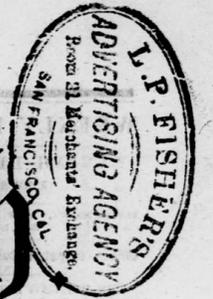


Puget Sound Dispatch



VOLUME VI.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 13, 1877.

NUMBER 49

Telegraphic News.

EASTERN STATES.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—All reports agree that considerable alarm is felt in this city at the scarcity of Croton water. It another large fire should occur before a heavy rainfall it might be impossible to control it. The lakes and reservoirs are much lower than before for years. A stringent public order has been issued to prevent waste. Street sprinkling is entirely stopped. At this hour (3:30) a light rain prevails. The only floating fire engine in the harbor is now on the docks for repairs. Affairs in Brooklyn are not much better.

WHEELING, Oct. 4.—The explosion of the steamer *Comfort* yesterday was more disastrous than first supposed. Five persons are known now to have been killed, three are still missing and about fifteen wounded—two fatally. All the passengers have not yet been registered. It is impossible to ascertain the exact number lost. The wounded are at Mountsville, twelve miles below this city.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 4.—By the collision near Clyde of two freight trains John Kelly, engineer, of this city, was killed, and James Bennett seriously injured, and one train wrecked; loss, \$75,000; cause, misplaced.

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The *World* says ex-Premier Steinberger arrived yesterday in the *L'Americain* from Havre. Being interviewed by a reporter he said he had been much abused in the papers without cause, and hoped to refute the slanders before congress at its coming session. He described and justified his course from the beginning while in Samoa, and says he has come home to obtain recognition of his official position as representative of the United States. England is very desirous of obtaining possession of those islands and attempted to buy Steinberger, but the latter was too much of an American to accept.

The trustees of the Peabody educational fund to-day re-elected the old officers of the fund for the ensuing year. President Hayes is elected a trustee in place of the late Matthew Morris.

CHEYENNE, Oct. 1.—The coach from Deadwood which arrived here to-day was stopped and robbed twelve miles south of Fort Laramie last night by two road agents. This is a new point for this work, all the previous robberies having been committed north of Hat creek, which is about 55 miles north of Fort Laramie. All the passengers were searched and about \$350 taken from them. Extra efforts are being made to capture this part of the gang with a good prospect of success.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The Holladay will suit is on trial here before Judge Van Vost. It is brought in the name of Ben Holladay's youngest daughter, Madame De Bussiere, to recover her share of the property left by her mother—Holladay's first wife—which was set aside in favor of an earlier will leaving the same property to her husband. The latest will was claimed to have been made when the testator was of unsound mind. It is a well known fact that Madame De Bussiere brought this suit with exceeding unwillingness, being constrained thereto by her husband for whom her father has always manifested feelings of extreme dislike and contempt. There is little possibility for any judgment for the plaintiff in the suit.

The *Times* says the failure of Brown & Gorham, of 18 Counties slip, one of the oldest fruit importing houses in the city, was announced yesterday. Their liabilities amount to over \$200,000. Value of assets not known, but they are very large, and consist mainly of stocks and bank accounts. Their failure is ascribed to depreciation in stocks.

The Indians now here passed an uncomfortable day because of rain. In the evening they attended various places of amusement.

The Sioux and Arrapahoes left to-night for Council Bluffs. A great many people were at the depot, where the Indians smoked the pipe of peace with Col. Carpenter, who gave them a baggage car for the trunks and other arti-

cles presented at Washington and their purchases.

FERNANDINA, Oct. 6.—There were two deaths from yellow fever since last report. Six new cases yesterday and 11 to-day.

The mayor has issued an appeal to the mayors of northern cities, concluding as follows: "We cry for help, and cry for it now, in the name of our smitten community, in the name of the brotherhood of humanity, in the name of that God who hath touched us with his woful judgment, we implore you to give us help."

ATCHINSON, Kas., Oct. 6.—At 12 o'clock to-night the western abutment of the great iron bridge that spans the Missouri at this point fell into the river with a terrible crash, carrying 15 feet of the wall and 75 feet of the embankment. A gradual sliding of the work has been noticed for the past 48 hours, and a force of men have been at work tearing off the wall all day, so that the long span might be cleared and escape the danger which threatened when the wreck should come. They succeeded in swinging the draw clear at 10 o'clock. At 12 the huge mass of heavy masonry and thousands of cubic yards of earthwork, office and bridge approach, were hurled into the Missouri river. The damage has been confined exclusively to the abutment; everything else is safe. A large force of men will be immediately put to work clearing away the debris.

NEW YORK, Oct. 6.—The new nominations for customs officers at New York will undoubtedly be sent to the senate early in the coming session and it is well understood if Conkling fights them because of hostility to the president, sufficient Democrats will sustain them to ensure confirmation, unless their moral unfitness is shown. Theodore Roosevelt is preferred by Everts for collector and Gen. E. A. Merritt for surveyor. Roosevelt is a gentleman of the highest character and social position, and is not identified with any political faction nor offensive to either side. Merritt was formerly a naval officer. His appointment would be a recognition of old liberals of the Greeley campaign, but he is widely popular; his reputation is irrefragable and his capacity undoubted. The suggestion that Conkling should be deposed from his chairmanship of the commerce committee for his declared hostility to the president as Sumner was from foreign affairs because of his unfriendliness to Grant, receives no countenance from the president. Besides, Sumner had made an issue of veracity with Grant, while Conkling has not made friendly personal relations with Hayes impossible.

PACIFIC COAST.

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 3.—The governor to-day offered a reward of five hundred dollars for the detection of the murderers of Nancy Williams, killed in Inyo county, September 19th; \$300 for the arrest of the murderer, and \$200 for the second, if there were two.

Henry Merwin, one of the oldest residents and business men of the county, fell dead in the door of his stable in this city to-day. He was a native of New York, aged 70 years.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 4.—At a meeting of the board of water commissioners to-day, a communication was received from the Spring Valley Water Company offering their property to the city for \$13,250,000. The board declined the offer as in excess of the assessed value of the property. The original proposition of the water company was to sell for \$16,000,000. The commissioners offered \$9,500,000.

The P. M. S. S. steamer *Salvador* arrived to-day from Panama bringing six packages of treasure and 165 packages of fixtures recovered from the wrecked steamship *City* of San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 5.—The *Chronicle* publishes a statement of John C. Myers, the suspended consul general to China, relative to his suspension by Minister Seward, which he claims was prompted by improper motives, and that Seward's hostility was due to the fact that Myers had opposed him in corrupt and improper transactions; that Seward was interested in building roads and railways in the vicinity of Shanghai, and used his official influence to force those enterprises upon the Chinese people in contravention of principles of international law and treaty obligations; that Seward leased the con-

ulate buildings and rented them to the United States at a profit of \$100 a month; that one of the U. S. Marshals, John Phoenix, had been serving five years under temporary appointment at an annual salary of \$1,000, while the fees of the office had been appropriated by Seward and Bradford, vice-consul at Shanghai, and the same course had been pursued with Phoenix's predecessors, and that the records had been mutilated to cover up those illegal practices. These and other transactions were discovered by Myers and met his opposition, which occasioned Seward's hostility. The statement was prepared by aid of counsel white Myers was recently in this city, and with accompanying documents will be presented to the senate committee.

THE WAR IN EUROPE.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—From Mukhtar Pasha's latest dispatch it seems that the Russians have withdrawn from the right and center of his line and concentrated their entire army at Aktochakala on Kars Ischak, fifteen miles northeast of Kars. This is undoubtedly the greatest and most critical affair of the war in Asia Minor. The object of the Russian attack is to ent Mukhtar off from Kars, drive him under its walls and shut him up there. If it fails, the second Russian campaign in Asia will be over.

The *New York Herald* thus hopefully speaks of the future: "There are many reasons to believe that the long period of industrial depression is at last coming to an end in this country and that we are on the upward turn. We are likely to get good prices this year for our abundant crops; the country is at last restored to peace and harmony by the settlement of the Southern question; there is an active revival of agricultural industry all over the South; our manufacturer's begin to see that they may hope for a foreign market for their surplus products; a great mass of bad debts has been extinguished, and business in almost all departments has been brought, with much suffering to individuals, down to 'bed rock,' and may, therefore, start up on a sound basis."

Alarming reports are afloat in Montana in regard to the intentions of the Indians. According to information there a large number of tribes are on the eve of leaving for Canada, the supposition being that they will join Sitting Bull and begin what may prove to be the bloodiest Indian war in our history. It is known that Sitting Bull has nearly one thousand under his command, and it is estimated that the tribes who intend to join him will bring his force up to at least five thousand. General Terry and the members of the commission will arrive in Montana to-day or to-morrow. It is believed there that in the present juncture of affairs his mission is one of extreme peril.

The records of the board of health of New York show that out of 5,970 deaths in that city in the months of July and August 3,375 occurred in tenement houses containing more than three families, and 804 in institutions, the inmates of which come mainly from tenement houses. This excessive percentage shows how the death rate is increased by the overcrowded, ill ventilated dens in which the working classes are compelled to find homes.

The Molly Maguires seem to have recovered from the terror inspired by the execution of their associates some months ago, and are avenging the deaths of their friends on the witnesses who testified against them. In many sections there is a regular reign of terror and the authorities seem powerless to make headway against the outlaws. It is very evident that the scaffold will have to be again erected.

London *Truth* says that General Grant is worth ten millions. *Truth* ought to be crushed to earth.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE.

OLYMPIA, Oct. 4. COUNCIL.

The Council was called to order pursuant to adjournment.

The journal of the previous day was read and approved.

The president announced as the standing committee on rules and order Ping, Reed and Kuhn.

Hoover introduced a joint resolution authorizing the appointment of a joint committee of two on part of the Council and three on part of the House to inquire into the legality of the acts relating to the incorporation of towns being to the incorporation of towns.

The resolution was passed and the president appointed Hoover and Ferguson as members of such committee on part of the Council.

H. J. R. ordering 400 copies of that part of the governor's message relating to the N. P. R. R. for distribution in congress the coming session, was increased to 1,000.

HOUSE.

The chair announced the following as the standing committees: Printing, Gregory, Whitney, Long, Corporations, McKeavy, Ward, Gregory, Andrews, Warbass.

Counties, McDonnell, Percival, Style, Warman, Atkinson.

Rules and Orders, LaDue, Kelly, Miller, Chipman, Whitson.

Agriculture, Chipman, Davis, Barnes, Long, Martin.

Public Library, Buildings, etc., Tibbets, Ward, Korter, Fisher.

Mines and Mining Interests, Horr, Percival, Kelly, Ebeby.

Federal Relations and Memorials, Iverson, Atkinson, Ringer, VanSycle, Daniels.

Ways and Means and Claims, Whitson, Ward, Tibbets, Barnes, Davis.

Education, Whitney, Daniels, Chipman, Kelly, VanSycle.

Judiciary, Daniels, Iverson, LaDue, Whitson, McKeavy.

Military Affairs, Andrews, Warbass, Foster.

Roads and Highways, Styles, Miller, Long, Davis, McDonnell.

Engrossed Bills, Ringer, Whitney, Tibbets.

Enrolled Bills, Miller, Atkinson, and Korter.

Indian Affairs, Kelly, Iverson, Percival.

Commerce and Fisheries, Warman, Atkinson, Gregory, Styles, Foster and Horr.

Horr gave notice that he would move to amend the standing committees by the addition of an insane asylum committee.

Tibbets introduced H. B. No. 1, relating to mortgages on personal property; referred to judiciary committee.

Styles introduced H. B. No. 2, to amend the civil practice act; referred to the judiciary committee.

Daniels introduced H. B. No. 3, to amend the act providing for assessing and collecting territorial revenue; referred to the committee on judiciary.

Auditor's report was read and 200 copies ordered printed.

C. B. No. 3, relating to assessments in King county, was read a third time and passed.

C. B. No. 4, repealing the act relating to election of commissioners in King county; passed.

C. B. No. 2, a substitute for the bill changing the time of holding court at Walla Walla; passed.

OLYMPIA, Oct. 5. COUNCIL.

The session opened with prayer by Rev. D. N. Uiter.

Hantord, of King, introduced a memorial praying for restoration to public settlement of lands withheld by the N. P. R. R., north of the branch line across the Cascades via the Naches pass. Also a memorial praying for transfer of land grants of the N. P. road across the Cascades to the S. and W. W. Co.

Reed, of Pacific, introduced a bill to change the name of Andrew Wilson to Olaf Anderson; referred to committee on federal relations.

C. B. No. 5, to amend an act relating to chattel mortgages, was sent to the judiciary committee.

The territorial superintendent of schools sent in his report; ordered printed.

The committee of the whole referred various portions of the governor's message to committees.

C. J. E. No. 6, adopted appointing special committee to invite Hon. E. Evans to deliver his centennial address before the legislature.

Adjourned.

The memorial relating to land grants of the N. P. R. R., is made the special order for to-morrow.

HOUSE.

Mr. Ringer presented House memorial No. 1, relating to extension of time for building the N. P. R. R. Referred to committee on memorials, with instructions to report to-morrow at half-past 10. The memorial recommends extension on conditions similar to those stated in the governor's message.

Mr. La Du introduced H. B. No. 9, to make valid the location of county roads; referred to committee on roads and highways.

H. B. No. 10, amending the act to provide for assessing and collecting the territorial revenue; referred to judiciary committee.

Whitson introduced H. B. No. 11, to

authorize the commissioners of Yakima county to offer a bounty for the destruction of wild and predatory animals; referred to committee on agriculture.

H. B. No. 12, was offered. It provides for appointment of a commissioner to revise and codify the laws of the territory; referred to judiciary committee.

H. B. No. 13, to empower and direct the sheriff of county assessor to perform the duties of county assessor; referred to committee on counties.

House joint resolution passed, authorizing all bills to be printed unless otherwise ordered; passed. The rules of the house were amended by the addition of a committee on insane asylum and elections.

The house went into committee of the whole on the governor's message. Principal topics of the message were referred to appropriate committees.

The standing committee for the hospital for the insane was announced by the speaker, consisting of Horr, Ringer, Tibbets, McKeavy, and Percival. Also, the committee on elections, consisting of Ward, Long, Ringer, Gregory, and Whitson.

Adjourned till to-morrow at ten o'clock.

Persecutions of the Jews.

The following paper, from "Lecky's Rationalism in Europe," has been kindly furnished us for publication by a legal gentleman of this city. It will be read with interest, as showing the superior character of that people over their persecutors in the earlier periods of religious ignorance and intolerance, and their relations to commerce and science: "Insulted, plundered, hated and despised by all Christian nations, banished from England by Edward I., and from France by Charles VI., the Jews found in the Spanish Moors rulers who, in addition to that measure of tolerance which is always produced by a high intellectual culture, were probably not without a special sympathy for a race whose pure monotheism formed a marked contrast to the scarcely disguised polytheism of the Spanish Catholics; and Jewish learning and Jewish genius contributed very largely to that bright but transient civilization which radiated from Toledo and Cordova, and exercised so salutary an influence upon the belief of Europe. But when, in an ill-omened hour, the Cross supplanted the Crescent on the heights of the Alhambra, this solitary refuge was destroyed, the last gleam of tolerance vanished from Spain, and the expulsion of the Jews was determined. * * * The clergy exerted all their energies to procure the expulsion of the entire race, and to effect this object all the old calumnies were revived and two or three miracles were invented. * * * An old historian has scarcely exaggerated them when he describes the sufferings of the Spanish Jews as equal to those of their ancestors after the destruction of Jerusalem. * * Certainly the heroism of the defenders of every other creed fades into insignificance before this martyr people, who for thirteen centuries confronted all the evils that the fiercest fanaticism could devise, enduring obloquy and spoliation, and the violation of the dearest ties, and the infliction of the most hideous sufferings, rather than abandon their faith. For these were no ascetic monks, dead to all the hopes and passions of life, but were men who appreciated intensely the worldly advantages they relinquished, and whose affections had become all the more lively on account of the narrow circle in which they were confined. Enthusiasm and the strange phenomena of ecstasy, which have exercised so large an influence on the history of persecution, which have nerved so many martyrs with superhuman courage, and have deadened or destroyed the anguish of so many fearful tortures, were here almost unknown. Persecution came to the Jewish nation in its most horrible forms, yet surrounded by every circumstance of petty annoyance that could destroy its grandeur, and it continued for centuries their abiding portion. But above all this, the genius of that wonderful people rose supreme. While those around them were

groveling in the darkness of besotted ignorance; while juggling miracles and lying relics were the themes on which almost all Europe were expatiating; while the intellect of Christendom, enthralled by countless superstitions, had sunk into a deadly torpor, in which all love of inquiry and all search for truth were abandoned, the Jews were still pursuing the path of knowledge, amassing learning and stimulating progress with the same unflinching constancy that they manifested in their faith. They were the most skillful physicians, the ablest financiers, and among the most profound philosophers; while they were only second to the Moors in the cultivation of natural science. They were also the chief interpreters to Western Europe of Arabian learning. But their most important service was in sustaining commercial activity.

For centuries they were almost its only representatives. By traveling from land to land till they became intimately acquainted both with the wants and the productions of each, by practising money lending on a large scale and with consummate skill, by keeping up a constant and secret correspondence, and organizing a system of exchange that was then unparalleled in Europe, the Jews succeeded in making themselves absolutely indispensable to the Christian community, and in accumulating immense wealth and acquiring immense influence in the midst of their sufferings.

The absolute freedom of the navigation of the Danube is one of the seven points which Austria, in a memorandum addressed to Russia, has indicated as affecting her interest. Austria appears decided to oppose any territory aggrandizement of Russia, and also the establishment of a slave kingdom in any part whatever of the Ottoman territory.

The Treasury Department has decided that in cases where steamers desire to change the business for which they were originally inspected during the year for which such inspection was made, the reinspection and examination made necessary by such change shall be done free of expense to the owner of any such steamer.

New York *Commercial*:—"The *Herald* now believes that Osman Pacha is Gail Hamilton. Who, then, is Sitting Bull?"—*Toledo Express*. This question perplexes us, we confess. But it must be either Susan B. Anthony or Dr. Mary Walker."

Theirs had his roots down in the middle class, and though he could not rise to the sublimest place he never lost his hold on the most staple element in France.

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THE WEEKLY DISPATCH, published every Saturday morning. Three dollars per year. All business, news letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to EVENING DISPATCH.

ATURDAY.....OCT. 13, 1877.

Judge Jacobs.

A Washington correspondent of the *Tacoma Herald*, pays the highest tribute to the fidelity and efficiency of our Delegate in Congress, in bitterly, almost frantically assailing his action and deprecating his influence in regard to the N. P. R. land grant. That disinterested correspondent says: "Orange Jacobs, nominally Delegate from Washington Territory, really the representative of Seattle, is here, engaged in work which should make him infamous on both sides of the Cascade range. He is setting up opposition to the extension of time to construct and complete the Northern Pacific Railroad. He is laboring in the Department of the Interior to prevent the Company from getting the lands it has earned by constructing thirty-one miles of its branch road from Tacoma to Wilkeson. Among the members of Congress now here, and in the Departments he is renewing the treacherous, selfish career which last year dishonored his representation of Washington Territory, and damaged the interests committed to his care by his constituents."

All honor to Judge Jacobs! faithful to his trusts as the people's representative amid the rule of venality and corruption. Could money buy him from his true allegiance, no such assault as the above would ever have found place in an organ of the "Tacoma Land Ring." That his efforts in behalf of the interests of the Territory and the rights of the people are earnest and efficient is made apparent by the outcry, which is the best evidence of being hurt.

The managers of the N. P. R. have heretofore either controlled the Delegate of the Territory by bribery or propitiated him by favors. Garfield was paid \$5,000 for consenting to changing the main line to Portland. He afterwards sold out to Ben. Holliday, and to punish him and protect themselves, the same managers contributed largely to the election fund for Judge McFadden, which, though not in the nature of a bribe, answered the same purpose towards a man amenable to the claims of gratitude. Judge Jacobs is the first Delegate, for many years, who could not be swerved from his sense of public duty by the hope of reward or the fear of personal consequences, and for this he is entitled to our highest consideration as a faithful public servant.

The claim put in for "lands it has earned by constructing 31 miles of its branch road from Tacoma to Wilkeson," is the most audacious attempt to swindle ever devised. Any one who will take the trouble to look at the map upon which this pretended "branch road" is marked, will see that it is not on the main line or branch of any railroad contemplated by the land grant, and that the attempt to recover from the Government 783,600 acres of land, valued at \$1,958,000, which would pay for the construction and leave a balance of \$50,000, to construct a private road to a coal mine, is a fraud and swindle of the first

magnitude, and that Judge Jacobs, in allowing this manifest swindle to go by default, would be grossly derelict in duty to his constituents and to the General Government.

Judge Jacobs has not, and will not, offer any factious opposition to any measure calculated to promote the best interests of the Territory, but he would be false to the interests of his constituents if he blindly yielded acquiescence in the demands of a combination of unscrupulous men who have heretofore proved false to all their plighted faith and public obligations.

This correspondent recommends that "our people should forthwith take action against him. They should hold public meetings and denounce him as misrepresenting the Territory's interests and wishes." The Legislature, which represents every interest in the Territory, will attend to that matter, and we can safely guarantee that the action of our Delegate will be sustained by an almost unanimous vote.

Stanley, the Great Explorer.

The greatest triumph of modern exploration has been accomplished by Henry Moreland Stanley, who has fully and conclusively solved the problem which the explorations of all others failed to establish—the identity of the Lualaba and Congo rivers. He left Zanzibar, on the east coast of Africa, in November, 1874, and reached Congo, on the west coast, in August, 1877, traveling in an unknown African wilderness two years and nine months; and that, too, in the face of hostile negroes and cannibals, who opposed every mile of his route. This exploration is important from the fact that it furnishes a vast amount of geographical and scientific information of a country which for centuries has been a sealed book.

Mr. Stanley, in 1867, was dispatched to Africa by James Gordon Bennett, jr., at an expense of \$20,000, in quest of Dr. Livingstone, who was given up by the world as lost. He succeeded in his mission, finding the lost explorer at Ujiji, in September of that year. Subsequent to Livingstone's death, Stanley conceived the idea of completing the work which that explorer had so well begun, and this was seconded by Mr. Bennett, of the *New York Herald*, assisted by the *London Telegraph*, and to these enterprising journals is the greatest of modern achievements due.

At an immense gathering of workmen in New York a few days ago, the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, That we solemnly pledge ourselves, as independent workmen, to support no candidate for public office but one who is pledged to our interests, and who will use all the power and influence of his official position to secure an equitable return from capital for labor."

The world of journalism feels proud at the success of one of their greatest fellows, and America rejoices that one of her sons was the first to solve the problem which has been so often attempted and abandoned by the other nations.

Broadwell, the President of the broken Clairmont Bank, has been caught in a trap of his own setting, which will luckily bring the unfortunate depositors some twenty thousand dollars more than was expected.

A witness on the stand, in reply to a question as to what the character of Mr. — was for truth and veracity, said, "Well, I should say that he handled truth very carelessly."

Echoes.

The perfect accord existing between the journals in the interest of the O. S. N. Co. and the "Tacoma Land Ring," is a very notable. Whenever one strikes the key-note, the others yelp in concert. The present game to which they have been hallooed is to "hound" Delegate Jacobs. A Washington lobbyist opens the cry through the *Tacoma Herald*, and prompt to the echo comes the sub-editor of the *Intelligencer*, in the same key and instigated by the same *animus*, but with a different pretext, trumped up for the occasion. By the former the Delegate is assailed in abusive terms for interfering to prevent a robbery of the people to the amount of a million of dollars for the exclusive benefit of a private corporation. The second took up the cry in like abusive terms, upon the pretext that the Delegate is wholly responsible for a manifest clerical error of an enrolling clerk in Congress, by which a few hundred dollars are temporarily withheld from the Territorial contingent fund. It was one of those errors which escaped the notice of all the members of both houses of Congress and the committees on engrossment, during the last hours of the session, when all was bustle and confusion, and yet a Delegate, who has no vote in the house or a place upon a committee, is held up to public scorn and abused like a pick-pocket for permitting the mistake to occur. The real cause of the attack is too apparent, and the device too thin to deceive any intelligent person familiar with the matter. The *Walla Walla Statesman*, which will offer some other excuse for joining the hunt, is yet to be heard from.

Our people, who do not lack honor or generosity in their ordinary social relations, are too much in the habit of viewing with indifference, if they do not actually give aid and comfort to the enemy, the attacks to which public men are exposed in their service. Nothing is so discouraging and depressing to the efforts of a faithful public servant, as to feel that his services are treated with indifference and neglect by those he serves, while it exposes him to the most relentless persecutions from their common enemy. We have suffered too much in that way to regard with indifference the like treatment of others.

Judge Jacobs should be made to feel that his untiring efforts to defeat an enormous swindle upon his constituents by a powerful and unscrupulous combination, meet with the cordial sympathy and hearty approval of every honest, disinterested man, woman and child in the Territory.

Washington Star:—"At Orange Court House, Va., when the Presidential train was moving off some one proposed three cheers for the President. 'No,' said a leader, 'by the way of a change let's give him the rebel yell.' It was uttered with a will, the first time it had been heard during the trip, and, it is said, pleased the President much, as it was given with entire good faith.

Alexander H. Stephens is back in Washington as lively as ever, enthusiastically in favor of the Southern policy, and prepared to die happy if he can only see Herschel V. Johnson on the bench of the supreme court.

Davis, the Connecticut prison keeper who was bribed by some convicts to aid in their escape, has been captured and is now behind the bars he formerly guarded.

Political Views.

The election in Ohio, as in California, has resulted in a large Democratic plurality in the State, carrying the State officers and a majority of 20 to 30 on joint ballot in the Legislature, thus securing a Democratic Senator to succeed Stanley Matthews. It is amusing as well as instructive to note the partisan view of this result.

The *Chicago Tribune* attributes the defeat of its party to the mismanagement of the leaders, Garfield, Matthews and Sherman, and thinks, "the President should demand the resignation of Sherman, as he, and not the President, has been repudiated."

The *Times* says, "though there is apparently a revulsion in political sentiment in Ohio, yet actually none has occurred, since no political issues were joined. No point was made by either which the other ventured to antagonize. The Republican pretense that their success would mean endorsement of Hays, was made too late in the campaign to affect the result or deceive voters. The lust of power, spoils and force of habit were chief in the struggle. Doubtless West, Matthews and others injured the party by their arguments against the degrading spoils system; for, except for spoils, why should men do the dishonorable work by which parties triumph? The result chiefly indicates that while the President's policy will destroy his own party, it will have no abiding good effect on public morals, and before the middle of the term he will find himself without a supporting majority in either branch of the Legislature."

The *Inter-Ocean* regards the verdict as "the seal of disapproval placed by Republicans on the course of the Administration. The defeat is bitter, far-reaching and disastrous, but if it opens the eyes of political wiseacres it may not be wholly useless.—Three great blunders were made in Ohio; first, endorsing the Southern policy in convention; second, antagonizing the financial feeling of the entire west; third, the hand-cuffing of the few Republican officials in Ohio by endorsing the civil service order. These moves put the party in as good shape for a sound thrashing as a party could be."

These several views, corresponding in the main, are all from a party stand-point which regards the spoils of victory as the chief incentive to party effort and do not therefore touch upon the causes and effects of the election in any other than a party sense.

In the first place, no revulsion is apparent from the fact that no political principles were at issue, and no party comes within 30,000 of a majority of the popular vote; the vote of the "Nationals" being more than twice as much as the majority of the Democrats over the Republicans. It can in no manner be fairly construed into a rebuke of the President, for the Republican Convention endorsed, and every individual Democrat is fully committed to his policy in relation to the pacification of the South and civil service reform. If the President has done any thing to weaken his party it is in the manner suggested by the question of the *Times*: "Except for spoils why should men do the dishonorable work by which parties triumph?" and endorsed by the *Inter-Ocean* in enumerating among the causes of defeat: "The hand-cuffing of the few Republican officials in Ohio by endorsing the civil service order."

It will be observed that these newspaper commentators, repre-

senting various party phases, all agree in regarding the President as the official head of a party, and that a party victory can only be achieved by "dishonorable work" incited by the hope of spoils.

The facts which they ignore are, that Mr. Hayes is not, and does not claim to be, a party President; he was not elected by any party; he is not a candidate for re-election; does not require or need any party support in the maintenance of a policy which has the express endorsement of a large majority of American citizens, not only as indicated by a popular vote at the last general election, when his party was in a minority of several hundred thousands, but by many of his own party conventions subsequently. No party has any claims upon him as President.—He holds the office not by popular vote; not by the tenure prescribed by the Constitution; but by the judicial determination of a Board, the joint creation of the highest official representation of both political parties, whose verdict he had no right to reject, and in which all other parties were pre-pledged and in honor bound to concur. He is as much the President of the Democratic House of Congress which created the Board from which he derived his title, as he is of the Republican party which nominated him, and no shadow of fraud rests upon his title, for which he is responsible. He holds, not by popular vote, but by a recognition of independent State sovereignty above and beyond the reach of Federal interference, even to inquire into or correct a fraud or an error in the election of a President. President Hays has manfully accepted the situation, lifted himself above party, and is managing the affairs of the government as one having no responsibility to party and no party responsible for his acts.

Sitting Bull is naturally flattered at the prospective visit of the commission, and is preparing to receive them with all the pomp and circumstance of savagery. Fifteen hundred warriors surround him, and he evidently regards himself as a pretty big Injun.

Lieutenant Commander Barker, who has been searching for sailors supposed to have been shipwrecked in the Pacific Ocean, reports that he could find no trace of them and that the report was erroneous.

Territorial Fair.

OLYMPIA, W. T., Oct. 10, 1877.
To the Editor of the DISPATCH:
A goodly number of Seattleites, among them your humble servant, left the "Queen City of the West" on yesterday morning, and after a very pleasant trip arrived here about three o'clock P. M., and found the place all astir, the passengers (some sixty in number) of the favorite little steamer *Messenger* as they came ashore adding to the already thronged appearance of the streets. But unless the weather should soon change, the fair will not be the success which all interested in the enterprise would like to see.

Judging from the muddy appearance of the water in the bay at Seattle, also at Tacoma, the rivers flowing into these bays must be unusually high for the time of year. Since arriving here we learn that David Byles, of Elma, lost a very valuable horse a few days ago while attempting to cross the Chehalis river, and that his son Lee came near being drowned at the same time, having been carried from the wagon into the river and only being saved by getting hold of a seat that had floated from the wagon box.

The opening address by N. S. Fortier, Esq., was to have been delivered on yesterday, but was deferred until to-day at one o'clock, P. M.

Later.—Farmers with their teams are arriving from the country, and the outlook is growing more favorable.

RAPID FLIGHT.—It has been a disputed question whether a carrier pigeon can fly as fast as a lightning express train, but the question has been decided in favor of the pigeon. The *London Spectator* of the 21st ult. has this account of the race between the train and the pigeon:

A very careful experiment—intended to test the speed of carrier pigeons—was tried on Friday week. The bird, one of the homing pigeons known as "Belgian voyageurs," was tossed through the window of a railway carriage as the express train left the Admiralty pier at Dover.—The train had been timed to travel at sixty miles an hour, but the bird reached its home in Cannon street twenty minutes before the train. As it could only shorten the distance by six miles, it had travelled at a pace of seventy-five miles an hour.—The bird, when released from the railway carriage, took nearly half a minute to discover its bearings, rising to the altitude of half a mile before it set off on its course—behaving, in fact, exactly as if it knew that by rising in the air it could see its home in London. The wind was westerly, and the bird carried an urgent communication from the French police.

There were two of them hanging over the front gate the other night. She was standing within the yard and he on the sidewalk outside, both leaning on the top rail, and apparently as happy as two pigs in a cornfield. He was saying: "Now, my own little darling, sweet idol of my soul, whose image is ever on my heart," when he saw the old man coming down the front walk, and continued in a different strain: "The potato bugs haven't destroyed our crops as much since we purchased Paris green; and you will find also that cabbages can be raised better on a richer soil." The old gentleman heard it, and turned back, saying as he entered the house: "These young people take more interest in agricultural affairs than people generally suppose."

The postoffice department is advised by telegram from San Francisco that the *Oriental* and *Occidental* steamer *Belgie* will sail from San Francisco on the 23d of October, with mails for Japan and China.

\$18.-SEWING MACHINE. - \$18
THE MOST WONDERFUL AND THE BEST.

HIGHEST AWARDS
—AT THE—

CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION!
DIPLOMAS, PRIZE MEDALS, Etc

A FIRST-CLASS FULL SIZED
SEWING MACHINE

—WITH—
Table and Treadle,
Only Eighteen Dollars.

The most simple and compact! The most durable and economical! A model of combined simplicity, strength and beauty!!! New and numerous patented attachments. No complicated machinery to be constantly getting out of order. So easy to learn that a child can run it. Will do all kinds of sewing from the finest to the coarsest—will hem, fell, tuck, braid, cord, gather, embroider, etc., uses self-adjusting straight needles, and all description of cotton, silk and thread. Makes the strongest stitch known—the cloth will tear before the seam will rip—uses the thread direct from the spool. The machine is beautifully finished and highly ornamented, and

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

CAUTION!

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal, sell, or use any sewing machine that sew with our needle, and make the Elastic stitch, or that have the new Patent self-feed attachment, unless the same are purchased from this company or their agent or licensees, and stamped under our patent. Beware of worthless imitations and unscrupulous parties who have copied our circulars, advertisements, etc., and buy only the machine manufactured by us. "The wonder is how so good a machine can be sold at so low a price.—(Globe) We have seen the machine and consider it first-class in every respect.—(Fraser.) We can recommend it to our readers.—(Christian Index, N. Y.) The machine arrived safely; we are more than pleased; it does more than you claim for it. We shall call the attention of our readers to it.—(St. Louis Christian.) A thoroughly responsible company, prompt in all their dealings, and one that we can commend to our readers.—(Age, N. Y.) Simple machines with table and treadle forwarded to any part of the world on receipt of

Eighteen Dollars.

Special terms and extra inducements to male and female agents, storekeepers, etc. County rights given to smart agents free. Samples of sewing, descriptive circulars containing testimonials, engravings, &c.; sent free. All money sent in Post-office orders, Drafts, or Express, are perfectly secure. Safe delivery guaranteed. All Orders, communications, etc., must be addressed to the

PEERLESS MANUFACTURING CO.
754 W. 1st St. Philadelphia Pa.

Telegraphic News.

EASTERN STATES.

New York, Oct. 8.—The public auction of seats for Edwin Adams' performance drew a vast crowd to the Academy of Music this evening. The dramatic profession was well represented and the bidding was extremely brisk. Mr. W. J. Florence began the sale by a short announcement of the worthy object. The first box was knocked down to Mr. Southern at \$560; the second to Tony Pastor at \$160; the third to H. E. Abbey for \$100. At the meeting of the benefit committee this afternoon it was resolved to pay the proceeds of the entertainment to his wife, Mrs. Mary Adams, to be exclusively her own private property. The World says boxes were also bought as follows: Maggie Mitchell, \$125; Wm. J. Florence, \$100; Horace Hall, \$100; Henry E. Abbey, \$100. At last Southern's box was sold again, Southern giving the purchase money to the benefit fund. The example was promptly followed and many other boxes resold. The auctioneers were Florence & Backus, and the scene, from beginning to end, was one of the most consummate fun. Total amount realized, \$3,254—seats in the gallery being bought up by speculators at \$3 each.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 8.—At a meeting of the merchants who suffered losses by the late riots at Pittsburg a committee of three were appointed with power to employ counsel to represent all parties having losses; the expenses incurred to be divided among the claimants in proportion to the amount involved.

[Washington Corr. Inter-Ocean.]
CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—The Secretary of State is to be presented with the President's message next Monday. It favors this government appointing a commission with 12 assistants and an appropriation of \$200,000 to represent the United States at the Paris exposition. Immediate action will be urged.

Gen. Miles gave the Nez Perces battle near the Bear Paw Mountains on the 3d inst. The camp of the hostiles was surprised and 600 horses captured. The Indians lost seventeen killed and wounded, including Looking Glass, Joseph's brother and three other chiefs, and forty wounded. The authorities think Miles' victory dearly bought, though they commend his troops for bravery. Within a year the Seventh cavalry has lost eighteen officers in action, and friends of officers in that regiment are petitioning for their transfer.

The President moves from the Soldiers' Home to the White House tomorrow.

John Morrissey will be here in Randall's interest and begin pool selling on Thursday, and will manipulate them to give the impression that Randall is sure to be elected. Kelly will be here at the head of a large Tammany delegation to work for Cox.

The scheme of electing an Administration Speaker is now deemed chimerical. Nearly all the candidates are here. Morrison has finally come out against the Texas Pacific scheme, and has declared for early resumption and renetizing.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

PARIS, Oct. 7.—Gambetta has issued a manifesto to the electors of the 20th arrondissement of Paris. In it he says: "Citizens, after four long months of excessive administrative pressure and most deplorable proceedings relative to official candidatures, France at last speaks. She will say in a few days what she thinks of the men of 16th May and the allies and protectors of the men of the 2d of December, the servants of Henry V. and the agents of the syllabus and the popes, who are sheltered under the patronage of the president, doubtless for better protection of republican institutions. France will say what she thinks of the personal policy of the chief of state and aristocratic and retrograde pretensions of the De Broglie cabinet, of the unjustifiable dissolution of the chamber of deputies, of the miserable war waged by the government against newspaper hawkers, school masters and other defenseless victims of the projects and plots of this coalition of monarchists who are preparing for her three years' of internecine conflicts, and divisions to be followed in 1880 by a terrible crisis and perhaps revolution. France will pronounce on the policy inaugurated by the letter dismissing the Republican ministry, on the order of the day to troops at Longchamps review, on the presidential message of Sept. 19th, and that system of the government which the chief executive power vindicates as right above the constitution. France will declare for the Republic. She will say she

intends to make an end of anarchy and dictatorship, withdraw the nation as well as individuals from clerical rule and ensure that public force shall never be employed except in service of law. I confidently declare that France, despite maneuvers against the freedom of her votes, will scorn the official candidature and agents, spurn Royalists, Caesarists and clericalists, both knaves and partisans of violence; she will condemn the dictatorial policy and leave the chief of executive power, who is transformed into a plebiscitary candidate, no alternative but to submit or resign. We ourselves are sure of the support of the country, and shall know how to make its will prevail over a powerless and incorrigible majority. The union of the Frenchmen will keep us discreet and render us invincible for the country and republic. Conservative papers strongly censure Gambetta's manifesto, some declaring that the real crisis has now commenced. Republican papers warmly praise the manifesto.

GENERAL NEWS.

New York, Oct. 9.—The World has a long article this morning going to show that in almost every department of the wholesale trade of New York, business during September has been more satisfactory than for five years past. There is great encouragement among merchants, and unusual preparations made for controlling business from regions which hitherto had only limited relations with New York. Competition is keen and profits consequently small. The only real exception to the rule appears to be in hardware and straw goods. A striking fact is the demand for luxuries. Sales of jewelry and diamonds lately exceed the most sanguine anticipations of merchants. There is a total absence of speculation and the tendency seems to be to supply legitimate wants.

St. Louis, Oct. 8.—Henry W. Mann, cashier of the Stock Yards at Kansas City, shot his little daughter of between 2 and 3 years, through the heart yesterday, and then shot himself through the head; both died instantly. The man's wife died about six months ago, since when his mind has been affected at times, and this is assigned as the cause of the act.

New York, Oct. 10.—The Herald gives the confession of Tweed in full, and says editorially this great felon has no claim on public sympathy. He is getting no more than he deserves. If he was treated as other thieves are treated who have not stolen the one-hundredth part as much, he would now be serving out a long term in the state prison. It does not appear from his confession that his testimony would be of any legal value in procuring the punishment of his accomplices, and even if they could be convicted on his testimony we doubt whether their conviction would be such a terror to evildoers as the spectacle of this old man, who was the ringleader of all these astounding robberies, bearing the brunt of punishment.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 10.—The Republican committee have received very little news to-day, and all political information has to be obtained from Democratic headquarters. The Democratic state committee, up to this hour, have what are called official returns from just one-half the counties in the state, and these show a net Democratic gain over the vote of last year of 16,576. Taking this as a basis, they claim that Bishop's majority cannot fall below 25,000. They think that the official count will give him 28,000 or 30,000 majority. In the absence of definite information the Republican committee concede Bishop's election by 25,000 majority. The Democratic committee's fight on the general assembly are as follows: in the house, the Democrats will have 67 members; Republicans, 39; and Nationalists or Workingmen, 3—Democratic majority, 28. In the senate the Democrats will have 25 members and Republicans 10—Democratic majority, 15. It is not likely the full count will change the legislative majorities claimed more than two or three at most.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 10.—The fifth annual session of the Women's Congress of the United States convened this a. m. Miss Abby W. May, of Boston, in the chair. Mayor Rose delivered an address of welcome which was responded to by Miss May. Interesting exercises followed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—A Hat creek, Wyoming, special says: The down coach from Deadwood was stopped early this morning by two road agents within a quarter of a mile of Lance creek station, about thirty miles north of here. There was only one passenger, a lady, who was not molested. There was no treasure aboard. The robbers told the driver that they were determined to attack the next treasure coach and were after Boone May, the messenger, and would kill him if possible. It is presumed that they want to kill May for having recognized and arrested three road agents in Deadwood some time since. The robbers were masked as usual, but were recognized as Blackburn and Webster, the murderers of deputy sheriff Cunnie.

The best estimates from Iowa place the Republican majority at 25,000, and a majority on joint ballot in the legislature which approximates 65.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 10.—Col. John W. Forney will announce in the Press tomorrow the sale of that paper to W. W. Nevin, his editor in chief. It is understood the new proprietor will associate with himself in the business department Mr. H. Nevin, late publisher of the Pittsburg Leader.

The Turkish troops were last winter trained in target practice.

THE INDIAN WAR ENDED.

Complete Surrender of the Nez Perces under Joseph.

GEN. MILES' LOSS VERY HEAVY.

[From the Daily Oregonian.]
The following dispatch was received at headquarters in Portland last night. It is dated "Headquarters Department of the Columbia, in the field, Miles' Camp, Eagle creek, Oct. 5, 1877, and addressed to Col. Wood, assistant adjutant general of the department:

"Hostile Nez Perces' camp under Joseph, surrendered to-day at 2:20 p. m. Most of the principal men are killed, including Joseph's brother, Looking-glass and Tu-houl-kan-sute. The Camas prairie murderers are now all dead—killed in action. O. O. HOWARD, Brig. General.

CHICAGO, Oct. 9.—The following dispatch is just received:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE YELLOWSTONE, }
October 5, 1877.

To GENERAL A. H. TERRY: We have had our usual success. We made a very direct and rapid march across the country, and after a severe engagement, and being kept under fire for three days, the hostile camp of Nez Perces under Joseph surrendered at 2 o'clock to-day. I intend to start the 2d cavalry toward Benton on the 7th inst. Cannot supplies be sent out on the Benton road to meet them and return with the remainder of the command to the Yellowstone? I hear there is trouble between the Sioux and Canadian authorities. I remain, General, yours very truly,

NELSON A. MILES.

The Indians fought with great desperation, only surrendering when they had lost their principal chiefs and fifty-seven of their fighting men. General Miles lost twenty-three killed and forty five wounded, including fourteen commissioned and non-commissioned officers.

JOSEPH'S SURRENDER.

FOUR BENTON, Oct. 8.—Since the first battle of Miles with Joseph's band the troops have been holding the hostiles in a narrow ravine, and have picked them off from rifle pits, losing only four men themselves. Joseph raised a white flag four times, offering to surrender, if he might be allowed to keep his guns. Miles demanded unconditional surrender, and on the last day Joseph raised the white flag again, advanced in front of the lines, handed his gun to Miles and shook hands with him. The remainder of the Indians did the same. Forty wounded Indians were found in camp. The number of dead is unknown, as all were buried. The glory of the fight rests with Miles. Intrenchments of the Nez Perces were ingeniously constructed. Their bravery was unsurpassed throughout the fight and they are credited with numerous acts of humanity to our wounded.

The Winnemucca Herald gives the details of one of the most exquisitely ludicrous incidents that ever occurred in that section. It seems that the wife of a wealthy citizen had an intimate friend whose name was Mr. Darden. The latter coaxed the husband into his cellar one morning, killed him, cut him up in small pieces, packed the same in a barrel, which he threw into the river. A few days afterwards the lady came to Mr. Darden and observed: "My husband has disappeared. Do you think he has gone to the wars?" "No," replied her light-hearted friend, bursting with merriment, "I think he has gone to pieces." The joke was too good to keep, so he told the widow, upon which they both sat down and laughed until their sides ached. It is the buoyant spirits and infectious merriment of our people that constitutes their greatest charm. They are to be hanged on the 27th prox.

A correspondent says: "The news of the Russians having made the Sulina mouths unfit for navigation by sinking stone laden boats into them, has made a bad impression at Vienna. For military purposes torpedoes would have answered quite as well. It is, therefore, suggested that Russia had an act of commercial policy in view, and would destroy the Danube navigation if the mouths of the river remained in its power. In a very few months the mouths will be entirely stopped by the sand."

Many political speakers say that they trust in God; but they have just made bargains at seventy-five cents a vote; a quarter of a dollar less than votes were last year.

A LOS ANGELES, California paper states that 1,600 sheep were sold last week in San Bernardino for \$400, or two bits a head.

The most successful rifle team up to date is the one which rifled the overland train the other day.

An Opinion of McDowell.

CHIFFEWA FALLS, WISCONSIN, Sept. 28, 1877.
TO THE EDITOR OF THE DISPATCH:

Happening in the Herald office of this place, I picked up your paper of the 16th of September, and saw an editorial on McDowell on substance. Now I know that individual like a book, as I served in his command for 16 months, before Fredricksburg and Richmond, in the 6th Wisconsin Veteran Volunteers, and I never in that time knew him to do anything but what was mean, in fact I never heard a soldier speak well of him, but that he was more of a looney than anything else. He marched us backward and forward from Fredricksburg to Cattell station, a distance of some thirty miles, all unnecessary, until we knew every tree and stump on the road, and when there was a chance to have a row we were the furthest off of any of the troops. At the battle of Bull Run, No. 2, we never saw him but once during the fight, but there was one there that we did see and that was Gen. Gibbon, who commanded our brigade; a better man to command never lived. After the battle nobody knew what had become of McDowell. We thought he might have gone over to his friends. But no, after we got inside of the fortification at Washington he came to us. Some thought he might have been like Marshal Ney, at the Bridge of Lodi, the rear guard of the Grand Army; but the majority thought he was the lead mule of the Army, and like Barkie, was willing. Now we all like McDowell, in a way; but if you will manage to have that noble Lo, Joseph, get him, and keep him, you will have the most heartfelt thanks of the 1st Regiment the 1st Brigade the 1st Division the 1st Army Corps of the Army of the Potomac. Speak well of Howard for he, as you know, is a good general, but a little slow. Yours truly, C.

A Long Game.

You can always tell a gambler by the way he shuffles his feet.—Cincinnati Sat. Night.

But not by the way he cuts his friends.—Norr. Herald.

You can't mistake him, because he always favors his "ante."—Oil City Derrick.

You fellows seem to know a deal about this man.—Phila. Bulletin.

Oh, yes we frequently pass him.—Camden Post.

And always find him going it alone.—Rhinbeck Gazette.

You chaps are raising the duce about that man.—N. Y. Nation.

We have concluded to assist.—Christian Union.

We shall not take a hand in the game.—International Review.

We wish that fellow was raked in with a spade.—London Times.

Yes, he should be "called" by Gabriel's "trump."—Atlantic Monthly.

Oh, why don't you "club" him to death.—Fall Mall Gazette.

The gambler will "flush" up a little, and be unable to keep "straight," after reading the foregoing game of newspaper bluff.—Nineteenth Century.

The man in question sometimes gets "high," and consequently has "low" habits.—Popular Science Monthly.

Is that a "joker" or not?—New Yorker.

We "take it up." This is undoubtedly a "crib-age."—S. F. Wasp.

In order not to discard this foolishness, we'll follow suit.—Puget Sound Express.

Oh, this is too much of a hogging game. We see what you fellows are after now. You want to make him take the Jack, in order to save your Pedro. Ah! Let's get a fresh deck, and play on the square. That's the way to sinch him.

Nothing is more easy than to grow rich. It is only to trust nobody, to befriend none; to get all you can and save all you get; to stint yourself and everybody belonging to you; to be the friend of no man, and have no man for your friend; to heap interest upon interest, cent upon cent; to be mean, miserable and despised for some twenty or thirty years, and riches will come as sure as disease and disappointment. And when nearly enough wealth is collected, by a disregard of all the charities of the human heart, and at the expense of every enjoyment, death comes to finish the work, the body is buried in a hole, the heirs dance over it, and the spirit goes—where?

Whenever a Chicago journal announces that "another old citizen is gone," the Detroit Free Press remarks that he has gone to Canada.

W. H. PUMPHREY,

Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER

—And Dealer in—

PIANOS AND ORGANS

And Musical Merchandise.

STETSON & POST!

SEATTLE PLANING MILLS,

Commercial St., adjoining S. and W. W. R.

Sash and Doors,

Blinds, Frames, Shutters, & Wood Finish

Of every Description. Seasoned Lumber of all Kinds Constantly on Hand.

Our Cedar Doors the Best in America"

ASK FOR

SLORAH & COMPANY'S BEER!

BREWERS AND MALTSTERS,

FOURTH AND MILL STS.,

SEATTLE, WASH. TER.

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STEELE'S PAIN ERADICATOR.

The Most Wonderful Discovery of the Age.

The World moves, and unless we Progress we must go Backward. Nothing remains Stationary.

In offering this medicine it is not intended to deceive the people as a cure for every complaint on earth; but a really scientific article of the greatest merit, which will prove a boon to suffering humanity—both on account of its adaptability to both man and beast, its readiness of application, and the price being within the reach of all. It will actually cure:

Rheumatism, Lameness, Neuralgia, Swellings, Contracted Cords, Gout, Contracted Muscles, Cuts, Stiff Joints, Sores, Sore Throat, Sprains, Lame Back.

Bruises, Diarrhea, Cramps, Headache, Colic, Faceache, Burn and Scalds, Earache, Inflammation of the Kidneys,

And all Nervous and Inflammatory Aches and Pains.

Dr. Steele, who has for years been in the Proprietary Medicine business, and who has visited in various parts of the world in search of information, has great confidence in the ERADICATOR as the "No Plus Ultra" of safe, sure and reliable remedies for general use as a Family Doctor. Provide yourself with a bottle without delay, and you will always keep it in the family and save money. Don't be put off with some other preparation. Take only STEELE'S PAIN ERADICATOR. We can produce thousands of testimonials as to the cures made; but a trial will prove to the most skeptical that it is truly an Eradicator of Pains, aches and Inflammations. It has property of that kind than any other preparation. Take pains to see that you get the genuine, and is now constantly used by horsemen as a Liniment, and has saved more valuable property of that kind than any other preparation. Take pains to see that you get the genuine. Put up in large bottles, and for sale by druggists and dealers. If you happen to be in a locality where STEELE'S PAIN ERADICATOR cannot be obtained send to the wholesale druggist, or to the Agents,

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Wholesale DRUGGISTS.

322, 324 and 326 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Price 50 Cents Per Large Bottle. Six Bottles for \$5.

M. KELLY & CO., Seattle, W. T., Jobbing Agents for the Sound ports.

Central Market.

Corner of Front and Pike Streets.

T. COULTER

Keeps Constantly on hand all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats

Vegetables, Family Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars,

And other supplies too numerous to mention. Seattle, May 3, 1877.

Farm for Sale.

THE fine farm of John Letten, situated but one mile from Snohomish city, on the river, consisting of 140 acres, for sale cheap on easy terms. There are 20 or 25 acres under cultivation, and it is near one of the best public schools in the Territory. Inquire of sep9w3t W. M. TIRTLON.

PONY SALOON,

.... KEPT BY

BEN. MURPHY.

Corner Commercial and Main Streets,

Opposite U. S. Hotel.

MY BAR will always be supplied with the Best

WINES, LIQUORS, ALE AND PORTER, AND CIGARE.

The Governor's Message.

Like all the papers which have emanated from the present Territorial Executive, his message to the Legislature at its present session exhibits intelligent care and consideration in its preparation, and abounds in facts and conclusions, clearly stated, and interesting to every intelligent reader, and we only regret that the document is too elaborate to admit of publication entire in our limited space.

The statement in regard to the Territorial finances is very gratifying, and we believe is without a parallel in any State or Territory. All demands upon the treasury to date have been paid, leaving a balance of \$1,665.

The rapid development of the resources of the Territory, embracing Agriculture, Fisheries, Coal and Lumber, are noted in a most encouraging exhibit. "The shipments of coal during the first seven months of the present year have amounted to more than eighty thousand tons, of which seven-eighths were from the mines in King county."

The recommendations of the Governor are in the main considerate and practical. 1st. In regard to the Territorial Library and how to keep it up. 2d. A protest against the present system of keeping convicts scattered around in the various county jails. 3d. On the manifest discrepancies of the act creating a "Board of Pilot Commissioners and Pilots on the Columbia River and Bar." 4th. State Government, on which the Governor recommends, for conclusive reasons, that no election for delegates to the proposed convention be held until the next general election. 5th. On population, the present population of the Territory is estimated at 50,000. 6th. An appropriation for a Board of Emigration is strongly recommended. 7th. A revision of the laws is also recommended. 8th. A considerable portion of the message is devoted to an able and concise review of the Northern Pacific Railroad question for which we have only room for concluding paragraph:

"Puget Sound is the only proper western terminus for a Northern transcontinental road.—This has been recognized by Congress, by the Railroad Company, and the American people for many years. The most powerful argument urged to obtain the original land grant and to effect a sale of the bonds of the company was, that the route of the road was the shortest that could be run between the Atlantic and Pacific. This favorable feature was in a measure destroyed by changing the main line to the valley of the Columbia river and thence to Puget Sound, thus adding two hundred and twenty-five miles to the length of the road. The construction across the Cascade mountains will still, however, give the direct railroad communication originally contemplated. But if the land grant for the branch is restored to the public domain, some years will probably elapse before the road will be constructed. Should this be the case, and the western terminus of the main line be established at Portland, the original design will be absolutely frustrated, and we will receive a check to our advancement and a blow will be struck at our prosperity from which we will not recover during the present century. The need for the branch road is greater to-day than ever before. If it was feasible in the past, it is now. Let, then, the Northern Pacific Railroad Company construct a road across the mountains, if it will. Let the time for its completion be extended, coupled with the conditions before referred to, as to the price of land and annual construction.

Should, however, the Company refuse to prosecute the work under those conditions, the land grant shall be transferred to the Territory, or to some other Company which will complete the work. And I feel assured that with the land grant as an aid, there is sufficient ability and enterprise within our own Territory to construct the road within any reasonable time which may be prescribed by Congress.

This very important subject is submitted to your consideration, with the suggestion that Congress be memorialized, and the delegate from the Territory be instructed, in relation thereto.

Party Sentiments.

The average party editor of the present day never discusses or alludes to any question of principle at issue between the two political parties, but regards every personal question from a party standpoint. They seem to consider political parties as rival combinations formed exclusively for the control of the government and the honors and emoluments of office in the interest of the successful party, and the motto: "To the victors belong the spoils," the sole incentive to public endeavor."—With them every public act is measured not by any principle involved therein, but by its personal bearings in relation to party.

The Portland Bee is peculiarly one of that class which would at once pass upon the guilt or innocence of a man indicted for horse-stealing by determining which political party the prisoner affiliated with. The editor of that paper was a Democrat in all his antecedents, and has never indicated any change in his political sentiments in any matter of principle, and he cannot to-day tell wherein he disagrees with the announced policy of the Democratic party in an essential particular. He simply joined the Republican party, and like the New York fireman, he is "bound to fight for the machine he runs with." In view of the fact that the Judge before whom Thompson was tried and convicted, and the Governor who refused Executive clemency, were both Republicans, this editor concludes and intimates that the protests against the execution of Thompson are merely partisan in their character, designed to damage the Republican officials. No one in this section ever dreamed of such a thing. The convict was an active Republican at the last election, his Attorneys and all who took an active interest in procuring a commutation of his sentence were Republicans, and these facts, it appears, had no influence with either the Judge or the Governor, and the party view of the matter was a figment of the fancy of a brain disordered by partisan bigotry, which disqualifies any man from fairly representing public interests.

The Olympia Courier, the leading party organ of this Territory endorses the qualifications of the chief clerk of the Council, but deprecates the election of a Democrat, and the Standard, the Democratic organ, jubilates over the fact that the Democrats, in the organization of the Council, secured the election of the chief clerk and enrolling clerk. Why? Can any one tell us what clerical duties have to do with political principles? and how are they applicable in this case, in any way? Tom Merry is clerk and Tom Reed is President of the Council. Merry was a Republican when Reed was a Democrat, and Reed is a Republican now when Merry is a Democrat; the Courier editor would have favored Merry and opposed Reed then, and the Standard editor, who was a Republican when Reed was a Democrat and Merry was a Re-

publican, would then have supported Merry and opposed Reed on party grounds, but in the interest of another party. Now, so far as the public interests are concerned, what difference does it make in the public service whether these men call themselves Republicans or Democrats? or what principles of public policy either of them have changed his views upon? Neither of those editors make any such discriminations in their social or business relations, and what possible reason can be shown for it in the public service in which every citizen of the commonwealth has an equal interest? We objected to the election of the chief clerk on neither personal nor party grounds, but solely for the reason that he is avowedly in the interest of parties notoriously hostile to the interests of this town, and that the corrupt bargain by which he was elected, defeated S. W. Hovey, one of the most highly respected citizens of the Territory.

Sutton Case.

A correspondent of the Port Townsend Press, sharply censures us for a statement in our news columns, in relation to Sutton, saying: "I should like to know if all the information he publishes in his paper is as reliable as that statement; if so, the community should be very careful how far they place any reliance in an article published in the DISPATCH."

Waiving the offensive manner of putting the case, we confess that our personal view of the matter accorded entirely with that of our anonymous assailant. We firmly believed Sutton to be a ruffian and desperado, not only from his own reputed acts, but from his intimate association with Garfield and "Cherokee," forming the most infamous trio that ever practiced their deviltries upon a long-suffering community, and it was for this very reason that we desired to give him the benefit of all reasonable doubt, as we uniformly do in all cases where we are conscious that our prejudices run counter to clemency.

Surprised at the verdict and punishment awarded in this case, our reporter sought the explanation from the very best source of information—the Prosecuting Attorney, and gave in the article referred to the conclusions of that interview. Mr. White said he found it impossible to make the testimony correspond with the reports which had been circulated against Sutton, and hence he was obliged to accept a verdict in accord with the proved facts; and that statement corresponds in the main with the report of the Argus, which says: "The evidence developed some mitigating circumstances which placed it beyond the power of the jury—acting in the capacity of sensible men, under their instructions from Judge Lewis—to find the prisoner guilty of any other grade of crime." And yet that paper, in the same article, says: "There can be no doubt as to the fact that Mr. White could have prosecuted the case with more vigor and earnestness. In this respect he perhaps laid himself open to censure." It is difficult to comprehend how an Attorney who gets all that is possible out of his case, can be censured for not prosecuting with more vigor and earnestness.

From our knowledge of Mr. White—which is based upon intimate personal intercourse of six years past—he is the last man we would ever suspect of a want of fidelity or zeal in the prosecution of a suit. He is an enthusiast in his profession, and we sin-

cerely believe he would hang his grand-mother for witchcraft if the law and testimony would warrant it.

The Good of It.

The Bourbons on one side and the Radicals on the other, find a great deal of fault with the President for using his summer vacation—devoted by his predecessor to junketing and horse-races—to visiting the people and commending to them the beauties of his policy of union, peace and concord. To all disinterested parties it is apparent that he could not have made a better use of his time and opportunities. It is only offensive to extreme partisans, who have heretofore profited by the use of the elements of sectional discord.

The London Times editorially commenting on President Hayes' Southern tour, says that in a little more than half a year the President has succeeded in breaking down a compact mass of prejudices and in allaying a host of conflicting passions. The visible triumph of his policy is now begun assured. He has this week begun a journey through the Southern States which is intended to show that the work of pacification is not far from completion. The Federal Government has no intention of interfering in the local administration of the Southern States. The Southern States have no desire to disturb the great achievements of the civil war, which have been embodied in constitutional amendments. The removal of objects of contention makes it easy to re-establish friendly relations between the people who respect each other, and the sympathetic meeting of President Hayes and Gen. Hampton, is an omen of the coming time when the South and the North will no longer be separated by the lines of division which the civil war had traced.

A correspondent of the London Times, engaged on one of the relief agencies at work among the Bulgarians, sends a hideous account of the state of the province. He is at present established at Carlova, on the southern slope of the Balkans, twenty miles west of Kazanlik. In this place the population, which he estimates must have been nearly twenty thousand, there is not a grown man left alive. For six weeks the place has been at the mercy of irregulars of the Turkish army. There now remain among the ruins of what was once a beautiful and thriving town only five or six thousand women and children. These poor creatures hide themselves as best they may, dreading the outrages of which nightly some of them are victims. They can hardly be said to have shelter, clothing or food, and have sustained life by furtively gathering roots and vegetables left in their ruined gardens.

The Louisiana returning board members will be tried in a few days, which shows the story of the interference of the administration to be pure fiction.

Col. STURGIS appears to be gaining some very substantial victories over the Nez Perces. General Howard has been found near the Yellowstone Park.

St. DOMINGO is in the throes of one of her periodic revolutions. The Bacz party is reported to have been badly beaten at different points.

SITKA is threatened with an Indian outbreak, but it is not improbable that a small army contractor is at the bottom of it.

New Jersey has a man who can preach in five languages, but can't pay his bills in one

DOINGS AT THE CAPITAL.

[From our Special Correspondent.]

OLYMPIA, Oct. 6, 1877.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE DISPATCH:

The present session of the Territorial Legislature promises to be one of unusual brilliancy, as the memory of the oldest settler runs not to a time when so much talent was assembled in this capital. It is remarked by those who are upon the inside, that the dominant party is so ably represented that it has not a single member in either house who does not feel amply qualified to act as its presiding officer, and it has even been admitted that several of the Democrats could, if they would, fill the chairs in a creditable manner. As ordinarily not one in a hundred good business men is sufficiently versed in parliamentary law to guide the deliberations of a town meeting, the fact as stated constitutes the highest encomium that could be passed upon the material of a deliberative body, and shows with what extraordinary care the present Legislature has been selected. What is still more remarkable, these gentlemen are—if such a thing is possible—even more distinguished for modesty than ability.

It has leaked out, by putting this and that together, that several of them have resorted to deep strategy, extending through months of time, to escape the honors which they had reason to fear would be thrust upon them. As an example of this—I like to see a writer support his assertions with facts, even if he has to invent them.—I will mention the case of one of the members from Thurston county, a gentleman who having probably bottomed more chairs than any other man in the Territory, was looked up to by common consent as the coming Speaker. So severe was he to receiving the honor, that he began in earnest months ago to hedge against it—not only assuring everybody that he did not want it, but even going so far as to solemnly proclaim himself so earnestly in favor of civil service reform, so utterly opposed to nepotism, and the prostitution of their influence by public men to the service of themselves or their friends; that he should oppose any man, woman or child who came up from Thurston county to ask the Legislature for any of its subordinate positions. Notwithstanding all of which he barely escaped by joining in a conspiracy at the eleventh hour to thrust one of the gentlemen from Walla Walla into the chair, who was so disgusted to find himself there, that he immediately entered upon a counter strategy to get out of it, by putting motions backward and affecting childlike ignorance upon the most common rules of parliamentary privileges.

It must be confessed that he plays his part as none but a man of his ability and presence of mind would play it, and it is perhaps even true that he has succeeded so far that some of the prejudiced Bourbons would vote to rotate him under the foolish notion that he is not the best man the House could produce for the place. But fortunately for the country, deep as he is, he can not conceal his great genius and consummate legislative experience from the far seeing statesmen who will be held responsible for the legislation of the present session. Up to snuff as they are, it is doubtful whether he could do anything absurd enough to let him out of a position for which he is so eminently qualified. His friends, the great men of the party, which includes all of the federal officials, feel perfectly secure against his efforts to get himself removed; yet, as he is but mortal, and subject to all the ills flesh is heir to, they tremble to contemplate the possibility that he may in an untoward moment be suddenly afflicted like Job of old. Then who would fill his place?

The extraordinary care which the people seem to have taken in the selection of their representatives is not the only evidence we have that President Hayes' great policy of civil service reform has taken deep root in this Territory. The masses, evidently determined that the revolution shall be sweeping and thorough; that all offices, from the highest to the lowest, shall be ably filled, have devoted themselves to this business with an unanimity, zeal and spirit of patriotism unparalleled in our history; as a consequence of which the capital, during the week of organization, was thronged with a mass of material from all parts of the Territory such as Rome never boasted of, even in her palmiest days.

Should any mind entertain the unworthy thought that this uprising has any spring other than pure, disinterested and undefiled public spirit, the simplest computation in figures will at once demonstrate the absurdity of the suspicion; for, if the facts, as I have gathered them from the best sources, be half true, the paltry per diem and mileage of all the positions within the gift of the Legislature would not pay one-fifth of the actual expenses incurred by those who have generously given their time and labor solely with the purpose of having them worthily filled.

Our people, who are as poor as they are virtuous and patriotic, were they actuated by sordid desires, certainly need not be so anxious to know that it would have been easier and more profitable to have remained at home attending to their own business.

The organization of the two houses having finally been completed from this abundant material, the third house has gone its way satisfied that the prayers will be said, the roll called, the doors opened and closed, the fires kindled, the rooms swept and the spittoons emptied in a manner worthy of the great central idea of Reform, rejoicing in their way like ancient, that the country has so many citizens more worthy than themselves.

As another evidence that Washington Territory is at the head of the column of advance, I refer with pleasure to the eagerness displayed by our public men to recognize the rights of women. About an equal proportion of the subordinate positions in the Legislature were given to females, and the Governor in his message bestows unequalled encomiums upon the President of the Board of Immigration for the distin-

guished efficiency with which she has discharged the duties of her elevated position. On every hand I see evidences of a growing sentiment that woman has been kept under long enough; and it must be confessed that even the most fossiliferous opposers of her elevation, and adherents of the old methods, are constrained to admit that the change so far as they have seen it tried, works better than they had expected.

The Governor in his message advocates an extension of ten years more of time to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, with conditions binding said company to complete a certain number of miles of road per annum, and fixing the price of its lands at the government minimum of \$2.50 per acre, stating very fairly that under the old charter the land grant has been a curse to the Territory. The importance of this enterprise to the Territory can not be over-estimated; but to the minds of those who are familiar with the history which he precisely recites, such questions as the following constantly present themselves: Will an extension of ten years more to this company hasten or retard the completion of this road?

Is it reasonable to suppose that having accomplished so little within the past thirteen years, during most of which time the country has enjoyed an unexampled state of financial prosperity, it will in ten years more accomplish what we desire?

If the loss of credit through bad faith and mismanagement through thirteen years past has made an extension of time necessary now, at the end of ten years more, when the endowments of the company have been frittered away and covered with mortgages, will not that necessity have become so imperative that it cannot be resisted?

Is it seemly that the people of this Territory should memorialize Congress to grant a new lease of power to a corporation which whilst appropriating its lands, its timbers, and its coal, to its own uses, and by its policy retarding the increase of its population and the development of its resources, refuses to contribute to its revenues, and resists the payment of taxes upon its property? SORREHEAD.

CITY AND COUNTRY.

From Daily of Saturday:

ODD FELLOWS' JUSTICE.—As a matter of information to the readers of the DISPATCH belonging to the Order, we publish the following:

BALTIMORE, Sept. 20.—At the session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows this afternoon the appeal of Benjamin F. Reynolds, P. G., from the action of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island was acted upon, and the report of the Committee on Appeals, sustaining the action of the Grand Lodge of Rhode Island, and dismissing the appeal of Reynolds, was adopted. This case has been one of active controversy in the jurisdiction of Rhode Island since July, 1873. Reynolds was charged with conduct unbecoming an Odd Fellow, in calling the Noble Grand of Unity Lodge, No. 2, of that jurisdiction a liar, accompanied with profane language, and he was tried and expelled from the Lodge. The Grand Lodge of Rhode Island subsequently sustained the action of the subordinate Lodge. He appealed to the Grand Lodge of the United States, which to-day sustained the action of the State Lodge.

THE SHOOTING OF PETERSON.—The name of the party shot by John Moss yesterday near Steele's Landing, an account of which was published in last night's DISPATCH, is Peterson, a respectable farmer living on Snoqualmie prairie. The unfortunate affair resulted from a controversy in regard to the payment of a balance of eleven dollars, due from Moss to Peterson. It seems that the parties had met in this city previous to the shooting, and Moss had paid Peterson five dollars on a bill of sixteen dollars, with the understanding that the balance of the money was to be paid at Renton, to which place the parties both proceeded together on the cars. They got off at Steele's Landing where Peterson obtained a horse, which they both took turns in riding along the road. Peterson says that while he was riding, Moss, who was walking behind, shot him through the back, the ball entering the left lung, about two inches from the heart. Peterson then begged Moss not to kill him, for the sake of his wife and children, and before Moss had time to fire again, he spurred up his horse and was out of reach. He finally made his way back to Steele's, where, fainting from loss of blood, he was lifted from his horse and carried into the house. Dr. Calhoun, who was in the neighborhood at the time, had the wounded man brought into town. Moss immediately took to the woods and escaped, and although the Sheriff and a large posse are in pursuit, he has not yet been captured. Peterson is resting easy and may possibly recover.

SINCE the introduction of the female postmasters a girl goes up to the window and says, "Is there a letter for Miss Margaret Robinson?" "Yes," says the female postmaster, "here is one from John McJones."

NEW STEAMER.—The lumber for a new steamer, to be built for Capt. Smith, of the Comet, for the White river trade, was landed at Lake's shipyard at Belltown yesterday from the Freeport mills.

Report of President Anderson.

To the Honorable Board of Regents of the University of Washington Territory.

GENTLEMEN:
In accordance with the terms set forth in the accompanying circulars, school was opened in the University building, Sept. 3d, 1877, with forty pupils. At the present date, Oct. 6th, the number of students is fifty-one, pursuing studies as per following table.

| STUDIES. | NO. STUDENTS. |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Caesar, (Book Fourth)..... | 5 |
| Caesar, (Book First)..... | 2 |
| Latin Grammar and Reader..... | 14 |
| Latin Lessons..... | 5 |
| Physiology..... | 4 |
| Geometry..... | 7 |
| University Algebra..... | 4 |
| Elementary..... | 10 |
| Arithmetic..... | 33 |
| Grammar..... | 22 |
| Geography..... | 13 |
| Reading, (Fifth Reader)..... | 30 |
| Spelling..... | 21 |
| Writing..... | 12 |

It is the purpose to organize classes in Book-keeping, Natural Philosophy, French, Greek and perhaps other branches, at the beginning of the winter term.

Arrangements are now being made to accommodate a larger number of pupils with board and rooms, or room alone, at moderate rates, both in the boarding house and in the President's house. All such students are under the constant care of the faculty.

Before closing this report, allow the suggestion that there is great need of apparatus for illustrating the natural sciences. And further, that it is very desirable to secure, on some well considered plan, a larger endowment, that the University may be enabled to extend its curriculum at least one year beyond that set forth in the accompanying circular, thus allowing one class of students to be completely fitted for any college, and other classes to pursue scientific and normal courses of study fully equal to those found in colleges and universities elsewhere.

Respectfully submitted,
A. J. ANDERSON.
Seattle, Oct. 6th, 1877.

DROWNED.—A few days ago the sad news came to hand that a couple of unfortunate men were out in Port Discovery Bay in a small boat when, by a wind squall, it was capsized. One of them succeeded in swimming ashore near Keynes' spit where he was picked up several hours afterward, more dead than alive. The other poor fellow was undoubtedly drowned, as the boat was picked up near the mouth of the bay minus an occupant, and nothing further has developed since. The name of the survivor is Dick Ward, and of the deceased, Thomas Quinn.

SLIGHT DAMAGE.—An alarm of fire was sounded about 6 o'clock last evening, caused by the issuance of smoke from a building in the Chinese quarter on Washington street. A large crowd soon collected in the vicinity, but no sign of fire was discovered, save a few sparks flying from a chimney. The firemen were promptly on hand with their machine, but their services were not needed.

The city taxes, as will be seen by an advertisement elsewhere in the DISPATCH, become delinquent after the 10th inst. Tax-payers are very generally coming forward and paying up, thereby saving additional costs.

The Congregational Church will be re-opened for evening service to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock, with a free lecture on Fools. Service as usual at 11 A. M. Sunday school at 12:30.

Quite a number of people from this city and other portions of the Sound, leave to-morrow night for the Oregon State Fair, which opens at Salem on Monday.

MAJOR BLAKE, late inspector at San Juan Island, relieves Mr. Hyde in the duties of inspector of customs at Seattle. We are not informed as to the cause of the change.

CAPT. LOFTGREN, of the Emerald, is rapidly convalescing. His vessel left Port Gamble for Valparaiso Saturday last.

D. K. KAUFFMAN, the Front street tailor, goes below on the steamer to-night, after a new stock of goods.

THERE will be no services at the Presbyterian Church to-morrow. Sunday school at the usual hour.

A TOTAL WRECK.

Burning of the Magnificent Steamship Constitution with all her Freight.

NO LIVES LOST.

From a private dispatch to a gentleman in this city, we glean the following facts: The steamship Constitution took fire from the coal in her after bunkers, which was damp, on her down trip from this port. The fire was not discovered until the steamer was within thirty miles of San Francisco and the devouring flames had already gained too much headway to be easily subdued. The vessel was well supplied with facilities for extinguishing fires, and her steam fire apparatus was at once brought into play, but the fire had communicated to the hoppers and grain, and all efforts to smother it proved unavailing. In this dilemma the hatches were fastened down, and the fire confined to the hold. The steamship was grounded on Oakland flats, and scuttled. The steamer and her freight are a total loss, except perhaps a portion of her machinery. The passengers were all rescued. Schwabacher Bros. & Co. was the only firm in this city that had their shipment covered by insurance, their cargo of grain, valued at \$1,500, being so secured. The grain shipped by Crawford & Harrington was not insured, and is therefore a total loss. The supposition is a portion of the large quantity of hops shipped from the Puyallup valley were probably insured in San Francisco by the consignees on receipt of telegraphic notice of their shipment.

The gallant conduct of Capt. Seabury and other officers of the steamer, in preserving order among the frightened passengers, and in doing all that man could do to save the ship, are highly spoken of.

DAKOTA.—This steamer will leave Yesler's wharf at 3 o'clock Monday morning for Utsalady, where she will take on several hundred tons of grain, and proceed to Victoria, sailing from the latter place at 12 o'clock M. on Wednesday next. Included in her freight list from this port are 914 cases of salmon from Jackson, Myers & Co.'s Mukilteo cannery, 809 sacks of oats, 1,150 sacks of potatoes, and a large quantity of hides, besides smaller lots of other goods.

OREGON STATE FAIR EXCURSION.—During the continuance of the Oregon State Fair, the N. P. R. R. will sell excursion tickets, good for ten days, from Victoria, Seattle, Tacoma, Tenino, and on board P. S. S. N. Co.'s steamers to Salem, Oregon, and return at the following rates:

| | |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| From Victoria and Return..... | \$15 75 |
| From Seattle and Return..... | 10 75 |
| From Tacoma and Return..... | 9 75 |
| From Tenino and Return..... | 8 75 |

Tickets may be had of W. H. Pumphrey, this city.

CAPT. BARLOW sent Jack a special to-day stating that the Zephyr will make an excursion trip from this city to Mukilteo and return to-morrow, leaving here at 8 o'clock.

SERVICES on the street to-morrow, as usual, at 3 o'clock; in the Y. M. C. A. hall at 4 o'clock.

EVENING subject to-morrow at the Methodist Protestant Church, "Spirit Manifestations."

MR. W. H. PUMPREY goes to San Francisco on the Dakota this trip for holiday stock of goods.

From the Daily of Monday.

IN PROBATE COURT.—Letters of administration were issued by Judge Burke to A. B. Young last Wednesday in the case G. W. Prescott, of the Freeport Mill Company; also on the Himes estate. On Saturday last a guardian was appointed to take care of Geo. C. Fisher.

The Olympia Cornet Band are adopting the plan followed by the Pacific Cornet Band of this city during the late fair. At the Territorial Fair they are offering a premium to the handsomest girl, and another to the ugliest man, both to be decided by votes at 25 cents each.

A CANDID OPINION.—W. Byron Daniels, editor of the Vancouver Independent, who has recently been making a tour of the Puget Sound country, in his paper of the 4th inst., thus intelligently alludes to our resources: "The Sound folks are proud to see such ocean behemoths as the steamship Constitution, moored at their docks, and have considerable to say about the shallow channel of the Willamette. They are proud of their deep water, and they have many other things over here of which to be proud. Their big mills, their coal mines, and their men of business energy are all indicative of the future greatness of this region. The city of Seattle, located on the right bank of Puget Sound, about half way between Olympia on Budd's Inlet, and San Juan, the once disputed Island at the head of Fuca Strait, is the principal city of Washington Territory, and has great expectations for the future. The location is on the side hill and the surface is uneven and broken, affording picturesque places for residences. There are many large business houses here. They are anxious for connection by wagon road with Yakima and Walla Walla counties, and to this end have recently organized a toll road company and will ask the legislature for an appropriation of ten thousand dollars to assist in the work. I am informed the people in Yakima county are willing to assist the project. The people on the Sound north of Seattle, are generally desirous that Seattle should be the metropolis of Puget Sound, as against New Tacoma or any other rival."

FOR SITKA.—The U. S. Revenue Cutter Wolcott left Port Townsend Thursday for Sitka to be present at the festivities to be given during the last of this month by Sitka Jack, to some four thousand Indians of various tribes of Alaska. The report in the Oregon and up-Sound papers about serious trouble at present in Sitka, is without any foundation, as the last accounts report everything quiet. As a means of fighting Indians, the Cutter in her present condition, is a lamentable farce. She has but one gun and that not in first-rate order, her other gun was thrown overboard when she struck the reef at Cape Mudge last winter, and although the Department have been repeatedly informed of the inefficiency of the vessel, they have not fitted her out, but have promptly ordered her to Sitka with no means of either offensive or defensive warfare. H. L. Tibbals, has loaned Capt. Selden the battery of guns which were purchased at the Custom House sale of the effects of the old cutter Jeff. Davis. Fortunately, the shot for this battery, now forms part of the ballast of the Wolcott, and Capt. Selden has collected all the oyster and meat cans in town to be filled with old scrap iron and sand, as canister shot. If any danger is apprehended, on the arrival of the Cutter at Sitka, she will return and a man-of-war will be sent. She will return in about five weeks.—Argus.

BROKE DOWN.—Saturday evening, while the little steamer Phantom was coming up from Port Townsend with about twelve passengers on board, a portion of her machinery broke down when just in sight of Port Madison, by reason of which the little boat was entirely disabled. As there was a high sea running at the time and a strong wind blowing, the position of the steamer was critical in the extreme. After bobbing around in the trough of the sea, the Phantom finally managed to get within three miles of Port Madison and came to anchor. After blowing her whistle as a signal of distress all night, she finally managed to attract the attention of the steamer Ruby, which towed her into Port Madison, and her passengers came over from that port yesterday. It was a narrow escape, for a storm might have arisen, during the night and the little boat been carried out to sea, and all on board perished.

TO INSPECT.—First Lieutenant Jos A. Sladen, 14th infantry, aide-de-camp, has been instructed to proceed to Port Townsend, and inspect the money accounts of disbursing officers at that post and submit the required reports. Lieut. Sladen will also note the manner in which repairs have been made at the post and report thereon.

THE SHOOTING OF PETERSON.—John Moss was arrested last Saturday at the house of Dr. Hughes, on White river, and brought to this city. This morning a DISPATCH reporter called at the jail and obtained the following statement from the prisoner. He said: "I left this city last Friday morning on the cars, intending to go to Steele's Landing and cross the river, where I intended to locate some land before going to the Eastern States. Supposed there was a ferry at Steele's Landing. On arriving there left the cars and found there was no ferry. Returned to Miller's ferry and crossed, and proceeded to White river. Had heard nothing of the shooting of Peterson. While in the house of Dr. Hughes, on White river, drying my feet by the fire, three men entered and asked if my name was Moss. I replied that it was. They then ordered me to hold up my hands, and arrested me. This was the first I knew of the shooting of Peterson." Mr. Moss is very indignant at the article that appeared in the INTELLIGENCER this morning, saying it is unjust to convict a man before his trial. In referring to the trouble he had in California he says it has been misrepresented, and that he can justify his conduct in that matter. He fully realizes the situation and is anxious to know the condition of Peterson. Says Peterson and himself were on friendly terms, and he knows of no reason why he should be accused of this crime. On the other hand Peterson says while he was riding the horse after leaving Steele's Landing in company with Moss, the latter fell back some steps and fired, shooting him in the back. He fell from the horse, and seeing Moss again raising the pistol got behind the horse and cried "murder." Moss crossed the road a number of times trying to get another shot, but Peterson succeeded in keeping the horse between himself and the pistol. At last he says his cries scared Moss away. When Moss was brought into the room in which Peterson lay he was identified by the latter as the man who shot him, Moss at the same time denying the deed. The evidence so far seems to rest on the statement of Moss and Peterson. Whether Moss is a "bad egg" or not is for the jury, not the press to decide.

ACADEMY AT PUYALLUP.—Prof. J. H. Hall has closed his school at Port Townsend, and is now in this city. He will soon go to Puyallup for the purpose of establishing an academy. The building is already erected, and a subscription of \$1,700 secured for running the school the first year. In addition to this amount Prof. Hall will have the benefit of all tuition money from pupils not sent by those subscribing. If results justify the people of Puyallup valley in continuing this academy it will be incorporated as a permanent institution of learning. Prof. Hall engages to teach any branch that may be required, and those who have known him as a teacher in this city do not doubt his ability to do as he engages. The settlers on the Puyallup are well-to-do farmers and are abundantly able to support an academy.

A GOOD WORK.—The shanties near the old Pinnel building are being torn down and the rubbish cleared away, preparatory to the erection of a number of neat tenement houses in that locality by Capt. Renton next spring. This will make that part of town, which has heretofore been a blot upon our city's reputation, the homes of peaceful industry. The old mad-house building is fast going to ruin, most of the windows and doors having been removed.

The recent continued rains have injured a small portion of the grain on the Swinomish flats, the greater portion having been secured before the rains began. In Lewis county considerable grain has been spoiled by the wet weather.

MR. VAN WIE has associated Mr. Sargent with himself in the Saddle Rock restaurant. The business will be conducted to the satisfaction of all, as heretofore.

THERE are fifty-one pupils in attendance at the University instead of forty-one, as stated in our Saturday's issue.

MR. P. J. FLINT arrived in this city to-day with 107 head of fine beef cattle for A. W. Malson, from Yakima.

HIS LAST GAME.—The last and best game played by McDonald, who was released from our county jail last week, was this: McDonald bought an excursion ticket to the Oregon State Fair and return, which he presented on board the Alida for passage to Tacoma. The pursuer was about to tear off the coupon; when McDonald stopped him, saying he had no right to it. The pursuer maintained his right to the coupon, when McDonald offered to bet \$20 that he was right, and leave the question to the agent at Tacoma. This was readily accepted, and the money put up. Arrived at Tacoma, the agent decided adverse to the pursuer, and McDonald pocketed the \$20.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

JAM REMOVED.—The gratifying intelligence was received here by telegraph to-day stating that the huge jam in the Skagit river—which has so long been a source of annoyance to the people, preventing steamboat communication and the settlement of that fertile region—had been entirely removed by the recent freshet. It is confidently expected that within two or three days steamboats will be able to run up the river a distance of 60 miles, thus opening up to settlement a section of country of unsurpassed fertility. It is hardly possible to estimate the immense benefit to accrue to the whole Territory from the removal of this formidable obstruction. The jam was situated about ten miles above the mouth of the Skagit river, in Whatcom county, and distant from Seattle about 50 miles. It was estimated by competent engineers that it would cost the government \$20,000 to remove this jam, but enough money had been raised by private subscription to pay for removing so much of the obstruction that the grateful flood had a comparatively easy task in completing the good work.

RELICS.—All through the Cascades may be found rude images and formations in stone, but whether formed by man or nature, it is impossible to predict. In riding through the Yakima country the writer came to a place where, delicately poised over a huge cave, stood an immense rock through which was bored a large hole capable of receiving an ordinary cannon ball. Numerous indications of a prehistoric people, which are plentiful in southwestern Colorado, have lately been discovered in western Nevada. Antique pottery, and undecipherable writings on the rocks are the most common tokens. At one place, engraved upon a rock, is the nude figure of a man, holding in his right hand a shrap, the outlines of which show considerable artistic skill.

WELL DONE.—We are glad to be able to chronicle one fact in relation to the Puget Sound Fisheries. We are informed that Tull & Co., formerly of Mukilteo, now of Seattle, after a careful trial, have concluded to discharge all of their Chinamen and employ white men in their places. We are glad there is one firm operating our fisheries for the benefit of our own country instead of the Mongolian empire. There are hundreds of white men on this coast, who are knocking at our doors for work, and yet Capital brands them Tramps, casts them rudely aside, and negotiates with some Boss of a Chinaman, for a cargo of Coolies, to flood our land with this class of laborers, and grind the face of our poor still deeper into the dust. Shame.—Star.

OUR friend Knowlton has connected himself in business with Capt. Edwards, in this city. The new firm is now opening out a new stock of goods at their present saleroom, where quite a display is being made.—Tacoma Herald.

MR. KNOWLTON was formerly a resident of this city, engaged here at different times in the printing business. Having had much experience in the mercantile line, and being a courteous, obliging gentleman, he can't help but succeed wherever he pitches his tent. He is at present in the city on business.

The Olympia Courier has ceased to exist. Mr. Bagley will devote his time and attention to the Territorial printing. When he has nothing else to do, he will revive the Courier.

MILEAGE.—The mileage of members of the Legislature is computed on the shortest practicable route of travel between the residences of the members and the capital city. The amount allowed is \$15 for every 100 miles traveled both ways, which is 7½ cents per mile traveled. The following list will give names of members and the number of miles traveled one way: Andrews, 150 miles; Atkins, 150; Barnes, 444; Chipman, 12; Daniels, 150; Davis, 91; Ebeby, 14; Foster, 75; Gregory, 432; Iverson, 120; Kelley, 50; Korter, 124; LaDue, 90; Long, 35; Martin 400; McDonnell, 470; McReavy, 140; Miller, 110; Newland, 462; Pereival, 563; Ringer, 518; Stiles, 175; Tibbetts, 75; Vansycle, 450; Ward, 2; Warbass, 179; Warman, 200; Whitman, 430.

EXTENDED.—Samuel Coulter, contractor on Route No. 43,108, from Seattle to Schome, has been notified by the department that the route has been extended seven and a half miles, from Schome to Lummi, to which place he is directed once a week to carry the mail, and to enable him to do which the department allows him ten hours running time. The additional service is to begin on the 16th of the present month, and the postmaster of Seattle has been directed to prepare a schedule of arrivals and departures, to be agreed to by the postmasters of LaConner and Lummi.

THE CONDITIONS.—Following are some of the conditions recommended in the memorial asking for an extension of time to the N. P. R. R., introduced in the House by Mr. Ringer: "1. The N. P. R. R. shall not charge more than \$2 50 per acre for their lands. 2. All sales or transfers of land shall take place through the land office, such sales to be made only to actual settlers. 3. Time of said building shall be limited by law. 4. In case of failure to build, all lands shall revert to the territory. 5. The railroad shall pay taxes on all earned lands."

A NUISANCE.—The dead bodies of horses and cattle are being dumped, along with the slabs and sawdust in the locality, of the powder magazine, presenting not only a sickening appearance, but materially affecting the sanitary condition of the city. If persons are allowed to indulge in such practices, it will not be surprising to hear of the appearance of some malignant type of disease at almost any moment.

IN ADMIRALTY.—Proceedings were commenced on Saturday before U. S. Commissioner W. H. Andrews against the schooner Frithiof to enforce payment of seamen's wages. After hearing, the case was dismissed. C. D. Emery for the vessel.

DROWNED.—The body of an aged German named Godfrey Becker was picked up in Victoria harbor on Sunday. Deceased had been partially paralyzed, and it is supposed he drowned himself while laboring under a fit of mental aberration.

CHIEF JOSEPH—may his tribe decrease—awoke one night from a dream of peace and saw General Howard ninety miles west, and said, "Poor man, let's give him a rest."

The purser of the Alida denies that Jack McDonald beat him out of \$20. The steward of the boat is said to have been the victim.

We are pleased to notice that the Astorian has dropped the "patent outside." It is filled with interesting matter, and its neat appearance indicates the presence of a printer at the fore.

On Thursday last the engineer in the sawmill at Port Gamble, by some means or other had his hand caught in the machinery of the mill and two of his fingers taken off.

CITY AND COUNTRY.

From the Daily of Wednesday.

A WOOLEN MILL.—A Canadian gentleman is about to establish a woolen mill in Lake District, some ten miles from Victoria. As a preliminary step he has purchased 200 acres of land of John Durant, a well-known farmer, and will proceed in the early spring to the erection of the necessary buildings. In addition to the woolen mill he will erect a sawmill. Both will prove of great benefit to the district, and the woolen mill will be welcomed by the whole country, as it will be the means of working up a raw product which exists in great abundance and for which there is now little or no sale. The Local Government offer a bonus of \$2,000 for the erection of the first woolen mill in the Province.

AN INJUSTICE.—The *Mail* wants to have terms of the District Court established in Whatcom county, and very truthfully remarks: "As formerly stated, it is a great injustice to us in Whatcom county to be required to attend court in Port Townsend, a place ninety miles distant, over notoriously rough and dangerous waters, while Pierce county, within a half-day's buggy ride of Olympia, and the most ample facilities of travel by water, is given semi-annual terms of U. S. Court exclusively to itself, and that too with little or no business for the same."

IMMIGRANTS.—Early risers were surprised this morning by the appearance on the streets of one of the old time prairie schooners, drawn by four horses. It contained a family of immigrants who arrived on the Alida last night from Tacoma, having come overland from Virginia City, where they have been engaged in keeping a hotel. They have taken up their residence temporarily in Seattle, where they will probably remain until they find a suitable location.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—The last Snohomish *Star* contains the announcement of the retirement of Dr. A. C. Folsom from the local department of that paper, Mr. L. E. Beach taking his place. The doctor will hereafter contribute to the literary and scientific columns of the *Star*, a position which his varied acquirements eminently fit him for. Mr. Beach is a graceful writer—has made an imperishable record as a poet, and can't help but prove a valuable auxiliary to that journal.

IMPROVED.—The view of the water front at Belltown is already much improved by the cutting down of the timber between Front street and the bay. Quite an amount has already been cut. The whole job from Bell street to the Seattle Coal Company's wharf, will probably be finished in two or three months. This will make the residence lots in that locality the most slightly and desirable of any cheap residence lots in the city.

LEAVES TO-DAY.—The large and commodious steamer Alaska has been put on the Sound route in place of the burned steamer Constitution, and left San Francisco to-day, arriving here probably on Sunday next. The Alaska is a very large and elegant steamer, being 4,500 tons burthen, 400 tons more than that of her predecessor. We are not informed whether commander is. Shippers will please take notice and have their freight ready.

HANDSOME.—Jack Levy received on the last steamer some of the most unique and beautiful meerschaum pipes and cigar holders we have ever seen anywhere—the carving and finish being most excellent. They were imported direct from the manufacturer at Vienna. Jack informs us that purchasers can have their own pipe engraved on their pipe to order, from a photograph. Lets do it.

SPECIAL SESSION.—In accordance with the recent act of the Legislature providing for the equalizing of taxes in King county, a special session of the County Commissioners will be held on Monday, the 29th inst. All complaints regarding the assessment roll must be presented to the Board at that time.

There appears to be no material change in the condition of the wounded man Peterson. He is receiving careful nursing.

INSANE.—A man named George Schultz, formerly employed as a night watchman in this city had an examination before Judge Burke in the Probate Court recently, and was committed to the Insane Asylum, to which place he was conveyed to-day. Hard drinking is probably the cause of his insanity.

A USEFUL WORK.—Fred Bagot, agent for the new Directory of the Pacific States and Territories, published by L. M. McKenny, San Francisco, is at present in the city canvassing for that useful work. It will be an invaluable aid to business men and will be sold at the low price of \$2.

Eight head of large steers were on the wharf to-day, awaiting shipment on the Annie Stewart. They are from Phelps & Wadleigh, and are probably intended for some camp down the Sound.

A PETITION is being circulated at LaConner, praying the Legislature to authorize the people of Whatcom county to vote on the question of removing the county seat to LaConner.

From the Daily of Thursday.

FEMALE ATTENDANTS.—In San Francisco a law has been in force for several years that prohibits the employment of "lady waiters," in saloons, after certain hours of night. We learn that the Washington territory legislature will be asked to pass a similar law, made applicable to such towns as Walla Walla and Seattle. A strict enforcement of the law that requires all applicants for license to sell liquor to be of "good moral character," might possibly meet the necessities of the case, and we suggest that the authorities be a little more careful in this regard. In all cases where a saloon is found to be disorderly, or conducted in an objectionable manner, the county authorities have full authority to revoke the license. If, as alleged, we have places of the character indicated within the city limits, let parties cognizant of the facts make complaint to the county board, and we are quite sure that licenses in all such cases will be revoked. The law does not authorize the licensing of bawdy houses or "dead falls," and whenever such nuisances are known to exist they should be abated.—*Statesman*.

ODD FELLOW'S UNIFORM.—At the recent session of the Grand Lodge of the United States I. O. O. F., in Baltimore, the report of the special committee on uniform was adopted. This report provides for a uniform street dress for subordinate lodges, and consists of such style of hat or cap as may be determined by the several jurisdictions, but in all cases to be uniform, plain white gloves, a jewel collar 2 1/4 inches wide, uniting in the front, made of light blue silk cloth, or other material (excepting velvet, which shall not be used,) of the shade known as silver-blue, edged with silver lace or braid, a quarter of an inch wide, without embroidery or other ornamentation whatever. A resolution was also passed for the appointment of a committee to prepare a system of tactics of drill for the use of the order.

TO LOAD COAL.—The steamer Empire City, Capt. Butler, arrived here from San Francisco this forenoon, and hauled up alongside Marshall & Knipe's wharf. She will load 800 tons of coal here for San Francisco. The Empire City has heretofore been running between San Francisco and Coos Bay, Oregon. She is owned by the Simpson Bros., for whom she was built about four years ago at Port Madison. It is the intention of her owners to run her regularly between here and San Francisco, if they can secure patronage enough to warrant it.

ARRIVED.—The bark Montana arrived from San Francisco last night bringing a large quantity of freight for Seattle merchants. Following are her consignees: Crawford & Harrington, Chilberg Bros., W. A. Jennings, Waddell & Miles, Schwabacher Bros. & Co., L. S. Rowe, T. G. C., S. & P., C. McDonald, J. Lawton, H. Uhlfelder, J. Brown, Hall & Paulson, R. E. Whitney, M. Glore, S. Baxter, John Middleton, T. P. Freeman, Wusthoff & Wald, John Sullivan, H. C. Thompson, H. F. Walworth. She also brought a large quantity of freight for other ports on the Sound.

CITY TAXES.—As will be seen by reference to the proceedings of the common council, in another column, the time has been extended for paying the city taxes without their becoming delinquent, until November first, and the Treasurer has been authorized to receive taxes until that date without adding any per centage, after which ten per cent. will be added for cost of collection. Treasurer Rowland reported the tax list for 1877, amounted to \$16,389.39 of which there had been paid, up to the present time, about \$9000, leaving a balance due of little over \$7000, and thought that if the time was extended it would nearly all be paid. This is a very flattering state of affairs, and shows a smaller balance, even now, than for years previous. The County Treasurer last January, turned over more than one half of the taxes on his list delinquent. This shows that tax payers in general, are desirous of maintaining our city government, and we feel satisfied that by November 1st there will be but very few names found on the delinquent tax list of the city.

S. & W. W. R. R.—Mr. Lake has finished the fifth trestle on the Seattle & Walla Walla railroad, the highest one being 66 feet. He is about commencing another one of three stories, which will be 97 feet in height, being the highest trestle on the road. The bridging and trestle-work is now all completed as far as May Creek, and by to-morrow night the iron will be laid half way from Renton to Newcastle. This is making good time, considering the recent rainy weather.

HIS CONVICTION.—Dr. Calhoun informs us that the wounded man, Peterson, is considerably improved. The peculiarly dangerous location of the bullet in the left lung precludes the possibility of extracting it, as the operation of probing would necessarily be attended with great danger to the patient. Aside from a slight difficulty in breathing and a pain in the left shoulder and arm, superinduced by the entrance of the bullet near the shoulder-blade, Peterson is resting quite comfortably, and will doubtless recover.

GUSH.—"Jottings from the capital," surcharged with the divine afflatus, gets off the following morsel: "Long streaming files of clanging wild-fowl, wing their triangular flight amid falling dew, through the rosy twilight air. This is the season of peaceful rest and balmy sleep." Jerusalem pancakes!—what a buxifical imagination that critter's got.

DRY WOOD.—Eighty-four cords of maple wood were brought down from White river on a scow, and is being unloaded on Crawford & Harrington's wharf to-day. This business of bringing down dry cord wood from the neighboring rivers is becoming quite a large and profitable industry.

RICH STRIKES.—Dispatches from Victoria state that astonishing developments of quartz have been made at Cariboo. One of the ledges on Lightning creek has returned \$762 to the ton of rock. The experimental quartz mill has been started and the first clean-up from forty ounces is looked for with interest.

There were lost on the Constitution 177 bales of hops. Of this number 85 bales belonged to Ryan & Avery; 62 bales to Kincaid Bros., and 30 bales to Ross & Stewart. It is estimated that the loss is in the neighborhood of \$3,000.

TRESPASS.—A party by the name of William Cochrane was arrested and brought before Justice Andrews to-day charged with trespass. His honor continued the hearing of the case until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

The barkentine Modoc which left here loaded with coal, is reported to have went ashore opposite Red Rocks and sustained considerable damage. The Modoc will be thoroughly repaired.

A neat and cosy little restaurant has been opened by Wm Parry in Matthias' building on Washington street, where you can procure a first-class meal for 25 cts.

The Empire City brought up two or three passengers, and one lot of freight consigned to L. L. Andrews, LaConner.

Snohomish Items.

From a gentleman just down from the valley of the Snohomish, we gather the following items of interest:

The U. S. District Court, which convenes there next month, will have an unusual amount of business, there being eighty civil cases on the docket. There are no criminal cases, which shows a purity in the social atmosphere of the county worthy of emulation by her sisters.

Harry Mill's sheer boom, at the head of Ebey Slough, has proved a complete success, there being already secured in it about 6,000,000 feet of logs. The establishment of this boom will save the lumbermen of that county thousands of dollars annually, as heretofore during times of high water great numbers of logs were carried down the river, and there being no boom to catch and hold them they drifted out to sea and were lost.

The logs are now nearly all out of the river. Ben Stretch's scow, a time-honored craft, broke from her moorings during the late freshet, and floated down to the Slough, where she mixed up so with the logs that no one could tell which from 'tother.

The fine residence buildings of Dr. Wilbur and the Blackman Brothers are completed, and present a fine appearance. A townsman, of ours, Mr. Wm. Webster, is the architect and builder, and by this work has done himself much credit.

Ben Stretch is building a large warehouse on the river, intended to hold freight for shipment on the steamer Nellie.

Times there are rather tight, but not more so than in other localities throughout the west.

Gross receipts of the exposition and fair foot up \$116,300. The heavy rain to-day materially diminished the attendance.

New York, Oct. 9.—The *Times* announces the death of Gen. John E. Bendix, well known in the late rebellion.

An engineer offers through the *Tribune*, to bring here and set up Cleopatra's needle for \$100,000, the price asked, and to raise \$5,000 himself.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 7.—An immense throng attended the various services at the cathedral, which was draped in mourning for the late primate and archbishop. During the day from 25,000 to 30,000 viewed the remains lying in state.

FERNANDINA, Oct. 9.—Three cases of yellow-fever to-day; two deaths. The town is nearly out of food and anxiously awaiting the arrival of provisions and supplies in response to the last appeal for help.

Once upon a time there lived in Virginia City a queer customer whom we will call Steve. He was an inveterate joker and often really witty in his repartees. Well, the time came when Steve was taken sick, and as the boys put it, "very close call." On his death bed his friends often came in to see him and condescend with him. About this time the lower levels of the prominent mines on the Comstock were the objective point of a great deal of interest and curiosity, and nobody was allowed to inspect them unless provided with a pass from Sharon or some other of the big mine owners. As poor Steve lay waiting for the end, which was not far off, one of the boys came in. "Well, Steve, how do you feel to-day? Pretty bad, old fellow, ain't you?" "Yes, Bob," answered Steve, with difficulty, "I'm nearly gone. I'll have a chance now, Bob, to inspect the lower levels—without a pass."

The New York *Tribune* publishes a list of persons who have obtained divorces through the Probate Court of Salt Lake county. It embraces nearly every State and Territory, as well as Canada, and includes the name of Brick Pomeroy. A list of agencies in Eastern cities and the names of agents are also published. It is estimated that the twenty probate courts of Utah have granted 5,000 divorces within the past three years.

A gentleman with eight wives has just turned up at Stanhope, Mass. The inhabitants were about presenting him with a silver poker, when he turned out to be insane. It was only a question of time, however.

EXTRA FAMILY FLOUR

—AT THE—

STARR MILLS,

CORNER OF FRONT AND SENECA STREETS, SEATTLE, W. T.

I. W. BUZBY, Proprietor.

Extra Family Flour, Graham, Cracked Wheat, and Corn Meal always on hand. Ground Feed, Bran, shorts, Middlings, and Chicken Feed.

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Goods delivered to any part of the city.

HUGH McALEER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

STOVES, TINWARE, COPPER SHEET

Iron and Granite Ironware, Wood and Willow-ware.

Particular Attention Paid to General Jobbing and Tin Roofing

Orders Promptly and Satisfactorily filled.

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Commercial Street, Seattle.

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.,

Seattle, Washington Territory.

General Merchandise Jobbers.

READ, REFLECT, AND THEN RUSH

TO THE WELL KNOWN STORE OF

Schwabacher Brothers & Company,

In order to secure your bargains, we are now enabled to sell Goods, particularly

Dry Goods,

Clothing,

Boots and Shoes

in immensely reduced rates, to which we call the attention of the public.

CALL EARLY, SECURE YOUR BARGAINS

And take the Goods Away

In order to make room for an IMMENSE SPRING STOCK now on the way.

Schwabacher & Bros.

CHILBERG BROTHERS,

Jobbers and Retail Dealers in

Choice Groceries, Oregon Flour,

CORN MEAL, RYE MEAL, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,

RICE FLOUR and FEED. Also, a Well Selected Stock

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, and TABLE CUTLERY,

Which they propose to sell Cheaper than any other house in Seattle.

aug1

FRONT STREET, SEATTLE.

OYSTERS!

OYSTERS!

—AND ALL THE—

Delicacies of the Season,

SERVED IN THE BEST MANNER,

At PIPER'S.

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W. M. TIRTLOT,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SNOHOMISH CITY,

Washington Territory.

W. H. WHITE

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T.

Prosecuting Attorney 3d Judicial District.

1737tf

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THE undersigned, desiring to close out his jobbing business in Seattle, will sell the following materials at very low rates for cash:

SUPER ROYAL HAND PRESS, \$150,

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Will practice in all Courts of the Territory.

Special attention given to bankruptcy cases.

sep18tf

From Daily of Friday.

A SAD MISFORTUNE.—Is it difficult to express one's feelings in alluding to so sad and unexpected an infliction as has befallen the family of the Hon. Joseph Foster, who has so long and so acceptably represented this county in the Territorial Legislature. Shortly after leaving home for Olympia he was hastily summoned back by a telegram from his wife, informing him of the dangerous illness of his children with diphtheria, and soon after his return his second oldest child, Rosetta Jane, a bright little girl of 9 years, was carried off by the fell destroyer, and was buried on Monday last. The other two children also contracted the disease, and to-day the sad news was brought in that they too had perished—Charles, the eldest, aged 12, and Emily, aged 4. To add to the misfortune, Mrs. Foster is also afflicted with the malady, and is not expected to recover. Only those who have experienced a like misfortune can fully appreciate the force of the shock to a father and mother to lose all their children in one short week. The bereaved parents have the heartfelt sympathy of the whole community. The funeral services will take place to-morrow on the arrival of the train from Renton, at half-past four o'clock.

ALMOST DROWNED.—On Sunday morning last, at two o'clock, while Wm. Farrell, watchman on the Otter, was attempting to haul in the slack rope at Olympia, he was thrown into the water. Believing that he could get out of the dilemma without disturbing others, Mr. Farrell remained in the water about two hours. He attempted to climb up the piles, but fell into the bay several times, when he exerted the little strength he yet had in calling for help. When found he was in a very critical condition. His lungs were full of water, and his strength almost gone. He is now at McElroy's hotel in this city, suffering from lung fever.

TOLL ROAD.—In a letter to our evening contemporary, from Kittitas Valley, a correspondent states that articles of incorporation, bond and petition to Congress for the Snoqualmie Pass toll road, have been drawn here and generally signed. The represented capital stock of the company is \$6,000,000, in shares of twenty-five dollars each. The petition asks Congress for a two-mile strip of land across the mountains, and sets forth the great need of so important a national thoroughfare, as well as its various advantages to the people of the Territory who are actual settlers upon the public domain.

ANOTHER STEAMER.—The Pacific Coast S. S. Co. are negotiating for the purchase of a first class new steamship in the east, for their Portland route. The vessel is said to be far superior to any now on the routes, both for passenger accommodations and freight capacity. She will be on this coast for the next season's crop. Another will follow soon after for the same trade. It looks as if the opposition has not fairly commenced yet.

A KIND ACTION.—Some worthy member of that earnest class of citizens who "do good by stealth and blush to find it known," yesterday kindly donated to a poor widow living in the lower part of town, a considerable sum of money and a large bundle of clothes. We would take delight in publishing the name of the author of this generous deed, but his commendable modesty prevents us from ascertaining it.

THEY MOURN.—A lively interest is manifested by their numerous creditors, as to the whereabouts of certain incipient "bloods" who have recently folded their tent like the swish and silently stole away from these parts without settling their bills—leaving the aforesaid creditors only the poor consolation of exclaiming as they stand mournfully on the dock, "Fare you well, Brother Watkins—ah!"

THE Richings-Bernard Opera company appear here on Wednesday next. Reserved seats are being rapidly taken.

"At what age were you married?" asked she, inquisitively. But the other lady was equal to the emergency, and quietly responded: "At the parsonage."

PASSENGERS COMING.—The following passengers sailed from San Francisco yesterday on the steamship Alaska, for Puget Sound ports: Seattle—Walter Bouregard, W. D. Cotton, C. H. Larrabee and six in the steerage. Tacoma—S. W. Nolan. Port Townsend—One in the steerage. The Alaska is expected to arrive here Monday.

Mr. Foster, the insinuating youth who acts as night operator at the Occidental, bagged a score of ducks on the flats this morning. He says he done it on the square, but we think there was something foul about it.

In Justice Scott's Court to-day, a drunk and disorderly kloochee named Sarah paid a fine of \$3 and costs. Michael Murphy, same offense, being unable to pay his fine of \$5, was sent up.

ANOTHER one of the enormous acorn squashes, weighing 135 pounds, raised on the sawdust at Freepport by S. T. Davis, is on exhibition in front of the Grotto.

THE following effusion was handed us by a sawdust poet:
How doth the busy flea
Improve each shining hour;
And every time he bites a man
Tastes beer and whisky sour.

THE members of the lower House of the Legislature, will arrive in this city, in a body, on Monday next, for the purpose of visiting the Territorial University.

A MEETING of tax-payers will be held to-morrow evening, to consider the advisability of levying a tax of two mills for school purposes.

WE regret to learn that Julius Dickens, editor of the Express, is lying at the point of death at his residence in Steilacoom.

STREET Commissioner Blackman is making some much-needed repairs about town.

IRVING BALLARD and wife, returned last night from an extended tour up the Columbia river.

Sitting Bull, the majestic American savage, is encamped with fifteen hundred warriors at Wood mountain, on the Canadian side. Several outrages on trading parties have been perpetrated, but he repudiates the charge of authorizing them. The traders are greatly alarmed, and the majority, fearing trouble, have left for various agencies and posts. News of the pending conference has greatly allayed apprehensions, and the last advices report Sitting Bull waiting, in great pomp, the arrival of the Commissioners on the western slope of Wood mountain, on the Canadian territory.

General Crook is opposed to disarming the Sioux Indians on the reservations, and expresses the strongest confidence in their determination to be faithful allies to the government. He says they cannot be disarmed if they are to live in the presence of border ruffians, who swarm on our frontier. He further says that the military cannot defend either the property or the lives of the Indians, especially when scattered on farms.

A company of French soldiers were sealing a fort. On reaching the crest of the parapet, they were received with a terrible fusillade, which for the moment drove them back. The drummer rushed behind a heap of stones to conceal himself. "Why do you run away?" shouted the captain. "I'm not running away, captain, but I don't want those ruffians to break my drum."

Set out a tree; plant a vine; cultivate flowers. The first will grow into monuments of use and majesty; the second into profit and health; and the third will raise our thoughts to the beautiful in nature. They are a trinity worth cultivating.

The Sultan has sent a message of condolence to Madam Thiers. It would have been more appropriate if Mrs. T. had sent a few words of sympathy to the Sultan, considering the fix he is in.

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE.

Twenty-first Session.
OLYMPIA, Oct. 10.
COUNCIL.

In the council yesterday Hanford, of King county, introduced a joint resolution for the appointment of a committee to investigate the condition of the territorial university. The resolution was written on a shingle on account of the scarcity of stationery.

Kuhn introduced council bill No. 17, ordering immediate removal of the territorial library to the capitol building. The bill passed.

Hanford introduced council bill No. 18, providing short hand reports for district courts of the territory; also by the same, council bill No. 19, to apportion members of the legislative assembly for the several counties of the territory.

The memorial relating to the land office at Colfax passed the council.

In the council on Wednesday 10, Hanford introduced council bill No. 20, to repeal the act in relation to probate judges; referred to judiciary committee. Hanford also introduced council bill No. 2, to define the duties of probate judges; same reference. Also by the same, council bill No. 22, relating to probate foreign. This last bill passed. Also by the same, council bill No. 23, in relation to records of probate courts; referred to judiciary committee.

Hanford introduced a resolution prohibiting the territorial statutes from being removed from the library without receipt; adopted.

House bill No. 8, offering rewards for conviction of highwaymen; passed. Council bill No. 15, in relation to water flumes, also passed.

House joint resolution for joint convention to hear Evans' centennial address, was tabled.

HOUSE.

In the house on Wednesday, the 10th, Daniels presented a petition of the territory praying for the repeal of the license law authorizing and protecting the sale of intoxicating liquors and the enactment of local option laws.

Horr moved to lay the bill on the table. The motion was lost and the bill was referred to the committee on education.

Whitson, of Yakima, introduced house bill No. 29, to amend the act concerning brands and marks of animals; making for the same a general law. Referred to committee on counties.

House bill No. 30, by Horr, was introduced. It is an act for the relief of Tacoma Lodge, I. O. G. T., from paying rent for the building used for library purposes. A motion to lay the bill on the table was lost. Horr explained the bill and hoped the house would not reject it. Referred to committee on ways and means.

Whitson introduced a joint resolution appointing Thursday, at 7 P. M., to listen to the delivery of the centennial address by Hon. Elwood Evans; resolution passed.

The committee's report recommending improvements in the offices of the territorial treasurer and auditor, so as to provide for the safe keeping of books, records and other valuables, was adopted.

House bill No. 11, to provide for the payment of bounty for killing wild and noxious animals in all counties east of the Cascade mountains, passed. The bill includes rabbits among the animals for which bounty is offered.

House bill No. 17, to repeal the act relating to the election of commissioners of Jefferson county, was referred to a special committee.

Joint resolution No. 8, relative to the appointment of a committee to visit the territorial university and insane asylum, was amended so as to include the whole house as such committee, and Monday, the 15th, was appointed as the day for the visit.

The teachers' convention is in session at this place for the purpose of considering the school laws of the territory and making recommendations thereon to the legislature.

Notice.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF KING CO., W. T., October 10th, 1877.
Notice is hereby given that, in accordance with an act of the Legislative Assembly of Washington Territory, to provide for the equalization of taxes in King county for the year 1877, approved October 21, 1877, the Board of Commissioners of King county, W. T., will hold a special session, commencing on Monday, the 29th day of October, 1877, for the purpose of equalizing the assessment roll for the year 1877. All complaints regarding the said assessment roll must be made to the board at this session.
Witness my hand and official seal the day and year above written.
M. S. BOOTH, Auditor,
By U. M. BASIN, Deputy.

Pacific Mail S.S. Co

SPECIAL NOTICE.



The Large and Commodious Steamer

Alaska -- 4,500 Tons,
Will leave San Francisco on
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10th, 1877.

For Victoria, Port Townsend, Seattle, Olympia and Tacoma. Shippers will please take notice and have their freight ready.
oct10-67 H. L. TIBBALS, Agt.

THE rendezvous of the Coast Surveying party is at present at Tacoma. The schooner Yukon is at that port.

Special Notices.

THE NATIONAL GOLD MEDAL was awarded to Braddy & Rufoson for the best Photographs in the United States, and Vienna Medal for the best in the world. 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

GOLD, SILVER AND GREENBACKS bought and sold at the Express Cigar Store and Exchange Office, by L. D. HARKNESS. Best Cigars and Tobaccos always on hand. oct31

2 for 50,
3 for 50,
4 for 50.

HAVANA CIGARS, by Jack Levy's.

WILL CURE CONSUMPTION. To all suffering from the following diseases a ray of hope is offered through the kindness of a missionary friend who has sent me the formula of a purely vegetable medicine which has long been used by the native medicine men of Hindostan—for the positive and radical cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Throat and Lung difficulty, General Debility, Loss of Manhood and all Nervous Affections. Its power has been tested in hundreds of cases without a failure. I now feel it my sacred duty as far as possible to relieve human misery and will send the recipe—FREE OF CHARGE—to any person who may desire it with directions for using. Sent by return mail by addressing with 2 stamps naming this paper, Dr. O. R. Brigham, Drawer 28, Utica, N. Y.

Ah, my friend, if you like ze superb glass of beer, take ze prominence to ze Centennial Saloon. Eh, bi n, zit is magnificent!

TO ADVERTISERS—Book of 100 pages, complete List of Newspapers and Advertising Rates. By mail 25c. Address Geo. P. ROWELL & Co., NEW YORK.

THERE WILL BE A BALL every Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday night of each week, at the Cassiar Fruit Stand. Oct. 1-1m

SADDLE ROCK

Oyster Chop House

VAN WIE & SARGENT, PROP'RS.

COMMERCIAL STREET,
Next door to Matt Keith's

The undersigned have opened a chop and oyster house at the above stand, where they will furnish every delicacy that the market affords.

PUGET FOUNDRY,

WHITE & TENNY, PROP'RS,

(Successors to J. F. & T. WILSON.)

All kinds of Iron and Brass Casting done at San Francisco prices.

Orders from all parts of the Sound will be filled with promptness and dispatch. oct21

DENTISTRY.

D. Locke, M. D.,

Will practice his profession in all its branches. Permanent location. Room No. 1, up stairs in Frazer's Building. my25-77

LA CONNER HOTEL.

J. J. CONNER, Prop'r.

This Hotel is situated in the thriving town of La Conner, at the mouth of the Skagit river, and in the center of the great agricultural district of Puget Sound. The house is well established, and has

First-Class Accommodations

For Families and the Traveling Public. Parties on

HUNTING EXCURSIONS

Will find this Hotel most centrally located. aug31

IRVING BALLARD.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T.

Office—Room 2, DISPATCH Building, Opposite Occidental Hotel.

C. D. EMERY,

COUNSELOR-AT-LAW AND PROCTOR

IN ADMIRALTY,
je2 d&w-3m SEATTLE, W. T.

A VERY rapid, safe and easy way to make money, is to procure territory to introduce the latest useful invention that is wanted every day, by every one, everywhere, who has a not a full sized sewing machine, with table and treadle, for only Eighteen Dollars,

MANUFACTURED BY THE PEEBLES MFG CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

does the same work as a machine you pay eighty dollars for, rapid, smooth and firm work, and makes a seam so strong the cloth will tear before the stitches rip apart. Agents only need show them in operation to sell in every house they enter. Thirty dollars and upwards cleared daily by smart agents. No such machine was ever offered at any such price.

HIGHEST AWARDS AT CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION. THOUSANDS OF FAMILIES USING THEM

Demand increasing every day where they become known. Ministers, judges, lawyers, editors tailors, machinists, &c., recommend them perfect. Rights given free to first applicants. If there is no agency in your place write for it or buy a machine for your family or relative, there is none better or so cheap.

Machines sent to all parts of the country, on receipt of price, \$18. Read advertisement beginning.

je2&wly

ASK FOR RILEY'S SODA WATER

ROOT BEER!

HAVING new black tin lined generators, our drink has none of the verdigris poisons of the inferior Soda Waters in the market.

Delivered to any Part of the City.

Location of Works—Front street, in Rear of Washthoff & Wald's, Seattle. sep1877

W. A. JENNINGS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Choice Groceries, Provisions,

Hardware, Fine Teas,

Crockery, Glassware,

Flour, Feed, Etc., etc.

IMPORTED AND CALIFORNIA WINES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

All Goods Guaranteed as Represented. Goods delivered in the city free of charge.

Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T. aug1

M. A. KELLEY & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGISTS

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Our Stock is very complete of

Pure and Fresh Drugs and Choice Perfumery.

Orders from Abroad Promptly Attended to. i

S. BAXTER & CO.,

IMPORTERS

And Commission Merchants.

DEALERS IN FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

AGENTS FOR—

J. H. Cutter Whiskies,

White House Whisky,

Universal Whisky.

A full assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cordials always on hand sale at low rates. We call special attention to our extensive stock of

Cigars for sale at San Francisco Prices

FRONT STREET, SEATTLE, W. T. oct1877

The Highest Price Paid for Hides and Skins.

To Farmers and Loggers!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER

WENAT

CAPTAIN.....L. GREEN,

Will tow Rafts and Lighters in all the streams flowing into Puget Sound, at rates that defy competition. The farmers of Snohomish and Whatcom counties are respectfully informed that we will carry grain to market for them at schooner's rates.

GREEN, CHAPMAN & BAILEY. oct1877

Eastwick, Morris & Co.,

CIVIL AND MINING

ENGINEERS,

[Room No. 6 Burnett's Building]

Cor. Commercial & Washington sts.

SEATTLE, WASH. TER.

Coal, and other Miners' Lands, and mines. Surveyed, examined and reported upon. Plans and estimates for mining improvements. Turnish d. Special attention given to land survey and to the location of City Lots and Blocks. Maps and mechanical Drawing executed. November 2, 1877.

New Produce Store!

WALTER GRAHAM & SON,

Commission Merchants.

General Produce & Provisions,

Yesler's Wharf, Seattle, W. T.

We are prepared to receive consignments, and will give prompt attention to orders in our line of trade from all parts of the Sound. sep31

WALTER GRAHAM & SON.

C. H. HANFORD,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T.

OFFICE—COR. WASHINGTON & COMMERCIAL STS.

Will practice in all Courts of the Territory. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. mar13-77

D. P. JENKINS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW & SOLICITOR

Particular attention given to Chancery cases. OFFICE—on Commercial street opposite the U. S. Hotel. sep4

R. C. CRAVES,

COMMERCIAL STREET, SEATTLE,

—DEALER IN—

Pictures, Frames, Mouldings

BRACKETS, MIRRORS,

Window Shades, and

Baby Carriages, Etc.

PICTURE FRAMES A SPECIALTY. oct1877

UNDERTAKING.

The undersigned is prepared to do all styles of UNDERTAKING. And all orders left with

Messrs. HALL & PAULSON or HOLMES & GLOBE

will be promptly attended to. It also have charge of the Masonic Cemetery.

Residence, Front street, Seattle. m23-1m T. S. RUSSELL

Renton Coal Company.

THE OFFICE OF THE ABOVE COMPANY

is in Room No. 6, Stone & Burnett's new building, where the stock books are open. All are invited to call and examine the plan.

C. H. BURNETT, Secretary. Seattle, March 6, 876.

MARKET REPORT.

Home Produce Market.
SEATTLE, Oct. 9, 1877.
WHEAT—Quotable at \$2 00@2 50 per cental.
FLOUR—Quotable, best brands at \$3 50@9 00.
OATS—Choice, 55@55c.
POTATOES—New, 45@50c.
HAY—Choice timothy, baled \$15 00@16 00.
LARD—14 1/2@15c per lb.
DRIED APPLES—In sacks, 9@9 1/2c per lb.
DRIED PLUMS—5c per lb.
DAIRY PRODUCTS—Butter 25@30c per lb.
BACON—16@16c per lb.
CHICKENS—\$4 50@5 50 per doz.
EGGS—35@40c per doz.
FRESH MEATS—Fresh Beef, wholesale, selling at 4c per lb; Mutton, 6c per lb; Pork, 8c per lb.
BARLEY—\$30 00; chopped, \$42 50@45 00 per ton.
HIDES—7c per lb.
WOOL—For good, 20@22c per lb.

Agents for the Dispatch.
 Olympia.....Capt. Frank Tarbell,
 New Tacoma.....J. S. Walker
 Steilacoom.....Jacob Hoover
 Victoria, B. C.....Charles McCormick
 Port Townsend.....J. F. Sheehan
 Port Gamble.....R. W. Low
 Port Discovery.....John Pugh
 Snohomish City.....E. C. Ferguson
 Seabeck.....D. Howard
 Port Madison.....T. O. Williams
 Port Ludlow.....Geo. W. Harris
 New Dungeness.....Thos. Stratton
 Chimacum.....John Woodley
 San Juan.....Major E. W. Blake
 Whidbey Island.....Major G. O. Haller
 Utsalady.....S. D. Howe

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

KING COUNTY.
J. R. LEWIS, Judge of District Court
THOS. BURKE, Probate Judge
LEWIS Y. WILKOFF, Sheriff
M. S. BOOTH, Auditor
G. D. HILL, Surveyor
J. L. THORNE, Assessor
W. H. SHOUDY, Coroner
Geo. A. WEED, Coroner
CITY OF SEATTLE.
G. A. WEED, Mayor
D. T. WEBER, Clerk
J. J. McGUIRE, City Attorney
H. W. ROWLAND, Treasurer
K. A. THORNDYKE, Marshal and Chief of Police
CITY COUNCILMEN:
 Bailey Gatzert, Ben Murphy, A. A. Denny, S. Kenny, George W. Hall, A. W. Piper, Frank Mathias.
TERMS OF HOLDING COURT.
SUBURBAN COURT.
 At Olympia, the second Monday in July.
INDIAN COURT, THIRD DISTRICT.
 Steilacoom—Second Monday of January and first Monday in August.
 Seattle—Fourth Monday of January and third Monday of August.
 Port Townsend—Fourth Monday of February and second Monday of September.
 Snohomish City—Third Tuesday of March and third Tuesday of November of each year.

HENDRICKS & CURTIS,
Plumbing, Steam,
GAS FITTING.
 —AND DEALERS IN—
Sewer Pipe.
 We wish to say to those who have been in the habit of paying high prices for Plumbing, Steam or Gas Fitting, or Steam Water or Gas Pipe and Fittings, that we are selling at the very lowest living price. Also, we keep



Bath Tubs and Sinks.
Pumps, Stone Sewer Pipe.
 Just the thing for every house. And we do
General Job Work
 Plumbing, Sawing, Looksmithing. We also have a practical hand in
Digging Wells,
 which we will complete with the best pump in the market.
 my 26-1
 ang10

NORTH PACIFIC IRON WORKS
IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS
 —AND—
Pattern Makers.

ALL KINDS OF MACHINE WORK furnished at short notice. Plans and specifications made and patterns furnished free of cost. All work warranted, at lowest rates.
J. NATION,
 Superintendent.

Notice in Bankruptcy.
 NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the District Court of the 3d Judicial District of Washington Territory, sitting in bankruptcy, which order was filed in the office of the Clerk of said county, at Port Townsend, W. T., on the 23d day of August, A. D. 1877, the undersigned will offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, at Utsalady, W. T., on the 9th day of October, 1877, the following real estate, situate in Island county, W. T., at or near Utsalady, described as follows: Lots one (1) and two (2) and the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter, section 19, and lots 3 and 4, section 18, range 3 east, township 32 north, containing 169 acres. Terms, cash in gold coin.
 S. D. HOWE,
 Assignee of the estate of Thomas Cranney, bankrupt.
 sep15-3w

At the Bar
 OF THE
STEAMER NORTH PACIFIC
 THE UNDERSIGNED INVITES THE ATTENTION of the traveling public to his excellent stock of
Fine Bourbon Whiskies
 Choice Imported Brandy,
 Best French & Native Wines,
 Irish and Scotch Whiskies,
 English Ale and Porter.
GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS!
 All of which he warrants pure as imported.
 Agent for the
OLYMPIA OYSTER COMPANY.
 Hotels and Restaurants supplied at short notice.
 my 29-2m
 M. GLEASON.

Just Published
A NEW MAP
 —OF—
PUGET SOUND AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY
IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY
 Compiled from the latest authentic surveys, published by
EASTWICK, MORRIS & Co
 CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS,
 SEATTLE, W. T.
 my 29-2m
 M. GLEASON.

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 sep15-3w

Probate Notice.

In the Probate Court of King County, Washington Territory—In the matter of the estate of William Dwyer, deceased.
ON READING and filing the petition of Sarah Dwyer, administratrix of the estate of William Dwyer, deceased, setting forth that the said estate is in a proper condition to be closed, and that a portion of the residue of the said estate remains to be divided among the heirs of said deceased:
 It is ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said William Dwyer, deceased, be and appear before the said Probate Court, at the office of the Judge of said court, in the city of Seattle, in said county of King, on Saturday, the 29th day of September, A. D. 1877, at 10 o'clock A. M., then and there to show cause why an order of distribution should not be made of the residue of said estate among the heirs of said deceased, according to law.
 And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks before the said 29th day of September, 1877, in the "Puget Sound Dispatch," a newspaper printed and published in said county of King.
 Done in open court, August 4, 1877.
THOMAS BURKE,
 Judge of Probate.

Territory of Washington, County of King—ss I, Thomas Burke, Judge and ex-officio Clerk of the Probate Court of King county, Washington Territory, do hereby certify the foregoing order to be a true and correct copy of an order made by the said Probate Court on August 4, 1877, in the estate of William Dwyer, deceased.
THOMAS BURKE,
 Judge of Probate.
 aug23-4w

Summons.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the counties of King and Kitsap.
 Sarah Jane McDonald, plaintiff, vs. Samuel McDonald, defendant—Complaint filed in the county of King, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.
 The United States of America send greeting:
 To Samuel McDonald, defendant—
 YOU are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the city of Seattle, in the county of King, for the counties of King and Kitsap, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within said county of King, or if served out of said county but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.
 The action is brought to obtain a decree of this court dissolving the bond of matrimony now existing between said plaintiff and defendant, upon the grounds to wit: Fraud, adultery and cruel treatment generally; all of which said grounds are particularly set forth in the complaint on file in this action, to which you are hereby referred.
 And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.
 Witness the Hon. J. R. Lewis, Judge of said court, and the seal thereof, this 23d day [A. D.] of July, A. D. 1877.
JAMES SEAVY, Clerk.
 By Wm. H. ANDREWS, Deput. Clerk.
 McNaught & Leary, Attorneys for Plaintiff.
 aug4 6w

GROTTO SALOON.
ALGAR & WYON, Proprietors,
 South side Seattle
 Mill street, Wash. Ter.
 All kinds of Liquors, Cigars, Etc.,
 Constantly on hand.
Open at all Hours
Office Saloon!
AND
BILLIARD ROOM,
 SOUTH SIDE MILL STREET, OPPOSITE
 YESLER'S MILL,
SEATTLE, W. T.,
WM. LAWRENCE, PROPRIETOR.
IS THE PLACE TO GET GENUINE J. H. Cutter, Old Golden and Gains', Old Hermitage Rye Whiskies, Three Star, Hennessy and Martell Brandy, and the Best Wines and Cigars; also to have a game of Billiards on a first-class table.
 N. B.—We have a number of private Club Rooms for the accommodation of guests.

G. W. BULLENE,
 PRACTICAL AND THEORETICAL
ENGINEER & MECHANIC
 FIRST ST., SEATTLE, W. T.

PREPARED TO DO ALL kinds of Mill, Steamboat and Logging Camp Work in Iron, Brass, Steel and other metals. **ALL** kinds of Blacksmith Work done to order.
VANITY FAIR
SALOON.
VAL. WILDMAN.

ASH & ROBBINS,
 330 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION
Positively Cured.
 All suffering from this disease that are anxious to be cured, should try Dr. Kisser's Celebrated Consumptive Powders. These powders are the only preparation known that will cure Consumption and all diseases of the throat and Lungs—indeed, so strong is our faith in them, and in order to convince you that they are no humbug, we will forward to every sufferer, by mail, post paid, a FREE TRIAL BOX.
 We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied with their curative powers. If your life is worth saving, don't delay in giving these Powders a trial, as they will surely cure you.
 Price, for large box, \$3 00, sent by mail to any part of the United States or Canada on receipt of price, or by express, C. O. D. Address,
ASH & ROBBINS
 330 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WUSTHOFF & WALD
 —DEALERS IN—
HEAVY AND SHELF
HARDWARE.
 aug15f

Dissolution Notice.
 Notice is hereby given that the copartnership heretofore existing between H. A. Bigelow and Walter Graham, under the firm name of H. A. Bigelow & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All bills due the firm, if not settled by the 1st of September, will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.
 Seattle, July 1, 1877.
 aug9d4w

At the Bar
 OF THE
STEAMER NORTH PACIFIC
 THE UNDERSIGNED INVITES THE ATTENTION of the traveling public to his excellent stock of
Fine Bourbon Whiskies
 Choice Imported Brandy,
 Best French & Native Wines,
 Irish and Scotch Whiskies,
 English Ale and Porter.
GENUINE HAVANA CIGARS!
 All of which he warrants pure as imported.
 Agent for the
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 M. GLEASON.

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 S. D. HOWE,
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 sep15-3w

BEEF! BEEF!



BUY YOUR
AT THE

Union Market.
A. W. MALSON.
 105d

Peoples' Market.
COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE,
 Opposite Schwabacher Bros. & Co.'s
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