

The Vancouver Register.

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NO. 50.

THE VANCOUVER REGISTER.

VANCOUVER, W. T.

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PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, 2d Judicial District, W. T. Will practice in all the courts of Washington Territory. Special and prompt attention given to the collection of debts, and to business in the U. S. Land Office.
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

JAY D. POTTER, Attorney & Counselor at Law, CONVEYANCER, Law & Land Agency.

OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, (next door to the Postoffice)
Vancover, Aug. 20, 1865.—11-17.

JOHN F. CAPLES, Attorney & Counselor-at-Law.

OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

JOSEPH M. FLETCHER, Notary Public and Conveyancer

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BONDS, AND LEGAL PAPERS of all kinds carefully prepared.
Vancover, Sept. 1, 1865.—11-17.

JULIUS SUISTE, Attorney & Counselor at Law.

(JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.)
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

D. W. WILLIAMS, GRAIN AND FEED OF ALL KINDS

ALSO—
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.
Is prepared with
ample Fire-Proof Storage,
And will do a GENERAL
COMMISSION BUSINESS.

BUNNELL BROS., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in STOVES, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, Wire, Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c., TIN, COPPER, Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c. Jobbing Work Done to Order.

D. BUNNELL, 22 C. BUNNELL,
Front St. cor. Yamhill. Lewis, I. T.

The Steamer COWLITZ,

JOHN T. KERNS, MASTER.
WILL MAKE REGULAR TRIPS BETWEEN PORTLAND and this Landing, on the Columbia every Sunday and between Portland and navigable points on Lewis and Clark river every Monday and Wednesday, returning on Tuesday and Thursday, landing for passengers or freight wherever desired. Other days open for 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st.

KINGSLEY & REES, MANUFACTURERS OF Saddles, Harness, AND DEALERS IN SADDLERY HARDWARE, Saddle Trees, Block and Bent Stirrups, etc.

13—No. 58 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

J. McHENRY, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE! LAMPS, PLATED WARE, Etc.

No. 64 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR SALE HIS Valuable Property consisting of Lots 7 and 8, in Block No. 1, on Main Street, in the City of Vancouver. The property is advantageously situated, has 200 feet front with a welling house and excellent store. It is one of the best and most desirable lots in the city. There is on the premises a first rate well and a good garden. Title perfect—Terms Cash—Prior to 10 o'clock.
Also selling of a FINE STOCK OF GOODS AT
THOS. BURT.

LINCOLN HOUSE, Cor. Front and Washington Streets, Portland, Oregon.

THE LARGEST AND MOST POPULAR HOTEL IN THE STATE.
AN OMNIBUS EXPRESS WAGONS
will attend all the boats and convey Passengers and their baggage to the House Free of Charge, or to any other House in the City for 50 cents.

R. S. JEWETT, Proprietor.
P. S.—HOT AND COLD BATHS IN THE HOUSE.
All the Steamers for Oregon City, Vancouver, Monticello, and Astoria land at the Lincoln House Wharf. 2217

C. H. MYERS, Plumber, GAS AND STEAM FITTER, DEALER IN Gas Fixtures, Cooking Ranges, HOT WATER BOILERS, Bath Tubs, Marble Top Wash Stands, Force and Lift Pumps, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, BLOCK TIN, Wrought Iron Pipes, (For Steam, Water, and Gas.) WATER CLOSETS, SEWER TRAPS, STREET WASHERS Globe or Throttle Valves, EVERY VARIETY OF BRASS COCKS, (For Steam, Water, and Gas.) Rubber Hose, Hose Pipes, etc.

Hotels, Public Buildings, and Private Residences heated with the latest improvements in Steam or Hot Air Apparatus.
No. 110 First Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

MRS. C. MONELL'S LADIES' EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 13 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

FASHIONABLE
MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER,
Keeps constantly on hand a Complete Assortment of
TRIMMINGS,
AND EVERYTHING PERTAINING TO THE TRADE.
MRS. MONELL RECEIVED FIVE PREMIUMS
FOR SUPERIOR MILLINERY,
at the late State Fair of Oregon,
October 14, 1865.—5-17.

CITY BOOT & SHOE STORE Main Street.

(Next door South of Aird & Sayer's Meat Market.)
VANCOUVER, W. T.
WE WILL HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND a new and select assortment of Ladies', Gents', Misses', Boys', and Children's Wear. Also, the best quality of
Custom Work Made to Order.
The public are invited to give us a call.
MOORE & SOVEY.
Vancover, W. T., Sept. 29, 1865.—11-17.

A New Tailor Shop, VANCOUVER, W. T., (Next door to the "Abern House.") PETER FOX

INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is prepared to give satisfaction in all branches of Tailoring.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID
TO CLEANING & REPAIRING.
"Neat, Cheap, and Quick."
No Machine Sewing.

Administration Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of John Aird, deceased, late of Clarke county, W. T. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me at my residence between the hours of 12 o'clock m. and 1 p. m., or after half-past five p. m., or to Messrs. H. L. & J. F. Caples at their office in Vancouver, within one year from date.
Vancover, W. T., Feb. 12, 1866.
LOUIS SOHNS, Adm'r.
2317 Of the estate of John Aird, dec'd.

NOTICE.

HEREBY WARN all persons not to trust my wife Nancy Kinder, as I will not pay any debts contracted by her after this date.
GALLANT KINDER.
Lewis River, Clarke Co., Nov. 24, 1864.

NEW SHOP!

Gents' Clothing
CLEANED AND REPAIRED,
Promptly and in the Best of Style.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A SHOP FOR the above business one door north of John F. Smith's Store on Main Street.
Don't forget the "New Shop," where your work shall be done promptly and to your satisfaction.
G. W. MILLER.
Vancover, June 30, 1866.—42

MY CHILD.

The following, penned long ago, are as touching and as precious when first given to the public by their author, Rev. John Pierpont:

I can not make him dead!
His fair, sunshiny head
Is ever bounding round my study chair;
Yet when my eyes, now dim
With tears, turn to him,
The vision vanishes—he is not there!

I walk my parlor floor,
And through its open door,
I hear a footfall on the chamber stair;
I'm stepping towards the hall
To give the boy a call,
And then I think me that—he is not there!

I tread the crowded street;
A muffled lid I meet,
With the same heaving eyes and colored hair;
And as he's turning by,
I follow him with my eyes,
Fearingly believing that—he is not there!

I know his face is hid
Under the coffin lid;
Closed are his eyes; cold is his forehead fair;
My hand that marble felt;
O'er it in prayer I kneel,
Yet my heart whispers that—he is not there!

I cannot make him dead!
When passing by the bed,
So long watched over with parental care,
My spirit and my eye
Seek it enquiringly
Before the thought comes that—he is not there!

When at the cool, gray break
Of day from sleep I wake,
With my first breathing of the morning air
My soul goes up with joy
To him who gave me my boy;
Then comes the sad thought that—he is not there!

When at the day's calm close,
Before we seek repose,
I'm with his mother, offering up our prayer;
What'er I may be saying,
I am in spirit praying
For our boy's spirit, though—he is not there!

Not there! Where, then, is he?
The form I used to see,
Was but the reflection that he used to wear.
The grave, that now doth press
Upon that cast-off dress,
Is but his wardrobe locked—he is not there!

He lives! In all the past
He lives; nor, to the last,
Of seeing him again will I despair;
I dream I see him now;
And, on his angel brow,
I see it written, "Thou shalt see me there!"

The New Flying Ship—Another Voyage among the Clouds.

The flying ship of Prof. Andrews, of New York, made her second experimental trip on the 6th of June. The Professor was accompanied by the well known aeronaut, Mr. Plumb. No material change had been made in the construction of the Aeron, except in the substitution of a larger rudder than the one used at first. In addition to the gentleman named, the car contained 400 pounds of ballast. The Aeron rose rapidly, but, as on the first trial, the steering tackle became entangled with other cordage, and the rudder being held firmly at right angles with the aerostoid, the vessel was unmanageable and drifted with the wind. As soon as the rudder tackle was relieved from its embarrassment, Professor Andrews brought her head to the wind, and elevating the bow by moving with his companion to the rear end of the car, the Aeron moved upon the back track at an angle of about four degrees, passing almost directly over her starting point. The wind at this time, was blowing gently N. N. E. The bow was now turned in that direction, and headway was made for several miles against the current. When at an elevation of about 1,200 or 1,500 feet, the gas in the aerostoid expanded so as to press the silk firmly against the netting, and deprive the band used to depress the upper surface of its power in that respect. This resulted in the failure of all former efforts of the aeronauts to tilt either end of the aerostoid, and their being once again at the mercy of the wind, which, luckily for them, blew gently. At an elevation of 6,000 feet which they had attained in about twenty minutes, they found themselves in an atmosphere of perfect calm. Underneath them flimy clouds floated in a direction contrary to that in which they had been going; this was the current through which they had just passed. Overhead was still another current, bearing light clouds slowly onward. Downward toward the eastern horizon great banks of clouds lay piled, one above the other, like mountainous banks of snow, unapproachable, and apparently of endless extent. These Dr. Andrews describes as being of wonderful, and from their immensity, awe-inspiring beauty. At this time owing to the drifting clouds below, the earth was only visible now and then; but even this imperfect observation enabled the aeronauts to see that, contrary to their expectation, they were still moving toward the northeast, while the clouds below them were moving south southwest. The valve was now opened and a descent of about 7,000 feet effected, and the stratum of clouds passed through, showing the vaguer the waters of the Sound beneath them. At first, doubting of their ability to control the vessel, having, as stated, found that they had lost the tilting power in the upper region they concluded to cross the Sound, and land somewhere beyond it. On making further experiment, however, they found that with the escape of the gas just made, the vessel had recovered somewhat of its flatness on the

upper surface, and that she was now more manageable. In proof of this her head was turned homeward again, and more gas emitted when, to the satisfaction of the voyagers, she slowly descended on an incline plain in the island's direction.

The descent was easily accomplished though a long distance from the starting point. Although not perfectly satisfied with result of his trip—as he hoped to be able to return in his ship, not in a wagon—the Doctor is satisfied so far that he has proved to himself, at least, that he has got hold of the right principle at last, and that aerial navigation is no longer a myth, however many the skeptics as to its practicability there may be. He sets to work at once in the construction of a new car 80 feet long; that he used lately was but twelve.

This, he states, will give him complete control over the aerostoid, as by moving from end to end of the car he can alter the center of gravity at will, and so elevate or depress the bow of his ship. This, he urges is all that he now wants to enable him to prove to the world that he has discovered that gravitation is the sole motive power that is necessary for the navigation of the air, and that the means to control are so simplified that the scientific men of this progressive age will be ashamed to find that the solution of the problem was all the time within their reach. Professor Andrews claims to have no ambition beyond the confirmation of the principle involved in these experiments. This done, he says, he leaves to others to work out their perfection the glorious results which must inevitably follow the establishment of his theory.

A Sketch of Prussian History.

A friend has kindly furnished us with the following sketch of Prussian history. The subject is invested with new interest on account of the importance of that power, and the great and interesting part which she has taken in the recent conflict in Europe.

"In the year 1594, John Sigismund, Elector of Brandenburg, married Anne, daughter of Albert, Duke of Prussia. Sigismund died 1619, being succeeded by his son, Geo. William as Elector. During this Prince's reign the 30 years war commenced and raged. He died 1640, being succeeded by his son Frederick William I. Died 1701, succeeded by Frederick I. who assumed the title of King of Prussia. This monarch was, in his manners, rude, harsh, and severe, which had a bad influence on the character of his son, who did not escape his severity, and who was otherwise in his youth inclined to generous impulses.

Frederick I. died 1740, being succeeded by his son Frederick II., surnamed the Great. This Prince laid claims to the Duchy of Silesia, defeated the Austrians at the battle of Molwitz, and held his ground during the 7 years war, against Saxony, France, Russia and Austria, until the treaty of Hubertsburg. He also took part in the division of Poland. Died 1786, aged 72 years. He was succeeded by Frederick William II., and this Prince in 1797 by Frederick William III. The latter suffered in the Napoleonic war, especially at the battle of Gena. The peace of Tilsit deprived him of half of his possessions. He joined the coalition against France in 1812, and gained the following territories by the treaty of Vienna (signed in 1815 by Austria, France, England, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Portugal and Sweden): viz: Half of Saxony, nearly all Westphalia, Swedish Pomerania, and almost all the lower Rhine Provinces. Died in 1844, succeeded by Frederick William IV., who died 1859, and has been succeeded by his brother William I., the present reigning monarch.

The advantages taken by this warlike monarch and his able prime minister, Van Bismark, of the Schleswig Holstein embroglio, to the furtherance of gaining the supremacy over Austria in the German Confederacy, its results in a war, and the successes of the Prussian army, so far, have been sufficiently published.

GENERAL SHERMAN.—The Zanesville Courier relates this anecdote of Sherman:

"In conversation with a number of officers at his headquarters, in the Fall of 1864, the Presidential election was touched upon, when some of the number addressed General Sherman with:

"General, who will you vote for?"
"I shall vote for neither."
"Not vote? That is very strange."
"I'll tell you why," said the general.
"I never voted but once, and then I disfranchised myself."
Such looks of wonder and incredulity as this produced may be imagined, but the General paying no attention thereto, proceeded:

"I never voted for a President but once in my life, and that was Buchanan and I am since satisfied that any person who was d—d fool enough to do that has not sense enough to exercise the elective franchise. I disfranchised myself, and consequently shall not vote."

The French call the Penians 'Faineants' a word identical with a French epithet meaning a sort of shiftless vagabond.

Our Market.

Editor Register:
It is natural for the farmer to ask whether he will find a market for all his produce at a paying price, a few years from this time, although farmers are content to look at present prices, and endeavor to meet their present necessities. They give too little attention to the laying of present plans, for reaping a future and continual benefit. They know the market here at home for many things is fluctuating, and for some things very. They come here and settle on timbered lands where it requires large capital, or otherwise many years of hard labor to open a good farm. As a general rule attention is paid to cattle, and the clearing of lands, more than to anything else, while fruit growing, and the raising of sheep, are too much neglected. Farmers often work too hard and depend too much upon hard labor for an income. If they are able to purchase and keep them, they will invest all their available capital in cows, and the good housewife and her faithful daughters work late and early, week in and week out, Sunday and Monday, to keep the dairy work completed in good order. And in some cases the "good man of the house" and his industrious sons perform a share of this work. This is all commendable as it shows thrift and enterprise. But is there not a better way? The same capital invested in sheep, or in good fruit trees, or in both, would require much less care a great portion of the year. Trees do not require good hay for the winter, and sheep will consume but a small lot comparatively. But the farmer will say, "wool does not bear a paying price." This is true. If I am correctly informed, wool is sold in the Eastern States for at least three times as much as farmers get for it here! This will be the case until enough is produced to justify an eastern manufacturer in purchasing largely on this coast. There is no danger of too much being produced. It is the abundance of water in our land that causes the Columbia to flow so rapidly away to meet the surging billows of Old Ocean. It is the small springs and tiny rivulets that supply water for home use. If we ever have a good market we must have a great deal to sell. Home consumption is not what we need particularly. We consume more than we produce of a great many things. We have not a sufficient number of factories to supply home demands for woolen goods. Whenever our farmers produce wool enough to create a large market outside of our own doors, the price of wool must come up. Men who own factories here will have to pay more than an eastern manufacturer will pay for wool here, or they will not be able to compete with the eastern market. And when the price of wool on this coast is made to compete with the price of wool in the East, there will be of necessity a reduction of wages. The high-price system will have to come down. But it costs some thing to ship wool east. A manufacturer can pay as much for wool here as he pays there, and still be able to pay larger wages than he pays in the east. Not only is the cost of transportation saved, but cloth sells for a much higher price here than on the other coast. Again, many persons, laborers, will come to this coast ere long, and then labor will not be so high as it is now, unless the "quartz mines" of this county yield so much gold and silver that they all become "struck" with an incurable "gold fever." Should this be the case, it is to be hoped that the gold of these mines will prove to be of such a quality and quantity as will greatly alleviate the "stricken ones." But turning our eyes away from these rich quartz ledges, it costs a great deal to ship machinery from the east to this coast. In a few years, after the owners of these factories here have made a "good thing" of their enterprise, they can well afford to lower the price of cloth, and raise the price of wool.

This country is pre eminently a "fruit growing country." Many old orchards are going down. Fruit bears a good price. It always will. Dried fruits are shipped to our very doors, and we consume them. We ought to supply our own tables at least. Now is the time to begin the fruit culture. Every farm ought to have at least five acres well set with a good variety of choice fruits. There is nothing more wholesome, more delicious, and more profitable according to the amount of labor bestowed, than good fruit. And thousands of bushels could be dried and readily sold, but so very little fruit is raised that it nearly all finds a ready market in its natural state at largely paying prices. It is well for our farmers all to look to their orchards, and not let them go down by any means. Our population is increasing. It will increase much faster in time to come. As the country grows older and more wealthy, much more fruit will be consumed by our people. Dry houses will become a common thing on the old farms. And there is not a shadow of doubt that fruit will find a good market. All may do their best at fruit raising, who live so near navigation as the Columbia river people, and yet I fear that many years will pass before enough is produced. It is not long before the Pacific Railroad will reach this coast. Perhaps in as many years as an orchard can be grown. Many portions of the interior

are too cold for fruit growing. The railway will enable the people here to supply such places with fruit. Is it asked, "Where is our market?" I ask, "where is it not?" And while I would not discourage the dairy work, I would urge upon the attention of our citizens these facts in regard to our market for wool and fruit. Some many of our settlements are particularly adapted to the rearing of sheep. Other localities fruit culture. A few places are only adapted mainly to the dairy business. Let all consider carefully the natural advantages of soil, situation, and climate, and then, with "faith in Him" who always prospers the faithful and diligent, let each one strive to make the best of his advantages.

There is one suggestion I would make to the owners of nurseries. You may have trees in your nursery which you cannot sell before they become worthless on your hands. Would it not be a good idea to say to some emigrant family, "here are trees I cannot sell; they will soon be ruined with age; I will let you have them at a low rate, and you can pay for them when you get able." This would be an advantage to the emigrant, to the nursery-keeper, and to the country at large. Would it not, Mr. Editor?

GRN. SHERIDAN ON THE AFFAIRS OF THE NATION.—A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, who has had an interview with General Sheridan, reports that the latter expressed himself as follows:

"He said there was an undoubted change for the worse in the attitude of the South within the last six months, and bad symptoms appeared to be increasing. It now looked as if these infatuated people were about once more to precipitate their own misfortune. Nothing could have been more considerate than the disposition of the nation toward its defeated foe, even in the heat of passion and the flush of victory, and had the rebels only manifested a temper correspondingly reasonable, as, indeed, was very natural to be expected after such chastisement, there could have been no further difficulty. The South evidently had no statesman, else so plain a problem would not continue to be so bungled. For it should be clear that no class, once set free, can long remain disfranchised; and as they ought to have forfeited their fees in giving freedom to that class in war, so afterward common sense ought to have prompted at least the later procedure of making allies in peace of those with whom they are bound henceforth to live. Instead, however, it appeared certain the rebels had learned nothing from experience, and would, in fact, drive their only chance into unskillful hands. The safety of the public peace and of the private rights of Union men in the South still requires the mediation of efficient military force, and if called upon to give its testimony, it should be that the United States troops ought not to be removed from the South."

BARRE FACTS.—A preamble and resolution offered in Congress lately, by Mr. Williams, of Pa., recites, among other things, that

1. "No traitor who has survived the chances of the battle field, has been otherwise 'punished' than by the award of public honors or the remission of disabilities."
2. "The memories of the traitors' dead have been hallowed and consecrated by local public entertainments and treasonable utterances in honor of their crimes."
3. "Honors to dead traitors have not only been tolerated by the National authorities, but in some instances approved by closing public offices on the occasion of funeral processions to the graves."
4. "The privilege of paying honors to the martyred dead of the Armies of the Union has been denied to the loyal people in Southern communities, by the local authorities, and with the connivance or consent of the military agents of the Government."

"These are mere straws. They do not rehearse the fact of scores of returned loyalists being waylaid, shot or hung in the Southern States; the facts of incessant injury and spoliation of freedmen; the fact of predatory gangs and secret sabals reorganizing everywhere; the fact of 12,000 pardons issued by the Executive to the worst traitors of the South; the fact of a daily "crystallization" of Southern hatred going on, under the guise of "supporting the President against Congress." All these facts are not to be recognized. Let us "make haste slowly" in our reconstruction."

A man stopping his paper, wrote to the editor: "I think folks ought to spend their money for paper, my daddy did not and everybody says he was the most intelligentest man in the country and had the smartest family of boys that ever dugged laters."

BEAUTIFUL IDEA.—The death of the body no more interrupts the life of the soul than the breaking of a crystal glass destroys the sunbeam that shines so brightly on it.

EVERY MAN HAS IN HIS OWN LIFE SUFFICIENT ENOUGH; IN HIS OWN MIND, TROUBLE ENOUGH; IN HIS OWN FORTUNES, EVIL ENOUGH, WITHOUT BEING CURIOUS FOR THE AFFAIRS OF OTHERS.

AGENTS FOR THE REGISTER:

L. P. FISHER, San Francisco. W. H. HAMMAR, Seattle. J. H. MURPHY, Olympia. S. A. PORTER, Seattle. H. C. G. BRIDGES, Walla Walla. HENRY B. SEXTON, St. Helens. HENRIETTA CAPLES, St. Helens. San Francisco Legal Tender rates.

THE FIRE.

About one o'clock a. m. on Thursday morning last a fire broke out in the furniture store of Mr. J. Westall, situated on the North west corner of block No. 4 in this place. There were about a dozen wooden buildings on the block and in the brief space of an hour or little more, all but two of them were either burned down by the fire or demolished in the attempt to arrest its progress. The fire probably originated from an imperfect flue. It is known that the chimney had settled, leaving spaces between the bricks and mortar. Mr. Westall occupied a room in the rear of the building as a sleeping apartment, and had, just before retiring, a fire in his stove, and though but a small one, it is quite certain that a stray spark, finding its way through the defective chimney, ignited the building in or about the roof, and has thus resulted in a calamity to our town, and a serious loss to some of our most worthy and deserving citizens. Mr. W. was awakened by the near approach of the flames to his head, and had barely time to escape without saving even his coat boots or hat from the destroying element. His loss, mainly in furniture, is \$2000. The loss of Mr. J. T. Bowles, the owner of the building, is estimated at \$1000. A general removal of furniture and goods from most, or all of the buildings destroyed, followed the alarm, but the progress of the fire was so rapid, that not much time was given, and, as on all such occasions, things were saved at the expense of much damage. Mr. C. C. Stiles, with his family lived in the next house east and immediately adjoining the one in which the fire originated. His loss, as we suppose, consisted mainly in the damage done by the removal of his goods, and must have been considerable. The loss of Mr. Eubank, the owner of the house, is about \$700. The next building reached by the fire was owned by Wm. Hancock, on the corner of Main and Fourth streets, and occupied by him for a residence and wagon shop. His loss, consisting mainly of the house and material connected with his trade, is about \$1500.

From this building, which was somewhat tall, the flames, fanned by a considerable breeze, quickly ignited G. W. and J. E. C. Durgan and Co's. new building. This building was occupied below, by the owners as a meat market, and by the Odd Fellows as a Hall above. The loss of the Company, consisting mainly of the building, is about \$2000. The buildings South of this along Main street to the Southeast corner of the block, and a little back, owned chiefly by Mr. E. Durgan, Wm. Stevens, and Mr. Dupree were soon either burned or pulled down. Mr. E. Durgan's loss consisting of blacksmith shop and some tools and materials is about \$600. Mr. Stevens' loss, consisting of five houses, and the destruction of goods by their removal is about \$3000, and Mr. Dupree's \$300, making a total of a little over \$11,000. The buildings, about the Southeast corner of the square, were torn down with commendable dispatch considering the facilities at hand for doing it. If it had not been for this it is highly probable that the fire would have crossed over to the store of Messrs. Crawford Slocum and Co. and swept down the west side of Main street to the river destroying at least one half of the business part of town. Mr. Westall and Mr. Stevens seem to be the greatest sufferers not only because they have lost more than others, but because they have lost all, or nearly all that they had. Mr. W. has no family, and has a good trade. Some friends have supplied his present necessities. That is all right, but he is able to take care of himself. Mr. Stevens, if we are rightly informed has been this summer the subject of a double calamity. He has been visited with both fire and flood, and now with a large and destitute family, we consider it only our duty, to recommend his case to the consideration of a generous public. The men, whose hard earnings were irresistibly vanishing before their eyes, behaved with remarkable composure, and all worked well after they got the hang of it.

The Government engine was promptly on the ground, and rendered efficient service by retarding the flames, and thus gave opportunity for the removal of buildings by which the stoppage of the fire was ensured. But it had too great a start before the arrival of the engine to be extinguished by such means alone. Too much cannot be said in praise of the conduct of the firemen and the faithful men who were detailed from the garrison in charge of the engine, and who, with the occasional aid of citizens, manned the brakes to such good acceptance.

Among the officers and military men present who aided by giving directions and rendering other important services, and to whom the thanks of the citizens are certainly due, may be mentioned Col. Blake, Captains Babbitt, Sanborn, Weeks, and Mr. Hodges. We regret to state that Mr. G. W. Durgan got his wrist badly, but we trust, not dangerously, cut, by a piece of glass. We are glad, and think it singularly fortunate, that we hear of no other accident. We learn that our first impressions were incorrect in relation to Mr. Stiles, and that he lost a considerable amount of household goods, besides some other property. The property destroyed was a total loss, there being no insurance of any of it.

Observation of Travel.

Having recently spent a month in travel through several counties of our neighboring State, Oregon, it has occurred to us that some notes on our observations and impressions might not be uninteresting to our readers. We spent several days in Clackamas, one of the largest counties in the State. Though there are some small prairies, yet the greater portion of the county is timbered. Much of the surface is hilly, and in some places even mountainous. The work of clearing the land and putting a farm in a state of cultivation is, on the average, as great, perhaps greater than it is in this county. Having formerly spent several years in that county, and knowing it well, we were surprised to find that in many places the young timber had encroached upon the openings and prairies, more than the ax had encroached upon the forest. And though there are some evidences of progress seen in improved buildings and better cultivation of the soil, on the whole we did not mark as great progress as we expected to find. The County Seat, Oregon City, however, is an exception to that remark. The improvements of the People's Transportation Company, the new Woollen Factory, a Paper Mill now being erected, with other business enlargements, give the place an air of activity and thrift which we had never before seen in that place. The splendid water power furnished by the "Falls of Multnomah" at that place insure its active and prosperous future.

At this point we attended for a day the "Teachers Institute" for the State of Oregon, and were interested in the debates on the subject of education, as connected with common schools. We were astonished, however, to hear that in the debates a Bishop denounced common schools, and instanced New England, and especially Massachusetts as evincing their immoral and ruinous tendencies. We are glad however to know that in such an opinion he received no support from any source. We feel it a duty, here and now, to take a plain issue with his position on that subject, and deny both the truth of the position or the appropriateness of his evidences. And while we have not room now for an argument, we do announce it as our belief that the main hope of the people for intellectual training is in a well ordered system of common schools.

From Clackamas we went to Marion County. This is one of the oldest settled, and most mature counties in the State. Its County Seat is also the Capital of the State. The city was well laid out, and is the only decent city that we know on the coast. The streets are wide, avenues and squares large and well situated, alleys run through the blocks, and everything shows that its projectors had some liberality. We observed several buildings in process of erection, but business men complained of dull, hard times. We noticed one thing in our travels through this county worthy of remark. Many fields of grain were nearly destroyed by the immense numbers of large gray ground squirrels which throng around them. Their depredations have always been a serious drawback to farming in that section of the country. Perhaps our Oregon friends will hardly believe us when we tell them that there is not a single one of these animals north of the Columbia River. They have evidently come from the South and have been unable to cross the Columbia River. The Oregon Quail also is not found North of the Columbia. We would be willing to see the beautiful Quail, but are very glad to be free from that pest, the squirrel.

At Salem we attended the commencement services of the Willamette University, under the Presidency of Rev. J. H. Wylie, A. M. A large graduating class, Gentlemen and Ladies, passed a remarkably creditable examination, and produced oration and essays of rare merit. Especially the essays of the young Ladies were worthy of especial notice. Some of them were gems of thought, and fancy, flashing and scintillating through the rich coloring of a pure and graceful rhetoric, and were well worthy of a more permanent setting than that of the ink and manuscript of commencement. All the services of the week of commencement were interesting and full of happy promise for the future of the Institution. Its splendid new building approaches completion, and is the crowning glory of the State.

The enterprise of a few citizens of Salem, a few years ago brought the waters of the Santiam river through the channel of Mill Creek to that place and furnished an abundance of water power, more easily controlled perhaps than any other power in the State. By it the Willamette Woollen Factory runs, and a large amount of milling and manufacturing machinery. Many other places might learn a lesson from the energy which thus furnished Salem with the means of a sure progress.

From Salem a ride of fifteen miles over a somewhat hilly road, brought us to the Santiam river, the dividing line between Marion and Linn County. The latter is without doubt the finest agricultural county of Oregon. It is central to the valley, has a large extent of fine prairie, and is better farmed than any other portion. Albany, its County Seat, is a fine, thrifty town of about 1000 inhabitants, with three churches, a splendid Court House, good schools, public and select, and with a remarkably intelligent, moral, and what follows as a matter of course, industrious population. There is probably less liquor sold and drunk, less profanity, sabbath breaking or gambling in Albany, than in any other town of its size on the Pacific coast. And we have not seen one more thriving and prosperous. Its dwellings are tasteful and some even elegant; streets well graded and shaded, with a general well to do air pervading every thing. During the time of our presence in the City there was quite an influx of strangers, the Oregon Conference of the M. E.

Church being in session in the place. In Albany we remained a week, enjoying the very pleasant and genial hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Donniway. The week ended we once more turned our faces toward Washington Territory. It was just in the height of harvest as we returned. The crops of wheat and oats in the valley are large, and it is the general impression there, that prices will rate low the coming fall. Fruit is very scarce, and must command a good price. Many of the orchards are drying out. It seems to us that the fruit crop of Oregon must diminish for some years to come.

Five or six years ago we were accustomed to travel the road passed over in our late trip, and feel confident that there was much more fruit gathered then than now. Indeed the greatest progress we could observe anywhere is in the towns. This we do not think a good omen. With agricultural capabilities second to but few places, the Willamette valley does not seem to us to be very rapidly advancing in its agricultural wealth. It is probable that in the way of sheep and blooded horses and cattle it is increasing, for of this we could not judge so well by a hasty passage through the country.

We returned to Vancouver and Clarke County with the impression deepened that in all the elements of a certain prosperity they are not behind any portion of the Willamette valley. With some poor land, we have large tracts as rich as any garden of the valley. A few years will prove that this county has in itself as many elements of permanent advancement as any other spot on the coast. For fruit it is better than the Willamette; for hay it has no equal in Oregon, for butter and cheese making it is superior to any in Oregon; for grain it averages with Oregon, while for healthfulness we must give it the first place. With all these advantages our citizens should be contented, assured that with industry and economy a few years will place them above the average of prosperity on the coast. They have only to cultivate the moralities, to foster and encourage education and religion, to be faithful to country and to God, and in a few years Clarke county will be the delight of the land and Vancouver the gem of the Pacific.

DISCONTINUED.—The Albany Journal is discontinued, and its subscribers are informed that hereafter they will receive in its stead the American Union to be published at Salem. The Journal was a good paper; its aggregate of usefulness may, and we trust will, be fully made up in the Union. But to the people of Albany it is a loss. From Mr. M. Pherson's address to the "friends and patrons of the Journal," we extract the following significant remarks:

Having been elected State Printer by the vote of the Union men of Oregon, and desiring faithfully to perform the duties assigned me by strictly complying with the laws regulating such duties, I am compelled to remove to the State Capital. In addition to these reasons there are others of a personal character, the details of which are as presciently as the words of the law. The publication of the Journal for near two years past has been left entirely in charge of Mr. Wm. Morgan and myself, we receiving the income of the office and paying all accruing expenses. If every subscriber and transient advertising patron had been punctual in payment of their dues, the income would have been sufficient to meet current expenditures. As it is universally the case with newspaper accounts, much remains unpaid, and as a consequence we have been compelled to pay out of our own private purses the debts incurred and rely on what is due the office to secure us. Under these circumstances, though the law permitted me to do the State printing away from the Capital, justice to myself would forbid me continuing in a business yielding no remuneration.

PROBABLY LOST.—The Monarch sailed from Liverpool, England, for New York, on the 27th of March, having on board 759 souls of whom about 700 were emigrants, since which she has not been heard of. Hopes were entertained that she had put back and entered some European port. But pieces of wreck have for some weeks been floating ashore on the coast of Ireland. There has also been picked up among the wreckage on the shore, a small wooden label, similar to those used by emigrants on their trunks, and bearing the initials of a passenger known to have been on board of the Monarch. These, and other evidences render it painfully certain that the vessel is lost and that all on board have perished. The English owners of the ship have given her up.

PERSONAL.—We had a call a few days since from Mr. H. D. Huntington of Monticello. He informs us that the insane recently taken from this place to that are well pleased with their situation. The gentlemen who have them in charge have the contract for five years. This will justify them in making proper and ample arrangements for their accommodation, which we are glad to learn they are doing. They are preparing to give them a favorable opportunity for garden labor and other outdoor exercise. This will invigorate both mind and body. We sympathize deeply with the insane. They are the most unfortunate of mankind, and should be treated with the utmost tenderness consistent with a proper discipline and government. We are glad to believe that these unfortunate people are in good hands.

MR. H. spoke encouragingly of the crops, and future prospects of Cowlitz county. A valley of rich land lying back of Monticello only a few miles, is attracting considerable attention, and a flourishing settlement, known as the Bennett settlement, is springing up.

OREGON STATE FAIR.—We have received, from the office of the Oregon Agriculturist, a splendid pictorial poster, giving the time and illustrating the principal features of the sixth annual State Fair of Oregon to be held at Salem, on the 16th, 17th, 18th and 19th of October next.

[From dispatches to the Daily Oregonian.] EASTERN NEWS

Philadelphia, Aug. 17.—Extensive preparations are being made to have the Convention of Southern Unionists, which will meet here in September, an imposing affair; and indications promise a large attendance, although the condition of society in the South has been such as to prevent the holding of local conventions to appoint delegates. Hamilton, of Texas, and Durant, of New Orleans, are here, and Michael Hahn and others, prominent in the late New Orleans Convention, are en route. It is understood that the gentlemen who come from the South will engage in the canvass in the Northern States until the day of election.

Members of the National Union Convention are all gone either to Washington or their homes. Alex. H. Stephens, who arrived after the Convention began and did not participate in the proceedings, is yet here, and efforts are being made to induce him to speak in public.

St. Louis, Aug. 17.—The cholera is decreasing as rapidly as it increased. There were 12 deaths yesterday. Business is lively and few have left the city.

Cincinnati, Aug. 17.—There were 67 deaths by cholera yesterday.

New York, Aug. 17.—The Post's money articles say gold is steady and Government stocks strong and advancing. After the meeting of the Board cotton advanced 1/2 cent, closing at 34 1/2 @ 35.

Flour is from 10 to 20 cents better, but the demand is less active.

Ten cases and four deaths occurred from cholera in Brooklyn. The total mortality in Brooklyn for the past six weeks was 1,819 deaths, including 259 deaths by cholera.

Mayor Hoffman having vetoed the bill authorizing the construction of elevated railways in Broadway, Greenwich and other streets, Judge Barnard today granted an injunction restraining the Common Council from passing the bill over the veto.

The National Union and Democratic committees meet at Albany next week to call a State Convention and arrange for a joint campaign.

Gov. Fenton has requested Senators Morgan and Harris to attend the Convention of Southern Unionists at Philadelphia on the 31st of September, to assure these and other friends of the Union that the party of New York fully appreciate their patriotism and self-sacrificing efforts to place the States lately in revolt upon a just and stable basis; that the re-establishment of loyal self-government in those States as soon as may be consistent with safety and future peace.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Much activity is exhibited in the Indian Department, in sending annuities and Indian goods to the west, and the Treasury is promptly paying all bills. The Department seems determined that the Indians shall not commence hostilities with the broken faith of the Government as a pretext. Preparations also are being made to pay annuities early this fall.

The Treasury Department today made a first advance to the paymasters since the failure of the Merchant's National Bank. The sum cited for was \$250,000.

Washington, August 17.—The president has issued a proclamation declaring in brief that whereas, war exists in the Republic of Mexico, aggravated by foreign military intervention, and whereas, Prince Maximilian claiming to be the Emperor of Mexico, has published a decree closing the port of Matamorras and others, to the belligerents, and whereas, this decree is unsupported by a competent force, therefore the blockade is absolutely null and void, as against the citizens of the United States. All claims which shall be made to enforce the same against the Government or the citizens of the United States shall be disallowed.

New Orleans, August 18.—A visit from the Rio Grande says that the situation in Matamorras on the 12th resulted in the overthrow of the government of Carvajal without opposition or loss of life, and that General Lewis Wallace, with his party of about five hundred American citizens, had arrived at Brownsville, preparatory to taking a hand in the affairs on behalf of the Liberals.

HARDLY JUST.—The Oregonian of yesterday says:

The editor of the Dalles Mountaineer, as well as the editor of the Vancouver Register have been looking at Portland through green goggles for a long time, and after a recent visit indulged in extended articles to show how dull times were with our people.

The above may be true of the Mountaineer, but certainly we have written no extended article to show how dull times are in Portland. We did write a brief article last week under the head of "Dull Times." We alluded to the fact that it was somewhat dull generally because it was hot weather, and naturally by the dull season of the year. We happened to allude to Portland, simply because we had just been there, and had heard some complaint of dull times. We stated that the same was true of other places, and our article was intended to show that a little stagnation of business in dog days, was not only a thing to be expected, but a necessary relief from the labor and general activity of the season. We jokingly exempted our own town, but admitted business was a little quiet with us just now, which was quite as much as we meant to affirm or intimate of our neighbors in Portland. We think the Oregonian did not read enough of our article to perceive its drift, or it would not have accused us of wearing "green goggles," or found in our article, any reason for complaint.

OUR MARKET.—On our first page may be found a communication from a farmer on the above subject, in which is noticed at some length the subjects of fruit and wool growing. These are among the leading interests of the county and they ought to receive much more attention than they do, especially the latter. We are always glad to receive such communications, and have often thought it would be advantageous to the Register and its readers, if farmers and others would write more frequently than they do, for its columns on subjects of general interest.

RELIGIOUS.—We should have stated in our last issue that by the action of the recent General Conference of the M. E. Church, held at Albany, Oregon, Rev. H. K. Hines, of this place, was appointed Presiding Elder of Puget Sound District, and Rev. G. C. R. of Multnomah County, Oregon, preacher in charge of the Vancouver Circuit.

A good milk cow may be purchased by applying at this office.

Events of the Week.

Holy Angels' College, and Providence School for young ladies, of this place, the former under the direction of Rev. P. Mans of the Catholic Church and the latter, the Sisters of Charity, commenced their annual sessions on Monday last. The friends of these schools are under much obligation to the present gentlemanly and worthy Prefect of the College, and the Sisters in charge of the Academy. Under the management of Mr. Mans, during the two or three years that he has been connected with the school, a plain but commodious building, well adapted to the present wants of the school, and perhaps for some years to come, has been erected and completed. There is a suitable dormitory in the building for boarding scholars, and such rooms and offices as are necessary for the accommodation of the teachers and the school. A small, but handsome plot of ground, has been properly fenced and laid out. Mr. Mans is aided by competent teachers and his school occupying a point prominently healthy and accessible, may be regarded as a permanent institution which will grow and prosper with the growth and prosperity of the country.

The Sisters, though occupying a plain building for their school, have a comfortable one, and everything about it, tastefully arranged. The friends of the school may feel assured of their capacity and faithfulness, and entrust their children to their care with the utmost confidence. Their devotion as teachers is worthy of imitation, and they are entitled to especial credit for the manner in which they have thrown the shield of protection around destitute and orphan children, and are conferring upon them the advantages of an education.

Among the important events of the week, was the assignment of contracts for army supplies. Mr. James Crawford of this place got a contract for 262,500 pounds of oats at 1.48 10/100 per pound, 150 tons of hay at \$22 75, and 50 tons of straw at \$7.75. Mr. Luther of Oregon, got a contract for 300,000 pounds of oats at same price. Mr. John Probstel of this county got a contract for 30 tons of hay at \$20, and Mr. McGrath of this place for 1000 bushels of charcoal at 12 1/2 cents.

During the fore part of the week, Wm. C. Johnson Esq., Agent and Atty. for the United States, and Dr. H. A. Tarr, Agent, and Amory Holbrook Esq., Atty. for the H. B. Co., were in this place engaged in taking testimony in relation to the value of real estate in the county generally, and particularly in and about Vancouver; the object being to ascertain the amount to be paid to the H. B. Co., by the United States, for their possessory rights to the lands held by said Company here, and elsewhere on the coast. They left on Wednesday evening, having taken the depositions of Mr. Lewis Love, Judge Daulton, and P. A. Hearn Esq. Hon. Frank Clark was also present but not on the H. B. Co.'s account. He is the Agent and Attorney for the Puget Sound Agricultural Company.

THE WEATHER.—It is excessively hot and dry. The spring having been wet and backward it is rather probable that the closing part of summer and the beginning of fall will be correspondingly dry and warm. We do not hear of much sickness yet. If the weather continues as it now is, we may expect more. People would do well to observe with care the conditions, both internal and external, upon which good health so largely depends, as it is safer, pleasanter, and cheaper to prevent disease than to cure it.

GOING AHEAD.—We are glad to notice that Messrs Dargan and Company, who were burned out by the fire on Thursday morning last, immediately transferred their stock of meats to a building near by, on the opposite side of the street and are going ahead as if nothing had happened. It is their intention to rebuild immediately and probably with brick on the same ground occupied by their former building.

THANKS.—Doctor Wall's house, though on the opposite side of the street from the fire of Thursday morning last, and favored by the wind, nevertheless got slightly scorched and would, he thinks have taken fire, if it had not been for the timely and efficient aid of the citizen employees of the Quartermaster.

Doctor Wall has asked us to make this statement through the Register and to acknowledge the great obligation which he is under to these gentlemen for that invaluable service.

COLUMBIA LODGE.—The owners of Columbia Lodge met at the District Clerk's office in this place, on Tuesday evening last, for the purpose of entering into a permanent organization. H. L. Caples, Esq., was elected President, and C. A. Freeman, Secretary. The following gentlemen were elected for directors of the Company, to-wit: G. W. Durgan, S. W. Beall, H. L. Caples, C. A. Freeman, and M. Wintler. The Directors were instructed to draft a Constitution and By Laws for the Company and report in two weeks from that time. An assessment of ten dollars on each share was made for the purpose of carrying on the work of the company.

COMMENDABLE.—We hear our merchants generally commended for their liberality in furnishing axes, buckets, rope and what ever else was needed on the occasion of the recent fire.

NOTICE.—The ladies of the Industrial Society are requested to meet at the M. E. Church, on Tuesday next, at 2 o'clock, p. m. A general attendance is desired. By order of the President.

RETURNED.—Our Delegate to Congress, Hon. A. A. Denny, arrived at Portland by the steamer Orizaba on Monday last, and left the same day for Seattle, his place of residence.

VOTE OF THANKS TO THE SOLDIERS.—A meeting of the citizens of Vancouver, held at Young American Hall, on the evening of the 23d day of August, Captain William Kelly was chosen President and C. H. Huxder Secretary. A committee on resolutions was appointed, consisting of H. G. Struve, Captain James Turnbull and Louis Schmitt, who reported the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we, the citizens of Vancouver, tender our heartfelt thanks to the officers and soldiers stationed at Fort Vancouver for their active, earnest and untiring efforts in our behalf, during the conflagration which visited our city on the morning of the 24th inst., recognizing that without their prompt assistance our whole town would have been inevitably a mass of ruins.

Resolved, That our thanks are especially due to Col. Blake, Col. Vincent, Captains Babbitt, Weeks and Sanborn, Lieutenant Hall, and other gentlemen connected with the military service at this post, who will ever be held by us in grateful remembrance for their prompt, zealous and distinguished exertions in our behalf.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the Portland dailies and the Vancouver Register. On motion, the meeting adjourned. WM. KELLY, President. C. H. HUXDER, Secretary.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR Paritying Blood; Strengthening the Nerves; Restoring the Lost Appetite. FRESH'S HAMBURG TEA.

It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, and used timely, composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish, and German, with every postage. TRY IT!

For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and grocers. KEMMEL & FARRER, Wholesale Druggists, Sole Agents, 410 Clay Street, San Francisco.

LEGAL NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the Hon. Probate Court of Clarke county, W. T., at the regular adjourned July term, 1866 of said Court made the following order:

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Wright, deceased. Wm. Kelly Executor

IT APPEARING by the petition presented by said Executor, praying for an order to sell real estate, that it is necessary to sell the real estate of said deceased, to pay the debts outstanding against said deceased, and the debts, expenses and charges of the administration.

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before said Probate Court on the first day of the regular October term, 1866, of said Court at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Court House in Vancouver, to show cause, why an order should not be granted to said Executor to sell so much of said real estate as shall be necessary. And that a copy of this order be published at least four successive weeks in the Vancouver Register, a newspaper published in said County.

Notice is therefore given to all persons interested in said estate to appear at the time and place above mentioned and show cause as above required, why said real estate should not be sold for the purposes above set forth.

H. G. STRUVE, Atty. for Executor.

Vancouver, W. T., Aug. 25, 1866. 494e.

Public Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that W. H. Martin, of Clarke county W. T., having a lien upon two certain horses, for having depastured and fed the same and having bestowed labor, care and attention upon the same at the request of one B. Whitton, the lawful possessor of the same, and also having a lien upon a certain chest of carpenter's tools for having safely kept and stored the same at the request of the said B. Whitton, the lawful possessor thereof, will proceed to sell at public auction at his place of residence in Lancaster Precinct, Clarke county W. T., on Wednesday the 19th day of September, A. D. 1866 to above described property, or a part thereof, sufficient to satisfy his lien amounting to ninety-four dollars, together with additional charges since said lien accrued, expenses of sale &c. Said sale will be made by reason of the failure of the said B. Whitton to pay within three months after becoming due the just and reasonable charges due for the services rendered and food furnished as above set forth.

H. G. STRUVE, Atty. for W. H. Martin.

August 25, 1866. 493e.

New Book, Stationery

GROCERY STORE

JONES & TURNBULL

BOOKS, STATIONERY & NOTIONS

One door south of Crawford, Slocum & Co., Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.

A NEW STORE

STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS

Blank Books, Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, & MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

We will be in receipt, by each Steamer, of California and Eastern Paper Periodicals.

New Novels, and Light Reading

SPECIAL ATTENTION

STOCK OF PICTURES

FRAMES AND MOLDINGS

Frame Pictures

A Fine Assortment of Wood & Willow Ware

MATTING & WINDOW CLASS

SUGARS, SYRUPS, TEA

COFFE, FLOUR AND CORNMEAL

FEED, SALT, TOBACCO, NUTS, CANDLES

JONES & TURNBULL.

L. O. of G. T. - Masonic Lodge No. 1, Independent Order of Good Templars, holds its regular meetings at its new Lodge room on Main street every Tuesday evening. Visiting members in good standing invited.

Vanover Lodge, I. O. of G. T. - Holds its regular meetings at the Masonic Hall on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

Washington Lodge No. 4, A. F. & M. S. - Holds its Regular Communications on the first and third Saturdays of each month, at 7 o'clock p. m. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

Notice - The Y. M. B. Society hold their regular monthly meetings on the first Thursday evening of each month.

Ball! The First Fall Dance of the Season. THERE WILL BE A BALL given at the METROPOLIS HALL on Monday evening, August 27, 1886, by Columbia Lodge No. 2, I. O. of G. T. A general invitation is extended to all who wish to join the dance.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS. H. C. Morse, George Wren, Thos. McNeill, John Morrow, W. D. Pittenger, A. McAllister, G. H. Short, H. B. Wood.

FLOR MARRIAGE. H. C. Morse, S. Smith, Wm. W. Nellis, J. Cozzrell, Thomas Minor.

The Vancouver Quadrille Band will be in attendance on the occasion. Admission a gentleman and lady, 50 cts. Refreshments will be served at the Hall, August 15, 1886.

Something New! Confectionery - AND - Ice Cream Saloon. MRS. D. B. SHEFFIELD, has just opened a Confectionery and Ice Cream Saloon, 112 South of the "Water" on Main street.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited. Ice Cream will be kept on hand and served at all hours.

NICHOLAS SCHOFIELD, DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, BOOTS & SHOES, paints, Oils, Wall Paper &c.

Corner of Main and Seventh Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T.

HAVING just removed into my NEW STORE, I have greatly extended and enlarged my business, and am prepared to sell at the goods indicated by the above list at a great many more as cheaply as they can be had elsewhere.

DRY GOODS. I shall keep at all times a well selected stock of DRY GOODS such as ready made CLOTHING, LADIES' DRESS GOODS, SHIRTINGS, SHIRTINGS, LADIES' SHAWLS, American, French and other prints and every thing else that the dry goods trade adapted to the wants of this community.

GROCERIES. I have and will constantly keep all kinds of SUGAR and COFFEES, TEA, RICE, HOPS, TOBACCO, all kinds of SALT, CORN MEAL, &c. &c.

FLOUR and FEED always on hand. Also SALES and HARDWARE of all kinds. GROCERY & GLASSWARE, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, HATS & CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES.

SPECIAL attention is called to my fine stock of WALL PAPER - It can't be beat and having just been purchased at the lowest cash price in San Francisco, I intend to sell it cheaper than such goods have ever been sold in this market. My goods are bought at the lowest cash price in San Francisco, and I don't mean to be under sold.

JOHNNY'S OFFICE. 199 FRONT STREET, Opposite Estes & Stinsons Saw-mill.

THE UNDERSIGNED will always be found on hand at the above place, ready to welcome and glad to see the old friends from Vancouver, and all other parts of the coast, and to wait on them to the choice of it.

WINE, LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS, CIGARS of the Best Brands. J. W. DOHERTY, Portland, August 19, 1886.

Notice - There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Vancouver REGISTER, at Young America Hall, on the evening of Tuesday, August 28th, at 7 1/2 o'clock, to take into consideration the best course to pursue to continue the publication of said paper.

Notice is hereby given to any person, or persons that may wish to engage in the publication of the REGISTER for one or more years, to be present, or cause their propositions to be presented at that time and place, when all propositions will be considered, and the one most favorable in the judgment of a majority of the share holders will be accepted.

By order of Wm. C. HARRARD, H. COCHRAN, Committee.

NEW STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS! PRICES REDUCED!

FRENCH PRINTS - Brilliant, Lawn, Jacquards, Uff, hane, Chambrays, Foylins, Mosambiques, Marcellines, Seals, Indians, Victoria, Lawn, India, Indian, Cherk, Nainsook, Dotted and Checked Swiss.

HOOP SKIRTS - Mohair and Linen Balmoral Skirts, White Marcelline Skirts, French Curacao, Silk Marcelline, Circulars and Sacques, Silk P. russia and Umbrellas, Fans, Shawls, Cotton, Hoopery, Linen Capes, Mitts, Gloves, Trimmed Hats, &c., &c.

LINEN DAMASKS - Shining Linens, Pant Linens, Diaper Linens, Linen Steaming and Pillow Case Linens, Towels, Napkins, Crash, Bay Linen, Chinese Grass Linen, &c., &c.

SILKIES - Tailors' Canvas, Bindings Buttons, Pant Buckles and Trimmings, Machine Silk Ties, Machine Sewing Cottons Best English Needles, &c., &c.

GENTS' AND BOYS' - Linen Dusters, Straw Hats, Alpaca Coats, Vests and Merino Coats, Under Suits and Drawers, Linen Drawers, Coat and Vest Drawers, Fine Linen D. Skirts, Collars, Cravats and Fancy Ties, &c., &c.

DENIMS - Drills, Heavy Stripes, Cotton and Linen Check Shirtings, Ticking, Cassin Flannels, Bleached and Brown Cottons, &c., &c.

At Reduced Prices for Cash. By JOHN WILSON, Portland, June 2, 1886 - 34

CARDWELL Photographic Gallery! No. 59, First Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

This old and well known GALLERY AND MUSEUM HAVING PASSED INTO THE HANDS OF THE present Proprietor, with additional new Stock and Material, they are now prepared to execute in the very highest style of the Art.

MAMMOTH PHOTOGRAPHS, AMBROTYPES, CARTES DE VISITE, MELANOTYPES, In fact every style of Pictures of the "human face divine." The services of the distinguished operator and Artist, MR. R. A. DESMOND,

have been secured, which announcement is sufficient for the customers of this establishment. A cordial invitation is tendered to all the public generally, to be ready to visit us, when we will use our best efforts to please.

ELLISWOOD, Proprietor Cardwell Photographic Gallery, 59 First Street, Portland.

NOTICE Mary E. Lang, Plff., vs. Julius H. C. Lang, Def't. In the District Court for the 2d Judicial District, of Washington Territory, holding terms at Vancouver, W. T.

To Julius H. C. Lang, the above named def't. YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED, that Mary E. Lang has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard before the Hon. U. C. Hewitt, Chief Justice of said Territory, and Judge of said Court, on Monday, the 23d day of October, A. D. 1886, at 12 o'clock m. of said day, at the Court House in Vancouver, W. T., and unless you appear then and there and answer, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a decree of divorce, dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between you and plaintiff, upon the grounds of cruel treatment and adultery, also to obtain the care, custody and education of the minor child, George H. C., the fruit of said marriage. H. G. STRUFF, Atty. for Plaintiff.

{ U. S. Revenue Stamp, } 50 cts. Canceled. Vancouver, W. T., August 18, 1886. -td.

DIVORCE NOTICE. Martha Eversole, Pff., vs. William Eversole, Def't. In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District, of W. T., holding terms at Vancouver.

To William Eversole, defendant above named. YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that Martha Eversole has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard, at the first term thereof, which shall commence more than two months after the 16th day of August 1886, (being the Oct. term for said last mentioned year,) and unless you appear at said term, and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to procure a divorce from you, and to obtain a decree of said Court that the care and custody of the minor children mentioned and described in said complaint may be awarded to said plaintiff. H. L. & J. F. CAPLES, Atty's. for Plaintiff.

{ U. S. Revenue Stamp, } 50 cts. Canceled. Vancouver, August 15th. 1886. 49 2m

NOTICE. THE OWNERS OF STOCK in the Columbia Lodge are hereby notified that there will be a meeting of said stockholders at the District Clerk's office, in this place, on Monday evening next, at 7 1/2 o'clock, for the purpose of incorporating the Company, and taking such other steps as may be necessary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Clarke County, W. T., administrator of the estate of Joseph Durgan, late of said county, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate, and those having claims against the same, are hereby notified to call at my place of business, in Vancouver and settle the same within one year from this date.

Dated, Vancouver, July 29th 1886. GEORGE W. DURGAN, Administrator of Joseph Durgan, dec'd. 46-3m.

CEDAR LUMBER. THE undersigned will supply at all times and at the very lowest price, a supply of Cedar Lumber, as well as the best quality of W. & J. H. G. Durgan & Co's Best Market. Mr. Harry Wood at the Market is our sales agent.

If at any time, such lumber is not on hand as customers desire it will be promptly forwarded from our mill to the city on application to Mr. Wood. J. W. McAFER & Co.

Cigars. OF THE BEST BRANDS always on hand. JONES & TURNBULL'S.

Lard. THE BEST QUALITY IN TEN POUNDS. JONES & TURNBULL'S.

WINDOW SHADES and WALL PAPER at JONES & TURNBULL'S.

Photograph Rooms IN VANCOUVER. THOMPSON, PHOTOGRAPHER, Has taken rooms at the residence of Mr. Mowder, where he is prepared to take Cards, Ambrotypes, & Melanotypes in all the various styles.

CALL AND SEE HIM. 47 Vancouver, May 18, 1886. - 30

JOS. BUCHEL'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY! Cor. Front & Morrison Sts., Entrance on Morrison Street. Portland, Sept. 10, 1886. - 1-1-16

WM. F. POLDEMAN'S GALLERY, CORNER OF FIRST AND WASHINGTON STREETS, Portland, Oregon.

PICTURES OF ALL KINDS TAKEN IN THE BEST STYLE. LIFE SIZE PICTURES. 1/2 Taken by the use of the Solar Camera. 10

BUTLER & KAST, PHILADELPHIA BOOT & SHOE STORE, No. 112 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

(TWO DOORS SOUTH OF THE POST OFFICE.) We are receiving by every steamer a New Supply of LADIES', GENTS', Misses', Boys', and Children's Wear, 1/2 OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS. 10

GLORIOUS NEWS JOSEPH WISE Has come back to town again, and is at his old stand, corner of MAIN & BATEMAN STREETS, Where he will be happy to see his old customers and a great many new ones.

ROOM FOR ALL WHO WANT TO BUY CHEAP GOODS! MY WAY OF SELLING IS SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES. I will take in exchange all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, the same as I used to. My stock consists of

Dry Goods, Clothing Hats and Caps, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, All kinds of Salem Goods, BOOTS and SHOES of ALL SORTS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY and GLASSWARE, And many other things too numerous to mention.

COME, ALL, AND SEE WISE AGAIN! HE HAS COME BACK THIS TIME TO STAY. TO THE LADIES: I would say, Mrs. Wise will wait on them with all kinds of FANCY ARTICLES, LADIES' DRESS GOODS and TRIMMINGS.

Remember Wise at the old Corner Store. REMOVED. EMIL, LOWENSTEIN & CO. TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING THEIR OLD Friends and Customers, as well as the public in general, that they have

MOVED BACK TO THEIR OLD STAND On First Street, (between Yamhill and Taylor streets), Where they now occupy The New Fire-Proof Brick Building which has just been completed. Their Stock has been increased and improved so that they are now offering the largest assortment of

FURNITURE, BEDDING, MIRRORS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTING, WALL PAPER, SHADES, CURTAINS, Etc., Etc., Etc., EVER OFFERED IN ANY ONE ESTABLISHMENT THIS SIDE OF SAN FRANCISCO.

We are ready to FURNISH HOTELS, STEAMBOATS, and PAUVRE H. G. S. throughout. Parties will find it to their advantage to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

We constantly keep on hand a large assortment of CASE GOODS, FLOUR, etc. to supply Dealers. We are also prepared to furnish Sash, Doors, and Window Blinds at the LOWEST RATES.

EMIL, LOWENSTEIN & CO., Nos. 114, 12, and 14 Taylor Street, between Yamhill and Taylor streets, Portland, Oregon.

S. BARKER! ONCE MORE! AS I HAVE SOLD GOODS IN THIS PLACE BEFORE I don't deem it necessary to say anything more to the public, than to just let them know that I have opened a new one.

STOCK OF GOODS Opposite the Union Hotel, MAIN STREET, where I deliver my old friends will come to buy their goods, if they can purchase them as cheap as they can elsewhere. I will just say to them and the public generally that knowing the

WANTS OF THE COMMUNITY, I have bought a Stock of Goods in SAN FRANCISCO, for Cash, and well suited to this Market, so as EVER OFFERED IN THIS PLACE! And if you will give me a call I think I can convince you of the fact.

CALL AND SEE, ANYHOW! S. BARKER. Vancouver, Oct. 27, 1885. - 7 1f

Fish. MACKEREL and CODFISH of the best quality always on hand at JONES & TURNBULL'S.

DOCTORS CHAPMAN, SUGROSS, AND ACCOBBING, PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, AND ACCOBBING, Office - Cor. Front & Washington Sts., Portland, Oregon.

J. A. CHAPMAN, M. D. LATHROP NEW YORK, AND Commissioned Surgeon in the U. S. Army. RESIDENCE - E. W. corner of Second and Salmon Streets. Particular attention given to Oct. 14, 1886. - 5-1f

W. H. WATKINS, M. D. SURGEON FIFTH OREGON Cavalry. RESIDENCE - S. E. corner Taylor and Seventh streets. DR. WATKINS, having received special instruction as to treatment of the NEW YORK and EAR at the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, will give particular attention to diseases of these organs.

C. E. MACK, DENTIST! Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, late of San Francisco, California. It is a sufficient commendation that he is regarded as a Dentist of Superior Skill and a Gentleman by Messrs. R. H. McDONALD & CO., Dr. O. L. Dentist, and many others of San Francisco.

The Patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS and FINISHED OPERATIONS is particularly requested. OFFICE and LABORATORY - At the old place of H. H. Black, No. 10, Alder Street, Portland, Oregon. 1-1f

WM. KOEHLER, DENTIST, OFFICE AND RESIDENCE - 3 doors from the corner Front, on Morrison Street, Western Hotel Building.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH - from one to full sets, on the best materials and with the latest improvements; Eight different styles, from \$25 to \$150 a Full Set. TOOTHACHE CURED, when from exposure of Nerves. FILLING TEETH with PURE GOLD always warranted. TEETH EXTRACTED with Dr. Smith's (of N. Y. City) Electric Battery, as it is the most safe and painless method now known.

REFERENCES with Guarantee to First Class and finished Work will be given at the Office. Portland, Sept. 1, 1886. - 1-1-1f

J. R. CARDWELL, DENTIST. DENTAL ROOMS, No. 90 FIRST STREET, 1/2 PORTLAND, OREGON.

OFFICE - FRONT STREET, near the Post office, PORTLAND, OREGON. WORK DONE AT NEW YORK PRICES.

NEW DRUG STORE. L. GROSS, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

(Between What Cheer and New Columbian Hotels.) THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the Public that his Store is now open, and offers for sale, in quantities to suit, at the LOWEST PRICES, a general assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, Leeches, Patent Medicines, Plasters, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Brushes, Painters' Materials, Fine Perfumery, Fancy Goods, Tailor's Ware, Hair and Tooth Brushes, Fine Washcloths, Gaiters, Fishing Tackle, etc., etc. Also, a complete assortment of DENTAL INSTRUMENTS and DENTISTS' MATERIAL. Physicians' Prescriptions are carefully compounded by an experienced Druggist and Chemist, and put up at all hours of the night.

Orders from the country solicited and prompt attention guaranteed. L. GROSS.

CARPETS & PAPER HANGINGS. WALTER BROS., No. 112 Front Street, (Opposite Vaughn's Wharf), PORTLAND - OREGON.

ARE RECEIVING BY EVERY STEAMER FROM the East, the Newest Patterns of Carpets, Oil Cloths, PAPER HANGINGS, WINDOW SHADES, DAMASKS, Lace Curtains, RUGS and MATS, And Everything In the Housefurnishing Line.

Parties will find it to their interest to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere. 13

NOTICE. Territory of Washington, County of Clarke. In the Justice Court of John F. Smith, City Recorder of Vancouver, ex-officio Justice of the Peace, Clarke County, W. T.

TO PHILIP CARWELL: You are hereby notified that Sumner Barker has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will be held the 14th day of September, 1886, and unless you appear and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted.

The object of the said complaint is to recover a certain account amounting to \$41.98. Complaint filed July 7, 1886. SUMNER BARKER, Plaintiff. Vancouver, July 14, 1886. - 44 m2.

ESTRAY NOTICE. THE WHEREABOUTS OF A HORSE, having the appearance of an estray, and of the following description, may be ascertained by enquiring at this office. Said horse is of a brown color, and has the appearance of being young. He has a star on the forehead, slight blaze down the face, and right fore and hind feet, white up to the ankle. He has a dent in the left hip, near the root of the tail, and ring-bone on both fore feet.

Dissolution. THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between James Jones & John M. Swan, of the City of Vancouver, W. T., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. JAMES JONES, JOHN M. SWAN.

THE undersigned have this day entered into Partnership, the business will be carried on as heretofore under the same name of Jones & Turnbull, all unsettled accounts of the old firm will be settled by the new firm. JAMES JONES, JOHN M. SWAN.

Fish. MACKEREL and CODFISH of the best quality always on hand at JONES & TURNBULL'S.

S. KAISER Is not Dead, as was supposed, But has just returned from San Francisco with a carefully and well selected and immense Stock of MERCHANDISE! Which he is now pressing and which he will sell at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. At his Old Stand on Main Street, Adjoining Bird & Steger's Meat Market.

He has a well selected Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING! ALL KINDS OF COATS! Varying in price from \$7 to \$40, and PANTS, VESTS, AND SHIRTS To suit all classes of Customers.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS! OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS, Embracing the finest and most desirable styles of German, English, French, Scotch, & AMERICAN MANUFACTURE. Sheetings, Shirtings, LADIES' SHAWLS, AND AMERICAN, FRENCH, AND GEORGETOWN PRINTS.

A well selected Stock of BOOTS & SHOES! Kip and Calf Boots OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY And Balmorals and Gaiters For the Ladies.

From the best Manufacturing Houses in Philadelphia and New York. He has also a FINE ASSORTMENT of HATS AND CAPS! For Men and Boys, And a well selected Stock of GROCERIES Adapted to the wants of this Market.

All of which will be sold at the LOWEST LIVING PRICES. Vancouver, Oct. 14, 1886. - 5 1f

Columbia River MILLS! THESE EXTENSIVE MILLS ARE SITUATED on the delta above Vancouver, on the Washington Territory side of the river.

The owner takes this method of informing the public that he has a convenient way of loading and lowering into boats, and that he is now prepared to grind any amount of grain that may be brought to his Mill both by Land and Water.

CUSTOM WORK IS ESPECIALLY SOLICITED. Graham Flour made to order. FEED ALWAYS ON HAND. MY LARGE SAW MILL, Immediately adjoining my Grist Mill is almost complete. In a short time I shall be prepared to manufacture ALL KINDS OF LUMBER, And saw up any amount of logs that can be hauled or rafted to my mill. LEWIS LOVE, Proprietor.

NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been authorized according to law, to settle all matters of business pertaining to the late firm of Bird & Steger. All persons having claims against, or who are owing the said firm, are notified to call upon and settle the same with me, immediately. Vancouver, Feb. 23d, 1886. RICHARD STEGER, Surviving partner of Bird & Steger. 1-24-1f

OREGON TURPENTINE WORKS! Manufacturers and Dealers in Turpentine, Pitch, Priming Oil, BRIGHT VARNISH AXLE GREASE, ETC.

A SUPPLY of the above articles constantly on hand; to which the attention of the trade is called. \$2 00 per 100 pounds will be paid for Fire Brick delivered at our works, Trout Street, Portland, Oregon. NORTHROP & OUREY Portland, Sept. 11, 1886. - 1-1f

PETITION FOR DIVORCE. In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Vancouver.

C. H. Rolfe, Plaintiff, vs. Caroline H. Rolfe, defendant. TO CAROLINE H. ROLFE, DEFENDANT: You are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the said Court which shall commence two months or more after the first publication of this notice, and unless you appear and answer, the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint. The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a decree of divorce on the ground of abandonment.

And you are further notified that on the 14th day of September, A. D. 1886, at 10 o'clock a. m., the plaintiff will take the deposition of Michael O'Connor, D. Wentworth, and other witnesses, before H. G. Struve, Esq., a Notary Public in and for Washington Territory, at his office in Vancouver, Clarke Co., W. T., which deposition will be offered as evidence in the trial of this cause. July 7, 1886. HILL & MULKY, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 43-2m

CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO., Importing Direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET Consisting of DRY GOODS Of all Kinds and Descriptions. Embracing particularly A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS Ready-Made Clothing For the Million, BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Linseys, AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes, And all kinds of Groceries, Embracing particularly SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT, Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel, Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c. Flour always on hand.

In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, all of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Groceries and Glassware, HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c. PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, Oakum, Salt, Lime, CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS For Medical Uses, ALWAYS ON HAND.

We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.

CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO., Cor. Main and Third Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T. Sept. 11, 1886. - 1-1f

H. L. & J. F. CAPLES, ATTYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Notaries Public, GENERAL REAL ESTATE And Collecting Agents.

HAVE OPENED A LAW OFFICE AT VANCOUVER, and will attend promptly to all business pertaining to the profession in the

JUSTICES, PROBATE, AND DISTRICT COURTS of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory. PARTICULAR ATTENTION will be paid to Conveyancing and the Transfer of Real Estate, Leases, Mortgages, Contracts, and all Legal Instruments, to writing, reading and accurately drawn and acknowledged.

THEY HAVE IN COURSE OF PREPARATION an Abstract of the Titles to, and Accruals upon, all Lands in Clarke County, and are prepared to settle, quiet, and Adjust the Titles thereto, either by litigation or otherwise, promptly and satisfactorily.

They have perfected arrangements by which they are enabled promptly to collect claims against the U. S. Government and procure Back Pay, Pensions, and Bounty Land for Soldiers and others entitled thereto.

They will act as Agents for the Sale and Purchase of Real Estate either in the city or country; also, for the location of Land Warrants and entry of Government Lands. Will promptly furnish information to those desiring to concerning the location and character of Lands in the part of the Territory, and will promptly attend to all business pertaining to the Public Land Offices located at this place, and for the payment of taxes for non-residents.

One of the firm being a Practical Surveyor, and having the advantage of a residence, and an extensive acquaintance in this part of Washington Territory for more than fourteen years last past, they are prepared to give perfect satisfaction in the above named branches of business.

They are at all times prepared promptly to SECURE AND COLLECT DEBTS in Washington Territory, to NEGOTIATE LOANS upon Good Security, to Buy and Sell Land Warrants and Government Scrip, and to Discount, Buy and Sell Good Commercial Paper. Vancouver, W. T., Nov. 16, 1886. - 10-1f

J. F. SMITH, Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. SELLER OF Cigars, Tobacco, RIF, Pipes, Matches, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Port Monies, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, Fishing Tackle, Toys, Fly and Lemerick Hooks, Silk and Other Lines, Fancy Goods, Also, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Canteen, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

ALL KINDS OF FRUIT KEPT ON HAND. A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES. Vancouver, Sept. 7, 1886. - 1-1-1f

MICHAEL WINTLER, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE. Is still on hand, at his old stand, Cor. Main and Fifth Streets, Opposite March's Blacksmith Shop, where he is at all the time glad to see his friends, and sell on customers.

Will buy all kinds of Farmer's Produce at the highest Cash Price. W. B. - Cash paid for Wool & Hides. Vancouver, Sept. 12, 1886. - 1-1-1f

Feature in Room Furniture.

Mr. Bayard Taylor's opinion on this subject is thus expressed in the *New York Independent*: "For the finishing of rooms, there is nothing equal to the native wood, simply oiled, to develop the beauty of the grain. Even the commonest pine treated in this way, has a warm and lustre beside which even the dreary white paint, so common in the best of houses, looks dull and dead. Nothing gives a house such a cold, uncomfortable air as white paint and plaster.

"The color is only fit for the tropics. Our common wood—pine, ash, chestnut, maple, and butternut—offers a variety of exquisite tints of fibrous patterns, which, until recently, have been utterly disregarded in building.

Even in furniture we are just beginning to discover how much more chaste and elegant are oak and walnut than mahogany. The beauty of a room is as dependent upon the harmony of its coloring as that of a picture. Some of the ugliest and most disagreeable apartments I have ever seen were just those which contained the most expensive furniture and decorations. My experience shows that a room finished with the best seasoned oak or walnut costs less than one finished with pine and painted and grained to imitate these woods. Two verandahs of yellow pine treated to two coats of boiled oil, have a richness, and beauty, and color beyond the reach of pigments; and my only regret connected with the house is, that I was persuaded by the representations of mechanics to use any point at all."

UNBOLTED FLOUR THE MOST HEALTHFUL.—Having been raised in a good wheat country, we can not well overcome an early attachment to "mother's white bread." Yet science plainly teaches that the most healthful bread is made from wheat ground without separating the bran. The coarser portions of bran keep the finer particles of flour separated so that the gastric juice of the stomach more readily penetrates and dissolves the mass, and hence the better for digestion. These coarser particles also promote the healthful action of the intestines, and prevent constipation, which is one of the most prolific causes of disease in these days. It would be far better, doubtless, if every flour bolt were removed from our grist mills, and people consumed the meal of the whole wheat kernels, just as the several parts are combined naturally. Taste depends mainly upon habit; those accustomed to the unbolted flour eat it with a relish.—*American Agriculturist.*

THE EFFECT OF IRON ON FRUIT TREES.—A writer in the *California Farmer* states that he has known non-productive fruit trees restored to a prolific state by driving nails and spikes into the trees near the roots. The editor adds to this the following: "The fact of nails and spikes driven into trees is not new to us, for we have given several instances of trees restored to a healthy bearing condition by this measure, and will republish some facts soon. Old iron of any kind not only benefits the soil by imparting a desired material, but the sap of the tree when nails are driven into it, soon imparts to the foliage new color and life. Any one can see this by trial. Besides, iron scraps, old horse shoes, hoops, etc., will attract electricity to the plants and trees, and this is what is so much needed."

There is but a breath of air and a beat of the heart, between this world and the next. When the good and lovely die, then the memory of their deeds, like the moonbeams on the stormy sea, lights up our darkened heart and lends to the surrounding gloom a beauty so sad, so sweet, that we would not, if we could, dispel the darkness that envisions it.

NEWSPAPERS IN THE WORLD.—The following is supposed to be the number of newspapers in the world; 10 in Austria, 14 in Africa, 24 in Spain, 26 in Portugal, 30 in Asia, 45 in Belgium, 86 in Denmark, 60 in Russia and Poland, 320 in Germany, 500 in Great Britain and Ireland, and 1,800 in the United States, or nearly twice as many in this country as in all other nations together. Making a total in all of 2,934 in the world.

The following is the epitaph upon a tombstone in East Tennessee: "She lived a life of virtue and died of the cholera morbus, caused by eating green fruit, in the full hope of a blessed immortality at the age of twenty-four years, seven months and sixteen days. Reader, go thou and do likewise."

"Have you seen my black faced antelope?" inquired Mr. Loescope, who has a collection of animals, of his friend Bottlejack.

"No, I haven't—who did your black faced antelope eat?" inquired the astonished Bottlejack.

A rumor is circulating in Germany that, in case of a war there, General McClellan, who at present sojourns at Dresden, will be appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Saxony army. Good bye, Saxony army! good bye! You have done us no harm, and we wish you to go to hell.

CHEMICAL.—An exchange accounts for the rapid disintegration of the Austrian Empire during the present European war, by a consideration of the great dissolving power of Prussic acid.

SCIENTIFIC INVESTIGATIONS show that in ascending mountains, the heart-beats increase on an average of one per minute for every hundred yards of ascent.

By taking revenge, a man is even with his enemy; in passing over it, he is his superior.

THE gayest smiles are often the saddest weepers.

WILCOX & GIBBS
Letter "G"



SEWING MACHINE

It is entirely noiseless. A patented device prevents its being turned backward. The needle cannot be set wrong. The Hemmer, Feller, and Braider are acknowledged to be superior to all others. It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1865. It also received the first premium for "The Best Sewing Machine," at the great "New England Fair," the "Vermont State Fair," the "Pennsylvania State Fair," and the "Indiana State Fair," 1864.

N.B.—Agents Wanted.
STEWART & GOURLEY,
103 Front Street,
Agents for Oregon.

Jewelry! Jewelry!

STEWART & GOURLEY
Are now offering to the Public the BEST and CHEAPEST assortment of
CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, IVORY AND RUBBER SETTS,
(New Style Jewelry)
A large and well selected stock of
Silver-Plated Ware;
And everything usually kept in our line of business.
AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY.
Particular attention paid to the
REPAIRS OF FINE WATCHES,
and all kinds of JOB WORK done on short notice by an experienced workman.
Call and see for yourselves.
STEWART & GOURLEY,
115 HARRIS'S BUILDING,
Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

JACOB COHEN,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
FRONT STREET, PORTLAND,
DEALER IN
CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, SPECTACLES, &c.
Watches and Jewelry repaired and warranted. Particular attention given to repairing Fine Watches.
Portland, Sept. 5, 1865.—11-17.

NOTICE.
Territory of Washington, } ss.
County of Clarke } ss.
In the District Court of the 21 Judicial District holding terms at Vancouver, W. T.
TO FRANK G. SCARBOROUGH & JOHN BONSER, Defendants: You and each of you are hereby notified that Wm. C. Hazard has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 19th day of July, A. D. 1865, and unless you appear at said term and answer the same, will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to recover judgment against you for two hundred and seventy six dollars and thirty six cents, being due me upon a promissory note, executed, indorsed and delivered to me by you in April 19th, A. D. 1859.
Complaint filed July 17th, 1865. Date of first publication July 19th, 1865.
H. G. STRUVE,
Plaintiff's Atty.
(U. S. Revenue Stamp } 50 cts. Cancelled } 453w.

NOTICE.
Territory of Washington, } ss.
County of Clarke } ss.
In the Justice's Court of J. F. Smith, City Recorder of Vancouver, and ex officio Justice of the Peace for Clarke County, W. T.
TO JOHN MANEY, Defendant: You are hereby notified that H. G. Struve has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard on the 15th day of September, A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of said Justice of the Peace at Vancouver in said county, and unless you appear there and then answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to recover judgment against you for the sum of fifty dollars, being due plaintiff for professional services performed in your behalf as an attorney at law, in the District Court, 2d Judicial District, holding terms at Vancouver in the years 1864-65.
July 12, 1865. H. G. STRUVE,
Plaintiff.

NOTICE.
Territory of Washington, } ss.
County of Clarke } ss.
In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District, holding terms at Vancouver, W. T.
To Alexander Burston, and Jennette Burston, defendants:
YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that Herman Haas and Joseph Wise have filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months from the 18th day of August, A. D. 1865, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain a judgment against you for the balance now due on two certain notes given by you in the year 1861, to the firm of Mayer & Haas, at Vancouver, W. T.
J. D. POTTER,
Attorney for Plaintiffs.
(U. S. Revenue Stamp, } 50 cts. Cancelled, } 40td.
Dated Vancouver, August 18, 1865.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY,
Florence, - Massachusetts,
MANUFACTURERS OF THE
CELEBRATED REVERSIBLE FEED SEWING MACHINES!
Making Four Distinct Stitches.

WHILE a large number of Machines have been offered to the Public, some of which possess points of excellence and acknowledged merit, we have long felt that others have not, and the quality of a Machine more perfect in its mechanical structure, combining in the highest degree simplicity with durability, and while capable of doing a greater range of work, one that could be easily understood and comprehended by all.

To supply a Sewing Machine free from the objections attaching to others, has been no easy task. For we had not only to equate others as they appeared years ago, but also to improve from the time to time the most recent experience. This we claim has been accomplished by the liberal expenditure of capital, and the patient, a stirring labor of years; and in presenting our Machine to the public, we shall make strong assertions respecting its merits, which we are prepared to substantiate in every particular.

Regarding the Chain and Loop, or Knit stitch, we do not use the Lock, which is the most objectionable of all stitches, which is regarded by the masses as best suited to all kinds of work. But to meet objections sometimes urged against this stitch, we have introduced the Knit and Double Knit, other of which is stronger and more elastic than the Lock; thus enabling the operator to select a stitch perfectly suited to every grade of fabric, and where necessary, some seams much stronger than it is possible to do by hand.

The FLORENCE makes four distinct stitches with as much ease as ordinary Machines make one, and with as little machinery.

The result of repeated tests has been all we could desire, and from first introducing the FLORENCE we have gained the praise of friends, and been regarded a household necessity; proving that the public fully appreciate the utility, beauty, and durability combined in the FLORENCE Machine.

WE WARRANT THE FLORENCE the following advantages over any and all Sewing Machines:

1st—It makes four different stitches, Lock, Knit, Double Knit, and Double Knit, on one and the same Machine. Each stitch being alike on both sides of the fabric.

2nd—It is very simple, and the reversible feed motion, which enables the operator, by simply turning a thumb screw, to sew on either side of the fabric, without the use of the foot, or fasten the edge of seams, without turning the fabric.

3rd—Changing the length of stitch, and from one kind of stitch to another, can readily be done while the Machine is in motion.

4th—The needle is easily adjusted.

5th—It is almost noiseless, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

6th—Its motions are all positive; there are no springs to get out of order, and its simplicity enables the most inexperienced to operate it.

7th—It does not require finer thread in the needle than for the upper side, and will sew across the heaviest seams, such as muslin, or any other fabric, without change of needle, tension, or breaking thread.

8th—The hemmer is easily adjusted, and will turn any width of hem.

9th—No other Machine will do so great a range of work as the FLORENCE.

10th—It will hem, gather, fell, bind, braid, quilt, and do all the work run through in the night or day.

The taking up of the slack thread is not performed by the irregular contraction of a wire coil or uncertain operation of wire levers. The FLORENCE is perfectly self-regulating, which the FLORENCE draws the thread into the cloth, is unapproached in any Sewing Machine hitherto offered in the market.

We furnish each Machine with "Barnard's Self-Sewer," which guides the work, and is of incalculable value, especially to inexperienced operators.

It is fully protected and licensed by Elias Howe, Jr., and his associates, and our own Patent.

While possessing the above and many other advantages, the Florence is sold at corresponding prices with other first class Machines, and a careful examination will fully substantiate all that we have claimed for it, and justify the assertion we now make, that it is the best Sewing Machine in the world.

We warrant every Machine to be all that we claim for it and will give a written warranty.

Further reference may be had by addressing

J. L. PARRISH & Co.,
Agents, Portland, Oregon.

FLORENCE Sewing Machines!

COPY OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF AWARDS AT THE FAIR OF THE American Institute, NEW YORK, 1865.
To the Florence Sewing Machine Co.
For the Best Family Sewing Machine.

Highest Premium! Gold Medal!

REASONS:
1st—Its simplicity & great range of work.
2d—The Reversible Feed Motion.
3d—The perfect finish and substantial manner in which the Machine is made.
4th—The rapidity of its working and the quality of the work done.
5th—Its 5-16-Adjusting Tension.

The FLORENCE was awarded the First and Highest Premium at the State Fair of California, the only Fair on the Pacific Coast at which any two double thread Sewing Machines were exhibited in competition in 1865.

The FLORENCE received the only premium awarded by the Mechanics' Institute of San Francisco in 1864 and 1865, any Sewing Machine, Sewing Machine Co., of Agents. The claim of a competitor to a medal is without any foundation whatever.

Wherever the FLORENCE has been brought into competition with other Sewing Machines, it has always been declared the best. It is the most simple, the most substantial, the most efficient, and its use is easily learned, by every one.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS AND SAMPLES OF WORK.
SAMUEL HILL,
General Agent,
111 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

OREGON IRON WORKS!
A. C. GIBBS, E. S. MORGAN, B. BLOOMFIELD,
A. C. GIBBS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, And all kinds of Mills, HOISTING MACHINES, HORSE POWERS, REAPERS AND MOWERS, QUARTZ MILLS, ANALAMGATING PANS, And Separators
Of the most approved kinds,
Cooking Ranges, Pumps, &c.
Portland, Aug. 15, 1865.—11-17.

PROVIDENCE SCHOOL For Young Ladies,
CONDUCTED BY
THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

THIS INSTITUTION, which was commenced in the year 1857, is delightfully situated at Vancouver, on the north bank of the Columbia river. The beauty of the surrounding scenery, and the salubrity of the place cannot be surpassed.

The course of studies embraces the various branches of a solid and useful education, and a particular attention is given to form the pupils to household duties and plain and fancy needle work.

Parents may rest assured that every care will be paid to the comfort of the young ladies placed at this institution, whilst no pains will be spared to inculcate in them those principles of virtue which should render education profitable.

No undue influence will be exercised over the religious opinions of the pupils; however, for the maintenance of good order, all are required to conform to the external discipline of the house.

TERMS FOR BOARDERS:
For Board and Tuition, per quarter of 11 weeks \$40
For Washing, " " " " 10
For music and use of instrument, " " 17
For French, " " " " 13
For Board during vacation, " " " " 8

TERMS FOR DAY SCHOLARS:
Per quarter, " " " " " " " " 50
Payment to be made quarterly in advance.
Books, stationery, beds and bedding will form extra charges.
Each pupil must be provided with a white muslin and a sky blue de laire dress. Also, with six changes, and a sufficient number of pairs of shoes. The issue of linens to be procured at the establishment.
No absence is allowed during the year, except in case of serious illness.

MALE AND FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM,
KEPT BY
THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

THE MAIN OBJECT OF THIS INSTITUTION IS the proper raising and education of destitute orphan children, however abandoned by their parents, and who are admitted by paying \$12 per calendar year for Board, Tuition, Washing and Clothing, payable half-yearly, in advance. The education given is the common school education of the country, distributed in regular labor suited to the age and natural abilities of the pupils.

Destitute Orphans from Washington are admitted FREE.

The above institutions are entirely independent of each other.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL
KEPT BY
THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

INVALIDS will here find every care and attention for the sum of one dollar per day, payable in advance. Medicines and other expenses, when ordered by the physician, and funeral expenses form extra charges.

ST. JOHN'S LUNATIC ASYLUM
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

THIS INSTITUTION, under the patronage of the Legislature and Executive of the Territory of Washington, recommends itself by its location in the prettiest and healthiest part of Vancouver.

Sisters of Charity are constantly in attendance, and no pains are spared to procure health and comfort to the unfortunate sufferers under their care.

TERMS:
One dollar and fifty cents per day, paid monthly in advance.
For further particulars apply to the Superiors of the Establishment.

UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY.
THIS INSTITUTION WILL RE-OPEN ON the Third Monday of October.

Rates of Tuition:
(Payable in advance per Quarter)
Collegiate Course \$10 00
Academic " " " " 8 00
Primary " " " " 6 00
Instruction on the Piano " " " " 15 00

Students can be accommodated on the University grounds, in the family of the President, at \$15 per Quarter, in advance, board, room rent, washing, fuel, lights, and tuition included. Room rent and board, without incidentals, at \$8 per week.

For further particulars, address
W. R. BARNARD, President,
Seattle, W. T., Sept. 30, 1865.—5-17.

LIVERY Sale and Exchange STABLES
Cor. 6th & A Streets,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS
Let by the hour, day, or week, at moderate rates.

HORSES TAKEN TO KEEP AT REASONABLE RATES.
Public Patronage respectfully solicited.
JOSEPH BRANT, Prop'r.
Vancouver, Sept. 5, 1865.—11-17.

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON!
MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.
P. O'KEANE, - PROPRIETOR.

THIS POPULAR PLACE HAS NOW BECOME A first class institution, calculated for the gentlemen of its Wines, Liquors, and Cigars.

PAPERS OF THE LATEST DATES ALWAYS ON HANDS.

The Proprietor has, at considerable expense, fitted up this Saloon for the accommodation of the Public, and as it is the largest, most Central, and best Lighted Saloon in the City, he flatters himself that all "or any other man" who may call in to see him will not go away disappointed.

GEO. WEEDEN
HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE
HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, & Repairing Business,
SOLICITS THE PUBLIC FAVOR, and pledges himself to execute all orders promptly and in a workmanlike manner. HARNESSES, and other articles of the trade always on hand.

SHOP—First door south of M. Wintler's Store, 63
15 MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER, W. T. 11-17

D. HEALY, TIN & SHEET-IRON WORKER,
Main Street,
11 VANCOUVER, W. T. 11

WOOL: WOOL!!
POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED
For which the highest market price will be paid
By CRAWFORD, STOUT & CO

Union Meat Market.
G. W. & J. E. C. DURGAN & CO.,
Proprietors,
(Three Doors North of Crawford, St. James Co. 's.)
Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh

BEEF, MUTTON,
Pork, and Salt Meats.

Also in
ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES IN THEIR SEASON.

INTENDING TO FURNISH GUN MARKET with the best meats and vegetables that the country affords and to sell them at reasonable prices, we expect to devote and hope to receive a reasonable share of the public patronage.

Cash paid for Fat Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, &c.
Vancouver, Dec. 8, 1865.—11-17

JOHN AIRD, S. C. STEWART
AIRD & STEGERT,
EMPIRE MARKET
Main Street, Vancouver, W. T.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FRESH BEEF,
Pork, Mutton,
SALT PORK, HAMS, BACON, Smoked Beef, &c.
Cash paid for Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.
Vancouver, Aug. 28, 1865.—11-17.

WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING!

THIS UNDERSIGNED, HAVING REMOVED HIS SHOP to the New Building, Cor. Main and Fourth Streets, is now prepared to do all kinds of Work in his line.

Thankful for past favors, he still solicits the patronage of the public.

NEW WAGONS ALWAYS ON HAND, OR MADE TO ORDER.
REPAIRING DONE on Short Notice, and on REASONABLE TERMS.
WM. RANCK,
Vancouver, Sept. 8, 1865.—11-17.

J. LORVEA'S Furniture Store
Nos. 138 and 140 Front Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN FURNITURE, BEDDING, Wall Paper, Shades, CROCKERY, ETC., ETC.

N. B.—A General Assortment of 32 Furniture in Packages, if

BLACKSMITHING.
E. DURGAN, A. S. STEWART,
DURGAN & STEWART

ARE NOW CARRYING ON THE ABOVE business in the shop heretofore occupied by E. Durgan in Main Street, one door south of G. W. & J. E. C. Durgan & Co's market, Vancouver, where they are prepared to do ALL KINDS OF BLACKSMITHING in the very best manner at the shortest notice, and at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction.

WAGONS MADE TO ORDER,
And all styles of Wagon and Carriage Ironing done promptly.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO HOUSEHOLDING. In this department we do not mean to be excelled.

Plows, Harrows, &c.
On hand or made to Order.
And the proprietors will always be ready to wait on their customers.

Blacksmithing.
THE UNDERSIGNED, TAKES THIS METHOD OF informing the Public generally and the rest of mankind in particular, that he has secured all the best working tools, day or night, at his OLD AND WELL KNOWN SHOP,
COR. FIFTH AND MAIN STREETS, VANCOUVER,
where he is well prepared to do all kinds of BLACKSMITHING, with neatness and dispatch.

Particular Attention paid to Shoeing.
All kinds of Wagon and Carriage Ironing done in the best style. Plows, Mill Irons, Edge Tools, &c., made to order.
Vancouver, Dec. 2, 1865.—12-17.

THE CELEBRATED STALLION MORGAN!
WILL STAND THE ESSING Season at the Stable of the subscriber in Vancouver, Clarke Co., W. T.

MORGAN
Is 10 1/2 hands high 8 years old, weighs 1500 pounds; bright bayed mahogany brown, not a white hair from his nostrils to the end of his tail; disposition, and any lady can drive him in a buggy with perfect safety.

Morgan
Was bred at Springfield, Missouri, from a full blooded Vermont Morgan horse and a Morgan Mare of Saratoga, then, and was taken to the State Fair of Missouri in the fall of 1861, and took the premium for the best three years old colt, and trotted a mile in three minutes. The same price he was purchased by Mr. Duran and brought across the plains the same year, and purchased by myself in 18 1/2.

MORGAN has sired some of the finest colts in the Territory, and if stock raisers want a horse for all work they need not look farther; and for the saddle or buggy he is unsurpassed on this coast.

For a description and recommendation of Morgan stock, see Patent Office Report of 1861, pages 236, 7, 8, and 9, and 544. The Americans give the Morgan horse the preference over all others for roadsters and farm horses.

TERMS:
Insurance, \$15. And when the mare is known to be with foal, \$20. On the 4th day of July, 1865. Leap 20, each down. Any person having five mares sired by Morgan the fifth one will not be charged for.

The above are colts, and from their own make in cash, currency, hay, grain, butter, eggs, chicken, &c. &c.; in fact, I will take anything that man or beast can wear or eat, at the market price.

GAY HAYDEN.

W. H. McGrath, Boot & Shoe Maker,
(Two doors south of M. Wintler's Store.)
MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.

I INTEND TO KEEP ON HAND ONLY THE BEST kind of stock, and perform my work in the best of style, and with special reference to utility and durability.

Special Attention GIVEN TO REPAIRING. CHARGES REASONABLE.
Do not forget the Place. The second door south of Wintler's store, where you will see my sign.

WASHINGTON HOTEL!
Cor. 6th & Main Street,
VANCOUVER, W. T.
Joseph Brant, - Proprietor.

THIS WELL KNOWN HOUSE HAS JUST BEEN enlarged and thoroughly repaired in every department.

The Proprietor announces to the traveling public his confidence and pleasure, that he is now prepared to receive and entertain all who may give him a call, to their entire satisfaction.

THE PARLORS AND SLEEPING APARTMENTS are fitted up in an elegant manner, and furnished with special reference to the comfort of the Guest.

1st—A First Class Piano will at all times be at the disposal of the Ladies Parlor.

2d—Carriages (and drivers, if desired) are always ready for a hire, at reasonable rates.

METROPOLIS HALL
IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE HOUSE, IS still in readiness, and fitted up in a superior style for Public Assemblies, Dramatic, Amusements, Balls, Stage, Country, Fairs, and all necessary Amusements.

A First Class Piano and such other Musical Instruments as may be desired in connection with Plays and Amusements are at all times to be had in readiness.

Amusements, Sept. 7, 1865.—11-17.

UNION HOTEL,
(FORMERLY KEPT BY M. BIRN.)
J. L. RANKIN, - PROPRIETOR.

THIS WELL-KNOWN HOTEL IS STILL OPEN on the receipt of Guests. The Proprietor, by great attention to the comfort of his Guests, hopes to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

TERMS:
BOARD AND LODGING per week \$10 00
BOARD WITHOUT LODGING, per week \$8 00
BOARD PER DAY, " " " " 1 00
LODGING " " " " " " 00
ALL BAGGAGE CAREFULLY TAKEN CARE OF.
Vancouver, Oct. 27, 1865.—11-17

OYSTERS. CAPT. W. BAKER. OYSTERS.
Oysters in Every Style

MEALS AT ALL HOURS
FROM 6 O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING TO 12 AT NIGHT

Board by the day or week. The table is supplied, at all times, with the best market affords.

Families Supplied with Oysters, IN THE SHELL OR OUT.
W. Baker.
Vancouver, Aug. 20, 1865.—11-17.

ALTA HOUSE!
VANCOUVER, W. T.

THIS UNDERSIGNED, HAVING JUST PURCHASED the above Hotel, and repaired and renovated it in all its departments, is now prepared to entertain the traveling public, just as invitingly, light as the sun, and in the most comfortable manner, to satisfy every reasonable guest, both as to accommodations and charges.

The ALTA HOUSE is situated on a river bank, convenient to the Steamboat Landing.

Vancouver, Sept. 11, 1865.—11-17.

WHAT CHEER HOUSE
Nos. 140, 142 & 130, Front Street,
PORTLAND, . . . OREGON.
M. O'CONNOR, Proprietor.

THIS LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST ROOM in Oregon. Can accommodate 1000 persons.

Superior accommodations for Families.
Board and Lodging, per week \$10 00
Board per day, " " " " 1 00
Single Meals, " " " " " " 00
Lodging, " " " " " " 00
Baggage taken to the House Free of Charge.
Portland, Sept. 4, 1865.—11-17.

Mansion House,
(Formerly What Cheer House.)

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of Guests, after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished.

TERMS:
Board and Lodging, per week \$10 00
Board per day, " " " " 1 00
Single Meals, " " " " " " 00
Lodging, " " " " " " 00

E. CARNEY, Proprietor.

THIS HOUSE IS CONDUCTED STRICTLY UPON THE PRINCIPLE OF FIRE-PROOF SAFETY in the Office for valuable Baggage taken to the House free of charge.
Portland, Sept. 6, 1865.—11-17.

W. F. WILCOX,
MANUFACTURER OF
BUREAUS, CHAIRS, TABLES, Bedsteads, AND ALL KINDS OF CABINET WORK.

Wood Turning and Carving of Every Description done to order. Particular attention given to Stair Building.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
(Opposite Bates & Binamon's Saw Mill.)
Sept. 1, 1865.—11-17.

Furniture Store!

THIS UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has the LARGEST STOCK OF FURNITURE ever offered in Vancouver, which he will sell as cheap for cash. 2117—opposite Dr. Wall's Drug Store.

All Kinds of Furniture Made. REPAIRING DONE TO ORDER, NEATLY & PROMPTLY UPHOLSTERED AND UNDERTAKEN.

Ladies and Gentlemen are invited to call and see the Stock and Prices for themselves.
JOSEPH WESTALL

MILK AND WATER TOGETHER OR SEPARATE.
Butter, Vegetables, Cord Wood, And Charcoal.
To be had of the subscriber on liberal terms.
J. S. KATHWAY.

VANCOUVER DRUG STORE,
Fourth Street, near Main.
DAVID WALL, APOTHECARY

Constantly on hand a Choice Assortment of
Drugs, Chemicals, PATENT MEDICINES OF ALL KINDS, Alcohol, Toilet Articles, and FANCY GOODS.
Vancouver, Sept. 10, 1865.—11-17.