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LATEST NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH TO DATE

Chief stockholders in the Homestake mine, have sent to Yankton for articles of incorporation for a 100-mile narrow gauge road to connect the chief cities of the hills with the coal fields. Material for the road is on the way from Danville, Pa.

A convention of the Young Men's National Catholic Union will be held in Chicago on the 11th and 12th inst. Delegates from all parts of the country are expected, and while there will be guests of the U. S. Catholic Library Association.

James D. Boyle, of Bradford, Illinois, who acquired distinction as a forger of government bonds, and whose work was only distinguishable from the genuine by being superior thereto, was brought into Judge Budgett's court for the fifth and gave bonds in the sum of \$20,000.

The confirmation of Messrs. Spaulding, Watson and Harston as assistant treasurers, naval officer and internal revenue collector at San Francisco were all effected on the 5th by unanimous consent, and their commissions will be prepared for them.

In the senate Dawes made an attempt to secure action on the resolution for the election of senate officers, but the democratic senators refused the tactics of alternating motions to go into executive session and adjourn, until Dawes gave up the fight for the day, and upon his motion the senate went into executive session.

Word has reached Parsons, Kansas, that surveyors on the Muske and Fort Smith branches of the Missouri Pacific, have been driven off by Cherokee Asst. Attorney Kelson, upon the order of General Manager Talmage, left for the scene of difficulty. The Indians are reported determined, but it is not doubted that the Missouri Pacific folk will assert their right to build the road.

The Tribune's Washington special says: There are strong indications that the senate will very soon be ready to adjourn sine die. Some republican senators express the opinion that all necessary business can be finished in two or more days. It is understood however, that the senate will soon send in a number of nominations which it was thought expedient to hold back until the senate should be ready to act upon them.

One of Green's coal shafts near Carbonate, Kansas, was ignited, consuming all timbering at the foot of the shaft. Twenty miners were at work, and none could escape until the fire was brought under control. Men were lowered and three dead. The names of the dead and missing are: Hungate, Jake McDonald, Andrew Warner, Chas. Jones, Michael Mulloy, and Pat Mulloy, a boy. All those brought up alive are recovering slowly.

Senator Miller received a telegram from a prominent San Francisco merchant reading simply as follows: "Matthew, 25th and 21st, Vox Populi." For the benefit of those who may not be familiar with the names of the streets, the names of the streets at hand it may be well to add that the sentiment thus attributed to the people of San Francisco is "Well done thou good and faithful servant. Thou hast been faithful over a little thing; I will make thee ruler over many things. Enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

Henry Ward Beecher, in a lecture speaking of the antipathy to the Chinese, deprecated it, and earnestly said that the boasted institutions and policy of America were a sham if it is people of other races to have the Chinese or any other people assimilate all people who come to us. When a lion eats an ox the lion does not enter into an ox, but the ox turns into a lion. So an immigrant comes to our common schools, and he and his children are assimilated by our people.

Senator Dawes has telegraphed the following to a New England newspaper: "Please say to my constituents that I, or any committee of which I am on, have advised the president to withdraw the nomination of Robertson, or have recommended that the cautious action on the nomination be postponed until another session, are false. The fabrications of facts at this end of the wire and those at the other ends who use the fabrications as true, beat themselves, not me."

G. Frost, president of the Franco-Texas Land Company, has absconded, leaving heavy debts behind him. He appropriated \$20,000 of the company's money and owes \$35,000 to different parties all along the railroad. He left riding one horse and leading another, and was armed with a couple of rifles. It is believed that he has gone to Arizona or New Mexico. It is also stated that he obtained \$4500 which the company subscribed towards building a court house at Sweetwater, Nolan county, and put the money in his own pocket. The Franco-Texas Land Company have some of the most prominent men in the state connected with it.

The following were among the confirmations by the senate: Nathan W. Spaulding, United States assistant treasurer at San Francisco; Bradley J. Watson, naval officer of customs at San Francisco; John D. Merritt, collector for the district of Oregon; Chancellor Harston, collector of internal revenue for the first California district; Rowell G. Wheeler, Indian agent for Pima and Maricopa agency, Arizona; H. Helms, Montana; W. H. Lewis, Indian agent, Mesquero agency, New Mexico; John H. Sullivan, Indian agent at Magua, Pueblo agency, Arizona; Wm. Letcher, register of land office at Mitchell, Dakota; Olin Pettis, receiver of public money at Stockton; Solomon Cooper, receiver of public money at Humboldt; James C. Fullerton, receiver of public money at Roseburg, Oregon. And the following postmasters: Wm. Sharkey, at Orville, Cal.; John P. Clum, Tombstone, Arizona; Jas. Frank, Rawlins, Wyoming; Robert E. Fink, Helena, Montana.

On Making Calls.

On one side, that of fashionable calls, this subject has been worn well nigh thread-bare. As the double of Dr. Ingham was taught to remark, "So much has been said, and so well said, that I will not detain the audience further." There is, however, another side, on which the little has been said. Unfashionable calls abound, but to make them successfully, to make them a pleasure, not a burden, to the recipient, is an art which is almost lost, if, indeed, it ever flourished.

School girls, young ladies, even mature women often say "Oh, I hate making calls. I like to go to see my friends." The remark is evidently directed to the hearts of the speakers. They are proud of it. In their view it indicates an unworried, untrammelled nature, too sincere to feel ashamed if this view were true, and this were all, we might leave these children of nature to their happiness. Unfortunately, it is not all. Carried beyond a certain point, the "going to see others" becomes a nuisance.

In practice, the phrase stands for a call so unfashionable as to be made at any time and of any length. The pleasure of the caller is the only law observed. At dinner time, at tea time; when we are alone, when we have guests; when we are just going out, when we have in hand important matters at home; regardless of our convenience, comes our informal friend—when does he go?

Such calls are of two kinds, with and without a purpose. In a sense, of course, no call is purposeless; yet the term is not far wrong when applied to calls which only purpose is to spend time somewhere, or simply to be in the company of a certain friend. A call, whose object is purely to kill time, will come in an end when the given time is killed. It is, therefore, more desirable than one which is made simply because the caller "feels like seeing" such or such a person. In this case the burden of entertainment lies wholly with the receiver. Flattering though it may seem at first sight to receive a call for such a reason, yet when time has passed in the effort to be agreeable enough to justify the motive, when topic after topic has been exhausted, and one's resources are nearly drained, elation gives way to depression and a longing for the call of this kind is, if all most wearisome, because it may be all but endless. There are times when no remedy avails but to say, graciously if you can, yet unmistakably, "Now, please, go away."

The informal call made with a purpose is very different. It is capable of giving sincere pleasure to the person called, since the faculty of saying clearly what she has come to say, and saying it but once, she may be sure of a welcome. For such a caller one willingly endures a little, even considerable inconvenience. One even among grown persons the faculty is rare; in the young it is seldom if ever found. When a young girl comes to an older friend for a special purpose, as for comfort or advice, it becomes often momentarily harder for her to introduce the subject of which she longs to speak. She hesitates, sits silent, talks of the weather, of books, of home, of school, of anything but what she wants to say. It may be an hour or two before the real object of the call is made known; after this comes the business of the day.

Now, if the older friend be one whose friendship is of value, she is not likely to have two hours to throw away upon preliminaries. She finds herself, therefore, in a dilemma. On the one hand her time is precious, the wasting of it is a sacrifice. On the other, she knows that a girl's confidence is easily checked; that a slight rebuff may seal both lips and heart, and that then this chance for influence may have fled forever. The latter seems the greater evil, and so the sacrifice of time is made.

Where there is an evil, there must be a remedy. What is the remedy for this? Briefly stated, it is two-fold. On the part of the woman, tact must be used to draw out quickly the real purpose of the visit. Tact, I say, for while abrupt questions are worse than useless, sympathizing suggestions may greatly help the matter. Such tact will grow, with watchful thought and practice. It is worth cultivating.

On the part of the girl, when she once has seen that a friend's time must not be undervalued, an application of the golden rule is needed. It would take the form, perhaps, of such a warning as Edward Everett Hale received from his wise father: "Now that you begin to make calls, let me give you one piece of advice: Make them short. The people who see you may be very glad to see you; but it is certain they were occupied with something when you came, and it is certain, therefore, that you have interrupted them."

Wise words! The girl, the woman, the man—even a man may need such a warning—who adopts this as a settled principle of action, must be direct in order to be brief, and can never wear out a welcome.

HOW CAN WHEELS BE KEPT ON.—Car wheels are now kept in their place without being keyed on. In former times they were almost sure to precipitate an accident; besides, keys would drop out by the constant jar and be weakened by the axles and wheels. Axles are turned to fit the wheel snugly and are driven in place by hydraulic pressure. Fresh air is blown into the axle and covered with a thin coat of white lead and oil, which hardens in a short time and holds the wheel so firmly in place that a pressure of from 100 to 140 tons is required to remove a broken axle from the wheel in which it is placed.

Compliments and small fishes are often found in shallow places.

Her Capacious Stocking.

"Dis ain't nothing to the tings I had in me stocking," remarked the irrepressible Arianna, slipping herself upon the edge of the bed and arranging her baroche comfortably on the back of the chair which had served her as a stepping stone.

"Really?" cried Madge, in surprise looking up from her treasures; "what did you have?"

"O, I had a looking-glass—a big looking-glass," went on the young woman ecstatically, "and a—"

"Nonsense," said John, "people don't have looking-glasses in their stockings."

"Yes, dey do, Mars' John; and you oughtn't to say nonsense, when you ain't seed it. It was as fine as any looking-glass in dis here house."

"How big was the stocking," asked Gerald, who had been looking on.

"Dat's just it; it were bigger'n all these stockings put together. De truf am, Santa Clau' had such a lot of big tings dat he just had to stop and sew up a sheet!"

"What?" cried all the children, in amazement; "what else did he put in it?"

"Well," said Airy, "dere was de looking-glass and a pair of new shoes wid real cotton shoe-strings; and a wax dawl wat shuts its eyes and den opens 'em wid boot quick; an'—an' a new jews-harp; an' one dem tings like Mars' Gerald's dat you play music on, only a heap bigger'n his; why, its bigger'n me!"

"Oh Airy," cried Gerald, looking rather disconcerted at his accordeon, "is that really true?"

"Oh, well, dere's lots more; dere was a hoop skirt."

"Oh Airy, what a funny present!"

"You jes wait till you see me wearin' it. You won't think it funny den. An' dere's a pocket-handkerchief."

Den dere was a lot of fine books, all bibles, wid pictures and cows and sheeps an' alligators."

"Go on Airy," said Madge. "Its the queerest stocking I ever heard of; was dere any more in it?"

"Heaps!" replied Airy instantly; "heaps. Der was big red beads, as big as you allys' life."

Den dere was candy and apples and straw-berries and cream, cheeses and fire-crackers and more looking-glasses."

"Dear me, Airy," interrupted Madge, "why did Santa Claus give you so many looking-glasses? You know you are not at all pretty."

"I'll tell you why, Madge," said John, who had gathered up his belongings and now stood at the foot of the bed, listening scornfully; "because there isn't a word of truth in what that girl is saying. Aunt Dilsie, what did Airy have in her stocking last night?"

"Now, as I knows of honey, but holes," remarked Dilsie, frowning at her offspring. "She always is got dem, an' de onliest way I knows 'er keeping 'em mended is to lock 'em up. Wat's dat gal been sayin'?" she continued, noting the reproachful look the children cast on Airy. "Mars' John, you can't believe no word dat comes out er dat gal's mouth; she can't talk de truf even in her sleep."—"Five Little Southern-ers."

Then and Now.

There are those who, like a class in Solomon's day, affirm with mournful emphasis, "that the former days were better than these." It is a foolish affirmation, sincerely, but ignorantly made by persons unacquainted with "the former days."

No Christian church would now listen to a minister who preached on Sunday and ran a distillery during the secular days. Yet a Hartford church, toward the close of the last century, had for its pastor a distiller of gin.

The distillery was carried on under the name of Strong & Smith. The firm failed, and the minister to avoid the sheriff, shut himself up in his house. He went forth on Sundays, as no writ could be served on that day, and preached to his congregation.

He was an eloquent and an eloquent preacher, and his people loved him. A few, however, would occasionally venture to say that he ought never to leave the pulpit, while, here and there, one could be found bold enough to intimate that he ought never to enter it.

This minister once issued a prospectus for a volume of sermons, and just after met Trumbull, the poet, who was an irregular attendant at church.

"When will your sermons be out?" asked the poet.

"I cannot exactly tell," replied the doctor. "I am waiting to find a text to suit a man who never comes to church, except when he has a child to be baptized."

The celebrated pulpit orator, John M. Mason, of New York, once called on this divine. As he was leaving, he stumbled on a defective door-step and almost fell.

"Why don't you mend your ways?" said the orator.

"I was waiting for a Mason," replied the clerical wit.

Let those who deny that society, or even the church, has made progress, reflect that no distiller of gin, even if he combined the oratorical gifts of Whitefield and Hall could now be the pastor of the humblest church in New England.

A lady in this vicinity, well versed in housekeeping, states for the benefit of those of our readers who have not already finished house-cleaning, that salt sprinkled under the carpets in corners, and where the light does not strike them, is an infallible preventive of moths. As this remedy is a simple and inexpensive one, it would be well to test it.

London Purple.

A new insecticide has been introduced which is likely from its cheapness, to supersede the Paris green for potatoes and other plants. It is highly recommended by Prof. C. V. Riley, of the United States Entomological Commission, Dr. P. Collier, of the Department of Agriculture, at Washington, D. C., Prof. C. E. Bessey, of the Iowa Agricultural College, A. R. Whitney, of Franklin Grove, Ill., and other prominent scientists and orchardists who have tested its value. Its destructive power is very great, while at the same time, it is very cheap. Among its advantages are its extreme fineness, adhesiveness, its color and its cheapness. In color it is, as its name implies—purple, its presence being readily detected wherever used, thus being a safeguard against accidents. The experience with it last year was eminently satisfactory. It proved effective on potato vines in destroying the potato beetle. For this purpose it is mixed with water into a smooth paste, water then being added in the proportion of three gallons to each pint, or forty-eight gallons to one pound. It is applied to the plants in the spray by means of a watering-pot. Or it may be used dry in the proportion of one pound of purple to six pounds of plaster, the two materials being thoroughly mixed by passing them through a fine sieve. When used on trees to destroy the canker-worm, it is applied with water as for the potato vine, except that a force pump is employed if the worm has got into the tree. A bath of red wax, well saturated with London purple, and boiled in a tin, is used on trees to destroy the female insect (which cannot fly) has ascended, has been recommended, as the insect would be killed by crawling over a portion of the poisoned wax.

In the Fish Market.

The fish markets in Norway are worth seeing. We went to one in Christiania. The fish men and women were all seated in their boats and alongside the stone pavements, shut in from outer water by great locks. Servants and housewives, with great tin baskets hanging on their arms, were bargaining for the day's dinner. Codfish, mackerel, eels and lobsters were in abundance. Anchovies—or a small fish so-called—might almost be counted by the million. The fish-women, with their long coices, were contending with their customers—as they have from time immemorial, and will to the end—about price. Now, one male believe to go away, when a desperate shriek would summon her back again, and then and then they would exchange hands, buyer and seller each looking thoroughly victimized. The sun was pouring his hot rays upon the sparkling water, in which boats were bobbing up and down. At the stem of each boat a great bough was raised, as large as half a tree, and under the shade cast by the leaves sat the fishwoman. The position was strikingly picturesque. The scene was lively and interesting; the water was full of animation; a babel of voices went on around, chattering and bargaining, interspersed with much laughter. Most of the fish was out of sight, swimming in the holds of the small boats, whence they were fished out with nets as they were required. These early mornings in the fish market are one of the distinctive sights in Norway, where people and customs join hands for the benefit of the traveler.

He Stopped the Fight.

Yesterday forenoon two dogs got into a dispute on Fourth street, near Michigan avenue, and from growls they came to bites. They were pretty evenly matched, and the contest continued until a crowd of fifty people had formed a circle. Pretty soon a ministerial-looking person halted, watched the fight for half a minute, and then hurried out on the avenue and said to a milk dealer:

"My good man, a dog fight is a brutal spectacle, and it lies in your power to stop this one."

"How?"

"Five right through the crowd and over the animals. I'll warrant they'll stop their bloody work before they will be trodden under foot."

"I guess I'll try it," mused the milkman, and he gathered up the reins, yelled to the crowd and drove for the dogs.

It was a bad crowd on him. The two fighters kept right on at it, rolled under the horse, and the next minute sixteen gallons of milk were being absorbed by the snow, the driver was in a drift and the horse was shooting up Fourth street with the sad remains of the old sleigh.

Where—where in—where in Texas is that chap who put me up to this? gasped the milkman, as they pulled him out of the snow; but the sole answer was made by a boy who pointed at the figure of a man under a plug hat traveling toward the City Hall at the rate of twenty miles an hour.—[Detroit Free Press.

CHOCOLATE.—For those who wish to keep the imagination fresh and vigorous, chocolate is the beverage of beverages. However copiously you have lunched, a cup of chocolate immediately afterward will produce digestion three hours and prepare the way for a good dinner. It is recommended to every one who devotes to brain-work the hours he should pass in bed; to every wit who finds he has become suddenly dull; to all who find the stir damp, the time long, and the atmosphere insupportable; and, above all, to those who, tormented with a fixed idea, have lost their freedom of thought. To make chocolate (it must never be out with a knife) as soon as you have the requisite for a cup. Dissolve it gradually in hot water, stirring it the while with a wooden spoon; let it boil for a quarter of an hour, and serve it hot with milk or without, according to taste.

LOCAL NEWS AND COMMENTS.

THE MAIL AND CHRONICLE.

THE MAIL has entered into arrangements with the San Francisco Chronicle...

The La Conner postoffice has been established as a money order office...

The schooner Perry left here for Victoria last evening with a cargo of grain...

Another good Indian was dispatched to the happy hunting grounds by his tillanous...

Good for the Nellie. Last week this steamer ascended the Nooksack River...

A new brick yard is about to be established at the upper crossing of the Nooksack...

This mill is now booming with activity. Being comparatively small, it makes no pretensions to an extraordinary turn out...

Mr. H. Brewster, who for some years past has figured in this section as a leading grain producer...

The Indians on the Reservation across the way here are making praiseworthy strides of industry under Mr. Baldwin...

They say that at Point Roberts and other points on the border Indian whisky traders stand at the iron boundary post...

DIED.—Mr. Henry Race, a highly respected citizen of Whidby Island, and for many years the holder of a responsible position in the Puget Mill Co.'s service...

The annual statement of the Auditor of this (Whatcom) County, relative to the financial condition of the county, will appear next week's MAIL.

Dr. J. M. Gassaway, formerly surgeon of the Marine Hospital at Port Townsend, is at present on duty as resident physician of the Marine Hospital at Philadelphia.

BOUN.—May 16, 1881, to the wife of Mr. James Gilligan, of Skagit, a son.

Gilmore & Co., 629 F street Washington, D. C., request every soldier or sailor who served in the Union Army during the late war, to send his name and postoffice address on a postal card...

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

At the regular May term of the Board of County Commissioners of Whatcom County, W. T., held in the Auditor's office at Whatcom, beginning according to law on Monday, May 2, 1881...

The official bonds of James O'Loughlin as Sheriff, Assessor and Delinquent Tax Collector, and also that of H. J. White, as Probate Judge, were examined and ordered approved.

The liquor license bonds of W. J. McKenna and Pardon O'Brien, were also examined and approved.

In the matter of a petition for the survey of the roads on Gumes Island, laid over for February term, it was ordered, that the portions of road in District No. 12, Gumes Island, be surveyed by the county surveyor and properly marked according to the original survey.

In the matter of the petition for a change of the boundaries of road districts No. 6 and 28, ordered that the boundaries be fixed as follows, to-wit: District No. 28 to commence on the river bank on the section line between sections 4 and 10 township 39 north, range 2 east; thence west about 1 1/2 miles, or to the corner of and between sections 5, 6, 7 and 8; thence south 1/2 mile, thence west 1/2 mile, thence south about 1/2 mile to the bank of the old river; thence north and west along the bank of said old river to the township line between townships 38 and 39 north, range 2 east; thence north on said township line to the north-west corner section 31 township 39 north, range 2 east; thence east 1/2 mile; thence north 1/2 mile; thence east 1/2 mile; thence north 1/2 mile to the line between the land claims of Terrance Grogan and W. J. Clark; thence east on said line to the river bank; thence by the meanderings of the river north and east to the place of beginning.

The boundaries of road district No. 6 to commence on the old river bank at the township line between ranges 1 and 2 east, 38 north, thence north about 1 1/2 miles to the north-west corner of section 31 township 39 north, range 2 east; thence east 1/2 mile; thence north 1/2 mile; thence east 1/2 mile; thence north 1/2 mile to the line between the land claims of Terrance Grogan and W. J. Clark; thence east on said line to the river bank; thence by the meanderings of said river to the township line between townships 38 and 39 north, range 2 east; thence west on said line to where it intersects the old river; thence by bank of said river south and west to the place of beginning.

In the matter of the bill of S. Lackie for burial expenses of J. P. Smith, laid over from February term for itemized bill, ordered that S. Lackie be allowed the sum of \$50.

In the matter of the bill of Wm. Woods for burial expenses of S. J. Brasen, ordered that Wm. Woods be allowed the sum of \$10.

Ordered that James A. Gilliland be allowed the sum of \$20 for cash paid to the Church for putting in window and flag in Clerk's office of District Court and furnishing material therefor.

Ordered that James A. Gilliland be allowed the sum of \$20 for rent of Clerk's office of District Court from November 30, 1880 to March 1, 1881.

In the matter of the bill of D. M. Whitehill for care and support of C. D. Pearson, ordered that D. M. Whitehill be allowed the sum of \$32.75.

Ordered that Stewart Lackie be allowed the sum of \$41.20 for care and support of C. D. Pearson, to May 1, 1881.

Ordered that the bill of Indian Bob be referred back for want of proper voucher.

Ordered that James Power be allowed the sum of \$25 for publishing legal notices, and \$148.75 for advertising delinquent tax list for the year 1880.

Ordered that James O'Loughlin be allowed \$50 for services as Sheriff.

Ordered that the following fees in case of the Territory vs. Wm. Hanson be allowed, to-wit: J. F. Dwyer, Justice's fees, \$10.00; P. Lindsay, constable's fees, 4.00; Louisa Forward, witness, 4.00; Emma Lewis, " 4.00; J. T. Lewis, " 4.00; Richard Ball, Juror, 3.00; John E. Davis, Juror, 3.00; James Gaches, " 3.00; J. W. Seifred, " 3.00; John Bremer, " 2.00; John Eddy, " 2.00; B. I. Martin, " 2.00; M. B. Cook, " 2.00; John McGinn, " 2.00; Henry Hanson, " 2.00; Adam Carlson, " 2.00; J. S. Conner, " 2.00.

Ordered that the following fees in case of the Territory vs. J. D. Quirk be allowed: Peter Kayle, J. P. fees, \$4.53; Thomas B. Jones, constable's fees, 10.40; David Logan, witness, 8.00.

Ordered that the cost bill in case of Territory vs. A. N. Shagrin, before H. M. Goodell, Justice peace, be referred back for want of date.

Ordered that the cost bill in case of Territory vs. G. W. L. Allen be allowed as follows: M. Coltenbaugh, Justice's fees, \$9.70; Jasper Gates, constable's fees, 4.30; Wm. Allen, witness, 2.00; W. Y. Deere, Juror, 3.00; H. C. Pierce, " 3.00; John Epps, " 2.00; W. J. McKenna, " 2.00; M. McNamara, " 2.00; Mike Moran, " 2.00.

Ordered that the cost bill in case of Territory vs. Welch, Wilson and Williams be allowed as follows: A. O. Marston, Justice's fees, \$3.25; J. O'Loughlin, Sheriff's fees, 8.30; P. O'Brien, witness, 7.00; H. J. Ames, " 3.00; H. J. Ames, " 3.00.

Ordered that T. D. Hunter be allowed the sum of \$30 for the support of E. D. Winslow ten weeks, at \$3 per week.

Ordered that the cost bill in case of Territory vs. Peter Landig be allowed; D. P. Thomas, Justice's fees, \$6.80; W. J. Brown, constable's fees, 5.40; Wilson King, special const., fees, 7.00; T. B. Jenkins, witness, 4.00; James T. Gibbons, " 4.00; Victor L. Thorp, Juror, 3.00; D. E. Wall, " 3.00; E. McQuigg, " 3.00; Charles Habbitt, " 3.00; F. E. Conn, " 2.00; Augustus Bruns, " 2.00.

Ordered that the cost bill in case of Territory vs. Charles Man be allowed as follows: J. F. Dwyer, Justice's fees, \$2.80; L. L. Andrews, Sheriff's fees, 3.40.

Ordered that the cost bill in case of Territory vs. T. M. McDougall be allowed: H. J. White, Probate Judge's fees, \$17.40; J. A. Gilliland, Clerk's fees, 19.20; G. V. Calloun, medical expert, 10.00; Arch Seifred, Juror, 3.20; Ed Goodell, " 3.20; Wm. Armstrong, " 3.20; J. Lyle Wallace, " 3.20; Richard Ball, " 3.20; John Palmer, " 3.20; A. Carlson, " 3.20; B. I. Martin, " 3.20; Josephine Bradley, witness, 2.20; Joseph F. Dwyer, " 4.20; Bert Johnson, " 4.20; F. Blanchard, " 4.20; A. Foranoe, " 4.40; D. O. Herson, " 7.00; Frank D. Dougall, " 4.40; Frank Hancock, " 4.40; Wm. Carpenter, " 4.40; E. McAlpine, " 4.40; G. V. Calloun, " 4.40; James O'Loughlin, Sheriff's fees, 2.00; James O'Loughlin, " 8.70.

Ordered that a retail liquor license be granted Wm. S. Gibson for the sale of spirituous liquors at Whatcom, W. T., upon his furnishing proof of his good moral character and filing satisfactory bond in the sum of \$1,000 and paying into the county treasury at the rate of one hundred dollars per annum.

Ordered that a retail liquor license be granted Chas. H. Hees for Mount Vernon precinct upon his furnishing proof of good moral character and filing satisfactory bond of one thousand dollars, and paying into the county treasury at the rate of \$100 per annum.

Ordered that O. Graham be allowed the sum of \$100 for services as Justice of election, Ship Harbor precinct, Nov. 2, 1880.

Ordered that H. L. Schert be allowed the sum of \$100 for services as clerk of election, Fidalgo precinct, Nov. 2, 1880.

Ordered that the claim of J. S. Stewart for refund of poll tax for the years 1879 and 1880 be rejected for want of evidence of same having been paid.

Ordered that A. Johnson be allowed the sum of 2 dollars as refund of poll tax for the year 1880, same having been twice paid.

Ordered that W. H. Fouts be allowed \$5 dollars balance due for care and support of E. D. Winslow.

Ordered that W. H. Fouts be allowed the sum of \$30.10 for salary as school superintendent for the year 1880.

Ordered that a rebate of tax for the year 1880 on an assessment of \$600 be allowed on the property assessed to J. A. Johnson, the same having been paid by Wm. Armstrong.

Ordered that Chas. Johnson be allowed the sum of \$3 dollars as refund of tax on an assessment of \$200, the same having been paid by J. A. Johnson.

Ordered that James O'Loughlin be allowed the sum of 5 dollars for services of putting up shutters on courthouse, as per order county commissioners.

Ordered that the return of F. B. Dawson, road supervisor of District No. 2, be not accepted.

Ordered that the return of Nelson Kelly, road supervisor of district No. 24, be accepted; balance due supervisor \$2.00.

Ordered that the petition of J. J. Nagley and others for county road, Fidalgo Island be referred back for want of bonds and proof of notice being posted as required by law.

Ordered that the bond in the matter of the petition for the McDonough and Lane slough road be accepted, and that John Everett, J. C. & George Smith, appointed viewers, and John A. Tennant, surveyor, to meet on the 11th day of June, 1881.

In the matter of the Lyman county road, ordered that the return of Wm. Hamilton, road viewer \$4.00; R. W. Hanson, " 4.00; J. T. Wilbur, " 4.00; L. B. Lyman, surveyor, 15.00; Chas. Flynn, chain bearer, 4.00; H. B. Lyman, " 4.00; Lyman Sweet, marker, 4.00.

Ordered that a new school district be established as follows: Embracing all of the Skagit River valley, commencing where the section line between sections 26 and 27, township 38 north 2 east, running north and south through said township, crosses said river on the west and the mouth of the Baker River on the east, to be known as district No. 29.

Ordered that a new school district be established as follows: Commencing at the mouth of Dry slough and running up said slough to the west line of section 23; thence north to the August corner of section 13; thence east to north post of section 13; thence south to the center of section 13; thence east to Skagit River, from this point down the river and back to the place of beginning, to be known as district No. 30.

Ordered that the bill of Stewart Lackie for the board and care of county paupers for one year be accepted.

Ordered that the additional bond of W. T. Coupe as Treasurer, of four thousand dollars be approved.

Ordered that the Auditor purchase for the use of the county eight tractions of townships.

Ordered that the following named persons be selected to serve as grand and petit jurors at the August term, 1881, and January, 1882, term of the District Court at La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.: GRAND JURORS. P. M. Cain, Daryl E. Pollett, Wm. J. Blaup, Alex. McLeod, Mathew J. McElroy, James Harrison, Martin W. W. Morgan, Richard Wooten, G. W. L. Allen, F. F. Compton, Samuel Wiles, Chas. Pressantine, C. W. Towne, Edward Summers, B. L. Martin, Henry Shields, Wm. Roy, Jr., David McCormick, Edward Good, A. F. Wells, D. W. Bayley, Otto Kalso, J. O. Bodene, L. C. Porter.

Ordered that the Treasurer be allowed a credit on account of arrears and double assessments on the tax list of 1879, to-wit: On county poll tax, \$8.00; On county tax, \$127.00; On school tax, \$363.89; On Territorial tax, \$363.89; On road property, \$131.95; On special school, \$32.92.

Total, \$1,078.48. And also on county fund by the amount of principal and interest paid on county warrants destroyed this day by fire, \$334.08.

On road fund by amount of road supervisor's receipts paid, 436.97. Contingent fund, amount principal on receipts destroyed this day by fire, 151.36. School fund, amount of school orders paid, 206.11.

County fund, amount Treasurer's receipts on receipts destroyed at 2 per cent and disbursements of \$1,238.37 at 2 per cent, 64.23.

The funds in the Treasurer's hands were then counted and found correct to the amount of \$1,078.48.

Ordered that F. E. Gilkey be allowed the sum of \$34.50 as per diem and mileage as county commissioner, May (1881) term.

The Board then proceeded to settle with the Sheriff, whereupon it was ordered that he be allowed a credit of \$1,620.62 collections on tax of 1880 paid to Treasurer shown by Treasurer's receipts. Also that he be credited \$152.00 per cent penalty on above collections as provided by law, and that further settlement be postponed to the Nov. (1881) term.

Ordered that George Hyslop be instructed to purchase eight copies of the statutes of the year 1873 for the use of the county.

Ordered that H. C. Clotier be allowed the sum of \$149.93 as Auditor's fees and per diem as clerk of commissioners May (1881) term.

Ordered that H. P. Downs be allowed the sum of \$47 as per diem and mileage as commissioner at May (1881) term.

Ordered that D. R. Henderson be allowed \$43.60 as per diem and mileage as commissioner May (1881) term.

Ordered that George Hyslop be allowed the sum of \$4 for fees as clerk of election, Nov. 2, 1880.

On motion Board adjourned sine die. H. P. DOWNS, Chairman of County Commissioners of Whatcom County, W. T. Attest: H. CLOTHIER, Clerk.

LEGAL NOTICES. Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land. U. S. District Land Office, Olympia, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1880, entitled "An Act for the Pacific States, Nevada and Washington Territory," NEWTON HARRISON, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of Section 27, Township 38 North, Range No. 2 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land. U. S. District Land Office, Olympia, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1880, entitled "An Act for the Pacific States, Nevada and Washington Territory," DAVID E. KIMBLE, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW 1/4 of Section 27, Township 38 North, Range No. 2 East of the Willamette Meridian.

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Parties in want of MACHINES will Save Money by applying to—

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May 7, 1881.

JOHN McGLINN.

