



Puget Sound Dispatch.

LARRABEE & CO. Publishers and Proprietors. TERMS: Single Copy One Year, \$3 00; Six Months, \$2 00; Three Months, \$1 50; Single Number, 12. Payable invariably in Advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING: One Square of 12 Lines, 1st Insertion, \$2 00; Each Subsequent Insertion, 1 00; Yearly and quarterly advertisements at the lowest rates.

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AGENTS: Olympia, Capt. Frank Tarbell; Seattle, Irving Ballard; Victoria, B. C., Charles McCormick; Port Townsend, George Barthrop; Port Discovery, M. McMahon; Snohomish City, E. C. Ferguson; Slaughter, Joseph Gibson; New York, Hudson & Menet; Portland, L. Samuels.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY. KING COUNTY: Orange Jacobs, Judge of District Court; David T. Denny, County Judge; Lewis V. Wyckoff, Sheriff; Gardner Kellogg, Auditor; Oliver C. Shroyer, Treasurer; George F. Whitworth, Surveyor; William H. Shoudry, Assessor; Josiah Settle, Coroner; Peter Saar, Henry L. Yealer, and Francis Mc Natt, County Commissioners.

CITY OF SEATTLE: John T. Jordan, Mayor; George McConaha, Clerk; Charles H. Burnett, Treasurer; C. C. Perkins, Recorder; L. V. Wyckoff, Marshall; Beriah Brown, City Printer; Frank Mathias, Corlies P. Stone, Amos Brown, Samuel F. Coombs, S. P. Andrews, L. B. Andrews, Charles W. Moore, Councilmen.

TERMS OF COURTS. SUPREME COURT: 2d Monday in January. DISTRICT COURTS: SEATTLE—1st Monday in February and August; PORT TOWNSEND—4th Monday in February and November; STELLACOOM—2d Monday in January and July; OLYMPIA—3d Monday in March, and 2d Monday in November; VANCOUVER—2d Monday in April and 3d Monday in October; WALLA WALLA—2d Monday in May and 4th Monday in September; OSTEVILLE—3d Monday in July; TACOMA CITY—4th Monday in October; FORT COVILLE—2d Monday in June.

MAILS: The Seattle Mails arrive and depart as follows: Oregon, California and Atlantic States, via Olympia, Tacoma and Steilacoom: Arrive Mondays and Thursdays, 6 o'clock, A. M. Depart Tuesdays and Fridays, 10 P. M. Close 9 P. M. Victoria, etc. Ports Madison, Gamble, Ludlow and Townsend, Tuesdays and Fridays, 10 P. M. Depart Mondays, 6 15 A. M.; Thursdays, 5 15 A. M.; Close 6 A. M. and 9 P. M. Whatcom, via Mukilteo, Snohomish, Tulalip, Coppeville, Coveland, Utsalady, Lacomber, El-dige and Samish: Arrive, Wednesdays, 8 P. M. Depart, Mondays, 9 A. M.; Close 8 30 A. M. Franklin, via White River and Slaughter: Arrives, Wednesdays, 7 P. M. Departs, Tuesdays, 7 A. M.; Close 6 30 A. M. S. Noqualmie, via Black River and Squak: Arrives, Wednesdays, 8 P. M. Departs, Tuesdays, 7 A. M.; Close 6 30 A. M. Port Orchard, via Port Blakely: Arrives, Tuesdays, 11 A. M. Departs, Mondays, 11 A. M.; Close 10 45.

JAMES MC NAUGHT, JOHN LEARY, McNAUGHT & LEARY, Attorneys at Law, Seattle, W. T. Will practice in Supreme and District Courts of Washington Territory.

JOHN J. MCGILVRA, Attorney at Law, SEATTLE, W. T. Will attend to business in all parts of the Territory.

GEORGE N. MCCONAHA, WALDO M. YORK, MCCONAHA & YORK, Counselors, Attorneys, Solicitors in Chancery, and Procutors in Admiralty. Offices—No. 1 and 2 Dispatch Buildings, SEATTLE, W. T. W. M. YORK, Notary Public. 20

GEORGE H. LARRABEE, WM. H. WHITE, LARRABEE & WHITE, Counselors, Attorneys at Law, AND Solicitors in Chancery, (Dispatch Buildings,) SEATTLE. Will practice in the Supreme and District Courts. DR. G. A. WEED, SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN, Office on Commercial Street, one door north of J. R. Robbins's. Office hours from 9 to 12, a. m., and from 2 to 5, p. m. Residence on First street, two and one-half blocks from Mill street, north. [2274]

IRVING BALLARD, Attorney & Counselor at Law, Stellacoom, W. T. Will practice in the Courts of Law, Chancery, and Admiralty of Washington Territory. Office on Commercial street.

McNAUGHT & LEARY, SEATTLE, W. T. Real Estate and Tax Agents, REAL ESTATE bought and sold. LOANS negotiated. CLAIMS collected.

FOR SALE. LOTS IN CITY OF SEATTLE, improved and unimproved. Also, LANDS in King, Kitsap, Snohomish and Island Counties. Tracts at HOLMES' HARBOR, CAMANO ISLAND, MUKILTEO, PORT TOWNSEND, PORT DISCOVERY, NISQUALLY, etc. etc. Also, several Bond Land FARMS, under cultivation, on the White, Black, Cedar, and Duwamish Rivers. AGENTS—For Remington and Osgood, New York; Benjamin Flint, San Jose, California, etc. etc. McNAUGHT & LEARY, JOHN LEARY, Seattle, W. T. Aug. 28, 1871. 15tf

Seattle BREWERY SEATTLE, W. T. STUART CRICHTON, (Successor to Crichton & Bettis) PROPRIETOR.

Ale, Beer, Porter and Lager Beer, Superior Quality, in Wood and Bottles. Draft Ale and Porter per gallon, 50 cents; Bottled Ale and Porter, bottles to be returned, per dozen, \$2 50; do. do. do. for shipment, \$2 25. Lager Beer at usual rates. Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Call and sample the above. Call for Crichton's Ale, Porter or Lager Beer when you want a good drink, and be sure you get it. Seattle, Nov. 13, 1871.

NOTICE!! TO THE PUBLIC! AS THE OLD "SNUG SALOON" HAS GONE FROM US, NO MORE COLD TEA Can be got there.

BUT The people of Seattle mutually agree that they can't get along without SAM RAYMOND And his COLD TEA, at the ORO FINO! Signed by SAM RAYMOND, and 10,000 others. DOUBLE AND SINGLE BED-ROOMS—by the day or week. 7tf

R. ABRAMS' LIVERY STABLE, Cor. Commercial and Washington Sts. SEATTLE, W. T. This Livery Stable is in the centre of the city, and to persons desirous of having Buggies, Carriages, and spirited saddle animals, can find them at this stable. Horses boarded by the day or week. R. ABRAMS, 15tf

J. A. McDONALD, B. MURPHY, PONY SALOON, KEPT BY McDONALD & MURPHY, Commercial Street, Opposite Schwabacher's. This is the place to visit to have the inner man replenished—and not drugged. Cigars, Tobacco, Wines and the best of Liquors always on hand. 15tf KOHLER & FROHLING GROWERS OF AND DEALERS IN California Wines and Brandy, 626 Montgomery Street (Basement Montgomery Block.) San Francisco. December 1, 1871. 12

Law Department.

The Maynard Land Case.

In the Matter of the Donation Claim of D. S. Maynard and wife, before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Olympia, W. T. The history of this case is as follows: On the 26th day of October, 1853, D. S. Maynard filed Notification No. 407, of his claim to a donation under the Act of February 14th, 1853, showing by his affidavit, residence in Oregon Territory from the 16th day of Sept. 1850; and residence, with proof thereof, on his said claim from the 3d day of April, 1852. That from the time of the commencement of his residence within the Territory until the 24th day of December, 1852, he was intermarried with Lydia A. Maynard who then deceased; and on the 15th day of January, 1853, he intermarried with Catharine T. Brashears. On the 30th day of April, 1856, said D. S. Maynard made his proof of residence upon and cultivation of his said claim from April 3d, 1852, to April 3d, 1856; and on the 14th day of May, 1869, the Register and Receiver issued the regular donation certificate No. 440, to D. S. Maynard and Catharine T. Maynard his wife for said claim, apportioning the West half to the husband and the East half to the wife.

The Commissioner of the General Land Office, by his letter "D," dated July 21, 1871, held this to be Error, and that the heirs of Lydia A. Maynard were entitled to the certificate instead of Catharine T. Maynard, and instructed the Register and Receiver to call upon the parties interested to furnish "proof" of marriage with the said Lydia A. Maynard, and when received to "forward the same to this (General Land) Office together with the corrected certificate in favor of D. S. Maynard and the heirs at law of his late wife Lydia A. Maynard deceased." Notice was accordingly given to all persons interested in the Donation Claim of D. S. Maynard and wife to appear before the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office, at Olympia, Washington Territory, on Wednesday, the 6th day of March, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M.

When and where Lydia A. Maynard appeared by Attorney and in her own proper person, with proof of her identity as marriage with D. S. Maynard, and claiming in her own right the wife's portion of said donation claim, and that the same be re-apportioned by an East and West line bisecting the same; the North half to be assigned to the husband and the South half to the wife. All of which was contested by the Attorneys for the Grantees of D. S. Maynard and Catharine T. Maynard, his second wife. And upon these issues testimony was taken pro and con, and reduced to writing, and is filed herewith. From this it will be seen, the scope of inquiry was somewhat extended beyond the purview of the Commissioner's letter "D," of July 21, 1871.

Therefore, upon the original filing by D. S. Maynard of his notification No. 407, and his concurrent and subsequent proofs thereon, and the said letter "D," of July 21st, 1871, and the proof and evidence upon the issues now submitted to us, assuming all to be regular up to the granting of the final donation certificate and the apportionment of said donation claim, we find the following facts, viz:

1st. That Lydia A. Maynard was the legal wife of D. S. Maynard from the 28th day of August, 1828, until the 22d day of December 1852, and that she is still living. 2d. That on the 22d day of December, 1852, the bonds of matrimony unit then existing between D. S. Maynard and Lydia A. Maynard, were dissolved by act of the legislature of the Territory of Oregon, without notice to the said Lydia A. Maynard, and that at the time there was living two children, the issue of said marriage, Henry C. Maynard and Francis J. Maynard, and who are still living. 3d. That in the year 1850, said D. S. Maynard left his home and family in Loraine county, Ohio, with the avowed purpose of going to California to dig for gold and return to his family within eighteen months or two years. 4th. That Lydia A. Maynard nor either of her said children have ever received upon said claim, but that Catharine T. Maynard has resided thereon ever since her marriage with D. S. Maynard, in 1853. 5th. That dividing said claim by a north and south line or by an east and west line, in the former case the west half is more valuable than the east half, and in the latter case the north is more valuable than the south half, but that the difference is not quite so great in the latter as in the former; thus the south half would be somewhat more valuable than the east half, but the testimony conflicts as to the amount. 6th. That D. S. Maynard and Catharine T. Maynard, under their color of title have bargained and sold the entire claim to third parties, except two lots situated in the west half. It is therefore our opinion that on the 3d day of April, 1852, the incipency of the claim to a donation by D. S. Maynard as a married man, Lydia A. Maynard under her coverture entered with him thereon, and at once became invested with the fee, subject only to be defeated by the non-compliance of her said husband with the requirements of the donation act of 1850, as subsequently amended in 1853, and that her seisin having so attached could not be divested except by her own act; that the legislature of the Territory of Oregon, by its act of December 22d, 1852, at best simply dissolved the bonds of matrimony then existing between said D. S. Maynard and Lydia A. Maynard, without interfering in any manner with the vested rights of either party to any property they might have owned at that time. And in regard to the apportionment, we are of the opinion that the former Register and Receiver acted within the province of their authority in apportioning the West half to the husband and the East half to the wife, and think the same should not be disturbed even if there was no doubt of our authority to do so. The Donation Certificate will therefore issue to D. S. Maynard for the West half, and to Lydia A. Maynard for the East half of said donation claim, Notification No. 407. Signed, ROBERT G. STUART, Receiver, J. P. CLARK, Register. Dated this 8th day of April, 1872.

Political.

The Cincinnati Convention.

Below we give the call for the Cincinnati Convention, to be held May 1st: The following Declaration of Principles is signed by several hundred persons, prominent citizens, Republicans and Democrats, and a plan of organization was adopted. We earnestly urge those who agree with us in the general principles expressed, to form similar organizations in other localities, for the purpose of co-operating with us, in this and in other States, in obtaining the general objects expressed: We the undersigned, disregarding former political affiliations, and laying aside all mere partisan prejudices, and believing that the condition of the country demands such a course, do hereby pledge ourselves, each to the other, to unite in an earnest and persevering effort to promulgate and disseminate throughout the whole country the following principles, which we deem vital to the existence of this Government as a free and independent Republic, and under such name as a majority may hereafter adopt, when a permanent organization has been effected:

1. The only legitimate purpose of a tariff is to provide necessary revenue.
2. The support of the Constitution as amended, and the protection of the rights of every citizen under it.
3. Universal amnesty, and the restoration of fraternal feelings and relations among the people of the different States.
4. A steady return to gold and silver as the only sound and safe basis of currencies.
5. Opposition to the present caucus system in legislative bodies as corrupting, dangerous and at variance with the spirit of our institutions.
6. The inviolate maintenance of the public faith.
7. The abolition of the demoralizing "spoils system" by a thorough reform of the civil service.
8. Opposition to all secret political societies, and to violence and lawlessness, whenever of by whomsoever committed.
9. And that as our country progresses the General Government should more and more, within the limits of the Constitution, be confined to that which is general and common to the whole people; and to each state should belong the care and supervision of all that is fully reserved to it.

Creditor's Bill.

This is a suit in Equity, commonly known as a Creditor's Bill, filed by M. R. Maddocks, Crane & Brigham and Kohler & Frohling, the latter being San Francisco merchants, against Gardner Kellogg and Sarah A. Kellogg his wife. The opinion of the Court states the case fully enough to render the decision easily understood.

OPINION. JACOBS, C. J. This is a judgment Creditor's Bill, brought to remove alleged fraudulent obstructions to the levy of an Execution at law and to subject the property therein mentioned and described to the claim of Plaintiffs. 1. There is a motion for a separate answer by the wife of G. Kellogg. There is no doubt but what Complainers are entitled to the separate answer of the wife, she being the party to whom the alleged fraudulent conveyances were made. The motion is allowed and the separate answer ordered. 2. There is a motion by the Defendants to dismiss the bill. This suit was commenced and bill filed in the name of M. R. Maddocks and all the other judgment creditors standing in similar relations. The motion is founded on the fact that Defendants have paid M. R. Maddocks' demand in full with costs of suit up to the time of payment. Before such payment however the other creditors of Gardner Kellogg had, by petition duly filed in the Clerk's office, asked to become parties to the suit and by an order duly entered on the Order Book, their petition was granted, as of course, by the clerk acting as Register in chancery. It is contended, that with a few exceptional cases, (and only by permission of court) creditors not specifically named as parties in the bill could only come in under the decree. I am well satisfied that this formerly was the rule but I am also well satisfied that under the rule as held by the Supreme Court of the United States, the other creditors can come in under the bill, Myers vs. Fenn, 5 Wallace 207. My judgment is that the other creditors were parties to the suit before the payment and satisfaction of the demand of Maddocks and that if they have any equity they are entitled to prosecute the suit for their own interest. Hence I dismiss the suit as to Maddocks but continue it as to the other parties. If they have any equities I am ready to hear them. Hence I over-rule the motion to dismiss the Bill. But while I do this, I am not satisfied, so far as these other creditors are concerned that they are in a position to ask for the equitable interposition of the court so far as their demands are concerned. It is true that they have judgments but they never have taken out execution upon said judgments. They have alleged as an excuse for the same, not the insolvency of the judgment debtor, but the issuance of an execution would have amounted to nothing. I am not satisfied that such an allegation would supply the want of the issuance of an execution and the return by the officer of nulla bona. See 1 Wallace 330. While I overrule the motion to dismiss I leave to the Defendants the right to raise the question as to whether there is any equity in the bill as the case now stands by demurrer—plea or answer as they may think best. Note. It may be of importance to the profession to know that when there may

be a conflict of authorities upon any point, if the Supreme Court of the U. S. have distinctly decided that point I would feel myself compelled to give preference to the Federal tribunal.

Railroad News.

The ship Zouave was advertised at New York to load with railroad iron for Kalama, and was to sail about 1st inst. Hubert C. Ward, C. E., left here last week with a surveying party for Snake river; he is to survey a line from the Palouse to Fen d'Oreille Lake. On Monday evening, the steamship California brought 1708 sacks of oats and barley (100 tons) to be delivered at Kalama which was consigned to J. B. Montgomery, the contractor on the temmle extension. This invoice was from Puget Sound. It is said that 500 bails of hay are soon to be landed here from the same direction, also to be consigned to Mr. Montgomery. This indicates that a large number of teams will soon be employed on the Montgomery contract. Mr. M. sent about eighty head of stock from here to winter at Walla Walla, which has not yet been returned, but these invoices of hay and grain indicate that they are soon to be at grading.

On the whole forty miles in the con- tracts of Montgomery and Hallett, work is now in progress—grading, pile driving framing for bridges, getting ties, etc.; but till the close of summer, the work will not be closed so as to make a basis for reporting the results on the road preparatory for track-laying, which will be probably in September and October next. The car-shop frame is going ahead as fast as the saw mill can turn off the squared timber, which keeps about ten or twelve framers employed at the present time. The frame will all be ready next Wednesday, but as the foundation requires several days work to get ready for the sills, it is intended to raise the frame in about eight or ten days hence. Ass't Res. Eng. Hale commenced on last Thursday to run a gravel and grading train from the Kalama to town, for purpose of raising the main and side-tracks to grade; It is said the job will be completed before the expected June flood.—Kalama Beacon.

EXERCISE.—Exercise can kill as well as cure. To be taken advantageously it should be done with judgment. Some times a peculiar part of the body needs exercise, but the whole body is too weak to give it. In such cases only the part needing it should have it. But there is one rule which is applicable to all—never go against the instincts. Many persons have hurried themselves into the grave by endeavoring "to keep up" when they ought to be in bed; and they do "keep up," too, for so long a time that when they do take to their beds their strength is so completely exhausted that the system has no power to rise, and they fall into typhoid condition, and all is lost. When anything serious is the matter with domestic animals they court quietude and perfect rest. Sometimes we feel indisposed to exercise from sheer laziness; in all loose conditions of the bowels, debility, an instinctive desire to sit down and stay there is universal. In most of such cases quietude is cure. But there is one safe rule for all under all circumstances: If every step you take is with effort do not take another—go to bed; if you feel the better for a walk, then walk on; but stop short of great fatigue. The annual expenditure for liquor in Great Britain averages \$13 to every person.

WHINING.—There is a class of people in this world—by no means small—whose prominent peculiarity is whining. They whine because they are poor; or, if rich, because they have no health to enjoy their riches; they whine because it is too shiny; they whine because they have "no luck," and others' prosperity exceeds theirs; they whine because some friends have died, and they are living; they whine because they have aches and pains because they whine, and they whine no one can tell why. Now we would like to say a word to these whining persons. First, stop whining—it is no use, this everlasting, complaining, fretting, fault-finding and whining. Why you are the most deluded set of creatures that ever lived! Do you know that it is a well-settled principle of physiology and common sense that these habits are more exhausting to nervous vitality than almost any other violation of physiological law? And do you not know that life is pretty much as you make it? You can make it bright and sun-shiny, or you can make it dark and shadowy. This life is only meant to discipline us—to fit us for a higher and purer state of being. Then stop whining and fretting, and go on your way rejoicing. An Oregon paper speaks of the women in its vicinity as follows: So far as we know there is not a woman in Coos County who cares a straw about the female suffrage business, which seems to concern so many people elsewhere. The fact that the increase of children in the county in the last year was over four hundred and fifty may explain the reason why they don't care to vote—being otherwise employed.

How THEY CARRY ELECTIONS IN THE EAST.—By affidavits obtained by the Committee of Seventy-five, of Brooklyn, it has been proved that, at the last election, there was illegal voting in every Election District. Officials of all classes, either connived at dishonesty or openly took part there in. Dead men voted, some of them half a dozen times; men who challenged repeaters were promptly arrested by the police for disorderly conduct; in one District the Inspectors were caught changing ballots; in almost all of them the boxes were tampered with before the results were announced, and over 11,000 fraudulent votes were cast. The Committee of Seventy-five have done their work well; it remains for their constituents, the honest citizens of Brooklyn, to do theirs.

In Philadelphia, Henry W. Gray was returned to the State Senate against Alexander K. McClure. An investigation by a Senate committee it was shown that McClure was elected by over 1,300 majority. Whereupon the following resolution was adopted by the Senate: Resolved, That the return of Henry W. Gray, as Senator from the Fourth Senatorial District, is false and fraudulent, and that at the special election in said district, on the 30th day of January last, Alexander K. McClure did receive a majority of the legal votes cast therein, and is entitled to his seat in the Senate to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Hon. George Connell, late Senator elect from said district.

Mr. McClure then presented himself and was sworn in as Senator from the Fourth district. Mr. Gray was Administration Republican; Mr. McClure Independent Republican. Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, it is stated, has written a letter to a gentleman in Terra Haute, opposing the nomination of any Presidential candidate by the Democratic party. He does not, by any means, advocate the disbanding of the party organization, however. Judge Davis has written no formal letter of acceptance of the Labor Reform nomination for the Presidency, and it is said, does not intend to. He says many good men have been ruined by writing poor letters. It is pleasant to hear from old friends occasionally, if only in an incidental way we are therefore gratified to hear from good old Ben Wade. Somebody interviewed him the other day upon the political situation. He answered briefly, beautifully, pertinently and conclusively, "h-l is to pay all round."—N. O. Times.

An interior paper—we forgot its title and location—says that the other day a young man was walking out with some young ladies, when he found a small frog, and, holding it in the palm of his hand, brought it near his mouth, which he opened wide. The juvenile croaker, seeing what appeared to be a place of refuge, gave a jump into the cave. The young man looked very red in the face, and the ladies looked down in the mouth but the frog has never been seen from that day to this.

Puget Sound Dispatch

Vol. I No. 22. BERIAM BROWN, EDITOR. Seattle, Thursday, April 25, 1872.

BOORISH DISCLAIMER.—The first article under the editorial head of the last issue of the Intelligence—David Higgins, Editor—is as follows:

A DESPICABLE FALSEHOOD.—The statement made by the Editor of the PUGET SOUND DISPATCH, of the 18th inst., to the effect that the INTELLIGENCER is to be made a "party organ," is a DAMNABLE FALSEHOOD, and only could emanate from the pen of that infamous slanderer, S. T. MAXWELL.

Proprietor of Intelligence.

We were not before aware that the proprietary rights of the publisher of the Intelligence to his press and type extended to his editor, as is assumed by the foregoing card; besides, this exhibition of boorish egotism and malice, has no foundation in fact. The DISPATCH did not make the "statement that the Intelligence is to be made a party organ," so the "despicable falsehood" and the "damnable falsehood" of the "proprietor," is the creature of his own disordered imagination, so far at least as we are concerned. In speaking of the editor of that paper we said: "It is understood that by an arrangement with Gardner Kellogg, he is to be nominated for Joint Councilman on condition of making his paper a party organ." This statement was literally true; the nomination of David Higgins was urged by Mr. Kellogg; and others upon the express ground that by nominating him the support of the paper would be secured to the party; Mr. Higgins received 25 votes in the convention after his seat had been contested on the ground that he was not a Republican, but failed to receive the nomination. It was so generally understood that the object of his nomination was to secure the support of the paper, that probably no member of the convention was ignorant of the fact. Very likely that neither the editor or "proprietor" had specifically agreed to this arrangement, in which case a simple editorial disclaimer would have been conclusive, and all that the circumstances of the case demanded, and saved the "proprietor" from this exhibition of boorish insolence to his editor and mendacious malice towards a cotemporary. But little better could be expected from a fellow who resorts to unlawful gambling devices to extend the circulation of his Sunday paper, rejects communications protesting against manifest outrages upon public morals, for fear of "injuring his business," and for a few dollars makes his paper the advertising medium of a snaw brothel, and for pay becomes the "organ" of gamblers, pugilists and keepers of houses of prostitution.

JOHN LEARY, Chairman.

Secretary.

Motion made to strike out Keyser's name as one of the delegates of the convention, motion lost.

Motion made and carried that David Higgins be allowed a seat as one of the delegates of the convention.

Motion made and carried that the report of the Committee on Credentials be amended by permitting I. M. Hall to cast Keyser's vote in the Convention.—The report of the committee was then accepted.

The Convention then by vote declared the temporary, the permanent organization.

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of candidates for the respective county officers. The chair appointed J. Leary and W. H. Gilliam tellers. An informal ballot was had which resulted as follows: D. Higgins received 25 votes; D. Bagley, 11; L. B. Andrews, 10 and C. Clymer, 2.

Motion made and carried that delegates holding proxies should write the number of votes they were entitled to cast and sign their name on the ballot.

Motion made and carried that the convention proceed to a formal vote in the nomination of Joint Councilman which vote resulted as follows: Daniel Bagley received 34; D. Higgins, 21; C. Clymer, 1; L. B. Andrews, 7; Total, 63.—Mr. Bagley, having received a majority of the votes cast was declared the nominee, subject to the concurrence of the Kitsap County Convention.

Another informal ballot was had for Representatives, which showed 38 votes for L. McMillan; Dr. J. Settle, 24; C. Clymer, 4; G. M. McConaha, 1; D. Higgins, 4; Stark, 1; A. Gow, 1; L. B. Andrews, 1; Scott, 3; Blank, 1; L. B. Andrews, 1.

Motion was made and carried C. Clymer and L. McMillan be declared the nominees for Representatives.

Motion made and carried that the vote for Auditor be formal whereupon the names of W. H. Gilliam and G. Kellogg were proposed. The vote was as follows: G. Kellogg, 38 and W. H. Gilliam, 31. The vote was retaken upon the ground that more votes were cast than the Convention was entitled to, which vote resulted as follows: Kellogg, 37 and Gilliam 31; Total 68. Upon re-examining the report of the committee on credentials it was found that the Convention was entitled to 68 votes instead of 63 as was stated by the Secretary.

Mr. G. Kellogg having received a majority of the votes cast was declared the nominee for Auditor.

For Treasurer, the following names were proposed: O. C. Shorey, E. Hanford and L. P. Smith, the vote resulted as follows: O. C. Shorey, received 21 votes; E. Hanford, 7; L. P. Smith, 38, total 66. L. P. Smith having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for Treasurer.

For Sheriff, the names of H. A. Atkins and L. V. Wyckoff were proposed, the vote was as follows: H. A. Atkins received 34 votes; L. V. Wyckoff, 33, total 67. H. A. Atkins having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for Sheriff.

For Probate Judge, the names of D. S. Smith and John Webster were proposed, upon vote, John Webster received 45 votes and D. S. Smith, 5, total, 50. John Webster having received the highest number of votes cast, was declared the nominee for Probate Judge.

The names of E. Bryan, Scott and C. T. LeBallester were proposed for Assessor, upon vote, the result was as follows:

E. Bryan received 21 votes; Mr. Scott, 29; C. T. LeBallester, 17, total votes, 67. Neither Candidate having received a majority of the votes cast, the convention then balloted again for the nomination of Assessor; before voting, motion was made and carried that the name of C. T. LeBallester be not used. The votes then resulted as follows: Bryan received 29 votes and Scott 35, total, 64. Mr. Scott receiving a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee of the Convention for Assessor.

For County Commissioners, Peter Saar was put in nomination for White River Precinct, and John McAllester, for Mox la Plush Precinct; D. Horton and John Leary for Seattle Precinct. Motion made and carried that Messrs. Saar and McAllester be nominated by acclamation. The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of a County Commissioner for Seattle Precinct, which vote resulted as follows: John Leary received 37 votes; D. Horton, 29, total, 66. John Leary having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for County Commissioner of Seattle Precinct.

For School Superintendent, the names of Rev. G. F. Whitworth and L. B. Andrews. The vote was as follows: Rev. G. F. Whitworth received 28 votes; L. B. Andrews, 18, total 36. Rev. G. F. Whitworth having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for School Superintendent.

For County Surveyor, the names of Rev. G. F. Whitworth and W. B. Hall, were put in nomination. The vote resulted as follows: Whitworth received 20 votes; Hall, 25, total 45. W. B. Hall receiving a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee of the Convention for Surveyor.

For Coroner, S. G. Calhoun was nominated by acclamation.

For Wreck Master, R. H. Beatty was nominated by acclamation.

The Convention then proceeded to the election of Delegates to the Territorial Convention to be held May 29th, 1872, at Kalama.

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Rev. D. BAGLEY, Chairman, Geo. N. McCONAHA, Secretary.

DIRD.

In South Thomaston, Maine, April 3, 1872, Mrs. LUCRETTIA, wife of Hon. Ans. Combs, aged 75 years. She was the mother of S. F. Combs of this city and Mrs. Abby Packer of Port Madison.

MASS MEETING

ALL THOSE DESIROUS OF NOMINATING A PEOPLE'S REFORM TICKET, irrespective of party, are requested to meet at the Pavilion on Saturday, April 27, at 1 P. M. Seattle, April 20, 1872.

PERSONAL

JOHN H. STONER, formerly of Madison, Wisconsin, and lately of Cimmaron and Fort Sumner, New Mexico, can hear of something to his advantage by communicating with his brother, JAMES M. STONER, Madison, Wisconsin.

There is a letter addressed to the above named John H. Stoner in the hands of the editor of the DISPATCH, Seattle, Washington Ter.

Important to Merchants!

Great reduction in Candy

IN CONSEQUENCE OF A DECLINE IN THE price of sugars, the undersigned, proprietors of the

Portland Candy Manufacturing, Have made a corresponding reduction in the price of Candies, amounting from Two to Five cents per pound.

All Candies sold by us are warranted to be manufactured from

DOUBLE REFINED SUGAR.

A full assortment of all kinds of Nuts constantly on hand, and sold at a small advance on San Francisco prices.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

ALISBY & HEGLE, No. 107 First street, opposite the Post Office, Portland, Oregon, April, 1872. 1m22

PROPOSALS

WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNDERSIGNED for clearing the East half of the Maynard Donation Claim.

Specifications to be seen at my office. CHAS. H. LARABEE, Attorney in fact of LYDIA A. MAYNARD, Seattle, June 25, 1872.

ISAAC A. PALMER, Architect and Builder, SEATTLE, W. T.

WILL MAKE DRAFTS, PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS and Estimates for Buildings of every description.

Office with Palmer, Bro. & Co., on Mill street, opposite Occidental Hotel. 21t.

map show the fact of the thermometer here at 60° and at Portland, Maine, 20°. Cherry trees in full bloom here, and ice 2 feet thick there, with trains snow-bound on all the roads.

Marshall Bliss, who ran against Garfield as an independent Republican candidate, was on Saturday last elected Delegate to the Republican Territorial Convention, over Gen. Ferry, the Garfield candidate, in one of the most hotly contested elections ever held in this Territory. Political rings are evidently getting unpopular.

The Republican County Convention.

The Delegates to the Republican County Convention, ordered to be held on this, the 20th day of April, A. D. 1872, assembled at the County House.

They were called to order by Dr. J. Settle, Chairman of the Central Committee, and on motion made the Rev. Daniel Bagley was chosen temporary Chairman and G. N. McConaha and F. H. Whitworth, Secretaries.

The Chair then appointed D. Horton, J. Leary, H. Vanasselt, L. McMillan and M. Stark, Committee on Credentials.

The Convention then took a recess of ten minutes; after which time J. Leary, acting as Chairman of the Committee on Credentials reported as follows:

To the Chairman of the County Convention held at Seattle, April 20, 1872.

The Committee on credentials beg leave to report the following delegates and proxies for the several districts or precincts of the County:

Lake Washington Precinct, Wm. Hoffmann, 5 votes.

Freeport Precinct, J. C. Hornbeck, 3 votes; Dr. R. H. Lansdale, 2.

Cedar River Precinct, John McIsaac, 2 votes.

White River Precinct, I. K. Stark, 1 vote; Thos. Alvord, 2; Louis McMillan, 1; S. P. Willis, 2; Jos. Brannen, 1; Mr. Scott, 1; Mr. Gow, 1; Dr. L. W. Ballard, 1.

Mox la Plush Precinct, J. Horton, J. Dunlap, E. Carr, S. B. Foster, H. Vaadup, M. Anderson, S. J. Holgate and F. M. Byrd, 1 vote each.

Dolan's Camp Precinct, Robt. Abrams proxy, 1 vote.

Snoqualmie Precinct, Daniel Bagley, 2 votes.

Seattle Precinct, D. M. Crane, 1; D. Higgins, 1; J. Settle, 1; D. Horton, 1; Daniel Bagley, 1; L. P. Smith, 2; I. M. Hall, 1; John Webster, 1; L. V. Wyckoff 1; J. Waddell, 1; E. Hanford, 1; J. R. Robbins, 1; Robt. Abrams, 1; David Graham, 2; George F. Whitworth, 1; G. N. McConaha, 1; A. B. Young, 3 (1 for Keazer and one by Proxy); D. N. Hyde 1; Dr. Calhoun, 1; Wm. H. Gilliam, 1; Gardner Kellogg, 1; R. W. Pontius, 1; John Leary, 1; M. A. Kelly, 1; O. C. Shorey, 1; E. Bryan, 1; J. H. Payne, 1; J. C. LeBallester, 1; F. H. Whitworth, 1; Chas. Batchel, 1; Amos Brown 1; Total number of Delegates, 68.

Your Committee also beg leave to state that D. Higgins was objected to as a Delegate and refer the said vote to the Convention. D. Horton, Chairman.

JOHN LEARY, Chairman.

Secretary.

Motion made to strike out Keyser's name as one of the delegates of the convention, motion lost.

Motion made and carried that David Higgins be allowed a seat as one of the delegates of the convention.

Motion made and carried that the report of the Committee on Credentials be amended by permitting I. M. Hall to cast Keyser's vote in the Convention.—The report of the committee was then accepted.

The Convention then by vote declared the temporary, the permanent organization.

The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of candidates for the respective county officers. The chair appointed J. Leary and W. H. Gilliam tellers. An informal ballot was had which resulted as follows: D. Higgins received 25 votes; D. Bagley, 11; L. B. Andrews, 10 and C. Clymer, 2.

Motion made and carried that delegates holding proxies should write the number of votes they were entitled to cast and sign their name on the ballot.

Motion made and carried that the convention proceed to a formal vote in the nomination of Joint Councilman which vote resulted as follows: Daniel Bagley received 34; D. Higgins, 21; C. Clymer, 1; L. B. Andrews, 7; Total, 63.—Mr. Bagley, having received a majority of the votes cast was declared the nominee, subject to the concurrence of the Kitsap County Convention.

Another informal ballot was had for Representatives, which showed 38 votes for L. McMillan; Dr. J. Settle, 24; C. Clymer, 4; G. M. McConaha, 1; D. Higgins, 4; Stark, 1; A. Gow, 1; L. B. Andrews, 1; Scott, 3; Blank, 1; L. B. Andrews, 1.

Motion was made and carried C. Clymer and L. McMillan be declared the nominees for Representatives.

Motion made and carried that the vote for Auditor be formal whereupon the names of W. H. Gilliam and G. Kellogg were proposed. The vote was as follows: G. Kellogg, 38 and W. H. Gilliam, 31. The vote was retaken upon the ground that more votes were cast than the Convention was entitled to, which vote resulted as follows: Kellogg, 37 and Gilliam 31; Total 68. Upon re-examining the report of the committee on credentials it was found that the Convention was entitled to 68 votes instead of 63 as was stated by the Secretary.

Mr. G. Kellogg having received a majority of the votes cast was declared the nominee for Auditor.

For Treasurer, the following names were proposed: O. C. Shorey, E. Hanford and L. P. Smith, the vote resulted as follows: O. C. Shorey, received 21 votes; E. Hanford, 7; L. P. Smith, 38, total 66. L. P. Smith having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for Treasurer.

For Sheriff, the names of H. A. Atkins and L. V. Wyckoff were proposed, the vote was as follows: H. A. Atkins received 34 votes; L. V. Wyckoff, 33, total 67. H. A. Atkins having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for Sheriff.

For Probate Judge, the names of D. S. Smith and John Webster were proposed, upon vote, John Webster received 45 votes and D. S. Smith, 5, total, 50. John Webster having received the highest number of votes cast, was declared the nominee for Probate Judge.

The names of E. Bryan, Scott and C. T. LeBallester were proposed for Assessor, upon vote, the result was as follows:

E. Bryan received 21 votes; Mr. Scott, 29; C. T. LeBallester, 17, total votes, 67. Neither Candidate having received a majority of the votes cast, the convention then balloted again for the nomination of Assessor; before voting, motion was made and carried that the name of C. T. LeBallester be not used. The votes then resulted as follows: Bryan received 29 votes and Scott 35, total, 64. Mr. Scott receiving a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee of the Convention for Assessor.

For County Commissioners, Peter Saar was put in nomination for White River Precinct, and John McAllester, for Mox la Plush Precinct; D. Horton and John Leary for Seattle Precinct. Motion made and carried that Messrs. Saar and McAllester be nominated by acclamation. The Convention then proceeded to the nomination of a County Commissioner for Seattle Precinct, which vote resulted as follows: John Leary received 37 votes; D. Horton, 29, total, 66. John Leary having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for County Commissioner of Seattle Precinct.

For School Superintendent, the names of Rev. G. F. Whitworth and L. B. Andrews. The vote was as follows: Rev. G. F. Whitworth received 28 votes; L. B. Andrews, 18, total 36. Rev. G. F. Whitworth having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee for School Superintendent.

For County Surveyor, the names of Rev. G. F. Whitworth and W. B. Hall, were put in nomination. The vote resulted as follows: Whitworth received 20 votes; Hall, 25, total 45. W. B. Hall receiving a majority of the votes cast, was declared the nominee of the Convention for Surveyor.

For Coroner, S. G. Calhoun was nominated by acclamation.

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Office with Palmer, Bro. & Co., on Mill street, opposite Occidental Hotel. 21t.

1872.

SPRING TRADE.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON, Brick Store, Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE AND WAREHOUSE,

The most extensive Stock of Merchandize in our line

North of San Francisco, to which we are adding by every Vessel and Steamer from outside arriving at this Port.

To the Trade and the public generally we return our thanks for past favors. Our mutual transactions in business, heretofore, is our chief claim for increased patronage.

The rapidly increasing Trade of this City with the Merchants of the Sound Ports warrants our present importation.

The Stock now on hand, as usual, consists of,

HARDWARE, in great variety,

GROCERIES, of the best qualities and assortment,

BREADSTUFFS, of several grades,

Teas and Coffees;

General Supplies for Families and Outfits for

Farmers, Miners, Loggers, Joiners, Blacksmiths, Shipwrights,

etc. etc. etc.

Our Stock of WINES AND LIQUORS is also equal to the requirements of the trade, and consists of the

Most Choice Brands, Foreign and Domestic.

An examination of the Stock and prices is solicited.

We have extended our WHARF, and made it in all respects FIRST CLASS. Shippers and Importers will find it to their interest to have their goods landed here.

AGENTS FOR THE IMPERIAL Fire Insurance Comp'y, OF LONDON.

Seattle, W. T., April 25, 1872.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE, District of Washington Territory, ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, OLYMPIA, April 10, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Assessment List for 1872 (including the tax upon income derived during the year 1871), will be open for public examination and correction, from the 15th to the 28th day of April, 1872, at my Office in Olympia, at which time and place appeals in writing will be received and determined relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations, by the Assessor or Assistant Assessor, returned in said List. JAMES R. HAYDEN, U. S. Assessor.

Subpoena.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE THIRD Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish.

George F. Frye and Lewis V. Wyckoff, Plaintiffs, vs. William F. Johns and Frances E. Johns, his wife, Defendants.

United States of America, Greeting.

To William F. Johns and Frances E. Johns, his wife:

You are hereby commanded, that you and each of you, personally appear before the Judge of the District Court

Puget Sound Dispatch.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

Seattle, Thursday, April 25, 1872.

GEOGRAPHICAL SITUATION OF SEATTLE: Latitude 47° 36' N. North. Longitude west from Greenwich 122° 19' m. 40 s.—5. Longitude west from Washington 45° 13' m. 38 s.—5. Difference from Greenwich time, 8 h. 00 m. 18 s.—7. Difference from Washington time, 3 h. 01 m. 17 s.—7.

Authorized Agents for this Paper. BEAN & CO., 410 Montgomery street, San Francisco. L. P. FISHER, San Francisco. L. SAMUELS, 93 Front street, Portland.

To the Citizens of King Co.:

Having received the nomination for Sheriff at the Convention held at this place on the 20th inst., I take this method of signifying my acceptance of the nomination, and also of thanking my fellow-citizens for this mark of their confidence. Although receiving the nomination at the hands of a Republican Convention, I believe any public officer is necessarily the servant of the whole people, and as such I hope to merit and receive the suffrages of all parties, without distinction, at the ensuing election.

H. A. ATKINS. Seattle, April 23d, 1872.

Mr. Editor:—Will you please inform the public by what authority the Board of County Commissioners pension an attorney of this city as County Attorney? That is, where's the law for such a thing? and if no law, than why it is necessary to pay out the people's money for such a purpose? Then, too, how much money has been paid this Attorney, and what has he done for it?

TAX-PAYER.

BLOOMING STOCK.—Gen. Stevens has removed the flock of Cotswold and Leicester sheep to an island farm; and so the farmers of King county have allowed this fine stock to be carried away.—Gen. S. purchased these animals at \$20 per head and they are worth at least \$100. They were brought here from Australia by Capt. McGillis, an enterprising young Englishman who intended to establish a stock farm in this vicinity, but for some unexplained reason abandoned the idea. The sheep then passed into the hands of our fellow-citizen John Leary, Esq., and were by him sold to Gen. Stevens. In a year or two our farmers will be paying Gen. S. \$50 a head for lambs.

WEEK!—By a private letter from Plattsburg, N. Y., of date March 31, we are told that on that day the snow was from one to two feet in depth and the ice on Lake Champlain from thirty to forty inches thick. On that day in Seattle the mercury stood at 60°, and cherry, peach and pear trees were in full bloom. That's what's the matter!

We direct attention to the new advertisement of Messrs. Crawford & Harrington. The establishment of these gentlemen cannot be excelled on the Pacific Coast outside of San Francisco.

Mr. Crawford, of the firm of Crawford & Harrington, left on the North Pacific this morning, for a trip down east to be gone a couple of months. We wish him a pleasant visit and safe return. In the meantime the gallant junior member of the firm will keep things ageing in first rate style.

The bark Jonny Pitts sailed on Tuesday last for San Francisco. She took a full load of lumber and five passengers, among them our fellow-citizen Mr. Hopkins, who, in connection with Mr. Anderson, is to establish a first-class Furniture Store in this city.

INTERESTING DECISION.—We publish under our law-head this week an interesting decision from Chief Justice Jacobs, in the case of Muddocks et al. vs Gardner Kellogg and Sarah A. Kellogg. As this is the first instance of the filing a Creditor's Bill in this Territory the result will be watched with much interest by the Legal and Mercantile community.

ICE! ICE!—The bark Osmynd hauled around to Yesler's wharf on Tuesday last and commenced discharging her cargo of ice. Numbers of our citizens gathered to see the first ice landed in Seattle, and as the huge crystals slid rapidly to their bed in the ice-house, we saw several new comers nudging the old settlers as much as to say—"Juleps, my boy, ice-cream, my boy, cobblers, my boy." The next gathering will be when the morning train over the Snoqualmie brings the first load from the ice-houses on Lake Kitcheloes.

Col. Larrabee this morning left for San Francisco and Los Angeles, on professional business, expecting to be gone about a month.

Judge McFadden, the spontaneous and unanimous candidate of the Democracy for Congress, was in town last evening. We did not interview him on political matters.

We are indebted to Capt. Wright, of the Zephyr, Capt. Belmont, of the Ruby, and Gen. Hovey, of Port Gamble, for favors.

Another 2,000 bushels of potatoes on Crawford & Harrington's wharf to go by the California to Portland. So it commences. In a few years we will be able to supply the whole of Oregon with farm produce.

Wm. H. Humphrey has been appointed local agent of the London and Liverpool and Globe Insurance Company for Seattle and King County.

LIVERY.—Robert Abrams has just received some stylish buggies and carriages and is now prepared to furnish an elegant turn-out in his line.

We are indebted to Levy Bros. of the Seattle Soda Works, for late London papers.

PAINTING.—The large oil painting by Wm. Fife, of the Town and Harbor of Seattle, including a beautiful view of Mount Ranier, which has been on exhibition at the ware-room of Russell & Shorey for some months past, has been sent to Washington for exhibition by Messrs. John H. Martin and T. S. Bassell.

Stone & Burnett's new pile-driver is nearly ready for service.

The earth is nearly removed for the foundation of the Schwabacher Block.

Salmon Trout in abundance are in market.

Our city has been full of strangers the past week looking up farming lands, town lots, etc.

The frame of the new Baptist Church is erected.

The Bark Cesarwitsch arrived on Tuesday and lies at the Coal wharf.

The good ship "Marmion of Seattle" is loading at Freeport. Captain Boyd says his ship was becalmed for 5 days 100 miles S. W. of San Francisco.

Gen. Sprague and Col. Morris were in Olympia last week. The former declines being a candidate for Congress, of course.

Mr. L. B. Andrews the indefatigable Clerk of Court is generally spoken of as one of the delegates to the Philadelphia Convention. A good selection.

Anderson commenced to build his new Furniture Warehouse, next door to the Post Office, on Tuesday last.

MACHINERY FOR THE SOUND.—The Oregonian of Wednesday last contains the following: A large logging truck, portable engine and a boiler were taken away last evening on the California. Their destination was Olympia. The machinery is to be used in connection with the portable saw mill of I. R. Moores & Co., near that place. We learn that this firm have the contract for sawing out a large number of railroad ties for the Northern Pacific Railroad Company.

She also carried away two engines and a boiler for Victoria, B. C. This machinery is to be used in propelling a small steamer that is being built at that place by Hon. Allen Francis. The steamer will ply on the Sound waters as a trader.

A mistake. Allen Francis' steamer is on the ways at Robinson's ship yard in Seattle, and the machinery lies in the same place.

Thanks to Mr. Garfield for a set of the Congressional Globe, at the hands of Counsellor Leary.

The great rivers of America are wonderful, but they cause bilious, intermittent and remittent fevers, to which people who live near the Mississippi, Missouri, Arkansas, Red, Ohio, James, Tennessee, Roanoke, Mobile, Alabama, Savannah, Cumberland, and many others, during the warm and dry seasons, are particularly subject. Such disorders are largely caused by a torpor of the digestive organs and a clogging up of the liver. To correct those vital organs, restore energy, and prevent these diseases use DR. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA VINEGAR BITTERS, which long trial has shown, are a certain remedy in all cases.

Telegraphic

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—At a meeting of the Republican Reform Committee this evening, resolutions were adopted endorsing the nomination of Gen. Hartwell for Governor, and favoring the nomination of Grant for President.

NEW YORK, April 17.—An immense meeting to endorse the administration of Gen. Grant and advocate his re-nomination, was held to-night at Cooper Institute. The demonstration, in point of numbers and enthusiasm, in social and representative character, has rarely been equalled in New York. Every seat was filled and a force of police was present to prevent filling up the aisles. Many thousands were compelled to remain outside. The platform was thronged with prominent citizens, among them Thurlow Weed, Peter Cooper, A. T. Stewart, Wm. Orton, H. B. Claffin, C. Vanderbilt and E. Morgan. W. G. Vanders, President of the Workingmen's Union of New York, writes: "You can state to the meeting that the Workingmen's Central Union of the State of New York, numbering nearly 20,000, will vote and work for re-election of Gen. Grant."

LONDON, April 17.—The counter case presented at Geneva in behalf of the British government, and which was laid before the House of Lords last night, was printed this evening. It says the situation of the neutrals in the views presented in the case of the American government, would be one of perpetual and unremitting anxiety, surrounded by dangers, harassed by a

crowd of new obligations which nothing but sleepless vigilance could satisfy, whilst the lapse of even one subordinate officer would be visited with heavy national penalties. Private commerce would be subject to minute inquisition and incessant supervisions; individuals would be tracked by spies and informers; the trade of belligerents would be fettered, and the hospitalities of the country guarded with precaution.

The ship Deery Castle has been burned at sea and two of the crew perished. The Court of Queen's Bench to-day granted, on motion of Mr. Ballentyne, a rule requiring Attorney General Sir John Duke Coleridge to show why the claimant to the Tichborne estate has not been admitted to bail.

BURLINGTON, Vt., April 17.—General Stewart, collector of customs, has resigned on account of a deficit of \$36,000 in his accounts.

LONDON, April 19.—The Augsburg Gazette affirms the correctness of the statement of the Daily Telegraph, that the invasion of France is imminent unless military preparations there are discontinued. It adds: "this is the purpose of the policy of Bismark." The Gazette says all German soldiers with unexpired terms, who were sent home at the end of the war, have been called to their corps. It is said there is no doubt the Telegraph's article yesterday is correct.

A News Berlin special denies the story of Bismark sending an ultimatum to the French government. Von Armin did convey a dispatch from Bismark, but its tone is very pacific and flattering to theirs; the German Premier stating his conviction that peace would endure between the two nations as long as theirs remains in power. He complains, however, of the distrust of the good intentions of Germany manifested by the people of France.

The Times describes the British counter case as conceived in a grave statesmanlike spirit. While the American case reads like an advocate's speech to a jury in a trial for assault and battery, England's reply reads like the utterance of a judge.

The Telegraph says that Americans, studying with impartiality the counter case, find reason to fear not only for their claims, but for something more. Instance on instance of over-statement and inconsistency is brought against them, until the great fabric of laborious ingenuity trembles to the foundation.

Journalistic discussion of the American and British cases presented at the Geneva conference continues, and it is drawing a contrast between them very unfavorable to the American case.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—A World's special says it is asserted that the President is very anxious to adopt an aggressive policy towards Spain. He is only held back from precipitating critical relations with that country by the more cautious members of the Cabinet.

PORTLAND, April 19.—Geo. Carroll a submarine diver, while exploring the wreck of the steam tug Resolute, which exploded last week, became entangled in the machinery. After being down two hours, he was finally extricated. He died from the supply pipe bursting.

Henry C. Berringer was fatally shot by James Gordon, at Oregon City, this morning. Both were fishermen, and had a difficulty about a boat.

NEW YORK, April 20.—The Chicago Times has the following semi-official statement from Washington on the Alabama claims: "It is now very generally understood here that the Government insists upon maintaining its original position for the sole purpose of securing arbitration. The principle involved and the magnitude of the questions are great. The gain to be obtained by its decision has seemingly been overlooked in the discussion of the case. A decision disallowing the claims would really be of more advantage to this government, for future emergencies, than any award of damages, for the purpose of having this principle arbitrated and settled for all time to come, so that it might be a precedent in all future complications."

ST. LOUIS, April 21.—The State Woman Suffrage Association held its annual meeting yesterday, and elected officers for the ensuing year.

William Hurdell, a banker of Girard, Ill., who is alleged to have absconded last September with \$17,000 belonging to depositors, was brought back yesterday.

MATAMORAS, April 21.—Nine hundred Mexican cavalry, stationed at Cortinas' headquarters, revolted yesterday and attempted to kill Cortinas, who was rescued by the Fourth regiment. Seventy of the cavalry escaped to the revolutionists.

NEW YORK, April 21.—The London Telegraph of the 11th gives a report, said to be reliable, that many Alsations on military duty voluntarily enlisted in a German regiment of Landers stationed at Strasburg.

MADRID, April 21.—Newspaper organs of the Carlist party publish a manifesto of Dan Carlos, protesting against the late elections. It is signed by his Secretary, and declares that henceforth Carlos and his followers will protest against them only in the field.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 21.—A fire at Chambersburg, Pa., last night, destroyed ten stores and shops and two hotels.

Peter Waas was arrested here to-day for the murder of his wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 20.—The Flour market is quiet; jobbing rates for Extra are very firm at \$5 50 @ 6 12 1/2, according to the brand.

In Wheat nothing was done on Change to-day. Extra market, \$1 65 for inferior; \$2 for choice. Sale of 1,500 sacks fair coast at \$1 80.

Barley ranges from \$1 45 to \$1 65, all kinds. Coast, \$1 47 1/2; do. \$1 45; bright Bay feed, \$1 50. Oats \$1 60 @ 1 72; medium good, \$1 80 @ 1 85; fancy lots, good \$1 70; coast \$1 60. Hay, \$14 to \$22. Potatoes, 50 @ 90c., all kinds.

Marine Intelligence.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF STEAMERS. Str. NORTH PACIFIC, Capt. Starr, arrives from Olympia and Steilacoom on Mondays and Thursdays. S. A. M.; touching at Tacoma on Mondays; and from Victoria, Ports Townsend, Ludlow, Gamble and Madison on Tuesdays and Fridays, 3 P. M.

Steamer ALBA, Capt. J. G. Parker, jr. leaves Seattle Mondays, and Thursdays, for Olympia, touching at Tacoma and Steilacoom; arrives on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, making the trip each way by daylight.

Str. J. B. Libby, Capt. George F. Fry; leaves Seattle on Mondays, 9 A. M. for Bellingham Bay, via Mukeltoe, Tulalip, Compeville, Cowland, Utsalady, La Conner and Fidalgo Island; returning, arrives on Wednesdays, 8 P. M.

Str. RUBY, Capt. Belmont, daily to Port Madison and return.

Str. BLACK DIAMOND, Capt. Hill, at irregular periods to Duwamish, Black and White Rivers.

Str. MARY WOODRUFF, Captain — for charter to any part of the Sound.

Str. SUCCESS, Capt. Bell, daily ferry between Seattle and Port Blakely, carrying mails, freight and passengers.

Str. ZEPHYR, Capt. Wright, leaves Seattle Mondays and Thursdays, at 8 A. M., for Snohomish River and intermediate ports; returning on Tuesdays and Fridays.

Str. COMET, Capt. Randolph; regular trips to Duwamish and White Rivers.

The propeller California, from Portland via Port Townsend, arrived at this port on Friday morning last. She brought over about sixty passengers, of whom thirty-six were Chinamen, and the following list of freight:

CONSIGNEES—Seattle—Crawford & Harrington, 653 pkgs.; C. H. L., 2; E. F. Lange, 44; A. Francis, 1 boiler and engine, and 43; J. A. Woodward, 107; L. Reing, 48; Wm. Meydenbaur, 127; W. M. House, 2; J. Driggs, 13; J. R. Robbins, 4; R. S. & Co., 20; Stone & Burnett, 173; S. D. 5; S. R. & Co., 913; G. H. Stringham, 40; W. S. S. 4; E. A. M., 2; G. W. Hunt, 1; R. W. S., 1; T. H. S., 40; R. J. Moore, 5; and H. Jones, 1.

Olympia—A. S. C., 5 pkgs.; R. E. 2; B. G. M., 1; C. C., 10; E. N., 12; F. B., 18; Y. G. M., 1; H. S., 3; G., 1; G. E. B., 2; H., 2; J. C. T., 13; J. R. M., 32; J. S. & Co., 15; J. H., 8; J. G., 4; J. L. H., 11; L. M. K., 10; L. D. D., 1; L. H. F., 1; L. & B. B., 25; L. & R., 14; L. L. B., 40; S. W. P., 4; M. & Co., 551; E. G. R., 1; P. H., 25; R. M., 1; J. T., 2; R. P., 111; S. M. J., 112; S. C., 3; S. W. P., 2; S. W., 13; T. McC., 483; W. H. S., 2.

Steilacoom—C. & M., 89 pkgs.; C., 5; F. S., 87; P. & P., 85; P. K., 1; R. & Co., 175; J. S., 1.

Port Townsend—C. C. B., 1 pkg.; E. S., 280; G. B., 2; H., 96; J. A., 1; N. D. H., 10; R. & Co., 225.

Port Blakely—Renton, Smith & Co., 20 pkgs.

PORT BLAKELY.—Arrived: Ship Look-out 5 1/2 days from San Francisco, and bark Martha Rideout, 14 days from San Francisco, on April 20.

PORT MAMMON, April 23.—Arrived: bark Tidal Wave 12 days from San Francisco with 3 passengers and 100 tons of freight. Bark Vidette, 9 days from San Francisco. Bark Northwest, 7 days from San Francisco with 5 passengers. The latter vessel made the round trip from here and back in 27 days and was only four days in coming from San Francisco to the Straits.

PORT GAMBLE, April 23.—Bark Camden, Capt. Robinson, arrived from Sandwich Islands, making the round voyage from Port Gamble to Honolulu and back in the short space of 46 days; bark Powhattan, Capt. Blackstone, arrived from San Francisco, having made the trip down and back in 27 days; ship Panther, barkentine Victor, and Norwegian ship Gouldfax, loading lumber.

SPECIAL NOTICE. INDIGESTION is the cause of nine-tenths of all diseases the living machine is subject to. Give one to the stomach and digestive organs, and you will save more than half in your doctor's bills. Dr. Walker's California Bitters are recommended by all physicians to DESPERSIVE and for ALL COMPLAINTS of the LIVER AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS. See advertisement in another column.

Religious Notices.

PROTESTANT METHODIST CHURCH, Rev. David Bagley, Minister.—Services in the Brown Church every alternate Sabbath at 11 o'clock, A. M.; the other alternate Sabbath at 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Union Sabbath School and Bible Class immediately after morning service.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. George F. Whitworth, Minister.—Services in the Brown Church on alternate Sabbaths at 11 o'clock, A. M. and on the other alternate Sabbath at 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M. Union Sabbath School and Bible Class, immediately after morning service.

CATHOLIC CHURCH, Rev. Father Prefontaine, Minister.—Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock, A. M. and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M.

TRINITY PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. R. W. Summers, Minister.—Services every Sunday at 11 o'clock, A. M. and 7 1/2 o'clock, P. M. on Friday evening at 7 1/2 o'clock, Sunday School immediately after morning service.

MASONIC.

St. John's Lodge No. 9.—Stated Communications the 3d Monday in each month. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.

SEATTLE Chapter No. 1. R. A. M.—Stated Communications the 3d Monday in each month. Visiting Companions cordially invited are to attend.

SUGAR CURED HAMS! A LARGE SUPPLY OF CHOICE SUGAR CURED HAMS, of our own curing, for sale at 10 cents per lb. BOOT, FOS & BOST. April 4.

Groceries, Provisions, SUPPLIES!

STONE & BURNETT,

Wholesale and Retail DEALERS IN CHOICE Family Groceries,

Flour, Ham, Bacon, Teas, Coffee, Spices, Pickles, Ship and Steamboat Stores, At prices which will please the most frugal lovers.

Shelf and Building HARDWARE,

MINERS' and FARMERS' Tools and Implements, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Brush Hooks, Scythes, Froes, Grindstones, etc.

Crockery, Glass Ware, Paper Hangings, Paints, Oils, Turpentine, Tar, Pitch, Rosin, Oakum, Rope, all sizes from 1/4 to 6 inches, Blocks, Shieves,

Rigging, Canvas, Duck, Sail Twine, Red, White, and Green Lanterns, Oil, and Ship Chandlery generally.

We are offering our entire Stock at prices which defy competition.

In Boots and Shoes

We have a most complete assortment, consisting in part of Philadelphia, Boston and San Francisco make.

Ladies' Misses' and Children's Balmoral, Button and Congress, BOOTS.

Gent's, Miner's, Logger's Coarse, Kip and Calf Boots.

Also, Boys, and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers, Rubbers and Artics.

Dry Goods, CLOTHING

Furnishing Goods.

The best assorted Goods and cheapest prices on Puget Sound.

Our facilities are such that we can UNDERSELL any and all!

The proof of the Pudding is in the eating.

SEATTLE, W. T. oct. 15th.

SCHWABACHERS COLUMN,

"We may all be happy yet."

Are still in the field with their IMMENSE STOCK

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.

OF General Merchandize,

And are in the receipt of more by nearly every vessel arriving from SAN FRANCISCO.

Our stock consists in part of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps,

Boots, Shoes, Cigars and Tobacco, Groceries and Provisions,

Crockery and Plated Ware, Iron, Steel, Shelf Hardware

Yankee Notions, Carpets and Oil Cloths,

Paper Hangings, Wines and Liquors,

Hay and Grain, Coal, Lime,

BLACKSMITH and JARPENTER TOOLS,

Farming Implements.

In fact EVERYTHING, from a Needle to an Anchor.

We can undersell any firm on Puget Sound laying claim to respectability, for we buy our stock in the best markets

FOR CASH, AND can put Goods below SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

Thankful to the public for past favors, we cordially extend an invitation to all with the assurance that

NO EFFORT AND SATISFY.

Shall be spared to please

We have on the way from EASTERN and CALIFORNIA MARKETS, a large and well selected stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which we shall offer at the lowest rates possible.

We call the special attention of the trade, with the assurance that we can furnish supplies at Wholesale Prices, and lower than can be purchased elsewhere.

SCHWABACHER BROTHERS & CO.

Seattle, W. T., Aug. 28, 1871.

Notice! Notice!

If you wish to see the LARGEST STOCK OF General Merchandize Eyed brought to this Territory, just drop in to the Store of SCHWABACHER BROS & CO.

For Snohomish! Str. ZEPHYR,

WILL MAKE TWO TRIPS A week from Seattle to Carlsby and return. Leave Seattle on Mondays and Thursdays, at 7 o'clock, A. M., touching at Mukeltoe and Tulalip. Return on Wednesdays and Fridays. December 1, 1871.

U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIP

North Pacific, CAPT. E. A. STARR.

LEAVES OLYMPIA FOR VICTORIA EVERY Sunday and Wednesday at 10 o'clock, P. M. Touching at Steilacoom, Tacoma, Seattle, Port Madison, Port Gamble, Port Ludlow, and Port Townsend; arriving at Victoria on Mondays and Thursdays at 3 o'clock, P. M. Leaves Victoria for Olympia every Tuesday and Friday, at 12 o'clock, P. M., touching at the same ports, and arriving at Olympia at 5 o'clock, A. M. of the following Wednesday and Saturday.

FARES: Olympia to Steilacoom..... \$1 50 " Tacoma..... 2 00 " Seattle..... 2 00 " Port Madison..... 2 50 " Port Gamble..... 3 50 " Port Ludlow..... 3 50 " Port Townsend..... 5 00 " Victoria..... 5 00 Return fares at the same rates.

The steamer is new, staunch, and all her appointments first class. Passengers can rely upon arriving at their destination on schedule time. December 1, 1871.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

LEAVE WHARF, CORNER FIRST and BROAD STREETS, punctually at 12 o'clock, noon, on the 3d and 17th of each month (except when either date falls on Sunday, then on Saturday preceding), for PANAMA, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's splendid steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Through tickets sent to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brast, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen and Norway.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA. Steamer leaves on the first of every month, punctually at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hing and Nagasaki.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, at their wharf, corner of First and Broad streets. ELDRIDGE & IRWIN, Agents.

S. DRIARD'S HOUSE, Colonial Hotel Branch.

The Proprietor of the above Hotel begs to tender his thanks to his numerous patrons and to announce that, for the accommodation of the travelling public, he has purchased the brick building formerly known as

The St. George Hotel,

which he has fitted up in FIRST CLASS style for the RECEPTION OF FAMILIES. In connection with his old and well known Hotel, EVERY COMFORT PROVIDED. Victoria, August 26, 1871. 3m15.

American Hotel, Yates Street, Victoria, B. C.

The Proprietor would respectfully inform the travelling public that the American Hotel, having been recently improved in all its departments, he is now prepared to offer superior inducements to his Patrons and the public in general.

AT REDUCED PRICES. Board and Lodging per week..... \$1 00 " Meals—Breakfast, 6 1/2 to 11 o'clock; Lunch, 12 to 2; Dinner, 5 to 7. Victoria, August 26, 1871. 3m15.

E. A. FARGO, Importer and Jobber of Brandies, Wines and Liquors.

316 Front Street, corner of Commercial, SAN FRANCISCO.

LLOYD WHISKEY!

Sole Agents on the Pacific Coast for the sale of the celebrated LLOYD KENTUCKY WHISKEY. December 1, 1871. 11f.

STAR SALOON

Home and Farm.

BUNS.—One cup butter, one cup sugar, half-cup of yeast, half-pint milk, make it stiff with flour, add, if you like, nutmeg.

BATTER PUDDING.—One quart milk, six eggs, twelve tablespoons flour, nutmeg. Bake and serve with sauce.

WINE WREY.—Take a pint of milk, let it come to a boil, take it off the fire, add two wine glasses of wine, let it remain perfectly still till it curdles; strain it and let it cool.

TO CLEAN WHITE OSTRICH FEATHERS.—Wash them well in soft water with white soap and blue, if you can get the blue, if not, use the white soap-stone; rub them through white, clean paper, beat them on the paper, shake them before the fire, dry them in the air by waving them with the hand to and fro. Afterwards curl them.

"PECULIARS," OR GRAHAM PUTTER.—To one pint of Graham flour, add one pint of milk and one egg; stir in the flour slowly, till it becomes a smooth (not thick) batter. Use no soda, nor yeast. Bake immediately. The best bakers are of cast iron, with twelve sockets which must first be heated, then greased, filled, and instantly returned to the oven. If new; the pans should be scoured with soap and sand, then greased, heated and rewashed. Puffs may also be made without the egg, with milk and water. They may also be made of rye flour or corn meal. The corn meal requires an egg. This receipt is sufficient for twenty-four puffs.

INK STAINS FROM BOOKS.—First wash the paper with warm water, using a camel's hair brush for the purpose, by this the surface ink is got rid of; the paper must now be wet with a solution of oxalate of potash, or better still, oxalic acid in the proportions of one ounce to half a pint of water. The ink-stains will immediately disappear. Finally, again wash the stained place with clean water, and dry it with blotting paper.

TO HULL CORN.—Take one quart of strong lye, prepared as for making soap, and two quarts of water. Put the corn into this for boiling, and let it boil till the hulls begin to start, which you can find out by washing a few kernels in cold water. Then take the corn out, and rinse it in one or two waters. Put it in cold water again, and let it remain over the fire until it boils; after boiling five minutes rinse it till all the lye is removed. To cook it, boil four hours slowly, add salt to your taste, and let it boil half an hour more.

RICE MERINGUE.—Pick over one teacup of rice wash clean, and boil in water until it is soft. When done, drain all the water from it. Let it get cool and then add one quart of new milk, the well-beaten yolks of three eggs, three table spoonfuls of white sugar and a little nutmeg; pour into a baking dish and bake half an hour. Let it get cold; then beat the whites stiff, and add two great spoonfuls of sugar, flavor with lemon and vanilla, and spread it over the pudding, and slightly brown it in the oven. Be careful not to let it scorch.

SAUSAGE.—A farmer's wife writes: This is a recipe that has descended in our family, and I never ate sausage that was better. Those who do not like pepper might diminish the quantity: For 30 lbs. of meat, well cut, add, 12 oz. fine salt, 6 oz. pulverized sage 4 oz. black pepper, 2 table-spoonfuls of mustard, and summer savory to the taste. The mustard prevents the seasoning from rising in the stomach, so that savory can be used with safety.

Pickled eggs are easily prepared and most excellent as an accompaniment for cold meats. Boil for half an hour three dozen eggs, remove the shells, and pack them when entirely cold in a wide-mouthed jar large enough to let them in or out without mashing or breaking. Turn as much vinegar as you think will cover them entirely, and boil in it white pepper, allspice, a little root-ginger, and, if desired, a very small quantity of garlic. Salt to taste. A few tiny onions put in the jar some may think an improvement. When the vinegar has boiled enough to extract the spices, take them out and pour it over the eggs, cork tightly when cold, and in a month they are ready to use.

A Job of Wood Sawing.

BY AMY RANDOLPH.

"It's no joking matter, Mr. Allaire," said Miss Penderter.

"Of course it isn't, Miss Penderter," said Mr. Allaire, rather more soberly than he had spoken before.

"But if you come to that, isn't it a deal jollier, and just as cheap, to laugh as to cry?" Miss Penderter was a tall, blooming brunette, with dark brown eyes, hair satin black, and a good healthy bloom on either cheek, and her green gingham dress fitted her as perfectly as if a Broadway modiste had cut and made it.

Ferdinand Allaire was a handsome young fellow of some five or six and twenty, whose dark sparkling eyes sent out roguish gleams from beneath a pair of arched brows, and whose teeth were as white as a fresh cut slice of cocoa-nut.

"But mother wants the money," persisted Miss Penderter.

"Not half so badly as I do, Miss Penderter."

"It's too bad," pouted Miss Penderter.

"So it is. But really, Miss Penderter, don't you suppose I would pay her in a minute, if I had the money? If, for I'm not a magician whose word can turn a

basket of scrap paper to bank-notes, or make coons out of the cinders under the grate."

"That's nonsense!" said Miss Penderter.

"Of course it is. Sense is at a discount just at present. Look at the pile of manuscript, if you don't believe me, that no editor will buy; see those elegant oil paintings that De Beaudin declines respectfully to hang up for sale! What's a fellow to do!"

"At least," said Miss Penderter, tossing her handsome head, "you ought to pay your honest debts!"

"I know that, my dear," said Mr. Allaire gravely. "And I've written at least seven earnestly entreating letters to my hard-hearted old uncle, and of the seven answers that ought to have come back, the first one hasn't made its appearance. Miss Penderter, I've an idea!"

"Pshaw!" said Miss Penderter, trying in vain to maintain the severe gravity of aspect that was rapidly thawing beneath the merry sparkle of the sloe-black eyes.

"But I have, really. Suppose you take me in part payment of my bill to Mr. Penderter. I believe I have the elements of a first-rate husband about me."

Miss Penderter turned resolutely away.

"Mr. Allaire, I believe you'd joke if you were upon your dying bed."

And she went down stairs.

"A man might do worse than marry Miss Penderter," said Mr. Allaire meditatively. "She's pretty, and she's spirited; and as for her mother keeping a boarding-house, that's no particular objection in my eyes. Hallo! What's that commotion outside!"

He threw up the window-sash and stretched himself half-way out. Mrs. Penderter, a stout, thrifty matron, in frilled cap and lilac ribbons, was bargaining with a ragged itinerant of the gipsy order to have a load of wood which had just been deposited at her door, sawed and split and stowed into the cellar.

"Couldn't do it for less than four dollars, mem," said the Bohemian of the streets.

"It isn't worth three!" cried Mrs. Penderter.

"Worst kind o' knotty wood, mem."

"I won't give a cent more than three," persisted Mrs. Penderter.

"Very well, it'll be to somebody besides me," said the man, shouldering his axe and passing indifferently on.

He supposed that Mrs. Penderter would call him back and accede to his terms, but he was mistaken in the burrow widow's mental calibre. She was turning in-doors again, when, to her surprise, she found herself confronting Mr. Ferdinand Allaire in his shirt sleeves.

"I'm your man, ma'am!" said he, rubbing his white palms briskly together.

"My goodness gracious!" ejaculated the widow, "what do you mean Mr. Allaire?"

"I mean that little job of wood-sawing," said our hero. "Bring on your axe and saw. I'll do it for three dollars, and turn it in toward our small account. Now then, ma'am, wide awake, if you please!"

"But—I beg your pardon, Mr. Allaire, if you please—you're a gentleman!"

"Very well, what of that? Is there anything to prevent a gentleman splitting up a cord of wood? A great deal more strengthening to the muscles of the arm than dumb-bells and Indian clubs, I am sure."

"Are you really in earnest?"

"Yes, I am."

And then Mrs. Penderter, seeing no reason why she should not realize a portion at least of the back board for the third-story hall bed-room in this practical manner, sent Jack, the errand boy, down after the axe and saw, and Ferdinand Allaire set briskly to work, whistling "Banks and Brass" most energetically as he toiled.

Miss Penderter came and looked out of the window, her eyes shining merry encouragement, and her mischievous mouth framing itself in dimples. Miss Lavina Jones, the elderly maiden lady who occupied the back parlor, pursed up her lips, and wondered "what ridiculous freak that madcap of a Mr. Allaire would be up to next?" Young Jessamy of the Occidental Club nearly got run over, starting back in amazement at seeing Ferdinand at work; and Miss Adele Maurice, with whom he had led the German, three nights before—for our hero was what is called a "society young man"—stared with all her eyes, and like priest and Levite in the parable, passed by on the other side.

"Let her go," said Mr. Allaire to himself; "What do I care?"

But as an open barouche rolled by, and a stick of viciously-minded wood spun from the rending stroke of the axe directly into the velvet-cushioned seat, opposite a tall, white-haired old man, who sat there in dignified state, our hero looked up apologetically.

"I beg your pardon, sir—I didn't mean—" he began politely.

And then he stopped, in amazement. It was Mr. Laurence Allaire, the very grim old uncle who had refused to countenance the unreasonable nephew who presumed to prefer literature and the belles-lettres to a seat in the banking-house of Allaire & Algrove.

"Now I'm done for past redemption," groaned Mr. Ferdinand to himself.

"Uncle Laurence was quite angry enough with me before, but now he'll have a text to preach a sermon that will last him the rest of his life. The

prodigal eating husks—the Israelites making bricks in a land of captivity. I told you so, and it serves the young scapegrace right. Now what evil genius sent my uncle Laurence down this street just now, of all times in the world? He cut me out of his will three months ago; now he will add a special clause of obloquy and disgrace. Well, I can't help it!"

Old Mr. Allaire had opened his keen blue eyes very wide at the unwonted sight of his aristocratic nephew splitting wood; but it had not produced exactly the effect upon him which Ferdinand so darkly prophesied. He sat up as straight as ever in his carriage, gravely meditating.

"Stokes!" said he to his coachman.

"Sir?" said Stokes.

"Drive to Mr. Pennawinks."

"Yes, sir," said Stokes.

"Didn't know the boy had so much pluck in him," said Mr. Laurence Allaire to himself, stroking his frost-white mustache. "The only relative I've got in the world, after all; no use in making an obstinate old stage uncle of myself. Pennawinks."

"Yes, sir," said the lawyer, from his leather-covered chair, as Mr. Allaire walked into a stuffy little office smelling of law books and stale cigar smoke.

"I want my will restored to its original form Pennawinks."

Mr. Pennawinks elevated his shaggy gray brows, but made no other sign of amazement. *Ni admirari* was his motto in legal matters.

"Very well, sir. I'll bring it round to-morrow," he answered.

"No, you'll not. You'll do it now, while I am waiting. Now is the accepted time, for old men like me, Pennawinks."

"Exactly so!" said Mr. Pennawinks.

"So Mr. Ferdinand has reformed?"

"Well—no—I can't say that exactly," said the old banker stiffly. "But there's more genuine stuff in the lad than I had any idea of. I shall invite him to dinner this afternoon."

But Mr. Allaire had issued his last dinner invitation.

"Apoplexy," said one doctor.

"Heart disease," said a second.

"Paralysis—clearly paralysis," asserted a third.

And Ferdinand Allaire heard the news just as he was buttoning on his gold cuff studs, after finishing the job of kindling wood—the best job, had he but known it, that he ever undertook in his life. His uncle Laurence was dead, and he was the heir.

"Jemima," said Mr. Allaire, composedly walking into the dining-room where the pretty Jemima was polishing goblets. "I'm going away."

"I've heard it all," said Jemima, "and it's like a story paper exactly. Who could have thought things were going to turn out so? Not I, certainly?"

"Nor I," said Mr. Allaire. "Jemima?"

"Well," said Jemima, surveying a flaw in the glass of one special chalice with eyes full of resolutely repressed tears.

"You wouldn't take me this morning, when I offered myself to you."

"Of course that was all nonsense," said Jemima.

"It might have been nonsense then," said Ferdinand, "but it's sober earnest now. I can keep a wife decently now, Jemima, will you have me?"

"Yes, I will," said Jemima, laughing and crying at the same time.

And that was what came of Ferdinand Allaire's job of wood sawing.

A Colorado man chased by wolves was saved by his plug hat which blew off and fell in front of the ferocious animals; they had never seen one before, and while they held a meeting to inquire into its nature, he reached a place of safety.

W. W. DODGE & CO.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Groceries and Provisions.

Corner Front and Clay Str's, SAN FRANCISCO.

Seattle Drug Store.

W. T.

M. R. MADDOCKS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

AGENT FOR

Mercers' Panacea.

ALSO, DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, etc.

Orders from Abroad Solicited

M. R. MADDOCKS.

Seattle, January 1, 1872.

DISPATCH BUILDINGS.

North Western Land Agency,

SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED an Agency for the

Purchase & Sale of Lands.

Will attend to the Payment of Taxes in all the Counties

West of the Cascades.

Will, through a

LOCAL AGENT

In each County, guard Timber Lands against depredations.

C. H. LARRABEE, & Co.

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100 ACRES Choice Land adjoining Olympia—on Budd's Inlet—west side. Price \$20 per acre.

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FIVE 200 ACRE FARMS—two-thirds rich prairie, the balance timber—well watered and near navigable stream. Price \$5 per acre, part on time.

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3,160 ACRES, suitable for farms, towns and cities, on Crescent Harbor, Oak Harbor, Penn's Cove and Holmes Harbor. Price from \$5 to \$50 per acre.

On Whidby Island—80 acres at \$12 50; 100 acres at \$6; 80 acres at \$4.

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2,000 ACRES Choice Timber Land lying immediately on west shore of Port Discovery. Price \$5 per acre.

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AT THE THIRD GREAT CITY OF THE SOUND, 40 acres eligibly located, \$40 per acre; 60 acres adjoining present town, \$30 per acre; 600 acres on east side of Townsend Bay, \$10 per acre. 20 acres at \$4; 15 acres at \$25.

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2,322 ACRES on Lake Washington, choicest selections. Farming and timber lands. Water front. Price \$5 to \$50 per acre according to location.

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VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY!

FOR SALE.—Sixty feet fronting on the Bay, in the business part of Seattle. Inquire of

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FOR SALE.

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ON CAMANO ISLAND—80 Acres at \$4 50; 40 Acres water front, \$5.

MUKILTEO—80 Acres at \$8.

PORT TOWNSEND—15 acres at \$25.

BELLINGHAM BAY—60 Acres at \$12 50.

SEATTLE—20 Acres at \$20.

C. H. LARRABEE & CO.

(Dispatch Buildings.)

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Having made large additions to our Job Department

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DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS, SIDELIGHTS, AND TOP LIGHTS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS; WEIGHTS TO WINDOWS, BLIND AND DOOR HANGING.

Jobbing and Repairing of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

All orders promptly attended to. Patronage solicited.

N. B. We have just received, by recent arrivals, a large invoice of all kinds of goods suited to our trade, and are better prepared to meet the wants of the public, in our line, than any other house in this city. We are also prepared to

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WESTERN TERMINUS BUILDING,

Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

June 19th, 1871.

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HE AD OF COMMERCIAL ST., Seattle, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING BOUGHT out his partner, has thoroughly refitted his store and replenished his stock, and offers superior inducements to the trade, both

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His stock consists of a large assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Lamps, Lamp-Chimneys, Oils, Fancy Goods, Druggists' Sundries, &c., &c.

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STUDENT'S SAFETY LAMP,

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MATTHEW A. KELLY.

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REAL ESTATE AND TAX AGENT.

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BOOTH, FOSS & BORST,

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Having recently enlarged and refitted this market, we call the especial attention of the public to its neatness and style—priding ourselves on having established a market that is a credit to the growing interests of Seattle.

This market will be supplied with choice

Meat and Vegetables,

Corned Beef and Pork, per barrel; smoked Meats, Pork, Sausage, Bologna Sausage, Head Cheese, Tripe, etc., etc.

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Orders respectfully solicited.

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