

The Grand Ronde Valley.

This valley, by way of the trail which passes Linkton's Mill over the mountain, is about fifty-five miles from the city of Walla Walla.

We are all aware that our government has been struggling for eighteen months with a rebellion, the extent of which has no parallel in the history of the world.

We deem it not only a duty to yield implicit obedience to the demands of our country, in this her hour of need, but from a sense of gratitude for the innumerable blessings she has vouchsafed and maintained in our behalf, to offer freely whatever may be adjudged our portion of this tax for the support, defense and perpetuation of our government.

It is gratifying to witness the free and spontaneous offerings that are now going forward from the patriotic citizens of this coast—from California to the utmost limits of our Territory—hundreds of thousands of dollars being transmitted for the sick and wounded soldiers, who have given not only their substance but their lives, to the service of their country.

Inasmuch as we have not been called upon to take an active part with our brethren in this struggle, let us respond to the requirements of the law, for the purpose of revenue, with a degree of alacrity and promptness that shall evince our devotion to a republic that has for nearly a century bestowed most bountifully upon us, all the requirements of a civilized and enlightened people.

We need not refer the intelligent reader to the vast expenditures of government hitherto, for the protection and defense of our coast; for the noble disposition of the public domain; for the free occupation and development of the vast mineral lands of the government; and lastly, the prospective completion of the most gigantic internal improvement of the age—the Pacific Railroad.

No murmur will escape the thoughtful tax payer, if he but contemplates the history of our institutions, and will properly compare the relative merits of our own government, with those surrounding us in every quarter of the world.

While the government has bestowed millions of dollars upon the inhabitants of this coast, however indirectly it may have been, its tendency has been to inure to our benefit. The tax under consideration upon our wealth and industry, is simply to perpetuate a government that will be as prodigal in our behalf, for the future, as she has been munificent in the past history.

All hope of future greatness and consideration of individual or national import or significance, depends upon our existence as a nation.

The rebellion that now casts its shadow over our beloved country will soon disappear, and the republic will again emerge from her trials with increased strength and energy. In the hour of her triumph, it will be a gratifying reflection to every man possessing a spark of nationality, that he upheld his country to the extent of his ability in the darkest hour of her history.

We bespeak for the government requirements upon the industry and wealth of the citizens of Washington Territory, a cheerful and prompt response.

Brig. Gen. Alvord and Major Francis arrived at Fort Walla Walla on Sunday morning last. A salute of thirteen guns was fired in honor of their arrival.

Gen. Alvord left for Lewiston on Tuesday, for the purpose, as we learn, of making arrangements for the establishment of a military post on the Nez Perce reservation.

A company of the Washington Territory Infantry left for the same place on Wednesday morning.

Major Francis proceeded to Fort Colville on Monday, accompanied by an escort from this post. He goes up for the purpose of paying off the volunteers at that place.

The company which has for some time past been stationed at the Umatilla Reservation was ordered thence on Monday, and is now at this post.

An express has been sent out to meet Col. Maury's command on the plains, with instructions for them to proceed without delay to this post.

LATEST EASTERN NEWS.

Dates to Oct. 10.

Baltimore, Oct. 9th.—At the city election yesterday, Chapman, regular Union candidate, received 8000 votes, independent Union, 1900. Regular council ticket elected with one exception.

New York, Oct. 9th.—The Times dispatch has the following: Lincoln's proclamation has inspired most a lively terror through the South. Soldiers desert to return to their homes to protect their families.

It is said negroes are becoming restive, having heard already of the proclamation. Women and children in the rural districts are returning to the cities for protection, and consternation seems to prevail.

New York, Oct. 9th.—The Times' correspondence from Anneton to-day says the latest information from Virginia, confirms the idea that the main body of the rebel army which had landed for a time on the south bank of the Potomac, retreated in direction of Winchester a week ago.

Frankfort, Ky., Oct. 9th.—Gen. Beaumont surprised a confederate force to-day. He attacked the guard on the Turnpike bridge with such vigor that the rebels were unable to destroy the bridge.

Louisville, Oct. 9th.—A doubtful rumor says we lost the engagement at Berryville. The rebels held possession of the field.

The rebel accounts of our garrisons on St. John's river, is explained by a gentleman who left there two weeks ago. The garrisons were preparing an expedition up the river for the capture of Jacksonville.

The Herald contains dates to the 4th; it says there is highly important and gratifying news from the front. The rebels are retreating.

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Portland Correspondence.

PORTLAND, OREGON, Sept. 21, 1862.

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Legal Tender.

The following are extracts from the opinion of the Attorney General of California on Legal Tender notes:

"The Government may draft a citizen for military duty, may take his property for military use, may quarter soldiers in a private domicile, may suspend the writ of *habeas corpus*, and the right of trial by jury; declares words to be treason; restrains the license of the press, imprisons without many things which the citizen would regard as hateful to the people and in contravention of law.

These things are all defensible upon the one plea—necessity; they are all necessary war measures. The Government is not bound to observe the law in its emergency, because the law has made its issue an imperative necessity, and therefore the Courts will sustain them as legal, and further, I maintain that the Courts do not sustain the Government in its currency, the Government will put down the Courts and declare martial law.

Government should have revoked at the last Congress, and will revoke at the next all bank charters; suppress the issue of all paper money except from the Treasury of the United States; make its paper receivable for all dues to itself; if it will, it can make its paper receivable for all dues to other holders; let it purchase it as merchandise. This Legal Tender question is only a war between the Government and Eastern bankers, brokers and money dealers, and the sooner Government with its strong arm exerts its authority to sweep range of private bank from the money circles, so much sooner will give value to American paper money.

The paper has for its basis of value and security the pledged honor of the Government, the future revenues of a great commercial nation, the lives of 20,000,000 of our people, the lives of public lands, thousands of value in public mines and more than twenty billions of dollars of private wealth. Why should not the notes and bonds of the United States be made receivable for all dues to our people at par? Yet the merchants and bankers of San Francisco make merchandise of Government bills, refuse them in trade, reject them at the bank, and will not receive them at a discount or drive them to the broker. The Chamber of Commerce has repudiated them by formal resolution. Yet the merchant pays his Eastern bills in United States notes, and all other bills in New York with greenbacks, pays freight in greenbacks, and prints on his bills payable on demand in gold of the United States.

Yet Gen. Halleck threw away their arms by fighting our battles, and the five California regiments who are protecting the frontiers of California, or trapping the burning snakes of Colorado at \$12 per man for their regulars, and the infantry who garrison our forts; and the 3d regiment of artillery, which at Alcatraz defends our city—officers and men are all paid in Legal Tender notes, and there are no other means of payment. The principal and interest of all mortgages is payable in these notes, so are the installments due loan and savings banks, all rents, board bills and running accounts. To sum up the whole matter: Every Legal Tender note is worth its face, and a \$10 or \$50 bill of paper is as lawful and valuable as currency, with its principal and interest at a \$10 or \$50 coin, stamped in the mint of the United States.

THE DICTATOR.—The Dictator is the name chosen by Capt. Erickson for his monster iron clad vessel, which will be launched in a few days, and will be the most powerful vessel of her kind in the world. She will be of immense size and strength, longer than the *Peris* or *Nigara*, and bearing heavier and thicker armor than almost any vessel of her kind. The side armor will be of the extraordinary dimensions of ten and a half feet thick; the wooden armor, or lining, being four feet by six feet thick, up and down the hull. The vessel will be propelled by a solid matter, of which ten and a half will be iron, can hardly be moulded in the South. It would require all the balls in rebellion in make it.

AN ARMY.—The Journal of Commerce thus undertakes to give an idea of what an army of 500,000 men is: "Assuming the men to be fit into three single ranks, they will show a front of 23 miles. Should the Generalissimo wish to retrace his army, his charger must go on a smart trot, and would require over half a day. This regiment of 500,000 men, formed in a hollow square, would present a field of bayonets three miles on each side enclosing 3,760 acres. Drawing two pounds of provisions per diem for each man, they consume 1,000 tons a day, and allow 150,000 gallons of water.

ADJOURNED.—The Oregon State Legislature adjourned on Friday the 17th.

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FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The miners will leave Cariboo about the 30th of October.

On the 12th of September last a court case named Johanna McGuire left William's creek with \$30,000 in dust, to tell a man who was imprisoned at the Forks of Quesselle. She was subsequently seen on the road with an unknown man, and soon afterwards her body was found in the bushes with the throat cut from ear to ear.

There is great excitement in Cariboo about new mines on Peace river. They are reported rich and extensive.

The Cariboo Indians have taken to highway robbery. A chartered bank to issue paper will soon commence operations in Victoria.

A number of persons have arrived safely from Canada overland.

VICTOR SMITH.—The North West makes the following reference to Victor Smith, the late Collector of Customs at Port Townsend: "A Grand Jury of the United States, empaneled most of them from remote sections of the district, many of whom perhaps never heard of Victor Smith until assembled as Grand Jurors, summoned from their farms and workshops two or three hundred miles from the locale of his nefarious transactions, duly sworn to investigate all matters of wrong against the Government or the laws of the United States, and to make true presentation of the same, in their official capacity have solemnly declared, that Victor Smith is chargeable with more crimes, felonies and high misdemeanors against the peace and dignity of the United States, and against the statutes thereof in such case made and provided, than have ever been ventilated in our columns.

PUBLIC MEETING.—A meeting will be held at the court house this (Saturday) evening, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of raising contributions to the U. S. Sanitary Fund. The meeting will be addressed by several distinguished speakers.

RACES.—The fall races over the Pioneer Course will commence on Thursday the 30th inst., and continue till the 4th Nov. A number of horses have been entered and purses made for the occasion.

A HORTICULTURIST advertises that he would supply all sorts of trees and plants, especially "pilot plants of all kinds." A gentleman thereupon sent him an order for "one package of standard pine seed, and a dozen of minute plants." The gardener promptly filled the order by sending him four goose eggs and a small dog!

SOME YARD, one of the guards of a Liverpool coal, seeing a steam-engine move somewhat slowly along the railroad, called out to the stoker, "I say, Jim, what's the use of your smirring along in that 'ere jog-trot?' Come, can't you boil her up to a gallop!"

THE population of the Sandwich Islands in 1832 was 120,000; it has since been decreased by disease to half that number. They are ultimately supplied by Americans and Europeans.

WORK.—A writer remarks with great truth that "the great characteristic of modern life is 'Worry.' That is true, 'one person or some more to that they worry because they have no real griefs to worry them."

FATAL ILLNESS OF KOSUTH.—A Scottish newspaper states that "papa Kosuth, the Hungarian patriot, is in the final stage of consumption, and that probably before many weeks pass away a noble country will have to weep for the loss of one of her noblest and most gifted men."

PROBATE COURT. The fourth term of the Probate Court for Walla Walla County will commence its session at the Court House in this city on the first Monday in November, 1862. By order of the Probate Court: CHAS. A. ENTER, CLERK.

100,000 Brick for Sale! THE Subscriber, living on John Bear's ranch, one mile below town, has for sale 100,000 bricks, one hundred thousand bricks for sale, which will be delivered to purchasers, or they can buy them at the yard. JOHN S. CARLSON, Walla Walla, Oct. 25, 1862.

NOTICE. I have been appointed Agent of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, at Walla Walla, and all freight and all other business connected with the company will be turned over to Valerius J. C. AINSWORTH, Proprietor, at Walla Walla, Oct. 25, 1862.

J. M. Vansyckle, S. W. Tatem, VANSYCKLE & TATEM, Forwarding & Commission Merchants, Walla Walla, W. T.

WE have made arrangements with the O. S. N. Company to receive all Goods landed by them at Walla Walla. Our charges for advances on freight money, and storage on goods, will be moderate. Having made arrangements for the receipt of all Goods landed by steamer or rail vessel on storage, and forward same to destination. On hand and for sale a large and well assorted stock of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, cheap for cash, by VANSYCKLE & TATEM.

Official Notice!

Office of the U. S. Assessor for Washington Territory.

THE undersigned having been commissioned U. S. Assessor for the District of Washington Territory, under and by virtue of the laws passed by the Thirty-eighth Congress, "to provide internal revenue to support the Government, and to pay interest on the public debt," hereby gives notice that in accordance with the said laws and instructions from the Department of Internal Revenue, he has divided the Territory into the following Districts, and has appointed Assistant Assessors as follows:

DISTRICT NO. 1.—Consisting of the counties of King, Pierce, Snohomish and Whatcom. —Assistant Assessor.

DISTRICT NO. 2.—Consisting of the counties of Kittitas, Jefferson, Island and Chelan. —Assistant Assessor.

DISTRICT NO. 3.—Consisting of the counties of Thurston, Lewis, Rawlins and Chelan. D. R. Bigelow, Assistant Assessor.

DISTRICT NO. 4.—Will consist of the counties of Pacific, Waukamin, Cowlitz, Clark, Skamania and Klickitat. Edwin L. Bole, Assistant Assessor.

DISTRICT NO. 5.—Will consist of the county of Walla Walla. L. J. Rector, Assistant Assessor.

DISTRICT NO. 6.—Will consist of the counties of Spokane, Missoula, Shoshone, Nez Perce and Idaho. —S. F. Ledley, Assistant Assessor.

This notice applies to all persons subject to excise duties under the laws of the United States, approved July 1st, 1862, entitled "An Act to provide internal revenue for the support of the Government, and to pay interest on the public debt." The law went into effect Sept. 1st, 1862. The assessment will commence on the 1st of September next, and will continue until the 1st of September following. The assessments for the month of September will be taken on the 1st of the month, and the assessments for the month of October will be taken on the 1st of the month. The assessments for the month of November will be taken on the 1st of the month. The assessments for the month of December will be taken on the 1st of the month. The assessments for the month of January will be taken on the 1st of the month. The assessments for the month of February will be taken on the 1st of the month. The assessments for the month of March will be taken on the 1st of the month. 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THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN
Published Every Saturday Morning.

Taxing Chinamen.
An anonymous correspondent begins an article with the remark that he has "no education to write for newspapers," and calls our attention to the following style to the subject of taxing Chinamen:

"The Chinamen are certainly a great disadvantage to us; for the washing they do is now sought after by emigrants and other needy families; but the Chinamen being on the main street, so convenient that the families are cut out of it; otherwise it would afford many a family a living. The Chinaman takes or sends all his money to China. He wouldn't give a cent for school purposes nor any thing else having for its end the public good; so he is really a disadvantage to us in a money point of view. If allowed to remain here will trouble us as in California. But families would give all they could for the support of schools, and besides he has an advantage to the community. Can't our city fathers raise more tax from the Chinese, or make it so high that they will give place to good families? or will everybody think it is not their business to meddle with them, and so let them go until they will ask for privileges under our laws?"

Contrary to our usual custom in reference to anonymous communications, we give place to the above. We believe there is no Territorial law providing for the exclusion or for the special taxation of Chinamen, and this being the case, we doubt whether the city fathers have any authority to tax them at a rate beyond that levied upon those engaged in other branches of business. It is a matter, then, first for our legislators to act upon; and to insure the passage of such a law, petitions having this end in view, should be circulated in communities most interested.

The people of the upper country are especially interested in this matter, as the Celestials will in future doubtless be insinuating themselves into all the mining regions from which they have not been prohibited by miners law—and where there is no Territorial or State law upon the subject, they can most likely find means and advocates to nullify these local regulations. The question as to whether the Chinese are in any respect beneficial to States or communities has been sufficiently well tested on the Pacific coast to stimulate the people to action; and it is from them, first, that a law protecting them from their presence must spring. For the present, and so far as our own community is concerned, we think the evils complained of by our correspondent can be remedied. There are but few people who would not patronize "familiars" in preference to the Chinese; and we venture that the reason why this is not more generally done, is that the families do not make the same effort to get the work. When they do this, they will obtain the patronage of the public, and the Chinamen must seek some other locality for their business.

STOVE PIPES, VS. FLUES.
The same correspondent has the following upon the subject of flues:

"There is one thing about the city that certainly should be changed, and that is the sheet iron stove flues not be allowed to come through a roof or side of a house, but brick flues should be built instead. We all can tell of many a house and some towns that have been burnt up from sheet iron flues. A city ordinance to that effect might save the town from being burnt; and where lumber is so high the loss would be great. Other towns are preparing against this accident."

There is an ordinance providing for the protection of property against fires, and the fire wardens a short time ago gave twenty days notice to all property-holders on Main street and the alleys adjoining, that they must within that time provide their buildings with proper flues; otherwise they would be proceeded against, according to law. The twenty days time has expired, and though we notice a number of buildings within the limit described that are not yet provided with flues, we presume the wardens will do their duty in the matter."

A SELL.—A practical joker from the village of the "old Fort," whom we shall designate as "Van," paid our city a visit a few days since, and in his peregrinations about town brought up in a crowd who were examining one of Wesson's rifles, recently brought out by the overland escort. Van, being an amateur sportsman, and an excellent shot, took hold of the gun to examine it. After looking at it thoroughly, a wag in the crowd offered to let him drink the water he had in the ball on a flag staff that stood on the opposite side of the street. "Done," says Van; pop went the rifle, and what went a splinter from the aforesaid ball. But hardly had the report died away before Van found himself in the hands of a policeman, for the violation of a city ordinance. Van smiled; saw that he was badly sold, and accompanied with as good a grace as possible. As Charley led him off to the Recorder's office, he remarked to the wag who sold him:

"All right my boy—it's all the same to Van; You've got me, but I'll get some other man."

FIND OUT THE USE OF THEM.—A Florence merchant who was detained for several days week before last at Wallula, says that, while dividing his attention between keeping the sand out of his eyes and the volubility of the "Irrepressible," he observed a number of workmen engaged in digging holes in the street. Subsequently, he saw them filling the holes up with cobble stones. The utility of the work he was unable to comprehend until he received a concussion upon his mental apparatus from a "dornick" about the size of a goose egg, which the wind had sent whistling through the air, when he came to the conclusion that this system of burying the stones had been resorted to by the inhabitants of the place to prevent the total annihilation of the population during the prevalence of the autumnal ephyras.

CHAOS.—A Dallas correspondent of the Portland Times, writing to that paper over the above signature under date of Oct. 12th, uses the following language in reference to the editor of the Mountaineer:

"So much we will all those who seek to muddle private opinion, and public exposure of doctrines which have but one object—the downfall of the Union. Not loved by his household-gods, despised by the community, and more than suspected by his country, the worshiper of southern chivalry, and graven images, violates the sanctity of private life, puts decency to the blush by the vilest of epithets, outrages social life by slanderous attacks on men of well-known probity, and finally winds up with vilifications on men, women and children, whose shoe-tie he is unworthy to loose. We could over pardon this, but when he paralyzes common sense, and sickens the ear with bad grammar, coarse phraseology, and compound nonsense, we treat him as beyond the pale of sympathy, and advocate the same treatment that civilized communities authorize to the rabid canine—strychnine or lead, excellent antidotes to a public nuisance."

PREPARATION FOR WINTER.—Judging from the large wood piles corded up about most of the business houses and private residences in this city there will be but little inconvenience experienced on account of the scarcity of this article the coming winter, and wood merchants will not be likely to receive the high prices paid last winter. The present price is \$8 to \$10 per cord.

WORK FOR THE CITY FATHERS.—Inasmuch as we are soon to have a fire engine, the city fathers should be providing a house for its reception and something in the shape of cisterns. The creek on Second street will for the present obviate the necessity of cisterns there; but Main street should be provided with not less than three, with supply pipes leading into them from the creek at the head of the street.

SIEL AND McDOWELL.—The Rochester (New York) Democrat has been told on what it thinks good authority, that during the fight in front of Washington, Gen. McDowell took from the pocket a white handkerchief which he attached to the end of his sword and waved aloft as if signalling to some one. General McDowell, observing the act, and demanded McDowell's reason for such conduct. McDowell replied that it was none of his business, at the same time cursing him as a "d—d Dutchman." Whereupon the latter drew a pistol and fired at McDowell, the ball striking the latter's sword hilt and glancing off.

L. WHITTINGHAM & Co.,
Wallula City, W. T.

OFFER FOR SALE
The largest and best assortment ever brought to Wallula Territory, comprising a variety of

Wines and Liquors,
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
Boots and Shoes,
HARDWARE AND
General Merchandise.

500 BARRELS FLOUR
Always on Hand.

Parties intending to purchase are invited to call and get our prices, as we will sell at a small advance on cost.

CITY BOOK STORE
AND
Periodical and News Depot
E. E. KELLY, Proprietor.

JUST received a full assortment of
Miscellaneous School Books, Novels,
Etc., also, a large stock of STATIONERY,
enveloping letters, Bill and Note Paper of every description, together with a variety of Stationery, Pencils, Ink, Rubbers, Erasers, Mucilage, Pocket Books, &c.

FOR SALE
50,000 lbs Flour,
5,000 " Bacon.

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
J. H. FAIRCHILD & Co.,
Wallula, Sept. 13, 1862.

Notice
TO CHARLES W. WALTERS.
Yours of the 10th inst. which I shall apply to the next Legislature of Washington Territory for a dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between you and Mrs. J. H. Hays, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

Fine Chance for an Investment!
SIX BUILDINGS,
Situated in the Heart of the City,
WILL BE SOLD LOW AND UPON REASONABLE TERMS.

Five of them are now occupied as Stores and one as a Livery Stable.
They will be sold singly, or all together.
For further particulars, enquire of
BALDWIN & WHITMAN,
Oct. 4, 1862.

Notice of Dissolution of Copartnership.
The partnership heretofore existing between Thomas J. Hays and E. J. Hays, is hereby dissolved by mutual consent.

Powder River and John Day EXPRESS.
Prices Reduced.

SHEPHERD, COOPER & CO.,
A Weekly Express from Wallula to the Powder River and John Day Mines, Leaving Wallula Every Friday, and Arriving Every Tuesday.

GIFT BOOKS and POETICAL WORKS FOR SALE AT THE CITY BOOK STORE, Post Office Building, Wallula, W. T.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for good White Wheat by
SHEPHERD, COOPER & CO.,
Opposite the Union Hotel, Main Street, Wallula, W. T.

NOTICE
TO MERCHANTS
OF
Oregon and Washington Territory

Ladd, Reed & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, clothing,
Groceries, &c.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public generally that they are now in receipt of a full and complete stock for the winter's trade.

DRESS GOODS.—French and English Melrose, Scotch plaids, and Alford Belmire; French and American Calicoes; Black and Colored Silks.

DOMESTICS.—Bleached and Brown Shirtings, and American Calicoes; Gray, Blue, Red and White Blankets; Plain and Twilled Flannels.

White Goods.—Jacquets; Swiss Mull and check Muslin Collars and Sleeves; Bombé Bands and Laces; Russian and French Towels; Irish and table Linens.

Shawls! Shawls! Shawls! Shawls!
Broad, Stella and wool; also,
Ladies' and Misses Cloaks.

Old London Port and Sherry,
Of high grade and rich flavor.
The above are especially designed for
FAMILY and MEDICINAL PURPOSES

Also, a large assortment, direct importations, of
FRENCH BRANDIES,
as follows:

Champagne Brandy,
Jules Robin, do.,
Vine Growers, do.,
Rochelle and Bordeaux Brands,
of lower grade.

WINE.
DUFF GORDON SHERRY;
CHATEAU SHERRY;
CHATEAU SHERRY;
CHATEAU SHERRY;
PURE JUICE (Very heavy and fine);
BURGUNDY, &c.

RUM.
Old Hudson's Bay (Jamaica).
Demerara, St. Croix, &c.

Old Holland:
Pine Apple;
Grape Leaf;
Swan and Wind Mill.

Also, of their own importation,
OLD SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKY.

They are constantly receiving from their houses in Salt Francisco a full assortment of Case Goods, consisting of
Wines, Bitters, Cordials, Syrups, &c.,
which will at all times be sold at a trifling advance from cost to the trade.

Trusting that the merchants of Oregon and Washington Territory will find it to their advantage to encourage importations to their own export, they most cordially invite them to call and compare quantities and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

LADD, REED & CO.
218 Front street, Portland,
San Francisco, Cal., Oregon.

HOWARD & CADY,
MAIN ST., WALLULA WALLA,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &c.

THE attention of the citizens of this town and surrounding country, is respectfully called to the fact that any individual with a consignment of goods in the above line, to offer good bargains to purchasers, is invited to call.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS,
and endeavor to keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, &c.

Also a full assortment of
Miners' and Packers' Goods.
Dec. 6, 1861. E. H. HOWARD.

The Excelsior Mills
ARE NOW RUNNING
READY TO EXCHANGE
Flour for Wheat.

FLOUR, SHORTS AND BRAN
For Sale.
By J. C. ISAACS.
Wallula, Sept. 20, 1862.

Wallula
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.
MAIN STREET, WALLULA WALLA.

L. MILLER, Proprietor.
HAVING newly refitted the above-named eating and drinking establishment, and thoroughly renovated the entire premises, I feel warranted in guaranteeing the most perfect satisfaction to those who may favor the notice with their patronage. The house contains
Family and Single Bed Rooms,
which are fitted up in a grand style as the country at large, and will always be kept clean and neat.

The Dining Room
is spacious and neatly carpeted, and the TABLES are always supplied for the very best table to be obtained in the market.
Our Citizens and the traveling public are respectfully invited to give me a call.
Wallula, W. T., June 14, 1862. 25c3

NOTICE
TO TAXPAYERS OF WALLA WALLA COUNTY:
The tax book for the year 1862 will remain in my possession sixty days from date. At the expiration of which time a list of delinquent Taxpayers will be delivered to the Sheriff, with ten per cent added to the amount of taxes for collecting.
JAMES McADLIPP, Treasurer.
Wallula, Sept. 10, 1862. 37c4

NOTICE
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OF
Oregon and Washington Territory

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
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Groceries, &c.

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the public generally that they are now in receipt of a full and complete stock for the winter's trade.

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DR. L. C. KINNEY
AND
DR. L. DANFORTH,
Physicians, Surgeons, and Accoucheurs,
MAIN STREET,
(Opposite Mossman & Co's Express Office.)
WALLA WALLA.

Having had over twenty years practice in their profession, and Dr. Kinney having served as a Surgeon in the United States Army, in the Mexican war, and the city and county physicians of Walla Walla, would call the attention of the public to the fact that they have established a

HOSPITAL
In the City of Walla Walla, with
PRIVATE ROOMS FOR PATIENTS.
The building is large and comfortably situated. Those coming from the upper country will find it greatly to their advantage to stop at our institution, as we will be able to afford them medical treatment

Much Cheaper and with Better Attendance
than at any other place in the Territory.
Special attention paid to diseases of the Eye and Ear, as well as PRIVATE DISEASES, and every disease the human body is subject to.
They have the best, or as good, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS as can be found in the Territory; therefore
SPECIALTY IN OPERATIONS
under their hands will meet success.
They will attend promptly to all calls from the city and country.
Sept. 20, 1862. 40c1

Attention Volunteers!
ONE HUNDRED DOLLAR BOUNTY.
The undersigned has been authorized to raise the tenth and last Company for Col. Steinberger's regiment of W. T. Infantry, U. S. Volunteers. An opportunity is here offered for service in the last disbandment.

Most Thoroughly Organized Regiment
ON THE PACIFIC COAST.
Recruits for this company will be sent to Fort Walla, and at once provided with comfortable quarters, clothing and subsistence. Enlistments will be for
Three Years, or During the War,
and in addition to the BOUNTY and pay now given to U. S. soldiers, every man who is honorably discharged from service will receive the sum of
ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS, AS BOUNTY.
Full particulars to pay, &c., will be furnished the name of the subscriber at the Union Hotel, between the hours of 8 o'clock A. M. and 8 P. M.
C. MARQUET, A. SEIGNETTE,
C. GOETT.

Our Stock consists in part of
FINE OLD BRANDY.
OTARD, DUFOY & CO.

JAMES HENESSEY,
UNITED VINEYARD PROPRIETORS,
A. BONJOUR & CO.,
FINNET, CASTILLON & CO.,
Union of the Proprietors,
C. MARQUET, A. SEIGNETTE,
And Various Other Brands.

Fine Old Port
SHERRY WINES.
Pure old Oporto Port,
Fine old Burgundy Port, (sweet and heavy)
Duff Gordon, Pale and Golden sherry.
Harmory Nephews,
AND
COBBLER SAERRY, FINE & HEAVY.

Champagne and Case Wines,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FINE OLD
JAMAICA RUM,
ST. CROIX, DO.

PURE HOLLAND GIN.
FINE OLD
WHISKEYS,
Stewart's and Harvey's Old Scotch,
O'Neill's Fine Old Malt.

OLD BOURBON,
OF THE FINEST QUALITY.
Superior Old Rye.
OLD PEACH and CHERRY BRANDY,
of Superior Quality.

Also, a large assortment of Case Goods of every description used in the liquor trade.

N. B.—We have at all times large quantities of Liquors, put up in suitable packages for packing to the mines.
Orders from merchants and dealers respectfully solicited.
HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.

WM. A. MIX,
DEALER IN
Flour, Grain, Bran,
&c., &c.
Wallula, Sept. 13, 1862. 37c4

THE PASCA MILLS
ARE NOW IN OPERATION and are prepared to receive
Wheat in Exchange for Flour,
on the Most Liberal Terms.
August 30, 1862. 37c4

Administrator's Notice.
TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,
County of Walla Walla.
WHEREAS, on the 25th day of September A. D. 1862, I was duly appointed by the Judge of the Probate Court of said county and Territory, Administrator of the estate of P. N. Thompson, deceased, I hereby give notice that all parties holding claims against the said estate to present the same to me at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co. in the city of Walla Walla, W. T., within one year from the date of this notice or the same will be barred.

H. M. THOMPSON, Adm'r.
Estate of P. N. Thompson, dec'd.
Walla Walla, W. T., Sept. 25, 1862. 47c4

MOSSMAN & CO'S
EXPRESS.
The undersigned now extend their express from Portland to the
Salmon River, Powder and John Day
Mines.

Office in PORTLAND at the Post Office;
at WALLA WALLA, H. Parker, Agent;
at LEWISTON, L. D. Thompson, Agent;
at ABILENE, J. H. Williams, Agent.
Letters intended for any of the above mining localities, addressed to our care at Portland, Walla Walla or Lewiston, will be promptly forwarded to their destination.
MOSSMAN & CO.
Sept. 27, 1862. 41c1

Wierg & Strowbridge,
Wholesale and Retail dealers in
ROOTS, SHOES, LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS.

Our stock is selected by a practical workman, and consists of a FULL ASSORTMENT OF
GENTS' DRESS,
SEWED and PEGGED BOOTS,
CALF and KIP BOOTS,
and a large stock of
Miners' Boots of the best Make.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Congress Boots and Shoes.
Our stock of Leather is large and well selected, and consists of
Swiss, American and Oregon Kip and Calf, Harness, Skirting, Bridle and Belt Leather, French and American Colored Bindings, Rosset Sheep Skins,
Laces, Shoe Thread, and a full assortment of SHOE FINDINGS.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.
CITY BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
Front street, Portland, Oregon.

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Physicians, Surgeons, and Accoucheurs,
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of Superior Quality.

Also, a large assortment of Case Goods of every description used in the liquor trade.

N. B.—We have at all times large quantities of Liquors, put up in suitable packages for packing to the mines.
Orders from merchants and dealers respectfully solicited.
HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.

WM. A. MIX,
DEALER IN
Flour, Grain, Bran,
&c., &c.
Wallula, Sept. 13, 1862. 37c4

THE PASCA MILLS
ARE NOW IN OPERATION and are prepared to receive
Wheat in Exchange for Flour,
on the Most Liberal Terms.
August 30, 1862. 37c4

Administrator's Notice.
TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,
County of Walla Walla.
WHEREAS, on the 25th day of September A. D. 1862, I was duly appointed by the Judge of the Probate Court of said county and Territory, Administrator of the estate of P. N. Thompson, deceased, I hereby give notice that all parties holding claims against the said estate to present the same to me at the office of Wells, Fargo & Co. in the city of Walla Walla, W. T., within one year from the date of this notice or the same will be barred.

H. M. THOMPSON, Adm'r.
Estate of P. N. Thompson, dec'd.
Walla Walla, W. T., Sept. 25, 1862. 47c4

MOSSMAN & CO'S
EXPRESS.
The undersigned now extend their express from Portland to the
Salmon River, Powder and John Day
Mines.

Office in PORTLAND at the Post Office;
at WALLA WALLA, H. Parker, Agent;
at LEWISTON, L. D. Thompson, Agent;
at ABILENE, J. H. Williams, Agent.
Letters intended for any of the above mining localities, addressed to our care at Portland, Walla Walla or Lewiston, will be promptly forwarded to their destination.
MOSSMAN & CO.
Sept. 27, 1862. 41c1

Wierg & Strowbridge,
Wholesale and Retail dealers in
ROOTS, SHOES, LEATHER AND SHOE FINDINGS.

Our stock is selected by a practical workman, and consists of a FULL ASSORTMENT OF
GENTS' DRESS,
SEWED and PEGGED BOOTS,
CALF and KIP BOOTS,
and a large stock of
Miners' Boots of the best Make.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Congress Boots and Shoes.
Our stock of Leather is large and well selected, and consists of
Swiss, American and Oregon Kip and Calf, Harness, Skirting, Bridle and Belt Leather, French and American Colored Bindings, Rosset Sheep Skins,
Laces, Shoe Thread, and a full assortment of SHOE FINDINGS.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.
CITY BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
Front street, Portland, Oregon.

ARRIVED and to ARRIVE
AT THE
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Store of
KYGER & REESE,
Fire-Proof Brick Building, Main street,
WALLA WALLA, W. T.

