

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

VOL. 8.

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NO. 8.

The Puget Sound Mail.

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Store on Front St. opposite Brewery.

TELEGRAMS.

EASTERN.

Stolen Bonds.
NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Milo A. Boynton, a lawyer of Grand Haven, Mich., was arrested to-day while trying to dispose of two bonds which were stolen in the south during the war. Boynton says that he received the bonds for professional services from a widow lady, to whom they had been given by her brother, who was with Sherman in the march to the sea.

The Jersey City Horror.
JERSEY CITY, Aug. 10.—In the work at the tunnel three pumps, whose combined capacity is 5000 gallons per minute, are not sufficient to reduce the water in the coffers. At a consultation of officers and engineers in charge it was decided that the only way of reaching the bodies was by means of a caisson, timber for which has been ordered and is expected to reach the ground to-day. It is expected that it will take at least two weeks to construct the caisson and two weeks to reach the bodies. The estimated cost of the work so far is near \$30,000.

A Druggist's Fatal Mistake.
LONG BRANCH, Aug. 10.—The coroner's jury in the case of Catherine Monahan, who died from the effects of a dose of Magendie's solution of morphia given in mistake for a strychnin, Dr. George H. Van Brunt, of Southlight, for whom she brought in a verdict last night that death was caused by Van Brunt's negligence, and asking that he be held for manslaughter. Van Brunt was arrested.

Little Falls, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Alphonso Klock shot Jerry Holden at Herkimer dead last night. Holden was having improper relations with Klock's sister when the deed was committed.

Springfield, Mass., Aug. 10.—The family of Zebina Wilson, living a mile from Shoshoneburg center, were alarmed last night by the appearance of Jarvis Nelson Phelps, a young man, the son of their nearest neighbor, who was bleeding from several wounds in the chest. He declared that he had shot himself and had but a few moments to live, and that he had left the dead body of Sallie A. Grover, his former mistress, in the woods a short distance back. An alarm was immediately given and search proved Phelps' story to be true. Phelps has a wife living. He formerly lived with the Grovers, who is severely injured, until arrested for bigamy and sent to the Greenfield jail for one year. His sentence was commuted about a year ago, since which he has been endeavoring to get her to live with him again. Her continued refusal and association with other men have excited him to commit the crime. He says that he fired four chambers of his revolver into the woman's heart, then reloaded and discharged seven barrels into his own breast. An autopsy confirms this story substantially. Phelps is still living, and all appearances is the coolest man in town, but the doctors say that he cannot recover.

A Desperate Villain.
JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Aug. 10.—Tom Beckett, formerly a miller of this place, shot and severely wounded two officers who attempted to arrest him this afternoon. Some time recently his wife separated from him on account of his cruel treatment. Subsequently he tried to get her to return, and when she refused he seized and carried off their infant child, taking it to Quincy, where it died a few days later. This morning he forcibly entered the house of his mother-in-law in search of his wife, but failed to find her, and then after exchanging pistol shots with her brother, fled. He was found in a corn field and began firing on the officers. A deputy sheriff was wounded in the groin and Detective Fresno in the breast. Beckett was shot in the leg before being finally captured.

Fire at Greenville, Pa.
CLEVELAND, Aug. 10.—A special to the Leader says: The extensive rolling mill at Greenville, Pa., owned by Kimberly, Karnes & Co., of Sharon, burned at a late hour last night. About 150 men are thrown out of employment.

The Newark Bank Failure.
NEWARK, Aug. 10.—Stockholders of the defunct First National Bank held a meeting to-day and resolved to resist the assessment of 100 per cent. imposed by the controller of the currency.

Robbery.
DENVER, Aug. 10.—The News has information of robbery of the depot of the South Arkansas station in Grand canyon on Saturday night. Theagent was struck on the head with a sand bag and \$900 stolen from the office.

Tragic Affairs in Kentucky.
LOUISVILLE, Aug. 10.—A Greensburg dispatch says that in a row yesterday near Bethel church, on the Columbia Pike, Felix Carline killed Jack Gowley with a gun. One of Gowley's friends in town shot Carline in two places and stabbed him twice. He is not expected to live. All are colored.

Drowned.
RFD BANK, N. J., Aug. 11.—Julius Mavi, aged twenty-two, Daniel Bayler, twenty-three, and Mary Haggerty, twenty-three, waiters at the Bellevue hotel, were drowned last night by the upsetting of a row boat in Shrewsbury River.

Massachusetts Population.
BOSTON, Aug. 11.—Aggregate census returns show the population of Massachusetts to be 1,783,812, an increase of 19 per cent. over the figures of last census.

A Stage Heist.
OWASCO, Kan., Aug. 11.—The supposed Bowlers had a preliminary examination here to-day and were discharged.

Dr. Tanner.
NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Dr. Tanner ate and drank quite freely during the day. His weight to-night was 140 pounds.

The "Seawanhaka" Incident.
NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Inspectors Jayne and Matthews, local steamboat inspectors, not having paid any attention to the indictments found against them in connection with the Seawanhaka disaster, the U. S. commissioner has issued bench warrants for their arrest. The president of the steamboat company appeared in the commissioner's office ready to give bail.

Murder at New York.
NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—This morning in a tenement house on Thompson street, amassing a large French lining, cut the throat of Mrs. Marietta Kanout, a married woman who had rejected his advances. The woman died instantly. Bigot then cut his own throat.

Big Robbery.
NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—The Evening Post announces that burglars blew open a safe at Clarkville, Berge county, N. J., last night, and obtaining securities of the St. Joseph and Pacific Railroad Co., and the Kansas and Nebraska Railroad, valued at \$250,000, and belonging to T. Elgar.

Fire at Whitehat, N. Y.
WHITEHAT, Aug. 12.—A fire at Sherlock's mill burned Sherlock's steam mill and store and dwellings, loss heavy, insurance, \$40,000.

Charged his Mind.
RICHMOND, Aug. 11.—In Henrich county court, J. v. Hoerringer refused to serve with a negro juror, and the judge imposed a fine of \$250 dollars and today's imprisonment. Hoerringer subsequently consented to serve and the penalties were removed.

The Coming Celebration at Chicago.
CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Preparations for the grand reunion of the Knights Templar next week are well advanced, and prominent buildings about the city are beginning to look gay with bunting. It is now thought that 100,000 of the knights will be present and as many more other strangers are expected. Thirty thousand Templars will move in a grand procession on Monday morning, and handsome arches are being erected along the line of march. Twelve hundred tents are being pitched along the lake front from the exposition building to twelfth street.

Struck a Rock.
NEW YORK, Aug. 11.—Early this evening the large Republican with nearly 1000 excitations on board struck on a rock in East river, causing great excitement among those on board, but all were taken off without serious injury.

An Oregon Case.
In a suit brought by a seaman, holders of the Oregon Steam Navigation Co., against the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co., and Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., to compel the latter to defend a claim of a stay of proceedings pending appeal from orders. Counsel said that the suit was by holders of only 100 shares of stock of the Oregon Steam Navigation Co., 47,000 to 50,000 shares being owned by the Oregon Railway and Navigation Co.

Fatal Accident.
NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—A horse was working on a loading platform to-day, at 61 Hudson street, when the platform broke and he fell into a yard below, instantly killing Mrs. Sarah Spier, 51 years old, who resided there.

Tanner's Condition.
Dr. Tanner, Aug. 12.—He weighed 147 pounds. He was in the best of spirits all day and easily digests immense quantities of food. An offer of \$1500 per week to lecture from ocean to ocean has been received by him, and is under consideration. Should he satisfy himself of the responsibility of the person making the offer, who is a Chili-man, it is probable that he will accept.

A Desperate Crime.
CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 22.—John Minter of Mill's Grove, whose wife has sought the protection of her relatives in this city, sought her out to-day, and on her return, returning from Atlantic City, revolver and shot her in the left side.

A Border Skirmish.
LARED, TEXAS, Aug. 12.—At noon prisoners here broke jail and made a dash for the Rio Grande. An alarm being given the sheriff, deputies and police ran after the fugitives, two of whom were killed in the water and several wounded. Mexicans gathered on the opposite shore in large numbers and one fired several shots at the Americans on the river bank.

Indian Amendments.
INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 12.—It is announced on excellent authority that on a rehearing the supreme court will declare the constitutional amendments adopted, thus throwing the state election over to November.

Railroad Accident.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—An accident has taken place on the West Jersey railroad, near May's landing on an excursion train consisted of 20 cars in the first and three men were killed and thirty injured.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 12.—Following are particulars of the railroad accident at May's landing. The excursion train consisted of 20 cars in the first and 10 in the second section. The train was filled with St. Ann's Catholic excursionists from Kensington Philadelphia. The first section left the city at 6 o'clock and the second followed soon after. On reaching May's landing the engineer of the first section allowed up to run on a side track. All the cars had passed the switch and the first section of the train, telescoping it. As the locomotive forced its way into the car its cylinder heads were forced open and steam poured through the car scalding nearly every passenger in it. The work of removing the injured immediately begun and medical aid was summoned. The best cars of the express which had come up were switched off and fitted up as hospitals, and in these were placed those less injured and the train proceeded to Philadelphia. Physicians from Camden who came down on a wrecking train

which was telegraphed for forbid the removal of a number of the injured, who still remain at May's landing.

Late Dispatch—A Scene of Horror.
PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—As far as can be learned, only one passenger, James McSweney of this city, was killed outright by the accident on the Atlantic City road at May's landing, but 41 are injured, some fatally. All seemed to be scalded or burned, very few being smashed or bruised. There were nearly 2000 people from Philadelphia on the excursion. The following is a description of the collision and the scene that ensued: The engine of the first train somersaulted to the ground and then rolled back down the track. The locomotive came bounding along and crashed into the rear cars still standing upon the bridge, and with such force that the engine fairly plowed a furrow half way into the car and lifted the roof over the smoke stack. The shock broke one of the cylinders of the boiler and instantly scalding water was poured out upon the affrighted and helpless occupants of the car. Rain had been pouring down and all the windows of the car were down and the engine flying off steadily added to the horror of the occasion and suffering of the victims. From out of the concealing vapor came shrieks, wails and cries of pain and yells of men, people on the first train ran pell-mell from the cars or jumped through the windows, and it was some time before they became sufficiently composed to make a correct effort to rescue the injured and relieve their sufferings. Sarah C. Ellis, terribly scalded and frightfully injured by inhaling steam, died at Pennsylvania Hospital; Sarah Wright died at a residence in Camden; her husband and mother is lying beyond hope of recovery. The list of dead now numbers seven.

The Poor Man's Eden.
To find a place to live on a once comfortable and cheap is usually a vain search, for all travelers know, as a rule, that cheap places are not comfortable, and that comfortable places are not cheap. St. Michael, the largest of the A-zores, seems to be an exception, from the account of an American, who has been spending some time at Ponta Delgada, which is about thirty miles wide, and a few miles long, and is a beautiful island, the best spot on earth, and the poor man's Eden. The soil is fertile, the climate healthful, mild and delightful, the scenery charming, and the inhabitants are noted for their civility and kindness. Labor is very cheap, and consequently the streets of the towns and roads leading there are kept very clean and in excellent order. Eggs can be bought for five cents a dozen; good beef for three cents a pound; fowls for twelve cents a piece, and comfortable dwellings hired for \$7 a month. For \$600 a year one can live well, for \$700 handsomely, and for \$1,000 superbly, keeping carriage and horses. The whole island is picturesque, containing many beautiful gardens, which are well taken care of. The land is owned by a few rich people, and rented at the rate of \$50 to \$60 an acre. The peasants proper all the labor in the country proper, and are not allowed to leave the island for \$100 a year suffices for the expenses of a small family. The fashions in dress have not changed for a century, either among the upper or lower classes. The women wear capotes garments resembling the matrons worn last century by other sex, and reaching the whole length of the figure. The head covering, termed a capilla, attached to the capotes, is like one of the old New England bonnets, and is pulled over the face when a stranger approaches. The natives never attempt to see the countenances of their friends, whom they recognize by their feet, looking down, not up, as they pass anybody on the street or on the road. St. Michael, which is about thirty miles wide, appears indeed, to be a miniature paradise, at least for men of small means. It is very questionable, however, whether women would like it. How could they enjoy an island where fashions never change during a lifetime, and where only one sort of garment is worn? So much of the contemporaneous woman's time is occupied in ordinary civilization, with taking off and putting on clothes, that she would suffer excessively from St. Michael for lack of congenial employment.

Got to Stand It.
On one of the hottest corners of Woodward avenue at high noon yesterday, a small boy with a bootblack's kit sat under the full blaze of a sun pouring down for all it was worth. The boy perspired, roasted, blistered and almost melted, but he had stuck there for half an hour, when a lady passing by him halted and said: "Little boy, aren't you afraid of being sunstruck?"

"Yes, ma'am," was his prompt reply. "Then, why don't you get into the shade?"

"I can't." "Oh, anyone tell you to wait here?"

"No, ma'am, but I'm doing it on my own hook. It's awful hot, and I'm most dead, but I've got to stand it."

She looked to see if he was tied, and was about to go on and regard him as the son of a brutal father in a saloon room, the corner, when the lad explained:

"There he is now! That boy up there is the chap I was waiting for, and I had to sit out here to see him when he turned the corner. He's the fellow that called my sister a poked eye rabbit, and I'm going to jump on him and lick him now to death! I wish you'd hold my box so I can get the bulge on him afore he suspects it."—Detroit Free Press.

Talk of the Weather.

Why is it that one obvious, self-evident fact, the utterance of which imparts no information, and is absurd, while another of the very same kind is received as a jest or sign of mental decay? If you should reply to the friend who remarks upon the line day, "Certainly, very fine, twice two are four," you would have replied in kind, but insult or insanity might be fairly alleged. But to question the weather as a topic of conversation is really to require that there shall be no talk which is not reasonable, and why reduce us to silence? Deduct from the sum total of human remarks the wonder whether it is going to rain, the hope that it is going to clear, the emphatic asseveration that it is too hot, and the profane proclamation that it is altogether too—cold, with all the filling in, so to speak, the "How lovely!" "How perfect!" "How just right!" "What extraordinary weather!" and "What delightful weather!" and then the historical comparisons of weather, and references to thermometrical records, and days of phenomenal cold or heat, and what would be left of human intercourse? Imagine, under this privation, the condition of ladies making morning calls! Consider the case of young gentlemen joining young ladies en promenade, or of a suddenly presented to! What mournful silence would wrap the world!

It is in this view that the weather brings from Washington are such blessings as that the latest issue of Merriam and the contemporary Vennor are such benefactors. The "Probabilities" of the morning paper organize and give point to the whole weather gossip of the day.

Lyons, perhaps, over his coffee, "Hum! Probabilities says cloudy and cool, with shifting winds from north to south; clear, with local rains, increasing temperature, and possible frost at night; rising, stationary, or falling barometer. That's all very well. Now let us see."

Before Probabilities we find Merriam. The other makes the inventor of "heated terms." He had an ill way on July morning of publishing a card announcing that a heated term was at hand, and the population began at once to mop and puff, and the annoyance was the occasion of the late announcement.

There was a great deal of skeptical ribaldry when the Merriam prophecies appeared; but he doubtless consoled himself with the familiar proverb about prophets in their own country, and heated up his terms as best he could.

Merriam supplied us with conjectural weather for some months. But his voice became silent, and he had no individual rival for Probabilities is a system—until Mr. Vennor, who, this year, announced a cold day and hot dry June. By this middle of June the result is that May was the hottest and driest upon record, while June has been cool and moist. But the good prophet need not be discouraged. If the particular kind of weather that he had designed has failed, yet the weather itself has become more than ever a topic of interest. It has not only its general interest, but the special interest of verifying or disproving his accuracy of foreknowledge.

The other prophet displayed this precience also, when along the whole list of the thirty-one January days they said, significantly, "Look out for snow about this time," and upon the July and August pages they prophesied all the way, "But why be impatient of the universal talk of the weather? What is it but the instinctive tribute to the beauty of the world in which we live, and to the celestial laws which govern it?"—Harper's Magazine.

GLUE AS A CURE FOR CUTS.—A correspondent of the Scientific American writes as follows: "For the last twelve or fourteen years I have been employed in a shop where there are over three hundred at work, and, as in the case of all shops of this kind, hardly a day passes without one or more of us cut or bruise our limbs. At first there were but few who found their way to my department as they have their wounds bound up, but after a while it became generally known that a rag glued on a flesh wound was not only a speedy curative, but an effective protection against further injury. I was soon obliged to keep a supply of rags on hand ready for any emergency. I will here cite one among many of the cases cured with glue: A man was running a boring machine, with an inch and a quarter auger attached. By some means the auger of his shirt caught in the auger, bringing his wrist in contact with the bit, tearing the flesh among the muscles in a frightful manner. He was conducted to my department (the pattern shop), and I washed the wound in warm water, and glued around it a cloth slape, holding the wound tight and firm. Once or twice a week, for three or four weeks, I dressed the wound afresh, and it was well. The man never lost an hour's time in consequence. The truth of this hundreds can testify to. I use, of course, the best quality of glue."

A parish in New England has a parson who rings the bell, plays the organ, leads the singing, and in winter cuts the wood. He is also his own sexton.

Eugene's Son and France.

The first published description of the death of the Prince Imperial reveals the possession by that youth of qualities which make it probable that his removal from the world was an event of much more importance to France than is usually supposed.

The facts which Sir Evelyn Wood collected in Zululand, from the independent narratives of eighteen Zulus who were in the attack upon the Prince's party, show that he was very brave, fighting like a tiger unaided and overpowered by a dozen antagonists. The possession of the courage which would have made him a great soldier might have had an important effect upon the future of France, had he lived. Like his father, he entertained the notion that he was destined to be a conqueror, such as Napoleon Bonaparte, and his ambition to regain the throne which was lost at Sedan was so ardent that he would doubtless have figured at some time in a struggle for the renewal of the Empire.

The intense interest of Queen Victoria in the young man was significant, and it is by no means certain that she did not favor his union in marriage with her daughter, Princess Beatrice. But however that may have been, she did desire the restoration of the French Empire, and whatever she could do without injury to England she would have gladly done to place the Prince on the throne of his father. Her interest in the triumph of the imperial theory of government is well understood, but besides her dislike of a republic, she had much admiration for the Napoleons, so that the accession of the Prince to power in France would have been to her gratifying in the extreme.

Now, it must be admitted that a brave Prince, who, fired by an ambition to imitate Napoleon the Great, should become a member of the family of the Queen of England, would have been able to excite the enthusiasm of a strong Imperialist party in France, and in the frequent motions to which the politics of the young Republic are subject, it would have been strange had he not imitated his predecessors by an attempt to seize the government. The bravery of his death shows that he would have made a formidable antagonist of the French Republic.

His death leaves no claimant who inspires a following or who is determined enough to struggle to become Emperor. His death was the death of French imperialism. Gambetta says that the Republic is now indelible. Had the Prince lived, who died with his face toward a dozen savage Zulu assailants, Gambetta's assertion might have been less confident. His death was an event of an importance to France which the world is not likely to exaggerate.

A Rich Man on Riches.
The following story, says the Way-side, is told of Jacob Ridgway, a wealthy citizen of Philadelphia, who died many years ago, leaving a fortune of five or six million dollars.

"Mr. Ridgway," said a young man with whom the millionaire was conversing, "you are more to be envied than any gentleman I know."

"Why so?" responded Mr. Ridgway. "I am not aware of any cause for which I should be particularly envied."

"What sir?" exclaimed the young man in astonishment. "Why, are you not a millionaire? Think of the thousands your income brings you every month!"

"Well, what of that?" replied Mr. Ridgway. "All I got out of it is my victuals and clothes, and I can't eat more than one man's allowance, or even wear more than one suit at a time. Pray, can't you do as much?"

"Ah, but," said the youth, "think of the hundreds of fine houses you own—the rental they bring you!"

"What better am I off for that?" replied the rich man. "I can only live in one house at a time; as for the money I receive for my rents, why I can't eat it or wear it. I can only use it to buy other houses for other people to live in; they are the beneficiaries, not I!"

"But you can buy splendid furniture, and costly pictures, and fine carriages and horses—in fact, anything you desire."

"And after I have bought them," responded Mr. Ridgway, "what then? I can only look at the furniture and pictures, and the poorest man who is not staid can do the same. I can ride no easier in a fine carriage than you can in an omnibus for five cents, without the trouble of attending to drivers, footmen and hostlers; and as to anything I desire, I can tell you, young man, that the less we desire in this world the happier we shall be. All my wealth cannot buy me a single day more of life; cannot buy me my youth; cannot purchase exemption from sickness and pain; cannot procure me power to keep afar off the power of death; and then, what will it avail when, in a few short years at most, I lie down in the grave and leave it all forever? Young man, you have no cause to envy me."

PUGET SOUND MAIL.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 21, 1880.

FOR
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:



JAMES A. GARFIELD.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Tide-Lands—Rights of Settlers to Obstruct Water-Courses.

MATSON VS. SULLIVAN.

The following is so much of Judge Greene's charge to the petit jury in the above cause as is of general interest:

GENTLEMEN:—In few words, I will attempt to give you the law of this case.

Land and navigable waters are constituted for the use of man. They were made for man and not man for them.

So, for man's uses also, are the extended and reclaimable shores, lying contiguous to the sea. Shore is that portion of the earth's surface, over which tides ebb and flow, and which lies along the margin of a sea or of a river emptying into the sea, and between the limits of ordinary low and ordinary high water. It matters not how little in depth the ordinary high tide overflows the soil, nor whether the tide is inflowing salt water or outflowing fresh water. If the surface be above ordinary low water mark, and never so little below ordinary high water mark, it is shore, and is subject to those principles of law which regulate the occupation and use of shore.

Law is the line or standard according to which things should be done or used, in order to be done or used rightly. The law of things, which are subjects to man's use, is that system of rules, according to which, for mutual good, men must occupy and use those things. It is the definition by rule of the line of balance between interests, which would, but for the balance, conflict. The entire law, that governs the occupation and use of the margins of seas and rivers, is a balance struck between the interests of men as land-users and men as water-users.

Man is peculiarly a land animal. Although, in vessels, he freely swims the rivers and the sea, yet his resting-place, his nursery, his feeding-ground, his storehouse and his fields of exercise are, generally speaking, upon the land. The sea is chiefly useful to him as a highway from land to land. The law favors the existence and protection of such a highway. But, according to the law, the cultivated and fruit-bearing plain is better and more to be desired than an equal stretch of waste and much obstructed highway. Reclamation, therefore, of broad and shallow margins of the sea, which have become too shoal and choked with rising soil to be longer of any use as a highway, at all commensurate with their available value for agriculture, is highly favored by the law.

Tidelands, such as the evidences tend to show the tracts in controversy are, may be considered either as the bed of a river adjoining a tidal sea or as the bed of the sea adjoining a soil-transferring river. They are usually, as you may be aware, situated at the river's mouth, and are the effect of the gradual crumbling and movement seaward of the highlands of the interior. The river bears along in its course the crumbled materials of the inland and deposits them in a wide spread and accumulating mass, which forms the tidelands. These tidelands are thus the result of a natural and incessant tendency of a turbid river to extend its bed and banks seaward. They are not, in strict speech, land, for land, strictly speaking, is that portion of the surface of the solid earth that stands above the ordinary levels of the sea. Their very name imports that they are neither permanent sea-bottom nor permanent land. In fact, they are sea-bottom in a transition state. In them, the sea-bottom appears to be gradually by accretion emerging from beneath the flood. Compared with the surface of the sea, they appear as if they were, periodically and at short intervals, which are measured by the recurrence of the tides, alternately

elevated and depressed. When depressed, they afford the water a bed, over which to flow back and forth, according to the alternating forces of the river and the sea. They may be regarded, therefore, as the bed of a very broad and imperfectly defined river channel, whereof the adjoining highlands are the banks.

Those who settle upon and seek to cultivate tidelands, must be considered as settlers upon the bed of the sea, or upon the bed of a river extended out into the sea. Their situation is different from that of settlers upon the land, and the law is accommodated to the difference in situation. They have, in the overflowing water, an insidious and terrible foe to face, to which the settler on upland is a stranger. It is a common foe, to enter whose presence as a settler among other settlers is to accept a certain community of interest and defence. Every settler upon such lands, or upon lowlands adjoining, does, by the mere fact of claiming settlement thereon, acknowledge that such lands are reclaimable, and assent to the use, by others as well as by himself, of all such means as are reasonably necessary to reclaim them. The water has been wont to use his soil and that of his neighbors, as a bed over which to flow. He, by settling on such land, estops himself from insisting that the river or sea shall injuriously still continue to use his soil as a bed over which to approach, attack and perhaps destroy his neighbor.

If, therefore, the plaintiff elected, by actual occupation, to become a settler on such soil, then, for himself and others who should become his neighbors thereon, he accepted the common situation, acknowledged the necessities that surrounded them all, and acquiesced in for himself as well as for them, estopped himself from denying to them the privilege of thoroughly fencing against their common enemy, the water. He had, thereafter, no right, in their presence and to their detriment, to have the water still flow over his own claim, as over a water bed, into and upon theirs; and if he did so, he has no right now to complain of defendant for erecting whatever fences or dykes against the water were, under all the circumstances, reasonable and necessary to protect himself from damage by the flow. The defendant could erect and maintain such structures, notwithstanding the natural and inevitable consequence was to back the water over the lands of plaintiff, even to plaintiff's serious damage. Such damage, arising thus from the necessities of the situation, would be damage without an injury, and for which you could give no compensation.

But, in fencing his own land against the water, the defendant was bound to take into consideration the situation of his neighbor, the plaintiff, and to act towards his neighbor in a neighborly and considerate manner. The defendant had no right to place any unreasonable or unnecessary obstruction in the way of the outflow through natural and well-defined channels of the water overlying plaintiff's premises.

Any well-defined channel, winding over the tidelands and going dry when the tide goes out, and in so far bearing the same relation to the water, as a water bed, that the remainder of the tidelands do, the defendant would have a right to dam up, provided it was necessary to do so, in order to make and keep his claim fit for residence and cultivation. But, inasmuch as such a channel furnishes a handy and cheap natural drain, accommodated to the slopes of the surface, it is reasonable, and it is the law, that such a channel should not be obstructed any further than, to a person of ordinary intelligence and prudence, skilled in the means available for reclaiming tidelands would appear really necessary in order to effect such reclamation. The defendant should insert and continue, in such a dam, sluice-boxes or other convenient water ways, sufficient to drain from plaintiff's claim all water gathering in that channel, either from seepage or from rain or snow within the range of plaintiff's enclosure. But the defendant was under no legal obligation to open or maintain a way over his land for the river-floods or tide-floods overrunning the plaintiff's.

If the statement of an eastern journal can be relied upon as correct, great distress and suffering prevails in some sections of Kansas. The declaration is that fifteen or twenty thousand people in sixteen counties of Western Kansas are upon the verge of starvation, owing to the failure of crops.

Much uneasiness is felt in San Francisco from the fear of an epidemic of small-pox. Numerous cases have occurred, and Chinatown, a deadly plague-spot, is undergoing fumigation. A strong effort is also being made by citizens of San Francisco and Oakland to have the railroad company put on cars in the local trains for the exclusive use of the Chinese, so great is the fear of the disease.

THE MISSING EXPLORERS.—Lieut. Hand, on the Thomas Corwin, wrote from St. Michaels, on the 7th of July, as follows: We entered and carefully inspected the Arctic ocean as far as we could, looking for the missing whalers. Could get no tidings of them, although we have communicated with the natives at all possible points. We only got as far north as latitude 69° 10' longitude 175° 20' and within 130 miles of Wrangle Land, as the ice was solid and grounded in 20 fathoms of water. We saw most of the whaling fleet, and were told by them that it was too early to get further north. These vessels have done poorly, having altogether taken but eighteen whales up to July 4th. All the whalers there are of the opinion that there is no use looking for the missing vessels, as they have undoubtedly gone to the bottom and will never be heard from. We shall, however, go back there again, and do all in our power to make the search a thorough one; but I have not the slightest hope that we shall succeed in finding them. We shall probably be back by the 10th of November.

ORDER NO. 40.—Hancock's admirers rest his claims to "profound statesmanship" upon the now famous document known as "Order No. 40." Those who have intelligently read the order, and who have an accurate knowledge of the circumstances under which it was made, will readily understand why Hancock is acceptable to the Southern Democracy; and they will also clearly perceive that the kind of statesmanship displayed in the document belongs to the school of Toombs, Vallandigham and Jefferson Davis. When Hancock came upon the stage in Louisiana and Texas as the successor of Phil Sheridan, the rumor had already gone before him that his mission was to carry out President Johnson's policy of reaction by nullifying the work of a Republican Congress. It is an undisputed historical fact that as soon as General Order No. 40 was promulgated it filled the ex-Confederates with delight, and overwhelmed the Union men of the two States constituting Hancock's department with consternation. The former hailed it as an official permission to return to the "repressive methods" which have nearly been stamped out by Sheridan's vigorous and energetic measures. The latter saw themselves delivered a helpless prey into the hands of their enemies, under the specious and hypocritical pretense of "subordinating the military to the civil power." In nearly every community in those two States the ex- Rebels wielded the civil power. They held the municipal and State offices. As legislators, judges, sheriffs, etc., they made, administered and executed the laws. They were full of bitterness and animosity against Unionists and "Black Republicans," and especially against the colored men who dared to attempt meddling with politics. It is not an exaggeration to assert that for these classes "civil power" as then administered afforded no protection against the aggressions and outrages of their ferocious enemies. Sheridan, however, by his mere presence, and by the wholesome dread in which he was held by the unrepentant Rebels, acted as a powerful restraint upon them. But when he was superseded by Hancock and the spirit in which the change had been made was manifested by the "Order," the ex-Confederate Democrats at once interpreted it as signifying that the freedmen and Unionists were delivered into their hands. Immediately a series of persecutions and outrages began which ended in destroying political freedom in those States.—S. F. Chronicle.

Candidates for Office.

CANDIDATE FOR TREASURER.—Mr. W. L. Steinweg, of Sehome, requests to be announced as a candidate for Treasurer of Whatcom County before the Republican Convention.

CANDIDATE FOR AUDITOR.—Mr. Wm. R. Griffin requests to be announced as a candidate for Auditor of Whatcom County before the Republican Convention.

CANDIDATE FOR TREASURER.—Mr. W. T. Coupe, of Lynden, requests to be announced as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Whatcom County.

CANDIDATE FOR AUDITOR.—Mr. J. E. Whitworth, of La Conner, requests to be announced as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Auditor of Whatcom County.

For Commissioner.

At the request of several Republican friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Whatcom County, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. H. A. SMITH. FERNDALE, July 30, 1880.

Candidate for Sheriff.

At the request of several Democratic friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Whatcom County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. JAMES O'LOUGHLIN. LA CONNER, June 5, 1880.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
SEATTLE, W. T.

Office on the corner of Front and Columbia Streets, up-stairs.
Will practice in all the Courts of Washington Territory.

NEW GOODS AT THE FIDALGO STORE.

I have just received direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO

A large assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of all kinds; Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Men's and Boys' Pure Rubber Boots, Rubber Coats and Oil Suits; Also Boots, Shoes and Slippers of all kinds and sizes; Notions of all kinds; Hardware and Cutlery; Iron and Nails; Glassware and Crockery; Drugs and Patent Medicines.

On all bills of \$5 and upwards in the above line of goods I will take

10 Per Cent. Off for Cash.

GROceries & PROVISIONS

I get from first hands in Portland and SAN FRANCISCO for Cash, and will sell as Cheap as the Cheapest. To parties from a distance I will give special terms that will pay them for coming.

I carry a full line of all goods usually kept in a First-class Country Store.

To all who have money to spend I would say:—Please give us a call, and I guarantee that you will leave satisfied with your Bargains.

WM. MUNKS.

THE SWINOMISH STORE.

L. L. ANDREWS,
PROPRIETOR.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY

For Sale at the Lowest Price

FLOUR, FEED, BACON, SUGARS & SIRUPS, all kinds, CROCKERY, TINWARE, and

HARDWARE

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS DRUGS & PATENT-MEDICINE DRY-GOODS & CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, HOSIERY, &c.

Also Lumber, Shingles, &c. BUTTER, GRAIN, and COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bought and Sold.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR FURS & HIDES

I AM NOW DOING A STRICTLY CASH BUSINESS AND CAN AND DO SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY ONE ELSE IN THE COUNTRY.

Just convince yourselves by calling and examining goods and prices. I have found by experience that the Quick Sixpence is much better than the Slow Shilling.

If you have any money to spend don't forget to go to the

SWINOMISH STORE.

TERRITORIAL UNIVERSITY.

COLLEGE COURSE, SCIENTIFIC COURSE, NORMAL COURSE, AND COMMERCIAL COURSE.

Eleven Professors and Special Teachers. Boarding House on the grounds in charge of Mr. D. B. Ward.

The University year consists of three terms beginning on the first Wednesdays of

SEPTEMBER, DECEMBER AND MARCH.

For Catalogue address

A. J. ANDERSON, A. M., PRESIDENT, SEATTLE, W. T.

ALDEN ACADEMY, ANACORTES, W. T.

The second year opens September 1st, 1880. Full corps of teachers. Students prepared for college, and teachers for county and Territorial examinations. Vocal music, mechanical drawing and use of gymnasium free to all. Tuition in common English, \$7 per term. Normal, \$9. Board per week, \$3.50.

The Superintendent has full control of the Social and Boarding relations of the pupils while in the Academy.

For further particulars address, Rev. E. O. TADE, Supt. or Prof. A. T. BURNELL, A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS.

AT

JAMES GACHES. GEORGE GACHES.

J. & G. GACHES.
LA CONNER, W. T.

Where we propose to furnish those who may favor us with their patronage with a Full Assortment of Goods—such as is usually kept in a First-Class Country Store.

WANTED IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS:
Cash, Wheat, Oats, Barley, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Eggs, Chickens, wool, Beef, Deer Hides and Fish Oil.

FOR WHICH WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST LIVING RATES.

Everything New and of Good Quality.

OUR MOTTO:—"LIVE AND LET LIVE."

FOR SALE

ALSO 100,000 GRAIN SACKS.

Five First-Class Improved Farms Near La Conner

Also Ship's Iron Tank, Capacity 480 Gallons.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF OATS OR WHEAT TO OUR AGENTS AT SAN FRANCISCO.

The Highest Price Paid for Good Merchantable Grain.

JOHN E. DAVIS,

BLACKSMITH AND MACHINIST,

LA CONNER, W. T.

ALL KINDS OF IRON WORK DONE in the BEST MANNER.

Agricultural Implements Made to Order or Repaired, and General Satisfaction guaranteed. Keeps also on hand all kinds of Hardware, Plow Beams and Plow Handles, and all kinds of Implements pertaining to the work of the Farmer; and is now receiving a vast quantity of Plow and all other kinds of Bolts, both machine and hand-made.

JOHN E. DAVIS.

BELLINGHAM BAY COAL CO.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Sehome, W. T.

We are constantly adding to Our Very Extensive Stock

CONSISTING OF A FULL LINE OF

CLOTHING and DRY GOODS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

Ropes, Canvas, Boat Nails and Oars.

A Large and Complete Assortment of

Drugs and Medicines.

We are Buying in the Best Markets, and as we are Doing a Strictly Cash Business are enabled to Sell First Class Goods at the Lowest Prices.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS TO PURCHASERS,

As we have on hand a Great Variety of

Ready-Made Clothing, Gents' & Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Underwear, Etc., Hardware, Bear & Mink Traps, Etc.

Hand & Horse Power Sowers

PILE-DRIVER, Complete for \$100.

All of which and many other articles too numerous to mention (remnants of our Immense Stock, but most as good as new) suitable for the Country Trade, will be sold at a sacrifice.

CALL EARLY & SECURE BARGAINS

SAMUEL KENNEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR

SEATTLE, W. T.

Suits made to order from the most serviceable and stylish goods. Samples of goods, with directions for self-measurement, sent to any address on application.

Has also on hand an extensive assortment of ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All at Moderate Prices.

WADDELL & MILES,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

IN

RANGES, COOKING & HEATING STOVES

Tin, Japaned & Marbled Ware.

PUMPS.

Iron Pipe, Brass Goods, &c.

Agents for the celebrated SUPERIOR STOVES, the best that is sold on the Pacific Coast.

All plates warranted not to crack by fire. Fire backs warranted to last five years.

CALL AND EXAMINE

Improved Franconia Range

The Finest and Most Complete Range sold on the Pacific Coast.

Orders solicited; Satisfaction guaranteed.

WADDELL & MILES,

Seattle, W. T.

THE LUMMI STORE.

At the mouth of the Nooksack River

B. McDONOUGH, Proprietor

Has a large and choice assortment of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Constantly on hand, which will be sold to customers at the lowest prices.

Lots of fifty dollars and upward delivered at the Ferndale Crossing free of charge.

STEAMER J. B. LIBBY,

CAPT. LOWE, Master.

CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL

Leaves Seattle on Mondays and Fridays for La Conner, Whatcom, and way ports, returning to Seattle on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

For Freight or Passage apply on board

LOCAL NEWS AND COMMENTS.

The County Convention.

The good people of Whatcom county are manifesting the deepest interest in the Republican County Convention to meet at La Conner on next Thursday, the 28th inst. They are thoroughly aroused to the importance of the occasion. The convention will be composed of fifty-six delegates, and from the respectability and standing in their respective communities of those chosen to attend to the public interest, we have every assurance to believe that none but the most trustworthy and capable men will be nominated for office; and judging from the large number of aspirants in the field the convention will have abundant material to select from. The business of the convention will be to select five delegates to the Territorial Convention to meet at Vancouver, Sept. 28, to nominate Delegate to Congress, Prosecuting Attorney, and member of the Territorial Board of Equalization. Also five delegates for the Joint Council Convention with Snohomish and San Juan counties, to nominate Councilman. Then the nomination of Representative, three County Commissioners, County Auditor, Sheriff, Treasurer, Probate Judge, Soho or Superintendent, Surveyor, Coroner and Wreckmaster. Then the appointment of a Central Committee of five or seven, as may be deemed proper. We trust the utmost harmony and good feeling will prevail in the deliberations of the convention, and that all will zealously labor for public welfare. This being the first County Convention ever held in this town, we bid its members a cordial welcome.

The following are the delegates: Ferndale Precinct.—D. R. Henderson, George Slater, D. E. Follett, J. Y. Jones and Conrad Shields. Whatcom.—W. L. Steinweg, S. D. Reinhart, R. V. Boyd, W. H. Fouts. Nooksack.—George F. Davis, Mr. Breckenridge, Cummings, Peterson. Ship Harbor.—John J. Edens, C. P. Hancock and Edward Ames. Fidalgo.—H. C. Barkhousen, Enoch Compton, G. N. Crandall, H. A. March and Mr. Lynch. Skagit.—O. Polson, C. H. Mann, J. V. Abbott, Magnus Anderson, Thos. Hayton, Compton and Wilson. Mount Vernon.—A. Harrison, Washburne, Nelson and Beck. La Conner.—Robert White, A. W. Engle, Perry Polson, A. Morrison, Dr. G. V. Calhoun, E. A. Stinson, R. E. Whitney and John Ball. Samish.—E. McTaggart, J. H. Travel, John Miller, Gilky, Thomas, Semiahmoo.—M. H. Upton, A. W. Stewart, E. Holtzheimer, Hughes and Dreun. Upper Skagit.—Dr. Lyman and J. T. Willbur. With Lynden 2, Ruby 1, Goodell 1, to hear from.

Mr. JOHN J. EDENS, the enterprising logger of Guemes Island, is loading a vessel at his place this week with piles for the city government of San Francisco. The bark Mary Glover will take another cargo from there next week. Besides this industry in logging the farmers of the island are reported busy hay-making and harvesting. Guemes Island is one of the most prosperous communities on the Sound.

CONGREGATIONAL CONFERENCE.—Allden Academy at Anacortes, this county, is this week honored by the presence of the Annual Conference of the Congregational Church of Washington Territory. The steamer Nellie passed through here last Tuesday with a large representation of the ministers and laity of that body from all parts of the Territory. The conference opened on last Wednesday, with Rev. J. A. Bandford, Registrar, and Rev. E. O. Tade and S. Greene, Business Committee. We shall endeavor to give some particulars of the proceedings in our next issue.

The North Skagit Diking project assumed tangible shape at last Monday's meeting of citizens at the Pleasant Ridge school house. There a committee, consisting of Nelson Hanson, Isaac Dunlap, Robert White, S. Calhoun and J. S. Conner, was appointed to canvass and raise means to enter upon the work. It is estimated that about four thousand dollars will construct the necessary levee to protect from overflow the whole district of country northeast of Pleasant Ridge known as the "Fresh Water Marsh." It is hoped that all settlers within that district will readily see the importance of co-operation in this matter and contribute liberally according to the benefits to be derived or interests involved. We shall refer to this matter more fully as the good work progresses.

REAPING commenced on the "Swinomish Flats" this week and everything is bustle and activity in the grain fields hereabout. The reaping and self-binding machines are everywhere being brought into requisition, laborers are dropping in from all parts of the Sound, and in a week or two we shall hear the hum and buzz of a dozen steam-threshers. The weather is fair, the yield promises abundantly, and all are correspondingly happy.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

The Board of County Commissioners of Whatcom County, for the August term, met at the Auditor's office at Whatcom, on the 2d inst; present, Commissioners H. A. Judson and D. R. Henderson.—Thos. P. Hastie not appearing until the second day's session—with M. D. Smith as Auditor and clerk ex-officio of the Board, and contained in session, daily until final adjournment on the 14th inst.

The following is a synopsis of the proceedings of the term: The Commissioners sitting as a Board of Equalization considered the application of J. & G. Gaches for reduction of assessment; and the Board finding the property referred to had been doubly assessed, the reduction was made accordingly.

A similar application was presented by O. F. Gosper on behalf of Schwabacher Bros. & Co.; and the Board finding that the property referred to had been doubly assessed, the proper reduction was accordingly made.

Liquor licenses were granted as follows: To W. J. McKennan wholesale liquor license for Mount Vernon; \$50 per annum.

To the same, a retail liquor license for Ruby or Canyon creek; \$150 per annum.

To Eversham & Dillon, a license for Sauk City; \$100 per annum.

To Blets & Scott, a retail liquor license for Sterling; \$100 per annum.

To J. McNamara, a retail liquor license at Ruby creek; \$150 per annum. And his license for Mount Vernon was renewed at the rate of \$100 per annum.

To W. J. Deree, a retail license for Mount Vernon; \$100 per annum.

To A. W. Webber, a retail liquor license for Goodell's Bar; \$150 per annum.

M. B. Cook's license was renewed, and reduced from \$200 to \$150 per annum.

The bonds of the following named persons were approved: H. B. Stewart, surveyor; Olof Sandstrom, John T. Willbur, A. W. Webber, Pardon O'Brien, for liquor license; and H. C. Pierce and N. E. Goodell, for ferry license.

James Harrison and J. A. Gilliland, administrator of the estate of Robert Kennedy, deceased, applied to be released from the official bonds of H. B. Stewart, surveyor, and G. W. L. Allen, sheriff, whereupon it was ordered that Mr. Stewart furnish another surety instead of Mr. Harrison; and Mr. Allen another instead of Robert Kennedy, now herein deceased.

The following were appointed as inspectors and judges of election for the next general election in the several precincts of Whatcom County, the polls to be held at the places herein designated: Nooksack precinct, at the school house—James Harkness inspector; D. Rice and H. Sebert judges.

Lynden precinct, at William Slack's—James O'Neil inspector; John Thomas and C. L. Judson judges.

Semiahmoo precinct, at school house—B. H. Bruns inspector; E. Holtzheimer and John Cain judges.

Ferndale precinct, at school house—John A. Tennant inspector; John Plaster and Serial Stevens judges.

Whatcom precinct, at court house—Henry Roeder inspector; S. D. Reinhart and D. E. Tuck judges.

[The Auditor has overlooked Samish precinct. It will be reported next week.—Ed.] Fidalgo precinct, at Munk's store—S. B. Best inspector; J. Kavenagh and Wm. Munks judges.

La Conner precinct, at courthouse—John B. Whitely inspector; J. S. Kelley and R. E. Whitney judges.

Skagit precinct, at Mann's store—J. V. Abbott inspector; Lorenzo Sweet and Olof Polson judges.

Mount Vernon precinct, at Clothier & English's store—T. C. Eubanks inspector; John Epps and T. S. Moore judges.

Upper Skagit precinct, at Forrest Grove—Wm. Hamilton inspector; J. J. Conner and Geo. Savage judges.

Goodell precinct, at Goodell's store—N. E. Goodell inspector; G. H. McPherson and A. W. Weber judges.

Ruby precinct, at Ruby City—Porter Durley inspector; Charles Stanley and T. G. Watkins judges.

Ship Harbor precinct, at Bowman's store—A. T. Burnell inspector; O. Graham and E. Sibley judges.

Ordered that Guemes, Cottonwood and Cypress islands be set off as a new precinct from Ship Harbor precinct, and the following appointed as election officers: J. J. Edens inspector; A. C. Kettles and C. P. Woodcock judges.

Ordered that a new precinct be created and described as follows: Commencing at the upper line of the last surveyed township (36, 7 east); thence including both sides of the Skagit river up until it strikes the lower line of Goodell precinct, that being the upper boundary line; thence south to Snohomish boundary and north to the British Columbia line; including all of Baker and Sauk river valleys in said precinct; to be called Sauk precinct. And the fol-

lowing appointed as election officers thereof: A. T. Beede inspector; Andrew Anderson and John Sutter judges.

[The Auditor, in his report, has overlooked the matter of stating the voting place for Sauk precinct; but the record will probably show that Sauk City is the place designated.—Ed. MAIL.]

A petition for a change of voting place for Fidalgo precinct was presented; and after considering the remonstrance thereto, the same was refused.

In the matter of the application to reduce the assessments of those whose lands were damaged by the recent freshet, the board of equalization decided that under the law governing the board, the same could not be granted.

In the matter of application for an appropriation of \$100 for the relief of Mrs. M. Maxon of Semiahmoo, it was decided to be beyond the power of the board to grant the same; but the case was referred to Commissioner D. R. Henderson, to render the proper assistance as one of the guardians of the poor.

It was ordered that from and after August 30, 1880, there shall be no bounty allowed for the killing of wild animals, owing to the decreased revenue of the county from the low assessment returned for the present year.

Ordered that the reports of the following named road supervisors be approved: S. B. Best for district No. 3, H. B. Bruns 10, A. Cunig 11, James O'Neil 13, A. Finckney 18, A. W. Stewart 19, Henry Shields 27, Jacob Jenni 16, E. McTaggart 25, C. Tuttle 34, H. Cooper 29, Wm. Allard 14, and H. C. Barkhousen 30.

In the matter of application of G. M. Haller to have certain paid up but uncancelled mortgages stricken from the assessment of G. O. Haller, the same was allowed.

The Board of Equalization completed the review and correction of the Assessment Roll at 5 P. M. August 13th, this business having been retarded by the absence of the Assessor except during the last four days of the term. One hundred and five changes were made in the assessment, chiefly necessitated by errors in calculation and the unequal assessment of lands of the same character; these changes were entered in a book kept for that purpose and the necessary corrections made on the Assessment Roll by the Clerk; the Assessor assenting thereto, and correcting the detailed lists accordingly. The total increase of tax occasioned by additional assessments, equalization, &c., amounted to \$12,623; and the reduction from the same cause amounted to \$2,712.

As to mortgages, it was ordered that either the mortgagor or mortgagee be holder for the tax so assessed, as provided by statutes of 1870, sec. 54, p. 16.

The following estimates were made of the revenue to be derived by the county from the sources herein specified, for the current fiscal year: Property tax, \$4,080; poll tax, \$1,200; licenses, \$1,200; delinquency, \$500; total, \$6,980. Total expenditure is estimated at \$6,310.

Ordered that the following tax be levied for the current year for Territorial, school, county and road purposes: For Territorial purposes, three mills on the dollar of taxable valuation; school purposes, 4 mills; county purposes, 6 mills; road purposes, 2 mills; road poll, \$4; poll tax, \$2.

The following named persons were appointed viewers on the Wells road: H. E. Wells, Harris Peck, Samuel Peck, with H. B. Stewart surveyor, to meet Sept. 13, 1880, and make return of the same to the Auditor's office before the next November term.

And the following named persons appointed viewers on the change petitioned for by Mr. Peck and others: S. C. Peck, H. E. Wells, and Robert White, with H. B. Stewart surveyor, to meet Sept. 16, 1880, and report on or before the next November term.

The report of viewers on the Gilligan road was approved and the same declared a county road.

On application of H. Clothier and others, W. H. Trimble, John Ball, and Otto Klement, with H. B. Stewart surveyor, were appointed to locate a road commencing at NW corner of sec. 4, tp. 34, range 3 east, to the Skagit river; said viewers to meet Sept. 20, 1880, and report at the November term.

School Supt. Tennant presented a petition proposing change in the boundaries of school districts 14 and 23, with his approval, which was agreed to by the board.

Ordered that the Auditor be authorized to lease school lands during vacation.

The bill of L. L. Andrews, as deputy assessor, for \$24 was disallowed, as there was no record in the Auditor's office of his appointment as such deputy.

[The foregoing is a complete synopsis of the proceedings, with the exception of the bills audited and allowed, which will appear in next week's MAIL.]

M. D. SMITH, Clerk.

OPPOSED TO DIVISION ON CRANOR.—At the La Conner primary last Saturday, (which by the way was the largest ever held here), a resolution was adopted, expressing as the sense of the meeting opposition to any removal of the county-seat, interference with the district court, or division of the county.

New Postoffices have recently been established at the following named places in Whatcom County: Cypress, Ruby creek and Lyman. Another will soon be established at Birch Bay.

AN IMPORTANT omission was inadvertently made last week in noting the officers connected with the court. We refer to our highly esteemed fellow-citizen James A. Gilliland, Clerk of the Court, who though not large in stature we have no hesitation in saying is capable of dispatching business as actively and efficiently as any Clerk in the Courts of Washington Territory. We certainly had no intention to slight so important and indispensable an adjunct as the Clerk of our tribunal of justice; on the contrary we have reason to be justly proud of him.

The Republican Convention of King County has elected the following delegates to the Territorial Convention: Geo. W. Tibbets, Chas. W. Young, W. A. Jennings, S. Baxter, Geo. D. Hill, Irving Ballard, G. A. Weed, Kirk C. Ward, D. L. McCowan, and W. H. Pumphrey. And nominated the following ticket: For Councilman, A. S. Miller; Representative, L. P. Smith; Auditor, S. C. Harris; Sheriff, L. V. Wyckoff; Treasurer, Geo. D. Hill; Probate Judge, J. M. Hall; Assessor, E. Bryan; and for County Commissioners, Robt. Abraham, M. Van Dorn and G. M. Colman.

DR. TANNER'S last of forty days terminated in New York last Sunday week, at noon. He lost 36 pounds of flesh, and does not seem to be seriously affected by his long abstinence.

TWO SURGEONS from the National Surgical Institute, Indianapolis, Indiana, will visit Seattle, W. T., Sept. 31 and 4th, 1880, provided with a complete and expensive outfit of apparatus designed for the treatment of Spinal Disease, Hip and Knee Disease, Crooked Limbs, Club Feet, Paralysis, &c. Piles and Fistula cured without the knife. This Institution has an unequalled reputation in the treatment of these diseases, and those interested should not fail to see these surgeons.

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LEGAL NOTICES. Notice for Publication. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., August 10, 1880. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the District Court at La Conner, W. T., on Wednesday the 26th day of August, A. D. 1880: GEORGE M. HAGADORN, Pre-emption D. S. No. 4312 for the S 1/2 of SW 1/4 of Section 23, Township 33 North, Range 1 East, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: E. O. Tade, A. T. Burnell, E. Purvis and Wm. Gray, all of Fidalgo, Whatcom County, W. T. J. T. BROWN, Register. First publication August 7.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

Noticed for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., July 29, 1880. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of the Land Office at Olympia, W. T., on Friday the 10th day of September, A. D. 1880: JACOB HAYTON, Homestead application No. 3459 for the E 1/2 of NE 1/4 of Section 23, Township 33 North, Range 3 East, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: H. P. Downs, Otis F. Abbott, Charles H. Mann, and Ole Lanke all of Fir, Whatcom County, W. T. J. T. BROWN, Register. First publication July 31.

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