

Puget Sound Weekly Argus.

VOL. 8.

PORT TOWNSEND W. T., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1878.

NO. 33.

PUGET SOUND ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY AT
Port Townsend, Washington Territory.
ALLEN WEIR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Terms of Subscription.—\$3.00 per annum
in advance; six months, \$1.50.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One inch, first insertion, \$1.50
Each subsequent insertion,50
Transient advertisements to insure in
insertion must be accompanied by cash.

All Accounts Settled Monthly.

THE HOUR OF DEATH.

Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the north wind's
breath,
And stars to set—but all—
Thou hast ALL seasons for thine own, oh,
Death!

Day is for mortal care,
Eve for glad meetings round the joyous
hearth,
Night for the dreams of sleep, the voice
of prayer—
But all for thee, thou Mightiest of the
Earth!

The banquet hath its hour,
Its feverish hour of mirth, and song, and
wine;
There comes a day for Grief's overwhelm-
ing power.
A time for sober tears—but all are thine!

Youth and the opening rose
May look like things too glorious for decay,
And smile at thee!—but thou art not of
those
That wait the ripened bloom to seize their
prey!

We know when moons shall wane,
When summer-birds shall cross the sea,
When Autumn's hue shall tinge the
golden grain—
But who shall teach us when to look for
thee?

Is it when Spring's first gale
Comes forth to whisper where the violets
lie?

Is it when roses in our paths grow pale?
They have ONE season—ALL are ours to die!
Thou art where the billows foam,
Thou art where music melts the air;
Thou art around us in our peaceful home,
And the world calls us forth—and thou art
there!

Thou art where friend meets friend,
Beneath the shadow of the elm to rest;
Thou art where foe meets foe, and trump-
ets rend
The skies, and swords beat down the
princely crest.

Leaves have their time to fall,
And flowers to wither at the north wind's
breath,
And stars to set—but all—
Thou hast ALL seasons for thine own, oh,
death!

It may be interesting to know
that according to a provision made by
the last Territorial Legislative as-
sembly, this county received 125
copies of Elwood Evans' Centen-
nial Address, to be sold for the ben-
efit of the school fund. A large
number of these pamphlets are still
on hand at the county auditor's of-
fice, although they will be sold at
20 cents per copy.

WITH sorrowful feelings we chron-
icle the sad fact that our honored
townsman, O. F. Gerrish, Esq., is
lying at the point of death in Victo-
ria. His attending physicians have
held a consultation, and decided him
past all hope of recovery.

We expected to be able to pub-
lish the entire remainder of the
Good Templar Grand Lodge pro-
ceedings this week; but must be
content with merely the G. W. C.
T.'s report. Read it, and next week
we will endeavor to insert the rest.

CLAIMANTS against the Phinney
estate will take notice that an order
has recently been made, in Probate,
authorizing the payment of all right-
ful claims against the estate.

Telegraphic Summary.

ST. LOUIS, September 29.—Twelve
buildings were destroyed by fire at
East St. Louis last night. Also a
large lot of lumber, one locomotive
and several freight cars. Loss esti-
mated at \$150,000.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 30.—Trains
on the Mobile road come in crowded
with families from the lake shore wa-
tering places, the fever having broken
out all along the line.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Ex-Sena-
tor Morrill, Judge McFarland and
Gen Hatch, commissioners appoint-
ed to select a new reservation for
the Ute Indians, have chosen a loca-
tion on the headwaters of Navajo
and Blanche rivers, isolated from
white settlements and accessible to
supplies. The Indians are satisfied
with the arrangement and govern-
ment has approved them. The re-
moval will take place at the most fa-
vorable time.

The President has appointed Linus
M. Nickerson, of Oregon, as agent
for the Indians of the Klamath
agency, in that State, in place of
Jno. H. Rook, resigned.

Steps are being taken to create a
financial commission in which there
will be an Ottoman president and
two foreign vice presidents—one
English and another French.

PROBATE COURT PROCEEDINGS.

SEPTEMBER TERM.

In the matter of the estate of Chas.
Bell. Semi-annual acc't approved;
sale of real estate confirmed.

In the estate of E. S. Fowler. Re-
turn and confirmation of sale of real
estate.

In the estate of Arthur Phinney.
Stipulations filed and petition con-
testing will dismissed.

Petition of F. J. Burns to $\frac{1}{2}$ earn-
ings of bark Forest Queen, allowed;
First annual account of executors
approved and allowed;

Order for executors to pay all
claims duly proven and filed against
decendent;

Petition of R. D. Attridge for leg-
acy heard and allowed,—notice of ap-
peal filed;

Petition for monument, approved
and allowed.

OWING to a great pressure of work
we omitted, in this issue, that part
of the advertisement of sale of the
Port Ludlow mill property referring
to lands in Island County. But, as
that portion of the estate will not
be sold until Nov. 12th, the adver-
tisement will still have six weekly
insertions before the sale. The com-
plete advertisement will appear next
week.

Shipping Intelligence.

Port Townsend.

ENTERED
Sept. 27, schr Hueneme, S F.
schr Gen Harney, Victoria
39, Tacoma, Nanaimo
Oct. 1, bk Fannie Skolfield, Japan
bk Buena Vista, Honolulu.
2, bk Jenny Pitts, Honolulu
CLEARED.

Sept. 27, ship Belle Morse, Callao
Tacoma, Nanaimo
31, ship Alaska, S F
Panama, Victoria
Oct. 1, bk F. P. Litchfield, Melbourne
Blakely, Victoria.

San Francisco Market.

Sept. 28.
Barley—Quiet and weak; small sales coast
feed at 57 1/2 @ 61
Wheat—Shipping sales reported of Califor-
nia fair, good and choice \$1.60, \$1.65, \$1.67 1/2, re-
spectively—all alongside. Some ex City of
Chester on wharf, \$1.61 1/2 @ 63
Flour—Market very quiet
Oats—Quiet. Oregon, good feed, \$1.40; fair
Cals, \$1.35
Wool—Steady and quiet. Sale of 25,000 lbs,
Eastern Oregon, medium grade, 66

Shipping.

San Francisco, Sept. 30.
Arrived—Br ship Altair, Singapore; Amer-
ship Paetolus, Philadelphia; Am ships Harry
Mills, H. S. Gregory, St. John and Thomas Dana,
New York; bk Martha Bledout, Pt. Blakely;
sch Albee, guaymas; Am ships Glory of the
Sea, Wm H. Macey, Palestine and Br ships
Mitre and Victoria Nyauza, Liverpool;
St. Jean, New Caledonia; Br ship Gannamoore,
Bombay; Am ship Astoria, Baltimore; Amer-
ship Brown Brothers, Boston; ship Sagamore,
Port Gamble; sch Fremont, Ochoisk Sea; Br
sch Triumph, Cape Town.
To sail—City of Chester, for Portland, Tues-
day.
Port Madison, Sept 29—Arrived—58 Tidal
Wave, San Francisco.

NOTICE

Sale of Port LUDLOW MILL Property,

And 11,044 1-2 Acres of
Timber Land,

And City Property in Seattle
and Port Townsend.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF JEF-
FERSON COUNTY, WASHINGTON
TERRITORY.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF
ARTHUR PHINNEY, dec.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
that in pursuance of an order of the
Probate court of Jefferson county, Wash-
ington Territory, made the 29th day of April,
A. D. 1878, in the matter of the above
entitled estate, the undersigned, executors
of said estate, will sell at Public Auction,
upon the terms and conditions hereinafter
stated, and subject to confirmation by said
Probate Court on

**Thursday, the 7th day of No-
vember, A. D. 1878,**

At eleven o'clock A. M. of that day, on
the premises at the Mill, at Port Ludlow:
in said Jefferson county, the land situated
lying and being in the said county of
Jefferson, in said Territory of Washing-
ton, including the Port Ludlow saw mill,
buildings and improvements thereon, and
described as follows, to wit:

West hf of sw qr, sw qr of nw qr, lots 2,
3 and 4, section 9, township 28, 1 east.
Lots 1 and 2, section 16, township 28, 1
east. 318.75 acres.

Also the following described lands in
said Jefferson county:

Lot 1 in section 3, township 27, 1 east.
20.75 acres.

Lot 1 and 2, section 10, township 28, 1
east. 85.50 acres.

Southeast qr of nw qr, section 15, town-
ship 28, 1 east. 40 acres.

Lot 4 in section 15, township 28, 1 east.
60.50 acres.

Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, section 17, township
28, 1 east. 160.50 acres.

Lot 1 in section 26, township 28, 1 east.
30.50 acres.

Southwest qr of se qr, section 26, town-
ship 28, 1 east. 40 acres.

Southeast qr, section 27, township 28,
1 east. 160 acres.

North hf of se qr, section 34, township 28,
1 east. 80 acres.

Southwest qr. of se qr, section 34, town-
ship 28, range 1 east. 40 acres.

Northwest qr of ne qr, section 35, town-
ship 28, range 1 east. 160 acres.

West hf of ne qr and se qr of nw qr of
section 21, township 28, r 1 east. 120 acres

South hf of se qr, section 8, township
28, range 1 east. 80 acres.

North-east qr of se qr, section 8, town-
ship 28, range 1 east. 40 acres.

South hf of nw qr, section 18, township
28, range 1 east. 84.73 acres.

North-east qr of section 29, township
28, range 1 east. 160 acres.

Lots 1, 2 and 3, section 4, township 29,
1 east. 99.25 acres.

West hf of se qr, section 4, township 29,
1 east. 80 acres.

Lot 4 in section 9, township 29, 1 east.
35 acres.

Northwest qr. of ne qr, section 9, town-
ship 29, 1 east. 40 acres.

Lot 2 in section 33, township 29, 1 east.
49.25 acres.

Lot 4 in section 7, township 29, 1 west.
40.25 acres.

West hf of nw qr, section 4, township
27, 1 west, 80.44 acres.

Lot 6 in section 17, township 28, 1 east.
5 acres.

Lots 3 and 4, section 4, township 28 1
east. 58 acres.

Block 4 in Al. Pettygrove's addition to
Port Townsend, 8 lots, 50x100 feet.

And also, re-sawing machine, machin-
ery and tools in the machine and black-
smith shop, cook house furniture, stock of
goods and store furniture, house furni-
ture, bedding &c., chains, castings, old
bolters, cows, horses, harness, and all
other property belonging to said estate.

And will also sell on

**Tuesday the 12th day of No-
vember, 1878,**

At 10 o'clock A. M., at Suohomish City in
Suohomish county, in front of the store of
E. C. Ferguson, 2801 63-100 acres of tim-
ber land,
And on

Saturday, November 16, 1878,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at Union City, Ma-
son county, in front of the Post Office in
said Union City, 1463 17-100 acres of tim-
ber land,
And on

Tuesday, November 19, 1878,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at New Tacoma,
Pierce county, in front of Frank Clark's
office, 407 70-100 acres of timber land,
And on

Wednesday, November 20, 1878,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at Seattle, King

county, in front of Yester's Hall, 605 33-
100 acres of timber land, and eleven town
lots in said Seattle,
And on

Thursday, November 21, 1878,

At 10 o'clock A. M., at Port Madison,
Kitsap county, in front of the Mill Com-
pany's store, 1553 75-100 acres of timber
land—All of said land is situated in the
county in which it is to be sold.

Terms and conditions of sale:—Gold
coin of the United States; ten per cent of
the purchase money to be paid to the said
executors on the day of sale, and the re-
mainder on confirmation thereof, Deed at
expense of purchaser.

GEO. W. HARRIS,
OLIVER F. GERRISH.
Executors of the estate of Arthur Phin-
ney, deceased.

Port Ludlow, Jefferson County, W. T.
September 30, 1878.
James McNaught, attorney for said estate.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Stereoscopic views of all important
points of Puget Sound and California, for
sale at Jas. Jones'.

Go to Waterman & Katz for the best
carpets, at reasonable prices.

Blank deeds, mortgages, bills of
sale, etc. for sale at Jas. Jones', corner
custom house building.

Two first-class sewing machines,
a Wilson and a Singer, NEW, for sale.
Apply at the ARGUS office.

PORT TOWNSEND

Boot & Shoe STORE.

MEN'S, BOYS'
LADIES', MISSES,
AND CHILDREN'S

Boots & Shoes
Of the very best qualities and of the
Latest Patterns.

Gent's and Ladies'

Arctic Over-Shoes.

Gent's, Ladies', Misses and Children's

Rubber Over-Shoes

This is the **Largest and Best**
Selected Stock of Boots and Shoes on Pu-
get Sound, comprising

BRONZE AND SATIN DRESSING,
MASON'S CHALLENGE BLACKING,
FRANK MILLER'S WATER
PROOF BLACKING.

MACHINE SILK AND NEEDLES.

Shoe Findings,
Of Every Description.

Rigging & Harness Leather,
&c., &c

A complete assortment of

Miscellaneous Stock!

Custom Work

And Repairing executed as usual, and sat-
isfaction guaranteed.

A fair share of the patronage of the
public is solicited.

I have a Great REVERENCE for
CASH Customers.

John Fitzpatrick.

WM. DODD. J. E. PUGH

CENTRAL HOTEL,

Situated at head of Union Wharf,
Port Townsend, W. T.

This House is new and newly furnished, and
possesses all the appointments of a

First-Class Hotel.

Its Bar is supplied with the best of Wines,
Liquors and Cigars. There is a first-class Bill
iard Table and Reading Room in the Hotel.
Nothing will be left undone to make this
Hotel second to none in the Territory.

Territorial University.

The University of Washington Territo-
ry, with its corps of six instructors, is fully
prepared to give the following instruc-
tion through the Freshman year of a full
classical course:

A THREE YEARS' SCIENTIFIC COURSE.

A TWO YEARS' NORMAL COURSE.

A COMPLETE COURSE IN BOOK-KEEPING.

Pupils not fully prepared to enter any
course, can receive a thorough drilling in
the common branches.

Vocal and instrumental music, painting,
drawing, military tactics and telegraphing
taught in connection with the institu-
tion.

In the University boarding houses and
in private families, there is abundant pro-
vision for boarding pupils.

The fall term begins September 2, 1878.

For catalogue or admission, apply
to the President.

A. J. ANDERSON, A. M.,
Seattle, W. T.

C. M. BRADSHAW. WM. A. INMAN

BRADSHAW & INMAN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND PROCTORS
in Admiralty.

Port Townsend, W. T.

Dr. Isaac N. Power

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE AT
LA CONNER, W. T.

N. D. TOBEY,

Ship Wright and Caulker

WATER STREET,
Port Townsend, W. T.

W. H. ROBERTS,

TEACHER OF PIANO AND ORGAN.

Port Townsend, W. T.

Orders can be left at B. S. Miller's Music store.
Tuning done on reasonable terms

G. MORRIS HALLER.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
Proctor in Admiralty.

Money loaned. Real Estate bought and sold
Farms to Lease, Conveyancing, &c.
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Dr. Thos. T Minor

Managing Surgeon, Marine Hospital.

Port Townsend, W. T.

Can be consulted, night or day, at Hospital

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

C. FRANK CLAPP, Proprietor.

THIS WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR
House has been refurbished and refitted
in all its departments, and is now prepared to
furnish first class accommodations to its
patrons. Being eligibly situated it is easy of
access by the traveling public. Its table will
always be supplied with the best the market
affords. Rooms for families, with board by
day or week.

C. D. GILMORE, A. A. THOMAS
Late Register at
Kirwin, Kansas.

Gilmore & Co.,

629 F st. WASHINGTON, D. C.

WILL PRACTICE BEFORE THE

General Land Office, office of Indian Af-
fairs, Department of the Interior, the
Court of Claims, and United States Su-
preme Court. Claims of all kinds arising
under laws governing the disposal of pub-
lic land, or the adjustment of French,
Spanish, and Mexican grants, or other
private land claims. Special attention
given to cases involving titles to grant
lands and mining claims. Land war-
rants and land scrip bought. Cash paid
for soldiers' addition homestead rights.
Send stamp for circular of instructions.
Three stamps to pay postage if you want
full set of blanks and instructions.

PEOPLE'S

MARKET,

Opposite Washington Hotel

Constantly on Hand the

CHOICEST MEATS

AND

Vegetables.

Also, Corned Beef and Pork, Smoked

Meats, Pork and Bologna Sausages,
Head Cheese, Tripe, &c., &c.

L. SMITH & F. TERRY

U. S. Marine Hospital.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

ANY SICK SAILOR WHO HAS PAID
a Hospital dues for two months pre-
ceding his application for admission, is entitled
to Hospital relief.

Port Townsend Hospital.

The above institution having been placed
on a permanent footing, as the United
States Hospital for Marine Patients on
Puget Sound, the proprietor takes pleasure
in announcing that no pains or expense
will be spared in ministering to the com-
fort and convenience of private patients.

This is the largest General Hospital north
of San Francisco, and by far the most com-
plete in equipment. It has been thoroughly
refitted and refurnished. Its general wards
have accommodations for about one hun-
dred patients and are peculiarly adapted
for cases requiring the most careful treat-
ment and constant supervision at limited
expense. Those who desire them will be
furnished with private rooms, entirely
separate and distinct, at a slight additional
cost.

The attention of Mill owners, and
those interested in shipping, is called to
the fact that seamen suffering from conta-
gious diseases will be treated outside the
Hospital without expense to the vessel.

THOMAS T. MINOR, M. D.,
Managing Surgeon.

26-11



ALLEN WEBB, Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1878.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Danniway, of the "New Northwest," comes out emphatic in favor of hard money.

The greenback party in the east is more formidable in number than has generally been supposed.

San Francisco does not yet seem to be entirely out of danger as to titles to certain property.

Mr. Haller's poem on the Skagit has been favorably commented upon as being a creditable production of his fertile brain.

The loss to the government last year from sugar frauds in New York is shown by careful estimate to have been over \$2,500,000.

G. W. C. T. Dunbar, of the Good Templars of Oregon, is doing good work for the cause, if we may believe reports of the press.

We are in receipt of information to the effect that Brents, of Walla Walla, has not declined to be nominated for Delegate to Congress.

As an evidence of our prosperity, the fact may be cited that the United States is the only foreign country that has sent an increased supply of wheat to England during the past year.

The papers are bragging about a man in Walla Walla raising fifty bushels of wheat per acre on six acres. While we concede the crop to be a good one, it is nevertheless a fact that many farmers over here can beat it by a third.

TO ALASKA.—The steamer Olympia, Capt. Stothard left this port on Tuesday, and was to leave Victoria yesterday, for Fort Wrangel, Alaska. She goes to bring down a load of passengers, principally miners. Pilot Keene, of the Wolcott, goes on her as pilot.

The editor of the Walla Walla "Statesman" has turned his vials of machine manufactured wrath upon his own son. The reason seems to be that his son had the hardihood and independence to express himself a Republican. How narrow and bigoted some minds can become! Here is a man who ought to have some little liberality and common sense, denying his son the right to free thought and free speech.

The very latest is Mrs. Danniway coming out with Ben Butler for President. She admits that he doesn't scruple at anything in the shape of "dirty work" to advance his political plans, but says he'll do, because he's in favor of woman suffrage. Old Ben has "straddled the blind," broken out of the corral and turned himself loose generally. He is now bidding for patronage on the score of labor agitation, woman suffrage, financial legislation, and in fact all the various isms that have anything like a respectable following.

Day by day the University of California is becoming richer and richer. Its yearly income now is \$60,000, and this is constantly increasing by the sale of its lands. Recently Judge Hastings gave it \$100,000 for the purpose of founding a law school, and, according to the papers, there is a donation to it of \$650,000 in the will of the late Michael Reese, making three-quarters of a million which it has received in less than half a year. These donations at interest at five per cent. will increase the annual income of this institution to over \$90,000.

New Hampshire proposes to tackle the tramp problem. A bill has passed the house, which, in effect, makes tramping a felony, punishable with imprisonment, from fifteen months to five years. If this bill becomes a law, it will be necessary to define what constitutes a tramp. A man who goes from place to place in search of work is not a tramp. But the man who professes to be in search of work, which he does not want to find, and does not propose to do if found, may be included under that designation. But if the law is not carefully drawn it will defeat itself. The right to seek employment is one of our inalienable rights. If employment is not found in one town, the seeker goes to another. When his money is exhausted, he is forced to choose between starvation and asking for food. If he does the latter he becomes, in the eyes of the law, a tramp. It is a hard thing for an honest workingman whose willing hands are not wanted, to be convicted as a tramp and thrown into prison, and we very much doubt if any responsible person will guarantee that no honest, willing workingmen are wandering about the country in search of work. The tramp problem is a hard one to solve. It grows out of a surplus of labor. When a community provides an industry where all willing laborers can earn a livelihood until they can do better, it may with some show of humanity declare tramping a crime.

CURE FOR DIPHTHERIA.—A gentleman of Salt Lake, a non-professional, has prescribed for two families afflicted with diphtheria, and his remedy has resulted in cures in both cases. In one of the families three children were afflicted with the terrible disease. The gentleman says when the symptoms appear the room in which the patient is kept should be thoroughly fumigated with sulphur, the doors and windows being closed; put the patient in the room two or three times a day, leaving him there half an hour. The theory is that the sulphurous acid fumes destroy the fungii in the human body as readily as they do the fungii that attacks vines and plants. Large quantities of sulphur are used for this purpose in Europe. In the case of the three children referred to above, a cure was effected in 48 hours. The gentleman also suggests that the plate on which the sulphur is burned be placed for a few seconds near enough to the mouth of the patient to permit him to inhale the fumes. The remedy is certainly worth a trial.

WONDERS will never cease. The Seattle "Intelligencer" and "Dispatch" have consolidated and will hereafter be conducted under the management of a company formed by Messrs. Hanford and Brown, their respective publishers. Mr. Hanford is to be the business manager and Mr. Brown will be the senior editorial writer. The avowed object of the change is to produce a better paper at a less cost of production and consequent increased profit to proprietors. All of this is very proper; especially in consideration of the fact that Seattle has always had more newspapers than she could support; but the wonder is that journalists who have abused each other so freely in the past should now join issues and affiliate in the capacity of component parts of a compact. It seems impracticable to mix water with oil. In this case we predict that the oil will be dominant, although the new paper promises to be none other than the old "Intelligencer" straight. Stand back, folks, and let the show proceed.

DEPARTMENT chiefs in Washington are issuing orders that eight hours shall constitute a day's work. Those working ten hours per day shall be paid extra therefor.

FEVER is reported to be leaving Memphis and spreading into the country.

It is a noteworthy fact that Americans have always been generous, even to a fault sometimes. When the news of such utter destitution prevailing in the Southern yellow fever districts was carried out through the United States, and financial assistance was solicited, the responses were so speedy and numerous that thousands upon thousands of dollars began pouring in from all directions—and still the stream of donations is unabated. From all parts of the Union, and from almost every town of any note contributions have been forwarded in various sums ranging from \$50 to \$500. Surely generosity is one noble trait of character of which Americans, as a people, cannot be said to be lacking.

AND so after all, the international conference on the silver question, which was to do so much for mankind, has come to naught. The European delegates have adopted a resolution declaring that there is no ground for discussing the question of international ratio between gold and silver. Was it worth while to get up a conference and send delegates over the ocean to learn this? The rate of silver like that of everything else in the world, as foretold by those who opposed our humbug silver bill, must depend on its value as a commodity; that is, on its relative abundance or scarcity, and the consequent demand for it. The international conference may as well turn its attention to regulation of the price of wheat, hides and beeswax.

THE Cincinnati "Gazette" shows up Democratic inconsistency finely, as follows: "Where are those Democratic statesmen that used to go about on the campaign stump, and hold up in one hand a double eagle as a specimen of sound money of the people in the good Democratic times, and in the other a soiled greenback as a specimen of the 'rag money' which the Republicans brought in? Each one took a turn at this. Thurman was one of the contemptuous exhibitors of the greenback 'rag.' Where is Thurman now? He has made an image of rags, and called upon all the Democrats to bow down and worship it."

Mosby, the great rebel cavalry leader, says that Grant will be nominated by acclamation in 1880, and will be elected over any man in the nation. He says the people of the south have faith in him, and will give him more votes than any man the republicans can nominate. Every balmy breeze wafts the word "Grant." Of all the living generals or statesmen, Grant is the greatest. Give us Grant, and South Carolina will not defy the power of the Union, as she is doing now.

One county in California—Stanislaus—produced 6,500,000 bushels of grain this year. This, too, by a population including those living in towns, villages and trading points of not exceeding 9,000 inhabitants. Another singular feature, as shown by the assessment list is, that there are but 911 names classed as land owners in the county, outside of town lots.

A little girl was reproved for playing out doors with boys, and informed that, being seven years old, she was "too big for that now." But with all imaginable innocence, she replied "Why, the bigger we grow the better we like 'em."

APPROVED SOLDIER'S ADDITIONAL HOMESTEADS can be located upon any lands, either single or double minimum lands, subject to homestead whether timbered or not, and having the only first class paper in the country, have made arrangements with the following gentlemen in Western Washington:

A. Mackintosh, Seattle,
John R. Wheat, Olympia,
G. Morris Haller, Port Townsend,
Henry Jackson, Snohomish City.
Who will have on hand, at all times, my scrip for the accommodation of those desiring to purchase, at the rate of \$3.25 per acre for 80s and 120s, and \$3.75 per acre for 40s; fractions special. Another fraudulent class of scrip known as 'floats' can be gotten at much less rates; but no title can be given, and is, of course, not so valuable. A deed can be gotten from the original applicant of any land located by scrip purchased of me, as I in no case buy from other than the original homesteader, and know where to address him for a deed if one be required. Full investigation is asked that the worth of my paper may be known. Call upon or write any of the gentlemen named above, who will sell you the Talbot additional homestead scrip which will ensure you a patent to your land as well as a perfect title, and also as cheap as you can buy it of me.
D. H. TALBOT,
Gen'l Land-scrip and Warrant Broker,
Sioux City, Iowa.

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A LARGE STOCK OF
GROCERIES
—AND—
PROVISIONS

Which are on sale at
The Lowest Rates for Cash.

CHARLES EISENBEIS,
PROPRIETOR
Pioneer Bakery,
PORT TOWNSEND, T. W.

INDIAN CURIOSITIES FOR SALE.

THE whole of my collection of articles procured from the Indians of the Northwest Coast, consisting of dresses, masks, heraldic carvings, model houses, canoe-gamboling sticks, rattles, baskets, mats, head-ornaments, etc., etc., which may be seen in my office, is now for sale. Each article will be described and properly labeled, and the whole will be catalogued so as to make this collection a very desirable one for the colleges, schools, museums, etc., or for persons who may wish for a private collection of their own. All information given, on application to
JAMES G. SWAN,
Port Townsend, W. T.

And the Large amount of reading it contains of the latest dates
The wide Circulation of the ARGUS
Make it Profitable for the Advertiser, and a Welcome Visitor to the general Reader.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East Indian missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Rheumatis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested his wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. The recipe will be sent free of charge to all who desire it, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Address with stamp naming this paper.
Dr. M. E. Bell,
No. 68 Courtland St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

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Ship Chandlery,
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Cigars, Tobacco,

Doors and Windows,
Farming Implements

Furniture,
WALL PAPER
Plows,

And a Large Assortment of goods not enumerated, which we will sell
The LOWEST PRICES

Now on hand, with a large addition to arrive, a full Stock of Men's Clothing.

JUST RECEIVED

A New stock of

Furniture

Wall Paper!

Chas. C. Bartlett's.

Farm and Household.

Milk-pans and pails should receive the closest attention in order to keep them clean and sweet. First wash them in clean tepid water, and be sure that every particle of sour milk is removed in this manner, after which a thorough scalding in boiling water is to be given them; each one carefully dried, and, if convenient, set in the sun for a few hours. Scalding the pans without previous washing hardens the sour milk on the surface and makes the cleansing difficult. New tins should be scalded with boiling saleratus water and washed in strong soap suds before using. It is well to use saleratus water for all milk vessels occasionally, especially in warm weather.

To keep tins looking bright is a simple matter if boiling water is always used. The tea-kettle and various articles of kitchen furniture will need frequent polishings. For tin, copper, steel and zinc, use kerosene and finely-powdered lime, or pulverized bristol-brick. Wash in hot soap-suds and polish with whiting.

New iron utensils should have two or three handfuls of grass or hay boiled in them, after which a good scouring with wood ashes or soap and sand, and a thorough scalding will make them fit for use. Porcelain kettles that have become discolored may be whitened by boiling lye in them. Stains may be removed from any earthen ware by boiling lye; ordinary discolorations will yield readily if scoured with either wood ashes, concentrated lye and bristol-brick, or sapollo. The same applications will remove rust from knife blades, and may be applied to the latter with a cork, or, better still, a bit of potato.

A bottle of aqua ammonia, some pulverized borax, and a package of coppers should be provided, as each in its own way is invaluable. The ammonia, mixed with an equal quantity of water and a little whiting, will remove stains from silverware, give wonderful brilliancy to window glass and mirrors, clean white paint, and prove altogether labor-saving. Without the whiting, but with the addition of a little borax to the ammonia and water, we have one of the best renovators of rusty and dusty clothing. For coat collars and sleeves, discolorations, and spots in general, use in the above proportions. For sponging a whole garment, scrubbing carpets and similar uses, put as much borax into hot water as it will dissolve and add ammonia until the odor is quite perceptible.

Pulverized borax will certainly rid the house of cockroaches, if used plentifully in their haunts. It is also excellent for softening water for washing and bathing purposes, and a little of it dissolved with shavings of castile soap makes a capital shampooing liquid.

Copperas is the most necessary item of the three, for a generous use of this disinfectant is of the greatest importance. Many persons give preference to chloride of lime, which although more odorous, is no more efficacious. The copperas is very inexpensive; can be conveniently kept in crystals, and should be dissolved before using. It will destroy unpleasant odors, disinfect foul places, and if faithfully used, will no doubt lessen the liability to attacks of malarial diseases. We have read of a whitewash made yellow with copperas, and a free use of the crystals scattered in corners and crevices as a vermin antidote and exterminator.

Crude potash will frighten rats away, but a copperas whitewash for cellars is a suggestion worthy of consideration. Cellars are oftentimes the hot-beds of disease, because of dampness and impurity, and a coating of copperas over the walls and ceiling would no doubt result beneficially in purifying such premises and preventing attacks of fever, diphtheria and dysentery.

One leak on nearly every farm may be found in the neglect of the agricultural implements. In traveling over the country, it is no unusual sight to see plows, harrows, wagons, sleds, reapers, and mowers, etc., piled in the fence corners, in the fields, lanes, barn-yards, and public highways. Whenever you see things piled around in this way, you can set it down that there is at least one leak on that farm. An excuse might be found for farmers of limited means, that they are not able to build shelters for their implement; but we find the same leak on farms where they count their acres by the hundreds, and their dollars by the thousands.

What will be thought of the United States shipping plum-puddings to England, potatoes to Ireland, oatmeal to Scotland, toys to Nuremberg and lager beer to Germany? Yet such are the facts, and they are no more astonishing than the now thrice told tale of the regular and profitable sale of American cotton goods in Manchester, and American cutlery and hardware in Birmingham. The business of making and canning plum-pudding for export is regularly carried on at Dover, Del., and elsewhere. The trade is not a new one, and exports are regularly made to England. A Philadelphia firm sells large quantities of mince-meat in the same country. Steamer agents say that potatoes to Ireland are the commonest thing in the world, and the business of shipping them has been of long duration.

According to the "El Dorado Democrat," the superintendent of the Placerville (Cal.) foundry has discovered that a blast of cold air is quite successful in drying fruit. The pared and sliced fruit was placed in the cupola furnace, where it was subjected to a strong draft of cold air. By this process, in the course of three and a half hours, the fruit was completely cured and with none of that hard, harsh, stiff dryness about it which frequently results from drying by sun heat or fire heat. The idea may be worth elaborating.

Many farmers who find that their "medders kinder run out" forget how much a crop of grass exhausts the soil. A crop of English hay that weighs two tons removes from the soil about 62 pounds of nitrogen, 70 pounds of potash, and 18 pounds of phosphoric acid. From an acre crop of clover hay weighing two and a quarter tons, abstracts about 175 pounds of nitrogen, 110 pounds of potash, and 32 pounds of phosphoric acid. Two or three crops in succession, without manure, would almost exhaust the best land.

The Island of Jersey produces a remarkable variety of cabbage, "Jersey Cow Cabbage," which grows to the height of four to six feet, and is cultivated for fodder. The stalk, which is tall and straight, is often made into walking sticks; this when smoothed off and varnished, is similar in appearance to bamboo cane, and most travellers who visit the island carry away a cabbage walking stick.

CONSUMPTION OF TIMBER.

In pleading for the protection and perpetuation of forests, the "Lumberman's Gazette" gives some interesting particulars of the amount of timber consumed every year in this country. "We have now," it says, "about 90,000 miles of railroad; the annual consumption for ties or sleepers alone is 40,000,000, or thirty years growth of 75,000 acres. To fence these roads would require at least 130,600 miles of fence, which would cost \$45,000,000 to build, and take at least \$15,000,000 annually to keep in repair. We have 75,000 miles of wire, which requires in its putting up 800,000 trees, while the annual repairs must take 300,000 more. The little, insignificant lucifer match consumes annually in its manufacture 300,000 cubic feet of the finest pine. The bricks that are annually baked require 2,000,000 cords of wood, which would sweep the timber clean from 50,000 acres. Shoe-pegs are quite as important an article as matches or bricks, and to make the required annual supply consumes 100,000 cords of fine timber, while the manufacture of lasts and boot-trees takes 500,000 cords of maple, beech and birch, and about the same amount is required for plane-stocks and the handles of tools. The packing-boxes made in the United States in 1874 amounted to \$12,000,000, while the timber manufactured into agricultural implements, wagons, etc., is more than \$100,000,000. The farm and rural fences of the country consume an immense amount of lumber and timber annually, but as we grow older as a nation, this consumption may, and probably will, be reduced by the more general use of live fences or hedges. Our consumption of timber is not only daily on the increase, but our exportation of timber is also rapidly increasing. Our staves go by the million to France annually; walnut, oak, maple and pine to England, and spars and docking to China and Japan."

Dress your lands with fertilizers rather than yourself with broadcloth. The one reimburses the amount expended with interest, the other returns nothing, but continually clamors for further disbursements.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14, 1878.

Politicians of both parties seem to consider the result of the election in Maine on Monday as indicating great changes in the politics of the whole country, but especially of the North. As to which of the old parties is to be swallowed up, if either, of course Republicans and Democrats differ radically; but each, probably, has comfortable assurances that his own will be safe. Perhaps they will both survive, and yet administer the affairs of states and of the country. I have often noticed that, no matter what the political events are, a really earnest man of other party can figure out immense losses for "the enemy." But at any rate, what took place in Maine is suspicious enough. Hale, popular and rich young Republican leader, who had 3,000 majority 2 years ago, is defeated, and Powers, not as well known, but of equal ability, loses his former large majority and runs 2,000 behind his opponent. For the first time in a quarter of a century the Whig party fails to elect its candidate for Governor, and the Legislature is in doubt. These things in so conservative a State as Maine, are strange enough in themselves, and, as the politicians say, must have an influence in other States. Let us hope that influence will be for good. We pay too much attention to mere party politics anyway.

Every indication now points to the selection of Mr. Randall by the Democrats as Speaker, if they shall control the House, and he be re-elected to Congress, and to Gen. Garfield by the Republicans with the like contingencies. Either of them is amply qualified for the very responsible office.

The President and those of his Cabinet who are now absent will return in a few days. The wanderers will come to a city which is exceedingly beautiful in the autumn months and which, I doubt not, will yet be the great resort of Americans at that season of the year.

The experiments in making sugar from ordinary corn-stalks which have been carried on by the chemist of the agricultural Dept. in this city, for some time past, are being continued with improved facilities. A few days will decide whether or not the manufacture can be made profitable. The material can be so cheaply supplied, and in such unlimited quantities, that success in the experiments may be said to be of the highest general importance.

What they are suffering in the South-west the more fortunate North will never know. The most cruel siege in the most cruel war that ever was fought was not in all respects so terrible in its effects upon dwellers in a city as is the silent scourge that has place in New Orleans, Memphis, Vicksburg, Grenada, and other cities, and is slowly finding its way up the Mississippi river, and extending right and left into the country. After the kindly frost shall have killed it—God hasten the day—will come the hunger, the nakedness and the never ending sorrow for those that are gone. The South has had similar experiences, but this promises, in the space it covers, to exceed them all in severity. But there never was a time when relief could be so readily forwarded, in money by telegraph and mail, and provisions and nurses and medicines by rail and boat. That which has made the spread of the fever so rapid affords also the means by which the whole country can quickly minister to the suffering, and how nobly it is being done! In the Northern cities one can hardly pass a square without finding some depository for the much needed contributions. It is only to be feared that, as the fever abates, a still will ing people will forget that the necessities that come after it are still great. KNOX.

The potato-blight has appeared in many parts of Nova Scotia.

A weed is a plant whose virtues have not yet been discovered.

Colorado will have a surplus of over forty thousand bushels of wheat to export this year.

Mr. Blair was fined \$10 for allowing Canada thistles to grow upon his farm in Ovid, Clinton Co., Mich.

Seventy million bushels of grain is annually converted into spirituous liquors in the United States.

America will soon be the butcher's shop and grocery store, as well as the granary and manufactory of the world.

The federal government has sixty million acres of lands open to pre-emption in California, including twenty million acres of tillable soil.

O. F. GERRISH & CO.

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SHIP CHANDLERY,
GROCERIES,
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Boots and Shoes,
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AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS of ALL Kinds
At the Lowest Price.
Port Townsend, W. T.

WATERMAN & KATZ,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION
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General Merchandise,
Keep Constantly on Hand

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Furniture, Lumber, Doors, and Windows,
WAGONS, & All Kinds of Building Material
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And will Sell
CHEAPER FOR CASH,
Than any House on Puget Sound!

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Our Facilities for Purchasing in
the Leading Markets are
Superior to any.

We will give and take Exchange on
SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK
At the most Liberal Discount.
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SAVE 25 DOLLARS
and more, by buying a machine that will last you a life time, and that has all the latest improvements.
VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO.,
[Liberal Terms to Agents.] 831 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.
Send for Circular.

PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

LOCAL NEWS.

PORT MADISON ITEMS.—Extensive improvements at Port Madison are still in progress. The new wharf and warehouse which has a frontage of 290 feet is said to be one of the best and most substantial constructions of the kind on the Sound. Extensive lattice work fireproofs are being built over the old and new boilers in the mill and they will be very light and also afford the best possible ventilation. Phillip Wist, the accommodating proprietor of the Port Madison hotel, has a house full of boarders and seems to be doing a rushing business. Prosperity seems to be smiling on this industrious milling port at present. The new scuttling gang, invented by Mr. Bullene, of Seattle, is all ready to commence operations just as soon as the brick work is done around the new boilers, and by the way, this is the largest circular gang on Puget Sound. The brick work around the new boilers will soon be finished and the old ones which have been in operation so long will be given a rest and be all thoroughly overhauled and repaired. Mr. Meigs, who has just completed some very satisfactory financial arrangements, is expected to arrive at Port Madison about the first of October.—"Intelligencer."

THAT HUNT.—On Sunday morning the steamer Dispatch arrived from among the Islands, having on board the jolly crowd of hunters we mentioned in our last issue. The party consisted of Judge Lewis, Delegate Jacobs, Maj. Wm. G. Morris, and Messrs. Frank Bowers, G. M. Haller, and J. J. Hunt, of this place. The principal hunting was done on Lopez Island, and some fourteen deer were killed, Mr. Haller being fortunate enough to bring down seven of that number. All reported a jolly time, excepting the inconvenience experienced from the rain which poured down during a great portion of the time.

A FEW days ago we received, through the post office, an envelope on which was endorsed the words: "Picked up on the streets of Seattle." Inside was a discharge from the U. S. Army of one John Wier, a private of Company E, 2d Reg., of artillery; enlisted Sept. 21, 1870 to serve 5 years. The discharge bears date of June 28, 1871. Should this meet his eye, and the discharge be of any use to him, he can have it by "proving ownership and paying costs."

AMONG the arrivals of special note on state, City of Panama were Dr. James M. Gassaway and family, late of Cincinnati. Dr. Gassaway is connected with the Marine Hospital Service, and has been detailed by the Surgeon General to take charge of that service at Port Townsend. He is a pleasant, accomplished gentleman, and we heartily welcome him to his new station.

SHIPPING.—The bark Forest Queen arrived at Port Townsend from San Francisco on Saturday. The schooner Huene arrived in Gamble on the 28th inst. from San Francisco. The bark Tidal Wave arrived at Port Madison Sunday from San Francisco.

WE are sorry to learn that Miss Jessie Hastings, of this place, has been very low with intermittent fever, since her return from the east. Her brother Mr. O. C. Hastings, of Victoria, has gone to San Francisco for the benefit of his health.

PROF. Roberts has gone to Olympia to attend the annual Territorial fair. He has been engaged to perform professional labor as a musician, and will be absent about two weeks.

DIED.—near Gettysburg, Pa., Sept. 19, 1878, Col. J. J. Kuhn, in the 78th year of his age. Deceased was the father of our esteemed fellow townsman, Judge J. A. Kuhn.

A NUMBER of fender piles have been driven along the east side of Union wharf, making that imposing structure more substantial than formerly.

THE new steeple on the M. E. church building is approaching completion, and will add much to the beauty of that edifice.

MR. G. W. Morse, of Oak Harbor, Whidby Island, says he can't stay away from Port Townsend a together. He looks well.

REV. S. A. Starr and wife are about moving to the house "on the hill," occupied by Capt. Clark and family.

PROF. Roberts, of this place, was recently lionized at Seattle for preventing a dangerous conflagration.

MR. W. A. Inman and family have moved to a residence in the lower part of town.

WE are pleased to note the improving health of Mr. Thornton, of Dungeness.

SCHOOL REPORT.

The following is the report of the public school of Port Townsend for the month ending Sept. 27, 1878:

Whole number enrolled.....	102
Number days attendance.....	1705
" cases tardiness.....	199
" pupils not tardy.....	33
Average number belonging.....	96
" daily attendance.....	90
Number not absent one-half day....	51
" visitors.....	20
Percent. of attendance in Primary..	92
" " Intermediate.....	96
" " Grammar.....	95

A. R. HUFFMAN, Principal.

THE following are the nominations of the Republican Convention, held at Port Madison, Kitsap County, Sept. 28th inst: For Representative, Kitsap county, S. W. Hovey; Joint Representative of Kitsap and Jefferson counties, A. Snyder; County Commissioners, Frank King, 1st district; S. W. Hovey, 2d district; H. C. McQuillan, 3d district; Treasurer, P. J. Primrose; Auditor, N. McCallum; Sheriff, J. Comstock; Probate Judge, H. A. Beaton; Conrourer, W. P. Morgan; Surveyor, D. B. Jackson; Wreckmaster, W. D. Scott; School Supt., Dr. J. S. Houghton; Justices of the Peace, Alex. Allen, Port Madison; A. Snyder, Port Blakely; Hugh Ross, Port Gamble; A. Rounds, Seabeck. Delegates to the Vancouver Convention: D. B. Jackson, J. W. Phillips and G. E. Raymond.

THE Seattle "Tribune," of Sept. 24th, says: "Mr. P. J. Flint arrived here today from Yakima. He brought over fifty head of cattle for Olympia and forty head for Port Townsend. He reports the roads in good condition and the crops in the valley good. The Indian excitement has all subsided, and the dreams of the settlers are no longer disturbed by visions of tomahawks and scalping knives. On the way over he passed Mr. Gettes with a drove of 112 hogs for Mr. Wm. Baunton of the City Market. They were in excellent condition, he states, and altogether the finest drove ever brought to this market."

WE have just received the first number of the "Pacific Press," a small but neat looking eight page monthly paper, published at Oakland, Cal. Subscription price—25 cents a year; address—"The Pacific Press Printing and Publishing House," 12th and Castro streets.

NESMITH in speaking of the numerous old Democratic warhorses that have arisen from the dead over the fumes of the Oregon Senatorship said: "If the candidate hunters had gone two spades deeper they would have brought up Gen. Jackson."

THE Walla Walla "Union" and "Statesman" both demand the nomination of S. C. Wingard for delegate. The latter does not actively oppose Mr. Caton but seems to prefer Mr. Wingard.

FROM PORT DISCOVERY.

Oct. 1, 1878.

EDITOR ARGUS:—The steamer Phantom towed in a small boom of logs from Scow Bay last Thursday.

The Deacon brought up several tons of mose, for the Company's store; also three very fine pigs, of the Berkshire breed. They are rightly called, "little beauties." Come and see them.

The Mary Glover, Capt. Delaney, left here for San Francisco in tow of the tug Mastick, on the 30th, having on board a cargo of 483,000 ft. of lumber and 250,000 lath.

The steamer Phantom was here last Saturday, getting lumber for parties in Port Townsend and at the Garrison.

Mrs. C. E. P. Wood and family will take passage on the Dakota, for San Francisco, where she will join her husband who went down some time ago.

Mr. Blair, one of the principal owners in the New Castle coal mines, came across the Bay yesterday, and is stopping with friends at this place.

A disgraceful row occurred here Sunday night in consequence of too much "tangle-foot" in the head. Result—swelled head.

The work which has been temporarily suspended, on the wharf, has been commenced again.

NOW AND THEN.

General Crook started for Sidney, Nebraska, on the 21st, accompanied by Webb Hays, son of the President. General Crook expects that the Cheyenne Indians, some 700 or 800 of whom left their reservation in Indian Territory a few days ago, will cross the Union Pacific somewhere near Sidney, and the military command now concentrated at Sydney will endeavor to intercept them.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Services will be held in St. Paul's church on Sunday next at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday school at 2 P. M. Evening prayer on Wednesday, at 7 o'clock. Litany on Friday morning, at 10.

Regular services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday next, by Rev. Jas. Agnew, pastor Sabbath School as usual.

The First-class steamship



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CAPT. THORN,
WILL LEAVE

Port Townsend for Sitka, Alaska Territory, and Way Ports, On or about the 3d of each Month.

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On about the 20th of each Month.
For Freight or Passage, Apply on Board, 20 Or to ROTHSCHILD & CO, Agents.

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Costa Rican ship MATHILDE.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
R. JONES, Master,
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents
Port Townsend, Sept. 23, 1878.

Norwegian Bark Mathilde.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
Capt. C. T. CLAUSEN, Master,
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agent.
Port Townsend, Sept. 23, 1878.

Nic. Barque Valparaiso.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
CAPT. ROBERT DOUGLAS, Master,
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents
Port Townsend, Sept. 23, 1878.

Italian Barque Orzero.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
NICOLA GUGLIO, Master,
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents
Port Townsend, Sept. 19, 1878.

Barque Lady Bowen

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
JAMES FOX, Master,
D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD CO. Agents
Port Townsend, Sept. 7, 1878.

American ship Dauntless.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW.
D. W. CHESTER, Master,
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Aug. 19, 1878.

Nic. ship Elvira Alvarez.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
HANS POULSEN, Master.
Port Townsend, Aug 14, 1878.

American brig Hesperian.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Consignees.
G. J. F. WINDING, Master.
Port Townsend, Aug. 14, 1878.

Ship Belle Morse.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
A. P. HUTCHINS, Master,
Port Townsend, Aug. 7, 1878.

American bk. Fred P. Litchfield.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & Agents.
S. C. SPAULDING, Master.
Port Townsend, Aug. 7, 1878.

Chilian ship Anniba Pinto.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
MANUEL BOZZO, Master.
Port Townsend, July 30, 1878.

Italian Barque Fortuna.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
D. CHIAMA, Master
D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD & CO, Agents
Port Townsend, June 25, 1878.

Gnat. Ship Frederica Maria.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
CAPT. L. KNOOP, Master.
Port Townsend, June 29, 1878.

French barque Nonvean Nomade.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
P. QUEERE, Master.
Port Townsend, June 29, 1878.

Italian ship Ravenna Padre.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
F. DEAN DREIS, Master
Port Townsend, June 7, 1878.

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Boots and Shoes,
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Tobacco and Cigars,
Liquors,
Hardware,
Crockery, Stationery, Etc.

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The Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce.

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CALIFORNIA WINES, IMPORTED BY US DIRECTLY FROM THE vineyards, in pipes, barrels, or quantities to suit. For sale at the Francisco rates by
ROTHSCHILD & CO.

BEST ASSORTMENT OF CALIFORNIA MANUFACTURED GOLD Sets, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Breast and Cuff Pins, Shaws and Collar Buttons, Studs, Locketts, &c., that have ever been offered for sale in Puget Sound, received by last steamer, and for sale by
ROTHSCHILD & CO.

WAGONS, WAGONS!

THE CAR LOAD OF
HEAVY AND LIGHT WAGONS!

Manufactured expressly for our trade, by
FISH & CO., RACINE, WISCONSIN.
Have arrived on schooner Beebe, and are now for sale at San Francisco, prices, by

ROTHSCHILD & CO
Port Townsend, W. T.

Finest of JAPAN TEAS!

Imported direct from Japan,
AND PACKED EXPRESSLY FOR ROTHSCHILD & CO

—Also a—
Lot of wheat and oats, bran and
chopped feed.

At GREATLY REDUCED RATES

For Sale by **D. C. H. R. & CO.**

500-gallon Magnificent Iron Water Tanks.
5000 gallons Dog-fish oil, in quantities to suit.

THE BAD MAN OF BOGIE.

Washoe Pete was generally considered a "bluffer" by the critics of Bogie, and his wild exaggerations were the subject of amusement only in the "high old town." He was allowed to boast and swagger to his heart's content, and even when he drew his "mighty whistler" and shot the light out of all the lamps in Bogie's saloon, the action only evoked a grin and the doubtful compliment that it was "pretty far shootin'," and right as usual as Irish Tom allowed when he popped away at the "bad man" from Deadwood.

One day last summer Pete walked into Bogie's saloon with the remark that he had "heard the Last Chance was goin' to be sold, and they've sent up an expert to look in to it."

The expert, a pale, small man, dressed in dusty gray, was standing at the bar, and looked around as the tall, would-be ruffian uttered these words:

"That's so, Pete," said one of the men present, "an' that's the expert," pointing to the small man.

"You are an expert, eh?" shouted Pete, eyeing the man menacingly.

"You're one of them fellers?" Then after a pause, during which he surveyed the stranger from head to foot.

"Well, you're the wust I ever saw. Experts is bad enough, but you're the dinkiest, meanest, wust coot to set yourself up to report on a mine I ever laid eyes on."

"I don't want to quarrel with you, an'," answered the expert.

"You'd better not, young feller; you'd better not. I'm a whirlwind of the desert in a fight, and don't you forget it."

"I'm a man of peace; I carry no weapons, and, of course, I could not hope to stand before even a zephyr of the desert, let alone a wild untempered whirlwind."

These deprecatory words only incensed the "bad man" still more, and, feeling that he had a "soft thing," proposed in his own mind to "play it for all it was worth," and gain a "second" by whipping his man.

"Look a beyer, stranger, I don't want no insinuations. Do I look like a zephyr? Say! Here Washoe Pete shook his fist in the expert's face.

"What d'ye mean by talkin' about zephyrs? I'm a tornado. I tear when I turn loose. Zephyr [swearing] Why I've a good mind to—"

"Please, mighty whirlwind, resist less tornado, don't hit me. You wouldn't strike a consumptive man, would you?"

"Wouldn't I?" yelled the "fighter" in a terrible voice; "wouldn't I? I'd strike the side of a mountain!"

"Well, I'll tell you who I am; and the tall man stood over the shrinking stranger as if about to triple on him and annihilate him.

"I'm bad. I'm chief in this yer camp, and I ken lick the man's sez I ain't. I'm a raging lion of the plains, and every time I hit I kill. I've got an arm like a quartz stamp, and crush when I go for a man. I weigh a ton, and earthquakes ain't nowhere when I drop."

"But I've only just been discharged from a hospital," replied the expert.

"I'll send ye back agin!" and the stalwart "bluffer" caught the little man by the collar and hurled him upon the floor.

"It's unkind to use a poor, weak, a-sufferin' invalid that way," expostulated the expert, as he slowly rose from the floor. "Please don't joke so roughly. Let's take a drink and call it square. I'm sorry that I have offended you."

"Ye think I'm joking, do ye—ye take me for a josh, eh? I'll show ye what I am afore I get through with ye. Ye don't play me fur no tender lion. I'm a native, I am, and I've used this yer foolin' long enough," having which he dashed the stranger against the table and drew a long knife.

As soon as the expert saw this he screwed his face into the most piteous shape, and throwing his hands up, cried: "I'm unarmed; I haven't got so much as a pen knife on me. Please don't carve me. Kick me to death, if you must have my life, but for heaven's sake don't stick that terrible thing into me."

Now, as Washoe Pete had no intention of using the knife—and neither raking his neck—he was well pleased with the opportunity thus afforded him of displaying the deadly weapon, and, after asserting his bloody intention, returned it to its sheath. He flourished the knife over the head of the expert three or four times, and then lowered it, with

the remark: "Why, dern your cowardly soul, I wouldn't disgrace the weepin by shovin it into ye. No, sir; but I'll plug ye," and he drew a revolver.

"I'm unarmed—I'm unarmed—don't ye hear me?" whined the expert.

"Go and heel yonself then," retorted the bad man.

"I don't want to fight."

"I'll make ye fight. I'll take ye at yer word, and kick ye to death."

"Please don't."

Washoe Pete laid his knife and pistol on the counter, and then strode rapidly to the spot where the expert was half-crouching, half-standing.

By this time the saloon was full of men, all of them smiling at the picture before them, regarding it as the height of enjoyment—this lively encounter between the greatest bragadocio in the Sierra, and a small, pale, mining expert, new to the section, and a stranger to the wild ways of the border ruffians.

"This thing has gone on about long enough," yelled "bad man," stopping before the expert. "Ye've been chinin' me till I'm riled. Squar yonself—I'm going to kick, an' a Comstock mule ain't a patchin as a kicker to Washoe Pete—d'ye hear me?"

"One instant, please, Peter. (I don't know your other name.) You are sure you've got no other weapons about you? They might go off accidentally, and injure some innocent party."

"That's all the weepins I've got, of the informatin'll ease your sneaking mind; and now I'm goin to begin kickin. Clear the track. The wooly hoss has broken out of the kerrell, and there'll be a coroner's inquest in jest about seven minutes."

He raised his ponderous boot, but it did not swing.

The little man straightened up like an unbent bow, and his left-hand shot direct from his shoulder like the piston of a locomotive, striking Washoe Pete between the eyes and sending that worthy sprawling on the saw-dust that covered the floor.

"I'm the cyclone of the West," he shouted, as he bounded to the prostrate wooly hoss and raised the braggart into a sitting posture. The latter was dazed by the terrible blow he had received, and did not even throw up his guard when the expert drew back to strike again. Then the blows fell like thunderbolts upon the head and face of the "Whirlwind" inducing that individual to raise once more and attempt a defense.

He made an effort to reach his weapons, but the active expert flanked him and planted two terrible blows on his ears and neck. Then the bad man howled:

"Let me up! I was only foolin—can't ye take a joke, dern ye?"

"Ye think I'm jokin, do ye? Ye take me for a josh, eh? I'll show you what I am before I get through with ye. Ye dont play me for no tender foot. I'm a native, I am; and I've stood this yer foolin long enough."

This apt reproduction of the native's speech a few moments previous, and its almost perfect similitude as regards tone, was too much for the good-natured crowd, and a roar of laughter greeted it that might have been heard beyond Bodie's bluff.

"I give in, dern ye, I give in! Cant ye take a man's word when he squeals? shouted the tornado, swinging his arms wildly, and staggering against the bar in his efforts to dodge the lightning stroke of the athletic expert.

"I am a howling hurricane of wrath, shouted the expert, sending forth both fists with terrific effect.

"Let up, wont you? I aint a sand-bag."

"Not much; you are only a raging lion of the plains, and a swift left-hander lit upon the bully's nose."

"I give in, hoarsely ejaculated the expert's victim.

"Come on with your quartz stamps, old wooly hoss. When you hit you kill, and you weigh a ton. Fetch in a couple of your earthquakes. Why dont you chew my mane? You are a chief, are you? All right, chief, there is a neat one for you, and there is a couple more."

With these words the expert countered on the bad man's cheek, and then stretched him panting on the floor with a stinger straight from the shoulder, inflicted upon the lower portion of the chest. The expert called all hands to the bar to drink, and as the bad man of Bodie crawled away he was heard to mutter that he "did not lay out to fall up against battering rams, no more than he lowered he was game in front of a bull gymnasium."

HUMOROUS JOTTINGS.

Lip service—Kissing.

A hard thing to sharpen—The water's edge.

Striped stockings cover a multitude of shins.

Did you ever see a saw set or an apple stand?

Do not swallow clam shells! Even the sea throws them up.

Too good to be lost—A hundred dollar National bank bill.

"I'd like to see them put me in jail, says Mr. Kearney. Ah! who wouldn't?"

Should young ladies be good oarsmen because they know now to feather their "sculls?"

"How greedy you are!" said one little girl to another, who had taken the best apple in the dish; "I was going to take that."

A Ridgefield man has invented a chair which can be adjusted to 8,000 different positions. It is designed for a boy to sit in when having his hair cut.

"What straits are the most perilous?" asked the Sunday school Superintendent, and a little boy spoke up promptly, "Whisky straits!" And the boy was right.

Said an aristocratic little miss: "Ma, if I were to die and go to heaven, should I wear my moire-antique dress?" "No, dear, in the next world we shall not wear the attire of this."

"Then, ma, how would the lord know I belonged to the best society?"

A little Cliff street five-year-old was standing by her mother's side at the window in deep meditation. As one star after another came twinkling into the sky she watched them with eyes that grew bigger and brighter. At last she turned to her mother and said; "I gueth it's bout time to light up, mother. God,s lit up his houth."

The patent office deserves credit. The Strong family man and wife, of Alabama, applied for a patent trap for preventing ants from in feasting articles in the pantry. It was simply to draw a heavy chalk mark around the article to be preserved, and the Strong family claiming that the united wisdom of the man and wife, having solved this difficult problem were entitled to a patent. The commissioner coldly decided against them, first, because it was not a patentable idea, and second, because this plan had been practiced time out of mind. The Strong family are unhappy and irate, and the commissioner of patents is resting on his laurels.

Fat Man Made Happy.—Loses 61 lbs. PRATTVILLE, Ala., July 20, '78. BOTANIC MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.:

GENTLEMEN—About three months ago I commenced using your "Anti-fat," at which my weight was 219 pounds. By following your directions carefully, I have succeeded in reducing my weight to 158 pounds. This is all very satisfactory and pleasant; but just previous to my commencing the use of your medicine, I had purchased two suits of fine clothes at a high price, and find, to my dismay, that they are entirely useless to me now. When I put one of my coats on, my friends tell me it looks like a coffee sack on a bean-pole and when I put the pants on,—well, description fails. My object in writing is to ascertain whether you have not, in connection with your medicine business, an establishment where your patrons, similarly situated, could exchange these useless garments for others that would fit. I think you ought to have something of the kind, as it would be an inducement for many to use the Anti-Fat, who now object to using it. In consequence of the loss they would sustain in throwing aside valuable garments. Just turn this matter over in your mind. A "Clothing Exchange" is what you want in connection with your Anti-Fat business.

Yours truly, GEORGE BOYD.

NOTICE.

UNITED STATES DIST. LAND OFFICE. OLYMPIA, Wash. Ter., Sept. 11, 1878. COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED at this office by W. L. Rogers, of Clallam county, W. T., against Joseph Jacobs, for abandoning his homestead, entry No. 2881, dated May 9th, 1877, upon the SE 1/4 of Section No. 30, in township No. 30 north, of Range No. 5 west, Willamette Meridian, in Clallam county, Washington Territory, with a view to the cancellation of said entry; the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 13th day of November, 1878, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

J. T. BROWN, Register. ROBERT G. STUART, Receiver.

It appearing from the affidavit filed in this case that Joseph Jacobs has left this Territory and that personal service of notice cannot be made; and there being no newspaper published in the county of Clallam wherein the above described land lies, it is ordered that this notice be published in the Puget Sound ARGUS, a newspaper published at Port Townsend, Jefferson county, W. T., for a period of six (6) successive weeks prior to the day set for hearing.

J. T. BROWN, Register. Sept 11, 1878. 32-6t

FOR SALE.—One pair of pure Poland China pigs. Apply to HALL DAVIS, Dungeness, w. T.

A Living Witness.

Do not despair of ever finding relief from that dreadful disease dyspepsia, or its mate liver complaint. A single trial of White's Prairie Flower will make you a witness to its infallibility. Druggists say they never sold a medicine they can more heartily recommend. It cures chronic rheumatism, cutaneous and ulcerous scrofula, organic debility, nervousness, etc. etc. For female complaint it has no equal. Prairie Flower is gathered from the prairie of the far west, and then carefully prepared in the form of a liquid medicine by an experienced physician. Is positively purely vegetable and harmless in any reasonable amount, yet a powerful purgative if taken in over doses. Directions in full are with each bottle. For sale by all druggists. Trial size, 25 cts. Large size, 75 cts.

BEST business you can engage in. \$5 to \$20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth \$5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address Silson & Co., Portland, Maine.

BATTISTE'S HAIR INVIGORATOR.

M. Battiste Delaitang, Tonsorial artiste of Port Townsend, Washington Territory, begs to inform his numerous patrons and the public generally, that he has prepared from the original receipt of Professor Montalembert, the celebrated chemist of Paris, and from chemical extracts of rare medicinal plants found only on the North-west coast of America, a most elegant addition to the usual toilette articles in the shape of an invigorator and rejuvenator of the hair. This delightful preparation cleanses the hair from all impurities; prevents dandruff, heals all skin disease of the head, imparts a gloss and softness and beautiful color to the hair; restores its growth by its healthy and tonic action, and prevents its falling off. In short

Battiste's Hair Invigorator

is the "sine qua non" of all the inventions for the improvement, beautifying and growth of the hair. The material of which it is composed are harmless and can be used freely according to directions accompanying each bottle. Every lady desirous of having beautiful hair should consider her toilette table incomplete without a bottle of this delicate and elegant cosmetic. Prepared and for sale by

BATTISTE DELAITANG, At his Tonsorial saloon, Water street, Port Townsend, W. T.

Order to Show Cause.

IN the Probate Court of Clallam county, Washington Territory. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF John Vidler, dec.

F. A. BARTLETT, the administrator of said estate, having filed his petition herein, duly verified, praying for an order of sale of the real estate belonging to said estate, for the purposes therein set forth. It is therefore ordered by the said court that all persons interested, be and appear before the said court on the

24th Day of October, 1878, at 10 A. M.

Of said day at the court room of said court in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., to show cause why an order should not be granted to said administrator to sell the real estate of said deceased, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay the debts of deceased and expenses of administration.

Attest: W. L. ROGERS, Probate Judge. W. C. GARFIELDE, Clerk. 304w

JOHN P. PETERSON

Merchant Tailor,

AND MANUFACTURER OF Gents' and Boys' Fashionable Suits.

IS PREPARED TO MAKE UP GENTS' clothing according to the latest fashions. Special attention paid to repairing and cleaning. Terms moderate. Keeps constantly on hand a lot of fine French Cloths and Cassimeres, Oregon and Miss on Cassimeres, from which parties can select for themselves.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Parties wishing to buy the best Sewing Machine should call on John P. Peterson, Port Townsend, and examine the New White. Mr. Peterson will be pleased to show all about the machine and give full instructions free. Every machine warranted to please.

JOHN P. PETERSON, Agent, Port Townsend. SAM'L HILL, 19 Montgomery st., San Francisco, Gen Ag't Pacific coast

B. S. MILLER,

Head of Union

Wharf



Pt. Townsend

W. T.

JEWELRY AND MUSIC EMPORIUM

Carries the Largest Stock in the Territory

A. F. LEARNED

Wholesale and Retail dealer in

Ship Chandlery

AND

Groceries

ALSO

Gent's furnishing goods Clothing, Crockery and Glassware.

At the very Lowest Rates, for Cash

Port Townsend.

New Boot & Shoe Store AT SEABECK.

Boots and shoes of the very best quality and latest patterns MADE TO ORDER.

Repairing executed as usual, and satisfaction GUARANTEED.

A Fair share

of the patronage of the public is solicited.

17-1f WILLIAM VETTER.

Notice to Shipmasters.

I beg to give notice to all ships masters visiting Puget Sound to load for foreign ports with lumber or spars, that on and after the 1st day of Oct., 1878, I shall be prepared to load vessels at the very lowest rate. Having had an experience of 20 years in the business, and having the recommendation of all the mill owners on Puget Sound, I guarantee satisfaction.

W. H. GILBERT, Oldest Stevedore on Puget Sound.

OLD,

TRIED,

AND

TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN

Mustang Liniment,

FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 25 years, until now it encircles the habitable globe.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast. To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable. A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep.

It cures foot-rot, hoof-ail, hollow horn, grub, screw-worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life.

It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swains, sprains, founder, wind-gall, ring-bone, etc., etc.

The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to miners.

It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscle to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure.

Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

Local and News Items.

Now is the time of the year for sportsmen.

THE "Experiment" man is getting "softraded" of being talked to death.

THE "first south-easter of the season" has visited us several times during the past week.

THE will of the late Capt. C. N. Leavitt, of Dungeness, makes Messrs. Geo. Gerish and Elliot Clue, of Clalam, his heirs.

HON. J. P. Johnson, of Olympia, declines the Democratic nomination for prosecuting attorney in the 2d judicial district.

BIDS will soon be called for in connection with the printing of the proceedings of the recent Good Templar Grand Lodge session.

QUITE a number are passing through here from the Cariboo mines, B. C., "dead broke," and speak of that region as a failure in the matter of paying "diggins."—B. B. Mail.

OUR sanctum is now graced with a huge desk, the receptacle of books, papers, and—refused poetry. The last named makes a handsome commodity in the shape of kindling material for our fires.

THERE is some talk of another steamer (of lighter draught) being put on this route instead of the Libby, and running her as far as the Lummi post office, making that the terminus of the route.—"Mail."

DIED.—Mr. Joseph Lisk, died at his home on Skagit river, on the 15th inst., after a brief illness. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss; and an estate valued at about \$1,500.

THROUGH the kindness of N. S. Porter, Esq., of Olympia, we have been placed in possession of "The Gem," a small Temperance paper, published in New York. It doesn't belie its name.

THE weather, in the matter of rain, is making up for lost time. After about four months pretty steady drouth it has commenced to rain and kept up at an almost unceasing rate during the whole week.

THE Tacoma "Herald" says that our Methodist friends of that place are pleased with their new minister, Mr. Parsons. It will be remembered that Mr. Parsons was stationed in Port Townsend last year, and left a fair record.

THE first case of fever and ague originating in this section has been reported from Dungeness. There must be some mistake. Partis who have come here from California or Oregon while suffering from the ague have invariably recovered in a short time.

THE heavily taxed Chinese of Victoria have been indulging in a genuine strike, after the most approved workmen's plan. We can easily imagine that many white men will hereafter give up striking. In disgust, now that Chinamen have adopted that course.

CATON, Caton; N. T. Caton. Do we understand that the Democrats of Washington Territory have nominated N. T. Caton for Congress! God save the party—that's all any man need say who is familiar with the name of N. T. Caton in Oregon.—"Astorian."

M. E. CHURCH.—Preaching on Sunday next at 11 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 2:15. Dr. N. D. Hill, Superintendent. At the close of the morning service an opportunity will be given to any who may desire to unite with the church, either by letter or on probation.

AND now comes the Olympia "Experiment" with its official seal and stamps the editors of the "Oregonian" and ARGUS "doits," because they fail to "appreciate" a fifth-rate amateur minstrel troupe composed of Olympia's local "Talent." And yet the "Experiment" berates Seattle for tolerating public nuisances.

SNOHOMISH Republican nomination: For Representative, O. B. Iverson; Sheriff, J. H. Plaskett; Auditor, H. A. Gregory; Probate Judge, R. Haskell; Treasurer, E. C. Ferguson; School Superintendent, T. W. McCoy; Commissioners, W. H. Ward, J. H. Irving and C. H. Stockpole; Coroner, H. Oliver; Delegates to the Territorial convention, M. H. Packard, I. Cathcart and O. B. Iverson.

KING County Republican nominations: For Representatives, G. W. Tibbets, D. B. Ward and Ira Woodin; Probate Judge, D. P. Jenkins; Auditor, L. B. Andrews; Sheriff, L. V. Wychoff; Treasurer, G. D. Hill; Assessor, E. Bryan; Superintendent of schools, E. S. Ingraham; Surveyor, P. G. Eastwick; Wreckmaster, Ike Waddell; Coroner, F. W. Sparling. We should say they are all worthy men, and a better ticket could not well have been put in the field.

THE Presbytery of Puget Sound held its fall meeting in Seattle, Sept. 24th and 25th. Rev. J. R. Thompson was elected Moderator for the ensuing year and Elder F. H. Whitworth, clerk. Rev. T. J. Weekes was chosen representative to the next general assembly, with Rev. M. Z. Mann, alternate. Much business of a routine character was transacted. Rev. H. W. Stratton gave an interesting report of his work in the newly-settled sections of Oregon, Idaho and Washington Territory. Calls for church organizations and ministerial labor, of a most interesting character were laid before the Presbytery, and steps taken to respond to the same. An overture was sent up to the Synod, asking for the formation of a new Presbytery in Idaho and Eastern Oregon and Washington. A committee was appointed to bring before the Synod the Indian question, with instructions to urge the abolition of the reservation system so far as it prevents civilized Indians from becoming citizens and securing fixed and permanent homes with titles to their homesteads. The next regular spring meeting was appointed to be held in Snohomish City, April 4, 1879.

THE Puyallup Valley has been overrun with a class of tramps, who because they could not secure employment to suit them, have manifested a desire to destroy all the property they could. They do not want work as common laborers but demand appointments as bosses in the hop yards, and other positions of trust and high wages. Several attempts have been made to burn hop kilns and out-houses. Last week two barns belonging to Mr. Kelly were fired in the same way and burned to the ground with 1,500 bushels of grain. A man—one of this gang of tramps—who is supposed to have been the incendiary was tracked from the vicinity of the fire to a small cabin near by and arrested. When he saw the party in pursuit of him he took off his shoes and threw them into the bushes, thus hoping to escape identification. Every hop grower has found it necessary to employ watchmen to guard his premises during the night. It is a pity that some of the scoundrels cannot be caught in the act and shot down like wild beasts.—"Courier."

THE Olympia "Experiment" comes out with a very lucid account of an old lady crossing the mountains on the back of an Indian pony, and adds "This is the stuff of which our country is made." How concise, pointed, and even sublime! That fellow might, with propriety, compile a pocket dictionary to serve the purpose of explaining his peculiar expressions; so that Eastern readers could determine to a certainty whether this country is made of Indian ponies or old women. He would then figure in a role not unlike that one in which a certain editor appeared by designating the points to his jokes through the use of italics.

PROF. L. P. Venen, of Olympia, resigned his position at Secretary of the O. & T. R. R. Co. The vacancy was filled by electing Hon. T. M. Reed. Mr. Venen has been one of the hardest worked men of the season with that railroad business, and besides he has been "Experimenting" largely. His partial suspension of activity has been necessitated by sheer exhaustion.

WHAT a golden opportunity DENNIS KEARNEY has lost to become a genuine leader of American workmen! Had he possessed the sense or tact to lend them right instead of wrong, there could have been no limitation to his influence for improving the condition of the laboring classes.

D. W. Higgins, editor of the "Colonist," is bound over to appear at the assizes for an assault on Holloway, reporter of the "Standard." A paragraph reflecting on Higgin's family appeared in the "Standard" and Higgins called Holloway severely in front of the supreme court rooms the same day.

THE Salem, Ogn., Daily "Record" has changed hands and policy. It will be run hereafter by T. M. Wilcox, as a "Greenback" paper. It occupies alone a special field in journalism in the State, and should be able to support itself therein.

THE miners of the Comstock lode are each allowed five gallons of ice-water a day. The heat is so intense that a man can work but a few minutes at a time, and he drinks freely of ice-water, and also pours it over his person.

THE telegraph wire between Olympia and Tenino has been replaced by new galvanized wire. The entire line throughout the Territory has been repaired and replaced this season.

OUR young friend "Scio" has written a lengthy poem called "The Legend of the Skagit," which was published in last week's B. B. "Mail."

A GRATEFUL TRAMP.

In 1853 Miss Myra Kellogg, eldest daughter of the late Simeon Kellogg, and sister of Mark H. Kellogg, who fell beside Gen. Custer, on the Little Big Horn, was married in this city to Mr. Truman J. Safford, who had represented Green county in our legislature in 1852, and who, in the year above named, removed to the promising village of La Crosse. The next spring, however, the young couple moved down into Iowa, and, we believe, settled on a farm, and several years since, went into Dakota. He was an honest, hard-working man, but never succeeded in accumulating much of this world's riches. Four years since, just after the evening meal had been eaten, a dirty, ragged and footsore tramp called at his house and begged for something to eat, saying that he was on his way to California, but had had hard luck, having been taken sick after starting. Mr. Safford made him welcome, and his wife went to work and cooked supper for the stranger. After partaking of the meal prepared, they allowed the tramp to remain over night, and becoming interested in the stranger, he was entertained for a week, during which time he recuperated his health, and bidding them good-by, started on for California.

Two months since the stranger, who during his four years absence in California had "struck it rich," came back to Dakota and inquired out his old entertainers, and in disguise spent the night under Mr. Safford's roof. The tramp was particular to inquire into the circumstances of Safford, and was told by that gentleman that he had "plenty of hard work to do but very little money." The next morning the tramp departed without making himself known, and the conversation and incident had been forgotten, when Mr. and Mrs. Safford received through the post-office a sealed package which contained the deed of one of the finest farms in their neighborhood, having a good house, barn, stock horses, wagons, agricultural implements, and everything complete, which was accompanied by an explanatory letter, stating that he wished them to accept the deed of this farm, which he had purchased especially for those who divided with him when in need, and treated him kindly when footsore and poor, and assured them that he was the man they entertained years before. Volumes could not say more, and Mr. and Mrs. Safford are now enjoying a gift made them by a stranger.

FACTS ABOUT PUGET SOUND.

"Resources of Oregon and Washington." Puget Sound in its greatest length, is perhaps, 150 miles, while the indentations, bays, turns and bays of its shore are so irregular and numerous that its shore line exceeds 1,800 miles. Dense forests of fir cover nearly all of the bordering valley from the Olympian to the Cascade mountains, covering in places to the very margin of deep water, and at others, sweeping back around large bodies of marsh and tide lands. The latter when reclaimed are exceedingly productive and have lately received the attention of immigrants. Northward of the Sound proper, in Island and Whatcom counties there are districts of such lands and some prairie which are rapidly being taken up by settlers. A glance at the maps of this country shows land and water in all sorts of conningling forms. The waters are deep and navigable, the lands exceedingly fertile. Summer scenes among these islands, coves, bays and inlets, is most lovely. Coal and iron is found in large quantities all around Puget Sound, and gold in nearly all the streams coming from the Cascade mountains. Some of these streams are large and the wild country of their source is the best places in America for hunting or fishing. The artist too, can find work for his pencil. One of the highest peaks of the northwest, Mt. Rainier, looks down upon the Sound, and we have thought as we have gazed upon this scene, that it is the grandest of all the grand scenery in the great northwest.

MARRIED.

HUGHES—PAYNE.—In Seattle, September 26th, 1878, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. A. C. Fairchild, Mr. Wm. Hughes and Miss Flora E. Payne.

Mr. Hughes lived in Port Townsend during the greater portion of the past year. He is a printer, a young man of ability, and above all has a moral character that will stand the test of scrutiny. At present he occupies the responsible position of foreman in the Seattle "Tribune" office. Miss Payne is a young lady who is the embodiment of many most estimable qualities, and is well known to a large circle of admiring friends on the Sound. May the pathway of the twain, thus made one, ever be bright and prosperous.

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PRESIDENT PUGET SOUND BUSINESS COLLEGE.

GRAND LODGE PROCEEDINGS, I. O. G. T.

REPORT OF THE G. W. C. TEMPLAR.

To the Officers and Members of the Grand Lodge of W. T. & B. C.:

BROTHERS AND SISTERS:—We have great reason to thank our heavenly Father for his protecting care during another year. Thanks be to Him that in life and health we assemble in annual session once more. We are here from different parts of our jurisdiction, to interchange the greetings of an exalted friendship; to gain strength and courage and wisdom for the battle just before us. We are here to consider from a broad and generous standpoint the welfare of our order; and to legislate intelligently and fraternally for the promotion of its interests. We are here to discuss freely, and orderly any and all propositions for the advancement of the interests of our noble order. I trust this will be a harmonious and profitable session, marked by brotherly love, and increased enthusiasm in the great work of raising the fallen, and saving others from falling; remembering, that in unity there is strength.

We recognize in alcohol a base usurper, who is blasting the hopes of parents, causing sisters' hearts to bleed, and by its deceitful charm ensnaring the fairest of our sons and leading them to drunkards' graves. Our Order, raised up by God to counteract this evil, to give battle to the monster, to warn and guard the young, to drive distressing fears from mothers' loving hearts, to wipe from sisters' eyes tears of grief, by lifting up fallen sons and brothers and giving them back to friends and society, demands our noblest efforts.

It is fully time we were in earnest, and put into practice the clause of our Obligation, viz: To use every legitimate means in our power to banish intemperance from the land. I fear as Good Templars we do not possess that earnestness of soul which our cause requires, too much indolence and indifference. I find but very few, comparatively speaking, who are willing to put themselves out of the way or make sacrifices for the sake of fallen humanity, the enemy with which we have to contend is crafty and powerful, and to resist such a foe successfully will require our mightiest efforts. I therefore appeal to you dear Sisters and Brothers to exert yourselves, the voice of humanity calls loudly for protection against the ravages of the rum traffic, millions of our fellow creatures are passing from the busy scenes of life every year to drunkards' graves, and a drunkard's hell. What can be done to more readily extirpate from our land this tyrant, King Alcohol.

Sisters and Brothers, let us trim our lamps, keep our lights burning, and be ready, let our voices be heard in the Senate, send total abstinence men to the legislature, stand aloof from those who would continue to defile the honor of our nation by upholding the damnable liquor traffic, let us demand the dethronement of liquorism as the only safe way to happiness and success. Let all party considerations be laid on one side. Whatever may be our views with regard to other measures, all sink into insignificance when placed alongside the Temperance question. We can be a power if we apply ourselves. "A true heart and determined purpose will accomplish much." Let us then go forward to the conflict, unsheath the sword and let it not return to its scabbard until the victory is ours. It becomes my duty to make to you a

REPORT OF THE DOINGS OF THE YEAR.

In accordance with the wishes of the Grand Lodge at its last session, I have paid official visits to most of our Lodges. I am sorry to report I found some of them in a very weak state, and in two instances at least, I believe I was just in time to prevent the surrendering of the charters, there are some of our Lodges in a healthy and prosperous condition, and doing noble work. I have visited 20 of your Lodges, held 16 degree meetings, organized and reorganized seven Lodges, delivered 6 public lectures, and have been employed fifty-two days. Brother Crawford, P. G. W. C. T.; organized Dayton Lodge with 27 charter members; Brother Charles H. Reid, of the Dalles, State Deputy, organized Mount Adams Lodge, at Goldendale, in Klickitat county, W. T., with 21 charter members. The last named Brother is entitled to the thanks of this Grand Lodge, for the interest he manifested in the organization of Mount Adams Lodge. Some of the Lodges that were laboring with us a year ago have ceased to work; there is no doubt one reason is hard times.

There has been great depression in business the past year; men have not been able to obtain employment for any length of time in some parts of the country, and the result has been they have sought it elsewhere; and hence some of our Lodges have suffered so as to be compelled to surrender their charters. But does it not behoove us to inquire if there are not other

reasons why we lose such a percentage of our membership every year? Are we cognizant of the fact that if we had the members in our noble Order to-day who have been suspended and expelled since this Grand Lodge was formed, we could present to the world such an army of temperance men and women, and wield such a power, as to close up every beer shop and whiskey saloon in W. T. and B. C.? We are not alone in this matter; there are other Grand Lodges troubled with this same difficulty. In the Grand Lodge report of Wisconsin, for 1877, I find that during five years their loss was not less than 40,000. This was principally through suspensions and expulsions. I also find in the Grand Lodge report of Pennsylvania, for 1877, that during the past year they have suspended no less than 4,000 members. This is a sad state of affairs, which should cause us to put our heads and hearts to work, and with the blessing of our Heavenly Father, endeavor to adopt some measures to stay this destructive waste. I believe one way of lessening it would be the establishing of a

BENEFICIARY DEGREE.

In connection with our order, I know there are those of high standing, and of great experience, who are opposed to such a degree, nevertheless I believe in common with hundreds of others in our noble order, including a large number of our members with whom I have conversed on the subject during the past year, that we require something of this kind in connection with our organization. I feel certain it persons joining our order had the privilege of subscribing to a degree which would entitle them to benefits in case of sickness they would be more careful not to violate their obligation so readily; would not take offense at little things, and where we now have one hundred suspensions, we would then I believe not have more than twenty-five.

In my report last year I advocated this question, and I am happy to say the Grand Lodge took a favorable view of the subject, and reported the matter to the R. W. G. L., what action that honorable body has taken, I am not in a position to state as I have not yet received a report. But supposing they disallow it; that will not be any reason for us to drop the subject if we believe it essential in the interests of our order in this part of the world. Then let us agitate the question, and petition the R. W. G. L., for permission to establish such a degree. As I said last year, so I repeat, I believe it would be an additional tie to bind our members together, and at the same time be calculated to bring into our order a class whose influence would be beneficial to the Temperance movement.

OFFICIAL ORGAN.

We should have an official newspaper organ. We cannot prosper without it. The power and influence of a sound Temperance journal can scarcely be overestimated. I fear there is a great neglect on our part in reference to this matter. One reason why so many of our members become careless and backslide as it were from their Temperance principles, is because they seldom if ever read a Temperance book or paper. I think it is as essential to success for the Temperance man to read Temperance literature as it is for the Christian to read his bible. I trust some action will be taken, at this session, on this subject.

POLITICAL ACTION.

While we are not a political organization, we do not believe the Government should grant licenses for the sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage; and, as we have pledged ourselves to use every legitimate means in our power to banish intemperance, I think we would only be trying to carry out that pledge more fully if we were, at this session, to take some firm political action. I think it is high time we bestirred ourselves to do more than simply meet in our lodge rooms once a week. Let us try and show our enemies that we are a power not to be despised. Let us petition our Senate, our Legislature, call our conventions, and agitate and labor for nothing short of prohibition.

CORRESPONDENCE.

During the year I have corresponded with all the Lodges in the jurisdiction, with the exception of two or three.

Here I may remark on the reception of a communication from the G. W. S. to the effect that Skagit lodge was in a very unsatisfactory condition, and that it should be visited at once. I found myself in a position, just at that time, which made it impossible for me to leave home. I immediately wrote to some of the Brethren for the purpose of getting one of them to visit Skagit lodge. The only answer I received at all favorable was from Bro. Allen Weir. I requested him to go, and I am very happy to say that although he found the organization very much broken up, with his well known tact and good sound judgment, he was enabled to gather up the scattered fragments, and to put them into proper working order. A few

questions have been asked and answered.

DECISIONS.

Question: Is the decision of a Lodge Deputy, on a point of law submitted to him by a subordinate lodge, binding?

Answer: The decision of a Lodge Deputy is binding until reversed by higher authority. Chase's Digest, page 145.

Question: Is it necessary for a member who withdraws from one lodge, and joins another, or the same lodge, to take the degrees each time?

Answer: It is necessary. Whenever a member resigns his membership from his lodge, he resigns all connection and forfeits whatever honors he may have attained.

I am happy to say that only one appeal has been presented to me. It was from British Columbia Lodge, No. 1, against a decision rendered by the Lodge Deputy, Bro. Venner, as to whether a candidate can decline after nominations for office are closed. Appeal sustained, and decision of L. D. reversed.

STATISTICS AND FINANCE.

For minute information relating to the statistical and financial condition of the Order, I would respectfully refer you to the reports of our G. W. S. and G. W. T. JUVENILE TEMPLES.

This part of our work, I am sorry to say, has not made that progress, during the year we had a right to expect it should have made. I speak from experience as well as observation, when I say the chief reason of the comparative failure of our juvenile work, is the want of interest on the part of a large majority of our membership in this branch of our organization. This, sisters and brothers, is a very important part of our work, one in which we should take deep interest, if we wish to be Christ-like. We shall be found willing to save the youth from the snares of the Tempter, as well as to save those who have fallen victims to intemperance. We want laborers in this part of our work who will care for the thousands of children that are exposed to the destructive influence of intoxicating drinks. Sister Calvert is well fitted for the position she occupied as Superintendent. She has taken a great interest in the work; but with all that, she alone cannot make the work a success; she must have co-workers, and I sincerely trust and pray that He who is the disposer of all things will so dispose the hearts of sisters and brothers present at this session, to resolve in the strength of God, to labor in the future more faithfully and more earnestly in this high and glorious calling.

CONCLUSION.

Sisters and Brothers, I return to your hands the trust you have for two years confided to my keeping. Permit me most heartily to thank you for the honor thus conferred. I am only sorry that more progress has not been made. During my term of office I am conscious of having erred, but not intentionally. My one aim has been the welfare of my fellow men. I desire to express the gratitude of my heart to the Brothers and Sisters of this jurisdiction whom I have associated on my official visits, for the very great kindness shown me. My intercourse with the Brethren has been of the pleasantest character; more especially so with my American friends. I feel that I am a great deal better in every sense of the word than I was two years ago. But our gatherings on earth will cease. I hope we shall so do our duty here as to be in possession of the password to the Grand Lodge above, where all is joy and peace.

I remain, Yours in Faith, Hope and Clarity. NOAH HAKESPEARE, Grand Worthy Chief Templar. Victoria, B. C.

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Nov 9	Oct 28	Nov 30
Dec 30	Nov 18	Dec 20
Dec 20	Dec 8	Dec 10
	" 28	" 30

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Nov 30	" "	Nov 30
Dec 20	" "	Dec 10
" 30	" "	Dec 20

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