

Puget Sound Dispatch

VOLUME VII.

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General News.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 24.—New cases, 193; deaths, 42.

Hugh Irvine, chief operator of the Western Union telegraph office, this city, died this morning of yellow fever after six days illness.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 25.—New cases, 163; deaths, 33.

HOLLY SPRINGS, Miss., Aug. 25.—Six cases of yellow fever here, all refugees.

VICKSBURG, Aug. 25.—Sixty-eight new cases and sixteen deaths for the past twenty-four hours.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 24.—The fever is largely on the increase and matters look quite panicky again this morning, the applications from the poor to be sent out of the city being great. For twenty-four hours ending at noon, 105 new cases have been reported and 15 deaths. Of the new cases about 75 have been reported this morning. The scarcity of nurses is beginning to be felt, especially females.

August 25.—The yellow fever record to-day shows a decrease in the number of new cases as compared with yesterday, there being 61 reported up to 6 P. M. The death list, however, is the largest of any day since the fever made its appearance, undertakers reporting 26 interments for the same time. There is scarcity of nurses and Howard and other relief organizations have telegraphed to Mobile and other points for them. Sister Frances of the Episcopal sisterhood and two children in the church home are among the new cases reported to-day. Strong efforts are being made to keep the disease out of the home where orphans are placed. This is one of the most efficient of the charities in the city. W. G. Taylor, chairman of the relief committee of the typographical union calls on sister organizations for aid. John G. Lonsdale, Jr., treasurer of the citizens' relief committee, is daily in receipt of substantial aid and the poor of the city are being cared for.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 14.—Extensive preparations are making for the national soldiers' reunion at Marietta, Ohio, beginning Sept. 3d and lasting four days. The government has furnished a large number of army tents, cooking utensils, and two tons of artillery and musket cartridges. Letters of attendance are received from Secretary Everts, Gens. Pope, Cook, Garfield, Wallace, Leggett, Senator Thurman and others, with Gen. Mosby, of the Confederate army. Correspondence is still pending with the President, Gens. Jos. Johnson, J. B. Hood, Fitz Hugh Lee, Longstreet and others.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—The *Journal's* Washington special says: Among the indorsers of Colonel Mosby for a position as assistant attorney general were E. W. Stoughton, Simon Cameron, and several Union officers who had been prisoners during the war. The General Stoughton whom Mosby captured in bed at Fairfax Court House, Va., was a nephew of E. W. Stoughton, and the Stoughton family have always been very friendly toward Mosby on account of his courteous treatment of his prisoner. The president, for satisfactory reasons, concluded to make no change in the assistant attorney-generals, of whom there are four, two in the department of justice, one assigned to service in the post-office department, and one to the department of the interior. It was then determined to offer Col. Mosby an appointment under the department of state, as has been done.

Our Little Girls.

It is really becoming a question of importance whether or not we are much longer to have any little girls in our midst. The present high-pressure system of education forces them into young ladies while they ought to be in the sheltered privacy of the nursery and the school-room.

I am not over-stating the case when I declare that a little girl, simple, sweet, innocent, unconscious of herself and willing to be guided by her parents, is just now a very lovable, but, alas! a very rare treasure. More than one mother is puzzled by the problem, "How am I to bring up my daughter so that she shall preserve until her dawning womanhood the sweet charm of childish delicacy untouched and unthreatened?" Little maids of ten and twelve going to school with their primary grammars and arithmetics in their dimpled hands, blushing and simpering if a boy happens to pass. Little girls sitting by windows, sewing up seams under their mother's direction, have their attention diverted by the apparition of a neighbor's son on his way to the post-office. The commonest courtesy cannot be extended by a little gentleman to a little lady without some other child, and perhaps some silly grown person, being prompted to talk of "Susie's beau." Children who should play together like children, and not flirt and coquette like premature men and women, have gone quite beyond the stage of being juvenile.

A physician writes the following sensible advice: My profession has thrown me among women of all classes, and my experience teaches me that God never gave man a greater proof of His love than to place women here with him. My advice is—Go, propose to the most sensible girl you know. If she says yes, tell her how much your income is, from what source derived, and tell her you will divide the last shilling with her, and love her with all your heart in the bargain. And then keep your promise. My word for it, she will live within your income, and to your last hour you will regret you did not marry sooner. Don't worry about feminine extravagance and feminine untruth. Just you be true, to her, love her sincerely, and throw it up to her frequently, and a more fond, faithful, foolish slave you will never meet anywhere. You won't deserve her, I know, but she will never see it. Now throw aside pride and selfishness, and see what will come of it.

At Nice a curious question has arisen between the Jesuits and the municipal authorities, in which a considerable sum of money is involved. An American lady, a convert to Roman Catholicism, left \$60,000 to the church of Father Lavigne on condition that she should be buried within the precincts of the edifice. The municipal authorities opposed such a step as being against their health regulations, but the ecclesiastical legatees thought to get over the difficulty by burying the heart only in the church. The family, however, will not permit the body to be cut. This is the present state of the problem, which is causing great perturbation in the minds of the Jesuits.

Some of the country magistrates of Beaumaris, Wales, have been severely reprimanded by Lord Justice Bramwell. These worthies had sentenced a man to six months hard labor for an alleged assault upon a constable, the warrant of arrest being granted on the latter's unsworn testimony. The judge hinted that it was a good case for an action of false imprisonment.

Hodel, who made the first of the two recent attempts on the life of the Emperor William, has failed to appeal within the time prescribed against the sentence of death passed upon him. The sentence has, therefore, become final, with the only reservation of its being subject to the approval of the Emperor, before whom it will have to come in any case.

"The Baste Isn't a Cat."

On the evening following the day that the balloon went up from Falls Field, Mat Maloney, on returning to his slab mansion was met at the door by Biddy in a state of excitement, with the earnest exclamation:

"Oh, Mat there's a strange cat in the room!"

"Put her out, thin, and don't be botherin' me about yer cat!" replied Mat in rather a heedless tone.

"I've been striving to do that same thing this two hours," replied Biddy. "She's behind the big chest now, and would you be helping me to chase her out, will ye?"

"To be sure I will," says Mat, "bad luck to her. Will you show her to me and I'll soon teach her to have some respect for me house, the thafe of the world!"

Mat hated all cats, and he vowed he would kill her, even if she had seven lives; and seeing no way of agress from the hiding place but one, he at once laid his plans for capture, and earnestly called out—

"Biddy, Biddy! have ye ever a maul-bag in the house?"

"Sorry a one have I," said Biddy. "Did ye lave it behind ye when ye was going to bring me the chips?"

"Shure an' I did that same thing," replied Mat meekly; "but haven't ye something in the house I could tie up like a sack?"

"Indade an' I have just the same," says Biddy. "Me Sunday petticoat—you can draw the strings, can't ye?"

"Illigant, illigant, me darling," said Mat, and together they prepared for capture.

Looking behind the chest they saw two eyes like balls of fire. Mat pronounced it to be the very evil one himself, and exclaimed, "Will ye be out o' that, and bad luck to ye for a vagabond. Bedad, if ye were as bad as ye look to be ye'd repent the day ye entered me door without axin the leave of a true son of the church, shure. I say, Biddy, have ye any hot water in the house?"

"And that's what I have plenty," says Biddy.

"Then be after showering the full of a quart or two behind the chest" commanded Mat.

"Wouldn't I," cried Biddy, "and here goes," and swash went the water and out jumped the animal into Mat's illigant trap.

"Ough, but I have ye," exclaimed Mat, and drawing the folds of the garment tighter he cast the garment over his shoulder.

"Now, Biddy, will ye catch the stick, and lay in till ye bate the brith out of the baste," and Mat bent over so as to give Biddy a better chance.

Biddy went at the 'baste' with a will, but after two or three sharp strokes stopped suddenly, exclaiming—

"O, Mat, what smell is that? Ough, Mat! Mat! it takes away me brith entirely. Ough! I can't stand the power of it! Shure you the real devil it must be, nothing less in the sack."

"Thin bate the old heathen," exclaims Mat; "fether him up well, for I am fainting wid the power of him; too."

"Put him off from ye," wildly exclaimed Biddy, and Mat threw down the sack.

"O, Biddy," says he, "the baste isn't a cat at all, at all, but an auld pole cat. O, lave the house or ye will be kilt entirely. Oh, murder ration how he smells!"

"O, Mat," gasped Biddy, "open the door, bad luck to the day we left ould Ireland to be smothered like this. Bad luck to the free air of America that we can't draw our brith in. Ooh! ooh! ooh!" and they bolted out the door for fresh air.

An Irish theological seminary in Paris, which has existed for nearly two centuries, has always been under the supervision of the French Government, but hitherto the latter has not interfered in the appointments or scholarships. President MacMahon has, however, just signed a decree by virtue of which the rector, professors, and steward are henceforth to be appointed by the minister of Public Instruction, on the recommendation of the Archbishop of Paris, and the distribution of scholarships will be subject to the Minister's approval.

Shoe leather has desecrated the floor of the Mikado's palace in Tokio. As the *Echo* tells the story, Dr. Miller, the chief physician of the Prussian general staff, recently went to Japan to help to organize a military academy. When the hour came for his presentation to the Mikado he naturally clothed himself in full uniform. The court officials informed him that he could not be permitted to enter the awful presence unless he complied with the Japanese usage and pulled off his boots. Dr. Miller refused to comply, but hit upon the ingenious notion of casting all the responsibility upon the Emperor Wilhelm. "My master, the German Kaiser," said he, "commanded me to present myself before the august Emperor of Japan in full Prussian uniform. Now, the boots constitute an important part of the uniform, and I dare not appear as his representative without these accessories." The chamberlain went to the Mikado with this explanation, and the result was that Dr. Miller marched into the audience chamber in his boots.

Here is a receipt for making picnic lemonade: First get your barrel. Then fill it with water. Don't be mean, put in plenty of water. Now throw a pound of white sugar into the barrel. Squeeze in a large sized lemon. Don't be mean about the lemon, either, but put the whole of it in the barrel. Stir with a long pole and call the children up immediately. As fast as they drink, fill the barrel with cold water. The beverage thus made is cheap (if the lemon is bought at wholesale), and is quite healthy. It contains no pain, and is much sought after by indulgent mothers and young lovers. Picnic lemonade differs from the church fair article by having the water a little fresher.

The director of the Berlin Academy of arts has been engaged to paint a picture representing the recent session of the International Congress for the Municipal Council Chamber. It is to be of immense size and the price is \$15,000.

A Narrow Escape

A writer in the *Boston Journal* tells the story of the fight at Turner's Falls between the early settlers of Massachusetts and the Indians. The whites attacked an Indian village and routed the savages, who, however, rallied and forced their antagonists to retreat. One Jonathan Wells encountered many obstacles in making his escape.

He was severely wounded in his hip and got widely separated from his companions. He finally left his horse, and using his gun for a crutch, dragged his useless leg along, suffering actually all the while.

At last having crossed the river not far from where the Connecticut river railroad now crosses that stream at the place now known as Cheapside, he saw an Indian paddling a canoe for him. He aimed his gun at him though it was unloaded, wet and full of sand, when the red man leaving his own gun, jumped into the water and escaped.

Wells knew that he should now have the whole pack laying on him, and as a last desperate expedient to escape, went into the swamp, which then lay where the present railroad bridge stands and the before-mentioned wooded hill, or island in the midst of the meadows. There he found a pile of drift-wood, bushes, leaves and sticks; under this he crawled, and although the Indians passed and repassed the spot many times, and actually stood on the pile, they failed to discover him, and at last withdrew, and he escaped.

After the greatest exertions, and all most dying with hunger, he finally reached Hatfield, to the astonishment of all his friends, who supposed him dead.

The Daring Apache.

An instance of what an Apache Indian will do in the way of cool daring, when the prize is worth the risk, once occurred on a ranch in Arizona.

The owner of the ranch was an American. To guard against the Apaches he had built a block house, and adjoining it, a courtyard, and corral, surrounded by

an abode wall eight feet high and two feet thick. In the corral the herd was nightly secured.

He had a contract to feed and guard four hundred beef cattle belonging to the United States fort, some thirty miles away. More than one attempt had been made by the Apaches to capture the herd, while feeding two or three miles from the block-house. But the vigilant herdsman had driven the cattle at a gallop into the corral, before the Indians could stampede them.

One night there came a fearful storm. A solitary Apache, unarmed, and with nothing but a blanket to protect him from the cold rain, climbed over the corral's wall; crouching in the corner, he waited for day.

Early in the morning the storm having passed away, eight herdsmen, mounted and armed, waited at the corral's gate for the herd to be turned out.

The gate was opened. The stock poured out and filled the gateway. Suddenly up sprung the Apache; vaulting on the nearest horse, he clutched its mane with one hand, while with the other he waved his red blanket, and yelled like a demon.

In an instant every hoof made a rush; and the stampede began. The horse, frightened, darted in the midst of the flying cattle.

As in frenzy they went through the gateway, the Apache clasped his arms around the horse's neck, and, throwing his body on one side of the maddened animal, disappeared from view.

A thousand men ranged in column could not have stopped that rush of the crazed herd down the valley. The herdsman fire a volley which wounds and killed some of the cattle.

Two bands of Apaches, darting out from opposite sides of the valley, closed up from behind the herd. Four hundred head of cattle were thus captured and run off by the daring and cunning of one Apache.

The Tale of Two Lovers.

The two lovers plunged gracefully into each other's arms across the gate, splitting the top rail and breaking both hinges in their frantic demonstrations of joy; and the frail structure fell to the ground, a hopeless, chaotic wreck.

"Come round here smashing gates and talking moonshine to my daughter! Eh? Eh? Eh?" was the old gentleman's remark as he hauled Alex. Bartholomew backward and forward over the ground, and banged him over the head with a sample exhibit of the broken gate. And thus he danced a Modoc war dance on young Jones' prostrate form; stepped on his ears; jabbed him in the ribs with the butt-end of a fowling piece, and otherwise toyed with him.

And finally, when the thing began to grow monotonous, particularly for the lover, he stood Alexander, etc., up and gave him a horizontal lift on the toe of his boot, and then emptied both charges of his shotgun into his coat tail as he vanished around the corner.

Alexander Bartholomew stayed out. His love for Evangeline Seraphia has faded like a morning glory beneath the noonday sun.

No more gate for him, He is now engaged in looking for a girl who lives in a house level with the street, and whose father is of a retiring disposition.—*Punch.*

There is a story that a man went into a Newburyport liquor store and called for two quarts of rum, professing that it was for the purpose of soaking some roots. After the delivery of the liquor the dealer inquired, "What roots?" "The roots of my tongue," said the man, but it was too late.

The pangs of death from prussic acid did not make James Fitzgerald of Carlin, Nev., relax his determination to take his own life. He threatened to force an antidote down his throat, and compelled them to let him die.

No bird is actually on the wing. The wings are on the bird.

A young man applied for the position of humorous paragrapher on a new paper, and, when asked what qualification he possessed for the duties, he replied that he was born on All-Fools Day, and suffered a great deal with the toothache. He got it.

A young lady at a ball at Dublin castle displayed her charms so freely that a looker-on turned to Chief Justice Doherthy with "Did you ever see the like of that since you were born?" "Well," said the judge, "certainly not since I was weaned."

Ordinance No. 150.

An ordinance fixing the pay, fees and compensation of the city officers of the city of Seattle.

The City of Seattle does ordain as follows:

Sec. 1. The Justice of the Peace of the city of Seattle, shall receive for his services the same compensation that he receives for similar services from the Territory of Washington.

Sec. 2. The City Marshal shall receive for his services the same fees and compensation that the Sheriff of King County receives for similar services from the Territory of Washington.

Sec. 3. The Clerk of the City of Seattle shall receive \$200 per annum, payable quarterly, for his services, and no other or greater fee or compensation shall be allowed him in any instance.

Sec. 4. The City Attorney of the City of Seattle shall receive \$300 per annum, payable quarterly, for his services, and no other fee or compensation shall be allowed to him in any instance whatever.

Sec. 5. The City Treasurer shall receive \$200 per annum, payable quarterly for his services, and no other fee or compensation shall be allowed to him in any instance.

Sec. 6. The health officer shall receive such compensation for services actually rendered, as the City Council may at any regular meeting order.

Sec. 7. The City Surveyor shall receive not less than fifty dollars per annum, payable quarterly, but the City Council shall have power at any time to increase his compensation in cases where extraordinary services are required of him.

Sec. 8. The Street Commissioner shall receive a compensation at the rate of \$3 per day for each day's services performed by him under the direction of the City Council or the street committee, but before receiving any pay said street commissioner shall file with the clerk an itemized account of his services, showing to a reasonable certainty where the work was done, and by whose direction, and said account must be verified by himself. He shall receive his pay from time to time as directed by the Council.

Sec. 9. The Harbor Master shall receive such compensation for services actually rendered as the City Council may at any regular meeting order.

Sec. 10. The Assessor and Collector shall receive a compensation of \$200 per annum, payable semi-annually, for his services, and no other fee or compensation shall be allowed to him in any instance.

Sec. 11. The Chief of Police shall receive a salary of \$100 per month, payable monthly, and no other or greater fee shall be allowed to him in any instance.

Sec. 12. The Police officers of the city of Seattle shall receive seventy dollars a month, payable monthly, and no other or greater fee shall be allowed them in any instance.

Sec. 13. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force at the expiration of five days after it has been published.

Sec. 14. All ordinances heretofore passed on the subject of matter of this ordinance are hereby repealed.

Passed by the Common Council, August 21, 1878.

BERIAH BROWN, Mayor.
D. T. WHEELER, City Clerk.

Ordinance No. 151.

An ordinance to provide a steam fire engine for the city of Seattle.

The City of Seattle does ordain as follows:

Sec. 1. That the Mayor of the City of Seattle be, and he is hereby authorized to enter into a contract with B. S. Nicholls & Co. of Burlington, Vermont, on behalf of the said city, for the purchase of a steam fire engine. Provided that no such contract for the purchase of said engine shall be for a greater sum than \$3,800. Provided further, that the cost of transporting said engine from Burlington, Vermont, to Seattle, shall be paid by the said city, in addition to the said sum of \$3,800.

Sec. 2. The payments for said engine shall be made as follows, to wit: \$1,266 66 upon the delivery and acceptance of said engine; \$1,266 66 on the first day of January 1880 with interest thereon at the rate of nine per cent per annum from the first day of January 1879; \$1,266 66 on the first day of January 1881 with interest thereon at the rate of nine per cent per annum from the first day of January A. D. 1879.

Sec. 3. On the delivery and acceptance of said engine, the City Council of the City of Seattle, will deliver to B. S. Nicholls & Co., or to their order, certificate of indebtedness for the deferred payments on said engine, payable to them or their order.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

BERIAH BROWN, Mayor.
E. S. OSBORN, City Clerk.

Ordinance No. 152.

An ordinance to provide funds for the purchase of a steam fire engine.

The City of Seattle does ordain as follows:

Sec. 1. That in order to carry out the provisions of Ordinance No. 151 of the City of Seattle, enacted on the twenty-third day of August, A. D. 1878, there shall be, and hereby is appropriated out of the tax levied and collected, and out of such tax as may hereafter be levied and collected, under section four of the Charter of the City of Seattle, the sum of \$4,600 for the purpose of paying for a steam fire engine as provided for in Ordinance No. 151, of the City of Seattle, enacted on the twenty-third day of August, A. D. 1878.

Sec. 2. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

BERIAH BROWN, Mayor.
E. S. OSBORN, City Clerk.

WEEKLY DISPATCH.

BERIAH BROWN & CO.

BERIAH BROWN, PROPRIETORS.

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ATURDAY.....AUG. 31, 1878.

Our Resources.

In an extended interview with Justice Field, of the U. S. Supreme Court, a few days since, he expressed the greatest surprise at the size and manifest thrift of our town, and inquired, with evident interest, as to the source of its prosperity, of which he confessed his profound ignorance heretofore. When told of the extent of our coal fields, iron mines, lumber and ship timber, and the immense wheat fields tributary to this port on the opening of railroad communication, it seemed to him incredible that such advantages should have been neglected by capitalists while millions of dollars are lying idle in the banks or seeking investment at very low rates of interest. Like thousands of other intelligent and enterprising men in San Francisco, who build their houses of Puget Sound lumber, their wharves of Puget Sound piles, warm themselves with Seattle coal, eat Columbia river salmon caught and canned on the Washington Territory side, bread made of Walla Walla wheat and oysters taken from Oyster bay, and imagine that all these things are the productions of Oregon and are shipped through Portland. Few are cognizant of the fact that the commerce of Seattle employs more tonnage than that of Portland, though twenty years behind the latter in development; that the 20 miles of railroad terminating at Seattle transports more tons of freight daily than the 280 miles of railroad terminating at Portland; that the shipments from this port now average over 700 tons a day, having more than doubled within the last year, giving employment weekly to vessels of an aggregate tonnage of 4,200 tons; that a few miles extension of the Seattle railroad will not only open larger coal deposits than any ever worked upon this coast, but iron mines unlimited in quantity and unsurpassed in quality, passing through a region covered with a marvelous growth of the most valuable timber of commerce; that the further extension of this road is to a well watered prairie country of vast extent and wonderful productive qualities, especially for wheat and grass, which will give to the railroad such an interchange of freights of home productions—lumber and fuel one way and farm products the other—as no other line of railroad in the Union has the advantage of. Another fact not generally known to San Francisco capitalists is, that all the coal used in Portland is imported, and that all the lime-stone used in smelting at the Oregon iron works is transported from Puget Sound, while here the coal, iron and lime-stone, in unlimited quantities, are in convenient proximity.

All of the capitalists of San Francisco are not ignorant of our great advantages for the investment of capital. The Directors of the Central Pacific Railroad, have long regarded us with watchful and jealous care, and used all their commanding influence to discourage the investment of capital in any of our public enterprises, lest they

might lead to a railroad connection with the East, giving us an advantage of 700 miles in distance in competing with San Francisco for the Asiatic trade. The Portland capitalists are of course against us, for nothing is more certain than that on the completion of our railroad not less than one-third of the entire present trade of Portland would be diverted to this place, and a much greater proportion in the near future. With no capital at home, but the little that has been earned here, we have heretofore labored under the very great disadvantage of having the representative capital of the Pacific coast actively interested against us, and this has deterred capitalists from abroad from seeking the information required before making investments of any kind. We cannot be kept out of sight much longer.

Our Railroad Connections.

The Idaho Statesman, published at Boise City, says: "The Utah Northern railroad will soon be completed to Snake river.—All accounts agree in representing Jay Gould as having repeatedly expressed the determination to push this road down the Snake river valley to this city as rapidly as possible. He has the power and means of doing this, and there is every incentive for him to urge the enterprise forward. We may confidently count upon this being done in the early future. The road is a narrow gauge, which has been satisfactorily demonstrated to be nearly fifty per cent. cheaper than the broad gauge and as good for all practical and business purposes. The narrow gauge road from the Columbia river eastward across the Blue mountains is in the hands of competent and enterprising men whose interests as well as that of the country to be benefitted will compel the prosecution of the enterprise. There is no reason why these two roads should not be made to meet at Boise City within the next two years."

The road above mentioned connects with the Union Pacific at Ogden, and in its western extension will connect with the road now under construction from the Columbia river eastward, with which the Seattle and Walla Walla railroad will connect when completed, which will give us a continuous line of railroad from Seattle to all the Atlantic cities, much nearer than by the Northern Pacific or any other route, and 25 per cent. cheaper than by a broad gauge railroad for the distance from here to Ogden. No future event is more certain than that all of these connections will be made by the time the Seattle and Walla Walla railroad company completes one hundred miles of railroad at this end, which it is now intended to have completed by the first day of October, 1880. Then will commence an era of prosperity such as the people of Seattle have heretofore never dreamed of.—This will be the port and entrepot of the commerce of a country of much greater commercial resources than will then be tributary to San Francisco. The demand for our coal and lumber will extend to the Rocky mountains, and will immediately more than double the production on Puget Sound, and give a corresponding impetus to immigration and all business enterprise. But this grand result can never be attained without an effort.—Prosperity is rarely thrust upon any people. None deserve success who do not aid in achieving it.

Horatio Seymour says that protective tariffs are only a form of communism—taxing one class of citizens for the exclusive benefit of another class. We regard as one of the most senseless and odious forms of aristocracy the claim to special privileges pertaining to the place of residence in a common territory as paramount to personal merit. The claim to special consideration on account of birth, wealth, education or ability, is tolerable in comparison to the claim to political position solely on the factitious circumstance of residence in a particular section of a common district.

Rutherford B. Hayes inherited from his uncle Birchard property in Fremont and Toledo that even now is estimated to be worth \$200,000.

The eclipse of the sun terrified the negroes in the region where it was total. At Waco, Texas, they believed that the day of judgment had come, and were panic stricken.

A play is being acted in Australia, the hero of which is said to be a dramatic realization of George Francis train. The extent to which the audiences are "psychologized" is shown by the fact that after every performance the janitor of the theatre sweeps up several bushels of peanut shells.

The London Metropolitan police are clamoring for increase of pay. At the present time a first-class constable receives \$7-50 per week, and when on the reserve of a division 30 cents per week more; a second-class sergeant receives \$8 per week, and a first-class one—a position it may take a long time to attain—\$9 per week.

Tony Hart, the Irish comedian of the Theatre Comique, rode on the train with Dennis Kearney part of the way across the continent. Tony gives his impression to the St. Louis Globe Democrat as follows: "A round-headed, half-inch forehead, terrier mouth, and a brogue that you could cut, and the whole thing set off by a big boil on the back of his neck, a regular chaw."

Dr. Chapman's dissection of the African Gorilla, Pongo, as far as it has proceeded, is said to be strongly corroborative of the Darwinian theory. He finds all the muscles and tissues of the arm to be exactly similar to those of the human being, while other portions of its anatomy present equal evidence for the belief that man and the anthropoid apes have a common origin.

Six thousand persons gathered to see George Howell hanged in Greenville, Tenn., but, within an hour of the time appointed for the execution, a respite from the Governor was received. The disappointment of the multitude was great, and at night a mob endeavored to get the prisoner out of the jail for the purpose of a lynching. A marshal was shot and the sheriff had to call out a military company to guard the jail.

Sarah Latimer of Chicago weighed 200 pounds and was so desirous of losing flesh that she took large doses of powerful drugs and exercised immoderately. Two weeks of the treatment resulted in death.

Cambridge is allowed the honor of having turned out more poets than Oxford.

Never bother a bee when he is buzzy.

A queer mistake occurred on the British expedition to Cyprus. Ninety mail carts were dispatched from Malta, with bags of tent pegs in mistake for lynch pins. The carts, of course, were useless without lynch pins, and the tent pegs did not seem, apart from the tents, particularly valuable.

Lost at sea—the boy who doesn't know the alphabet past B.

Rarus trotted his mile in 2.13! Take away your girl horses; now! That beats the Maid's best mile, three-quarters of a second, and restores confidence in the masculine gender.

Henry Palmer went over Niagara Falls a few days ago. He started from the village to row across the river to Chippewa, and neither he nor the boat has since been seen.

Hooley & Quinlen, managers of the most fashionable theatre in Chicago, are quarrelling. Each is telling what he knows about the other, and the immorality thus disclosed in their theatre is astonishing.

Shooting women from cannon is the new attraction of a Paris circus. They are thrown some thirty feet and land in a strong netting.

Chin Lan Pin, the Chinese ambassador to the United States, traces his ancestry and belongs to the second rank in the empire, the next in order to the imperial family.

Judging by numerous native Indian papers, the despatch of Hindu troops to serve in Europe gave them extraordinary satisfaction.

The air-gun team assembled nightly at the Centennial for practice with Jim's beautiful silver-plated air-gun, which he has brought from New York at great expense. His is the only shooting gallery in the city, and the lovers of such sport will find everything there for their accommodation, including the celebrated "Gambrians" in bottles.

For smoked halibut pickled halibut, napes and fins, go to J. R. Bean, Front street.

Maj. Bean has butter from the Fountains. He calls it the "gilt-edged." It is good.

They All Take It.

When the system is run down to that extent that you pass sleepless nights, are nervous and irritable, have gloomy forebodings, sour stomach, sick headache and coated tongue, do not enroll yourself as high private in the rear rank, under General Debility, but cheer up and try White's Prairie Flower, The Great Liver Panacea, now for sale in every city and town on the Continent. No medicine ever compounded is half its equal for the cure of DYSPEPSIA and LIVER COMPLAINT. It has a specific power over the liver, and by curing the liver, Dyspepsia and all other diseases arising from it, vanish as if by magic. Sample bottles are sold at the small price of 25 cents that will convince you of its merits. Large size bottles 75 cents, for sale everywhere. m29-3m-d&w

New Advertisements.

HOME INDUSTRY.

Every person in the community is bound self-interest as well as social obligation to give the preference to articles of home production over those of foreign manufacture, all other things being equal. No country can prosper with the balance of trade against them, and it is a perpetual draft upon their resources, to buy abroad what can be produced at home cheaper and better.

Malt Liquors

Have become articles of general consumption here as in every other part of the United States, and the demand is constantly increasing. The fact has been demonstrated in all Western communities that the decrease of the use of ardent spirits, and the consequent decrease of drunkness, is in proportion to the substitution of wholesome beer. No country is better adapted to the production of good beer than this. The climate is favorable, the hops produced are of the best quality, and barley is abundant. There is no part of the world where a better quality of draft beer is produced, free from all deleterious drugs, than by the North Pacific Railroad Brewery, at St. Paul, the North Pacific Brewery, and the Seattle Brewery at this place. Neither of these Breweries resort to the practice of "doctoring" to give their liquors flavor or the appearance of age, which cannot be guaranteed for any of the articles imported from California or elsewhere. It is therefore a prudential sanitary measure, no less than political economy to patronize our home breweries. aug26 tt.

Notice to Contractors.

Contractors will take notice that the specifications are now ready for about two miles of

Grading and Crib-Work.

On the Seattle and Walla Walla Railroad, extending from the Depot to the head of the Bay, around the beach; and can be seen at the Company's office at the depot.

Bids will be received for said work up to noon, Thursday, Aug. 29.

All bids must specify the date of commencing and completion of the work.

The Company reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

J. M. COLMAN, Gen. Supt.

Seattle, Aug. 24, 1878. 26-td.

NOTICE TO PUBLISHERS AND DEALERS IN SCHOOL BOOKS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Board of Education will meet at the office of the Territorial Superintendent of Public Instruction, at Olympia, Washington Territory, on Tuesday, October 1st, 1878, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of examining all text books submitted for their examination, for the purpose of selecting some series for general adoption in the Territory for five years, as provided in section 72 in the school law of 1877.

JOHN P. JUDSON, President Board of Education.

Puget Sound Business College, Cor. Front & Columbia Sts., SEATTLE, WASH. TERR.

The design of this institution is to impart a practical and useful BUSINESS EDUCATION.

Young Men and Ladies

Wishing to prepare themselves for the practical duties of life will find at this College unsurpassed facilities. Students learn just what they need to insure success. Each student receives separate instruction, and can thus advance as rapidly as his ability will permit, not being kept back by those who are more deficient.

The Telegraphic Institution is the Most Complete Institution of the Kind in the Country.

Is first-class in all its appointments, is fitted up in the most thorough manner, and its pupils receive the same practice as in a regular office.

THEORY AND PRACTICE

Are united so as to secure to the student all the practical advantages of each. There is in operation a Banking House, with Checks, Drafts, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, etc., fully illustrating the banking business; Mercantile, Jobbing and Importing Emporium; Insurance, Commission and Forwarding Houses.

THE SCHOOL IS OPEN TO BOTH LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

For particulars, apply or address PUGET SOUND BUSINESS COLLEGE.

D. C. GUNN, President.

STILL AHEAD!

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.,

Are Now Selling

ALL KINDS OF DOMESTICS

REGARDLESS OF COST!

We invite the public generally to call and examine our stock and satisfy themselves as to the

QUALITY AND PRICES

Of all Goods in our Establishment.

Call Once and You will Come Again.

Remember that we still offer

A Discount of 10 per Cent. to CASH CUSTOMERS

—In the Lines of—

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,

Carpets, Etc., Etc.

New England Hotel.

COR. COMMERCIAL AND MAIN STS.,

Seattle, Wash. Territory.

L. C. HARMON, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly built and hard finished throughout, has well furnished rooms, and first-class Board, at Moderate Prices

The Best Hotel in the City.

Northern Transportation Co.,

CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.

The steamer J. B. LIBBY, Capt. Brenner, the above company, will leave Seattle every

Monday, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For Whidby Island, Utsalady, La Conner and Whatcom; and every FRIDAY for Whidby Island, Utsalady and La Conner; returning on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

THE STEAMER DISPATCH,

Capt. Monroe, will leave Seattle every Thursday Evening at 10 o'clock, for Port Townsend, San Juan Island and Semiahmoo, returning on Sundays.

For Freight or passage apply on board.

J. C. BRITAIN.

For Victoria and Way Ports.



Seamer OLYMPIA.

CAPTAIN THOMAS STOTHARD.

Will leave Seattle for Victoria and way ports TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5 A. M.

Returning, will leave Victoria MONDAYS and THURSDAYS at 5 A. M.

This steamer will extend her Thursday trip to Olympia, arriving at and leaving Seattle about 2 P. M. She will go to Tacoma each trip.

For freight or passage apply on board to GEO. S. WRIGHT.

George's Beer Hall.

MOORES OLD STAND, OCCIDENTAL SQUARE.

The undersigned is prepared to receive his friends in first class style. He keeps BLOOM'S CELEBRATED

ALE, BEER, AND PORTER.

ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER, LUNCHES, ETC.

Also a splendid Pigeon Hole table.

THE CITY

From Daily of Monday.

THE UNION REVIVAL SERVICES.—The Bible readings yesterday afternoon were the most interesting that have been given. The hall was well filled, a majority of the churches being present. The services were led by Mr. Brown and others. The first chapter of Numbers was used as a starting point and the divine life and impartation in the soul, were illustrated in the readings and observations. Christians are evidently being united more closely to Christ and each other, by these services and gatherings. Some of Mr. Brown's methods and points of doctrine may be questionable but as good is being done it becomes us to be very careful that we are not found fighting against God and his cause. The repairing and rebuilding of the temple and walls of Jerusalem under the direction of Nehemiah and his colleagues punished the leading thought of the evening service. The congregation was large and interested to the close of the evening service.

ACROSS THE MOUNTAINS.—J. W. Jewett, who was engaged in business here about a year ago and now at Ellensburg, Kittitas Valley, came across the mountain a few days ago accompanied by Mr. Richard Thompson and an Indian with 15 pack horses. They leave this morning with 11 horses loaded with 1,500 pounds of merchandise for Mr. Shoudy and 1,100 pounds for Mr. Jewett, who is also taking with him one blooded Berkshire pig that he purchased from Mr. Bow. Mr. Thompson, better known as Dick Thompson says the communication published in one of the Seattle papers a short time ago, signed S. T. S., was a complete exaggeration from beginning to end; that he has lived among the Indians for the last 15 years and he says the whites need not fear any of Mose's band.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.—The Intelligence has a sensational account of a terrible fracas said to have occurred last evening, in which it is related circumstantially how "Sniffles" of the Tribune, was called out of his house by a late deputy sheriff and set upon by a muscular attorney, and how "Sniffles" got away with the attorney, leaving him covered with blood and dirt, in a very demoralized condition. Soon after reading this account we met the said attorney without a scratch or other sign of the desperate encounter upon his person. About the same time, we met a deputy sheriff, with one eye and a large portion of his head covered with bandages, for which he would not give any satisfactory account, and it notably occurred to us that he was the victim of the prowess of "Sniffles," who, in his fright, had mistaken him for the man he feared, and had pitched in under the idea that he was an assailant. We remember such a case among the incidents of our early boyhood. We lived on a new farm in a heavily timbered section. A young man upon a neighboring farm had "set up" with our hired girl till a late hour on Sunday night and had started for home across the clearing; an hour or so after, he returned in a great state of excitement, with the story that he had been attacked by two bears, had defended himself with a hand-spike with which he had disabled his assailants and escaped with his life. On repairing to the scene of the conflict in the morning, two young calves were found, one dead, and the other badly crippled. It was probably under a similar perturbed state of mind that "Sniffles" took counsel of his fears and pitched into an offending old man, who he mistook for his deadly enemy. Certainly no man who was not very drunk or imbecile would seek to do "Sniffles" bodily harm.

DISTRICT COURT.—In the case of Gray and Mrs. Morgan, the jury this morning brought in a verdict of guilty and recommended them to the mercy of the Court. Burke, for the defense, is arguing this afternoon on a motion for arrest of judgement. In the case of the United States vs. Levi Livingston, the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

K. C. I. A.—Judge Burke has been invited to deliver the opening address on the opening of the forthcoming fair of the King County Industrial association on Monday, September 25th. The premium list has already been made out, and includes numbers of handsome articles of silver-ware. The baby show is expected to be the great event of the occasion.

SCHM. C. C. Perkins arrived from the Swinomish to-day with a load of grain, consigned as follows: 18 tons of barley and 43 sacks of oats to Schwabacher Bros. & Co., and 600 sacks of oats for re-shipment to San Francisco. It was intended to ship the oats by this trip of the Dakota, but owing to the calm and smoky weather, she was detained on her passage from the Swinomish.

HAULED OFF.—The Ruby is to be hauled off the route between this place and Port Madison. Since the daily mail has been established to Port Townsend, the Ruby's route has become unnecessary, and there is plenty work for her taking supplies to the different logging camps.

DIED.—At The Dalles, on the 28th inst., of consumption, Miss Maggie Campbell sister of Mrs. Robt. Goodborn of this city.

MAJOR R. P. Eaton of Maine, superintendent of the railway mail service of the United States, arrived at Portland on the 29th. He is on official business. It is his desire to obtain all possible information as to the wants of the country in regard to the mails, and to adjust as far as possible everything that is out of joint. All persons who have anything to suggest regarding desired adjustments may do a service by communicating with Eaton. He may be addressed at Portland for some days.

BORN.—In this city, this morning, to the wife of Jos. Levy, a daughter.

SWINOMISH GRAIN.—Steamer J. B. Libby, on her last trip from La Conner brought 310 sks oats and barley for Schwabacher Bros & Co.; 100 sks oats for Seattle Coal Co. and 56 sks barley for Card & Lair from J. S. Conner's place. He has shipped about 50 tons of grain to Victoria, the yield being about one and one-half ton to the acre.

FROM THE SAMISH.—Mr. Hammond, of the Port Madison fish and oil firm, has returned from the Samish, intending, as soon as the salmon commence running to pickle and barrel them for the San Francisco market. He says the salmon are slow to put in an appearance and is of the opinion that there will be a small run this season.

A WOMAN IN THE CASE.—The little town of Lafayette, Oregon, was the scene of a little unpleasantness on Monday evening last, which occurred between Henry Moor and a party named Thurston. There was a woman in the case, and the grudge was one of long standing. Moore met Thurston in the evening in question, and a quarrel arose in which Thurston slapped Moor in the face. Moor then drew a revolver and fired at him. Thurston threw up his antagonist's hand and the ball went whizzing into space, the powder burning his coat sleeve. As bystanders interfered, Moor flung the revolver at Thurston, the hammer striking him in the forehead and inflicting an ugly wound, the scar of which he will carry to the grave.

THE PATENT WHEEL. Since the publication of the article in this paper, giving a description of the new patent paddle-wheel, invented by Captain Winsor, much discussion has taken place, and the captain has received many visitors to test the practicability of the invention. All the doubtful ones who have examined it and seen the model work are happily disappointed.

A SPECIALTY MADE OF REPAIRING. Boots half-soled for 75 cents. Give me a call.

J. W. OSBOURNE, CORNER MAIN AND COMMERCIAL STS. (Above New England Hotel.) SEATTLE, T.

In the Probate Court of the County of King, Territory of Washington. In the matter of the estate of J. G. Libby, deceased. Order to show cause why Decree of Distribution should not be made.

On reading and filing the petition of H. A. Atkins, executor of the last will and testament of J. G. Libby, deceased, setting forth that said estate is in a proper condition to be closed, and that a portion of the residue of said estate remains to be divided among the devisees and legatees of said deceased, named in said will as the persons entitled, it is ordered, that all persons interested in the estate of said J. G. Libby, deceased, be and appear before the Probate Court of King county, the court room of said county in the city of Seattle, in said county of King, on Monday, the 23d day of September, A. D. 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., then and there to show cause why an order of distribution should not be made of the residue of said estate among the devisees and legatees of the said deceased, according to law.

It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks, before the said 23d day of September, A. D. 1878, in the "Frog Sound Dispatch," a newspaper printed and published in said county of King.

Done in open Court, this 10th day of August, A. D. 1878. THOMAS BURKE, Judge of Probate.

Territory of Washington, County of King.—I, Thomas Burke, Judge and ex-officio Clerk of the Probate Court of said King county, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of an order this day made by the Probate Court of said county, and duly entered upon the records of said Court.

D. MORRIS' Express, Hack and Drays. WILL ATTEND DAY AND NIGHT.

And will be in attendance upon the arrival of a 1 boat and will convey passengers to all parts of the city for 25 cents, and to hotels 50c. Orders left with Jack Levy, at the Grouto Cigar St., and will receive prompt attention. P. S. Prices down to the lowest notch. CASH ON DELIVERY. ag23-4t.

Treasurer's Tax Notice. Notice is hereby given, that the tax list of King County and special school tax for the year 1878 are now due and in my hands for collection. To all taxes remaining unpaid on December 1st, 1878, 10 per cent. penalty will be added. Tax payers will please hand in their supervisors, road poll and road horse tax receipts. G. D. HILL, Seattle, August 19th, 1878. Treasurer.

Treasurer's Notice. The treasurer of King County will pay, on presentation, all outstanding warrants drawn on the County fund of said county, bearing dates prior to, and including No. 104 of the series of 1877, August term; no interest will be allowed on said warrants after 30 days from the date of this notice. G. D. HILL, Seattle, August 19th, 1878. Treasurer.

Kitsap Democratic Convention. A Mass convention of the Democrats of Kitsap County will be held at Port Madison on Saturday, August 31, 1878, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of nominating District and County officers, and selecting two delegates to represent said county in the Territorial Convention to be held at Vancouver Sept. 5th. By order of the County Committee. H. B. EMEY, Chairman.

THE WALTER FRUIT DRYER MANUFACTURING & TRADING CO. Capital Stock \$100,000. ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH The Walter Dryer AT VERY LOW PRICES, FROM \$50 TO \$700.

Fruit Growers Take Notice! That A. LUSK & CO. and LUKE G. SESORVISH & CO. of San Francisco pronounce "The WALTER the best dryer now in use."

RAISINS MADE IN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS. APPLES DRIED IN THREE HOURS. office 418 California Street, San Francisco, and see the beautiful fruit dried by the WALTER DRYER.

J. H. MAYNARD, July 13-78a SECRETARY.

Down They Go! Having procured the services of the best workmen that can be found, I am now prepared to make

Every Style of Boot or Shoe That can be had in any city in the United States, at NEW YORK OR SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

N. B.—I don't import any Eastern work and palm it off as my own make, but I manufacture all goods in my own shop.

A first class pair of working boots made to order for \$6.00 Working shoes made at \$3.50

J. W. OSBOURNE, CORNER MAIN AND COMMERCIAL STS. (Above New England Hotel.) SEATTLE, T.

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It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks, before the said 23d day of September, A. D. 1878, in the "Frog Sound Dispatch," a newspaper printed and published in said county of King. Done in open Court, this 10th day of August, A. D. 1878. THOMAS BURKE, Judge of Probate.

Special Notices. THE NATIONAL GOLD MEDAL was awarded to Bradley & Rulofson for the best Photographs in the United States, and Vienna medal for the best in the world, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco. WILL CURE CONSUMPTION. To all suffering from the following diseases a ray of hope is offered through the kindness of a missionary friend who has sent me the formula of a purely vegetable medicine which has long been used by the native medicine men of Hindostan—for the positive and radical cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Throat and Lung difficulty, General Debility, Loss of Manhood and all Nervous Affections, its power has been tested in hundreds of cases and I now feel it my sacred duty as far as possible to relieve human misery and will send the recipe—FREE OF CHARGE—to any person who may desire it with directions for using. Sent by return mail by addressing with 2 stamps naming this paper, Dr. O. B. Brigham, Drawer 28, Utica, N. Y.

DENTISTRY. Dr. J. C. GRASSE, DENTIST. Office in Stone & Burnett's new building on Commercial street. All work warranted. oct. 4-7

D. W. STARKEY, M. D. HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office on Front Street, Wenzie's new building, Seattle, W. T.

W. M. TIRTLOT, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SNOHOMISH CITY, and Washington Terr. ISAAC M. HALL, LAWYER, SEATTLE, WASH. TERRITORY. Office—Corner Front and Columbia Streets—Upstairs.

IRVING BURLARD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T. Office—Room 2, DISPATCH Building, Opposite Occidental Hotel.

M'NAUGHT & LEARY, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, SEATTLE, WASH. TERR. nov3

CHAS. H. LARRABEE, C. S. FORD. LARRABEE & HANFORD COUNSELORS AND ATTY'S-AT-LAW. dec23-1y SEATTLE, W. T.

EDWARD HOLLAND NICOLL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SNOHOMISH, W. T. Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. jan5wtf

DR. F. W. SPARLING, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Also, U. S. PENNSION SURGEON. Office in Tremont Building, Lower Floor. nov10

A Card.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. J. ESTHER T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. nov6-dwfm

FRUIT GROWERS, TAKE NOTICE! THAT THE WALTER COMPANY MAKE CASH Advances upon all fruit cured by their process

J. H. MAYNARD, Secretary Office 418 California Street, San Francisco. July 13-78a

FITS EPILEPSY, Falling Sickness PERMANENTLY CURED—NO HUMBAG—BY One Month's Usage of Dr. Goodrich's Celebrated Infallible Fit Powders. To convince sufferers that these powders will do all we claim for them, we will send them by mail, post paid, a Free TRIAL BOX. As Dr. Goodrich is the only physician that has ever made this disease a special study, and as to our knowledge thousands have been permanently cured by the use of these Powders, we will guarantee a permanent cure in every case, or refund you all money expended. All sufferers should give these Powders an early trial, and be convinced of their curative powers.

Price, for large box, \$3 00, or 4 boxes for \$10 00, sent by mail to any part of the United States or Canada on receipt of price, or by express, C. O. D. Address, ASH & ROBBINS, 221-ly 330 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION Positively Cured. All suffering from this disease that are anxious to be cured, should try Dr. Kissner's Celebrated Consumptive Powders. These powders are the only preparation known that will cure Consumption and all disease of the throat and Lungs—indeed, so strong is our faith in them, and in order to convince you that they are no humbug, we will forward to every sufferer, by mail, post paid, a FREE TRIAL BOX. We don't want your money until you are perfectly satisfied with their curative powers. If your trial is worth saving, don't delay in giving these Powders a trial, as they will surely cure you.

Price, for large box, \$3 00, sent to any part of the United States or Canada by mail on receipt of price. Address, ASH & ROBBINS, 221-ly 330 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

NEW GOODS!

S. KENNEY, Merchant Tailor, Commercial Street, Seattle.

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANCISCO WITH THE CHOICEST AND MOST Complete Stock of Goods

Ever introduced to this market, I am fully prepared to furnish everything in the range of wearing apparel—ready made or made to order—at the LOWEST LIVING RATES. My Stock of Fine Cloths

IS UNSURPASSED NORTH OF SAN FRANCISCO, AND I AM PREPARED TO FURNISH GOODS MADE TO ORDER AT LOWER RATES THAN HERETOFORE, AND FITS GUARANTEED IN ALL CASES. COME AND SEE ME! S. KENNEY.

W. H. SHOUDY, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

White Lead, Linseed Oil, Putty

TURPENTINE, VARNISHES all kinds, SHELLAC, CAN COLORS, DRY COLORS, full assortment of GLASS, WHITING, PARIS WHITE, KALSOMINE and GLUE.

Also, a Full Assortment of Brushes, Gold Leaf and Bronzes WALL PAPER Ready Trimmed.

I have the largest and best assortment on the Sound, at prices to suit the times. Constantly on hand RUBBER PAINT, acknowledged to be the best paint in the world by all that have used it. Prompt attention paid to orders from abroad. sep14tf

OPENING AT THE NEW BRICK STORE,

FRAUENTHAL BROTHERS.

Commercial St., Seattle.

A LARGE AND FINE STOCK OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Blankets, Wall Paper, Carpets, Oil Cloth, Millinery Good, Trunks, Valises, Furs, Etc., Etc

We shall endeavor to be known for the Best Goods and Lowest Prices. Seattle, November 1st 1876. FRAUENTHAL BROS.

GLORE & WUNDER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Furniture and House Furnishing



GOODS,

COMMERCIAL STREET, NEXT DOOR TO NEW ENGLAND HOTEL, SEATTLE, W. T.

The most complete stock of Parlor, Dining-room and Chamber Furniture in Washington Territory. Also, Fancy Cabinet Ware, Parlor Brackets, Wall Pockets, Book Shelves, etc. Mirrors, Window Shades, Spring Fixtures, Picture Moulding and Frames, Children's Carriages, and everything usually kept in a First-class Furniture Store, which we offer at prices that defy competition. CALL AND EXAMINE OUR GOODS BEFORE PURCHASING. Particular attention given to manufacturing Office Tables and Desks, and Furniture of all kinds from native Ash and Maple; also from Pacific and Eastern Walnut and Mexican Woods. All goods guaranteed as represented. nov19tf

PUCET FOUNDRY

WHITE & TENNY, PROPRIETORS. (Successors to J. P. & T. WILSON.)

All kinds of Iron and Brass Casting done at San Francisco prices.

Orders from all parts of the Sound will be filled with promptness and dispatch. oct11

Peoples' Market. COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE, Opposite Schwabacher Bros. & Co.'s.]

FOSS & BORNST. Proprietors and Wholesale and Retail Dealers

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Cure Meats and Vegetables.

Work Oxen kept for sale. Patronage respectfully solicited. Aug. 5, 1874.

N. UHLFELDER. FANCY GOODS

TOBACCO, CIGARS, CROCKERY, AND GROCERIES. oct20tf

Summons. In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington holding terms at the city of Seattle, in and for the counties of King and Kitsap.

Maria Hitecock, plaintiff, vs. Henry Hitecock, defendant. Complaint filed in the county of King, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The United States of America send greeting to Henry Hitecock, defendant:

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the city of Seattle, in the county of King for the counties of King and Kitsap, and to answer the complaint filed therein, sixty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the date of this summons, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of divorce from Henry Hitecock upon the grounds of neglect to provide for his family.

Witness the Hon. J. R. Lewis, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 27th day of June, A. D. 1878.

JAMES SEAVEY, Clerk. By W. H. ANDREWS, Deputy. THOMAS BURKE, Plaintiff's Attorney, [Jan23-78

OFFICE SALOON

MILL STREET, SEATTLE, W. T.

CUSHMAN & CO., Proprietors

The place is got the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Constantly on hand the finest brands of Bourbon, Rye, Scotch and Irish Whiskies, Hennessy and Martell Brandy, and Tennant's Ale and Porter; also, celebrated St. Louis Lager Beer. Private meals for the accommodation of guests. j-1-11

J. R. BEAN,

Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

WILL RECEIVE AND SELL ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE AND DO A GENERAL COMMISSION BUSINESS.

Prompt returns made. Consignments solicited.

FRONT STREET, SEATTLE. oct23-78

Administrator's Notice.

In the Probate Court of King County, Washington Territory

In the matter of the estate of David W. Crook, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Probate Court of King County, Washington Territory, made and entered of record on the 21st day of August, 1878, the undersigned was appointed administrator of the estate of David W. Crook, deceased, late of said county.

All persons having claims against said deceased, are required to present them, with the necessary vouchers, to the undersigned administrator at his store on Mill Street, in the city of Seattle, said county, within one year from this 21st day of August, 1878, or the same will be forever barred. H. JONES, Administrator of the Estate of David W. Crook, deceased. oct23-78

BERIAH BRO
 BERIAH BROWN, PROPRIETORS.
 Office - Dispatch Buildings, James Street

THE EVENING DISPATCH, published every day in the week (except Sunday). Eight dollars per year by mail; One dollar per month by carrier.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH, published every Saturday morning. Two dollars per year.

All business, news letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to EVENING DISPATCH

SATURDAY.....AUG. 31, 1878.

Where are Party Lines?
 Nothing bothers an old politician so much, now days, as to keep run of parties by the principles which are severally enunciated by party newspapers and party organs. As, for instance, two of the party organs of New York, the *Post*, Republican, is one of the strongest advocates of free trade, State rights and a gold and silver basis of currency; all old Democratic doctrines. The *Sun*, a Democratic organ, makes opposition to State sovereignty, as declared and confirmed by the Electoral Commission, its speciality, without any allusion to any other of the old party issues; no old Federalist of John Adams' time ever held more tenaciously to the doctrine of Federal supremacy over the States. In the old Northwestern States a large portion of the Democrats utterly repudiate the hard money doctrine of the Jacksonian Democracy, and quite as large a portion of the Republicans adhere unflinchingly to that doctrine. A large majority of both parties in the West are opposed to a protective tariff, while both parties in Pennsylvania and New England support that measure. The leaders and those who give tone to the Republican party on this coast, were formerly Democrats, and mainly adhere to their early political faith. We met a distinguished Federal official and earnest party man a few months ago, who frankly admitted that he believed in the right of secession, and that his sole motive for engaging in the war was to contribute to the abolition of slavery, deeming that object ample justification or revolutionary measures overriding the Constitution. We never believed in the right of secession; never questioned the right of the Federal Government to maintain its constitutional powers over the States by military force, if necessary; simply protesting against maintaining a Union of force by the overthrow of the Constitution, as no less revolutionary than secession. Our friend, the avowed secessionist and revolutionist, was honored as a "Union man," and we, the unwavering opposer of secession and defender of the integrity of the Union under the Constitution, were denounced by the politicians of the Republican party as a "Secessionist." Those issues are now practically dead, though the political atmosphere is ever and anon polluted by demagogue attempts to stir up the putrid remains of the dead carcass. But what are the live issues defined by party lines? We know of none which do not run across instead of parallel with the two parties. What then is the purpose of maintaining party organization and enforcing party discipline, but to promote the personal ends of office-seekers? Both parties are solemnly committed to the policy of civil service reform. Both national conventions have emphatically decreed a divorce of civil service from party politics, and yet the adulterous connection is still maintained under strict party discipline. The member of either party who exercises his independence as an American citizen according to his own judgment, by voting for a member of the other party because he believed such candidate

the one best qualified for the position, or because he is more in accord with him in sentiment, subjects himself to the abuse of all the unreasoning devotees of party as if he were guilty of a social crime, and none consider the plea in justification, that he acted strictly in accordance with a principle to which both parties are in honor pledged. All the lamentations over official corruption and political demoralization come with a bad grace from people who are themselves so much the slaves of party that they they can put forth no effort for reform.

The Right of Petition.
 The *Transcript*, the organ of the opposition to Gov. Ferry, becomes grandiloquent over the right of petition. "One of the inalienable rights of American citizens," says that paper, "possessed alike by all the people, women and children, as well as men, of which no constitution, law or court can deprive them, is the right to petition the state or federal government for redress of grievances. So sacred is this right that in all constitutions, federal and state, the people have reserved it to themselves and no government is allowed to abridge or interfere with it."— True for you; no one will presume to dispute the proposition. But like the freedom of speech and the liberty of the press, the right of petition is limited to lawful and proper subjects, and is not permitted to be used as a medium for false accusations and personal defamation. The distinction between liberty and license is clearly defined by all laws and conventional usages.— A right no less sacred than the right of petition is that guaranteed to every citizen; the right when accused to an open trial by a jury of his peers and to be confronted by his accusers, for the purpose of cross examination. Were these conditions observed in any particular by the petitioners for the removal of Gov. Ferry? Not at all. It was the result of a secret conspiracy of personal enemies, manifestly for private ends, revenge being the primary cause; else why the secrecy? The charges upon which the petition for his removal was based were solely supported by *ex parte* testimony, unknown to the party accused and to the public, and even the names of his accusers were only subjects of conjecture until the plot was exploded by its own intrinsic weakness. It the high crimes and misdemeanors in office imputed to Gov. Ferry by these secret petitioners and their secret witnesses, been sustained by reasonable evidence, they would have subjected the Gov. to impeachment, pending which his removal would have been an obstruction to justice for which the President would have been liable to impeachment. But the petition asked nothing of that kind; the petitioners only asked for the removal of the Governor on their testimony without his knowledge of the nature of the charges against him. The matter was referred to the Secretary of the Interior, and then, thro' Delegate Jacobs, the Governor first learned of the charges and the petition for his removal. On his demanding an investigation, the Secretary transmitted to him the papers with the remark that the evidence was not sufficient to impair his official standing or justify an investigation. And thus ended the scheme of secret conspiracy to dishonor and remove the Governor, which is now sought to be justified under the sacred right of petition. The law makes a broad distinction between honest petitioners for "redress of grievances," and malicious informers and false witnesses.

Oregon Senator.
 A Senator from Oregon being the nearest approach to representation in the U. S. Senate allotted to the Territory of Washington, we naturally feel great interest in the election of a successor to Senator Mitchell which devolves upon the Legislature to meet at Salem next month. It has been suggested that Senator Mitchell might possibly be his own successor; but such an event is not within the bounds of reasonable probability. The Democratic majority on joint ballot is very large, and while it is very probable that many of the Democrats would prefer Mr. Mitchell to any other Republican candidate, yet it is highly improbable that eight or ten of them would go back on their party and vote for him in opposition to the candidate of their own party. The candidate whose name is kept most prominently before the public, is Judge McArthur, of the eastern portion of the State, whose election is demanded chiefly on local grounds; but persons with old foggy notions of the honor of the position and the sanctity of an oath, would deem the following oath taken and subscribed by Judge McArthur, an insuperable obstacle to his acceptance of the office, if elected:
 "I, L. L. McArthur, do solemnly swear that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the State of Oregon; and that I will faithfully and impartially discharge the duties of a Judge of the Supreme and Circuit Courts of said State to the best of my ability, and that I will not accept any other office, except judicial offices, during the term for which I have been elected."
 The fact that Judge McArthur had taken such an oath would not disqualify him for a seat in the Senate, but it would be very damaging to his own character and perfectly disgraceful to the Legislature and to the party which should elect him under the circumstances.
 Of all the available candidates named, we regard Dr. James C. Hawthorne as the most fitting, and we have no doubt he would be elected if he would consent to be a candidate, and we are sorry to learn that he positively declines.
 At the present time Gen. Lane seems to be the coming man. A Republican politician of high standing in Oregon, informs us that within the circle of his acquaintance Gen. Lane is the favorite candidate with all parties; the Republicans preferring him to any other Democrat, and the Democrats to all other candidates named, and our informant has little doubt of his election. There is probably no man upon the Pacific coast who could command a larger personal influence in the Senate than could General Joseph Lane.
 "Sniffles," of the *Tribune*, who never had a word to say when the City Attorney was voted \$1,800 a year for his services, since the salary of that officer has been specifically limited to \$300 pronounces the office "an unnecessary municipal ornament." He denounced the Council for reducing the salaries and compensation of officers whereby the expenses of the city will be less by over \$2,000 this year than last. He says the Attorney and the Mayor "have done about everything, relieving the Council of all but the odium and responsibility, and making it the unnecessary piece of city machinery. In fact, of so little account in local affairs do several of the Council members feel that they are beginning to be ashamed of their known connection with them, and have in contemplation a withdrawal—or a cutting down of the Attorney's

compensation."
 A lively oracle, is "Sniffles." Before the election, the Mayor was represented as an old imbecile who was only put up to be knocked down, and could not poll a dozen votes in the city, after which he was elected by the largest majority ever given for a candidate for that office in a contested election in this city. The City Attorney was subsequently represented as an "unnecessary municipal ornament," and now the Council, composed of some of the best business men in the city, are represented as mere unresisting tools in the hands of the Attorney and Mayor, neither of whom has a voice, in the first instance, in the passage of any measure. And with all this, city script has advanced 20 per cent. in market value since the present Council came into office, and sells at a higher rate than at any time before for the past eight years. What a great thing it is for the town to have such a newspaper representative of public sentiment!
 A school fight fairly conducted, was fatal to a delicate boy at Sheffield, England, lately.
 The Emperor of Morocco was at last accounts, danger As a result of the famine in a great part of his dominions, an insurrection has broken out in two provinces. One of the Emperor's nephews, sent at the head of troops to quell it, was killed.
Notice to Contractors.
 Contractors will take notice that the specifications are now ready for about two miles of
Grading and Crib-Work.
 On the Seattle and Walla Walla Railroad, extending from the Depot to the head of the Bay, around the beach; and can be seen at the Company's office at the depot.
 Bids will be received for said work up to noon, Thursday, Aug. 29.
 All bids must specify the date of commencing and completion of the work.
 The Company reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
 J. M. COLMAN, Gen. Supt.
 Seattle, Aug. 24, 1878. 26-td.
Office Hours--10 to 12 & 4 to 8.
Mons. A. MOREL
 Of the Firm of,
FEESTEL & GERRARD,
 818 MARKET ST., SAN FRANCISCO,
 Has arrived at the Occidental Hotel; and will treat the following ailments, to wit:
 Corns, Hard and Soft Bunions, Chilblains, Ingrowing Nails, and all Diseases of the Foot.
Cure Guaranteed Without Pain.
A SPECIALTY.
 Warts, Freckles, Moles, Birth Marks Etc., without acid or injury to the skin, INSTANTLY REMOVED.
 Recommended by the Elite of the Pacific Coast.
 Branch office, Progress Hall, Room 3, between Front and First, near Alder, Portland.
 A LADY IN ATTENDANCE. aug21-1y.

Puget Sound Business College,
Cor. Front & Columbia Sts.,
SEATTLE, WASH. TERR.
 The design of this institution is to impart a practical and useful BUSINESS EDUCATION.
Young Men and Ladies
 Wishing to prepare themselves for the practical duties of life will find at this College unsurpassed facilities. Students learn just what they need to insure success. Each student receives separate instruction, and can thus advance as rapidly as his ability will permit, not being kept back by those who are more deficient.
The Telegraphic Institution is the Most Complete Institution of the Kind in the Country.
 Is first-class in all its appointments, is fitted up in the most thorough manner, and its pupils receive the same practice as in a regular office.
THEORY AND PRACTICE
 Are united so as to secure to the student all the practical advantages of each. There is in operation a Banking House, with Checks, Drafts, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Certificate of Deposit, etc., fully illustrating the banking business; Merchandise, Hoisting and Importing Emporium; Insurance, Commission and Forwarding Houses.
THE SCHOOL IS OPEN TO BOTH LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
 For particulars, apply or address PUGET SOUND BUSINESS COLLEGE.
 D. C. Guss, President.

STILL AHEAD!
SC HWABACHER BROS. & CO.,
 Are Now Selling
ALL KINDS OF DOMESTICKS
RECARDLESS OF COST!
 We invite the public generally to call and examine our stock and satisfy themselves as to the
QUALITY AND PRICES
 Of all Goods in our Establishment.
Call Once and You will Come Again.
 Remember that we still offer
A Discount of 10 per Cent. to CASH CUSTOMERS
 —In the Lines of—
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,
Carpets, Etc., Etc.

BEEF! BEEF!
 BUY YOUR BEEF AT THE

Union Market.
 jedsd A. W. MALSON
Seattle & Walla Walla R. R.
SEATTLE TO RENTON.
 PASSENGER AND FREIGHT CARS WILL leave Seattle every day (Sundays excepted) at 6 1/2 A. M., and 1 P. M.; returning will leave Renton at 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.
 For freight or passage, apply at the office of the Company at the Depot.
 J. M. COLMAN
 General Superintendent
 173-dkt

New England Hotel.
 COR. COMMERCIAL AND MAIN STS.,
 Seattle, Wash. Territory.
L. C. HARMON, Proprietor.
 This Hotel is newly built and hard finished throughout, has well furnished rooms, and 1st-class Board, at Moderate Prices.
The Best Hotel in the City.

For Victoria and Way Ports.

Seamer OLYMPIA.
 CAPTAIN THOMAS STOTHARD.
 Will leave Seattle for Victoria and way ports TUESDAYS and SATURDAYS at 5 A. M.
 Returning, will leave Victoria MONDAYS and THURSDAYS at 5 A. M.
 This steamer will extend her Thursday trip to Olympia, arriving at and leaving Seattle about 2 P. M. She will go to Tacoma each trip.
 For freight or passage apply on board to jy25tf G. O. S. WRIGHT.

Northern Transportation Co.,

CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.
 The steamer J. B. LIBBY, Capt. Brenner, the above company, will leave Seattle every Monday, at 7 o'clock A. M.
 For Whidby Island, Utsalady, La Conner or Whatcom, and every FRIDAY for Whidby Island, Utsalady and La Conner; returning on Wednesdays and Saturdays.
THE STEAMER DISPATCH,
 Capt. Monroe, will leave Seattle every Thursday Evening at 10 o'clock, for Port Townsend, San Juan Island and Semiahmoo, returning on Sundays.
 For Freight or passage apply on board.
 J. C. BRITAIN.

George's Beer Hall.
 MOORES OLD STAND, OCCIDENTAL SQUARE.
 The undersigned is prepared to receive his friends in first class style. He keeps SLOAN'S CELEBRATED
ALE,
BEER, AND PORTER.
 ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER, LUNCHES, ETC.
 Also a splendid Pigeon Hole table.
 GEORGE MINDER, op'r.

THE CITY

From the Daily of Saturday.

The Intelligencer says: "Ordinance No. 150, regulating the compensation of city officers, was passed. This ordinance reduces the pay of the clerk from nearly \$600 per annum to \$300, and the same of the treasurer. No reduction will be made, however, in the pay of the Attorney."

A young man writes us asking if he can get a position as the leader of a flute band in our town. When our town becomes afflicted with such a band we shall endeavor to secure our correspondent the position to lead it—to lead it about 47,000 miles out of town.

NEWCASTLE.—The coal company have something over 150 men on their pay-roll and are running coal from tunnels No. 2 and No. 4, often from 600 to 700 tons daily. The company use some 24 horses and mules in hauling the cars in the tunnels. The locomotive that was taken up to the mine for tunnel work, has not been used yet but will be now in a short time. Shafts or air vents have to be made in tunnel No. 2, from which the most of the coal is taken. It is in a little over 1 1/2 miles. A furnace is being put in near coal creek to make a current of air through this tunnel. They propose to use the locomotive and also through it the company are about to bring water from Coal Creek, to supply Newcastle with, as it is much needed at this time, when so many of the wells and springs have dried up. Miss Monahan has taken the school for another term of four months. She has in regular attendance 50 scholars.

ALONG THE RAILROAD.—A new side track has been laid at Renton, and another one is being put down at Newcastle; new heavy iron is laid the entire length of 20 miles, and the slopes at the deep cuts so improved that there is no longer much danger of slides through the wet season. They are running five trains a day—11 cars of about 10 tons of coal each trip, averaging 550 tons. The engineers, conductors and brakemen are all careful men, and we predict that few, if any mishaps will again occur. Our reporter rode in from Newcastle on the engine Bode. Mr. John Wirtz, engineer. Had eleven loaded cars in the train and made the run thro' to Seattle on time to a minute. The trestles and bridges from Renton number 23, and are all in excellent condition. Preparations are being made for the grading and laying of a new track from the head of the bay around the beach till it intersect King street, and down to the present wharf, which will no doubt be completed long before the present trestle work is dangerous.

THE funeral of Frank Kimball was largely attended this afternoon. A great many came down from Newcastle with the remains which they followed from the depot to the Presbyterian Church, where the services were held.

LOGS.—The Politoffsky towed from Mr. Guye's logging camp to the Port Madison mill, a raft of logs of about one million feet, and the same boat is now up Sound for another raft of over one million feet.

THE Revenue Cutter Thos. Corwin arrived this forenoon. She is engaged in carrying supplies for the several light-houses, taking the place of the Shubrick.

DISTRICT SCHOOLS.—The public schools of this City will reopen on the first of September next, with the same corps of teachers that taught last term.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

SEATTLE, Aug. 15, 1878

The Common Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Mayor Brown in the chair.

Councilmen present—Messrs. Denry, Murphy, Miller, Baxter, Chiberg and Abrams.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Communication of W. S. Hanks, declining the office of City Clerk, to which he had been elected.

Council proceeded to the election of City Clerk to fill vacancy, and E. S. Osborne having received a majority of all the votes, was declared duly elected; qualified and entered upon the discharge of the duties of said office.

Ordinance No. 151—Authorizing the Mayor to enter into a contract for the purchase of a steam fire engine, was passed.

Ordinance No. 152—To provide funds for the purchase of a steam fire engine, was passed.

A communication from M. V. B. Stacy, offering to sell city a safe, was, on motion, laid over.

Petition of D. P. Jenkins and others for improvement on Commercial street, between Washington and King streets was read, and the City Attorney directed to draw an ordinance in accordance with the prayer of said petitioners.

On motion Council adjourned till next Thursday evening. E. S. OSBORNE, City Clerk.

The Milton mill will commence running nights some time next week.

From the Daily of Monday.

A GENUINE HELPMATE.—A woman with nine children recently arrived at Portland from "the States." She left home with a four horse team and wagon, intending to come as far as Kelton by rail, and thence here by team. At Kelton she became alarmed at the Indian news, and kept on to California by rail, then overland to Portland, where she arrived broke. She set her eldest boys to work with the team, who earned money enough to keep her and family and pay the passage for the outfit to Wallula, where she hitched up her team and drove on to Walla Walla. She is on the way to join her husband, who came out last fall and took up a farm in the Palouse country. She is a woman that will make a lazy man succeed in this country.

ONLY THINK OF IT.—The North Pacific Times notes that 10,500 tons of flour has passed over the railroad to Tacoma since the beginning of the present year. This amount is equal to 105,000 barrels, or an average of 500 per day. The value of this import, from these figures, exceeds a million of dollars per year.

THE NEW COURT HOUSE.—The old school house on the hill is being metamorphosed into a fine court house. The lower floor has been partitioned into jury rooms, and the upper apartment arched and made into a very comfortable court room. The main entrance is by a wide flight of stairs on the south side of the building. The carpenters and painters are now putting the finishing touches to the work.—Olympia Transcript.

A FINE brick building is to take the place of the Tilley stable corner of Third and Main streets, early next spring. It will have a sixty-foot front and corresponding depth, be two stories in height, with an iron front. One of the stores has already been engaged by an enterprising merchant.—Olympia Standard.

MARINE.—Ship Topgalant belonging to the Blakely Mill Co. arrived at Port Townsend last Saturday. She will load at Departure Bay, B. C. Shipr. Reporter with coal and lumber and brig Hesperian laden with same, sailed for San Francisco Saturday, leaving only two of the coal fleet at the chute, the Eldorado and Harvest Home.

"HOME INDUSTRY."—The attention of beer drinkers is called to the advertisement under the above caption. We are informed that not less than \$400 a month is paid by retailers on Puget Sound for California beer, while it is the uniform testimony of all disinterested experts that the beer manufactured upon Puget Sound is a better and purer article than any draft beer imported. Keep your money at home.

STEAMER Dispatch leaves Seattle Wednesday night 10 o'clock, leaves Port Townsend Thursday morning at 8 o'clock, touching at San Juan, Sapy, Orcas, Guymas, Samish, Whatcom and Semiahmoo, returning touching at all the above named ports arrives here Saturday night same week. Parties wishing to visit those Islands and enjoy the scenery of that trip could not put in a four days' excursion more agreeable than this would be.

DIED.—Thomas Morrison, an old resident of Puget Sound died in this city on the 24th inst. He was buried yesterday by the Masons, of which fraternity he was a member.

DON'T UNDERSTAND IT.—Wa Chong says he can't understand why it is that his hog pen over at the Pennell premises near the gas works should be declared a nuisance by the grand jury and other folks hogs allowed to run in the streets, and hog pens be allowed in the thickly settled portions of the city. He says if the authorities had notified him, he would have removed the hogs and saved the expense of an indictment by the grand jury.

DAKOTA.—The Steamship Dakota, Capt. Morse, arrived yesterday about noon. She had a large list of passengers and about 113 tons of freight for this place. She left for up-Sound ports at about 4 o'clock P. M. After returning and taking on about 400 tons of Seattle coal will be ready to sail the 28th inst.

RETURNED.—Rev. G. F. Whitworth and wife returned home last Friday evening, after an absence of four months. They came up on the Great Republic, and were subjected to much annoyance and delay by the grounding of that vessel in the Willamette river. The many friends of Mrs. Whitworth will be rejoiced to learn that her health, which has been delicate, is much improved by her visit in California.

SALE OF COAL CLAIM.—James W. Bishop, who took up 80 acres of coal land on Crescent Bay, a few miles below Port Angelos, has sold out to parties in San Francisco for \$16,000. H. C. Powers representing the purchase goes to Olympia tonight with Mr. Bishop to arrange with the land office before making the transfer complete.

HALF-FARE.—Delegates to the Grand Lodge of Good Templars in Seattle next month, are to be passed over the railroads and on the Sound and the Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s steamers at half-fare rates.

HAS STRUCK IT.—Capt. Chas. F. Winsor, of this city, has applied for a patent, the model of which may be seen at his residence, and to be appreciated should be seen in operation and demonstrated, as he has had many of the Engineers and Captains of steamers to examine the workings of it and all pronounce it a perfect success. Capt. Winsor being an old steamboat man has for the last thirty years been experimenting on wheels for steamers to overcome the trembling vibrations of large as well as small steamers, caused by the paddles or buckets of the wheel striking the water horizontally, and too in coming out by lifting some—practical, as well as scientific engineers demonstrate to a certainty, that near 28 per cent. of power is lost by the old wheel now in use. This invention of Captain Winsor saves or gains that and by the peculiar make and shape of the buckets he claims an advantage of about 33 1/3 per cent. The buckets strike the water edgewise and come out of the same in a vertical position and in fact all the buckets hang perpendicular. For large ocean steamers, the Captain thinks his invention will be practicable, especially so in a heavy sea. Something similar to this of Capt. Winsor's invention was used by blockade runners during the war, but for some cause they were not a success or they would now be in use. Capt. Winsor claims his invention to be a great improvement over them, and all, of one accord, hopes that the Captain "has struck it."

DOING A HEAVY BUSINESS.—Schwabacher Bros & Co., of this city, under the general management of Mr. Chas. Lipsky, is doing a rushing business both wholesale and retail. But a few years ago Mr. Lipsky was salesman and book-keeper for the firm of Stone & Burnett, at the salary of \$50 per month, and because they refused to advance his salary, he left and that same day took charge of Schwabacher Bros & Co's books, and has fulfilled every trust imposed in him by this firm. See advertisement.

COUNTY FAIR.—The ladies of the committee having in charge the management of the forthcoming County Fair are making due arrangements to have the affair a grand success. A series of concerts every evening will be among the attractions. A kitchen is to be fitted up, where various young ladies will compete for prizes for skill in the culinary arts. Mr. Meydenbauer offers a prize of a barrel of flour to the girl under 16 making the best loaf of bread. A baby show is to be held on Friday evening, in which a number of prominent gentlemen will be the judges. The full premium list will be made up by the committee this evening.

RENTON school commences next Monday. Mr. Jenner teacher, the same who taught the last term and gave universal satisfaction.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

HOMECIDE.—Dispatches were received at the O. S. N. Co.'s office yesterday forenoon, giving particulars of a fatal shooting affair which occurred Saturday evening on board the steamer Spokane at Calilo. From the telegrams received, the following particulars of this unfortunate affair have been gleaned: After the steamer Spokane came down from Wallula and was laying at Celilo, one of the deck hands, named Pat Wheaton, went to the cabin boy and asked for some soap. The boy told him that he must go to the steward, if he wanted any soap. For some reason Wheaton became greatly enraged and assaulted the lad, beating him nearly to death. Capt. Eph Baughman, who has command of the steamer, hearing the noise, came down hurriedly to see what the trouble was. He ordered Wheaton to leave the boat and go ashore. This Wheaton refused to do, making at the same time a threat against the captain. Baughman went away, and procuring a gun, returned. Wheaton, when he saw Baughman coming with the gun, seized a capstan bar and started for him. Having no alternative but to retreat or shoot, Baughman discharged the weapon with fatal effect, the charge killing Wheaton almost instantly. Immediately after the affray, Capt. Baughman gave himself up to the authorities. The remains of Wheaton were brought down to The Dalles where an inquest was held Saturday evening. Capt. Baughman was also taken to The Dalles at the same time. After hearing all the testimony, the jury returned a verdict to the effect that Wheaton came to his death from a gun shot in the hands of Baughman, and that he (Baughman) was guilty of manslaughter.—Oregonian, 26th.

DEATH FROM APOPLEXY.—While the steamer Welcome was on the way to this city from Kalama, Saturday afternoon, one of the passengers, a young man named David Wark, was struck down with apoplexy and died in a few minutes. Deceased was in the twenty-seventh year of his age. He had left Victoria for Portland on a pleasure trip, and from all appearances was in the enjoyment of perfect health when the summons came. Mr. Wark was the son of the late John Wark, an old Scotch resident of Victoria, who was formerly connected with the Hudson Bay company, the family occupying a high social position. The remains were conveyed to this city and given in charge of Capt. Cook, the coroner. The body was taken to the morgue, where it has been carefully packed in ice and prepared for shipment to Victoria. This morning the body will be forwarded to its destination. A dispatch was sent to the family immediately after the arrival of the Welcome here, apprising them of the very sad and sudden event.—Oregonian.

SUICIDE.—The body of a young man was found in the river near Portland on Sunday afternoon which proved to be the body of Louis Burfeind, a young German, who had evidently committed suicide. In his valise, which he had left at the New York Hotel, was found the following letter, which explains the cause of the rash act: "I am tired of living; I am at times sickly and weak, but always able to work, but since I am in Oregon I am dissatisfied; I lost all my hopes and got discouraged; I intend to take my life. In my satchel where my keys are there is (\$15) fifteen dollars. If you can, send my valuable goods to my uncle, Wilhelm Marten, Whatcom, Whatcom county, W. T. The other satchel is not locked. When I am gone, do not look for me. LOUIS BURFEIND."

PLEASURE PARTY.—A party of ladies and gentlemen left this morning by the 9 o'clock train for Renton, where horses are waiting to take them to the Snoqualmie Falls. They propose to be gone a number of days; and intend to camp out and do some tall trout fishing. In a few years these Falls will be the grand summer resort for tourists. An additional twenty-mile extension of the railroad will reach them and render it possible to go and return within a day.

A communication from Newcastle in some manner became mislaid, until too late for publication. We tender our apologies to the author.

MARINE.—The barkentine R. K. Ham arrived at Port Blakely last night. The barkentine North Bend sailed from this port to-day, loaded with coal and lumber for San Francisco.

FOR SALE.—William Romines offers for sale or to let, the Riverside Hotel at Snohomish City with several yoke of cattle and full outfit of logging implements. There is also for sale 14 acres of garden land on the Duwamish river and 40 acres on Lake Union. For further particulars inquire at this office. See advertisements in another column.

RACES.—A match race for \$100 has been arranged to take place at the Seattle race course tomorrow afternoon, between Sleepy Kate of Olympia, and Hopp-picker. Persons desiring to attend the race can take the 11 1/2 o'clock train and get out in time to witness the fun.

THERE will be meetings at the Presbyterian church, conducted by H. W. Brown, every evening this week except Saturday. Excellent music will be one of the leading features of these meetings.

DRESS-MAKING.—Mme. Maple, direct from the East, has opened a fashionable dress making establishment in Colman's building, Seattle. See her ad. in another column.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Contractors wishing to put in bids for the grading and crib-work of something over two miles on the beach from the head of the bay, would do well to examine the specifications in the Railroad office at the depot before the 29th.

THE air-gun team assemble nightly at the Centennial for practice with Jim's beautiful silver-plated air-gun, which he has brought from New York at great expense. His is the only shooting gallery in the city, and the lovers of such sport will find everything there for their accommodation, including the celebrated "Gambrinus" in bottles.

FOR smoked halibut pickled halibut, napes and fins, go to J. R. Bean, Front street.

Maj. Bean has butter from the Fountains. He calls it the "gilt-edged." It is good.

They All Take It.

When the system is run down to that extent that you pass sleepless nights, are nervous and irritable, have gloomy forebodings, sour stomach, sick headache and coated tongue, do not enroll yourself as high private in the rear rank, under General Debility, but cheer up and try White's Prairie Flower, The Great Liver Panacea, now for sale in every city and town on the Continent. No medicine ever compounded is half its equal for the cure of DYSPEPSIA and LIVER COMPLAINT. It has a specific power over the liver, and by curing the liver, Dyspepsia and all other diseases arising from it, vanish as if by magic. Sample bottles are sold at the small price of 25 cents that will convince you of its merits. Large size bottles 75 cents, for sale everywhere. m29-3m-d&w

Republican Territorial Convention.

By order of the Republican Territorial Central Committee, duly assembled pursuant to notice, the 13th day of July, A. D. 1878, at New Tacoma, Washington Territory, notice is hereby given, that a Republican Territorial Convention is called to assemble at Vancouver, Clark County, W. T., on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9th, 1878, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Delegate to Congress, and for the transaction of such other business as will properly come before it. The Committee has fixed the apportionment of delegates to said Convention as follows: One Delegate at Large for every County in the Territory, and one additional Delegate for every one hundred votes and for every majority fractional one hundred votes cast in each county at the general election of 1876 for the Republican Candidate for Delegate to Congress. Upon this basis the various Counties of the Territory will be entitled to representation in said Convention as follows: Chelan.....2 Mason.....1 Calicum.....2 Pacific.....3 Clark.....2 Pierce.....3 Columbia.....4 San Juan.....2 Cowlitz.....3 Skamania.....1 Island.....2 Snohomish.....3 Jefferson.....3 Stevens.....2 King.....3 Thurston.....3 Kitsap.....3 Waukesha.....1 Klickitat.....2 Walla Walla.....5 Lewis.....3 Whitman.....3 Whatcom.....4 Yakima.....5 The Committee also recommends subject to any change to be made by the respective County Committees, that the various County Conventions be held at the County Seat, on Saturday, the 28th day of September, 1878, at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., and that the primary meetings to elect Delegates to the County Conventions be held at the hour of 1 o'clock P. M., of Saturday the 21st day of September, 1878, at the voting places in each precinct. This recommendation is intended only for those Counties which have no County Central Committee, or when they fail to act. By order of the Territorial Republican Central Committee, DANIEL BAGLEY, Chairman of Committee.

BYRON BARLOW, secretary, New Tacoma, W. T., July 18, 1878-Jul22-td

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of GEORGE C. FISHER, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of George C. Fisher, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against said deceased, to present them, with the necessary vouchers, within 12 months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executor, at the office of McNaught & Leary in the city of Seattle, county of King, or they will be forever barred by law. SAMUEL E. WISHARD, Executor of the last will and testament of George C. Fisher, deceased. Dated Seattle, August 6th, 1878.

BILLY MURPHY,

LATE STEWARD OF THE NORTH PACIFIC,

Having taken charge of the Vanity Fair Saloon on Mill Street, is now prepared to furnish the very best of

WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.

Give Him a Call

HOME INDUSTRY.

Every person in the community is bound self-interest as well as social obligation to give the preference to articles of home production over those of foreign manufacture, all other things being equal. No country can prosper with the balance of trade against them, and it is a perpetual draft upon their resources, to buy abroad what can be produced at home cheaper and better.

Malt Liquors

Have become articles of general consumption here as in every other part of the United States and the demand is constantly increasing. The fact has been demonstrated in all Western communities that the decrease of the use of ardent spirits, and the consequent decrease of drunk eness, is in proportion to the substitution of wholesome beer. No country is better adapted to the production of good beer than this. The climate is favorable, the hops produced are of the best quality, and barley is abundant. There is no part of the world where a better quality of draft beer is produced, free from all deleterious drugs, than by the North Pacific Railroad Brewery, at Steilacoom, the North Pacific Brewery, and the Seattle Brewery at this place. Neither of these Breweries resort to the practice of "doctoring" to give their liquors flavor or the appearance of age, which cannot be guaranteed for any of the articles imported from California or elsewhere. It is therefore a prudential sanitary measure, no less than political economy to patronize our home breweries. aug26-tt.

DRESS MAKING.

MME. MAPLE, [Direct from the East.]

Has permanently established DRESS-MAKING

At this place and respectfully solicits the patronage of the ladies of Seattle.

Rooms—Colman's Block, corner Commercial and Mill.

Satisfaction Guaranteed in Work and Prices. aug26-tt.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

That valuable piece of property

The Riverside Hotel,

Elliptically situated, at Snohomish City, Snohomish county, Washington Territory, is now offered for sale or for lease, on easy terms, to a responsible applicant.

AT \$50— Seven Yoke of Cattle,

With a full outfit of tools and logging chains, and camp outfit for a first class logging camp. A good bargain is offered to responsible parties for either the lot or logging outfit.

For terms apply to WILLIAM ROMINES, Proprietor. Address—Snohomish City, Snohomish county, W. T. aug 26-tt.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

Fourteen acres of Fine Garden Land, situated on the Duwamish River, one mile from the race track, all cleared and under fence, to gether with the present crop of vegetables, worth one hundred dollars. This land will be offered for sale at a bargain for 30 days. Enquire at the Race Track or at this office.

GOLD

Great chance to make money. If you can't get gold you can get greenbacks. We need a person in every town to take subscriptions for the largest, cheapest and best illustrated family publication in the world. Any one can become a successful agent. The most elegant works of art given free to subscribers. The price is so low that almost everybody subscribes. One agent reports making over \$150 in a week. A lady agent reports taking over 400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage make money fast. You can devote all your spare time to the business, or only your spare time. You need not be away from home over night. You can do it as well as others. Full particulars, directions and terms free. Elegant and expensive outfit free. If you want profitable work send us your address at once. It costs nothing to try the business. No one who engages fails to make great pay. Address "The People's Journal," Portland, Me. oct10-dw 6m

W. E. WILLIAMS,

BOILER MAKER.

ON McNAUGHT & LEARY'S WHARF.

MANUFACTURER OF HIGH AND LOW PRESSURE BOILERS AND SHEET IRON WORK OF ALL DESCRIPTION,

PARTICULAR ATTENTION TO REPAIRS

We guarantee to give satisfaction

Carpets and Drapery

Neatly Fitted,

—AND— Upholstery Work Done

In the very best Style. Leave orders at the DISPATCH office. a16-tt.

FOR TACOMA, STEILACOOM AND OLYMPIA.

The new Passenger Steamer

MESSENGER

CAPT. J. C. PARKER, Will leave Seattle

Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday AT SEVEN O'CLOCK, A. M.

1931-tt.

General News.

New York, Aug. 26.—It is stated that a new contract has been drawn up which will be signed by officers of the Pacific roads in a few days. It calls for a uniform San Francisco passenger rate, rail or steamer at \$137, in consideration of which the Pacific Mail is to receive ten dollars head money for every through passenger carried by the Union Pacific and from San Francisco. This is an increase of five dollars head money over the Clyde contract of 1876, and it is estimated will yield to the Pacific Mail treasurer monthly the sum of \$22,000. It is also understood that both companies are to act independently in the matter of freights regardless of each other or of existing circulars, President Babcock of the Pacific Mail peremptorily declining to enter into any scheme that would require an advance in the freight rates now being charged by the Pacific Mail.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—One thousand men in the iron mills of James Rowland & Co., Stephen Robbins & Son, Marshall Bros & Co., Philadelphia Iron and Steel Co., John Hughes & Patterson, Fairhill Iron Co., and John P. Verre, notified their employers last night that they would not come to work on Monday at the proposed reduction of wages. The strikers are members of an amalgamated association of iron and steel workers of the United States, headquarters at Pittsburg and the strike has taken place with the sanction of that body, which agrees to support the strikers.

New York, Aug. 26.—A Boston special says it is understood Butler will this week address a letter acceding to the request of signers of his petition, asking him to run for governor. The claim is made at his headquarters that 49,000 names have been received, and that of these nearly 14,000 are residents of this city. An absurd statement is published, on authority of one of the Butler leaders, that intimidation has been resorted to by anti-Butler men to prevent persons well disposed towards Butler from signing his petitions, and that merchants have been threatened in circulars emanating from the national banks in New York, which calls upon all business men to see to it that no greenback in their district shall be elected to congress or any high position and that discount will be refused the paper of any business man who shall identify himself with the greenback cause. Butler, it is said, will soon take the stump.

SALINAS CITY, Aug. 27.—Shortly after six o'clock this morning a farmer named Lemuel T. Shepard, residing about 9 miles north of this place near the road leading to San Juan, murdered his daughter Eliza, aged about 22 years. He then swallowed a dose of strychnine and blew his own brains out with a musket loaded with quail shot. His wife got up about 6 o'clock, made a fire in the kitchen and went out to feed her chickens. He arose about the same time, washing and dressing himself. While his wife was out he went into an adjoining room occupied by the daughter, where he struck the girl three or four times on the head with a hatchet, and then cut her throat from ear to ear with his pocket knife. She had just arisen, had her shoes on and was in the act of dressing herself when stricken down by her father. A son, aged 17 years, was dressing himself in an adjoining bedroom and heard his sister say "Papal papa!" He ran out and met his mother coming in, and told her that his father was beating Eliza. His mother entered the kitchen door and saw her husband coming toward her with bloody hands. She and the son ran out to the gate some twenty yards distant, whereupon, looking back, they saw a flash, heard the report of the gun and saw the father fall to the floor. The boy jumped on a horse and rode to the house of Mr. Kidd, their nearest neighbor, about a mile and a half distant, and gave the alarm. Mr. Kidd repaired to the scene of the tragedy and found the daughter dead, the girl on her bed which was saturated with blood, and her father in a pool of blood on the kitchen floor. Mr. Kidd hastened to Salinas and informed the coroner, who went out and held an inquest; the verdict of the jury being in accordance with the foregoing facts. The murderer and suicide is represented as always having been a kind husband and father, and it is difficult to arrive at the motive which prompted the terrible deed.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—The citizens' general committee for the relief of southern yellow fever sufferers, has raised \$4,180. Carter H. Harrison has raised \$827; Mark Thompson collected \$260 from the ice men, and the Washington Ice Co. will tomorrow forward to the Howard Association at Memphis a car load of ice as a donation.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 27.—The merchants exchange fever fund now exceeds \$6,000. The aggregate sums so far sent south from St. Louis is about \$15,000.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Secretary McCrary has ordered rations and medical stores for 2,000 people for 20 days, provided a train can be obtained to run through from Chicago to Vicksburg.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 28. The Howard Association relief list is gradually increasing. New applications are about 150 daily. The Young Men's Christian Association now have 100 patients on their relief list.

is supposed he intended to kill the whole family and then end his own existence with the poison. The funeral will take place here to-morrow and the daughter and father buried in the same grave.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—About 8 o'clock this morning detective Jones and officer Peckinpaugh went to Brooklyn hotel to arrest A. H. Manson, on a warrant from San Mateo county, where he was wanted to answer a charge of arson and assault to commit murder. Proceeding to Mason's door Jones knocked, and when Mason spoke, called him by name. Immediately a pistol shot was heard. The officers forced the door without delay. Mason was found fully dressed except his coat which was lying over a chair, a pistol beside him and a ball through his brain. He was still breathing but died in about an hour. The following facts are obtained from Sheriff Green, of San Mateo: "For several years past Manson has been employed to do carpenter work at Laurel Hall seminary, in San Mateo, Miss L. A. Buckmaster, principal. In the summer of 1876 Mason and Miss Buckmaster were married in Philadelphia while attending the centennial. The marriage was kept quiet and did not come to light until the return of Mrs. Mason last spring. Mason proceeded here some months, and in the meantime was busy putting up a cottage near the seminary. On his wife's return it became evident that Mason's habits were such as would make his residence at the seminary a detriment to the institution, and his wife refused to allow him to take up his residence there, though it is understood she supplied him with funds when he needed them. Becoming desperate at the condition of affairs he went to San Mateo last Sunday night, and it is believed set fire to the buildings. At all events about 10:30 p. m. Mrs. Manson, who had just fallen asleep, was aroused by his presence in her bedroom. He called her attention to the fire which was blazing up briskly, and then saying, "We will end the whole thing now," and commenced firing at her with a pistol. In the struggle which ensued she managed to escape from the room with a slight flesh wound in the arm, and escaped to the house of sheriff Green near by. The seminary was aroused, and by the assistance of the neighbors the fire was quenched after burning a cottage and the gymnasium. Mason disappeared, and was traced to the city with the result as above described.

The suit of the United States against Chas. Hutchings, ex-Indian agent in Washington Territory, was yesterday decided by Judge Sawyer in favor of the plaintiff; in the sum of \$39,335. This suit was brought to recover from Hutchings a portion of the public funds which he had used to pay his expenses on a trip to Washington without authorization.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 28.—Eighty new cases reported up to noon to-day. Indications of an increase in the death rate.

The condition of our city to-night surpasses description. For the past 24 hours, ending at 6 p. m., 58 deaths have occurred.

The negroes have become clamorous for rations. About 1,000 men, women and children surrounded the commissary department, and it was found necessary to station a guard from the colored military company to keep back the crowd. Numbers of well ones are leaving the city. Aided by the citizens' committee the Howard's this morning opened the Market street public school building to be used as an infirmary for the reception of the pauper sick. They have also established a medical corps of 10 physicians under direction of Dr. R. W. Mitchell.

A dispatch from Canton, Miss., to the Howard Association, says the fever is increasing.

A dispatch to the Howard Association from Port Gibson says the fever is very fatal and no abatement, 230 cases and 35 deaths to date.

A *Times'* correspondent at Canton, Miss., under date of the 27th, says: I arrived here Sunday last. Not a single business house opened except two drug stores. There was once here a population of 3,500, but now only 75 whites are to be found here. The mayor and family are sick and the board of aldermen fled. The court house is locked up and the officers gone to some safe place. Nothing but hearses and coffins is to be seen on the street. Not a single case of yellow fever has been doctored successfully. No person attacked has recovered.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 28.—New cases, 220; deaths, 57.

COLUMBUS, Aug. 28.—Contributions for yellow fever sufferers now aggregate \$1,800.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 28.—In the U. S. circuit court this morning, suit was commenced against Oliver Chapman, late Indian agent at Campe Verde reservation, Arizona, and his sureties, Wm. B. Hooker and Chas. Barney, to recover the amount of his bonds, \$10,000. Chapman had charge of the reservation from October, 1874, to June, 1875, and on his retirement his accounts showed a deficiency of \$8,000, besides which he failed to account for property to the amount of \$21,000, turned over to him by his predecessor. Altogether his defalcation amounts to about \$31,000.

The Grover Investigation.

From the printed report of Senator Salisbury, of the committee for the investigation of charges against Senator Grover, we extract the following:

The testimony shows that the two Houses of the Oregon Legislature voted separately for Senator on the day fixed by the act of Congress, and met in joint convention and voted for Senator daily thereafter until Senator Grover received the votes of a majority of all the members of the Legislature. In the vote taken in the two houses separately, and in every vote in the joint convention, he received a larger number of votes than any other candidate.

The testimony will further show that Senator Grover, in the final caucus of the Democratic members of the Legislature, received the caucus nomination, and was thereafter the only recognized candidate of his party for the position, and as such received ultimately the vote of every Democratic member of the Legislature.

The testimony further shows that during the contest for Senator, Governor Grover repeatedly assured his personal and political friends that he did not desire and would not have an election that was not honorable to himself and to his party, and offered to withdraw from the contest if the Democratic members could agree upon any other candidate.

In the opinion of the undersigned, no member of the Senate is freer from suspicion of having procured his election to the body by improper means than Senator Grover, while none perhaps has been subjected to more unjust and slanderous accusations; or could have vindicated his character more completely against the assaults of his personal and political foes.

Care of Children's Eyes.

It is no uncommon thing now to see, or hear of, mere children using eyeglasses, because of some defect of sight. Myopia (or near-sightedness) is the most common defect, and it is said to be manifestly increasing among school-children, in other countries as well as our own. The eyes of studious children are especially liable to suffer. Reading tires weak-eyes, and eyes grow weak or diseased from too steady application to books. There are many disadvantages connected with learning the alphabet in very early childhood, and danger to the sight may be reaped among them.

The eyes of children, like all their other organs and faculties, are adapted to the study of natural objects, or the phenomena of the world into which they have lately come. This study is play to them, and tends to a healthy development of both mind and body. Their introduction to the line, long lines of the black letters in print should not come too early, or too rapidly—not until a love for nature and a faculty for observation have been so cultivated that reading will not be immoderately attractive. Then they must learn to read and study in a proper light, one that shines on the book or paper and not directly upon the eyes. A hanging light is much to be desired, and those who read in the evening can sit so that the light comes down upon the book or pages from behind them. In gathering about the evening lamp upon the table, those who read should sit so that the light shines upon the book or paper from over the shoulder—and the left shoulder if practicable. The eyes suffer severe strain from reading when lying down. One who is too tired to sit up is too tired to read. When the body is enfeebled by disease, the eyes are weak sympathetically, and should not be allowed close application. Reading in railway cars, or in any place where it is impossible to keep a steady focus for the sight, causes strain and injury to the eyes. Children should be taught to avoid all these injurious practices.

Most of the youthful cases of near-sightedness within my knowledge are those who began to learn piano-playing when quite young, and it seems to me that the fixing of the sight upon the notes, while the energies are at the same time bent upon the schooling of the fingers, has a peculiar tendency to develop near-sightedness. Ought not a child's music lessons be made very short, and the hours of practice few and of short duration? I think so, not only for the sake of the eyes, but also for the sake of the spinal column and the nervous system.

Mr. John C. Hamilton, a son of Alexander Hamilton, gives a correspondent of the Philadelphia *Times* this pathetic incident of his father: "My father's residence was in the country, toward the north end of New York Island. His law office in the city was rather a shabby affair. The day before the duel I was sitting in a room, when at a slight noise, I turned around and saw my father in the doorway, standing silently there and looking at me with a sweet expression of countenance. It was full of tenderness, and without any of the business preoccupation he sometimes had. "John," he said, when I had discovered him, "won't you come and sleep with me to-night?" His voice was frank, as if he had been my brother instead of my father. That night I went to bed, and in the morning very early he awakened me and taking my hands in his palms, all

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A Hard Test.
Ten or a dozen were enjoying the hot weather which baked the shingles on a ferry dock saloon yesterday, when a stranger stalked in and inquired of the bar tender:
"Have you any mint?"
"Yes, sir," was the reply.
"And you have sugar, lemons, gin, brandy, and so forth?"
"I have."
The stranger turned around to the crowd, noted the sudden increase of interest in each face, and kindly said:
"Gentlemen, I'm going to treat every liar in the room. Let the liars—the monstrous liars—come forward."
Not a foot moved.
"Gentlemen," continued the stranger in a plaintive tone, "don't be backward. Juleps wait for all. Every one of you who is known as a liar will please stand up."
Not a man stood. The stranger's face displayed keen disappointment, as he ordered a rousing big "mint" for himself, and not a word was spoken in the place while he slowly sipped the cooling liquid through a straw. When he had finished, he wiped off his mouth and said:
"Well, every truth-teller in the crowd will now stand up."
Each man rose up with the promptness of a soldier.
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They would have sat down on him, but great truth-tellers are poor runners.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A crazy man dug a grave for himself near Utica and slept in it, in an open coffin, every night until he was taken to an asylum.

In Hungary the national costumes have nearly died out entirely, every lady in every day life dressing as they do in Paris; but, as far as eating goes goose remains as of yore the national dish. Pests has a large market especially devoted to goose and goose liver, the average weight of the latter amounting to three pounds, the fowl having previously been fattened during four weeks on corn, raw and cooked. When a native desires a square meal in a Pests restaurant he has set before him a whole goose, with sauce and fixings, and before he has got through at least half the huge biped has been washed down his throat with the excellent light white wines of the country.

At a happy Southern spot an old negro was heard calling out to his wife: "Manda! is you got dem chickens shut up in the smoke-house, like I told yer?"
"No; an' I'd like to know what's de matter; with you, dat yer's so tickler 'bout dem chickens all at once," she replied. "Nebber you mind; I know what's de matter, an' dat's 'nuff till dem chickens is housed. When I hear dat dem niggers ober dar in de next yard is gwine to hab a party to-morrow night, I wants to be sure my chicken dosen't tend it."

A real mule was one of the attractions in the play of "The Forty Thieves," as produced in Virginia City, Nev. The result is described by the *Chronicle* as follows: "No sooner had all came out of the cave with his bags of wealth, and attempted to put them on the back of the beast, than he began his part of the performance. He let fly with his heels; kicked the shavings (the supposed riches) out of the bags; kicked down a whole forest; kicked down the cavern; kicked down the wings; kicked the end of the base-vial, leaning against the stage, to pieces; smashed the footlights; and finally doubled up all by planting both feet in the pit of his stomach. A rope was fastened around him and was dragged off by the united strength of the company."

In the stomach of a large fish recently caught in the river near Port Washington, Ohio, was found the watch and chain lost by a man wading the river over two years ago.

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In Hungary the national costumes have nearly died out entirely, every lady in every day life dressing as they do in Paris; but, as far as eating goes goose remains as of yore the national dish. Pests has a large market especially devoted to goose and goose liver, the average weight of the latter amounting to three pounds, the fowl having previously been fattened during four weeks on corn, raw and cooked. When a native desires a square meal in a Pests restaurant he has set before him a whole goose, with sauce and fixings, and before he has got through at least half the huge biped has been washed down his throat with the excellent light white wines of the country.

At a happy Southern spot an old negro was heard calling out to his wife: "Manda! is you got dem chickens shut up in the smoke-house, like I told yer?"
"No; an' I'd like to know what's de matter; with you, dat yer's so tickler 'bout dem chickens all at once," she replied. "Nebber you mind; I know what's de matter, an' dat's 'nuff till dem chickens is housed. When I hear dat dem niggers ober dar in de next yard is gwine to hab a party to-morrow night, I wants to be sure my chicken dosen't tend it."

A real mule was one of the attractions in the play of "The Forty Thieves," as produced in Virginia City, Nev. The result is described by the *Chronicle* as follows: "No sooner had all came out of the cave with his bags of wealth, and attempted to put them on the back of the beast, than he began his part of the performance. He let fly with his heels; kicked the shavings (the supposed riches) out of the bags; kicked down a whole forest; kicked down the cavern; kicked down the wings; kicked the end of the base-vial, leaning against the stage, to pieces; smashed the footlights; and finally doubled up all by planting both feet in the pit of his stomach. A rope was fastened around him and was dragged off by the united strength of the company."

In the stomach of a large fish recently caught in the river near Port Washington, Ohio, was found the watch and chain lost by a man wading the river over two years ago.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

L. REINIG.

SEATTLE BAKERY
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
GROCERIES—
PROVISIONS—
FRUIT—
VEGETABLES—
BREAD, CAKE, CRACKERS, ETC., ETC
* Goods delivered to all parts of the city free of charge.
—FRESH BREAD DELIVERED EVERY MORNING—
Hot Bread and Brown Bread every Sunday morning. nov17-tf

DRESS MAKING.

MME. MAPLE,

(Direct from the East.)
Has permanently established
DRESS-MAKING
At this place and respectfully solicits the patronage of the ladies of Seattle.
Rooms:—Columbian Block, corner Commercial and Main.
Satisfaction Guaranteed in
Work and Prices.
nov26-tf.

DR. G. V. CALHOUN,

OFFICE:—JAMES STREET, OPPOSITE THE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.
Seattle. - - Wash. Territor
Residence, Third St., near Episcopal Church
S.E. cor. W. P. July 31, 1875.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF CITY TREASURER,
Seattle, July 1st, 1875.
The Tax List for the City of Seattle, for the year 1875, is now in my hands and due. All taxes not paid on or before December 1st, 1875, will be returned delinquent and a per centage added.
J. M. BLANCHARD,
July 1st
City Treasurer.

FOR TACOMA, STELLACOOM AND OLYMPIA.

The new Passenger Steamer

MESSENGER

CAPT. J. C. PARKER.

Will leave Seattle
Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday,
AT SEVEN O'CLOCK, A. M.
1875.

Valuable Real Property

FOR SALE.

Acquire of
I. M. HALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, F. J. FLETCHER, W. T. aug 21

From the Daily of Wednesday.

ANOTHER INDIAN OUTRAKE.—From Mr. A. Shuster, Sheriff of Klickitat county, The Dalles Mountaineer gets the following particulars of an attack by six Indians on two young men: On last Monday evening as John Johns, sheep herder of Mr. A. H. Curtis, and John Spoun, a cattle herder, both aged about 18 years, were engaged in cooking their supper at Jonson's cabin, situated on the Klickitat hills, two miles from Mr. Curtis' house and about five miles from this city, they were attacked by six drunken Indians, one of whom was White Salmon Bill and the others were Celilo Indians. The Indians attempted to enter the cabin but the boys—Spoun armed with a large butcher knife and Johns with an axe—kept them off. One of the Indians got his head and shoulders in the door, when Spoun drove his knife up to the handle in his throat; another one he cut severely about the head. One of the Indians had a revolver with which he fired three shots through the door, but without hitting any one. At one time one of the boys captured the pistol, but it was retaken before he could use it. At last, finding they could not capture the cabin, they carried off their wounded, but remained howling in the vicinity till mid-night. Spoun thinks he must have killed one if not two of them.

THE UNION MEETINGS.—The Union Bible reading service yesterday afternoon was well attended and of marked interest and religious benefit. Persons whose hearts are reached and stirred by divine truth become more consistent workers in God's vineyard than those who rely upon emotional piety, which is subject to cross purposes and fitful movements as the waters of the Sound. Teachers' meetings, Bible readings, and set services for the study of God's word are truly hopeful signs in our midst. These Bible readings are observed every afternoon at half past two o'clock. The evening service was encouraging, a large number being present and remaining to the close. They were of a miscellaneous character, music constituting an interesting feature. The discourse upon the subject of Christians being the salt of the earth was somewhat novel, being full of facts, suggestions and telling hits, calculated to excite attention, and induce heart and life searching. Toward the close, a large number covenanted with other and with God to renew their Christian consecration; "that their fruit might be unto holiness and the end everlasting life." Service this evening again.

TIME TO BUILD.—There never was a time in the history of Seattle that buildings could be built as cheap as at the present. Rough and dressed lumber is now offered 25 per cent. less than it was a few months ago, and brick and other building materials have been correspondingly reduced. With \$500 it is at present possible to build a very comfortable and fine appearing cottage. The following is a partial list of those who have erected dwelling houses during the summer: Mr. Chilberg, J. Leary, E. S. Ingraham, Jesse W. George, Amasa S. Miller, D. Kellogg, O. S. Jones, W. H. Surber, R. Denny, S. Kenney, D. S. Smith and T. Coulter. In addition to these there is John Sullivan's block of three stores is rapidly approaching completion, and is now nearly ready for the plasterers.

OPTUM SEIZURE.—Chief Minick, observing some suspicious movements on the part of Burns, third assistant engineer of the Dakota, followed him as he left that vessel at 5 o'clock last evening, and saw him going into the Chinese quarter. Seeing he was watched Burns took a turn around the block and went into a house on Main street, where he was promptly followed by Minick and arrested. On being searched, ten pounds of opium were found, secreted on his person, which were at once seized. Burns will be held to await the action of the Grand Jury. Our police have for some time past rendered very efficient service to the Custom house officials, in aiding in the prevention and detection of smuggling.

On Friday last, says the *Beckrock Democrat*, Mr. Jonathan Keeney, of Willow creek, was found dead near his dwelling house. It is supposed he was shot on Thursday, by his pistol dropping from the horn of his saddle and thus accidentally discharged. Mr. Keeney was about 70 years of age, and came to Oregon in 1846. He lived in Linn county a number of years, and is well known over a great portion of our State and Idaho Territory.

THE DAKOTA sails for San Francisco to-morrow morning at 6 o'clock.

FULL TIME.—The Milton Mill commenced last evening to run on full time, in consequence of expecting two or three vessels to load foreign.

DISTRICT COURT.—The case of C. Clymer vs. the Blakely Mill Company has occupied the time of the Court since yesterday. It will go to the jury this afternoon.

HALF-EARE.—Col. Black, Superintendent of the Northern Pacific Railroad, has written to Mr. Emery, chairman of the King County Democratic committee that delegates attending the Territorial convention to be held at Vancouver Sept. 5th, will be carried over the line of the railroad at half fare rates. That is, by purchasing tickets one way, they will be returned free.

A RARE CHANGE.—A new eight-stop Standard organ, worth \$225 can be bought for \$125 on installments or for cash. Inquire at once at Naeh's Jewellery store. The organ must be sold at once or be returned to San Francisco.

FROM TACOMA.—The Tacoma came down last evening bringing a small party of ladies and gentlemen from Tacoma, including Mrs. Capt. Nickels, and Capt. Spaulding and wife of the bark Litchfield.

LARGE SALE.—Messrs. Schwabacher Bros. & Co. shipped this morning on the Fanny Lake about 45 tons of merchandize for Lummi, Lopez Island, and other ports on the route of the Fanny Lake. The fish canning and oil business is largely on the increase at points in Whatcom and San Juan counties; and our merchants reap the benefit in the new trading posts that are starting up.

MEAT CAB.—Mr. J. T. McNaught has had his new meat cab running for the past two days on the railroad. It is designed for bringing in beef from his slaughter house at Renton and answers the purpose admirably.

HAVE BEEN TESTED.—The new model car wheels that Messrs. White & Tenny have been casting at their foundry lately for the railroad company, have been fully tested within the past few days. The rear cars, having these new wheels, had the brakes put on at the mine and not lifted until reaching the foot of the grade—about five miles—and they stood the test completely. About all the breakages of wheels occur while under brake, caused by the friction, and expansion of the chilled iron rim.

UNION SERVICES.—Yesterday afternoon, the Bible reading service was held at the hall of the Y. M. C. A. Sixty-seven were present. Half an hour was spent in singing and prayer at the opening, followed by an exposition of and remarks upon Christ's words, as recorded in Luke XI, 5-13, by Evangelist Brown. The expositions and applications were forceful and spicy, and the spirit and influence of the meeting were interesting and profitable to the sincere worshippers and seekers after good. The evening exercises were held as usual at the Presbyterian Church and were well attended. The preparatory services consisted of singing, prayer and Bible reading. The rolling away of the stone from the grave and the raising of Lazarus from the dead, by our Lord, in the days of His earthly ministry, furnished the subjects of the discourse by Mr. Brown. His method and illustrations are calculated to excite the risibilities somewhat, and persons who are almost dying of propriety and Churchism are not well pleased. The spiritual interest is evidently on the increase and the religious thermometer indicates a thaw—perhaps a storm.

FAST TIME.—The bark Wandering Jew arrived in San Francisco on the 1st inst., having made the run from Hong Kong in the remarkably quick time of 33 days. This vessel was built in Rockport, Maine, and in the short time she has made quite a reputation for speed. She sailed for Philadelphia, October 12th, 1877 and arrived there in 5 days. There she loaded 13,000 barrels for Antwerp, Belgium, making the run in 25 days. After discharging, she went to Cardiff, Wales, in 9 days, thence to Hong Kong with coal, in 110. From Hong Kong she made the passage to San Francisco in 33 days, beating the time of the mail steamer. The Wandering Jew was built last year by Carlton, Norwood & Co., of Rockport, and registers 1,737 tons. During the last nine and a half months she has sailed a distance of 25,500 miles and loaded and discharged three cargoes.

THE RAILROAD.—Mr. G. N. Alexander, with a gang of men, commenced grading this morning on the Yakima extension on the S. & W. W. Railroad. Engineer Scurry is pushing the survey up Cedar river. He makes a five mile preliminary and then locates. Commencing at Renton, he has fixed grade stakes for about five miles, on which the graders commenced this morning. Mr. Alexander has just completed substantial side tracks at Steele's place, Renton and at Newcastle. Six trains of 11 cars each, are brought over the road daily averaging about 650 tons daily.

HOPS.—The hops on White river will yield about a ton to the acre.

HAULED OUT.—Mr. Hammond has the schooner Letitia on the ways, receiving a new keel, ceiling and other repairs. Her timbers are nearly as sound as when she was built eighteen years ago, from our Puget Sound fir. Not being oopered, her keel was considerably worm-eaten. When her repairs are completed, Capt. Thompson, her owner and master, intends running her from Portland to Tillamook, freighting produce and merchandise.

Mrs. Theobalds writes to a friend that the report lately current here that she had gone insane in consequence of the tragic death of her son Marshall, is without foundation. Though greatly distressed at the sad event, Mrs. T. did not lose her reason. The many friends of that estimable lady will be glad to know these facts.

BURNS, for smuggling opium, was examined before U. S. Commissioner Andrews yesterday, and bound over for his appearance at the next term of the U. S. District Court.

SENATOR MITCHELL.—An invitation signed by many of our leading citizens of both political parties, has been transmitted to Senator Mitchell to visit this city before his return to Washington. Before he received this invitation he had, at the request of a large number of business men of Portland, consented to address a public meeting at the New Market Theater on Saturday evening next. If, therefore, he accepts the Seattle invitation, he cannot come until next week, and perhaps later.

FOR THE BAY CITY.—H. A. Atkins left on the Dakota this morning, for San Francisco, his first visit to that place in 26 years. He will return on the next trip of the same boat.

DRUNK.—A man named Evans was up before Justice Scott this morning, charged with drunk and disorderly. He was fined \$3 and costs, on payment of which he was allowed to depart.

NEW DWELLINGS.—Mr. A. Wolf is building a one story dwelling on the corner of 7th and Cherry streets, 22x26, it will be ready to move into in a short time. Capt. S. Jackson has commenced building a dwelling on his lots near Stewart and 5th streets.

Mrs. Blackman left on the Dakota for San Francisco to purchase goods for re-opening her millinery store on Cherry street.

MARINE.—Ship El Dorado finished loading at noon to-day and will be towed out to sea this evening by the Tacoma; the Tam O'Shouter will take her place at the schutes. The Forest Queen arrived in San Francisco last Tuesday, making a quick run for this season of the year.

DISTRICT COURT.—In the case of C. Clymer vs. the Port Blakely Mill Company, the jury this morning, after being out all night, brought in a verdict for plaintiff of \$694. The case of The United States vs. Levi Livingston vs. for counterfeiting, went to the jury at noon to-day.

There are at this moment the unprecedented number of thirty-three ironclads in commission in the British navy, besides many unarmored frigates and corvettes of recent construction. Of the ironclads in commission, fourteen are in the Mediterranean with Admirals Hornby and Lord John Hay.

A Sunday school child, being asked why God made the flowers of the field repled, "Please, ma'am, I suppose for patterns for artificial flowers."

In response to the question, where does the cholera usually originate? a smart undergraduate says: "In Asia, I believe, though my experience has been that it usually takes its origin in the stomach;" and the professor rewards him thus: "No reference has been made to cholera infantum."

The Berlin police have been obliged to interfere to save the lime tree in Unter den Linter, pierced by some of Nobeling's shots, from being torn to bits by relic hunters. It is now enclosed by iron grating.

Benjamin Fisher of Vergennes, Vt while shaving before a mirror, discovered a large spider on his shoulder. Mised by the reflection on the glass, in trying to brush it off he cut an artery, and bled to death.

\$18.-SEWING MACHINE.-\$18

THE MOST WONDERFUL AND THE BEST.

HIGHEST AWARDS

AT THE

CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION!

DIPLOMAS, PRIZE MEDALS, Etc

A FIRST-CLASS FULL SIZED

SEWING MACHINE

WITH

Table and Treadle.

Only Eighteen Dollars.

The most simple and compact! The most durable and economical!!! A model of combined simplicity, strength and beauty!!!! New and numerous patented attachments. No complicated machinery to be constantly getting out of order. So easy to learn that a child can run it. Will do all kinds of sewing from the finest to the coarsest, will hem, fell, tuck, braid, cord, gather, embroider, etc.; uses self-adjusting straight needles, and all description of cotton, silk and thread. Makes the strongest stitch known—the cloth will tear before the seam will rip—use the tread direct from the spool. The machine is beautifully finished and highly ornamented, and

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

CAUTION!

All persons are cautioned not to make, deal, sell, or use any sewing machines that sew with our needle, and make the Elastic stitch, or that have the new Patent self-feed attachment, unless the same are purchased from this company or their agents or licensees, and stamped under our patent. Beware of worthless imitations and unscrupulous parties who have copied our circulars, advertisements, etc., and buy only the machine manufactured by us, and stamped under our patent. "The wonder is how so good a machine can be sold at so low a price."—[Globe.] We have seen the machine and consider it first-class in every respect.—[Transcript.] We can recommend it to our readers.—[Christian Index, N. Y.] The machine arrived safely; we are more than pleased; it does more than you claim for it. We shall call the attention of our readers to it.—[St. Louis Christian.] A thoroughly responsible company, prompt in all their dealings, and one that we can commend to our readers.—[Age, N. Y.] Sample machines with table and treadle forwarded to any part of the world on receipt of

Eighteen Dollars.

Special terms and extra inducements to male and female agents, storekeepers, &c. County rights given to smart agents free. Samples of sewing, descriptive circulars containing testimonials, engravings, &c; sent free. All money sent in Postoffice Orders, Drafts, or Express, are perfectly secure. Safe delivery guaranteed. All Orders, communications, etc., must be addressed to the

PEERLESS MANUFACTURING CO.

174w-ly 2403 Ridge Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa

A VERY rapid, safe and easy way to make money, is to procure territory to introduce the latest useful invention that is wanted every day, by every one, everywhere, who has a not a full sized sewing machine, with table and treadle, for only Eighteen Dollars,

MANUFACTURED BY THE PEERLESS MFG CO. OF PHILADELPHIA,

does the same work as a machine you pay eighty dollars for, rapid, smooth and firm work, and makes a seam so strong the cloth will tear before the stitches rip apart. Agents only need show them in operation to sell in every house they enter. Thirty dollars and upwards cleared daily by smart agents. No such machine was ever offered at any such price

HIGHEST AWARDS AT CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION. THOUSANDS OF FAMILIES USING THEM

Demand increasing every day where they become known. Ministers, judges, lawyers, editors tailors, machinists, &c., recommend them perfect. Rights given free to first applicants. If there is no agency in your place write for it or buy a machine for your family or relative, there is none better or so cheap. Machines sent to all parts of the country, on receipt of price, \$18. Read advertisement beginning.

COAL TAR?

COAL TAR, IN ANY QUANTITY, FOR sale at

Great Reduction on San Francisco Price.

Apply at Works of

SEATTLE GAS LIGHT CO

W. H. LLEWELLYN & CO

BOOKS & STATIONARY

Photograph and Autograph Albums.

FANCY ARTICLES, ETC.,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

FRONT STREET, opposite Old Fellows Hall, m29-1d.

F. W. WUSTHOFF,

[LATE OF WUSTHOFF & WALD.]

DEALER IN

HARDWARE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES

Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle

Saws Furnished to Order.

Front Street, Next to Telegraph Office, Seattle. P. O. Box 236.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON

Importers and Jobbers,

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY

DEALERS IN

Groceries, Provisions,

Wines, Liquors, Teas, Hardware,

Cutlery, Glass and Crockery Ware,

Hemp and Manilla Cordage,

Agricultural and Minin gplements,

Paints, Oils, Blacksmith & Carpenter Tools,

Cumberland Coal, Iron, & Steel, Flour,

FEED, ETC., ETC.

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND WARE HOUSES AT SEATTLE A FULL STOCK OF ALL Goods in their line, which will be sold at the Lowest Prices possible. The trade and public generally are invited to an inspection of their stock and prices. Their past seven years business in this city is a guarantee to the public of reasonable prices for good goods.

CALL AT THEIR STORE,

COMMERCIAL STREET, SEATTLE, WASH. TERR

AGENTS FOR THE

Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON

STETSON & POST.

SEATTLE PLANING MILLS,

Commercial St., adjoining S. and W. W. R.

Sash and Doors,

Blinds, Frames, Shutters, & Wood Finish

Of every Description. Seasoned Lumber of all Kinds Constantly on Hand.

Our Cedar Doors the Best in America

CHILBERG BROTHERS,

Jobbers and Retail Dealers in

Choice Groceries, Oregon Flour,

CORN MEAL, RYE MEAL, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR,

RICE FLOUR and FEED. Also, a Well Selected Stock

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, and TABLE CUTLERY!

Which they propose to sell Cheaper than any other house in Seattle.

angl

FRONT STREET, SEATTLE

Democratic County Convention.

At a meeting of the King County Democratic Committee held July 27, 1878, it was resolved that the primaries for the next County Convention be held in the respective precincts on Wednesday, September 4th, at the usual voting places, and that the County Convention be held at Seattle on Saturday, October 5th at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of nominating County and Legislative officers and electing Delegates to the Democratic Territorial Convention, and that the representation be one Delegate for each precinct and one for each ten votes cast for Judson at the last general election, as follows:

- Seattle.....43 Tolt.....3
- Duwamish.....3 Mox La Push.9
- White River.....5 New Castle...9
- Slaughter.....3 Samamish....2
- Porter's Prairie..2 Freeport.....3
- Snoqualmie.....2 Juanita.....1
- Squak.....2 Duvals.....2

By order of the Committee.

C. D. EMERY, Chairman.

HILLOBY BUTLER, Secy.

MASS CONVENTION.

The Democratic Territorial committee, having appointed the Territorial Convention to meet September 6th at Vancouver, the Democrats of King County are requested to meet in Mass Convention on Saturday, August 21st, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at Yester's Hall in Seattle, for the purpose of electing Eight Delegates to represent said County.

C. D. EMERY, Chairman.

ug-1d.

Farm for Sale!

A GOOD FARM OF

FORTY ACRES

Two acres cleared, situated

NEAR LAKE UNION,

Will be sold for

\$700 CASH.

Good Farming land, covered with small hard wood timber, easy to clear. For particulars enquire at this office.

nov14ts

American House.

GEORGE WELSH, Prop.

MILL STREET, SEATTLE, W. T.

(Near Steamboat Landing.)

Board and Lodging per Week from \$5 to \$6, according to room.

Meals and Beds 25 cents each.

NO CHINESE HELP EMPLOYED.

NO Baggage conveyed to and from the house free of charge.

