

# Puget Sound Dispatch.

Vol. 3. SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, THURSDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 19, 1874. NO. 10

## Puget Sound Dispatch.

**BROWN & SON.**

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**JOHN J. MCGILVRA,**  
Attorney at Law,  
SEATTLE, W. T.

Will attend to business in all parts of the Territory.

**CHARLES D. EMERY,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
SEATTLE, W. T.

WILL PAY PROMPT ATTENTION TO  
all business in Law, Equity and Admiralty.

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**W. B. HALL,**  
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**PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO**  
Chancery Cases.  
Office—On Commercial street over City  
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**A. BAGLEY, M. D.**  
Homeopathic Physician and  
Surgeon,  
At the United States Hotel, Seattle  
W. T. jr15

**DENTISTRY.**  
Dr. J. C. GRASSE, DENTIST.  
Office in Stone & Burnett's new building on  
Commercial street. All work warranted.  
oct. 24

**DR. G. A. WEED,**  
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,  
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Office over Merrill & Kings Drug Store.  
Office hours from 9 to 12, a. m., and  
from 2 to 5, p. m.

**J. W. ERVIN,**  
Contractor and Builder,  
IN MASONRY, STONE, BRICK  
Plastering, Ornamental and Stucco  
Work.  
San Juan Lime and Plastering Hair always  
on hand for sale. ap27

**GEO. N. McCONAHA**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
Particular attention paid to Collections  
OFFICE:  
In City Council Room Mill; street,  
1114

**A. Mackintosh,**  
Notary Public and Conveyancer,  
REAL ESTATE AND TAX AGENT.

Has a complete Abstract of Title to all  
Lands in King County. Will attend to  
the purchase and sale of Lands any-  
where on Puget Sound. Special atten-  
tion paid to the transfer of Real Estate  
and payment of Taxes. Patronage so-  
licit and satisfaction guaranteed.  
Office on Mill Street, opposite the  
Occidental Hotel, Seattle, King County  
c23 f

**McNAUGHT & LEARY,**  
Seattle, King County, W. T.  
Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors  
in Chancery and  
Proctors in Ad-  
miralty.

**MR. LEARY WILL GIVE PARTICULAR**  
attention to the purchase and sale of  
**Real estate**  
Collections &c.  
Loans negotiated  
City property, Timber and Agricul-  
tural lands for sale.  
Agents for the Phoenix of Hartford, North  
British and Mercantile of London and Edin-  
burgh Fire Insurance Companies.  
McNAUGHT & LEARY.

## Crawford & Harrington,

### COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN  
Hardware, Groceries,  
Wines and Liquors,  
Flour and Feed.

### SUGAR TEA, TOBACCO, COFFEE ETC.,

Are continually adding to their Stock on hand to meet  
the increasing demand of the Puget Sound trade and  
the public generally.

Price List, not higher than San Francisco jobbing price.  
Freight added.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Warehouse and Wharf adjoining Steamboat landing.  
STORE AND OFFICE, COMMERCIAL STREET  
SEATTLE, W. T.

## CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON,

AGENTS FOR THE  
Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

### SUCH IS LIFE!

The largest and best selected stock of General Merchandise  
Ever offered in this country, can be found at

## Schwabacher Bros. & Co.

Our new two-story building is filled from Garret to Cel-  
ar; all of which we offer at prices that

### DEFY COMPETITION!!

Our past success in business is sufficient guarantee to the  
Public that they will be dealt with  
**ON THE SQUARE.**

Our stock consists in part of the following, viz:

*Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and  
Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Tobacco and  
Cigars, Crockery and Glassware, Paints, Oil, Var-  
nish, Brushes, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Curtains and  
Window blinds, Shelf Hardware, Carpenter and  
Blacksmith tools, Iron, Steel, Chain, Bolts, Rivets,  
Ship Chandler and Cordage, Lime, Cement, Plaster  
of Paris, Hay, Feed, Cumberland Coal, Flours  
and other farming implements.*  
In fact anything and everything in general  
use in this country.

We do not import "Direct from England," but one of our firm keeps a Chinese  
servant whom he imported from Oregon.

We have a resident partner in the Market and our purchases are made to the  
VERY BEST ADVANTAGE.

To Country Dealers we would say, and say it in truth too, that they can make  
Saving by purchasing of us instead of going below.

Thankful for past patronage, we take this method of inviting the Public to give  
us a call and we guarantee that they shall not regret doing so.

## SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.

## JAS. R. ROBBINS

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Foreign and Domestic Wines,

## Brandies, Whiskeys, ETC., ETC., ETC.

No. 15 Commercial st. Seattle, W. T.  
Genuine Cutter Whiskey always on Hand

## City Drug Store.

**J. F. MORRILL & CO., Proprietors.**  
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, etc  
Prescriptions carefully compounded, day and night.

## Puget Sound Dispatch.

**RAILROADS CAN'T MAKE TOWNS.**—It is true that railroads greatly stimulate and augment trade where the elements exist and the conditions are favorable; but it is equally true, and this truth has often been demonstrated by repeated failures, that a railroad alone, without other advantages, never has, and never can, make a town of any permanent importance. Somewhere about a quarter of a century ago, the project was undertaken of building up a rival to Buffalo at Dun- kirk, the western terminus of the New York and Erie Railroad. The project was most promising. That port had the great advantage of being the entrepot to the shortest and most direct route of travel and transportation between the Great Lakes, with their immense commercial tributaries, and the great commercial centre to which all must go for a market. It was backed by all the influence of the most powerful chartered monopoly then in existence. Millions of dollars were expended in magnificent hotel, depot and other public buildings. A line of sumptuously furnished steamers were put on to connect with the railroad at that place and all the ports on the upper lakes. Town lots were held, and many sold at almost fabulous prices. Yet with all these advantages, within two or three years the town relapsed into its former insignificance, with only the addition of splendid deserted ruins, and to-day presents only grass grown streets, dilapidated buildings, with no signs of commerce or thrift, and its rivalry never created a ripple upon the surface of business in Buffalo.

We see the same experiment being repeated, with the certainty of a like result, in the attempt to make a railroad town upon the high bluffs bordering the unfathomable waters of Commencement Bay, at a place designated on the maps as Tacoma, the name of a mill station and logging hamlet about two miles from the located and uninhabited town plat. This speculative railroad town was started as a rival pretender for the trade, and commerce now tributary to Seattle; but Seattle has not yet and never will receive any detriment from that rivalry. The centres of population and trade are generally settled by natural laws which are rarely reversed by artificial means. Nearly 3,000 people with \$3,000,000 of vested capital and all the advantages of natural position, are not easily wipered out by a handful of artificial speculators, even though backed by a railroad monopoly.

**A PRAYING MAN.**—It is not an uncommon thing to taunt the convicted felon with the fact that he made profession of religion, and thus added the sneaking vice of hypocrisy to his crimes; but we have never heard praying charged as a chief offense, or as conclusive evidence of rascality, until in the case of the attacks of the Portland Bulletin and the Olympia Courier upon Col. Kemble, the Indian Inspector, in every one of which his offending is that he is "a praying man." For this they call him a "pious fraud," a "howler," and other epithets are applied to him expressive of their contempt for his religious professions. The Courier contrasts his character with that of Gen. Milroy—whose removal is the sole cause of these attacks—in the following terms: "General Milroy has also many friends among the first men of the nation, civil as well as military, and while he differs from Mr. Kemble in that he does not wear a long hypocritical face, nor make lengthy prayers to be heard of men, his actions while in this Territory have won him the esteem of all who admire honesty, candor and integrity." Now the truth is, that Gen. Milroy and Col. Kemble differ in their religious views to this extent: the first is a member of the Presbyterian society, and if he does not pray he ought to; the other is an active member of the Protestant Episcopal Church; while the two editors who assail him for being a praying man, are both sons of praying parents, and we venture the assertion that they would be no worse members of society if they would emulate the example of such praying men as Colonel Kemble. General Milroy may conduct himself in such a manner in his daily walk and conversation as not to raise the suspicion among worldly people that he ever prays. Colonel Kemble, we know, carries his religion with him in his daily life, and in all his public and private relations, and yet no man is less disposed to bigotry or sectarian intolerance. In his official inspection of affairs in this Indian department, he highly commended the management of the agency of Father Cheronse, a Roman Catholic; also that of Father Wilber, a Methodist; recommended the appointment of Marshal Binn, a Unitarian, and of C. A. Huntington, a Congregationalist. Since these transactions he has been fully vindicated from all charges reflecting upon his character as a faithful officer, by the President, the Senate, and the Department of the Interior, with all the facts in the case fully before them, and this was done in view of the

Milroy case, in which the President saw fit to reverse his action in deference to the earnest appeals of Milroy and his "many friends among the first men of the nation." From our knowledge of E. C. Kemble from early boyhood, this is the first attempt we ever heard of to impeach his integrity of character on any ground, and it can only succeed now by first impeaching the President and the Senate.

**BAR SUPPER.**—The supper given at Rickard's, on Thursday evening, to the Bench and Bar, by the two licentiates, Messrs. Andrews and Blanchard, admitted to practice at the present term of the District Court, was a very pleasant affair. Chief Justice Jacobs presided, and all the Attorneys and officers of the Court and a single representative of the press were in attendance. Many good sentiments were offered in libations of pure cold water, eloquent and humorous speeches were made, demonstrating the fact that intoxicating drinks are not a necessary concomitant to "a feast of reason and a flow of soul." These young gentlemen have entered upon their professional career with the wise determination to draw no inspiration from the intoxicating cup. They start upon their way with the respect and good wishes of all, and if their past and present lives are an indication of the future, they will achieve and reflect honor upon the noble profession they have chosen for their vocation.

**BAO. DE VORE SUCCEEDED.**—Rev. J. F. DeVore, Presiding Elder of the M. E. Church for this district, was recently tried before an ecclesiastical tribunal at Portland, on several grave charges, convicted and suspended from all church relations until the convening of the Annual Conference, when the action of the present tribunal will be ratified or reversed. Mr. DeVore publishes an address, affirming his innocence of the charges, and expressing the confident belief that he will be acquitted by the Conference.

The Courier expresses the opinion that "politics had more to do with this prosecution than religion." We do not know what business a Christian minister has to do with politics.

**A SPLENDID SUCCESS.**—The concert at the Pavilion, on Thursday evening, by Messrs. Wood and Luranger, assisted by Misses Lizzie and Lillie Bell, Miss Naeher, Lelia Shorey, Mrs. Morrell, Master Charles Plimpton, Mr. George Finn, and Professors Zeligler, Ward and Hill, is pronounced by all good judges as the most attractive entertainment of the kind ever offered to the people of Seattle. It was attended by nearly four hundred persons, all of whom seemed delighted with the performances and proud of our local talent, which owes much of its development to the admirable training of Professors Wood and Luranger.

**FOR THE CASSIAR MINES.**—A telegram to Mr. Yesler announces that the S. S. California will be at Seattle on the 20th inst. on the way to Fort Wrangle, and will leave as soon as discharged.

Here is an opportunity for those who wish to go to the Cassiar mines, but we would advise none to go there at present, as the weather in that high latitude is exceedingly cold, with little probability of moderating materially for the next month or more. A gentleman just from Victoria informs us that he saw several men there who had returned from unsuccessful attempts to reach the mines, crippled for life by frozen limbs, some of which had to be amputated. It is a fearful risk to take in the uncertain pursuit of gold.

**ADMITTED.**—Mr. H. L. Blanchard, upon due examination, was found well instructed in the law, and admitted to practice in all the Courts of this Territory. During a residence of over two years in this place, this young gentleman has commended himself to the confidence of this community by his gentle deportment, industrious habits and purity of character, united with ability which are bound to make him a successful lawyer and an honored citizen.

**CONFIRMED.**—By private telegram we are informed that Col. E. C. Kemble was confirmed as Inspector of Indian Affairs on the 5th inst. We trust now the Administration in this Territory, will acquiesce in the action of the President and the Senate, and cease its factious opposition, which is only calculated to bring discredit upon the Administration.

**CHANGES IN WHATCOM COUNTY.**—At the last meeting of the Board of Commissioners for Whatcom County, Mr. C. J. Coates resigned the office of Sheriff and the vacancy was filled by the appointment of M. H. Upson, of Semiahmo; Mr. James Brookings resigned as a Commissioner and the vacancy was filled by the appointment of W. H. Sartwell, of Skagit City.

**PRIZES.**—We are requested to announce that prizes will be given at the Masquerade Ball; one to the best sustained male character and one to the best sustained female character.

**"A SOFT ANSWER," ETC.**—A few days since Capt. Wright, of the Zephyr, had occasion to tell the editor of the Tribune, before a large crowd of people, that he was an "infernal liar," and threatened to punch his head. The meek editor comes back at the Captain as follows, telling the truth for once:

**A FIRST-RATE FELLOW.**—Capt. Wright, of the Zephyr, has again obligated us as he has on so many previous occasions. Puget Sound is especially favored in her steamboat captains, and Wright in one of the most popular.

**FIRE AT STELLACOOM.**—On Sunday night, the Pacific Exchange Hotel, kept by Wm. Voigt, took fire in a lodger's room and was burned to the ground. Some of the guests escaped only with their night clothes, losing all their baggage.

**AN ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE.**—A prisoner by the name of Clark, who was convicted of the crime of manslaughter at the last term of Court at Port Townsend for killing the mate of a vessel, and sentenced to one year's imprisonment at the Thurston County Jail, attempted to make his escape on last Sunday night, by sawing the bars from the second story window with a case knife which he had hacked full of nicks, so that it would cut like a saw. The jailer was informed of the preparation to escape by another prisoner, and was on the lookout for him. When Clark found that his plans were made known, he pounced on Kirkland, a fellow-prisoner, and would have beaten him fearfully, but for the timely arrival of the jailer, who loaded him with heavy irons and confined him in a cell, where he will do penance by living on low diet—bread and water—until he becomes satisfied that such actions will not go unnoticed.—Courier.]

It will be seen from the following that we have gold mines in our Territory equal if not surpassing in richness the Siskiyou mines. And what is better still, they are easier of access and can be worked a much longer time during the year. Mr. J. McCallister of Seattle has received a letter, with a piece of quartz enclosed, from the Sheriff of Yakima county, stating that parties are now at work with rockers taking out gold, and that \$5 has been made to the hand—notwithstanding that they have to heat the water to thaw it out. Mr. John Shouby and others also write to the effect that the utmost confidence is expressed in their richness, and that they prospect from three to ten cents to the pan.—Courier.

### Marine Intelligence.

SEATTLE, Feb. 11.—Sailed 10th, steamer Eastport for Coos Bay.

SEATTLE, Feb. 12.—Arrived, ship Alexander Marshall from New York. Sailed, Isaac Jeanes, Seabeck.

VICTORIA, Feb. 11.—Sailed, Prince Alfred.

### THE FOURTH ANNUAL GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL

WILL BE GIVEN AT THE  
**PAVILION.**  
Monday, Feb. 23rd, 1874.

No person will be admitted unmasked.

Tickets \$2 00, to be obtained at the Express Office, on Front Street, opposite the Telegraph Office.

### Grand March will be played

AT 9 O'CLOCK.

Committee of Arrangements:

H. L. YESLER, E. G. FARNHAM,  
SAM'L. F. COOMBS, THOS. S. RUSSELL,  
WM. H. OLLIAM.

Music by Professor Wood's Quadrille Band.

The net proceeds to be for the benefit of Professor Wood.

Seattle, Jan. 23, 1874.

### REMINDERS

**OYSTERS FRESH AND STEWED**  
Only 25 cents at the Seattle House, Mill St

### PLAIN AND FANCY

### JOB PRINTING

Executed in the highest style of the Art

The Cheapest on Puget Sound.

JUST RECEIVED

A quantity of the most fashionable styles of type, borders etc.

Call and examine specimens and prices.

SEATTLE, W. T., Jan. 27, 1874.

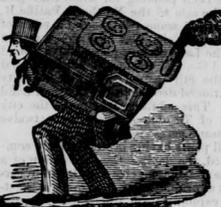
THIS MAY CERTIFY THAT I HAVE THIS day purchased of T. S. RUSSELL & Co., all of their stock of Furniture, Bedding, etc.

J. H. CARNERY.

SEATTLE, Jan. 27, 1874.  
THIS MAY CERTIFY THAT WE HAVE this day disposed of our stock of Furniture, Bedding, etc., to John H. Carnery. All bills due, or due by the late firm of T. S. Russell & Co. will be paid by us. Parties indebted are respectfully requested to pay their accounts.  
Signed, T. S. RUSSELL,  
CHAS. T. BACHLE

## S. P. ANDREWS

### Stoves and Tin Ware.



COOKING,  
PARLOR  
AND BOX

### STOVES!! AND PORTABLE RANGES

Ever brought to Puget Sound

BUCK'S CELEBRATED

### COOK STOVE,

With or without extension, and for either Wood or Coal.

Also, General Assortment of

### Kitchen Furniture

French and English Ware,  
Japan, Tin, Copper and

Sheet Iron Ware,  
Tin and Metallic Roofing,  
Lead and Iron Pipe.

Iron Pipe cut and fitted to suit.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

### PIPE FITTINGS.

### JOB WORK.

All work pertaining to the business done at short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

### GIVE ME A TRIAL!

Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

### PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES!

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

STORE ON

COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE W.T.

S. P. ANDREWS

April 4, 1872 204

Dr. H. C. WILLISON

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

TACOMA, W. T.

### Notice!

LAND OFFICE OF OLYMPIA, W. T.,  
December 31, 1873.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED at this office by Andrew Lunn against John O'Brien for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 1910, dated August 4, 1873, the W. 1/2 of S. E. 1/4, Section 26, Township 26, North of Range 2 East, in the County of Kitsap, W. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry; said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 11 day of February, 1874, at 11 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

J. T. BROWN, Register,  
ROBERT G. STUART, Receiver

### Assessment No. 2.

Seattle Coal and Transportation Company—Location of Works, Seattle, King County, Washington Territory—Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1873, an assessment of One Dollar per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 457, Market Street, San Francisco, California. Any share upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on 22nd day of January, A. D. 1874, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Thursday, the 19th day of February, A. D. 1874, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.—(C. & O. S.)

H. L. HUTCHINSON, Secretary,  
D. 23-41. 457 Market Street, San Francisco.

### Swinomish Warehouse,

Yesler's Wharf, SEATTLE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING LEASED a building on Yesler's wharf, is prepared to do any kind of Commission Business promptly and with dispatch.

He has also a quantity of

### HAY AND GRAIN!

Of his own raising to dispose of. He will keep on hand Hay, Grain, Vegetables and Fruit of all kinds at wholesale.

To the mills, Logging Camps and other wanting such articles, he would invite them to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

E. T. DOUGLASS

### WALL PAPER!

### PAPER HANGING

Done to Order

BY

E. CALVERT,

Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.

Oct. 22-14

Puget Sound Dispatch

BERNARD BROWN, EDITOR

Seattle W. T. Feb. 19 1874

WHO OWNS TACOMA.—The few persons at Tacoma waiting for "something to turn up," are made jubilant by a letter from C. B. Wright, Resident Vice President of the N. P. R. Co., to Captain J. C. Ainsworth, Managing Director, as follows:

DEAR SIR:—The Northern Pacific R. R. Company have agreed upon terms of purchase for the controlling interest in the Lake Superior and Puget Sound Land Company, and will proceed to wind up or control the affairs of that Company. The Puget Sound Land Co. has large landed interests at various points on the Sound, and negotiations have been pending for some time past for the sale to the Northern Pacific R. R. Co. of some two thousand acres of land in the city of Tacoma owned by the Lake Superior and Puget Sound Land Co. The sale was consummated on the 8th instant, and the property mentioned deeded to the Tacoma Land Co. This addition will make the city of Tacoma embrace some twelve thousand acres.

All plans having been now fully completed, the laying of the foundation of a large commercial city will begin in earnest at once. A large number of Eastern capitalists are interested with the Railroad Company in the terminal city at Tacoma, and contemplate many improvements the coming season.

This whole letter is a transparent humbug to all who view it from a disinterested stand-point. That the Puget Sound Land Co. has been absorbed, is a matter of congratulation to all who disinterestedly wish well to the success of the railroad; provided, it is not succeeded by another ring of the same class under the name of the Tacoma Land Co.; in which event, the whole thing is a fraud, and under the present state of public sentiment must inevitably prove a failure.

This letter proves officially, what we have before said, and has been as often denied, that the Railroad Company has no interest in the Tacoma city plot; the property there purchased from the other land company, being immediately conveyed to the Tacoma Land Co. Now it is not conclusive that if the railroad managers had any faith in the future of Tacoma, and had determined on "laying the foundations of a large commercial city," they would have held this land for the benefit of the rise to their own Company, instead of conveying it to a Company for purposes of private speculation; else, they are precious set of rascals, betraying the trust reposed in them and swindling the stockholders and bondholders.

Another conclusive proof of the wild character of this Tacoma speculation, is the extent of the city plot: "embracing some twelve thousand acres," eighteen and three-fourths square miles; equal to six and a quarter miles in length and three in breadth, with room enough for four hundred thousand tenements, with ample street conveniences, and a population of five millions.

If Eastern capitalists have invested in this speculation, their money has not yet reached Tacoma to pay for the improvements already made, and we are confident it never will, if the investors take the precaution to examine or inform themselves of the character of their investment before venturing further.

COMMON SENSE IN GOVERNMENT.—Wm. E. Taylor, the Governor of Wisconsin, elected on the Reform ticket by the votes of the Grangers, has spent his whole life upon a farm—a plain, unpretending, industrious and thrifty farmer, one who

"Holds fast the golden mean, And lives contentedly between The little and the great; Feels not the wants that pinch the poor, Nor plagues that haunt the rich man's door, Embittering all his state."

This man, called from the plow to the highest office of the State, carries with him to the discharge of the duties of this to him untried field of labor, the highest attributes of popular government—infallible common sense united with incorruptible integrity. His first message to the Legislature is a rare model of these qualifications; plain, practical and direct, free from display or circumlocution. Upon the question of Sunday laws and liquor laws, which has agitated that community and been an element in every political contest in the State, the Governor, through a strict temperance man, and unexceptionable in his observance of religious duties, says:

"Our government was wisely instituted for the protection of society, and is not an appropriate instrumentality for the dissemination of religious doctrine, or for the definition and enforcement of private morality. Our State Constitution clearly recognizes personal liberty as among the inherent rights of man, and the obligations imposed upon us in this regard characterize all free government wherever instituted. The precise line of division between the freedom of the individual and the rights of society may sometimes be difficult of definition. But the general restrictions upon the exercise of legislative power in this direction are not the less positive and obligatory. The natural inclination of all classes of people, is to invoke the power of the Government as a remedy for all evils, real or imaginary, and the greatest danger lies in the direction of too liberal concessions to these demands. There is, in fact, no aggregation of popular evils more to be apprehended, than a Government loaded with a superabundance of arbitrary powers, and burdened with the self-imposed responsibility of

righting all the wrongs of which society complains. Inordinate expenditure and taxation, popular discontents and disregard for all the obligations of law, are the natural and direct fruits of these arbitrary interferences with the social habits, private enterprises or religious beliefs of the people."

For these reasons Governor Taylor recommends the repeal of certain restraining laws which it was found impracticable to enforce, and hence had no other effect than to disturb society, being the enforcement of all laws into contempt, and to promote a general spirit of lawlessness. This has been the uniform effect of all laws to prohibit whatever popular sentiment sanctions, and no reformer ever promoted his cause by invoking the strong arm of the law to his aid in advance of popular conviction and consent.

A QUESTIONABLE STORY.—There is a sensational story now going the rounds, originating with the San Francisco Chronicle, that Mrs. Ida De Long, wife of the late Minister to Japan, recently received a communication from the spirit of her deceased father, James R. Vineyard, through a spirit medium, as follows:

"To My Daughter Ida: Ten years ago I entrusted a large sum of money to Thomas Madden to invest for me in certain lands. After my death he failed to account for the investment to my executors. The money was invested and twelve hundred and fifty acres of land were bought, and one-half of this land belongs to you. I paid Madden on account of my share of the purchase \$650. He must be made to make a settlement. Your father."

Upon this information, of which none of the Vineyard family had any previous knowledge, Mr. De Long called upon Madden, and without saying what special reason he had for asking the question, asked him if there was not yet some unfinished business between himself and the estate of the late Mr. Vineyard. Mr. Madden thought for a moment, and then he said there was. When informed that Mrs. De Long had only just learned of this investment of her father's he expressed much surprise. He said he supposed she and her husband and the executors knew all about it, but were merely letting the matter rest for the property to increase in value. Mr. Madden then said he was ready to make a settlement at any time. This was readily assented to by Mr. De Long, and accordingly Mr. Madden transferred a deed for 625 acres of the land to Mrs. De Long, her heirs and assigns forever. Having done this Mr. Madden offered the lady \$18,000 for the property, but having been informed that it was worth at least \$25,000 she declined to sell.

If this story is depended upon as a test of the truth of spiritualism, it must fail, for it carries with it too many internal evidences of inaccuracy. We knew all the parties mentioned well. When Mr. Vineyard died he left a wife and four married daughters, of whom Ida was the youngest. He was not a rich man, though always engaged in business requiring good business capacity and habits, and his wife was always his most trusted counselor. That he would make an investment in another man's name, without the knowledge of his wife or any member of his family and keep no record or memoranda of the transaction, is simply an absurdity. Mr. Madden is too good a business man to make the remark that he supposed the executors knew all about it, when they had settled up the estate without calling upon him to account; and it is certainly not such a fool as to deed to Mrs. De Long a valuable property belonging in common to several heirs and thus make himself liable to the others for their several shares.

The story is manifestly an invention without any foundation in truth. How dare a newspaper use the names of respectable people in connection with such a canard? That is the audacious style which has given the Chronicle its immense circulation.

THE CASSIAR MINES.—Purser Vanderbilt of the S. S. California, just returned from Fort Wrangle, reports that on the 3rd inst. 110 men left Wrangle for the Cassiar mines; on the 4th, 40 or 50 men left, and 40 remained. On Monday last the steamer Eliza Anderson left Victoria for Wrangle with a full cargo of passengers and freight destined for the mines. The California is advertised to leave this port on the 20th for the same destination, and we understand will be loaded with freight and passengers, principally from Portland. From Fort Wrangle, at the mouth of the Stucken river, to the mines, the distance is about 180 miles, 100 miles on the river and 80 miles over a mountain trail. The passage is low made on foot, the 100 miles on the ice, and at this season of the year is attended with the greatest hardships and peril to life and limb; the weather being intensely cold. The river will not be open to navigation till some time in May.

George R. Helm, an Oregon lawyer, publishes a letter to the voters of that State, in which he says:

"I wish to say that while I shall ever remember my friends with gratitude and fidelity, and whilst I would feel highly honored and very proud to represent the people of the State of Oregon with whom I have been identified, and in whose midst I have been reared for twenty-three years, yet I am not a candidate for Congress nor any other position."

We wonder how long it takes a fellow to get "reared" in Oregon, so that he can be a candidate for Congress.

MISTAKEN IDENTITY.—The Tribune announces that the editor of this paper has "aroused a sleeping lion," and the Intelligence copies the startling announcement as a compliment to its own artistic skill in simulating the lion's roar so naturally as to deceive a nervous old woman who could not detect in the roar the real presence of the bray of the jackass. To avoid painful accidents to the weak and nervous, the roar should have been introduced with the prelude: "You, ladies, you, whose hearts do fear The smallest monstrous mouse that creeps on floor, May now perchance, both quake and tremble here, When lion rough in wildest rage doth roar."

Then know that I, one Snug the joiner, am A lion fell, nor else no lion's dam: For if I should as lion come in strife Into this place, 'twere pity for my life."

A CONGRESS WITHOUT A CONSTITUENT.—The freedom with which the people and the newspapers criticize the acts of their public servants, regardless of party bias, is illustrated by the following comments of the Boston Journal:

"A comparison of the comments made by the press of both parties and all sections upon the proceedings of Congress previous to the holiday recess suggests the inquiry—Where are the constituents of these gentlemen; whom or what do they represent? We do not find a paper anywhere which speaks kindly of them, or commends the spirit manifested in the session thus far. The Democratic members come in for the most severe castigation at the hands of the respectable papers of their own party; they are cast aside as reprobate, and unworthy a position as representatives of Democracy; and their position on the salary question, in particular, has so incensed their constituents that it is pretty evident that there will be a new deal, all around, at the next election. The other side of the House receive criticism hardly less severe. The personal bickerings, the disgraceful wrangles, and the small devices and subterfuges, which have taken up so much of the time of the House during the session, have had the effect to weaken the public confidence in the ability of this Congress to grapple with the questions before it."

RAIN RECORD.—Statistics published by the Smithsonian Institute show that the average rainfall per annum at several points in Washington Territory are as follows: Fort Vancouver, 38.84 inches; Port Steilacoom, 43.98; Fort Walla Walla, 19.48; Fort Bellingham, 29.67; Fort Simcoe, 10.61; Fort Cascades, 64.57; Fort Colville, 9.83; San Juan Island, 27.53; Cape Disappointment, 74.90; Neah Bay, 123.35; Sitka, Alaska Territory, 63.39.

THE GREAT DIFFERENCE.—Some time since a young minister in the West End wished to impress his Sabbath school with the dignity of life by reference to the fact that men had souls while ordinary animals have none. Striking an attitude, he asked: "Now, children, what is the great difference between a monkey and a boy?" "The tail, the tail," came from all parts of the house, and the minister was satisfied.

Hon. John Hally has introduced a bill into Congress for reducing the number of members in the Territorial Council of Idaho to nine, and of the House to twenty-six, and to extend the duration of a session to sixty days.

BOYS USING TOBACCO.—A strong and sensible writer says a good sharp thing, and a true one, too, for boys who use tobacco: "It has utterly spoiled and utterly ruined thousands of boys. It tends to the softening and weakening of the bones, and it greatly injures the brain, the spinal marrow, and the whole nervous fluid. A boy who smokes early and frequently, or in any way uses large quantities of tobacco, is never known to make a man of much energy, and generally lacks muscular and physical as well as mental power. We would particularly warn boys, who want to be anything in the world, to shun tobacco as a most baneful poison."

"Henrietta," said a landlady to her new girl, "when there's bad news, particularly private afflictions, always let the boarders know it before dinner. It may seem strange to you, Henrietta, but such things make a great difference in the eating in the course of a year."

VINDICATED ITS DIGNITY.—A Maine justice vindicated the dignity of the law by sending a newspaper editor to prison for calling him a "middle-headed mannikin."

It may be remembered that the fate of Alley, who was tried about two years ago for the murder of Abijah Ellis in Boston, depended on whether the blood found in the stables was that of a human being or a horse. Surgeons testified both ways, and the jury acquitted the prisoner. Investigations since made by eminent scientific men in Europe have developed the fact that the difference between even the fresh blood of a human being is so slight as to be recognized only with difficulty; and in dried blood the difference is almost imperceptible.

The wicked wag of the Detroit Free Press is responsible for this: A St. Louis reporter has talked with a man 111 years old, but what's that with sitting up all night with Susan B. Anthony and hearing her personal recollections of Pompeii.

That man only is truly brave, who fears nothing so much as committing a mean action, and undauntedly fulfills his duty, whatever be the dangers which impede his way.

Daughter of the house (to a privileged old friend of the family)—"Dear Mr. Lupus, you don't appear to be enjoying yourself. I should like to have you waltz this once with me." Privileged old friend—"My dear child, I do not dance; but if it suits you, I wouldn't mind sitting here with my arm around your waist, while others are making themselves dizzy."

We have for sale a small but well selected assortment of cuts of roosters, banners and smoke wreathed cannon, that have been used for the past fifteen years in celebrating Republican victories. It looks just now, owing to "circumstances over which we have no control," as if we had no further use for the harmless illustrations, and will dispose of them on reasonable terms.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Thomas Hart, who died at his residence in Polk county last week, was one of the old pioneers of this country. He came to Oregon in 1845, and settled on the place on which he died, having resided there constantly for near thirty years.

We are often infinitely mistaken and take the falsest measures, when we envy the happiness of rich and great men.—We know not inward canker that eats out all the joy and delight, and makes them really more miserable than ourselves.

A good man and a wise man may at times be angry with the world, at times be grieved at it; but he sure no man is ever discontented with the world if he did his duty in it.

The English courts, holding an opinion directly opposed to that of American judges, have ruled in a recent suit that railway tickets marked, "Good for this day only," cannot be used by the purchaser on any other day.

Never attempt to do anything that is not right. Just as sure as you do, you will get into trouble. If you even suspect that anything is wrong, do not do it until you are sure your suspicions are groundless.

It has been discovered that many Londoners mistake old and disused pumps, in which there is a slit where the handle used to work, for letter boxes, and put their letters into them. In one in Great Titchfield street several of these were discovered, and others are lying in the slit of a pump in Portland place.

An orator in Los Angeles (Cal.) began a recent speech with a series of conundrums, thus: "Are there no dynamic antagonisms in the inanimate world? Do all the elements above, around and beneath us act in platinic unity?"

Assessment No. 2. Seattle Coal and Transportation Company—Location of Works, Seattle, King County, Washington Territory—Location of principal places of business, San Francisco, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees, held on the 11th day of December, A. D. 1873, an assessment of One Dollar per share was levied upon the capital stock of said Company, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 537, Market street, San Francisco, California. Any share upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on 22nd day of January, A. D. 1874, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Thursday, the 19th day of February, A. D. 1874, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.—(L. & O. E.) H. L. HUTCHINSON, Secretary, D. 23-4d. 537 Market street, San Francisco.

Delinquent Assessment. Seattle Coal and Transportation Company—Location of Works, Seattle, King County, Washington Territory—Location of principal places of business, San Francisco, California.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock on account of assessment levied on the eleventh day of December, 1873, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Table with 4 columns: Name, No. of Shares, Certificate, Shares, Amt. Includes Charles Bayley, C. W. Howard, Pledge, 107, 625 1666 67, and others.

WOOD AND BARK! For Sale. ANDERSON & HARDEE, DEALERS IN WOOD. ARE NOW PREPARED TO DELIVER WOOD and Bark to any part of Seattle at the following reasonable rates: 24 inch Wood, split coarse, \$3 50 per cord; 24, 18, 16 and 12 inch Wood, split fine, \$4 75 per cord. Bark per cord, \$4 00. N. B.—Order Box at Malson's Butcher Shop, corner Mill and Front streets. Wood Yard, corner Ninth and Cherry streets. d31

Dexter Horton & Co BANKERS, SEATTLE, W. T. Deposits received and accounts kept subject to Check or Draft. Interest allowed on time deposits from date of deposit. Sight Exchange on Portland, San Francisco and New York. Money loaned on approved security; Bonds, Stocks and other valuables received on deposit for safe keeping. Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted. Investments in Real Estate and other property made for parties. d5f.

THE FOURTH ANNUAL GRAND FANCY DRESS BALL WILL BE GIVEN AT THE PAVILION, ON Monday, Feb. 23rd, 1874. No person will be admitted unmasked. No Tickets will be sold at the door. Tickets \$2 00, to be obtained at the Express Office, on Front Street, opposite the Telegraph Office.

Grand March will be played at 9 O'CLOCK. Committee of Arrangements: H. L. TAYLOR, E. G. FARNHAM, SAM'L F. COOPER, THOS. A. REBELL, Wm. B. GILLIAM. Music by Professor Wood's Quadrille Band. The net proceeds to be for the benefit of Professor Wood. Seattle, Jan. 23, 1874.



ANDERSON'S Cabinet Emporium, Mill Street next door to Post Office, Seattle, W. T. ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE!

CONSTANTLY ON HAND. Pictures and Frames Upholstery & Bedding, Doors, Sash, and Blinds.

Pianos tuned and repaired. Satisfaction guaranteed. Agent for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machine.

Special attention paid to UNDER-TAKING. CASKETS AND COFFINS. Constantly on hand. Give me a call. JOHN S. ANDERSON.

New and Extensive Stock! GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

B. BERNSTEIN RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE Citizens of Seattle and vicinity, that having leased the extensive premises formerly occupied by STONE & BURNEIT, on

Commercial Street, AND RECEIVED DIRECT A LARGE AND EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF General Merchandise

HE HAS OPENED THE SAME FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION. The following will comprise a portion of the stock: Dry Goods, Clothing, Carpets, Wall Paper, Groceries, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.

The Highest Price paid for Furs Seattle, January 6, 1874.

CLOSING OUT! I AM OFFERING MY ENTIRE STOCK OF goods at cost, consisting in part of Millinery, Fancy Goods and Toys.

A nice assortment of Dress Trimmings and Ladies Furnishing Goods, Materials for Fancy work, including Zephyr, at 25 cts. per oz. Those in search of Christmas presents would do well to call. Stylish Hats and Bonnets at very low prices. Please call and satisfy yourselves that I am really selling AT COST. MRS. G. W. HALL, Cherry street, Seattle, W. T., Dec. 11, 1873. CHARLES D. EMERY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW SEATTLE, W. T. WILL PAY PROMPT ATTENTION TO all business in Law, Equity and Ad-ministry. d31

KEARNEY'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU!

THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE, AND A POSITIVE REMEDY FOR Gout, Gravel, Strictures, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Dropsy, Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration OF THE

BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, Spermatorrhoea, Leucorrhoea or Whites, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Coliculus, Gravel or Brickbat Deposit and Mucous Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU. Permanently Cures all Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, AND PROSTATIC SWELLINGS. Existing in Men, Women and Children.

NO MATTER WHAT THE AGE. Prof. Steale says: "One bottle of Kearney's Fluid Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined." Price, One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

Depot, 104 Duane St., N. Y. A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis. Send stamp for Pamphlets, free.

TO THE Nervous & Debilitated OF BOTH SEXES. No Charge for advice or Consultation.

Dr. J. B. DRYOT, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all Diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letters describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage. Send for the Guide to Health, Price 10 Cts. J. B. DRYOT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St., N. Y. Jan. 30-ly

Seattle & Walla Walla R.R. & T. Co. Office on Mill Street, next door to Auditor's Office. SEATTLE, W. T.

THE ABOVE COMPANY ARE NOW ISSUING stock, and all are invited to take their stock at once, in order that the work may be commenced at the earliest possible time. A. A. DENNY, President, ROSEWELL SCOTT Secretary.

Notice! LAND OFFICE OF OLYMPIA, W. T. December 31, 1873. COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED at this office by Andrew Lunn against John O'Brien for abandoning his Homestead Entry, No. 1910, dated August 4, 1873, the W. S. of S. E. 1/4, Section 28, Township 26, North of Range 2 East, in the County of Kitsap, W. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office, on the 11th day of February, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

J. H. CARNEY, DEALER. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. In all styles of FURNITURE! BEDDING AND Upholstering Goods, Mouldings and Picture-Frames, PICTURES, Window Curtains, Of all kinds.

MIRRORS AND LOOKING GLASSES Undertaking. Agent for Shorey & Butler's Patent Buckshot Roller for Windows. ALSO Agent for the celebrated Wood's Cabinet Organ. J. H. CARNEY, COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE, W. T.

Seattle Market, Corner Commercial and Washington streets. Seattle, W. T. Phelps & Wadleigh SUCCESSORS TO BOOTH, FOSS & BORSI PROPRIETORS. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Vegetables and Live stock. Work Oxen kept for sale. Hams, Bacon Shoulders and lard. Sausages of all kinds, dried Beef, barbelled Beef and Pork constantly on hand and at prices to suit the times. Patronage respectfully solicited.

CLAYSON & CO. HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN have on the way, direct from Japan and China, New Teas Which they propose to sell at San Francisco wholesale prices.

Merchants and traders would find it to their advantage to purchase of this Company. This is the only direct importing establishment in Washington Territory.

If you want good Teas inquire for CLAYSON & CO'S! Send your orders to SCHWABACHER, BROS. & CO. S. F. COOMBS SEATTLE W. T.

DO NOT FORGET Hot Coffee, Chocolate and Mince Pies at the SEATTLE HOUSE, Mill Street.

Swedish Warehouse, Yesler's Wharf, SEATTLE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING LEASED A building on Yesler's wharf, is prepared to do any kind of Commission Business promptly and with dispatch. He has also a quantity of HAY AND GRAIN!

Of his own raising to dispose of, he will keep on hand Hay, Grain, Vegetables and other want of such articles, he would invite them to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. E. T. DODD.

PONY SALOON, KEPT BY BENJ. MURPHY, Commercial Street, Opposite Schwabacher's. This is the place to visit to have the inner man replenished. Cigars, Tobacco, Wines and the best of Liquors always on hand.

GEO. W. HALL Mill Street, Seattle, W. T. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Doors, Windows, Blinds, Side Lights, and Transoms

Weights and Cords to Windows, Etc. Shop work of all kinds done to order. It costs Nothing to Live



GREEN GROCERY STORE! For Beef, Mutton, Pork sugar cured Hams and Bacon, Corned Pork, Corned Beef and vegetables of all kinds, in fact everything that a hungry soul can wish. A. W. MALSON. Corner First and Mill streets.

Jacob Hoover, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW STEILACOOM, W. T. mar24-12m

Puget Sound Dispatch.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY. Seattle, W. T. Feb. 19 1874.

THE EXPRESS ROBBERY.—Over \$7,000 of the \$8,000 recently abstracted from the treasure box of Wells, Fargo & Co., at Kalama, has been recovered. It was found in a boat, in an open space under a house standing up from the ground on blocks. The woman who occupied the house, while engaged in gathering chips near the place, saw the boat and picked it up; finding it filled with greenbacks, she sent word to her husband, who works in the machine-shop, and he gave information to the Sheriff, who took possession of the money and on counting it, \$7,040 was found, \$960 missing. The house under which the money was found is next to the house of Mr. Hale, where Badlong boarded, and the boat was identified as belonging to Hale. Upon these additional circumstances Badlong is arrested for the third time, and is now undergoing another examination at Kalama.

OCCIDENTAL BROTHERHOOD.—The institution of Sequalmie Lodge No. 7, of this order, took place at the Lodge Rooms in this City last evening. The ceremonies were conducted by Hon. W. H. Chambers, of Chicago, Supreme Commander of the United States, assisted by Rev. H. L. Winters, of Sacramento, Grand Commander of the State California. The following gentlemen were installed as officers for the ensuing year: T. S. Russell, G. M.; F. V. Snyder, L. M.; C. C. Perkins, G. C.; L. L. Jewett, A. C.; W. Fife, F.; H. Butler, G. G.; F. A. Minick, G. Q.; A. S. Pinkham, C. After the conclusion of the ceremonies, the members of the Lodge escorted their honorable guests to the residence of one of the brethren, where they partook of a bountiful collation. Messrs. Chambers and Winters left by the steamer Zephyr this morning for Olympia, where they will institute a lodge of the order and then proceed to Oregon for the same purpose.

Telegraphic

EXCLUSIVELY TO THE DAILY DISPATCH.

CHEYENNE, Feb. 13.—No reliable information has been received to-day in regard to Indian troubles. Governor Campbell made a requisition on the War Department for a quota of arms for the Territory, and he to-day received a telegram stating that arms and ammunition will be forwarded immediately from Leavenworth arsenal, for the use of citizens, should it become necessary for them to protect themselves against Indians.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—The House of Representatives this afternoon voted 118 to 89 to rescind the Summer censure resolution. The Senate have done likewise.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Gen. Sherman telegraphed to Gen. Sherman from New York yesterday, the official reports received by him of the recent murders by the Sioux Indians, and that he would leave for Chicago to superintend any action that might be necessary. Gen. Sherman replied: "Under call of the Interior Department, sent to your headquarters at Chicago, you will be justified in collecting the most effective force possible, even if you draw cavalry from Fort Riley by rail to Cheyenne, to march to the Red Cloud agency, striking every party of Indians that oppose. Every Indian who has marauded south of North Platte should be demanded and held as an accomplice in the murder of Lieut. Robinson. Their ponies must be very poor now and game must be scarce, and occasion to give the Sioux a lesson, so long neglected, seems to be favorable."

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—It is now known that seven men are buried in the ruins of Miller & Co.'s house. Two more men taken alive, one slightly and the other fatally injured. This evening a man who was assisting in their recovery, fell into an excavation, striking his head on a piece of timber and was instantly killed.

The National Gold Bank of Quincy, Ill., was robbed last night of \$100,000 in currency and a large quantity of bonds and other valuable paper. No clue to the robbers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—In the Senate to-day Mitchell introduced a bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Willamette river at Salem, Oreg.—Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

The bill for ascertaining the losses sustained by the citizens of Southern Oregon and Northern California, by Indian depredations in 1872 and 1873 provoked quite an excited discussion, in which Shanks defended the memory of Capt. Jack and his Modocs, and stated as a fact that when Gen. Canby was holding his conference with Capt. Jack, the military lines were being closed around the Modocs. The bill was opposed by Hoar as establishing a dangerous precedent, that the Government is responsible for the reimbursement of citizens damaged in war.

Garfield said if the bill passed, it would open a series of claims from Ohio and Indiana, arising out of the Mormon raids, and from Pennsylvania, arising from Lee's invasion, and there would not be a cent left in the Treasury. On motion of Garfield, the enacting clause was stricken out in the Committee of the Whole, by a vote of 79 to 67, and the Committee rose and reported the action the House, where it was concurred in;

years, 105, nays, 85. So the bill was defeated. SANDUSKY, Feb. 13.—Rush B. Sloane, ex-President of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland R. R., was arrested to-day and held in \$46,000 bail, on 19 distinct charges of embezzlement. It is understood that further charges will be made.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Bank Statements show an increase in loans of \$980,000, decrease in specie \$2,500,000; increase in legal tenders, \$819,000; decrease in deposits \$284,000 and calculation \$3000.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—Work was resumed this morning on the ice house. Two bodies were recovered and recognized as Otto Schubert and Jacob Scimbackl. Two others, Chas. Burk and Jacob Both, have not yet been recovered. Eleven bodies have been recovered and eleven persons injured, two of the latter are in a very critical condition.

A special to the Tribune referring to the information on the Moiey System which the Ways and Means Committee have finally secured, says members of Chamber Commerce and a special agent will be heard next Tuesday.

Startling revelations are promised. Evidence is abundant to show previous Customs officials have made it a business to corrupt clerks, whose duties it is to look after Custom House affairs in large mercantile houses, by persuading them to see that errors in invoices sufficient to condemn the whole should be allowed to creep in. If anything like a fight is made by Customs officials it will result in the uncovering of frauds, such as must end in wholesale reform.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A rumor is current that simultaneously with his retirement from ministry, Gladstone will be created peer.

BEAVER MEADOWS, Pa., Feb. 15.—Niel McBride, a miner, was murdered last evening. It is supposed that the murderer is an Irishman about 20 years old, named Neil Paul, who escaped.

BOSTON, Feb. 15.—Lawrence Norton was murdered at a Christening party in Highland District, Saturday night. Five men and two women have been arrested on suspicion of connection with the murder.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—Gen. Butler and Judge White, of Alabama, having been appointed a subcommittee on two bills heretofore introduced into the House and referred to the Committee on Judiciary, to abolish the test iron-clad oath in all cases where it is now required by law, have prepared a report upon the subject which they will this week submit to the full Committee. There seems to be no doubt that the majority of the House are in favor of abolition.

LONDON, Feb. 15.—The new Ministry will probably be: Disraeli, First Lord of the Treasury; Lord Cairns, Lord High Chancellor; Duke of Buckingham, Lord President of the Council; Duke of Richmond, Secretary of War; Earl of Northumberland, First Lord of Admiralty; Mr. Hubbard, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Gathorne Hardy, Home Secretary.

It is rumored that Gladstone will advise the Queen to elevate Chichester Fortescue to the Peerage.

A few elections in Ireland are still pending. With the week ending Saturday, 306 Conservatives and 297 Liberals and Home-rulers had been returned to Parliament, a Conservative gain of 60. The House of Commons will contain 216 new members.

The Emperor of Russia will visit England next April.

The Daily Telegraph reports that the Marquis of Salisbury will be appointed Secretary of State for India. Cabinet meets to-day to consider what course to pursue. The total number of Home-rulers elected is 11.

The vessel Abraham Lincoln, from Cardiff for Messina, has been wrecked. Five men were drowned.

The Standard says a consistoria will be held in Rome in June, when eight more cardinals will be appointed, including Archbishop Manning.

MADRID, Feb. 15.—The Carlists will soon be obliged to raise the siege of Bilbao. General Rivera, with an advance of 2000 strong, of Gen. Merionez army, is now within 9 miles of Portugalete.

The National troops have defeated a band of 2000 Carlists before Tolosa and re-occupied the city.

HAVANA, Feb. 15.—The police have made several arrests of parties charged with taking a leading part in the demonstration on Thursday evening. Among them is Senor Nevoto Sala, editor of a defunct Republican Journal.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Feb. 16.—A freight train on the Lehigh and Susquehanna R. R., between 1 and 2 o'clock this morning, ran into a slide near State Dam Station. No one on the train, as far as could be ascertained, escaped injury.—The body of Engineer Daniel Shannon was found under the engine, considerably burned. The fireman and brakeman were fearfully scalded and burned and 3 others expected killed, and a stove in the caboose set fire to the freight, burning 5 cars.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—A Keywest dispatch states that is reported by steamer from Havana that 7,000 volunteers have taken the city, compelling the Captain General to take refuge on board the Spanish war steamer Arripellas.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 16.—A fire at Wooster, Ohio, yesterday, destroyed the large dry goods house of J. B. Bare, on East Liberty St. The building took fire at noon and churches were immediately dismissed, citizens in great excitement flocking to the scene. The flames soon enveloped three stores and threatened

the adjoining buildings, from the latter of which the greater part of the contents was removed in a damaged condition.—Loss \$200,000; fully insured.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The Secretary of Treasury has written to Garfield Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, enclosing a letter from manufacturers of Baltimore endorsing views and statements of Supervising Architect Mullett on the eight hour question, and saying that their experience is that it is not only impossible for a man to perform as much labor in 8 hours as in 9, but that he absolutely performs less work per hour under the eight hour system. The letter further says demoralizing effect on labor which the Government has temporarily employed has unfitted men for a regular day's work. Would it not be better for the best interests of the country and labor to repeal all laws governing labor and leave the question to the Government itself, to regulate supply and demand.

The President has ordered Court of Inquiry in the case of Gen. Howard be composed of Generals Sherman, McDowell, Pope, Meigs, and Cole with Major A. B. Gardner for judge advocate. Court will meet in Washington on the third of March.

The House Committee on Appropriations have completed Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill and have cut down appropriations from estimates to three or four millions of dollars, and dispensed with a number of clerks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—O. S. D. Maxon is appointed Postmaster at Vancouver, Clarke County, Washington Territory.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Ministry to-day resolved to resign immediately.—Gladstone goes to Windsor to-day.

The House of Commons now stand 348 Conservatives and 300 Liberals and Home-rulers.

The journals generally approve the determination of the Gladstone Government to resign. The Times says only one member was opposed to the decision.

The Southeastern portion of Europe has been visited by very heavy gales.—A number of serious disasters on the Black Sea are reported.

The steamer Wyoming, which left for New York, returned to port to-day and went into dry dock. She encountered a terrific gale on Friday, and lost her funnel and life boats.

MADRID, Feb. 16.—The Madrid Government intends to issue a plebiscite for the country to authorize the repeal of section 33 of the Constitution of 1807, relating to a monarchy, as probably necessary for the stability of the present Government. It also considers substituting an ordinary for a constituent Cortes, with Marshall Serrano as President of the Conservative Republic. In the event of a plebiscite, Castellar will support Serrano for the Presidency of the Republic.

ST PETERSBURG, Feb. 16.—The Czar is indisposed. Meantime the Emperor of Austria is entertained with brilliant fetes by the Grand Dukes and other members of the Imperial family.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a report that the British forces took possession of Coimmissy, the capital of Ashantee on the 29th of January, and would commence to march back to the coast on the second of February.

OMAHA, Feb. 16.—General Ord received the following report to-day from Commissioner Smith, at Fort Laramie: My messenger has just returned from the Agency and says the Indians have all gone to Tongue River, and that they alone have committed the recent depredations. That the Ogallallas have faithfully guarded the Agency since Frank Appleton was killed, and that they will prevent the Northern Indians from coming to the Agency or passing through this country. He also says that the Indian who shot Appleton was killed by the Brules, who also recaptured the mules stolen by the Minnecoyons.

Agent Howard writes through Saville that Spotted Tail has a guard over his Agency. The party who killed Lieutenant Robinson and his corporal consisted of Minnecoyons, Onchapas, and Sansars. Seven Indians were seen a few miles from Camp Stambaugh on Saturday, which is thought to indicate Dr. Sargent's judgment is correct. Two Lenox and his band are supposed to be south of South Platte. Nothing has been heard of them.

Capt. Mills command, who started after the Indians, is reported to be near Big Springs, Nebraska, but has not been heard of.

Lt. Robinson's wife, with his remains, left Cheyenne to-day, bound east.

Mrs. Jas. Gray left 3 children in her house, 7 miles from Lincoln, Neb. On nearing home, on her return, she discovered that the house was on fire, but before she could get there the roof had fallen in, and all three children were burned to death.

BOSTON, Feb. 16.—Thos. and Simon Sturt and a maiden lady named Biddy were found murdered in their residence in Halifax, Mass. There is no clue to the murderers.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 16.—Philip D. Coatic, cashier of the Atlantic branch of the Working Men's Saving Institution, was arrested to-day, charged with the embezzlement of \$10,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Wm. Conkling, Deputy Sheriff was to-day convicted on the charge of stealing a \$15,000 gold certificate from B. S. Croate. Sentence was deferred.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Alexander Stephens is seriously ill with neuralgia of the kidneys.

Luttrell introduced into the House to-day a bill directing the Secretary of War to cause a survey of the Sacramento River from Benicia to the head of navigation, and also Feather river. He also presented the concurrent resolution of the California Legislature, asking for a survey of the boundary between California and Oregon, for the survey of the public or grazing lands of California, and in opposition to the Sanittian land grant.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—The Board of Supervisors last night adopted resolutions requesting the Committee on Amendments to prepare a bill abolishing the City Hall Commission.

Dispatches received this morning state that the ship Three Bros. entered the harbor of Havre in safety on the 14th inst.

An interesting report of the cruises of the Tuscarora along this coast, for the China and Japan cables, was submitted to the Academy of Sciences last night. It shows that all along the coast there is a belt of comparatively shoal water and that at distances of from 10 to 40 and 50 miles, the ocean shoals slope suddenly a depth of from two to three miles.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—A Washington special to the Tribune says notwithstanding the members of the House Military Committee are in favor of reducing the army, and have been quite sanguine that the measure would be popular in the House, there are good reasons for believing that the bill now in the Committee's hands will meet with very strong and formidable opposition.

Army officers have a great deal of influence with Congressmen, and those who have testified before the Committee have been unanimous in opposing reduction. The War Department officials have also been active in season and out of season lobbying against the reduction, using all the influence they have, and that amounts to a great deal. The reduction, will it be estimated, save about four million dollars annually, if in accordance with bill.

Sandborn is in the city and is very much alarmed at the prospect before him. He does not want to lose his contract. He has written a letter to the members of the Ways and Means Committee proposing that instead of a repeal law under which contracts have been made, it be modified so he shall receive 30 instead of 50 per cent. of his collections. He says if this is done he will collect the twenty-five millions due the Government. He is said to have in his possession the books of the Credit Mobilier, for which he spent in two months time \$110,000. In this connection it is reported that Ben. Butler was the attorney of Credit Mobilier, and that it was through his advice that the records were run off and concealed. They were secured about the time of the investigation last winter or just subsequent to that expose.

In referring to the bill introduced by Representative Phillips, of Kansas, yesterday to enable the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad to submit its claims against the United States under existing laws of the Supreme Court, a correspondent the Inter Ocean says the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad, formerly known as the Atkinson Branch and with history of which Ex-Senator Pomeroy is closely identified, has again shown its head in the House. Failing to obtain an executive order, a bill has been introduced allowing a road to get ahead of its present terminus a thousand miles of Atchinson, on open and unsettled prairies to the main part of the Union Pacific Railroad, and thereby obtain lands and bonds and then to take the case before the Supreme Court on an appeal.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—Ledru Rollin is a candidate for the National Assembly.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Dispatches from Hong Kong say the Governor has prohibited the publication of the progress newspaper.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The following are the awards for postal service in W. T.: Olympia to Astoria, J. L. Stout, \$4,750; Seattle to Sehome, Samuel Coulter, \$3,000; Walla Walla to Misouli, Wm. Glover, \$19,000; Port Townsend to Sitka, Alaska, Selcius Garfield, \$28,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17.—Steamer Tuscarora arrived. King Lunallo died on Feb. 3rd of bronchial disease, aged 39 years and 3 days. Queen Emma, widow of Kamehameha is named as the successor of Lunallo, also Prince David Kaihau. The Legislative assembly is ordered by the Cabinet to assemble on the 14th of February when the question of succession would come before it.

The City of Melbourne left the U. S. Steamer Tuscarora at Honolulu, where she would go on a cruise in a few days sounding for the China cable. The report that she had reached here was incorrect but the City of Melbourne bro't her memoranda to the Merchant's Exchange and the correspondents hence mistake the name of the vessel arrived.

Marine Intelligence.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—Sailed, bark Chris. Mitchell for Port Madison. Arrived, ship War Hawk from Port Madison.

PORT GAMBLE, Feb. 17.—Arrived, Milan.

VICTORIA, Feb. 15.—Arrived, James B. Bell. Sailed, Whittier Iniquity.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—Arrived, schooner Oregonian from Columbia river. Sailed, steamer Empire for Coos Bay; British ship Dufferin, Liverpool; German bark Hilda, Hamburg; schooner Wm. Sutton, Ounalaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 14.—Arrived, Lookout from Bellingham Bay.

PORT GAMBLE, Feb. 14.—Sailed, bark Rainier.

SEATTLE, Feb. 14.—Arrived, bark Nick Biddle, Capt. Nichols. Will load with coal at the Seattle Coal Company's wharf.

BUSINESS NOTICES

DEBENTURE.—Dr. B. B. Freeland will be at his office, next door to the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Seattle, on Monday next, and every day thereafter until further notice.

NOTICE

THE proprietors of the Seattle House respectfully announce to the public that their House will be kept open day and night, in consequence of the increased requirements of the public.

MERCHANT TAILOR.

S. KENNY HAS JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS a lot of goods in his line, adapted to the Fall and Winter Trade.

He is prepared to furnish on the shortest possible order anything in the line of Gentlemen's or Youth's suits of the latest styles at reasonable prices. Seattle, Sept. 29 1873

Course of Lectures.

THE FOLLOWING NAMED GENTLEMEN have been invited by the Committee appointed by the Library Association to make arrangements for a course of lectures, to be delivered for the benefit of the Library during the present season. Some of these gentlemen have already accepted the invitation, and the Committee have no doubt but all will accept. But in case of the inability from any cause of any one of those gentlemen to attend, arrangements will be made to have his place supplied by some other able speaker. Lectures to be as follows: December 16th, Rev. Norman McLeod; Jan. 13th, Hon. S. Garfield; Feb. 3rd, Hon. S. C. Wingard; Feb. 17th, Rev. J. B. Thompson; March 3rd, Hon. B. S. Groome; March 24th, Hon. O. Jacobs. d-24

R. ABRAMS' LIVELY STABLE,

Cor. Commercial and Washington Sts SEATTLE, W. T. This Lively Stable is in the centre of the city, and to persons desirous of having Buggies, Carriages, and spirited saddle animals, can find them at this stable. Horses boarded by the day or week. R. ABRAMS.

Seattle Drug Store.

W. T. M. R. MADDOCKS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

ALSO, DEALER IN Wines, Liquors, etc.

Orders from Abroad Solicited M. R. MADDOCKS

Egyptian Bitters OF THE TREE OF LIFE.

Patented June, 1866, to Peter Poncin.

THIS VALUABLE MEDICINE, IN USE for several years past in the Eastern States with marvellous success, has just been introduced in this place by the patentee. The first person who tried it here, offers the following testimony to its merits: I can sincerely commend it to others similarly afflicted. HUGH McLEER.

Manufactured and sold by P. PONCIN On Second Street, corner above Methodist Church.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL

A first-class house and a chance for everybody to live cheap during the hard times.

The best table and the best rooms and beds of any house in the Territory.

Guests treated with politeness and attention.

Free coach to and from the city. J. COLLINS & Co., Proprietors. Seattle, W. T., Nov. 1, 1873.-14

New Goods, Groceries and Hardware.

EX-BARK JENNY PITT SCHWABACHER BROS & CO. Have received a fresh supply of Boots and Shoes, Glass Ware, Hops, Flows, Lead, Paints, Trunks, Pails, Oat Meal, Sugar, Soap, Iron, Cement, Gun Powder, Dry Goods, Groceries, &c. July 18, 1872.

JAS. R. ROBBINS

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Brandies, Whiskeys, ETC., ETC., ETC.

No. 15 Commercial st. Seattle, W. T. Genuine Cutter Whiskey always on Hand

City Drug Store.

J. F. MORRILL & CO., Proprietors. Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, etc. Prescriptions carefully compounded, day and night.

Crawford & Harrington,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Hardware, Groceries, Wines and Liquors, Flour and Feed, SUGAR TEA, TOBACCO, COFFEE ETC.,

Are continually adding to their Stock on hand to meet the increasing demand of the Puget Sound trade and the public generally.

Price List, not higher than San Francisco jobbing price. Freight added.

CALL AND EXAMINE. Warehouse and Wharf adjoining Steamboat landing.

STORE AND OFFICE, COMMERCIAL STREET SEATTLE, W. T.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON, AGENTS FOR THE

Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

SUCH IS LIFE!

The largest and best selected stock of General Merchandise Ever offered in this country, can be found at

Schwabacher Bros. & Co.

Our new two-story building is filled from Garret to Celar; all of which we offer at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION!! Our past success in business is sufficient guarantee to the Public that they will be dealt with

ON THE SQUARE.

Our stock consists in part of the following, viz: Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars, Crockery and Glassware, Paints, Oil, Varnish, Brushes, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Curtains and Window blinds, Shelf Hardware, Carpenter and Blacksmith tools, Iron, Steel, Chain, Bolts, Rivets, Ship Chandler's and Cordage, Lime, Cement, Plaster of Paris, Hay, Feed, Cumberland Coal, Plows and other farming implements.

In fact anything and everything in general use in this country.

We do not import "Direct from England," but one of our firm keeps a Chinese servant whom he imported direct from Oregon.

We have a resident partner in the Market and our purchases are made to the VERY BEST ADVANTAGE.

To Country Dealers we would say, and say it in truth too, that they can make Saving by purchasing of us instead of going below.

Thankful for past patronage, we take this method of inviting the Public to give us a call and we guarantee that they shall not regret doing so.

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.

SNUG SALOON JUST OPENED BY SAM RAYMOND Commercial Street, South of Washington, Seattle, W. T.

GOD AND SEE HIM ANYWAY A LITTLE WHILE OF YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE.

S. F. CHAPIN, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. SEATTLE, W. T.

OFFICE—At M. A. Kelley's Drug Store. RESIDENCE—Corner Fourth and Colfax streets.

Office hours, 9 A. M. to 12, 3

Telegraphic

EXCLUSIVELY TO THE DAILY DISPATCH

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.—Representative Nesmith and Col. Chapman of Oregon had a hearing to-day before the House Committee on Railroads and Canals upon the subject of the Portland, Dalles & Salt Lake R. R., and have strong hopes of obtaining a favorable report.

A bill is reported by Harris of Mass., from the Indian Committee in relation to the Nez Percés reservation in Idaho, proposing to purchase 649 acres of land within the reservation, claimed by the American Board of Missions, under the original donation act of 1848, which granted to every mission station three acres of land for each year of its existence.

The delegates in the House from Dakota, Montana, Idaho and Washington Territory, following the example of the citizens of Montana now in this city, held a meeting to-day and denounced as untrue the statement made and recently published by Col. Hazen, referring to the sections of country which they represent.

PORT LARAME, W. T., Feb. 8.—A report came in last evening, by a courier from the peak train, that about 10 miles from the M.P. Sergeant Robinson and Corporal Coleman were surrounded by about forty Indians. A private named Noles, who was near by at the time, says that when he last saw Robinson he was leaning forward in his saddle and the Indians were very close, firing at him. Robinson and the corporal made toward the mill and Noles ran to the train which was five miles north of where their attack was made.

His horse was shot and killed and he ran the remainder of the distance on foot under the fire of the Indians. When he got within sight of the train, the Indians left him. Bastieres left the mill about two hours after Robinson had left there, which was an hour after the train left. He saw nothing of Robinson, Coleman or the Indians. Capt. Ryan was ordered out immediately, with both companies of cavalry, but nothing has yet been heard from him.

The train arrived at 2 p. m. to-day. Some Indians made a raid on a ranch yesterday, nine miles from here, took a horse and fired on the herders. It is expected that a general raid has been made on the Laramie river. Col. Butcher arrived at Fort Laramie yesterday. He says he saw a large party of Indians at the upper crossing of the Horse River singing and dancing what seemed to be the scalp dance.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 10.—Delegates to the Republican State Convention are assembling to-day. Indications point to the nomination of Henry B. Harrison, of New Haven, for Governor.

BOSTON, Feb. 10.—The school board this evening, by a vote of 67 against and 35 in favor, refused to reconsider the recent vote against the admission of women to membership.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 10.—The case containing the bodies of the Siamese twins was opened to-day. The bodies were not in a good state of preservation, owing to decomposition having set in before the partial embalment at Mount Airy. It is thought, however, that the autopsy will successfully determine the main point of interest.

Wool, quiet but firm; stock scarce; Colorado held at 26@30, unwashed, 22@25; extra merino pulled, 45@50; No. 1 and superior pulled, 45@50; Texas fine and medium 20@31 1/2.

LA CONNER, Feb. 13.—Dispatches from Yale, British Columbia, of the 12th instant say nominations for Commons at Ottawa were held on the 9th instant. Barnard nominated Dewdney, late member, and McAnuarie nominated D. E. Chisholm. Show of hands being in favor of Dewdney. A poll was demanded for Chisholm and Johnston with writ and ballot boxes for Kootenay and way places, which left Howe yesterday morning. There is considerable excitement here about rumored disturbances in Victoria. The majority condemn Government actions.

The weather is cold and cloudy.

LONDON, Feb. 11, 6 A. M.—So far 254 Conservatives and 190 Liberals are returned to the House from England, 15 Conservatives and 36 Liberals from Scotland and 21 Conservatives and 44 Liberals from Ireland. There was much rioting at Chesterfield and Burnaby yesterday. Many persons were injured. Disraeli delivered an address at Buckingham last evening. He congratulated his constituents on the results of elections, which he declared justified policy of the Conservative party in introducing and carrying out the reform law which last it held power.

BUFFALO, Feb. 10.—A heavy gale in lower Buffalo caused a partial inundation of Kiel and Swinmunde. The latest dispatches state that the storm had subsided and the water subsiding.

PARIS, Feb. 10.—The Patri says that the following notes have recently been

exchanged between the Governments of Germany and the United States. Subject of correspondence not stated. On the departure of Berthold, now French Minister to Washington, Washburne entertained him by a banquet.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 11.—The total number of deaths in this city last year was 4,002.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—At a meeting of the Cheap Transportation Association yesterday information was given that the people's freight railroad would soon be built across the continent, which would be managed in the interests of the people. After work is fairly begun it would be completed in 3 years.

W. W. T. Cassy, Secretary of the International Association, says International of the United States and Great Britain differ from those of the continent of Europe, and that while the latter are willing to overturn Governments by revolution, the former believed that their objects and aims, which were equality to all and stoppage of exactions of capital and opposition of workingmen, could be established by means of ballot.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 11.—The Republican State Convention met here to-day and nominated Henry B. Harrison for Governor and J. T. Wainwright Lieutenant Governor.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 11.—A telegram from Fort Laramie states that a mail courier from the Red Cloud Agency, with an Indian escort, just arrived bringing information that Frank Appleton, who was acting as Indian Agent in the absence of Agent Saville, was shot on Monday night.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 12.—A report just received from Fort Fetterman states that the Indians attacked a wood party north of there this morning. Twenty-five men have been sent to their relief. General Smith, at Fort Laramie, telegraphs that he has just received information that arms and ammunition are en route to the agency, furnished by the Interior Department. Capt. Egan was ordered out to intercept them and bring the arms and ammunition to this post. It is stated that there are about 8,000 warriors, Sioux, Cheyennes and Arapahoes, who could be in the field on call, if the whole of them are on the war path, which the nature of their attacks along the line from Fort Fetterman to Republican river would indicate. To oppose them there are but three companies of cavalry and nine of infantry.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The anniversary of Lincoln's birthday was celebrated by exercises in various public schools this morning, and appropriate exercises by the citizens at St. James Hall this evening.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 12.—Central block containing four of the finest stores in the city was burned to-night. Loss, \$70,000; insurance, \$44,000.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 12.—Sixteen business houses and a newspaper office in Trenton, Tenn., were burned last night. Loss, \$60,000; insurance, \$15,000.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The workingmen's meeting, under the auspices of the Committee of safety, called for this evening, was a total failure as far as numbers were concerned; not more than one hundred being present.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 12.—The funeral of the late Roman Catholic Bishop Guignes, of the Diocese of Ottawa, took place this morning with imposing ceremonies. The procession included various national and religious bodies, members of the Cabinet, Municipal Council, County Council and an immense number of prominent citizens of all religious denominations. The body, in a sitting posture, was dressed in full episcopal robes and carried in an open bier by eight priests. Stores were closed and many of them draped in mourning. Parliament will meet about March 18.

LONDON, Feb. 13, 6 A. M.—Up to noon to-day 323 Conservatives and 282 Liberals have been elected to parliament. 283 Conservatives have been returned in England alone. In Scotland the Liberals have a majority of 25 members and in Ireland the Liberals and Home-rulers are 26 ahead of the Conservatives.

In elections held yesterday 15 Conservatives and 11 Liberals were returned. There was serious rioting near Coalbridge which was suppressed by the police assisted by the Military. Lord George F. Hamilton and Mr. Cooper, Conservatives, are elected for Middlesex by an overwhelming majority. The county was last represented by a Conservative and a Liberal.

The German bark Hercules has been wrecked and 11 of the crew lost.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—In the Senate to-day Mitchell called up the resolution introduced by him on the December 3rd, instructing the Committee on Indian Affairs to enquire into the expediency of ascertaining the damage incurred by the citizens of Oregon in consequence of Indian depredations and addressed the Senate in favor of its passage. He said that after long residence in the West he felt justified in saying that the cry of Indians having been wronged by Government or citizens was a gross perversion of fact. The maxim that "the king can do no wrong," seemed to have been applied of late years to Indians, and the utterance of such a sentiment was unjust to the settlers of the West. He denied that the people of Oregon had wronged the Modocs in any manner and quoted from the report of the Indian Commissioners in regard to Modoc troubles. He said that either the Commissioners were guilty of gross perversion of facts or ignorant of the subject whereof they wrote. In charity he would attribute their blunder to the

latter cause. He reviewed the Modoc troubles and argued that the insolent defiance of Capt. Jack and his band could not be tolerated. He said the people of Oregon protested against the peace policy of Government deeming it not a proper one for the management of the Indians. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

LA CONNER, Feb. 14.—An attempt was made here this morning about 2 o'clock to destroy the town of LaConner. Two balls of lamp wick saturated with coal oil were placed on the sill between the weather boarding and inner lining of the house of J. S. Conner in a portion of the building occupied by L. B. Martin as a general merchandise store. The fire was discovered by Mr. and Mrs. Conner, before it had made much headway, who immediately gave the alarm, and with the assistance of others the fire was extinguished. But for the timely discovery of this fire our town would have been in ashes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Gen. R. H. Milroy, Supt. of Indian Affairs in Washington Territory, who was suspended in November last by Inspector E. C. Kemble, has been exonerated from all blame and was to-day restored to office by order of the President.

BARKEVILLE, Feb. 13.—Barnard's Express arrived here on Wednesday evening bringing a very large letter and paper mail. Mr. Johnson, the driver, reports the roads very heavy in Lahache Valley, there being very little travel in that vicinity. The contract for carrying the mail between here and Harvey Creek, awarded to Mr. Barland, subject to approval of Post Office authorities at Ottawa.

Mr. J. Spencer Thompson arrived in town last night and was warmly received by his constituents. Flags were flying on all the principle places in town and a salute was fired in honor of his arrival. There is a rumor current here that Mr. Jos. Clearhue will oppose Mr. Thompson for the representation of Cariboo District in the House of Commons.

Lane & Kurtz have at last got their mine dry and expect to commence work in force in ten days. Everything looks favorable.

Considerable disaffection prevails here on account of no notice having been taken of Grand Jury's recommendation to remove Government offices at Richfield to Barkerville. The writs from Ottawa arrived here per last mail.

Nominations will take place on the 21st of the present month and election on the 21st of March.

CLINTON, Feb. 13.—The weather is exceedingly cold to-night; thermometer 15° below zero and growing colder.

No political excitement here whatever. Several trains will start early in the Spring for Cassiar. Mr. Harper will probably drive a band of cattle here.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—The walls of a brewery on the corner of Second and Thompson streets fell this morning, burying twenty men under the ruins. The accident was caused by the falling of an ice house attached to the brewery. One of the employees was taken out dead and two more are in sight fast in the ruins; one alive.

ST. CATHERINE, Ont., Feb. 13.—The Great Western Railroad freight sheds and contents at this place were consumed last night.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Feb. 13.—The Lwer mills at Rocky Brook, South Kensington, owned by the heirs of N. B. Durfee were burned last night. Loss \$50,000; insured for \$7,000.

HAVANA, Feb. 13.—A correspondent says letters from insurrectionary districts dated January 12, say that a few days previously General Calisto Garcia attacked the village of Corralte, seizing an immense number of cattle. The Spaniards left their entrenchments but were driven back into port leaving behind 12 killed and fifteen rifles. On the 9th instant in the same place action took place which lasted eight hours. The Spaniards were about 1,000 strong and were forced to retreat into their encampments, leaving 40 killed and many arms. Total loss is calculated at 200. The Cuban loss in killed and wounded is sixty.

A German traveller has recently discovered the great celebrity of twenty years ago, Louis Kossuth, living in an Italian city and gaining a very poor living by teaching the languages. He found him out by the following advertisement in a newspaper: "Lessons in German, English and Hungarian, given at moderate rates, by L. Kossuth, 164 Strada Nuova." He says I found him in a very small room, in the fourth story of a dingy old building. He sat alone in an easy chair, pouring over an old volume. When I entered he did not recognize me. I recognized him and saw shocked. What a change these twenty years had produced in his once handsome and interesting face. His hair was entirely white, his cheeks wax and hollow, and his eyes utterly dimmed. His form, once erect and proud, was now painfully bent. He almost groaned as he raised himself to bid me welcome. His income last year was less than two hundred dollars. He stated that during the past few years he had often been hungry and without the means to pay for a fire. His present food is bread and dried beef. He acknowledges with pride that he had declined a present of fifty thousand florins from his friends at home, and that he had rejected an invitation to return to Hungary. In answer to the question why he did not return to this country, he said: "I have often been tempted to back to the United States but there are two obstacles in the way. In the first place, it would

take more money than I have to spare, and next, I am almost sure that, in my present enfeebled condition, I would be unable to bear the sea-voyage." And twenty years ago he was the most conspicuous man on earth. People traveled hundreds of miles to see him, and deemed themselves highly favored if they could shake his hand.

The San Francisco papers tell about a young woman who is known as "the mysterious deaf and dumb girl," and one of the reporters went around to interview her a few days ago. While he was standing by her taking notes of the intelligence conveyed to him by signs, he happened to remark to a companion that a girl who had such a nose as that ought to be deaf and dumb, as a punishment for leading herself to such an outrage. He had only time to wonder why his companion slid down the banister so suddenly, when he was surprised to find himself lying at the foot of the stairs with a coal scuttle on him, and the girl coming down three steps at a time with a rolling pin in one hand and a bed-slat in the other. He thinks her now more mysterious yet.

THE LOGGING BUSINESS.—Having made some inquiry, says the *Timberman's Journal*, relative to the number of logs being put in on the West Branch of the Susquehanna and its tributaries, we give the result of our investigations in round numbers, to wit: On Chest, Clearfield, Anderson, Moschannon, and Deer Creek, Lick Run, and other small streams in this county about 83,000,000 feet; on the Sinnemahoning and branches, about 75,000,000 other branches tributary to the West Branch above Williamsport, 100,000,000; making a total of 258,000,000 feet of logs, board measure, that will seek a market at Lock Haven and Williamsport, next spring. Last year the whole amount of logs, old and new, run into the various booms on the river was about 400,000,000 feet.—Notwithstanding there will be from 125,000,000 to 150,000,000 less logs on hand this year than last, yet, we presume, the amount being put in this season is 100,000,000 in excess of what it really should have been, considering the condition of the finances of the country. Our statement being based upon statistical returns, we have little doubt that the actual "run" of logs the ensuing spring will approximate the figures above the given, at least should the season for hauling prove a little more propitious.

SOUTH CAROLINA TAXES.—South Carolina taxes average about twenty mills on an assessment twice or thrice the saleable value of the property. Nevertheless, the receipts do not pay expenses. One of the latest acts of the Legislature was to order the issue of certificates of indebtedness, receivable for taxes, to the amount of \$225,000, in order to defray a printing bill, only \$5,000 of which had been audited. These certificates have been issued and are in circulation as money, owing to their tax-paying power. Now, however, the attorneys of Gov. Moses have given an injunction against their being received for taxes, on the ground that the United States Constitution forbids the States to emit bills of credit. So the King has foisted \$222,000 worth of its paper on the people, and now tries to have it declared worthless. In the South knavery has become a fine art and a science.

In a debate on the Army Appropriation bill in the House, on the 29th, Nesmith protested against any reduction of the army, which he said was gotten up in accordance with the views of a set of humbug Peace Commissioners, whose idea of managing Indians was by preaching to them "Christ, and Him crucified." He said that if John Baptist had gone preaching in that wilderness, he would not have kept the hair on his head twenty-four hours. [Laughter.] He defended the frontiersmen from the aspersions usually made against them, and declared that the first effective missionary the Indians ever had was Miles Standish, and that his missionary work has been continued by Jackson, Sheridan and others. Congress might save a few million dollars by reducing the army, but every dollar thus saved, would be responded to by the blood of the frontiersmen and the wail of their widows and orphans.

OFFICE-HOLDING IN FLORIDA.—A remarkable instance of tenacity in office-holding is furnished in the State of Florida. In that State the Governor has the power to remove any person holding the office of Sheriff. The person who holds the office of Sheriff of Wakulla County is also Postmaster at Crawfordville. The people of that county have long petitioned for his removal from both offices but the petitions were rejected. A short time ago the Postmaster was convicted of robbing the mails, and sentenced to ten years in the Penitentiary. The Governor still refuses to remove him from the office of sheriff, and while he remains in the Penitentiary he will run the Sheriff's office by deputy. He might be allowed to run the postoffice in the same way.

The late Professor Agassiz was never injured by the bite of a snake, or the poison of any venomous reptile, herb or flower—a fact attributed to the courage and impurity with which the naturalist moved among them in their wild state.

A well-dressed, able-bodied man astonished people in State street, Boston, on New Year's day, by walking up and down with a large placard on his hat bearing the inscription, "I want work."

There is a little girl, nine years old, in Pike County, by the name of Sarah Jane Clithero, who is a most remarkable child. Her mother died four months ago, and left a family of seven children. Sarah, being the oldest girl in the family, has been keeping house for her father and taking care of the younger children ever since. She recently made a pair of pants for her father without assistance from any one, and did the job as well as many women could have done it. She has also made a coat for her older brother, besides various other garments for the younger children. She is a beautiful child, modest, and unusually quiet in her demeanor. She is a model.—*Missouri Paper.*

A young Scottish nobleman, the Right Hon. Walter C. Kerr, son of a Scottish Lord, has purchased a stock farm near The Dalles and settled on it "for keeps."

When the proposition was before the U. S. Senate to adjourn over the Holidays, Zach Chandler, of Michigan, said: "We have now been in session three weeks, and have accomplished absolute nothing in the three weeks. We have alarmed the country a little; raised the price of gold a few per cent.; deranged business somewhat; done no good to anybody or anything; and now, having been in session three weeks and accomplished nothing, you propose to run home and rest, do you?"

Another great gold discovery is reported in South Africa, but the spirit which led to the emigration of adventurers to California and Australia has all died out, and men have learned that there are more precious metals than gold and surer ways of obtaining a competence than by digging in strange and distant countries in search of that kind of wealth. California has already advanced her industrial interests so far that, notwithstanding the wealth of her gold deposits, her rich soil annually produces wheat of more value than the annual product of her mines, and if a man cannot get wealthy so rapidly by sowing and harvesting grain, as by picking up gold nuggets, yet there is always the practical difficulty in the way of the latter business of finding the nuggets before he can pick them up.

Rubinstein has been giving concerts at Milan and Florence, where the musical critics have written much wonderful matter concerning him in the *Panorama*. For instance: "His hands! Out of these sinews, muscles and veins speaks a thinking spirit; these hands have but one soul, they are two electrical batteries animating the instrument. The greatest wonder is that there are but five fingers on each hand. But what fingers! Lightnings stream from them and when they fly over the keys they flash with blue light. On the platform stand two pianos. Let none be alarmed; he only plays on one at a time. The owner of the instruments goes to all the concerts, and sits there stern, gloomy, unsympathetic, save when a string breaks under Rubinstein's detoning blows. Then a smile glides over his lips. The marble trembles before Michael Angelo—pianos shudder at the approach of Rubinstein." The climax of this shapshoxy runs thus: "At the last day St. Peter will call Rubinstein, and say, 'Play that piece by Schumann thou didst perform at Florence.' Then the shade of Rubinstein will sit down to a shadowy piano-forte, and at the crash the dead will wake!"

JAY COOK'S FAITH IN THE N. P. RAILROAD.—A correspondent of the *New York Tribune* says: "The head of the firm still lives in that magnificent palace called Ogontz, at Chestnut Hill, some nine miles out of the city, into which he put a million and a quarter dollars in the days of his prosperity. Few princely residences in Europe equal it in size and costliness. The only other possible use it could be put to is for a school, hospital, or other public institution, and it is doubtful if it could be sold for more than \$400,000. Mr. Cooke comes in every day, and spends most of his hours in his private office at the bank, surrounded by maps of the N.P. Railroad, photographs of Duluth, and mineral and agricultural specimens from the lands along the road. He has just as great confidence as ever in the future of the Northern Pacific. In conversation, he said the road was a great and noble undertaking, and would one day justify the faith of its projectors. He says that the apprehensions felt by the holders of Northern Pacific bonds are unreasonable and groundless. He has invested the fortunes of his wife and other members of his family in them, and by his advice his intimate personal friends have bought them, and he fully believes they will one day be as good as five twenties."

The New York Commercial Advertiser put it in this way: "We do not expect to dissuade cooks from kindling their fires with the dangerous oil of kerosene, though we have probably printed accounts of from 40,000 to 50,000 accidents, more or less fatal, the result of this incautious expedient. It may do no harm, however, to mention that a woman in Fort Wayne, Ind., who, a week or two ago, had a pair of beautiful arms, is now totally wanting in those useful limbs. Amputated both of them, and all because of kindling with kerosene!"

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