

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY ARGUS.

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PUGET SOUND ARGUS
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ALLEN WEIR,
 EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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☞ All Accounts Settled Monthly. ☞

Local and News Items.

The Myers Sisters' entertainment is postponed to Thursday, May 15th. WHERE'S S. W. Hall????

The Olympia and Portland "Standards" are swapping gum and billing and cooing in a way suggestive of school-girl friendships.

We learn, by a private source, that Rev John Ren, formerly of this place, was recently brought near the gates of death by typhoid fever. California life doesn't seem to agree with him. He is, however, recovering.

The Seattle people do nothing half way, and the manner they have taken hold of the immigration scheme looks like business. People is what Puget Sound needs most of everything. With them capital will follow, and the great resources of the country will begin to be developed as it deserves. We have valleys and stretches of river bottoms of the finest lands, where thousands of people can make good homes; and with these to back other industries everything will prosper. Every one should aid the Seattle movement all that is in his power, as it will help every portion of the country.—[Transcript.]

The steamship Great Republic was insured as follows: San Francisco companies—Union, \$10,000; California, \$5,000; State Investment, \$3,000; Fireman's Fund, \$2,500; Commercial, \$2,500; Standard, \$5,000. Foreign companies—Swiss Lloyd's, \$7,500; South British, \$2,500; Paris Under-writer, \$20,000. Total, \$58,000. The vessel cost P. P. Cornwell \$25,000, who afterwards repaired her, but at what cost we are not reliably informed. The vessel, while on this route was, by steamship men, declared to be running behind, and as the O. S. N. Co., did not or would not buy her off, it is no doubt a happy streak of fortune that she stranded.—[Reporter.]

—With blanched cheeks and welled eyes all Christendom yearns to learn the number of apples Adam and Eve ate in the Garden of Eden, and tremblingly awaits the correct responsive key. Two correspondents volunteer solutions:—One thinks that instead of Eve 8 and Adam 8, also, total 16, that Eve 8-1-9, and Adam 8-1-2-11, total 20; the other correspondent writes: "I calculate that possibly Adam and Eve together ate 90 apples thus: Adam ate (8) and Eve ate too (8). Who makes it more?" We Go. List. Adam ate (8) and Eve ate one too (8), total 83. Good-bye—for this is about as many apples as any garden can raise.—EX.

Adam ate one (8) 'tis true, and Eve ate one too for aught (8)1240) we know, because Adam did; but we think Adam ate one too for to (8)1242) satisfy Eve's curiosity. Total 162,582. Ahem—m—m.

The main whisky saloon on San Juan Island was closed April 30th.

OUR visit to San Juan last week was fraught with some degree of interest. The school house in district No. 1, of that island was well filled on Thursday evening, although the weather seemed quite forbidding. After the lecture there was a little singing to pass away the time during a heavy rain shower, when all returned to their homes. On Friday evening San Juan Lodge held a meeting, at which we installed the officers for the ensuing term, and conferred the degrees on the charter members. San Juan Lodge is prospering, and already has twenty-six members. Long may it flourish.

☞ Chew Jackson's best Navy Tobacco

"MORLEY'S" LETTERS FROM NEW YORK.

From our own correspondent)
 NEW YORK, April 20, 1879.

THE BETTER SIDE OF NEW YORK.

While the tenement house tells the story of the Dives and Lazarus of the nineteenth century, let it not be supposed that only Dives inhabit yonder brown stone-row. Neither should you infer from our gambling dens, brutal walking matches, drinking holes, and flaunting "social evil," that New York is a modern Sodom. Thank Heaven, this is but the heathen side of what I called in an earlier letter the most Christian and most beathen city west of the Atlantic.

The rich centurion and Dorcas and Cornelius, all live just across Fifth Avenue from Dives, but all the synagogues they have built, all the poor people clad, and all the alms bestowed by them have made less noise in the world than the blind beggar, full of sores, lying at Dives' gate. Fair play, gentlemen?

HOW THE WEALTH OF NEW YORK IS GIVEN.

This city has nearly five hundred churches and chapels, costing forty million dollars to build, and five millions more per annum to keep them going. We have fifty-nine hospitals and asylums for the sick, aged, blind, deaf and dumb, lunatics, inebriates, orphans, and soldiers, which have cost twenty millions to build, and require five millions a year to sustain. The public school edifices have cost six millions, and four millions a year to operate. The amount spent in private charities no man can estimate, but it must be several millions. The beautiful city of Elizabeth, containing twenty-eight thousand inhabitants, is valued at \$14,000,000—and the annual benefactions of New York, not counting private charities, amount to over \$18,000,000. That's "biz."

WHAT THIS MONEY DOES.

I don't know how many missionaries there may be in Japan, but I do know how many are at work among the Arabs and in the slums of this city. Before you read further, just stop and guess how many there are. I asked a hard-working Presbyterian deacon, this morning, and he guessed "twenty-five." That was a miserable guess. Toiling among the tenement houses, sailors' boarding houses, ten cent lodging houses, and along wharf and street, day and night, are no less than two hundred and sixty-six city missionaries! It is doubtful if any missionary field in the world can show two hundred and sixty-six laborers to a million of population. The forty-three missionaries employed by the City Missions alone held three thousand seven hundred religious meetings last year in the worst sections of the city, and gave pecuniary aid to six thousand people. This regiment of untiring workers visit and care for the sick, read the Bible to those who will listen, organize prayer meetings in tenement houses, on street corners and shipboard, and every day and every night hold meetings in their 49 mission churches. This money supports besides, ten churches for seamen, 7 sailors' reading rooms, 16 other free reading rooms, 3 coffee houses; and a "flower mission," through which the sweet fragrance and beauty of rose and lilly, heliotrope and geranium, are brought into thousands of sick rooms, in hospitals and tenement houses. Those blessed dollars sustain a whole corps of trained missionary nurses, giving them preliminary instruction in a Nurses' Training School; they support an Infant's Day Nursery for children of working mothers, where the little one is tenderly cared for while the mother is out at work; and a cheap lodging house for women. How often this house, with its healthful moral atmosphere, has stood between a homeless girl and perdition only the last Great Day will unfold. Besides these there is a Working-men's Club, which is about self-supporting, designed as an offset to the drinking saloon, and the "Midnight Mission" for the rescue of girls from a life of shame.

TEMPERANCE WORK.

The 8,000 drinking holes which the genius of Chancellor Crosby has been rapidly transforming into "hotels," are not having it all their own way either. Last Sunday's Herald contained advertisements of seven temperance meetings that day, and this was but a fraction. The City Mission alone conduct 220 stated temperance meetings a year; Prof. Evans is speaking to crowded houses every night; Sawyer is working wonders of reformation and filling the Park Theatre to overflowing every Sunday night, and 13 lodges of Good Templars and 18 divisions of Sons of Temperance are working more quietly, but doing a precious work nevertheless.

SEVEN YEARS OF REVIVAL.

Ten years ago Jerry McAuley, prize fighter, thief, ex-convict, was picked up by a city missionary on Water street and became a changed man. He could not rest with all the wickedness about him, and after a few years prierit laboring a mission was built for him in the west part of that awful street. Here for seven years Jerry has preached and exhorted, and his wife (taken from the gutter also) has presided at the organ, while thieves, drunkards and abandoned characters by the hundred, have been led to a new life. The revival has known no break all these years, and though Jerry is now sick with pneumonia, and has the seeds of consumption actively at work within him, the work goes grandly on.

Besides this, there is a plain, dingy old Mariner's church down near the Brooklyn Bridge, where a constant revival has been in progress over three years. A gray haired man, with loving-kindness written all over his sweet old face, simply tells the "old, old story" to a crowd of weather-beaten sailors, street roughs, in their shirt sleeves, and Chinamen not a few, and in these three years over fifteen hundred of these men have applied for church membership. What wouldn't some of your churches give for an outpouring like that?

Herod lives in New York, and to save his golden crown of profits, decrees the slaughter of the tenement-house innocents. Dives fares sumptuously every day while Lazarus begs the crumbs from the rich man's table; but whoever concludes therefrom that the city is without ten righteous men has something yet to learn about New York.

MORLEY.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18, 1879.

I need not relate to you how grandly the Republican cause is rising out of the slough which has seemed to depress it for the last year or two, and how effectually the ex-Confederates are burying their hopes under the dry rot of Bourbonism. The fact is self-evident. The cloven-foot of the Brigadier is sticking out from under the Democratic mask, and the people are observing it with no less wonder than chagrin. It will be a long time before the North again consents to place itself at the command of the men who are exhibiting what Senator Hoar, at last aroused from his conservatism, denounced as "plantation manners." The rulings and domineering spirit of Thurman, just elected president PRO TEM. of the Senate, and Randall in the House, are but forerunners of what would oppress and disgrace us under a complete Democratic domination.

Another proof of the barbarism growing out of slavery was given yesterday in Maryland a few miles from the capital. A negro, who had committed a crime, was arrested and brought to Point of Rocks by the officer. A mob of old slave drivers and their "poor white" followers

collected at the station, took the prisoner from the officer and hanged him to a post in full view of thousands of persons without even the form of a trial. It was a remarkable coincidence that the train having the Post-office officials from all parts of the country, who were making an excursion, should have stopped there at the time, and the whole company were witnesses of the horrible deed. Doubtless the negro was guilty of the offense charged, but it is a disgrace to our institutions that he should have been dispatched by a mob of persons little better than himself, more to gratify their desire for blood and cruelty than for justice. The Post-office officials who witnessed the affair are not enamored of Southern manners from the observations they have been allowed to make.

The astonishing success of the new loan, as proposed by Secretary Sherman, has proved another setback for the green-back agitators. That a combination of 19 bankers in our principal cities should have been formed to take \$190,000,000 worth of government securities at a stroke proves at once the wisdom of the refunding scheme, and the confidence which the people feel in the ability of the government to meet its obligations and the general stability of business. In view of the constant and determined agitation for a change in the financial policy, this is very gratifying. The promptness with which the government offer is accepted will be of great advantage in an economical as well as a political point of view, for the expense of negotiating loans heretofore has been largely due to delays. Hereafter there will be only smooth sailing for our financial department in spite of the agitators.

Senator Kellogg has re-introduced the bill of last session providing for a mail contract by steamship lines between New York and New Orleans to Brazil. It will be recollected that the Senate passed this last session, the majority of Senators of both parties taking the ground that it was essential in the interest of our commercial relations and our industries to do something to improve communication with the great South American markets. The House, however, refused to pass the bill, under the cry and subsidy, and the pretence that the bill was for the benefit of John Roach, the eminent ship-builder, who is now running a line from N. Y. Mr. Roach has since withdrawn from the contest, saying that he cannot afford to continue it. The bill, therefore, is to stand or fall upon its merits before members, as nobody is urging it. Since Congress refused to pass it last session, the Canadian Government has accepted a proposition to run a line from Halifax to Brazil, paying a liberal subsidy, and the plain fact is we must do something in that line or loose what little trade we have in that direction.

The success of the bill for the construction of the refrigerating ship to disinfect vessels supposed to be importing yellow fever, has induced parties in the south-west to negotiate with Prof. Granger for the organization of a company to build another ship to be stationed on the Mississippi river, and to make and supply ice to the cities there. The new process bids fair to achieve great success both in a commercial and sanitary way.

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 Skagit City, Washington Territory. [2:30m]

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Horace Calthorpe's Wife

The clock had struck ten. Farmer Wyman had long since been snugly tucked up in bed; but his daughter Alice still sat in the sitting-room, listening with feverish eagerness for every sound. Suddenly she sprang up and went to the door.

"Horace!"

A tall, handsome man, with dark eyes and wavy black hair, drooping over a forehead smooth and white as molded wax, bent carelessly to receive the kiss that fluttered on her lips.

"There, Alice, that will do. You tire me to death!"

"Do I, Horace? You did not say so once!"

"I am sick and weary of these absurd demonstrations. Do pray, use a little common sense."

Alice stood a moment, repressing the tears which were brimming over her eyelids.

"You have been hunting all day, dear," she said, trying to assume a sprightly air; "so you have not heard the news?"

"News—no. What news is there?"

"The Rev. Mr. Wayne is dead—"

"Dead! is he? Are you certain, Alice?"

"Miriam told me so. Oh! Horace, they are all broken-hearted over there!"

"Who cares for their broken hearts!" exclaimed Horace Calthorpe in a tone of savage exultation. "So the old priest is dead at last!"

"What do you mean, Horace?"

"Mean? Nothing. Don't pester me with your everlasting questions, Alice, I am not in the most indulgent or amiable of moods to-night, young lady, as you may chance to find out if you're not pretty careful."

"I am very sorry you don't feel kindly towards me to-night, Horace," said Alice, with a quivering lip, "for—I've a great favor to ask of you. Horace—dear Horace, why will you not publicly acknowledge our marriage? If you knew the false position in which it puts me, the misery I endure, the—"

"Silence!" Horace Calthorpe rose with passionate fury "I have told you, often enough, how sick I am of these pretty hysterical airs and graces; and now I want you to distinctly understand that I shall tolerate them no longer. I will acknowledge you as my wife when and where I please; and if I choose never to acknowledge you, I should like to know how you are going to help yourself."

He took up the flaring light, and went upstairs to the room he occupied, as a lodger for the shooting season, leaving Alice a still picture of white, motionless despair.

"He cannot mean it! oh, no, he never can mean it!" broke in incoherent syllables from her cold lips, as she clasped her hands tightly together, in the awful silence of the lonely room.

Meanwhile, Horace Calthorpe in his own apartment, was quietly packing up some indispensable articles in a small valise, the lamplight streaming redly on a face that bore somewhat of demonic exultation on his faultlessly handsome features.

"This is good luck," he muttered to himself, hurriedly turning over a bundle of papers. "The certificate here in my own hand—the old parson—the only witness killed on a railway! The momentary fancy had like to cost me dear. I don't know how I ever became infatuated with her doll face and red lips; but it is all over now. I can go back to London and win my way once more into Virginia's graces. The fact is, I never was created to live or love in the country. London and an heiress are my natural elements. Heigho! I wonder if I can catch the ten o'clock mail train at Addington. It's a long walk, and a dark, dismal sort of a night, but I think I might manage it."

So soliloquized the adamant-hearted man of the world.

"Gone! It cannot be possible; he never would leave me! Gone! without a word or sign!"

Poor, young deserted wife! it was a bitter cup for those ruby lips to taste, but when the last drops were drained, there was something in that draught that turned her gentle nature into gall and wormwood! Alice Wyman had been a meek, shrinking, sensitive child, and Alice Calthorpe was an avenging Nemesis.

"Upon the whole, my dear, I think it's the best thing you could have done. Grovedale is dull, there is no denying that, and since it is absolutely necessary for you to earn a living, London is the place to do it in."

Honest Mrs. Truman bustled to and fro, between her shining black-leaded stove and the little round table, whereon she was depositing cups, saucers, and queer, old-fashioned silver teaspoons, with raised roses on their handles.

While Alice Calthorpe sat by the window, wondering vaguely if she should ever become used to the ceaseless

thunder of omnibus, cart and carriage, or if the heavy vaporous smoke would ever change to a pure, blue, delicious atmosphere like that which hung over Grovedale.

And all the time, close to her beating heart, lay a scrap of a torn, uncompleted letter with Virginia Clevington carelessly pencilled again and again on the margin.

Virginia Clevington! Some unmistakable instinct in her woman's heart told her that this was the rival who had stolen away her husband—perhaps unconsciously, but none the less surely and certainly. Virginia Clevington she would find, though she perish in the search.

"And what are you going to do, my dear?" questioned the good old Grovedale neighbor, who was now domiciled in the great throbbing heart of the city of London.

"I've found that dressmaking pays pretty well, and I wouldn't recommend governessing. Folks care a deal more for the outsides of their heads than the inside. But bless me, what am I thinking about when I hear of a capital chance only yesterday. Would you object to being a kind of companion? Not exactly lady's-maid, but more exclusive like."

Alice looked drearily up; she had scarcely heard Mrs. Truman's words.

"For," went on the worth woman, "Miss Clevington's dressmaker was here to tea last night, and she told me—"

"Clevington—Miss Clevington—"

Alice was attentive enough now. She had risen to her feet, with white sickly eagerness, clung to Mrs. Truman's hand, as a shipwrecked mariner clings to a floating drift of seaweed.

"Yes, do you know her?"

"I have heard of her—I have heard of her. I should like to be Miss Clevington's companion. Where does she live? Let us go to her at once."

"Not till you have had a cup of tea, dear," said Mrs. Truman, secretly beginning to believe that travel and excitement had unsettled the pale young girl's senses.

"Yes, oh yes, let us go now," pleaded Alice, beginning with quivering hands to tie her bonnet strings. "Some one else may have got the situation. I-I should like very much to be lady's maid to Miss Clevington. Do you think she will accept my services, Mrs. Truman?"

"Of course she will," said the old lady, bridling up a little. "My recommendation is worth something, though I say it myself. And if you are in such a powerful hurry, why I can put the tea back an hour or so. Only brush your hair dear, and don't look so ghastly white."

Virginia Clevington had just come in from a drive—come in with cheeks tinted like a ripe peach, and her brown hair tossed about by the fresh wind, and stood there with a Chantilly lace shawl drooping over her shoulders, and the little pink gloves half pulled from her fairy fingers, a lovely picture of girlish beauty in its prime. Yet not more beautiful to look on than the pale girl that was sewing in the shadow of the emerald silk curtains. Only over one had swept the equinoctial tempests of life's sharpest griefs, while the other knew but calm and sunshine.

"You're tired, Alice dear," said Virginia Clevington softly. "Put by your work—rest a little while."

It was part of her benign nature to be sweet and tender to all created beings, but to Alice the words of sympathy were inexpressibly grateful. She drooped her head on Virginia's soothing hand and burst into tears.

"Alice!"

"It's only the sharp pain at my heart," groaned poor Alice. "Oh, Miss Clevington, may I tell you the history of my life? Then perhaps, you may not deem me weak and fanciful when I give way to these foolish bursts of grief."

"Tell me," whispered Virginia kneeling at her pale companion's side; "tell me all."

"But if it should bring a sharp pang to your heart, Miss Clevington?"

"I cannot imagine how it should do so."

Alice hesitated a moment, with the white and red fluttering like wind-stirred banners across her cheek.

"Miss Clevington," said she, "the surgeon's hand should not hesitate to probe the hidden wounds. I will not falter longer. Is it true that you are to be married to Mr. Horace Calthorpe next month?"

"Yes—it is true."

Virginia spoke frankly, with the sweet roses deeping over a delicate face—as one woman speaks to another with her whole heart trembling on her lips.

"Let me tell you the history of my marriage, Miss Clevington."

The afternoon sunshine faded into purple tides of sunset—the sunset died into silver-bright star beams—and yet Virginia Clevington knelt there, listening to Alice's soft measured tones. Which of those two women suffered most would be difficult to tell; but it was like

the bitterness of death to both of them. "I am late to-night, mia cara," said Horace Calthorpe, caressingly, as he laid his hat and gloves on the table, and put his arm around Virginia's slight waist; "but it was the fault of unavoidable business. What! shrinking away from me, love! Surely so slight a fault should not be visited with penance like that. Let me seal my forgiveness on your lips, my darling!"

Virginia Clevington drew back as she might have recoiled from the approach of a deadly serpent or hissing adder.

"Never again, Horace Calthorpe! You have been false to the noblest and truest instincts of your being—you have proved yourself a villain and a hypocrite! From this moment our lives shall no longer mingle in the same channel of daily intercourse."

But she went on with flushed cheeks and sparking eyes:

"Horace Calthorpe how dare you approach me with false smiles and hollow words of endearment! How dared you aspire to my hand when your wife—your wife in the sight of heaven and man—was pining away, unacknowledged and forgotten?"

"My wife! Dearest Virginia, some impostor has been practicing on your credulity. I have no wife. I never had one."

For answer, Virginia parted the azure folds of the heavy silken curtains, and revealed a slight figure in the deep embrasure—Alice—whiter than any sculptured stone.

"There is your wife, Horace Calthorpe."

Horace elevated his handsome eyebrows.

"I don't deny that I may have flirted at times with that young woman, while I was ruralizing at Grovedale; but as for her being my wife, that's simply ridiculous. Let her prove it if she can."

Virginia Clevington, pale and resolute, opened the folding doors that led into a study beyond.

"Mr. Wayne, your evidence is needed to decide this matter."

Had a corpse risen from its winding-sheet, Horace Calthorpe could not have been more astounded or bewildered than at the sight of the venerable Roman Catholic clergyman who had performed the marriage service between himself and Alice Wyman.

"Wayne!" he stammered—"Wayne! I thought Mr. Wayne was dead!"

"Not dead," returned the silver-haired old man, "but spared by a merciful providence to protect the threatened future of this young girl. Miss Clevington you have had a narrow escape. Heaven grant that you may fall into no more such temptation."

Meanwhile Alice had advanced to confront her recreant husband.

"Horace," she said in a voice that was low, but perfectly calm, "do you imagine that I shall ever again claim your love or protection. Henceforward our lives must be separate and distinct. I have saved Miss Clevington from your evil wiles; I have avenged myself. We shall meet no more." Her words were prophetic; they never met again. Alice remains the dear friend of Virginia, now Lady Mortimer, a wealthy baronet's wife; and Horace Calthorpe is a convict in Bermuda, for forgery.

Another Deluge Coming.

A Belgian professor has published a work entitled "Periodicite des Grands Deluges Resultant du Mouvement Graduel de la Ligne des Aspides de la Terry," in which he warns us that we may be on the lookout for another deluge of the world. At certain regularly recurring intervals, he maintains, the waters of one hemisphere are suddenly precipitated across the equator and flood the other. The last of these deluges, which always flow from the north to the south, or from south to north, was that of Noah's time, which was from the north. Hence the explanation of the great preponderance of water in the southern hemisphere, and of the general southern trend of North and South America, Africa and many minor peninsulas. The next of these deluges will flow from the south to the north. The cause, he argues, is the alternate increase and decrease in the ice-caps at the poles, and the consequent change of the earth's equilibrium. Since 1248 the south pole has been continually enlarging, while the north pole has been proportionately diminishing, to-day the diameter of the southern glacier being about 3000 miles and that of the northern 1500 miles. When these two glaciers shall have arrived at their maximum and minimum extensions, then will the earth tilt over and be submerged by another great flood, the fifteenth of the kind that has occurred. In view of this impending and somewhat serious probability, the question arises, What are we going to do about it? If no one can offer a better suggestion, would it not be advisable that each of us resolve himself into his own ark by wearing night and day one of Paul Boyton's rubber swimming costumes?—Louisville Courier-Journal.

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PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Any sick sailor who has paid Hospital dues for two months preceding his application for admission, is entitled to Hospital relief.

Port Townsend Hospital.

The above institution having been placed on a permanent footing, as the United States Hospital for Marine Patients on Puget Sound, the proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that no pains or expense will be spared in ministering to the comfort and convenience of private patients.

This is the largest General Hospital north of San Francisco, and by far the most complete in equipment. It has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished. Its general wards have accommodations for about one hundred patients and are peculiarly adapted for cases requiring the most careful treatment and constant supervision at limited expense. Those who desire them will be furnished with private rooms, entirely separate and distinct, at a slight additional cost.

The attention of Mill owners, and those interested in shipping, is called to the fact that seamen suffering from contagious diseases will be treated outside the Hospital without expense to the vessel.

Thomas T. Minor, M. D.,
Managing Surgeon.

JOHN T. NORRIS,

—IMPORTER OF—

Stoves, Tinware,

PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE,
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—AND GENERAL—

House-Furnishing Hardware.

PRIME QUALITY,

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GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES,
BOOTS, SHOES,
BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS,
CAPS,

FANCY GOODS,

Hardware,
Hardware,
Hardware,

Ship Chandlery.

Crockery,
Crockery,
Crockery,

TOBACCO CIGARS TOBACCO,

Doors and Windows,
Farming Implements,
Furniture,
Wall Paper,
Plows,

And a Large assortment of Goods not enumerated, which we will sell at

The Lowest Prices.

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Jewelry Store

Central Hotel building,
Head of Union Wharf,

Port Townsend, W.T.

The Finest Stock of

SOLID GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES WATCHES

—AND—
JEWELRY JEWELRY

ON PUGET SOUND.

Also a fine assortment of

Clocks, Solid and Plated Silver Ware,
Clocks, Spectacles, Spectacles, Musical Instruments,
Eye, Field and Marine Glasses, Etc., Etc.

Goods Warranted as represented.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

Cleaned and repaired by a first class workman and warranted for one year.

C. C. BARTLETT, Prop'r.

Make a Note.
 However much the opinions of the San Francisco Chronicle on unimportant subjects may clash with those of some of our citizens, none can deny that it has the fullest and best reports and dispatches concerning the important occurrences transpiring in every part of the world. The Weekly Chronicle is so valuable as a record of current events that those who have become subscribers assert that they could not do without it—no other paper on the coast furnishes such varied, entertaining and instructive matter written in a most readable style. We would recommend all to give it a trial.

Our testimonials show that long standing cases of Scrofula, Bad Legs, etc., have been cured by eight or ten bottles of Finader's Oregon Blood Purifier.

If in making any purchase or in writing in response to any advertisement in this paper you will please mention the name of the paper.

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 Corner Third and F Streets,
 Near the Steamship Landings and Railroad Depots,
 PORTLAND, OREGON
 Lewiston & Fretland, Proprietors
 (Late of Minn. Sota House.)
 Will spare no pains or expense to make this house
THE BEST HOTEL IN PORTLAND

DuBOIS & KING,
 General Agents,
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 Special attention given to the sale of Oregon
 Produce in Portland and San Francisco.
 Feb 19-1m

J. A. STROWBRIDGE,
 Direct Importer and Dealer in
LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS,
 No. 141 Front St., Portland, Or

Atmospheric Letter Copying Press
 For simplicity, durability, and convenience,
 superior to all others. \$7 and \$8. Examine
 before purchasing iron press. Hopkins, Taylor
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GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.
J SIMON & CO.,
 Dealers in
Doors, Windows, Blinds and Glass
 WEIGHTS, CORDS AND PULLEYS,
 125 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder.
 341m PORTLAND, OREGON.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS! AND COW-KEEPERS.
 The old laborious and tedious process of hand-milking superseded
 —by the—
NEW SELF-ACTING COW-MILKER!
 Price only \$5.00.
 Will last a life-time. Send to
 Stevenson & Longwell,
 No. 26 28 Second St., San Francisco, Cal.
 Agents wanted. mch 11-1m

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA
YELLOW DOCK
 AND
IODIDE OF POTASS

The Best Spring Medicine and Beautifier of the Complexion in use. Cures Pimples, Boils, Blotches, Neuralgia, Scrofula, Gout, Rheumatic and Mercurial Pains, and all Diseases arising from a disordered state of the Blood or Liver.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
ALBERT BARTSCH,
PIANO MAKER AND TUNER
 Sole Agent for the World-Renowned

STEINWAY
PIANOS

Kranich & Bach Pianos.
 Gabler's New Scale Upright Pianos
 Burdett Organs.
 Fine Piano Stools.
 Tuning and Repairing of Instruments a Specialty.
WAREHOUSES—Third St., near Taylor, Portland, Oregon.
 apr 11-1f

CENTENNIAL
 Patent Adjustable Buggy & Wagon Tops

THIS BUGGY TOP IS LIGHT, STRONG AND DURABLE. Adapted to seats of all classes of vehicles. Six different sizes. Price, \$14. Orders filled by express C. O. D. Liberal discount to the trade. Give width of seat from outside to outside when ordering. Three thousand of these tops were sold on the Pacific Coast last year. They are covered with Rubber Cloth and a perfect protection from sun and rain.
J. F. PLUMBE,
 Manufacturer and Proprietor, 629 Mission Street,
 San Francisco, Cal.
 apr 7-1m

HAVE YOU THE PILES?
 A Sure Cure Found at Last—No one Need Suffer.

A sure cure for the blind, bleeding, itching and all other piles has been discovered by Dr. Williams' (an Indian remedy) called Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst old chronic cases of twenty-five and thirty years' standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, instruments and electrocautery do more harm than good. Williams' Ointment absorbs the tissues, allays the intense itching (particularly at night after getting warm in bed), acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and a prepared cure for Piles itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Thousands of cured patients attest its virtues, and physicians of all schools pronounce it the greatest contribution to medicine of the age. It matters not how long or severely you have been suffering, you can be cured.

227 Knife, knife, acid, medicine, medicine, knife again, and so on for a whole year; and yet the fungus growth which caused me so much pain, itching and misery increased until I despaired of life. For six months I lay in a Canadian hospital undergoing inexpressible agony, but found no hope. Last Fall I came to Cleveland and underwent a terrible operation by three doctors at the Cleveland City Hospital, from the effects of which I never expected to recover. After lying weeks on my back in bed, I was still in no better condition, for in less than two weeks after leaving the hospital the whole trouble grew as fast and as great as ever. But, thank God, some one recommended Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment, which I tried, and to-day, the growth has disappeared, the pain and itching is gone, I am happy and hopeful, and life has new charms for me. It is all due to this wonderful Ointment, which I will never fail to recommend so long as I live. Nothing else, it seems to me, could have slayed the growth of my terrible malady."
 JOHN MORGAN,
 Cleveland, Ohio.

"John Morgan is my brother and I can fully bear out his recommendation of Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. My brother would no doubt have been in his grave long ago but for this Balm of Gilead."
 E. P. MORGAN,
 Teacher of Photography, Spencerian Business College,
 Cleveland, Ohio.

227 We could if necessary print pages of letters from druggists and persons cured, praising this wonderful healing ointment. It has a larger sale and takes the lead of any other Pile remedy in the world.
 Sold by Druggists everywhere. Sold wholesale by
Redington & Son, San Francisco.
 apr 5-cov-2m

SAN FRANCISCO SHOPPING
 OF EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR LADIES AND gentlemen. Household articles. Everything bought with discretion, taste and judgment. For circular, address J. A. RICHARDSON, 24 Post Street, San Francisco, Cal.
 ap 30-1m

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SOLE AGENTS FOR THE UNRIVALLED
STANDARD AND ESTEY ORGANS;
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To Merchants and Jobbers!
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE!
 Just opened, a new, full, complete stock of Wood and Willow Ware. Also, all kinds of Brooms, Brushes, Feather Dusters, Fish Hooks and Fishing Tackle, Twines, Ropes, Paper Bags, Demijohns, etc.
 Sole Agent for Vallejo Patent Socket, and California Broom Factories.
 Write for Circular and Price Lists to
T. H. CHANDLER,
 No. 42 Front Street, O.S.S. Co.'s Block, Portland, Or.
 apr 10-1f

A CONQUEROR OF CONSUMPTION!
HALL'S BALSAM!
 FOR THE LUNGS
 Eradicates Coughs, Colds, Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, and all diseases of the breathing organs.

Hall's Balsam
 Is the Leading Specific for Consumption.
 It soothes and heals the membranes of the Lungs, inflamed and poisoned by the disease, and remedies the night sweats and tightness across the chest which accompany it.

Consumption
 Is not an incurable malady. It is only necessary to have the right remedy, and Hall's Balsam is that remedy. Don't despair of relief, for this benign specific may cure you, even though professional aid fails.

Read the Following
 Dr. D. D. Wright, of Cincinnati, sends us the subjoined professional indorsement: "I have prescribed Hall's Balsam in a large number of cases, and always with success." He adds that "in one case a patient with every appearance of confirmed consumption, was restored to his usual health soon after commencing to take the Balsam."

John Kuhn, of Lafayette, Ind., writes: "One year ago I was to all appearances in the last stages of consumption, and got so low our doctor said I would not live twenty-four hours." Mr. Kuhn further states that "after taking nine bottles of Hall's Balsam he is now in perfect health, having used no other medicine."

The above brief extracts are taken from a
Mass of Evidence
 Which has been accumulating during a period of twenty-nine years, proving the efficacy of Hall's Balsam in all cases where the breathing organs are affected, and showing the estimation in which the remedy is held by the public and the medical profession. Sold by all druggists. Price \$1 per bottle.

JOHN F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO.,
 8 College Place, New York.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS. Ask for Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and take no other.
HODGE, DAVIS & CO., Agents.

Montgomery's TEMPERANCE HOTEL
 221, 223, 227 and 229 Second St.,
 SAN FRANCISCO: Chas. Montgomery, Prop.
 This is the only strictly temperance hotel in San Francisco, and offers superior accommodations to the traveling public. Board and lodging per day, 75 cts. to \$2; per week, \$4 to \$5. Single meals, 10 cents. Six meal tickets, \$1
 ap 19-3m

THOMAS FREEMAN'S Carriage Factory,
 Fourth Street, between Taylor and Salmon,
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A fine assortment of Buggies, Phaetons, Carriages, Express Wagons, etc., constantly on hand and made to order.

Top Buggies and Extension Top Carriages a specialty—making a specialty in this line and manufacturing a large quantity, we can offer better inducements than any other house in Oregon. Top Buggies from \$250 to \$400; Open Buggies from \$125 to \$200.

Call and see our \$125 Buggy.

Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled. New top furnished to order by sending seat.
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 Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
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 Goods Sent by Mail or Wells Fargo.
 Orders from the Country Solicited
 All kinds of Produce Bought and Sold or Sold on Commission.

Letters promptly answered. Country people will save by corresponding with us.
Centennial Block, the Middle Store
 No. 169 and 171 Second St.
 an 31-1y **Comstock & Pfluger.**

WINDOW GLASS.
 Single Thick, Double Thick, Crystal Sheet, 6 oz., Colored, Enameled, Ground, Plate.
 For sale by
HODGE, DAVIS & CO.,
 Wholesale Druggists.

Benson's Caprine POROUS PLAST'R
 A Wonderful Remedy!
 There is no comparison between it and the common slow acting porous plaster. It is in every way superior to all other external remedies, including liniments and the so-called electrical appliances. It contains new medicinal elements, which in combination with rubber, possesses the most extraordinary pain-relieving, strengthening and curative properties. Any physician in your own locality will confirm the above statement. For Lambs Back, Rheumatism, Female Weakness, Stomach and Neglected Colds, and Coughs, diseased Kidneys, Whooping Cough, affections of the heart, and all ills for which porous plasters are used, it is simply the best known remedy. Ask for Benson's Caprine Porous Plaster and take no other. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents. Sent on receipt of price, by Seabury & Johnson, 21 Platt St., New York.
 meh 25-1m

WE WANT!
 EVERY FARMER IN OREGON & WASHINGTON Territory to send name and post office address, and we will mail them free our New Catalogue for 1879. The most complete Catalogue of first-class and improved Agricultural implements, Farm and Mill Machinery ever issued in Oregon, with prices reduced to suit the times.
Knapp, Burrell & Co.,
 PORTLAND, OREGON,
 Portland, April 10th, 1879-apr 9-1m

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 FOR THE
Suffering, Nervous and Debilitated
 Electricity gives Vitality when Scientifically Applied.

DR. STODDART'S ELECTRIC APPLIANCES
 For Medical Purposes and the Treatment of Chronic and Nervous Diseases without Drugs, Minerals, Calomel or the Lance; easily applied to any part of the body for the speedy relief of Pain and cure of
 Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Neuralgia, Kidney Disease, Dyspepsia, Female Complaints, Impotency, Paralysis, Spermatorrhea, Epilepsy, Nervousness, Varicose Veins, Spinal Diseases, Rupture or Hernia, Weakness, Urinary Diseases, Premature Decay, and all Chronic and Nervous Diseases.

Every Appliance is tested and Warranted. Prices range from \$5 to \$25, according to the appliance required and the severity of the case. Sufferers who desire relief, call or address
Stoddart Electrical Co.,
 611 Washington Street,
 SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

No More Dragging Needed to Cure!
 Chronic or Nervous Diseases, Suffering and Premature Decay, Positively cured by Elegant Electrical Appliances or Mild Body Batteries.
 Send stamp for free descriptive pamphlet to above address. 227 State where you saw advertisement.
 apr 2-1f

Catarrh
 POSITIVELY CURED.
 Many who have suffered for years with this disease (Catarrh) and been pronounced incurable, have been restored to perfect health by my treatment, and whose testimonials can be seen at my office. I also treat all chronic and acute diseases and female weaknesses. Medicines sent to all parts of the country, and all proper questions answered through the mail by enclosing two stamps. Office consultation free.
DR. JAMES KECK, 135 First Street, Portland, Oregon. Post office box 369. Cut this out and send it in your letter. meh 31f

AGENTS WANTED.
THE OLD ORIGINAL AGENTS' SUPPLY HOUSE—
 Always on hand with the latest novelties; largest stock and lowest prices; nammoth 64 page illustrated catalogue free. SPENCE & CO., 21 Geary St., S.F. ap 7

HAWLEY, DODD & CO.,
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OFFER FOR SALE AT LOWEST PRICES, A FULL LINE OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
 Sole Agents for the
BUCKEYE MOWER & REAPER,
 The Leading Harvesting Machine of the World.



CANTON FITTS THRESHER,
 New in detail and general feature, DISTINCTIVE and PECULIAR, and it now stands the
CHAMPION THRESHER OF THE WORLD.
 Threshermen who have used or employed this new style of Thresher, all unite in testifying that they are the BEST THRESHER IN USE: It is designed and built expressly for Oregon and Washington, by one who thoroughly understands the requirements of the country, and the difficulties to be overcome.

So large a portion of the Grass and Grain Crops of the Pacific Coast have been cut by the BUCKEYE, that no farmer here can be ignorant of its merits; or require argument to convince him of its superiority; as it is too well and favorably known to need comment. It is the perfection of all Reaper and Mowing Machines.

We call especial attention to our New and Perfected
CANTON FITTS THRESHER,



HAINES' (Genuine) SINGLE GEARED HEADER,
 Specially Improved for this Season—Ten or Twelve feet cut.
 SOLE AGENTS FOR THE OLD RELIABLE
Schuttler Farm, Freight, and Spring Wagons. Studebaker Wagons, Studebaker 4 Spring Hacks. Regulator, Wind Mills, The most complete windmill in use. Elward Harvesters, Vastly superior to any other hand binder. Harvester in market. Will handle lodged or fallen grain, and elevate it better than any known machine of its class. Taylor Sulky Rakes, Self Dumping and Plain. Monitor and Straw Burning Engines.
 Send for Special Catalogue, also for our New Price List.

Wholesale Pianos and Organs
SMITH'S
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Pianos and Organs
 NEW YORK AND BOSTON,
 ARE THE BEST.
83,000 SMITH'S Organs
38,000 Pianos now in use
 EVERY INSTRUMENT
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 Sent upon 15 Days' Test
 Trial—Guarantee satisfaction or no sale.
SMITH
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GERMAN UPRIGHTS!
 Best on this Coast.
 Sheet Music, Half Price.
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 1715 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.
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W. W. ESPEY,
 MANUFACTURER OF
 Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, light speed Wagons, light and heavy Buck Boards, Dexter Wagons, Side Spar and White Chapple Wagons, Spring and Thoroughbred Mail Wagons, the Espey Hack, Trucks, Drays and Delivery Wagons, Hotel Wagons, Etc., built of the best Eastern Material.
 The largest and best facilities of any shop on the Pacific Slope, and guarantee every article of our work, and prices that can't be beat by dealers or manufacturers.
 Write to me for anything you want, and compare with any of my competitors and be convinced.
W. W. ESPEY, Box 536, Portland, Ogn.

IMMENSE BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS! Clothing! Groceries! BOOTS AND SHOES!
 send for Price List or call on
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Wakelee's Patent Squirrel and Gopher



EXTERMINATOR!
 Sold by General Dealers and Druggists throughout the Coast.
H. P. WAKELEE & CO., Druggists and Chemists, S. F., Cal.
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J. B. Cogle,
 No. 110 Front Street, East Side, Portland, Oregon.
 Manufacturer and Importer of
Saddles, Harness, Leather, Saddlery Hardware, Etc.
 AGENT for Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Company. Full assortment of Fire and all other kinds of Hose, on hand, at San Francisco Prices.
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NEW WORK—NOW READY.
 FOR SALE EVERYWHERE
The Physiology of Life & Marriage,
 By J. H. Josselyn, M. D.

GUNS!
 Remington's, Sharp's and Winchester Rifles, and Cartridges of all kinds at reduced prices, BY **W. M. BECK & SON,**
 Portland, Oregon.
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ONE & McKERCHER,
 Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOKS AND STATIONERY!
 And Bank Books Manufacturers, No. 49 First Street, Portland, Oregon—opposite Oregon and Washington Mortgage Savings Banks.
 apr 8

PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON CO

THURSDAY, MAY 8, 1879

CHANGE OF TACTICS.

Now that President Hayes has vetoed the army appropriation bill with its obnoxious "riders," the democrats in Congress are proceeding to do just what they should have done in the start, viz: to bring their bills in properly, so that each important question may be dealt with according to its own merits, and independent of any other measure. Had this been done in the first place, the present extra session of Congress, with its expense, would have been unnecessary.

If anything was needed to unite the republican party, the recent defiant, forcing policy of the now dominant party in Congress has effectually brought about the result. The needless reviving of the old issues has brought the party leaders together where they will stand like a wall of adamant between their country and danger. President Hayes, in the firm stand taken, has sufficiently redeemed his administration from the charge of vacillation and weakness.

The key note of the whole question just vetoed was sounded by Gen. James A. Garfield, of Ohio, at the opening of the debate. He said it was not so much that the repeal of the election laws was objectionable, though that was bad enough, as the fact that the democrats sought to trample upon the voluntary powers of our law makers. It was the principle of such legislation that he objected to most. Under such policy how long would it be before a bill repealing the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments would be introduced and the President told to sign or starve?

Our friends in the Democratic party need not charge Republicans with "flaunting the bloody shirt" after the avowed determination of Democratic leaders in Congress to "wipe out every vestige of Republican legislation." They are the ones who are reviving old issues.

The Snohomish "Star" has permanently suspended. Bro. Morse, in a three column wail, sets forth his various pecuniary and even domestic grievances at length. During his management of the institution, which was in its fourth volume before it gave up the ghost, Mr. M. devoted himself to it with a plucky determination worthy of a more gratifying result. He is not a practical newspaper man, and never was, perhaps never would be, and hence the failure. There is now an opening for some ambitious young man to distinguish himself in the field of journalism. The late editor affirms, with evident disgust, his purpose to forsake the journalistic field forever. The "Star," in some of its specialties, was a valuable aid to local growth, but it was not up to the standard in generalities.

The new constitution for the State of California was to be accepted or rejected yesterday, at the polls. We have not heard of even a partial result, but predict the rejection of the document. Our imp suggests that should the constitution be accepted, Dennis Kearney will be made a demi-god. He is already a demagogue.

An exchange cites the fact that over ten million pounds of crude India-rubber are annually imported into the United States, and wants the caoutchouc tree cultivated within our borders.

MAJOR G. O. Haller's court martial is in progress at Washington, having commenced on Monday last. We have not yet heard anything about its progress or developments.

THE family of P. D. Moore is moving back to Olympia.

SURPRISE PARTY.—Perhaps the jolliest, most appreciable party of the season took place last Monday evening at the Central Hotel, of this city. The occasion was a surprise to Mr. Wm. Dodd, one of the proprietors of the hotel, and was given by his estimable wife and her sister, Miss L. Daley. The design was to render pleasant the passage of Mr. D. over his forty-seventh mile post along the journey of life. It was successful. About thirty invited guests assembled, and if ever they enjoyed a pleasant evening it was there. Games, music, charades, &c., filled out the programme, restraint and formality being entire strangers. Just before midnight all were escorted to the dining room, where a most sumptuous and toothsome repast was spread. The utmost good feeling prevailed, and the enjoyment of the guests was shared by mine host none the less because he was taken completely by surprise. A gentleman remarked that he had regained several years of his youth by the experience, and this sentiment was shared by all present.

"OUT OF BONDAGE."—On Thursday evening of next week, the famous Hyers Sisters will entertain Port Townsend people in their rich, racy and estimable play under the above title. We quite agree with an exchange that no burned cork comedian ever did do justice to the slave character. They may burlesque, but do not fully represent the part. "Out of Bondage" serves the purpose of illustrating that the amenities of civilized life can elevate the once despised African race from the ignorance of the hovel to the intelligence which characterizes the better class of our society. In this instance the play is in the hands of accomplished and highly educated colored people who have "been there." They are at once refined and natural. As singers they are praised the world over; so we may look for a crowded house.

CAPT. McAlmond's new schooner, the "Champion," is lying in our harbor. Her dimensions are as follows: Length, 65.1 feet; breadth, 18.1 feet; depth, 7.2 feet. Her registered tonnage is 41.84. She is a trim, staunch vessel, and will do good service for long years to come. She is most suitable for the sealing business, piloting, or trading up north among the Indians. We are not yet advised as to her ultimate destiny, and are inclined to think that it will depend largely upon circumstances.

MR. Holcomb desires to announce that he has just received, per steamer, City of Chester, a fine lot of assorted candies, choice cigars, also imported cigars, school books and works of fiction. His stock is rapidly filling up, and his candies are really the finest we have ever seen on the Sound.

THE assessment roll for the city of Port Townsend is now in the hands of the city clerk, Mr. G. M. Haller. Those wishing to contest their assessments, will be privileged to do so any time prior to the first Monday in June.

WE have received a complimentary ticket to the Red Men's Ball to be given on the 12th inst. Tickets one dollar, not transferable, and can be obtained at the store of Mr. Geo. Barthrop.

THE County Commissioners held their May session this week. They refused to allow the attorney's fee of Mr. D. W. Smith, for prosecuting the boys Clawson and Davidson, in the Hight murder case.

PROF. Roberts will give a calico ball on Thursday 22d inst. Further particulars next week.

By a mistake, the date line on our inside title-page was not corrected this week.

MR. Rothschild has returned and is making things lively.

Telegraphic Summary.

Suspended City Treasurer Hubert of San Francisco paid over to the city \$19,958, the amount of Cassebohm's defalcation. Mr. Hubert will probably be reinstated in a few days.

The new bill arranged by Democrats, at Washington, will be entitled: A bill to prevent interference by the army with elections.

The Nevada Bank has made an advance in the security of leading mining stocks.

San Francisco, May 2—The Chronicle this morning, under staring head lines of "Black Death, 'Fatal Case of Plague in San Francisco,'" gives an account of the death of a young woman by an acute disorder represented to be identical with the Russian plague. Inquiry at the health office shows no ground for any such report, and the case is asserted to be one of typhoid fever. The health officer jeers at the report of it being a case of plague. The impression seems to be that the article was published with a view of scaring people from the polls.

Washington, May 2—The whole question of the use of troops and federal officials at elections for Congress, will come up in the case of Eichoff, contestant of Einstein, a New York sitting member. Eichoff simply bases his claim to Einstein's seat upon the fact that he was defrauded of election through interference of federal officials.

New York, May 2—Archbishop Nestor, of the Greek Church, with an archdeacon and suite, have arrived from St Petersburg en route to Alaska, of which he is the episcopate. He says that the sew of Alaska has about 7,000 Russian Servians, Montenegrians and other communicants of the Greek church. It embraces both Alaska and the adjacent islands.

Heavy rain fell in Minnesota on the 30th, extending all over and north of Iowa, and continues. This weather removes all apprehension of drought. Advices from all parts of the state just before the rain indicate that crops had not suffered materially.

The appointment of Delegate Cannon, of Utah, on the committee on Territories is the first time a Mormon Delegate was ever assigned to any House committee.

COMMUNICATED.

EDITOR ARGUS:—On Monday, May 5th, the staunch and fast steamer Mary Taylor, which for some time had been idly swinging at her anchor, "steamed up;" and, under the able management of Messrs. Henry Lewis, engineer, and Capt. Peter Thompson, pilot, glided out of this harbor and moved like a thing of life to her destination, Port Discovery.

The party on board was small but alive to the beauties of sea, shore, and sky, not omitting the many excellent qualities of the good ship, which swiftly throbbed along past point, bay and headland, and in three hours' time, under easy steam, landed us on the wharf at Discovery.

Our time being limited, a few hurried but very pleasant visits were made; and, as the bright, full moon rose over of the tree top, scattering its silver on the tremulous waters of the bay, we gave a parting salute, and, fully impressed with what we had seen and heard, and the many improvements made to this splendid property in recent years, steamed off again to Port Townsend.

With a small but very agreeable addition to our passenger list, the trip home was made all the more pleasant, for the night was fine, and every one enjoyed it. The return from Discovery to Port Townsend was made in 2 1/2 hours, under 28 lbs. of steam. The Taylor carrier 90 lbs when under full pressure.

With many thanks to her owner for the pleasure conferred, we bade him good night and good bye.

The lime kilns on San Juan and Orcas islands are doing a good business. Last week, Mr. Robt. Canes, proprietor of the kiln on Orcas, sent away about 300 barrels of his product to Portland; while Mr. James McCurdy, proprietor of the kiln on San Juan, had about 2,500 barrels on hand ready to ship.

HURRY up and get your picture taken while there is a good artist in town.

Shipping Intelligence.

Port Townsend.
CLEARED.
May 1, str. California, Sitka, via Victoria.
Isabel, Victoria
5, "
6, City of Chester, San F
ENTERED
May 1, California, from Portland
Isabel, Victoria
schr Excelsior, S. F.
3, bark Rainier, S F
bk Whistler, Wilmington, California
5, bktne, Josie Perkins, Honolulu.
Chester, Victoria.
Isabel.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SEATTLE, May 4.—Arrived: Gom of the Ocean, S F.; bark Whistler, San F.

PORT BLAKELY, May 5.—Arrived: Bk R. K. Ham, S F.

PORT GAMBLE, May 5.—Arrived: Barks Jos. Perkins and David Hoadley, S F.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3.—Arrived: Ship Alaska, Seattle; brig Polans, Tahiti; schooner Clara Light, Coos bay.

Sailed: Schr Coquimbo, Madison; bk Emerald, Port Gamble; bk Cassandra Adams, Seabeck; Hawaiian bark Kyalakua, Honolulu; Br. bark Lady Louisa, Honolulu, bkne Arabia, Port Bakaly.

May 4th—Arrived: Str Gassie Tolfair, Coos bay; French bk Gustave, Australia

Sailed: Bk Samoset, Tacoma; bk Anuroch, Seattle.

May 5.—Sails Saturday: Str Empire, Victoria; schr Corsair, in Chas H Wells line, is laid on for Seattle, sails about Wednesday; schr Laura May, for Coos bay, Friday; bkne North Bend, Portland, Tuesday; schr Enterprise, Shoalwater bay, today; schr Hayes, Umpqua, today. Schr Mose, for Coquille river, is loading.

MARKET REPORT.

PORT TOWNSEND, May 8, 1879.
Legal tenders in Portland—buying 90%, selling at par.

Silver coin in Portland—the banks quote 33 1/2 per cent. discount.

Coin Exchange on New York, 1 per cent. premium.

Coin exchange on San Francisco, par to 7/8 per cent. premium.

Currency exchange on New York, 1 per cent. premium.

Telegraphic transfers on New York, 1 per cent. premium.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 15.—Wheat dull, best quoted at \$1.70. New York market strong.

Barley—Feed selling at 80 1/2 @ 90 offered.

Flour—Good superfine sold at \$3.62 1/2.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—Wheat 90 3/4 bid for March delivery.

Portland Market.

Wheat—\$1.65 @ 1.67 1/2 for average.

Potatoes, quotable at \$1.20 @ 1.25 per 100 lbs. as to description and quality.

Oats, feed per cent, \$1.28 @ 1.25.

Bacon, sides 9 @ 10c; hams 10 @ 12.

Lard, in kegs none; new in tins, 11c.

Butter, we quote choice dairy at 32 1/2 @ 35 cts; good fresh roll, 27 @ 30c; ordinary, 15 @ 18, whether brine or sold; common 12 @ 15c; market steady; California fresh roll, 38 @ 40.

Poultry, chickens, young \$3 @ 50 per doz; old, \$3.75 @ 4.50.

Hogs, Dressed 5 cts.; on foot 4 cts.

Beef, live weight 2 1/2 @ 3 1/2 cts for choice. Sheep, live weight 2 1/2 @ 3 cts.

Hides, quotable at 14 cts for all over 16 lbs. one-third off for under that, also one third off for cuts.

Tallow, quotable at 6 @ 6 1/2

Hay, timothy baled, buying at \$11 @ 13 per ton.

TWO SURGEONS

From the National Surgical Institute, which has a reputation extending through out the civilized world for success in the treatment of Spinal Curvature, Paralysis, Hip Diseases, Club Feet, Diseased Joints, Crooked Limbs, Piles, Fistula and Nasal Catarrh, will visit Portland, Oregon, at the St. Charles Hotel, May 12th to 17th, inclusive, and Walla Walla, W. T., at Adams House, May 22d and 23, 1879. These surgeons will bring with them an extensive outfit of costly apparatus for straightening the worst deformities. This is opportunity which should not be neglected by the afflicted. Examinations free.

NEW GOODS.

Just received, by steamer Dakota, a large stock of BOOTS and SHOES of the finest qualities, which will be sold CHEAP, for CASH ONLY.

JOHN FITZPATRICK.

OFFICE MOVED.

Dr. Willson has moved his office to rooms in the old Custom House building, opposite the Central Hotel. H Imo

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

P. T. ARGUS.

FRUIT AND VARIETY STORE

Foreign & Domestic Fruit

CANDIES, CONFECTIONERY, STATIONERY, TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC., ETC.

O. H. HOLCOMB, Proprietor.

We have also Opened a First-class RESTAURANT,

And will serve the public with Meals to order at all hours.

OPPOSITE CENTRAL HOTEL, END OF UNION WHARF.

New Goods

RECEIVED!

A LARGE STOCK OF

GROCERIES

PROVISIONS

Which are on sale at

The Lowest Rates for Cash.

CHARLES EISENBEIS.

PROPRIETOR

Pioneer Bakery,

PORT TOWNSEND, T. W.

NOTICE.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Probate Court of Jefferson County, W. T. In the matter of the estate of Dennis Hight, Dec'd. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Jefferson County, W. T., duly made on the 25th of April, A. D. 1879, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Dennis Hight, dec'd, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, and subject to confirmation by said Court on the 9th day of June, 1879, at the hour of 12 M.

At the Court house door in Port Townsend, in Jefferson county, W. T., the following described real estate, to-wit:

34 1/2 acres in lot No. six (6) in section No. five (5), and 57 1/2 acres in lot No. seven (7); all in township No. twenty-nine (29) north range one east, containing 92 1/2 acres more or less, lying and being in Jefferson county, W. T.

Terms of sale as follows:—Cash in gold coin of the United States; one-half of the purchase money to be paid to administrator on day of sale, balance on confirmation of the sale by said Probate Court. Deed at expense of purchaser.

Dated April 29, 1879.

W. M. H. LEARNED, Administrator of estate of Dennis Hight, dec'd.

Bradshaw & Inman, att'ys for est. H:AW

NORTH PACIFIC CHEESE FACTORY

CHIMACUM, W. T., Wm. Bishop - - - Proprietor.

We guarantee our cheese to be First-Class; in fact it is of superior quality to any in the market.

Prepared in Jobbing lots to suit.

Address all orders to Wm. BISHOP, either PORT LEDEW or PORT TOWNSEND. Cheese ready by MAY 10th. H:AW

FOR SALE.

One single top buggy and harness. In perfect good order. Also an English-bull, oak ship's boat. 10:14.

WATERMAN & KATZ.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE is hereby given that I am keeping a brachy two-year old bull on my premises which the owner can have on proving property and paying all charges for keeping, &c.; and if not taken away within two weeks from date the same to be sold for the charges.

WILLIAM ELDRIDGE, Chimacum, W. T., April 22d, 1879.

BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS.

RAIN.
MORE subscribers.
IMMENSE attraction at Rothschild's.
TEACHER's examination yesterday.
REV. S. A. Starr, preached in Dungeness on Sunday last.
MESSRS. Henry Landes and Abe Reiss are in town again.
THE mill at Port Discovery has started on two-thirds time.
"GONE DEAD," is what the "Enterprise" meat market has done.
MISS Julia Weir's school at Dungeness, opened on Monday last.
THE May-day picnic is about to be postponed until the fourth of July.
THE ARGUS job office turned out another lot of fine job work this week.
BORN—In this city, on the 5th inst., to the wife of Hon. H. A. Webster, a daughter.
It may not be just the thing but we are waiting anxiously for the next surprise party.
MRS. Capt. Tucker, of Dungeness light house, is in town undergoing medical treatment.
OUR thanks are due purser Water, of the Chester, and Agent Tibbals, of this place, for favors shown.
WE are indebted to Rev. T. J. Weeks and wife, of San Juan, and the many kind friends there, for numerous favors.
It has been announced that Rev. D. W. Macfie will temporarily assume the duties of the Presbyterian pastorate of this city.
THE "coming young man" has found his counterpart belonging to the other sex, and there will soon be a—well, tableau. No cards.
It is quite fortunate that the Myers Sisters' entertainment was postponed to the 15th inst., as the Red Men's ball will take place on the 12th.
MR. M. Wise, a celebrated and Wise oculist, is holding forth in town. He will furnish the needy with spectacles, etc., at reasonable rates.
A substantial new sidewalk is being laid in front of the black smith shop occupied by Mr. Bills, making that part of town look in keeping with other portions.
THE sheriff's sale of land for a cost bill against Wm. T. Sayward, was prevented on Monday by the attorney coming forward, and paying the bill with accrued costs.
WE give this week Congressional proceedings, Oregon items and fuller telegraphic news. These are not all the improvements that will appear when our present arrangements are perfected.
REV. Geo. F. Whitworth, of Seattle, preached in the Presbyterian church of this place last Sabbath, morning and evening. His audiences were large and appreciative. The M. E. pulpit was unoccupied.
MR. Jas. Salley, proprietor of the Port Discovery stage line, has greatly improved the road between that point and Port Townsend this spring. Mr. Salley is enterprising and deserving of much credit for his admirable example to our tax-payers.
MR. D. R. Judkins, a photographer of long experience, has set up in business opposite Fowler's Hall. His portable outfit comprises even a house suitable for gallery purposes, &c. His work is all first-class, and entitles him to liberal patronage.
THE Firemen's May-day picnic was completely spoiled by the rain, owing to the reprieve from the weather clerk coming too late. It was unanimously voted as "too bad," because such elaborate preparation had been made and everybody (especially the little ones) had anticipated such a pleasant time. The bail in the evening, however, was quite successful.
MESSRS. Waterman & Katz received another large lot of general merchandise by the steamer City of Chester, also by the schooner Excelsior, this week. It seems truly a marvel that this firm should have built up such a magnificent business; but they have really done it, and that too in a comparatively short time. They now carry the largest miscellaneous stock on Puget Sound.
MR. John Dossell, of Sequim prairie, is in town under medical treatment. He is suffering from severe bruises received at the hands of Matthew Flemming, also a resident of Clallam. A jury trial was had before a Justice of the Peace at Dungeness—Capt. E. H. McAlmond appearing for the prosecution, and W. C. Garfield for the defendant. Mr. Flemming was found guilty, as charged in the complaint, and was fined \$40 and costs.

Local and News Items.

The Myers Sisters' entertainment is postponed to Thursday, May 15th.
DR. Clarke is lecturing in Olympia.
JUDGE Lewis and family are visiting at Walla Walla.
OLYMPIA has another base ball club, composed of home muscle.
THE name of Fort Vancouver has been changed to Vancouver Barracks.
BISHOP E. R. Ames, of the M. E. Church, died in Baltimore Friday.
EAST Portland boasts of a curiosity in the shape of a chicken with four legs.
SEATTLE is annoyed by a skulking rascal who enters houses and cuts off women's hair.
ON the 1st inst, onions were selling in San Francisco at 13 to 15 cents per pound wholesale, and 20 to 25 cents, retail.
THE military telegraph line, now being built between Boise City and Lewiston, will be completed by the 1st of June.
ON Sunday morning next, Rev. S. A. Starr will preach the annual missionary sermon in the M. E. church at this place.
THE Portland papers are making an awful fuss over a recent child abduction in that city, which did not prove to be an abduction after all.
HORACE A. Gregory, late private Company "B," 7th Iowa regiment, is ordered to report to Dr. T. T. Minor, Examining Surgeon for Pensons.
MR. James McNaught, of Seattle, is in San Francisco undergoing medical treatment for weak eyes. Judge Jacobs fills the gap in the law firm during the interim.
OUR opinion of the San Juan mines is somewhat modified, after a personal examination of the field; although judgment must be suspended until returns come from the ore that was sent to Frisco to be assayed.
ON Monday last the members of the M. E. Church and friends, at Dungeness, gave a surprise and benefit to Rev. S. A. Starr. The occasion was during one of his periodical visits to that place, and the method of the surprise was by a "social." The receipts amounted to \$19 15.
TWO men named Thomas Taylor and Charles Pierce have applied for a license to establish a ferry some 150 miles up the Skagit River, near Ruby Creek, where the gold has been discovered. It is the intention to establish a trading post at this place to accommodate the miners.
LAST week we received a copy of the printed proceedings of the House of Representatives, of 1877. Though long delayed in coming, it is welcome. It looks much better than does the Council Journal, and contains 334 pages. Hon. N. H. Owings has our thanks for the favor.
FATHER Cesary is planning another Fourth of July excursion this year. The route will be from Tulalip to the Lummi Reservation. The steamer Fanny Lake is to be used, and Stanwood, Skagit, Utsalady, LaConner and Whatcom are among the stopping places. It is to be hoped that the reverend gentleman will be more successful than he was in a similar venture last year.
ON Thursday last Messrs. Wm. H. Newton and M. Gleason, boatmen, in the customs employ, went to San Juan where they join forces with Mr. Jno. M. Izert, Inspector. The party will make San Juan town their headquarters, and will cruise among the Islands. We had the honor of sharing their first meal and witnessing their "start" under the new regime. They are jolly as you please, and are comfortably situated.
WE are indebted to Messrs. Bishop, proprietor, and Fields, foreman, of the North Pacific cheese factory, for a liberal sample of the "first marketable cheese of the season." It is a creditable production; and, while we need not draw any poetical or fanciful pictures of the future success of the enterprise, we may affirm that it is on a substantial foundation, and that its future is assured. No speculative theory; our people know what it has done and can safely assume for the future.
THE City of Chester, P. Mackie, Captain, sailed from San Francisco April 30th, at noon, having on board 140 passengers, 45 bags mail, and 3,317 pkgs. mdz, 350 tons. She arrived here Monday afternoon. Passengers for the Sound—L. C. Harmon and Miss L. Harmon, T. J. Eastman, lady and child, P. G. Forwood and wife, John Gould, E. A. Brooks, wife and child, R. Morton and wife, Mrs. C. E. Dodge, John J. Read, Geo. H. Smith, W. Conahan, David Davidson, L. S. Allen, R. Reese, D. C. H. Rothschild, Capt. S. B. Peterson, D. Cramer, John Munson, Alex. Robinson, A. Wayne, John Squires and wife, P. Slookey, C. C. and F. V. Hanson, Mrs. B. Johnson, Mrs. R. Johnson, B. Triegan and wife, H. Clothier, F. Mason, E. Moore, M. Smith, John Lodgey and two children, John Jones, R. Campion, O. H. Fisher, wife and child, M. Kelley, wife and 4 ch. Sohn Gorman, Richard Stevens, H. H. Farren, John Gunther, H. Burns.

THE light house tender Shubrick, was to leave Astoria last week, for a cruise north, during which she will visit all the light stations north of the Columbia river.
THE Portland Telegram reports that Jay Gould has made a deflection at Fort Hall, Idaho, from the Utah Northern line in the direction of Oregon, and has let a contract for 100 miles of the road.
WE are informed that the success of those engaged in the sealing business off Cape Flattery this year has been very much exaggerated. Experienced men say that the season has really been a poor one.
SO far this year the fruit in Walla Walla valley has not been injured by frost. All reports unite in pronouncing the prospect brilliant for an enormous crop of fruit of all varieties this year. The peach crop never presented a finer aspect. It is hardly among the possibilities for the crop to be destroyed now.
ALL of the lumber merchants and ship owners, doing business in California, Oregon and Washington Territory, and having five thousand men in their employ, have published a manifesto against the passage of the new Constitution of California, believing it will seriously injure their business if it passes.
ON Monday the steamer Mastie left this place for Dungeness light house spit, where the bark Lizzie Marshall is ashore. She had on board about twenty workmen, all told, with machinery, tackle, &c., preparatory for effecting the successful launch of the stranded vessel. Unless a heavy "nor-west" wind comes along they'll accomplish their object sure.
THE steamer Mary Taylor was taken out of the harbor on Monday afternoon for an airing. She steamed around to Port Discovery, and returned. Her passengers speak in terms of praise of the staunch and comfortable vessel, and pronounce the trip a very pleasant one. We understand that it is the intention to get up an excursion from here soon, and that she will be used. Messrs. Waterman & Katz her owners, are very obliging, and should get their vessel at work on some lucrative route where she will serve public convenience and pay something to them.
WE have received pleasant calls from Messrs. Landes and Reiss, recently of the firm of Rothschild & Co. The gentlemen have had a "spin 'round the block," spending a few weeks at Cape Flattery, reconnoitering around the sealing grounds and then going to Portland where they met with friends and had a jolly time generally. Mr. Landes will remain in town and engage in trading shortly, and MAY start a banking business here. Mr. Reiss is undecided whether to go to Unrope or accept a lucrative position in Eastern Washington. He will, however, remain here a few weeks. We wish them both success.

FROM PORT DISCOVERY.
May 5, 1879.
EDITOR ARGUS:—
The weather being very unpleasant on the first of May, the excursion and picnic that had been planned for the benefit of the juveniles had to be postponed until some future time. However, not wishing to disappoint the little folks, the managers repaired to the Good Templars' Hall, where they had every thing sandwiched up in apple pie order, and a good time was enjoyed.
The steamer Mary Taylor, belonging to Messrs. Waterman & Katz, came in here this evening to get fuel. Capt. Peter Thompson brought her around. Mr. Waterman, one of the owners, Mr. Bulfinch and Miss Lucy McAlmond were on board as invited guests.
THE tug Mastie has taken some timbers and other material down to Dungeness for the purpose of raising the Lizzie Marshall so that she can be launched.
NOW AND THEN.
"We have just received * from M. GRAY, 117, Post Street, San Francisco, an exquisite little ballad entitled, "WHERE IS HEAVEN." It has simple heartfelt words, wedded to a melody that leaves a lasting impression on the hearer, that brings to mind the good old time songs, "Old Oaken Bucket," "Old Kentucky Home," "Lilly Dale," etc. Mr. Gray informs us that his California, song "Where is Heaven?" has caught the fever of popularity in the Eastern States; which means orders from 100 to 500 copies a day. Either of these pieces will be mailed on receipt of 35 cts stamps.

LOCAL NOTICES.
A fine assortment of legal blanks at Holcomb's.
Go to Waterman & Katz for the best carpets, at reasonable prices.
The ARGUS is kept for sale, regularly, at Mr. Holcomb's Variety Store.
Two first-class sewing machines, a Wilson and a Singer, NEW, for sale. Apply at the ARGUS office.

ESTABLISHED 1858.] [D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD
ROTHSCHILD & CO.,
SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

—O AND DEALERS IN O—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
Dry Goods, Clothing,
Boots and shoes,
Ship chandlery, Hardware, Groceries,
Tobacco, cigars, Wines, & liquors
Exchange Bought and Sold.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

The Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce.

CALIFORNIA WINES, PORT, SHERRY, ANGELICA, AND MUSCATEL, and Wine Vinegar, imported direct by us from the vineyards, in pipes and barrels, and for sale at San Francisco rates by
ROTHSCHILD & CO.

One Fish Wagon 3 1-4 inch, for sale at a bargain, by
ROTHSCHILD & CO.
Port Townsend, March 27, 1879.

Bktn Katie Flickinger
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
Capt. S. J. GILMAN, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, 12, 1879.

Ship Gold Hunter.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
JOSHUA FREEMAN, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Jan. 20, 1879.

Hawaiian Bark Liliu.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
J. A. O'BRIEN, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, April 10, 1879.

Bktn C. L. Taylor.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
CAPT. A. BORGMAN, Master.
Port Townsend, Jan. 20, 1879.

American bark Alice Reed.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
CAPT. J. H. KILLERAN, Jr. Master.
Port Townsend, Feb 17, 1879.

Honduras barque Chiclayo
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW.
Capt. C. JULIO BOLLO, Master
D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents
Port Townsend, Feb. 18, 1879.

French Barque Buenos Ayres.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
J. VAISON, Master
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Dec. 7, 1878.

C R Ship Herman.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO. Agents
E. PERKS, Master
Port Townsend, Jan. 29, 1879.

The First-class steamship
CALIFORNIA
CAPT. THORN,
WILL LEAVE
Port Townsend for Sitka,
Alaska Terr'y, and Way Ports,
On or about the 1st of each Month.
WILL LEAVE
Port Townsend for Portland, Ogn.
On about the 15th of each Month.
For Freight or Passage, Apply on Board,
20 Or to ROTHSCHILD & CO, Agents.

SALT.
WE OFFER FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT, A BRAND OF
Peruvian Salt
EQUAL in every respect to the best Liverpool Salt for all purposes for which a spotless whiteness is not required.
Buyers will find it stronger and cheaper than any other by calling for samples. 7 ROTHSCHILD & CO.

FARMERS' STORE.
NEW DUNGENESS, W.T.
C. F. CLAPP, - Proprietor.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS JUST OPENED WITH A FULL AND Complete Stock of **General Merchandise**, consisting in part of
Hardware, Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, Boots, and Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c.,
Which will be sold at Port Townsend Prices, for Cash.
PRODUCE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR CASH AND GOODS. Also
WOOL, HIDES, FURS, AND OIL
For which the highest market price will be paid. Farmers will find it to their interest to call and examine goods at this establishment before purchasing elsewhere. **NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.**

PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.



ALLEN WEIR, : Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY, MAY 1st, 1879.

TELEGRAPHIC.

EASTERN STATES.

From Central America.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The Panama Star and Herald of the 17th says the rumors of revolution have disturbed the city for the last few days. Negroes outside of the city are armed and only await the signal to set up another government. President Casoria is absent visiting the interior. Cauca is in a ferment over elections. The liberals appear to have a majority of the votes, but the party in power is not disposed to surrender the reins of government.

The President of Bolivia has announced that he will march with 10,000 men to recover Antofagasta.

The U. S. steamer Lackawanna was at Callao April 2d, and the Peasacola, Admiral Rodgers' flag ship, was coming up the coast from Valparaiso.

The Veto Message.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—The customary adjournment of the House upon the announcement of the death of Representative Clark prevented the reading of the President's veto message at the capital to-day, but since its publication in the evening newspapers it has been the all-absorbing topic of conversation in Washington political circles, and has given rise to much feeling. Republicans are universally delighted with the message, and generally regard that in point of ability and effective presentation of the position which they intend to stand before the country, it has far exceeded their expectations. The Democrats insist that the President's argument, denying the necessity of any further legislation to prevent military interference with elections, is not conclusive, but that on the contrary it is evasive of the merits of the main question involved in the pending bill.

Trouble Expected.

VALENCIENNES, April 30.—Troops have been sent hence to Louroches to hold the collieries, because of the strike of miners.

Canal Congress.

NEW YORK, April 30.—Rear Admiral Auman and Engineer A. G. Menocal, from the Washington navy yard, leave for France to-day as delegates to the inter-oceanic canal congress which meets on May 15th. The Times of this morning says: "The congress is expected to decide between the Darien and Nicaragua routes, and powerful interests are arrayed in favor of each, as rival franchises are held by the promoters of the general scheme."

Fire Fiend in Montreal.

MONTREAL, April 30.—A fire is now raging in the St. Jean Baptist quarter of the city, which threatens to destroy the whole village, there being no water. Forty dwellings are so far destroyed.

The Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The debt statement shows the increase for April to be \$16,952, gold certificates, \$15,772,600; silver certificates, \$1,977,020; certificates of deposit outstanding, \$31,635,000; refunding certificates, \$3,104,250; legal tenders outstanding, \$346,681,016; fractional currency outstanding, \$15,913,009; U. S. notes, held for redemption of fractional currency, \$868,446,338; called bonds not matured for which four per cent. bonds have been issued, \$171,319,100.

Greenbackers Divided.

The National Greenback members of the House held a caucus of three hours to-day on the subject of the presidential veto. A general interchange of views occurred, but no definite action was reached. Information obtained from a trustworthy source, indicates that the meeting was not altogether harmonious, there being great diversity of opinion as to the proper steps to be taken. The fact was developed that the National party will not stand as a unit on the question when it comes before the House, but will divide, some sustaining the veto, others opposing it, and third faction refraining from voting either way.

Committee Coming.

The House committee, to inquire into the cause of the present depression or labor, of which Representative Hendrick B. Wright is chairman, has arranged to leave for San Francisco on the 15th of July, and take testimony regarding Chinese labor. The committee will, during the Summer, visit all the large cities east and west and take testimony.

A New Railroad Scheme.

It is reported here that Jay Gould will soon complete his transcontinental railroad by building a line of 56 miles between Toledo and Detroit, which will give him connections from Boston by way of the Grand Trunk, and from New York by way of the Erie road to San Francisco independent of the Vanderbilt line.

Tennessee Bonds.

NASHVILLE, May 1.—Two-thirds of the holders of State bonds having accepted the proposition of fifty cents on the dollar and four per cent. interest, the Governor will submit the proposition to the people for ratification.

Colliery Closed.

PITTSBURGH, May 1.—The Seneca and Twin collieries, operated by the Pittston and Elmira Coal Company, at this place have closed operations for an indefinite term. The company can buy coal at their selling price cheaper than they can at their mine and ship it. Several hundred men and boys will be thrown out of employment.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Afghan War.

LONDON, April 28.—Telegrams from India speak of the complete break down of the quartermaster and commissary departments of the Khyber column, now at Jellalabad and Gandamah, owing to lack of transportation. The column is said to be incapacitated for offensive operations. The garrison of Candahar is in a very similar position. In con-

sequence of these failures, control of transport has been transferred from the commissariat to the commander of the column, the chief commissary merely advising and assisting.

Russians Afraid of Themselves.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 29.—The police are openly arresting people by batches at all hours of the day. Hitherto arrests were made at night. On the slightest suspicion of any person, his whole family are arrested and domiciliary visits are paid to all their acquaintances; these leading to further apprehensions on most frivolous grounds. Eighty-three furnished lodging keepers are in prison for not reporting within 24 hours the latest arrivals. Jakovlev, a government official living in the Winter palace, and his son, an officer in the guards, are among the persons in custody. Baron Bistrom, deputy commander of the Moscow garrison, has been superseded for insufficient enthusiasm towards the new order of things. There are few pedestrians or carriages in the streets; but endless lines of porters are seated on stools at every door with stout sticks. Covered prison vans frequently pass with a police officer mounted beside the driver, and Gen. Gourka drives around in an open drosky escorted by Cossacks cracking their whips. The inhabitants are not accomplices of the nihilists, but are apathetic spectators. Two regiments of foot guards and brigade of artillery, lost so many officers by arrest, that they have been obliged to draw officers from other regiments. Four thousand seven hundred political prisoners were removed from Fort Petropaulovski in one night to Kazan Saratoff and other eastern prisons.

Twenty Lives Lost.

LONDON, April 30.—The steamer Niles, from Elva for Newport, with a cargo of ore, has been lost. Three only of a crew of 23 were saved.

England and Russia.

In the house of commons to-night Sir Robert Peel, liberal conservative, will ask the government whether Her Majesty's government will take any steps in the interest of humanity to mitigate the horrors and atrocities amid which a reign of terror is now carried on in Russia over eight millions of people.

Civil Troubles in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 1.—A feeling of gloom prevails. Rigorous police regulations respecting watching houses and visits and searches by night are to be made still more stringent. After nine in the evening nobody will be at liberty to show himself in the street without a certificate upon which must be written and attested the place from which and to which the bearer is going. General Gourko, governor general, planned this ordinance. Soon it will not be necessary to light a candle before half-past nine, yet at nine every one must be in doors, and after 10, as in barracks, every light must be out. Notwithstanding insecurity in St. Petersburg increases every day, grenades are exploded in the streets. The intention of the nihilists, it is believed, to be to keep the police in a state of constant excitement, tire them out, or lull them asleep with the idea that danger has been exaggerated. Since the attempt on the life of the Czar, troops have been held in readiness day and night. In every regiment, two companies in marching order, equipped with ball cartridges, are kept constantly under arms. Batteries stand ready horsed and mounted in the barracks yards, a squadron of every cavalry regiment stands in constant readiness to mount, and day and night divisions of Cossacks patrol the street.

Most remarkable precautions were taken during the czar's recent journey to Livadia. Sentinels were placed along the whole length of the line. Traffic was stopped and all access to the line prohibited for 24 hours before the departure of the royal train.

Storm at Szegedin.

PESTH, May 1.—A violent hurricane at Szegedin yesterday destroyed the works prepared for restoring the railway and filling breaches in the dams. Barges filled with building material and earth were mostly sunk. The storm caused extensive breaches in the railway embankment and laborers are in great danger. Relief has been sent them.

PACIFIC COAST.

Stock Speculator's Suicide.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—W. F. Cassebohm, first assistant city treasurer, committed suicide this afternoon by shooting himself through the head. He left a note addressed to the coroner stating that he had been led into stock speculation by Alexander Austin, late city tax collector, who also suicided, defaulter to a large amount; that he had lost \$35,000 in speculation and had used \$20,000 of the city's money to cover margins, and being unable to make it good, saw no resort but to follow Avstin's example; had always borne a good name and could not bear the disgrace of public exposure and prosecution.

The Treasury.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—The doors of the city treasury are still closed. The only occupants are the grand jury experts who are going over the books and accounts of the treasurer's office. It is expected that the new treasurer will qualify and the doors be opened to-morrow. It has been ascertained that \$50,000 in bonds furnished by Cassebohm to Treasurer Hubert were given in December, 1872, and having never been renewed, are only good for that term. Several of the bondsmen state they do not believe they are liable and they do not propose to make the defalcation good. In case they do not, the city must look to Mr. Hubert and his bondsmen. The only question involved is when Cassebohm committed the defalcation. It is thought that an investigation of the cash book kept by Deputy Zender will disclose when the defalcation occurred, and if it happened during the term for which Cassebohm gave bonds, his bondsmen will be compelled to make good the defalcation.

Life in Nevada.

EUREKA, April 30.—The Ruby Hill stage was stopped near town last night by three masked men. Passengers relieved of about \$400 in money and jewelry. Last night two men entered the stable of Stewart & Co., bulldozed three or four men who were present, saddled two of the finest horses in the stable and went off. The sheriff's posse was soon in pursuit. At daylight this morning the thieves were overtaken at the mouth of Railroad Canyon, 40 miles north of Eureka on the Elko road. A fight ensued between the officers and robbers, in which one of the robbers was almost instantly killed and the

other was captured near by. The dead robber was John Sullivan, formerly of Gold Hill and Virginia, but who lately came here from Bodie. The other is Charles Ennis, also late of Bodie. The latter was lodged in jail. The body of Sullivan was brought in.

Silver Sale and Coinage.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—The Bank of California has sold the government 100,000 ounces of silver for delivery here at 110 1/4. Coinage of the San Francisco mint for April: Double eagles, \$2,540,000; standard dollars, one million. The Carson mint was idle during the month. Treasure shipment per City of Peking, fine silver, \$208,200; trade dollars, 11,066; Mexican, \$53,941; gold coin, \$9,130.

The Treasury Trouble.

Treasurer Hubert's bondsmen have agreed to make good the Cassebohm deficiency if the commissioners will reinstate the treasurer. Judge Wright holds that the defalcation is only technical, and that the restoration of the money is all that the law can require. In this opinion W. C. Burnett, city and county attorney, concurs. The mayor, auditor and county judge have taken the proposition to reinstate Hubert under advisement, and it is probable that he will be reinstated on the payment of \$25,000 by his sureties.

A Bad Man.

It has been ascertained that Wm. Treen, clerk of the city criminal court, has absconded, leaving a number of creditors to mourn his departure. It seems that he has taken none of the public money with him, but has victimized private parties to the tune of several thousand dollars. He left some days ago, ostensibly for Los Angeles, but in reality for New York. Telegrams have been sent to secure his arrest.

British Columbia.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 1.—The secession difficulty has been tided over by Parliament which was prorogued immediately upon satisfactory assurance of an intention to commence the railway this year having been received from Ottawa.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

House.

WASHINGTON, April 26. Upon assembling the House went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill, under the five minutes rule.

Ewing and Garfield each spoke fifteen minutes by unanimous consent.

When debate closed, an amendment offered by Weaver, striking out all proposed legislation except that relating to the test oath, was defeated without division. A vote was then taken by tellers on Garfield's amendment striking out all the legislation, and defeated by 124 to 130. The result was received with applause by the Democratic side.

The House, by 162 against 91, refused to adjourn until Wednesday, but shortly afterwards adjourned until Tuesday, the vote ordering adjournment over Monday being ayes 132, nays 58.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 28. The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was received from the House and referred to the committee on appropriations.

House joint resolution to repeal certain clauses in the sundry civil appropriation act of March 2, 1877, passed. It makes appropriations for the extension of military telegraph lines in Montana and Texas.

The bill giving seats on the floor of the Senate and House to heads of departments was taken up and Pendleton made a speech in its advocacy.

Williams introduced a bill to regulate the value of metal money and provide for the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver bullion, and to restore coin to circulation; referred. It provides to make all gold and silver coins, including the trade dollar, equally a legal tender for all debts, public and private, to any amount at their nominal value.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 30. Consideration was resumed on House bill providing for certain expenses of the present session of Congress, and for other purposes, the pending question being whether it was in order to amend, as proposed by Plumb, a clause appropriating \$136,000 to pay mileage of the present session. The amendment was decided in order—33 against 23—was discussed and agreed to. The bill then passed, and the Senate considered the bill to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States.

Hamlin opposed the bill and moved to recommit with instructions to frame a code of rules and regulations to carry the object of the act into effect.

Kernan opposed the bill. Garland called attention to the fact that it required all the rules and regulations framed by the National Board of Health to be uniform, and be subject to the approval of the President. The committee did not want the bill recommitted, as they had already done all they could to present it in acceptable shape.

Howe and Conkling opposed the measure. The Senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

House.

After the reading of the journal, the Speaker presented the veto message of the President upon the army appropriation bill, and it was read by the clerk.

At the conclusion of the reading of the message, Sparks offered the following: Ordered, That the message of the president, just read, be entered at length in the journal, as required by the constitution of the United States, and that the House will to-morrow proceed to consider said message, and thereafter reconsider the bill making the appropriation for the support of the army for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1880; and that said message be printed and adopted.

The following bills were passed: Appropriating a requisite amount to pay J. B. Eades, sums due and to become due for constructing jetties at South Pass.

Amending the section of the revised statutes prescribing the penalty for conspiracy against the United States.

At 2:10 the House adjourned, and the Democratic caucus was announced to meet forthwith.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, May 1.

Consideration was resumed of the bill to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases into the United States.

Bell offered the following resolution which was agreed to:

Resolved, That the secretary of the treasury be directed to inform the Senate of the amount due and uncollected, if any, under section 8 of the act of August 5, 1861, entitled an act to provide increased revenue from imports to pay interest on the public debt and for other purposes, and to state reasons, if any exist, why the same have not been collected agreeably to the provisions of said act.

Wallace, from the committee on appropriations, reported a bill to provide for the payment of county and back pay to those who were deprived of the same by frauds with which they had no connection.

Edmunds inquired when the Senate might expect the committee on appropriations to report back the legislative appropriation bill.

Davis, of West Virginia, replied that the bill had just been printed. The sub-committee had been at work on it and might report to the full committee to-morrow.

Edmunds inquired whether it was not the same bill that was acted on at a former session of Congress, except the matter extraneous to the appropriation.

Davis replied that it was, but it was known that there were some members on the committee who were not in the previous Congress and therefore the entire subject had to be considered irrespective of former action.

Adjourned.

House.

The bill reported from the coinage committee, amending the statutes relating to coinage and to gold and silver bullion certificates, came up. The pending question was on ordering the main question on a resolution postponing till Saturday next. Consideration of the bill was ordered—yeas 155, nays 107. The resolution was then adopted.

Sparks called up the order made yesterday to reconsider the army appropriation bill. A vote was taken upon the question, no debate being allowed upon reconsideration. The House refused to pass the bill over the President's veto, the vote standing: yeas, 120; nays, 110—not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative. It was strictly a party vote. Only three of the greenbackers voted for the bill and nine against it.

Adjourned till Saturday.

Such a Joke.

"Bridget," said a lady in the city of Gotham, one morning as she was reconnoitering in the kitchen, "what a quantity of soap grease you have got there. We can get plenty of soap for it, and we must exchange it for some. Watch for the fat man, and when he comes along tell him I want to see him."

"Yes, mum," said Bridget. All that morning Bridget, between each whisk of her dish cloth, kept a bright lookout from the kitchen-window, and no moving creature escaped her wistful gaze. At last her industry was rewarded, for down the street came a large, portly gentleman, flourishing a cane, and looking the very picture of good humor.

"Sure, there's the fat man, now," thought Bridget; and when he was in front of the house out she flew, and informed him that her mistress wished to speak to him.

"Speak to me, my good girl?" replied the gentleman.

"Yes, sir, wants to speak to you; and she says that you would be kind enough to walk in, sir."

This request, so direct, was not to be refused; so in a state of some wonderment up the steps went the gentleman, and up the stairs went Bridget, and knocking at the mistress' door, put her head in and exclaimed:

"Fat gentleman's in the parlor, mum." So saying, she instantly withdrew to the lower regions.

"In the parlor?" thought the lady. "What can it mean? Bridget must have blundered." But down to the parlor she went, and up rose her fat friend, with his blandest smile and most graceful bow.

"Your servant informed me, Madam, that you would like to speak to me. At your service, Madam."

The mortified mistress saw the state of the case immediately, and a smile wreathed itself about her lips in spite of herself, and she afterwards explained:

"Will you pardon the terrible blunder of the girl, my dear sir? I told her to call in the fat man to take away the soap grease when she saw him, and she has made a mistake, you see."

The jolly fat man learned back in his chair and laughed such a hearty ha! ha! as never came from any of your lean gentry.

"No apologies needed, Madam," said he. "It is decidedly the best joke of the season. Ha! ha! ha! so she took me for a soap-grease man, did she? It will keep me laughing for months. Such a good joke!"

And in all the streets and around the corner was heard the merry ha! ha! ha! of the old gentleman, as he brought down his cane, every now and then exclaiming, "Such a joke!"

A Dutch saloonist, when asked why he hung a beer mug in front of his place, replied: "Don't the Constitution of the United States say, 'Hang out your banner on dose outside walls!' So you see I puts mine flag on the front walls of mine shore."

Oregon Items.

Schools on the Long Tom are said to be flourishing.

May day is to be appropriately celebrated in Roseburg.

Jacksonville is discussing the project for a public park.

No frosts have damaged fruit prospects in Jackson county.

Farmers in Umpqua are generally through with Spring seeding.

The Western Star tells of a rebellion in the Looking Glass school.

E. M. Moore contemplates erecting a brick building in Roseburg.

Mail service is increased to tri-weekly between Jacksonville and Waldo.

The persons arrested at Salem for incendiarism have all been discharged.

The Great Republic Wrecking Company have filed articles of incorporation.

Stages on the overland route are preparing for short time; are already shooting in.

The escaped prisoners from the Marion county jail have not yet been retaken.

Roads are improving and time will be shortened after this on the overland stage route.

Some scamp tampered with the pile driver at McMinnville and deserves severe punishment.

The latest idea at Long Tom is a horse race for oats delivered after harvest, to come off May 1st.

Mining claims newly located on Briggs' Creek; are said to be paying \$5 to \$6 a day to the hand.

Fall sown grain in some parts of Lane county shows the effects of cold weather—looks yellow.

A. G. Deardorf, formerly of Oakland, was lately married at Keokuk, Iowa, to Miss E. M. Harman.

Jo Thornton's dog tried to jump through Marks' window at Roseburg. Thornton paid for the window.

The Centennial, at Willow Springs, is yielding over an ounce to the day to the hand and running three hands.

The Eugene Journal says J. H. Bowler, a cripple, fell down the St. Charles hotel stairs and cut his face badly.

The Jacksonville Times says a number of merchants and others of that place had lost by the Republic disaster.

Josephine county had one saloon a few years ago, but now has six. Is that improvement—or fungus growth?

The route between Jacksonville and Crescent City is to be examined to see how a railroad can be built over it.

Parties are going from Umpqua ferry, with mining outfits, to placer diggings at Olalla, that yield \$2 to \$5 a day.

The octogenarian bridegroom at Looking Glass threw off on his promised bride and has gone courting elsewhere.

Gen. John F. Miller, of Salem, will send his horse Rye straw to the Dalles to enter the races to come off there on May 15th.

The Polk County Teacher's Institute just closed at Monmouth was a complete success. The next session will be held at Dallas.

John Lick, a tinner on the State House, fell 20 feet and was lucky enough to break no bones. The Statesman says he had a heavy fall.

We learn from the Yamhill Reporter that Henry Arthur, the lad who lives with Mr. Gault, had his face badly scorched while lighting a fire.

The Statesman says Joshua Chitwood, an old gentleman who lives opposite Salem in Polk county, was thrown from his wagon and considerably hurt.

Drs. Young and Calveatte, of Lafayette, removed a cancer that weighed half a pound from the breast of Mrs. Mitchell, who lives near McMinnville.

Rabbi May of Portland delivered his lecture for the benefit of the Presbyterian Church at Salem, to a select audience, and all were highly entertained.

The ladies of Rock Point, Marion county, are proposing to hold a picnic on the farm of Hon. George Downing, May 10th, and have a dance at the hall near by in the evening.

Edson Savage, a son of Wm. Savage, near Sheridan, had his shoulder broken by a vicious horse throwing him. He remounted and rode him home, though severely injured.

Mr. Flint, of Independence, cut his wrist badly with a hatchet, and the Riverside says a daughter of Wm. Leman, also of that place, four years old, cut herself painfully in the breast.

Wm. H. Crawford was convicted of burglarizing the safe of the O. & C. R. R. Co., in Eugene and was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. This sentence was the full extent of the law.

Mr. Jacob Wisecarver, of McMinnville, was passenger on the Great Republic, returning from a visit to friends in California, and lost his baggage in the wreck, like many another unfortunate.

The residence of Mr. Fletchall, situated about five miles north of Eugene, was destroyed by fire with nearly all its contents on Tuesday night, April 20th. The fire originated from a defective flue. No insurance.

A man calling himself Shole, is tramping up the Santiam, pretending to buy farms and be a capitalist, when he is only a bilk. He is 5 feet 8 inches high, weighs 170 pounds, has sandy hair and beard and says he is 60 years old.

Eugene losses by the wreck of the Republic are thus stated in the Guard: Robinson & Church had on board a car load of wagons valued at nearly \$2,000; Cherry Bros., furniture, \$125; A. S. Parterson, stationery, \$150; R. G. Callison, \$150. None were insured.

Officer Minto, of Salem, assisted by Sheriff Dickey, of Linn county, arrested Peterson and wife, Worthington and wife, a man whose name is unknown, about ten miles from Albany, charged with robbing the residence of Dr. Jessup and John Belt in Salem. They are an organized band of tramps. Stolen goods were found on their persons.

The Yamhill Reporter says that the effects of the late marine disaster come home to people there. C. H. Cook and wife (son of H. L. Cook of that place) were robbed by the sea of nearly all their worldly possessions.

They had on board a carriage, wagon, harness and four fine horses, and had planned to land at Portland and drive up to Yamhill and surprise the old folks, but lost the above, as well as all their household effects.

A Famous Duel.

The following letter from Hon. L. D. Campbell with regard to the most exciting event in Congress, that immediately preceded the war of the rebellion, has been received by Mr. Robert O. Dornier, of Richmond, in response to a request for the particulars of the affair. The letter was not intended for publication, but in view of its historic value Mr. D. has permitted us to put it in print:

HAMILTON, O., March 3, 1879.—R. C. DORNIER, Esq.—Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of the 1st instant. I am the only living man who knows all about the Brooks-Burlingame affair, about which you make enquiry.

You are clearly in error in regard to the matter. It occurred in those stormy days, a quarter of a century ago, when knock-downs, the drawing of bow-knives and pistols were not unfrequent in the halls of Congress, and duels and rumors of duels in Washington.

Senator Butler, of South Carolina, was Brooks' uncle. He was a very aged man, tottering over the grave. He had been stricken with paralysis, and trembled like an aspen leaf. Sumner, in making a very aggressive and anti-slavery speech in the Senate, assailed Butler and referred to his weakness. Sumner was then 45 years old, full six feet high, well proportioned, and a fine specimen of physical development. Brooks, the nephew, looked for Sumner on the avenue to chastise him. Failing to find him he went to the Senate chamber, after the body had adjourned, and there beat Sumner over the head with a gutta percha cane, fearfully. I arrived in the chamber soon afterward, washed the blood of Sumner and brought him to consciousness. I also requested the surgeon to sew up his wounds and take him to his boarding-house.

The next day (being Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee) I offered a resolution for an investigation, and was appointed chairman of the committee. Subsequently, as chairman, I reported a resolution to expel Brooks, which was carried. Brooks was re-elected, and came back to the House of Representatives.

Some months afterward Burlingame made a carefully prepared speech, in which he referred to Brooks, saying: "He stole into the Senate chamber in a cowardly way, and there smote the Senator from Massachusetts as Cain smote his brother."

There was then a challenge expected, of course. However, friends interfered and some explanations were made on Burlingame's part, which were accepted by Brooks' friends, and published. Thereupon the New England press commented severely on Burlingame's concessions, and charged him with showing the white feather. These things stung him to the quick. Then for the first time he came to me for counsel. I told him that if he really did not mean what he said in his speech he ought to take it back unequivocally; if he did mean it, he could then afford to say so, and accept the consequences. He then came out in a card in the National Intelligencer saying, in substance, that he maintained what he said in his speech. This speedily brought him what was in substance a challenge.

It was not delivered by Keitt, as you suppose, but by Gen. Jo. Lane of Mexican war fame, then the delegate from Oregon. It simply invited Burlingame out of the District of Columbia to settle the affair. This, of course meant a challenge, and was so worded as to evade the law of Congress. Burlingame again pressed me into his service. I wrote the reply and delivered it to Gen. Lane. He called on me to name the place outside of the District. I named the "Clifton House on the Canada side of the Niagara Falls, and the following Thursday morning at 6 o'clock," for the meeting. I sent Burlingame to New York the same night to prevent his arrest.

Two days after this, Lane came out in the papers, objecting to the Clifton House because it was in the north, and he did not intend to take Brooks "through the enemy's country." I replied that, being called on to name a place outside of the District, I was not fool enough to name "Richmond or Charleston," and take my friend through "his enemy's country." Brooks was arrested and put under bonds. I telegraphed Burlingame to return. He did so. He, too, was arrested and put under bonds—myself his surety. Burlingame immediately left for the West.

Soon afterward, Brooks and Lane and their friends discovered that it was regarded among duellists as a let down on their part and that Burlingame's record was all right. Lane wrote to me a threatening letter, asking to open up the correspondence, and saying that unless I informed them where a letter would reach Mr. Burlingame by the next Tuesday they would make exposure, etc. To that I promptly replied in substance, that Burlingame had gone West, and if they wanted him to go and hunt him—that if they hankered for my

blood they need not wait till Tuesday, and that they might "hurry up the cakes," that I was on hand, etc. This ended the correspondence.

I will simply add that it was well known to members of Congress from the South and from the North that I was the best shot, both with rifle and pistol, there was in the body. There seemed to be a prevailing opinion, too, that I would fight if called on. This was, perhaps, because I had more cheek than most members. You know that cheek is often mistaken for courage. Whether it is so in my case, I am not a proper judge. I never received but one challenge for a duel, and that party soon found a reason to withdraw it when he learned from a Southern friend that I meant business.

Although differing widely in politics at that time, Brooks was my warm personal friend, and died so. So was Gen. Lane.

The popular opinion that Brooks was a coward is far from correct. He was sensitive and impetuous, but had many excellent traits of character. In haste, very truly yours,

LEWIS D. CAMPBELL.

Eads' Jetty System.

There can be no doubt that Captain Eads' jetty system is a temporary, if not permanent, success. Whether it will prevent the formation of bars further out in the Gulf is still an open question. It is shown by a map of the Government engineers that in 1834 there were 140 feet of water on what is now the bar of the Southwest Pass which has but 18 feet of water at present. The official survey shows that Captain Eads has succeeded already by means of his jetty system in deepening the water in the South, or Jetty Pass, to twenty-seven and a half feet at high tide, so that the Pass is navigable for steamships of 3,000 tons burden at high tide. By act of Congress Captain Eads was to receive \$500,000 when a channel two hundred feet in width with twenty-five feet of water was obtained. He was also to receive a like amount when the channel had been deepened to twenty-six feet; and \$500,000 more for a thirty foot channel without regard to width; and \$1,000,000 in ten or twenty years if a channel was maintained twenty-six feet deep. He has received the second installment of \$500,000.

Captain Eads' plan was a simple one—bottomed on common sense and foreign experience. It was by directing, confining and subsequently accelerating the mighty current of the Mississippi—a river notorious for the amount of debris and alluvial carried along to be deposited, as soon as it meets the counter currents of the Gulf—to make it do its own dredging; to force the water to cut, take up and carry out sediment, and thus clear and deepen its own bed. This he did. First, by shutting up a bayou and two passes; then he began his jetties, by sinking two lines of willow mattresses, heavily anchored with stone, from the ends of the mud banks out into the Gulf. Mattress was piled on mattress, and load of stone on load of stone, until the walls appeared above the surface and became firm and secure through means of the river sediment. A number of wing dams were then thrown out at right angles to the walls for the same purpose of directing the river currents, and to throw a greater volume into the center.

His work is by no means done. He is now engaged, at infinite pains and at large expense, in strengthening the sea ends of the jetty walls. This is done by lowering mattresses, filled with stone and gravel, and working it all among the willow wattles with crow-bars, and then pouring in liquid cement, as also into boxes on top, which soon hardens into massive blocks as hard as rock.

The commerce of New Orleans has greatly increased since this river improvement has been accomplished. The largest steamships from all parts of Europe now enter the port of New Orleans. Capt. Eads has done something to restore a lost commerce. He has taken one of the passes of the Mississippi wholly unused by any large vessels, and made a clear water way of more than twenty-six feet. Naturally enough, his enterprise encountered the bitterest opposition. Success involved a great change in the business of transportation. Cincinnati and St. Louis might be required to make some new adjustments of business. New Orleans, once in danger of drying up, so to speak, might become the great city of the Southwest. Her port would receive the largest merchants afloat. Business would naturally find the cheapest channels.

An account of a British bark having lost her rudder and put into Crookhaven, on the way to Bremen, is published in the *Vicksburg Commercial* under the heading, "Rudder Disasterous."

Col Schuyler Crosby, our Consul-General at Florence, drew a prize in the Parisian lottery.

The Electric Light.

It is known that Mr. Edison has failed in his experiments. The most that he has ever yet accomplished has been to maintain 400 coiled iron wires in a state of partial incandescence with a sixteen-horse power steam engine. The object of this experiment was to ascertain the number of coils which could be brought to a red heat in any given circuit. It is upon this experiment that Mr. Edison based his claim that he could maintain 20,000 lights burning from one electrical station with a 600-horse power engine. The conclusion was a fallacious one, as Mr. Edison now knows. Platinum must be heated to 2,700 degrees before it attains the intensity of incandescence which is required for illumination, and when the metal is as hot as that it is just on the verge of melting. To prevent the lamp from melting, this inventor has used a regulator consisting of a bar of metal through which the current flowed, which, when the current became too strong, expanded and switched off a part of the current, and thus saved the lamp. In practice the regulator has failed to perform the service required of it. When the current becomes too strong, the platinum burner melts in the twinkling of an eye, and the mischief is done before the regulator can act. The inventor believed that he could overcome this practical difficulty, but he has not succeeded. His lamps have continually melted and he has been unable to keep them from doing so, and the result is there is great discouragement at Menlo Park. There has been another difficulty. Fourteen out of Edison's sixteen applications for a patent at the Washington Patent Office have been rejected. This impulsive man took up the electric light last Fall as an entirely new subject of experiment, and allowed himself to believe that he saw a way to make the light useful which others had never thought of; but when he reached the Patent Office he discovered that very nearly every idea which he had embodied in his applications had either been covered by the patents of other inventors or was not patentable at all. This information is obtained from the Patent Office, and is one explanation of the discouragement which reigns at Menlo Park. There is no doubt that the Edison light would be a delightful resource for the illumination of dwellings if it could be depended upon. It floods a room as though with golden sunlight, pure, brilliant and mellow. But the inventor has never yet been able to regulate his currents so as to keep his lamps burning for any length of time, and he has never ventured on a single public exhibition of it. The public have never seen so much as one of his lights yet. A favored few who have been admitted to his laboratory at Menlo Park have beheld it—a single lamp, inclosed in a glass globe, beautiful as the light of the morning star. But he has refused to let any one inspect it closely, and has never allowed the exhibition of it privately to last long. He has never been able to depend upon its durability. His apparatus is as far from perfection as it ever was, and, in fact, well-informed electricians in New York do not now believe that Mr. Edison is even on the right line of experiment.—Correspondence London Times.

Mormon Converts in Georgia.

On Tuesday a large party of Mormon converts passed through the Taxing district en route for Salt Lake City. A reporter of the *Avalanche* was at the depot when the train arrived. There were about 150 in the party, and they were squalid in dress, ignorant looking, and altogether the reporter concluded that they were taken from the poorer and lower walks of life. The reporter had just obtained from a young lady in the party that she was going to Utah "after a husband," when the leader came forward and put an end to the conversation. He gave his name as Elder J. Morgan, and explained to the reporter that converts were frequently dissuaded from going to their destination by persons talking to them, and that on this account he had interdicted all conversation.

In reply to the question where the converts came from the elder replied: "About fifty of them came from East Tennessee and North Georgia, and about thirty joined us at Decatur, Ala., and an equal number at Corinth, Miss."

If you are going to paint your house, barn, wagon or machinery, the wonderful Imperishable Mixed Paint is surely the best, for it is warranted by their agents in your own town not to chalk, crack, peel or blister; to cover better and work easier than any other paint. The Imperishable Paint was awarded the first premium over all other paints, at the California State Fair, 1878, and the Gold Medal at the Oregon State Fair, 1879. Get a circular from their Agent, which explains this wonderful discovery. Try the paint and you certainly would have no other.

A well caved in the other day. If all's well that ends well that bank must be pretty healthy, for it ended that well.

There must be a nerve-scenter somewhere in the nose.

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All Kinds of Brooms
At San Francisco prices. Brooms warranted to give satisfaction. Patronize Home Industry.

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Spring Stock!

FROM THE EAST.
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, CARPETS, BOOTS—AND—SHOES!
Will make allowance on all cash sales in the above line of goods.
Come Early and Often!
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Free Coach to and from the House.
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THE MOST
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BY EXPRESS OR MAIL,
Promptly attended to.
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Of extra Quality.

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House and Ship Carpenters' Tools,
Ship Chandlery,
Groceries,
Provisions,
Boots and Shoes,
Wines,
Liquors,
Cigars,
Etc.
BUCKEYE MOWER and REAPER,
Taylor's Sulky Rake,
Mitchell's Farm Wagon,
Sweepstake Plows,
Haines' Header,
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Etc., Etc.,
Etc.
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By N. D. HILL, Port Townsend, W. T.
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, and Trusses.
Patent Medicines of all kinds.
Glass, Paints, Oils and Brushes.
A large assortment.
Soaps, Perfumery, Pomades, Hair Oils,
And all Articles used for the Toilet.
ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC., ETC.
Quick Sales and Small Profits.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

TALKS ON TEMPERANCE.

"Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink."

REASONS FOR PROHIBITION.

In Massachusetts the official reports from at least three classes of State institutions, the pauper returns, the state charities and the alms house, and hospital give from thirty-three to ninety per cent. of all property and distress as traceable to drunkenness, either of the pauper himself or in the case children to parents or guardians.

Is Massachusetts an exception among the states? Does not every commonwealth duplicate its report. Well may we say with Judge Pittman in his admirable work

ALCOHOL VERSUS THE STATE.

"Think of the law of human descent by which after generations suffer for the guilty parents, and say if you can see the great cause of all this accumulated evil standing revealed before you without an irresistible impulse to seize the deadliest weapon for its destruction.

The liquor traffic is the cause of disease, especially insanity and idiocy and the annual expense of supporting our insane and idiotic.

Dr. Willard Parker, of New York, writes:

"Pritchard and Esquirol, two authorities upon the subject attribute half the causes of insanity in England to the use of alcohol.

Dr. S. G. Howe attributed one-half of the cause of idiocy in the State of Massachusetts to intemperance, and he is sustained in his opinion by the most reliable authorities."

Dr. Parker gives as his own opinion that the hereditary influence of alcohol is not confined to the propagation of drunkards. It produces insanity, idiocy, epilepsy and other affections of the brain and nervous system, not only in the transgressor himself, but in his children, and these will transmit predisposition to any of their diseases."

If insanity and idiocy are largely the result of intemperance, is it nothing to the State? Is it nothing to us as taxpayers that we allow a few thousand men,

FOR THE SAKE OF PERSONAL GAIN, to continue this infamous trade, whose unfortunate victims we must support? Is it wise, is it humane to allow, ay! to tempt men to so brutalize themselves that the little beings they bring into the world should be senseless slobbering idiots? The father who would destroy the intellect of a living child would be a monster, and the State would consider it her right, more? her sworn duty to protect the child and punish the fiend who called himself its father. And has the State no right, no power to prevent a father from entailing idiocy upon an unborn child? Must the right of the State forever be simply to punish, never to prevent crime?

Is not the necessity of prohibition clearly shown?

Judge Noah Davis says: "An experience of twenty years has taught me that more than seven-eighths of the crime committed in this country which involves personal violence are traceable to the use of intoxicating liquors, and besides that a very large per cent. of every other class of crime." Dr. Elisha Harris, of New York, finds that full eighty-five per cent. of all the convicts in the State were made criminals through the use of alcoholic drinks. Much voluminous and indisputable proof from many different sources but if any one doubts, he can satisfy himself by reading.

The liquor traffic is sapping the life-blood of the nation, because it destroys body, mind and conscience, the three essential elements of national life and growth.

INTEMPERANCE A DESTROYER.

Intemperance produces only evil. No good result has ever arisen from it. It destroys morality. It destroys property. It destroys honor, truth and self-respect. It tears asunder the holiest of ties; the sacred relations of parents, children, and friends; the obligations of the individual to society; and unfits its victims for the fulfillment of their duties to God. There is nothing ennobling in it; it is degrading in its every phase. And with a full knowledge of its baneful effects; with an absolute certainty that no benefit can be derived from it, its victims are numbered by tens of thousands, and they rush into its fiendish practices with a recklessness that, if not insanity, is surely closely allied to it.

If any one should attempt self-destruction by any of the common speedy methods of suicides, every one who witnessed the endeavor would struggle to rescue the would-be self-destroyer from death. But society looks calmly on when the victim of intoxication continues slowly, but none the less surely, to commit acts which terminate in consigning him to an untimely grave. It would be more merciful to rescue the latter than the former, if a choice could be made as to which should be saved. One, by a swift process dies; the suffering is brief, the act is quickly accomplished. The other lingers out a worthless and pernicious existence; the suffering is of longer duration, in which those who are guiltless have to share.

If the actual amount of property annually destroyed in the United States by habits of intemperance could be ascertained, there is but little doubt but that it would exceed the entire expenses of the National and State Governments. Abolish intemperance, and the debt of our country could be paid in less than five years, by the saving from destruction of property which it causes.

There are thousands of hungry poor in our country, whose wants could be supplied, if the grain destroyed each year in the manufacture of intoxicating liquors was used for food. In such a case it would be life-sustaining; it would give energy and strength to the now half famished beings who need it for their nourishment. Sufficient food to meet the demands of nature would soon raise them to a place of usefulness and productiveness in the results of labor.

When floods threaten the destruction of property; when flames menace it; and when anything portends disaster to it, protective means are at once employed to save it from ruin. Yet with an annual destruction greater than that from all other sources combined, no simultaneous movement is made to rescue the vast amount of actual wealth from the annihilation that intemperance is continually and irrevocably causing.

Sir Mathew Hale, Chief Justice of England, said that three fourths of the crimes were committed under the influence of intoxicating drinks.

DIRECTORY.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS. GRAND LODGE OF WASHINGTON AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Table with columns: NAMES, OFFICES, P. O. ADDRESS. Lists members like F. Kennedy, G. W. C. T., Kamlichie, W. T. W. H. Roberts, G. W. Treas., Port Townsend, etc.

Subordinate Lodge Directory.

Table with columns: No., Name of Lodge, Postoffice, Lodge Dep'y. Lists lodges like Forward, Semiahmoo, E. C. Archer, etc.

Table with columns: BRITISH COLUMBIA. Lists lodges like Perseverance, Victoria, D. S. McDonald, etc.

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of 60 pages free, upon receipt of stamps for postage. Address: GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Solicitors of Patents, Box 44, Washington, D. C.

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Who will have on hand, at all times, my scrip for the accommodation of those desiring to purchase, at the rate of \$3.25 per acre for 80s and 120s, and \$3.75 per acre for 40s; fractions special. Another fraudulent class of scrip known as 'floats' can be gotten at much less rates; but no title can be given, and is, of course, not so valuable. A deed can be gotten from the original applicant of any land located by scrip purchased of me, as I in no case buy from other than the original homesteader, and know where to address him for a deed if one be required. Full investigation is asked that the worth of my paper may be known. Call upon or write any of the gentlemen named above, who will sell you the Talbot additional homestead scrip which will ensure you a patent to your land as well as a perfect title, and also as cheap as you can buy it of me.

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Table with columns: SAN FRANCISCO, PT. TOWNSEND, VICTORIA. Lists departure dates for April, May, and June.

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From and after this date all BAGGAGE of Puget Sound passengers by P. M. S. S. Co's steamers via Victoria, will be under Custom House seal, and will NOT be subject to examination by Custom House authorities in San Francisco.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to H. L. TIBBALS, General Agent for Puget Sound, Port Townsend.

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Vocal and instrumental music, painting drawing, military tactics and telegraphing taught in connection with the institution.

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Is the "sine qua non" of all the inventions for the improvement, beautifying and growth of the hair. The material of which it is composed are harmless and can be used freely according to directions accompanying each bottle. Every lady desirous of having beautiful hair should consider her toilette table incomplete without a bottle of this delicate and elegant cosmetic. Prepared and for sale by

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The latest addition to our exchange list is the "Farmer's Review," Chicago, Ill., and a most welcome addition it proves. It is a full of departments as the government at Washington, and they all bear evidence of unusual skill and industry in their management. It is emphatically a model paper and family monthly. It is, withal, THE NEATEST AND CHEAPEST JOURNAL OF THE KIND IN THE WORLD. Fifty cents secures a copy for one year. We will furnish the "Review" and the ARGUS, each one year, for \$3.25. This is a rare opportunity for our friends in the rural districts. Send along your orders.

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