



### Puget Sound Dispatch.

LARRABEE & CO. Publishers and Proprietors.

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RATES OF ADVERTISING:  
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Seattle, W. T. E. C. Ferguson  
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George McConaha, Clerk.  
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C. C. Perkins, Recorder.  
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Beriah Brown, City Printer.  
Frank Mathias, J. M. Lyon, L. B. Andrews, Samuel F. Coombs, Bailey Gatzert, M. R. Madocks, John T. Jordan, Councilmen.

TERMS OF COURTS.  
SUPREME COURT.  
2d Monday in January.  
DISTRICT COURTS.  
SEATTLE—1st Monday in February and August.  
PORT TOWNSEND—4th Monday in February and November.  
STEILACOOM—3d Monday in January and July.  
OLYMPIA—3d Monday in March, and 2d Monday in November.  
VANCOUVER—2d Monday in April and 3d Monday in October.  
WALLA WALLA—2d Monday in May and 4th Monday in September.  
OSTERVILLE—2d Monday in July.  
YUKONA CITY—4th Monday in October.  
FORT COLVILLE—2d Monday in June.

MAILS.  
The Seattle Mails arrive and depart as follows:  
Oregon, California and Atlantic States, via Olympia, Tacoma and Steilacoom: Arrive Mondays and Thursdays, 6 o'clock, A. M. Depart Tuesdays and Fridays, 10 P. M. Close 9 P. M.  
Victoria, via Fort Madison, Gamble, Ladlow and Townsend, Tuesdays and Fridays, 10 P. M. Depart Mondays, 6 15 A. M.; Thursdays, 5 15 A. M. Close 6 A. M. and 9 P. M.  
Whitcomb, via Makoto, Snohomish, Tulalip, Coppenhille, Coveland, Utsalady, Lacouner, Fildaly and Sanish: Arrive, Wednesdays, 8 P. M. Depart, Mondays, 9 A. M. and 8 30 A. M.  
Franklin, via White River and Slaughter: Arrive, Wednesdays, 7 P. M. Depart, Tuesdays, 7 A. M. Close 6 30 A. M.  
Snoqualmie, via Black River and Squak: Arrive, Wednesdays, 8 P. M. Depart, Tuesdays, 7 A. M. Close 6 30 A. M.  
Port Orchard, via Port Blakely: Arrive, Tuesdays, 11 A. M. Depart, Mondays, 11 A. M. Close 10 45.

JAMES MC NAUGHT. JOHN LEARY.  
**McNAUGHT & LEARY,**  
Attorneys at Law,  
Seattle, W. T.  
Will practice in Supreme and District Courts of Washington Territory.

JOHN J. MCGILVRA,  
Attorney at Law,  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
Will attend to business in all parts of the Territory.

GEORGE N. MCCONAHA. WALDO M. YORK.  
**MCCONAHA & YORK,**  
Counselors, Attorneys, Solicitors  
in Chancery, and Proctors  
in Admiralty.  
OFFICES—No. 1 and 2 Dispatch Buildings,  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
W. M. YORK, NOTARY PUBLIC. 20

WM. H. LARRABEE. WM. H. WHITE.  
**LARRABEE & WHITE,**  
Counselors, Attorneys at Law,  
AND  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
(Dispatch Buildings),  
SEATTLE.  
Will practice in the Supreme and District Courts.

**DR. G. A. WEED,**  
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.  
Office on Commercial Street, one door  
north of J. R. Robbins's.  
Office hours from 9 to 12, a. m., and  
from 2 to 5, p. m.  
Residence on First street, two and  
one-half blocks from Mill street, north.  
[n27]d

**DENTISTRY!**  
**DR. J. C. GRASSE, - - DENTIST.**

**OFFICE UNDER MOORE'S PHOTOGRAPH**  
Gallery, on Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.  
Solistic Public Estimation. Will Warrant  
Operations to give Satisfaction [n2]f

**IRVING BALLARD,**  
Attorney & Counselor at Law,  
Steilacoom, W. T.  
Will practice in the Courts of Law, Chancery,  
and Admiralty of Washington Territory. Office  
on Commercial street.

**McNAUGHT & LEARY,**  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
Real Estate and Tax Agents,  
REAL ESTATE bought and sold.  
LOANS negotiated.  
CLAIMS collected.

**FOR SALE.**  
LOTS IN CITY OF SEATTLE, im-  
proved and unimproved.  
Also, LANDS in King, Kitsap, Sno-  
homish and Island Counties.  
Tracts at HOLMES' HARBOR, CA-  
MANO ISLAND, MUKILTEO, PORT  
TOWNSEND, PORT DISCOVERY,  
NISQUALLY, etc. etc.  
Also, several Bottom Land FARMS,  
under cultivation, on the White, Black,  
Cedar, and Duwamish Rivers.  
AGENTS—For Bennington and Osgood,  
New York; Benjamin Flint, San Jose,  
California, etc. etc.  
**McNAUGHT & LEARY,**  
JAMES MCNAUGHT,  
JOHN LEARY,  
Seattle, W. T. Aug. 23, 1871. 15tf

**NOTICE!!**  
**TO THE PUBLIC!**  
AS THE OLD "SNUG SALOON"  
has gone from us, no more  
**COLD TEA**  
Can be got there.  
**BUT**  
The people of Seattle mutually agree  
that they can't get along without  
**SAM RAYMOND**  
And his **COLD TEA**, at the  
**ORO FINO!**  
Signed by  
**SAM RAYMOND,**  
and 10,000 others.  
[n] DOUBLE AND SINGLE BED-  
DED ROOMS—by the day or week. 7tf

**R. ABRAMS'**  
**LIVERY STABLE,**  
Cor. Commercial and Washington Sts.  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
This Livery Stable is in the centre of  
the city, and for persons desirous of  
having Buggies, Carriages, and spirited  
saddle animals, can find them at this  
stable.  
Horses boarded by the day or week.  
**R. ABRAMS,**  
[n]qf

**J. A. McDONALD. B. MURPHY**  
**PONY SALOON,**  
KEPT BY  
**McDONALD & MURPHY,**  
Commercial Street,  
Opposite Schwabacher's.  
This is the place to visit to have the in-  
ner man replenished—and not drugged.  
Cigars, Tobacco, Wines and the best of  
Liquors always on hand. 15tf

**JOHN J. MCGILVRA,**  
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SEATTLE, W. T.  
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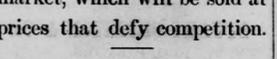
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Gallery, on Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.  
Solistic Public Estimation. Will Warrant  
Operations to give Satisfaction [n2]f

### REMOVAL.

**S. P. ANDREWS**  
Has removed to his New Store on  
Commercial Street, between Stone &  
Burnett's & Schwabacher Bros. & Co.,  
where he is receiving additions to his  
Stock which make it the

Largest ever brought to this  
market, which will be sold at  
prices that defy competition.

### Stoves and Tin Ware.



**COOKING,**  
**PAPLOR**  
**AND BOX**  
**STOVES!!**  
AND  
**PORTABLE RANGES**  
Ever brought to Puget Sound.  
**BUCK'S CELEBRATED**  
**COOK STOVE,**  
With or without extension, and for  
either Wood or Coal.  
Also, a General Assortment of  
**Kitchen Furniture**  
French and English Ware,  
Japan, Tin, Copper and  
Sheet Iron Wares,  
Tin and Metallic Roofing,  
**Lead and Iron Pipe.**  
Iron Pipe cut and fitted to suit.  
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF  
**PIPE FITTINGS.**  
**JOB WORK.**  
All work pertaining to the business  
done at short notice and in a workman-  
like manner.  
**GIVE ME A TRIAL.**  
Orders from abroad promptly attend-  
ed to.  
**PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.**  
[n] Call and examine before purchas-  
ing elsewhere. [n]f

**STORE ON**  
**COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE, W. T.**  
**S. P. ANDREWS.**  
April 4, 1872. 20tf.

**E. A. FARGO,**  
IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF  
**Brandies, Wines and Liquors.**  
316 Front Street, corner of  
Commercial,  
**SAN FRANCISCO.**  
**LLOYD WHISKEY!**  
Sole Agents on the Pacific  
Coast for the sale of the cele-  
brated **LLOYD KENTUCKY**  
**WHISKEY.**  
December 1, 1871. 11f

**DR. BROWN,**  
Syphilis Physician,  
TREATS THE DISEASE IN ALL ITS  
forms—Primary, Secondary, Tertiary.  
My treatment is entirely new, mercury not be-  
ing used except in Constitutional Syphilis. All  
other kinds of the disease being local, require  
local treatment. Apply at the Occidental Hotel—  
131f.

**L. P. SMITH,**  
Watch Maker and Jeweler,  
CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND AT HIS  
old stand at Coombs & Pumphrey's  
Book Store, Mill street, where he is pre-  
pared to do all kinds of Watch and Clock  
repairing on short notice and in a satis-  
factory manner. Jewelry made to order  
and neatly repaired.  
Seattle, May 24, 1872.

**JAS. R. ROBBINS,**  
WHOLESALE DEALER IN  
Foreign and Domestic Wines,  
Brandies Whiskies, Etc.,  
No. 15 Commercial Street, Seattle W. T.  
Genuine Center Whiskey Always on  
hand. 5tf

### Political.

#### Greeley's Second Acceptance.

The following is Mr. Greeley's letter  
of acceptance of the Baltimore nomina-  
tion:

NEW YORK, July 18th.  
GENTLEMEN: Upon mature delibera-  
tions it seems fit that I should give to  
your letter of the 10th fuller response  
than the hasty unprepared words in  
which I acknowledged and accep-  
ted your nomination at our meeting on  
the 12th. That many of you originally  
preferred that the Liberal Republicans  
should present another candidate for  
the Presidency, and would have more  
readily united with us in the support of  
Adams or Trumble, Davis or Brown, is  
well known.

I owe my adoption at Baltimore wholly  
to the fact that I had already been  
nominated at Cincinnati, and that a con-  
centration of forces upon any new tick-  
et had been proved unacceptable. Grati-  
fied as I am at your concurrence in  
the Cincinnati nominations, certain-  
ly as I am that you would not have thus  
concurrent had you not deemed me up-  
right and capable, I find nothing in the  
circumstances calculated to inflame  
my vanity. But that your Committee  
saw fit, in adopting the Cincinnati tick-  
et, to reaffirm the Cincinnati platform,  
is to me a source of profound satisfac-  
tion. That body was constrained to take  
this important step by no party  
necessity, real or supposed. It might  
have accepted the candidates of the  
Liberal Republicans on grounds entire-  
ly its own, or it might have presented  
them as the first Whig National Con-  
vention did Harrison and Tyler, without  
adopting any platform whatever. That  
it chose to plant itself deliberately, by a  
vote nearly unanimous, upon the full-  
est and clearest enunciation of prin-  
ciples, which are at once incontestably  
Republican, gives trustworthy assurance  
that a new and more auspicious era is  
dawning upon our long distracted coun-  
try. Some of the best endeavors of our  
life were devoted to a struggle against  
chattel slavery—a struggle none the less  
earnest or arduous because constitution-  
ally obligatory obligations constrained  
me to act for the most part on the de-  
fensive in resistance to the diffusion,  
rather than the direct efforts for the  
extinction of human bondage. I  
throughout the most of these years my  
vision was unclouded, my exertions  
were rarely uncheered, by even so much  
as a hope that I should live to see my  
country peopled by free men alone.

The affirmation by your Convention of  
the Cincinnati Platform is a most con-  
clusive proof, not merely that slavery is  
abolished, but that its spirit is extinct.  
Despite the protests of a respectable but  
isolated few, there remains among us no  
party or formidable interest which re-  
grets its overthrow, or desires the re-  
establishment of human bondage, whether  
in letter or in spirit. I am, therefore,  
justified in my hope and trust that the  
first century of American independence  
will not close before the great truths on  
which its rightfulness was based by Jef-  
ferson and the Continental Congress of  
'76, will no longer be regarded as glitter-  
ing generalities but will have become  
the universally accepted and honored  
foundations of our political fabric. I  
demanded the prompt application of  
those principles to our condition. Hav-  
ing done what I could for the complete  
emancipation of the blacks, I now in-  
sist on full enfranchisement of all my  
white countrymen. Let none say that  
the band has just been removed from all  
but a few hundred elderly gentlemen, to  
whom eligibility of office can be of little  
consequence. My view contemplates  
not the few hundreds proscribed, but  
the millions who are desiring the right  
to be ruled and represented by men of  
their unfeathered choice.

I have a profound regard for the peo-  
ple of that New England wherein I was  
born, in whose common schools I was  
brought up. I rank no other people  
above them in intelligence; but while  
they do many things well, and some ad-  
mirably, there is one thing which I am  
sure they cannot wisely and safely un-  
dertake, and that is the selection for  
States remote from and unlike their own  
of the persons by whom those States  
shall be represented in Congress. If  
they could do this to good purpose, the  
Republican institutions were unfit, and  
aristocracy would be the only true polit-  
ical system. Yet what have we recent-  
ly witnessed? Zebulon B. Vance, the  
unquestioned choice of a large majority  
of people who voted at its election, re-  
fused a seat in the Federal Senate to  
which he was fairly chosen, and the  
Legislature thus constrained to choose  
another in his stead or leave the State  
unrepresented for years. The vote of  
New England thus deprived North Car-  
olina of the senator of her choice, and  
compelled her to send another in his  
stead; another, who, in our late contest  
was, like Vance, a rebel, and a fighting  
rebel, but who had not served in Con-  
gress before the war as Vance had,  
though the latter had remained as faith-  
ful to the Union until after his term.

I protest against the disfranchisement  
of a State, presumptuously of a num-  
ber of States, on grounds so narrow and  
technical as this. The fact that the  
same Senate which refused Vance his  
seat proceeded to remove his disabilities  
after that seat had been filled by another,  
only serves to place in stronger light the  
arbitrariness of North Carolina, and the  
arbitrary, capricious tyranny which dic-  
tated it.

I thank you that my name is to be  
conspicuously associated with yours in  
a determined effort to render amnesty  
complete and universal, in spirit as well  
as in letter. Even defeat in such a  
cause would leave no sting, while victory  
would rank with those victories which  
no blood reddens, and which evoke no  
tears but those of gratitude and joy.—  
Gentlemen, your platform, which is also  
mine, assures me that Democracy is  
not henceforth to stand for one thing  
and Republicanism another; but that  
these terms are to mean in politics, as  
they always have meant in the diction-  
ary, substantially one and the same  
thing—namely, equal rights to all, re-  
gardless of creed or color. I hail this  
as a genuine New Departure, from  
outworn feuds and meaningless  
contentions in the direction of progress  
and reform. Whether I shall be found  
worthy to bear the standard of the great  
movement which the American people  
have inaugurated, is to be determined,  
not by words, but by deeds. Its grand  
array moves on to achieve for our  
country her glorious, beneficent destiny.  
I remain, gentlemen, yours.

**HORACE GREELEY.**  
**Mrs. Davis and Mr. Greeley.**

The accompanying communication,  
says the *Telegraph and Messenger*, comes  
from a source the most unquestion-  
able:

Mr. Voorhees, in his recent attack on  
Mr. Greeley, styled his signing of Mr.  
Davis' bond "an impertinent inter-  
ference." Allow me to give you the  
true history of that matter as I recently  
learned it in New York from a gentle-  
man who knew all about it. Mrs. Davis  
went to New York to consult Chas.  
O'Connor, Mr. Davis' counsel, as to the  
best manner of effecting his release  
from prison. Mr. O'Connor told her  
that in his opinion there was but one  
way that it could be done, and that was  
to get the representative man of the  
Republican party to sign his bond. Mrs.  
Davis inquired who that man was. He  
replied that it was Horace Greeley. She  
then asked him if he would not see  
Mr. Greeley and get him to do it. He  
replied that he had no influence with  
Mr. Greeley, and that she was the prop-  
er person to see him. She said she  
would go and see him. She went to  
his office, sent in her card, and was in-  
vited into his private office. She said  
to him, "Mr. Greeley, my husband is  
confined in a casement at Fortress  
Mouroe. He has been there for many  
long and weary months. He is a fee-  
ble old man, and is gradually sinking  
under his rigorous imprisonment. He  
will die if he remains there much longer.  
I came here to consult Mr. O'Connor  
as to the means of getting him re-  
leased. He has told me there was but  
one way to do it, and that is to get the  
representative man of the Republican  
party to sign his bond, and that you  
are that man. He has advised me to  
apply to you. He says that you have a  
kind heart and that you will do it if  
you believe it to be right. My husband is  
dying, Mr. Greeley, may I hope that  
you will favorably consider my applica-  
tion?"

Mr. Greeley arose, extended his hand  
to Mrs. Davis, and said: "Madam you  
may, for I will sign this bond." Mr.  
Greeley was then a prominent character  
before the Legislature for the United  
States Senate. Some of his friends  
heard that he had agreed to sign Mr.  
Davis' bond. They went to him and  
protested against it. They told him  
that they had made a count, and that he  
would be elected by six majority, but  
that if he signed this bond it would de-  
feat him. He replied "I know it will."  
They told him that he was one of the  
owners of the *Tribune* and if he signed  
this bond he would lose thousands of  
subscribers. He replied, "I know it."  
They said, "Mr. Greeley, you have writ-  
ten a history of the war, one volume  
you have out, and have sold large num-  
bers of it. Your second volume is nearly  
out, and you have large orders for  
that. If you sign this bond, these or-  
ders will be countermanded, and you  
will lose a large amount of money."  
He replied, "Gentlemen, I know it but  
it is right, and I will do it." He did  
do it, and I am informed that he lost a  
seat in the United States Senate, and  
over thirty thousand dollars.

"To my mind, this does not look like  
"impertinent interference."  
A PUBLIC AND PRIVATE OPINION.—  
Forney's Press a day or two ago be-  
gan bragging in this way:  
Missouri will unquestionably be found  
in November next arrayed with the  
whole West on the side of Grant and  
Wilson.—Philadelphia Press.

Upon which the Springfield Republi-  
can—whose editor was in Philadelphis

"the other day," and knows whereof  
he affirms—thus lets the cat out of the  
bag:

"Oh, Judge Forney, what is the use of  
"lying" like that, when you know that  
your readers know, that you are "ly-  
ing?" You know you didn't talk in  
this absurd style when you and Haw-  
ley and McClure dined together the  
other day, and you and Hawley put  
down the figures that elected Greeley  
beyond peradventure. All of this  
reminds us of one of Isaac Barnes' sto-  
ries of the Taylor and Cass campaign.  
A faithful Democratic partisan from  
the country called just before election,  
and inquired how "the thing" looked.  
Said Barnes, "Do you want my public  
or my private opinion?" "Well, let  
us have both." "Then," said Barnes,  
"my public opinion is that General  
Cass will be elected next Monday, high  
and dry. Why, he has got all these  
States"—submitting a list of three-  
fourths of the Union, with their electo-  
ral figures counted up on the Cass side—  
"no doubt about it sir; you can re-  
lieve on it sir." Yes, but what is your  
private opinion now?" "Why, my pri-  
vate opinion," said Barnes, lowering  
his voice below the ordinary squeak  
even; "is that the old man will be  
most outrageously licked." The value  
of this little story lies in its application  
to Colonel Forney.

The Springfield *Republican* declares  
the main significance of the Greeley  
movement to be "that the people have  
grown tired of the old party lines and  
issues, of old meaningless 'watchwords'  
and 'war cries,' of old feuds and an-  
imosities, of the old tactics and leader-  
ships which are associated with these  
other antiquities, and which have come  
to stand for them."

"A Woman at the Bot-  
tom of it."  
"To tell the truth," said John Havi-  
land, as he threw his evening paper  
aside, and faced the little group in the  
parlor, "I am growing out of patience at  
the text—'A woman at the bottom of it.'"  
It would be strange in this world, made  
up, as far as we are aware, of nothing  
but the two sexes if a woman would not  
occasionally be found at the bottom of  
a scrape. A woman, mind you, is never  
accused of being at the bottom of any-  
thing that is good. It is the injustice of  
the thing that makes me angry. Now  
there are hundreds of us poor fellows  
who owe all we have, all we are, and  
all we hope to become, in this world or  
the next, to the unselfish love of woman."

The gentleman's face was flushed, and  
he spoke very warmly and freely, so  
much so that his wife, rocking her baby  
to sleep in the further corner of the  
room, inquired:

"But why should you care, John?—  
It has always been so, and always will  
be. We don't think much about it now,  
because we have been taught to expect it."  
"But you should care! and you should  
fight for each other more than you do.—  
There is one chapter in my life history  
that I have always kept locked in my  
heart, but to-night I feel as if it were  
my duty to open it for your inspection;  
and I do it for the love of woman who  
made me what I am—worthy to be the  
husband of a good woman."

"Why, John," said Mrs. Haviland,  
softly approaching, baby still held tight-  
ly to her bosom—"You absolutely  
frighten me."  
"Let's have the story," said the rest  
of the group, certain that something  
good might be anticipated; and John  
commenced at first a little timidly, but  
gaining confidence as he advanced.

"When I first came to New York, at  
the age of twelve years, to seek my for-  
tune, I can call myself a precocious  
chap, without danger of being accused  
of an unusual degree of self-accusa-  
tion. I was quick to learn everything  
the bad as well as the good. My em-  
ployer used profane language; I picked  
up the oaths he dropped with a natural-  
ness that surprised myself even. The  
boys in the office all chewed tobacco.—  
This was a little the hardest I ever at-  
tempted; but after two weeks of nausea  
and indescribable stomach wrenchings,  
I came off victorious, and could get  
away with a paper a day with the best  
of 'em."

"Oh, John," interrupted Mrs. Havi-  
land, her pretty face drawn up into  
knobs,  
"True, every word of it," continued  
the speaker.

"One afternoon I was sent with a note  
from my employer to a house in the up-  
per part of the city. I hadn't anything  
to read, but I had plenty of tobacco,  
and with that I proposed to entertain  
myself during the three or four hours  
that I must spend in the passage. For  
some distance I did not notice who were  
beside me, but by and by a lady said  
very softly and pleasantly—"Would you  
please, little boy, be more careful; I am  
going to a party this afternoon, and I  
should hate very much to have my dress  
spotted."

I looked into her face. It was the  
sweetest face I ever saw. Pale, earnest,  
and loving to my boyish heart it was  
the countenance of an angel.

"What in the world did you say?"  
interrupted Mrs. Haviland, her bright  
eyes filling with tears, as she saw how  
the memory of this beautiful woman af-  
fected her husband.

"Say! The was very little I could  
say. I think all I did for some time  
was to look, I managed to dispose of  
the tobacco, however, and wiped my  
mouth very carefully; all of which I  
felt certain she saw and mentally com-  
mented upon."

"Have you a mother, little boy," she  
next asked in the same low tone.

"No, ma'am," I answered, and I felt  
my throat filling up, and knew that I  
must swallow mighty fast to keep from  
sobbing.

"You have a father then, I suppose?"  
she kept on.

"No, ma'am, no father."  
"Brothers and sisters?"  
"All alone, ma'am."

"How long has your mother been  
dead?" and the dear woman looked  
away from my face and waited till I  
could speak.

"Two years," I answered.  
"And you loved her?" came next.

"Dearly," was all I could say. She  
was silent for a moment, and she said  
so sweetly—oh! I shall never forget it—  
"And what do you think your mother  
would say—how do you think she would  
feel—to know that her little boy was  
guilty of such disgusting habits as this?"  
pointing to my cheek where the tell tale  
red had vainly tried to stand its ground.

"I must leave now," she continued,  
"but here is my card, and if you can  
come to me most any evening, I shall  
be glad to see you, and perhaps we can  
be of service to each other."  
She gave me her little glove hand, and  
to my dying day, I shall never for-  
get the sensation of that moment. I  
could not bear to part with her, without  
her, I felt that I could do nothing—with  
her, I could grow to man's estate—a man  
in the truest sense of the word. From  
that moment tobacco never passed my  
lips.

As soon as I could muster courage, I  
called upon the lady. Well do I remem-  
ber how my heart beat, as I waited in  
the elegant parlor for her to come down,  
and how awkward I felt as I followed  
my guide to her private sitting room.—  
Here she got at every point of my life,  
and before I bade her good bye it was  
arranged that I should spend two even-  
ings each week at her home, and I was  
to read and study on these occasions  
just what she thought best.

No lover ever looks forward to meet-  
ing with the mistress of his heart any  
more ardently than I did to those even-  
ings with my friend.

THE VALUE OF A NEWSPAPER.—The  
following is the experience of a me-  
chanic concerning the value of a new-  
paper:

"Ten years ago I lived in a town in  
Indiana. On returning home one night,  
for I am a carpenter by trade, I saw a  
little girl leave the door and asked my  
wife who she was. She said Mrs.  
Harris had sent her after their newspa-  
per which my wife had borrowed. As  
we sat down to tea, my wife said to me,  
by my given name.

"I wish you would subscribe for the  
newspaper, it is so much comfort to me  
when you are away from home."  
"I would like to do so," said I, "but  
you know I owe a payment on the house  
and lot. It will be all I can do to meet  
it."

She replied:  
"If you will take the paper, I will sew  
for the tailor to pay for it."  
I subscribed for the paper; it came in  
due time to the shop. While resting,  
one noon, and looking at it, I saw an  
advertisement of the county commis-  
sioners to let a bridge that was to be built.  
I then put in a bid for the bridge, and  
the job was awarded to me, on which I  
cleared three hundred dollars, which  
enabled me to pay for my house and  
lot easily. But for the newspaper, I  
would not have known anything about  
the contract, and could not have met  
my payment on the house and lot. A  
mechanic never loses anything by tak-  
ing a newspaper.

FECUNDITY OF DUCKS AND HENS.—  
Some interesting experiments have been  
made upon the comparative fecundity of  
ducks and hens, so as to determine from  
which of the two the larger number of  
eggs can be obtained in the same time.  
For this purpose three hens and three  
ducks were selected, all hatched in Feb-  
ruary, and nourished with suitable food.  
In the following autumn the ducks had  
laid 225 eggs, while the hens in this  
case laid none. In the following Feb-  
ruary the laying season began again  
with the ducks and continued uninterr-  
uptedly till August. They showed no  
inclination to set and became very thin,  
but subsequently fattening up some-  
what. In the meantime the hens had  
not been idle. The total number of  
eggs laid by the hens amounted to 258,  
or 86 eggs each; and the ducks pro-  
duced 393, or 131 each. Although the  
eggs of the ducks were rather smaller  
than those of the hens, yet they proved  
to be decidedly superior in nutritive  
material, so the superiority of produc-  
tiveness appears to be altogether on the  
side of the ducks.

Puget Sound Dispatch.

Vol. I. No. 33. BERTHA BROWN, EDITOR. Seattle, Thursday, August 15, 1872.

Campaign Dispatch.

Absolutely independent of party; positively rejecting the dictation of cliques, rings, caucuses and combinations of all kinds for the purpose of controlling the popular vote for personal interests; the best efforts of the DISPATCH, from this time till the 5th of November next, will be devoted to exposing and denouncing official mismanagement and corruption, which are manifest in almost every department of government, and maintained and perpetuated by political tricksters through party organization.

For reasons which we shall abundantly show during the canvass, and which are entirely consistent with our independent position, we shall oppose the re-election of Mr. Garfield as Delegate to Congress, because he has been faithful to all his pledges to the electors of this Territory; because he has exhausted all his influence at Washington in filling the Federal offices in this Territory with partisans of his own, who do not command the confidence of the people, in utter disregard of the public interests; because during two terms in Congress he has failed to procure a single act of legislation for the interests of the Territory, permitting Washington to fall far below all other Territories, in the matter of government aid.

We shall advocate the election of O. B. McFadden for like reasons. Not upon party grounds; but because we believe he is the choice of a large majority of citizens who honestly desire reform in the government; because he has ever been faithful to every public trust and private obligation; because he is honest and capable; because he has been for many years identified in interest and by association with the people of the Territory, and commands the confidence and respect of all; because we have the most abundant assurance in his past life that he will faithfully represent the public interests, instead of his own private and personal ends; and because his name was presented without any act of his, and his election will be determined by no corrupt bargain or personal pledge.

An unscrupulous and corrupt ring of Federal officials who hold their positions through the influence of Mr. Garfield, are spending thousands of dollars, drawn from the public treasury, in publishing a newspaper devoted to their mutual interests, for the purpose of maintaining their ascendancy through the instrumentality of party drill and party prejudice; and the circulation of papers which will expose their sophistry and falsehood, is the most effectual mode of thwarting their designs. For this purpose we offer the DISPATCH for the campaign at the following rates: Ten or more copies to one address for three months, 50 cts. a copy; for two months 37 1/2 cents.

The Bolters.

"Misfortunes seldom come single," is illustrated in the multiplied calamities which are befalling the "spoil gatherers" who still adhere to the fortunes of their falling chief. One peg after another, upon which they hung their hopes, has given way. Dan Voorhes, while laboring under an "accident of hospitality," poured out upon Horace Greeley and the Cincinnati Convention, the full tribute of elegant invective of which he is a master, and his exhorting sentences were gathered in a book and strewn broadcast through the land as electioneering documents of the Grant Committees. To-day Dan Voorhes is stumping Indiana on a candidate for Congress on a ticket headed by the veritable Horace, the "old man" of his disordered fancy.

Much was expected from the meeting of the bolting Reformers in New York, which ended in the almost unanimous declaration that Greeley was preferable to Grant.

The next hope was based upon the threatened bolt from the Baltimore Convention, and a meeting of the dissatisfied Democrats was called at the same time, which was expected to be very formidable. The regular Convention unanimously concurred in the nomination of Greeley and Brown, and the bolter's meeting numbered less than twenty, from all parts of the country.

Great expectations were founded upon the defection and powers of disturbance of Brick Pomeroy, with the immense circulation of his paper. Pomeroy's paper has passed out of his hands, and under other management is supporting Greeley and Brown vigorously, while poor Brick in only regarded with pity as a "dead cork in the pit."

Every expectation of diversion or division among the opponents of the "Grant ring" has ended in the same way, and the proposed Louisville Convention, called by reckless disturbers under Administration auspices, is less formidable than was the Cleveland Convention, called to divert support from Mr. Lincoln at his last election.

The bolting is almost exclusively from the Grant party. Many will recollect the overwhelming political revolution of 1840. Then the defection of two Administration Senators—Rives of Virginia, and Tallmadge of New York—was regarded as sufficient to turn the scale in favor of the opposition candidate. Now, four of the Judges of the Supreme Court appointed by President Lincoln; Senators Schurz, Sumner, Trumbull, Tipton, Fenton, Blair; Ex-Senators Fos-

ter, Doolittle and Wilkeson; nearly all of the surviving members and ex-members of Congress, including Banks, Morrill, Pike and others of commanding influence; Gov. Palmer, of Illinois, and ex-Governors of Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa and Missouri, to say nothing of the re-constructed States—all Republicans during the Administration of Mr. Lincoln, all now supporting the election of Greeley and Brown. And yet the changes among the politicians are not proportioned to the changes among the masses of the people. This movement originated with the people and the politicians have been forced into it. No such political revolution was ever before witnessed in this country. It is madness and folly to imagine that a popular movement which has gained such impetus and power in ninety days, can be defeated by any power which can be brought against it within the next ninety days. Such a supposition has less foundation than Mr. Seward's prediction that the South would be conquered in ninety days.

Reform Club.

At a meeting of many of the citizens of King County held in the DISPATCH Buildings on the evening of August 6th for the purpose of organizing a political Club, having for its object a reform in county and Territorial affairs, Mr. S. W. Russell was chosen Chairman and W. H. White, Secretary. On motion S. F. Coombs, M. R. Maddocks and C. C. Perkins were appointed a committee to report plan of organization.

While the Committee was in consultation, speeches were made by Hon. Elwood Evans, Hon. O. B. McFadden, J. N. Gale, Esq., of the Transcript, and others. All had a cheering word to say and all were sanguine of success.

The Committee on organization reported Dr. G. A. Weed for permanent President, with a Vice President from each county precinct and three from Seattle, and W. H. White as corresponding Secretary.

The report was adopted and referred back to Committee to report Vice Presidents and financial Committee at next meeting. On motion Club adjourned to meet on the evening of Aug. 10th.

S. W. RUSSELL, President, W. H. WHITE, Secretary.

DISPATCH Buildings, August 10th.—Club met pursuant to adjournment.—Vice President, George Boyce, Esq., in the Chair. The Committee on organization submitted the following report which was adopted and the officers as reported elected:

We your committee appointed to report on organization, submit the following. For a constitution recommend the adoption of Cincinnati and Baltimore platforms for 1872 and this association be known as the King County Reform Club. Officers, a President, Secretary, one Vice President from each Precinct except Seattle, and that be entitled to three—a financial Committee of three, and a corresponding Secretary. Would recommend the following for the respective offices.

G. A. Weed, President; W. H. White, Secretary; Putman, Vice President; Freeport; C. W. Lawson, White River; O. P. Blair, Moxlapush; Wm. Pickering, Squak; A. C. Kimball, Snoqualmie; J. V. Roach, Lake Washington Coal mine; Geo. B. Boyce, Boyce's Logging Camp; S. F. Coombs, Z. C. Miles and J. M. Lyon, Seattle. Finance Committee, T. S. Russell, Chas. W. Moore and R. H. Beatty. That the regular meeting of the Club be Saturday evening of each week. On motion the following Resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of the King County "Reform Club," that the recent Territorial Convention of the Democratic party in the adoption of their platform of principles and the nomination of Hon. O. B. McFadden for the office of Delegate to Congress, has fulfilled the wish of all who are opposed to rings and the reign of corruption and that we as "Reformers" are opposed to calling a new Convention for the purpose of making any other nomination.

Resolved, That the corresponding Secretary be instructed to forward to the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee a copy of this resolution.

On motion Club adjourned to meet on Saturday, August 17th, at 7 o'clock p. m. GEORGE BOYCE, Vice President, W. H. WHITE, Secretary.

ELECTIONS.—The election for State officers and members of Congress came off in North Carolina on the first; and in Kentucky, Montana and Utah on the fifth of August.

Other States and Territories will hold elections as follows: New Mexico, September 1; Vermont, September 3; Maine, September 9; Colorado Territory, September 10; Dakota, Indiana, Iowa, Nebraska, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and the District of Columbia, October 8; South Carolina, October 16; West Virginia, October 24. All the States vote for Presidential Electors on the 5th day of November, and on the same day the following States choose State officers: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Kansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, Tennessee, Virginia, Wisconsin and California, elect members of Congress. Arizona holds her territorial election on the 8th of November.

The order extending mail service from Whateam to Semiahmoo has been rescinded by order of Department.

THE TRIA JUNCTA IN UNO OF MIRTH, MUSIC, AND MIMICRY. Manager, - - - J. H. Church. At the Pavilion Thursday August 15th.

An entirely New and Original Entertainment by that Great Character Impersonator, Vocalist, Mimic and Facial Artist, CHAS. VIVIAN, Who will be assisted by Mlle. MARIE GAUGAIN

The beautiful and fascinating Danseuse, late of the Grand Opera of Paris; Grand Opera of New York and California Theater, San Francisco; and D. W. NESFIELD The unrivalled Baritone Vocalist and Pianist, whose Singing in German, French, Italian and English Languages has been the theme of universal admiration from Press and public.

PROGRAMME, PART FIRST, Overture.....Pianoforte Vocal selections from the greatest European and American composers.....David Nesfield The versatile VIVIAN in his vividly various varieties of volatile and vigorous Vocalism. Duet, If I had but a Thousand a year. Gaffer Green and Robin Ruff David Nesfield

Intermission of Five Minutes. PART SECOND, Solo—Airs Allemands varies. Pianoforte Pas Seul, The Bells,.....Mlle. Gauguin Descriptive Scenes from the works of Henry Russell, Barker and others.....David Nesfield VIVIAN'S Olio of Songs, Sketches, Anecdotes and Impersonations with extraordinary changes of Voice, Face and Costume which have gained him in Europe and the United States the just reputation of being the greatest living Vocal Comedian and the most truthful Imitator of all phases of Nineteenth Century Life and Character. Concluding with his world-renowned sketch of

BLOOMING PAL, Or 10,000 Miles Away Admission \$1. Children 50 c. Front Seats reserved for Ladies. Doors open at 8 o'clock p. m. Curtain rises at 8 1/4 o'clock.

NEW Furniture Store ANDERSON & HOPKINS. Mill street, next door to the Post Office. Are prepared to furnish the People of Seattle and vicinity with a superior article of FURNITURE, at Reduced Prices! Also, Doors, Sash and Blinds. WALNUT AND REDWOOD MOULDINGS, Undertaking, Furniture Repaired. SHOW CASES Made to order. SOLE AGENTS AND Manufacturers of GASTON'S IMPROVED SPRING MATTRESS. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. ANDERSON & HOPKINS. Seattle, August 15, 1872.

LOST! ON THE STREETS OF SEATTLE, AN Emerald Shirt Stud. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving the same at this office. A131w. NORTH PACIFIC GARDENS. THE BEAUTIFUL HALL AND GROUNDS of the North Pacific Gardens are to let for Picnics, Balls, Fairs, or other Social Entertainments, at reasonable rates. Apply to FRANK GUTTENBERG, Proprietor. Seattle, July 25, 1872. 351f.

Just Received. Ex-Barkerline HARRISON, A fine assortment of Willow Ware consisting of sofas, chairs and baskets of all sizes and descriptions. T. S. RUSSELL & CO. Seattle, August 8, 1872. EX-JENNY PITTS. Sugars of all grades, Best Dutchess County Cheese, Codfish, Olives, Citron, St. Louis Hams. On the way and to arrive shortly, a full stock of Groceries, Provisions, Hard Ware and Ship's stores. CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON. Seattle, July 18, 1872. 331f

CHAS. A. WHITE, Surveyor, Draughtsman and Civil Engineer, Olympia, W. T. Just Arrived Ex BK. OAKLAND, 20,000 lbs. sugar cured Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Mess and Prime Mess Pork. BOOTH, FOSS & BORST, Seattle Market, Aug. 8. THOMAS T. MINOR, Physician and Surgeon OFFICE—Next door to the Custom House. PORT TOWNSEND, W. T. 361f.

TREES! FLOWERS! BULBS! SEEDS! HEDGE PLANTS! Nursery Stock! Fruit and Flower plates! Address F. K. PHOENIX, BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, ILLINOIS. 600 Acres; 31st year; 12 Greenhouses. Apple, 1,000 1 yr., \$20; 2 yr. \$30; 3 yr. \$40; 5 yr. \$50 4 Catalogues, 20 cents. 36-4m.

The Puget Sound Banking Co. SEATTLE, W. T. Capital Stock \$500,000. C. T. WARREN, President. SAMUEL P. WARREN, Cashier.

THIS COMPANY WILL TRANSACT ALL kinds of legitimate Banking business, receive deposits, make collections, and sell Exchange in Gold and Currency drawn direct on New York or San Francisco. Make no charge for collections in Seattle; Drafts on New York or San Francisco collected at cost. Certificates of Deposit issued bearing interest from six to ten per cent. per annum. Approved business paper discounted for depositors. Funds invested in Real Estate or loaned on Mortgage, and reliable information furnished regarding this Territory for non-residents.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Money deposited in this Department, in sums of One Dollar and upwards, will draw interest at ten per cent. per annum. Mechanics, Mill, Mining and Railroad Employees will find a safe and reliable place for deposit for their money, besides receiving interest on the same. Sight Drafts on New York or San Francisco will be taken without discount. Time Drafts collected free of charge for depositors. Rules of this Department furnished on application. 304f.

KNIGHT & DICKSON, Paint & Color Store, WASHINGTON ST., SEATTLE, W. T. 381f. Notice. KNIGHT & DICKSON, PAINTERS, WASHINGTON street, W. Knight having retired from the firm of Knight Brothers, the business will now be carried on in the above name. KNIGHT & DICKSON beg to return thanks for past favors, and hope by close attention to business to merit the patronage of the public. 331f

Railroad Land Notice. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN APPOINTED Agent to receive all applications for Railroad lands in the Olympia Land District, applicants for such lands are referred to the following letter: DEAR SIR:—To avoid the filing of conflicting applications and errors in description of lands applied for in the Land Department of this Company, I desire to ask you to receive all applications for lands in the Olympia Land District, and when the same are in due form forward them to this office. Fees, if any, will be collected by you from the applicants. Yours truly, J. W. SEAGUE, General Agent F. TARBELL, Agent, Olympia, W. T. 374

FOR SALE, 300 BARRELS FRESH SAN JUAN LIME, JUST RECEIVED. Inquire of JOHN T. JORDAN. Seattle, June 21, 1872. 327.

New Barber Shop. S. REY, Late of St. Louis, INFORMS THE CITIZENS OF SEATTLE and visitors to the QUEEN CITY OF THE SOUND, that he has fitted up a first class TONSORIAL SALOON On Commercial street, next door to the Bank Exchange. Shaving, Hair Dressing and Shampooing, Hair and Whiskers Dyed in the highest style of the art. Particular attention paid to Children's Hair Cutting. Give me a trial and you will come again. July 18, 1872. 331f

Seattle BREWERY Cor Mill and Fourth Streets, (opposite Baxter's Tunnery) SEATTLE, W. T. STUART CRICHTON & Co. PROPRIETORS. HAVING PURCHASED THE above premises, we are prepared to supply the WHOLE OF PUGET SOUND WITH THE Best Draft and Bottled Ale, Beer, Porter and Lager Beer, made on the Pacific Coast. Our BOTTLED ALE and PORTER is considered by competent judges equal to the best imported, while our LAGER BEER, (made by Mr. JOHN CRAETZ, the famous German Beer Brewer, so well and favorably known on the Sound and lately Brewer for the N. P. R. R. Brewery, at Steilacoom,) is excelled by none. The patronage of the beer-drinking public of Puget Sound is solicited, as we feel satisfied we can supply them with a BETTER AND PURER ARTICLE than they can get elsewhere. All our MALT LIQUORS are made of the best Malt and Hops—contain no drugs—and are properly fermented on scientific principles. All orders promptly attended to, and particular attention paid to orders from families. STUART CRICHTON & Co. Seattle, July 11, 1873. Millinery Establishment.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF MILLINERY Goods just received. Fine Feather Flowers, Real Ostrich Plumes, Gros grain Ribbons, And all the latest styles in HATS and BONNETS. New Styles and Novelties By every San Francisco steamer. Ladies from the Sound Ports should call and examine. All orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed. Stamping, Braiding and Pinking done to order. Mrs. G. W. HALL. Commercial street, next door to Schwabacher Bros. & Co., Seattle, W. T. 366.

MRS. M. A. STRINGHAM Horticultural Store. On Cherry bet. 1st and 2d sts. She keeps on hand a variety of HOUSE PLANTS, GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS, SLIPS AND BULBS, GARDEN PLANTS, FLOWER POTS, HANGING BASKETS, PICTURES AND PICTURE FRAMES, LEATHER WORK, COLORED MOSSES, WORSTED WORK, ETC. ETC. ETC. Is Agent for VICK'S of Rochester, N. Y. and for JAY & CO. and MITCHELL & JOHNSON of Victoria, B. C. and will fill all orders for their gardens with satisfaction. Also gives lessons in Worst and Leather work and Floral Coloring. No business done on Sunday. 251m.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., BANKERS, Yates Street, Victoria, B. C. DRAW EXCHANGE ON LONDON, NEW YORK, San Francisco, Boston, and the principal points in the West and Dominion of Canada. LEGAL TENDER NOTES AND OTHER Government Securities BOUGHT AND SOLD. Deposits received and accounts kept subject to Draft. Interest all owed on Time Deposits for a period of three months and upwards. All orders left with any of our Agents on Puget sound will be promptly attended to. F. GARESCHKE, Agent. April 11. 201f.

ISAAC A. PALMER, Architect and Builder, SEATTLE, W. T. WILL MAKE DRAFTS, PLANS SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates for Buildings of every description. Office with Palmer, Bro. & Co., on Mill street opposite Occidental Hotel. 211f.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., BANKERS, Pure Leaf Lard, in packages of 5lb to 10lb each, which we offer to the trade at the same rates. We have made rooms for keeping this lard in our most central point on the Sound for distribution for supplies of any magnitude, which the trade of the Sound will warrant, our object being to establish a Wholesale Mart here for these and other articles of Eastern manufacture in our line, instead of having to pay tribute to California and Oregon for them. Being permanently located at Seattle, the most central point on the Sound for distribution, having fitted up rooms suitable for our business in all its branches, and especially with a view of establishing this trade, we can assure the public that we shall sustain this enterprise against all foreign competition. As merchants are not usually prepared with suitable rooms for keeping this class of meats, they can procure their supplies from us, thereby obtaining the necessity of keeping a large stock on hand for their trade, besides saving the risk of transportation and keeping, and the use of means necessarily invested in the trade. Our stock will arrive on or about the first of July, (no preventing obstacle) at which time we respectfully solicit your patronage. BOOTH, FOSS & BORST. Seattle, June 15, 1872.

THE RETAIL TRADE Will be supplied at the very lowest rates. Especial attention is called to our JUNE PRICES. The Seattle Market will remain open until 10 o'clock Saturday evening, giving every person a chance to procure their Sunday needs, after which time it will be closed until Monday morning.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN announcing to the public the return of Mr. THOMAS MURPHY to our employment. He will be remembered as the person who gave our house such an enviable reputation, last fall, for having a choice quality of small goods of all descriptions, consisting of Bologne Sausage, Pork Sausage, Beef Sausage, German Sausage, Summer Sausage, Liver Puddings, Black Puddings, Saveloys, Tripe, Head Cheese, etc. As there has always existed in the minds of many persons, and more especially the ladies, a sort of antipathy in regard to the manufacture of these small goods by butchers, the public, and of course the ladies, are very respectfully invited to visit our sausage apartment and witness the modus operandi of making these goods. Mr. Murphy will be found in this apartment, always willing to give any information desired in regard to his trade. BOOTH, FOSS & BORST. Seattle Market. 201f.

At Cost! TO MAKE ROOM FOR A LARGE Consignment of Groceries, Provisions, &c., I to-day commenced to dispose of my extensive Stock of CLOTHING, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, etc. etc. etc. AT COST PRICE! FOR CASH! Call early if you wish to secure bargains. JOHN A. WOODWARD, Yesler's Corner, Seattle, W. T. N. B. As heretofore, my extensive Stock of Groceries, Provisions, etc. Will be disposed of at the most moderate rates. March 4th, 1872. f. 15t

WELLS, FARGO & CO., BANKERS, Pure Leaf Lard, in packages of 5lb to 10lb each, which we offer to the trade at the same rates. We have made rooms for keeping this lard in our most central point on the Sound for distribution for supplies of any magnitude, which the trade of the Sound will warrant, our object being to establish a Wholesale Mart here for these and other articles of Eastern manufacture in our line, instead of having to pay tribute to California and Oregon for them. Being permanently located at Seattle, the most central point on the Sound for distribution, having fitted up rooms suitable for our business in all its branches, and especially with a view of establishing this trade, we can assure the public that we shall sustain this enterprise against all foreign competition. As merchants are not usually prepared with suitable rooms for keeping this class of meats, they can procure their supplies from us, thereby obtaining the necessity of keeping a large stock on hand for their trade, besides saving the risk of transportation and keeping, and the use of means necessarily invested in the trade. Our stock will arrive on or about the first of July, (no preventing obstacle) at which time we respectfully solicit your patronage. BOOTH, FOSS & BORST. Seattle, June 15, 1872.

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T. S. RUSSELL & Co. MAMMOTH Furniture Store! No. 10 Commercial st. SEATTLE, W. T. Furniture of all descriptions, Wholesale and Retail Bedding, Pictures, Molding, Oval Frames, Window Curtains and Fixtures. Agents for the celebrated Chromo Washington Closing the Lodge Pictures Framed. Furniture made to order. Show Cases Made in Walnut and Maple. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. July 4, 1872. 321f.

Great Reduction in Prices. Summer prices established at the Seattle Market. Sale of Pt. Townsend Market. Business confined exclusively to Seattle. Prepared to contract Beef at SIX CENTS a pound during the Summer, Just Received. 50 head choice Island Bees, 50 head from east of the Mountains. To Arrive. 500 head of choice mutton Sheep from Oregon, in charge of James How, Meats and Vegetables delivered in any part of the City accessible by team free of charge. Seattle Market closed on Sundays.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO CONTRACT for supplying Mills, Steamers, Hotels, Lodgers and Hotels with beef by the side at six cents per lb. during the summer, commencing June first. The Retail Trade Will be supplied at the very lowest rates. Especial attention is called to our JUNE PRICES. The Seattle Market will remain open until 10 o'clock Saturday evening, giving every person a chance to procure their Sunday needs, after which time it will be closed until Monday morning.

Having disposed of our Port Townsend Market, we shall in future give our entire attention to the interests of Seattle and the wants of the citizens in our line of business, trusting that so doing we shall merit their continued patronage and good will. BOOTH, FOSS & BORST, Proprietors.

CLOSING OUT At Cost! TO MAKE ROOM FOR A LARGE Consignment of Groceries, Provisions, &c., I to-day commenced to dispose of my extensive Stock of CLOTHING, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, etc. etc. etc. AT COST PRICE! FOR CASH! Call early if you wish to secure bargains. JOHN A. WOODWARD, Yesler's Corner, Seattle, W. T. N. B. As heretofore, my extensive Stock of Groceries, Provisions, etc. Will be disposed of at the most moderate rates. March 4th, 1872. f. 15t

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Puget Sound Dispatch

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY. Seattle, Thursday, August 15, 1872. GEOGRAPHICAL SITUATION OF SEATTLE Latitude 47° 36' N. North. Longitude west from Greenwich 122° 19' 40" S. Longitude west from Washington 45° 19' 38" S. Difference from Greenwich time, 8 h. 09 m. 18 s. Difference from Washington time, 3 h. 01 m. 17 s.

Authorized Agents for this Paper. DEAN & CO., 410 Montgomery street, San Francisco. L. P. FISHER, San Francisco. L. SAMUELS, 93 Front street, Portland.

Financial and Commercial.

SEATTLE, Aug. 14, 1872. The Puget Sound Banking Company report Gold in New York, 1 1/2%; Currency buying, 86 1/2%; Sight Exchange on San Francisco, 1/2 per cent. premium; on New York, 1/4 per cent. premium for Currency; 1 1/2 per cent. premium for Gold; money is loaning at from 1 1/4 to 2 per cent. per month.

Trade during the week has been fair. Among our most enterprising firms is that of Booth, Foss & Borst, who are shipping Bacon, Hams, etc., direct from Kansas City. In purchasing from first hands for cash they can undersell all others in their line. Their business is rapidly increasing.

We notice a marked improvement in our wholesale Liquor trade, many of the retail dealers purchasing here instead of ordering from traveling Agents as heretofore. Our wholesale liquor dealers, J. R. Robbins, Crawford & Harrington, Stone & Burnett and Schwabacher Bros. & Co., keep on hand large and well selected stocks bought at the lowest cash prices, and can afford to sell at lower rates than houses employing traveling salesmen at a heavy expense.

The Seattle Coal Company shipped 690 tons of coal during the week per bark Scotland.

The reported progress of the N. P. R. R. is most cheering, track laying is progressing at the rate of two miles per day in Dakota. It is expected that the 65 miles from Kalama will be completed and cars running by the first of November, and by the first of January next 517 miles of the main line will be in operation from Duluth Minn.

The Puget Sound Banking Company have completed arrangements for the drawing of Bills of Exchange for the London House of Jay Cooke, McCullough & Co., available all over Ireland and the Continent. This will be found to be a great convenience for persons on the Sound wishing to send money home to their friends in the old country.

Ordinance No. 32.

An Ordinance in relation to Sidewalks. The City of Seattle does ordain as follows:

That the owners of property on the North side of Columbia Street from Front to Fourth Street shall build a good and substantial sidewalk, six feet wide, with planks not less than 1 1/2 in. thick.

In case any person or persons shall fail to build such sidewalk within thirty days after the publication of this Ordinance, the Street Commissioner is hereby authorized to build such sidewalk, and the expenses incurred in building the same to be collected of the owners of property as fines and penalties are recovered in other cases.

This Ordinance to be in force 30 days after publication.

Seattle, August 15, 1872. J. T. JORDAN, Mayor. G. N. McCONAMA, Clerk.

Proceedings of the Board of King Co. Commissioners.

The Hon. Commissioners' Court met at the Auditor's office in Seattle, King County, August 5th, 1872, and the following are the proceedings of said Court: Court opened by proclamation of the Clerk.

Petition of R. Scott and others for a bridge across White River. Rejected.

Petition of Wm. Popham and others for a county road on east side of Lake Washington accepted, and Thos. Popham, Geo. Gillette and Chas. J. Allen appointed Viewers.

Petition of F. S. Clark to vacate Clark's Addition to Seattle, accepted, and plat ordered vacated.

Report of Road Viewers, Alex. Gow and John M. Thomas, on road running through H. Adams' farm, accepted, and road declared county road.

Petition of J. R. Williamson and others, for county road running from Geo. Oulett's to Freeport, accepted, and Kund Olson, Geo. Oulett and H. M. Hanson appointed Viewers.

Report of Road Viewers, J. A. Steves, H. Goldmyre and M. W. Hubbard, on road on east side Lake Washington was accepted, and road declared county road.

Report of Road Viewers, E. R. Barnes and John Wilson, on road running from W. Graham's to McLellan's farms, was accepted, and road declared county road.

Petition of W. Pickering and others, for an appropriation to a road from Coal Creek to Lake Washington, rejected.

Report of Road Viewers, F. McLellen, A. Washburn and John Krumm, on private road through Saul Grund's farm to county road on west side White River, accepted, and road declared a private road.

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An appropriation was made of \$200 for protecting county road through H. Adams' farm from the washing of the river, and H. Adams authorized to perform said work.

F. Fingree appointed Road Supervisor of Road District No. 20.

Ordered, that a license issue to the Administrator of H. Smith's estate to keep a ferry on Duwamish River.

The Treasurer is authorized to pay to the Road Supervisors of Road Districts all road moneys collected by him belonging to the several Road Districts.

An appropriation of \$300 was made for opening county road on west side of Duwamish and White Rivers.

Petition of Smith & Lowe, for license to retail spirituous liquor in Seattle, accepted, and license ordered issued.

Petition of D. Benson, for license to sell spirituous liquor at Lake Washington Precinct, accepted, and license ordered issued.

Petition of James Good, for license to sell lager beer in Seattle, accepted, and license ordered issued.

Petition of Dyer, Combs & Co., for license to sell spirituous liquor in Seattle, accepted, and license ordered issued.

Report of Road Viewers, I. J. Hayden and B. B. Kelly, viewing road from beach on Admiralty Inlet, to military road, accepted, and road ordered opened.

Ordered that Snoqualmie Road be changed, so as to avoid the Big Hill, so called, and James Taylor, A. C. Kimball and J. W. Borst be appointed Viewers.

The resignation of Gardner Kellogg, as County Auditor, was received and accepted, and the office declared vacant.

Ordered that D. T. Wheeler be appointed County Auditor, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of G. Kellogg.

Petition of John W. Pinnell, for license to sell spirituous liquor in Seattle, was accepted, and license ordered issued.

An appropriation of \$926 was made for the purpose of purchasing a safe for King County, and the Treasurer authorized to purchase same.

The Treasurer was ordered to pay L. V. Wyckoff the balance due him, as shown by his accounts in the Auditor's office.

Bills to the aggregate amount of \$1,345.08 were ordered paid.

The court adjourned.

United States District Court.

The August Term of the United States District Court, for the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, commenced Monday, August 5, Chief Justice Jacobs presided. The following cases were acted on.

J. P. White vs. C. H. Preston Debt; continued from last Term. Cause continued.

Waterman & Katz vs. Pres on & Mills—Debt; continued from last Term.—Cause continued.

James F. Keller vs. Pope & Talbot—Petition to recover damages and for a division of property; continued, as per stipulation, from last Term. Continued by stipulation.

G. A. Meigs vs. Philip Keach—Damages; continued from last Term. Judgment for plaintiff, by consent, for \$160 and costs.

Robert McLeod vs. Garvin, Wood and Meigs—Damages; continued by consent from last Term. Cause dismissed as to defendant G. A. Meigs, and continued as to the other defendants.

E. Carr vs. King County—Certiorari. Motion to dismiss taken under advisement.

D. B. Finch vs. J. G. Jackson and W. E. Stronick—Debt. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Bernard Crosson vs. John G. Meagher—Debt. Motion to strike out portions of reply sustained.

John G. Meagher vs. Bernard Crosson Debt. Cause dismissed at defendant's cost.

Collins and Jameson vs. Reuben Low—Debt. Settled.

Nancy McCarty vs. John McCarty—Divorce. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Mary J. T. Murphy vs. Charles S. Murphy—Divorce. Decree of divorce entered.

Margaret Wellington vs. Edward Wellington—Divorce. Cause referred.

Charles Langley vs. William Renton et al.—For recovery of wages. Cause tried by jury, and verdict for plaintiff \$687 95. Motion for new trial.

Ward, Kane & Co. vs. Gardner Kellogg—Debt. Judgment by consent for \$1213 56 and costs.

Henry Bowers v. Henry L. Yesler—Assumpsit. Judgment for plaintiff for costs.

M. S. Booth et al. vs. George Jenkins—D. B.; appeal from Justice's Court.—Dismissed at cost of defendant.

William J. Phillips vs. Lewis V. Wyckoff—Writ of Mandate granted in vacation. Case improperly on the docket.

Joseph Wakefield vs. Nicholas Code—Wages. Continued for service.

Josephine Creamer vs. Charles Creamer—Petition for Divorce. Cause referred.

Russell et al. vs. L. V. Wyckoff, Sheriff of King County—Action for trespass. Motion to strike out sustained in part, and overruled in part. Demurrer overruled. Amended complaint filed. Motion to strike out and make more definite filed.

Fannie E. Labonte vs. Frederick Labonte—Petition for divorce. Referred to master to take testimony.

United States vs. William Hilton—Assault &c., on high seas. Plea of not guilty entered.

United States vs. G. A. Nichols—Indicted for maltreatment, &c., on the high seas. Plea of not guilty entered.

Territory of Washington vs. Samuel Dawson and A. L. McKean—Grand Larceny. Tried, found guilty and sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary.

M. S. Booth et al. vs. H. Alhborn—Debt. Judgment for \$292 54 and costs entered by consent.

Frank Griffith vs. Geo. A. Nichols, master of the bark Sampson and William Hilton, second Mate. Action for damages in Admiralty. On trial.

MORE BEEF.—Mr. L. W. Foss of the firm of Booth, Foss & Borst, arrived at Snoqualmie Prairie on the 8th inst., with 109 head of choice beef cattle from the Yakima for the Seattle Market.

He started back the next day for another band.

NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—W. W. Newell, of the Walla Walla Statesman, we understand is negotiating for the purchase of the Portland Herald, with a fair prospect of completing the purchase. His son Charles is now the city editor of the Herald, and they are both practical printers, which goes far to assure the success of the paper under the proposed new management.

THE MAYNARD CLAIM.—We are informed that the Commissioner of the General Land Office has affirmed the decision of the Register and Receiver, giving 320 acres of the claim to David S. Maynard as a single man but holding that neither of Maynard's wives are entitled to hold any part of the claim. An appeal has been taken to the Secretary of the Interior, who it is hoped, will take up the case at an early day.

MARRIED.—In St. John's Church, Victoria, August 6th, Mr. James P. Goodhue, Purser of steamer California, to Miss Fanny Cooper, second daughter of Capt. James Cooper, of that city.

APPLES.—Dr. Maynard has presented us with a sample of apples picked in his garden a year ago, now sound and of excellent quality.

FARM PRODUCTS.—Mr. J. Davis, of Squak, in this county, exhibited to us some specimens of farm products which he and his neighbor Mr. Wm. Pickering, were sending to the Fair, at Olympia. One stool of wheat, of the blue stem variety, contained 58 heads, one of which we shelled and counted 85 grains; which would make an aggregate of 4,930 grains to the stock, or produce of a single seed. The grain is nearly twice as large as ordinary Genesee wheat, and a much better quality for flour. The product is from 60 to 70 bushels to the acre.

Norway Oats, with heads 23 inches in length, producing 125 bushels to the acre. Common white oats, producing 90 bushels to the acre.

Timothy grass, six feet in length, 87 heads to a stool, for the past two years producing 4 tons to the acre.

UNIVERSITY.—Professor Hill, formerly of the Michigan State University, a brother of our esteemed fellow-citizen Capt. Hill, has taken charge of the Washington University, in this city and will commence a term about the first of September. Prof. Hill is an experienced and successful teacher, and brings with him the highest credentials as a teacher and a gentleman. He will be ably assisted and there is no reasonable doubt that he will place the school upon a high grade.

NEW DRESS.—The Daily British Colonist comes out in an entirely new dress—head and body—and is now one of the handsomest papers that come to our table. The type is from the foundry of Falkner & Son, San Francisco, from whom the DISPATCH has just received large additions to its job department.

Sheriff Wyckoff, has commenced the building of an elegant residence on the corner of Cherry and Second streets.

NORTH CAROLINA ELECTION.—It is now certain that the supporters of Greeley and Brown have elected five of the eight members of Congress, and the Legislature by a majority of 20 on joint ballot. The Grant party claim the election of their candidate for Governor by 1,500 majority, but the election will be contested before the Legislature on the ground of notorious fraud in the returns. The Republican majority in the State at last preceding election was 9,345. We see the Granties are firing guns over the result. They are minute guns at a funeral.

FARMING LANDS.—Mr. Moss, of this city, has just returned from an exploration of the northern portion of Whatcom county. He reports that commencing about 18 miles from Bellingham Bay, he examined two townships of unsurveyed lands which he thinks are the best agricultural lands he has ever seen, and can be easily cleared. He, with several others, have taken claims to which he will return next week. They are all desirous of getting other settlers to join them, to aid in opening roads and making other public improvements.

The great Vivian, to-night, at the Pavilion. See advertisement in another column.

Port Townsend Correspondence.

PORT TOWNSEND, August 13, 1875. A row occurred on board the ship J. B. Bell, lying in port on Friday last. The crew had been shipped for a voyage to China. When the order was given to weigh anchor, some of them refused to obey. In attempting to enforce the order the first mate was shot through the left breast and the second mate was shot through the hand. Neither of the wounds are very serious. The ship sailed on Monday. But three of the crew were detained—the mate and the carpenter as witnesses, and the sailor charged with the shooting, whose name is William Tierney. Port Townsend whiskey was the cause of the muss. The shipping agents are honorably exonerated from any complicity in the affair.

A salute was fired here on the arrival of the propeller California, in honor of Purser Goodhue, who had just been married at Victoria.

Six miles of telegraph poles have been put up, and Mr. Sweeney, the Superintendent, is pushing the work as fast as possible. The machinery for six offices, and the wire and cable for the entire line from here to Seattle, have been ordered, and is safe to predict that the entire line will be completed by the middle of October next.

You may safely go your entire pile on the election of Judge McFadden.

BARNEY O'RAGAN.

How TO KILL A TOWN.—If you wish to kill a town put up no more buildings than you are obliged to occupy yourself. If you should have any empty building, and any one should wish to rent it, ask about three times its value. Look at every new comer with a scowl, turn a cold shoulder to every business man and merchant who seeks a home among you. Go abroad for your wares rather than purchase from your merchants and manufacturers at the same prices. Refuse to advertise, so that persons at a distance will not know that any business is being done in your city. A prompt and close observation of these rules will ruin any town in two years.—Victoria Standard.

The Victoria Standard says, in concluding a long article on the Presidential Election: "We do not pretend to be able to foresee or foretell what the result of the Presidential campaign will be, but of this we are pretty well assured that whichever party wins, the victory will be a hard fought one. At one time we thought the Republicans would win an easy victory; at present we do not feel quite so confident of their success."

SPECIAL NOTICE. INDIGESTION is the cause of nine-tenths of all diseases the living machine is subject to. Give one to the stomach and digestive organs, and you will save more than half in your doctor's bills. Dr. Wesley's Celebrated "LIVER BITTERS" are recommended by all physicians to Dyspeptics and for ALL COMPLAINTS of the LIVER and DIGESTIVE ORGANS. See advertisement in another column.

PIPIFAX THE FAMOUS GERMAN BITTERS BEST REMEDY FOR DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, BILIOUSNESS, LOSS OF APPETITE AND INACTION OF THE LIVER.

OROBHAM JENNINGS FARMING & COUNTRY TRADE AT WHOLESALE PRICES SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

New Goods, Groceries and Hair wire, EX-BARK JENNY PITTS. SCHWABACHER BROS & CO. Have received a fresh supply of Boots and Shoes, Glass Ware, Rope, Plows, Lead, Paints, Trunks, Pails, Oat Meal, Sugar, Soap, Iron, Cement, Gun Powder, Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. July 18, 1872.

Dr. H. P. LATHROP, (LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO.) HAVING LOCATED IN SEATTLE, TENDERS his professional services to the citizens of Seattle and vicinity. Office temporarily at the Occidental Hotel.

SIGN AND Ornamental Painting. J. F. COCHRANE, Mill street, near the P. O. LETTERING IN THE BEST CITY STYLES. Ornamental Painting and Gilding on Glass. Charges reasonable. Seattle, July 18, 1872. 33tf.

A. BAGLEY, M. D. Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, At the United States Hotel, Seattle, W. T. July 18, 1872.

SUGAR CURED HAMS! A LARGE SUPPLY OF CHOICE SUGAR CURED HAMS, of our own curing, for sale at 18 cents per lb. BOOTH, FOSS & BORST. April 4.

C. C. PERKINS, Real Estate, Insurance and General Agency, Notary Public & Commissioner of Deeds. Marine, Fire and Life Insurance effected at lowest rates. Care and promptness guaranteed. 127,

1872. SPRING TRADE.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON, Brick Store, Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE AND WAREHOUSE, The most extensive Stock of Merchandise in our line North of San Francisco, to which we are adding by every Vessel and Steamer from outside arriving at this Port.

To the Trade and the public generally we return our thanks for past favors. Our mutual transactions in business, heretofore, is our chief claim for increased patronage.

The rapidly increasing Trade of this City with the Merchants of the Sound Ports warrants our present importation.

The Stock now on hand, as usual, consists of

HARD-WARE, in great variety,

GROCERIES, of the best qualities and assortment,

BREADSTUFFS, of several grades,

Teas and Coffees;

General Supplies for Families and Outfits for

Farmers, Miners, Loggers, Joiners, Blacksmiths, Shipwrights, etc. etc. etc.

Our Stock of WINES AND LIQUORS is also equal to the requirements of the trade, and consists of the

Most Choice Brands, Foreign and Domestic.

An examination of the Stock and prices is solicited.

We have extended our WHARF, and made it in all respects FIRST CLASS. Shippers and Importers will find it to their interest to have their goods landed here.

AGENTS FOR THE IMPERIAL Fire Insurance Comp'y, OF LONDON. Seattle, W. T., April 25, 1872.

Groceries, Provisions, SUPPLIES!

AND—STONE & BURNETT, Wholesale and Retail DEALERS IN CHOICE Family Groceries,

Flour, Ham, Bacon, Teas, Coffee, Spices, Pickles, Ship and Steamboat Stores,

At prices which will please the most frugal lovers.

Shelf and Building HARDWARE, MINERS' and FARMERS' Tools and Implements,

Shovels, Spades, Axes, Brush Hooks, Scythes, Froes, Grindstones, etc.

Crockery, Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints, Oils, Turpentine,

Tar, Pitch Rosin, Oakum, Rope, all sizes from 1/4 to 6 inches, Blocks, Shieves,

Rigging, Canvas, Duck, Sail Twine, Red, White, and Green Lanterns, Oil, and Ship Chandlery generally.

We are offering our entire Stock at prices which defy competition.

In Boots and Shoes

We have a most complete assortment, consisting in part of Philadelphia, Boston and San Francisco make.

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Balmoral, Button and Congress, BOOTS.

Gent's, Miner's, Logger's Coarse, Kip and Calf Boots.

Also, Boys and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers, Rubbers and Artics.

NO EFFORT shall be spared to please AND SATISFY.

We have on the way from EASTERN and CALIFORNIA MARKETS, a large and well selected stock of Fall and Winter Goods,

Which we shall offer at the lowest We call the special attention of the trade, with the assurance that we can furnish supplies at Wholesale Prices, And lower than can be purchased elsewhere.

Our facilities are such that we can UNDERSELL any and all!

The proof of the Pudding is in the eating.

SEATTLE, W. T. oct. 1872.

SCHWABACHER'S COLUMN,

"We may all be happy yet."

Are still in the field with their IMMENSE STOCK OF

General Merchandise,

And are in the receipt of more by nearly every vessel arriving from SAN FRANCISCO.

Our stock consists in part of Dry Goods, Clothing,

Hats and Caps, Boots, Shoes, Cigars and Tobacco,

Groceries and Provisions, Crockery and Plated Ware,

Iron, Steel, Shelf Hardware,

Yankee Notions, Carpets and Oil Cloths,

Paper Hangings, Wines and Liquors,

Hay and Grain, Ground Feed, Coal, Lime,

BLACKSMITH and CARPENTER TOOLS,

Farming Implements.

In fact EVERYTHING, from a Needle to an Anchor.

We can undersell any firm on Puget Sound laying claim to respectability, for we buy our stock in the best markets rates possible.

FOR CASH, And can put Goods below SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

Thankful to the public for past favors we cordially extend an invitation to all with the assurance that

NO EFFORT shall be spared to please AND SATISFY.

We have on the way from EASTERN and CALIFORNIA MARKETS, a large and well selected stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which we shall offer at the lowest We call the special attention of the trade, with the assurance that we can furnish supplies at Wholesale Prices, And lower than can be purchased elsewhere.

Our facilities are such that we can UNDERSELL any and all!

The proof of the Pudding is in the eating.

SEATTLE, W. T. Aug. 28, 1871.

Home and Farm.

About Baking.

The most difficult of the young housewife's duties is that of baking. Food prepared in the best manner may be ruined by a fire which is either too hot, or too slow, during any part of the process.

There are countless recipes for the preparation of food, but very little instruction as to the manner of baking it. Each one must learn by experience, and there are more provoking failures in that direction than in any other; and some although they learn the facts, never learn the whys and wherefores of success.

I used to think that to bake anything well, the oven must be as hot as it could be without burning the article to be baked, all the time that it was baking. This is not the case with anything except crackers and cookies.

For biscuits, the oven should be equally hot when they are put in, but should begin to cool a little before they are taken out; this makes them very light, but one has to watch to keep them from being scorched; eight minutes are enough to bake them; if baked with such a fire as that required for bread they are heavy.

For germs made of graham flour and water, or corn bread, the oven should be very hot, but the fire should have been built some time before they were put in, and begin to go down by the time they are light; for if the oven remains as hot as was necessary to make them rise, they will burn before they get thoroughly cooked.

Bread requires a much slower fire but it should be even and steady from the first to last.

Cake requires a still slower fire than bread, but it must not be too slow or the cake will not be thoroughly cooked through, and will fall when taken from the oven. If the fire is too hot at first, it will crust over before it is light, and burst through the crust and rise rough and homely. If the cake is large, some nails or bits of iron should be placed under it, and a paper spread over it, else it will scorch before it is cooked through. Any kind of bread or pastry mixed with water requires a hotter fire than if mixed with milk.

Fruit pies require a hotter fire than bread, but steady from first till last; if too hot at first the crust will cook before the fruit does; if too slow, towards the last the crust will dry up before the fruit is done; if too hot towards the last the fruit will set out before crust is done. Pumpkin pies require a fire as hot as can be without burning the crust.

Custard pies require a slow fire, else they will boil and whey out before they are done. But puddings require a hot fire, particularly Indian pudding, for they are all the better for being wheyed out.

In baking meat pies always leave a hole in the top crust, else poisonous gas will collect in it. For baking meat the fire should never be hot enough to burn the grease; pork and chickens require a hotter fire than beef.

We talk about hot, quick and slow ovens, but it takes a long experience to enable one to tell by the feeling, or in any other practical manner, just how hot an oven is, until we see its effect on the article cooked, and then it is too late; and it is impossible to communicate to any one else the precise temperature which is represented by our ideas of hot, quick, etc.

It is a matter of guess-work after all. In fact our whole system of cooking is more or less a patched up system of guess work. We have rules and recipes for rich cakes and puddings, but bread of all varieties, pies, butter, etc., are made by guess. And even in those recipes we have, the ingredients are measured in all manner of vessels, and no two persons understand alike the terms which designate the quantities.

One of my friends has a stove with glass oven doors. Why could not a thermometer also be attached to them? I hope to see the time when cooking shall become an exact science; when we shall not only measure the heat of our ovens with thermometers, and know the precise temperature of which they should be, for each variety baked therein, but shall also know the temperature at which our yeast and bread-sponge and cream should be kept; when we shall prepare all articles of food by correct recipes, and measure all ingredients in exact and standard measures, which should be alike all over the country, so that our mistakes can only occur when we fail to follow the rules.—Prairie Farmer.

FRUIT CULTURE.—1. Instead of "trimming up" trees according to the old fashion, to make them long rimmed, trim them down, so as to make them even, snug, and symmetrical. 2. Instead of manuring heavily, in small circles at the foot of the tree, spread the manure, if needed at all, broadcast all over the whole surface. 3. Instead of spreading small circles about the stem, cultivated the whole surface broadcast. 4. Prefer a well pulverized, clean surface in an orchard with a moderate rich soil to heavy manuring, and a surface with a hard crust and weeds and grass.

Some curious experiments have recently been made in France to ascertain the effects of wine, brandy and absinthe on fowls. The result was that they lost flesh rapidly, more especially those who drank absinthe. Two months of

absinthe drinking was found sufficient to kill the strongest cock or hen. The fowls who indulged in brandy alone lasted, however, four months and a half, while the wine-bibbers survived for ten months. It was not only their health which was effected by alcohol but their personal appearance underwent an extraordinary change. An immense development of cock's crests took place. The crests, it is stated, increased to four times their original size, and assumed a hue of unnatural brightness—probably on the same principle that the noses of confirmed drunkards become preternaturally large and red.

EDUCATIONAL.—No people need reminding of the physical conditions of welfare so much as we do. Upon the shores of this continent land every year thousands of parents who in their youth had no opportunity of getting knowledge. But catching soon the spirit of their new country, and perceiving the power that comes of the possession of knowledge, they resolve that their children shall have the advantages of education at any cost. It is a most commendable resolution; yet such parents, ignorant of the laws of health, and without experience of their own in the acquisition of knowledge, are almost sure to urge their children into an injurious excess of their mental labor. All around me I see children who are victims of their parents' unenlightened ambition. Nothing saves some children from utter destruction but their ceaseless rebellion against our murderous requirements. They will not learn those long lessons out of school! They will coax excuses and holidays from their mothers. We compel them to disobey and misbehave, in order to save their lives.—James Parton.

Voudouism.

A correspondent of the New Orleans Times thus describes the Voudon festival in that city:

On Monday morning, I went to the French market for the express purpose of finding out from an old negress, who sells in the market, and whom I have known for years to be well posted—"she is one of them"—the exact spot where the Voudon festival would be held this year. Knowing that I had attended many of them before she told me immediately. She made me faithfully promise that I would tell no one.

Thus posted, I took the eight o'clock p. m. train on the lake Pontchartrain railroad. Arriving at the lake, I fooled around a little; saw great crowds, all looking for the place, but very few, if any, knowing where it would be. I made up my mind not to walk or ride to the scene, so I hired a skiff and pulled to the mouth of Bayou St. John—the best way of getting there from the lake end—the festival took place near Bayou Thouboutous. Upon arriving at the shanty, I found congregated about two hundred persons, mixed colors—white, black and mulattoes. I knew the larger portion of them, and was received with pleasure. The ceremony had not begun.

A few moments after my arrival, a large crowd arrived in a lugger, say about one hundred more, making a total of three hundred. Soon again there arrived a skiff containing ten persons, among which was the Voudon queen, Marie Lavoux. She was hailed with hurrahs.

The people were about equally divided, male and female—a few more females: the larger portion of the crowd negroes and quadroons, but about one hundred whites, say thirty or forty men, the remainder women.

Upon the arrival of Marie Lavoux, she made a few remarks in Gumbo French, and ended them by singing "Salya ma coupe ca," to which all hands joined in the chorus of "Mam'selle Marie chanfeuz ca."

It was then about eleven o'clock.—The song ended, orders were given by the queen to build a fire as near the edge of the lake as possible, which was "did" every one being compelled to furnish a piece of wood for the fire, making a wish as they threw it on. Then a large cauldron was put on the fire; it was filled with water, brought in a beer barrel; then salt was put in by an old man, who jumbled something in Creole; then black pepper was put in by a young quadroon; she sang while putting in the pepper; then a box was brought up to the fire, from it was taken a black snake, he was cut in three pieces (the Trinity), one piece was put in by Marie Lavoux, one piece by the old man who put in the salt, and one piece by the young girl who put in the pepper; then all joined in chorus of same song:—"Mam'selle Marie chanfeuz ca;" then the queen called for "a cat." It was brought. She cut its throat and put it in the kettle.

Another repetition of the same chorus, then a black rooster was brought to the queen. She tied his feet and head together and put him in the pot alive.—Repetition of the chorus. Then came an order from the queen for every one to undress, which all did, amid songs and yells. The queen then took from her pocket a shot-bag, full of white and colored powders. She gave orders for every one to join hands and circle round the pot. Then she poured these powders into the pot, sang a verse from some creole song, to which all joined in a chorus while dancing around the pot, *C'est l'amour; oui maman c'est l'amour,* &c. She then looked at her watch, and shouted "Li minuit iousse a l'eau"—it is twelve o'clock, all hands in the water—and everybody went into the lake, remaining in the bath about half an hour. Upon coming out began singing and dancing for another hour, when

all were halted to listen to a speech by the queen. She preached her sermon, ending with "I give you all half an hour recreation." Then the crowd scattered promiscuously. In half an hour about the horn was blown (a sea-shell) and all hands hurried back to the queen and set up another chorus to a verse she sang to same tune as the first one. After the song she said: "You can now eat, those who brought victuals," such as gumbo, jambalaya, &c. All began eating and drinking until the horn was again blown, and all hurried back to the pot, the fire was put out from under it, water thrown on and around it by four nude black women, with white handkerchiefs on their heads. During this time the chorus was kept up of "Mam'selle Marie chanfeuz." Then the whole contents poured back into the same barrel the water was taken from, the queen saying, as this was done, "Poua l'annee prochaine" (for the next year).

The queen then said: "You must all dress up again," which was "did." The bugle was again sounded, all circled around the queen. She preached another sermon, at the close of which all knelt down to pray and receive her benediction. Another chorus of "c'est l'amour; oui maman, c'est l'amour," during which day began breaking. Then the queen said, "Here is day; we must welcome it with song and all go home." I took my skiff, left them there, pulled to the Pontchartrain railroad, and came back to the city by the half-past five o'clock a. m. train.

A letter from the burned district of Wisconsin gives a pleasing view of the situation. The crops are looking finely and the people are contented and hopeful. The relief committee has ceased their labors, provisions having been distributed to last till harvest. One dark feature in the condition of the people is the suits brought by the Rock River insurance company against great numbers of farmers, on their notes, and the actions being brought in Milwaukee, the poor people could not defend, and judgment with costs was entered against them. Many have sold their last cow or horse to pay these claims.

Kind words are the bright flowers of earth's existence; they make a very paradise of the humblest home the world can show. Use them, and especially around the fireside circle. They are jewels beyond price, and make the weighed-down spirits more glad than all other blessings the earth can give.

NEWS FOR THE THIRSTY!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM their friends and the public that they are now prepared to regale the thirsty at the

**Dolly Varden Saloon,** Corner of Front and Cherry streets, opposite the N. P. Brewery.

SEATTLE, W. T. Where among other luxuries may be found the BEST BRANDS OF

**Wines, Liquors and Cigars.** SMITH'S PREMIUM COCKTAILS, acknowledged by competent judges to be superior to all others, will be dispensed at all hours. The proprietors trust that by strict attention to business, and kindly treatment of guests, to merit a share of public patronage.

CALL AND SEE US. SMITH & LOWE, July 4, 1872.

Pioneer Book Store,

Millstreet, Seattle, W. T. COOMBS & PUMPHREY, PROPRIETORS.

HAVING MADE SCHOOL, MISCELLANEOUS and Blank Books a speciality we are now prepared to fill all orders promptly in that line. Also having the Agency for the best

**Pianos and Organs** On this Coast we are prepared to fill all orders at short notice on easy terms. Parties desiring to dispose of Drafts on

**SAN FRANCISCO** OR THE **Eastern States** Please enquire of Wells, Fargo & Co's. Agent at the

**PIONEER BOOK STORE,** 25th. Seattle, May 16, 1872.

KEEP COOL!

**ICE!** Puget Sound Ice Company, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS

**IN ICE!** SEATTLE AND OLYMPIA, W. T.

ICE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT WILL BE delivered every morning (Sundays excepted) in any part of Seattle at

**THREE CENTS PER POUND.** Orders from a distance will receive prompt attention, and ICE in quantities to suit forwarded as requested

Office at Coombs & Pumphrey's, Seattle, W. T. W. W. BARKER, Agent.

BAKERY.

Between Pavilion and Telegraph Office.

FRESH BREAD EVERY DAY, EXTRA LOAF Bread, (Pan and Bottom), Graham Bread, Boston Brown Bread and Buns.

**Crackers, Pies, Cakes, Fruits, Candies, and Family Groceries,** HOT BOSTON BROWN BREAD Sunday mornings.

Store closed on Sundays after 8 1/2 o'clock, a. m. THOS. H. STRINGHAM, Seattle, May 9, 1872.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY OF PORTLAND, OREGON.

Published by L. SAMUEL, General Advertising Agent, 93 Front Street.

**ACKERMAN'S DOLLAR STORE.** No. 99 FIRST STREET. Importers and Jobbers of Fancy Goods, Toys, Crockery, Glassware and Plated Ware. A stor House, First st. between Oak and Pine. Everything neat. B. L. Longfellow, Prop.

**Books, Stationery & Periodicals** BANCROFT & MORSE, Agents for Mabie, Todd & Co's celebrated GOLD PENS.

vison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co's School Books. Not Published, a full line of legal blanks for Oregon. Barmann, the only direct Importer of Clothing, 42 cor. Front and Washington streets.

**CHAS. C. BARRETT,** WHOLESALE

**Bookseller and Stationer,** LARGEST STOCK IN PORTLAND, No. 79 Front and No. 5 Washington st.

**BECK, WILLIAM & SON,** 129, Front street. Importers and Dealers in

**GUNS, RIFLES AND REVOLVERS** of every description.

Fishing Tackle, Fancy Goods, Birds, Bird Cages, Clocks, Sewing Machines and Baby Carriages. Agents for the "California Powder Works," at the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines.

**Beck, John A.,** 29 Front st., practical Watchmaker & Jeweler. Work done for the trade.

**Book and Job Printers,** HIMES & BACHELDER, 92 Front st.

**Bigham & Reinhardt,** 182 st. bet. Oak & Pine. Importers of Stoves, Ranges, Kitchen utensils

**Buchanan, W. A.,** s. w. cor. First & Taylor st. Cheap Furniture House in Portland.

**CARPETS,** WALTER BIOS, 89 Front street.

**Clark, Henderson & Book,** 81 & 83 First street. Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Millinery, &c.

**John & Rosenfeld,** 141 Front st., Commission Merchants & dealers in Or. & Cal. produce.

**Congle, J. B.,** manufacturer & dealer in Saddles, Harness and saddle hardware, 36 Front st.

**Currier, W. & Co.,** 163 Front street. Merchant Tailors & Clothiers. Hats, Furnish'g Goods

**D'Laschmutz & Oatman,** 92 Front st. Real Estate Agents, money loaned, houses rented.

**DENTAL GOODS,** C. H. Woodward & Co., 101 Front street.

**DRUGGISTS,** C. H. Woodward & Co., 101 Front street. Orders from any portion of the State or Territory carefully filled 'm or by express.

**Full, Lowest in & Co.,** Furniture and carpet dealers—stores, 124 to 127 Front street.

**Employment Agency,** Willard & Holman, 80 Front st. Furnish all kinds of help.

**Everding & Beebe,** 19 Front st., Commission Merchants and dealers in domestic produce.

**Fashion Livery Stable,** cor. 1st & Salmon. E. Corbett, Prop. Go down only—cars on hand.

**Fischer & Roberts,** cor. First & Washington st. Dealers & manuf. clothing, furnish goods

**Freeland, Dr. B. E.,** Dentist, Office No. 2, D. Krum's Block, cor. First & Washington st.

**Gill & Steel,** 75 and 77 First st. Dealers in Books, Stationery & Musical Instruments.

GRAY'S MUSIC STORE.

The largest Music House on the Coast. Steinway Pianos, Burdett Organs

G. L. DEFRANS, Manager. Sole Agency for the

'Howe' Sewing Machine.

Agents Wanted.

**Hachery & Stenne,** Grocers and dealers in all kinds of seeds, Cor. First and Main st.

**Hampberger, B.,** 133 First st. Importer and dealer in the famous Dry Goods, Millinery

**Henderson, D. H.,** Photographer, Artist, s. w. cor. First and Morrison. Child's pit. specialty

**Herrichsen, L. C. & Co.,** 109 First st., Manufacturers & dealers in Jewelry, Watches, &c.

**Hibbard, G. L.,** 98 Front st., wholesale dealer in Groceries, Doors, Siding Materials, &c.

**Hodge, Calf & Co.,** 97 Front st., wholesale dealers in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

**HOMER** Sewing Machine, straight needles, under feed and lock stitch. Competition challenged. M. E. Traver, Agent, 112 Front street.

**Hurgen & Shindler,** Nos. 166 to 172 First st. Importers of Furniture, Bldg. Lng., &c.

**International Hotel,** cor. Front and Morrison. M. Rudolph, Prop. Free bus attendances.

**Koban, J. & Co.,** 91 Front st., wholesale art. retailer in fine Clothing, Furn'g, &c.

**Mason Dorce Restaurant,** private rooms for families, cor. 1st & Pine st., Cor. Voo, P. Martin, E. & Co., wholesale dealers in wines & Liquors, O. S. N. Co.'s block and San Fran.

**Meier & Schmeer,** 111 Front street, wholesale and retail Coffee Importers.

**Miller, John B.,** 93 First street, Watchmaker and Jeweler, offers to the public a fine assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

**Moeller & Co.,** Front near C st., dealers in native and foreign Wines, Liquors & Cigars

**Nordrup, E. J.,** Hardware, Iron, Steel, Hubs, Spokes, bar wood Lumber, &c. Portland.

**Oceanic Hotel,** cor. First & Morrison st. J. Smith & Cook, Proprietors.

**Photo Graphic Goods,** C. H. Woodward & Co., 101 Front street.

**Ree, J. M.,** 121 Front st., whole sale dealers in "Furniture and Stoves."

**Richter, Paul,** 105 First st., Importer of Berlin wooden carvings, parlor ornaments, &c.

**Rider, G. C.,** Real Estate and Money Broker, 92 Front street, Portland.

**Rosenbaum, I. S. & Co.,** Tobaccoists, & Importers of Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

**Russ House,** Front st., One First class principle. Thos. Ryan, Proprietor.

**Sherlock, S.,** 61 Front & 62 First sts., dealer in Harness, Saddlery and saddlery Hardware.

**Simon, J.,** 56 Front st., dealer in doors, sash, and Blinds, Window and plate Glass.

**Sinsheimer, H.,** 157 Front st., Importer of Pianos, Organs, sheet Music, Musical Instrumts

**Soldmore, S. G.,** 123 First st., Druggist and Apothecary. A large stock of Perfumery and Toilet Articles.

**Smith & Davis,** 71 Front st., wholesale Drugs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c.

**Snow & Ross,** 73 First st., Pictures, Frames, Molding, Art's. Drawing Instrumts.

**South, C. D.,** Jacob and the Cal. Watch, also for all the productions and imports of the California Jewelry Co., San Francisco. Send for a circular. Watches repaired in the very best manner and warranted to give satisfaction.

**Terry, Bros.,** 178 First st., Manufacturers and dealers in Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, &c.

**The Clothing Store,** 113 Front st., Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes. Harris & Prager.

**Tuttle, H. B.,** 142 and 144 Front st., Dealer in Wagons and Agricultural Implements.

**Tyler, E. D.,** n. w. cor. 1st & Oak st., dealer in fine Brandy, Wines, English Ale & Porter.

**Tyler, J. A.,** 147 Front st., wholesale dealer in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, &c.

**Williams & Myers,** 5 Central Block, Front st. Commission Merchants & Dealers in Produce

**Whaley & Fischelmer,** Attys & Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Office in Old Fellows' Temp.

THE NEW STEAM PILE DRIVER

**HERCULES,** IS NOW PREPARED TO DO WORK on any part of

**Puget Sound,** Will drive Piles, Build Wharves, Load Vessels, Discharge Freight and Ballast on the most reasonable terms. Apply to

W. H. SURBER & CO., Proprietors, Or to STONE & BURNETT, Seattle.

Notice! Notice!

If you wish to see the LARGEST STOCK OF General Merchandize Ever brought to this Territory, just drop in to the Store of

**SCHWABACHER BROS & CO.**

For Snohomish! Str. ZEPHYR,

WILL MAKE TWO TRIPS A week from Seattle to Cadville and return, leaving Seattle on Mondays and Thursdays, at 7 o'clock a. m., touching at Mukilteo and Tulip. Return on Wednesdays and Fridays, December 1, 1871.

**U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP**

**North Pacific,** CAPT. E. A. STARR.

LEAVES OLYMPIA FOR VICTORIA EVERY Sunday and Wednesday at 10 o'clock, p. m. touching at Stellacoom, Tacoma, Seattle, Port Madison, Port Gamble, Port Ludlow, and P. Victoria, leaving Victoria on Monday, and Thursdays at 10 o'clock, p. m. Leaves Victoria for Olympia every Tuesday and Friday, at 12 o'clock, p. m., touching at the same ports, and arriving at Olympia at 5 o'clock, a. m. of the following Wednesday and Saturday.

**FARES:** Olympia to Stellacoom, \$1.50; Tacoma, 2.00; Seattle, 2.00; Port Madison, 2.50; Port Gamble, 3.50; Port Ludlow, 3.50; Port Townsend, 5.00. Return fares at the same rates.

The steamer is new, staunch, and all her appointments first class. Passengers can rely on arriving at their destination on schedule time.

December 1, 1871.

P. S. N. CO.

**U. S. MAIL STEAMER ALIDA,** Capt. J. G. Parker, Jr.

LEAVES SEATTLE MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS for Olympia, touching at Tacoma and Stellacoom, returning on Tuesdays and Saturdays, making the trip each way by daylight.

**PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,** FOR NEW YORK via PANAMA.

Cabin \$100. Second Cabin \$50. LEAVE WHARF, CORNER FIRST AND BRANNAN STREETS, punctually at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 3d and 17th of each month (except when either date falls on Sunday, then on Saturday preceding), for PANAMA, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's splendid steamers from ASPENWALL for NEW YORK.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Frost, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen and Norway.

**FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.** Steamer leaves on the first of every month, punctually at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI via Higa and Nagasaki.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, at their wharf, corner of First and Brannan streets.

ELDRIDGE & IRWIN, Agents.

Seattle Drug Store.

W. T. M. R. MADDOCK, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

**Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, etc.**

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED. AGENT FOR

**Mercer's Panacea.** ALSO, DEALER IN

**Wines, Liquors, etc.** Orders from Abroad Solicited

Seattle, January 1, 1872. M. R. MADDOCK.

J. LANDSBERGER, ANFAD HARASZTY.

**I. LANDSBERGER & CO.** MANUFACTURERS OF

**Sparkling Wine,** DEALERS IN

**Choice Native Wines and Brandies** 423 to 429 Jackson Street, SAN FRANCISCO, December 1, 1871.

**To Rent.** THREE OFFICES IN THE DISPATCH BUILDING—2d floor. Apply to LARRABEE & WHITE.

LORD & HALL, CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Also, Dealers in DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS, SIDELIGHTS, AND TOP LIGHTS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS; WEIGHTS TO WINDOWS, BLINDS AND DOOR HANGING.

Jobbing and Repairing of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch. All orders promptly attended to. Patronage solicited.

M. B. We have just received, by recent arrivals, a large invoice of all kinds of goods suited to our trade, and are better prepared to meet the wants of the public, in our line, than any other house in this city. We are also prepared to

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