

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY ARGUS.

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PUGET SOUND ARGUS

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ALLEN WEIR,
 EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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All Accounts Settled Monthly.

FROM ALASKA.

The mail steamer California arrived on the 17th inst. The revenue cutter Rush is far north among the seal islands. The naval ship Jamestown rides at anchor in the harbor of Sitka, and Capt. Beardsley shows the determination to execute orders, which is sufficient to overawe the mischief-makers and preserve peace. His administration is satisfactory to all classes, except hoo-chinoo vendors and distillers. He understands the real source of the late ferment; and while he is on that station or in Alaskan waters, it will be impossible to rekindle it.

The usual flattering reports about gold mining and prospecting, are current. Not being on the inside, it is safe to say, "klo-nas."

Business at Ft. Wrangel is much livelier than at Sitka. For the most of her trade Wrangel is indebted to the Cassiar gold mines. This trade, however, is limited chiefly to the summer months. But a large and increasing business is transacted here with the natives. They gathered at Wrangel from all points. Every day half a dozen tribes are represented here, and some days twice as many. They bring skins, furs, dried fish, a few manufacturers, and some of them raise potatoes for the market. This place is the home of the Stikien tribe; and many natives of other tribes live here permanently. This offers great facilities to those who are studying the aboriginal character and habits, or attempting the arduous task of civilizing them. They all belong to the Tlinket people, a race embracing eight or ten tribes, who speak the same language, and have many customs in common. They occupy South-western Alaska.

The first attempt made by Americans to civilize this race, is described in Governor Morris' report on the condition of Alaska, laid before Congress and published by its order. It appears that Rev. Dr. Lindsley, of Portland, Ogn., more than two years ago sent members of his church to Fort Wrangel, to undertake this good work, and afterwards secured the appointment of a teacher and a missionary for Sitka also, when the Board of Home Missions assumed the responsibility. The work at Wrangel has enjoyed uninterrupted prosperity.

Dr. Lindsley lately returned from his Alaska tour with Dr. Kendall of the above named board, and reports having organized the first American church ever formed in that Territory. It is composed of 30 members—6 are white, 3 of whom are from Dr. Lindsley's congregation at Portland, and one his niece, wife of Rev. S.H. Young, the missionary at Fort Wrangel. A house of worship is also being built by means of funds obtained at Portland, without which it could not have been begun. Valuable aid both in cash and labor is being rendered at Wrangel, prominent in which is John M. Vanderbilt, Esq., merchant, to whom the mission is indebted for many favors. A house for the girls' Industrial school is also being built out of funds collected at the east and brought on by Dr. Kendall. These gentlemen are making arrangements to open missions and schools at other eligible points in Alaska. These are the cheap civilizers of all races, and never fail.

Passengers and tourists speak in terms of high admiration of the novelties in scenery both on land and water. Capt. Thorn and his officers appear to have been very successful in making the voyage as agreeable as possible, in the nature of the circumstances. A more general knowledge of Alaska's wonderful scenery will attract tourists thither in large numbers.

OREGON wheat growers are losing largely by rust and blight.

REOPENING OF THE UNIVERSITY.

The University of Washington Territory will reopen on Monday, the first day of September. A largely increased attendance of pupils is looked for, and the friends of the institution will be disappointed if the whole number does not this year reach two hundred in place of the hundred and fifty-two of last year. New attractions to the youthful mind will be presented, and a more advanced course of instruction begun. Our University is growing in fame and favor, and an honorable connection with it is a recommendation of high order to any young man or woman in the Territory. The school year beginning on the 1st will end on the 11th of June, 1880. The faculty will comprise the following able corps of instructors:

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 - Mrs. L. P. Anderson, Preceptress—Botany and French.
 - Miss R. F. Scott, A. B.—Latin and Greek.
 - T. R. Wilson, A. B.—Applied mathematics and common English.
 - Mrs. Emma Guttenberg—German.
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 - O. P. Anderson—Paint and Ornamental penmanship.
 - Miss Jennie Hancock—Telegraphy.
- The Annual Register, containing full information as to rates, courses of study, etc., will be sent on application to President Anderson.

OUR SHIP-BUILDING.—To Seabeck, W. T., belongs the credit of constructing the largest vessel ever built on the Pacific Coast. Her hull is now more than half finished, and twenty men are at work upon it. Her length of keel is 214 feet, her breadth of beam 44 feet and eight inches, her depth of hold 17 feet and her future lumbering carrying capacity estimated at 1,300,000 feet. She will be single-decked and ship-rigged. Captain Edwards, now of the bark Cassandra Adams, will command her. Hiram Doncaster is her builder, and Adams, Taylor & Co., will be her owners. It is said that she is being made as strong as wood and iron can make a vessel, and it is thought she will be fast. She will be somewhat larger than any vessel ever built on this Coast. She will probably be the biggest single-decked ship afloat.

FAST SAILING.—The schooner Malolo, lately built by the Hall Brothers at Port Ludlow, arrived at Honolulu on July 12th from that port, in a fine run of 13 days. From Cape Flattery to Honolulu she was but 10½ days. This is, we consider, the best passage ever made; and as the distance is about 500 miles more than from this port, we may safely say that it surpasses the passage of Claus Spreckles, in 9 days and 24 hrs. from this port to Kahului. The Hall brothers have turned out some of the finest and fastest vessels on the Pacific, and their vessels generally speak for themselves.—S. F. "Alta."

SERENADE.—Last Monday evening the Walla Walla brass band serenaded Hon. Thos. H. Brents at his residence. In response to loud calls Mr. Brents appeared and briefly thanked the large assemblage for the compliment paid him in thus warmly welcoming him home from the scene of his labors in Washington. The serenade was an impromptu affair gotten up by the friends of Mr. Brents, who desired to honor the only Delegate from Eastern Washington that was not ashamed to meet his constituents at the close of a session of Congress.—W. W. "Union."

CHARGES have been preferred against Lieut Brann, of the Corwin, by 3d Lieut. Packwood, of the same vessel. The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered a board to convene at Astoria for the purpose of making an investigation. The board consists of Hon. W. D. Hare, Collector of Customs at Astoria, Capt. J. H. Merryman, U. S. R. M. Supt., and Lieut. Hooper, commander of the Wolcott.

THE Clackamas, Ogn., "Democrat" is howling awfully loud in the vain hope that some one will take a little notice of it.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON D. C., Aug. 8, 1879.

The amount of principle to be found in the average Maine Democrat is surprisingly small. At present the papers of the party, with one honorable exception are pretending to support the candidate of the party, while doing all they can for the election of another. The people of Maine are too intelligent, and have too much respect for common honesty, to countenance a fraud like this. The flurry of last year is in a great measure over, and the rule of reason and common sense is returning. It is believed that not only will the legislature be Republican in both branches, but that the Republican candidate for Governor will be elected by the people. To do this latter will require a majority, but it is believed that a majority will be forthcoming.

That was an amusing mistake made by General Ewing, who, when he went to Ohio to meet defeat at the hands of Foster, made arrangements to have the State flooded with printed speeches from this city. He left "franks" for the purpose. But by some mistake his subordinates filled up the franked wrappers with sound Republican documents, and sent them broadcast among the men Ewing was depending upon for votes. But Ewing was bound to be beaten, any way, and cannot lay defeat, when it comes, to a little mistake like this.

The revenue from customs for 1879 was greater than for 1878, and that for 1878 greater than that for 1877. But though the receipts increased every year, the cost of collection decreased. These are facts which it is well to remember. In the internal revenue branch of the Treasury, an examination has been made of the returns of 121 of the 126 collectors, and, besides the great and increasing efficiency of administration shown, it has been found that not one of these officials has stolen misappropriated or withheld a penny. This is another fact Republicans and Democrats, as well, should bear in mind.

The Bankers' convention at Saratoga seems to be a great success, over a thousand delegates, coming from all parts of the country, being in attendance; and the proceedings are of a greater interest than those of any previous year.

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PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.



ALLEN WEIR, : : Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1879.

TELEGRAPHIC.

EASTERN STATES.

Peace Ahead.

QUEBEC, Aug. 19.—Members of the Irish and French societies with priests and others, have appointed a committee to arrange peace.

A September Gale.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The storm at Morehead City, North Carolina, was the most violent which ever visited that place. At 6 A. M. it blew a hurricane from the northeast, and at midday hauled to the southwest, a change which saved Beaufort and Morehead from entire destruction. The Atlantic coast, the largest hotel in that part of the country, is entirely demolished, not a vestige being left. There were 150 guests in it, and there was not a particle of clothing saved by any of them. People did not begin to leave until the waves were literally breaking the hotel to pieces; then there was a stampede. The young men saved all the ladies and children at the danger of their own lives. All the baggage, furniture, etc., went to destruction. John Hughes, son of Mayor Hughes, of Newbern, lost his life in the wreck of the Atlantic house. The Ocean View house, the other hotel at Beaufort, is damaged badly, and many private houses are ruined. There is not a wharf left in Beaufort, and only two or three of hundreds of sail boats are fit to sail. Morehead City also suffered terribly.

The Fishing Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Advices received by the State Department from the North American coast represent that although no actual violence has occurred this year, our fishermen are deterred by apprehensions of violence from approaching the shore and carrying on their business with the freedom guaranteed to them by the treaty, and that we are therefore deriving no benefit from our agreement with the British government and getting no return for our money. The state of feeling which prevails between our north coast fishermen and British American fishermen, who consider themselves justified in using force to carry out local prohibitory laws, is regarded by our government as extremely dangerous and liable at any moment to lead to bloodshed and serious international misunderstanding, and it is therefore very anxious that some steps should be taken by the British government to do away with the local prohibitory laws of the Canadian provinces which now practically override and nullify the treaty provisions of a far higher authority.

The Sprague Scandal.

NEW YORK, August 21.—The Times defending itself against the Tribune and Herald for its course in the Sprague-Conkling affair, declares that during the past two years there has been in Washington an open, flagrant scandal concerning the relations of a vain, ambitious and indiscreet woman and a vain, ambitious and indiscreet Senator. Decent and conservative people have looked on with real grief. They have seen a foolish woman "throw herself at the head" of a man who had not self-respect nor manliness to hold up a hand of warning and chivalrous remonstrance. In the course of time, the vain Senator, who by his undisguised, open and notorious attention to the married woman, had not only brought great scandal upon himself, but had clouded the fair name of the unfortunate lady, precipitated the crisis which persistence in indiscretion was sure to bring, with moral sense blunted by an abnormal egotism. The husband returned, and for the first time since this unwholesome scandal had begun to simmer, the three principal actors therein concerned forced it into the newspapers by a personal quarrel which must needs attract public attention.

The Fever.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 21.—Two new cases reported this morning; four deaths. At a meeting of the Howard Association held this evening, it was determined to withhold appeal to the charity of the nation until every cent of the money in the treasury had been expended.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Memphis specialists state that the Howard Association expects about one thousand dollars daily and that their expenses are increasing. They have exhausted a twenty thousand balance in the treasury and are without means unless the North respond liberally, as last year. Various secret organizations and notably the Knights of Honor, are working nobly. A Herald special only says: The various relief societies are supplanting Christian churches here during the present crisis. Ministers for most part have fled, leaving their flocks to the ravages of the fever.

Oil Fire.

SUNBURG, Pa., Aug. 21.—A train of 28 loaded oil tanks was wrecked and burned last night at Kipp's Run, seven miles from this place, on the Sunburg, Hazelton and Wilkesbarre road. The trailing over the run was also burned, and all the trains have been abandoned until to-morrow.

From Canada.

QUEBEC, Aug. 21.—Everything is quiet to-day. At a meeting of delegates of rival labor societies and citizens, held last evening, it was resolved that such society should continue to work according to its own rules, and each should guarantee the other societies against interference. Delegates of both societies signed the minutes.

Fever in Cuba.

HAVANA, Aug. 21.—Deaths from yellow fever in this city during July, 475. One death from Cholera.

Five Seconds of Shaking.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Aug. 21.—A shock of earthquake was felt here at 1:30 to-day. There was also a loud report and buildings were shaken. The tremor lasted about five seconds.

FOREIGN NEWS.

English Crops and Markets.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The Mark Lane Express says a week of warm and sunny weather, although interrupted by intervals of incessant rain Sunday and Sunday night, has done wonders in maturing cereals. At the same time previous damage cannot be obliterated. An examination of the wheat ears proves the plant to have been starved not only in the ears, which are short and meagre, but many of them are barren at the base and top. Neither maize nor barley will be ready to cut much before the end of the month. Of barley there will probably be a better crop if the fine weather continues, as despite gloomy anticipations promise by no means badly in some of the southern counties.

Scotch advices of the condition of cereals are on the whole favorable, but the lateness of the season causes much anxiety. The smart advance in wheat of a month ago seems to have quite expended its force, as enormous shipments from America and very heavy arrivals have quite upset London trade during the past week, and fine weather has also, no doubt, had a marked effect in depressing prices. It was manifestly impossible to make headway against American shipments, and values consequently decline 1s per quarter for red and fully 2s for white on the fortnight. The demand, as usual at this season of the year, has been of a merely retail nature.

Barley, oats, beans and peas have been in good request in London and the provinces at 6 pence to a shilling per quarter advance on the fortnight.

At ports of call, during the week, trade was quiet for wheat off coast at a decline of about a shilling per quarter, with a fair demand, however, at a reduction. Arrivals were moderate.

Barley improved 6 pence per quarter. Sales of English wheat last week were 18,599 qrs. at 49s 5d against 26,234 qrs. at 44s 2d per qr. for the same week last year. Imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending August 9th were 191,395 cwt wheat and 181,179 cwt flour. With a continuance of fine weather in France there is reason to believe the total crop of wheat will exceed that of last year's and afford farmers a fair return. At Mark Lane on Monday the supply of English wheat was small and sales slow at about the late rates. Foreign arrivals were excessive and declined a shilling per quarter with a fair demand at the reduction. On the whole a good deal of steadiness was observable, as it was reported that Sunday's rain had seriously laid crops in some districts. Flour and barley are quiet; maize declined 6 pence and oats 3 pence per qr.

Traffic Stopped.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—A telegram to Lloyd's report that a steamer grounded in the Suez canal yesterday, and that traffic through the canal has been stopped.

The Telephone in Paris.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—The Edison Company have obtained permission from the government to establish telephonic communication between various quarters of Paris.

South Africa.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Latest London dispatches present rather discouraging prospects relative to the speedy and satisfactory termination of the Zulu war. Sir Garnet Wolseley is straining every nerve and employing all means to lay hands on Cetewayo, without whose capture peace is impossible.

Too Much Water.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Rains in England continue, and there is a renewal of the overflow of rivers in Somersetshire, Derbyshire, Warwickshire, Leicestershire and Staffordshire.

Open Again.

Traffic of the Suez canal, interrupted by the grounding of a steamer, is resumed.

PACIFIC COAST.

From Mexico.

CITY OF MEXICO VIA HAVANA, Aug. 19.—The state of Vera Cruz is in a very revolutionary condition. Government troops are rapidly concentrating in Vera Cruz. The Spanish element is accused of instigating disorders because of their dissatisfaction with the laws against smuggling. A prominent federal senator was preparing on the night of June 22d to go to Vera Cruz with the intention of taking part in an uprising, when he was summoned before President Diaz, who warned the Senator that he knew all the plans of the revolutionists, and advised him to remain in the capital. The Senator remained and is now a faithful friend of the President.

A Lateral Tunnel.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 21.—Another lateral tunnel has been started in Suto tunnel, 12,000 feet from the entrance on the company's own grounds.

Made Him Stand In.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 21.—Kearney passed through this city to-day on his way to San Francisco. Here he saw Williams, the Workingmen's candidate for Congress in this district, who has withdrawn in favor of Clunie, and berated him soundly for so doing. Williams, in the presence of many, promised Kearney that he would publish in the papers of this district a card of retraction in which he would state that he withdraws the withdrawal, and will remain a candidate from now till election, come what may. Kearney told Williams that he had canvassed the district for him and had secured him all of 14,000 votes, which would certainly elect him. Williams, with his friends, went away, when Kearney left to prepare the card stating that he is still in the field.

Cheating the Carrot-Eaters.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 21.—An old Mormon, 65 years of age, by the name of Chas. Harmon, was to-day prevented from going through the "Endowment House" with an English girl, aged 18, by the girl's grandfather, an apostate Mormon, who had informed the government officials and prepared for the arrest of Harmon, who would be polygamist, but the latter backed out. The girl came over in a Mormon emigrant party in June, and purposed living with her grandfather in Southern Utah, but was secreted here by Mormons in order to get her into polygamy. Friends of the grandfather, having heard of their design, telegraphed the old gentleman, who came to the city last night in time to save the girl. The law-defying "Endowment House" is kept busy every Thursday, solemnizing polygamous marriages.

The Jetty Appropriation.

The St. Louis Globe Democrat gives the following account of a conversation recently held with Mr. Eads relative to the jetty system recently completed at the mouth of the Mississippi at a cost to the government of \$5,250,000, one million of which is held back as a guaranty that the channel shall be kept at its present depth for 20 years: "When Mr. Eads left New Orleans lately, he had received in all for jetty work \$3,250,000. On arriving in St. Louis he received a draft from Washington for the \$500,000 payment due on the attainment of a 26-foot depth of water, and which amount was lately passed upon by the Attorney General. A few weeks ago the fact that a final depth of 30 feet had been reached had been certified on to Washington, and another cash draft for \$500,000 is expected by Mr. Eads in the course of thirty days more. This sums up a total of \$4,250,000 out of \$5,250,000 to be eventually received for the whole work. The recent attainment of a 30-foot depth entitles Mr. Eads and his friends, therefore, not only to a half million cash payment, but completes their title to an additional million, which is to be held back, however, as a guarantee that the present depth of the channel will be maintained for a period of twenty years, at an annual cost not exceeding \$100,000. It was originally supposed that it would be necessary to advance the jetties from year to year in the gulf, and that this, with the maintenance of the works when completed, would involve an annual enormous expenditure; but Mr. Eads agreed that this should not exceed \$100,000 per annum, and that he would leave a million of the price of the jetties to guarantee it. On this million the government is to pay 5 per cent. interest, semi-annually, one half of the principal at the end of ten years and the other half at the end of twenty years. Payments for maintenance of work are to be made quarterly. If it shall be found that it costs more than \$100,000 per annum to maintain the jetties, the law provides that Mr. Eads may draw the excess of that cost from the million reserved, on the fact that such extra cost being properly certified to the Secretary of War. If at any time during the next twenty years the present depth of the channel is not maintained, then pay is to be deducted from the \$1,000,000 held back in proportion to the time during which there is a deficiency of water.

DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS.

The half million dollars (26-foot payment) has already been divided up and sent to the Louisiana National Bank of New Orleans; the Third National Bank of St. Louis; Banking House of Winslow, Lanier & Co., New York; and the Bank of Pittsburg, of Pittsburg, Pa., and those banks have been instructed to pay the 26-foot certificates which are held by petty stockholders on presentation. The petty stockholders are located chiefly in New Orleans, Memphis, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Philadelphia and New York, and there are twice as many of them in New Orleans as in St. Louis.

"If it is a fair question, Mr. Eads, what will the petty stockholders make by their investments?"

"They will make all that I guaranteed them."

"What was that?"

"They will receive a net

PROFIT OF 100 PER CENT.,

and 10 per cent. interest for the use of their money, beside."

"That is a very neat little profit—a pretty hard-time profit."

"Yes, it is."

"You must certainly have been able to execute the work for much less than was the original estimate of its cost. I believe you undertook the work for some hundreds of thousands less than the estimate of the Board of United States Engineers of 1874, did you not?"

"Yes, that is so. I not only accomplished the work for much less than the original estimate, but did it under peculiar difficulties. Work is ordinarily paid for by the government as it progresses, at the end of each month, but in this case I had to provide all the money without government aid until I attained a twenty-foot depth of channel, and this involved the execution of more than half the entire work. And in addition to this, it was known that if I did not secure twenty feet I was to get nothing at all; therefore all the money that I required beyond what I could furnish myself had to be raised on the doubtful security afforded by the possibility of success, and for this season I had to bring a large number of persons into the Jetty Company as limited partners, and the terms upon which these partners were secured were made more onerous by the continual predictions of failure made by engineers of high reputation."

THE RIVER COMMISSION.

In response to a question as to whether he would serve on the River Commission, Mr. Eads said that he had not yet made up his mind. He was going to

Washington in a short time, and would then make up his mind.

To keep the jetties in order he should have in the future to make a number of visits to them yearly, and would keep a small force of men there at work constantly. There were now about seventy-five men engaged in strengthening the works.

Insanity in England.

It is remarkable that the increase of insanity in England has occurred during the operation of a new and improved system of treatment. No one would return to the manacles and fetters of a former age; but it was expected that early admission to asylum treatment would produce more rapid recovery, and thereby diminish instead of increase the number of incurables. In expectation of speedier cure from this cause, vast sums have been expended on the construction of English asylums. A return recently published shows that during 20 years more than £6,000,000 have been thus employed. The repairs and extras may bring the sum to not much under £8,000,000; and, taking into account the annual interest on capital, the maintenance of lunatics must cost the country at least £2,000,000 per annum. It is true that the worth of the expenditure is not to be reckoned by the money value alone. If, when the cost is highest, and the cure and care of lunatics is greatest, that system is the best. But when the cost is highest, and the cure and care lowest, we have a right to complain. For the last 30 years the Earl of Shaftesbury and the Lunacy Commissioners have had entire control; their recommendations have been carried out—their appeals to the humanity and liberality of the public have been complied with. All that money could yield, all that architecture could bestow, in obedience to the orders of the government or the suggestions of the medical profession, has been freely, even lavishly executed. Although the proportion of recoveries in all institutions, calculated on the admissions, has fallen between 1859 and 1877 from 35.12 per cent. to 30.33 per cent., and although the recoveries calculated on admission to county and borough asylums show no improvement, remaining at 30 per cent., while those calculated in each year upon the total number under treatment have fallen from 9.6 per cent. in 1859 to 7.9 per cent. in 1877—yet the Commissioners in Lunacy appear perfectly satisfied with the results obtained. Thus, while expenditure increases and lunacy advances, they are content to see cure not merely stationary, but retrograde.—The Fortnightly Magazine.

The Incongruities of the Dinner.

A chapter might be written on the inconsistencies of the dinner table. Nobody has patience to listen to the speeches and a general tendency to sidle toward the door when the toast list is opened; yet there is universal grumbling if the speeches are not brilliant—which, by the way, they are not. Gentlemen rarely appreciate the music after dinner; they talk incessantly; but on one occasion when the songs were omitted great disgust was expressed, and the speeches appeared to fall more flatly than usual. People who dine regularly cannot taste a quarter of the good things; but they make unpleasant remarks about "economy" and "hard times," if any of the usual delicacies are omitted. The favorite argument on behalf of public dinners is that they promote sociability; but during the half hour (it is often more than the traditional quarter) before dinner, you stand awkwardly with your hands behind your coat tails, and are hungry, and immediately on the removal of the cloth you are in a hurry to catch that "last train" which always starts "in ten minutes;" or the bus which will "just bring me home in nice time, for, do you know, I've forgotten my latch key, and mustn't be late.—University Magazine

A Fearful Prospect.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia Times says: "I called upon a friend on Sunday evening and found him surrounded by his family and relatives. He called my attention to a sprightly boy of seven years of age, and to his mother sitting by him. He then presented me to his grandmother, a young looking lady, and then to his great-grandmother a dark haired woman, vigorous and active, who informed me that her mother, the great-grandmother of the child, was at home enjoying comfortable health, with mind clear and unimpaired at the age of ninety-five years." Let us see: If things hold out in that family a little longer, when that chap of seven years grows up and gets married, his wife will have a mother-in-law, a grandmother-in-law, a great-grandmother-in-law, and a great-great-grandmother-in-law! The danger will be averted, however. There isn't a girl in America green enough to marry that boy.

Twin brothers—Ambition and hope.

Oregon Items.

Brick buildings are going up in Baker City—several of them.

A large number of hides are being shipped from Jackson county at present.

The wheat crop in Coquille is free from rust and yielding not only a large but plump yield.

I. N. Muncey will soon start up the quartz mill at the Tellurium mine, says the Western Star.

Overland travel has been light this season, which is evidence that times are hard throughout the coast.

Brownborough, Jackson county, has become entirely deserted by business men and the post office is closed.

John Day, the Tillamook mail carrier by mule power, was victim of a runaway and received some severe bruises.

Col. John E. Ross and others will take a band of horses to the Willamette Valley in the Fall from Jackson county.

It is understood that Prof. W. T. Leeke will be employed as principal of the Ashland public school for the next term.

S. C. Carter and others cut a bee tree on Elliott Creek last week, from which they obtained 100 pounds of excellent honey.

The third annual re-union of the Pioneer Society of Southern Oregon will be held at Ashland on Thursday, the 11th of September ensuing.

The Cornelius Courant says: Five bridges have broken down within the past ten days and it hasn't been very good weather for bridges, either.

The Town Talk says: News from the Minto Pass Wagon Road party places them at the base of Mount Jefferson, pushing for the Black Butte.

Jesse Applegate's property in Douglas county is being sold to satisfy the balance of the claim still held by the State against the bondsmen of Sam May.

The harvest still progresses in Jackson county and the farmers are finding that the wheat crop will not be as heavy by considerable as at first anticipated.

To show how plenty game is in Powder River Valley, the Democrat says: Our devil went out hunting one day last week and killed six sage hens in less than half an hour.

The Mercury says: The machinery of the Farmers' Warehouse in Salem has been overhauled and two new cleaners put in position. They have a cleaning and receiving capacity of 500 bushels per hour.

One day last week the little town of Forest Grove came near being destroyed by fire. The slashing had been set on fire outside of the town and the fire got under such headway as to compel the citizens to turn out and fight the flames.

A Dayton correspondent says: Considerable inquiry is being made about the price to be paid for the incoming wheat in this market. J. H. Olds is offering 87½ cents per bushel, sacked, and it is generally conceded that wheat will start in at 85 or 90 cents unsacked.

Several specimens of the new ore found in the tunnel of the Tellurium mine have been left at the office by J. R. Jennings. The ore is rich in gold, silver and platinum and but a few tons of it will make the stockholders in the mine wealthy. We doubt if we have ever seen richer quartz.

Work is being pushed forward quite rapidly on the narrow gauge. They have three gangs of Chinamen with a white foreman, and have got to Harrison's station, about eight miles from Dayton. They expect to have the work completed to Sheridan in ample time to carry off the incoming crop from that place.

The Walls Walla Statesman says: A few crickets have made their appearance in the valley. They are yet too scarce to be utilized at present. When they become more numerous our farmers will capture them in large quantities, roast them, knock off their legs, and ship them to Portland for peanuts.

During the week Henry Conn, Sr., and his son Creed, of Douglas county, killed two black bears on the farm of the gentleman named. They were enormous and savage animals, and had killed in their time many sheep, cattle and hogs belonging to farmers in the neighborhood in which they were slaughtered.

During last week many farmers took advantage of the pleasant moonlight nights and kept on harvesting from sunset till sunrise, but what harvest weather! Fortune has smiled upon us from the time we put the seed in the ground until we gathered it again, many fold, and put it in the granary.—Walla Walla Watchman.

Mr. Frank Harris was seriously hurt last week while blasting in the new cinnabar mines near Oakland. He went into the tunnel to ascertain the reason for the non-explosion of a blast, and while but a short distance from it, the explosion took place, knocking him some distance and bruising his head severely, and will cause the loss of one eye.

The Eugene Journal says: A company of eleven energetic individuals went from Foley's Springs to the summit of the Three Sisters last week. It took a good deal of nerve and ambition to make the trip over the ice and snow, but they finally succeeded in reaching the pinnacle. That is probably about as near to heaven as some of them will ever get.

The McMinnville Reporter says: There is one crop that will hardly be likely to fail us this season, and that is the potato crop. We find them in patches of several acres each between McMinnville and Lafayette—or in other directions, for that matter. Rev. Russ caps the tallest, we believe, with his field of fourteen acres, which he has planted on the Rogers' farm, south of town.

The Baker County Democrat says: Work has again commenced at the Virtue mine. The pumps are at work drawing the water from the shafts, and as soon as this is accomplished a full set of hands will be put into the mine and ore taken out to keep the mill constantly running. This is a good mine and has always paid for working since Mike Hyde, the present superintendent, has had charge of it.

The Albany Register says: King's Valley, in Benton county, about 25 miles from this city, is one of the prettiest valleys in Oregon. In passing through there a few days ago, we judged from the handsome dwellings and out-houses, good fences, fine crops of growing grain, and the general appearance of thrift, that the denizens of that section of favored Oregon were "well fixed." We learned from some of the old settlers that such a thing as a failure of crops in that valley was unknown.

Dinner China for the White House.

In a bath room at Asbury Park, N. J., the window of which looks out upon the Atlantic, and where the music of the surf can be heard all day long, says the New York Times, Theodore R. Davis, of the staff of Harper's Weekly, has made his studio for the last two months. During that time he has completed and sent to Haviland & Co., in Limoges, France, over fifty designs for what will be the first truly American china dinner set. The set is ordered for its completion early next year. Mr. Davis gives the following account of the new State dinner set:

"The set will embrace a special design for the oyster plate. The soup plate is modeled from the Kalmia flower, the mountain laurel, the form being that of a bowl rather than of the narrow-based plate at present in use. It is the flower with its natural base instead of the circular base, and the decoration of this series will be simple, through strong in color, embracing this list of subjects: A clam-bake, crab, green turtle, okra, palmetto, cabbage, maize, potato, laurel, frog. The fish series of twelve is headed by a platter, the decoration of which is a magnificent shad, gilled in a golden net. The form of this dish is novel, being rectangular, with the edges rolled and tipped with dead gold. The decorations include a blue-fish chasing a porgy, lobsters fighting, speckled trout, terrapin of Maryland, and the red snapper of the Gulf of Mexico chasing a butterfly-fish. The game series embraces designs representing different species of American game feasting or flying, bathing, etc. The dinner series will consist of twelve plates, illustrating the following subjects: Antelope in the cactus bad lands; a bear in a tree, in which Mr. Bruin has got into trouble, while a comrade, seated comfortably below, laughs at him, and a thunder storm in the distance gives tone to the picture; a black-tailed deer ascending the slope of the Rocky Mountains at sunrise; a big horn or Rocky Mountain sheep; an old buffalo in a snow-storm, surrounded by coyotes and gray wolves; chickens in a garden; a con in a persimmon tree; the crane's 'walk around'; on the plains at night with Custer; the May-flower, peccaries or the wild pigs of America, and the Virginia deer, which is a night effect. The jack-light is in gold, with its reflection sparkling in the water beneath, and its gleams tinged the lily-pod with gold. A noble buck stands knee deep among these. The desert set will be quite simple in design, the subject being entirely American, and embracing among others the following: The pecan nut of Texas, the chinapin, the pawpaw and the persimmon. The last plate of the service will be an Indian design, a fac-simile of an Indian plate, artistically handled. This plate is called crackers, cheese and cigars. I have introduced an independent American butter plate, the object of which is to give a point of color and a reflective light in the glasses. It is a pond lily leaf slightly curled, and upon the surface of the leaf is a drop of Haviland's faience glaze, simulating water. The after-dinner coffee cup is of a very novel design, and quite unlike any cup at present in use. The tea cup is a Mandarin's hat inverted. The stem of a spray of the tea plant forms the handle. The chocolate cup is also novel. Mr. Haviland writes that there will be but 25 sets designed by Haviland and myself, and the president's set will be numbered.

The Honey Bee.

The honey bee is a model of neatness as well as of industry. The infallible instinct of the insect enables it to select only the most delicious nectar produced in the grand laboratory of nature. Bees are impatient of any disagreeable odor, and are enraged if any impure or decaying matter is brought in proximity to their hive. Bees sometimes go three miles from the apiary in search of honey. Whenever the bee obtains a load of nectar, it at once rises into the air at a certain altitude, apparently takes its bearing, and then starts in a perfectly straight direction for the hive. This constitutes the true and original "bee line."

Bees are short-lived, their average existence being about six weeks. This applies only to the workers. The queens live much longer, enjoying the prerogatives of royalty. The drones are male insects, and, having fulfilled their mission, either suffer a violent death or are driven out of the hive by the workers. As working bees are necessary, and have no share in paternal duties or obligations save to provide food for their predecessors; and as the bees that gather honey in the early part of the Summer never live to enjoy it during the following Winter, their universal industry seems to be characterized by the purest unselfishness.

"How can you tell when you meet an artist?" asked a lady of a wreath. "Oh, it's easy—done," was the reply.

Trunk Space and the Sexes.

Mr. Bowerman and wife left for the country yesterday. One could tell that their trunks were not over half full, as they were pitched into the baggage car with a crash. They began packing a week ago. When the subject was broached he said he preferred to pack his own trunk, and he didn't propose to take a whole month to do it, either. All he intended to take along was an extra suit, and he could throw that in most any way. Night before last he began work. It struck him that he had better put in an extra pair of boots as a foundation and he flung 'em in and braced 'em in the corners with his clean shirts. The shirts didn't seem to ride very well and he braced them with two pairs of trousers. Then he stuffed his Sunday coat pockets with collars and cuffs and found a place for it, used his white vest for "chinking," and the balance of his clothing just fitted in nicely.

"The man who takes over ten minutes to pack his trunk is a dolt!" said Mr. Bowerman, as he slammed down the lid and turned the key.

Mrs. Bowerman had just been at it seven days and seven nights, and when the husband went upstairs at 10 o'clock she sat down before the open trunk with tears in her eyes.

"You see how it is," she explained, as he looked down upon her in lofty contempt, "I've got only one part of my dresses here, saying nothing of a thousand other things, and even now the lid won't shut down. I've got such a headache I must lay down for a few minutes."

She went away to loup and Mr. Bowerman sat down and mused:

"Space is space. The use of space is in knowing how to utilize it." Removing [everything,] he began unpacking. He found that a silk dress could be rolled to the size of a quart jug. A freshly starched lawn was made to take the place of a pair of slippers. Her brown bunting fitted into a niche she had reserved for three handkerchiefs and her best bonnet was turned bottom up in its box and packed full of underclothing. He sat their viewing sufficient empty space to pack in a whole bed when she returned and said he was the only real good husband in this world, and kissed him on the nose as he turned the key.

"It's simply the difference between the sexes," was his patronizing reply as he went down stairs to turn on the burglar alarm.

When that wife opened that trunk last night—! But screams and shrieks would avail nothing.—Detroit Free Press.

Josh Billingsisms.

If a young man hain't got a well-balanced head I like to see him part his hair in the middle.

I don't take any foolish chances. If I wuz called upon to mourn over a dead mule I should stand in front of him and do mi weeping.

There is no man so poor but that he can afford to keep one dog, and I have seen them so poor that they could afford to keep three.

I say to 2 thirds on the rich people in this world, make the most on your money, for it makes the most you. Happy thought.

I never argy agin a success when I see a rattlesnake's head sticking out of a whole. I bear off to the left and say to myself that hole belongs to that snake.

The infidel argys just as a bull duz chanced to a post. He bellows and saws, but he don't get loose from the post, i notiss. Not much.

I thank the Lord that there is one thing in this world that money kant buy, and that iz the wag ov a dog's tail.

I notiss one thing, the man who rides on the cars every day is satisfied with one seat, but he who rides once a year wants four.

The man whom you kant get to write poetry or tell the truth until you git him haff drunk, aint worth the investment.

Whenever i see a real handsom woman engaged in the wimmin's rights bizzness, I am going to take off mi hat and jine the processhun. See if i dont.

One day Billy and Sammy were playing by a mud hole and Billy said: "Now, Sammy, lets play we was a barnyard; you be the pig, and lie down and woller, and I'd be a bull and beller like everything." So they got down on their hands and knees, and Sammy he went into the dirt and wallowed, while Billy bellowed like distant thunder. By-and-by Sammy he came up muddy—you never saw such a muddy little fellow—and he said: "Now, you'll be the pig, and let me beller." But Billy he said: "I ain't a very good pig, except for dinner, and it'll be time enough for you to beller when yer mother sees yer close."

One man asked another why his beard was so brown, and his hair so white. "Because," he replied, "one is twenty years younger than the other."

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

PORTLAND, August 23, 1875.
Legal tenders in Portland, buying, par, and selling at par.
Silver coin in Portland the banks quote at 1 per cent. discount to par.
Coin exchange on New York, 1 per cent. premium.
Coin exchange on San Francisco, par to 1/2 per cent. premium.
Telegraphic transfers on New York, 1 per cent. premium.

Home Produce Market.
The following quotations represent the wholesale rates from producers or first hands:
FLOUR—Quotable in jobbing lots at: Standard brands, \$4 75; 00; best country brands, \$4 00; \$4 75; superfine, \$3 00; \$3 75.
WHEAT—Valley, 15¢; Umpqua, 21¢; Eastern Oregon, 14¢; 17¢. Very choice of Valley, Umpqua and Eastern Oregon command an advance on these terms.
WHEAT—\$1 20; \$1 22; for average; milling, \$1 22; \$1 55; walls Walls from 2 1/2¢ to 3¢ less.
POTATOES—Quotable at 90¢; \$1 00 per 100 lbs, as to description and quality.
MIDDINGS—Jobbing at feed, \$20; \$25; fine, \$25; \$27 1/2 per ton.
BRAN—Jobbing at per ton, \$15.
OATS—Feed, per cental, \$1 10; choice a shade higher.
BACON—Sides, 8¢; hams, 10¢; 12¢; shoulders, 6¢; 7¢.
HAY—Timothy baled, buying at \$10; \$12 per ton; weak.
LARD—In kegs none; new in tins, 9¢; 10¢.
BUTTER—We quote choice dairy at 25¢; good fresh roll, 20¢; 22¢; ordinary, 15¢; 18¢, whether brine or solid; common, 12¢; 15¢; market steady; California fresh roll, 22¢; 25¢.
GREEN FRUITS—Apples, good to choice, 50¢; \$1 per box; Limes, \$1; \$1 50 per box; Oranges, \$2 50; \$4 per 100.
DRIED FRUITS—Apples: sun dried, 4¢; 5¢; machine dried, 6¢; 8¢. Peas, machine dried, 7¢; 8¢. Plums, machine dried, 15¢; 18¢; pitted, 10¢; 12¢; with pits, no sale.
EGGS—22¢ per dozen.
POULTRY—Hens and roosters, \$5; \$6; chickens \$2 75; \$3 50.
CHICKENS—Oregon, 10¢; 12¢; California, 10¢; 15¢.
HOGS—Dressed, 5¢; on foot, 4¢.
BEEF—Live weight, 2¢; 3¢, for good to choice.
SHEEP—Live weight, 2¢; 3¢.
HIDES—Quotable at 13¢; 14¢ for all over 16 lbs, one-third off for under that, also one-third off for culls.
TALLOW—Quotable at 6¢; 7¢.

General Merchandise.
RICE—Market quoted at China mixed, \$2; \$3; Japan, 6¢; 7¢; Sandwich Island, 7¢; 7 1/2¢.
COFFEE—Costa Rica, 10¢; 11¢; Java, 25¢; Rio, none; Guatemala, 16¢; 17¢.
TEAS—We quote Japan in flowered boxes 35¢; 40¢; Lacerated boxes, 45¢; 50¢; paper, 50¢; 57¢.
SUGARS—Sandwich Island, 7¢; 8¢; Golden C, in bbls 9¢; hf bbls 5¢; Crushed bbls, 10¢; hf bbls, 10¢; pulverized bbls 11¢, hf bbls 11¢; Granulated bbls 12¢, hf bbls 10¢.
SYRUPS—Quotable at 47¢ in bbls, 50¢ in hfs, and 55¢ in kegs.
SARDINES—Qr boxes, \$1 90; hf boxes, \$2; \$3.
YEAST POWDER—Donnelly, 10¢; 20¢; gross; Dooley, 2¢; 2¢; gross; Preston & Merrill, 2¢; 2¢; gross.
WINES—Sherry, foreign in bbl, \$2 50; \$3; in cs, \$7; \$8.
Sherry, domestic in bbl, \$1 50; \$2 50; in cs, \$4 50; \$5.
Port, foreign in bbl, \$2 50; \$3; in cs, \$7; \$8.
Port, domestic in bbl, \$1 50; \$2 50; in cs, \$4 50; \$5.
Angelica, domestic in bbl, \$1 50; \$2 50; in cs, \$4 50; \$5.
Muscatel, domestic in bbl, \$1 75; \$2 50.
Holding, domestic in bbl, \$1 50; \$2 00.
Sonoma White, domestic in bbl, \$1 00; \$1 25; in cs, \$1 00; \$1 25.
Claret, foreign in bbl, \$1 50; \$2 00; in cs, \$4 50; \$5.
Claret, domestic in bbl, 75¢; in cs, \$3; \$4.
CANDLES—Emory, 12¢; Pick & Shovel, 15¢; Harkness, 20¢; Grant, 15¢; wax, 21¢.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 20.
FIRST DISPATCH.
WHEAT—Quiet, the demand is for choice.
BARLEY—Demand is for choice brewing.
Chevalier feed sold at 70¢.
CORN—Nominally unchanged.
WOOL—Market about bare of stocks.

SECOND DISPATCH.
OATS—Good Oregon feed sold at \$1 40.
Stocks of fair to good are accumulating, but choice are reduced. Demand is for choice.
BUTTER—Choice fresh roll to extra choice, 30¢.

EGGS—California, 23 1/2¢; 35¢.
WOOL—The revived spurt has cleared out all stocks. Eastern Oregon sold at 22¢ and one small clip of choice valley brought 24¢. Stocks now here are confined to Umpqua and Humboldt.

Receipts for past 24 hours—10,000 qr sks flour, 15,000 cts wheat, 1,200 cts oats, 1,300 sks potatoes, 5,500 dozen eggs.

Freights and charters—Br bark Cormorant reported chartered at 50s for U. K.; Br ship Fiji, for Liverpool, but doubtful; Am bark Thomas Fletcher, reported taken to load dyewood at a Central American port for Liverpool. Good ships are freely held. Heavy fogs retard arrivals of many ships nearly due. A better demand is expected next week. The market hinges on fogs and demand.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 20.
WOOL—Firm, and there is an improved demand for Colorado at 20¢; 25¢ for fine and medium and 35¢; 37¢ for extra and Merino pulled.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.
WHEAT—85 1/2¢; 86 1/2¢ paid for September.
BACON—Short rib sides, \$4 65.
PORK—\$8 3 1/2 paid for September.
LARD—\$5 6 1/2 paid for September.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.
WHEAT—Strong.
FLOUR—Steady.
WOOL—Steady.
HIDES—Quiet at 20¢; 20 1/2¢.
Whale and sperm oil, quiet.

ENGLISH COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 20.
COTTON—Active and firmer. Uplands, 6 9-16. Orleans, 5 11-16.

English Wheat Market.

LONDON, August 20—Floating cargoes, firm.
Cargoes on passage and for shipment, dull.
Mark Lane, firmer.
Quotations of good cargoes off coast 450 lbs, sea damage for sellers' account, less usual 2 1/2 per cent. commission: Med. Ch. or Mill, 42s; Red Winter, 46s 6d; Cala, 500 lbs, 47s.

Good shipping Cala. wheat on passage, per 500 lbs, Queenstown for orders, just shipped or to be promptly shipped, 46s; nearly due, 45s 6d; Oregon for shipment, 47s; 47 1/2 6d.

Fair average Chicago or Milwaukee, for shipment during present month and following one, per 480 lbs, Am. terms, 41s.
Imports of wheat into U. K. during past week, 330,000; 335,000 qrs.
Imports of flour into U. K. during past week, 160,000; 155,000 bbls.

Weather in England, wet.
LIVERPOOL, August 20.—Wheat, on spot, quiet but steady.
Red Winter, 9s.
White Michigan, 9s 5d.
No. 1 standard, 9s 9d. No. 2 standard, 9s 4d.
Red Am. Spring, No. 3 to No. 2, shipping, per cental, 7s 11d; 8s 8d.

BARTLETT'S COLUMN.

CHAS. C. BARTLETT!

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail DEALER IN—

GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES, BOOTS, SHOES, BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, CAPS,

FANCY GOODS,

Hardware, Hardware, Hardware,

Ship Chandlery.

Crockery, Crockery, Crockery,

TOBACCO Cigars TOBACCO,

Doors and Windows, Farming Implements, Furniture, Wall Paper, Plows,

And a Large assortment of Goods not enumerated, which we will sell at

The Lowest Prices.

BARTLETT'S Jewelry Store

Central Hotel building, Head of Union Wharf,

Port Townsend, W.T.

The Finest Stock of

SOLID GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES WATCHES

JEWELRY JEWELRY

ON PUGET SOUND.

Also a fine assortment of Clocks, Solid and Plated, Spectacles, Silver Ware, Spectacles, Eye, Field and Marine Glasses, Musical Instruments, Etc., Etc.

Goods Warranted as represented.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

Cleaned and repaired by a first class workman and warranted for one year.

C. C. BARTLETT, Prop'r.

Port Townsend Boot and Shoe Store

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Children's

Boots and Shoes

Of the very latest qualities and of the Latest Patterns.

GENTS AND LADIES' Arctic Over-Shoes.

Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Rubber Over-Shoes.

This is the Largest and Best selected stock of Boots and Shoes on Puget Sound, comprising

Bronze and Satin Dressing, Mason's Challenge Blacking, Frank Miller's Water-Proof Blacking, Machine Silk and Needles, Shoe Findings of every description, Rigging and Harness Leather, Etc., Etc., Etc.

A complete assortment of MISCELLANEOUS STOCK. CUSTOM WORK

And Repairing executed as usual, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A Fair Share of patronage of the Public is solicited.

I have a GREAT REVERENCE for Cash Customers.

JOHN FITZPATRICK.

H. L. TIBBALS & CO.'S SUPERIOR TEAMS.

Wharfingers AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS!

Vessels Discharged, Freights Collected, Teaming of all kinds done, At reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed.

Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Good Dry and Green Wood always on hand. Also, good Bark.

TIMOTHY HAY, ALWAYS ON HAND. —AGENTS FOR—

Steelacoom Beer, Seattle Beer, and Levy Bro.'s Soda Water and Root Beer.

All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention.

To the Merchants of Port Townsend we will say that we receive all your goods and advance the coin for your freight bills, for which we certainly expect your patronage, as we have attended to receiving, shipping, and delivering your goods for many years past.

We are still prepared to do all your work at fair and reasonable prices.

H. L. TIBBALS & CO., Port Townsend, W. T.

U. S. Marine Hospital!

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Any sick sailor who has paid Hospital dues for two months preceding his application for admission, is entitled to Hospital relief.

Port Townsend Hospital.

The above institution having been placed on a permanent footing, as the United States Hospital for Marine Patients on Puget Sound, the proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that no pains or expense will be spared in ministering to the comfort and convenience of private patients.

This is the largest General Hospital north of San Francisco, and by far the most complete in equipment. It has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished. Its general wards have accommodations for about one hundred patients and are peculiarly adapted for cases requiring the most careful treatment and constant supervision at limited expense. Those who desire them will be furnished with private rooms, entirely separate and distinct, at a slight additional cost.

The attention of Mill owners, and those interested in shipping, is called to the fact that seamen suffering from contagious diseases will be treated outside the Hospital without expense to the vessel.

Thomas T. Minor, M. D., Managing Surgeon.

JOHN T. NORRIS,

—IMPORTER OF—

Stoves, Tinware,

PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE, PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE, PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE,

—AND GENERAL—

House-Furnishing Hardware.

PRIME QUALITY, AND A FAIR MARKET PRICE For every article made or sold.

PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON CO

THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1879.

THAT IRON MINE.

Some of those interested seem to be very sensitive about the Chinacum iron mine, indignantly resenting the slightest hint that it may not yield profit to those investing. The policy which dictated recent strictures on our course is either very short sighted or evidence of a desire to prejudice others against us, by dint of sophistical reasoning. Our temperate caution has nothing to do with the operation of testing the ore, and certainly no capitalist will invest unless it is proved to him, beyond a doubt, that money can be made in the operation—so that if the mine will really pay for working it, a fair and unbiased comment cannot possibly retard its development. On the other hand, without due caution, the honest laborers who have by of industry and economy accumulated a few hundred dollars, might easily be induced to invest their little all upon the blind supposition that a rare chance had offered.

We distinctly remember of an instance, not a thousand years since, when good, hard-working fellows DID invest their spare cash—and they have never received a copper in return since, and perhaps never will. It is the duty of a journalist to speak fairly and conscientiously, where the interests of the public are at stake. If the iron mine in question WILL pay, as some think, then it will be developed; if not, a few words of caution may possibly save the money of some poor fellow who might otherwise squander it in foolish speculation. In this case, we earnestly hope that the wildest dreams of those who are enterprising enough to lead off may be realized, because it would benefit not themselves alone, whose public spirit deserves success, but every one on Puget Sound.

M. E. CONFERENCE.—The recent session of the M. E. Conference, in Portland, was lengthy and interesting. Some important steps were taken in regard to missionary work, the Chinese question, &c., also several changes were made in the distribution of the ministers, in which many of our readers are interested. Rev. A. C. Fairchild, having served up to the limit as Presiding Elder in the Puget Sound district, was placed in charge of the Portland district, and his place here was filled by the appointment of Rev. A. Atwood. Rev. S. A. Starr goes to Whidby Island, and Rev. W. I. Coper will be in charge here. The other appointments in this territory are as follows: Seattle, J. F. Devore; Tacoma, to be supplied; Olympia, J. McCormac; Chehalis, to be supplied; Oysterville, J. Matthews; Vancouver, M. Judy; Astoria, J. Parsons; Cowlitz, to be supplied; Lewis river, J. Flynn; White river, D. L. Spaulding; Skagit, to be supplied; Tumwater, C. Derrick; Ferndale, J. Goodpasture. Rev. B. J. Sharp, formerly of this place, will go to Oregon City, Ogn.

NEW EDITOR.—Rev. F. P. Tower, recently of Salem, Oregon, and formerly of California, was recommended by the M. E. Conference, which was in session last week in Portland, for the next editor of the "Pacific Christian Advocate." The appointments are made by the General Conference. Rev. J. H. Acton, the present editor, will continue another year before the expiration of his term. A change will be made only because he absolutely declines to accept a re-appointment, having determined to return East. Bro. Tower is a man of fine education, and is an able writer, although we doubt if he will succeed in improving the paper. Bro. Acton is one of the finest writers on the Pacific coast.

The latest evidence of activity on the part of sneak thieves in town was the stripping of various clothes lines last Monday evening. Something must be done to rid this place of vagabonds.

The firm of J. C. Ayer & Co., of Lowell, Mass., have long been known as being among the standard druggists of the world. Read their advertisement in another column.

It has been suggested that if any one can make the "Press" followers groan the ARGUS can.

FAIR.—The annual exhibition of the Western Washington Industrial Association will open the 29th of September, 1879, on their grounds, at Olympia, W. T. Space has been allotted and arrangements made to accommodate every county in the Territory. The farmers, manufacturers, fruit-growers and stock-raisers of Jefferson county can make as fine a display as that of any county on the Sound, if they will make an effort. J. A. Kuhn, the Commissioner for the Association, will be pleased to furnish any information on the subject desired. Let our farmer friends bestir themselves and make a creditable showing.

THE Walla Walla "Watchman" is out with a long expose of one W. W. Davies who, it alleges, has set himself up as a "prophet of God," and has obtained \$500 from a poor old blind man, under pretense of curing his blindness, besides decoying the latter several hundred miles. Davies admits having received the money, but won't refund. The case will go before the District Court. It will be remembered that we called attention to this abominable fraud last year. He has a camp at the foot of the Blue mountains, and, among other pretenses, claims that he has a child that is the Savior of the world.

DURING the past few days excitement has run high in San Francisco, on account of the shooting and probable murder of Rev. S. I. Kalloch, Workingmen's nominee for Mayor of S. F., by Chas. DeYoung, of the "Chronicle." Universal blame is attached to DeYoung, although bitter personalities were indulged in on both sides.

W. R. Macumber, local reporter on the Seattle "Post" staff, died on Sunday last, from exposure—he and foreman Leach, of the same office, having capized a boat while going to Port Orchard. They were in the water several hours before being rescued by Indians.

It is expected that Rev. W. I. Coper, the new Methodist preacher for this place, will be here in time for holding services next Sunday. He is a veteran in the work, and we predict for him a successful year. Rev. S. A. Starr carries with him the warmest wishes of numerous friends.

REV. A. Laubach, formerly of this city, has been placed, by his own request, upon the list of superannuated preachers of the M. E. Church. He will move back in a week or two to his farm on Port Discovery Bay.

The steamer Alex. Duncan arrived here on Tuesday, and remained some hours, discharging and receiving freight. Her advertisement will be found in today's ARGUS.

WORD comes by telegraph that Mr. A. H. Manning, of Sequim bay, has been appointed postmaster at that place.

The sch. Gen. Harney arrived on Tuesday with 100 tons of coal from the wreck of the Washington Libby.

The "Press" is to move into cheaper quarters.

HARK! was that the Point Wilson fog whistle?

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Services will be held in St. Paul's church on Sunday next at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday school at 2 P. M. Evening prayer on Wednesday, at 7 o'clock. Litany on Friday morning, at 10.

Regular services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday next, by Rev. D. W. Macle, pastor. Sabbath School as usual.

False Impression.

It is generally supposed by physicians and the people generally that Dyspepsia cannot invariably be cured, but we are pleased to say that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER has never, to our knowledge, failed to cure Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint in all its forms, such as Sour Stomach, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, bad taste in the mouth, &c. Out of the 50,000 dozen bottles sold last year, not a single failure was reported, but thousands of complimentary letters received from Druggists of wonderful cures. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it. Sample bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by all druggists. 25yl

Geo. Barthrop, House, Sign Painter &c., 21 years among you; asks for the unprejudiced share of patronage; and thanks kind patrons for the past.

READ THIS!

MUSIC.
Mendelssohn Pianos—3 octaves, Never requires tuning..... \$25
Piano-ettes—38 keys..... 12
Little Model Piano—upright..... 250
Bondo Piano..... 250
Hale..... 350 to 500
Emerson..... 400 to 500
Decker..... 350 to 500

ORGANS.
Clough & Warren—5 stops..... \$125
Estey..... 7 "..... 175
Palace..... 10 "..... 200
Palace..... 12 "..... 225

Payments in cash or Installments. Apply to **W. H. ROBERTS,** 25m3] Agent, Port Townsend.

For Shoalwater Bay, Gray's Harbor, Port Townsend, Seattle, Victoria, and Nanaimo

And will call at other Ports should Freights offer.

THE COASTING STEAMER

ALEXANDER DUNCAN,

JAMES CARROLL..... Comander

Leaving Pacific Dock, Portland,

25m On or about the 29th of each month

Office on dock foot of Salmon st., Portland

28 tf Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

SLOOP FOR SALE.

The sloop **JENNIE** of 10 tons burden, with sails, rigging and tack complete, is offered for sale at a bargain. This sloop is almost new, and in A 1 condition

For particulars, apply to

J. A. KUHN,

Port Townsend, W. T.

THE OLYMPIA

Broom Factory

Takes pleasure in announcing that they are now prepared to fill orders for

All styles of Brooms

—OF A—

GOOD Quality and at LOW RATES.

Send for prices. Address all orders to

WOODRUFF & VANEPPS,

273m Olympia, W. T.

WARNING.

I HEREBY warn everybody, and particularly ball players, not to jump over my fence and trample down my garden, (without permission) as I will otherwise prosecute them for trespass—from this date henceforth.

24:1m R. DELION,

Port Townsend, W. T., July 30, 1879.

\$50 REWARD!

We will pay FIFTY DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who rolled obstructious into and filled up the wells belonging to Maj. VanBokkelen, near our farm at Scow Bay, in the month of October, 1878.

JAMES NICHOLLS,

ANN NICHOLLS.

Probate Notice

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

ARTHUR PHINNEY, dec.

Petition for order to sell real estate.

ON READING AND FILING THE petition of George W. Harris, sole surviving executor of the last will and testament of Arthur Phinney, deceased, praying for authority to sell the real estate belonging to the said estate, and it appearing to the Court from said petition that there is real estate belonging to said estate unsold; that said estate cannot be settled, divided and distributed without a sale of said decedent's property; that said will authorizes the executors of said estate to sell all of said property whenever a sale in their judgment will be for the best interest of said estate; and it appearing to this court that it will be for the interest of said estate to sell said property, it is therefore ordered that Thursday, the 4th day of September, 1879, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the court room of the Probate Court in Port Townsend, W. T., be the time and place for the hearing of said petition for an order of sale, at which time and place all persons interested in said estate are required to appear and show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be made authorizing Geo. W. Harris, executor, to sell all of the real estate belonging to the estate of Arthur Phinney, deceased, remaining unsold.

And further, that a copy of this notice be posted by the clerk as required by law, and published in the Puget Sound Weekly ARGUS for four weeks before time of hearing the same.

J. A. KUHN,

Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, } SS.

County of Jefferson. }
I—J. A. KUHN, Judge and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court in and for Jefferson county, W. T., do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of an order made by the said Probate court of said county, and that the same is entered of record in said court.

[SEAL] Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 4th day of August, 1879. J. A. KUHN, Judge and ex-officio clerk of said Court.

GOOD INVESTMENT.

BEING on the eve of closing out my General Mercantile Establishment at

Coupeville, W. T.,

and retiring from business, I now offer for sale the entire business, and a large stock of General Merchandise, together with the buildings and grounds, at a great bargain.

The business has been established for fifteen years. Persons desirous of purchasing will please address my attorney, G. Morris Haller, Esq., at Port Townsend W. T.

GRANVILLE O. HALLER,
Dated at Coupeville, W. T., July 31st 1879.

NOTICE

Of Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the District Court of the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Port Townsend, in the suit of Marshall Billm against B. F. Dennison, duly attested the 23d day of July, A. D., 1879, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate in Jefferson County, to wit:

The E 1/2 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 5 Tp 30 N R 1 W containing 73 acres.

W 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Sec 4 Tp 30 N R 1 W; SE 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Sec 32 Tp 31 N R 1 W; and Lot 6 Sec 33 T 31 N R 1 W—containing 150 33-100 acres.

The property of B. F. Dennison.

Notice is hereby given that on

Wednesday, 3d day of Sept.

1879, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. at the door of the court house in Port Townsend, Jefferson county, W. T., I will sell at public auction the above described real estate to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the said execution of the amount of six hundred and eleven 66-100 (\$611.66) dollars, with interest at the rate of one per cent. per month from the 11th day of June A. D. 1874, amounting to three hundred and sixty-six 98-100 (\$366.98) dollars; and costs of suit amounting to ten (\$10) dollars and increased costs.

B. S. MILLER,

Sheriff of Jefferson county, W. T.

Port Townsend, July 28, 1879. 24

NOTICE

Sale of Real Estate.

Probate Court of Jefferson County, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

Dennis Hight, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T., duly made on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1879, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Dennis Hight, dec., will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, and subject to confirmation by said Court

On the 6th day of Sept., 1879, at the hour of 12 M.

At the Court house door in Port Townsend, in Jefferson county, W. T., the following described real estate, to wit:

34 1/2 acres in lot No. six (6) in section No. five (5), and 57 1/2 acres in lot No. seven (7); all in township No. twenty-nine (29) north range one east, containing 92 1/2 acres more or less, lying and being in Jefferson county, W. T.

Terms of sale as follows:—Cash in gold coin of the United States; one-half of the purchase money to be paid to the Administrator on the day of sale, balance on confirmation of the sale by said Probate court Deed at expense of purchaser.

Dated July 30, 1879.

WM. H. H. LEARNED,

Administrator of estate of Dennis Hight, dec.

Bradshaw & Inman, attys for est. 24:4w

Custom House Sale.

CUSTOM HOUSE DIST. OF PUGET SOUND, }
Port Townsend, August 13, 1879

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following described articles, seized for violation of the United States revenue laws, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Custom House in Port Townsend, Washington Territory, September 18, 1879, at 2 o'clock, P. M.:

No. 111. 5 prs. brogans, 3 prs. shoes, 1 pr. gaiters, 1 pr. gents' shoes, 2 jumpers, 1 under shirt, 1 pr. drawers, 3 calico shirts, 7 pieces calico, 1 white blanket, 1 pr. boy's pants, 13 prs. cotton socks, 1 pr woolen socks, 4 prs. children's hose, 1 pr. ladies' stockings, 4 towels, 2 handkerchiefs, 1 lb thread, 22 spools thread, 6 hanks braid, 8 pkgs. pins, 3 cakes soap, 1 pkg. candy, 2 papers tacks, scales, 6 pkgs. toilet paper, 1 gross matches, 6 bottles hair oil, 1 pkg. tobacco, 7 boxes percussion caps, 4 1/2-lb cans powder, 2 boxes blueing, 4 1/2-lb cans pepper, 8 bars soap, 4 papers saleratus, 14 pkgs. fire crackers, 2 cans lard, 1 coffee pot, 1 tin bucket, 3 1/2 chest black tea, 32 1/2-lb papers tea, 2 sacks flour, 1 mat rice (50 lbs.), 1 5-gal. can coal oil, 1 box nails, 1 ax, 1 old rifle, 9 deer horns, 3 otter skins, 10 specks wool (200 lbs.), 1 sloop, 20 lbs. bacon, 1 jug, 1 lb. beads, yeast powder, toilet powder, spice, lampwick. Seized July 30, 1879, at San Juan Island.

No. 112. 1 pr. shoes, 1 1/2 lbs. Chinese tobacco, 4 yds. damask, 2 1/2 lbs. cinnamon, 3 prs. Chinese shoes. Seized August 4, 1879, at Port Townsend.

Persons claiming any of the above mentioned articles are required to file their claims therewith with the Collector of Customs of this District, within twenty days from the first publication of this notice.

H. A. WEBSTER,
Collector of Customs.

Administrator's Sale

Of Personal Property.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That pursuant to an order of the Hon. Probate Court of Kitsap county, W. T., bearing date August 2, 1879, in the matter of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased, the undersigned administrator of said estate, will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder for cash, on

Thursday the 29th day of August, '79,

at 1 o'clock, P. M.

On Union wharf in Port Townsend, W. T., the following personal property to-wit:

Sloop "H. L. Tibbals," with the sails, rigging, anchors and cable;

1 skiff, 2 pairs oars,

1 cook stove and fixtures,

1 lot crockery, 1 rifle and cartridges,

1 clock, lot of clothing, bedding, &c.

D. C. H. ROTHCHILD,

Admin. of est. Joseph Bates, dec.

J. A. Kuhn, att'y for estate. 25-4

Port Townsend, Aug. 6, 1879.

Probate Notice.

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

Arthur Phinney deceased,

Notice of hearing petition for order of settlement of account and distribution.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That

George W. Harris, sole surviving executor of the estate of Arthur Phinney, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement and allowance, and filed in the Probate court of Jefferson county, his account and vouchers of all his transactions, doings and business relating to said estate, and has also presented and filed a petition praying for distribution of \$5,000 to each of the heirs and persons entitled to a share in the distribution of the estate of said Arthur Phinney under the will and to determine who such persons are. And that the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T., does hereby appoint the 4th day of September, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at the court room of said court, in said county, as the time and place of hearing and settling said petition and account wherefore it is ordered that all persons interested in said estate or entitled to a share in the distribution thereof, be and they are required to appear at said time and place and show cause if any they have why said account should not be allowed and settled and said distribution made.

And further, that a copy of this notice be posted by the clerk as required by law, and also published in the Puget Sound Weekly ARGUS for four weeks before the time of hearing the same.

J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON } SS.

County of Jefferson, W. T. }

I—J. A. KUHN, Judge, and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court in and for Jefferson county, W. T., do hereby certify the foregoing to be true copy of said notice ordered by said Probate Court of said county, to be given and that the same is of record in said court.

[SEAL] Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 5th day of August, 1879.

J. A. KUHN, Judge,

25:4t] and ex-officio clerk of said court.

THE BEST REMEDY

FOR

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

FOR

Diseases of the pulmonary

organs are so prevalent and fatal, that a safe and reliable remedy for them is invaluable to every community.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is such a remedy, and no other so eminently merits the confidence of the public. It is a scientific combination of the medicinal principles and curative virtues of the finest drugs, chemically united, to insure the greatest possible efficiency and uniformity of results, which enables physicians as well as invalids to use it with confidence. It is the most reliable remedy for diseases of the throat and lungs that science has produced. It strikes at the foundation of all pulmonary diseases, affording prompt and certain relief, and is adapted to patients of any age or either sex. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it without difficulty. In the treatment of ordinary Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and Catarrh, the effects of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL are magical, and multitudes are annually preserved from serious illness by its timely and faithful use. It should be kept at hand in every household, for the protection it affords in sudden attacks. In Whooping-cough and Consumption there is no other remedy so efficacious, soothing, and helpful.

The marvellous cures which AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL has effected all over the world are a sufficient guaranty that it will continue to produce the best results. An impartial trial will convince the most sceptical of its wonderful curative powers, as well as of its superiority over all other preparations for pulmonary complaints.

Eminent physicians in all parts of the country, knowing its composition, recommend AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL to invalids, and prescribe it in their practice. The use of half a century has proved its absolute certainty to cure all pulmonary complaints not already beyond the reach of human aid.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

Lowell, Mass.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

DO NOT FAIL to send for our NEW PRICE LIST. More complete than ever. Contains descriptions of every thing required for personal or family use, with over 1000 illustrations. Send five cents for it. (Stamps will do.) We sell all goods at wholesale prices in quantities to suit the purchaser. The only illustration of America who make this their special business. Address, MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 237 & 239 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS.

HEAVY rains last week.
Only a few more days till school commences.

THE citizens of La Conner are petitioning for a money-order post-office.

THE M. E. Conference recently decided to establish a mission in Alaska.

LARGE lots of new goods, for our merchants, were landed here by the Alaska.

THE Washington hotel sports a newly painted sign.

MR. Sterling intends moving his saloon next week, to the old Custom house building.

WE received a pleasant call last week from Mr. N. Meagher, probate judge of Clallam county.

MR. W. R. Andrews, of La Conner, has formed a law partnership with Hon. O. Jacob, of Seattle.

THE first bell ever cast in Washington Territory was recently turned out from the Tacoma foundry.

THE town board of Seattle have passed a fire-limit ordinance to provide against fire within the city limits.

MRS. Dunlavy wants the "whipping post" system of punishment adopted—for the benefit of wife beaters. Quite right.

THE S. F. "Commercial Advocate" boldly hoists the name of Ulysses S. Grant at the head of its columns for President in 1880.

CAPT. Frank Tucker, head keeper of Dungeness lighthouse, and Mr. B. G. Hotchkiss, of Dungeness, were in town last week.

THE recent heavy rains on the Sound came, for the most part, between haying and grain harvest—doing but little damage.

THE Chinese of this place have started a movement to test the legality of the city Ordinance imposing a special license upon their wash houses.

WE understand that Messrs. D. W. Smith and F. W. James, of this place, will soon take a trip into the coast range of mountains.

MR. Israel Katz returned from San Francisco on the Alaska. He reports his brother, Mr. Solomon Katz, still in a critical condition.

THE residence of T. D. Hinckley, on the shores of Lake Union, near Seattle, was burned, August 15th. Loss about \$1,500 with no insurance.

GOV. Ferry has appointed H. W. Scott, from Whatcom county, to a free scholarship in the Territorial University, in place of Maggie J. Jenkins married.

NEW buildings are going up like magic on the site of the "burat district" in Seattle—indicating thrift and energy on the part of property owners in that city.

MR. Holcomb keeps fresh butter on hand for the retail trade, from "Brook Farm Dairy," kept by Mr. Hall Davis, Dungeness. Call on him and try it.

THOSE who read Prof. Roberts' new advertisement this week can hardly fail to obtain desirable information—it they desire to obtain any kind of a musical instrument.

WE acknowledge a call from Rev. M. Eells and family, of Skokomish. They were on their way home from Neah bay and way ports, having made a general visit to Indians along their journey.

THE wife and infant son of Rev. T. J. Weekes, of San Juan, were passengers on the steamer Favorite, last week, on their way home after a protracted visit to Forest Grove, Ogn.

MR. Waterman informs us that it is the intention of the firm to remove the "upper works"—that is, the upper rooms of the Mary Taylor. By so "cutting her down" they expect to fit her better for towing and freighting business.

ANOTHER cheese factory will soon be put in operation by Messrs. Long & Birmingham, on White River, King county. The farmers of that region have contracted to supply the factory with milk at 90 cents per hundred pounds.

"PACHYMEGALITIS, secondary to caries of bone at the base of the skull," is what killed a Seattle man recently, says the "Intelligencer." Exodus of the terror-stricken inhabitants will commence at once if the awful scourge spreads any further.

ITEM for the "Standard" sauce man: It is now generally supposed that the reason why the editor of the "Bee" always gets the best of the "Standard" editor in journalistic bouts is because the former is by profession a Bee laborer.

THE office of Territorial Librarian, made vacant by the removal of Hon. Elwood Evans from Olympia, has been filled by the appointment of W. H. Newlin, Esq., a promising young lawyer residing in Olympia.

SUNDAY'S EXCURSION.—On Sunday last about 125 persons (as near as we could learn, 120 tickets having been sold) came over from Victoria to this place, on the Isabel—about half the number of those who came on the former excursion. A game of base ball was played in the afternoon between the Victoria boys and a nine made up from the Port Townsend and Fort Townsend clubs, resulting in a victory for the Victorians by a score of 10 to 15. Some of the best players of this place, would not join the game on account of the day being Sunday, and others who did play had never before played with the other members of the club; so that, all things considered, they did well. A large number of people witnessed the game. We learn that a petition, signed by six ladies, was sent to Gen. Howard, requesting that the soldiers here be forbidden to play on Sunday. Capt. Miles, to whom the petition was transmitted, read it to the "boys" in his command, and ordered them to refrain under penalty of a court martial. After they had come to town, however, on Sunday morning, the Captain sent word that they might play—so the game proceeded. When the excursionists started home, about six o'clock, Mr. Harry Taylor, being in one of his habitual drunken sprees, proposed three groans for the ARGUS. He was joined by a magnificent (?) following of THREE!!—none of the Victorians participating. Of course a sensation was produced. Thus the opposition booms. We learn that a large number of Victoria people remained at home waiting for a week-day excursion. After the Isabel left, a lot of small boys in town organized a game of their own and had lots of boisterous fun. It is claimed, by some of the enthusiastic advocates of Sunday amusements, that the Sunday Schools and church services in town will soon have to be discontinued—because there will be none to attend them. The Victorians were, as a rule, quite decorous last Sunday—although most of them were boys and young people.

THE Alaska, H. G. Morse masters, arrived at this port on Monday evening last from Frisco. She brings 48 tons freight for Port Townsend; 113 tons for Seattle; 21 tons freight for Tacoma; 32 tons for Olympia. Passengers—Mr. E. Cory, C. Cory; B. Wallis, Miss L. Bradshaw, S. C. Davis, wife and 3 children; I. Katz, G. Ferguson, Miss Ferguson, Mrs. J. Thompson, Mrs. E. L. Petroff, Mrs. Trask, Miss Halstead, Mrs. Stewart and children; Mrs. G. C. Parkinson, W. H. McLean, M. R. Tilly, Miss Blackie, Mrs. L. H. Blackie, E. L. Blackie, E. S. Grout and 23 steerage. Consignees of Port Townsend—C. Eisenbels, C. C. Bartlett, D. R. Judkins, J. McIntyre, N. D. Hill & Son, P. D. Mills, Waterman & Katz, Dodd & Pugh, J. E. Pugh, O. H. Holcomb, Rothschild & Co., W. G. Stevens, J. T. Norris, J. J. Hunt, O. F. Gerrish & Co., W. F. & Co., Zee Tai & Co.

EITHER the "Press" editor has been imposed upon, or else he has lied about us again. We never made any overtures for a consolidation with his paper, and never authorized any one else to do so; neither have we ever, for one moment, desired such a change to be brought about. No; it can die in its rottenness and filth, as it assuredly WILL do. And its owners needn't think they can gain for the concern even temporary credit by publishing such libelous falsehoods as the one which suggested this item.

A PAINTING of the city of Port Townsend, executed by our artist townsman, Mr. H. Tilman, and now nearing completion, is the most natural looking picture of the place that we have yet seen. The view is from the water, and, although the colors are necessarily too striking and the picture is faulty in a few minor particulars, the general effect is quite satisfactory. Mr. Tilman does extremely well for an artist who never took lessons in his life.

MR. S. C. Davis, formerly of Dungeness, has just returned, after an absence of about nine years, during which time he has lived in Wisconsin, Michigan and Canada. Since leaving Puget Sound in the "Ankitty" days, Mr. D. has acquired, among other articles of household furniture, a wife and three children. His friends are pleased to see him again, although time has wrought a striking change in the bachelor other days.

THE Immigration Aid Society has, through its committee on publication, prepared a circular containing a list of questions, and printed a number of copies. These circulars will be sent to prominent citizens in this and adjoining counties, and have for their object the obtaining of reliable information to be embodied in the proposed descriptive pamphlet to be issued this fall.

THE fisheries of Puget Sound and vicinity are doing a splendid business this year. At Tulalip large quantities of salmon are being taken. At this place the fishermen have all they can do to take care of their booty. The steamer Favorite last week took a large lot of salt here for use at Point Roberts where it is said the catch is unusually large.

"VARMINTS" POISONED.—Messrs. Smith & Terry, of this city, recently brought a large band of fine sheep across from Whidby Islands, turning them out on their farm about 2 1/2 miles from this place. Going to see them one morning soon after, they found five lying dead, having been killed by wild beasts. Confining the remaining sheep in an enclosure, the owners put poison on the carcasses of those that had been killed, and on the following morning, found two very large panthers "turned up to dry."

THE branch house, supplied with all kinds of printers' material, which Messrs. Miller & Richards, of S. F., recently established in Portland, Or., will undoubtedly be a great convenience to the craft all over the Northwest. Mr. Robinson, its gentlemanly manager is well and favorably known.

THE Olympia "Experiment" man is in a bad way, having evidently "run short" of ideas. He is out in an article piteously calling upon the inventive genius of our country to produce an improvement upon the "fountain pen" by making it a "fountain IDEA pen." A kind of scissor-opticon we presume.

THE number of prisoners in the Oregon State penitentiary has increased over fifty, or about one-quarter, during the last ten months. Either crime is alarmingly on the increase over there, or the authorities are exercising greater vigilance and severity in bringing criminals to justice.

OUR DELEGATE.—The "State Journal" of Aug. 16, published at Eugene, Oregon, contained a column and a half article commendatory of our Delegate in Congress, Hon. T. H. Brents. Mr. B. should feel highly flattered at the kind expressions which there find place.

IN order to encourage the fecundity of paragraphers' ideas, we hereby freely offer a splendid leather medal to the one who first gets off something about the new editor of the P. C. "Advocate" being a "Tower of strength," or something to that effect.

MR. Salley, proprietor of the Port Discovery stage line, expects to have bad roads again soon, on account of the indifference of our county. Last spring we called attention to the need of better roads, making several Salley (ent) points, yet the reform has not thus far been inaugurated.

JUST received, at "Bartlett's Jewelry Store," a small assortment of Chromos, Pictures, Picture frames, Picture mouldings, etc., which will be sold cheap Call around and examine them.

CHIEF Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

For Good cigars, go to Holcomb's

Am. bark Willard Mudgett.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
I. S. STAPLES, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, July 10 1879.

LOST.
A Pearl stud (spiral) set in gold. Please return to Rothschild & Co. Suitable reward paid.
Port Townsend, Aug. 1, 1879.

Hall for Sale.
The undersigned offers at private sale lot 3 block 45 of Port Townsend, W. T., with the improvements thereon, consisting of "Masonic Hall". Said hall is 30x80 feet, two stories, hard finished throughout and in good condition; title perfect. Bids will be received for said property up to 12 o'clock M., Aug. 27, 1879.
J. A. KUHN,
Att'y in fact.

NOTICE.
TO LEASE
The Saloon formerly occupied by J. G. Sterling, with TWO BILLARD Tables and fine MARBLE-TOP COUNTER. This saloon is 24x65 feet; sitting room and Store-room, ten good rooms on second floor.
The best location in the city for business.
Apply to
H. L. TIBBALS,
Port Townsend, Aug. 6, '79. 3w

CHIMACUM TRIBE, NO. 1, I. O. R. M.,
Hold regular meetings at their hall, every Wednesday evening. 23

\$100 REWARD.
We will pay ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS Reward for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who killed our cattle at Scow bay, in Jefferson Co., W. T. Of the said cattle a work ox was killed about two weeks ago, two steers and a cow were killed in December last, and the other—a fat cow—was killed on about July 4, 1878.
We will also pay FIFTY DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who broke and set adrift a boat belonging to us, under Waterman & Katz' lumber pile, between the hours of 8, P. M., June 20, 1878 and 3, A. M., of June 30, 1878.
JAMES NICHOLLS,
ANN NICHOLLS.
Port Townsend, July 17, 1879. 22

ROTHSCHILD & CO.,
SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

—O AND DEALERS IN O—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Dry Goods, Clothing,
Boots and shoes,
Shipchandlery, Hardware, Groceries
Tobacco, cigars, Wines, & liquors

Exchange Bought and Sold.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

The Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce.

CALIFORNIA WINES, PORT, SHERRY, ANGELICA, AND MUSCATEL, and Wine Vinegar, imported direct by us from the vineyards, in pipes and barrels, and for sale at San Francisco rates by
ROTHSCHILD & CO.

One 3 1-4 inch FISH wagon for sale at a bargain by

ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Port Townsend, March 27, 1879.

Vessels Consigned to Rothschild & Co.

Am. bark C. H. Kenney.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
CAPT. FIKET, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Aug. 6, 1879.

German barque F. H. Drews.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
CAPT. W. VORSATZ, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agent.
Port Townsend, Aug 2, 1879.

Bol. bark Surprise.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW.
C. F. CURTIS, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Aug. 5, 1879.

Costa Rican ship Mathilde.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
CAPT. R. H. JONES, Master.
Port Townsend, June 23, 1879.

British bark Lady Bowen.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
CAPT. G. W. BARNES, Master.
Port Townsend, June 23, 1879.

Honduras barque Chielayo
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW.
CAPT. J. JULIO BOLLO, Master
D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents
Port Townsend, Feb. 18, 1879

D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD,
Consular agent of FRANCE;
" " " " PERU;
" " " " NICARAGUA;
" " " " URAGUAY.

Genuine straight Bourbon Whiskey.
From Kentucky.

Virginia Rye Whiskey
From Richmond, Va., direct from the distilleries.

Rock Cove Bourbon Whiskey—1873 and 1876.

Miller Stewart & " "
—Of 1876.

Durham Old Virginia Rye Whiskey—1873.
For sale by ROTHSCHILD & Co.

SALT.

WE OFFER FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT, A BRAND OF

Peruvian Salt
EQUAL in every respect to the best Liverpool Salt for all purposes for which a spotless whiteness is not required.
Buyers will find it stronger and cheaper than any other by calling for samples. 7 ROTHSCHILD & CO.

FARMERS' STORE.
NEW DUNGENESS, W. T.
C. F. OLAPP, - Proprietor.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS JUST OPENED WITH A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK of General Merchandise, consisting in part of
Hardware, Groceries, Provisions, Crochery, Boots, and Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c.,
Which will be sold at Port Townsend Prices, for Cash.
PRODUCE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR CASH AND GOODS. Also
WOOL HIDES, FURS, AND OIL
For which the highest market price will be paid. Farmers will find it to their interest to call and examine goods at this establishment before purchasing elsewhere. **NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS**

SUNSET.

Beyond the mountain's dusky mass
The sun his warm descent delays;
The lowering cloud its loth last rays
Suffuse with crimson veins, that pass
To melt in mellow haze.

O'er the great hills a ruddy sea
The cloud-rack lifts and underlies;
Above th' aerial headlands rise,
Glowing with hues that change and die
To faint in orange skies.

There like a pilgrim band, depart
Of russet clouds a lessening train.
That as in distant heights they wane
Quick into delicate flame out-start,
And die in splendid pain.

Watch how the deeper fires die out:
The clouds that thicken from the west
Dark on the somber Catskills rest;
Gray grow the mountains round about,
And dim Taconic's crest.

From the broad valley comes no sound;
But from the thicket's close retreat
The birds sing drowsily and sweet;
The twilight throbs with peace profound—
Peace for the soul most meet.

Now draw the infinite Heavens near;
And swiftly blending into white
The last tints deepen into light
Intense and tremulously clear;
Day's message to the night.

The Fate of a Letter.

"I'm just making my report to the Department at Washington concerning the fate of a registered letter," remarked Special Agent Barrett, of the Philadelphia post office yesterday, as he sat at his desk buried in a pile of official documents. "Sometimes parties who complain of having a letter lost think there is too much of that quantity known as 'red tape' to be disposed of in our endeavors to find a missing letter, but we must find all the information, although sometimes we trace out our case on a very meagre start.

"Here is a good illustration. In a little town, about twelve miles out of the city—I will give you my reason for not stating the names when I am done with the story—there lives an old gentleman who has two sons living in a town out in Kansas. One of them has recently purchased some property out there in which the father is also interested, intending soon to go out there himself. About two months ago the father wanted to send fifty dollars to his son to pay the interest coming due on a mortgage, and so he went to the post office, inclosed the sum in a registered letter, took his receipt for it and went home happy, thinking, I presume, that that matter was attended to. The letter was in what we call 'a jacket' or an extra envelope supplied by the government, was put into a pouch containing nothing but registered letters, and having a peculiar lock, indeed, so peculiar that there are but six post offices in the United States that have a key that will unlock it. One of these offices is at St. Louis, to which place the letter was first sent and from there forwarded to its destination in Kansas. The arrival of the mail in one of those little Western towns is an event with them, and when it is about time for it to arrive the good country people congregate in the post office to ascertain if anybody from the East has remembered them. The son was expecting this letter, and of course was in the office when the postmaster opened his mail. "Here's a letter for you, Mr. Smith, and here's one for you, Mr. Jones, and another for Mr. Brown," said the postmaster, and finally, coming in contact with the registered letter, announced the fact to the waiting son, congratulating him on its contents. The son attempted to tear open the letter, but could not, because the letter and envelope were stuck together. "Guess the old gentleman didn't mean the money should jump out for the want of maulage," remarked the son, as he drew his knife from his pocket and began to cut off the covering. It was fearfully glued together, but at last he got at enough of it to read "Inclosed please find \$50," but he failed to find a cent. The letter had been rifled. Who did it? Certainly not by the postmaster at that end of the line, for he took it from the pouch and delivered it directly to the person to whom it was addressed. An investigation showed that the letter had been immediately forwarded from St. Louis to its destination and the proper receipts given for it whenever it passed from the hands of one agent to another. It could not have been between this city and St. Louis, for no one had a key to the pouch and no one could have picked the lock. So the matter was narrowed down to the post office here and the one from which it was mailed. The date of its receipt by the postal agent from the country office was on the envelope, and the time of its starting for St. Louis."

Such was the condition of affairs when Special Agent Barrett received the papers from Washington and entered upon his investigation of the case. Not desiring to be seen in the town where the letter was mailed, fearing it would arouse suspicion if the guilty party was located there, Mr. Barrett addressed a letter to the writer, requesting him to come to Philadelphia, and the writer came.

"When did you mail that letter?" was the first inquiry.

"On the 30th of May," responded the writer.

"And at what hour?" continued the questioner.

"A little before four o'clock," was the response.

"Sure of that?" asked the special agent.

"Yes, I could swear to it," was the positive reply.

"What kind of a man is the postmaster out there?"

"Oh, there was never an honest man lived; he didn't have anything to do with it."

"No; I don't believe he did," was the assuring response of the interlocutor;

"but tell me, who is in the office with him?"

"Well, he has a brother-in-law there, who attends to the office in his absence."

"Yes; now, can you tell me what kind of a character he bears?"

"Well, I can't say much about him," responded the writer of the letter, hesitatingly; "I've heard some things, but I don't know anything myself, about his having come there from the South, and that's all I can tell you, except I heard, now I come to think of it, that he was once in a store somewhere in the Jersey; I can't tell where now, but I can find out and let you know," added the man, not knowing what possible good could be gained by the information, but hoping that it might be after all valuable.

The place at which the brother-in-law of the postmaster had worked was ascertained and the information imparted to Mr. Barrett. The next step taken by the special agent was, using his own language, "to go for" the postal agent by asking him to explain how it was that a letter received by him at six o'clock one day did not reach the office in Philadelphia until the next evening. The agent declared that no such state of facts existed.

"Here's a registered letter, mailed before four o'clock on the 30th of May, which was Friday, and did not reach Philadelphia until Saturday night. How is that?" inquired Mr. Barrett.

"Nothing of kind," replied the train agent; "I received that letter on my down trip on Saturday morning and brought it up with me Saturday evening," he added with emphasis.

"From whom did you receive the letter?"

"From the assistant postmaster of —"

He gave it to me himself, and I received to him for it on Saturday morning. More than this, I often get letters that were put into the office the day before on my down trip, because he says he don't want to take the trouble of bringing them to the cars in the evening," was the emphatic explanation of the train agent.

Armed with these facts and such other information he had gained from the slight clue that the brother-in-law "had worked somewhere in Jersey," the special agent paid the postmaster of the country office a visit. In a little time he was closeted with him in a private room, much to the discomfiture of the young brother-in-law, who remarked just as the door was being closed in his face, which was with livid with fear, "Remember how it was about that check."

"What check? What does he mean?" inquired Mr. Barrett of the postmaster, to which the latter replied, "Oh! that's an old matter that has nothing whatever to do with this case."

"Yes, but why should he have made that remark now? What is the necessity to remember about any check? How does he know what I want of you?" were the inquiries with which the postmaster was plied.

"Now, I must tell you," continued Mr. Barrett, "that I very much fear that you are in for the payment of \$50 that were mailed in a registered letter from this office."

"Oh, it couldn't have been lost here, for I put the letter in an official envelope and locked it up in my desk, and—"

"Your brother-in-law has a key to that desk?" inquired Mr. Barrett, interrupting the speaker.

"Yes, I believe he has," acknowledged the postmaster.

"And now I tell you he is the thief," continued the special agent.

"Mr. Barrett, he is my brother-in-law," interposed the postmaster.

"Yes, I know he is, and I'm sorry for you, and I am sorry for his sister. Now, do you know anything about him? Do you know where he came from when he came to you?" were the questions put in rapid succession by the interviewer.

The postmaster only knew that his brother-in-law came to his house from South Carolina; that he had worked in New Jersey, and was subsequently in Philadelphia, and from there went South.

"Yes," explained Mr. Barrett, "he did go to South Carolina from Philadelphia. His stay in Philadelphia was exceedingly brief. He had robbed his employer in Gloucester, where he had been working, of \$319 in cash; he then hired

a livery team and went to Philadelphia, and left the team at a stable, and the owners got it back a week afterward only by advertising for it. Then the officers of the law got on his trail and followed him to South Carolina, where an old uncle sold his little farm, all the property he owned, to raise the money to refund to his nephew's employer and keep the rascal out of prison. Then he came up here to live with you. The day that letter was mailed at this office you left it about five o'clock in the afternoon, and after supper you went to your lodge, and did not see the inside of the office again until the next day."

After delivering a lecture to the country official on his neglect of duty in failing to put the letter on the cars the day it was mailed at his office, instead of leaving it there over night for the dishonest relative to rob at his leisure, special agent Barrett left him, the postmaster promising to call on Mr. Barrett yesterday.

"Instead of waiting until Friday," said Mr. Barrett, "he called on me yesterday and planked down the \$50; and though a Presbyterian elder, he actually said 'damn me, if I get hold of that rascally brother-in-law of mine I'll shoot him.' He found out the thief had bought a sewing machine in this city with \$35 of the stolen money, and I told him where he had bought it."

"So you see the date and hour of mailing a letter forms an important item in tracing it up, if any information is wanted concerning it."

Professional Invalids.

Many years ago, says the New York Times, American women used to be regarded as invalids by profession, and there was reason for so regarding them. They were accused, also, of a fondness of being considered fragile, as if they believed physical delicacy to be evidence of sensibility. They have not been so accused of late, nor do they desire to be. They have gained in health and common sense, and are now comparatively robust. The folly they are said to have displayed seems to have passed to many of the Parisian women, who now certainly indicate a prejudice in favor of corporal weakness and ailments. These are very apt to represent themselves, and to be represented by their writers, as always more or less ill; as living on their nerves and will; as invalids, chronic and graceful. Their actresses, notably those of the Sarah Bernhardt stamp, play this role and it is very unpleasant. They would better attempt another and a more welcome part. Parisians are inclined to be morbid, as much of their literature is morbid. The women of Paris are, as a rule, well enough and strong enough, or would be, if they should be half natural, if they should lose their corsets, wear shoes sufficiently large and obey the instincts of prudence and intelligence. American woman can look the character of invalids, but Parisians cannot look it with their usually thick figures and heavy weight. They should give up the impersonation of invalidism. It does not fit them; it is not becoming, and it is ridiculous as well as repulsive. They have not, though they may fancy they have, stepped out of Balzac's novels, which have well been called a literary museum of morbid anatomy. Persons who have known Parisian women intimately must recall their tendency to exaggerate their ailments, to make mountains out of mole-hills. If they are ill once in a while, they declare they are always ill. A headache is displayed as serious; a touch of rheumatism is paraded as alarming. They are forever threatened with death from heart disease, or apoplexy, or paralysis. They were born sensationalists, and illness appears to them romantic and alluring.

Low Physical Sensibility.

In the curious histories of malingering, which we receive from the medical officers of our prisons and public services, many instances of self-inflicted injuries occur which doubtless might be traced to the existence of a low standard of physical sensibility. A remarkable instance came under my own observation, many years ago, in quite a young child, which makes it all the more striking, as infancy is very intolerant of pain. A little pauper girl presented herself one morning in the surgery of a country doctor and lisped out a request to have a decayed tooth extracted. The tooth, which, for a child, was large and firmly fixed, was taken out without the smallest expression of suffering on the part of the child, and a penny was given her for being so brave. The next morning the little thing again reappeared, and asked to have a tooth extracted, this time pointing to a perfectly sound one, and it seems probable that she would have consented to the forcible extraction of the whole set at a penny a tooth.—The Contemporary Review.

"Most people neglect the eye," says a writer. Prize-fighters don't. They always go right for it.

OLYMPIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

N. S. PORTER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Olympia, W. T.

H. C. STRUVE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Olympia, W. T.

OLYMPIA HOTEL,
J. G. SPARKS, Proprietor,
Olympia, W. T.

E. N. OUIMETTE,
Dealer in all kinds of
DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY,
Corner Main and Fifth Streets, Olympia, W. T.

OLYMPIA Broom Factory!
ISAAC CHILBERG, Prop'r.
—Manufacturer of—
All Kinds of Brooms
At San Francisco prices. Brooms warranted to give satisfaction. Patronize Home Industry.

SEATTLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW ENGLAND HOTEL,
SEATTLE, W. T.
L. C. HARMON, : : : PROPRIETOR.
Free Coach to and from the House.

Jas. McNaught. Jos. F. McNaught.
McNaught Brothers,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Seattle, W. T.

Geo. W. Harris,
(Successor to J. F. Morrill.)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—DEALERS IN—

DRUGS AND MEDICINES!
THE MOST
Complete Stock
North of San Francisco

ORDERS
BY EXPRESS OR MAIL,
Promptly attended to.

SIGN--CITY DRUG STORE,
Seattle, W. T.

Schwabacher
Bros. & Co.,
cattle, : : : W. T.

IMMENSE
Spring Stock!
FROM THE EAST.

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
CARPETS,
BOOTS
—AND—
SHOES!

Will make allowance on all cash sales in the above line of goods.

Come Early and Often
—AND—
SECURE BARGAINS.

O. F. GERRISH & CO.,

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

General Merchandise

Of extra Quality.

HARDWARE!

House and Ship Carpenters' Tools,
Ship Chandlery,
Groceries,
Provisions,
Boots and Shoes,
Wines,
Liquors,
Cigars,
Etc.

AGENTS

—FOR THE—
BUCKEYE MOWER and REAPER,
Taylor's Sulky Rake,
Mitchell's Farm Wagon,
Sweepstake Plows,
Haines' Header,
Moline Plows,
Etc., Etc.,
Etc.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS AT THE LOWEST PRICE!
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Drugs, DRUGS, Drugs,

PAINTS, OILS, STATIONERY, ETC.,

—Wholesale and Retail—

By **N. D. HILL, Port Townsend, W. T.**

Drugs,
Medicines,
Chemicals,
and Trusses.
Patent Medicines of all kinds.
Glass,
Paints,
Oils and
Brushes.
A large assortment.

Soaps,
Perfumery,
Pomades,
Hair Oils,
And all Articles used for the Toilet.
ETC.,
ETC.,
ETC.,
ETC.,
ETC.
Quick Sales and Small Profits.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

A Girl's Complaint Against Men.

Seriously, when one comes calmly to consider the conversation that has taken place between you and most of the men you have met, you will find that the last few months (and, worst of all, are likely to go on meeting for the next few months, and perhaps, who knows?—for years) why the conclusion one comes to is that men are stupid, that they either won't exert to talk intelligently when they meet an intelligent girl, or that they have come some time ago to the happy conclusion that all girls are next door to idiots. Society must surely be a shocking bore to those poor men; and if we may judge from the worn and weary expression generally to be seen on the countenance of a man who goes out so much, it is a bore to him. I grant that some girls are stupid and very uninteresting; but my complaint is, that when girls are nice, intelligent, and full of cleverness, men are so lazy, or so blind, or so stupid, that they will not behave to them like beings endowed with the ordinary amount of brains. We girls are always being asked why we don't do as our ancestors did before—viz, marry the first man that asks us; we say the world has advanced, and we have advanced, and we could not live with a husband with whom we have no companionship, and then we go on to think of the men we have met, and that we may be said to know, and the reflection only makes us more determined to wait till we are old and gray, rather than link ourselves to a man who is no companion to us, and will never appreciate any of the qualities that make us dear to a large circle of friends who have taken the trouble to talk to us, and so to know us. I am not a clever girl nor a blue-stocking, nor anything approaching it, but only a girl who has a heart and a mind, and who is very anxious that the other sex, if they do possess such qualities, would not endeavor to conceal them, and would try to find out the conversational powers of the girls they meet in society. There is more real pleasure in conversation than in anything, and even though young men and girls may not be the least inclined to a serious consideration as to whether they can ever be companionable for life, surely they may talk to each other.

Cause of the Memphis Outbreak.

The true reason of the present outbreak of yellow fever is not so much in the filthy streets and alleys of the city, but in the cupidity of some of our people who could not get their consent to destroy even the bedclothes upon which patients died of the fever. It has never been demonstrated that the yellow fever germ can be preserved through the frosts and freezes of Winter in the foul air of a vault, but it has been shown time and again that woolen goods, especially blankets that have been saturated with the yellow fever poison, will retain it for a very long period even in cold weather. It is well known that many persons in Memphis did not hesitate to preserve and even to sleep upon beds and bedclothing that had been poisoned by the infected air of a sick room or by direct contact with the yellow fever patient. These articles have been kept, of course, in bedrooms where the heat of a fire during the day and the warmth of the sleeper's body at night prevented the germ from being frozen out. In many instances woolen clothing, that had been hanging in the sick room, where the air was reeking with the foul fumes of the fever, was packed away in trunks, or, with the poorer classes, in wooden boxes. Here it remained during the Winter. The warmth generated by the fabric was amply sufficient to preserve the germ in all its former vigor; and there it lay like a deadly serpent, only waiting for the heat of Summer to warm it into life. Mulbrandon's coat, which, like the shirt of Nessus, carried death in every fold, is now a matter of history. Another is that of a South Memphis woman who has kept in a wooden box all the clothing of her late husband, who perished by fever last year, and even the bedclothes upon which he died, stained all over with black vomit. One of the ablest physicians in Memphis said, not long ago, that there was not a house in the city, whether occupied during the fever or not, that had not been thoroughly infected by the yellow fever poison. It should be remembered, also, that even those who fled from the city when the fever broke out left behind them their carpets, bedding and winter clothes, to receive in trust for them the insidious poison which they were trying to escape. This reasoning may not be founded upon the principal of medical science, but it is certainly justified by common sense, and by getting up all the evidence to be had in regard to the matter, the medical fraternity may be able to throw some light upon the origin of the present outbreak of yellow fever in our city.—Memphis Appeal.

A San Francisco woman calls her husband her darkest hour because he generally comes just before dawn.

Mark Twain in Paris.

Lucy Hooper writes from Paris: Mark Twain called to see me yesterday and to say good bye. He left with his family this morning for Holland and London, en route for home. He looks exceedingly well, has finished his book, and was as solemnly humorous and languidly delightful as ever. I was very sorry to say good bye to our gentle, genial, unspoiled humorist, but hope that it is but an revoir, for whoever has once trodden the asphalt of Paris needs no draught from any especial fount within her walls, like the fountain of Trevi at Rome, to lure the wandering footsteps thither again. As he was about to depart I discovered that the wind and rain had loosened the silk from two of the ribs of his umbrella and insisted on putting them to rights for him. "Thank you," he said, in his drawling, melancholy accents, as he took the umbrella from my hand and sidled out the door, "those two bare legs of my umbrella quite distressed me as I was coming up the street, they seemed to want pantalettes so badly, and, in fact, I didn't think they looked decent." The natural bang of parting was dissolved in a shriek of laughter. I should think that if Mark Twain had taken to the stage he would have made his fortune as a comedian. The settled sadness of his aspect makes everything absurd that he says irresistibly funny. He had a great success as a lecturer in England, I am told. An American gentleman who was present at one of the lectures that he delivered in London says that there was one part about his manner of delivery that was very amusing. He stood on the very edge of the platform, and in fact, with at least one-half of his feet projecting over the edge. Thus insecurely perched he would at certain points of his discourse, sway slowly forward until three-fourths of his audience were fully convinced that he was about to fall, and were waiting round-eyed, open-mouthed and breathless for the catastrophe, when he would bend his body suddenly backward and a deep drawn Ah! would testify to the relief of the spectators. This process he repeated some two or three times and always with the same result. I am told that this habit is not a trick, but arises out of his constitutional restlessness, which renders it almost an impossibility for him to stand still for any length of time when on the lecture platform, and which still makes the formality of a long dinner party a very trying ceremonial to him. Well, he has left us now, leaving behind him a store of pleasant memories that will make his books all the more delightful to us. And long may he live to awaken the laughter of the world! Reversing the remark made by Dr. Johnson respecting the death of Garrick, we can say that his life has increased "the harmless gayety of the nation."

The Irish Girl of the Period.

In Dublin a young lady is educated for music or matrimony—or both. She is a perpetual piano player or a constant husband seeker. There are no longer the Baby Blakes or the Lady Gay Spankers of yore; her follies as to field sports are no more. The Irish girl of the period abhors declamations about "woman's rights." She generally takes them—in a Platonic way. She is much more Irish than the men, twice as witty and ten times as intriguing. These girls have an indescribable way of capturing you (mentally, at least), before you know where you are. They are fine looking rather than pretty, and commanding rather than coquettes, yet they have their share of all that ubiquitous family. In point of education they are more glittering than the English girls, and more solid than the American. They dress too much—an excess of fal-lals. Frills and lace, bog bak and ribbons, abound about these girls, and their merry laughter and soft solder dash of "grammachree ma cushla," serve to make them intensely interesting even at the respectful distance they invariably keep you. The type of the Irish girl, with her rosy and white complexion, her large blue eyes and auburn hair, in her eighteenth year, is more of a child than an American girl of thirteen. The Irish girl of the period has one bright star ever before her in the heavens of her hopes—a husband with a title. She would rather be poor Lady Splurge than parvenu Mrs. Shady. Yet she is the most loving and devoted of wives—when properly wedded. The Irish girl loves to make a noise in the world—has a grand passion for a dash. She will leap social five-barred gates and double stone walls to get the right man, while she would prefer to be an old maid rather than be chained to the wrong one. She dislikes a tame man and can control a wild one. In the courage of her opinion she excels both as to quality and quantity. She would rather rule in a certain dreadful place below than serve in a better one above.—Baltimore Sun.

A girl may smile and smile and be unwillin' still.

Whitefield's Courtship.

The celebrated George Whitefield began his courtship in a singular fashion. His biographer pronounced him one of the oddest wooers that ever wooed. When Whitefield was in America, and had under his charge the orphan house in Savannah, "it was much impressed on his heart that he ought to marry in order to have a helpmate in his arduous work." He had long fixed his mind on the young lady whom he intended to ask to become his wife. So he addressed a letter to her parents, and inclosed another to herself. In his letter to the parents he stated that he wanted a wife to help him in the management of his increasing family and then said: "This letter comes like Abraham's servant to Rebekah's relations, to know whether your daughter, Miss—, is a proper person to engage in such an undertaking; and if so, whether you will be pleased to give me leave to propose marriage to her. You need not be afraid of sending me a refusal, for I bless God, if I know anything of my own heart, I am free from that foolish passion which the world calls love." He wrote in a similar strain to the young lady, asking her, among many other questions, if she could leave her home and trust in Him for support who feeds the young ravens; and bear the inclemencies of air both as to heat and cold in a foreign climate; whether having a husband she could be as though she had none. He also told her that he thought the passionate expressions which ordinary courtiers use ought to be avoided by those who marry in the Lord; and that if she thought marriage would be in any way prejudicial to her better part, she was to be so kind as send him a denial; that she need not be afraid to speak her mind, as he loved her only for God.

The letters were not so successful as Abraham's servant. The parents were not very anxious to send their daughter on such an adventure; and Whitefield continued for a longer space in his bachelor condition. Some time after he essayed another courtship with a widow in Wales after the same style. The mode in which Rebekah was chosen for Isaac seems to have been Whitefield's ideal of obtaining a wife. The week after he was married he went on one of his evangelistic tours, and left his newly wedded wife to muse alone to the Welsh hills in the second quarter of their honeymoon.

For the Ladies.

To all of our lady friends, who desire to free their faces from those unsightly blotches and pimples, we would advise the use of Hall's Sarsaparilla, believing it to be the best preparation in market for purifying the system from all morbid, corrupt and impure matter, giving that bright, clear and blooming appearance to the complexion, so much admired, but only obtained when the system is in a healthy condition.

A new portable family fruit drier, best style, may be bought for \$85, by applying at the BEE office, Portland, Oregon. au 22-tf

Percheron Horses.

All parties on the North Pacific Coast, that have given this stock a fair trial, are pleased with them. au 19-tf

Suffered Twenty Years.

"I have suffered for twenty years with itching and ulcerated piles, having used every remedy that came to my notice without benefit, until I used Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment and received immediate relief."

JAMES CARROLL.

(An old miner) Tecoma, Nevada.

If you are going to paint your house, barn, wagon or machinery, the wonderful Imperishable Mixed Paint is surely the best, for it is warranted by their agents in your own town not to crack, peel or blister; to cover better and work easier than any other paint. The Imperishable Paint was awarded the first premium, over all other paints, at the California State Fair, 1878, and the Gold Medal at the Oregon State Fair, 1878. Get a circular from their Agent, which explains this wonderful discovery. Try the paint and you certainly would have no other.

In making any purchase or in writing in response to any advertisement in this paper you will please mention the name of the paper.

Lubricating Oils.

- Lard Oil,
- Castor Oil,
- China Nut Oil,
- Dog Fish Oil,
- Salmon Oil,
- Paraffine Oil,
- Downer's spindle Oil.

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GUNS! GUNS! Remington's Sharp's and Winchester Rifles. And Cartridges of all kinds at reduced prices, BY WM. BECK & SON, Sole Importers, Portland, Oregon.

DuBois & King, General Agents, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, 108 Front street, Portland, Ogn. San Francisco, Cal. Special attention given to the sale of Wool, Flour, Grain and Produce in Portland and San Francisco. feb 19-12m

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HAVE YOU THE PILES?

A Sure Cure Found at Last—No one Need Suffer.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and ulcerated piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams (an Indian remedy) called Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electrocutors do more harm than good. Williams' Ointment absorbs the tumors, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Thousands of cured patients attest its virtues, and physicians of all schools pronounce it the greatest contribution to medicine of the age. It matters not how long or severely you have been suffering, you can be cured.

John Morgan, knife, knife, acid, medicine, medicine; knife again, and so on for a whole year; and yet the fungus growth which caused me so much pain, itching and misery increased until I despaired of life. For six months I lay in a Canadian hospital undergoing inexpressible agony, but found no hope. Last Fall I came to Cleveland and underwent a terrible operation by three doctors at the Cleveland City Hospital, from the effects of which I never expected to recover. After lying weeks on my back in bed, I was still in no better condition, for in less than two weeks after leaving the hospital the whole trouble grew as fast and as great as ever. But, thank God, some one recommended Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment, which I tried, and to-day, the growth has disappeared, the pain and itching is gone, I am happy and hopeful, and life has new charms for me. It is all due to this wonderful Ointment, which I will never fail to recommend so long as I live. Nothing else, it seems to me, could have staved the growth of my terrible malady.

JOHN MORGAN,
Cleveland, Ohio.

"John Morgan is my brother and I can fully bear out his recommendation of Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. My brother would no doubt have been in his grave long ago but for this Balm of Gilead." E. P. MORGAN,
Teacher of Phonography, Spencerian Business College,
Cleveland, Ohio.

Druggists and persons cured, praising this wonderful medicine, are all due to this wonderful Ointment, which I will never fail to recommend so long as I live. Nothing else, it seems to me, could have staved the growth of my terrible malady.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Sold wholesale by Redington & Son, San Francisco. apr 5-cow-3m

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YELLOW DOCK
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IODIDE OF POTASS

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE
AND BEAUTIFIER OF THE COMPLEXION IN USE. CURES PIMPLES, BOILS, BLOTCHES, NEURALGIA, SCROFULA, GOUT, RHEUMATIC AND MERCURIAL PAINS, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STATE OF THE BLOOD AND LIVER.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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221, 223, 227 and 229, Second St., SAN FRANCISCO; Chas. Montgomery, Prop. This is the only strictly temperance hotel in San Francisco, and offers superior accommodations to the traveling public. Board and lodging per day, 75 cts. to \$2; per week, \$4 to \$8. Single meals, 10 cents. \$13 meal tickets, \$1 ap 18-5m

Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster

A Wonderful Remedy.

There is no comparison between it and the common old acting porous plaster. It is in every way superior to all other external remedies, including liniments and the so-called electrical appliances. It contains new medicinal elements which in combination with rubber, possess the most extraordinary pain-relieving, strengthening and curative properties. Any physician in your own locality will confirm the above statement. For Lamé Back, Rheumatism, Female Weakness, Stomach and Neglected Colds, and Coughs, Dissected Kidneys, Whooping Cough, affections of the heart, and all ailments for which porous plasters are used, it is simply the best known remedy. Ask for Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster and take no other. Sold by all druggists Price 25 cents. Sent on receipt of price, by Seabury & Johnson, 21 Platt Street, New York. moh 25-11m

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NOTICE The undersigned will collect and make collections and attend to business of all kinds for parties in the country, charging only a small commission for the same. Prompt returns made from all collections, and all business matters will receive immediate attention. All kinds of information furnished. Parties holding bills against persons in Portland can have the same attended to. Address, W. L. EPPINGER, Box 727, Portland, Oregon. je 20-tf

TALKS ON TEMPERANCE.

"Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink."

WHO KILLED HIM?

BY REV. J. A. CRUZAN.

"At the last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder."—Prov. XXIII, 32.

[Continued from last week.]

Coleman Brown, aged only 41, a good mechanic, a brave soldier, a man of more than ordinary ability, is dead!

Who killed him? "Why," you say, "he killed himself!" Yes; years ago he began that self-murder, when he took that first glass in his hand, just as some young men here, perhaps, have already begun their's.

He did not see that that first glass was shaped like a pistol, but it was! That first glass had blood in it! But he did not taste it, else it would have been the last. And every day since that first glass has been fastening its vice-like grasp tighter and tighter upon that pistol! Yes, he killed himself! His own hand pressed the fatal trigger! But there were other fingers on that trigger, other hands grasped the pistol. Was the hand of his own father one? I do not know the facts of this case, but this I know: That the parent whose blood and secretions are narcotized with tobacco, or saturated with liquor, must transmit to his child a terrible legacy.

That father may feel none of the ill-effects of his indulgences, but the child will have within him a fiery nerve of appetite when he is born, which awaits only the liquid spark of the first glass to make it a raging, destroying conflagration.

This is not rhetoric, but physiological fact, which any physician who is not a quack will corroborate.

I've seen boys—sons of "moderate drinkers," men who never were the "worse for liquor," and yet who drank daily—I've seen their boys drunkards before they were ten years of age, and on the swift road to drunkard's or a suicide's grave! I tell you, HEREDITY has long arms, and strong, merciless hands. Many a father, long years dead, reaches out from his grave that skeleton arm, thrusts the pistol against his son's head, and with his own body fingers presses the fatal trigger that sends his suicide-son into eternity!

Parents! God's word is just as true now as when written on Sinai's tables of stone. He says that he will "visit the iniquity of the fathers upon the children unto the third generation." Beware how you put your children under this remorseless law of moral gravitation.

3. The hand of society was upon pistol also. "Whiskey did it!" And Whiskey is sold at every street corner, and society not only permits it, but legalizes it and shares in the blood-money who is society? We are. Yes; your hand and mine were on that fatal trigger! We know that men will through these saloons and drink themselves into brutality; that some of them will commit murder, and others will murder themselves. We see Coleman Browns thronging our saloons by the score, breeding fatal appetites, diseasing their bodies, crazing their brains, breaking down their wills and losing all self-restraint. And all this is done by the authority of society, for a certain price in money—money that is blood-stained—which we eagerly take because it saves us so much in taxes, forgetting that for every dime saved in direct taxation whiskey levies dollars of indirect taxes! Then when the saloons produce their legitimate results—when the suicide's or murderer's blood cries to Heaven—society snatches away its hands from the trigger, drops its blood-money, and lifts these hands in holy horror, and cries: "What a reign of horrors! Can nothing be done to stop it?" Yes; dry up the fountain—the saloons! But society never thinks of that! It is so much easier to hang a murderer than to shut up a grub-shop! It is much easier to lose souls than a revenue! It is much easier to bury a drunken suicide than a live politician! So society keeps one hand full of blood-money and the other on the suicide's pistol!

THE CONTRAST.—During the recent session of the M. E. Conference in Portland, Oregon, the subject of temperance was introduced, and while under discussion, Bishop Haven remarked that he had been several times in Portland, Maine, and was now in Portland, Oregon, but the contrast between the two was certainly great and notorious as regarded the liquor traffic. In the former not a saloon is found in the lat-

ter over two hundred. The General Conference has emphasized in resolution their utter disapprobation of its imporation, manufacture and sale as a beverage, and every member is expected by his influence and vote to strive to put it down. Great enthusiasm was equally manifested by many other earnest speakers, Rev. B. J. Sharp more especially charged the members of the Oregon Conference with dereliction of duty and with recreancy to their trust, in voting for whiskey men. This caused a tremendous buzz in the great body of the Conference and quickly brought several members to their feet in defense of their conduct and principle on this subject, claiming individual responsibility and the right to judge for themselves on political questions of expediency.

Bro. Franklin Kennedy, Past G. W. C. T. and Gen. Supt. of Juv. Temples, organized a Juvenils Temple at Kamilehie, W. T., on the 13th inst., with 13 charter members. Its name is "No Surrender Temple."

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Table with columns: NAMES, OFFICES, P. O. ADDRESS. Lists members like N. D. Hill, G. W. C. T., Port Townsend, etc.

Subordinate Lodge Directory.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY

Table with columns: No., Name of Lodge, Postoffice, Lodge Deputy. Lists lodges like Forward, Semiahmoo, etc.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Table with columns: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100. Lists lodges like Perseverance, Victoria, etc.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Robert B. Attridge, of Jefferson county, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the lots 3, 4 and SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of section No. 2, in township No. 24, north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Administrator's Notice To Creditors.

In the Probate court of Kitsap county. In the matter of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN by the undersigned administrator of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased, to the creditors and all persons having claims against said deceased to present them with the necessary vouchers within one year after the date of this notice, to said administrator, at his place of business in Port Townsend, W. T., or to his attorney, J. A. Kuhn, Esq., at his office in Port Townsend, W. T., or to be forever barred.

The First-class steamship

CALIFORNIA CAPT. THORN. WILL LEAVE Port Townsend for Sitka, Alaska Territory, and Way Ports, on or about the 1st of each Month.

WILL LEAVE Port Townsend for Portland, Ogn. On about the 15th of each Month. For Freight or Passage, Apply on Board, 20 Or to ROTHSCCHILD & CO, Agents.

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The splendid sidewheel

Steamship DAKOTA

2100 Tons. H. G. MORSE, COMMANDER.

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SAN FRANCISCO. PT. TOWNSEND. VICTORIA.

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1,400 tons. PETER MACKIE, COMMANDER

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These steamships leave Victoria at noon on the day advertised. Tickets are good only on the steamer for which they are purchased, and are not transferable.

Fare from Port Townsend to San Francisco First Cabin, \$20,

Steerage \$10

Reduction in Freight.—Hereafter the

freights which, as per tariff, have been \$0

per ton will be charged at \$5 per ton.

From and after this date all BAG-

GAGE of Puget Sound passengers by P.

M. S. S. Co's steamers via Victoria, will

be under Custom House seal, and will

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House authorities in San Francisco.

For freight or passage apply on board,

or to H. L. TIBBALS, General Agent for Puget Sound, Port Townsend.

APPROVED SOLDIER'S ADDITIONAL HOMESTEADS can be located upon any lands, either single or double minimum lands, subject to homestead whether timbered or not, and having the only first class paper in the country, have made arrangements with the following gentlemen in Western Washington:

A. Mackintosh, Seattle, John R. Wheat, Olympia, G. Morris Haller, Port Townsend, Henry Jackson, Snohomish City. Who will have on hand, at all times, my scrip for the accommodation of these desiring to purchase, at the rate of \$3.25 per acre for 80s and 120s, and \$3.75 per acre for 40s; fractions special. Another fraudulent class of scrip known as "floats" can be gotten at much less rates; but no title can be given, and is, of course, not so valuable. A deed can be gotten from the original applicant of any land located by scrip purchased of me, as I in no case buy from other than the original homesteader, and know where to address him for a deed if one be required. Full investigation is asked that the worth of my paper may be known. Call upon or write any of the gentlemen named above, who will sell you the Talbot additional homestead scrip which will ensure you a patent to your land as well as a perfect title, and also as cheap as you can buy it of me. D. H. TALBOT, Gen'l Land-scrip and Warrant Broker, Sioux City, Iowa.

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of 60 pages free, upon receipt of stamps for postage. Address GILMORE, SMITH, & CO., Solicitors of Patents, Box 44, Washington, D. C.

N. D. TOBEY, Ship Wright and Caulker WATER STREET, Port Townsend, W. T.

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At the most Liberal Discount.

WATERMAN & KATZ,

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provision of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the State of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," William Payne, of Clallam county, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the E 1/2 of NW 1/4 of section No. 28, in township No. 31 North, Range No. 8 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 18th day of June A. D. 1879.

J. T. BROWN, Register of the Land Office.

PEOPLE'S MARKET,

Opposite Washington Hotel

Constantly on Hand the Choicest of Meats

AND Vegetables.

Also, Corned Beef and Pork, Smoked Meats, Pork and Bologna Sausages, Head Cheese, Tripe, &c., &c.

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NEW STORE

General Merchandise

C. W. MORSE,

OAK HARBOR, W T

Produce bought, and supplies of all kinds unshipped at the lowest cash price.

LIGHTNING SEWER

THE NEW WILSON Oscillating Shuttle SEWING MACHINE

Is wonderful in its conception, unprecedented for doing a large range of sewing in textile fabrics and leather. Its motions are continuous, admitting of an extraordinary rate of speed, either by steam or foot power. Every motion of the treadle makes six stitches, thus producing about one-third more work in a day than other Sewing Machines. It has no stop motions, and tightens the stitch with the needle out of the fabric. It uses the well-known Wilson Compound Feed on both sides of the needle. It has two-thirds less parts than any other first-class Sewing Machine. Its arm is fully eight and one-half inches long and five and one-half inches high, and the whole Machine is very compactly and scientifically constructed in proportions, elegance, design and appearance. Its simple, powerful and perfect mechanism places it as far in advance of all other Sewing Machines as the telephone is superior to the tin speaking tube. The WILSON MERDING ATTACHMENT, for repairing all kinds of textile fabrics WITHOUT PATCHING, furnished FREE with all WILSON SEWING MACHINES, together with a Tucker, Ruffler, Corder, Set of Hemmers, Binder, etc. Prices furnished with freight charges prepaid, and machines furnished on trial to responsible parties, to be used with steam-power, in places where we have no agents. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and Price List, No. 230.

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Address WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.

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CHAS. C. BARTLETT, Agent, Port Townsend.