

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

VOL. 8.

LA CONNER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1881.

NO. 50.

The Puget Sound Mail.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

LA CONNER, W. T.
JAMES POWER, PROPRIETOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year, in advance, \$2 50
Six Months, " " " 1 50
Legal Advertising Rates:
One Square (12 lines) first insertion, \$1 00
Each subsequent insertion, 75
A liberal reduction to regular advertisers.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

McNaught, E. P. Ferry, J. F. McNaught

McNaught, Ferry and McNaught.

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW.

Seattle, W. T.

Office—Up Stairs in Squire's Opera House.

G. M. HALLER, A. W. ENGLE.

HALLER & ENGLE,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

La Conner, W. T.

Money loaned real estate bought and sold, farms to lease, collections made, conveyancing, etc.

C. H. HANFORD,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Seattle, W. T.

Will attend the terms of the District Court for Whatcom county.

A. T. HIGHBY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SEASIDE CITY, W. T.

Will practice before the District Court of Whatcom county.

W. H. WHITE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Seattle, W. T.

Office on the corner of Front and Columbia streets, up stairs.

Will practice in all the courts of Washington Territory.

H. G. STRUVE, J. C. HAINES, JOHN LEARY.

STRUVE, HAINES & LEARY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of Washington Territory.

Office opposite Squire's Opera House, Seattle, W. T.

Mr. Leary is a Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon and California.

BELLINGHAM BAY

NURSERY.

JOHN BENNETT, Proprietor.

The undersigned offers for sale a very choice collection of

FRUIT TREES

CONSISTING OF

Apples, Pears, Plums, Cherries and Beal's Early Fidalgo Peach. It is always ripe from the middle of August to the first of September. This tree is hardy and very prolific.

My collection of hardy perennial Border flowers is very choice. Flower Seeds, Roses and other Ornamental Trees and Shrubs.

JOHN BENNETT,

Whatcom, Whatcom Co., W. T.

L. P. SMITH & SON,

Watchmakers,

JEWELLERS AND ENGRAVERS.

Seattle, W. T.

Dealers in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware of the best quality.

All kinds of work in the line of repairing watches, clocks and jewelry done in a satisfactory manner, and warranted. Orders for goods or work, from all parts of the Sound solicited. Give us a trial and satisfy yourselves.

Store on Front St. opposite Brewery.

LATEST NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH TO DATE.

Hugh G. Anderson, ex-governor and ex-congressman of Maine, died May 31st; age 83.

Two Texas robbers, named Milton and King, alias Robertson, were killed at New Brandfield while resisting arrest, the latter by deputy U. S. Marshal Martin and the former by Martin's twelve-year-old son.

John Grison, of Chicago, after 72 hours of fasting, shows a loss of 11 pounds. He appears to be in a healthy condition, plays games, visits theatres, and when he feels the need of stimulation takes a leisure walk.

Evidence as to the star route frauds is being collected by agents in several states where postal operations were extended. The attorney general does not expect the case to be ready for the grand jury before October.

The grand jury of New York filed a new indictment against Wm. Mulr, of 32 West Eleventh street, charging him with forging thousand dollar bonds of the Oregon and California railroad. Mulr was formerly indicted in 1877.

Citizens are arranging for the meeting of the army of the Cumberland at Chicago, Sept. 24. President Garfield, Secretary Lincoln and other cabinet officers will be there. Ex-president Grant probably, and many other prominent men will attend.

A fearful hail storm visited south McLennan and the northern part of Bell county, Texas, Saturday night. A number of farms houses were torn down, lady killed and two men badly hurt. Near Crawford several houses were unroofed.

In the court of claims at Washington, in the case of Bellon, Nobilium & Co. vs. the United States, in which the plaintiffs had previously secured judgment for \$300,000 against the government for cotton captured during the war, the court set aside the judgment on account of fraud.

Postal changes for the week ending May 28: Discontinued—Howell Prairie, Marion county, Or.; Catalina, Pinal Co., Arizona. Postmasters appointed—Amos H. Hamilton, Forest Grove, Washington county, Or.; George W. Perkins, Snake, Baker county, Or.; Eltho B. Griffon, Alpha, Spokane county, W. T.; Jas. H. Pipton, Patterson's Mills, Douglas county, Or.

Officers of the national board of health and of the Marine hospital service are now examining reports received by them from all points where yellow fever is likely to originate or occur. These reports all inspire the board with confidence that there will be no further cases in the United States this year.

The Presbyterian general assembly at Brooklyn, after considerable debate, adopted the report of the judicial committee in the case of H. Peck, of Oregon, who appealed from the synod of Columbia's action, in dropping an investigation of charges of immorality against him. The committee found in the records of the synod a clear account of what was done, and they therefore sustained the action of Peck.

At 6:30 on the 31st ult. E. L. Stickey, a mining man, entered a saloon at the corner of Seventeenth and Stout streets, Denver, while the barkeepers were seated at the table, pulled a revolver and opened fire on Mr. J. Campau, a real estate agent. Two shots struck Campau, causing instant death, and another pierced a lady named Deveraux through the heart. It is reported that Campau has for some time had improper relations with Stickey's wife, but was drawn on by her for blackmailing purposes, and that two months ago he was compelled at the point of the dagger by Stickey to sign notes amounting to \$10,000 that he paid several, then refused an offer to be compelled to pay the remainder because no consideration was stated in the notes. Since then Stickey has several times threatened Campau's life. The shooting of Mrs. Deveraux was accidental. The murderer is in jail.

Dr. Philip Schaff, chairman of the American section of the Bible revision committee addressed a large audience at Pittsburgh last Sunday on the revised testament. After briefly reviewing the different translations made from time to time the speaker said that for 40 years there had been a growing demand for a new translation. The reasons for such revision were, first, the growth of the English language, and secondly, the progress in biblical scholarship. Every living language changes from time to time. Certain words have changed their meaning to the direct opposite of what they formerly expressed, such as "prevent," used in the sense of "precede," "carriage" for "baggage," and "by and by" for "forthwith." The most important, however, is the growth of knowledge. The forty-seven men who made King James' translation had none of them been in Palestine and knew little of biblical geography, and they were thus liable to make mistakes and did make many. Since Egypt has given up her treasures, semi-explored Palestine, Babylonia and Nineveh risen from their graves to testify to the truth of the Bible and their manly men have been made aware of the explanation of some of its passages. Older manuscripts since discovered have been used in the present revision and many actual errors rectified. "Strain at a gnat" has been changed to "strain out a gnat" and a great many such typographical errors corrected. Two words in original were both translated Hell, in King James' version, Hades denoting the abode of souls after death, and Gehenna meaning the abode of the damned. In the revision these have been corrected. So also has a distinction between devil and demon been made. The division into chapters, first made by a Roman Catholic cardinal in the 13th century, and that into verses first made by a Paris publishing house in the 16th, have been done away with and the text divided according to the sense. Italicized passages, when they were unnecessary and weakening to the true sense, have been discarded.

A strong protest is out against the projected elevated road, which will go through the finest portion of the city of St. Louis.

James Gamble has tendered his resignation as general superintendent of the telegraph and telephone system of the Western Union Telegraph Company, to take effect June 10th.

Under orders from the war department Gen. Pope is stationing troops at accessible points for service in case they should be needed by the Ute Indians, when their removal under the Ute treaty is to be consummated. Care is taken that no movement of troops likely to excite Indians is made.

The case of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. vs. the U. S., in which the court has given judgment for the company for \$40,000, both parties appealing, and supreme court having sent back the case with a mandate, the court of claims gave judgment for \$201,117, formerly due on account of carrying mails.

The census bureau furnishes the following statement giving the results of the first count of the cereal crop of 1879-80 in Washington with that of 1878-79:

Cereals.	Acres.	Bushels, 1880.	Bushels, 1879.
Wheat	851,304	11,251,728	9,261,721
Barley	10,202	44,149,479	28,283,883
Oats	16,150,411	407,370,712	282,107,159
Hay	35,447,965	439,841,023	297,745,426
Other	1,844,321	17,110,310	10,209,549
Total	53,476,203	1,019,623,242	747,608,738

The debt statement issued shows the decrease of the public debt during May by \$1,150,721, or in treasury \$250,496,888; gold certificates, \$50,122,500; silver certificates, \$30,773,250; equities of deposit outstanding, \$10,860,000; refunding certificates, \$104,000; legal tenders \$1,000,000; \$348,084,016; fraction of currency outstanding, \$7,109,163; reduction of public debt since June, 1880, \$80,240,323; cash balance available, \$155,161,896.

Immigration for May exceeds the figures for the same month last year by 21,000, and the number is larger than for any one month in the history of Castle Garden.

Arrivals each month since January, are as follows: January, 5082; February, 5738; March, 7388; April, 5948; May, 7512. Total for five months, 182,100. For the corresponding period last year, the figures were: January, 5677; February, 7894; March, 21,094; April, 45,378; May, 50,983. Total for five months, 130,932.

On the 24th a suicide was found on a vacant lot in the southern part of San Francisco, shot through the head. At the inquest it transpired that he had left letters to his wife, and that he had recently killed B. E. Bates of Salt Lake and sent his trunk to Miss Lizzie Snyser, Salt Lake, to whom Bates was affianced. It was also developed that he had recently taken a photograph from Salt Lake that the suicide was Bates himself. His story as to his betrothal is true, but no adequate reason is assignable for his suicide and strange post mortem hoax.

The commissioners of emigration are in favor of providing for a tax of one dollar for each steerage passenger landed at this port by steamships from foreign countries had passed the legislature and was before the governor for his signature—which has been pending for some time. The tax is to be paid by steamship companies and provided that in cases of default vessels may be libelled.

The purpose of the tax is to provide for inspection and other expenses for that state upon immigration. It does not affect passengers now on the way to the United States and will obviate the necessity of asking the state for an annual appropriation to support immigration.

The fact which decided the president to nominate Mr. Robertson as collector has at last become known, and it must remove the doubts of a large number of those who have questioned the policy of the president's first step, even while supporting him since adoption of the course taken by Cookin. It appears that it had been determined to appoint Robertson to some prominent office in New York, and this conclusion had been reached before the first batch of nominations for that state was made. Just at this time the president was given to understand in a way that admitted of no mistake that Cookin would insist upon controlling the term house appointments, and that a change should be made. As soon as the president became convinced of this, he decided to make a change in the custom house and have the right out of the threshold of his administration, rather than have it injected into the middle of his term, as it would have been had he waited until Merritt's term had expired.

An important decision was rendered by the French American claims commission in the case of Joseph Napoleon Perche, archbishop of New Orleans, against the United States. The memorial of the claimant is forth that in 1801, at which time he was a French subject residing in New Orleans, military forces of the U. S. under command of Gen. B. F. Butler, occupied that city and demolished property belonging to him to the value of \$3000 and subjected him to arrest and imprisonment. For these injuries he claims that he is entitled to damages in the sum of \$40,000 with interest. The U. S. maintains that the archbishop is not entitled to recover as a French subject under the treaty, for the reason that he is now and has been since 1870 a naturalized American citizen. Following is the decision of the commission: "The memorial states that he was naturalized in the U. S. in 1870. He does not claim to be a French citizen. Without deciding upon any other claim which may be analogous to this, we think that the claim of Monsieur Perche must be rejected because it does not come within the terms of the treaty, which only provides for the claims of French subjects. We are of opinion, therefore, that we deem it proper for us to express our regret that we cannot take into consideration of a case which seems upon its face to be so equitable. Signed, Baron de Hirsch, president, L. De Goyrie, J. O. Olds, commissioners." The present case is said to be decisive of a whole class of similar cases in which large amounts of money are involved.

Rules for Ruling the Boys.

Tell your boy every day of the week that he's born to be laughed.

Encourage him to fight with the boys in the neighborhood.

Scold him for every trifle, and if you feel in the humor, knock him down.

If you see any sly, cunning tricks in him laugh at him and call him cute.

Tell him two or three times to do a thing, and if he won't obey, tell him not to mind.

Encourage him in the pleasure he takes in torturing dumb animals, so he will be chicken-hearted.

Never reprove him for making fun of the aged, unless he happens to refer to your own bald head.

When he acknowledges a thing frankly call him imprudent and forward; if he says nothing, call him a blockhead and stubborn.

Give him a night-key when he is a little way in his teens, and let him come in when he pleases without disturbing the household.

Let him learn the accomplishment of dancing clog dances on the street corners for a winter night's amusement.

If he makes too much noise around the house, sending sleds, building boats, etc., tell him for pity's sake, to get out of doors—he'll find corner loungers glad to get hold of him.

Never encourage him when he tries to study harder than usual, or has been making an extra effort to be good. Take it for granted that it's no more than he ought to do, and that it would spoil him if he put him.

Go off to the church societies, temperance gatherings and lodge meetings, and let him sit to spend his evenings as he likes.

Let him boss his little brothers and sisters as much as he likes, and never interfere to make peace when they quarrel.

Let him see that it is a big brother's privilege to bully the rest.

If he asks you to buy him a story-book or a good magazine, tell him he has his Bible and his school books, and besides, you can't afford it. If he should ask for money to buy a bow-knife or pistol, give it him on the spot.

Let him see as soon as possible that he's the smartest chap of the nineteenth century, and that his father is an old fogy who happens to know enough to make money, but shouldn't know the first thing, as how it should be spent.

Tell him the old story about all work and no play making Jack a dull boy is played out. That boys are intended to work until they are tired and then go to bed. In the mean time take in all the amusements you can but leave him at home.

Never let it into your head that a boy's heart is made out of the best, natural and most lovable material in the world; and don't be foolish enough to suppose that coaxing and kissing will ever get as much out of him as kicking and cuffing.

Never let him know that every boy, whether his father be rich or poor, has a career of his own to make, and that if he doesn't stand on his own two feet, and work with his own two hands he'll be nothing but a helpless niny to the end of his days.

Set yourself to work to make money for him to spend when he's grown, and don't take time to have pleasant walks with him, or to overlook his studies, or to have quiet talks with him, or to enter into his boyish schemes or plans, or to relate interesting adventures, or to find out something about his companions and pastimes, or to show him, in fact that you have the least earthly interest in him or that you care for being very well acquainted with him at all.—[Albany Press.

Raising Calves.

James Fisher, Jr., of Harrison county, Ohio, gives his way of making six months calves equal to yearlings.

In the first place after the calf is a day old I take it from the cow and I have no trouble in learning it to drink milk. I feed for one week on milk and then change to sweet skimmed milk, the milk being stood twenty-four hours. I feed sweet milk for the first three months and then commence adding a little mash and bran.

If calves are kept growing all the time for six months you have no idea how large they will be. As a general thing calves are turned out to grass after two or three months' care. They then become thin and "pot gutted," and when winter comes they are but very little larger than when you quit feeding them.

It is very little more trouble to keep feeding a calf six months; then look how large they will be. If any kind of young stock gets stunted it takes a great amount of extra feed to bring it up where it ought to be at six months or a year old.

Now let every farmer's wife or farmer's daughter try and see what she can make out of her calves. It is as easy to have steers ready for market at two years old, by giving them the proper attention, as it is to let them run and be half kept and unmarketed until three or four years old.

What stock you keep make it your aim to keep them in the best manner. Keep no more than you can keep growing all the time. Make it a rule to feed high and feed plenty. It should be your constant aim to see how soon you can bring your cattle into market. Mash and milk is a first rate food for calves after they are three months old.

"Henry is so practical!" said Mrs. Youngwife. "When mother went into the country last year, he sent all her things after her the very next day; he said she might want some of them, you know. And it's kind o' funny," she went on, "mother did want them, for she has never come back to live with us since. Wasn't it queer?"

An old Woman.

A correspondent at Bucyrus, Ohio, furnishes the following to the Louisville Courier-Journal:

No proverbial has it become to impute all our things to Ohio men the who we hear of anything done by any body good or great or smart, the query at once pops into our minds, "Is he an Ohio man?" and when it occurs—which is very rarely the case—that he is not, we are flooded with the most bitter disappointment.

With these preliminary remarks on Ohio men in general, the readers of the Courier-Journal will not be startled when I tell them that Miss Pere Hyatt was an Ohio name that, to say, an Ohio woman. She was not, however, born in Ohio, but came to the State or was brought here in her mother's arms, when but a year old. Her maiden name was Emily Jane Butterfield, and she is a sister to W. C. Butterfield, author of "Crawford's Campaign against the Sandusky Indians" and other historical works of considerable merit. It was under his supervision that she received her early education, and from him, while Superintendent of schools for Seneca county, she received her first certificate as a teacher in the public schools.

Her father, Anroy Butterfield, was a native of Richland, Oswego county, New York, where he was a merchant of some prominence. He emigrated to the West in 1828, and settled in Melmore, Seneca county, Ohio. Emily was at that time about a year old, having been born in June, 1823. Some two years after Mr. Butterfield's removal to Ohio, he, on the 15th day of July, 1830, was instantly killed in Melmore, while assisting in raising the frame of the first Methodist Church built in the town. He was highly esteemed among his fellow men.

Emily Butterfield was first married to Edward B. Merriman, a son of Dr. William Merriman, at that time a prominent citizen of Bucyrus, Ohio, and President of the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, now a part of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad. Edward Merriman, at the time of his marriage to Miss Butterfield, was engaged in the mercantile business in Bucyrus. He became somewhat reckless and dissipated, however, before his death. Some time after his marriage he sold out in Bucyrus, and returned to his native land, and shortly after, while on a business trip to Chicago, died, leaving his wife in rather limited circumstances. Two children were born to them—a son and a daughter, the latter of whom died early.

Emily Butterfield is now employed in the Treasury Department at Washington. A half sister of Edward Merriman, Miss Georgia Merriman, still lives in Bucyrus, and is a practicing physician there.

Her father, in her opinion, it is said, many of the characteristics of her mother, who is represented by those who knew her as a most beautiful, amiable and intellectual woman. After the death of her husband, Mrs. Merriman returned to Bucyrus, and her work was of a character commanding remunerative prices. She possessed some inventive genius, as well as a talent for writing, and invented a health corset, upon which a patent was issued, and which attained some popularity among the ladies of the land. A factory was established for its manufacture in Bucyrus, which paid her a royalty on the goods manufactured, and afforded her quite a little income. In a few years she had accumulated sufficient money to go abroad for her education, and she went to Paris, where she continued her studies, making many warm friends among the Americans resident there, and becoming a universal favorite.

It was while in Paris that she became interested in Father Hyatt, in listening to his eloquent sermons in the church of Notre Dame—sermons that we all know shook the Catholic world to its very foundation. This interest was followed by an acquaintance that in turn resulted in a marriage, which created more excitement and evoked more comment and criticism, perhaps, than any marriage on record.

MELANCHOLY IN LITERATURE.—It is an undeniably fact that melancholy has been thus far the attendant of culture, and that it has deepened with the last fifty years. Every poet and novelist since the beginning of the nineteenth century has had it in a greater or less degree. The tendency toward psychological analysis has long been irresistible, and there are no signs yet of the prophesied reaction. Scott was the last of the English writers of fiction who strove successfully against the current, and that he should be read and admired to-day is due to his great tribute that could be paid to his genius. But running down through Charlotte Bronte, Dickens and Thackeray, we use this melancholy view of life deepening none the less because in Dickens it was tinged with pathos and in Thackeray with satire.

Then in George Eliot, although her works rightly understood are the gospel of hope for the race, the spirit of the writer is so oppressed with the inevitable struggle which she foresees that hopelessness becomes the pervading tone of her most finely wrought characters. In the current fiction of the day this is yet more pronounced.—[Boston Traveler.

Adelina Patti will come to this country to sing in opera at a hall in Cincinnati. In all other towns and villages in the United States she will sing only in concert. This has been told to Cincinnati music critics in confidence.

MISCELLANEOUS.

They talk always who never think.—[Prior.

Live with wolves and you will learn to howl.

To win, work and wait—but work a good deal more than you wait.

We must learn to infuse sublimity into trifles. That is power.

It is more shameful to distrust one's friends than to be deceived by them.

The young man that runs often after a sherry cobbler will never get his shoes mended.

People care a great deal more for keeping up appearances than for keeping up realities.

Man is like a pin; the size of the head does not indicate how sharp and pointed he may be.

According to the security you offer to her, Fortune makes her loans easy or ruinous.—[Lytton.

The men who mix the least with their fellows become at last the most thoroughly one-sided.

He is not worthy of the honeycomb, that shuns the hive because the bees have stings.

Miss Fortune is half-sister to Luck, great aunt to Carelessness, and own mother to Prodigality.—[Byron and Stan' dard.

To rejoice in others' prosperity is to give content to your own lot; to mitigate another's grief is to alleviate or dispel your own.

What a delightful thing rest is! The bed has become a place of luxury to me! I would not exchange it for all the thrones in the world.

It is possible to speak without believing, but it is poor speaking; it is possible to believe without believing, but it is poor believing.

Beas careful of the books you read as of the company you keep; for your habits and character will be as much influenced by the former as the latter.

Bob Ingersoll has made \$20,000 out of his lecture on "Hell." If there is no such place, Robert has made a good deal of money out of nothing.

The correspondent of a New York paper who recently visited Fremont, O., reports that he found ex-President Hayes building a fence.

Goldwin Smith says intemperance is diminishing in Canada, and James Freeman Clarke is certain that it has fallen off materially since his boyhood.

There is more or less of pathos in all true beauty. The delight it awakens has an indefinable, and as it were, luxurious sadness, which is, perhaps, one element of its right.

The bed is a bundle of paradoxes: we go to it with reluctance and leave it with regret; we make up our minds every night to leave it early, but we make up our bodies every morning to keep it late.

"A young woman embraces teaching because it is a decorous place to wait until she sees what God shall send her. When the young man comes along she quits teaching and opens a school of her own."—[Henry Ward Beecher.

Louis A. Gouley, of Godley's Lady's Book, left an estate inventoried at \$221,854. As a distinguished Frenchman said: Let me publish the fashions of a nation, and I care not who loses money by publishing his classics."

Avare is generally the last passion of those lives of which the first part has been squandered in pleasure, and the second devoted to ambition. He that sinks under the fatigue of getting wealth in his age with the milder business of saving it.

Nine thousand three hundred and seventy-four women have been heard to remark, during the house-cleaning epidemic, "I have to look out for every thing; every thing is left for me; nothing is done unless I do it; its enough to try the patience of a saint."

In Boston street car conductors in uniform pass themselves off upon gullible girls from the country as naval officers. But where the preponderance of females is so great, a girl isn't to be blamed for believing anything a man tells them.—[Louisville Argus.

Two ten-cent drinks a day will supply a family with flour—that is, if the drinks are not taken and the money is invested in flour. We throw in this little economical hint as our Monday temperance lecture. Moral: Let somebody pay for your drinks.

The last Connecticut Legislature had a member who drove a milk route into Hartford in the morning, changed his clothes in the forenoon and took his seat in the State house, and in the afternoon put on his working clothes and completed his day's work.

The Princess Amelia Caroline Gasparine Leopoldine Henrietta Louise Elizabeth Françoise Maximilienne of Furstenberg, the lady to whom James Gordon Bennett is reported to be engaged, is the only daughter of Charles Egon, Prince of Furstenberg, and is thirty-three years old.

Mr. Factandancy has found three honest men in Boston, to-wit, a butcher who says the people eat too much meat for their health, a doctor who tells him that medicine is killing more folks than it cures, and a clergyman who says that ministers fatten on the ignorance of the multitude.

A New Haven man picked up over \$500 on the street the other day, which was said to belong to a Newark girl, who had carried it around sewed to her underskirt, considering that a safer place than a bank. She has changed her opinion since, however, and put it in the bank.

PUGET SOUND MAIL.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1881.

Villard and the Railroad.

During the recent visit of U. S. Railroad Commissioner French to this country he telegraphed to President Billings: "Let me urge that all your energies be put into the work of the Cascade Division, which should be completed this year if possible, next year without fail. Mr. Villard says it will be built without fail; he should have added and at once. Delay is suicide. The people require it, and the Government must assure it to them as speedily as possible."

This communication is not merely a recommendation of a Government official, but is a mandate from one invested with supervisory and discretionary powers, within the limits of the specific grants to the company and the directory rights retained by the Government by whose bounty the company was created and by whose forbearance its existence is continued. The conclusion to which Mr. French's unbiased personal examination has led him, is exactly such as any intelligent, disinterested party would arrive at with like means of information. It is what the people of Washington Territory unanimously require, public interests demand and the Government is in duty bound to enforce. The construction of a railroad over the shortest practicable route from the head of Lake Superior to Puget Sound, within a specified time which has elapsed, was the paramount condition of the magnificent subsidy and the essence of the contract. A reference to the land office map will show that the distance from Spokane Falls to Seattle, by the Government surveys, is less than 220 miles; by the located railroad route by the way of Portland the distance between the same points is nearly 520 miles—a difference of 300 miles in transportation to which the people of Eastern and Western Washington would be subjected in the interchange of their respective products, for the exclusive benefit of Portland. That would be perverting the Government bounty from public to private and local purposes—a policy which brought failure upon the first organization, delayed the project for many years, unsettled business, repressed enterprise, and consigned its managers to merited infamy.

While we most earnestly deprecate the principle of concentrating the control of all the avenues and arteries of commerce in the hands of one man or combination of men, yet in the personal character and antecedents of Mr. Villard we have an assurance that he is unlike the Stanfords, Goulds, Vanderbells, Scotts, and the smaller fry who attempted to control the immense subsidy to the Northern Pacific Railroad, all of whom pursued their own selfish purposes in utter contempt of public opinion, regardless of their obligations to the Government and totally oblivious to the interests of communities or the rights of the people; never hesitating to desolate villages by turning the channels of trade from their natural course, nor to seize the homes and products of years of industry and thrift of the pioneer settlers who were found to be accidentally upon their domain, acquired without toil or sacrifice; tyrants by instinct and robbers in practice, influenced by no human sympathy and actuated by no sentiment but lust of power and greed of gain. Whatever Mr. Villard may become through the exercise of power, the inevitable tendency of which is to aggrandize, he has heretofore manifested only those characteristics which exhibit most admirable qualities and qualifications: a man of commanding talents, liberal education, broad views, high executive ability, large human sympathies, a nice sense of honor and the dignity of manhood, respect for law and a decent regard for the opinions of his fellow-citizens of every grade—an intimate friend of Carl Schurz and son-in-law of William Lloyd Garrison, two of the most notable apostles of human freedom and manhood equality. In all of these characteristics he presents the most marked contrast to those of the railroad monopolists above-mentioned. In all his varied and vast transactions upon this coast he has given no indication of a change of character. The most prominent feature of all his enterprises has been an apparent design to develop the wonderful resources and promote the prosperity of this heretofore neglected section of the Union, without an act to give color to a suspicion that the railroad lines would be run in the interests of private speculation to the detriment of established thoroughfares and settled centres of trade. His dealings with corporations and individuals

have been on the most liberal scale with a scrupulous regard to the rights of persons and communities. These facts give us unbounded faith that the suggestions of Commissioner French will, without unnecessary delay, be carried out by Mr. Villard, and that within the next eighteen months the road will be constructed over the Cascade mountains connecting with the Sound at Seattle. Any thing short of that point would disappoint the hopes of country bordering upon Puget Sound, which is not immediately on, but directly tributary to the great commercial highway. The country lying north of the eastern extremity of Whidby Island, all bordering upon navigable waters, has an agricultural capacity much greater than the whole of the famed Willamette valley, together with iron mines, coal fields and an immense extent of the finest lumber forests upon the continent. Seattle is the natural commercial centre of all this immense and rapidly increasing trade. It cannot be removed to Tacoma, 25 miles off the regular route of trade, involving 50 miles of extra and unnecessary transportation, and Mr. Villard will make no such sacrifice of public interests and the interests of the road to promote the growth of a merely speculative town. He would as soon stop his Columbia river road at Vancouver instead of extending it to Portland.

AFFAIRS IN IRELAND.—Archbishop Croke, of Ireland, recently delivered a most remarkable speech upon the wrongs of that most unfortunate country. He made an appeal to Gladstone to stop further evictions. Eviction had a peculiar meaning in Ireland. It meant depopulation, degradation, flying to foreign lands carrying a spirit of vengeance against the great empire in the world, which has treated Ireland worse than ever an empire treated a dependency. He would therefore say to Gladstone, if you value the friendship of Ireland, if you value the good name of England, if you value the lives of our people, if you do not wish to perpetuate the national feud and sanguinary traditions that have ruled in this country for ages, blot out from the statute book the name of eviction, and let no man hereafter be turned out of his land unless it is quite clear that money which should have met this engagement was wastefully and foolishly dissipated. [Loud cheers.] It was only the other day that a venerable parish priest told me, that when he became priest of that parish, it contained 1200 families. There are at present only 400. Let me ask Mr. Gladstone what has become of the 800 families once happy in their humble homes? Those who have disappeared from the parish have gone into the grave, many into the work house, and many to the Great Republic of the West, bearing with them undying hatred to the country which banished them from their native land.

His Grace concluded with the following remarkable declaration: "I have to say that this movement is not a revolutionary movement in the strict sense of the word. It is a constitutional, lawful movement, which we intend to push forward by moral force alone. [Cheers.] We do not intend to violate any law. We intend to exhaust all constitutional remedies. We are perfectly satisfied that the elasticity of the constitution will allow us the means of working energetically to the last and finally achieving the results we aim at. We will produce an effect on England, not by physical force or any manipulation of physical force, but by moral means. We want to make our grievances known before the entire world; to tell France, and Spain, and Italy, and the United States, and the great colonies that acknowledge the sway of Great Britain, that as in this country we have been kept down by bayonets to the present time, and as by bayonets we are kept down at present, please God we are fully determined—bayonets or no bayonets—[great cheering] to proclaim to all events our want and claim, and that we will not be satisfied until we get our rights; and will enlist in our behalf not swords nor guns nor the cannon of France, Italy or the United States, but the intelligence nations of the world."

PROPERTY OF ENGLISH STATESMEN.—As a test of the personal concern which members of the Government have in land laws, it is interesting to note the possession of some of them. Mr. Gladstone is the proprietor of 7,000 acres; the Marquis of Huntly is heir to 200,000 acres; Earl Spencer owns 27,000; Earl Kimberley 11,000; Lord Northbrook 10,000; Mr. Dodson 30,000; Lord Huntley 90,000; other members have lesser estates, and Mr. Bright is the only prominent man in the Cabinet who has no landed possessions in fee worth mentioning. The Duke of Argyll, who has retired, owns 175,000 acres, but his rental is a little more than a fourth of the Duke of Devonshire's.

Villard has bought the New York Evening Post, and put Carl Schurz at the head of it.

When Abraham Lincoln was assassinated Queen Victoria wrote a four-page letter to Mrs. Lincoln. It has never been published, as the Lincoln family family regarded it as a violation of propriety to do so.—Chicago Journal.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," HENRY C. VINO, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the NW 1/4 of section No. 27, in Township No. 34 North Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," CHARLES J. NOYES, of Island County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of section No. 28, in Township No. 31 North Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," CHARLES J. NOYES, of Island County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of section No. 28, in Township No. 31 North Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," CHARLES J. NOYES, of Island County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of section No. 28, in Township No. 31 North Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

SUBMISSIONS.

Territory of Washington, } ss. County of Whatcom. In Justice's Court, Joseph F. Dwelly, Justice. To JUSTIN CRENWETH and JUSTIN CRENWETH, JR.: You are hereby notified that John S. Conner has filed a complaint against you in said court, which will come on to be heard at my office in La Conner, in Whatcom County, W. T., on the eleventh (11th) day of July, A. D. 1881, at the hour of two (2) P. M.; and unless you appear and then and there answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the demand of the plaintiff granted. The object and demand of said complaint is to recover a judgment against you for the sum of \$25.00 dollars alleged to be due from you to plaintiff for rent of certain property described in a complaint as Lot 4, Block K, in the town of La Conner, and a part of lots numbered 4 and 5, in township No. 30 North, range 3 East, in said county and Territory, and costs of complaint filed June 7th, 1881.

JOSEPH F. DWELLY, Justice of the Peace in and for Whatcom County, W. T. June 11—4w.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS. The Traveler who Wisely Provides. Against the contingency of illness by taking with him Hostetter's Bitters, has occasion to congratulate himself on his foresight, while he sees others who have neglected to do so, suffering from some one of the maladies for which it is a remedy and preventive. Among these are fever and ague, biliousness, constipation, and rheumatism, diseases often attendant upon a change of climate or unwholesome food, for sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

F. W. Wusthoff, Seattle, is the sole agent on the Sound for the Buckeye farming machinery and the Shuttle Wagon.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that ISAAC ANDERSON has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 14th day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 218, for the NE 1/4 of Sec. 33 and Lot 3 of Sec. 34, Tp. 33 N. R. 2 E.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that PETER REGENVETER, JR. has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 14th day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 451, for the SW 1/4 of Sec. 18, Tp. 31 N. R. 2 E.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that HOFER CAMP has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 21st day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 217, for the SE 1/4 of Sec. 31, Tp. 38 N. R. 2 E.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM UTTER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 21st day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 215, for the SW 1/4 of Sec. 23, Tp. 31 N. R. 2 E.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that LUCAS N. SHIELDS has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 21st day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 207, for the NW 1/4 of Sec. 19, Tp. 30 N. R. 2 E.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that LUCAS N. SHIELDS has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 21st day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 207, for the NW 1/4 of Sec. 19, Tp. 30 N. R. 2 E.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that MARY PERCE, late widow of Thomas Ramsay, deceased, has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Wednesday the 22d day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 238, for the NE 1/4 of Sec. 11, Tp. 30 N. R. 2 E.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that REUBEN BIZER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Wednesday the 22d day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 238, for the NE 1/4 of Sec. 11, Tp. 30 N. R. 2 E.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that JOHN H. PLASTER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Wednesday the 22d day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 238, for the NE 1/4 of Sec. 11, Tp. 30 N. R. 2 E.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that MARY McCALL has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Wednesday the 22d day of June, A. D. 1881, on Homestead application No. 238, for the NE 1/4 of Sec. 11, Tp. 30 N. R. 2 E.

NOTICE.

Parties who have paid \$2.50 per acre for lands supposed to have been within a railroad grant are entitled to a refund of one half the amount.

A. BOWMAN & CO., DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE. ANACORTES, (Fidalgo Island), W. T.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASH IS KING! COIN TALKS, AND SO DOES COUNTRY PRODUCE AT J. & G. GACHES, LA CONNER, W. T.

Realizing the Immense Advantages accruing alike to both Buyer & Seller through the medium of A STRICT CASH BUSINESS! We hereby give notice that from and after this date we will extend no more credit.

BUT OFFER CHEAP FOR CASH OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS, Now on Hand and in Constant Receipt by Steamer, CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Crockery, Tobacco, Glassware, Groceries, Provisions, Sashes, Doors, Paints, Oils, Tinware and AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

COME ON WITH YOUR CASH AND SECURE BARGAINS BETTER THAN CAN BE SECURED ELSEWHERE.

WHY? BECAUSE WE BUY FOR CASH. BECAUSE ALL OUR GOODS ARE SELECTED BY OUR OWN BUYERS. BECAUSE OUR STOCK IS THE BEST ASSORTED AND CHEAPEST ON THE SOUND. BECAUSE BUYING FOR CASH AND SECURING GREAT BARGAINS, WE CAN AFFORD TO DIVIDE THE PROFIT WITH OUR CUSTOMERS. AND DON'T RATE OUR GOODS AT HIGH PRICES TO MAKE YOU PAY FOR BAD DEBTS.

ALL KINDS PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

STILL FURTHER REDUCTION! AT THE STORE OF

L. L. ANDREWS.

GROCERIES—PRICE LIST. 9 lbs. D Sugar (not moist) \$1 00 1 Barrel Best Flour \$5 00 54 lbs. C. R. Coffee 1 00 1 sack Corn Meal, 50 lbs. 1 50 1 lb Best Japan Tea 50 1 25 lbs. 40 1 kg Golden Syrup 4 25 1 10 lbs. 40 1 lb Good Tobacco 2 50 1 sack Oat Meal, 19 lbs. 45 1 box Thomas C. W. Soap 1 75 1 sack Buckwheat flour, 10 lb. 60 1 box soap, 20 bars 1 75 40 lbs Beans 1 00 2 lbs Silver Gloss Starch 25 Hams, 7 lb 13c; Sides, 12c; and Zante Currants, 12c lb. Shoulders, 10c. 15 yds Best Calico 1 00 Grain pepper, 25c. lb. 12 yds Cabot Sheeting 1 00 1 Long-handled Spade 1 00 Cut of Best Coal Oil 2 00 1 Shovel 1 00

ALL OTHER GOODS AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW PRICES. GOODS will be sold at the above prices only for Cash or Good Merchantable Produce. Will pay highest market price for Hides, Furs and Grain in exchange for Goods.

L. L. ANDREWS, La Conner, W. T.

D. A. JENNINGS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

COMMERCIAL STREET, 2 doors below the New England Hotel. SEATTLE, W. T.

F. W. WUSTHOFF, DEALER IN

GENERAL HARDWARE AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS & MACHINERY.

BUFFALO PITS THRESHERS, Hoadley & Saar Scott Engines, McCormick and Buckeye Self-Binders, Beckey and Champion Reapers & Mowers, Garden City Sulky Rakes, Dictator Fanning Mills, our own manufacture; Seeders, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Harpoons, Horse Hay Forks, Cradles, Scythes, Sashes, Forks, Rakes &c, &c.

The Finest Stock of Mechanics' Tools. A GRAND ASSORTMENT OF CUTLERY. The most Complete Stock of Sporting Goods in the Territory.

Also keeps constantly on hand a good supply of EXTRAS for all leading machines, and last but not least, EVERY MACHINE IS GUARANTEED, and put into the purchaser's field by a competent man. F. W. WUSTHOFF, SEATTLE, W. T., Box 14.

LOCAL NEWS AND COMMENTS.

THE MAIL AND CHRONICLE. THE MAIL has entered into arrangements with the San Francisco Chronicle...

THE FOURTH AT LA CONNER.—At a public meeting of the citizens of this place last Wednesday evening, of which Mr. J. A. Gilliland was chairman and J. Power secretary, it was decided to have a Fourth of July celebration...

The prospect for a large grain crop in this locality was never better than this season. There is probably not less than six thousand acres sown; and all this has been sown in good season—much earlier than usual, and hence promises to yield handsomely.

THE LARGE DAM, recently noted as in course of construction at the head of navigation on Sullivan Slough, near Pleasant Ridge, was completed about a week ago, and it turns out as hitherto predicted, to be a very extensive and creditable piece of work...

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Mr. Jenkins' floating photograph gallery has arrived at La Conner and will remain a week or two for the purpose of accommodating all who desire to have their pictures taken.

MAJOR W. G. MORRIS, for some years past Special Treasury Agent for these Northwest Customs Districts, with headquarters at Port Townsend, has been appointed Collector of Customs for Alaska.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT befell one of Mr. Carlson's little girls a few days ago. While playing on a "teeter" board she fell off and broke her arm above the elbow joint.

GOVERNOR NEWELL, of this Territory, belongs to the Presbyterian Church, a denomination quite in the ascendancy in New Jersey, of which he was once Governor.

Tax post-office recently established at Birch Bay, this (Whatcom) county, is now open and in active operation, with Mr. B. H. Bruns postmaster.

Tax attention of our readers is invited to advertisement of Mr. W. G. Steinweg, of Sehome, who has taken the agency of the American Book Exchange publications, now so popular with the people of the United States; and also the advertisement of Mr. Chas. Naher, one of the leading jewelers of Seattle.

Territorial University.

A day or two previous to the graduating ceremonies at the University, the Board of Regents—Messrs. H. G. Struve, O. Jacobs and James Power, with Prof. Anderson, Secretary, being present—met and on recommendation of the faculty provided for conferring collegiate degrees and diplomas upon graduates of the Institution.

I congratulate you, Mr. President, and gentlemen Regents, and especially you, citizens of Seattle, upon the establishment of the Board of Regents for the purpose of the highest education. The libraries and collections of a University are the storehouses of knowledge, and afford conveniences for education to those in whose midst they are established.

The best seminary of learning can only afford to you the opportunity of instruction, but it must depend at least upon yourselves whether you will be instructed or not, or to what point you will carry that instruction. There is no excellence without labor. It is the act of fate, in which no power of genius can absolve you.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Mr. Jenkins' floating photograph gallery has arrived at La Conner and will remain a week or two for the purpose of accommodating all who desire to have their pictures taken.

MAJOR W. G. MORRIS, for some years past Special Treasury Agent for these Northwest Customs Districts, with headquarters at Port Townsend, has been appointed Collector of Customs for Alaska.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT befell one of Mr. Carlson's little girls a few days ago. While playing on a "teeter" board she fell off and broke her arm above the elbow joint.

GOVERNOR NEWELL, of this Territory, belongs to the Presbyterian Church, a denomination quite in the ascendancy in New Jersey, of which he was once Governor.

Tax post-office recently established at Birch Bay, this (Whatcom) county, is now open and in active operation, with Mr. B. H. Bruns postmaster.

Tax attention of our readers is invited to advertisement of Mr. W. G. Steinweg, of Sehome, who has taken the agency of the American Book Exchange publications, now so popular with the people of the United States; and also the advertisement of Mr. Chas. Naher, one of the leading jewelers of Seattle.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of Washington Territory, holding terms at La Conner. PAUL POLSON, plaintiff, vs. PETER M. JOHNSON, defendant.

Action brought in the District Court of Washington Territory, holding terms at La Conner, Whatcom County, Washington Territory, and complaint filed in said County of Whatcom, in the office of the Clerk of the said District Court.

The United States of America send greeting to Peter M. Johnson, defendant: You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the above entitled court, and to answer the complaint filed therein within sixty days after the date of this summons or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of the complaint.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Witness the Hon. ROGER S. GREENE, Judge of the said Court and the seal thereof, this 20th day of May A. D. 1881.

JAMES SEAVEY, Clerk. By J. A. GILLILAND, Deputy. HALLER & ENGLE, Attys. at Law. May 23—7w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN SCRIBNER, of Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of Section No. 33, in Township No. 33 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 17th day of May A. D. 1881. J. T. BROWN, Register. May 23—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN SCRIBNER, of Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the NE 1/4 of Section No. 29, in Township No. 33 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 17th day of May A. D. 1881. J. T. BROWN, Register. May 23—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," LEMUEL B. ROE, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of Section No. 3, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 9th day of May, A. D. 1881. J. T. BROWN, Register. June 4—10w.

SAMUEL KENNEY, MERCHANT TAILOR, SEATTLE, W. T.

Suits made to order from the most serviceable and stylish goods. Samples of goods, with directions for self-measurement, sent to any address on application. Has also on hand an extensive assortment of ready made clothing and Gents Furnishing Goods. All at Moderate Prices.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," HARTMAN, of Washington County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of Section No. 11, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 14th day of April, A. D. 1881. J. T. BROWN, Register. May 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," J. T. BROWN, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of Section No. 10, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 14th day of April, A. D. 1881. J. T. BROWN, Register. (First publication April 23)

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

U. S. DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ALBION F. WELSH, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of Section No. 27, in Township No. 33 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 14th day of April, A. D. 1881. J. T. BROWN, Register. (First publication April 23)

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHAS. NAHER, DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, and JEWELRY.

Watches and Jewelry Carefully Repaired and Warranted. Seattle, W. T. Store on Commercial Square.

B. L. MARTIN, DEALER IN Agricultural Machinery AND Farming Implements. ROCK ISLAND, BLACK-HAWK, & CLIPPER PLOWS,

Iron or Wood Beams. South Bend Chilled-Iron Plows.

THE RACINE FANNING MILLS, MESHERY BROADCAST SEEDER The Best Seeder in the World.

Agent for the WALTER A. WOOD WORLD-RENOVED MOWERS AND REAPERS. And Twine and Wire Self-Binding Harvesters.

Will make a specialty of keeping a full line of EXTRAS, and ample supply of TWINE and WIRE, for Harvest Machinery.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land. U. S. LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, W. T.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," SAMUEL W. PYLE, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the NE 1/4 of section No. 32, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from the date hereof.

Given under my hand at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 11th day of May, A. D. 1881. J. T. BROWN, Register of the Land Office. Jr. 4—10w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. L. STEINWEG,

Subscription Agent for all Newspapers & Magazines

Also Agent for the American Book Exchange Publications,

Now Revolutionizing the Literary World; of which the following is a partial list, with price appended:

- LIBRARY OF UNIVERSAL KNOWLEDGE, large type 15 vols. octavo, cloth; \$12; half Russia, gilt top, \$22.50; postage 20c per volume; 8 vols. issued, volume 9 in press. This is a verbatim reprint of the last (1880) London edition of Chambers' Encyclopedia, with copious additions (15,000 topics) by American editors, the whole combined under one alphabetical arrangement, with illustrations as are necessary to elucidate the text. It gives an amount of matter about 70 per cent more than Appleton's Cyclopaedia (price, in cloth, \$50), and 20 per cent more than Johnson's Cyclopaedia, price \$21 in cloth. For the general reader it is undoubtedly the best Encyclopedia ever published, whatever the price. Millman's Gibbon's Rome; 5 vols. cloth; \$9; postage 37c; half Russia, gilt top, \$4; postage 32c. Macaulay's England; 3 vols. cloth; \$7.25; postage 24c; half Russia, gilt top, \$2.50; postage 32c. Green's Larger History of the English People; 2 vols. cloth; \$1; postage 10c; half Russia, gilt top, \$2; postage 34c. Tom Brown at Rugby; 30c; postage 6c. George Eliot's Romola; 35c; postage 7c. Don Quixote; 50c; postage 9c. Charlotte Bronte's Jane Eyre; 35c; postage 7c. Sir Walter Scott's Ivanhoe; cloth, 50c; postage 8c. Shakespeare; 3 vols. cloth; \$1.30; postage 28c; half Russia, gilt top, \$3; postage 48c. The principal plays in separate pamphlets, 3c each. Dante; 30c; postage 6c; half Russia, gilt top, 60c; postage 8c. Acme Biography—First Series. Twelve standard books by great authors, bound in 1 vol., cloth, 50c; postage 9c; half Russia, gilt top, \$1; postage 13c. Lossing's Eminent Americans, over 100 portraits, cloth, \$1; postage 12c; half Russia, gilt top, \$1.50; postage 12c. Acme Library of Modern Classics—First series; in 1 vol., cloth, 40c, postage 7c; half Russia, gilt top, 80c, postage 9c. The Koran of Mohammed, translated by Sale; cloth 30c, postage 5c; half Russia, gilt top, 60c, postage 7c. The Useful Dictionary of the English Language, by P. A. Nuttall; copious nearly one-half as much as Webster's Unabridged; cloth, 80c; half Russia, gilt top, \$1.25; postage 14c. Fring's Sisebeck Book, cloth, 35c; postage 6c; half Russia, gilt top, 70c, postage 9c. JENSEN'S CLASSIC—The Arabian Nights, illustrated, cloth, 40c; postage 5c. Robinson Crusoe, illustrated, cloth, 40c; postage 7c. Gulliver's Travels and Baron Munchausen, 2 in 1 vol., illustrated, cloth, 40c; p/gc 8c

Send for descriptive catalogue to— W. L. STEINWEG, Sehome, W. T.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WADDELL & MILES,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

IN RANGES, COOKING & HEATING STOVES

Tin, Japanese & Marbled Ware PUMPS.

Iron Pipe, Brass Goods, &c.

Agents for the celebrated SUPERIOR STOVES, the best that is sold on the Pacific Coast.

CALL and examine the celebrated Wood-Burning BRIGHTON RANGES.

CROCKERY, GLASS and STONE WARE.

CHURNS of all descriptions.

Orders solicited, Satisfaction guaranteed.

WADDELL & MILES, Seattle, W. T.

S. BAXTER & CO

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCOS & CIGARS.

Sole Agents for the FAIR OAKS OLD BOURBON WHISKY

All of which we offer to the trade At San Francisco Prices.

Dealers in and Exporters of WOOL, HIBES AND FURS,

For which we pay the Highest Cash Price. Please send for Price Lists.

S. BAXTER & CO., Seattle, W. T.

NEW GOODS AT THE FIDALGO STORE,

I am in constant receipt direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO NEW GOODS

Consisting in part of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of all kinds; Men's and Boys' Clothing; and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Men's Boys' Pure Rubber Boots, Rubber Coats and Oil Suits, Also Boots, Shoes and Slippers of all kinds and sizes; Notions of all kinds; Hardware and Cutlery, Iron and Nails, Glassware and Crockery; Drugs and Patent Medicines.

On all bills of \$5 and upwards in the above line of Goods I will allow 10 Per Cent. Off for Cash.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS

I get from first hands in Portland and SAN FRANCISCO for Cash, and will sell at Cheap as the Cheapest.

To all parties from a distance I will give special terms that will pay them for copying.

I carry a full line of all goods usually kept in a First-class Country Store.

To all who have money to spend I would say—Please give us a call, and I guarantee that you will leave satisfied with your Bargains.

WM. MUNKS.

THE LUMMI STORE,

At the mouth of the Nooksack River.

B. McDONOUGH, Proprietor.

Has a large and choice assortment of GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Constantly on hand, which will be sold to customers at the lowest prices.

Lots of fifty dollars and upward delivered at the Ferndale Crossing free of charge.

SEWING MACHINES

FOR SALE LOWER AT LA CONNER than anywhere else on the Pacific Coast.

The Celebrated CROWN MACHINE is the best in the world, and J. A. Gilliland of La Conner the man to order it for at the lowest possible price.

of all kinds on hand. Parties in want of MACHINES will save money by applying to—

J. A. GILLILAND.

