

# Puget Sound Argus.

Vol. XIV

Port Townsend, W. T., Thursday, May 3, 1883.

No. 12

## THE Weekly Argus.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY  
At Port Townsend, Washington Territory

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:**  
One year, \$3.00; Three months, \$1.75; Six months, \$2.50; One month, 35 cts. Single copy, 10 cents.  
Always in Advance.

**RATES OF ADVERTISING:**  
One inch, first insertion, \$1.50; Each subsequent insertion, 50 cts. Transient advertisements, to insure insertion, must be accompanied by cash.  
All Accounts Settled Monthly.

## THE Daily Argus

IS ISSUED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Delivered by mail or carrier.

**SUBSCRIPTION RATES:**  
One year, \$3.00; Three months, \$1.75; Six months, \$2.50; One month, 35 cts. In Advance.  
Per week, 25 cents; collections made every Saturday.

Liberal advertising rates furnished on application.

Notice.—Liberal commissions will be allowed to live, responsible persons who will act as Subscription Agents for either publication at any post office in the United States. A copy of either paper will be mailed regularly to any person who will send us occasional news letters, cards or her locality. Sample copies sent free on application.

ALLEN WEIR,  
Editor and Proprietor.

### Territorial Officers.

Governor, Wm. A. Newell, Olympia.  
Secretary, S. H. Dwinig, Port Townsend.  
Treasurer, T. J. Ford, "  
Auditor, T. M. Reed, "  
U. S. Marshal, Charles Hopkins, Seattle.  
U. S. Proc. Attorney, J. H. Allen, Walla Walla.  
U. S. Ass't., C. H. Hanford, Seattle.  
Chief Justice, R. S. Greene, Seattle.  
Ass't., S. C. Wingard, Walla Walla.  
Jno. P. Hoyt, Olympia.

Pros. Atty, 3d Dist., C. M. Bradshaw, Pt. Townsend.  
Jefferson County:

Auditor, James Seavey, Port Townsend.  
Treasurer, Frank A. Bartlett, Port Townsend.  
Prosecutor, J. J. H. Van Bokkelen, Pt. Townsend.  
Sheriff, J. F. Sheehan, Port Townsend.  
Coroner, B. S. Hoxsie, "  
School Supt., E. A. Collins, Port Discovery.  
County Commissioners, R. D. Attridge, Port Townsend; A. Smith, Port Discovery; A. A. Plummer, Port Townsend.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**J. A. KUHN,**  
Attorney at Law  
Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him.  
PO TOWNSEND, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

**H. H. & J. R. LEWIS,**  
Attorneys-at-Law,  
OFFICE—Butler's Building, rooms 4 and 5,  
James street, opposite Occidental Hotel.  
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

**Dr. L. T. Seavey,**  
Office: Corner of Water and Quincy Streets,  
Port Townsend, W. T.

**J. F. SHEEHAN,**  
Stoves, Tin Plate  
SHEET IRON,  
23 Water Street, Port Townsend

**P. P. CARROLL,**  
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law.  
OFFICES, ROOMS 4 AND 5, TURNER'S BUILDING,  
Olympia. Wash. Terr.  
Refers by permission to Hoyt, Phillips & Co.  
Bankers, Olympia, W. T.

**C. W. HARTMAN**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,  
Olympia - - Wash. Terr.

**N. S. PORTER,**  
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Practice before the Land Offices  
a specialty.

**T. M. REED,**  
Attorney-at-Law  
**BROWN & REED,**  
Land and Law Attorneys,  
OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Will practice before the Courts and Land  
Offices of the Territory.  
OFFICE—Opposite the Plaza. (40-17)

### THE GREAT SMOKERS.

The Hollanders are more given to smoking than any Northern people—"dreaming with the eyes open." The boatman of the Trechkrit, the aquatic diligence of Holland, measure distance by smoke; from one place to another, not so many miles, but so many pipes. Entering the house, your host offers you a cigar, often insisting on filling your cigar case on leaving. Some go to sleep with pipe in their mouth, relight it on wakening in the night, and in the morning before getting out of bed. Diderot says: "A Dutchman is living alembic." The cigar is not the companion of indolence, but the stimulant and aid to labor. Smoke is called their second breath, and the cigar the sixth finger of the hand. A Frenchman tells the story of a rich gentleman of Rotterdam, Van Klaes, surnamed Father Greatpipe, being old, fat, and a great smoker. As a merchant in India he had amassed a fortune. On his return he built a palace near Rotterdam, in which he arranged, as in a museum, all the models of pipes from all countries and of every time. This was open to strangers to whom, after his display of smoking erudition, he gave a catalogue of the museum, bound in velvet, with pockets of cigars and tobacco. Mynheer Van Klaes smoked 150 grammes of tobacco per day, and died at 98; from 18 years of age he smoked 4,333 kilogrammes—making an uninterrupted black line of tobacco of twenty French leagues in length. When but a few days left to complete his 98th year, he suddenly felt his end approaching, and sent for his notary, a smoker of great merit, and said: "My good notary, fill my pipe and your own; I am about to die." When both pipes were lighted Van Klaes dictated his will, celebrated over Holland.

After the disposal of the bulk of his property to relatives, friends and hospitals, he dictated the following articles: "I desire that all smokers in the country shall be invited to my funeral by all possible means, newspapers, private letters, circulars and advertisements. Every smoker who shall accept the invitation shall receive a gift of ten pounds of tobacco and two pipes, upon which shall be engraved my name, my arms, and the date of my death. The poor of the district who shall follow my body to the grave shall receive, each man, every year on the anniversary of my death, a large parcel of tobacco. To all those who shall be present at the funeral ceremonies, I make the condition, if they wish to benefit by my will, that they shall smoke uninterrupted during the ceremony. My body shall be inclosed in a case lined inside with the wood of my old Havana cigar boxes. At the bottom of the case shall be deposited a box of French tobacco, so-called caporal, and a parcel of our own Dutch tobacco. At my side shall be laid my favorite pipe and box of matches, because no one knows what may happen. When the coffin is deposited in the vault, every person present shall pass by and cast upon it the ashes of his pipe." The will was carried out. The funeral was splendid and veiled in a thick cloud of smoke. The poor blessed the memory of the deceased, and the country still rings with his fame.

A UNION has been formed of a number of typographical societies throughout Australia for the purpose of being able to take combined action in all trade questions that may arise. The Executive Council is composed of representatives of the different societies. It is proposed to raise a fund by subscription from each society in the union, to the extent of 12 per cent. on the gross annual subscription income of each society. Ten per cent. out of the 12 are to be set apart as a common sinking fund, not to be drawn upon for two years, and the remaining 2 per cent. are to defray the working expenses of the union. As a first step the Council of the union has resolved that an Australian scale of charges for "extra matter" be compiled.

Hide your own trouble but watch to help others out of theirs.  
Buckwheat middlings are extensively employed to adulterate ground spices.

### FIRE HORSE MILK PEDDLER.

The runaway on Chestnut street Sunday morning was a queer affair, and wasn't a runaway either. It will be remembered that a number of old horses that had been used by the fire department were sold at auction last week. One of them, a sleepy old fellow, was sold and traded around until he got into the hands of a man who peddled milk. The old horse thought he had struck something that just suited him in his old age, and he trotted along with the milk wagon as handily as possible, and the German peddler, who did not know anything of the former employment of the fire horse, smoked his pipe in peace, and emptied his milk in pitchers as though there was no care on his mind. Sunday morning the German was delivering some alleged milk into a girl's tin receptacle on Chestnut street, when the fire bell struck 317. The old horse simply raised his fore feet in the air and made one jump before the old man could pull up on the reins, when the beast was stopped. We presume there never was a more astonished German in the world than this one. The milk man was covered with spilled milk, and looking over his shoulder at his customer he found that he had emptied a quart of milk on her neck, and it was seeking its level, while she was looking at a broken pitcher on the sidewalk, and swearing at the milk man in English that was nearly as badly broken as the pitcher. By the time the peddler got the horse quieted the fire engine and hook and ladder truck and hose cart came across the bridge, the alarms ringing, and the crowd yelling, and then it was that the old horse hitched to the milk wagon began to smell woolen burning. He started up Chestnut street on a run, the milk wagon rattling, and the German trying to hold the horse with one hand while he kept six milk cans right side up with the other hand and both legs. Going over the first crossing a milk can jumped into the air and came down bottom side up into the German's lap, and he fairly floated in milk, while he yelled "Whea do for dama shienmol," or something of that nature. The milk wagon kept ahead of the engine, and at every stroke of the bell the old horse gave an extra jump, until he arrived at the store from which the smoke proceeded, when he turned the milk wagon up to a hydrant on the corner and stopped so quick that the driver went over the dashboard with a milk can pounding him in the ear. The rest of the fire apparatus stopped at convenient points, and the old horse looked over his shoulder as much as to say to the other fire horses, "You thought old Tom was played out, but I notice his flag is still there, and he can teach some of you green colts a thing or two about a fire department." The old German got out and wiped the milk out of his neck, set the cans right side up, kicked the horse in the stomach, and as a saloon keeper looked at the hydrant and asked the old man if he was going to water his milk, the peddler got in his wagon, and drove off to find the girl with milk in her hair and said: "Well, I tink dot old horse vos a crank. He yooost act crazy ven a red-headed girl comes out mit a bitcher for milk." —Peck's Sun.

### A GEORGIA SNAKE STORY.

A Georgia woman set a hen upon three eggs. A few days afterward, looking into the nest, she was surprised to find the hen missing and the eggs one, and in their stead a huge rattlesnake comfortably coiled up. Noticing the swelled condition of his snakehood, she procured a spade and pinned his head to the ground. Then, with a rake, the tail was drawn out and fastened down to prevent wiggling. A penknife soon split the reptile from head to tail and the eggs were taken out. Being carefully washed they were placed under the same hen and eventually every one hatched out, and the chickens grew and thrived.

Dr. Oliver Wendell Holmes is said to have received \$8 a line from the Boston Globe for his poem on Garfield's death.

### THADDEUS STEVENS.

Thaddeus Stevens was buried in the graveyard for colored people at Lancaster. He declined to lay his bones with those who were too proud to associate themselves even in death with the race whose sufferings had excited his sympathy. In his public conduct, in his domestic life, and in his testamentary arrangements, he made clear his detestation of the distinction which society had always maintained. Stevens was certainly the great Commander of the war period. He was for a while the House of Representatives; its action lay in his voice. Opposition wilted before his strong will. Weaker men, and sometimes more conscientious men, cowered beneath his lash, and were driven into measures they faint would have escaped. Gen. Garfield, for instance, did not believe in the constitutionality of the reconstruction laws; he had, indeed, demonstrated their unconstitutionality in the Supreme Court; but he voted for them under Stevens' stern command as obediently as if it had been high treason to have an opinion of his own. Stevens tolerated "no nonsense," as he called it. When a member offended him, or was slack in his service, which he called the service of the party, he had no hesitation in writing to the gentleman's constituents that he had no further use for him, and they had better keep him at home. He never pretended that he thought the reconstruction laws constitutional. On the contrary, he caudally stated his opinion that they were entirely "outside the constitution," and as caudally expressed his sovereign contempt for the intellect of any man who supposed they were inside. His doctrine of political necessity covered the case. He had no notion of pausing when the interests he had in charge required him to go ahead. With much of the moral coarseness of Danton, he had many of the high mental qualities of Mirabeau. He was one of the greatest of revolutionary leaders. He rode the storm, and rode it for a purpose. There was a time when Mr. Lincoln's power was not comparable to the actual power wielded by Stevens. No other man in American history has ever occupied the singular position which courage, genius and stern conviction gave him. —Philadelphia Press.

### A CURIOUS BUSINESS.

One of the most singular of all vocations is described by an English journal in a way to indicate that it has an established existence in London. It is nothing more nor less than the bringing off of prize-fights, and the business gives employment to a number of middlemen. The middleman has his regular beat and calls on regular customers. He also has his pairs of gladiators always at call. Supposing that a set of men wish to see a genuine combat, they simply subscribe £20 or £30 or £50, and place the money in the middleman's hands. A £20 "mill" is not a very sanguinary affair, but £50 will buy a good deal of bloodshed. When the money is deposited the agent picks out "two lads that want to have a turn." The "lads" are mostly lazy louts who do not love work. They train for a week on money supplied by the honest merchant who arranges the meeting. When they are finally placed in the ring they really do hurt each other a good deal, and the spectators have the pleasure of battle and conspiracy simultaneously. There are half an hour of heavy hitting, a few spirited rallies on the cords, a large amount of bad language, and then one man gives in. The middleman pockets half the money, and the rest is divided between the battered ruffians who afforded the entertainment.

### THE SHARES ALPHABET.

M. is a mining company—  
It has cer-tif-i-cates  
And shares and di-rec-tors.  
Where is the mine?  
I do not know.  
Has it a treas-ury?  
Oh, yes! There is a treas-ury!  
M. is the mine.  
M. T. is the mine treasury.—Quits.  
Subscribe for the Argus!

### INCORPORATED 1861 HOME MUTUAL

### Fire and Marine Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.  
CAPITAL Paid up in Gold Coins...\$300,000.00  
Cash Assets, Jan'y, 1883 \$717,156.63  
Income for 1882.....\$ 319,349.02  
Re-insurance received..... 179,908.56  
Premiums rec'd since organization..... 4,155,339.10  
Losses paid since organization..... 1,829,976.64  
NET SURPLUS.....\$37,062.13  
The Home Mutual does NO marine business;  
All its assets are pledged for the payment of  
its losses.

**OFFICERS:**  
J. F. HOUGHTON, - - - - - President  
L. N. SHEPARD, - - - - - Vice-President,  
HARLEN K. STORY, - - - - - Secretary,  
G. H. MAGILL, - - - - - General Agent.

GEO. L. STORY,  
MANAGER

### Oregon Branch

Cor: First & Stark Sts.,  
PORTLAND, OR.

D. B. BUSH, Jr.,  
SPECIAL AGENT.

PHILLIPS & HILL, Agents,  
Port Townsend.

### PACIFIC COAST

### STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CARRYING  
For Britannic Majesty's Mail and the U. S.  
Mail; also Wells Fargo's & Co's Express.

The Company will LEAVE  
SAN FRANCISCO every FRIDAY,  
at 2 p. m., for

Victoria, Port Townsend, Seattle, Ta-  
coma and Olympia.

The Company's Steamships will sail  
from

PORT TOWNSEND EVERY FRIDAY FOR  
San Francisco via Victoria,

Leaving Victoria every Saturday at noon.

When the advertised day of sailing falls on  
Sunday, the Company's ships will sail on the  
following day from Victoria.

GEO. H. JOHNSON,  
Ticket Agent for Seattle,  
H. I. TIBBALS, Jr.,  
Ticket Agent for Port Townsend,  
For freight or passage apply to  
H. I. TIBBALS,  
General Agent for Puget Sound  
Jan'y, 27 1883, 17

### CHICAGO

### WEEKLY NEWS

### AND THE WEEKLY ARGUS

The CHICAGO WEEKLY NEWS is recognized as a paper unsurpassed in all the requirements of American journalism. It stands conspicuously among the metropolitan journals of the country as a complete newspaper. In the matter of telegraphic service, having the advantage of connection with the CHICAGO DAILY NEWS, it has at its command all the dispatches of the Western Associated Press, besides a very extensive service of Special Telegrams from all important points. As a Newspaper it has no superior. It is INDEPENDENT in Politics, presenting all Political News free from partisan bias or coloring, and absolutely without fear or favor as to parties.

It is, in the fullest sense, a FAMILY PAPER. Each issue contains several COMPLETED STORIES, a SERIAL STORY of absorbing interest, and a rich variety of condensed notes on Fashions, Art, Industries, Literature, Science, etc., etc. Its Market Quotations are complete, and to be relied upon. It is unsurpassed as an Entertaining, Pure and Trustworthy G. R. B. & F. FAMILY NEWSPAPER. Our special Clubbing Terms bring it within the reach of all. Specimen copies may be seen at this office.  
Send subscriptions to this office.

SAID THE TEXAS man to his Northern guest: "There isn't much fun going on this week; now, if you'd come a week ago, I could have taken you to three yuelings and a dance, but just now there isn't much sport on hand. However if you like, we'll go down to the saloon and start a fight. I've no doubt the boys would go in to make it pleasant for a stranger." Texans are hospitable men.

**PUGET SOUND ARGUS.**

ALLEN WEIR, Editor and Proprietor

THURSDAY, MAY 3, 1883.

**PORTLAND IN DANGER.**—Occasionally, during several years, we have written about the effect the construction of a railroad from Portland to connect with the Northern Pacific at Kalama would have on the growth and prosperity of the seaport one hundred miles from the ocean. It has been, and is, our opinion that the construction and operating of that road will have a damaging effect on Portland. Our reasons have been based on a practical experience of the dangers of crossing the bar at the mouth of the Columbia river, and the knowledge that the shoals and bars in the Columbia and Willamette rivers make their navigation by large sea going vessels practically impossible. So great is the danger and difficulty of reaching Portland that ship owners and masters ask much more freight to go there than they do to Puget Sound ports, which are accessible, at all seasons of the year by the largest "ships that plow the main." Knowing these facts grain shippers will not be long, after the completion of the connecting link, in moving their base of operations from Portland to Puget Sound. The *Oregonian* has at last awakened and is calling out breakers ahead in a lusty manner. In a recent issue under the heading "The Local Question of the Hour" it said: "If the channels are not deepened we shall pay high charter rates for little ships, while big ones will load our grain, either below the St. Helens bar on the Columbia river, or at Tacoma or Seattle on Puget Sound. Every time a cargo of Oregon wheat is carried past Portland to the lower Columbia or to Puget Sound to be put on shipboard, real estate in Portland receives a blow. Portland must furnish the money needed to improve the rivers or suffer the loss of many times over the amount needed in its property values. Besides, Puget Sound will soon be very near at hand, and in its nearness there is danger to Portland. Think of it, men of property.—W. W. Union.

Col. Hawkins, the noted temperance lecturer, has been having splendid success in Victoria—so much so that a Blue Ribbon club numbering upwards of a thousand has been built up. On his return, it is contemplated by some of the citizens of Port Townsend to try and get up a revival here. The principal effect of the Blue Ribbon movement elsewhere has been in connection with the high license system. In Portland, where it has been adopted, a fearful contest has raged. The *Oregonian*, the principal advocate of the system, is having a "rough and tumble" bout with the saloon keepers of that city that will not end till after the municipal election—perhaps not then. The principal argument in favor of high license is that it results in reducing the number of saloons and placing the business in the hands of responsible parties.

By our telegraphic dispatches it will be seen that Capt. Willoughby has been appointed again to the Neah Bay Indian Agency. He had been reappointed and confirmed in that position when the reservations were suddenly consolidated and reduced to two in number, in charge of Col. Wood and Hon. Edwin Eells—so that the re-dividing of these agencies and increasing the number of agents left him in a position to be entitled to reinstatement in his old position. Capt. Willoughby's many friends will be glad to hear of the change. The consolidation left the duties of the agents too multifarious and onerous to be performed with any degree of satisfaction, and they protested effectually.

A newspaper called the *Chinese American* is being published in New York in the Chinese language. It is lithographed advertisements and all. There are 6000 characters in the Chinese language. It would take an immense case to hold each separate character. That forbids the use of type.



WALTER Q. GRESHAM.  
THE NEW POSTMASTER GENERAL.

Judge Gresham, whom President Arthur has appointed to succeed Post Master General Howe, deceased, was born near Corydon, Indiana, in 1833. He attended Bloomington University, but was never graduated, and subsequently read law at Corydon, in the office of Judge Porter, who is still living. His professional career was highly successful, and in 1860 he was elected to the state legislature, taking a prominent part in the war legislation of the period. He became Lieutenant Colonel of the 38th regiment. Soon afterwards became Colonel of the 53d, and in the siege of Vicksburg served as a Brigadier General. He proved himself a brave officer, and in the fighting before Atlanta was so seriously wounded in the left leg, five inches below the knee, that he was compelled to quit the service. On his way home he was obliged to stop at New Albany, where he remained a year before his recovery. The tibia was fractured, and though the leg was not amputated, he still has to walk with a cane and frequently suffers in tense pain from the fracture, which gives his leg a decided curve.

Judge Gresham resumed his practice of law in New Albany, and in 1866 ran against the late Speaker Kerr for Congress, his popularity enabling him to reduce his opponent's majority. General Grant, when President, wished to make him Secretary of the Interior, but that being impracticable, he named him as Collector of New Orleans, but the appointment was declined. Subsequently he was appointed to succeed the late Judge MacDonald as U. S. Judge for his district. But Judge Gresham's taste impelled him to a political career and in 1880 he was an unsuccessful candidate for the U. S. Senate. When he received telegraphic notice of his appointment, he was holding court at Evansville, the term not concluding until the 7th of April. Private business also demanded some attention. During the interval preceding his installation in office, the duties devolved on First Assistant Postmaster General Hatton.

In Washington City, D. C., April 15, 1883, of acute epilepsy pneumonia, Soliman, aged 60 years, 4 mos. and 5 days.

Mr. Garfield was born in Vermont, Dec. 8, 1822. He led an eventful and checkered career, and his prosperity was at flood tide from 1863 to 1873, during which time he was Washington Territory's delegate in Congress. About eighteen months ago he was married in Washington to Nellie Homer, of that city. He was a brilliant lawyer, and held many positions of public trust during his lifetime. Over his weaknesses, (which proved him human) we may draw the mantle of charity, remembering only the good and bright qualities of a nature so rich in many of the abilities of noble manhood.

**Heavy Earthquake.**

PANAMA, April 10.—On March 7th, 8th and 27th, earthquake shocks were felt in Chili. On March 8th, an earthquake was felt throughout Columbia. In the town of Antigua the famous cathedral was thrown out of plumb and many columns were overturned. All houses suffered more or less. In Santa Rosa church steeples were injured and a number of houses rendered uninhabitable. In Yaramal the prison and thirty-five houses were destroyed. In Anaguadas the town hall was demolished, and at Alaberogon the church and several houses were injured. In Penagora, the chief village of Darien territory, many palm butts were thrown down and rivers rose and fell with alarming rapidity. The volcano of Omatera on Lake Niernagua, is in eruption for the first time in history. The large island at the mouth of Atroto, surveyed by the U. S. steamer Firebrand in 1862, is reported to have entirely disappeared.

The income the Pope could have from the Italian government, if he chose to take money, is \$650,000.

**From Friday's Daily.**

ALL who could turned out to Mrs. Winslow's funeral today. The attendance was very large, and the services were conducted by Dr. Minor. Deceased was passionately fond of flowers, and had been noted for furnishing them through kindness to others on similar occasions. When ready for burial, the floral tributes of her lady friends formed a showing that was truly touching. The stricken husband, so sorely bereft, has the heartfelt sympathy of the entire community.

**THE GREAT VICE OF NEW ENGLAND.**

Forty thousand dollars' worth of chewing gum is gathered in the State of Maine every year. In Oxford county is a man who makes it his business to collect spruce gum. Every year he buys from seven to nine tons. The gum is found chiefly in the region about Umbagog lake and about the Rangeley lakes. A number of men do nothing else in the winter season but collect gum. With snowshoes, ax and a sheboygan, on which is packed the gum, they spend days and nights in the woods. The clear, pure lumps of gum are sold in their native state, the best bringing \$1 per pound. Gum not immediately merchantable is refined by a peculiar process. Sieve-like boxes are covered with spruce boughs, on which is placed the gum. Steam is introduced underneath. The gum is melted, is strained by the boughs, and then passes into warm water, where it is kept from hardening until the packer takes it out, draws it into sticks and wraps it in tissue paper, when it is ready for market.

The gum meets with a ready sale. There is not a village, town or city in Maine where it is not in demand. In the large mill cities gum has a free sale. In Biddeford, Lewiston, Lawrence and Lowell the factory girls consume large quantities. It is said that in the lumber camps gum is used as a means of extending hospitality. After meal time the host fills his own black clay pipe and hands it to his guest. Later, clear lumps of spruce gum are placed before the visitor, and he is asked to take a chew. Maine produces \$40,000 worth of gum in a year, some of which finds its way to this market, from which it is distributed to the various outlying factory villages, where, as stated before, it is in good demand. Spruce gum is adulterated, and those who adulterate take the trouble to fashion the pieces of gum to appear like those taken in a pure state from the trees. The ingredient of adulteration is supposed to be the gum of the pine tree.—*Providence Journal*.

**A NEW BRAND.**

A tall, lame negro had been in the habit of calling at a grocery and begging a few potatoes, a bit of codfish, or anything else likely to be given to him. One day the grocer took a flour-sack and made up a mixture of sand, and when the negro came around he was almost pulverized to hear the grocer say:

"Now, Sam, if you won't come here again for three months you can shoulder that sack and take it home."

"Am you in earnest, boss?"

"Yes, I mean what I say."

"Wall, I reckon I'd better catch on to dat chance, an' may de Lawd bless you fur a hund'ed y'ars to come!"

He shouldered the sack and walked off, and was not seen again for three days. Then he entered the store with the remark:

"Say, boss, I didn't mean to come back, only I want to ax a queshun."

"Go ahead."

"It's about that flour you gin me. De ole woman an' me don't take de same view of it. I hold dat it am a new way of grindin' up wheat, an' she says it am a new process fur usin' up gravel banks. Kin you frow any light on de subjeck?"

"It is a new brand of my own," replied the grocer. "The wheat was raised on sandy soil. Can you recommend it?"

"N—not 'zactly, sah, but if you could change wid me fur a peck of beans raised on a side-hill, an' put de ole trees, and stumps, an' stones in one bag an' de beans in anoder, it would save a heap of argyment in de family."—*Detroit Free Press*.

The Sioux have a fashion of naming children in the order in which they are born. So the roll has many such names as Winona, Hapan, Hepi, Wanoka, Hake, etc., which mean first-born, second-born, third-born, fourth-born, fifth-born, and so on.

An effort made for the happiness of others lifts us above ourselves.

**ANNOUNCEMENT!**

Great Reduction in prices!

—AT—

**C. C. BARTLETT & Co's**

WE NOW OFFER OUR

Large Stock of Merchandise  
AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

For the next Thirty Days.

In order to make room for our Spring and Summer Stock.

Attention is particularly called to our lines of  
*Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Clothing and Gent's  
Furnishing Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,  
Carpets, Oilcloths, Wall Paper, &c. &c.*

IN THESE LINES WE OFFER EXTRA INDUCEMENTS. Would like to have all call and examine our goods and prices, and will positively make it an object for those desiring to buy.

No trouble to show goods or quote prices. Come and be convinced of the truth of our assertions. This offer holds good for thirty days only.

**C. C. BARTLETT & CO.**

C. M. GERRISH.

**GERRISH & CO.,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,  
OF EXTRA QUALITY.

House and Ship Carpenters' Tools,  
Ship Chandlery, Groceries,

BOOTS AND SHOES, PROVISIONS,  
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.

Gents' FURNISHING Goods  
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE,

Agricultural Implements of all Kinds  
AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

PORT TOWNSEND, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

**FARMERS' STORE!**

NEW DUNGENESS, W. T.

JUST RECEIVED IN ADDITION TO OUR USUALLY FULL AND COMPLETE stock of General Merchandise the Largest and Best Selected Stock of Clothing ever brought to Clallam County.

Come and see our \$10.00 suits.	Come and see our Cutlery.
" " " " Dry Goods.	" " " " Furniture.
" " " " Boots and Shoes.	" " " " Stoves and Tinware.
" " " " Rifles and Shot Guns.	" " " " Crockery ware.
" " " " Groceries.	" " " " Hats and Caps.
	" " " " New Sewing Machines.

the best and cheapest in the world, sold on easy time without interest. N. B.—Come and see the only person on Puget Sound who will buy any thing and every thing from a COON-SKIN to a FARM. 17-4t Drafts bought and sold on liberal terms.

C. F. CLAPP.

**DRUGS.**

Paints, Oils, Varnishes Stationery

Wholesale and Retail, by

**N. D. HILL & SON**

Port Townsend, W. T.



DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, TRUSSES, GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, Patent Medicines of all kinds, A Large Assortment.	SOAPS, POMADES, PERFUMERY, HAIR OILS, WALL PAPER, BRUSHES, Etc. And all articles for the Toilet. Quick sales and small profits.
---	---

**Dr. CLARK JOHNSON'S**  
**Indian Blood Syrup**  
Cures all diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Skin and Blood. Millions testify to its efficacy in healing the above named diseases, and pronounce it to be the BEST REMEDY KNOWN TO MAN. Guaranteed to cure Dyspepsia. AGENTS WANTED. Laboratory 77 W. 3d St., New York City. Druggists sell it.



Editorial Notes.

Henry Waterson avowed a few days ago that he intended to take the protection bull by the horns. Samuel Randall of Pennsylvania will take the animal by the tail. There will be a lively tussle in which Samuel will get kicked, Henry will be gored and the Bull will walk triumphantly on.

Some of the Oregon papers, notably the *News*, are raising a mighty howl over the dangers of Puget Sound navigation, and are trying to make it appear that the dangers of the Columbia River are as nothing, compared with those of our waters. Let them howl. Ere many years have elapsed the towns on the Sound will have grown into great maritime cities, while Portland as a seaport will have ceased to exist.

The Portland papers cannot be blamed for trying to uphold their city. It is natural for all papers to do that. Portland needs all the "boom" her newspapers can give, for that city is on the brink of a commercial collapse, that will inevitably overwhelm her, if something is not done to decrease the danger to navigation on the Columbia and Willamette rivers. When, however, in order to help their own, they deliberately lie about other localities, we think they go too far.

As Villard told the Portland merchants some months ago, there is lots of vacant land on the Sound, and they had better build warehouses here from which to ship the wheat, and other products of Oregon. By so doing their bank accounts will be much larger in a few years than they will be if the merchants continue in Portland. Large and constantly increasing outlays will be required for river improvements, that will not be warranted by the income. The Columbia river cannot be permanently improved and Portland people might as well acknowledge it now as later. It is a conclusion they must come to sometime in the near future.

Portland must be in a very bad condition when it becomes necessary for her newspapers, in order to blacken the superior excellence of other localities, to go back eight or ten years and bring up a slight collision like that of the Northwest and Nonantum in which neither vessel was much injured, and which was caused by bad seamanship on the part of one of the Captains, and try to make it look as if caused by some obstruction that rendered navigation on the Sound dangerous, and the same papers are trying to bring up all the groundings, wrecks and collisions that have occurred on the Sound and in the Straits in the past 25 years, making it appear as though they were recent disasters thus showing they are afraid to show things up fairly. Why, there were more vessels wrecked during the past five years on the Columbia bar and in the river than there has on the Sound in fifteen years, and we have just as many ships coming here as there are going over the bar. If the Columbia is so much safer than the Sound, why is it most wrecks occur there?

As an item of importance to the Quilteute people, we may mention the fact that the Brockways, of Psycht, are about constructing a logging road in such a way that it can be utilized for a road across to the Quilteute valley from that point. They contemplate trying to get it laid out as a county road so that residents of that locality can do their county road work on it—and then perhaps the Quilteute people will make a little extra exertion to have the road opened clear through. We are glad to notice our suggestions about advertising that locality ably seconded by the *Post-Intelligencer*. If posters announcing its advantages were placed in the hands of incoming immigrants, many of them would go there.

The Dayton Chronicle believes that nine-tenths of the people of Washington Territory desire the repeal of the Sunday law.

**A READING ROOM.**—This question has been mooted so often heretofore by the Anors with so little effect, and the last effort made in that direction by enterprising citizens of Port Townsend resulted in such a flat failure, that it is quite discouraging. But the object is such a worthy one, and the need of such a public resort in our town is so apparent that we cannot refrain from striking a lick or two in its favor whenever occasion offers. The move last year resulted in organizing a society, and was participated in by Hon. A. W. Bash, Hon. C. M. Bradshaw, Rev. John. Reid and others who earnestly desired that the advantages of a public reading room might be secured for this place; but so little general interest in the matter was aroused that the burden fell almost entirely upon the few who started it. Besides contributing for the rent of the room used, we wrote to Washington city, to the department of agriculture, to the census bureau and members of congress, to secure such reading matter as might be obtained gratis, and the result has been the accumulation ever since of documents of public interest. No doubt a number of newspapers could be obtained, free of cost, or sent regularly at a nominal figure—and thus a nucleus be formed at little or no expense. But it does require money for other necessary expenses. A suitable room must be provided; lights and fuel must be paid for, and the services of a janitor secured. The plan we have to suggest now is this: Form a society with suitable laws; sell yearly, semi-annual, quarterly and monthly tickets, at graded prices; let wayfarers be charged a nominal sum each for the liberties of the reading room per day or evening, with a lighter charge pro rata for weekly tickets; when books are obtained, let them be catalogued and valued, and when borrowed, let their coin value be deposited till their return. The beginning may be small, but the end justifies the effort; moreover, unless a beginning is made the town will remain without a reading room. Immigrants come here seeking the local literature of the country; finding no public reading room, they are at a loss where to go. Strangers of all kinds come here to remain a few days at a time, and not a few of these go away disgusted, because they "have no where to go," as they term it, to pass the time in reading or innocent amusement. Other towns have their reading rooms, and are immensely benefited thereby. Why not Port Townsend, too? If we do not keep trying, we shall never succeed in this matter.

In commenting on a story about a young man in Philadelphia who was handsome, jolly and well liked in society, who told the girls he was sorry he could no longer assist in entertaining them, because they had set the expensive fashion of floral favors, and his salary could not stand jacqueminot roses at twenty five cents a bud, a Kansas City paper gave utterance to sentiments which should become part of the social gospel of every young man dependent upon his own exertions for a livelihood. The social favorite who had the courage to tell the young ladies that he could not afford to buy roses for them has been appropriately called a social hero. He is one among a thousand, and his remark may be extended. If there is one unholy spectacle in all this wide, busy, changing, queer old world, it is that of a clerk on \$20 a week trying to trot alongside a bona fide wealthy, fashionable young man. In order to gratify a vanity which is simply unpardonable, he keeps his pockets empty, his spirits at the low ebb, his appetite on half pay, and his honest ambition at a distance. It never enters the head of a man like this, that he can be just as high toned a great deal happier, and a "devilish sight more respectable," as my Lord Harvey puts it, if he remained out of expensive sets until he was able to go without a thought or a care for expense. A \$20 a week man has no earthly chance to gain anything by his exertions in this line, unless it be a woman with a little money, who will never cease to remind him of the fact that he had nothing when she married him. People with money very naturally, and we think very

justly, form a set by themselves. They give entertainments and favors that poor men cannot return, and therefore should not accept. He is out of place with them physically, mentally, morally and financially, and every marriageable girl knows about as thoroughly as her sensible old mother. The simplest advice to the men is to stay out of swell society. There is no room in it for them. They are a disturbing element, and are as foolish as drunken men, for after the intoxication of the moment wears off there is naught but mental depression left.

A peculiar occurrence has taken place in London. A devoted young high church curate was waited upon by an attractive young woman, who, however, wore an air of deep melancholy on her features. She invited him to her house and told him her fatal secret. She loved the curate with a deep, fervent love, but, alas, 'twas hopeless! He had vowed himself to a life of celibacy. But she would carry her attachment to the grave, and die happy, if he would only give her one kiss to cheer her on her dark and lonely road. Of course, the curate complied—who wouldn't?—and the young lady went away with a hollow sigh. Next day the preacher received a package, tastefully tied up with blue ribbon, that on opening he found to contain an instantaneous photograph, cabinet size, showing himself in the act of kissing the young lady. With the package was a very prettily written note from the fair damsel informing him that she had eleven more such portraits, and that he could have the dozen at £20 each—if he wouldn't pay she could dispose of them in other quarters. 'Tis said the preacher paid the coin, and will look no more upon the face of woman.

By Telegraph.

Tobacco.

LOUISVILLE, April 30.—The Internal Revenue office is open tonight. Clerks are busy filling out tobacco stamps. They began on the stroke of 12. One firm here takes \$32,000 worth, and another \$30,000. One million pounds go out tomorrow and another million follows next day, requiring stamps worth \$14,000. Freight depots are open tonight and an extra force engaged to load cars. The Short Line Railroad sends up a special train of thirty cars for points east of Cincinnati, and will send thirty cars for Chicago. All other railroads have large engagements. Shipments will be the heaviest ever known. This is the greatest tobacco market in the world.

Gray on Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—S. S. Gray, the defaulting Secretary of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, was examined before Police Judge Lawlor today, and was held to answer on two charges of embezzlement and two charges of forgery in connection with his transactions with Wharfinger Locke of the Vallejo street wharf. Counsel for Gray tried to prove that his extradition to sentiments which should become part of the social gospel of every young man dependent upon his own exertions for a livelihood. The social favorite who had the courage to tell the young ladies that he could not afford to buy roses for them has been appropriately called a social hero. He is one among a thousand, and his remark may be extended. If there is one unholy spectacle in all this wide, busy, changing, queer old world, it is that of a clerk on \$20 a week trying to trot alongside a bona fide wealthy, fashionable young man. In order to gratify a vanity which is simply unpardonable, he keeps his pockets empty, his spirits at the low ebb, his appetite on half pay, and his honest ambition at a distance. It never enters the head of a man like this, that he can be just as high toned a great deal happier, and a "devilish sight more respectable," as my Lord Harvey puts it, if he remained out of expensive sets until he was able to go without a thought or a care for expense. A \$20 a week man has no earthly chance to gain anything by his exertions in this line, unless it be a woman with a little money, who will never cease to remind him of the fact that he had nothing when she married him. People with money very naturally, and we think very

Shipping.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 1.—The Cairnmore and Lake Erie have just cleared from London, the former for San Francisco and the latter for Portland. It was supposed the Cairnmore was going to Portland, but according to the advices to the Merchants' Exchange she comes to this port. This makes eight vessels on the way here from London, an unusually large number, and there are three more entered out. The leading vessel is the Cloncaird, 124 days out. There are three vessels on the way to Portland from London, the leading vessel being 122 days out with two vessels to follow.

Horse thieves are getting their work in around Walla Walla.

The latest thing in corsets is the "Great Bamboo," and it can be had for fifty cents. Then the two and three dollar ones must be great bamboozles.

The Northern Pacific railroad is within a few miles of Gallatin City, and is only seventy-six miles from Helena, and is coming along rapidly.

Tuesday:—

**SHIPPING.**—The three-masted schooner Dora Blum, that was launched but a short time since at Port Blakely, arrived down last night lumber laden. She is a fine looking craft, and a credit to her builders. The surveying steamer Hassler arrived here on Saturday last from San Francisco, for her station in Alaska. The surveying schooner Ernest will sail in a few days for Gray's Harbor, where she will put in her summer's work. A better field for her labors could not have been discovered. Sch. Dakota arrived yesterday from San Francisco. Bktn. Makah arrived at Port Discovery yesterday from San Francisco. The four vessels wrecked at Royal Roads some time since, have all been condemned and sold. Bark Fresno, from San Francisco, arrived yesterday at Port Gamble. Sch. Una, sailed from San Francisco for Port Discovery a day or two since. Stmr. Mississippi sailed from San Francisco yesterday with freight and passengers for Puget Sound. During the little breeze Sunday evening the ship Eldorado, lying in Tacoma harbor, dragged her anchors for a mile, and finally landed on Brown's Point, where she still lies. This is the second time this ship has been blown from her moorings in that port.

Wednesday:—

**SHIPPING.**—A new steamer called the Iowa was launched at Montesano on Tuesday last. She is a stern-wheeler sixty feet long, and will be used to navigate the upper Chehalis and Black rivers. She only draws twelve inches of water. Ship Detroit arrived here last night from San Francisco. Plans have been drawn for a steamer 100 feet long, and 22½ feet beam, to ply on Gray's Harbor and Shoal Water Bay. The British steamer Madras, which visited the Sound some months ago, arrived in Honolulu April 14th, with 700 Chinamen on board, many of whom were down with small pox. The Madras was expected on the Sound soon, but this will probably delay her.

The brig Hazard from Puget Sound arrived at Honolulu early in April, and sailed for the South Seas on the 17th of the same month. A daily line of steamers will be established between Portland and Victoria about June 1st.

Clearences from San Francisco are the barkentine John Smith, Capt. Kustul, for Puget Sound, in the Chas. H. Wells' line; sch. Maria E. Smith, Capt. Knacke, for Puget Sound.

**Some of the Great Bridges.**  
Robert Stephenson, great engineer as he was, reported that suspension bridges would never do for steam. John A. Roebling answered with the Niagara Suspension bridge, the cheapest structure, and one of the best ever built for such a necessity.

In Menai strait, which divides an island from the northwestern corner of Wales, the tide rises to the height of thirty feet sometimes, and generally twelve feet. The British Government erected a bridge on the great high road from England to Ireland over this strait in 1826. It is a suspension bridge built by Telford on chains, and cost \$800,000 (gold) at that time; it is 100 feet above water. Twenty years afterward, George Stephenson began to build the tubular bridge three miles above, spanning the same strait. It took five years, and trains crossed it in 1850. It has four spans, the two in the middle being 460 feet wide each, and the whole bridge is about 1,840 feet long. It is 123 feet above high-water mark, and cost \$3,009,000.

The Niagara Suspension bridge, built by Roebling in 1852, cost only \$500,000, is 800 feet long, 230 feet above the river, and its towers are about 84 feet high. The Niagara Foot-bridge, built in 1869, cost \$175,000, and was said to be, when opened, the longest suspension bridge in the world, or 1,268 feet between towers.

The Cincinnati Suspension bridge, by Roebling, stands next to the East River bridge, and is 1,057 feet between towers, and 2,252 between the ends; the bridge is 163 feet above low water, the towers are 230 feet high, and each is taller and larger than the Bunker Hill monument, and the structure cost \$1,800,000; it was built by a company, and charges 3 cents toll per man. This bridge has been in most useful operation since about 1867; it was eleven years between its commencement and opening.

Roebling, the projector of the Brooklyn bridge, was the greatest bridge-builder in the world. He started the making of wire cordage in America, and built suspension bridges to carry the aqueducts of canals across rivers, and engineered the Pennsylvania railroad across the mountains. The Brooklyn bridge, between towers, is 1,595 feet long. Behind the towers there are 940 feet each side, back to the anchorages. The whole length of the bridge and approaches is 6,000 feet. It is one of the widest bridges in the world, 85 feet, with a promenade 13 feet wide, two railroad tracks and four carriage and two horse-car tracks. It is 135 feet in the center above the water. The rock on which the towers rest is about ninety feet below the surface of the water on the New York side, and half that depth on the Brooklyn side—the most stupendous thing about the structure. Each tower is 134 feet long by 56 wide, and at the top these dimensions are reduced to 120 feet by 40, or the size of a very large house. Each tower is 268 feet above high water. It is 1,336 feet from the beginning of the causeway on Chatham street out to the anchorage on the New York shore. The architect of the bridge received his death wound almost at its inception.—*Baldwin's Monthly*.

LATIMER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines & Fancy Articles

Paints, Oils and Glass-ware;

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Use.

Orders Filled with Dispatch.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded, Day or Night.

Under New Custom House Building. Water st., Port Townsend, W. T.

A. A. PLUMMER, Jr.

C. L. TERRY.

PLUMMER & TERRY,

DEALERS IN—

Choice Family Groceries.

Canned Pie and Table Fruits, Jellies, Canned Vegetables, French Sardies, Olives, &c. Deviled Ham, &c.

Canned Roast Beef, Chicken, Spiced Pig's Feet, Cooked Corn Beef, Lobsters, Oysters, Shrimps, Spices, whole and ground.

Oatmeal, Cornmeal, white and yellow. Cracked Wheat, Buckwheat, Farina, &c. Mixed Feed, Bran and Flour, Oats and other produce.

**COFFEE** } All grades of Green Coffee from 12½ cents a pound up-ward. Also Roasted and Ground Coffees.

The best of Oolongs, English Breakfast, Green and Uncolored Japan } **TEAS**

We especially commend "OUR FAVORITE," for sale only by ourselves, which has given the best satisfaction of any tea ever placed on this market. Being full weight and pure, it is at once economical and healthful, and the quality of the leaf is such that to purchase a trial pound, is to register as a consumer of this tea so appropriately called "Our Favorite."

Guns, Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Crockery, Lamps, Cutlery, Wood and Willow ware, Blank Books, School Books, Stationery, Drawing Paper, Cards &c., to all of which we invite your attention, with assurance of careful and courteous attention on our part, together with Low Prices and Fair Dealing.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, Free of Charge.

NOTICE.

Parties wanting a practical experienced engineer, either for steamer or sawmill, please apply to ROTHSCCHILD & CO. Port Townsend, April 6, 1883.

STEAMERS sailing from Hamburg, via Havre to New York, during the month of April will be: Bohemia, Svevia, Elnatia, Hammonia, Gellert, Rugia, Westphalia and Frisia. For passage apply to WATERMAN & KATZ.

# PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PORT TOWNSEND.

### From Monday's Daily.

Last of April.  
 Rain, welcome rain.  
 Leo's Ideal Pleasure Party to-night.  
 Ball and entertainment Wednesday evening.  
 Mr. C. F. Clapp has recently added a large extension to his wharf at Dungeness.  
 Victoria papers speak very highly of the entertainment to be given here to-night.  
 Mrs. S. D. Howe, of Seattle, went to Dungeness Saturday to visit with the family of her son, Mr. Clapp.  
 Capt. Gilmore has purchased Harry Lott's interest in the steamer Hope, as will be seen by notice elsewhere.  
 The British steam tug Alexander arrived here yesterday afternoon to tow the hull of the C. L. Taylor across to Victoria.

So great is the rush for pile driving that Mr. Atkins will probably be engaged to do part of it. Mr. Hadlock is getting his steam driver in shape for use as rapidly as possible.

The steamship San Pedro was in our harbor Saturday repairing damages done to her by reason of a collision with a wharf at New Tacoma. She was loaded with Carbon Hill coal.

Among the passengers on the Dakota last night was Mrs. N. R. Smith, who goes to spend the summer with relatives, her husband being about to start out with a surveying expedition.

The clam cannery at Sequim Bay is doing a rushing business. We learn that as high as 200 bushels of clams per day have been gathered for it, about twenty Indians having been employed.

The schooner Gen. Harvey, Capt. H. H. Lloyd, has just discharged the last load of building stone at Irondale, to be used in the construction of the Iron Co's new roasting furnace which is well along toward completion.

Messrs. Dingley and Bool will go to Seattle and to Bellingham Bay before deciding as to the location of their proposed new shipyard. If they do not locate on Port Townsend Bay it will be because superior inducements are held out to them elsewhere in the way of bonus, etc.

Mr. T. C. Van Epps, of Olympia, is a passenger on board the Dakota, accompanied by his family. Mr. Van Epps is on his way East to attend the annual session of the Supreme Lodge of the A. O. U. W., as a representative from the Grand Lodge of Oregon, Washington and British Columbia.

### From Tuesday's Daily

Don't forget the Calico Ball to-morrow night.

Hauling slabs from the saw mill for fuel has grown into quite an industry.

O. H. Holcombe brought four more horses over from Eastern Oregon a day or two since.

Somebody around town has been putting out poison, and the results are several dead cats and dogs.

"One Hundred Years Ago" next Friday and Saturday nights. Reserved seats at Plummer & Terry's.

Leo's Ideal Pleasure party played here last night to a fair house. When the agent of this company told us that the actors and acting were better than average traveling theatrical company, we were inclined to think that he was talking for talk sake, and that the truth was not in him, but after watching the performance last evening we changed our minds. The athletic exhibition was excellent; so, also, was the dancing, especially that of the ladies, and the little "kid" created a hearty laugh. We hope the Leo's will come back some time, and that they will have a large house if they do come.

**BANK.**—The First National Bank of Port Townsend will be prepared to commence a general banking business on or about June 1st, 1883. Until the bank building is completed business will be carried on in the office of Mr. Henry Landes, its President. This bank has a working capital—paid up—of \$50,000; is made the best of arrangements for correspondents at all points in this country and in the world. Its facilities for transacting a banking business are surpassed by no other such establishment in the country. Its officers are all-known men in this community—men noted for their ability and business integrity, and fair honest dealings may be set down as certain. Work will be commenced on the bank building at once and the directors expect to move in the offices inside of 90 days.

### From Wednesday's Daily.

Foundation timbers for Lott's new machine shop, are being placed in position.

The saw mill is cutting some very massive timbers for the new bank building, to be used for joists, etc.

Deputy Sheriff Loftus took an insane man up to the insane asylum, at Steilacoom, yesterday.

Now that the new mill planer has come, planed lumber by the million will be obtainable here.

One of the largest passenger lists taken from the Sound lately was that taken by the Dakota on Sunday evening last.

School Superintendent Collins arrived here this morning and is now examining applicants for county certificates to teach school.

We are informed that Rev. Mr. Spangler, of Oak Harbor, is lying at the point of death, and, it is feared, cannot recover.

The City Fathers have awakened to the situation, and have men employed filling in several unsightly mudholes on Water street.

Calico ball and concert tonight at Fowler's Hall. Turn out and help the boys in their efforts to create an enjoyable evening.

All our merchants were busy yesterday pasting rebate labels on their boxes of tobacco and cigars. Tobacco will be cheaper soon.

Heavy timbers and braces are being placed under the James' store building, and it will be moved from its present position to a new lot farther down the street.

Dr. Wilson, military surgeon, lately stationed at Fort Townsend, went to Vancouver yesterday, by orders from headquarters, and will be placed on another station.

Miss Verona Baldwin, who shot "Lucky" Baldwin, in San Francisco, was one of the passengers on the Elder, bound for New Tacoma where her parents reside.

Allen Weir, Esq., editor of this paper, left here yesterday for San Francisco, on important business connected with this office and with the Grand Lodge of Chosen Friends that meets in that city soon.

**CHANGE.**—By reference to the P. C. Co's advertisement today it will be seen that they will hereafter have a steamship leaving San Francisco for Puget Sound ports every Friday, and one leaving Port Townsend for San Francisco every Friday—making four steamers per month each way.

The steamer Geo. W. Elder arrived here today from San Francisco, completely crowded with passengers. She discharged at this place 97 tons of freight for Port Townsend, 10 tons for Irondale and 37 tons for Alaska. Among the freight brought here was a planer for the mill. This was put on the scow of Hadlock's pile driver, and towed down to the mill, where it will be placed in position. Among her passengers were Mr. G. O. Haller and daughter, and Mrs. Wm. G. Morris, returning from visits in California.

**ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.**—The gentleman and ladies who are to present this drama to the public on Friday next are busily engaged every evening in practicing and rehearsing their parts. Last evening they had a dress rehearsal, orchestra and everything being present. The play is founded on doings during the times of the old revolutionary heroes, and every part has been taken and is well rendered. The drama is very interesting, sentiment and humor being so mingled that the audience will not get tired during the performance, but will be willing to attend it again. The best of music has been provided. Those who have purchased tickets for the entertainment may rest assured that they will get the worth of their money. Those who have not purchased tickets are advised to go to Plummer & Terry's and buy some; they will never regret the action. Every one who attended "Esmeralda," as played here some time ago, was more than pleased with it. Most of the performers in that play are engaged in the one coming off this week. "One Hundred Years Ago" is much more interesting than "Esmeralda," and the acting, if possible, is even better.

The military bridge across the Spokane, near Fort Spokane was recently washed away.

Lt. C. M. Truitt, 21st Inf., has relinquished his leave of absence for the purpose of going into the field with his company, now in Chief Moses' country.

The Board of County Commissioners of Nes Perce county, I. T., in session last week, made a levy of 17 mills on the dollar, for Territorial and county purposes.

### IS IT WELL?

Contributed.]  
 The beautiful bouquet and wreath of flowers lay on the short coffin. Weeping eyes and hearts were around it. Was it well that the flowers were there? It was. Well that they were planted, and that they grew; well that time was spent in cultivating them, and that they blossomed, and well that their buds and flowers were picked for this occasion. Could they have spoken they would have cried: why am I broken off to bleed and wilt and die, And its companions would have mournfully said, why? The owner knew. Their ignorance alone would have prevented their knowing.

It is well with the child? Yes, far better for the child than for the flowers. Only the child's body will wilt, but the soul, never. The egg-shell has been broken, but the egg is not lost. The better part has taken wings and flown away to warble sweet songs in the air.

"Who plucked the flower?" cried the gardener as he wandered through the garden? "The Master," replied his fellow servant, and the gardener was silent. This is from an inscription on an ancient grave yard. The gardener had planted, cultivated it, and loved it because it was so beautiful, but he knew it was not his, and when he knew that the owner had plucked it, he was silent. The owner sometimes plucks our immortal flowers.

On many a child's tombstone may be seen a broken bud hanging down. Sad. But on one in Connecticut is the figure of a stem with the bud broken off it is true, but a pure dove is carrying it away upwards. This is hopeful, emblematic of the angles carrying our broken buds to heaven.

Was it better to have the flowers with broken stems on the coffin or not to have had them at all? With such feelings Dr. Hall, of England, wrote to Dr. T. L. Cuyler, of New York, when one of the twin children of the latter had been plucked by the Master: "Mine has been the continual sorrow of not having one in the home nest. Yours the pleasure of having one, and then the sorrow of laying him away, but with the anticipation of meeting him again in the blessed hereafter." And another wrote: "We love our little ones not only for what they are but for what they are to be. Another who has one there wrote: "Favored ones are we who have little ones in the training school of heaven." And still another: "We have learned the blessedness of tears; they wash the eyes that faith may see the father into Heaven." And even an Indian said: "The Great Spirit can take better care of your little one, than you; can give him a better home, and an education among the angels."

And one other wrote: "My brother and sister, look not on the grave; your boy is not there; he is above with the redeemed, his life has just begun. Look up and see him in the arms of Jesus, who says: 'Suffer little children to come unto me.' In the spiritual garden you have now a new interest; your own plant is there; and the Great and good Gardener has himself undertaken its culture. You may be sure it shall become a glorious tree. Let not your heart be troubled. A heavenly mansion has received your darling child and ere long you shall go to greet him there; then if not before you will know the full import of those blessed words: 'What I do thou knowest not now, but thou shalt know hereafter.'"

How these and other similar passages are marked in any copy of Cuyler's "Empty Crib." It was done by a mother of tenderest feelings whose little Mary lay near the mountains of Idaho. Every day she walked a mile to the grave to weep there for weeks or months until her friends feared she would lose her reason. But when an older one began to be wayward and to cause sorrow of heart I shall never forget how she said: "My little Mary is safe. I am so thankful I would not have her back for anything." Like the mother of the Shunnamite's son she had learned to say in answer to the question, "Is it well with the child?" "It is well."

### Clippings.

King county claims a population of 10,000, and Seattle, with her numerous additions, lays claim to 7000 of this number.

An eastern dispatch says that work on the U. P. E. R. has been resumed and it is intended to complete the track to the summit of the Rocky Mountains this year. This will leave only 263 miles of track to connect the British Columbia section with the main line west.

The publishers of the school books used in the public schools of Washington, under the direction of the Territorial Board of Education, announce a reduction in the prices of the books, to become general throughout all parts of the Territory, upon the completion of the Northern Pacific.

HENRY LANDES, Pres. CHAS. EISENBEIS, Vice-Pres. R. C. HILL, Cashier.

## THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Will be ready for the transaction of a general banking business on or about June 1, 1883.

Paid up Capital, \$50,000.00.

### DIRECTORS:

Chas. Eisenbeis, C. C. Bartlett, Capt. S. P. Jocelyn,  
 C. M. Bradshaw, Sigmund Waterman, R. C. Hill, Henry Landes.

## WATERMAN & KATZ

SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

And General Dealers in

**Dry-Goods, Groceries,**

Ship Chandlery, CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES, Hats, Caps, Hardware, Crockery, Furniture, Bedding, Farming Implements, Building Material, Produce, Etc., Etc., Etc.

ALL Goods will be sold Cheap for Cash.

Drafts Bought and Sold on all Parts of the World.

We will pay Highest prices for Wool, Oil, Hides, Furs and Country Produce.

## JAMES JONES'

CASH GROCERY STORE.

I have just added a full Line of Groceries to my Stock of Stationery, &c., and intend to SELL CHEAP FOR READY PAY In Either Produce or Cash!

Consisting in part of

## Fine wines and liquors;

Choice Butter, Cheese, Honey, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Provisions and Supplies, Flour, Oat and Corn Meals, Bran, Oregon Apples, Dried Fruits, all Kinds. **STATIONERY**, a complete Stock & Cheap. The BEST Brands of Cigars and Tobacco.

Agent for the Celebrated

**"WILDWOOD" WHISKY**

Covington, Kentucky,

For Port Townsend and Vicinity.

JUST RECEIVED—A large lot of Imported and Domestic Cigars of the best brands.

Subscriptions received for all books, newspapers and periodicals published in the United States, at publishers' prices.

Rifles, Cartridges, Shells, Powder, Shot, wads and caps.

## COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

ROYAL (Absolutely Pure).....	.....
GRANT'S (Alum Powder)*.....	.....
BUNFORD'S (Phosphate) fresh.....	.....
HANFORD'S, when fresh.....	.....
REDHEAD'S.....	.....
CHARM (Alum Powder)*.....	.....
AMAZON (Alum Powder)*.....	.....
CLEVELAND'S.....	.....
PIONEER (San Francisco).....	.....
CZAR.....	.....
DR. PRICE'S.....	.....
SNOW FLAKE (Grotz's, St. Paul).....	.....
LEWIS'.....	.....
CONGRESS.....	.....
HECKER'S.....	.....
GILLET'S.....	.....
HANFORD'S, when not fresh.....	.....
ANDREWS & CO. (contains alum) (Milwaukee) "Regal."*.....	.....
BULK (Powder sold loose).....	.....
BUNFORD'S, when not fresh.....	.....

## REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVE, Ph.D."

"It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure." H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MONTON, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HATES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

**NOTE.**—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A one pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair minded person of these facts.

\* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

OUR JUVENILES.

Lulu Takes Care of Kitty.

They brushed the clothes, they beat the clothes,
One sunny April day—
Their winter clothes, I mean—and then
They packed them all away
In paper boxes tied around
With very strongest strings,
First freely sprinkling them with some
Tobacco dust and camphor gum,
And other scented things.

A Good Bargain.

"Father, here is a problem about a
boy who agreed to work for a farmer for
a year if the farmer would agree to give
him a grain of corn the first week, two
grains the second week, four the third,
eight the fourth, and so on, doubling
the amount every week for a year. I
wouldn't work for such wages as that—
Only think of getting a grain of corn—
just one grain—for a whole week's work,
and only two grains for the next week!"

"Well, Henry," said his father, "that
was a good bargain for the boy, but a
poor one for the farmer."
"A poor one for the farmer! How
could that be? A bushel of corn would
pay the whole year's wages!"

"Hardly, I think. Let's see. This
problem is in a rule called 'Geometrical
Progression.' Have you got that far,
Henry?"
"No, sir, but will be there in a couple
of weeks. I was just looking ahead a
little and saw this problem."

"Well, let us take a lesson in it to-
night, and it will help you when you
get to it in your class. Take your
slate and pencil and begin with 1, and
multiply it by 2, and that product by 2,
and so on until you have doubled it 52
times, as there are 52 weeks in the
year."

Henry went at it, thinking he would
soon be done, but after working for fif-
teen minutes he said:
"I have filled my slate and have only
got up to 36. Why, it will take a good
many grains by the time I get through!
But there must be a shorter way to do
it. Is there not, father?"

"Not much shorter, but simple arith-
metic. You see 1 is the first term of
the series, 2 the second, 4 the third, 8
the fourth, and so on. To find the last
term, or the fifty-second term, you must
keep on multiplying for fifty-one times.
The last product will be the number of
grains the boy got for the last or fifty-
second week, and each product all
through the work is the amount received
for that week. Then, to get how much
he received altogether, you will have to
add these products together."

"Why, that would be an awful job,
father. I should think they would find
out a shorter way."

"And so they have, after you have
found the last term, and to find out the
last term you must go on with your
multiplying. Take some paper and a
lead pencil, if your slate is full."

Henry went at it again, and in about
fifteen minutes longer announced that
it was done.
"Now, to get the sum, in this case,
all you have to do is to multiply the last
term by 2 and subtract 1 from the
product."

Henry performed the operation, and
announced the result as 1,456,593,257,
463,808 grains.
"That is a big sum, is it not?" asked
his father, with a merry twinkle in his
eye.
"Yea, indeed! I wonder how many
bushels it would make. I'll go to the
crib in the morning and shell a quart
and count the grains; then by multiply-
ing that by 32 it will give the grains in
a bushel, and by dividing that into the
whole number of grains the boy re-
ceived, it will give the bushels."

The next morning Henry went out to
the crib and brought in enough corn to
fill a quart measure when shelled. But
counting the grains was a bigger job
than he imagined.
"The quickest way, Henry," said his
father, "is to weigh an ounce of corn,
count the grains, multiply that by six-
teen to get the number of grains in a
pound, and that by fifty-six to get the
number of grains in a bushel."

Henry jumped at the suggestion, and
found that seventy-five grains weighed
an ounce, and that there were 67,200
grains in a bushel. Then dividing, he
found that for this year's wages the boy
would receive 21,675,494,902 bushels.
"That is more than has been raised
in the whole United States for ten years

past," said his father, "and would make
the boy worth as much as Vanderbilt,
the great railroad man."

"I should think it was a good bar-
gain for the boy," said Henry.—Ohio
Farmer.

WATER.

We may judge something of the rela-
tive value of water, in the human econ-
omy, when we remember that most of
the body and its solvent juices are pure
water. For example, the saliva is 99
per cent. water, the gastric juice 97, the
bile 87, pancreatic juice 93, blood 79,
and even our bones 10, as solid as they
seem. Since the Creator made us as we
are, established these relations of water
to the system, it is reasonable to infer
that a large per cent. of alcohol com-
bined with these solvent fluids would
not increase their effectiveness. If the
change of starchy foods into grape sugar,
as an important step in the digestive
process, demands 99 per cent. of water
for its perfection, I cannot believe that
an addition of 10 per cent. of alcohol
would render that process any easier or
more expeditious. On reaching the
stomach for another change, if the Cre-
ator, in infinite wisdom, has made the
gastric juice principally of water, I do
not feel justified in recommending ale or
porter as an aid to digestion. The same
principles will equally apply to all of
the remaining processes. Water is the
best solvent known—more nearly uni-
versal than any other. This constitutes
it the best possible drink for all living
creatures.—Dr. J. H. Hanaford.

Memphis.

Memphis was one of the oldest of the
world's great cities. It was built on the
banks of the Nile when all Europe was
a savage wilderness, and its inhabitants
barbarians living in huts and caves.
The great city grew up under the rule of
the Pharaohs to be a scene of busy
trade, almost as thickly peopled as Lon-
don or New York. To-day its site can
scarcely be traced. But 4,000 years ago
Memphis was a city of palaces and tem-
ples. Pharaoh was lodged more splen-
dently than Louis XIV., and Cheops pro-
vided himself with the most magnificent
of tombs. One of the Memphian tem-
ples is thus described: "He seemed to
be in Memphis, his native city; and, en-
tering the Temple of Isis, saw it shining
with the splendor of a thousand lighted
lamps; all the avenues of the temple
were crowded with people, and resound-
ed with the noise of the passing throngs."
The inner shrine was sup-
posed to be the residence of the goddess.
To Memphis, perhaps, came Joseph, the
gentle Jew, to become the ruler of the
land. There came his brethren and the
Israelites to buy corn. Here the Jews
passed their four centuries of captivity;
from its palaces they bore off the jewels
and gold of the Egyptians; from its
memorable shore they set out on their
march; from the gates of Memphis the
furious Pharaoh followed with chariot
and horse, to perish in the treacherous
sea.

Nowhere can be found more striking
incidents than are connected with this
desolate, narrow part of the shore of
the Nile. Moses, perhaps, floated in
his basket near by, and won his life
with the smile of infancy, always ir-
resistible. It was the scene of the plagues,
of the terrible darkness, of the years of
plenty and the years of want. It flour-
ished in splendor and wealth for a period
that makes the age of most cities seem
trivial. New York is more than 250
years old, London about 1,900; Mem-
phis flourished for more than 3,000
years. It has passed away, but one of
its labors can never apparently perish.
Cheops, one of the Memphian Kings,
built the largest of the pyramids, and
near it are several others not much less
in size. A pyramid was no doubt a
royal tomb. Various explanations have
been given of the origin and purpose of
these wonderful buildings. Some sup-
pose them intended for astronomical
purposes; others suggest that they
were designed to mark the dimensions
of an inch, and fix the system of com-
puting distances. But history and
tradition assert that they were the
tombs of the Memphian Kings.—Har-
per's Young People.

One trouble about raising a newspa-
per man here is that, as soon as he gets
to be a thoroughbred, Chicago sends a
bench warrant in the shape of a big sal-
ary, and takes him away.—Peck's Sun.

The editor of a Virginia newspaper
was asked by a stranger if it was pos-
sible that little town kept up four news-
papers, and the reply was, "No, it takes
four newspapers to keep up the town."

There are 390 female physicians in
America, and more are coming.

THE PRESS.

Henry Watterson gives out something
in the following extract which ought to
be not only read, but memorized and
studied, by the whole profession:

We are passing through an era of
transition. The sentimental politics
of the sectional epoch is pretty well
worked out. With us there is little else
than individual politics, the two parties
being for the most part aggregations of
interior personalities. The press, which
has vast power and capabilities, knows
the use of neither. As a public force it
is a curse instead of a blessing. It is a
vehicle, not merely of disjointed thought,
but of mean and paltry thoughts; sensa-
tional and unreliable in its news; coarse,
feeble and splenetic in its wit; too often
mercenary and opinionless, and gener-
ally underbred in tone.

There is no thoughtful journalist who
does not feel this to be true; and yet
what vast opportunities for self-elevation
and for great public service are enjoyed
by the newspaper of the present day. It
ought to be the master, instead of the
slave, of the telegraph and the railroad;
it ought to rank in respectability with
the pulpit and the bar. Does it? In
spite of all its nobility, which makes it
feared, it is secretly despised by the
public, and, instead of being a passport
to the consideration of strangers, the
knowledge that a man is a journalist has
to be overcome before he can exist in a
certain half-unconscious prejudice remov-
ing in the memory of those who cannot
forget the lewd, fickle and dastardly
character of so much of our contempo-
rary journalism.

It is not pleasant, for one who is
nothing if not a journalist, to say this.
But it is true, and it expresses the real
sentiment entertained by the best intel-
ligence of the country. As a rule, men
are afraid to say so. But they think it;
and, until journalists realize it, there
will be no reform. I take leave to say
as much because I am able to tackle all
the truths that may be told about me,
and am indifferent to lies and liars.
And so I dismiss Bro. Scissors and his
unsavory collation of scoundrelisms. In
most cases, if I chose, I could show a
dishonoring personal motive for the
most of these. But the game, as the
saying goes, is not worth the candle.

The press of the South—which has
been accused of a want of enterprise—
has, perhaps on that account, escaped
at least a part of the offensiveness char-
acteristic of the more "advanced" jour-
nalism of the day. As it advances, let
us try to be equally responsible and de-
corous. Gentlemanship is not at a dis-
count yet, even with the lowest classes.
To be amusing it is not necessary to be
indecent. To be strong, it is not neces-
sary to trample down the weak. To be
newsy, it is not necessary to invade the
sanctity of private life. After a while,
the public will awaken to its own de-
fense; and, when it does, thorough re-
liability and absolute cleanliness will
become indispensable to newspaper suc-
cess.

NEWSPAPERS.

There are certainly no products of the
arts so cheap as the newspaper, and it is
difficult to imagine any other thing.
Were it not a medium for the communi-
cation of the commercial needs of the
community, which form a part of its in-
come, but are not strictly one of its
journalistic functions, it would be im-
possible to furnish what it does at the
prices which it gets. That on the whole
it does not pay like other furnished
products—the cake, the cigar, the oyster
supper, the ribbon, the lace, the glass
of beer—can only be explained on the
theory once advanced by the English
philosopher who was asked why the
manufacturers of ale were all million-
aires, and the authors all poor. "Be-
cause," he replied, "for one man who
has brains, thirty have bowels."—De-
troit Free Press.

No reason has a right to live without
labor.

FOR THE LADIES.

Ladies suffering from sick head-
aches, neuralgia, colds, fevers, indig-
estion and habitual constipation will
find Syrup of Figs as effective in af-
fording relief as it is pleasant to the
taste. It acts thoroughly yet gently,
a very small quantity sufficing to re-
move all impurities from the system,
and makes one feel lappier and
brighter. Large bottles for sale and
trial bottles free at N. D. Hill & Son's
Drug Store.

DISPATCH,

JAMES MORGAN, Master,
Will leave Port Townsend for Neah Bay
and way ports every Monday Morning at
8 o'clock. Returning will arrive on
Wednesdays. Towing and charters at
reasonable rates. Apply on board, or to
L. B. Hastings or C. C. Bartlett & Co.

BUSINESS LOCALS

THAT HACKING COUGH can be quickly cured
by Shiloh's Cure. We guarantee it. Sold by
Lattimer & Co.

NEWS for Sportsmen: Breach load-
ing Shot Guns and Rifles from the East
now at Waterman & Katz.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure
for Catarrh, Dysuria and Canker Mouth. Sold
by Lattimer & Co.

If you want the best tea in Port Town-
send, go to Jas. Jones' opposite Central
Hotel. He will furnish you with the
Purity Uncolored Japan Tea, for which
he is sole agent.

G. MORRIS KALLER,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Practice in Admiralty.

Port Townsend, A Great City!

Buy a home now, while wages are
good and lots cheap. Don't be afraid.
Think how you missed it in Brook-
lyn, Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha,
etc. Look out or you will miss it
again. Others have doubled their
money here in a few months and so
many more. Save your money and buy a
lot. It's business! A good lot worth
more than a farm!

Two good lots overlooking Bay for
\$450. Two other fine lots, \$300.
Ask D. W. SMITH,
Opposite Central Hotel.

PORT DISCOVERY STAGE.

Carrying U. S. Mails and Passengers.
Leaves Port Townsend every day at 2 p.
m. making close connections with the
steamer Fannie at Keyes' Landing.

W. S. SEAVEY, Proprietor.

JOHN T. NORRIS,

DEALER IN
Stoves, Tinware,
PUMPS, IRON PIPE,
Steam and Water Fitting,
House Furnishing
Hardware.
Prime Quality and a Fair Market Price for
every article made or sold.

THE BEST REMEDY

FOR
Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Diseases of the pulmo-
nary organs are so pre-
valent and fatal, that a
safe and reliable remedy
for them is invaluable
to every community.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL
IS SUCH A REMEDY,
and no other so emi-
nently merits the confi-
dence of the public. It
is a scientific combina-
tion of the medicinal
principles and curative
virtues of the finest
drugs, chemically unit-
ed, to insure the great-
est possible efficiency
and uniformity of re-
sults, which enables
physicians as well as invalids to use it with
confidence. It is the most reliable remedy
for diseases of the throat and lungs that
science has produced. It strikes at the foun-
dation of all pulmonary diseases, affording
prompt and certain relief, and is adapted to
patients of any age or either sex. Being
very palatable, the youngest children take
it without difficulty. In the treatment of
ordinary Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat,
Bronchitis, Influenza, Clergyman's
Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and Cat-
arrh, the effects of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL
are magical, and multitudes are an-
nually preserved from serious illness by its
timely and faithful use. It should be kept
at hand in every household, for the pro-
tection it affords in sudden attacks. In
Whooping-cough and Consumption
there is no other remedy so efficacious,
soothing, and helpful.

The marvellous cures which AYER'S
CHERRY PECTORAL has effected all over the
world are a sufficient guaranty that it will
continue to produce the best results. An
impartial trial will convince the most scepti-
cal of its wonderful curative powers, as well
as of its superiority over all other prepara-
tions for pulmonary complaints.

Eminent physicians in all parts of the
country, knowing its composition, recom-
mend AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL to invalids,
and prescribe it in their practice. The test
of half a century has proved its absolute
certainty to cure all pulmonary complaints
not already beyond the reach of human aid.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

FALL MONEY LIST
WE KEEP IN STOCK
THE LARGEST VARIETY OF
GOODS IN THE U. S. AND CAN SELL
YOU ANY ARTICLE FOR PERSONAL OR FAMILY
USE, IN ANY QUANTITY AT WHOLESALE PRICE.
WHATSOEVER YOU WANT SEND FOR OUR CATA-
LOGUE (FREE) AND YOU WILL FIND IT THERE.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
237 & 239 WABASH AVENUE, CHICAGO.

READY SAVED
Sept. 1

I X L MARKET.

All Kinds of Choice Meats—
Constantly on Hand—
L. Smith,
Proprietor.

HILL'S ALBUM

Biography and Art.
By the author of "Hill's Manual." Biographies of
Distinguished Actors, Warriors, Musicians, Scien-
tists, Inventors, Politicians, Explorers, Religion-
ists, Poets, Artists, Quakers, Lawyers, Writers,
Statesmen, Physicians, Astronomers, and of all
persons of note in the world, past and present. A
beautiful volume of 247 pages, quarto, heavily
illustrated with hundreds of fine portraits, in-
cluding those of kings, emperors, artists and
scientists. Sold by mail only. Agents:
Market, Address A. L. Bancroft & Co., 41-43
Market Street, San Francisco.

SAVE MONEY

By buying at dealers' prices. We will
sell you any article for family or per-
sonal use, in any quantity at Wholesale
Price. Whatever you want, send for
our catalogue (free) and you will find
it there. We carry in stock the largest
variety of goods in the United States.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.
227 & 229 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.

WISD

people are always on the
lookout for chances to increase
their earnings, and in time become
wealthy; those who do not improve
their opportunities remain in pov-
erty. We offer a great chance to make
money. We want many men, women, boys and
girls to work for us right in their own localities.
Any one can do the work properly from the first
start. The business will pay more than ten times
ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free.
No one who engages fails to make money rapidly.
You can devote your whole time to the work, or
only your spare moments. Full information and
all details sent free. Address STRONG &
CO., Portland, Maine. 47-17

Maison Dore Restaurant

POST OFFICE BUILDING,
WATER STREET, Port Townsend, W. T.

Board and Lodging by the day, week or
month. Meals served to order
at all hours.

FRESH OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE.
oc1 Mrs. LEARNED, Prop'r.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

A Sure Cure Guaranteed.

DR. E. C. WEN'S NERVE AND BRAIN
Treatment, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness,
Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depres-
sion, Loss of Memory, Epilepsy, Impotency,
Involuntary Emissions, premature old age, caused
by over exertion, self-abuse or over-indulgence,
which leads to misery, decay and death. One box
will cure recent cases. Each box contains one
month's treatment; one dollar a box, or six boxes
for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of
price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case.
With each order received by us for six boxes ac-
companied with five dollars, we will send the pur-
chaser our written guarantee to return the money
if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees
issued only by

WOODWARD, CLARK & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Portland, Oregon.
Orders by mail at regular prices. 34-4m.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS made miserable by the
terrible cough. Which Cure is the remedy for
you. Sold by Lattimer & Co.

a week made at home by the
industrious. Best business now before
the public. Capital not needed. We
will start you. Men, women, boys and
girls wanted everywhere to work for us.
Now is the time. You can work in
your own home or give your whole time to the business.
No other business will pay you nearly so well. No
one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging
at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money
sent by mail, easily and liberally. Address:
D. M. FERRY & CO., Augusta, Maine. 47-17

WERRY'S
ILLUSTRATED
DESCRIPTIVE
AND
PRACTICAL
SEEDS
FOR 1893

Will be sent by mail to any one who
orders a copy of our new and complete
catalogue of last year's seed, containing 100
pages, about 150 illustrations, prices, quality
descriptions and value of seed, for 1893.
150 varieties of Vegetables and Flower Seeds,
Plants, Fruit Trees, etc. Illustrated, and
fully in Market. Send for it.
D. M. FERRY & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

A. A. THOMAS,

St. Clair Building, Cor. 8th and F. Streets,
Washington, D. C.

PRACTICES BEFORE THE U. S. GENERAL
Land Office. Contested land cases, Titles
and claims, mining, pre-emption and homestead
cases presented before the General Land Office,
Department of the Interior and Supreme Court,
and all classes of claims before the Executive De-
partments. Special attention given to town site
cases. Land warrants, homestead claims and all
kinds of land scrip purchased and sold.

RISIN

not life is sweeping by, CO
as if to be before you die, so that
nightly and daytime leave behind
to conquer time. 25c a box in
your own town, 35c outfit free. No
risk. Everything new. Capital not
required. We will furnish you everything. Man-
age and build fortunes. Ladies make as much as
men, and boys and girls make great pay. Be set
if you want business at which you can make money
at all the time, write for particulars, to H. H.
LASK & Co., Portland, Maine. 47-17

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and
indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early
decay, loss of vitality, etc., I will send a recipe
that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This
great remedy was discovered by a physician in
South America. For a self-improvement
to the Rev. Joseph T. ISMAN, Station 14, New
York City. 47-17

SHILOH'S COUGH and Consumption Cure
Sold by us on guarantee. It cures consumption.
Sold by Lattimer & Co.

# Weekly Argus.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF PORT TOWNSEND.

## BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS.

From Friday's Daily.

A LETTER to a gentleman in this city from Capt. J. M. Selien, U. S. R. M., residing for some time at Seattle, brings the very gratifying intelligence that the Captain has fully recovered his health, and that he has moreover a strong desire to return to Port Townsend. Capt. Selien resided here a long time, and nothing would gratify his many friends here more than to enjoy his genial society again.

THE steamship Idaho arrived last night from Alaskan ports. She reports bad weather on the way up, but a splendid trip down. Two fish canneries have been started in Alaska lately, one at Pyramid Harbor and one at Fox Narrows. Indians all quiet. Too early yet for much activity in the mines. The Idaho will leave again for north about May 5th. She has 700 tons of coal on board for Astoria.

From Saturday's Daily.

PORT Discovery saw mill will resume active operations on Monday.

Whooping cough is prevalent in town, a number of children being down with it.

Teachers' examination next Wednesday. Be on hand if you want a certificate.

The Dakota will be down from Seattle tomorrow afternoon, on her way seaward.

Miss Harrington, of Seattle, came down today to visit friends at Dungeness.

At the auction sale today Mr. C. Eisenbeis bought the James store building for \$65.

Mr. O. H. Holcomb arrived home today from Eastern Washington with four more large work horses.

Mr. C. F. Clapp and family, of Dungeness, returned home today after a brief visit to this place.

It is expected that the post office at Snohomish City will be authorized to issue money orders after July 1st.

Just received a fine assortment of jointed and bamboo fishing rods, trout flies, lines, etc., at JAS. JONES'.

Those piles of stone already delivered on Water and Adams streets indicate the early erection of the new bank building.

Timber land grabbing in northern California is said to be surpassing everything of the kind hitherto known on the coast.

Mr. Brockway, of Pyscht, is having a small scow boat built at this place for lightening freight from steamers at that point.

Mr. Hubbard, of Dungeness, was brought to this place a few days ago by Mr. S. Brooks, of Sequim, for medical treatment.

Mr. J. J. Calhoun has been employed temporarily as Inspector of Customs, to take the place of Mr. Winslow who is off duty for a while.

Take a look at the interior of Mr. Gerson's handsome store. He has a fine variety of excellent goods attractively displayed.

ATTENTION is called to Mrs. Anderson's advertisement in today's Argus. If you want to buy good farming land on Whidby Island now is your opportunity.

We are requested to announce that there will be no services in St. Paul's Episcopal church tomorrow, Rev. Alexander being absent in Olympia.

Don't forget Leo's Ideal Pleasure Party entertainment on Monday evening next. Reserved seats without extra charge at C. C. Bartlett & Co.'s.

The Dispatch left late this afternoon for Dungeness with a lot of passengers who were desirous of going before the regular trip next Monday.

Mrs. Hall Davis and her daughter, Grace, the latter just from school at the Territorial University at Seattle, returned to their home at Dungeness today.

Messrs. Bradshaw & Jones are moving their law office to eligible rooms over Bartlett & Co.'s store. Their present office building will be rented for a dwellinghouse.

A private letter from Mrs. O. S. Willey, formerly of this place, informs a lady friend here that Lient. Willey is now stationed at Mobile, Alabama, their old home.

NO SERVICE.—There will be no service in the M. E. Church tomorrow. Rev. S. H. Todd, the pastor, went to Dungeness to hold quarterly meeting for Rev. A. Atwood, presiding elder.

New Tacoma is to have a mammoth hotel, built by the N. P. R. R. Co., after the plan of the new Portland hotel. It will be a credit to the terminus and to Puget Sound.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Philbrick will be passengers on the outgoing Dakota for San Francisco. They will be absent several months, and may go East before returning.

Rev. Myron Eells, of the Skokomish Indian Agency, went to Dungeness today to look after the interests of the Jamestown Indian school near that place, Mr. H. C. Minkler, teacher, being about to remove to Montesano.

The Portland Daily Standard is to have full and latest telegraphic dispatches after May 1st. M. A. Noltner, its enterprising publisher, is desirous of securing the services of competent correspondents at all points throughout the country.

## A CARD OF THANKS.

"At a broken home, April 27, 1883." DEAR FRIEND WIFE:—I wish to thank our many friends in Port Townsend for their kindness shown to my dear wife, who has so recently passed away, and particularly those who have been so devoted to her for the long weary months that she has been confined to the house; Captain and Mrs. Hinds, Captain and Mrs. Morgan, Mrs. Harned, Katie Morgan, Mrs. L. B. Hastings, Mrs. Littlefield, Mrs. Lote Hastings, Mrs. Frank Hastings, Mrs. Wm. Chapman, Mrs. David Littlefield, Dr. and Mrs. Hill, Daniel Hill, Mrs. Plummer, Mrs. Terry, Mrs. Dodd, Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Todd, Mrs. Webber, and to those dear friends who made her casket a bed of flowers, which my beloved wife so fondly craved; also, Dr. Minor and the choir, for their assistance at the funeral. I am, also, very grateful to Hon. A. W. Bash, Collector; Major Washon, Special Agent; Messrs. Harned and Chapman, deputies; Messrs. Attridge, Swayze and Leyman, Inspectors, for many favors shown to me during the weary months we were battling with sickness. May each and all, when their time comes to pass through the trying ordeal, find as kind and true friends to minister to their every want, as we have found in the citizens of our adopted city.

Gratefully and truly yours, FRANK H. WINNSLOW.

## Weather Report.

April 28, 4 P. M.

NEAR BAY.—Temperature moderate; light southwest wind. Schooner bound east.

PYSCHT.—Clear; light southeast wind. Back bound west.

PORT ANGELES.—Clear; moderate; light southwest wind. Steamer bound west; passed 1 P. M.

APR. 28.—Ship Otage arrived last night, 16 days from Hawaiian Islands. Sch. Reporter, lumber laden for Honolulu, is in the bay. Steamship San Pedro from Tacoma, coal laden for San Francisco, called here today.

## BORN.

In Olympia, W. T., April 23, 1883, to the wife of Ensign Jordan, U. S. Coast Survey, a son—9½ lbs. Mother and child doing well.

In this city, April 19th, to the wife of Mr. Monroe, of Pyscht, a son.

## DIED.

In San Francisco, on Sunday last, Mr. H. A. Webster, aged about 62 years.

Mr. Webster was an old resident of this place, and was for many years Collector of Customs for this district, and before that Agency Trader at Neah Bay. For the past three years he has been prostrated by a painful complaint, and a few weeks since, went to California accompanied by his wife and family, in the hope that health might be improved by the climate of that State. Mr. Webster was well-known and much respected all over the Sound. He leaves a wife and two small children.

The postal cards are made at Holyoke, Mass., by forty men, who turn out about a million daily. They have diminished the consumption of writing paper by from \$12,000,000 to \$15,000,000 a year.

COMING.—I will be in Port Townsend May 4th, 1883. Thanking the people of Port Townsend and vicinity, for liberal patronage past, I solicit the same in the future. All persons having work done by me heretofore, please call and have your teeth examined, as I guarantee satisfaction and will refund all defects free of charge. C. W. HUNT, Dentist.

The U. S. Mail Steamer

Try the "Rising Star" Tea

This brand of Tea is imported direct from Japan, packed expressly for Waterman & Katz, and sold by them solely on Puget Sound. Every package is branded "Waterman & Katz," and is guaranteed to be superior to any tea sold in Washington Territory. Try it and convince yourselves.

Jy3k1ew WATERMAN & KATZ.

ARE YOU MADE miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Diarrhoea, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by Latimer & Co.

## By Telegraph.

### A Mysterious Case.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 30.—A mysterious case was brought to light this evening, involving the death of a young girl named Lottie Hansinger. She, for some time past, has been troubled with neuragla, for which she was under-going medical treatment, when death suddenly intervened. The doctor in attendance denied knowing anything of the circumstances, but from the coffin purchased at Gray's warehouse, it has been established that he was aware of the fatal termination. Whether it is the result of patent medicines or malpractice it has not been determined.

### Train Accident.

PORT WORTH, Texas, April 30.—A construction train on the Texas & Pacific road ran into a steer, throwing two cars from the track and killing the engineer, brakeman and a workman.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—The Immigrant Association has received letters from the agent at Council Bluffs, stating that two car loads of immigrants had just started for California, and that large and small parties would follow every day. These immigrants are not poor laborers, but families and farmers with means.

## Programme.

The following is the programme of the entertainment on the occasion of the Calico Ball and Concert to be given in Port Townsend on Wednesday evening next, May 21. The Concert will commence at 8 o'clock; dancing at 9:30. Tickets for both, \$3—for sale at Waterman & Katz'. Music by Mesdag's Quadrille Orchestra, of Seattle: 1. Overture Lustspiel.....Keler Bela. Violin, piano and cornet. 2. Violin Obligato.....H. Trovatore. By T. Mesdag. 3. Soprano Solo.....Procto. By Mrs. Pearlman. 4. Angels' Serenade.....Braga. Sopranos solo with violin obligato. By Mrs. Pearlman and T. Mesdag. 5. On the beautiful Rhine.....Keler Bela. Violin, piano and cornet.

We congratulate our friends in Port Townsend upon the treat in store for them, and are confident that the entertainment will be a grand success.—Seattle Chronicle.

The above refers to the entertainment in question, and is based upon the knowledge of the magnificent success of Mesdag's Quadrille Orchestra in our sister town. Of course there will be a large attendance from Port Discovery, Chimacum, Irondale and other points. Let them rest assured that nothing will be left undone by the enterprising "boys" of Port Townsend to minister to their happiness.

GEORGE PECK asserts in his Sun that "a peculiar suit for damages against a newspaper is liable to be commenced against an alleged funny paper not a million miles from Milwaukee. An advertisement was contracted for in which a bald head and a head with plenty of hair was to appear. One was to be labeled "Before using," and the other "After using." The newspaper man, either by mistake or for fun, put the legend "Before using" under the head that had plenty of hair, and "After using" under the picture of the bald head. It is said to have been as good as a can-can to see the owner of the bald-headed remedy, when he saw the way the newspaper had mixed those children up."

Said the Texas man to his Northern guest: "There isn't much fun going on this week; now, if you'd come a week ago, I could have taken you to three yunchings and a dance, but just now there isn't much sport on hand. However, if you like, we'll go down to the saloon and start a fight. I've no doubt the boys would go in to make it pleasant for a stranger." Texans are hospitable men.

## Notice.

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that I have this 23d day of April, 1883, purchased all the interest of Harry Lott in the steamer Hope and the business thereof: All persons having claims against said boat or said Lott's interest therein which accrued prior to said twenty-third April, are notified to present their claims to Bradshaw & Jones, my attorneys, at their office in Port Townsend, within sixty days from this date for payment, else they will not be answered for and all persons indebted to said steamer up to said date are notified to call at same place and settle. JAMES GILMORE. Port Townsend, April 23, '83.

## HENRY LANDES, Commission and Shipping Merchant, & Exchange Broker. Ships Disbursed.

ESTABLISHED and other DRAFTS cashed at LOW rates.

Will sell SIGHT EXCHANGE on SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, and on all parts of the UNITED STATES.

Money remitted to all parts of the World by Draft or telegraphic transfer.

Will pay the highest price in COIN, for WOOL HIDES FURS and SKINS.

GOODS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

### AGENT

For the renowned Red Star and American Line of Ocean Steamers.

Prepaid tickets from or to any part of Europe sold at lowest rate.

People about to send for their friends in Europe, will do well to call at my office, where I will be pleased to give them full information, and where they can purchase prepaid tickets at much lower rates than heretofore. As in the past so in the future, satisfaction guaranteed.

Office next door to FitzPatrick's Shoe Store, Water St., Port Townsend. San Francisco Office, 21 & 23 Battery Street.

## NEW GOODS! RECEIVED A Large Stock of GROCERIES

—AND— PROVISIONS.

Which are on sale At the Lowest Rates for Cash.

CHARLES EISENBEIS, Pioneer Bakery, Owner of Washington Brewery,

Manufacturer of the Best Quality of BEER AND LAGER BEER.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Port Townsend, W. T.



THE LEADING SCIENTISTS OF TODAY agree that most diseases are caused by disordered kidneys or liver. If, therefore, the kidneys and liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time, and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it cures in a few days the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safe, restores and keeps them in order. It is a POSITIVE REMEDY for all diseases that cause pain in the lower part of the body—for Top's Headache—Dizziness—Blindness—Gravel—Fever, Ague—Malarial Fever and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs. It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control Menstruation, and is invaluable for Leucorrhoea or Falling of the Womb. As a Blood Purifier it is unequalled, for it cures the organs that make the blood.

READ THE RECORD. "It saved my life."—E. B. Lakely, Selma, Ala. "It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."—Mother's Magazine. "It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country."—New York World. "No remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it."—Rev. C. A. Harvey, D. D., Washington, D. C.

This remedy which has done such wonders is put up in the largest sized bottle of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by druggists and all dealers at \$1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, Insanity for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a positive remedy.

M. H. WARNER & CO., Rochester, N. Y.

## DIVIDEND NOTICE.

PUGET SOUND TELEGRAPH COMPANY. At a meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Puget Sound Telegraph Co., held at the office of the Secretary of said company in Port Townsend, W. T., on the 23d day of April, 1883, a dividend was declared of one dollar per share on all shares of stock of said company, which paid the special assessment of June 30, 1871, also a further dividend of four dollars per share and every share of stock of said P. S. T. Co. Payable at the Secretary's office in Port Townsend. By order Board of Trustees, NATH. D. HILL, Sec'y.

## Eggs For Hatching.

PURE BROWN LEG HORN.

The undersigned offers a limited quantity of fresh eggs of the above breed, for sale at \$2 for each setting. Will pack them for shipping in safety to distant points. B. S. HOXSN. Port Townsend, March 6, 1883. 2m.

## ASK FOR "OUR FAVORITE" TEA.

And take no other, even if recommended as "equally as good" until you have tried this reliable brand. For sale by PLUMMER & TERRY.

## FOR CASH ONLY.

WILL SELL

## BOOTS AND SHOES AT COST,

For the next thirty days

Anything booked will be the usual price.

JOHN FITZPATRICK. m20 Port Townsend, March 29, 1883.

## Farm For Sale!

One hundred and fifty-five acres of farming land on Whidby Island, for sale. About thirty acres cleared. For particulars inquire of Mrs. Fannie Anderson at Central Hotel, Port Townsend. Apr. 2d '83.

## Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Briggs & Edgill, doing business in the city of Port Townsend, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Edgill retiring. The business will be conducted by Albert Briggs. ALBERT BRIGGS. N. D. EDGILL.

## STEAMER VIRGINIA,

LEAVES PORT TOWNSEND For Irondale at 8 A. M.; also for Whidby Island at 11 A. M.

For Irondale at 4 P. M. every day. For freight or passage apply on board. L. B. HASTINGS, Jr., Master.

## DR. C. W. HUNT, DENTIST,

Will be in Port Townsend again on or about MAY 15th next. Thanking the public for liberal patronage, I hope to command their confidence in future. C. W. HUNT.

## NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

There will be a meeting of the Board of Examination of Jefferson County, W. T., on Wednesday, May 2, 1883, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the public school house in Port Townsend, for the purpose of examining applicants for teacher's certificates. E. A. COLLINS, Supt. Schools, Jefferson Co., W. T.

## Occidental Hotel!

Water Street.....Port Townsend.

This Popular Stand has just been fitted up and REOPENED.

Good clean beds, enlarged dining room and comfortable parlors. No pains will be spared to render every attention to boarders. Rooms, with or without board, by the day or week, at reasonable rates. Mrs. J. DALGARNO, Prop'r.

W. M. Dodd, J. E. Pugh.

## CENTRAL HOTEL,

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., This House is New and Newly Furnished, and possesses all the appointments of a First Class Hotel.

Its bar is supplied with the best of wines, liquors and cigars. There is a first-class billiard table and reading-room in the Hotel. Nothing will be left undone to make this Hotel second to none in the Territory. DODD & PUGH.

CATARRH CURED, health and sweet breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by Latimer & Co.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of strength, purity and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the mountains of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 109 Wall-st., N. Y.

STAYING TOO LONG.

A young man was telling some of his acquaintances how he had gone back on his girl because she was sarcastic, and they asked him to explain what he meant. He said that he was spending the evening with her, and he noticed that she seemed to be absent-minded, or tired, or something. Along about 2 o'clock in the morning he said she started up suddenly in alarm, and exclaimed, "My, what is that?" He said he told her he didn't hear anything, and asked her what it sounded like, and she said she thought maybe it was the milk man coming with the milk. He said that was too sarcastic, and he would never go to see her again. Well, probably he couldn't suit her any better. Some fellows overdo the thing entirely, when they go to see a girl, and nothing will break them of the habit of wearing out a girl like some sarcastic remark like that. Sometimes the father of the girl will come to the head of the stairs and ask the girl if the morning paper has come, or if she will not tell her visitor to call the hired girl when he gets ready to go. These things may look to a young man to be sarcastic, but his conduct warrants it. There is no girl who is well, and wants to keep so, that wants to sit up all night with an ordinary young man. She has got to have some sleep or she is not worth the powder to blow her up. She can get all the information that he has to impart in six or seven hours, and every hour she stops after that is a dead loss. Some young fellows never know enough to go. They speak of it being time to go, about 10 o'clock, and the girl, to be polite, says, "O, don't hurry away. It is early yet," and the galoot thinks she means it, and he goes into camp for a few hours more, and all the time the girl is on nettles. She wishes the house would take fire, or that he would be seized with a cramp, so he would get out. She knows she will be the laughing stock of the whole family, and wishes he was in Gehenna, but he stays as though he was sitting up with a corpse. No girl wants to seem impolite, and one will yawn behind a handkerchief, or hitch uneasily in her chair, and pray for relief, and when the stayer does finally go, she will skip up stairs three at a time and give a sigh of relief. We understand that a petition has been sent to the police, signed by about 100 girls, asking them to arrest any young man found on the way home after 12 o'clock at night, unless he can give an account of himself. Girls ought to have cheek enough to tell a young man, when he has remained long enough, that it is time for them to retire, and, if they do not go, call a servant and have a mattress spread on the parlor floor, and go off and leave the deliberate young man to stay all night if he wants to. This is written at the request of a number of girls who have become pale and hollow-eyed from being kept up until early hours of the morning by smart Alecks who will know enough to go home after this.—Peck's Sun.

It is stated that 2,252 women are engaged in farming in the State of Indiana. It has not been reported how successful they are, but it is hardly to be expected that if the first 1,000 had failed, that the second 1,000 would have gone into the business.

An Eastern journal states that "paper made from strong fibers can now be compressed into a substance so hard that nothing but a diamond can scratch it." How the editor verified the diamond part of the story is not known.

The editor of a journal in Guatemala printed an article which gave offense to Minister Logan. The latter complained to President Barrios, who at once arrested the offending journalist and suspended the publication of his paper.

A Western editor, in response to a subscriber who grumbles that his paper is intolerably damp, says "that is because there is so much due on it."

WHEN President Garfield was a young professor he wrote these lines in a young girl's album:

The law of the harvest is to reap more than you sow. Sow an act, and you reap a habit; sow a habit, and you reap a character; sow a character, and you reap a destiny.

NEVER fear that damaging reports will alienate a true friend. Your grief will be his grief—your sorrow his sorrow. Any other kind of a friend is not worth having, let him go.

ONIONS.—The tops of onions should be broken over close to the ground to prevent their running to scullions.

"CUTTING A SWATH" IN JOURNALISM.

Young Fitzlamode has just entered journalistic life, and is going to "cut a swath." He believes in putting in a good deal of "color" in his items and prides himself on the mellifluousness of his work. He sharpened up a couple of pencils at both ends this morning and began:

"We regret to inform our readers that the estimable Miss Jones, of Jonesboro, daughter of Congressman Jones, and granddaughter of the well-known founder of the Village of Jonesboro, has met with a serious accident. As she was driving along the boulevard, at the speed of the wind, the horse, a half brother of Maud S. and full sister of St. Julien, became suddenly startled by the uprising of a covey of partridges, which are unusually numerous in that section this season, and prairie a good deal of fun for the sportsmen when the law is off, and they circled the frightened steed tore down the avenue like mad until stopped by the gallant hand of Officer 73 of the Ninth ward. Her injuries were a contusion of the ankle which did not amount to a fracture, and the unfortunate girl was carried home to her grief-stricken parents and sympathizing friends."

The city editor at this point was anxious for "copy," and glancing it over rapidly crumpled it in his hand, remarking, "Fitzzy, you have struck the realm of fancy solid. This department is the domain of fact." He then scribbled:

CONSUMPTION OF MATCHES.

A German economist has taken the pains to examine comparative statistics concerning the use of matches, and has come to the conclusion that Germany surpasses all other countries in their consumption, which he sets down to the almost universal custom of smoking. In Germany, the daily consumption of matches is from ten to fifteen per head of the population; in Belgium, about nine; in England, eight; in France, six. Their consumption diminishes steadily and naturally from north to south. The total daily consumption for all Europe is estimated at two milliards of matches, which gives an average of six or seven per head. Reckoning the weight of a match at a decigramme, this consumption will present a daily absorption of 200,000 kilogrammes of wood. So that Europe uses up annually the immense quantity of 72,500,000 of kilogrammes, or more than 80,915 tons' weight in matches alone.

WE'VE ALL BEEN THERE.

B. P. Shillaber (Mrs. Partington) wrote as follows concerning an accident on one of his witticisms: "Some one has written a capital essay on the Total Depravity of Inanimate Things, and, though I think he did not mention the mischievous pranks which types play in balking one's meaning, he might have done so very properly. Now I made a pun in my last which I had pondered over as Mark Twain did over his joke that was confiscated in the foreign Custom House, and which I fancied your readers would be delighted with. It was a most ingenious thing, a model in its way, and deserved a better fate, which I am eager to secure for it, because such efforts are not common with me. I had said that May was to be venerated, though by Venmor rated cold, but by the depravity of the types it appeared that May was to be renerated, taking away all the merit of the pun, and not leaving even a legitimate word as a compromise. Yet I blame no one."

A CHICAGO editor who spent three weeks in Boston says he saw only one good-looking woman during his stay, and that was his wife. When a Chicago editor will pay a compliment to his wife his sarcasm can be forgotten.

WHEN President Garfield was a young professor he wrote these lines in a young girl's album:

Not silver, nor gold, nor the spoils of the sea, Nor the garlands of fame that the world can bestow, But a purified heart, that from sin is made free, I would ask for thee, friend, on thy journey below. JAMES A. GARFIELD, Hingham, Jan. 8, 1857.

IDA LEWIS has saved two members of a brass band from drowning. Ida's popularity is rapidly decreasing since this rash act.

A COLORADO town is called *Hotfull*. Its motto is, "Preserve us all, and its children are all seney."

THE NOISE OF THE FINGER.

Dr. Hammond says that when you poke the end of your finger in your ear the roaring noise you hear is the sound of the circulation in your finger, which is a fact, as any one can demonstrate for himself by first putting his fingers in his ears, and then stopping them up with other substance. Try it, and think what a wonder of a machine your body is, that even the points of your fingers are such busy workshops that they roar like a small Niagara. The roaring is probably more than the noise of the circulation of the blood. It is the voice of all the vital processes together—the wearing-down and building-up processes that are always going forward in every living body from conception to death.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM ALLEN has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the Probate Court, at his office in New Dungeness, W. T., on Friday, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5683, for the n h of nw qr of sec 17, tp 30 n, r 3 west.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that Owen McCann has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the Probate Court, at his office in New Dungeness, W. T., on Friday, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1883, on pre-emption D. S. No. 579 for the e h of sw qr and w h of se qr of sec 17, tp 31 n, r 11 west.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that Caroline Bular has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the Probate Court, at his office in New Dungeness, W. T., on Thursday, the 31st day of May, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 4425, for the h of sec 10, tp 29 n, r 1 east.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that Gustaf Johnson has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in Olympia, W. T., on Friday, the 1st day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 5159, for the w h of h of sec 10, tp 29 n, r 1 east.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that ABRAHAM GUYET has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Register and Receiver at their office in Olympia, W. T., on Friday, the 18th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5338, for the n h of ne qr of sec 27, tp 31 n, r 11 west.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that ROBERT E. RYAN has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in Port Townsend, W. T., on Monday the 18th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2950, and additional Homestead No. 3632, for the w 1/2 of nw 1/4, lot 2, and 1/4 of nw 1/4 of sec 21, tp 28 n, r 2 west.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., April 11, 1883. Notice is hereby given that GEORGE ENRIKH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in New Dungeness, Clallam county, W. T., on Friday, the 29th day of June, A. D. 1883, on Homestead application No. 2332 for the e h of ne qr, of sec. 4, tp 30 n, r 4 w.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," CHARLES L. MORRILL of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," VICTOR J. STEARNS, of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN C. SNEY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JAMES A. THOMPSON, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ABRAHAM ACKLEY of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," EDWARD W. WALLACE of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

WESTERN WILDS, And the Men Who Redeem Them.

An authentic narrative embracing an Account of Seven Years' Travel and Adventure in the Far West; Wild Life in Arizona; Perils of the Plains; Thrilling Scenes and Romantic Incidents in the Lives of Western Men; a full account of the Mountain Meadow Massacre; the Custer Defeat; Life and Death of Brigham Young, etc., etc., by J. H. BEAVER. Elegantly illustrated with one hundred and twenty-seven beautiful engravings. This is an intensely interesting book written by the author from his own personal experience. Actual volume of 241 pages. Sold by subscription. Agents Wanted. Address A. L. Hancock & Co., 721 Market Street, San Francisco. [8]

Administrator's Notice.

SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Jefferson County, W. T., made the 20th day of March, 1883, in the matter of the estate of GEORGE CURTIS, deceased, the undersigned Administrator of said estate will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, and subject to confirmation on the part of the Probate Court, on Saturday, the 12th day of April, A. D. 1883, at the Court House in Jefferson County, W. T., between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M. the said GEORGE CURTIS, at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest of the said estate in and to certain parcels of land in and being in Jefferson County, Washington Territory, and particularly known and described as follows, to wit: An undivided one-half interest in a lot numbered 1, and the same as a full section of the northeast quarter (se 1/4) of section 30 north of township 33 north range 3 west of section 1 west of the Willamette Meridian, containing thirty and 1/2 acres.

Terms of sale: 25% per cent of the purchase money cash on day of sale, balance on continuation of sale by said Probate Court.

Dated Port Townsend, April 3, 1883. J. G. CLINGER, Administrator of the Estate of George Curtis deceased.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," HENRY MONROE of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," EDWARD W. WALLACE of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of February, A. D. 1883. JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN RYLANDS of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the ne qr of section No. 25, in township No. 23 north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian.