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Puget Sound Dispatch.

Vol. 2. SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1873. No. 15.

Puget Sound Dispatch.

BROWN & SON,
Publishers and Proprietors.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One Square of 12 Lines, 1st Insertion, \$1.00
Each Subsequent Insertion, 50
Yearly and quarterly advertisements at the lowest rates.

JOB PRINTING
of every description done at the most reasonable rates.

AGENTS:
Olympia.....Capt. Frank Tarbell
Seattle.....Jacob Hoover
Victoria, B. C.....Charles McCormick
Port Townsend.....George Barthrop
Fort Stevens.....M. McJannet
Snohomish City.....E. C. Ferguson

McNAUGHT & LEARY,
Seattle, King County, W. T.
Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery and Proctors in Admiralty.

MR. LEARY WILL GIVE PARTICULAR
attention to the purchase and sale of
REAL ESTATE.

Collections &c.
Loans negotiated.

City property, Timber and Agricultural lands for sale

McNAUGHT & LEARY
11.42

JOHN J. MCGILVRA,
Attorney at Law,
SEATTLE, W. T.

Will attend to business in all parts of the Territory.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. J. C. GRASSE, DENTIST. Office in Stone & Burnett's new building on Commercial street. All work warranted. oct. 24.

DR. G. A. WEED,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Office, Stone & Burnett's new building. Office hours from 9 to 12, a. m., and from 2 to 5, p. m. Residence on First street, two and one-half blocks from Mill street, north. m27f

THOMAS T. MINOR,
Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE—Next door to the Custom House,
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.
361f.

A. Mackintosh,
Notary Public and Conveyancer,
REAL ESTATE AND TAX AGENT.

Has a complete Abstract of Title to all Lands in King County. Will attend to the purchase and sale of Lands anywhere on Puget Sound. Special attention paid to the transfer of Real Estate and payment of Taxes. Patronage solicited and satisfaction guaranteed. Office on Mill Street, opposite the Occidental Hotel, Seattle, King County c23 f

D. PARKS,
Horse Shoeing Blacksmithing,
Etc., etc.,
COMMERCIAL ST., OPPOSITE THE UNCLE STATES HOTEL. mar11

STEAMER ZEPHYR
LEAVES SEATTLE FOR SNOHOMISH ON Monday mornings at 7 o'clock, and for Olympia on Tuesdays and Fridays.

STAR SALOON
—AND—
Ten-Pin Alley,
Commercial St., Seattle, W. T.
L. C. HARMON, PROPRIETOR.

THE best of Wines, Liquors and always on hand

CHAS. A. WHITE,
Surveyor, Draughtsman and Civil Engineer,
Olympia W. T.

A. BAGLEY, M. D.
Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
At the United States Hotel, Seattle W. T. jy16

GEO. N. McCONAHA,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
SEATTLE, W. T.

Particular attention paid to Collections
OFFICE:
In City Council Room Mill street. j111

SUCH IS LIFE!

The largest and best selected stock of General Merchandise Ever offered in this country, can be found at

Schwabacher Bros. & Co.

Our new two-story building is filled from Garret to Celar; all of which we offer at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION!!

Our past success in business is sufficient guarantee to the Public that they will be dealt with

ON THE SQUARE.

Our stock consists in part of the following, viz:

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars, Brushes, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Curtains and Window blinds, Shelf Hardware, Carpenter and Ship Chandlery and Cordage, Lime, Cement, Plaster of Paris, Hay, Feed, Cumberland Coal, Plows and other farming implements.

In fact anything and everything in general use in this country.

We do not import "Direct from England," but one of our firm keeps a Chinese servant whom he imported direct from Oregon.

We have a resident partner in the Market and our purchases are made to the VERY BEST ADVANTAGE.

To Country Dealers we would say, and say it in truth too, that they can make Saving by purchasing of us instead of going below.

Thankful for past patronage, we take this method of inviting the Public to give us a call and we guarantee that they shall not regret doing so.

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.

Seattle, Feb. 11, 1873.

Crawford & Harrington,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Hardware, Groceries,

Wines and Liquors,

Flour and Feed

SUGAR, TEA, TOBACCO, COFFEE ETC.,

Are continually adding to their Stock on hand to meet the increasing demand of the Puget Sound trade and the public generally.

Price List, not higher than San Francisco jobbing price.

Freight added.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Warehouse and Wharf adjoining Steamboat landing.

STORE AND OFFICE, COMMERCIAL STREET

SEATTLE, W. T.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON,

AGENTS FOR THE

Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

Seattle, December, 1872.

Centennial Commission.

In common with all the newspaper publishers of the Territory, we have been requested by Hon. Elwood Evans, Centennial Commissioner for Washington Territory, to call the attention of our citizens to the measures being taken to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of the Declaration of Independence, at Philadelphia, the place of its birth, in July, 1876.

At the request of patriotic citizens representing every State and Territory in the Union, Congress passed an act which was approved March 3, 1871, "To provide for celebrating the One Hundredth Anniversary of American Independence, by holding an International Exhibition of Arts, Manufactures, and products of the Soil and Mine, in the City of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy-six."

This act provided for a Commission, to be appointed by the President, to consist of not more than one delegate from each State and Territory, whose functions shall continue until the close of the exhibition, whose duty it shall be to prepare and superintend the execution of a plan for holding the exhibition; that the United States shall not be liable for any expenses attending such exhibition, or by reason of the same.

After the preliminaries had been arranged under this act, a suitable site had been fixed, and the State of Pennsylvania had guaranteed the erection of suitable buildings, Congress by act approved June 1, 1872, chartered a joint stock company, under the name of Centennial Board of Finance, with a capital stock of \$10,000,000, both the incorporators and the stock to be apportioned to the States and Territories according to population. This company is to provide for the expenses of the exhibition and receive the profits accruing from the same.

This stock is believed by the best financial men to be a good investment, financially considered only; that the receipts will return the capital invested with large dividends, and were it not for the limitation by apportionment, the entire capital stock would be taken by the capitalists. The act was intended to prevent this centralization of the management, and make the exhibition as broadly national as possible by securing to the people of every section the privilege of participating in its direction. The subscriptions to this stock in Philadelphia, as officially announced in a public meeting recently held in that city, amounted to \$1,737,330.

The amount of stock apportioned to Washington Territory is 621 shares at \$10 a share. Local pride and patriotic veneration for the honored name borne by our future State, ought to be a sufficient incentive to secure the contribution of that amount, if there was no other motive to prompt it. To permit the only State or Territory bearing the name of Washington to be unrepresented on such an occasion, would proclaim our people as thankless and degenerate descendants of a noble ancestry.

Gov. Evans, in a letter recently published in the Conrier, says:

"After travelling over much of the Territory, and canvassing some, I think no real difficulty exists in securing our full quota of subscription. Quite a number have expressed a desire to take stock, and I am happy to say, there is a lively interest in the success of the enterprise. For reasons unknown to me, subscription books have never been forwarded to this Territory, or if they have I have failed to receive them or hear of their arrival. The one hundred days allowed for each State and Territory to make up such quota has thus been denied to us. This privilege, however, can still be secured. I am equally persuaded that nothing has been lost by the delay, as our allotment was small, and the Commission will not be affected by any delay to answer, and our people will be more ready to act as the time draws nearer.

While I have not subscription books or certificates of stock to issue, still persons desiring to subscribe, if they will notify me as early as possible, I will endeavor to see their wishes gratified in due season. By the Rules of the Board the terms of payment are most easy for subscribers. Payment in full may be made when the certificates are issued; or if parties prefer to pay instalments, 20 per cent. may be paid at the time of subscription, 20 per cent. on or before May 1, 1873, 20 per cent. on or before July 1, 1873, 20 per cent. on or before September 1, 1873, and 20 per cent. on or before November 1, 1873. May I through your columns, while on this subject, authorize George A. Barnes & Co., at Olympia; Dexter Horton & Co., Seattle; Hon. Samuel W. Brown, at Vancouver; William Stevens, at Walla Walla, to receive such subscriptions. I think I can promise that the necessary subscription books can be supplied at an early day.

Not a word need be added to remind every citizen that contribution to this glorious enterprise is but a response to patriotic duty. Congress in its wisdom not only declined to undertake this grand

National duty—it even provided that not one dollar of Government funds should be expended in this Nation's tribute to its mighty dead, this glorification of a Centenary which has no parallel in the world's history, these glorious memories which cluster round the natal day of our Nationality. To the people it surrendered what should have been its work, and they, as in the war for Independence and again in the dire trial of the strength of popular government free institutions, having assumed this labor, it cannot fail. Already its success financially seems guaranteed. Still there is the duty of each State and Territory to do its part, as a component of the nation, in this truly national exhibit. Philadelphia has voted one-half million of her treasury. Her citizens have subscribed \$500,000 of the stock. Pennsylvania steps forward with a million more—and from every State and Territory come such tidings that there is no room for doubt. All this does not exempt us from our duty. As you say, "Washington Territory must not lag behind," she must assert her privilege to contribute her quota.

Mr. Editor, will not you and your brother journalists lend your valuable assistance to the end that our adopted home, shall not suffer from the tarnish that she "lagged behind" in a great national enterprise, in which she had as much at stake, as any State or Territory? Let us all vie with each other to make this great Exposition of American labor, of American industry, of American progress, of America's true exhibit that she is Independent, because she centres within herself all the elements of wealth, a triumphant success. In 1876, within the bearing of that sacred old bell upon Independence Hall, millions of our fellow-countrymen, from every section of the Universe, will participate in this Grand Jubilee. In that patriotic fervor there enkindled, that glowing but excusable pride in our first one hundred years' march to grandeur and power, all differences of the past will be forever forgotten. The spirit of Fraternity will be intensified and from the site where the Declaration of Independence was proclaimed in 1776, our people in 1876 will date their "new departure." In patriotism and progress they will make a new Declaration that the Second Centenary shall be a successor of the first, and in this new progress, Washington Territory with all parts of our common country, will share the common benefits and common glory.

Mr. Editor, Washington Territory will not "lag behind" in such a movement.

ELWOOD EVANS,
U. S. Centennial Commissioner, W. T.
Olympia, W. T., March 6, 1873.

Hospital.

SEATTLE, March 18, 1873.
MR. BROWN.—In compliance with the suggestion of Dr. Calhoun, I make this endeavor to obtain your sympathy and assistance in the matter of erecting a General Hospital in Seattle. Such an institution is much needed, and quite practicable it appears, and will not only afford a quiet and comfortable home for the sick, but will also benefit the city. A desirable lot, near the steamboat landing, and easy of access, also adjoining the salt water, has been secured; and a building sufficiently large for a time, could be built for two thousand dollars, and it could be raised by one thousand persons, taking shares at two dollars apiece; and most of persons would wish to take more. I have had the promise by some wealthy individuals, of liberal assistance. Will you Sir, advocate this scheme in the DISPATCH, and make such suggestions as occur to you, and we will be ever grateful.

Respectfully,
M. J. W.

We cordially sympathize in the objects of the foregoing communication, and would respectfully suggest that the end might be best attained by the least outlay of money, by taking the building lately occupied for the same purpose by Dr. Maynard. Surely no more skillful or experienced manager of such an institution could be found than Mrs. Maynard, and we have little doubt she would willingly engage in it under the direction of an experienced Surgeon or Physician. It would require but little ready money to start with, which we think could be readily raised for such an object.

DISOLUTION.—The firm of Nash, Ferry & Garfield, organized for the purpose of levying contributions upon the Starr Brothers, after a brief and inglorious career, have dissolved without credit or assets, accomplishing nothing more than putting the public to serious inconvenience for a short time, and bringing upon their own heads the execrations of all honest men who had any regard for the public weal. If Garfield is appointed Governor of Utah he will probably take Nash and Ferry with him, as there is a better field for slyster practice and confidence games.

Dr. B. R. Freeland, the distinguished Dentist, has gone to Olympia to remain till the 1st of May, when he will return to this city.

Whatcom Correspondence.

WHATCOM, March 17, 1873.

EDITOR DISPATCH.—As I had business over here at Whatcom last week, I left San Juan on the steamer Rose, Captain Francis, on Wednesday, and after calling at several islands, arrived here the following morning at 4 o'clock. The snow began to fall when we landed and by 7 o'clock enough had fallen to make the roads very muddy when it melted. When the weather cleared up I went out and the first thing that attracted my attention was the magnificent Bay, undoubtedly by far the best harbor on Puget Sound. Com. Wilkes in his report of his explorations on Puget Sound, says: "The shallowest of this wonderful archipelago is Bellingham Bay; yet the soundings at its entrance are from thirty to twenty fathoms, and the regular decrease to the shore, east, south and north, is from sixteen fathoms to three."

Seahome is where the coal mine is located, and everything around this mine betokens enterprise and thrift. The mine is being worked night and day, Sundays as well as week days. Ship Lookout, Capt. Wiggins, was towed out by the steamer Favorite, on Saturday last, bound for San Francisco, having on board 1,400 tons of coal and a few passengers. The ship Germania took the place vacated by the Lookout and commenced loading before the latter was out of sight. The Company's wharf is constructed for loading all kinds of vessels, and their coal chutes are so handy it only takes a few days to load the largest ship. There are 79 men employed in the mine, and the average product is 100 tons a day.

The town of Whatcom reminds one of Goldsmith's Deserted Village; but I see evidence of late improvements and signs of vitality are visible in every direction in and around the place.

Capt. Roeder's residence is within a short distance of the town, and his place is more like a comfortable farm home in one of the Western States than any place I have seen in many years' residence on this coast.

The residence of Hon. Edward Eldredge is about one mile and a half from the village, and as he is one of the oldest settlers in this section of the country, it is not to be wondered at that he should have one of the most comfortable homes that can be found on Puget Sound. His orchards, buildings, fences, in fact everything in and around his farm, show unmistakable signs of intelligence, taste, industry and thrift.

Mr. Eldredge's next neighbor is Uncle John Bennett, also a pioneer in this Territory, who has a fine nursery, which is kept in the very best of order, and is as nice a place as you would wish to see.

The roads were so bad that it was impossible for me to go back into the country, where I am told there are many beautiful farms under a high state of cultivation.

There is one store and one saloon in Seahome, and a public school with an average good attendance, where the children are making good progress under the careful and intelligent management of Miss Eldredge; also, a foundry, machine shop, blacksmith's shop, carpenter's shop, and in fact everything needed in a well regulated village.

At Whatcom there is one store, one large and commodious hotel, well furnished and decently kept, two saloons, a cooper shop, a tin shop and a saw mill.

The harbor is land-locked, so that when nearly all the other bays on the Sound are rough and stormy, this bay is as smooth as a mill pond; in other words, I am told that in the roughest weather the Indians cross the bay in canoes without difficulty.

When you take into consideration the many natural advantages that this place possesses, 1st, her land-locked harbor; 2d, her coal mines; 3d, her stone quarries; 4th, the site for a city, which for area and grandeur cannot be surpassed if equalled in the United States, and 5th, the largest range of excellent farming and of any county in this Territory, who can prognosticate the future of Whatcom county.

Three miles east of the town of Whatcom, is Lake Whatcom, 300 feet above the level of the bay, 14 miles long and from 2 to 4 miles wide, capable of supplying a city of the population of New York with as pure water as can be found in the world. With this immense fall, fire engines would never be required, for hose pipes could readily be brought into requisition on every corner.

There are many other things of notable interest in and around this section, but I must pass them over for the present, as I have already extended this beyond my first intention.

BARNEY O'RAGEN.

The Merchants' Transportation Company, organized for the purpose of establishing direct communication by steam between Puget Sound and San Francisco, have filed articles of incorporation and will soon be ready to receive subscriptions for stock.

Reform.

The first fruits of reform so largely demanded by the voters of this Territory, at the last election, has been realized in the removal from the most responsible office in the Territory of Fred. Drew, whose administration or the affairs of the office had won the commendation of all parties, and the appointment to the place of S. Garfield, a mere professional politician and place hunter, who had just received from the hands of the people such an expression of popular condemnation as is never made but upon the most extreme provocation. The President, in utter contempt of the popular expression and disregard of public interests, removes a faithful and upright public officer for the purpose of quartering upon the public treasury a notoriously venal political adventurer who had just been discharged from the service of the people for faithlessness to their trusts. Is this the way the President proposes to carry out his pledges to reform the civil service? or does he regard the people of the Territories in the light of subjects of penal colonies, whose rights or wishes no one is bound to respect.

INTERESTING DECISION.

The Grand Jury this morning reported to the Court that they had before them criminal charges against an insane man, and wanted instructions whether or not to indict him. Judge Greene told them that if one or more of the members of the jury were experts in the matter of insanity and could knowingly adjudge the accused in that condition of mind, they should not indict him. But if otherwise, and he himself did not presume the jury were competent to decide the question of sanity or insanity, they should indict the accused if the evidence against him was sufficiently strong to warrant his indictment. It would then remain for the defendant to prove his insanity, if on that ground were rested the defense, and the petit jury to render decision accordingly. The instructions were more full and clear than we could possibly give them here, and seemed to satisfy the jury and all present of their entire justice and legality.—Tribune.

MARVELOUS RECOVERY.

Early in the winter we mentioned the circumstances attending an accident to Mr. Danforth Parmele of this city. It will be recalled that while at work on his farm near the Dawamish river, he fell with two rails upon his shoulder, which crushed his thigh bone and otherwise bruised him to that extent that he lay helpless upon the ground for 48 hours before any one came to his relief. He was then removed to this city, and has since been under the treatment of Dr. Weed, with most astonishing success. The fractured bones have knit without shortening his leg and he is able to walk a little, with the prospect of a speedy return to perfect soundness. What makes this a remarkable case is the fact that Mr. Parmele is 66 years of age.

A NICE PLACE.

While at Olympia recently, we stopped at the Central Hotel, kept by James Morrison, and were so well satisfied with the character of the accommodations that we feel constrained to commend the place to others who have occasion to sojourn at Olympia. The rooms are well furnished and neatly kept; the food is of the best quality to be had in the market, well cooked and neatly served. The Central is a clean, quiet and nice place at which to stay.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Geo. C. Mansfield, a sporting character well known upon this coast, has for some days past exhibited signs of insanity. To-day he went to the coal wharf and precipitated himself head foremost to the beach, a fall of about fifteen feet. He sustained no other injury from the fall than a broken shoulder. He will be sent to the Insane Asylum.

The mails from Olympia were delivered here by the North Pacific, Thursday morning, and those for Victoria and the ports down the Sound were taken by the same conveyance. We hope this ends the grab-game from which the community has been suffering for some time past, and we shall have our mails regularly delivered, hereafter.

FALSE REPORT.

We are informed that the report that the Port Madison Mills were in the hands of a receiver in bankruptcy, is without any foundation in truth; that the business is under the sole management of Capt. Meigs, who enjoys the full confidence of all with whom he has business relations.

A COOL THEFT.

On Thursday evening, while Mr. Freeman was temporarily engaged at the back end of his store, a thief took a rifle from the show window in front, and walked off with it unnoticed, though the store is in the busiest portion of the town. Mr. Freeman thinks he knows the man.

THEATRE.

The Waldron Troupe performed to a very fair audience last evening, and gave general satisfaction. It is the testimony of all theatre-goers that this is decidedly the most talented theatrical company which ever played on Puget Sound. They will play again to-night.

Puget Sound Dispatch.

Vol. 3 - - - - - NO. 15
BERIAH BROWN, EDITOR

Incorporation.

The Merchants' Transportation Co. last week, filed with the Secretary of the Territory, a certified copy of incorporation, to run steamships between the several towns on Puget Sound and the City of San Francisco. Capital \$100,000, divided into 1,000 Shares at \$100 each.

The Trustees are: Capt. James S. Dawson, R. G. O'Brien, S. W. Percival, B. B. Tuttle, of Olympia; John Latham, of Steilacoom; Thos. S. Russell, J. B. Robbins and T. A. Wright, of Seattle; and D. C. H. Rothschilds of Port Townsend.

We hope to see our citizens subscribing liberally for Stock, when the subscription books are open, which will be in a few days.

The advantages to be gained by so doing, will be readily seen by every merchant who receives goods from below. The saving in time, in interest, and in freight, besides the profits derived by having the goods in the market in season, will amply compensate even taking the necessary funds from their business, for the time being.

We will say that a merchant pays for freight, during a year, from \$500 to \$1,000. That money is carried away, and its circulating benefits we are deprived of entirely. It is a tribute, that we must, under the present order of things, pay, and have paid, to corporations and monopolies, whose interests are not among us, and who care but for the money they can get from us.

The result is, an exportation of from fifty to one hundred thousand dollars yearly, that should and can be retained in our midst, by the merchants and business men generally, combining and running a line of Steamships in their own interests, making it a co-operating institution, and in due season, receive again as dividend, the monies paid out for freight, and thus retain for circulation at home the vast amounts that are yearly exported to enrich, and do enrich corporations, whose every interest is foreign to our own.

We have reason to believe that Seattle alone, will take from three to four hundred shares of the Stock of the Company, and thus secure the success of an enterprise so beneficial to every one of her citizens.

SUBSCRIPTION FOR SHARES.

I, _____, of _____, Washington Territory, do hereby subscribe for _____ Shares, at \$100 each, of the capital Stock of the Merchants' Transportation Company, and promise to pay the amount of _____ dollars, in U. S. Gold Coin, for said Stock, to the Secretary of said Company on receipt of _____ Shares of Capital Stock of _____.

Provided, That the Officers of said Company, shall not issue said Shares of Stock, until the amount of \$50,000 shall have been subscribed, and a meeting of the Subscribers shall have been held, of which at least, ten days' notice shall be given to said Subscribers.

GAME LAW.—We are requested to give notice that all persons violating the Game Law of this Territory will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. The following is the law, (See Statutes of 1869, page 399.) entitled "An Act for the Preservation of Game:"

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Washington, that any person who shall buy or sell, or kill for the purpose of selling, any elk or deer, from the first day of February to the first day of July, or any pheasant, partridges, grouse, prairie chicken or quail, from the first day of April to the first day of August in each and every year, or who shall at any time wantonly destroy any animals heretofore mentioned, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof before any court of competent jurisdiction, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding fifty dollars nor less than ten dollars, one-half to be paid to person making the complaint, the other half to the county in which the offense is committed.

The Secretary of the Navy publishes the following as the new regulations for the Naval Academy, for promotions in the Navy, etc.:

That from and after the 13th day of June, 1873, the term in the classes at the Naval Academy at Annapolis shall be six years instead of four, as now provided by law, and this provision shall first apply to the class entering in the year 1873 and to all subsequent classes hereafter. The course of instruction for cadet engineers shall include two years of service in the Navy, in addition to the service in the Naval Academy.

It is provided that the engineer officers, graduates of the Naval Academy, shall take precedence with all other officers with whom they have relative rank and according to actual length of service, the Chief Engineer having the same rank as the Medical and Pay Directors and Inspectors, and shall, when at sea, have the same pay.

His First Autobiography, Written at the Age of Thirty-one.

The New York Ledger of March 8th contains Horace Greeley's first autobiography, written in 1845, and never before published. The Ledger says that his sketch of the first thirty-four years of Mr. Greeley's life was written at the request of one of his oldest friends and admirers, without a view to publication. A few characteristic passages from this interesting literary fragment are given below:

"I was first sent to school when just three years old; and if you should ever happen to pass through the 'High Range' of Londonderry, near an old weather-beaten school-house, which was red thirty years ago, you can easily pick up some monstrous exaggerations of infantile achievements as a scholar. Spelling was my forte, as is natural for a child of tenacious memory and no judgment, and I recollect that it used to be the custom that the head of the first class and the next should choose sides for a 'spelling match' once a week or so. Now, I could spell well enough to be 'head' among thirty or forty numbskulls, whose incapability of learning to spell is even now a puzzle to me; but I had not wit enough to choose good spellers. On the contrary, I would choose little children, my playmates, who could not spell at all. After patience and counsel had both been exhausted, it was found necessary to break the old rule, and let the two next choosers. Some of these spelling matches were held in the evening, and it was difficult to keep such a baby as I awake. When the word came to me I had to be waked up to spell it; and I have lately found a story quite current that I could and did spell just as well asleep as awake!"

"But grammar came hard to me. I commenced at six years of age, and having but little schooling, wasted the best part of what I had for several years before discovered that our standard authors on that subject knew nothing about it—Lindley Murray especially, the intense blockhead, whose gross blunders I ought to have detected at 7 years of age, but did not till ten or eleven. The obtuseness of preception put me back sadly, and I had to learn what I know of grammar after I had devoted more time to it than it should have required in all. Ten weeks with the books we have now, are worth ten months such as I learned."

"I spent a part of the year ('31-'32) at my father's, but worked at my trade when I could find work. Jamestown, Chautauque county, New York; Lodi, Cattaraugus county, New York, and last, and longest, Erie, Erie county, Penn. Here I stayed five months, and, beginning at a very low estimate, was finally offered a partnership by the editor and printer for whom I worked. The concern was a very good one, but it looked as though I should have the work to do against another man's play, and I declined it—rather unwisely, I suspect. Later in July, 1831, finding no more work in that quarter, I started for this city, reaching here a few months under age, with \$10 in my pocket and not an acquaintance within two hundred miles. My clothes were scanty and seedy, my appearance green and unprepossessing; and I had a hard struggle to find work, and keep it. (Dave Hale, of the Journal of Commerce, insisted that I was a runaway apprentice, but he was in error.)

"There, you have my story. I did not mean to write such a yarn, but I never thought of writing on the subject before, and this has run off my fingers unconsciously. I ought to have said that I was offered an education at Exeter Academy, in 1819, just before our New Hampshire downfall, by the Minister of Bedford and one or two friends. My parents declined it—partly from pride, I believe—my mother said she was not willing to part with me then, nine years of age. Of course what I have learned has been picked up by the way. I suppose I ought to be sorry, but I am not much. Yours truly, HORACE GREELEY."

AMONG THE INDIANS.—A company of prospectors from Denver recently returned from an extensive tour through the mountain ranges, going as far west as the boundary line between Colorado and Utah. They went a long distance into the Indian region, and were compelled to accept the hospitalities of the Indians for several days. The meals they had here are described by the Denver Tribune as follows: "A dirty old squaw puts about two pounds of Indian meal into a large receptacle, which stands in the middle of the lodge over a fire. This she mixes with water, using her hand and bare arm to stir the mush. When it is sufficiently cooked all the company sit around the pot, and each Indian and squaw dips the two fore-fingers into it, and after stirring it around, licks the hand and repeats the operation. The Denver prospectors were compelled to do as their hosts did, or go without any food at all."

FUNERAL RITES OF FRONTIERSMEN.—Bishop Vale, of Kansas, tells a little tale that illustrates forcibly the free-and-easy way of the frontiersmen, and the scant ceremony with which his funeral services are conducted: "In one little graveyard where I happened to be walking," said the bishop, "there were 27 graves, and my informant, who discharged the office of undertaker, told me that the occupants of 26 of them were killed in affrays, or, as he pithily expressed it, died and were buried with their boots on." The twenty-seventh was that of a child.—Harper's Magazine.

ANOTHER STORY OF THE WAR.—The Lexington Gazette sketches some portions of the Rev. Dr. Pendleton's address, on Monday, January 20th, in commemoration of General Robert E. Lee's birthday. Dr. Pendleton, it will be remembered, was General Lee's classmate at West Point, his Chief of Artillery during, and his Pastor after the war. We copy a portion of the sketch:

It does not lie in the purpose of this notice even to outline this historical oration, but it will not be out of place to record one or two facts in connection with the law war.

In alluding to General Longstreet's long and unexplained delay in attacking at Gettysburg, the speaker spoke of him as the "sturdy soldier." He showed, however, that this unaccountable inactivity was fatal. The ground had been examined the evening previous by Gen. Pendleton at the desire of General Lee, and Longstreet was ordered to attack at daylight. Lee waited with glass in hand, hour by hour, dispatching orders to move, and finally went himself. The attack began in the evening instead of at dawn. If made at sunrise, the Confederates, as the world now knows, would have won a great victory. A great victory there would have put the Southern army in Philadelphia and Washington.

As to the evacuation of Richmond, General Lee was convinced that it could not be held with Grant's great army stretching beyond Petersburg. He committed his purpose to leave and form a junction with the Southern army under Johnston, to General Pendleton, and the latter went so far as to mobilize the artillery of the army. The Confederate Congress considered the evacuation of Richmond as the end of the Confederacy. Gen. Lee yielded obedience to the civil authorities.

When Burnside's men were repulsed and driven back, followed by the Confederates across the plain at Fredericksburg, the officers near General Lee began cheering lustily; he watched the pursuit with interest, remarking: "It is well war is so dreadful, or we should grow fond of it."

Technical Measures.

Table listing technical measures: A firkin of butter... 56 pounds, A sack of coals... 224, A truss of straw... 36, A stave of hemlock... 32, A sack of flour... 180, A quintal... 100, A pigot of steel... 120, A truss of hay... 56, A bush... 80 bushels, A kilderkin... 18 gallons, A barrel... 36, A hoghead... 54, A puncheon... 84.

English prices current often speak of the price per quarter; to reduce this to barrels, multiply the price by 7 and divide by 12, and it will give the price at the same rate by the barrel. Thus: if wheat be quoted at 56 shillings a quarter, multiply 56 by 7 and divide by 12, and it will give the price 32 shillings and 8 pence per barrel.

COMPENSATION.—I do not believe that a man always passes, in the long run, for what he is worth. It seems to me a hard saying. The vision that the poet or painter transcribes and leaves, a joy and a wonder to all time, may, I believe have come all the same to some poor, unlettered man, who lacking the external faculty, so to speak, could not lay it in all its glorious shape and color on the canvass, or catch and hold it in the fastness of immortal verse. No, I cannot give up my comfortable faith, that in other words and far-off ages there will appear a shining multitude, who shall, through death, have come to themselves, and have found expression denied them on earth; beautiful souls, whose bodies were their prisons—who stammered or stood dumb among their kind, bearing along the sights and disgraces of for-une, and all the while conscious, in their dread isolation, of being peers of the poets and the kings, and of all the royal men and women of the world.—Alice Cary.

THE BEECHER BROTHERS.—The New York Star discourses of the two Beechers as follows:

Edward is ultra orthodox, full of hell and brimstone, and all that sort of thing, Henry is independent, and preaches exclusively the doctrine of love to God and love to man. Edward is a great stickler for points of theory. Henry is rather loose in theory, but firm in practice. Edward writes a careful, logical discourse. Henry flashes a series of brilliant illustrations, which light up the path of daily life. On the whole our neighbor is out of his reckoning. We back the Express on all matters of Episcopacy, and often crib its sage reflections, but on this Beecher business it is like its old friend Noble, still barking at the hole, although Henry isn't there.

A HUGE TUNNEL.—We are apt to look upon the Hoosac tunnel as an engineering job of some magnitude, but there is another job in contemplation which, if completed, will reduce it to second or third rank in point of size. The James River and Kanawha Canal, now partially completed, is to pass under the Alleghany mountains, the proposed tunnel for the purpose being over eight miles in length. The engineers estimate the cost of completion of the work at \$37,000,000.

A Chicago paper states that a lady architect of that city is amassing a fortune. She draws plans for houses, which contain from five to twenty closets on each floor, which at once commands her to the female head of the family.

All Sorts.

Mark Twain, in speaking of cannibalism, grows serious for once, and solemnly declares that, for his part, he "would rather go hungry for two days than eat an old personal friend."

The price of tickets to the President's inaugural ball is \$20. If the weather be pleasant he will undoubtedly clear \$6,000 by the affair. The expense in advertising, etc., has necessarily been quite heavy.

A Green Bay, Wisconsin, girl who was all dressed and ready to be married, was attacked by the toothache so severely that she could not go through the ceremony. For two hours she sat with her feet in a pail of water, while her waiting affianced stood out in the woodshed and cursed.

Beecher startled his audience the other evening by advocating murder, under certain circumstances. He was convinced there are a large number of people now living, who are of no earthly use, and who ought to be killed. Loafers and retired gentlemen would do well to be on the lookout.

A Kansas legislator told how he voted for Senator something in his way: "I don't know just how it all was. One fellow got up and said J'ingalls, and then another said J'ingalls, and they kept on saying J'ingalls, until at last they called my name, and I said J'ingalls, too."

The immense amount of ink included in the stationery account of the Pennsylvania Legislature was an inexplicable mystery until some one discovered that a shrewd whiskey dealer in the neighborhood was a large buyer of empty ink bottles, which were refilled and vended under the label of "Extra Writing Fluid, warranted not to corrode the pen."

A man whom Dr. Chalmers engaged to manage a disorderly Sunday-school kept his eyes wide open during praying, and when one boy thrust a pin into another, he marched up the aisle, still praying, and cuffed that boy's ears, and went back again praying all the way. After that he was master of the situation, for the boys thought that a man who could watch and pray like that was not to be put down.

A CONFUSED POET.—An amusing story is told of the poet Whittier, who is as modest as he is gifted. He was in New York city not long since, and went to hear Rev. E. H. Chapin speak a lecture somewhere up town. The clergyman was eloquent as usual; his discourse, interlarded with highly-wrought passages of rhetoric, closing with a poetical quotation, so well delivered that the Quaker bard applauded with the rest. Some one sitting near him inquired: "Do you know Mr. Whittier, who is the author of that extract?" "No; I do not. It sounds familiar, and I like the sentiment." "Why, the lines are yours, Mr. Whittier. You must remember them. They are from your famous anti-slavery odes." "So they are", said Whittier, after little reflection, and blushing like a school girl caught reading her first love letter. "I really did not recall them. Indeed, they sounded so much better than they ever sounded before, that it is not strange that I failed to recognize them." The poet, thoroughly sincere, did not recover for some time from the embarrassment of outwardly acclaiming his own composition; but has now come to regard it as a such good joke that he tells it of himself.

A GOAT'S EXPLOIT.—A retired clergyman sends the Danbury News an account of a little affair that happened in his place. It appears that there was a young woman, a fine spirited girl, engaged at a wash-tub, opposite an open door. Just behind her was a young man, as is generally the case, and in the yard was an old buck that was given the freedom of the premises, which is not always the case, we are glad to say. Well, this buck came up to the door and looked in, and the young man going close behind the young woman, pointed his finger straight at the buck, and the old fellow recognizing at once the pressing character of this mute invitation, put down his head and dashed forward, and the miserable man stepped one side and fled and the young woman, all unconscious of the arrangements received the awful shock without warning and passed over the tub, and the air for an instant appeared to be full of slippers, and wet clothes, and hot water and suds. And the next minute that goat came flying out of that door at a dreadful speed, bald the whole length of his spine, and with a wild look in his eye. And for an hour afterward he stood behind the barn, scratching his chin, and trying to recall all the circumstances in the unfortunate affair.

Washington dispatches of the 13th, furnish the following:

In answer to numerous inquiries from all parts of the country, it is of interest to say that the proposed reduction on postage to two cents single rate failed and the existing rate of three cents continues.

It is generally supposed that the clause requiring payment of newspaper postage at the office of publication was engraved on the Postal Appropriation bill. This is erroneous, and the present rule requiring pre-payment at the office of delivery remains in force.

A fine bay, with safe anchorage, has been discovered in the Hermit group of islands, 30 miles from Cape Horn. The harbor is so rich superior to that of the Falkland isles that the discovery will seriously effect the British settlement there.

ANDERSON & HOPKINS,

Mill street, next door to the Post Office.

SEATTLE, W. T.

Are Offering FURNITURE, Bedding, Upholstery,

Redwood and Picture Frame Mouldings, PICTURES!

Window Curtains, Doors, Sash and Blinds.

at Reduced Prices! Undertaking, Furniture Repaired,

AND SHOW CASES

Made to order, at reasonable rates nov. 20.

OFFICE OF Wells, Fargo & Co's. Express, MILL STREET SEATTLE, W. T.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO COLLECTION, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS

Office hours from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. S. F. COOMBS, Agent. oct 27

WOODWARD'S Family Store,

IS THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR Crockery, Glassware, Table Cutlery, Pocket Cutlery, Groceries, Provisions, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes

It is the Place

Where you will find the best articles at the VERY LOWEST PRICES! My goods are all bought from first hands, and are selected by experienced Agents, that understand what they buy; and this enables me to keep FIRST-CLASS GOODS!

I am constantly receiving Goods direct from England, San Francisco and New York. Having completed arrangements with English and New York houses to increase my stock, I can assure the Citizens of Seattle that I can supply them with BETTER and CHEAPER GOODS than any other house in Seattle!

NEW COFFEES will find it to their advantage to examine my Stock and learn Prices before purchasing their supplies. I have on hand and am receiving by every steamer, the following CHOICE BRANDS OF FLOUR: Oregon City Mills, XXX Bakers, Lincoln Mills XXX, which I can recommend. I will sell Flour by the Ton at Portland prices, with freight added.

Jno. A. Woodward. Seattle, Dec. 12, 1872. W. B. HALL, Notary Public, Surveyor, and Attorney & Counselor at Law. CORNER Commercial at 1 Mill Streets o'v' Woodword's Store. feb

LEVY BROS. Seattle, W. T. W. G. JAMIESON'S On to Largest Stock and Lowest Prices On Puget Sound. Watches, Jewels, Silverware, Clocks, etc. He has the Manufacture Lemonade, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, etc., Gum Raspberry, and Lemon Syrups, etc. Orders from all parts of Puget Sound promptly attended to. mrs

Pumphrey & Young MILL STREET, SEATTLE

BOOK SELLERS & STATIONERS, AGENTS FOR CHICKERING & SON'S AND WM. P. EMERSON'S PIANOS. AND THE CELEBRATED. Mason & Hamlin Organs, AND DEALERS IN Musical merchandise of all kinds Instruments sold for cash or on installments.

New Store L. WOLFF, Late of Victoria, At the old stand of Schwabacher Bros. & Co., has opened the finest stock of

Ready-Made Clothing Ever offered in this market; including every style and price, suitable for every class from the millionaire to the miner. Also

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES For gents ladies and Children. Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Dry Goods Groceries, Tobacco, Cigars, Traveling Trunks, etc. He will not be undersold by any. feb. 27/4

JAS. R. ROBBINS Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Brandies, Whiskeys, ETC., ETC., ETC. No. 15 Commercial st. Seattle, W. T. Genuine Cutter Whiskey always on Hand Feb. 24, 1873

Puget Sound Dispatch.

Official Paper of the City.
SEATTLE, THURSDAY, MARCH 27, 1873.

Financial and Commercial.

SEATTLE, March 27, 1873.
The Puget Sound Banking Company report gold in New York 115 1/4, currency buying, 86 1/4; Sight Exchange on Portland and San Francisco, 1/2 per cent. premium, on New York 1 per cent. premium for Currency, 1 1/2 per cent. premium for Gold. Sterling Sight Drafts on Jay Cooke, McCullough & Co., London, England, \$5 10 per £. These drafts are cashed by special agreement all over Ireland, Scotland and the Continent free of charge.

During the past week, trade has been moderately active, but our merchants complain of much difficulty in making collections. Money is scarce and will remain so until our loggers receive their pay for the timber now being cut.

Logs are in good demand at paying prices. We understand that logs are getting very scarce, and that a number of the mills have had difficulty in getting supplies, as those logged last year are all gone, and the new camps are hardly in working order. The outlook for this season is very flattering for the lumber business. There has been an advance in price in San Francisco with an increased demand. Tonnage is lower than it has been, which leaves a good margin for our mill-owners and lumber men. A good demand for lumber insures good times for Puget Sound.

We clip from the *Bankers' Magazine* for March, a Financial and Commercial Summary of San Francisco and the Pacific slope for 1872:

"In sixteen years California has added to the world's wealth, in coin and bullion, through the port of San Francisco, the enormous amount of \$656,000,000 in round numbers, and wholly exclusive of what has been carried by individuals. A country capable of such stupendous achievements must command the attention of business men in all parts of the globe."

While many other sections of our favored land have been subjected to sharp trials and discouraging vicissitudes, and portions of other countries have been desolated by floods, storms and pestilence, the Pacific Coast has enjoyed a degree of prosperity unsurpassed by that of any former year. The various industries of this side have flourished and progressed, have been extended and improved. Commerce has been largely increased, and all lines of domestic production have augmented in the most gratifying manner. Our harbor has been visited by 3,635 vessels, with an aggregate tonnage of 1,240,376 registered tons, and bearing the flags of all maritime nations, including that of Japan. Foreign demand for our unparalleled crop of wheat was active and sustained. By reason of deficient tonnage at the commencement of the harvest season, and the unusual requirements for shipping all over the world, freights were at one time higher than ever before experienced in California, and the amount of money expended to market our domestic products was very large, while the price paid to vessels for importing merchandise reached the high figure of \$5,381,665. Probably not less than ten millions was expended as freight money during the year. With such a statement to contemplate it is certainly strange that no greater efforts have been put forth to build and own a merchant fleet with which to transact at least a fair proportion of our maritime commerce. Our treasure exports for 1872 reached \$29,330,435, exclusive of what was forwarded through the United States mails. The Sub-Treasurer transferred \$7,150,000 to banks, and sent East \$2,000,000. The amounts of coin to the interior points amounts to over \$18,000,000—while the receipts from interior and Coast-wise were in the neighborhood of only \$8,000,000, the value of our merchandise exports was \$23,793,520—or nearly \$10,000,000 more than in 1871.

Telegraphic

EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE DAILY DISPATCH

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Senate met at noon. The Vice President laid before the Senate a letter from Senator Caldwell, saying he had resigned his seat in the Senate, and enclosing a copy of a letter he had sent to the office of the Governor of Kansas. His resignation is to take effect immediately. He also sent a receipt of the Governor of Kansas, now in this city, to whom he handed a copy of his resignation.

Mr. Wright inquired if Mr. Morton proposed to take any further steps. Mr. Morton replied, that it was not competent to expell a man who was not a Senator, or declare his seat vacant. Therefore, he declared his duties as chairman of the Committee of Elections at an end. Mr. Fenton said he had a speech to make on the Caldwell case, but it would not be pertinent to do so.

Mr. Wright moved that Clayton's case be taken up. The Senate, after some debate, decided to take up the Clayton case by a vote of 23 to 14. The resolution for consideration being to the effect, that the charges against Clay on were not sustained.

Gen. Spinner, yesterday, entered up on his 30th year as Treasurer of the United States.

The United States and British Claims Commission, will close its business by the 20th of September, when it will expire by limitation.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 14. The Richmond Mills, at South Scitona, run in manufacturing cotton thread, by Mr. Robt. Joselyn, were burned this morning.

MILWAUKEE, March 24.—Lient. Governor W. H. Pettit, died at his residence at Kenosha, Wisconsin, last night, after a brief illness.

BOSTON, March 24.—Frederick W. Cooper, clerk in the postoffice, has been arrested for stealing money from letters.

YREKA, March 24.—No arrivals from the front since Friday, and the latest dates are to the 19th.

Sixty recruits for the 1st Cavalry which left Redding's on the 18th inst., reached Little Shasta last night.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT MADISON, March 23.—Arrived, barkentine W. H. Gawley. Sailed, brig Deacon for San Francisco.

PORT TOWNSEND, March 23.—Arrived, bark Domingo, 50 days from Chimboto, Peru.

PORT GAMBLE, March 23.—Sailed, bk. Milan, Snow, to San Francisco.

PORT LUDLOW.—Arrived, bark Adelaide Cooper from Santa Barbara, California.

LECTURE.—Rev. G. F. Whitworth will lecture on "Temperance," at the Pavilion, on Thursday evening, March 27th, at 7 1/2 o'clock. Free to all and all are invited to attend.

MARRIED.—On the Payallop Reservation, March 20, by Rev. S. H. Mann. Mr. James H. Ramsdell and Miss Nellie J. Durand.

THANKS.—We are indebted to Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Agents for late San Francisco and Victoria papers.

DIED.—At Snohomish City, Washington Territory, March 18th, 1873. LAURA WALKER, in the 6th year of her age.

BORN.—In this city, Monday morning, March 24th, to the wife of Mr. Woolner, a daughter.

In Olympia, March 22d, to the wife of Gov. E. S. Solomon, a son.

APPOINTMENT.—Mr. J. W. Sweeney, late Superintendent of the Puget Sound Telegraph Company, has been appointed General Agent for Washington Territory of the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston.

At a meeting in the Pavilion, Tuesday evening, the following committee was appointed to circulate subscription papers and try to raise the sum of \$500 to secure the Fair at this place the coming Fall: John Collins, Sam. F. Coombs, C. W. Lawton and Mrs. T. S. Russell.

ACCIDENT.—Wm. Drawitt, a young man who has been clerking at Stringham's Bakery for some time past, met with a painful accident on Tuesday afternoon, having his right hand badly crushed in a cracker machine. Fortunately no bones were broken and we hope to see him soon able to return to work.

LECTURE.—The lecture delivered by W. S. Baxter, Esq., before the Library Association, on Tuesday evening, was one of the finest lectures ever delivered in this city. The Hall was so full that many could not find seats. Mr. Baxter has the rare quality in a lecturer of being a good reader and he kept his audience spell-bound for about three-quarters of an hour. Our space prevents an extended notice of the Lecture, which we would like to publish in full.

HOW TO SAVE COAL IN GRATES.—The most practical suggestion yet made toward economy in coal seems to be the use of solid bottom in ordinary fire grates. It is asserted and indeed proved, that in a fire-place not excessively small a plate of iron placed upon the grate will save the consumption of coal, reduce the smoke, and leave a cheerful, free burning fire. Quite sufficient air enters through the bars, so poking is unnecessary, and the fire never goes out till the coals are consumed. There is no ash and no dust, every particle of fuel being consumed. Any household can try this experiment, and reduce his coal bills say 30 per cent.

A STRONG CERTIFICATE.—This is a certificate of good moral character, which a Troy legal gentleman signed without looking at, for a student who was about to present credentials for admission to the bar—"I hereby certify that the bearer, _____, was a student in my office for ten months, that during the whole of that time his character for piety, chastity and honesty was above reproach, and his example was such that, from my daily contact with him, I have become a pious and consistent member of the church, and a useful member of society."

SASSAFRAS LEAVES FOR BOILS.—Seeing a friend sorely afflicted with boils a few days since reminded us of the sovereign virtue which sassafras, poulticed into a sticky paste, and applied as a poultice, possesses. The writer has tried the remedy on his own person and applied it to persons of others in many instances, and never knew the remedy to fail in drawing the most obstinate boil to a "head" within twenty-four hours. I am aware that the sassafras tree in California, but that is no reason why any nurseryman should not introduce it, and our people cultivate it extensively. The bark of the root is an article of commerce and the tree is useful and ornamental. H.

REMOVAL.

W. M. RICKARDS,
Has removed from the
Bank Exchange Restaurant

And opened a fine
RESTAURANT

Oyster Saloon for Ladies,
On Mill street, below the Post Office
His new House is known as the

AMERICAN EXCHANGE.

Jacob Hoover,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

STELLACOEM, W. T.
mar24-12m

FOR SALE!

City Lots,
AND
Lake-Shore
Property!

Also, a fine Horse and buggy; 2 Yoke of Work Oxen; 3 Fine Cows; 1 Yoke 2-year old Steers; and 4 Yearlings.
The above property can be had at a low figure either for CASH, or on TIME with good security.
JOHN J. MCGILVERA,
P. S.—WANTED.—A Filly about 15 hands high 4 to 5 years old. Seattle, Mar. 24, 1873. tf

Northern Pacific Rail Road.

Clearing & Grubbing 40 Miles.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the General Office of the Company, in Kalama, Washington Territory, until noon, April 1st, for Clearing and grubbing, about 40 miles of the line Northward, beginning at the present end of the track.
Work to be commenced forthwith, and pushed through vigorously. Proposals may be made for one division, or more, of about Ten Miles.
For blank Forms of Proposals, Specifications and other particulars, bidders can inquire of Engineer THOMAS B. MORRIS, Kalama, W. T.
Address Proposals to:
W. MILNOR ROBERTS,
Chief Engineer.
Kalama, W. T. to-mar28

For Sale!

HOUSE AND LOT, SITUATED ON THE Corner of Third and Pike Streets.
TERMS, \$800.00.
Enquire of L. S. SMITH, tf

Special Notice.

It is a well-known fact that dyspepsia and indigestion are the causes of nearly all the diseases that the human body is heir to; then why pay enormous doctor's bills? By using Dr. HENLEY'S IXL Bitters they can be thoroughly eradicated from the system and new life imparted to the sufferer. Read Physicians' certificates in another column.

Bargains in

FLOUR

ON HAND AND FOR SALE

XXX BAKER'S EXTRA

From the celebrated Oregon City Mills.

ALSO

THE WILLAMETTE MILLS BRAND

N. C. HALEY,
P. O. building.

PONY SALOON,

KEPT BY
BEN MURPHY,
Commercial Street,

Opposite Schwabacher's.
This is the place to visit to have the in-
ner man replenished,
Cigars, Tobacco, Wines and the best of
Liquors always on hand.

Dexter Horton & Co.

BANKERS,
SEATTLE, W. T.

Deposits received and accounts kept
subject to Check or Draft.
Interest allowed on time deposits from
date of deposit.

Sight Exchange on Portland, San
Francisco and New York.
Money loaned on approved security;
Bonds, Stocks and other valuables re-
ceived on deposit for safe keeping.
Collections made and proceeds prompt-
ly remitted.

Investments in Real Estate and other
property made for parties. 454.

EUREKA BAKERY

Seattle, W. T.

WM. MEYDENBAUER, Prop.

MANUFACTURER OF
All kinds of Bread,
—SUCH AS—

Soda crackers,
Graham crackers,
Sugar crackers,
Oyster crackers,
Fancy crackers,
Pilot bread,
Navy bread,

All in different varieties and
grades.

As he has lately made exten-
sive improvements in his
machinery, he offers his cus-
tomers extra inducements in
quality and price.

CANDY.

He has added this to his
department as a

New Enterprise!

The Candy manufactured
by him will retain brilliancy
longer in this climate than
the States article heretofore
imported from San Francisco.

He will manufacture any-
thing from a con mon HARD
TACK to a first class orna-
mented WEDDING CAKE,
and guarantee satisfaction.

GUARDIAN SALE

Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT IN
pursuance of an order of the Probate Court
of King county, Washington Territory, made on
the 21th day of February, A. D. 1873, in the
matter of the guardianship of John Buckley, Ar-
thur A. Deany, Guardian of the person and es-
tate of the said John Buckley, will sell at pub-
lic auction, to the highest bidder for cash, gold
coin of the United States, and subject to con-
firmation by said Probate Court, on Monday the
7th day of April, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,
in front of the County Auditor's office in the
city of Seattle, King county, W. T., all the right
title and estate of the said John Buckley, in and
to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of
land, situate, lying or being in the city of Seat-
tle and county of King, Washington Territory,
more particularly described as follows, to wit:
Lot 8 (B) in Block four (4) in A. A. Deany's
plat of the city of Seattle, in said county,
which said lot is situated in front of the Uni-
versity grounds and on the corner of Third and
Seventh streets in said city.
TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Cash gold
coin of the United States. One third of the
purchase money to be paid to said guardian at
the time of sale, and the balance on con-
firmation of sale by the Probate Court. Deed at ex-
pense of purchaser.
W. M. YORR,
Judge of Probate, King county, W. T.
M. GILVERA & BAXTER, Attorneys, m3-4v.

JONES & STUBBS,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Boots and Shoes,
Leather and
Findings,
Mill-street—Occidental square
SEATTLE, W. T.

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO
the public that they are now open-
ing at their new store a large and well
selected stock of goods in their line, and
are prepared to make to order.

SEEDS!

Seeds,
Seeds.

Garden and Field Seeds

In all varieties at
JOHNSTONE BROS.
Commercial street, Seattle. m13

FOR SALE,

HAY!

JUST RECEIVED.

Inquire of
JOHN T. J. B. D. S.,
Seal.

Seattle Drug Store.

W. T.
M. R. MADDOCKS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Drugs,
Chemicals,
Patent Medi-
cines, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COM-
POUNDED.

ALSO, DEALER IN
Wines, Liquors, etc.

Orders from Abroad Solicited
M. R. MADDOCKS

REMOVAL.

S. P. ANDREWS.

Has removed to his New Store
Commercial Street, between Stone
Burnett's & Schwabacher Bros. & Co.,
where he is receiving additions to
Stock which make it the
Largest ever brought to this
market, which will be sold at
prices that defy competition.

Stoves and Tin Ware.

COOKING,
PARLOR
AND BOX

STOVES!!

AND
PORTABLE RANGES

Ever brought to Puget Sound.

BUCK'S CELEBRATED
COOK STOVE,

With or without extension, and for
either Wood or Coal.

Also, a general Assortment of
Kitchen Furniture

French and English Wares,
Japan Tin, Copper and
Sheet Iron Wares,
Tin and Metallic Roofing,
Lead and Iron Pipe.

Iron Pipe cut and fitted to suit.
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
PIPE FITTINGS.

JOB WORK.

All work pertaining to the business
done at short notice and in a workman-
like manner.

GIVE ME A TRIAL.
Orders from abroad promptly attend-
ed to.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Call and examine before purchas-
ing elsewhere. 21

STORE ON
COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE, W. T.
S. P. ANDREWS.
April 1, 1872. 201f.

SEEDS!

Seeds,
Seeds.

Garden and Field Seeds

In all varieties at
JOHNSTONE BROS.
Commercial street, Seattle. m13

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE
undersigned has been appointed by the
Judge of the Probate Court of King County,
Washington Territory, Administrator of the es-
tate of John T. Hart, late of said county, de-
ceased. All persons having claims against said
deceased are required to present the same, with
the necessary vouchers, within one year from
the date of this notice, to me at my office in
Seattle, in the county of King, or the same will
be barred by the statute of limitation.
Dated March 1, 1873. J. J. MCGILVERA,
Administrator.

SEATTLE BREWERY

STUART CRICHTON & Co., Proprietors

THE
BEST
Lager Beer,

BOTTLED
ALE
AND
PORTER

Made on the
Pacific Coast
MANUFACTURED
AT THE
Seattle Brewery

Cor. Mill and Fourth Streets
opposite Baxter's Tannery.

SEATTLE, W. T.

Patronize home manufactures and
save
MONEY

By sending your orders to us.
STUART CRICHTON & CO.
Seattle, Jan. 2, 1873.

Read Physician's Certificates Below!!

A Sure Cure for Dyspepsia!

THE BEST LIVER REGULATOR KNOWN!

A Most Efficient and Pleasant Tonic.

These Bitters are prepared from the most choice
and wholesome herbs and roots, and have given
universal satisfaction to every one who has used
them. They are a most efficient remedy in all
cases of dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite,
and general debility. They are also a most
valuable tonic for the system, and are highly
recommended by the most eminent physicians
of the world.

THE IXL Bitters are sold
only in glass to sell other than
the genuine outside of our bottle is
and we will return a dollar for every
bottle that is not the full extent of the law.

CERTIFICATES.
Messrs. H. ESTES & Co.—Gentlemen: I have been
suffering from dyspepsia for some time, and
after trying many remedies, I have at last
found relief in your IXL Bitters, and I
am able to determine it. I should judge that the
IXL Bitters must be a very efficient remedy in
dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, and
general debility, being composed of a number of
valuable herbs which are most judiciously
combined in their nature, and are of the greatest
benefit to the human system.

As't Res. Physician Asphyxial C. & C. Hospital,
SEATTLE ASSAULT OFFICE, San Francisco, July
1st, 1871.

Messrs. H. ESTES & Co.—Gentlemen: I have made
a careful examination of your IXL Bitters, and
found them to be a most efficient remedy in
dyspepsia, indigestion, loss of appetite, and
general debility. I have found them to be a
most valuable tonic for the system, and are
highly recommended by the most eminent
physicians of the world.

Every Family should have a Bottle
in the house. Sold every where.

H. EPSTEIN & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
No. 518 Front Street, San Francisco, Cal.
m13-2m.

R. ABRAMS'

LIVERY STABLE,

Cor. Commercial and Washington Sts.
SEATTLE, W. T.

This Livery Stable is in the centre of
the city, and to persons desirous of
having Buggies, Carriages, and spirited
saddle animals, can find them at this
stable.
Horses boarded by the day or week.
B. ABRAMS,
Administrator.

A. MUNDT,

AUCTIONEER

AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

AFTER MANY YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN
the business in San Francisco, offers his
services to the people of Seattle and vicinity.—
Will give his attention to the sale of,
REAL ESTATE,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
MERCHANDIZE, &c., &c.

And is ready to guarantee good prices to parties
desirous of making sales at auction.

A. MUNDT may be found at the "Old Oregon
Cheap John Store," Mill street, Seattle.

STOVES

STOVES.

There is no happiness or peace in a
family without a GOOD COOKING
Stove or Range.

DIAMOND

ROCK

AND

TILE

EUREKA

RANGE

CAN'T
BE
BEAT!

BY ANY COOKING APPARATUS!

OVER
40,000

In Use on the Pacific Coast.

Universally Acknowledged
SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS!

Guaranteed to Give
Entire Satisfaction.

MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR
WADDELL & MILES

Who keep constantly on hand a large and
well-selected Stock of

COOKING

PARLOR

BOX

HEATING

STOVES,

Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose, Force and
Lift Pumps, Plain, Japanned,
Planned and Stamped

TIN WARE

AND
House Furnishing Hardware.

MANUFACTURERS OF
**TIN, SHEET IRON, AND
COPPER WARE.**

Roofing, Plumbing and Jobbing
promptly attended to.

FOR SALE.

Telegraphic

EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE DAILY DISPATCH

UNDERWOOD, March 19.—Last night, a family named Price, with some friends living at Port Bruce, were attacked as they were getting out of a sleigh, by 5 men who were armed with clubs, and beaten so badly that Geo. Price, an old man, died from injuries, and another man named Warren is not expected to survive, and three others are seriously injured.

LONDON, March 20.—Gladstone will announce in the House of Commons to-night, Thursday, that he has decided to remain in office with all his colleagues.

Gladstone proceeded to Windsor and submitted to the Queen the names of the incoming Cabinet.

PARIS, March 17.—The Assembly this afternoon ratified without a dissenting voice, the treaty signed on Saturday last, between Thiers and Count Von Arnim, the German Ambassador, providing for the payment of the remainder of the war indemnity, and the evacuation of France by the German troops.

MADRID, March 19.—Francisco Salmeron, was to-day elected President of the National Assembly, and Sr. Valera and Toher secretaries.

Carlisle are becoming more numerous and troublesome in Andalusia.

GENEVA, March 19.—The religious excitement caused by the preaching of Father Hyacinthe, is increasing. The ultra-Montanes are much exasperated.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—The Ori flame sailed for Portland this morning, and Ben. Holladay is among her passengers.

A Gas Light Co., has been organized, with ten millions capital. It is reported that the organization of the Company is a step in the direction of a consolidation of the Gas Co., with the San Francisco Gas Co.

A private letter from Prescott, Arizona, states that the epidemic prevails to an alarming extent, among the Government mules and horses of that place.

Liverpool wheat—11s. 6d.; 11s. 8d.; 11s. 10d.; 12s. 4d.

ALBANY, Oregon, March 19.—The Willamette River Transportation Company's new steamer, Gov. Grover, arrived at the wharf in this city about 8 o'clock to-day, and was greeted with many cheers by the crowd on the wharf. After stopping a few minutes, she proceeded up the river, intending to go as far as Harrisburg. The Gov. Grover is the first steamer that has ever reached Albany direct from Portland.

OAKLAND, March 20.—On Sunday evening, March 16, about 4 o'clock P. M., the schooner Melton, from Gradenier, for San Francisco with lumber, was wrecked on the bar at the mouth of the Umpqua River, at about the same spot where the steamer Enterprise was wrecked a short time since. The Melton is supposed to be a total loss. The crew and passengers remained on board all night. The night was very cold, and heavy breakers washing over them constantly, they suffered a great deal as they were compelled to hang on to save being washed overboard. Had the Melton not been a staunch sea-going vessel, she would have been broken to pieces during the night, and probably all hands lost.

The owners of the Enterprise have succeeded in saving all her machinery.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—The steamer Constitution from Panama, arrived this evening.

CHICAGO, March 20.—About 2 inches of snow fell here last night.

A Washington says the new Secretary of the Treasury, Judge Richardson, since his nomination he has been inundated with letters from leading business men in Northern cities, enquiring whether he intends to depart from the policy of his financial predecessors. Being personally interrogated, he replied that he could not depart from the well-established policy of Boutwell, that he could not deviate from it if he would, because he regards the letter of the President to the retiring officer as mandating him to do so. He said this letter approved what had been done by Boutwell, as that official proposed to do in the future, and that in it the President announced that the people of the country desired no change in the financial policy and certainly he did not himself.

New York, March 20.—Informal application was made to-day, by Allen, the counsel for Foster, to some of the Supreme Court Judges for a stay of execution. The application was made on the ground of some further instructions from the Governor was necessary before the execution could legally take place. It was however, discovered that no further action the part of the Gov. was necessary, and all efforts in behalf of Foster have been abandoned.

Daniel D. Wright, alias Phillip Smith, was arrested to-day, charged with being implicated in the late frauds in the issuance of Port Wayne & Wabush R. R. stock.

S. J. Phillipson, charged with forging drafts in Manchester, England, to the amount of \$30,000, was arrested to-day in Brooklyn. He will be sent back to England Saturday.

CHICAGO, March 20.—The dry goods store on the corner Milwaukee Avenue Indiana street, was robbed last night, of silks, dress goods and shawls to the amount of \$7,000. The burglars gained entrance by sawing a hole through the door.

St. Louis, March 20.—The strike of

the locomotive engineers on the Kansas City and Northwestern R. R., has been practically suppressed. Forty strikers engaged in obstructing the road and damaging its property have been jailed at various points along the road, and will be prosecuted.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate: S. Garfield, Collector of Customs for Puget Sound.

ROME, March 18.—The Pope gave an audience yesterday to 100 Canadians, who served in the Penitential Zouaves. He congratulated his visitors upon their steadfast devotion to the Church.

New York, March 18.—The N. Y. Herald's correspondent with the Cuban Insurgents, reports a meeting of leaders of the Aspinwall expedition in the Cuban camp.

A Key West special says, advices via Havana represent there is serious trouble in Porto Rico, in consequence of emancipation.

In Brooklyn to-day, Wm. L. Hatch, a detective convicted of perjury in a divorce suit, was sentenced to six years and 3 months imprisonment.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The Senate did nothing to-day, beyond discussing further in the Caldwell case.

The President has decided upon the following appointments: Collectors of Internal Revenue, Amos L. Frost, for the fourth district of California; O. B. Gibson, for Oregon.

The nomination of G. B. Hitchcock, to collector at San Diego, Cal., was to-day reported from the Senate Committee of Commerce, without recommendation. This confirmation will be opposed.

New York, March 18. The Irish laborers who were lately employed on the boulevards, determined to clean out the Italian laborers, who took their places, at less wages, and so to-day a large force of rioters marched to the place where the Italians worked, but the police drove them away. It is feared there will be trouble to-morrow.

New York, March 18.—Col. Sprague and Paymaster Hoag, contractor, have arrived from headquarters. They report all quiet at the front. The soldiers are all in good health and spirits. The military are waiting for the deliberations of the Peace Commissioners, who will meet close to the lava bed, at Van Bremer's, where the military headquarters have been established. The prospects are favorable that the Indians will come in there for a talk, and if they do not the military will go for them.

The officers have gained full knowledge of every portion of the lava bed and its caves.

Yesterday morning a Chinaman was found hanging in a cabin on Green Horn. It is a case of supposed suicide, though no proof could be elicited at the coroner's inquest, to establish whether he hung himself, or was hung by means or instigation of others.

ALBANY, March 18.—A document was presented to Gov. Dix to-day, sworn to by several of the jurors in the Foster case stating, conviction could never have been obtained but for the belief of the jury that a recommendation to mercy would prove a commutation to sentence to imprisonment for life, and asking the Governor to prevent the execution. The Governor said he would give the documents careful consideration.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The following confirmations have been made by the Senate: Daniel Caplin, Receiver of Public Money, Le Grande, Oregon; Registers of Land Offices, W. Y. Small, Linkville, Oregon, and J. H. Stevens at Le Grande, Oregon. Postmasters: S. D. Smith, Walla Walla; E. A. Clark San Jose, Cal. For Collector of Customs: W. D. Hare, for Oregon. John Goffert, Assistant Attorney General of the U. S., to take effect April 5th. David Noggle, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Idaho. A. P. Safford, Governor, and C. Basford, Secretary for Arizona.

LONDON, March 20.—The House of Commons presented an unusual spectacle to-day, in anticipation of important communication from Gladstone announcing the termination of the ministerial crisis by his return. The galleries were crowded with spectators, and among the distinguished spectators were Prince Christian, and many members of the House. As Gladstone and Disraeli entered the House, loud cheers, successively repeated by the respective supporters.

When Gladstone rose to make his statement, cheering was repeated this time from all parts of chamber. He said he was now able to acquaint the House with the fact that he and his colleagues in office with her Majesty's permission, was prepared to carry on the Government.

The Premier's statement was frequently interrupted by applause, which was warm and long continued. In the House, Granville announced the decision of the Government, in a speech, differing very little from that of Gladstone.

Wise, the alleged confederate of parties who committed forgeries on the Bank of England, was up before the Court of Examination. The witnesses for the Bank gave testimony and the case was adjourned. The prisoner was remanded to New Gate.

HAVANA, March 20.—Bandits are operating in the vicinity of Barbo. Several persons are reported killed. The Spanish steamer, Chickamanga, arrived from New York.

New York, March 20.—Advices from Rio of Feb. 24th, and from St. Thomas,

of March 14th, are at hand. Cholera has broken out at Para, and is very fatal.

The United States school ship, Mercury, was at St. Thomas March 14th, with the yellow fever on board. There has been two deaths on board among the crew.

Marine Intelligence.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 21.—Passengers by the Prince Alfred for Victoria. B. C.: H. D. Watson, John Bruce, R. Broderick, Jas. Clearhue, E. Mohan, J. Freed, E. K. Booth, Miss Hattie A. Fox, Miss L. M. Booth, Miss P. Levy, Thos. Schooley, and wife, A. P. Briggs, Thos. L. Briggs, A. J. Briggs, Charles Montgomery, W. G. Williams, M. H. Phillips, C. Brunstrom, Thos. Brest and 27 in the steerage.

POINT ELLIOTT, March 21.—Died, at Mukilteo, March 19th, of hemorrhage of the lungs, John D. Press, a native of Virginia, aged 48 years.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Sailed, barks St. Lucien, Cognille, Oak Hill, Gold Hunter and Iconium.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—The Ajax sails to-morrow, for Victoria.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20.—Sailed, Tidal Wave, Port Townsend.

PORT MADISON—Sailed, March 20, brk. Chris. Mitchell; 21, bark Northwest 22, ship Coquimbo; all for San Francisco.

Catholic Sentinel.

The Washington correspondent of the New York Sun says: There is a young Credit Mobilier here which is growing remarkably well. The history of this new candidate for Congressional investigation is about as follows:

Ben. Holladay, the great original Ben, has in some way obtained possession for a charter for a railroad in Oregon, and got rid of all the original stockholders. In other words, he has gobbled it. He wants Uncle Sam to give him a lift now, and to help carry his load, by loaning the government credit, and Ben, with all his officers, is here to put the job through. He goes about in the ancient way, and Johnny Wolcher is as happy as a big sunflower. Sam Ward is grand master of ceremonies. He invites the guests and arranges the bill of fare. A series of splendid dinners has been given, and the list of members pretty well gone through with. Last night the following distinguished gentlemen dined and dined regardless of expense.

Roscoe Conkling, James K. Kelly, of Oregon, Alexander Ramsey, A. H. Craig, R. W. Hitchcock, James A. Garfield, C. M. Augustus Schell, N. P. Banks, J. A. Golladay of Tennessee, W. P. Frye, of Maine, James B. Beck, Austin Blair, A. A. Sargent, C. U. Kellogg, General S. C. Boynton, ex-United States detective, Sam Ward, G. K. Otis, and old Ben himself.

After everybody had eaten and drank to his stomach's content, Sam Ward called the meeting to order, and giving eulogies on Ben, the pioneer of civilization on the Pacific Coast, were made by Roscoe Conkling, General Garfield, and others.

HOW TO TELL AN HONEST MAN.—A hotel-keeper gives the New York correspondent of the St. Louis Globe a rule for detecting honesty, which he thus recounts: Talking with a hotel keeper the other day, that in a large city he must lose a great deal by transient customers, who would go away and forget to pay their bills. He replied, "Oh, no; I never lose much by folks of that sort. I have made it a rule in my house, whenever a man wants a room and has no baggage, to demand pay in advance, as it is usual. If he manifests no objection, and puts his hand into his pocket for money, I tell him it is all right; that he can pay just as well when he goes away. That kind of a man always pays. But there is another sort of fellow who, when informed of the rule, pretends to be very indignant, insisting that he is a gentleman, by —, and is not in the habit of having his name questioned or his honesty doubted. In such a case I invariably insist on the production of the funds, for I know if I don't get them then I never should get them in the world. Men who talk about their honor and assume to be insulted when requested to pay, can be depended on as first-class dead beats.

SMUGGLING.—A man named Fulmer, said to be a farmer near Port Angeles on the American side, was arrested on Monday night by revenue officer Wyld, on a charge of smuggling produce into this port. The cargo—consisting principally of potatoes—was brought across in a canoe and landed on the beach, when Captain Wyld pounced upon it and the owner. The prisoner was arraigned before the Police Magistrate yesterday and remanded for one day. It is said that upon very little of the farm produce brought across from the other side and sold in this market is the duty paid.—Colonist.

DIED.—In San Rafael, California, March 13th of Consumption, DOUGLAS PHILLIPS, aged 25 years, two months and seven days. Miss Phillips was a daughter of the late David Phillips, of this place, who died in San Francisco a year ago. She came to this Territory with her father in 1852, and has since resided alternately in Olympia, Seattle and San Francisco. She was of a quiet, retiring disposition, and a person of the purest and most exemplary character in all the walks of life. She leaves a sister—Mrs. Samuel Williams—in Olympia, two brothers in California and one in Iowa.

CATHOLIC INDIAN AGENCIES.—At the close of 1872, the Catholic Church held seven agencies, as follows:

Tulalip—With the Indians under treaty of Point Elliot, E. C. Cherouse, agent.

Grand Ronde—Molala and others, Patrick B. Sinoat.

Umatilla—Umatilla Indians, Narcisse Connoyer.

Papago—Papagoes, R. A. Wilbur.

Flathead—Flathead Indians, Daniel Shanahan.

Grand River—Onepapa, Yanktonais, Cathed and Blackfeet (Sioux), J. C. O'Connor.

Devil's Lake—Sisseton and Wahpeton Sioux, William H. Forbes.

The Tulalip agency has 800 Catholics, an average attendance on divine service of 350, with 50 Sunday School pupils and three teachers, and one boarding school with four teachers, having 22 boys and 25 girls; 1,000 adults who labor and 1,900 Indians who wear citizen's dress and live in houses. The Grande Ronde—650 Catholics, 250 average attendance, 75 Sunday School pupils under one teacher, one day school with two teachers, 30 boys and 23 girls, with all the adults at labor. The Umatilla—250 average attendance, and one day school with two teachers, 13 boys and 14 girls. The Flathead—1,750 Catholics, a day school and a boarding school, with 31 scholars and 10 teachers, 300 adults at labor, and the whole tribe civilized.—Catholic Sentinel.

RUSSELL & CO

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS

In all styles of

FURNITURE!

BEDDING

AND

Upholstering Goods,

Mouldings and Picture Frames!

PICTURES,

Window Curtains,

Of all kinds

MIRRORS AND LOOKING GLASSES

Undertaking.

Agents for Shorey & Butler's

Patent Buckshot Roller

for Windows.

ALSO

Agent for the celebrated

Wood's Cabinet Organ

T. S. RUSSELL & Co.

COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE, W. T.

NEWS FOR THE THIRSTY!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM their friends and the public that they are now prepared to regale the thirsty at the

Dolly Varden Saloon,

Corner of Front and Cherry streets, opposite the N. P. Brewery,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Where among other luxuries may be found the

BEST BRANDS OF

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

SMITH'S PREMIUM COCKTAILS,

acknowledged by competent judges to be superior to all others, will be dispensed at all hours. The proprietors trust that by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

BY CALL AND SEE US.

July 1st 1870

New Goods, Groceries and

Hardware,

EX-BARK JENNY PITTS.

SCHWABACHER BROS & CO.

Have received a fresh supply of

Boots and Shoes, Glass Ware, Rope

Plows, Lead, Paints, Trunks, Pails

Oat Meal, Sugar, Soap, Iron

Cement, Gun Powder, Dry

Goods, Groceries, &c

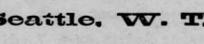
July 1st '72

Seattle Market,

Corner Commercial and

Washington streets.

Seattle, W. T.



BOOTH, FOSS & BORST

PROPRIETORS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

In Beef,

Pork,

Mutton,

Veal,

Vegetables

Bologne Sausage,

Pork Sausage,

Beef Sausage,

German Sausage,

Summer Sausage,

Liver Puddings,

Black Puddings,

Saveloys,

Tripe,

Head Cheese

Pigs Feet, in vinegar,

Soused Beef feet,

Fresh Tongues,

Corned Tongues,

Smoked Tongues,

Sheep's Tongues

in vinegar,

Pig's Tongues

Smoked Beef,

Dried Beef, etc.,

A superior quality of,

corned beef, prepared expressly for family use and

put up in quantities to

suit.

Sugar-Cured Hams, canvassed, Sugar-

Cured Breakfast Bacon Canvassed,

Heavy Bacon, Mess and clear Mess

Pork, per bbl, Barrelled Beef, warrant-

ed 200 lbs. in each Bbl., Neat's Foot

Oil, Tallow, Work Oyen, Milch Cow

Hay, Potatoes in bulk, Beef Cattle

Mutton Sheep etc., etc.

We are prepared to supply Vessels

bound for foreign ports, with Barrelled

Beef, Pork, Vegetables, Smoked Meats

and in fact every article in our line ne-

cessary for the voyage, on short notice

Keep it Before the

People

That we have a

LARGER STOCK,

GREAT VARIETY,

SUPERIOR QUALITY,

AND SELL CHEAPER

Than any other firm on Puget Sound.

Orders from all parts of the Sound

and Victoria B. C. respectfully solicited

and Satisfaction guaranteed.

BOOTH, FOSS & BORST.

Seattle Market, Sept. 1 1872.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EX-

isting under the firm name of Lord &

Hall, Contractors, Builders, etc., in this city,

is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

Mr. Hall will pay the debts and receive and

receipt for the accounts due the firm. He will

also carry on the business at the old stand on

his own account.

D. R. LORD,

G. W. HALL,

Seattle, Feb. 28th, 1873.

BAKERY.

Between Pavilion and Tele-

graph Office.

THOS. H. STRINGHAM & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND WHOLESALE

AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Pilot Bread, Soda and

Boston Crackers, Su-

gar and Picnic

Crackers, Colo-

rado and

Graham

Crackers,

Butter and

Oyster Crack-

ers, Bread, Rusk,

Rolls, Cakes, Pies,

Boston Brown Bread.

KEEP

Confectionery and Fruit,

Groceries, Ship and

Family Supplies.

Orders from all parts of the country,

and from home and foreign vessels so

licitated, and will be filled with dispatch,

and satisfaction guaranteed.

Bread and supplies delivered in

any part of the city free of charge.

Those wanting Bread left at their