILLS:

Jayne's Ayers' Graefenberg, Brandredth's, Wright's Mott's, McLane's, Moffatt's, Maynard's and Lee's.

ALSO,

Graefenberg Children's Panacea, Hyatt's Lung Balsam, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Redway's Relief, Hunnewell's Cough Remedy, Baker's Pain Panacea, Cod Liver Oil, Bachelder's Hair Dye, Hay Rum,

Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Salt Petre, white and brown Glue, Sialic, Licorice, Honey, Burnett's Cocaine, Russia Salve, Green Mountain Ointment, Opodeldo, Sulphur, Salts, Blue Stone, Olive Oil, Strychnine, Iodide Potassium Schoville's Blood and Liver Syrup, Calcined and Carbonate Magnesia, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot, Concentrated Potash,

COOKING EXTRACTS: Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Marjoram, Sago, Tapioca, Pearl Barley, Farina, Cooper's Isinglass.

TOILET ARTICLES: Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Soap, Pomades, Hair Oils, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Lubin Extracts, Brown Windsor Soap, Nail Brushes, &c., &c., &c.

## MISCELLANEOUS:

Brown's Essence Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Snuff and Macoboy Snuff,

Camphene, Turpentine and Alcohol,

By the Gallon, Can, or Case;

## GENUINE DOWNER'S COAL OIL,

Wholesale and Retail, SPIRIT LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, COAL OIL LANTERNS,

A large stock of COAL OIL LAMPS,

All sizes and patterns:

Our list of Chemicals embraces everything required by a Physician in his practice and our prices to Dealers and others will defy competition.

The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the

Lowest Rates for Cash.

G. KELLOGG.

Seattle, May 18th, 1865. vol-2:11

## MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

MRS. LIBBY & STEELE.

Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies' Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found a fine assortment of

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts, Ribbons, Trimmings Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles.

Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to order. The ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited to call and see them.

April 5th, vol-4f.

## JOSEPH WILLIAMSON

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

COUNTRY PRODUCE

AND GENERAL

MERCHANDISE.

Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

April 5th, 1865. vol-4f.