

# PUGET SOUND WEEKLY ARGUS.

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**PUGET SOUND ARGUS**  
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**ALLEN WEIR,**  
 EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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**"MORLEY'S" LETTERS FROM NEW YORK.**

From our regular correspondent)

NEW YORK, July 17, 1879.  
 RAILROAD SINS.

The rapidity with which many railroad men have amassed colossal fortunes in the management of roads that paid but slender dividends to ordinary stockholders has long excited attention. Petty shareholders were plumply told whenever they suggested an inquiry into this phenomenon that it would be suicidal; it would fling open the doors to communistic assaults upon this particular species of property, and if they knew when they were well off they would receipt for their meagre dividends and say nothing. This they did year after year with a docility worthy of a slighter grievance. But it is a long lane which has no turn, and now the long-suffering stockholder, in common with the general public, is learning some things of exceeding rare interest about the way railroads are run. Montgomery Blair is reputed to have once sharply reminded Jessie Fremont that the President's Cabinet was the power which made men and unmade them; and the Legislative Committee, now in session in this city, is showing that there is a power by which merchants, traders and shippers are made or unmade in business or fortune, and that power is the will of the railroad magnate. It is shown that in certain trades where prominent houses have opposed the peculiar methods of the railroad manipulator, he has given the principal competitors of the offending merchants a discount of sixty-six per cent. on every pound of freight; that on one road over six thousand special rates been granted from sheer favoritism; that men under the manager's smile have thus amassed fortunes and destroyed competitors of worth having equal rights upon a public highway—that, in a word, the office of Mr. Vanderbilt was where they made men and unmade them, along the whole line of his road. Of these methods more anon.

**THE HOT SEASON.**

New York is probably the coolest large city in the world. London, Paris, Vienna and Berlin know nothing of the cool refreshing salt air which surrounds us, and an ocean breeze would be to them an unknown tongue. Seventeen miles long is Manhattan Island, and only from a mile and a-half to two and a half miles wide; both sides are washed by the waves of broad swift rivers, through whose channels the strong tides drive salt water both ways twice every day. At its foot lies that magnificent circular bay, over six in diameter, on whose bosom all the navies of the world might safely ride at anchor, and just though the Narrows the dolphins sport amid the cresting waves of the blue Atlantic.

Our City hall is within eight miles of the old ocean; why shouldn't we be cool?

Yet every summer the fashion sets more firmly and churches close, concerts and lectures cease, the foot-lights go out, and everybody makes a great pretense of getting cool in a cooped-up little, inland, country town, where ceilings are low, bath-tubs are unknown, and half the comforts and luxuries of their city homes are left behind. Or Mrs. Grundy requires the pilgrims in search of "coolth" to take a seven by nine room at a watering place hotel, into which during the hottest months, they stow trunks, traveling cases and portmanteaus three deep; and this storeroom becomes also their bedroom, dressing room, living room, and private reception room. At home, room after room invited the overheated to search, EN DESHABILLE, if they chose, for a cool and breezy corner; but from that store room must no American woman depart in search of shade or summer breeze until her tribute to the goddess of Fashion has been paid to the uttermost farthing! And that is "getting cool!"

Far be it from me to disparage the custom of changing one's air and surroundings at stated intervals. It is vastly beneficial to do this; a Jeweller in the city does well to get a week's draught of country air, and roam through woods and meadows; it is well for his country cousin to frequently change his surroundings for the brisk and driving life of the great city; the lowlander should make personal acquaintance with the rugged mountain side; and he whose home is far inland should come and see the indescribable grandeur of old ocean. The latest and the best theory of rest for the weary is not idleless, but change of occupation and surroundings. It may indeed be well for the pampered children of fashion to give up their elegant city homes and squeeze into a single little room smaller than their waiting maid occupies at home. The change may be good; the lesson that happiness may exist in a home of one or two rooms is not an altogether bad lesson to learn; but the idea of leaving New York to "get cool" under such circumstances is supremely ridiculous. MORLEY.

**ALASKA AND HER INDIANS.**

(Judge Swan's letter, concluded from last wk.)  
 The records of the Indian Bureau are full of accounts of frequent changes of agents and changes in administrative capacity. The Indian is told at the time of making a treaty what the government will do for him, and he places faith in the promise; but when such promises, solemnly made by a great nation, are so frequently and ruthlessly broken, he loses all faith, and considers the Great Father in Washington as a myth, whose name is synonymous with that of the "Shitan" of the Turk.

I am now writing at the Makah Indian Agency, instituted by the treaty of Neeah Bay. This agency was inaugurated under Agent Henry A. Webster, whose wise policy was being understood and accepted by these Indians who were being gradually drawn from their savage ways and induced to look upon civilization in a more favorable light. The improvements he caused to be made, in erecting good and substantial

buildings, in fencing, and clearing land, in making good roads, in raising great crops of potatoes, which were all distributed among the Indians, and in causing whole villages to assume an appearance of neatness, in his encouragement of mind; but he was relieved from the position, and since then four other agents have been in charge, each of whom had different views, and today I see the very improvements which I assisted to make while Mr. Webster was agent have been allowed to become dilapidated, and show evidence of utter shiftlessness and neglect. Buildings out of repair, roads impassable, fences covered with moss, and rotting down, and not one acre of land cleared in addition to what we cleared during Mr. Webster's agency. The Indians see this, and daily I hear the remark that Mr. Webster was the best agent they ever had, and they ask to have the old policy restored. I can see and understand if Mr. Webster's plan had been continued to the present time, the great amount of good which would have resulted. But, instead, I find these Indians, with but few exceptions, and those principally of the school children, the same breechless savages they were when I first came here as an employee in 1862, an appearance which so disgusted Colonel Watkins, the Indian inspector, who was here a year ago, that he pronounced them the dirtiest set of savages he had ever seen on the whole continent.

Now this state of things has been simply the result of a continued change of agents. I do not make these remarks to reflect upon their present agent, who has been in charge only a few months, with but small means to work with, whose plans and views seem to be similar to those of Mr. Webster, but simply as an illustration of the remark I have made, of the bad effects on Indians of repeated changes.

The policy I suggest will find but little favor in the eyes of those persons who are deep in the hidden mysteries of Indian rings, as there will be no great amount to be distributed among Indians by underpaid agents, and no prospective profits to loom up in the distant horizon of fraudulent contractors, by this policy; but if you, as the agent of the government, could visit Metlakatla and Fort Simpson and see the working of this mission system, and visit the various Alaskan tribes as I did, I am confident you would pronounce my statement correct.

I would not presume to offer any views about the detail or the working of this plan; that is a matter for the investigation of commissioners, who, by conferring with Indian commissioner Powell in Victoria, and going personally to Metlakatla and Fort Simpson and to the various Alaskan tribes as far as Sitka, could be better able to suggest what, in their opinion, would be the best course to pursue. A commission could easily and economically be sent to Alaska from Port Townsend, who could visit every place I have named and be able to report before the adjournment of the present Congress. I can only say that the winter is the best time for such visits to be made, as the Indians would all be at home in their winter quarters, and if I can aid in any way or assist in developing this plan, even though it should not be ultimately

adopted by Congress, I shall feel that I have been engaged in a good work for the red men of Alaska.

I am aware that these views of mine will be met with the statement, that the religious denominations have already, under the peace policy furnished Indian agents, and that in very many instances their selections have proved failures. But simply being a professor of religion, or a minister of the gospel, does not prevent those who have an INBORN CUSSEDNESS from using their religion as a cloak under which they have carried out their thieving propensities. But in this place there is nothing to excite the cupidity of theological mawworns or Aminadab Sleeks; they are the very last people who would seek an opportunity to do true missionary work as is done in British Columbia; and when we reflect that there are no soldiers, or Indian agents, or Indian treaties in all that country like we have in the United States, that they have no Indian wars as we have, and that Commissioner Powell, by the aid afforded him of the use of the naval vessels at Esquimault, has been able to suppress revolt, and keep all the coast tribes, under his jurisdiction, quiet, and at a trifling expense, it seems to me that it would be the part of wisdom if our government would at least inquire into this system before resorting to old, wornout theories, or attempting untried new ones.

There is much more to be said in favor of this proposition, but I fear I have already been too prolix. I will, however, assure you that I am ready, and shall be glad if I can be of any further service to you on the subject of the Indians of Alaska.

Very respectfully and truly yours,  
 JAMES G. SWAN,  
 Maj. WM. GOV. MORRIS,  
 Port Townsend, W. T.

**NOTICE.**

PROPOSALS for the maintenance of the county poor of Jefferson county, W. T., for one year, will be received by the Board of County Commissioners of said county, until August 11, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M. at their regular August meeting, 1879. Said proposals to include medicines and medical attendance. 2w

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# PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.



ALLEN WEIR, : : Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 7, 1879.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

### EASTERN STATES.

#### Minister Welch Resigns.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Secretary Evarts has received a dispatch from Minister Welch stating that his resignation has been forwarded by mail.

#### Redemption.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—The amount of national bank notes redeemed at the treasury during the year just closed on account of failure, going into liquidation and reducing circulation, is \$7,306,457.

#### Sticking to Orders.

St. Paul, July 29.—There seems to be an impression in the east that Gen. Miles is acting with or in excess of instructions from his superiors in his campaign against the Indians. It is stated at department headquarters that he is acting under precise instructions from Gen. Terry, commanding the department, and has not executed or departed from them.

#### Cain and Abel.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 30.—A shooting affray occurred at the farm residence of Lucas Covert, near Columbus, Indiana, at the breakfast table this morning, between his son, Henry and Aleck, in which Henry was instantly killed and Aleck mortally wounded.

#### Wages in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Before the labor committee this evening, R. D. Streeter, in behalf of the trade and labor councils of the city, submitted statistics as to labor, wages, expenses, etc., of their workmen in Chicago. These showed a general average of their weekly earnings to be \$8.65 per person; actual earnings per year \$374. The reduction in wages since 1872 has been 39.7-10 per cent. The average total cost of living \$445.68. This would allow each person per day 13 cents for food, 1.45 cents for clothing, 3.35 cents for fuel, 1.45 cents for rent, 4 cents for recreation, 1-10 cent for education, Total 23 cents. Other workmen gave their views. Adjourned.

#### The Mint.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—The mint at Carson City has been reopened, and coinage will be recommenced as soon as the necessary bullion can be procured at market rates. The New Orleans mint is running its full capacity, with plenty of bullion on hand. Much of the bullion purchased there has been in the form of Mexican dollars.

#### Ladies Drowned.

OSWEGO, July 31.—Two steamers lashed together and containing a pleasure party, had not proceeded more than twenty rods from the dock when the head lashing loosened, and a yacht capsized and sunk, drowning four ladies.

New Brunswick, July 31.—A rowboat containing a pleasure party of five persons were run into by the schooner Hayes this morning in the Haritan river. It was capsized, and two ladies drowned.

#### Railroad Sold.

AUSTIN, July 31.—The International and Great Northern railroad has been sold for \$1,000,000. It was bid in by George Zaley, of Galveston, representing Kennedy & Sloane, of New York, trustees for the bondholders.

#### Horse Thieves Ragged.

CHEYENNE, WY., July 31.—Doe Middleton, the notorious horse and cattle thief, for capture rewards were offered by different counties of Nebraska, was taken last Sunday in his camp on the Niobrara river, about 200 miles northwest of Columbus, Nebraska, and brought into that town this evening. Sunday morning detectives and soldiers from Columbus and Grand Island surrounded the house of Richardson, Middleton's father-in-law, and captured Richardson and five of Middleton's gang. Richardson was compelled by threats of hanging to lead the party to Middleton's camp, which was found in a deep canyon near the river. It was immediately surrounded, and Middleton, his wife and two of his gang captured. Middleton was found to be severely wounded, the result of his fight with detectives last week. It is supposed that the greater number of the gang were away locating a new camp, as no stock was found with Middleton.

#### Yellow Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, July 29.—Montgomery and Vicksburg have established quarantine against New Orleans. In consequence of possible interference from local quarantines, the executive council have decided to hold a convention of the national cotton exchange in New York on the 13th of August instead of St. Louis.

LOUISVILLE, July 29.—Regulations of quarantine are being made much more strict than ever before. Departing passengers must have their baggage checked by quarantine officials. No new cases of yellow fever have been reported here, and the only ones we have are four in the yellow fever hospital, all being imported and all doing well.

MEMPHIS, July 30.—Four new cases were reported this morning. No deaths reported up to noon. W. W. Cochran, a banker at Washington, D. C., has sent a check for \$2,000, to be used for the removal of the poor and destitute from the city.

NEW ORLEANS, July 30.—A conflict of opinion between the board of health and a majority of the city physicians, makes it difficult for that body and the public generally to ascertain the true condition of affairs here. The board only admits the existence of four cases of fever, but physicians in private practice report the number of cases now existing to be seventeen, and the total number to date, twenty-two. This includes the cases now suspicious, but strongly believed to be yellow fever.

Two suspicious cases were reported to the board of health to-day, making a total of five cases under supervision. No deaths.

### The Fever.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Special dispatches from Memphis report the situation as considerably more hopeful. It is even hoped that the worst is over. The theories of the most learned physicians about the disease are being overturned. It is now known that those who have had the fever once are not certain of immunity from the same disease, cases disproving the old idea having occurred this year already. One refugee left Memphis in a small skiff, there being no steamers or railroad trains. Several sporadic cases of fever are reported about the country, including a fatal case in New York; but no fear of the spread of the disease is entertained.

#### Deaths at Quarantine.

Bartholomew McKeon, fireman of the steamer Merida, from Havana, died this morning of yellow fever at Quarantine. A. F. Reith, barber of the steamer Saratoga, died last night. One patient is still in the hospital.

MEMPHIS, July 31.—A large meeting of colored people was held to-day at noon, at the Cochran hotel. Resolutions opposing the removal of the blacks to camp, and their determination to appeal to absent merchants for assistance, were adopted. The sentiment of the meeting was strongly opposed to the camp scheme.

### FOREIGN NEWS.

#### English Crops and Markets.

LONDON, July 29.—The Mark Lane Express says the ground is still sodden from violent storms at the commencement of the week, but since Tuesday the weather has been rather fine. The condition of the potato crop will almost certainly be disappointing, and even under favorable circumstances, a loss may be expected equal to millions of pounds sterling. The ears of wheat are generally small, but mostly satisfactory, and free from blight and vermin. The state of the ground, however, is evidently unfavorable to maturing of grain. In the south of Scotland and north of England harvest is not likely to commence before September, and there is thus time during which improved weather may do much for wheat and something for barley. In other parts of the country there is less time for recovery, and more injury has been suffered. Oats appear to be in better condition than wheat and barley. The markets, which were active early in the week, became comparatively sluggish with finer weather. The wheat trade has not been seriously affected by advices from foreign business, and shipments of American exports for the United Kingdom are rather heavy. The quantity of grain now at sea and the supply of American here are somewhat reduced. The imports during July were good, but not at all above the country's wants. Wheat is about a shilling per quarter higher than the previous week, but with this improvement the impetus in favor of the rise appears to be exhausted. English white wheat ranges from 50 to 56 shillings per quarter at a large number of country markets, compared with 45 to 52 shillings per quarter before the improvement commenced. Samples of red wheat which were vainly offered at 40 shillings per quarter a month ago, have recently sold at 48 shillings. The finest lots of red have not made so great improvement, samples of which were quoted at 48 shillings per quarter at the beginning of July are now quoted at 52 shillings. Trade in foreign wheat has been fairly brisk at many markets, though the total absence of excitement caused the advance to be confined within moderate limits. Barley has been firmly held and a slight advance usually occurred. Oats have been saleable about 6 pence, improvement and inquiry has been fairly active. There has been a good steady demand for maize and it generally improved six pence on the week. Imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending July 19 were 865,333 hundred weights of wheat and 153,079 hundred weights flour. In Mark Lane to-day (Monday) English wheat was held for full prices but inquiry was inert. Foreign is rather depressed owing to a large supply of New Zealand and Australian heavy. Merchants are willing to accept a shilling per quarter decline. American red winter is held for full prices. Barley is in fair request at six pence to nine pence advance. Oats firmer. Maize is fairly active at a shilling per quarter advance. The trade in flour is quiet but prices are well supported.

#### Wants an Island.

LONDON, July 30.—The North German Gazette argues in favor of a proposal that Germany should purchase some island in the Southern Pacific, pointing out that the possession of a colony in that distant and busy ocean could not fail to appreciably benefit German commerce. A Berlin correspondent says that this may be taken as an indication that notwithstanding many official disclaimers, there is after all a prospect of Germany acquiring some colonies. The North German Gazette is generally regarded as an exponent of Bismarck's views.

#### Turkish Troops for Bulgaria.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 30.—Prince Alexander of Bulgaria has telegraphed the Porte that Turkish troops have violated Bulgarian territory near Dubritza and Bascha. The bazouks are pillaging and assassinating. The prince demands the immediate recall.

#### Exporting Wheat.

LONDON, July 31.—The Odessa Chamber of Commerce manifests much concern at the extra facilities afforded the United States for exporting wheat by deepening the mouth of the Mississippi.

#### The Roll of Honor.

Official returns show that 20 officers and 490 men died of cholera and other diseases on the return march from the Afghan campaign, while about 100 men were killed in action.

#### In Memoriam.

The committee for the erection of a chapel in honor of the Prince Imperial has issued an appeal calling on the nation for aid for the erection of a chapel in Paris. Joachim Murat is President of the committee. Gen. Fleury, Baron Hausmann, Paul Desagnac and Boucher are among the members. The absence of Prince Jerome Napoleon's name from the committee is noted.

#### The Terms.

Rome, July 31.—The penal decision of the German government on religious questions at issue with the Vatican has been communicated to the latter. It is as follows: All of the exiled clergy who ask permission, will be allowed to return to Germany. The May laws will be tacitly suspended, provided

that the clergy obey the common law, and all fresh nominations are to be submitted to the government. The Pope is satisfied with these terms.

#### From France.

VERSAILLES, July 31.—The Chamber of Deputies adopted a recommendation of a committee to reduce the stipends of Bishops and Archbishops, and to increase the stipends of minor clergy.

In the Senate, the minister of war announced that on account of the state of the corps, 40,000 men would be furloughed at the end of August.

### PACIFIC COAST.

#### Turned the Tables.

COLTON, July 29.—General E. Bouton, of Los Angeles, who passed through this place yesterday on the cars en route to San Geronimo Station, was waylaid by three men a few miles out from that place and lashed to a wagon wheel, it is supposed, for the purpose of robbery, but as there had been a business trouble between the parties that may have been the cause of an affray. While Bouton was tied he managed to get a hand around to his hip pocket, and drawing a pistol shot and killed one of the parties, a man named John Wakefield, and wounded both the others, who fled to the brush, where they are still hiding. Bouton at once got himself loose, and returning to San Geronimo, gave the alarm, and a posse was started out to hunt the two wounded men, who so far have not been found.

#### Will Drive the Chinese.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 31.—The Democratic meeting at Platt's Hall last night, at which Glenn spoke, was large but not enthusiastic. Glenn said he would make his administration (if elected) strictly Democratic, and would do all in his power to drive the Chinese from the State.

#### Counterfeit Bills.

Well executed \$5 counterfeit bills on the National Bank of Boston and Bank of Dedham are in circulation. Twelve were detected here yesterday.

#### One Day's Doing.

An unknown man dropped dead on Clay street this morning.

The body of John Roach, aged 8 years was found on Polson street wharf. He fell from the wharf on the 29th inst.

J. W. R. Hill was found off Beale street wharf to-day. A rope was tied to his neck, attached to which was a stone weighing 20 pounds. Probable suicide.

Alice Sherman, a young woman, attempted to commit suicide last night by taking laudanum. She had returned to her room after a long absence, and there found a misie friend with a woman named Hattie Randall. Alice ordered Hattie to leave the room, and upon her refusal to do so, she went to an adjacent shelf, and took therefrom a bottle of laudanum, and swallowed the contents. Medical aid was summoned and the jealous Alice was saved.

#### Kearney's Assault.

Charles S. Davis, convicted of battery upon Dennis Kearney, was before the police court this morning for sentence and was fined \$200. He did not have the money to pay into the city treasury and was consequently taken into custody and sent below. At two o'clock this afternoon he paid his fine and was released.

#### Boiler Bullion.

BODIE, Cal., July 31.—Bodie shipped \$62,578 67, and Standard \$83,558 76 during the month closed. More is on hand, which will be shipped soon.

### Fashionable Vulgarity.

At a dinner party the other evening, a gentleman sat next a young lady who wore a pale Nile-green silk dress, ornamented with yards upon yards of costly lace; she was very much décolletée, and had on a necklace of brilliants; she was pretty, engaging, with the assured ease of the best society. Over the silken shoulder, the white neck and the laces of the young lady traveled, with laborious ease, a bug! The bug was a Mexican beetle with burnished armor of the most gem-like hues; but it was, nevertheless, a live bug, crawling, after the slow, painful fashion of its species, up and down, crossing the expanse of white satin skin, nestling in the frills and losing itself in a wilderness of rose buds set low in the corsage. The poor creature could not escape, and reached no goal in spite of its long journey, since it was held in leash by a fine silken cord. Naturally, the insect attracted attention; the conversation turned on beetles. The young lady spoke of her's in terms of affection, and called it a "sweet, darling pet." Another fair one remarked that she, too, had a beetle at home, for which she was having a golden harness made, and that she hoped to wear it the next evening.

Les caprices des grandes dames, have always been the wonder of less superfine people; accordingly, the gentleman sitting next to the young lady with the bug, gazed at her with a sort of startled curiosity which gradually merged into repulsion. His first feeling was dislike of the insect.

He made some remark upon the incident to another lady present, and she laughed at his horrified comment. "Why, it's all the fashion," she returned.

"Heaven save us," said the gentleman, "from a fashionable woman!"

"And why so?"

"Fashionable women are too vulgar. I don't want one of them for my sister; I should be ashamed of one for my mother; above all, I would not have one for my wife."—Lippincott's Magazine for July.

Every person is a natural born artist and the first thing we do in the world is to draw a breath.

### Going Away.

There isn't a day in the year but what one can see just such a parting as yesterday morning took place at the Union depot. Man and wife had come down to the train which was to bear her to her mother's. The husband had fully persuaded her that her health was failing, and that she ought to go home on a six week's visit. She thought she felt even better than usual, but husbands know best about these things, of course. This wife seemed to have made her preparations quickly, and had not yet said what was on her mind to say. It lacked thirty-five minutes of train time, and as they sat down in the waiting room she said:

"Now, Henry, the last time I went away—"

"Just wait—I want to see if that's our train," interrupts the husband as he rose up. Going out he was absent several minutes. When he returned she was ready to say:

"I wanted to say to you that the neighbors—"

"Did I give you the check for your trunk?" he suddenly inquired.

She found it in her pocket, restored it, and began again.

"Of course I have confidence in you, but—"

"You remember you must not change cars at the Junction," he said, as he looked at his watch. "When you reach there you will hear men yelling change cars for this and that place, but you sit right still."

"Haven't I been over the road four different times, and don't I know all the stations? Now, Henry, although there will be no one in the house but you, I have—"

"Did you forget that lunch basket?" he excitedly asked, as he looked around and under the seat.

She had it on her lap all the time. As soon as she had assured him of its safety she said:

"You now come from the office every evening at six, and, of course, I shall expect—"

"That's our train!" he exclaimed, as he leaped up and grabbed for the satchel.

"Dear me, but I wanted to say to you—"

"—she replied as she followed him out. He rushed down to the depot and put her aboard the coach as fast as possible, but while arranging the seat, she said:

"Now, Henry, I am going away for six weeks, but I want to say that—"

"There goes the bell—I'll be left—let me kiss you—good-bye, dear!" and he was out of sight in an instant.

A man across the aisle, who seemed to know how matters stood, looked at his watch and then called out:

"It lacks just twenty-two minutes of train time!"

The wife rose up and walked to the door, but Henry was clear of the depot, and all she could do was to give one of her hand-boxes a kick and mutter:

"I'll pay him for this—I'll return unexpectedly!"—Comic Monthly.

### Delaware Peaches.

Delaware, the land of peaches! the land where during two months of the year the air holds the fragrant aroma of this king of the fruits! Peaches, peaches everywhere—in baskets, in crates, in boxes, in wagons. At every station of the railroad that traverses the spine of the Delaware water-shed, one sees those peculiar vehicles, generally known as peach wagons, square, cumbersome and roomy, unloading their luscious contents. At the more considerable stations all is noise, hubbub and confusion. One by one the peach wagons come rumbling up to the waiting cars, each one striving to get in first so as to unload and home again.

At the cars is a very Babel of voices calling for manifests, numbers and what not; commingled with the squealing of males, the shouting and swearing of teamsters and the cracking of whips. Along the roads in all directions rumble the peach wagon, each in a little cloud of dust, like a miniature thunder storm, each wending its way and converging to a centre represented by the nearest railway station. Traveller on the railroad passes long trains of freight cars, hanging around and trailing after which is a luscious odor of the most luscious fruit.

In New York the Delaware peach is rarely seen at its best; the fruit is picked while yet hard, and so shipped, ripening in the cellars of the commission merchants or on the stalls of the vendors; but when they are allowed to ripen to full maturity in the broad and native sunlight of their Southern home, when they swell with the last few hours of ripening, the blush side turning a delicate velvet crimson, just mottled with a few darker spots; when they soften, not to flaccidity, on the trees, turning the last drops of sap to reclarious juice, then the Delaware peach is a thing hard to be sufficiently admired, charming alike in its beauty, its odor and its taste.—Harper's Magazine.

The contented rustic: "Well, Peter, your crops must be ruined by this untimely rain?" "Yes, your honor, but, thank Heaven, so are the neighbors."

### Oregon Items.

Roseburg has an iron foundry in successful operation.

Cornelius has a new industry started, in shape of a glove factory.

Smith Bros. are erecting a new saw-mill two miles south of Hillsboro.

A good wagon road is being made from Port Orford north to Coos Bay.

John A. Hunt has paid \$2,000 for a two-thirds interest in the Fair Oaks grist mill.

Dayton, W. T., now has 950 inhabitants, 307 voters, 207 dwellings and 200 families.

Douglas county has 3,720 school children; Jackson, 2,993; Josephine, 745; Lake, 601.

There are a good many emigrants camped about Weston, nearly every day brings more.

A. J. Gault, of Yamhill, shows cats that grow eight feet. He calls them the Egyptian.

John Perry was caved on in a placer mine 3 miles above Canyon City and died in a few hours.

Uncle John Andrews, of Yoncalla, will probably lose one of his eyes as the result of an accident.

A nugget worth \$1,000 is said to have been found on Salem creek and so reported at Jacksonville.

About 40 loads of hay daily is being tacked away into barns about Salem, and selling from \$5 to \$8 per ton.

Mrs. Every and Mrs. Beauminster were thrown from a carriage at Walla Walla and received injuries.

The Cornelius Courant says: Grain harvesting has commenced in portions of this county. The yield is large.

Cattle are accumulating in Josephine county, comparatively few having been driven out in the past two years.

Mr. James Johnson, of Umatilla county, had a horse worth \$500 badly injured by running against a barbed wire fence.

The Doten Brothers, of Siskiyou county, have sold their entire band of cattle, 4,000 head, at \$13 per head, all round.

Harvest has commenced in Umatilla county and harvest hands command \$2 a day—sometimes. Crops are excellent there.

There is a telegraph station at Cottage Grove, and a railroad switch, and the folks think they ought to have a regular station.

Robt. Long, of Yoncalla, is probably crippled for life because a sulky horse kicked him in the ankle, while he was riding on a sulky rake.

Magruder, Owens & Co., who have projected an immense mining enterprise, will resume operations on their Applegate ditch in a short time.

Major Spurgeon's company, 21st Infantry, which has been stationed at Fort Canby for a long time past, is now under orders to proceed to Fort Lapwai.

French & Glenn sold recently 12,000 head of cattle which had been ranging in the Stein mountain country. The cattle will be driven to Nevada.

The sum of \$36,137.12 was distributed among the various counties of Oregon for school purposes, by the Board of School Land Commissioners, on the 7th.

Calipooia precinct, Douglas county, is troubled with rust in wheat. The same may be said of many other sections, but the amount of damage cannot be estimated.

Capt. Lawson of the coast survey service, is engaged with a party on inland work, locating and establishing various triangulation points between the Sound and the Columbia river.

W. B. Kincaid & Son have been awarded the contract for furnishing Fort Klamath with 700 cords of wood and will commence its fulfillment at once. They receive an average of \$3 per cord.

There is not a vacant house in Sheridan, and the town would soon double in size if proper inducements were held out to new comers, but we are bottled up—Mr. proprietors give us sea room.

Farmers who pretend to know, estimate that there will be at least 300,000 bushels of wheat threshed in Jackson county this season. The surplus is not liable to be as large as was at first expected.

The State Journal says: Lane county bids fair to exceed itself the present season. All along the railroad can be seen fields of most promising grain, and we appear to be more fortunate than Linn county, in this respect.

Grain of all kinds is ripening fast and the farmer has in some instances commenced cutting. The prevailing weather is of great benefit, especially to wheat, which is finely filling out. Barley and oats are also of an excellent quality.

Walla Walla Union says: The good news comes to us from all sections of the country, that the crop is heavy beyond precedent. From Colville, the Spokane, Colfax, Deadman, Asotin and the Pataha country the same cheering good news comes.

Arthur McGuire, of McMinville, was run away with, was wrapped in the lines and was dragged by the team a hundred yards, and after bounding thus at a fearful rate, between wagon wheels, was found with no bones broken but fearfully bruised.

Major Stewart, of Fort Canby, standing next on the list of promotion, since the death of Col. Barry, will be soon advanced to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel. There is some talk of the Infantry now at Canby being transferred to the East. Major Stewart also expects to go East.

The meadows of Clatsop county are very pleasant to look upon just now. The farmers are busy mowing and the newly mown hay greets the nose with a most pleasing odor. The tall grass falling before the mower, the ripening grain in the fields alongside, and the sparkling waters bubbling along between the emerald banks of the beautiful streams, form a picture, which is made all the more beautiful by the hum of bees, and the smell of fragrant clover.

The Pendleton Independent's Weston correspondent says: The railroad track is now laid between Whitman Station, on Garrison Creek, to the Walla Walla river. They expected to have the bridge across the W. W. river completed on Saturday, and the cars to run out that far this week. James Young is delivering from 1,300 to 1,500 ties per day at Duran's and Sargent's on Dry Creek, and at Weston, and expects to have about 25,000 delivered by the 1st of August. The company has over 100 men at work on the route, and expect to have the route completed to Walden's, on Dry Creek, in time to take out the Fall crop of wheat.

### Madame Jerome Bonaparte.

After she was sixty years old, Mme. Bonaparte made another visit to Europe and then returned to America, where the last eighteen years of her life was passed in a quiet boarding house in Baltimore. Her time was employed in recalling the brilliant events of her European career and in obtaining safe investments for the savings of her large income. Her fortune amounted to \$1,500,000, which yielded her an income of nearly \$100,000 per annum, out of which she spent something like \$2,000 a year.

The greater part of her money was accumulated during the last thirty years of her life by saving. In her old age she often said: "Once I had everything but money; now I have nothing but money."

"Even when she had reached the advanced age of ninety years," says Mrs. Didier, "Mme. Bonaparte was in the habit of visiting the business portions of the city, collecting her dividends, making close bargains with brokers, and managing all her affairs with great shrewdness. She invested her money in various ways, because as she said, 'It was not wise to put all your eggs in one basket.' Her biographer continues.

Parsimonious to all others she was very liberal to her grandsons. During the time that her grandson Jerome was in the French army she gave him very large sums, saying, "she wished him to appear in a manner befitting his birth, as the grandson of a king." On the 17th of June, 1870, her son died, leaving his country seat to his two sons, jointly. She bought out Jerome's share and presented it to his younger brother. In the last few years of her life she was accustomed to give at Christmas a present of \$100 each to two or three favored relatives.

She was very regular in her habits of life, retiring at ten and rising promptly at six, during her residence in Baltimore. Of course, while living in Europe, attending nightly balls and parties, she was compelled to keep late hours, but she never lost sleep at night without making it up during the day.

Contemporary testimony to her beauty was unanimous. As some one said of her: "She charms by her eyes and slays with her tongue." But if her witticisms inspired fear, her gay manner and childlike laughter took away their sting. She was very vain of her personal charms; and once asked a lady who had recently returned from Europe, if she had not heard of her beauty on the continent. She was in the habit of standing before her portrait and viewing with complacency the wondrous beauty which had led captive the heart of Jerome Bonaparte.

Mme. Bonaparte was morbidly sensitive about her age. One Summer at the White Sulphur Springs she enjoyed the society of a Baltimore gentleman, very much complimenting his manners, conversation, etc., until one day he committed the fatal mistake of asking the Madame's age. She never spoke to him again. Another Summer at York Springs, Pa., she was annoyed by the familiarity of a Mrs. — of Baltimore. One day, while seated at dinner next to Mme. Bonaparte, she remarked: "Madame, I am very glad to meet you. I hear you were once very beautiful. How old are you now?" To which Mme. Bonaparte curtly replied: "Nine hundred and ninety-nine years, ninety-nine days and nine minutes."

Notwithstanding the quiet life she led in Baltimore, Mme. Bonaparte continued to enjoy the visits of her friends up to the very last. She conversed freely, often with vivacity, and frequently with bitterness. She had very little confidence in men, but did not withhold her admiration from her own sex, if she met one who came up to her standard, which was very seldom.

In a conversation on the subject of religion with the late Mrs. John Eager Howard, of Baltimore, Mme. Bonaparte said if she adopted any religion it would be the Catholic, because at least "that was a religion of Kings—a royal religion." Her niece, who was present, exclaimed: "Oh, aunt, how can you say such a thing? You would not give up Presbyterianism?" To which Mme. Bonaparte responded: "The only reason I would not is that I should not like to give up the stool my ancestors had sat upon."

A carpet-bag containing valuables was Mme. Bonaparte's constant companion. If she was called to the parlor to see a visitor she took it with her and hung it on the back of her chair. In every expedition this carpet-bag was taken, and on more occasions than one young gentlemen who wished to show some attention to Madame have been annoyed and embarrassed by being obliged to carry this thoroughly old-fashioned companion. In one of her earlier trips to Europe she carried in her own hands a small trunk containing her jewels. During the journey to Philadelphia she was introduced to a young gentleman from Baltimore, and upon arriving at the above

city she handed him the trunk, saying: "Young man, take this; it contains my jewels," and, taking his arm, she said, "I will hold on to you," which she did until safely settled in a carriage with her trunks. Her room was piled with trunks, and up to the time of her last illness she was in the habit of looking over her ancient finery. Each article had its history; this was her husband's wedding coat; this dress was given her by the Princess Borghese; this one had been worn at the Court of Tuscany; this one she wore at the Pitti Palace on the day she met her husband, this she wore when presented to Madame Mere, etc.

During the last two years of Mme. Bonaparte's life her digestive powers failed, and she lived almost exclusively upon brandy and milk. She went down stairs for the last time on Christmas day, 1878, but was taken ill five days afterward. Her physician knew this would be her last illness, for she did not manifest any desire to leave her bed, as she had always done in previous indispositions. She said that she had a disease which medicine could not cure—old age; and on some one's remarking in her presence that nothing was so certain as death, she laconically replied, "Except taxes."

And thus ends the story of one of the most beautiful, one of the cleverest, one of the most ambitious and certainly one of the most unfortunate women of modern times. The life of Mme. Bonaparte belongs to history as well as to romance and must be told along with that of the great Napoleon.—New York Herald.

### A Rector's Bad Memory.

A fashionable church out on West Walnut street has a rector who has been placed in embarrassing positions simply because of his absent-mindedness. It was only a week ago when he was to have married a couple at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The bride and bridegroom appeared, followed by a retinue of ushers. Everything was in readiness except the gentleman who was to perform the ceremony. A messenger was dispatched to his residence, but the rector had gone out of town. After a wait of over an hour it was learned that he had gone botanizing. A Presbyterian clergyman in the audience volunteered, who entered the chancel and married the couple.

On another occasion the rector was engaged to perform at St. George's Hotel the marriage of the daughter of a well-known naval officer. At the appointed hour he failed to appear. Calling at his house, the ushers found him in the dining room munching toast and sipping tea. He was hustled into a carriage and driven rapidly to the hotel, where the parties were in waiting.

"Oh, dear, I've forgotten something," exclaimed the pastor when he reached the hotel door.

"What is it?" asked the gentleman in whose charge he was.

"Why, my surplice; wonder if they will allow me to marry them without it?" he inquired in an agitated manner.

"Oh, yes, certainly," replied the gentleman. And that wedding went off an hour late.

On another occasion a well-known gentleman up town decided on giving a party in his honor, and wrote early in the week desiring to know whether the appointed date would be acceptable, asking at the same time for an early answer. Time sped on, and no reply. On the morning of the day the social gathering was to take place the acceptance came. The guests assembled, but the rector was notably conspicuous by his absence. The matter had slipped his mind.

As a climax to this string of forgetfulness, on last Sunday, it is said, the rector gave out the psalter for the seventh day, and for the afternoon service gave out the psalter for the sixth-day morning.—Philadelphia Record.

### A Child's Sympathy.

A child's eyes! those clear wells of undefiled thought—what on earth can be more beautiful? Full of hope, love and curiosity, they meet your own. In prayer, how earnest; in joy, how sparkling; in sympathy, how tender! The man who never tried the companionship of a little child has carelessly passed by one of the greatest pleasures of life, as one passes by a rare flower without plucking it or knowing its value. A child cannot understand, you think? Speak to it of the holy things of your religion, of your grief for the loss of a friend, of your love for some one you fear will not love you in return, it will take, it is true, no soundings of your thoughts; it will not judge how much you should believe, whether your grief is rational in proportion to your loss, whether you are worthy or fit to attract the love you seek; but his whole soul will incline itself to yours, and engraves itself, as it were, on the feeling which it your feeling for the hour.

The mania continues. Years hence our children's children will speak with pride of their Pinaforefathers.

### Oriental Beverages.

The Chinese have made beer from a peculiar kind of rice for over 4,000 years. Its inventor is said to have brought some of the new beverage to the Emperor, who, on tasting it, remarked: "This liquor will cause great trouble in the Empire." To prevent, if possible, the fulfillment of his own prophecy, he banished the inventor and forbade the manufacture, but this early attempt to nip the liquor traffic in the bud failed, the secret of the manufacture was preserved, and the Chinese are still in enjoyment of their venerable rice beer. The rulers of the Celestial Empire would seem to have had more success in the suppression of wine drinking, several Emperors having gone to the root of the matter, by ordering the extirpation of the vines. The strong drink of the Japanese, known as sake, is also prepared from rice, and so is the brom of the Javanese, which is not considered ripe until it has been buried in an earthen vessel for several months in the ground. The numerous tribes of Central Africa prepare malt liquors from maize and millet, while the Kamschatkans have succeeded in extracting a spirit from one of their grasses. Among the agricultural races, cereals were not the only materials from which alcoholic liquors were prepared; the fruits of various trees were pressed into the service. Thus, in vine-growing countries, "dull draughts of barley wine" gave place, at least among the well-to-do classes, to the more generous juice of the grape, while palm wine or turi, from which our word toddy is said to be derived, became the favorite liquor wherever the palm-tee flourished. In countries too cold for vine culture, but where honey abounded, the latter seems to have been preferred to cereals for fermenting purposes. Mead, the liquor thus produced, was the favorite drink of our Anglo-Saxon forefathers, and of the people of Northern Europe generally, and it is still much used in Russia. It is possible owing to the abundance of honey in South Africa that the drink reappears among the Hottentots, the Caffres, and the natives of Madagascar. Honey is not, however, the only animal substance from which a fermented beverage is obtained. Among the purely pastoral races, whose wealth consists wholly of their flocks herds, milk has been turned to account for this purpose. The Mongols and Tartars have from time immemorial prepared an alcoholic drink known as koumiss from mare's milk. This is placed in bottle-necked vessels made of skins, and sour milk of the cows is added as a ferment. As fermentation sets in the contents of the skin are violently stirred, and in a few days the liquor is ready. Koumiss has long enjoyed the reputation of being a remedy for consumption the tribes using it being, it is said, remarkable free from pulmonary diseases, and, with a view to its application medicinally for this purpose, the manufacture of the Scythian beverage has recently been started in England.—From the Edinburgh Scotsman, June 23d.

### Millionaires.

What becomes of the sons of our great men? is a question that is frequently asked and as frequently left unanswered. The intellectual powers of the father, if predominant, seldom descend to the son. In a certain sense this rule holds true with respect to the ability to acquire and retain riches. If the father possess this in a remarkable degree, the son, in nine cases out of ten, is a spendthrift. Examples of this are not wanting. The descendants of men who, two or three generations ago, rolled in opulence, hold clerkships or other subordinate positions. Wealth, influence and ability in some families descend from father to son; but these are isolated cases, and, as exceptions, only prove the truth of the rule. Since they are so seldom retained in one family for any great length of time, the query, where our rich men of the future will come from, naturally suggests itself. They do come to the surface, and gradually unfold those powers which enable them to manage vast enterprises, control millions, and wield a mighty influence. The result is not a freak of fortune; they are not kicked into good luck. Their success is merely the result of long and laborious years—a right appreciation of the details. Wealthy young men begin life just where their fathers left off, and, of course, end where their fathers began—i. e., at the little end of the horn. Our future rich men are to-day peddling fish in the streets, selling oranges or papers on the sidewalks, or are engaged in some remunerative employment, the wages of which are each week divided between current expenses and the savings bank, the latter generally getting the lion's share.

A young lady complained to her escort at the hotel that she had lost a fan and silver chain attached which he had given her. "Good gracious!" exclaimed the gentleman to a friend, "she has lost her presents of mine."

The weather at St. Louis last week was excessively hot, the mercury ranging from 96 to 98 degrees in the shade.

### Port Townsend

## Boot and Shoe Store

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses', and Children's

### Boots and Shoes

Of the very latest qualities and of the Latest Patterns.

### GENTS AND LADIES'

### Arctic Over-Shoes.

Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's

### Rubber Over-Shoes.

This is the Largest and Best selected stock of Boots and Shoes on Puget Sound, comprising

Bronze and Satin Dressing, Mason's Challenge Blacking, Frank Miller's Water-Proof Blacking.

Machine Silk and Needles, Shoe Findings of every description, Rigging and Harness Leather, Etc., Etc., Etc.

A complete assortment of MISCELLANEOUS STOCK.

### CUSTOM WORK

And Repairing executed as usual, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A Fair Share of patronage of the Public is solicited.

I have a GREAT REVERENCE for Cash Customers.

JOHN FITZPATRICK.

## H. L. TIBBALS & CO.'S SUPERIOR TEAMS.

### Wharfingers

### AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS!

Vessels Discharged, Freights Collected, Teaming of all kinds done, At reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed.

Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.

Good Dry and Green Wood always on hand. Also, good Bark.

TIMOTHY HAY, ALWAYS ON HAND.

### —AGENTS FOR—

Steinbock Beer, Seattle Beer, and Levy Bro's Soda Water and Root Beer.

All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention.

To the Merchants of Port Townsend we will say that we receive all your goods and advance the coin for your freight bills, for which we certainly expect your patronage, as we have attended to receiving, shipping, and delivering your goods for many years past. We are still prepared to do all your work at fair and reasonable prices.

H. L. TIBBALS & CO., Port Townsend, W. T.

## U. S. Marine Hospital!

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Any sick sailor who has paid Hospital dues for two months preceding his application for admission, is entitled to Hospital relief.

### Port Townsend Hospital.

The above institution having been placed on a permanent footing, as the United States Hospital for Marine Patients on Puget Sound, the proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that no pains or expense will be spared in ministering to the comfort and convenience of private patients.

This is the largest General Hospital north of San Francisco, and by far the most complete in equipment. It has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished. Its general wards have accommodations for about one hundred patients and are peculiarly adapted for cases requiring the most careful treatment and constant supervision at limited expense. Those who desire them will be furnished with private rooms, entirely separate and distinct, at a slight additional cost.

The attention of Mill owners, and those interested in shipping, is called to the fact that scurvy suffering from contagious diseases will be treated outside the Hospital without expense to the vessel.

Thomas T. Minor, M. D., Managing Surgeon.

## JOHN T. NORRIS,

—IMPORTER OF—

### Stoves, Tinware,

PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE, PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE, PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE,

—AND GENERAL—

### House-Furnishing Hardware.

PRIME QUALITY,

AND A FAIR MARKET PRICE

For every article made or sold.

### BARTLETT'S COLUMN.

# CHAS. C. BARTLETT!

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail —DEALER IN—

## GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS, DRY GOODS,

## CLOTHING, CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES, BOOTS, SHOES, BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS, CAPS,

## FANCY GOODS,

Hardware, Hardware, Hardware,

## Ship Chandlery.

Crockery, Crockery, Crockery,

## TOBACCO Cigars TOBACCO,

### Doors and Windows,

### Farming Implements,

### Furniture,

### Wall Paper,

### Plows,

And a Large assortment of Goods not enumerated, which we will sell at

## The Lowest Prices.

### BARTLETT'S

# Jewelry Store

Central Hotel building, Head of Union Wharf,

## Port Townsend, W.T.

The Finest Stock of

SOLID GOLD AND SILVER

## WATCHES WATCHES

—AND—

## JEWELRY JEWELRY

ON PUGET SOUND.

Also a fine assortment of

Clocks, Solid and Plated Silver Ware, Spectacles, Spectacles, Eye, Field and Marine Glasses, Musical Instruments, Etc., Etc.

Goods Warranted as represented.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

Cleaned and repaired by a first class workman and warranted for one year.

C. C. BARTLETT, Prop'r.

# PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON CO

THURSDAY, AUG. 7, 1879

## TELEGRAPH TO CAPE FLATTERY.

On various occasions, particularly when the periodical breaks have occurred in the cable connecting the wires of the Western Union Telegraph with wires on the main land at Victoria, we have called attention to the advantages to be gained, and less liability of breakage to the Victoria cable if it could cross the straits of Fuca from Dungeness or Port Angeles.

The cause of the frequent breaks in the present line of cable, is now well known to be the presence of copper in the formation of the islands of the Archipelago de Haro, and in the channels between these islands, through which the cable is laid. These breaks have been regular at certain periods ever since the Victoria telegraph was constructed.

There is at present another break in the cable, and we take the opportunity of again referring to it, and suggesting that it is for public interest, not only to connect Port Angeles with Victoria, but to have a line extended from Port Townsend to Cape Flattery.

Within the past two weeks three wrecks have occurred on the lower waters of the Straits, the last one being the bark Gem of the Ocean, at Pachina, near Cape Beale, on Vancouver's Island. Capt. Hooper, of the Wolcott, says that if a line had been established to the Cape, he could have saved the Washington Libby, and could have rendered valuable assistance to the two vessels on the Vancouver shore.

Having demonstrated that with such telegraphic communication as is desired many marine losses might be averted, both among American and English vessels, may we not assert that it is to the interest of shipmasters, owners and underwriters to take some steps in the matter?

## THE SEQUIM POST OFFICE.

In order that our Clalam County friends may know how their postal advantages already gained are being followed up, and that they together with the other residents of the Territory may know how faithfully Hon. T. H. Brents is serving them, we take the liberty of publishing the following, just received:

WALLA WALLA, W. T., July 29, '79.  
ALLEN WEIR, ESQ., DEAR SIR:—

The papers in reference to a postal road, and the establishing of a post office at Sequim Bay, have been forwarded by me to the Auditor of the Treasury, with a favorable recommendation, and I hope action will be taken upon them immediately.

Any favors I can extend to you or any of your friends will be gladly attended to. Yours Very Truly,  
THOS. H. BRENTS.

The above is but a sample of others in answer to similar requests for attention to matters of interest to the people of this section, and shows that our public affairs are not neglected, as far as our Delegate is concerned. The Sequim post office question has been agitated some time.

## CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

The City Council held a meeting on Monday, and elected the following municipal officers for the ensuing year: City Treas., N. D. Hill; City Atty., and Clerk, G. M. Haller; City Health Officer, Thos. T. Minor; City Street Commissioner, also Harbor Master, H. L. Tibbals; City Surveyor, F. W. James; City Justice of the Peace, J. T. Norris; City Assessor and Collector, N. D. Hill; Fire Wardens, A. H. Tucker, H. L. Tibbals and Chas. Finn.

A petition from Chas. LeMaister and others was read and referred to the street commissioner.

Mr. J. B. Murphy was awarded a contract for keeping the grades on the hill in order for the period of one year, for the sum of \$50.

The Clerk was instructed to pre-

pare an ordinance prohibiting dogs from running at large on the streets.

The report of the Health Officer was read, accepted and approved, and a vote of thanks was tendered to Dr. Minor, for his valuable services for the benefit of the city.

## HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

TO THE HONORABLE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF PORT TOWNSEND:

GENTLEMEN:—Believing it to be my duty as Health Officer, I have the honor to report that I have this day made careful inspection of those localities of this city, in which I had reason to believe disease germs were liable to arise from noxious odors and prevalent filth. The result of said inspection, I have the honor to herewith present for your consideration.

The first place inspected was the Wash House of Jee Wah. The house itself was reasonably clean, but around the back door filth had been allowed to accumulate to a frightful extent; and, as if the ground itself would not retain all the noisome substances, barrels of dirt and nastiness were left standing at the back entrance, polluting and poisoning the air. These barrels were ordered thrown in the bay, and all the filth of rotting clams and bones were directed to be cleaned away at once. The proprietor promised an immediate compliance with these directions.

Examining next the house of Lun Sen, the house and yard were found in fair condition, save one wash room where the sickening odors indicated the near presence of some worse putrescence. This was ordered cleaned; and, with the liberal application of lime, will be made passably sweet and healthy.

Sam Sing's Wash House was the last examined. It was in every respect the worst of all in a sanitary point of view. All the slops after washing, were emptied under the floor of the wash room and by drains conveyed into the street where every passer by could not escape them; and, as if that were not bad enough, all the other filth of the place was thrown out of the door to mingle with that from under the house. To walk on that side of the street by the house was impossible without becoming impregnated with some of the nastiness, and I consider it dangerous to the health as well as disgusting to sight and polluting to the person. I ordered all slops conveyed to and confined in a hole in the yard which after a certain time can be covered with dirt and a new one dug; also directed the street to be cleaned and some clean dirt to be placed thereon.

If China washhouses are to be allowed within the city limits, the question of proper sewers and drains is one that must command the early attention of your body. It cannot be neglected or slighted. The public health is as important a care as the public peace, and demands your earnest consideration. The reputation this place now justly enjoys for health, can, in one season, be destroyed for years, if proper means are not provided to carry off pollutions that we permit in our midst.

The last place examined on which I have to report, was a pig pen (back of the Washington hotel) which is directly on one of our main streets and principal thoroughfares. It should at once be moved to some less prominent place. Where it now stands no one can pass without inhaling its noxious odors.

A number of privies and other places were examined, but they did not seem to merit attention as public nuisances. Some of them demand private remedy however and the suggestion will be privately offered to their proprietors.

I have to thank the city marshal for his kind attendance and assistance. At the expiration of ten days I propose to make a second examination of the places mentioned, and if the sanitary improvements suggested are not carried out I shall deem it my duty to complain of them as public nuisances.

I am, gentlemen, very respectfully your obed't serv't  
THOS. T. MINOR,  
Health Officer.  
Port Townsend, July 30, 1879.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

A fine assortment of legal blanks at Holcomb's.

Go to Waterman & Katz for the best carpets, at reasonable prices.

The ARGUS is kept for sale, regularly, at Mr. Holcomb's Variety Store.

Two first-class sewing machines, a Wilson and a Singer, NEW, for sale. Apply at the ARGUS office.

Sarsaparilla and Soda Water, for the million, at Holcomb's Variety Store.

## Administrator's Sale

### Of Personal Property.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That pursuant to an order of the Hon. Probate Court of Kitsap county, W. T., bearing date August 2, 1879, in the matter of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased, the undersigned administrator of said estate, will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder for cash, on

Thursday the 29th day of August, '79, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

On Union wharf in Port Townsend, W. T.

the following personal property to-wit:  
Sloop "H. L. Tibbals," with the sails, rigging, anchors and cable;  
1 skiff, 2 pairs oars.  
1 cook stove and fixtures.  
1 lot crockery, 1 rifle and cartridges.  
1 clock, lot of clothing, bedding, &c.

D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD,  
Admin. of est. Joseph Bates, dec.  
J. A. KUHN, att'y for estate 25-4t  
Port Townsend, Aug. 6, 1879.

## Probate Notice.

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

Arthur Phinney deceased,

Notice of hearing petition for order of settlement of account and distribution

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That George W. Harris, sole surviving executor of the estate of Arthur Phinney, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement and allowance, and filed in the Probate court of Jefferson county, his account and vouchers of all his transactions, doings and business relating to said estate, and has also presented and filed a petition praying for distribution of \$5,000 to each of the heirs and persons entitled to a share in the distribution of the estate of said Arthur Phinney under the will and to determine who such persons are. And that the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T., does hereby appoint the 4th day of September, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at the court room of said court, in said county, as the time and place of hearing and settling said petition and account wherefore it is ordered that all persons interested in said estate or entitled to a share in the distribution thereof, be, and they are required to appear at said time and place and show cause if any they have why said account should not be allowed and settled and said distribution made. And further, that a copy of this notice be posted by the clerk as required by law, and also published in the Puget Sound Weekly ARGUS for four weeks before the time of hearing the same.

J. A. KUHN,

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON } SS.  
County of Jefferson, W. T. }  
I—J. A. KUHN, Judge, and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court in and for Jefferson county, W. T., do hereby certify the foregoing to be true copy of said notice, ordered by said Probate Court of said county, to be given and that the same is of record in said court.

[SEAL] Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 5th day of August, 1879.

J. A. KUHN, Judge.  
25-4t and ex-officio clerk of said court.

## Probate Notice

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

ARTHUR PHINNEY, dec.

Petition for order to sell real estate.

ON READING AND FILING THE petition of George W. Harris, sole surviving executor of the last will and testament of Arthur Phinney, deceased, praying for authority to sell the real estate belonging to the said estate, and it appearing to the Court from said petition that there is real estate belonging to said estate unsold; that said estate cannot be settled, divided and distributed without a sale of said decedent's property; that said will authorizes the executors of said estate to sell all of said property whenever a sale in their judgment will be for the best interest of said estate; and it appearing to the Court that it will be for the interest of said estate to sell said property, it is therefore ordered that Thursday, the 4th day of September, 1879, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the court room of the Probate Court in Port Townsend, W. T., be the time and place for the hearing of said petition for an order of sale, at which time and place all persons interested in said estate are required to appear and show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be made authorizing Geo. W. Harris, executor, to sell all of the real estate belonging to the estate of Arthur Phinney, deceased, remaining unsold.

And further, that a copy of this notice be posted by the clerk as required by law, and published in the Puget Sound Weekly ARGUS for four weeks before time of hearing the same.

J. A. KUHN,

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON } SS.  
County of Jefferson, W. T. }  
I—J. A. KUHN, Judge and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court in and for Jefferson county, W. T., do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of an order made by the said Probate court of said county, and that the same is entered of record in said court.

[SEAL] Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 4th day of August, 1879. J. A. KUHN,  
Judge and ex-officio cl'k of said Court.

Geo. Barthrop, House, Sign Painter, &c., (21 years among you) asks from the unprejudiced a share of patronage; and thanks kind patrons for the past.

## CHIMACUM TRIBE, NO. 1, I. O. R. M.

Hold regular meetings at their hall, every Wednesday evening. 23

## Mrs. Frank Tucker

Bege to inform the ladies of Washington Territory and its vicinity, who might require careful nursing, that she is prepared to receive inmates at her house, which is situated on the hill at Port Townsend.

Apply personally or by letter. 23

## WARNING.

I HEREBY warn everybody, and particularly bail players, not to jump over my fence and trample down my garden, (without permission) as I will otherwise prosecute them for trespass—from this date henceforth.

24:1m R. DELION,  
Port Townsend, W. T., July 30, 1879.

## Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Robert D. Attridge, of Jefferson county, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the lots 3, 4 and SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 of section No. 2, in township No. 29, north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 1st day of August, A. D. 1879. J. T. BROWN, Register of the Land Office

## GOOD INVESTMENT.

BEING on the eve of closing out my General Mercantile Establishment at

Coupeville, W. T.,

and retiring from business, I now offer for sale the entire business, and a large stock of General Merchandise, together with the buildings and grounds, at a great bargain. The business has been established for fifteen years. Persons desirous of purchasing will please address my attorney, G. Morris Haller, Esq., at Port Townsend W. T.

GRANVILLE O. HALLER,  
Dated at Coupeville, W. T., July 31st 1879.

## NOTICE

Of Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the District Court of the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, bidding terms at Port Townsend, in the suit of Marshal Billon against B. F. Dennison, duly attested the 23d day of July, A. D. 1879, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate in Jefferson County, to wit:

The E 1/2 of NE 1/4 of Sec. 5 Tp 30 N R 1 W containing 73 acres.  
W 1/2 of NW 1/4 of Sec 4 Tp 30 N R 1 W; SE 1/4 of SE 1/4 of Sec 32 Tp 31 N R 1 W; and Lot 6 Sec 33 T 31 N R 1 W—containing 150 53-100 acres.

The property of B. F. Dennison.

Notice is herby given that on

Wednesday, 3d day of Sept.

1879, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. at the door of the court house in Port Townsend, Jefferson co., W. T., I will sell at public auction the above described real estate to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the said execution of the amount of six hundred and eleven 66-100 (\$611.66) dollars, with interest at the rate of one per cent. per month from the 11th day of June A. D. 1874, amounting to three hundred and sixty-six 99-100 (\$366.99) dollars; and costs of suit amounting to ten (\$10) dollars and increased costs.

B. S. MILLER,  
Sheriff of Jefferson county, W. T.  
Port Townsend, July 28, 1879. 24

## NOTICE.

Sale of Real Estate.

Probate Court of Jefferson County, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

Dennis Hight, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T., duly made on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1879, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Dennis Hight, dec., will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, and subject to confirmation by said Court

On the 5th day of Sept., 1879, at the hour of 12 M.

At the Court house door in Port Townsend, in Jefferson county, W. T., the following described real estate, to wit:  
34 1/2 acres in lot No. six (6) in section No. five (5), and 57 1/2 acres in lot No. seven (7); all in township No. twenty-nine (29) north range one east, containing 92 1/2 acres more or less, lying and being in Jefferson county, W. T.

Terms of sale as follows:—Cash in gold coin of the United States; one-half of the purchase money to be paid to the Administrator on the day of sale, balance on confirmation of the sale by said Probate court Dead at expense of purchaser.

Dated July 30, 1879.  
WM. H. B. LEARNED,  
Administrator of estate of Dennis Hight, dec.  
Bradshaw & Innan, attys for est. 24-4 t

## FRUIT AND VARIETY STORE

## Foreign & Domestic Fruit

CANDIES,  
CONFECTIONERY,  
STATIONERY,  
TOBACCO,  
CIGARS,  
ETC., ETC.

O. H. HOLCOMB,  
Proprietor.

We have also Opened a First-class

## RESTAURANT,

And will serve the public with Meals to order at all hours,

GIVE US A CALL.

Opposite Central Hotel, head o Union wharf  
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T. 23

## T. M. HAMMOND & SONS, PORT TOWNSEND.

ALL KINDS OF

TEAMING AND EXPRESS WORK

DONE WITH DISPATCH.

Carriages at all times to convey passengers

To Port Discovery, Chimacum or Port

LUDLOW.

Dispatches carried ay or

Night. Horses on Livery.

Traveling agents will save by going with us, as we intend to use all men alike. Pleasure Parties driven out any time. Hay and feed on hand and cord wood for sale in any quantity, by

N. B.—Rhododendron plants shipped any place, carefully to order.  
T. M. HAMMOND & SONS.

## A. R. JOHNSTON & CO.

Commission Agents

And Dealers in

Farm Produce,

WHEAT, HAY,

OATS, HAM,

BACON, BUTTER,

&c., &c.

Gordon's Wharf, Nanaimo, British Columbia.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

## Administrator's Notice To Creditors.

In the Probate court of Kitsap county.

In the matter of the estate of

Joseph Bates, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN by the undersigned administrator of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased, to the creditors and all persons having claims against said deceased to present them with the necessary vouchers within one year after the date of this notice, to said administrator, at his place of business in Port Townsend W. T., or to his attorney, J. A. Kuhn, Esq., at his office in Port Townsend, W. T., or be forever barred. Dated this 30th day of July A. D. 1879. 24-4w D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD, Adm. of estate of Joseph Bates, dec.

## \$100 REWARD.

We will pay

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS

Reward for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who killed our cattle at Scow bay, in Jefferson Co., W. T. It was killed about a work ox was killed about two weeks ago, two steers and a cow were killed in December last, and the other—a fat cow—was killed on about July 4, 1879.

JAMES NICHOLLS,  
ANN NICHOLLS.  
Port Townsend, July 17, 1879. 22

## PILOTING.

NOICE to Steamboat men or Commanders of Government Vessels.

MASTERS OF VESSELS, REQUIRING the services of a pilot to Alaska, or any of the inland waters of the Coast, can be accommodated by applying to the undersigned, whose experience as pilot on U. S. Government and other vessels, extends over a period of twelve years. Apply by telegraph or mail. J. W. KEEN, Skagit City, Washington Tery. 23m

## THOS. PHILLIPS, COLLECTOR.

Insurance And Real Estate

AGENT

Money loaned, and loans negotiated. Houses rented, and rents collected. All business promptly attended to.

Office—In Stone building, Port Townsend.

## J. R. LEWIS, Attorney-at-Law

Office.—Butler's building, rooms 4 & 5 James street, opposite Occidental Hotel.

Seat—C. Wash. Terr'y

BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS.

REV. Mr. Abel, of Olympia, preached in the Episcopal church here last Sunday. ZEE TAI & CO., desire to announce that they have just received a lot of opium.

SEATTLE should have a fire limit in the construction of houses—so thinks the "Intelligencer."

ONE of our late arrivals is Miss E. A. Reese sister of our young friend, Fred Reese, of this place.

REV. M. Eells and his family, of Skokomish, have gone down to Dungeness, on a rustivating tour.

MR. Wm. McCurdy and family, of Neah Bay, has been spending a few days in town among old friends.

MR. C. W. Philbrick, of this place, sold his house and land on the hill, a few days ago, to Mr. J. E. Fuge, of Port Ludlow.

CLAM BAKE, No. 2, last Saturday, was a duplicate of its predecessor—so we learned by parties who were in attendance.

Prof. Roberts has got the agency for the smallest, lightest and cheapest Pianos in the World. Better talk to him if you want one.

THE Puget Sound Pilot Commissioner, at their recent meeting, held in this city, granted a license to Capt. E. H. McAlmond as one of their pilots.

AMONG the passengers on the Alaska for the sound were Rev. C. A. Huntington, Col. C. H. Larrabee and Luke Moore a former resident of the Sound.

DO NOT fail to notice our new advertisement from the Wilson Sewing Machine Co., inserted this week. Mr. Chas. C. Bartlett is their agent at this place.

WE have on hand, and partly in type, a lengthy communication relative to the future of Port Townsend. We are sorry to crowd it out until next week, but it will keep and prove interesting.

Rev. S. A. Starr was in Dungeness last Sunday, filling his last appointment there for the current conference year. He will be in Port Townsend but one Sabbath more before departing for conference.

JUST received, at "Bartlett's Jewelry Store," a small assortment of Chromos, Pictures, Picture frames, Picture mouldings, etc., which will be sold cheap. Call around and examine them.

DROWNED.—On Sunday morning about 7 o'clock, the body of a man, whose name we did not learn, was found near the Hudson Bay Co.'s dock, in Victoria. Deceased was a passenger from San Francisco on the Alaska.

MR. Holcomb claims that he has "candies till you can't rest," and if you will but take a look at the fine variety displayed by him since the arrival of the last "Frisco steamer, we feel sure you CAN'T rest—till you've bought some.

DON'T fail to read Mr. Tibbals' advertisement, offering the building occupied by Sterling's saloon, for rent. It occupies a splendid business position, and would do splendidly for a hotel or mercantile business.

THE English sloop Invincible, owned and officered by Chinamen, was, on the 30th of July, seized by Inspector Izett and Lieut. Burke, and boats' crews of the Wolcott for smuggling. The sloop had wool and articles of trade on board.

THE Oregon M. E. annual conference will convene in Portland, on the 20th inst., Bishop Haven presiding. All ministers, delegates and visiting friends from the Sound will be returned free by paying full fare going. Those thinking of going will make a note of this.

THE steamer Mary Taylor, Capt. M. B. Clark, left here on Friday morning last, towing the bark Montana to Nanaimo, and returning inside of 48 hours remaining over there eight hours. She seems better adapted to the towing business than any other.

CAPT. Hooper, with the U. S. steamer Wolcott, during a cruise among the Islands of the San Juan group, came across a band of British Indians who have been smuggling and committing depredations upon settlers. Steps were taken to arrest offenders and prevent a repetition of offences.

MR. Kuhn advertises the old Masonic hall for sale. Now is the time for some of the other lodges of secret societies in our city to purchase a hall for holding their meetings in. The Mason, who owns the building in question, having purchased the stone building, do not need both.

ANOTHER RECEPTION.—When the monster steamer Alaska arrived, on Monday last, Capt. Morse was again formally received with honors, by the firing of a salute. Capt. M. says he may be counted a fixture on the Puget Sound route now. His friends are pleased to see him back again.

IMMIGRATION SOCIETY.—The second regular meeting of this society took place Tuesday evening. All the officers were present, most of the members and a number of visitors. Several communications were read from parties at a distance, asking for information. Judge Swan, from Neah bay was present, but did not read proposed paper on Immigration, it having been decided to hold a special meeting during court week, when more could be present; he, however, at the request of the society, read an interesting and instructive paper on "The Meteorology of the Northwest coast." The committee on preparing descriptive pamphlet reported that they had written to prominent citizens of adjoining counties, but, as yet had received no answers; they had partially assigned the work of "writing up" the lower Sound counties, as follows: Jefferson, Messrs. D. W. Smith and J. A. Kuhn; Clallam, Messrs. J. G. Swan and Allen Weir; Island, Dr. T. T. Minor. It was decided that, as the pamphlet could not be issued for some time to come the committee having it in charge be instructed to prepare a descriptive article for publication in some newspaper. Altogether the meeting was an interesting one.

SABBATH DESECRATION.—Last Sunday seemed more like a Fourth of July, or public holiday, instead of the quiet, sacred day of rest that it should have been. The steamer Isabel came over from Victoria, having on board about 225 excursionists who were running hither and thither trying to enjoy the sights and the town during several hours in the afternoon. The boys, of which there was a large number, were running about on the hill and through town shouting and indulging in such boisterous sport as usually characterizes a noontime vacation at school. A noisy game of base ball was in progress much of the time, the Port Townsend and Victoria boys being pitted each side against the other in a trial of skill. We are glad to meet our friends from Victoria at any time but would meekly suggest that some weekday be chosen for such pleasure-seeking demonstrations as that of last Sunday.

ARTISTIC.—We were recently shown the finest artistic work we ever saw of its kind it was nothing less than a china set (cup saucer and plate) presented to Judge J. G. Swan, by his daughter, Miss Ellen M. Swan, of Boston, Mass. The valuable part of the work consists in the fact that the fine ware bears a painting of a beautiful sweet briar, in bloom, on each piece of the set. The work was neatly and very tastefully executed by Miss Swan herself. It was done by a method of painting discovered at Falence, France; and, as Miss Swan has been taking lessons from an eminent teacher of the art, her efforts may readily be expected to be of the finest character. No doubt our friend the Judge values his present highly, and well he may, for it proves itself the handiwork of a talented young artist.

THE steamship Alaska, H. G. Morse, commander, sailed from San Francisco July 30th, at 12 M. For first 48 hours had strong NW gales, thence to port moderate weather. She brings for Puget Sound the following freight—Port Townsend, 44 1/2 tons; Seattle, 103 tons; Tacoma, 23 tons; Olympia, 28 tons. Her passengers were—Miss E. A. Reese, A. Schwabacker, E. Thule, wife and son, C. McDonald and daughter, D. I. Denny, Miss Stanfield and child, Col. Larrabee, S. Baxter, H. Russel, I. Staple and family, J. Bailey, R. Drake, G. Johnson, D. Cross, H. M. Cushing, J. Whitaker and 11 in steerage.

WE received a plens ant call, a few days ago, from Mr. C. R. Brodix, special correspondent of the Bloomington, Ill., "Leader." Mr. B. is also canvassing for Zell's famous cyclopaedia, several copies of which he sold while in Port Townsend. He took passage on the steamer California for the purpose of visiting Alaska, and will visit this place again on her return. Orders for the cyclopaedia can be left at this office, where a sample may be seen.

TO QUILLYHUTE.—Capt. Monroe informs us that the Dispatch will be on duty again in about a week with her new engine and other improvements, and that he will make two trips to Quillyhute within the coming month, taking all the passengers who may wish to go, and bringing them back the following week. He will advertise before hand the date of first departure.

AN up-town fellow was delighted the other day upon being told by a friend that a good thing had at last been seen in the "Press." A roll of butter, purchased down in town, had been wrapped in a copy of the delectable sheet mentioned above. The smile of triumph, however, veered round to the other side of his face when told that the wrapping tainted the butter ere it reached home.

THE ship War Hawk arrived in Port Discovery from San Francisco, on Saturday last. Capt. Hinds, of this place, now has command of her.

FINE CROP OF POTATOES.—We hear most encouraging reports of the crops of every kind on every portion of the Sound. But the news from Sequim Prairie makes that fertile spot the banner locality of Clallam county. One of the ancient mariners, who plowed the Straits of Fuca with his schooner and plows his land with the very latest improved cultivator, says that he has a field of 7 acres of potatoes—"just a garden patch you know," in which the potatoes are so thick that they literally have crowded each other out of the ground, and in order to protect them from the sun and from turning green, he has been obliged to haul dirt from the hill to cover them up. He says he confidently expects the yield will be between 700 and 800 bushels to the acre, such as was raised on the Groveland farm in Dungeness, in B. F. Madison's time. The Professor is now at work on a windmill to grind up the surplus crop to convert them into starch. The next potato raiser may now stand up and speak his piece, and see if he can beat the yarn of the ancient mariner on potatoes.

CADETSHIP.—Hon. T. H. Brents, delegate in congress, has constituted Prof. Anderson, of the Ter. University, Dr. T. T. Minor, of this place, and Lieut Wyckoff a board of examiners to appoint a time and place, and, after publishing a notice, examine all applicants for an appointment as a cadet to the naval academy at Annapolis—the board to transmit to Mr. Brents the name and age of the candidate selected by them from among those examined. Here is a chance for some of our aspiring youths.

THE large deposit of iron ore in Chimacum valley will doubtless soon become a source of revenue, as a company of individuals have filed articles of incorporation authorizing them to mine it. Prof. Tierman, a mining expert, has taken a ton of the ore to Seattle to be smelted. We await developments.

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

For Good cigars, go to Holcomb's

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Services will be held in St. Paul's church on Sunday next at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday school at 9 P. M. Evening prayer on Wednesday, at 7 o'clock. Litany on Friday morning, at 10.

Regular services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday next, by Rev. D. W. Macle, pastor. Sabbath school as usual.

Am. bark Willard Mudgett.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.

I. S. STAPLES, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. Port Townsend, July 10 1879.

Lost, Lost!

A physician's pocket thermometer, in a morocco case. Return same to Dr. Gassaway and get reward. 25:1c

LOST.

A Pearl stud (spiral) set in gold. Please return to Rothschild & Co. Suitable reward paid. Port Townsend, Aug. 1, 1879.

To Rent.

Several fine rooms in the ARGUS building vacant, suitable for offices, &c., terms reasonable. Apply to G. MORRIS HALLER, ESQ., at his office.

Hall for Sale.

The undersigned offers at private sale lot 3 block 45 of Port Townsend, W. T., with the improvements thereon, consisting of "Masonic Hall". Said hall is 30x80 feet, two stories, hard finished throughout and in good condition; title perfect. Bids will be received for said property up to 12 o'clock M., Aug. 27, 1879. J. A. KUHN, Att'y in fact. 25-3w

NOTICE.

TO LEASE

The Saloon formerly occupied by J. G. Sterling, with TWO BILLARD TABLES and fine MARBLE-TOP COUNTER. This saloon is 24x65 feet; sitting room and Store-room, ten good rooms on second floor.

The best location in the city for business. Apply to H. L. TIBBALS. Port Townsend, Aug. 6, '79. 3w

The First-class steamship

CALIFORNIA

CAPT. THORN, WILL LEAVE Port Townsend for Sitka, Alaska Terr'y, and Way Ports, On or about the 1st of each Month.

WILL LEAVE Port Townsend for Portland, Ogn. On about the 15th of each Month. For Freight or Passage, Apply on Board, 20 Or to ROTHSCCHILD & CO, Agents.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO.,

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

—O AND DEALERS IN O—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and shoes, Ship chandlery, Hardware, Groceries, Tobacco, cigars, Wines, & liquors

Exchange Bought and Sold.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

The Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce.

CALIFORNIA WINES, PORT, SHERRY, ANGELICA, AND MUSCATEL, and Wine Vinegar, Imported direct by us from the vineyards, in pipes and barrels, and for sale at San Francisco rates by

ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

One 3 1-4 inch FISH wagon for sale at a bargain by

ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

Port Townsend, March 27, 1879.

Vessels Consigned to Rothschild & Co.

Am. bark C. H. Kenney.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW. CAPT. PIKET, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. Port Townsend, Aug. 6, 1879.

German barque F. H. Drews.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW. CAPT. W. VORSATZ, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agent. Port Townsend, Aug 2, 1879.

Bol. bark Surprise.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW. C. F. CURTIS, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. Port Townsend, Aug. 5, 1879.

Costa Rican ship Mathilde.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. CAPT. R. H. JONES, Master. Port Townsend, June 23, 1879.

British bark Lady Bowen.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. CAPT. C. W. BARNES, Master. Port Townsend, June 23, 1879.

Honduras barque Chiclayo

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW. CAPT. JULIO BOLLO, Master. D. C. H. ROTHSCCHILD & CO, Agents. Port Townsend, Feb. 18, 1879.

D. C. H. ROTHSCCHILD,

Consular agent of FRANCE; " " " " PERU; Vice - Consul of " " NICARAGUA; " " " " URUGUAY.

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Whiskey.

From Kentucky.

Virginia Rye Whiskey

From Richmond, Va., direct from the distilleries.

Rock Cove Bourbon Whiskey--1873 and 1876.

Miller Stewart & " "

—Of 1876.

Durham Old Virginia Rye

Whiskey—1873.

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SALT.

WE OFFER FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT, A BRAND OF

Peruvian Salt

EQUAL, in every respect to the best Liverpool Salt for all purposes for which a spotless whiteness is not required.

Buyers will find it stronger and cheaper than any other by calling for samples. 7 ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

FARMERS' STORE.

NEW DUNGENESS, W.T.

C. F. CLAPP, - Proprietor.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS JUST OPENED WITH A FULL AND Complete Stock of General Merchandise, consisting in part of

Hardware, Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, Boots, and Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c., Which will be sold at Port Townsend Prices, for Cash.

PRODUCE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR CASH AND GOODS. Also

WOOL HIDES, FURS, AND OIL

For which the highest market price will be paid. Farmers will find it to their interest to call and examine goods at this establishment

Before purchasing elsewhere. NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

**Kissed the Wrong Fellow.**

It is sometimes unfortunate to have a friend who resembles you, even though the resemblance extends no further than the back of the head. A fellow in our town found it so.

His friend Pendleton was spending a few days with him, and he took great pleasure in introducing to him Miss Davlin, his fiancée, and her friend Miss Elton.

It was Fourth of July afternoon that the introduction took place on the ground of the annual celebration.

The ladies soon wearied of the gay, noisy crowd, and as Miss Davlin's cozy little pheton was at hand, they decided to return to Miss Davlin's home.

"You will bring your friend over to tea, will you not, Frank?" Miss Davlin said to Mr. Kimbal, as she took up the reins.

"Thank you," Kimbal replied. I'm afraid Pendleton has another engagement but I'll bring him if I can."

The young ladies drove away, and arriving at the Davlin mansion, retired immediately to their dressing-room.

When their toilet was but half completed Miss Davlin heard the gate shut and then footsteps on the front walk. Surmising that her lover had arrived, and aware that there were no servants in the house, she ran to the front hall window and called out:

"Frank, is it you?"

"Yes."

"Well, then, please walk into the parlor and make yourself at home. I will be down in a few moments."

"All right."

"Mr. Pendleton did not come, Helen," she said to her friend as she returned to the dressing room; "Frank is alone, so I'll hurry down."

Her arrangements were soon completed, and tripping lightly down the stairs, she entered the dining room, and peeping through the parlor door, saw her lover sitting in an easy chair with his back towards her.

"I'll give him a little surprise," thought the young lady mischievously.

Tip-toeing along the soft carpet she succeeded in entering the parlor and reaching his chair before he was aware of her approach. With eyes beaming with love and mischief she suddenly threw her arms around his neck and covered his face with kisses.

Faithfully out of breath at last she desisted with the exclamation:

"There, how do you like that, sir?"

"Very well, indeed," responded Mr. Pendleton, coolly. With a cry of horror Miss Davlin gazed around the room, and to her astonishment, she beheld her affianced lover seated by the window surveying the extraordinary proceeding with consternation.

"Why, I—I—I thought it was you," the poor girl stammered, and then, feminine-like, burst into tears, and dashed from the room, leaving the two young men in serious danger of convulsions. It is said that Kimbal has spent more money treating his friends this month than he ever did in all his lifetime before.—Pomeroy's Democrat.

**Lake George Rattlesnakes.**

One denizen of this region cannot be spoken of without a degree of respect combined with aversion. It is the rattlesnake. He flies the haunts of men, and is gradually disappearing from that vicinage; but, like inferior races of man, which, before they altogether vanish before an advancing civilization, cling desperately to a few strongholds, so this reptile yet retains certain positions around the lake, which are infested in a way that demands caution on the part of the tourist. It is not uncommon to see these snakes swimming in the lake, passing from cove to cove or isle to isle. Leaning over a boat one calm day, I saw one swimming under the stern. He raised his head when he saw me, and the expression of his face was neither amiable nor assuring as he darted his head spitefully forward. I hit him with a stick, when he dived and disappeared. Tongue Mountain and Shelving Rock are most infested at present. An old man and woman, who occupy a solitary cabin on the former having long made a business of catching rattlesnakes and supplying the market. The demand is much larger than one would suppose on the part of showmen and naturalists, and also from the rustics of the neighborhood, who have the notion that rattlesnake oil is an infallible remedy for the rheumatism. Doubtless this superstition—for it is nothing else—arose in the same way as the belief in former days in a new's eye, a baby's finger, a sliver from the finger-nail of a mummy, or the baboon's blood—objects remote or difficult to obtain. The quotation for good, healthy rattlesnakes at Lake George averages one dollar apiece, caught and delivered. Those who do not mind the trifling annoyance of being bitten by one are allowed the free range of the rattlesnake preserves, and may catch them for nothing.—S. G. W. Benjamin, in Harper's Magazine for August.

Lord Dufferin is having a beautiful American yacht built in Rhode Island.

**Mismated Royalty.**

For the first year of her marriage with Prince Napoleon the Princess Clotilde was very wretched, and spent much of her time in prayer. The Prince was extremely courteous to her, but as he was at the same time as friendly as ever with the old set there was no true bond of sympathy between them. It cannot even be said her heart was vacant, for her girlish hopes and alliance worthy of rank had been centered on the Duc de Chartres. There was but one prospect of a better understanding between the pair, and when their oldest son, the present Prince Victor Jerome Frederic, was born on the 18th of July, 1862, his mother seemed to take a new interest in life. Other children followed—Louis Joseph Jerome, born on the 16th of July, 1864, and a girl, Letitia, born on the 20th of December, 1866.

The Princess was naturally attached to all these children, but certain notorious scandals in the father's life gradually estranged her more and more from him. He was on the best of terms with the Marquise de C., and though the Princess at first affected to ignore it, she sought every opportunity of getting out of his way. They may be said to have lived apart since the birth of their daughter, though at first neither avowed the motive of the separation. The Princess simply contrived to be where the Prince was not. When he was at Paris, she was either in Italy or at one of their country houses. This state of things continued down to the date of the war. When that was over the Princess lived for a while in absolute retirement at Prangins, a small domain let to the Prince out of the wreck of his possessions as a member of the reigning family. He meanwhile had left the Palais Royal for an apartment, like any other private citizen. He sought her out and proposed that she should share the apartment (no mean one, as a matter of course,) and return "home." She consented, and the first thing that met her eye as she crossed the threshold was the portrait of the Marquise de C. It was too much, and she went straight off to her father's chateau of Montcalice, near Turin.

The Prince kept the boys, and, having them, he had still the mother, in some measure, in his power. The terms of their separation are that he shall take the two Princes once a year to see their mother in Italy, and this has been done regularly year by year since. The lads are very little with their father, even when in Paris. They attend the College Charlemagne, and live with their tutor, a M. Barbier, in the Rue de la Cerisier. They spend their holidays with their aunt, the Princess Mathilde, the sister of Prince Napoleon, and it is she who really brings them up. She has the greatest affection for Victor—the eldest and the new pretender—and it is all the stronger because he is so different from "poor Louis," who has just met his death. Bear in mind that the late Prince Imperial and his mother were never heartily liked by any branch of the true Napoleon family. Jerome and his sister Mathilde are true Bonapartes. As to the one whom they consented to call cousin because he bore the title of Napoleon III, the less said the better, as to the purity of his descent. He was undoubtedly "the son of his mother," Queen Hortense, but beyond that it would not be safe to go, more especially as his reputed father, Louis of Holland, declared in the most formal manner that he had but too much reason to regard that lady with the deepest aversion. Now the present Prince Napoleon and his sister Mathilde are of the pure imperial stock, whatever else they may not be.—Boston Herald.

**Coffee Planting in Southern India.**

Notwithstanding the serious decrease in the average yield of coffee per acre in the last two or three seasons, the area under mature plants in the Madras Presidency has increased in one year, 1876-7, from 45,352 acres to 49,350 acres. The enhanced value which coffee fetches in the London market has doubtless given this industry a great stimulus. And the Indian planter, profiting by the almost total cessation of coffee cultivation in Jamaica, and the great decline in production in Brazil and Java, may, despite temporary severe checks look forward with confidence to the future. A largely increased value has also accrued to the fee-simple price of coffee estates in both India and Ceylon. We heard just the other day of a Ceylon planter buying his partner's share in the estate at the enormous price of £100 per acre for cultivated and jungle land alike, and the purchaser was no tyro at his trade.—Fraser's Magazine.

The wheat crop of Southern Indiana and Ohio has been saved in good condition. It averaged in many places forty bushels to the acre. Harvest handy have been paid \$1 50 per day.

There is one field of labor that women can never enter—collecting bills—"for woman's work is never done."

**FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.**

PORTLAND, August 1, 1876.  
Legal tenders in Portland, buying, par, and selling at par.  
Silver coin in Portland the banks quote at 1 per cent. discount to par.  
Coin exchange on New York, 1 per cent. premium.  
Coin exchange on San Francisco, par to 1/2 per cent. premium.  
Telegraphic transfers on New York, 1 per cent. premium.

**Home Produce Market.**

The following quotations represent the wholesale rates from producers or first hands:  
FLOUR—Quotable in jobbing lots at: Standard brands, \$4 75-85 00; best country brands, \$4 00-84 75; superfine, \$1 00-83 75.  
WHEAT—Valley, 15c; Umpqua, 22c; Eastern Oregon, 14-17c. Very choice of Valley, Umpqua and Eastern Oregon command an advance on these terms.  
WHEAT—\$1 25-1 57 1/2 for average; milling, \$1 60-1 65; Walla Walla from 2 1/2 to 3 cts. less.  
POTATOES—Quotable at 90c-1 00 per 100 lbs, as to description and quality.  
MIDDLINGS—Jobbing at feed, \$20-25; fine, \$25-27 1/2 per ton.  
BRAN—Jobbing at per ton, \$15.  
OATS—Feed, per cental, \$1 20-1 25; choice a shade higher.  
BACON—Sides, 8c; hams, 10-12c; shoulders, 6-7c.  
HAY—Timothy baled, buying at \$10-12 per ton; stack.  
LARD—In kegs none; new in tins, 9-10c.  
BUTTER—We quote choice dairy at 25c; good fresh roll, 20-22c; ordinary, 15-18c, whether brine or solid; common, 12-14c; market steady; California fresh roll, 22-25c.  
GREEN FRUITS—Apples, good to choice, 50c-60c per box; Limes, \$1-1 50 per box; Oranges, \$2 50-3 00 per 100.  
DRIED FRUITS—Apples; sun dried, 4-6c; machine dried, 6-8c. Pears, machine dried, 7-8c. Plums, machine dried, 15-18c; pitted, 10-12c; with pits, no sale.  
EGGS—25c per dozen.  
POULTRY—Hens and roosters, \$4-5; chickens \$2 75-3 50.  
CHEESE—Oregon, 10-12c; California, 10-15c.  
HOGS—Dressed, 5c; on foot, 4c.  
BEEF—Live weight, 2 1/2-3c, for good to choice.  
SHEEP—Live weight, 2 1/2-3c.  
HIDES—Quotable at 13-14c for all over 16 lbs, one-third off for under that, also one-third off for culls.  
TALLOW—Quotable at 5-6c.

**General Merchandise.**

RICE—Market quoted at China mixed, 5 1/2-6; Japan, 5 1/2-7 1/2; Sandwich Island, 7 1/2-8 1/2.  
COFFE—Costa Rica, 16-17c; Java, 25c; Rio, none; Guatemala, 16-17c.  
TEAS—We quote Japan in flowered boxes 35-40c; Lacerated boxes, 45-50c; paper, 30-37c.  
SUGARS—Sandwich Island, 7 1/2-8c; Golden C, in bbls 9-10c; hf bbls 8-9c; Crushed bbls, 10-11c, hf bbls, 10-11c; Privileged bbls, 11c, hf bbls 11-12c; Granulated bbls 30c, hf bbls 11-12c.  
SYRUPS—Quotable at 47c in bbls, 50c in hfs, and 55c in kegs.  
SARDINES—Qr boxes, \$1 10; hf boxes, \$2 1/2-3.  
YEAST POWDER—Donnelly, 19-20c 3/4 gross; Dooley, 20-22c 3/4 gross; Preston & Merrill, 24c 3/4 gross.  
WINES—Sherry, foreign in bbl, \$2 50-3; in cs, \$7-8 1/2. Sherry, domestic in bbl, \$1 50-2 50; in cs, \$4 50-5 50.  
Port, foreign in bbl, \$2 50-3 1/2; in cs, \$7-8 1/2. Port, domestic in bbl, \$1 50-2 1/2; in cs, \$4 50-5 50.  
Angelica, domestic in bbl, \$1 50-2 50; in cs, \$4 50-5 50.  
Macatel, domestic in bbl, \$1 75-2 50.  
Rehaling, domestic in bbl, \$1 50-2 00.  
Sonoma White, domestic in bbl, \$1 00-1 25; in cs, \$4 00-4 50.  
Claret, foreign in bbl, \$1 50-2 00; in cs, \$4 50-5 50.  
Claret, domestic in bbl, 75c; in cs, \$3-3 1/2.  
CANDLES—Emerald, 12c; Pine, 10c; Spirel, 15c; Harkness, 20c; Grant, 15c wax 2 1/2.  
SPIRITS AND MALT LIQUORS—The following are the prices current of certain brands of whiskeys and beer: J. H. Cutler, old Bourbon whiskey, manufactured by C. P. Moorman & Co., Kentucky, \$3 25-4 75; M. M. Marshall, Kentucky, \$3; other brands, \$1 50-2 75.  
OILS—Ordinary brands of coal, 25c; high grades, Dorrer & Co., \$3-4 1/2; boiled linseed, 60c; raw linseed, 50c; pure lard, \$1-1 10; castor, \$1 25-1 40; turpentine, \$20-25c.

**SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET.**

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.  
FIRST DISPATCH.  
WHEAT—Easy. Demand good.  
BARLEY—Steady. Demand fair.  
CORN—Dull and nominal.  
FLOUR—Quiet. Demand less.  
WOOL—Unchanged.  
GRAIN BAGS—Unchanged.

**SECOND DISPATCH.**

WHEAT—Movement is larger, but mostly on interior purchases. Sellers show more disposition to let go. The demand is stimulated by the decline. Sales of fair to good milling, \$1 70-1 75. Same quality shipping, \$1 65-1 72 1/2. 200 tons gilt edge at \$1 78 1/2.  
FLOUR—Bakers and grocers loaded by securing ample supply of old. There is a small demand for export. Market quiet but firm. Oregon in light supply and firm. Walla Walla, supplies very light and market not so firm.  
OATS—Feed, choice scarce and firm. Common plenty and weak.  
POTATOES—Unchanged.

**NEW YORK MARKETS.**

NEW YORK, July 30.  
WHEAT—Steady.  
FLOUR—Steady.  
WOOL—Quiet.  
HIDES—Quiet.  
Whals and sperm oil, quiet.

**CHICAGO MARKETS.**

CHICAGO, July 30.  
WHEAT—88 1/2c asked for August.  
BACON—Short rib sides, \$4 30.  
PORK—\$8 30 paid for August.  
LARD—\$5 65 paid for August.

**ENGLISH COTTON MARKET.**

LIVERPOOL, July 30.  
COTTON—Firm. Uplands, 6 9-16. Orleans, 6 1/2d.

**English Wheat Market.**

LONDON, July 30—Floating cargoes, rather quieter.  
Cargoes on passage and for shipment, weaker.  
Mark Lane, firmer.  
Arrivals off coast, small.  
English country markets, turn easier.  
French country markets, stiff.  
Imports of wheat into U. K. during past week, 340,000-345,000 qrs.  
Imports of flour into U. K. during past week, 80,000-85,000 bbls.  
LIVERPOOL, July 30.—Wheat, on spot, quiet but steady.

**Potato Meerschaum.**

Imitation meerschaum pipes are now manufactured from potatoes in France. A peeled potato is placed in sulphuric acid and water in the proportion of eight parts of the former to 100 of the latter. It remains in this liquid thirty-six hours and submitted to a certain pressure, when it becomes a material that can be readily carved. The counterfeit is said to be excellent. An imitation ivory, sufficiently hard for billiard balls, can be made by still greater pressure. A resemblance of coral is obtained by treating carrots in the same manner.

**OLYMPIA ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
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Olympia, W. T.  
**H. G. STRUVE,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
Olympia, W. T.  
**OLYMPIA HOTEL,**  
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**SEATTLE ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
**NEW ENGLAND HOTEL,**  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
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Free Coach to and from the House.  
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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
DEALERS IN  
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**THE MOST**  
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**ORDERS**  
BY EXPRESS OR MAIL,  
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**SIGN--CITY DRUG STORE,**  
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**O. F. GERRISH & CO.,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—  
**General Merchandise**  
Of extra Quality.  
**HARDWARE!**  
House and Ship Carpenters' Tools,  
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Groceries,  
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Boots and Shoes,  
Wines,  
Liquors,  
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Etc.  
**AGENTS**  
FOR THE—  
BUCKEYE MOWER and REAPER,  
Taylor's Sulky Rake,  
Mitchell's Farm Wagon,  
Sweepstake Plows,  
Haines' Header,  
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Etc., Etc.,  
Etc.  
**AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS AT THE LOWEST PRICE!**  
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**Drugs, DRUGS, Drugs,**  
**PAINTS, OILS, STATIONERY, ETC.,**  
—Wholesale and Retail—  
**By N. D. HILL, Port Townsend, W. T.**  
Drugs,  
Medicines,  
Chemicals,  
and Trusses.  
Patent Medicines of all kinds.  
Glass,  
Paints,  
Oils and  
Brushes.  
A large assortment.  
Soaps,  
Perfumery,  
Pomades,  
Hair Oils,  
And all Articles used for the Toilet.  
ETC.,  
ETC.,  
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ETC.  
Quick Sales and Small Profits.  
**Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.**

Genealogy.

In this land, where one man is just as good as another, people have so little pride of birth that they are induced to sneer at the patient genealogist or at best to take but a languid interest in his work.

Pleasures of Matrimony.

I was married for my money. That was ten years ago, and they have been ten years of purgatory. I have had bad luck as a wife, for my husband and I have scarcely one taste in common.

The Missouri farmers are reported to be driving posts into the ground to had to when the cyclones come.

A sour old bachelor objects to equal rights for women; he says her origin indicates she was only intended for a side-show.

The Moon.

The Earl of Rosse has shown by experiments that the moon not only reflects heat to the earth (which, of course, must be the case), but that she gives out heat by which she has been herself warmed.

It may perhaps occur to the reader to inquire how much heat we actually obtain from the full moon. There is a simple way of viewing the matter.

An Uncomfortable Shroud.

Two old women lived at Castle Pook, a rambling old place, once magnificent, and the scene of wild revelry so long as its owners had anything to squander.

Little Feodora's Baptism.

The first great-grandchild of the Queen of England has been christened in Potsdam, Germany. She is an infant daughter of Princess Caroline, who is the daughter of the Crown Princess of Germany.

The arrival of the Prince Imperial's body in English waters will have recalled to many of those who witnessed it a yet more memorable occasion, 39 years ago, when the corpse of the first and greatest of the Bonapartes was sent home from St. Helena, to be reinterred at Paris.

A Valuable Medicine.

DR. FRAZIER:—"My constitution was very much broken down for years. My digestion, bowels and nervous system were in a very bad condition.

DR. FRAZIER:—"I have had a splendid trade on your Root Bitters. They entirely cured one of my customers, a woman, of Dyspepsia, who had used all kinds of medicines without any good results.

If you are going to paint your house, barn, wagon or machinery, the wonderful Imperishable Mixed Paint is surely the best, for it is warranted by their agents in your own town not to chalk, crack, peel or blister.

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LIFE IN A BOTTLE! The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use for Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons—Life for the Blood, Strength for the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC. Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease, and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, asthma, very much broken down in constitution, etc., and after trying the best physicians and paying out my money for many kinds of medicines advertised without finding a permanent cure, I began doctoring myself, using medicines made from roots and herbs.

Thousands of persons in all parts of the country are already using ROOT BITTERS. They have saved many lives of consumptives who had been given up by friends and physicians to die, and have permanently cured many old chronic diseases of Catarrh, Scrofula, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia and Skin Diseases, where all other treatments had failed.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES. J SIMON & CO., Dealers in Doors, Windows, Blinds and Glass WEIGHTS, CORDS AND PULLEYS. 128 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder. 1st Fl. PORTLAND, OREGON.

DuBOIS & KING, General Agents, Commission and Forwarding Merchants, 108 Front Street, 411 Washington Street, Portland, Ore., San Francisco, Cal.

A. A. FLOWBRIDGE, Direct Importer and Dealer in LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS. No. 141 Front St. Portland, Or.

Painters' Stock. White Leads, White Zincs, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Brushes, Colors, Varnishes. FOR SALE BY Hodge, Davis & Co., Wholesale Druggists.

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA YELLOW DOCK AND IODIDE OF POTASS. THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE AND BEAUTIFIER OF THE COMPLEXION IN USE. CURES PIMPLES, BOILS, BLOTCHES, NEURALGIA, SCROFULA, GOUT, RHEUMATIC AND MERCURIAL PAINS, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STATE OF THE BLOOD AND LIVER.

Montgomery's TEMPERANCE HOTEL. 221, 223, 227 and 229 Second St., SAN FRANCISCO: Chas. Montgomery, Prop. This is the only strictly temperance hotel in San Francisco, and offers superior accommodations to the traveling public.

Benson's Caprine Porous Plaster. A Wonderful Remedy. There is no comparison between it and the common plaster acting porous plaster. It is in every way superior to all other external remedies.

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**PUGET SOUND ARGUS**

**TALKS ON TEMPERANCE.**

"Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink."

**COL. JOHN JAMES HICKMAN.**

**R. W. GRAND TEMPLAR.**

From the July number of the "Good Templar Gem" (N. Y.) we take the following descriptive sketch of Col. Hickman, the presiding officer of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of Good Templars:

Col. Hickman was born in Lexington, Ky., May 26, 1839. His father was a brave soldier in the war of 1812, and an uncle was Governor of Kentucky four years. At the early age of 19 he was married to Miss L. Hollingsworth, a young lady of high standing. He engaged in agricultural pursuits in early life, afterwards studying law and medicine, but was compelled to abandon his professional pursuits at the commencement of the war. After the war he engaged in fire and life insurance, and proved to be one of the best of managers, always commanding a large salary.

On the 15th of May, 1867, he joined the Good Templar Order, and at once became an active and aggressive worker in the temperance cause. He was soon after commissioned a State Deputy and did such valiant service that, at the next Grand Lodge session, and the first one he ever attended (Oct., 1868) he was elected G. W. C. T., and was the first man in Kentucky to quit a lucrative employment to devote his entire time to the work of the Order. When he first became G. W. C. T., the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, then but four years old, contained less than 3,000 members, and about 60 working lodges. He held the office but three years, yet, when he retired the Grand Lodge contained nearly 25,000 members, and more than 500 working lodges. In one of these three years he organized 100 lodges with a chartered membership of over 4,000, besides adding thousands to the membership of lodges already existing. This is a record, such as has never been made by any other man in the Order.

He first entered the Right Worthy Grand Lodge at its Oswego, N. Y., session, in May, 1860, and was there appointed R. W. G. Marshal. At Baltimore he was elected R. W. G. Counselor, and unanimously re-elected at the Madison session in May, 1872. He did not attend the session held in London, 1873, but was elected R. W. Grand Templar the following year at Boston. In 1875 he was re-elected at Bloomington, Ill., and again, unanimously, at Louisville, Ky., in '76, during which last year's service he and Dr. Oranhyatekha, of Canada, were sent as "Missionaries" to Great Britain, where they spent several months re-organizing the Grand Lodges of England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, and the Isle of Man. On his return he declined a re-nomination, and was succeeded by T. D. Kanouse who, after two years' faithful service, retired at the recent Detroit session, and Col. Hickman was again elected Right Worthy Grand Templar.

He is the second man who ever enjoyed the distinction of being recalled to this high office after having gone out of it, the other being Hon. S. D. Hastings, of Wisconsin.

Col. Hickman has been the most constantly active and successful worker ever enlisted under the banner of Temperance, never having been idle or out of work a single year in all the twelve that have elapsed since he joined the Order. He has organized many hundreds of subordinate lodges, and has organized and re-organized about one-sixth of the Grand Lodges in the jurisdiction. The secret of his unprecedented power for good lies in his known integrity, unequalled energy and perseverance, and the abundance of his labors.

Added to these, he has a fine personal appearance, an easy dignity which at once attracts and wins all who see him, and when once they stop to listen his triumph is assured for his burning eloquence, deep earnestness and impassioned zeal become absolutely irresistible; he has, on more occasions than one, enrolled hundreds of his hearers after a single discourse. He is bold, manly and frank in his bearing, and broad, liberal and comprehensive in his views. His record as an "abstainer" is about as nearly total as any that can be found, as he has never even tasted intoxicating liquors of any kind, as a beverage, or used tobacco in any form, or drank a cup of tea or coffee in his life. Kentucky still claims him, though Columbia, Mo., is temporarily his home. He is a man of robust frame, steady habits and sterling qualities, and has proved a leader among leaders, and is withal a modest, consistent Christian, having been an acceptable member of the Baptist Church from his youth up. When he joined the Order his hair, which fell in luxuriant curls about his fine temple and brow, was black as the cloud which strong drink had thrown athwart our country's sky; but now, by reason of his abundant labors and cares in this his chosen life work, it is whiter than the "silver lining" of that now receding cloud. In 1873 he was commissioned an aid on Gov. Leslie's staff, of Ky., with the rank of Colonel. He has never disappointed the expectations of his friends, but in every position, or promotion, has shown himself capable, conscientious and reliable, and the Right Worthy Grand Lodge did a safe and fitting thing when it called him to assume again the place he had thrice before so successfully and acceptably filled.

**DIRECTORY.**

**INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.**

**GRAND LODGE OF WASHINGTON AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.**

**Officers:**

NAMES.	OFFICES.	F. O. ADDRESS.
N. D. Hill.	G. W. C. T.	Port Townsend W. T.
Sist. L. C. Calvert.	G. W. V. T.	Seattle.
W. H. Roberts.	G. W. Treas.	Port Townsend.
Allen Weir.	G. W. Sec'y.	Port Townsend.
N. S. Porter.	G. A. Sec'y.	Olympia.
F. Kennedy.	G. S. Juv. Tem.	Kamlichie.
Rev. B. J. Sharp.	G. Chap.	White River.
W. J. Collett.	G. W. Mar.	Coupeville.
Sist. L. McAlmond.	G. D. M.	Dungeness.
Sist. A. M. Hinds.	G. Guard.	Port Townsend.
Jno. H. Carr.	G. Messenger.	Lopez.
E. Calvert.	G. Sentinel.	Seattle.
W. Raybould.	G. Coun.	Nanaimo, B. C.

**Subordinate Lodge Directory.**

**WASHINGTON TERRITORY**

No.	Name of Lodge	Postoffice	Lodge Dep'y
2	Forward	Semlalmoo	Annie E. Craig
3	Mount Adams	Goldendale	W. A. McFarland
4	Tucuma	Olympia	Jos. Chibberg
5	Pomeroy	Pomeroy	A. E. O'Dell
6	Seattle	Seattle	John Webster
7	Putaha	Putaha	Jas. McKane
8	Enreka	Walla Walla	W. P. Harton
9	San Juan	San Juan	Rev. T. J. Weekes
10	Rising Star	Seattle Coal Mines	N. H. Martin
12	Jefferson	Port Townsend	N. D. Hill
13	Ludlow	Port Ludlow	Lewis Poole
15	Vicque	Patata Prairie	S. F. Williams
16	Pioneer	Watsburg	J. F. Booth
17	Fountain	Tenino	S. N. Wilkes
18	La Conner	La Conner	F. W. Hanson
19	Shakespeare	Port Madison	C. McDermoth
20	Whidby	Coupeville	A. D. Blowers
21	Excelsior	Dayton	H. A. Burge
23	Cascade	Cascades	S. B. Jones
25	Beacon	New Dungeness	E. N. Pilcher
35	Orient	White River	Mrs. C. Willis
44	Widnes	Arada	Chas. T. Huntley
46	Colfax	Colfax	Adrian Wisner

**BRITISH COLUMBIA.**

1	Perseverance	Victoria	D. S. McDonald
2	Onward	Nanaimo	Wm. Raybould
3	Star of Hope	Comox	B. K. McElman
4	Dominion	Ne. Westminster	J. Lord
11	Cedar Hill	Victoria	Wm. Irvine

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1879		
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July 30	Aug. 8	Aug. 11
Aug. 20	" 28	" 30
Sept. 10	Sept. 18	Sept. 20
" 30		

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**CITY OF CHESTER**

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WILL LEAVE ON THE FOLLOWING dates:

SAN FRANCISCO	PT. TOWNSEND.	VICTORIA.
1879		
July 19	On arrival	July 10
Aug. 9	" "	" 30
" 30	" "	Aug. 20
Sept. 20	" "	Sept. 10
	" "	" 30

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Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES }  
DISTRICT LAND OFFICE.  
OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERR.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provision of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the State of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," William Payne, of Clallam county, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the E 1/4 of NW 1/4 of section No. 28, in township No. 31 North, Range No. 8 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 18th day of June A. D. 1879.

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Register of the Land Office.

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