



Puget Sound Dispatch.

Vol. 2 - - - - - NO. 2. BERTH BROWN, EDITOR.

Credit Mobilier of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

We clip the following from a late number of the Duluth Herald:

"A special dispatch to the St. Paul Pioneer, dated Washington, Jan. 3, says the publication of the contract of the Union with the Wyoming Coal Company has called out information in regard to the Northern Pacific Railroad, by which that company has disposed of all the town sites on the entire line of the road, to the Lake Superior and Puget Sound Land Company. The terms of the contract are not definitely known. The President of the Land Company is one of the Directors of the road—Thomas H. Canfield, of Burlington, Vt. The contract was made under the former management of the road, and it is said that the present officers are much opposed to its terms, but are powerless to rid themselves of it."

This is a full explanation of the reports which are credited by the leading commercial papers of the East in regard to the financial embarrassments of this company, and accounts for the fact that with the most ample security and a liberal rate of interest, the bonds of the company meet with no sales in Europe, and with very little encouragement from a responsible class of bankers in this country. Bankers who do only a legitimate business, will not invest in any securities of a company notoriously directed and controlled by an instigating ring of irresponsible speculators. And now, with the facts before them developed by the investigation of the Credit Mobilier scheme of the managers of the Union Pacific Railroad, in which it is conclusively and indisputably proven that more than the aggregate cost of the road was filched by the managers from the resources of the company, to enrich themselves and corrupt the legislation of Congress, who will buy a bond in the Northern Pacific company, which is ridden by a like incubus. In its practical bearings and moral character, there is no material difference between the Credit Mobilier of the Union Pacific and the Lake Superior and Puget Sound Land Company. Their designs and the means employed, were identical; each sought to appropriate to private use the means entrusted to them for the public benefit. The Directors of the Union Pacific, like Bill Tweed, gave the contracts for building the road to one of their own tools, and after paying the cost of the work, passed the balance of the contract price to the credit of the Credit Mobilier, under the same direction. A majority of the Directors of the N. P. Railroad Co., convey to themselves as the L. S. and P. S. Land Co., a most valuable portion of the grant to the former—the town sites on the entire line—and control not only the route and points, but the entire resources of the company to make their own property available. What discreet capitalist would ever think of investing the money of himself or clients in any project, however promising, which was manifestly being used by its managers in the interest of a ring exclusively for private speculation.

The people of Puget Sound have observed the workings of this incubus upon the magnificent project of a Northern Pacific railroad for the past two years. The agents of the land company—identical with the directors of the railroad company—pre-empted the railroad surveys and entered all the available public lands in market. When work was commenced upon the road, it was not upon railroad lands, but lands bought for that purpose by the land company, and upon these lands—now a town site—large sums have been expended by the railroad company, all for the benefit of the land company. The surveys since, which have cost the railroad company vast sums of money, all seem to be directed with reference to the land company's possessions rather than to the routes and connections which nature and engineering skill both demonstrate to be the most practicable. For two years the people of Puget Sound have been kept in a state of anxiety; enterprise paralyzed and capital driven to other fields of investment; because of the uncertainty attending the final route and terminus of the road; where engineering long since determined these questions, so far as the interests of the railroad is concerned; but then the interests of the land ring must be served whoever suffers.

In our sensitive anxiety to serve the interests of the road in every possible way, we have heretofore cautiously abstained from any comments calculated to embarrass or discredit the railroad company; but the time has now come when the only salvation of the railroad company, and the building of the road within the time limited by its charter, is the utter disconnection of the company from this land ring, which the present managers of the road are now earnestly striving to accomplish.

Library Association.

The regular monthly meeting of the Directors of the Library Association was held at the Library room on Tuesday evening. The following Directors were present: H. L. Yesler, D. Horton, G. F. Whitworth, Mrs. Weed and A. Mackintosh.

Minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

A proposition was received from Edward H. Brown, to act as Librarian for one year, at a salary of \$100 per year. The proposition was accepted for one quarter commencing March 1, 1873.

The following persons were made life members: John Leary, B. F. Briggs,

C. L. Stone, A. Mackintosh, John Webster, Z. C. Miles, James McNaught, H. L. Yesler, J. M. Coleman, A. G. Anderson, Henry Adams, F. H. Lamb, Hiram Jacobs, Lincoln Jacobs, Charles McDonald, Mrs. M. J. Terry, Loretta Denby, F. M. Guye, M. S. Booth, C. P. Stone, J. A. Woodward, Louis Schwabacher, James R. Robbins.

A vote of thanks was tendered D. Horton for his munificent donation to the Library fund; and to C. P. Stone for a donation of a complete set of the American Encyclopedia; also to Henry Adams and John Levy for donations of books. It was ordered that a copy of the proceedings be furnished the DAILY DISPATCH for publication. The meeting adjourned.

SELLING WHISKEY TO INDIANS.

Geo. E. Keating, indicted and tried for selling whiskey to an Indian, was acquitted by the jury, under the instructions of the Court, upon the ground that the Indian to whom he sold the whiskey belonged to British Columbia, and that the law only applied to Indians of the United States, maintaining their tribal relations to the Government. We have no doubt the law was properly interpreted in this case. Under the amendments to the Constitution and the Civil Rights act, there can be no discrimination made on account of color or previous condition of servitude; native Indians, not taxed; those under the immediate care and protection of the Government, being the only exception to the universal rule of equality before the law. Foreigners, whether natives of Europe, Africa, Asia, or the islands of either ocean, stand upon our soil upon terms of perfect political equality, and no general statute or municipal law can discriminate between them. Our native Indians can at any time be gathered up and sent to the reservation to which they are severally assigned and compelled to remain there. The man who sells beer or whiskey to one of these subjects himself to the legal consequences of felony. But British Indians, just over the border, equally deprived, and to whom the sale of whiskey is equally hazardous to the peace and safety of the citizens, has the same legal right to buy and drink whiskey that any citizen has. Hence our town is overrun by British Columbia Indians, the males leading a vagrant life, supported by their squaws, who make prostitution their sole vocation. The most extensive public buildings in the city is devoted exclusively to the most disgusting debaucheries, British squaws being the stock in trade and depraved whites the customers—a resort and a refuge for every grade of vice and crime, making a desolation of the fairest portion of our town, disturbing the Sabbath quiet and making night hideous with the shouts of frantic revelry and the screams of drunken strife, and sending forth upon our public thoroughfares drunken Indians and squaws to shock all moral sense of propriety with their obscene public exhibitions.

Two of our citizens, no worse than hundreds of others in our midst, are expiating in prison the offense of selling whiskey to Indians, in exceptional cases, while the keeper of this great Indian brothel and house of every species of debauchery, in consideration of the wealth acquired by his nefarious traffic, passes the ordeal of the grand inquest of the county undisturbed in his business and unscathed in his person. The grand jury are not to blame for this, for their inquisitorial powers only extend to matter within their own personal cognizance, or before them upon formal complaint. The Prosecuting Attorney has no police power to arraign men for trial until they are properly presented. If no citizen can be found to take the personal risk of filing a complaint, there is but one way in which it can come under the cognizance of the District. There is no wrong without a remedy, and the monster evil which is the terror, shame and disgrace of this community has a remedy in the powers of our city government. Every British Indian in the city could be lawfully and rightfully imprisoned and sentenced to labor upon our streets, and every one of their women could be arrested and convicted for plying an unlawful vocation. The city police are armed with abundant authority to break up this den whenever they choose to do so, and if the laws against vagrancy and prostitution were enforced with honesty and reasonable vigor, there would not be a British Indian in this town, out of jail, in thirty days.—This remedy lies with the people. If they do not choose to apply the remedy by the election of a City Marshal pledged to faithfully execute the laws, the moral responsibility of sustaining these dens of infamy to corrupt the morals of the rising generation and blight the material prosperity of the town, will rest, not upon the courts; not upon the prosecuting officers; not upon our municipal legislation; but upon a majority of the electors who voluntarily choose faithless public officers whose duty it is to execute the laws.

A CONVICTING TERM.—There never was a term of Court before held in this Territory, in which so many indictments, trials and convictions were had in one week, as during the first week of the present term in this city. The indictments were, Peter Biley for selling liquor to Indians; tried, convicted and sentenced to four months imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$150 and costs.

Same, indicted for selling beer to Indians. Convicted and fined \$50 and costs.

James Good, indicted for selling liquor to Indians. Convicted and sen-

tenced to 4 months imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$150 and costs.

Same, indicted for selling beer to Indians. Convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of \$50 and costs.

Allen Ewing, indicted for an assault with a deadly weapon. Convicted and sentenced to three months imprisonment in the county jail.

Louis Andrews, indicted for larceny on the high seas. Convicted and sentenced to one year's imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$1,000.

G. E. Keating, indicted for selling liquor to Indians, was not tried till Monday.

There were seven indictments presented by the grand jury, and six of these were tried and convictions found in four days; a most remarkable promptitude, and highly creditable to the zeal and ability of the prosecuting attorneys, Mr. Wingard, for the United States, and G. N. McConaha for the Territory.

The U. S. District Attorney has been specially active in prosecuting offenders against the law prohibiting the sale of liquor to Indians, and he was zealously followed by the District Attorney in prosecuting under the Territorial law against selling beer to Indians, and they are entitled to great credit for their efforts in checking an intolerable nuisance.

Proceedings of District Court

FEBRUARY TERM, 1873.

MONDAY, Feb. 10. Geo. Plummer vs. H. L. Yesler, in Equity. In reply to the motion made by Mr. McNaught to exclude J. J. McGilvra, Esq., from further appearing as solicitor therein, the following motion was filed this morning:

"Now comes John J. McGilvra in his own proper person, and by his attorney W. H. White, Esq., and moves the Court to strike from the files in said case, 'the motion filed by James McNaught in said case, on the 5th day of February, 1873: 'That John J. McGilvra, attorney and solicitor for said plaintiff, be dismissed from said cause,' etc., because the same is vague, indefinite and uncertain; and because the affidavits attached to and upon which said motion is founded are vague, indefinite and uncertain, and do not disclose any ground whatever for the said motion; also, because the said motion is scandalous and ridiculous."

United States vs. Geo. E. Keating.—Indicted on the part of the United States for selling liquor to Indians. Tried by jury.

Allen Ewing. Convicted of assault with a deadly weapon. Was sentenced to three months' imprisonment in the County Jail of this county.

James Good. Convicted for selling liquor to Indians. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$150 and imprisonment for four months.

Louis Andrews. Convicted for the crime of larceny on the high seas. Sentenced by the Court to be imprisoned for one year and to pay a fine of \$1,000.

The Rev. Thomas K. Beecher is a gentleman who speaks his mind freely, and has no fear of dignitaries in his soul. He was engaged to lecture in Genesee, N. Y., but the lecture committee sent him word not to come because of a small-pox panic in the village! Whereupon the Rev. Thomas wrote as follows: "I am amazed that, in this intelligent nineteenth century, there should be a small-pox panic. If any word of intelligent contempt from me will be of any use to you, please pass the word around from me that cleanly and vaccinated persons are in no more danger of small-pox than they are of virtue without an effort." The response of the great lecture committee has not yet come under our observation.

A party who proposes to publish a new horsekeepers' guide sends the following extract from the forthcoming work: "Plain sauce—an interview with a railway clerk. To make a good jam—ask any horse-car conductor. To boil tongue—drink scalding coffee. To make a good broil—leave a letter from one of your sweethearts where your wife can find it!"

It was at Evansville, Indiana, says the Courier, that a well-dressed young man entered the portals of a decoction palace, an evening or so since, and stepping up to the "gentlemanly barkeeper," requested him to mix him a "red-hot toddy, for he was going to see his girl's father, and meant business."

The next Episcopal Bishop to be consecrated in the United States, will be the one hundredth in the line of American succession.

Bargains in FLOUR

ON HAND AND FOR SALE

XXX BAKER'S EXTRA

From the celebrated Oregon City Mills.

ALSO

THE WILLAMETTE MILLS BRAND

N. C. HALEY, P. O. building, Feb. 5 1873.

Boston Brown Bread.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF THE above bread will be delivered hot, in any part of the City on Sunday morning. Please leave your orders at the EUREKA BAKERY, on Saturday evening. WM. MEYDENBAUER.

SUCH IS LIFE!

The largest and best selected stock of General Merchandise Ever offered in this country, can be found at

Schwabacher Bros. & Co.

Our new two-story building is filled from Garret to Cedar; all of which we offer at prices that

DEFY COMPETITION!! Our past success in business is sufficient guarantee to the Public that they will be dealt with ON THE SQUARE.

Our stock consists in part of the following, viz:

Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars. Crockery and Glassware, Paints, Oil, Varnish, Brushes, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Curtains and Window blinds, Shelf Hardware, Carpenter and Blacksmith tools, Iron, Steel, Chain, Bolts, Rivets, Ship Chandlery and Cordage, Lime, Cement, Plaster of Paris, Hay, Feed, Cumberland Coal, Plows and other farming implements.

In fact anything and everything in general use in this country.

We do not import "Direct from England," but one of our firm keeps a Chinese servant whom he imported direct from Oregon.

We have a resident partner in the Market and our purchases are made to the VERY BEST ADVANTAGE.

To Country Dealers we would say, and say it in truth too, that they can make a Saving by purchasing of us instead of going below.

Thankful for past patronage, we take this method of inviting the Public to give us a call and we guarantee that they shall not regret doing so.

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.

Seattle, Feb. 11, 1873.

Crawford & Harrington,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Hardware, Groceries, Wines and Liquors, Flour and Feed,

SUGAR, TEA, TOBACCO, COFFEE, ETC.,

ARE continually adding to their Stock on hand to meet the increasing demand of the Puget Sound trade and the public generally.

Price List, not higher than San Francisco jobbing price, Freight added.

CALL AND EXAMINE,

Warehouse and Wharf adjoining Steamboat landing.

STORE AND OFFICE, COMMERCIAL STREET

SEATTLE, W. T.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON,

AGENTS FOR THE

Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

Seattle, December, 1872.

RUSSELL & CO FANCY FOWLS!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS

In all styles of

FURNITURE!

BEDDING

AND Upholstering Goods,

Mouldings and Picture Frames!

PICTURES, Window Curtains,

Of all kinds.

MIRRORS AND LOOKING GLASSES

Undertaking.

Agents for Shorey & Butler's Patent Buckshot Roller for Windows.

ALSO

Agent for the celebrated

Wood's Cabinet Organ

T. S. RUSSELL & Co. COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE, W.

Seattle Market,

Corner Commercial and Washington streets.

Seattle, W. T.



BOOTH, FOSS & BORST

PROPRIETORS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

In Beef,

Pork,

Mutton,

Veal,

Vegetables

Bologne Sausage,

Pork Sausage,

Beef Sausage,

Cerman Sausage,

Summer Sausage,

Liver Puddings,

Black Puddings,

Saveloys,

Tripe,

Head Cheese,

Pigs Feet, in vinegar,

Soused Beef feet,

Fresh Tongues,

Corned Tongues,

Smoked Tongues,

Sheep's Tongues in vinegar,

Pigs Tongues.

Smoked Beef,

Dried Beef, etc.

A superior quality of

corned beef, prepared expressly for family use and

put up in quantities to

suit.

Sugar-Cured Hams, canvassed, Sugar-Cured Breakfast Bacon Canvassed,

Heavy Bacon, Mess and clear Mess

Pork, per bbl, Barreled Beef, warranted

200 lbs. in each bbl, Neat's Foot

Oil, Tallow, Work Oxen, Milch Cows,

Hay, Potatoes in bulk, Beef Cattle,

Mutton Sheep etc., etc.

We are prepared to supply Vessels

bound for foreign ports, with Barreled

Beef, Pork, Vegetables, Smoked Meats,

and in fact every article in our line

necessary for the voyage, on short notice.

Keep it Before the

People

That we have a

LARGER STOCK,

GREATER VARIETY,

SUPERIOR QUALITY,

AND SELL CHEAPER

Than any other firm on Puget Sound

Orders from all parts of the Sound and Victoria B. C. respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

BOOTH, FOSS & BORST.

Seattle Market, Sept. 1, 1872

Groceries, Provisions

—AND—

SUPPLIES!

STONE & BURNETT,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN CHOICE

Family Groceries

Flour, Ham, Bacon,

Teas, Coffee, Spices,

Pickles,

hip and Steamboat Stores

At prices which will please the most frugal lovers.

Shelf and Building

HARDWARE,

MINERS' and FARMERS' Tools

and Implements

Levels, Axes, Brush Hooks,

cytles, Froes, Grindstones, etc.

Crockery, Glass Ware,

Paper Hangings, Paints,

Oils, Turpentine,

Tar, Pitch Rosin, Oakum,

Rope, all sizes from 1/4 to

6 inches, Blocks, Shieves,

Rigging, Canvas, Duck,

Sail Twine, Red, White,

and Green Lanterns, Oil,

and Ship Chandlery generally,

.....

We are offering our

entire Stock at prices which

defy competition.

In Boots

and Shoes

We have a most complete

assortment, consisting in part

of

Philadelphia,

Boston and

San Francisco make.

Ladies' Misses' and

Children's Balmoral,

Button and Congress,

BOOTS.

Gent's, Miner's, Logger's

Coarse, Kip and Calf

Boots.

Also, Boys and Children's

Boots, Shoes and Slippers,

Rubbers and Artics.

Dry Goods,

CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing

Goods.

.....

The best assorted Goods

and cheapest prices on Puget

Our Facilities such that

can Undersell and all!

The proof of the Pudding

is in the eating.

SEATTLE.

REMOVED.

L. P. Smith & Son,

HAVE REMOVED THEIR

Jewelry Store

To Yesler's new building, next door to the

Mill, where they have on hand a fine lot of

JEWELRY,

Of every description.

Swiss,

English and

American

**Puget Sound Dispatch.**  
Official Paper of the City.

SEATTLE, THURSDAY, FEB. 13, 1873.

**Financial and Commercial.**

SEATTLE, Feb. 13, 1873.

The Puget Sound Banking Company report gold in New York 114, currency buying, 87; Sight Exchange on Portland and San Francisco, 1/4 per cent. premium, on New York 1 per cent. premium for Currency, 1 1/2 per cent. premium for Gold. Sterling Sight Drafts on Jay Cooke, McCullough & Co., London, England, \$5 10 per £. These drafts are cashed by special agreement all over Ireland, Scotland and the Continent free of charge.

Money is in good supply at 2 per cent. per month. The high rate of interest paid is attracting the attention of small capitalists who come here to place their surplus on real estate mortgages. We hear of a number of persons that have money that they wish to loan on long time mortgages at the present rates of interest. This country needs capital and enterprise; but whether business men and real estate owners can afford to pay these high rates of interest is very doubtful. A merchant can afford to pay high interest for short loans to bridge him over hard times; but to borrow money at these rates permanently, eventually places the borrower in the hands of the lender. It is not a new problem that we are solving, but one that has been settled before our time, that no business will warrant the borrowing of money for long periods and the paying of over 10 per cent. per annum.

It is estimated that during the year 1872 California, Oregon and Washington Territory, paid out as freight money the amount of some \$16,000,000. All of this money or nearly all went to foreign or Eastern owners and was withdrawn from our circulation and it is a great burden on our people. An exchange says:

Suppose that the ships to whose owners this large aggregate of money was paid, had belonged to owners resident on this coast, is it not clear that the greater part of it would have been saved to the local circulation? It is getting to be trite to say that no country offers better timber and lumber for ship-building than this. Why, Puget Sound now ships spars, knees and lumber for a very important share of the ship-building of the world, at a cost of shipment far greater than would be the expense of shipping out here the tackle and other articles for supplies of which we would have to look to the East. If the ship-builders would move out to Puget Sound, use our timbers on the ground and ship out everything else wanted, their transportation bills would be less than now. There would be an actual saving in the cost of vessels. When tonnage is so much wanted and pays so large profits as now, and as seems must be the case for a long time to come, it appears strange that our moneyed men do not more readily turn the attention to ship-building at home.

The wealth of our Territory is in our lumber, coal and ship building; and the class of men we want are those that are able to bring out this wealth.

Regarding the Northern Pacific Railroad, we clip from the New York Herald reports that the Northern Pacific Railroad is in embarrassment, and is not able to pay its current debts. Without having made any special inquiry into the accuracy of these reports we do not hesitate to say that there must be a mistake about it. The Northern Pacific means Mr. Jay Cooke. That great banker has brought the enterprise before the public and is morally responsible for its success. In this case, too, moral and financial responsibilities are equivalent. He can not afford to allow the Northern Pacific to fail, or what is the same thing, to remain under pecuniary embarrassment. Whatever may have been his original intention, he must put his whole private fortune—and this is believed to be many millions of dollars—into the undertaking sooner than suffer it to stop or languish and fall into discredit. For this reason the Herald's report must be inaccurate; and we are confident that Mr. Jay Cooke will at once reassure the public by recognizing and meeting the obligation that rests upon him.

It is also stated that Congress is to be called upon to guarantee the bonds of the Northern Pacific. This must likewise be an error. It has been the boast and glory of that great undertaking that it was to be carried through without pecuniary assistance from Congress; and we are not prepared to believe that the boat is to be changed into an application for aid. Besides, such an application must be fruitless.

In the midst of the Credit Mobilier investigation, and after the experience of the country in the construction of the Union Pacific and Central Pacific railroads, the member of Congress who should seriously endeavor to obtain such a guarantee for the Northern Pacific would pretty soon learn that he had incurred the displeasure of his constituents. The thing cannot be done, and we do not believe it will be attempted.

Bogus half-dollars and quarters have been found in circulation. The dates are 1868, 1870 and 1871. The steamer Libby having been repaired, is again running between this place and Bellingham Bay. Our Merchants report a large falling off in trade from that section while the boat was being repaired.

**COAL MINE.**—Mr. Robert Abrams, of this city, has purchased the coal mine on the Mallory claim, about ten miles south of Seattle, on Cedar river, and has men employed in running a level opening upon the vein, which is from 3 1/2 to 4 feet in thickness, and the outcroppings—a specimen of which may be seen at this office—promise a good quality of coal further in the mountain, at the base of which the mine is open. It is convenient to steamboat navigation connecting with this port, and we trust it will prove a mine of wealth to its enterprising proprietor. Mr. Abrams says there is a well-defined and extensive bed of iron ore in the immediate vicinity of his coal mine.

**THEATRICAL.**—The Waldron Theatrical Troupe, which has been playing to crowded houses in Portland during the winter, and for the last few days in Olympia, will arrive at this place on Thursday morning, and will probably perform here for the rest of the week.

**MISSING.**—The 1st volume of "Alison's Europe," belonging to the old library, is missing. Whoever will return the same to Mr. Mackintosh, the Librarian of the Seattle Library Association, will be liberally rewarded.

**WANTED.**—A woman or girl to do house-work in a small family. Liberal wages and a long engagement is offered to a competent person. Inquire at this office, or at the residence of the editor.

**DENTISTRY.**—Dr. B. R. Freedland will be at Steilacoom until the first of February; he will then return to Seattle to remain two weeks, after which he will again be absent for a short time.

**TEAS.**—If you want good TEAS inquire of Clayton & Co.

**Telegraphic**

EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE DAILY DISPATCH

**NEW YORK, Feb. 8.**—A Washington dispatch says that a growing impression is that there will be an extra session of Congress.

It is reported that Assistant Secretary Richardson says that, indications are that an additional call for \$100,000,000 will be made immediately after the one to be made in March, making \$200,000,000 in all.

**WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.**—The committee on commerce to-day, concluded their river and harbor bill, and among other things agreed to recommend an appropriation for \$225,000 for the improvement of Hell Gate, New York, and \$50,000 for Portland harbor.

The fact has come to the knowledge of the committee on claims, that Gen. Butler paid over in 1865 to the United States Treasury \$202,000, money captured in the South, but in fact, belonging to loyal people of the North. Yesterday morning, the same committee agreed to report the debts of the Northern creditors confiscated by the South and captured by B. N. Butler, amounting to \$203,000, to be distributed among Northern creditors pro rata.

The President has approved the following acts of Congress: An act to provide for holding additional terms of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York; An act making an appropriation to defray the expenses of the investigation committee in regard to the election in Louisiana and Arkansas.

The President has appointed Morris Friedman collector, of the 30th N. Y. District, in place of H. R. Harg, resigned. Friedman is now assessor of the District, and is acknowledged to be one of the best officers in the service.

Gen. Sheridan arrived here last night, on a brief visit, accompanied by General Forsythe and Col. McFeely.

**PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 8.**—A letter has been received giving the particulars of the sinking of the ship Tuscarora, on January 9th. During the night, the mate and six men jumped overboard and reached one of the boats which contained 4 of the crew who were keeping it clear of the ship. The captain refused to follow them, and with fourteen of the crew remained on the mizen rigging and sunk with the vessel at 11 P. M. Next morning the survivors were picked up by the British steamer Emerald and landed at Gibraltar.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 8.**—In Brooklyn this afternoon, Michael Fox was arrested, on a charge of kicking to death, his son aged 8 years, because the boy refused to go for liquor without money.

At a full meeting of the executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company to-day, the action of the sub-committee in purchasing the control of Cuba cable, and the sale of 15,000 shares of Western Union stock, to provide funds therefor, as directed by president Orton, was approved and ratified. The vote approving the purchase of the Cuba Company was unanimously that on sale of stock had but a motive.

The report that Judge Boardman had denied the motion to a stay of proceedings in a new trial of Stokes' case, is erroneous. The Judge will not decide the motion until next week.

**KEOKUC, Feb. 8.**—The Denver House was burned this morning. Loss, \$45,000.

**CHICAGO, Feb. 10.**—A Washington special says, there seems to be well-settled conclusion among those most intimate with the President, and most familiar with diplomatic policy of the administration, that after March 4th, the President will make almost a complete change in the list of Foreign Ministers. Minister Bancroft and Jay are said to be recalled. Sen. Henck, it is believed will retire at his own suggestion. A sweeping change is contemplated in South America Republics, it being his intention to send the ablest men to those stations, who will be expected to be more successful in turning the rich trade of this country to our shores, than those heretofore representing the United States. Gen. Sickles, is thought to be the ablest man in the Diplomatic in the Foreign service, will be recalled preparatory to a more vigorous course toward Cuba.

**WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.**—At a caucus of Republican Senators this morning, Senator Anthony, president. The subject considered was business now pending before the Senate. A committee was ordered to be appointed by the chairman, to report at a future meeting what measures should have precedence.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 10.**—A Paris letter says the truth about the objectionable play of Sardan Lancelo Sam, is that it sought to attack the Republicans in France, by undertaking to show how odious the morals of the people of this moral republic are.

European advices in relation to the law regarding religious corporations, will scarcely come before the Italian Parliament.

There is little doubt but that the result of the debate will be, to place Rome on precisely the same footing, with respect to religious institutions, as the rest of Italy.

**LONDON, Feb. 10.**—The following dispatch has been received here, and not delayed by the censor at Madrid, and it is therefore believed to have some foundation: Madrid, Feb. 10.—King Amadeus manifests a disposition to abdicate the crown, in which case he will resign his power into the hands of the Cortes. The city is quiet.

**MADRID, Feb. 10.**—Bands of Carlists have appeared in the province of Ledo. The Senate, by a vote of 52 to 6, passed a resolution of confidence in the ministry, on the question of its course towards artillery, with regard to the recent demonstration of insubordination Government credited an ordinance department bill for the abolition of slavery in Porto Rico, will be discussed to-day. A snow storm yesterday extended in the North province.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 9.**—The thaw which set in a few days ago has not affected the ice blockade to any extent. The river remains frozen down to within 20 miles of the city.

**WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.**—Morie, Japanese Minister will, in a few weeks return home on leave of absence. He offered his resignation, but the government declined to appoint his successor.

Sumner's health is improving. He was out yesterday. Cameron is still confined to his house.

It is believed that all the Ku-Klux prisoners will be pardoned within a short time, particularly those of an ignorant class.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 9.**—The Herald says from information accessible to outside syndicate who still withhold the figures, it seems that the subscription to the new loan amounted to about two hundred million, or two-thirds the amount offered for disposal. The syndicate will probably be able to put on the market the rest of the bonds during the interval in December, when the contract with them will expire. The subscription from abroad and at home, have been secured by 6 members of Synai cate, namely: Rothschilds, Barons, Morgan, Cook, Morton and Drexel, who have ten months longer time in which to replace the remainder of the loan.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 10.**—It is reported from North Granville, Washington Co., N. Y., that Thomas Cree has fled the place and gone west, after having defrauded various parties in that region a sum amounting to nearly four hundred thousand dollars.

Oakes Ames passed through here last night on his way to Washington.

A system of robbery of street-letter boxes, has been discovered.

In the New Jersey courts to-day, the trials of three murder cases will be begun, with Louis Ligti, for the murder of Johanna Moosie, his reputed wife, also, that of David Mordes, charged with wife murder, and John Daro, for the murder of one Donnellan.

The trial of Scannel for the murder of Donohue, began to-day.

Early this morning, Dr. Hugh Williamson was dangerously shot by a man named Guist, during a scuffle growing out of an attempt by Williamson to mollify Guist, who was angry with his wife, on her returning from a party with Williamson.

**CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 10.**—The tow-boat Petrel, sunk in the Ohio river last Saturday night. The captain swam ashore, but was so chilled that he died in a few hours. Several of the crew were drowned.

**WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.**—The House Military Committee has informally agreed to abide the former adverse report taken by Government of land claimants at Black Point, San Francisco, and will permit the bill to pass the House without objection. The appropriation

for turning San Diego river into False bay will not be reported but the committee agree to report next session.

Yesterday morning the Senate committee on Post Offices and Post Roads listened to an argument by J. P. Cottrell, representing the St. Paul and Milwaukee, and J. W. Lossey, representing the rival proposed site for the LaCrosse Rail Road bridge across the Mississippi. After duly weighing the question the committee decided to report in favor of the site selected by U. S. Engineers.

**NEW YORK, Feb. 9.**—A Washington special to the World says, "Yesterday President Grant expressed himself strongly in favor of the enforcement of the laws in Utah if it takes the whole available military force to sustain it. Gen. Sheridan has been summoned here to give his advice from personal observations of the best localities within a days railroad distance of Salt Lake City for the temporary encampment of troops."

**PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 9.**—Maggie McGowan, aged 18 years, residing at 1315 Cherry street, was seriously burned this afternoon by the explosion of a coil oil lamp.

**LONDON, Feb. 8.**—A cotton mill near Oldham, was badly damaged by fire to-day. One hundred and thirty persons were thrown out of employment.

At a meeting of the West County Highlanders, at Glasgow last night, the Marquis of Lorne delivered an address, and in speaking of the number of Scotchmen who left their country during the past year he said, he looked upon the movement as great, especially when directed towards the United States. Scotland was able to support an immense population and laborers were scarce. It the people emigrated, he proposed they would go to the British colonies.

**ROME, Feb. 7.**—Decourcelles, the new French Ambassador of the Vatican, presented his credentials to the Pope to-day.

The United States steamship Schenandoah, arrived at Spizzia, yesterday.

Rear Admiral Alden and several of his officers are in Naples, and will be received to-morrow by the King.

**PENNY, Feb. 8.**—A resolution has been introduced in the Chambers urgently demanding the expulsion of the Jesuits from Hungary.

**SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 10.**—A fire broke out this evening in Sage's brick warehouse on Battery street near Vallejo, in which was stored 20,000 cases of coal oil. The warehouse was closed and the origin of the fire is a mystery. The first intimation of it was a terrific explosion, followed by three or four others, blowing out some of the windows and a section of the roof. An alarm was sounded and several of the engines were soon on the spot. Soon after the arrival of the first engine, an explosion occurred which drove the front wall out, and threw the firemen clear across the street. Fortunately, only one of them were hurt and that not seriously. A general alarm was then sounded and in a few minutes, 10 steamers were playing on the fire, but with little effect, and the fire is still raging. The efforts of the firemen being almost wholly directed to the work of saving the adjoining buildings, which are fortunately of brick, but filled with liquors and spirits. There is an insurance of \$5,000 on the building, and the owners of the oils are fully insured, but for what amounts could not be ascertained. The firemen will probably confine the flames to the single building mentioned.

**WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.**—The Vice President announces as a special committee to investigate the charges against Pomeroy: Frelinghuysen, Buckingham, Alcorn, Thurman and Nickers.

The House bill extending the Southern Claims Commission four years from March 10th, 1873, was taken up. The question being on the Senate committee's vote, extending it to January 11, 1876; which was agreed to. The second amendment was, to exclude all claims not presented on, or before March 3d, 1873.

Unfinished business of the Alabama claims was taken up.

The Central Pacific Rail Road has provided for the possible failure of the Goat Island bill, by having inserted in the Hon e river and harbor bill, a clause instructing the Secretary of War to order a survey and examination of Oakland harbor, will be reported favorably to-morrow, by the committee on commerce. Houghton says, this is done with a view to an appropriation next session for dredging the bar and improving Oakland harbor, to admit of large ships. Friends of the C. P. R. say, heavy freighting of the railroad will be done, either at Goat Island or Oakland, and that they are disposed to expect future plans in detail in reference to Oakland. It is rumored that a decided movement in that direction is inaugurated, the result of which depends upon the final vote of the Goat Island bill.

There was no quorum present at the meeting of the Senate Military committee to-day, therefore, did not report on the Goat Island bill. To-morrow evening the committee will meet again and by courtesy, may listen to an argument of Mr. Casserly, when they will dispose of the bill finally.

C. P. Huntington, in conversation a few days ago stated, that in two years he intended to dispose of all his interests west of the Rock Mountains, and confine himself to operations in the East. He denies of any negotiations having been entered into for the transfer of the C. P. R. E. to Thos. Scott.

The House committee on Postoffices will grant a hearing to-morrow, to representatives of local newspaper interests affected by the Second Section of the new Postal bill. This section imposes a pre-payment of all papers sent through mail, except upon such weekly papers as are actually and wholly printed in the county in which they are published. There are nearly 1,300 County newspapers, which have one side of their issue printed at the larger cities, and to make these pre-pay on papers sent to their subscribers, would result in the suspension of a majority of them.

**Marine Intelligence.**

**POST LEDLOW, Feb. 6.**—Arrived, the bark Jenny Pitts, from San Francisco.

**POST MADISON, Feb. 11.**—Arrived, Feb. 7th, the ship Revere.

Sailed, the ship War Hawk, with lumber to L. S. Mastick & Co., San Francisco.

**The Largest Stock on the Sound.**

**S. WILLIAMS,**  
Olympia, W. T., Sept. 14, 1872.

**FALL STYLES!**



**MRS. G. W. HALL,**  
Commercial Street.  
HAS NOW AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF  
**Milinery Goods**  
New style dress trimmings, Standard Trimmings in great variety, Ladies and children's underwear and hosiery of the best quality, etc., etc.  
New Styles and Novelties

By every San Francisco steamer. Ladies from the Sound Ports should call and examine.  
All orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

**ANDERSON & HOPKINS,**  
SEATTLE, W. T.

Are offering  
**FURNITURE,**  
Bedding,  
Upholstery,  
Redwood and Picture Frame Mouldings,  
**PICTURES!**  
Window Curtains,  
**Doors**  
Sash and Blinds.

at Reduced Prices!

**Undertaking,**  
Furniture Repaired,

AND  
**SHOW CASES**

Made to order, at reasonable rates  
Nov. 20.



**THE BEST Lager Beer,**

**BOTTLED A L E**

**PORTER**  
Made on the Pacific Coast

IS MANUFACTURED AT THE  
**Seattle Brewery**

Cor. Mill and Fourth Streets opposite Baxter's Saloon  
**SEATTLE, W. T.**

Patronize home made and save  
**MONEY**  
By sending your orders to  
**STUART CRICHTON & CO.**  
Seattle, Jan. 2, 1873.

New Goods, Groceries and Hardware.

**EX-BARK JENNY PITTS,**  
**SCHWABACHER BROS & CO.**  
Have received a fresh supply of  
Boots and Shoes, Glass Ware, Rope, Plows, Lead, Paints, Trunks, Pails, Out Meal, Sugar, Soap, Iron, Cement, Gun Powder, Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.  
July 18, 72

**A Good Gift**  
ALL THE YEAR ROUND!

**HOME SHUTTLE**  
SEWING MACHINE

HAS NO RIVAL FOR CHEAPNESS AND DURABILITY. Call and examine and be convinced.  
**S. P. ANDREWS,** Local Agent, Seattle, W. T.  
M. S. FAY & CO. MANUFACTURERS

**United States Hotel,**  
Corner Main & Commercial Streets,  
**A. JOHNSON, Proprietor**  
WILL COMPARE FAVORABLY with any Hotel on the Sound.

**Seattle Drug Store.**  
W. T.



**M. R. MADDOCKS,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

**Drugs,**  
Chemicals,  
Patent Medicines, etc.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

AGENT FOR  
**Mercers' Panacea.**

ALSO, DEALER IN  
**Wines, LIQUORS, &c.**

Orders from Abroad Solicited  
**M. R. MADDOCKS**  
1872

**LIBRARY BOOKS.**

THE UNDERSIGNED, PRESIDENT OF the old Library Association, would announce that a majority of the members having voted to surrender the books belonging to that association to the new organization, persons having books belonging to the old library are requested to deliver them to A. Mackintosh, Librarian of the new association.  
**JAMES MCNAUGHT.**  
Seattle, W. T., 9, 1873.

**REMOVAL.**  
**S. P. ANDREWS.**

Has removed to his New Store on Commercial Street, between Stone & Burnett's & Schwabacher Bros. & Co., where he is receiving additions to his Stock which make it the

Largest ever brought to this market, which will be sold at prices that defy competition.

**Stoves and Tin Ware.**



**COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX**

**STOVES!!**  
AND  
**PORTABLE RANGES**  
Ever brought to Puget Sound.

**BUCK'S CELEBRATED COOK STOVE,**  
With or without extension, and for either Wood or Coal.

Also, a General Assortment of  
**Kitchen Furniture**  
French and English Wares,  
Japan, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Wares.

**Tin and Metallic Roofing,**  
**Lead and Iron Pipe.**  
Iron Pipe cut and fitted to suit.  
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

**PIPE FITTINGS**

**JOB WORK.**

All work pertaining to the business done at short notice and in a workmanlike manner.

**GIVE ME A TRIAL.**  
Orders from abroad promptly attended to.

**PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.**  
Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

STORE ON  
CORNER MILL & E. W. T.  
**S. P. ANDREWS.**  
April 4, 1872. 2061.

**STAR SALOON**

—AND—  
**Ten-Pin Alley,**  
Commercial St., Seattle, W. T.  
L. C. HARMON, PROPRIETOR.

THE best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always on hand.  
Seattle, July 20th, 1872

**JONES & STUBBS,**  
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

**Boots and Shoes,**  
Leather and Findings,

Mill-street—Occidental square  
**SEATTLE, W. T.**

**RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO** the public that they are now opening at their new store a large and well selected stock of goods in their line, and are prepared to make to order

**Cent's Boots,**  
Ladies' Misses' and Children's  
Boots, Shoes and Gaiters.

Latest styles and most reasonable rates.  
Special attention given to Children's Shoes and Gaiters.  
Custom is respectfully solicited, and all work done to order warranted.  
Seattle, October 17, 1872.

**ORDHAM & JENNINGS**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
**GROCERS**  
FARMING & COUNTRY TRADE  
AT WHOLESALE PRICES  
SEND FOR PRICE LIST

Puget Sound Dispatch. Official Paper of the City.



EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE DAILY DISPATCH

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—A grand farewell banquet was given Prof. Tyndall last evening, attended by a brilliant selection of public men of the city.

The coroner's jury in the case of Duryea, murdered by Simmons, returned the extraordinary verdict that deceased was killed by Simmons, but that in the belief of the jury that the assassin was unprovoked and from private threats made by deceased towards the prisoner, the latter may have considered his life threatened.

CHICAGO, 5.—A Washington special says that Hon. J. M. Wilson, President of the R. R. Co., made an argument before the House appropriation committee against amendment of Legislation appropriating \$1,000,000 for the transportation money until the road pay the interest on its bonds.

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 5.—The Republican State Convention today, nominated H. P. Shaver for Governor.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Feb. 5.—A fire occurred this morning destroying the Spencer Block, including the stores of W. L. & L. R. Gregory, hardware, and Marvin, auctioneer; L. V. Brown, druggist. Loss, \$50,000. Insured for \$30,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—In the House, Brock, from the committee on Ways and Means, reported the amendment to the Internal Revenue as follows: Ist. The Secretary shall restore the provision of the law of 1862, allowing producers of tobacco to sell at the place of production to consumers to an amount not to exceed \$100.

A distinguished jurist speaking of Senator Caldwell's case last evening said, that according to all law and precedent, the Senate should be bound to declare his seat vacant, although no direct charge of bribery can be proved on him. That bribery was said to secure his election is not denied, and an unvarying custom in England, has been the order of election under such circumstances.

Senator Anthony, President of the Senate pro tem, at the request of Vice President Coffey, appointed the following committee to investigate charges against Senators named in the Credit Mobilier investigation by the House and certified by the Senate.

Yesterday, Morrill of Maine, Sept of Iowa, Stockton and Stevenson, committee on the Caldwell case, were given until Monday to prepare argument.

CABIZ, Feb. 5.—Steamship Marillo is still here. The British consul demanded a writ of attachment against her. The captain and officers on watch at the time of the collision with the North Fleet, are held as prisoners on board of the Spanish man-of-war, pending investigation. The crew are under guard and not allowed to go ashore.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The trial of Robert Bowles occurred today. He was acquitted. The counsel for the prosecution in his opening speech said, it was impossible to doubt a guilty foreknowledge by the defendant in the manner in which the firm disposed of the bonds of M. Ragoi the prosecutor, amounting to \$5,500, and of the securities of Mrs. Gardner, to the value of \$50,000.

MADRID, Feb. 5.—In the engagement between the Carlists' force and the Radical troops at a small place called Aya in the North, it is officially announced that 200 insurgents were killed, and a large quantity of stores and ammunition and 200 prisoners captured. Eight of the captured insurgents begged for amnesty.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—In an interview with Charles P. Blake, son-in-law of Governor Dix, said that fifty thousand dollars was paid Dix by the Union Pacific Company, which was paid by the directors as salary due him as president, also, for certain stock in the road he had purchased, and of which he had never received any thing.

It is stated that extortions in the harbor master's department, of this port, which were exposed a year ago, are again practiced upon the ship-owners and others.

A bill will be introduced in the Legislature in a few days, providing for the appointment of a commissioner, to consider and report a plan for the consolidation of New York and Brooklyn into one municipality.

has been found against Gen. Fremont and some his associates who employed him to negotiate Memphis and El Paso Railroad bonds in Europe and other markets. The trial will come off shortly.

Douglas N. Arison, counsel for Sarmann Day Co., says that hundreds of letters are received daily from parties desirous of emigrating to San Domingo.

SIXTEENTH Feb. 7.—Another shooting affair occurred on Skagit River on the 5th inst. Julian Olney, shot and instantly killed Thomas Bozart. Reports says that the trouble originated from an improper intimacy between Bozart and Olney's wife, which existed before Olney married her.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Stevenson gave notice of a motion to reconsider the vote by which the S. P. R. R. payment bill was rejected. The Vienna Exposition bill came up, and the amendment providing not more than \$50,000, to one person, was adopted and the bill passed the House.

On motion of Gathfield of Ohio, the Senate bill appropriating three thousand dollars to defray the expenses of the investigation in reference to the election in Kansas, Louisiana and Arkansas was taken up and passed.

The funded loan subscriptions in the United States and Europe to-day, have been so heavy that the Secretary of the Treasury has been compelled to issue a call for one hundred millions of 5-20 bonds of 1862, in advance of closing the books.

Orders have been issued to the commandant of the U. S. forces operating against the Modoc Indians, to make such disposition of troops as will protect settlers, and to suspend further hostile proceedings against the Indians, until absolutely necessary, until after the commission recently appointed to investigate the cause which led Capt. Jack to war, and the result of the investigation is known.

A distinguished jurist speaking of Senator Caldwell's case last evening said, that according to all law and precedent, the Senate should be bound to declare his seat vacant, although no direct charge of bribery can be proved on him.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—Letters and papers with date of the 30th, received here states that several skirmishes between the Spaniards and Cubans had taken place during the past two weeks. Two expeditions have landed successfully, one at Manzanillo and the North coast.

BUFFALO, Feb. 6.—Grave doubts have existed here for the past twenty-eight hours, as to the sanity of John Gaffney, who was condemned to be hanged tomorrow. In consequence Gov. Dix respite him one week, to enable medical experts to decide his condition.

JACKSON, Miss. Feb. 6.—Yesterday the civil Rights bill passed both Houses of the Legislature by a strict party vote, and now awaits the signature of the Governor to become a law.

BOSTON, Feb. 6.—In the House today, a resolution was introduced appropriating \$30,000 for education in the State.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—In the Commons, the address in reply to the Queen's speech, it was moved by Chas. Lytton, on settlement of the disputes with the United States authorities.

With the wreck of his fortunes young Stokes embarked next in the enterprise of establishing an oil refinery at Hunter's Point, about \$300,000 were expended in the works, which were to be of the best class, when the company fell into difficulty, at this juncture the helpful light of Jim Fisk's countenance comes into the story.

Paris advices state that an indictment has been found against Gen. Fremont and some his associates who employed him to negotiate Memphis and El Paso Railroad bonds in Europe and other markets.

New York, Feb. 6.—A Havana letter says that a number of Spanish slave-owners held a meeting in that city recently, to consider the means of anticipations of the intentions of the home government on the subject of slavery.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Parliament assembled today. The Queen made her first allusion to the mission of Sir Bartle Frere, for the suppression of the slave-trade in East Africa.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—A Washington correspondent of the Journal says, Butler of Massachusetts, is working actively for an extra session of Congress, and that he is reported to be doing so in the interest of Maynard, and that if Maynard is elected, Butler will be chairman of the appropriation committee.

The House committee on appropriations to-day, limited the appropriation for a Government building at Philadelphia to \$300,000.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—A Washington correspondent of the Journal says, Butler of Massachusetts, is working actively for an extra session of Congress, and that he is reported to be doing so in the interest of Maynard, and that if Maynard is elected, Butler will be chairman of the appropriation committee.

The House committee on appropriations to-day, limited the appropriation for a Government building at Philadelphia to \$300,000.

A Ruined Family. In the year 1838, Edward H. Stokes, a successful cloth merchant of New York, and nearly connected with some of the most prominent representatives of the wealth and beneficence of that city, retired from business with a handsome competency.

Edward was educated at the university, and took high rank as a scholar. He went to New York at the age of 17, to enter into the store of Samuel Perry, on South Water street, an extensive cheese dealer. Perry failed three years later, and young Stokes made a new partnership with a junior of the collapsed house, and they, as Stokes & Budlong, opened a cheese store on Vesey street.

With the wreck of his fortunes young Stokes embarked next in the enterprise of establishing an oil refinery at Hunter's Point, about \$300,000 were expended in the works, which were to be of the best class, when the company fell into difficulty.

With the wreck of his fortunes young Stokes embarked next in the enterprise of establishing an oil refinery at Hunter's Point, about \$300,000 were expended in the works, which were to be of the best class, when the company fell into difficulty.

With the wreck of his fortunes young Stokes embarked next in the enterprise of establishing an oil refinery at Hunter's Point, about \$300,000 were expended in the works, which were to be of the best class, when the company fell into difficulty.

With the wreck of his fortunes young Stokes embarked next in the enterprise of establishing an oil refinery at Hunter's Point, about \$300,000 were expended in the works, which were to be of the best class, when the company fell into difficulty.

immense wealth, and still in active business in a great Broadway establishment. The wedding of Stokes with Miss Southwick seemed to lack nothing that wealth, position and social surroundings could bring to insure happiness.

The next scene in the drama brings the infamous woman Mansfield into the plot. Solomon described her many centuries ago, and she fear Solomon knew what he was writing about. But his paintings has never been surpassed, and if some one could have slipped into Mr. Stokes' mind this little pen-portrait, made two thousand years ago, of Josephine Mansfield and her infamous sisters, it might have spared the community the fruits of the new acquaintance.

Here are some of the wise man's colorings of his subjects: "She lieth in wait for her prey, and increaseth her transgressions among the men.

Her feet go down to death; her steps take hold on hell. Her house inclineth into death, and her paths into the dead. None that go unto her return again.

She hath cast down many wounded, yea many strong men have been wounded by her. Her house is in the way to hell, going down to the chambers of death.

And just precisely that happened which the son of David predicted; from the house of the harlot the path turned downward. A quarrel between Fisk and Stokes followed it was carried into affairs of business.

The story of family grief and reverse is not all told. The senior Stokes, after thirty years of retirement and enjoyment of a luxurious home, is bankrupt and homeless in his old age. One of the daughters died two weeks after marriage. The second daughter, the wife of Mr. Sutton, attached herself so strongly to the fortunes of her brother, that her husband discarded her, and she is in refuge with her aged and penniless parents.

If young men in our communities could only read on express trains to the devil, and take no one with them, there would be less to be said, since, aside from these considerations, it is every man's individual right to barter away his life and fortune and sacred honor at his own price.

THE UNDERIGNED WORLD INFORM their friends and the public that they are now prepared to regulate the thirsty at the Dolly Varden Saloon.

THE WILLAMETTE MILLS BRAND N. C. HALEY, Feb. 5 1873. P. O. building.

THE UNDERIGNED WORLD INFORM their friends and the public that they are now prepared to regulate the thirsty at the Dolly Varden Saloon.

STOVES STOVES.

There is no happiness or peace in a family without a GOOD COOKING Stove or Range.



DIAMOND ROCK AND THE EUREKA RANGE CAN'T BE BEAT!

BY ANY COOKING APPARATUS! OVER 40,000 In Use on the Pacific Coast.

Superior to all others! Guaranteed to Give Entire Satisfaction.

MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY FOR WADDELL & MILES

COOKING PARLOR BOX HEATING STOVES,

TIN WARE AND House Furnishing Hardware.

OLD FOLKS' CONCERT AND NEW ENGLAND SUPPER

BARGAINS IN FLOUR XXX BAKER'S EXTRA

THE WILLAMETTE MILLS BRAND N. C. HALEY, Feb. 5 1873. P. O. building.

NEWS FOR THE THIRSTY! THE UNDERIGNED WORLD INFORM their friends and the public that they are now prepared to regulate the thirsty at the Dolly Varden Saloon.

THE WILLAMETTE MILLS BRAND N. C. HALEY, Feb. 5 1873. P. O. building.

NEWS FOR THE THIRSTY! THE UNDERIGNED WORLD INFORM their friends and the public that they are now prepared to regulate the thirsty at the Dolly Varden Saloon.

THE WILLAMETTE MILLS BRAND N. C. HALEY, Feb. 5 1873. P. O. building.

NEWS FOR THE THIRSTY! THE UNDERIGNED WORLD INFORM their friends and the public that they are now prepared to regulate the thirsty at the Dolly Varden Saloon.

DISPATCH JOB PRINTING

CORNER WASHINGTON AND COMMERCIAL STREETS, SEATTLE, W. T.

Having lately made large additions of the latest and best styles of wood and metal type, rule, loaders, etc.

Including: Posters, Hand Bills, Programmes, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Checks, Receipts, Cards, Circulars, Statements, Deeds, Mortgages, Lawyers' briefs, Certificates, Labels,

And any other kind of Printing either plain or in colors.

Call and examine specimens of our work before getting your printing done.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Call and examine specimens of our work before getting your printing done.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Call and examine specimens of our work before getting your printing done.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Call and examine specimens of our work before getting your printing done.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Call and examine specimens of our work before getting your printing done.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Call and examine specimens of our work before getting your printing done.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

Call and examine specimens of our work before getting your printing done.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ACKERMAN'S BOLLAR STORE. No. 99 FIRST STREET.

BANCROFT & MORSE, Agents for India, Todd & Co's celebrated GOLD PENS.

Bookseller and Stationer, LARGE STOCK IN PORTLAND, No. 79 Front and No. 5 Washington.

Book and Job Printers HUBBARD & BULLOCK, 92 Front Street.

DRUGGISTS, C. H. Woodward & Co., 101 Front Street.

DENTAL GOODS, C. H. Woodward & Co., 101 Front Street.

GRAY'S MUSIC STORE. The largest Music House on the Coast.

Howe's Sewing Machine. Sole Agency for the Agents Wanted.

PIONEER BOOK STORE. SEATTLE, W. T.

Stationery, and Fancy Goods SHEET MUSIC AND MUSIC BOOKS.

Musical Instruments and all kinds of Musical Merchandise.

CHICKERING & SON'S AND WM. P. EMERSON'S PIANOS.

Mason & Hamlin's Organ's. A supply kept constantly on hand.

Ticket Agents for N. P. R. R. CLAYSON & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND have on the way, direct from Japan and China, New Teas.

CLAYSON & CO'S. Send your orders to SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO'S.

S. F. COOMBS, Seattle, W. T. A. Mackintosh, Notary Public and Conveyancer.