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LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

CLERK'S OFFICE. }
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S. }
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2, 1878.

EDITOR ARGUS:—The mail route from Port Townsend to Neah Bay will in a few days be advertised to be let. The object is to have it carried by steamer instead of a sailing vessel.

Congress is progressing very slowly in accomplishing legislation. Nevertheless some of the appropriation bills are well advanced, and it is thought Congress can adjourn about the first of July.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Senator Mitchell's bill has been reported unanimously (with the exception of Mr. Windom, of Maine) for the R. R. Com.; notwithstanding interested parties have been persistent in reporting that he could not get the endorsement of his own committee. It extends the time for the completion of the Northern Pacific road eight years; compels the building around the Cascades within 2 years; around to Dalles within 3 years; makes the company commence building at the mouth of Snake river within 9 months, and build 25 miles the first year and 40 miles each year thereafter; allows settlers to go on railroad land in advance of the construction of the road, for which the settler is to pay \$2.50 per acre which is first to be paid into the U. S. treasury, and to be paid over to the Company as soon as it has earned the land by building the road through said land. The remaining unsold land is to be patented to the Company as soon as it is earned. The bill forfeits to the United States all the lands of the branch road from the end of the coal road now completed; makes the land taxable as soon as sold or contracted to be sold, and last of all it gives to the Portland, Dalles and South Pass R. R. Co. the lands of the branch road. There is a strong feeling in the Senate and almost a unanimous feeling in the House against giving any more land grants to new railroads, but there is a conviction that it is only an act of justice to give the Northern Pacific stockholders, who have \$30,000,000 invested in their road, additional time to complete it. To Senator Mitchell it is mainly due that the company is compelled to build the portages and make them free to all at reasonable rates. It will reduce the freights on the Upper Columbia to the citizens of Washington Territory, East of the Cascade Mountains at least 50 per cent. Mitchell is seconded by Delegate Jacobs, who has worked in season and out of season to secure the rights of settlers. The officers of the company, very unwisely, I think, have represented them to be opposed to the building of the road; to be working in the interest of the Union and Central Pacific Companies; and some of their correspondents have falsely and maliciously misrepresented them. This has done the company no good and these gentlemen no harm here. Their constant cry against Senator Mitchell to the effect that he could not even get his bill through the R. R. Committee of the Senate—is shown to be a clean fabrication by the result of Saturday's vote in the Committee, viz., seven to one—Mr. Lamar, of Mississippi, being absent and friendly to Mitchell's bill. I predict that within 3 years the citizens of Walla Walla, Columbia, Whitman and Stevens counties will be sending their wheat to Portland for \$4 per ton and getting their re-

turn freights for \$8 per ton. Stick a pin there; and when it is an accomplished fact, as surely it will be, let them return thanks to Judge Jacobs who has stood firm for their interests amidst blandishments, obloquy and slander, that might have shaken a less steadfast and honest man.

MAJOR G. O. HALLER'S CASE.

The House Committee on Military Affairs, have reported through Col. Maish, unanimously, in favor of giving Major Haller a Court of Inquiry, to discover if he was rightfully dismissed from the U. S. Army for disloyal sentiments. The report is very strong, and it will unquestionably pass the Senate as well as the House. There is scarcely a doubt that Major Haller will be restored to the Army; and thus a great act of injustice to a brave soldier, will be atoned for. Col. Maish who made the report is an able lawyer, and was a brave soldier, commanding a Union regiment during the rebellion.

UNION AND CENTRAL PACIFIC.

These giant monopolies whose net earnings last year were upwards of seventeen millions of dollars, still refuse to provide a sinking fund to pay the principal and interest on the fifty millions of bonds granted as aid by the Government. The Senate Judiciary Committee bill, reported by Senator Sherman, is likely to become a law. It compels them to pay about three and a half millions of dollars per year, which wipes out the indebtedness to the Union and Central by the time the bonds became due, say in the year 1900.

There is also a bill to compel the Union Pacific to pro-rate with the Kansas Pacific, what they have heretofore refused to do; so that the latter corporation is cut off entirely for the through trade to and from California, unless it would carry over its line gratis. This bill, it is evident, will have a majority, which has so alarmed Jay Gould, who is here fighting with might and main against it that he has proposed to buy out the Kansas Pacific. But it is not certain that even that brilliant stroke will silence the demand for justice for the people.

POLITICAL.

Matters political look mixed. There is great discontent among the Republicans against the course of President Hayes. For a time a few Senators stood by him, but at the present writing he has scarcely a friend in either House. His civil service course is entirely inconsistent; for he is constantly removing good men against whom nothing has been charged, to appoint bad and incompetent men. Yesterday he got another rebuff from the Senate. His appointment of Alex. Reed for Post Master at Toledo, Ohio, in place of a faithful officer, was rejected by a vote of two to one. Hayes is more weak than wicked; and seems to have a chronic dislike to consult any Representative Member or Senator. Some of his appointments are good—many bad.

THE STATE OF WASHINGTON.

It is thought here by men of all parties that your Constitutional Convention will be a labor in vain. The number of States with two Senators and one or two Representatives they say, is more than enough. Florida, Delaware, Nebraska, Nevada, Oregon and Colorado—with less than a million of inhabitants—have the same voice in the Senate as New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois and Missouri, with fifteen millions of people. Colorado got in by a scratch with more than one hundred thousand citizens. New Mexico was unanimously refused, although a census showed her to have 92,000 people. The ratio of representation is now 160,000 to each member of Congress. It is safe to say that nothing but a political necessity, that does not apparently exist, will be required to get in any more States unless they can show the full ratio. This may be cruel news to embryonic statesmen, but it is a fact that time will confirm.

PACIFIC.

A PARTY is being formed at Vancouver to explore the Cascade Range for minerals.

The Utsalady mill will be started up again sometime during the present week. It is to be run principally on foreign orders we are told. The mill has been thoroughly overhauled and re appointed by the Port Gamble Company, and will do excellent service. The establishment is not likely to prove a source of profit to the Company, but will prove a great accommodation to settlers in the lower Sound country.—"Intelligencer."

DEMOCRATIC NOMINATIONS.—The Oregon Democratic convention at Portland has placed in nomination for Congress, John Whiteaker, of Lane County; for Governor, W. W. Thayer, of Multnomah; Secretary of State, T. G. Reames, of Jackson; Treasurer, A. H. Brown, of Baker; State Printer, A. Noltner, publisher of the "Standard;" and Superintendent of Public Instruction, Rev. Jos. Emery, of Benton.

The saw-mill at Port Ludlow has suspended operations, to remain idle until the property is sold, which will be some time July. The barkentine, now under course of construction at that place, by the Hall Bros., will soon be ready to launch.

DAVID Higgins, Esq., recently of the Seattle "Intelligencer" has gone, with his family, to Walla Walla on a visit.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court for the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Port Townsend, for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan.

CELELA BOUCHE, Plaintiff,

vs.
GEORGE W. BOUCHE, Defendant

Action brought in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Port Townsend, for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan, and complaint filed in the County of Jefferson, in the Clerk's office of said District Court.

To George W. Bouche,

In the name of the United States of America, you are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Port Townsend, in Jefferson County, for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan in said Territory, and to answer the complaint filed therein within sixty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the date of this summons, or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint. The said action is brought to obtain a decree of said court for ever dissolving the bonds of matrimony between plaintiff and defendant upon the grounds of abandonment for more than one year, cruel treatment, habitual drunkenness and neglect, and refusal on the part of defendant to make suitable provisions for his wife—said plaintiff—and family. Also for a decree giving plaintiff the care and custody of their children, and all common property, and you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief therein sought.

Witness the Hon. J. R. LEWIS, Judge of said District Court, and the seal of said Court, this 16th day of April 1878. JAMES SEAVEY, Clerk.

D. W. Smith, Att'y for plaintiff

Probate Notice.

IN the Probate Court of the county of Island, Washington Territory.

IN the estate of THOMAS PERKINS, deceased.

Administrator's sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Island County, Washington Territory, made the 15th day of April, A. D. 1878, in the matter of the estate of THOMAS PERKINS, Deceased, the undersigned, the administrator of said estate will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, gold coin, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on Tuesday, the 14th day of May, A. D. 1878, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the door of the Court House, Coveland, in said County, W. T., all the right, title, interest and estate of the said THOMAS PERKINS at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has, by operation of law or otherwise, acquired other than or in addition to, that of the said THOMAS PERKINS at the time of his death, in and to all that certain lot, piece or parcel of land, situated, lying and being in the said County of Island, Territory of Washington, and particularly described as follows, to-wit:

The S W qr of the N E qr, the N E qr of the S E qr, the W ht of the S E qr, the S ht of the N W qr and the N ht of the S W qr of section four (4), township thirty-two (32), north range one (1) east, containing three hundred and twenty (320) acres, all in Island County, Washington Territory as aforesaid.

WILLIAM B. ENGLE, Administrator of said estate.
A. W. ENGLE, att'y for administrator.
April 17, 1878. 93w.

B. S. MILLER,

Head of Union Wharf



Pt. Townsend W. T.

JEWELRY AND MUSIC EMPORIUM

Carries the Largest Stock in the Territory

JAMES JONES,

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IF YOU WANT

Reading Matter

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Nice Fresh Candies

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Keep Constantly on Hand

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OF

ALL KINDS OF GOODS,

Consisting in part of

Furniture, Lumber, Doors, and Windows,

WAGONS, & All Kinds of Building Material
Farming Implements, Saddlery, &c.

And will Sell

CHEAPER FOR CASH,

Than any House on Puget Sound!

AGENTS FOR

Wells, Fargo & Company's Express

Our Facilities for Purchasing in
the Leading Markets are
Superior to any.

We will give and take Exchange on

SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK

At the most Liberal Discount.

WATERMAN & KATZ.

Wit and Humor.

YOUNG Corn is a cadet at West Point. He will probably be a kernel.—Worcester Press.

THE Norristown Herald calls Kate Field "A lecture field no man has yet taken."

WHY are novelists the most remarkable of animals? Because their tales come out of their heads.

A CLEVER fellow has taught ducks to swim in hot water with such success that they lay boiled eggs.

THE head waiter of a saloon in Boston was referred to as "a gentleman of soup-or-fish-ai attainments."

THE other day a conceited ignoramus went a little too far by boasting of his adventures in three hemispheres.

AN Iowa editor recently announced that a certain patron of his was "thieving as usual." He declared he wrote it "thriving."

LOVER (in French): "Angelina, je t'adore." Angelina (who hadn't studied "parley-voou"): "Shut it yourself—you left it open."

AFTER a man gets to be thirty-eight years old he can't form many new habits much; the best he can do is to steer his old ones.—Josh Billings.

PERHAPS there isn't any hell, but we shall not give up our faith that there is a Turkey, a Texas and a Chicago. Never! We'll join some church first.

IT is said of the Chicago banks that thirteen out of eighteen are opposed to silver. Silver is too bulky to run away with.—New Orleans Picayune.

A DANBURY young man nearly bankrupted himself visiting the daughter of the owner of the New York aquarium—subsequently discovered to be a fish market.

A PROVINCIAL contemporary thinks it no more than right to apologize for the accidental omission, in a previous issue, of the "t" in the phrase, "Our immortal mayor."

"Do they miss you at home?" he asked, as she folded and put away a letter she had just received from her mother. "Never," she answered; "they call me 'Sis.'"

OBSERVING that a prize in the Massachusetts cat show went to a Maine cat, the New York Commercial Advertiser thinks a few exultant remarks by Brother Blake are in order.

EDWIN BOOTH once said that the best way to get rid of a good friend was to lend him five dollars. That was when times were easy. You can alienate him now for fifty cents.

SAID a theatre manager to one of his company, "I wish, sir, you would be careful, and pay a little attention to what I say." "So I do," replied the actor—"as little as I possibly can."

"AND how are you to-day, my dear?" "Ah! I am still very weak, but I begin to be able to put one foot before the other." "Oh, I am glad to hear it; that is saying a great deal for your strength."

A HIGH CHURCH vicar advertises in an English paper for a curate, to whom he will pay \$12.50 a week. By way of inducement it is added that the curate can find eligible lodgings for \$15.75 a week.

LAST Friday half a dozen little children from the school at this place were seen walking up and down one of the streets, looking and enquiring for "a black bean with a pin in the middle, which our school ma'am lost."

PONUNCIATION of English—a difficulty for foreigners—is exemplified by the following, which an Irish correspondent sends: "Through the tough cough, and hiccough plough my spirit through, my course o'er life's dark lough I still pursue."

A CONNECTICUT Jonathan, in taking a walk with his dearest, came to a toll-bridge, when he, as honest as he was wont to be, said, after paying his own toll (which was one cent): "Come, Suke, you must pay your own toll, for just as like as not I shan't have you after all."

A MODEST bachelor says all he should ask in a wife would be a good temper, sound health, good understanding, agreeable physiognomy, pretty figure, good connections, domestic habits, resources of amusement, good spirits, conversational talents, elegant manners and money. Modest bachelor, indeed!

DUNNED.—"Let me see," said a desperately-dunned debtor, "this is the fifth time you have called within four days, is it not? Regret to disappoint you, young man; but step in next Saturday before three o'clock, and I will positively settle—in my mind when you may call again," he added to himself when the visitor left.

THE conceit is often taken out of people who think themselves famous. Thackeray, when speaking about fame, would frequently tell the following anecdote: When at dinner one day he heard one waiter say to another, "Do you know who that is?" "No," was the answer. "That's the celebrated Mr. Thackeray." "What's he done?" "Blessed if I know," was the reply.

AWFUL to CONTEMPLATE.—A man more than half seas-over was observed one day supporting the parapet of the North Bridge, Edinburgh, shaking his head and repeating to himself sadly, "It must be done, it must be done." And an old lady passing by, thinking he contemplated suicide, said to him, "What must be done, my man?" "Must go home and face my wife," was the woeful answer.

Struggling Against Death.

Mrs. Annie Oakley, of 69 Prospect street, after a family difficulty, took last evening an ounce of laudanum. It was sometime before the fact was known by her relatives, and then the trivial cause of the attempted suicide was dropped, and all bent themselves to save her life. Dr. Kent was sent for. When a person has taken laudanum, of course the great desire is to go to sleep. If the patient can be kept awake till the effect of the narcotic pass away, there is no further danger. But sleep is the sleep of death. In vain the woman begged, implored, prayed, entreated them to let her lie down and rest; but they kept her awake with forced walking, shaking, switching her with twigs, and other light punishment, and at the same time gave the proper antidotes, chiefly the active principle of belladonna, to counteract the effect of the narcotic. In spite of all this she continued to sink, until at eleven o'clock, her pulse had run down to four or five beats a minute, and it seemed impossible to keep her from the fatal sleep. Dr. Kent sent for Drs. Myer and Hurd to come and bring their galvanic batteries, which they did, and all three doctors commenced at the woman, keeping her system stimulated, and preventing her from going to sleep by strong continuous circuits of galvanism that would have made a normal person crazy. The minute a battery was removed, the woman appeared to sink, so they kept them going at full strength, one being loaded up with fresh chemicals while the other was being used, and this was kept up unremittently until about three o'clock this morning, when the effects of the drug began to wear off and the pulse showed signs of strengthening. By four o'clock she had entirely recovered and was out of further danger, so that the exhausted doctors could take their leave and seek rest for themselves. They never more emphatically and literally kept a person from dying in their lives. It was a literal tussle with death for eight or nine hours, with doubtful results the while, but with a final victory for the M. Ds and their little electrical machines. About the first thing the woman did on her recovery was to express regret that the doctors had saved her life, as she wanted to die, and wished they had left her alone. It is not one time in a thousand that a person could swallow that quantity of laudanum and survive.—Patterson Guardian.

The Little Shoes Did It.

A young man, who had been reclaimed from the vice of intemperance, was called upon to tell how he was led to give up drinking. He arose, but looked for a moment very confused. All he could say was, "The little shoes. They did it!" With a thick voice, as if his heart was in his throat, he kept repeating this. There was a stare of perplexity on every face, and at length some thoughtless young people began to titter. The man in all his embarrassment heard this sound, and rallied at once. The light came into his eyes with a flash—he drew himself up and addressed the audience; the choking went from his throat. "Yes, friends," he said, in a voice that cuts its way, clear as a deep-toned bell, "whatever you may think of it, I've told you the truth—the little shoes did it! I was a brute and a fool; strong drink had made me both, and starved me into the bargain. I suffered; I deserved to suffer; but I didn't suffer alone—no man does who has a wife and a child, for the woman gets the worst abuse. But I am no speaker to enlarge on that; I stick to the little shoes. It was one night, when I was all but done for, the saloon keeper's child holding out her feet for her father to look at her fine new shoes. It was a simple thing; but friends, no fist ever struck a blow as those little new shoes. They kicked reason into me. What business have I to clothe others with fineries, and provide not even coarse clothing for my own, but let them go bare? said I; and there outside was my shivering wife and blue chilled child, on a bitter cold night. I took hold of the little one with a grip and saw her chilled feet. Men, fathers! if the little shoes smote me, what must little feet do? I put them, cold as ice, to my breast; they pierced me through. Yes, the little feet walked right into my heart and away walked my selfishness. I had a trifle of my money left; I bought a loaf of bread and then a pair of little shoes. I never tasted anything but a bit of that bread all the Sabbath day, and went to work like a man on Monday, and from that day spent no more money at the public house. That's all I've got to say—it was little shoes that did it!"—Albany Sunday Press.

THE HESSIAN FLY.—This destructive insect made its appearance in the wheat fields last fall to a considerable extent, and did much damage; but one fact connected with its appearance, or rather reappearance, should be certainly borne in mind—that it is only the early sown wheat that is attacked, and this mostly when early sowing is followed by a long spell of mild weather, like that of last autumn, during which the grain becomes quite rampant. Wheat sown the last of September or the beginning of October—which is early enough in most years—is seldom if ever attacked by the fly. There is a statement now before us of a farmer in Western New York, who says that while he sowed his wheat as late as the 18th and 20th of September, his neighbors sowed in the latter end of August, and that while his crop was wholly free from the fly, and yielded over twenty-nine bushels to the acre, the crops of his neighbors were nearly destroyed. He further says that a barrel of salt to the acre will destroy the midge and cause the grain to ripen from three to six days earlier. We think there is wisdom in his statement.—Germanen Telegraph.

Love's Young Dream.

A bridal couple, with more style about them than a grass widow, honored the Indian House with their presence two or three days during the past week. They gave the dining room a mighty tony look by marching in at meal time arrayed in their new clothes, with white gloves on, and when old man Ryan first saw them he took one square look and then set down his coffee-pot and went out into the kitchen and laughed until his eyeballs felt pointed. In that supreme moment he felt that he was paid ten times over with compound interest for all the trials, vexations and unpaid board bills encountered in his experience since he left the old farm.

When the dining-room girl got her face straight enough to get behind their chairs and say— "Roast beef, roast pork, lamb, chicken or fish?"—the bridegroom said, "Chicken and fish," but the bride, with the characteristic presence of mind for which her sex has ever been noted, interposed: "Oh, no, ducky dear; we can't take any o' that; for don't you know, pidgy-widgy, 'twould muss our gloves up! We'll have to have something we can eat with our knives and forks."

"So we will, bonny blue eyes—I never thought o' that. What do you say to roast beef, then, huxy-puxy? Can we go some o' that, sweetie?" asked the happy man. "No, no, ducky, it's always tough, and we might splash the gravy and soil our clothes, don't you see, honey-dew? Let's take lamb, pootsie, that's always tender, I don't care much about it, but it cuts so easy, lovey, and I expect their knives are as dull as a hoe," remarked the bride. "Well, I don't care, pussy; whatever you say, for I s'pose we've got to keep up appearances; but, burn my buttons, sugar lump, if I hain't got a confounded big notion to peel off these mittens an' wade into some o' that 'ere chicken and fish, for I'm all killin' fond of it, and these blame things sweat my hands so, doosy-poozy, and pucker and draw wors'n a stickin' plaster, and hang me if I don't almost constate they've blistered my fingers all up."

"No, no—never, goosey, don't do that for the world, or everybody'll know we're from the country, an' maybe they'll put us in the papers, hubby dear, an' wouldn't that be awful!"

And the young wife had her own way about it, as they always do.—Breakfast Table.

It was a little hard on the boy, for he meant well, and had a sincere admiration for the girl. They were sitting at the tea-table with a company of others, and as he passed her the sugar he murmured in an undertone, "Here it is, sweet, just like you." The compliment was a little awkward, to be sure, but he meant it; and it seemed more than cruel, when, a moment later, she had occasion to pass the butter to him, she drawled, "Here it is, soft, just like you."

That Terrible Scourge.

Fever and ague, and its congener, bilious remittent, besides affections of the stomach, liver and bowels, produced by miasmatic air and water, are both eradicated and prevented by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a purely vegetable elixir, indorsed by physicians, and more extensively used as a remedy for the above class of disorders, as well as for many others, than any medicine of the age. A languid circulation, a torpid state of the liver, a want of vital stimulus, are conditions peculiarly favorable to malarial diseases. They are, however, surely remedied by the great Preventive, which, by invigorating the system and endowing it with regularity as well as vigor, provides it with a resistant power which enables it to withstand disorders not only of a malarial type, but a host of others to which feeble and ill regulated systems are subject. The Bitters are a safe as well as searching eradicator, and have widely superseded that dangerous drug, quinine, which palliates but does not eradicate malaria.

A Case of Consumption.

EAST STONHAM, ME., May 12, 1873. Messrs. Seth W. Fowler & Sons: Gentlemen—I feel it my duty to write a few words in favor of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. In the early part of last winter I took a severe cold, and shortly afterward a distressing cough was added to it. My friends did everything they could for me, but without avail. The best physicians that could be procured did not relieve me, and my cough continued with me all through the winter with increasing severity. I spit blood three or four times a day, and my friends, considering my case hopeless, gave me up as a confirmed consumptive. I was in this condition when I heard of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry. I began its use, and before I had taken half a bottle of it my cough and all my other troubles left me, and I was cured. I feel so truly indebted to this great remedy for what it has done for me that I send you this voluntary testimony, hoping it may be the means of inducing others, who are suffering as I was, to make use of it. It is the best remedy for lung complaints that I have ever heard of, and I am constantly recommending it to my friends. MRS. MELISSA M. HALL. 50 cents and \$1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

WANTED.—A good Agent in every city, town and village in the United States, to take subscriptions for the Commercial Advocate. Good inducements will be offered. Write for terms and full particulars. Address COMMERCIAL ADVOCATE, 535 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, Cal.

PHYSICIANS of high standing unhesitatingly give their indorsement to the use of the Graefenberg-Marshall's Catholicon for all female complaints. The weak and debilitated find wonderful relief from a constant use of this valuable remedy. Sold by all druggists. \$1.50 per bottle.

We invite attention to the advertisement of Armes & Dallam in another place. This well known firm has moved into a large and convenient store on Front St., San Francisco.

WELL, that's all right, you can use anything you've a mind to. PRATT'S ANTI-EMETIC OIL is good enough for us. We have used it in our family for ten years. It never fails.

HERBINE purifies the blood.

HERBINE is nature's own remedy. HERBINE is a household blessing. HERBINE should be used by every family. HERBINE contains nothing injurious to the system.

HERBINE should not be confounded with cheap nostrums made to sell at a low price.

HERBINE is worth \$500 a bottle to any person who needs it, but is sold for \$2.00 per bottle.

HERBINE should be in the hands of every first-class druggist. Ask your druggist for it, and if he has none, tell him to order a dozen bottles.

J. W. SHAEFFER & CO'S GREEN SEAL CIGARS are made from finest Havana Tobacco. 323 Sacramento St., San Francisco.

Purchasing Agency. Any parties desirous of having goods purchased for them in San Francisco can do so by addressing Mrs. W. H. Ashley, who will send samples of goods for their inspection. To the ladies I would say that I have a first-class establishment for Dress-making, and am prepared to execute country orders with dispatch. Being engaged in business here I have the advantage of buying goods direct from the Importers at wholesale, and would give my patrons the benefit of same. Goods purchased and sent C. O. D. Send for Circular. Address Mrs. W. H. ASHLEY 120 Sutter street, Room 51, San Francisco.

ALL Photographs made at the New York Gallery, No. 25 Third St., S. F., are guaranteed to be first class. Prices to suit the times. J. H. PETERS, Proprietor.

CANARY BIRDS from \$2 to \$5, sent C. O. D. to any part of the country. Write for circulars to A. LOZIER, 419 Kearny Street, San Francisco.

PHOTOGRAPHS of superior finish at Morse's Palace of Art, 417 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

MONTGOMERY'S TEMPERANCE HOTEL, 427 second St., San Francisco. O Meal Tickets, 5c.

THE BEST HOUSE FOR AGENTS' GOODS IS SADDLER & CO., 116 Post Street, San Francisco.

NOBBY Photos, 15c. Nice Novelty with Catalogues. N. 25c. Books, &c. C. RUPERT, Middleboro', Mass.

BOOT LEGS, SHOE AND GAITER UPPERS, leather and findings. 39 Geary St., S. F.

25 ELEGANT CARDS, no two alike, with damask, 10c. post paid. J. B. HURST, Nassau, N. Y.

BEST HIT YET. BIG SALES. LARGE PROFITS. Buy out! Every lady wants it. Sample by mail, 25 cts; Worth \$1. SADDLER & CO., 116 Post St., S. F.

SEWING MACHINE ATTACHMENTS, NEEDLES and Oil pay large profits and sell quickly. Catalogue free. SADDLER & CO., 116 Post street, S. F.

TURKISH RUG PATTERNS sent free by MAIL on receipt of sample price. Agents wanted. For circulars address J. E. WAGNER, San Mateo, Cal.

DR. H. S. LEA'S, DANVERS. Has removed to 652 Market St., San Francisco, corner of Kearny—Dr. Chamberlain's old office.

REVOLVER FREE. Seven-shot revolver, with 25 cartridges, \$1.25. Box cartridges. Address J. BROWN & SONS, 135 and 137 St. Peter, Pa.

\$350 A Month.—Agents Wanted. 26 best selling articles in the world. One sample free. Address JAY BRONSON, Detroit, Mich.

A FEW FIRST-CLASS AGENTS CAN HEAR OF an opportunity to engage in a light, pleasant and money-making business by applying immediately or sending for circulars to RIGGLE BROS., 224 Post Street, San Francisco.

QUICK FOR THE SPRING TRADE! Good Agents make big money selling our Continental Dress Diagrams. Address "DRESS DIAGRAMS," 222 Bush Street, San Francisco.

"THE LIFE AND CONFESSIONS OF JOHN D. LEE," selling by hundreds in every county. Send at once for territory and \$100 for outfit. Big money in this Agency. A. L. BANCROFT & CO., San Francisco.

WANTED. Men in each State for the Detective Agency. Enclose stamp and address American and European Secret Service Company, Cincinnati, O.

NEWEST NOVELTIES. LOWEST PRICES. The most money for agents. All the best selling goods in Stationery and Notions. Wood St., Philadelphia, Pa. SADDLER & CO., 116 Post Street, San Francisco.

STOCKS!—R. C. HOOKER, Commission Stock Broker, (Successor to Gardner & Hooker) Member of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Buys and sells on all Commissions. Liberal advances made on active accounts. OFFICE—No. 336 Pine Street, San Francisco.

\$10-\$25 a day sure made by Agents selling our Chromos, Crayons, Pictures and Chromo Cards. 125 samples, worth \$2, sent, postpaid, for 50 cents. Illustrated Catalogue free. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, BOSTON. (Established 1840.)

WANTED.—AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN; Men and women for a new business. Rare chance to make money. ONE DOLLAR for twenty cents. Address C. F. HILMELER & CO., 728 Montgomery St., S. F.

AGENTS—DO YOU WANT THE BEST LINE of Chromos and Frames in America? Do you want the lowest prices and free outfits? If so, address ALBERT DUKKE & CO., 117 Monroe Street, Chicago.

MAGIC FOUNTAIN PENS—INDELIBLE—FOR marking Linen. Writes with water—no ink required. Every Pen guaranteed. Samples by mail, post-paid, 10c; 5 for 50c. Agents wanted in every county. David J. KING, 115 7th Street, San Francisco.

SWINDLERS. All devices resorted to by bogus ADVERTISERS. YETTING and defrauding the public. EXPOSERS. Wanted. Good men in each state for the detective and exposure copy of paper. Position permanent; terms and specimen copy of paper. Address Publishers American Criminal Gazetteer, Cincinnati, O.

FOR PRESENTS OF RUSTIC WORK. Hanging baskets and stands of all sizes, chairs, sofas, tables, brackets, and every variety of rustic work, wholesale and retail. T. DUFFY, prize manufacturer of rustic work, N. Y., corner of O'Farrell and Leavenworth Sts., San Francisco. The largest stock in the United States. The public are invited.

\$100,000 ON COUNTRY PROPERTY. I will loan on mortgage on first-class country property as follows: In amounts from \$2,500 to \$7,500, say \$25,000; in amounts from \$7,500 to \$15,000, say \$25,000; in amounts from \$15,000 upward, say \$25,000; none but first-class security accepted. WENDELL EASTON, 22 Montgomery Street, opposite Leck House, San Francisco.

WHOLESALE Paper and Stationery Warehouse. JNO. G. HODGE & CO., 327, 329 and 331 Sansome St., San Francisco.

Always on hand a very large stock. BLANK BOOKS, STATIONERY, School Books, Flat Caps, Bill Heads, News, Book, Manila and Straw Wrapping Papers, Paper Bags, etc., etc.

AGENTS WANTED! TO SOLICIT PICTURES. Copying, Enlarging and Retouching.

The best work and highest commissions given on this coast. Address "COPYISTS," Room 71, No. 124 Sutter Street, San Francisco.

PENSIONS. Proceed or NO PAY for every soldier, sailor, or sailor's widow, who has been disabled by wounds, disease or accident. Also, PENSIONS, BOUNTIES AND NEW BOUNTY LAWS addressed to J. W. FITZGERALD, U. S. Claims Agent, Washington, D. C.

TRADE MARK CALVERT'S CARBOLIC SHEEP WASH 50 per gallon. T. W. JACKSON, San Francisco, Sole Agent for the Pacific Coast.

C. & P. H. TIRRELL & CO., IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF BOOTS AND SHOES, NO. 419 CLAY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.

Manufacturers of Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's FINE CALF BOOTS. Orders solicited and promptly filled. All sizes and qualities made at the lowest market prices. Please examine the goods and prices.

100,000 lbs. CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO, Packed in Two, Four and Eight pound sacks from Forty to Sixty-five Cents per Pound.

These Tobaccos will be found superior to any in the market for the price. We will send them to any one address in lots of not less than five (5) pounds, C. O. D. Address: E. BRIGGS & CO., Tobaccoist, 525 and 527 Market St., San Francisco.

J. ROCK'S NURSERIES, SAN JOSE, CAL.

For Sale this Season a Large and Complete Stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees!

Evergreens, Shrubs, and Flowering Plants, Orange and Lemon Trees, American and Japanese Perseum, Nut Bearing Trees in large variety, hardy Fruits and Ornamental Plants. A large assortment of Small Fruits, etc. For Complete List send for a Catalogue. JOHN ROCK, San Jose.

100,000 lbs. EXTRA STRONG TOBACCO!

FOR—SHEEP DIP!

Packed in Bales, for sale in lots to suit by E. BRIGGS & CO., 525 and 527 Market Street, THIRD FLOOR, San Francisco, March 1, 1878.

SHEEP SHEARS. LARGEST STOCK OF THE CELEBRATED Ward & Payne's No. 38. HUNTINGTON, HOPKINS & Co. Sole Agents SAN FRANCISCO.

PACIFIC WATER CURE AND Eclectic Health Institute, NORTHWEST CORNER 7th AND L STS. SACRAMENTO, CAL.

Being fully prepared to treat all forms of disease on the latest and most scientific principles, together with good rooms and board, we with confidence ask for public patronage. For further particulars address M. F. CLAYTON, M. D., Proprietor.

REMOVAL. ARMES & DALLAM HAVE REMOVED THEIR STOCK OF Wooden Ware, Twines, Churns, Brushes, etc., To 115 and 117 Front Street, Bet. California and Pine, San Francisco.

LOS GATOS NURSERIES, S. NEWHALL, Prop'r, San Jose, Cal.

A large and general assortment of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Flowering shrubs, Roses, Greenhouse Plants, Grapes and small fruits, etc. 2000 the Almond on A month stocks. I offer for sale a well assorted, well grown and healthy stock. Low-topped stalky fruit trees a specialty. Address: S. NEWHALL, San Jose, Cal.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL, 525 and 526 Kearny St., San Francisco. \$1.50 and \$2.00 PER DAY. H. C. PATIDGER, PROPRIETOR.

Two Covered Coaches, with the name of the Hotel on, will always be in waiting at the landing to convey passengers to San Jose, etc. \$2.00 per day for the First Coach; if you do not, they will convey you.

I. A. HEALD, AMERICAN MACHINE AND MODEL WORKS.

EXPERIMENTAL AND FINE SPECIAL MACHINERY. Planing, Gear Cutting, Printing Press, Book Instrument, and General Machine Repairing. Dies, Taps, Punches, Reamers, and other Tools made to order. Models and Patterns for Inventors promptly executed in Wood or Metal. 514 Commercial Street, between Sansome and Leidesdorf, (Third Floor), San Francisco.

Oil for Family Use. NONPAREIL OIL, 120 deg. First Test. ASTRAL OIL, 130 deg. First Test. In 1, 2, and 5 gallon cans. DEVOE'S BRILLIANT OIL. Patent and Plain. PRATT'S RADIANT OIL.

GEORGE M. BLAKE, Agent, 123 CALIFORNIA ST., ROOM 12, - SAN FRANCISCO.

OPIMUM, MORPHINE or LAUDANUM Fabit Cured!

Without pain, prostration or loss of business, "all correspondence strictly confidential." Price from \$8 to \$20 per month—money refunded if patient is not relieved. Address Lock Box 1014, or call upon E. P. HENKEL, 304 Mason St., San Francisco.

N. CURRY & BRO., 113 Sansome Street, San Francisco, Importers and Dealers in every description of Fire and Heavy-Loading RIFLES, SHOT-GUNS AND PISTOLS

PUGET SOUND ARGUS.



Our Authorized Agents.

CROSBY & LOWE, Olympia, W. T.
 W. F. RAYMOND, Seattle, W. T.
 W. E. KOTHE, Port Ludlow, W. T.
 COL. ENOCH MAY, Orestes Island, W. T.
 L. L. ANDREWS, La Conner, W. T.
 DANIEL GADE, Skagit County, W. T.
 PETER M. LAUGHLIN, Skagit County, W. T.
 ALEXANDER BROWN, Skagit County, W. T.
 G. D. CAMPBELL, Ebey's Landing, W. T.
 J. H. L. SHERRELL, Lopez Island, W. T.
 W. H. PUMPHREY, Seattle, W. T.
 H. H. HALLORAN, Sehome, Oregon
 F. H. STEVENS, Portland, W. T.
 T. N. HOBBS & CO., Victoria, B. C.

Get Up Clubs.

In order to extend the circulation of the ARGUS still more, and to place it where it ought to be—at every fireside—we have decided to make the following offers:
 To any one post-office address we will mail, post-paid, five copies of the paper one year for \$2.75 each. To a club of ten new subscribers we will make a reduction of fifty cents on each, thus enabling them to secure the largest weekly publication of reading matter in the Territory a year for \$25.00 each; also to the getter-up of a club of ten we will send one copy one year free to any address.

FRIDAY, APRIL 20, 1878.

THE INSANE ASYLUM.

While visiting the Territorial Insane Asylum, at Steilacoom, last week, we were much pleased to notice the many improvements going on there. Dr. Willard and Major Alden are doing everything to render our unfortunates better situated. The old building on the eastern side, formerly used for surgeon's quarters, has been torn down and in its stead a comfortable ward is being erected to better facilitate the care of the patients and enable the superintendent to more effectually separate violent and unruly ones from those that are convalescent and whose improvement would otherwise be retarded. This improvement has been much needed for a long time.

The garden, a small field containing a few acres, adjoining the Asylum grounds, has been the object of anxious care, and considerable labor has been laid out to render it fruitful. A small reservoir has been erected in it to hold water for irrigating purposes, and the sewerage from the female ward has been turned so as to prevent it from running under the house, as heretofore, endangering the health of patients, and carried off to fertilize the soil for vegetables.

A short time ago a communication was published in a Seattle paper, from an ex-employee at the Asylum, in which it was stated that proper official returns could not be made out because proper invoices of supplies were not kept. While there we were shown through the books of the institution and the method of keeping them was amply explained and illustrated by Major Alden. We do not see how books could be kept so as to afford more intelligence, with less trouble, about the business and condition of the whole institution. A full description of those we examined would be tedious. It is sufficient to know that everything which is, or could possibly be, of any use to interested persons is noted down under separate and appropriate headings; thus showing order, neatness and dispatch. Complete invoices of goods received are kept, together with the names of the parties purchased from and the prices paid. This is done to prevent any risk of losing track of such items, as the original bills must all go to the Trustees for their approval.

Efforts have been put forth within the past few months to collect a library for the benefit of convalescent patients, and no pains are spared to better their condition, those in charge giving evidence of commendable enthusiasm in such philanthropic labors. Dr. Willard has recently been at work (besides beautifying the Asylum grounds proper) in clearing away the logs and underbrush from several acres on the Steilacoom side, leaving as fine a park as can be found in the Territory.

There are at present 78 patients in the Asylum; and, to take care of these, 14 persons altogether are employed.

The new barkentine Maggie Sutton, being built at Port Ludlow, by the Hall Bros., will be launched about next Wednesday. She is about the same model and tonnage as the barkentine Quickstep (built also by the Hall Bros.) which recently made the run from Liverpool to Portland, Ogn., in 128 days.

Mrs. McCurdy and daughter, of this place, arrived yesterday on the Dakota from San Francisco, having been absent several months.

THE RECENT VOTE.

To the Seattle "Tribune" we are indebted for the following condensed returns of the recent vote for Constitutional Delegates at large, in the counties of King, Kitsap, San Juan, Snohomish, Pierce, Thurston, Cowlitz, Lewis, Whatcom, and Clarke: Gilmore, George and Eldridge, Republicans, received respectively 1,747, 1,408 and 1,241 votes. Gerrish, Cain, Harper and Judson, Democrats, received respectively 1,089, 566, 487 and 689 votes. By this it will be seen that but very little doubt exists regarding the election of all the Republican candidates, notwithstanding the vote in this county brings Gerrish and Eldridge pretty nearly even. Col. Larrabee, and Francis Henry of Olympia, (Dem.) are elected, and B. F. Dennison, L. B. Andrews and C. M. Bradshaw (Rep.) are elected. The "Tribune" reminds the Democrats of what they lost by forcing a party issue in the contest, and refers to the fact that only twice in the last 18 years have the Democrats carried the Territory, both times being on account of disaffection in the Republican ranks, and thinks these are good reasons why it does not become that party to become either arrogant or dictatorial.

UNION ACADEMY.—We cannot refrain from mentioning this institution, having paid it a visit last week while in Olympia. It has at the present time about 80 pupils—more than have ever been in attendance before at this season of the year. The upper story of the building has not yet been finished, and has never been used for school purposes; for this reason, during the past winter months, the lower rooms have been so crowded with pupils that many have studied at home—going to the school-room only to recite. Much credit is, and should be, accorded to Prof. M. G. Royal, to whose recognized ability and labors is mainly due the filling of the school to overflowing. Mrs. Hale, the efficient and useful assistant, fills a position of corresponding importance and trust. The stock-holders and managers of the Academy ought to take into consideration the fact that to finish their building, thus increasing its capacity, would be doing nothing more than justice to the teachers who have so faithfully labored for the cause of education and the success of their enterprise in particular.

A letter from Judge Jacobs states that the Mitchell bill transfers the entire land grant for the branch road to the Salt Lake Company, including the lands that were supposed to be earned by the building of the road up the Payallup valley. This is right, of course, unless the Payallup road was built entirely as a section of line intended to cross the mountains. The Walla Walla road, the Cascades road, and the Seattle road got no help from the government, nor should any other not intended to be of general benefit, or else all should.—"Tribune."

The situation in Europe remains the same as it has been for two months past. Russia and England are still growling over Turkey, "the bone of contention," on which Russia has her paw, much to England's discomfort. Germany still stands by Russia, and as long as she does the latter is safe from England, France, Austria or other European powers.

Mr. Thos. Jackman authorizes us to call attention to and refute a statement published a short time ago connecting his name with bids for the mail contract between this place and Tacoma. He says he did not put in any bid, and did not authorize any one to use his name in connection with bids.

Dr. Thatcher, the lithograph man, is in Seattle trying to get subscribers for a picture of that place. The requisite sum for a picture of this town being so nearly raised, it is hoped our citizens will make up the deficit among them in some way. They can easily do it.

Sixteen thousand head of cattle will be driven out of Eastern Washington through Idaho, over the Rocky mountains and to Cheyenne, in Wyoming Territory, during the next three months.

Gov. Ferry is to deliver his lecture on "The silver bill and National honor," at Vancouver, W. T., next week. We would like to hear it in Port Townsend.

The market value of gold on the 1st of April last year was 105. This year 101½.

JEFFERSON COUNTY CENSUS.

To B. S. Miller, Esq., sheriff and assessor of this county, we are indebted for the following official returns of the census just completed within the county: Total population, 1,639; number of males, 1,261; number of females, 438; number of males foreign born, 531; number of females foreign born 90; number of mail citizens over 21, 614; number of Chinamen, 111; number of Indian half-breeds, 93; number of blacks, 11; number of Kanakas, 15; number who cannot read or write, 0 (we presume this refers to adults); number attended school during the year, 323.

FIRE AT NANAIMO.—Through the kindness of Capt. J. P. Adams, of the schooner Mary Parker, and Mr. Ed. Brown, of the Custom House, who forwarded us a copy of the last issue of the Nanaimo "Free Press," we learn that a terrible fire occurred at Nanaimo on Saturday last, destroying about \$7,000 worth of property.

We acknowledge the receipt by mail, from Senator Jno H. Mitchell, of Oregon, of a copy of his printed report on and amendment to the N. P. R. R. bill. No room for extracts or comments this week.

The usual services will be conducted in our churches on Sunday next. Our "Religious Notices" are left out.

The N. P. R. R. time extension bill as amended by Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, has passed the Senate.

Our post office now has metropolitan business hours. See notices.

Telegraphic Summary.

CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS, April 23.—All the ranches in Duval and Falls counties have been broken up by Indian and Mexican raiders. A number of persons have been killed the past week. Six have been reported.

LONDON, April 23.—A telegram from Manchester says it is calculated that there are between 80,000 and 90,000 operatives on a strike in Lancashire, about 64,000 being weavers.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 17.—Minister Foster officially announced the recognition of the Diaz government by the United States on the 9th inst. President Diaz received Mr. Foster officially on the 10th, and much cordiality of feeling was manifested on both sides.

WASHINGTON, April 25.—The river and harbor appropriation bill as passed to-day contains the following items for Pacific coast improvements: Oakland \$80,000; Wellington, \$20,000; Sacramento and Feather rivers, \$15,000; Lower Willamette and Columbia rivers, \$30,000; Upper Columbia and Snake, \$20,000; Canal around Columbia cascades, \$75,000; The bill also contains provisions—heretofore mentioned as agreed on by a committee—for survey of various points with a view to future appropriation for improvements.

With the exception of Jones and Sharon, who were absent, all the Pacific coast delegation in Congress have signed a paper requesting the House Committee on Education and Labor to press to its passage the joint resolution already reported from that Committee, providing for negotiations with China and England to resist Chinese immigration, and also to report for passage the bill introduced by Wren, which is a duplicate of Sargent's bill providing that not more than ten Mongolians shall be admitted by any one vessel. The delegation recommend as an alternative measure for adoption by the Committee Davis' bill, which proposes to allow free entry of one Chinaman for each one hundred tons of the vessel's capacity, and to collect one hundred dollars capitation tax for all in excess of this limitation.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The "Herald's" St. Petersburg special says: While the German Government declares it is anxious to interfere diplomatically to avert a resort to arms on the part of England, the German Imperial cabinet is secretly making all preparations for war.

LONDON, April 24.—The Russians are continually receiving reinforcements.

Farm for Sale.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—One of the best farms in San Juan county. For particulars apply to J. L. SHERER, 10:4w Lopez Island, W. T.

BRIGGS & FIELDS. Butchers & Packers.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO SHIPPERS Water St., Port Townsend.

New Shoe Store. W. M. VETTER.

Fashionable Boot and Shoe Maker. All kinds of Repairing and Custom Work done to order on short notice. WATER ST., PORT TOWNSEND

EXCURSION TO SEATTLE AND BACK.

Steamer S. L. Mastick will leave Union wharf April 26, 1878, at 7 A. M., sharp, and will return the following day. Tickets for the round trip—gentlemen, \$3; ladies and children, free. Boys between 11 and 16 years old, half price. Tickets to be had at B. S. Miller's, Waterman & Katz', and J. T. Norris'.

NOTICE.

WE will sell for thirty days all Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at greatly reduced rates, to make room for a large Spring Stock, soon to arrive. All those desirous of purchasing bargains had better call early.

WATERMAN & KATZ. March 8, 1878. 4w

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you, \$2 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address True & Co, Augusta, Maine.

Custom House Sale.

CUSTOM HOUSE DISTRICT OF PUGET SOUND, Port Townsend, April 8, 1878. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following described articles, seized for violation of the United States revenue laws, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the Custom House in Port Townsend, Washington Territory, June 10th, 1878, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

No. of	Articles seized	Where seized	Date of seizure
79	2 trunks of opium	Tromon, T. W.	April 4, 1877
80	" "	Seattle, W. T.	May 17, 1877
81	" "	Port Townsend, W. T.	June 15, 1877
82	" "	Port Gamble,	July 1, 1877
83	3 pounds	Port Townsend, W. T.	July 6, 1877
84	6 trunks of opium, 1 per shoes	" "	" "
85	10 silk handkerchiefs, 2 per shoes, 2 whips	" "	" "
86	1 box of cigars	" "	" "
87	1 3/4 yds. chinamak	" "	" "
88	2 3/4 yds. chinamak	" "	" "
89	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
90	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
91	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
92	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
93	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
94	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
95	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
96	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
97	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
98	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
99	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "
100	1 pair of trousers	" "	" "

Also No. 93, 5 lbs of opium, seized at Seattle, W. T., on April 6th 1878.
 Persons claiming any of the above mentioned articles are required to file their claim therewith with the Collector of Customs of this District within twenty days from the first publication of this notice.
 H. A. WEBSTER, Collector of Customs.

BARTLETT'S COLUMN.

For Sale,
A Fine Stock of Holiday Goods Just Received.

ALSO
 At a bargain, the hard-finished
 House built by Doctor G. V.
 Calhoun, containing 9
 good sized Rooms.

Apply to
CHAS. C. BARTLETT.

CHAS. C. BARTLETT

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.
 Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES,
Dry Goods,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES,
HATS, CAPS,
FANCY GOODS,

HARDWARE,

Ship Chandlery,

CROCKERY

WINES, LIQUORS,

Cigars, Tobacco,

Doors and Windows,

Farming Implements,

Furniture,

WALL PAPER

Plows,
 And a Large Assortment of goods not enumerated, which we will sell at the **LOWEST PRICES**

Now on hand, with a large addition to arrive, a full Stock of Men's Clothing.

THE VICTOR NEW

Lightest Running, Most Noiseless Sewing Machine.

Best Constructed Extra Finished Machine.

SAVE 25 DOLLARS and more, by buying a machine that will last you a life time, and that has all the latest improvements.

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO., 881 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.
 [Liberal Terms to Agents.] Send for Circular.

Rev. ministe officiat recently broken gold plate the drat the gold dently
 Mr. C. sortmen claudis
 Wom' done on
 NOTE

PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

LOCAL NEWS.

NEARLY A FATAL ACCIDENT.—Capt. Frank Tucker, head-keeper in the Dungeness light-house, came very near being drowned on Thursday of last week by getting his boat capsized while returning home from this place. He started from here at 6:30, A. M., with a fine breeze and smooth water. By a private letter kindly handed us, we learn the particulars which were that a heavy southeasterly squall was blowing out of Port Discovery Bay by the time Mr. Tucker got down to Protection Island. He was unable, on this account to land, and had to steer right away before it leading for the light-house. The sea was running heavily, the tide rip dangerous and finally the boom broke. When within about 400 yards of the light-house spit, about 10 A. M., the boat was upset, and Mr. Tucker (who by the way cannot swim) managed to climb on the bottom of the boat where he remained, shouting justly for help and holding up his coat for a sail for about twenty minutes before he drifted ashore. The captain says it was all he could do to keep his place and remain master of the situation while his craft was inverted, although under sailing orders. He was nearly exhausted when the friendly beach was gained. Mrs. Tucker was evidently much frightened when she discovered the situation. She writes that through the exertions of Messrs. Balfinch and Nessel, assistant keepers, the boat was saved, minus rudder, sails, oars, etc., and itself badly "stove up."

SOME TROUT FISHING.—A few days ago a merry party of sportsmen, consisting of Messrs. H. L. Tibbals, Caleb Bill, Geo. Sterling, Richard McDonnell, Wm. Seavey and Peter Torjusen, all of this place, went up to what is known as Bell's lake, a few miles back of the settlement in Chinamuc Valley, and for two whole days and nights enjoyed such pleasures as only trout fishermen can know. Upon summing up their spoil they counted 504 trout. Fully believing that they have had glory enough for a short life-time, they are now anxiously waiting for news from any party that beats their haul. One gentleman in the party doesn't wish anything said about the fine stock of rheumatism which he brought back, the result of sleeping out on the ground all night.

THE change in the butcher business, to which we recently referred, has taken place. By the advertisement of Messrs. Briggs & Fields, it will be understood. Mr. E. A. Fields, recently of the Dungeness light-house force, is now fairly installed in the shop formerly occupied by Messrs. Briggs & Buchanan. Mr. Fields is a first-class practical butcher, and will guarantee satisfaction to all customers. He proposes to become one of the greatest blessings which ever befall the epicures and gourmands of this place.

Mr. Isaac Chilberg, of Olympia, is a firm believer in the judicious use of printers' ink to let the world know that he is turning out plenty of first-class brooms. He wants to impress upon the minds of the people the fact that his manufactory is not merely a local concern, that his brooms will sweep just as clean in one of the lower Sound counties as in Thurston, and that he is perfectly willing to exert himself, if need be, in supplying the demand. Read his advertisement and buy no more imported brooms.

APPROPRIATE Easter services were observed in the Episcopal Church on Sunday last, Rev. Mr. Davis, pastor, presiding. The little church was decorated in fine style for the occasion. At the M. E. Church an Easter sermon was preached in the morning and also an interesting discourse in the evening was delivered, on the general subject of "The Resurrection," both by Rev. Jno. Parsons, pastor.

Mr. E. N. Ouimette, of Olympia, whose advertisement appears in to-day's issue of this paper, has one of the best selected stocks of dry goods and millinery on Puget Sound. He is prepared to give the most complete satisfaction to any and all customers. Call and examine his stock when you are in need of anything in his line.

REV. J. B. H. Hewitt, a Presbyterian minister, residing on Orcas Island, while officiating at the funeral of Mr. O'Donnell, recently murdered there, had his house broken into and a draft for \$150 and a \$20 gold piece stolen therefrom. Payment of the draft was stopped by telegraph, but the gold of course is gone. Matters evidently need renovating over there.

Mr. C. C. Bartlett keeps a very fine assortment of dry-goods and general merchandise.

WON'T some one inform us what is to be done on May day?

NOTE our new advertisements.

COMING.—Mr. H. McKinly, father of Mrs. Benj. Pettygrove, of this place started on the 8th of last month from California for Washington Territory. He brings his family along, and is coming overland and expects to find farming land in this Territory which will be more remunerative, when cultivated, than that which he leaves behind. We welcome all such emigrants, and believe they will succeed here.

Mr. Jas. McCurdy, proprietor of the San Juan lime kiln, called on us this week. On Monday morning last the steamer Teazer left this place with a large scow load of cedar bolts, hoop poles and empty barrels for Mr. McCurdy's lime works.

WE received a call this week from young Mr. Hanford, foreman in the "Intelligencer" office, of Seattle. Mr. Hanford is taking a few weeks' rest and recreation from the arduous duties of his position.

Messrs. Waterman & Katz are putting in a new foundation under their wharf and warehouse. The old piles were nearly gone, but the present job is a substantial one and fair to last for some time.

THE tug Mastick, which has been lying at Union wharf for several days past, has been receiving a liberal amount of paint on her upper works, Mr. Frank Lampson being the boss workman.

Mr. J. B. Dyer, for a long time steward at the Cosmopolitan hotel, has vacated his position at that establishment, and during the past week has been paying Clallam County a visit.

THE advertisement of "Farm for sale," appearing in to-day's issue, from San Juan County, may be worth somebody's attention. Read it, and investigate if you wish to purchase.

THE demand for the new trade dollar is said to be quite pressing in many of the eastern markets. The demand for dollars of all kinds is rather lively just now in our market.

Mr. Laurence Nessel, formerly of Smith's Island light-house, has taken the position on the Dungeness light-house force, just vacated by Mr. E. A. Fields.

THE San Juan line works have attained a celebrity for the quality of lime which they turn out that insures the speedy sale of all that can be manufactured there.

WE acknowledge the receipt from Hon. N. H. Owings, Territorial Secretary, of a printed copy of the laws as passed last winter.

THE Snohomish "Star" is getting to be a journal of respectable dimensions once more. Morse is irreplaceable.

A LARGE number of Port Townsend folks will enjoy the Odd Fellows excursion to-day.

Prof. W. E. Wells is teaching writing school in Olympia, with his usual success.

BORN.—In Dungeness, on the 13th inst., to the wife of Merriell Whittier, a son.

REV. Geo. F. Whitworth, of Seattle, will leave soon for the Eastern States.

TOM Merry is moving heaven and earth to start a newspaper in Waila Walla.

OUR Alaska letter deserves careful reading and extended publicity.

OUR newspaper type was reinforced last week by a fine lot of "sorts."

THERE is a faint prospect that Olympia may have a daily again.

OLYMPIA ADVERTISERS.

N. S. PORTER, Attorney at Law, OLYMPIA, W. T.

H. G. STRUVE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, OLYMPIA, W. T.

Olympic Hotel

J. G. Sparks, Proprietor, Main Street, Olympia, W. T.

E. N. OUIMETTE

Dealer in all kinds of **DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY** Cor. Main and 5th Sts., Olympia, W. T.

Olympia Broom Factory

Isaac Chilberg, Proprietor.

Manufacturer of all kinds of brooms, at

San Francisco Prices

Brooms warranted to give satisfaction.

Patronize Home Industry.

LOCAL NOTICES.

STEREOSCOPIC views of all important points of Puget Sound and California, for sale at Jas. Jones'.

GO to Waterman & Katz for the best carpets, at reasonable prices.

GO to Jas. Jones for all kinds of furniture, Corner Custom House.

TWO first-class sewing machines, a Wilson and a Singer, NEW, for sale. Apply at the ARGUS office.

BLANK deeds, mortgages, bills of sale, etc. for sale at Jas. Jones', corner custom house building.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE County Board of Examiners will be in session at the school house in District No. 1, Port Townsend, W. T., on Wednesday, May 1, 1878, for the purpose of examining applicants for teacher's certificates, who desire to teach in the common schools of Jefferson county, W. T.

R. E. RYAN, Sup't of schools for Jefferson Co., W. T.

R. W. DELION. CHARLES CASE.

DE LION & CASE, Stevedores,

PORT TOWNSEND

P. O. BOX 37.

SHIPS LOADED AT EVERY PORT ON Puget Sound.

The First-class steamship

CALIFORNIA CAPT. THORN,

WILL LEAVE

Port Townsend for Sitka, Alaska Terr'y, and Way Ports, On or about the 3d of each Month.

WILL LEAVE

Port Townsend to Portland, Ogn. On about the 20th of each Month. For Freight or Passage, Apply on Board, 20 Or to ROTHSCCHILD & CO, Agents.

NOTICE.

I TAKE PLEASURE to state that I have transacted my business through Messrs. Rothschild & Co., and that they have given me entire satisfaction. I take pleasure in recommending them to Captains of vessels coming this way, to avail themselves of their valuable services.

JAMES S. THEOBALDS, Master ship Ventus, Port Townsend, Dec. 9, 1877.

CONSIGNED TO ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

French barque Bleville.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED Agents of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents, J. J. FLAMMARD, Master, Port Townsend, Feb. 23, 1878.

Blue Jacket.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED Agents of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents, CAPT. PERIVAL, Master, Port Townsend, Feb. 20, 1878.

American Schr. Excelsior.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED agents of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents, OSCAR RUSSELL, Master, Port Townsend, Feb. 14, 1878.

French Bark Quillota.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED Agents of the above named bark will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents, W. THOREUX, Master, Port Townsend, Jan. 26, 1878.

Costa Rican Ship Hermann.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED Agents of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the officers or crew.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents, EDWARD PERKS, Master, Port Townsend, Jan. 30, 1878.

French Barque Maputeo.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED Agents of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents, CAPT. HIRIBAREN, Master, Port Townsend, March 20, 1878.

Italian Barque DueSorelle.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED Agents for the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents, G. CAVASSA, Master, Port Townsend, March 25, 1878.

Costa Rican Ship Mathilde.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED agents of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

R. JONES, Master, Port Townsend, Jan. 31, 1878.

ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Shipping and Commission MERCHANTS,

Port Townsend, Washington Territory, Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in **Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Ship Chandlery, Tobacco and Cigars, Liquors, Hardware, Crockery, Stationery, Etc.**

Exchange Bought and Sold. Liberal Advances Made on Consignments.

The Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce.

Goods Bought and Sold on Commission. ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

CALIFORNIA WINES, IMPORTED BY US DIRECTLY FROM THE vineyards, in pipes, barrels, or quantities to suit. For sale at San Francisco rates by ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

BEST ASSORTMENT OF CALIFORNIA MANUFACTURED GOLD Sets, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Breast and Cuff Pins, Sleeve and Collar Buttons, Studs, Lockets, &c., that have ever been offered for sale on Puget Sound, received by last steamer, and for sale by ROTHSCCHILD & CO

WAGONS, WAGONS!

THE CAR LOAD OF HEAVY AND LIGHT WAGONS!

Manufactured expressly for our trade, by **FISH & CO., RACINE, WISCONSIN.**

Have arrived on schooner Beebe, and are now for sale at San Francisco, prices, by

ROTHSCCHILD & CO Port Townsend, W. T.

Finest of JAPAN TEAS!

Imported direct from Japan, **AND PACKED EXPRESSLY FOR ROTHSCCHILD & CO** —Also a—

Lot of wheat and oats, bran and chopped feed.

At GREATLY REDUCED RATE

The Honest Farmer.

Happy I count the farmer's life,
Its various round of wholesome toil;
An honest man with loving wife,
And offspring native to the soil.

Thrice happy, surely!—in his breast
Plain wisdom and the trust in God,
His path more straight from east to west
Than politician ever trod.

His gains no loss to other men;
His stalwart blows inflict no wound;
Not busy with his tongue or pen,
He questions truthful sky and ground.

Partner with seasons and the sun,
Nature's co-worker; all his skill
Obedience, ev'n as waters run,
Winds blow, herb, beast their law fulfill.

▲ vigorous youthhood, clean and bold;
A manly manhood; cheerful age;
His comely children proudly hold
Their parentage best heritage.

Unhealthy work, false, mirth, chicanery,
Guilt,—needless woe, and useless strife,—
O cities, vain, insane, insane!—
How happy is the farmer's life!

—Fraser's Magazine.

The Baffled Boy.

According to the best scientific authorities the small-boy becomes a boy at the age of 16. At that age he ought to put away small-boyish things, and put on the bashful awkwardness of semi-intelligent boyhood. At all events, he ought to know that his presence is not desired by young men who come to see his sister. We do not expect this amount of intelligence in the small-boy, and it is often necessary to bribe him with candy or to persuade him with clubs before he will consent to treat his sister with common humanity; but the 16-year-old boy usually perceives when an area of courting, accompanied with gradually increasing pressure in the region of the waist and marked depression of the parlor gas, is about to set in, and thereupon discreetly, even sneeringly, withdraws.

Master Henry T. Johnson, of Warrensburg, Ill., is a boy who has just reached the period of boyhood, and who is remarkably clever in the invention of traps. If you were to ask him to make you any variety of trap, from a rat-trap up to a man-trap, he would satisfy your demand with promptness and skill. His father's premises, both inside and out, is infested with traps, and there is no style of animal inhabiting Warrensburg that has not been caught in one of these traps. One morning, early in January, it is confidently asserted that no less than two cats, a tramp, a small dog, six chickens, and three small boys were found in Mr. Johnson's yard in the close embrace of a corresponding number of traps. The truth is the boy has real mechanical genius, and it is a great pity that he is so totally lacking in modesty and a regard for the rights of others.

Last fall a young man, who had met Master Johnson's sister at a picnic and escorted her home, was seized with a great admiration of Master Johnson's traps, and evinced a great fondness for that ingenious boy's society. In fact, he engaged the boy to give him a series of lessons in trap-making, and seemed to throw his soul into rat-traps. Gradually this passion began to fade, and the young man, instead of studying traps in the back yard, formed the habit of resting himself—as he called it—in the parlor with Master Johnson's sister. The boy, of course, could not consent to hurt his friend's feelings by abandoning him to the society of a mere girl, and, therefore, followed him into the parlor, and monopolized the conversation. After a time the young man openly abandoned the traps, and only visited the house in the evenings; but Master Johnson, mindful of the laws of hospitality, always spent the evening in the parlor, and more than once apologized to his friend for the silence and general uselessness of his sister. His astonishment, when one eventful evening the young man, with the full approbation of his sister, deliberately told him to "get out," and informed him that if he had not sense enough to know that he was a nuisance he would try to knock sense into him with a baseball club, cannot be expressed in words. Not only did he wonder at the unscientific idea that sense can be imparted with a baseball club, but he could not comprehend the young man's sudden dislike of his once-courted society. However, he promptly withdrew, and devoted himself to schemes of swift and deadly vengeance.

For the next week Master Johnson spent a large part of his time in the parlor with the doors locked, alleging that he was perfecting a new invention, and that his intellect could not work except in quiet and seclusion. Strange as it may appear, he told the truth. He was perfecting a new kind of trap intended for the benefit of the rude young man and his unnatural sister. The former was accustomed to sit in a large easy-chair, and the latter in a small and fragile rocking-chair on the opposite side of the room. To each of these chairs he affixed a most ingenious trap, which was concealed underneath the seat, and was so contrived as to be sprung by the weight of any person that might sit in the chair. If the young man, for example, were to sit down in his accustomed chair, he would be instantly clasped around the waist by a pair of iron arms, while two other iron clasps would seize him by the ankles. A like result would follow any attempt of the sister to seat herself in the rocking-chair, and it was Master Johnson's intention, after having caught his game, to leave them in close confinement, and to then read them a severe lecture upon their rudeness.

The young man was due on the next Saturday evening, and Master Johnson set his new traps at precisely 7:35 p. m. And at 7:40 the young man arrived, and Master Johnson ostentatiously marched out of the front gate just as the young man rang the front door-bell. An hour passed, and the revengeful boy returned and listened at the parlor door, expecting to hear low wails of agony. On the contrary, he heard what seemed to him the outward expressions of much contentment on the part of the young man, and he thereupon entered the room full of fear lest his revenge had miscarried.

He found that the trap which he had set for the rude young man had fulfilled its mission, and that he was held in the firm embrace of the iron bands. To his unutterable surprise, his sister was also caught, although her particular trap was un sprung and her chair unoccupied. One pair of iron arms clasped both the victims, and one male and one female ankle was held in close confinement. As the astonished boy entered his sister faintly struggled, but soon resigned herself with Christian patience to her bonds, while the shameless young man pleasantly remarked, "Thank you, Johnny!" This trap is worth all the others you ever made, and we wouldn't be let out of it for more than \$6,000,000." Master Johnson listened to these taunting words; listened also to a renewal of the sounds that he had accurately interpreted as evidence of contentment, and then angrily opening the trap and smashing it to pieces, withdrew to weep in solitude over the failure of his revenge.

This shows that wickedness often over-reaches itself, and that to set two distinct traps for one's sister and her private young man is as useless as was the superfluous hole which Sir Isaac Newton cut for the kitten, he having previously cut a larger one for the cat.—New York Times.

Sumner's Indifference to Women.

Charles Sumner, when a young man, was indifferent to the charms of female society. He preferred to mingle with men, and would desert the loveliest beauty to talk to the plainest man in the room. This preference was so marked that his friends used to lay wagers with the pretty girls that they could not keep him at their side a quarter of an hour.

Mr. W. W. Story, the poet and sculptor, tells an anecdote which illustrates this peculiarity of young Sumner. At a dinner given at Judge Story's house it fell to Sumner to take out a brilliant and handsome woman. She had made a bet that she would absorb his attention. She exerted all her wit and fascinations to win, but in vain. For on the other side of Mr. Sumner sat a dry old *savant*.

"Within five minutes," writes Mr. Story, "Sumner had completely turned his back on his fair companion, and engaged in a discussion with the other, which lasted the whole dinner. We all laughed. She cast up her eyes deprecatingly, acknowledged herself vanquished and paid her bet."

Mr. Sumner did not want to be amused; he had no wit, and little sense of humor. But he did like to talk to sensible men, and to hear them talk. The *savant* was a mine of information, and young Sumner was then in pursuit of knowledge and not of beauty.

COLONEL INGERSOLL'S humble admission that he could have improved on the universe if he had been consulted is the dictum of a truly great mind. Not many such men come to this lower sphere, and we ought to perpetuate his memory by erecting a colossal statue of him in pure brass. He reminds us of the French infidel who, standing under an oak tree and looking at a gourd vine, said that if he had been spoken to about the matter he would have advised the Almighty to put the gourd on the oak tree, and the acorn on the gourd vine. Just then an acorn fell and hit him in the cranial region, where people's brains are situated, when they have any. It was lucky for him that the acorn was not a gourd, and for once, and once only, he admitted that things are better as they are. The Colonel, however, differs from the Frenchman, and persists in thinking that the universe won't be quite perfect until his great brain is permitted to make suggestions. We believe in fair play, and suggest that the honors be divided between the Colonel and George Francis Train. If the world could only be persuaded to adopt the highly intellectual propositions of these gentlemen, dethrone the Almighty and accept the rule of the two mightiest thinkers of any age, we are well assured that something would happen at once.—New York Herald.

WHIPPING IN SCHOOLS IN GERMANY.—I cannot quit the subject of education, says a Berlin correspondent of the *Revue Britannique*, without pointing out a curious fact characteristic of German manners. I mean the agitation which exists in a number of the school circles relative to the re-establishment of corporal punishment for children. The new laws have prescribed fines for both the institutions and professors who have recourse to such means of repression, the latter considering this an infringement on their rights and authority. They contend that it is impossible for them to enforce obedience without corporal punishment, and petitions to this effect have been sent to the Reichsrath.

A WOMAN solicited an old man for charity to help herself and her "poor husband." "What is the matter with your husband? Is he in any business?" asked the old man; to which she naively replied: "No, kind sir, he is in jail."

Grant Under Fire.

While I was standing by the pontoon bridge watching the boys cross the bayou I heard somebody cheering, and, looking around, saw an officer on horseback in a major general's uniform. He dismounted and came over to the very spot where I was standing. I did not know his face, but something told me it was Grant—Ulysses Grant, at the same moment the hero of the western army. Solid he stood—erect; about five feet eight, with square features, thin closed lips, brown hair, broad beard, both cut short and neat. "He must weigh one hundred and fifty pounds; looks just like the soldier he is. I think he is larger than Napoleon, but not much—he is not so dumpy; looks like a man in good earnest, and the rebels think he is." And this was the first time I saw Grant. I think I still possess some of the feeling that overcame me at that moment, as I stood so near to one who held our lives, and, possibly, our country's, in his hands. I heard him speak: "Men, push right along; close up fast, and hurry over." Two or three men mounted on mules attempted to wedge past the soldiers on the bridge. Grant noticed it and quietly said, "Lieutenant, send those men to the rear." Every soldier passing turned to gaze on him, but there was no further recognition. There was no McClellan, begging the boys to allow him to light his cigar by theirs, or inquiring to what regiment that exceedingly fine-marching company belonged. There was no Pope, bullying the men for not marching faster, or officers for some trivial detail remembered only by martinet. There was no Bonaparte posturing for effect, no pointing to the Pyramids, no calling the centuries to witness. There was no nonsense, no sentiment; only a plain business man of the republic, there for the one single purpose of getting that command across the river in the shortest time possible. On a horse near by, and among the still mounted staff, sat the general's son, a bright looking lad of about eleven years. Fastened to his little waist by the broad yellow belt was his father's sword—that sword on whose clear steel was soon to be engraved Vicksburg, Spottsylvania, the Wilderness and Richmond. The boy talked and jested with the bronzed soldiers near him, who laughingly inquired where he should camp, to which the young field marshal replied, "over the river." Over the river! Ah! that night we slept with our guns in our hands; and another night, and another, saw more than one of our division camped beyond and over the river—in that last tenting ground where the reveille was heard no more forever.

I next saw Grant on May 18, 1863, and this time at the battle of Champion Hills, in the rear of Vicksburg. We had crossed the Mississippi river at Grand Gulf, and swung off east and north; had fought the battles of Port Gibson, Raymond and Jackson, and were overtaking Pemberton's army hastening to the wall of Vicksburg. It was a very hot day, and we had marched hard, slept little and rested none. Among the magnolias on Champion Hills the enemy, 40,000 or 50,000 strong, turned on us. Sherman's corps was already engaged far on the right, as we approached the field in that overpowering Mississippi sun. Our brigade was soon in line, on the edge of the meadow, or open field sloping towards the woods, where the enemy were concealed and steadily firing on us. We were in the most trying position of soldiers, for regulars even—being fired on without permission to return the shots. We were standing two files deep, bearing as patiently as we could not a heavy, but a steady fire from infantry, while an occasional cannon ball tore up the turf in front or behind us. A good many men were falling, and the wounded were being borne to the rear of the brigade, close to an old well, whose wooden curb seemed to offer the only protection from bullets on the exposed line. "Colonel, move your men a little by the left flank," said a quiet, though commanding voice. On looking round, I saw, immediately behind us, Grant, the commander-in-chief, mounted on a beautiful bay mare, and followed by perhaps half a dozen of his staff. For some reasons he dismounted, and most of his officers were sent off, bearing orders probably to other quarters of the field. It was Grant under fire. The rattling musketry increased on our front and grew louder, too, on the left flank. Grant had led his horse to the left, and thus kept near to the company to which I belonged. He now stood leaning complacently against his favorite steed, smoking—as seemed habitual with him—the stump of a cigar. His was the only horse near the line, and must naturally have attracted some of the enemy's fire. What if he should be killed, I thought to myself, and the army be left without its commander? In front of us was an enemy; behind us and about us, were his reinforcements. For days we had been away from our base of supplies, and marching inside the enemy's lines. What if Grant should be killed, and we be defeated here—in such a place and at such a time? I am sure every one who recognized him wished him away; but there he stood—clear, calm and immovable. I was close enough to see his features. Earnest they were; but sign of inward movement there was none. It was the same cool, calculating face I had seen before at the bridge; the same careful, half-cynical face I afterward saw busied with the affairs of state.—Col. S. H. M. Myers, in the *Philadelphia Times*.

The tramp is abroad. In Virginia he has taken to robbing railroad stations in gangs of twenty.

Wolf Hunting in Normandy.

The wolves of Normandy are a regular institution, and have attained to the dignity of governmental supervision, which consists in general hunts for their destruction organized by an officer specially appointed. These hunts are organized whenever the sub-lieutenant of *laeterie* deems it necessary, or on the recurrence of any special act of devastation. A correspondent who spent his New Year's Day in Normandy gives a graphic description of one of these hunts, which have come to be a regular New Year's Day occurrence, for a general *battue* is invariably arranged, and the breakfast in the large dining-hall of the *chateau* attracts quite as many of the neighboring farmers, squires, and small manufacturers, as does the anticipation of some rare sport as entertaining as it is useful. Every one who possesses a gun is welcome, and even those who have no other weapon than a hedge-stake can find employment among the beaters, breakfasting at daybreak with the head keeper at some clearing in the forest from which the meet will start. Every kind of firearm is represented, from the latest invention, with all its elaborate mechanism, costing from £60 to £100, down to the old flint-lock, which has been transformed into a percussion gun by the village blacksmith, looking as if it would be far more dangerous to its owner than to any wolf. Some were armed with rifles, but every gun was loaded with ball, and more than one man could say how he had sat up all night covering his bullets with old glove-leather, so that they might fit tight when rammed home in the barrel.

Breakfast despatched, the whole party sallied forth, and under the direction of one of the keepers took up their stations along the roads which traversed the forest, and down which the hunted wolves, pursued by beaters and hounds, were to be driven. The under keeper reaps a rich harvest. He does not refuse the five-franc piece or even the gold coin offered him by most of the party, who fancy that by payment they can avoid the unpleasant alternative of being stationed too near the individual with the transformed and murderous-looking flint-lock. "Put me by the side of Monsieur X—," and me by the side of M. Y—," are the constant requests made to Guillaume, who has sufficient of good sense to know how to divide the grain from the chaff, and distribute his master's guests.

One or two hearts beat loud as the shouts and cries of the beaters are heard mingling with the baying of the Russian wolf-hounds and the yelping of the village curs who had volunteered their services in hunting down their common enemy. The wolf, doubling and doubling to avoid his pursuers, was at times close by, and five minutes afterwards would be half a mile away, facing the dogs every now and then to give one of his short, angry barks, and show his long, gleaming teeth. The ground, hardened by the thin coating of frozen snow, brought plainly the sound of the racing of the dogs and of their quarry as they rushed along through the four and five-year-old underwood. Pressed by his pursuers, the wolf burst into view, ran the gauntlet of some seven or eight guns, and then took refuge in the wood on the opposite side of the road, leaving a dog dead on the ground, killed by the bullet of some hasty but unskillful gunner. Ten minutes' pause was allowed the line of sharpshooters, while the dogs and keepers made a wide circuit with their attendant beaters to cut off the retreat of the wolf, who was too sluggish and confident in his own superiority to go very far. Again the hunt commenced, and while the hounds kept to their original wolf, two more wolves with a wild boar were beaten up by the village curs, who gave chase and hunted them out on the road, where the wolves soon succumbed to the general volley which greeted them, while the boar, whose hide was caked with mud until it had become almost impenetrable, carried off his *quantum* of powder and ball, grunting out his disappointment at the welcome he had received as he forced his way into the woods again. Quite half an hour had elapsed before the hounds managed, with the beaters, to compel their original quarry to take the road they wished, and then the "music" came louder and louder, and the beast, coming out of the bushes, stood in the road as if debating which way it should take. A bullet from the gun of one of the sportsmen broke its right shoulder, and in a minute the dogs were on it, fighting among themselves as to which should be the first to worry. The hounds were driven off, not before some of them had been severely bitten, and the master of the hunt gave the *coup de grace*. The keepers attended at once to the wounded hounds, gashes were sewn up and attached with suture pins, and the three dead wolves were borne back to the *chateau* in triumph. Their heads, mounted by the head keeper, who has a great deal of taste in such matters, will go to ornament the banquet hall, and form other trophies of the *chasse*, which has become the only pastime of our gentry and nobility who have no taste for the stormy and inglorious discussions in the Chambers at Versailles.

FEMALE WRESTLERS.—Two women recently had a public wrestling match in Cincinnati. They wore tight and knit undershirts, and their appearance elicited shouts of admiration from the boys in the gallery. They were called Leo and Eugenia. There was trouble in getting an umpire, the men chosen being, as a rule, too bashful to officiate.

MEN possessing minds which are morose, solemn and inflexible, enjoy, in general, a greater share of dignity than of happiness.—Bacon.

Hints on Poultry.

The following items of interest to poultry keepers are from a recent issue of the *Poultry World*:

In building new hen houses, we deem it well to recommend, for economy's sake, that the walls be carried up not too high from the ground. The inside of a fowl house need not be over seven or eight feet high, at the eaves on either side—with a "one-third pitch" above this for the roof. If the building has only a "shed" roof, or one slant of covering, the back wall may be three to five feet high, and the front seven or eight feet from the eaves.

In all cases look well to the means of having the building thoroughly ventilated, when desired. An opening in the ridge for this purpose, or one at both sides of the house under the eaves, is best. Have a screen, trap-door, or slide inside, that may be raised or shut at will conveniently in very cold weather. There will come very sharp or stormy nights in winter, when there must be no opening in the house to admit the snow, sleet, or bitter frosty air.

Clear rye bran, alone, should never be fed to fowls, on account of its swelling and caking, in mass, in the crop, and proving fatal to chicken-life, not infrequently. It will thus sodden and increase in bulk very rapidly, before digesting—causing rupture of the crop—if any great quantity has been eaten. A neighbor, we recollect, in a hurried way mixed a large pan full with water and placed the mess before a nice flock of three-quarters grown chickens—leaving them to enjoy the feed at their leisure. He drove away in the wagon, and after an absence of a few hours returned to find his birds scattered about, dead, in his yards. It is very good when mixed with wheat bran and oat-meal, or corn-meal. But, by itself, it should not be fed to fowl stock.

Fowls drink water freely, but they know just how much they need, and when they have access to the fluid clean, sweet and fresh, they imbibe no more than is good for them. It is, therefore, unnecessary to mix your dough too thin, and sloppy, at the morning feeding. Have the meal well scalded, and feed the mixture to the stock stiff and dry, comparatively. This feed should, generally, be composed of both corn and rye-meal, with vegetables—say one-third each. In our own practice we have found this, preferable, both for the birds and as an economical provision for the old or the growing stock. A little pepper occasionally in this dough, and always salt, will improve the mess.

Calves, or sheep's lights and livers, which can always be obtained in the market-houses for a few cents apiece, are valuable to feed fowls, for two reasons. They are devoid of bones, and they closely resemble insect diet. We advise the cooking of any sort of meat food always.

Thin Out Your Pears.

If anybody this year has an overcrop of pears—which is hardly probable—now is about the time to thin them out for the second time, by removing every knotty and wormy specimen. There are some varieties that grow in clusters and do not generally overbear—from these the wormy or worthless ones only should be removed; but where the trees are not too large to manage, and are not cluster growing, no two specimens should be allowed to touch, as they are almost certain to become wormy, and both are lost. Many persons not well acquainted with fruit raising, hesitate to thin out the trees, on the ground that their crop will be diminished. This may be possibly but not positively true, unless the fruit is intended to be fed to the pigs. But even should it be otherwise true sometimes, who would not prefer to have one bushel of large, beautiful, luscious pears, to five bushels with probably one-half a peck among the whole fit to put upon your table or send to market?

Trees, too, allowed to overbear will have a diminished crop next year. Upon our own premises, five years ago, one-half of the whole crop of trees was removed, but the remaining half so exhausted the tree that it bore not a single pear the next year, nor grew an inch. The following season, however, it showed its usual over-crop of fruit, and early in June about three-fourths of the crop was removed, but there was still too many left, and we went over the trees a second time to remove the knotty, stunted and wormy specimens. The third year the tree died. It was a standard Belle Lucrative.—*German-town Telegraph*.

PERFUMES.—Few ladies can resist the pleasure of using perfumery; they do not positively drop scent upon their handkerchiefs; they prefer to keep their wardrobes well stocked with lavender, orris root, or sandal-wood, so that their clothes emit a pleasant fragrance rather than a distinct odor. A young lady I once knew had the drawers and cupboards in which her clothes were disposed strewn with sachets of strong-smelling violet powder, that gave a nameless, delicate, fresh perfume to everything she wore, from her hat and veil to her handkerchief. For this mode of using perfume, nothing can be much better than lavender, which is exquisitely fresh and wholesome, and has a sweet natural scent that art can never outdo. It is hardly necessary to add that the use of strong perfumes is a sure evidence of vulgarity.

TO PREVENT POTATOES FROM ROT.—Dust over the floor of the bin with lime, and put in about six or seven inches of potatoes, then dust with lime as before, then more potatoes, using about one bushel of lime to forty bushels of potatoes. The lime improves the flavor of the potatoes, and effectually kills the fungi which cause the rot.

On a Coffee Plantation.

Coffee culture is very interesting, and the growing crop is very beautiful. The trees at maturity are from five to eight feet high...

The process of preparing coffee for market is as follows: The ripe berries when picked are at first put through a machine called the "despulpador," which removes the pulp...

Fooling With a Quaker.

He was a peaceable-looking man, with a quiet-looking horse attached to an unattractive sleigh, with unostentatious bells. He wore a wide-rimmed hat and a shad-bellied coat...

"S-a-y! hat, where you going with that man?" "Verily, I journey beyond the river, friend," mildly responded the Quaker...

"Hold up and take a fellow along, can't you?" called out the man of wrath. "Nay, friend, my business and inclinations forbid it."

"I'll soon fix that," and the fool ran forward and jumped on the runner. "Verily, friend, if these insults upon getting into my vehicle I will even help thee," and the man of peace reached out a right hand as resistless as an oyster dredge...

"Who'n blazes'd a ever thought the cast iron man'd gone around with steam up an' disguised as a biamed old Quaker."—Boston Free Press.

DIAMONDS ON CREDIT.—A French nobleman, who won a fortune on the turf during the early part of last season, yielded to the entreaties of his wife, and gave her \$10,000 wherewith to buy a diamond necklace which she had seen in the Rue de la Paix.

GRACE must feel very much like the Burlington man who got up one night to kick his hired girl's young man out of the kitchen because he thought he was staying rather late, and on reaching the base of operations, found himself confronted by four burglars, with clubs, revolvers, dark lanterns, and quantum suff. of chloroform.

Laying the Cable of 1866.

It may seem a simple matter to distribute or "pay out" the cable, but in practice it is exceedingly difficult. Twenty men are stationed in the tank from which it is issuing, each dressed in a canvas suit, without pockets, and in boots without nails.

The Great Eastern went ahead at the rate of five nautical miles an hour, and the cable passed smoothly overboard. Messages were sent to England and answers received. The weather was bright, and all hands were cheerful.

The rain was falling in torrents and pattering on the heavy oil-skin clothing of the watchers. The wind blew in chilly gusts, and the sea broke in white crests of foam.

The electrician rose from his seat suddenly, and struck the alarm. The next instant each person on board knew that an accident had happened. The engines were stopped and reversed within two minutes.

It is a very intricate knot that an old sailor cannot untie, and the old sailors on the Great Eastern twisted and untwisted coil after coil until they succeeded in untying this one. The insulation remained perfect, and in a few hours all was right again.

LUNATICS DO NOT SHED TEARS.—From the British Medical Journal: One of the most curious facts connected with madness is the utter absence of tears amid the insane.

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A Family of Exclusives.

The Reading (Pa.) Times thus describes the members of a family residing in the neighboring townships of Albany:—"Kunkel is the name of the family which consists of five persons—four old bachelors and one old maid—brothers and sister, who are bound together by the most affectionate ties, and refuse to be separated.

The system of ventilation by the use of a hollow cornice communicating with the exterior of a room to bring in fresh air or take out foul, is well understood. According to an improved form of this method, the perforated cornice is constituted with two passages, the one next the ceiling, and which communicates by valves with the chimney or other flue, is for the vitiated air, and the lower one—open to the external atmosphere—for fresh air.

A CERTAIN judge, whose pompous and officious ways tempted some of the lawyers to acts which his honor construed to mean contempt, fined them ten dollars each.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY, Pa., has twelve female postmasters.

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TERMS OF THE ATLANTIC: Single numbers, 33 cents. Yearly subscription, \$4.00; postage free, with life-size portrait of Whittier, Bryant, or Longfellow, \$5.00; with two portraits, \$6.00; with all three portraits, \$7.00.

Special Offer.—The November and December numbers of THE ATLANTIC, containing poems by Whittier and Longfellow, and the commencement of Mr. Bishop's new serial story, "Detmold," will be mailed free to all new subscribers to THE ATLANTIC for 1878.

Remittances by mail should be sent by a money-order, draft on New York or Boston, or registered letter, to H. O. HOUGHTON & Co., Liverside Press, Cambridge, Mass.

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JAPANESE PERSIMMON.

THIS EXCELLENT FRUIT Should be on Every Farm AND IN EVERY GARDEN.

I am now receiving regularly from Japan an assortment of varieties of these trees, and can sell them at much less prices than they have been offered at heretofore. The ages of my trees are from one to four years, so that fruit will be had on the larger trees in a year or two.

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FRUIT EXHIBITION AND TREES. Send for seeds for sale by H. LOOMIS, at H. J. Trumbull's Seed Store, No. 421 Sansome Street, San Francisco. See Circular or send for circular.

Cheese or Butter, which?

Just now, when the industry of cheese making is attracting more than ordinary attention, it will not be out of place to form some estimate of the relative profits in manufacturing cheese and butter. We have frequently been asked to give some information upon the subject, in compliance with which request a friend has kindly furnished us with the following:

One gallon of milk weighs from 9 to 10 pounds, on an average. One gallon of milk makes a pound of cheese. Three gallons of milk make a pound of butter. Milk is bought by weight at the cheese factory in Chimacum, and paid for at the rate of one and one tenth cents per pound. This, it will be seen, is equal to 11 cents per gallon, or, 33 cents per pound for butter. The cost for labor in making butter, salt, muslin, &c., has been estimated at 2 cents per pound (rather low, we think) which makes the market price of the article equal about 35 c. Cheese averages about 15 cents per pound, or, for three gallons of milk, 45 cents. Cost of making cheese, about 3 cents per pound.

Our farmers can easily judge for themselves whether it is better to sell their milk for cash, without any trouble or labor in making and marketing butter, or to pursue the old course.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29, 1878. Representative Harvey White (Pa) is reported to have made substantially the following statement relative to his calls in company with Representative Thompson, also of Pa., on the President and Secretary Sherman to solicit the appointment of Collector Sullivan of the same State, to the position of Register of the Treasury, lately vacated by the death of Mr. Allison. The two gentlemen on Monday last called on Mr. Sherman and suggested Sullivan's appointment. After the matter had been pleasantly canvassed, they returned to the Capital, got the endorsement of most of the Republican delegation from their State favoring Sullivan's selection, and called to formally present it to Mr. Sherman the same evening. He then advised that they call on the President, which they did the next morning, meeting just as they were entering the White House, Senators Padlock and Cameron with several prominent Wisconsin politicians, including a Mr. Cobb whose appointment to the recent Register'ship they had been to urge. The Pennsylvanians were cordially received, the President listening courteously and requesting their opinion of several other applicants named, among them Cobb and Schofield. They left with the impression that their man was decidedly ahead in the race, immediately returning to Mr. Sherman who amazed them by the announcement that Schofield had been tendered the place before their first call on him (Sherman) and that he had just received Mr. Schofield's acceptance by telegraph. Up to this point all accounts of the affair are virtually alike, but the similarity ends here. One gets the impression from Mr. White's statement that he and Thompson, both very emphatically expressed their disapprobation at the desingenuous manner and lack of candor with which they allege their recommendations were met. It is stated here that Thompson wrote his letter published this morning at the instance of the Secretary, denying that anything more unpleasant than a difference of opinion courteously maintained by both sides occurred at either interview. Mr. Sherman in his reply corroborates the general tenor of Thompson's letter. But it was maintained in the dispatches sent the "Tribune" and many other papers all over the country, that Thompson characterized the Administration as having acted in a lying, trifling and hypocritical manner. Mr. White makes it appear that something like this was said after they had turned from the Secretary and were crossing the room on the way out. No local sensation has so stirred up politics for a long time as this affair, and it has been telegraphed broadcast, losing nothing at the hands of its retailers. From what appears the most reliable accounts of what was developed before the sub-committee that investigated the Field-Dean case, the following is summarized: The contestants are from the 3d Massachusetts district. Duan was at first declared elected by the election inspectors, but a new count was ordered in accordance with law on the alleged belief of Field and friends that errors enough in the count had been made to change the result of the election. At this last count Field was declared to have had 5 majority and the certificate was accordingly given him. When the matter first came to a vote the other day, Field had 120 votes to 119 for Dean, 9 Democrats voting for the Republican and 1 Republican, Gen. Butler, for Dean. Speaker Randall surprised not a few by

insisting his right to vote, thus making a tie. Yesterday the matter came from the day previous and Dean was finally seated by a vote of 122 to 123, the Speaker again voting with his party. The feeling here appears to be that the New Orleans Collectorship lies between Packard and Anderson with the chances in favor of the former. But Mr. Hayes has a very curious habit of listening attentively to all that is said of candidates, then making his selection from those who have not been mentioned. We all remember how the Moffett bell-punch was laughed to scorn a few months ago; but it seems to have widely commended itself by its practical workings and has been adopted in two other Southern States, is before the Albany Legislature, and is being strongly urged for this District. A would-be Wisconsin Postmaster managed to call the President's attention particularly to his case by sending him a map of his little borough with his adherent's houses painted pink, those of "the other fellow" yellow. The idea appears hardly adapted to large towns of the size of New York for instance. KNOX.

Probate Notice

IN the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T. In the matter of the estate of PHILIP BEYNEN, deceased. NATHANIEL D. HILL, administrator of the estate of PHILIP BEYNEN deceased, having on the 25th day of March, 1878, presented and filed his annual and final account as such administrator, for settlement, notice is hereby given that said annual account will come on for hearing and settlement on Monday, the 27th day of May, A. D., 1878, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at the Probate Court room in Port Townsend, W. T., that being a day of a regular term of the Probate Court, at which time and place all persons interested on said estate are hereby notified to appear and file their objection thereto, in writing, if any there be and contest the same. J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge.

Probate Notice.

IN the Probate Court of Clallam County, W. T. IN the matter of the estate of WM. LAW, deceased. Order to show cause why decree of distribution should not be made. ON reading and filing the petition of Elliot Cline, executor of the estate of Wm. Law, deceased, setting forth that he had filed his final account of his administration of the estate of said deceased, in this county, and that the same has been duly settled and allowed; that all the debts and expenses of administration have been duly paid, and that a portion of said estate remains to be divided among the persons interested under the will, and praying among other things, for an order of distribution of the residue of said estate among the persons entitled. It is ordered: That all persons interested in the estate of Wm. Law, deceased, be and appear before the Probate Court of the county of Clallam, Territory of Washington, at the court room of said county, in the town of New Dungeness, in said county, on Monday, the 27th day of May, A. D. 1878, at 11 o'clock A. M., then and there to show cause why an order of distribution should not be made of the residue of said estate, among the legatees and devisees of said deceased, according to law. It is further ordered: that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks, before the said 27th day of May, A. D. 1878, in the Weekly ANGUS; a weekly newspaper, printed and published in the town of Port Townsend, Jefferson county, W. T. In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of official seal of the Court to be attached to this, the 25th day of March, A. D. 1878. W. L. ROGERS, Probate Judge.

Probate Notice.

IN the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T. IN the matter of the estate of ENOCH S. FOWLER, deceased. Application for order to sell real estate. ON reading and filing the application of Mary Fowler, executrix of the estate of Enoch S. Fowler, deceased, for authority to sell the real estate belonging to said estate, and it appearing to the court that there is not sufficient personal property remaining in the hand of said executrix to pay the debts outstanding, the expenses of administration and the legacies designated by said decedent, and it appearing to the Court that it is for the interest of said estate to sell said estate, it is therefore ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said Enoch S. Fowler, deceased, appear before and in the said Probate Court of Jefferson County, W. T., at the Court room of said Court, in Port Townsend on Monday, the 29th day of April, 1878, at 10 o'clock A. M., on said day, and then and there show cause why authority should not be given and granted to said Mary Fowler, executrix, to sell the real estate belonging to the estate of the said Enoch S. Fowler, deceased. J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge. March 28, 1878. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON } County of Jefferson. } ss L. J. A. KUHN, Judge and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court of said Jefferson County, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of an order made by the Probate Court of said County and entered upon the records thereof. Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 28th day of March, 1878. J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge and ex-officio clerk of said court. 6-4w

For Sale.

SNOWFLAKE POTATOES for sale by the undersigned. Three pounds for one dollar, post paid; or four dollars per peck, delivered on board steamer in Port Townsend. Also HALF BREED JERSEY BULL and Heifer Calves, from well selected dairy cows. Address A. U. DAVIS, New Dungeness, W. T.

U stop at the "O. K." and try some of that coffee.

SUMMONS.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY, HOLDING TERMS AT PORT TOWNSEND For the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan.

PUGET MILL COMPANY PLAINTIFF, vs. **Grace Jackling,**

as guardian of the estate of William Chapman, Jr., Laurence Chapman, Francis Chapman, Edward Grennan, Laurence Grennan, Thomas Grennan, Joseph Grennan, Grace E. M. Grennan, and Mary Jane Grennan, minor heirs of Laurence Grennan, deceased. William Chapman, Jr., Laurence Chapman, Francis Chapman, Edward Grennan, Laurence Grennan, Thomas Grennan, Joseph Grennan, Grace E. M. Grennan, and Mary Jane Grennan, minor heirs of Laurence Grennan, deceased. And of the partnership estate of Grennan & Cranney. DEFENDANTS.

Action brought in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Port Townsend, for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan, and complaint filed in the county of Jefferson, and in the office of the clerk of said District court.

To Grace Jackling:

As guardian of the estate of William Chapman, Jr., Laurence Chapman, Francis Chapman, Edward Grennan, Laurence Grennan, Thomas Grennan, Joseph Grennan, Grace E. M. Grennan, and Mary Jane Grennan, minor heirs of Laurence Grennan, deceased, William Chapman, Jr., Laurence Chapman, Francis Chapman, Edward Grennan, Laurence Grennan, Thomas Grennan, Joseph Grennan, Grace E. M. Grennan, and Mary Jane Grennan, minor heirs of Laurence Grennan, deceased. And Henry Swift, administrator of the estate of Laurence Grennan, deceased, and of the partnership estate of Grennan & Cranney. DEFENDANTS:— IN the name of the United States of America, you and each of you, are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Port Townsend, in Jefferson County, for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan in said Territory, and to answer the complaint filed therein within sixty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the date of this summons or judgment, by default, will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court, to quiet the title to, and for a good and sufficient conveyance of the land described as, Lot 3, sec 18, containing 33 25-100 acres; E hf of SE qr sec 18, 80 acres; N hf of NE qr sec 18, 80 acres—all in tp 32, N R 3 E; and lots 2 and 3, Sec 24, and the S E qr of sec 24, and lot 1, sec 13, and lot 1, sec 24, and the N W qr of the N W qr of sec 24, the S hf of the N W qr sec 24, lot 1, sec 14, lots 1 and 2, sec 23, and the S E qr of the N W qr sec 23, and lot 3, sec 23, and the N E qr of the N E qr sec 23, and the S hf of the N E qr of sec 23—All in the S 1/2, N range, 2 E, containing 867 25-100 acres, more or less. Also lots 2 and 3, sec 34, tp 32, N range, 3 E, 53 90-100 acres; and S E qr of N E qr of the N E qr of the S E qr, sec 34, tp 32, N range, 2 E; and N hf of S W qr sec 35 tp 32 N range 2 E—213 53-100 acres, more or less. Also SW qr of SW of section 33, and the S half of SE quarter, section 32, township 31 N range 2 east; and fractional of N half of NE quarter, section 5 township 30 N range 2 East—containing in all 186 40-100 acres more or less; also fractional 2 and 3 sec 23, the SW qr of the N W quarter of section 24, all in township 30 N range 2 E—containing 118 acres, more or less. Total number of acres in above description about 1447 18-100 acres, in Island county, Washington Territory, from said defendants to said plaintiff, and for their costs and disbursements, and for other relief, for the reason that said plaintiff has heretofore in good faith purchased and paid for said land, and said defendants have heretofore received their full pay to-wit: the sum of \$11,750 for their interest in said land, and there is a defect in the title conveyed by them by reason of said Grace Jackling the said guardian of said heirs not having at the time of said conveyance been duly appointed guardian of said heirs by any court in this Territory, and for other reasons, all of which will more fully appear by reference to the complaint filed in this action.

And if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will take default against you and judgment and apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Witness J. R. LEWIS, Judge of the said District Court, and the seal of said Court, this 31st day of April, A. D. 1878. JAMES SEAVEY, Clerk. McNaught & Leary, att'ys for plaintiff. 6-4t

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. The splendid sidewheel Steamship **Dakota**, 2100 Tons. H. G. MORSE, COMMANDER, WILL LEAVE ON THE DATES HERE after mentioned: Fare from Port Townsend to San Francisco Cabin \$28; Steerage \$13

SAN FRANCISCO.	PT. TOWNSEND.	VICTORIA.
April 20	April 8	April 10
May 10	May 28	May 30
June 20	June 8	June 10

Steamship **City of Panama**, 1500 tons. W. B. SEABURY, COMMANDER WILL LEAVE ON THE FOLLOWING dates:

SAN FRANCISCO.	PT. TOWNSEND.	VICTORIA.
April 10	On arrival.	April 20
May 30	" "	May 10
June 10	" "	May 30
June 20	" "	June 20

Passengers from Portland and up-Sound ports will take Puget Sound mail steamer and make connection with the City of Panama at Victoria. Steamer **Dakota** goes through to Olympia. These steamers leave Victoria at noon on the day advertised. Tickets are good only on the steamer for which they are purchased, and are not transferable. For freight or passage apply on board, or to H. L. TIBBALS, General Agent for Puget Sound, Port Townsend.

Probate Notice.

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T. IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF ARTHUR PHINNEY, DECEASED. Petition for Legacy.

R. D. ATTRIDGE having this day filed his petition in the above entitled court, praying that he may have possession of the property bequeathed to him by the last will and testament of the said Arthur Phinney, deceased. It is ordered that Monday, the 27th day of May, 1878, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the court room of said court, that being a day of the regular May term 1878, being the time and place for hearing said petition, when all persons interested in said estate are notified to appear and contest said petition by filing their written objections thereto, if any exist. And it is further ordered that notice of the pendency of said petition and of the time and place of hearing be given by publication in the Puget Sound weekly ANGUS, a newspaper published in said county J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge and ex-officio clerk. April 4, 1878. 8-4t

NOTICE.

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T. IN the matter of the application of Geo. W. Harris and Oliver F. Gerrish, the executors of Arthur Phinney, deceased, for authority to sell real estate of said decedent. ON reading and filing the application of George W. Harris and Oliver F. Gerrish, executors of Arthur Phinney, deceased aforesaid, for authority to sell the real estate of said decedent and it appearing to the Court that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said executors to pay the debts outstanding against the said decedent, the legacies designated in his last will and testament, and expenses of administration, and that said estate cannot be divided and distributed without a sale of said decedent's property and that said will authorizes said executors to sell said decedent's property whenever a sale in their judgment is for the best interests of said estate; and it appearing to the Court that it is for the interest of said estate to sell said property, it is therefore ordered that all persons interested in the estate of said Arthur Phinney, deceased appear before and in the said Probate Court of Jefferson county, at the Probate Court house in Port Townsend, on the 29th day of April, A. D. 1878, at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day, and then and there show cause why authority and order should not be given and granted to the said executors, George W. Harris and Oliver F. Gerrish, to sell the real estate of said Arthur Phinney deceased. J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge. James McNaught, att'y. 6-4w

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON } County of Jefferson. } ss L. J. A. KUHN, Judge and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court of said Jefferson county, do hereby certify that the foregoing to be a true and correct copy of an order made by the Probate Court of said county and entered upon the records thereof, on March 28th, 1878. Witness my hand the seal of said court this 28th day of March, 1878. J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge of Jefferson county, and ex-officio clerk of said court.

O. F. GERRISH & CO. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in **GENERAL MERCHANDISE** OF EXTRA QUALITY.

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