

# The Vancouver Register.

VOL. 2. TUESDAY

VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY FEBRUARY 23, 1867.

NO. 23.

**THE VANCOUVER REGISTER,**  
VANCOUVER, W. T.  
ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY,  
By H. G. STRUVE,  
Editor and Publisher.

**TERMS:**  
For a copy, in advance, \$3 00  
Terms of Advertising:  
Transient advertisements, per square (ten lines or less)  
For each subsequent insertion, 1 00  
Quarterly advertisements inserted at liberal rates by special contract.  
Legal advertisements at the established rates.

**H. G. STRUVE,**  
Attorney-at-Law  
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.  
PROSECUTING ATTORNEY, 2d Judicial District, W. T.  
Will practice in all the courts of Washington Territory, Special and prompt attention given to the collection of debts, and to business in the U. S. Land Office.  
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,  
VANCOUVER, W. T.

**PHYSICIAN.**  
Wm. H. Goldsard, M.D., is a Physician, and authorized agent and Lecturer for the "National Health Reform Association."  
Residence—Main St., No. 10. Dr. H. S. Waipha, M. D. H. S. Waipha, and L. Nelson, M. D.

**JAY D. POTTER,**  
Attorney & Counselor at Law,  
CONVEYANCER,  
LAW & LAND AGENCY.  
OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, (next door to the Postoffice).  
VANCOUVER, W. T., 1867-1-1-11-12.

**JOSEPH M. FLETCHER,**  
Notary Public & Conveyancer  
D. W. MORTGAGES, BONDS, AND LEGAL PAPERS of all kinds, carefully prepared.  
VANCOUVER, Sept. 1, 1866-1-1-12.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

**D. W. WILLIAMS,**  
GRAIN AND FEED OF ALL KINDS  
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

Ample Fire-Proof Storage,  
COMMISSION BUSINESS.  
No charge for Storage on Goods sold on Consignment.  
No. 110 Front Street, (the door south of Postoffice).  
Portland, Oregon.  
Sept. 1, 1866-1-1-12.

**KINGSLEY & REES**  
Saddles, Harness,  
SADDLERY HARDWARE,  
Saddle Trees, Block and Bone Stirrups, etc.  
110 Front St., bet. Washington & Alder,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.

**BUNNELL BROS.,**  
Portland, Or., & Lewiston, I. T.,  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STOVES, TIN PLATE,  
SHEET IRON,  
Wire, Pumps,  
Lead Pipe, &c.,  
And Manufacturers of  
TIN, COPPER,  
Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c.  
Jobbing Work Done to Order.

D. D. BUNNELL, C. C. BUNNELL,  
Front St., cor. Yamhill. Lewiston, I. T.

**UNION SALOON,**  
6th Street, Vancouver, W. T. near the  
Military Reserve.

THIS UNDERSIGNED announces to the public, that he will sell at the lowest price, all the liquors, wines and cigars, and all other things necessary to constitute a Tip-top Saloon.

M. DAMPHOFFER,  
Sept. 23, 1866.

**MRS. D. B. SHEFFIELD,**  
Begs leave to inform the public, that she can be found at the old stand, three doors south of Winkler's Store on Main Street, VANCOUVER, and that she keeps constantly on hand the assortment of

GROCERIES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,  
Fruit, and Candies,  
Confectionery and Ice Cream,  
SODA WATER, TOBACCO AND CIGARS,  
and other articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices.

DAVID WALL, DRUGGIST, is determined to keep his house in the best manner, and at the lowest price, and to sell his goods in his line at the lowest price, will accomplish it.

**BOOTS AND SHOES** of all sizes and all kinds, constantly kept on hand and sold at the lowest price.  
JONES TURNBULL & CO.  
12-17

**CALL AND EXAMINE** the 17643 articles too numerous to mention, which are kept on hand always.  
VANCOUVER Drug Store, 5th Street near Main.  
12-17

## THE VISION OVER THE WASHED.

I stood beside the washstand,  
On a warm bright summer's day,  
And watched, with thoughtful worry,  
In the white and foaming spray,  
And as the bubbles rose and fell,  
In wreaths of foaming light,  
No many a vision rose that day,  
Before my charged sight,  
And many a dreamy scene,  
As by some fairy hand,  
And many forms were flitting there,  
In a bright and happy land.  
The work seemed light to the third day,  
And the images one by one  
Escaped their airy nothings,  
Till the washing all was done.  
Oh! vain was all my dreaming,  
Those bubbles all burst in air,  
And vanished those beautiful visions,  
Those castles so bright and fair.  
And I wished, as I thought of the folly  
In dreaming a dream so fair,  
While performing such humble duties,  
For lowly and humble they were,  
But so it is, often and ever,  
For seldom contacted we see,  
And the present of our daily life,  
And the present of our daily life.

## New Prussian War Weapons.

Herr Von Dreyse, the inventor of the needle gun, has completed several new weapons, said to surpass the old ones in many respects. The first is a rifle entirely of iron, with a circular hole where the butt-end ought to be. By the shoulder fitting into this hole, the termination the aim is considerably steadied, an advantage of no small moment for ordinary shots, especially in the thick of the battle. The barrel has a coating of some composite substance to prevent its scorching the fingers after several discharges. It is 3 1/2 lighter and 7/8 cheaper than the present needle gun, can be fired eight times in a minute, and in the hands of an experienced marksman hits a man at a thousand paces. In addition to this one we have another specimen from the hands of the same ingenious gunsmith, looks exactly like the first, only that the barrel is a little more bulky, and the bore proportionately wider. The projectile belonging to this latter gun tells at a distance of 1,500 paces, and by bursting into eight pieces at the moment of striking, approaches in its effects the deadly execution done by the modern grenade. Ammunition weapons are easily exploded by its shot thrown from a cannon, and as its weight admits of its being carried by men of ordinary strength, it is this rifle to which, in the eyes of its originator, ought to be accorded the palm. The internal mechanism of both new rifles is that of the needle gun in an improved form.

But a still more remarkable instrument for the prompt and artistic transference of an animate being from the state of life to that of death than any of the foregoing, has simultaneously with them left the famous workshop at Sommerda. This is a breech-loading double-barreled cannon, with ammunition cases inserted between the two tubes, and semi-circular hooks, such as before described, fixed at the end. No more than one man is needed to work each barrel, the ammunition being propelled towards the gunner by a simple process, and each falling into its allotted place directly after the valve is removed. Each barrel fires off an average of four shots a minute, the two together accordingly discharging eight in that space of time. The few who have seen the new instrument in operation speak of the effect both morally and physically of its continuous volley as something tremendous. Dreyse has constructed specimens of different calibres corresponding to the 3-pounders and 6-pounders of the Prussian service. A conical projectile shot from the heavier sort was seen to penetrate an iron plate two inches thick, and ignites the wooden frame behind, at 2,000 paces.

**WRITINGS REQUIRING STAMPS.**—The following information will prove valuable to business men generally, and should be kept for reference:  
1. Instruments of writing dated before October 1, 1861, do not require a stamp.  
2. Those dated between August 1, 1862, and August 1, 1861, may be stamped either before or after the use by the Court Recorder or Register.  
3. Those dated Aug. 1, 1862, and more than twelve months old, may be stamped before the United States Collector, without payment of the penalty, \$30.  
4. Those dated after August 1, 1861, more than twenty months old, may be stamped on the payment of the penalty, \$30.  
And every assignment of note, which assignment is made since October 1, 1862, without regard to date of the note, is to be stamped at an agreement, viz: five cents, no matter how large or how small the note may be.

All persons having notes unstamped should have them stamped at once. A receipt for money or property over \$20, no matter what the amount, only requires a two cent stamp.

**A DANGEROUS COUNTERFEIT.**—A Washington dispatch of December 28th says: The officials of the Treasury Department have just succeeded in effecting the capture of the plate of one of the most dangerous and successful counterfeiters that has been palmed upon the public since the first issue of the paper currency. The note is a very fine imitation of the fifty dollar legal tender note, bearing the vignette of Alexander Hamilton, and with the exception of one or two very light errors made by the engraver, is an exact fac simile of the original. The general execution and coloring of the note is also very good, far surpassing that of any counterfeit that has been issued. Persons receiving notes of this denomination would do well to carefully scrutinize before accepting them. The easiest and quickest way to detect the counterfeit from the genuine is by observing the margin line of figures running around the back of the note. In the lower left-hand corner will be discovered the figures 550 instead of 50, as in the genuine. The mark is quite plain, and will insure the ready detection of the counterfeit, the cap of the original plate preventing any alteration. It is believed that there are large numbers of these notes in circulation, and merchants and others should be on their guard against them.

## From the Indian Scouts.

We give some extracts from a letter from Dr. McKay, who commands one detachment of the Indian scouts. The Doctor with his party scouted the country up the Des Chutes and between Crooked river and the Des Chutes, and being satisfied the Indians had gone to the head waters of Crooked river, proceeded to the head of this stream and camped on Christmas day. Here he awaited the arrival of Lieut. Darragh and his party. He says:  
"On the 6th of January, rumors came to camp, of hearing shots fired in a direction that none of the party had been. We went out scouts, who returned about 4 o'clock and reported signs of foot-prints in the snow and signs of a deer being killed. That night at dark we left camp on the west path, and reached our camp, and attacked it at daylight—killed three and took two children prisoners and captured two mules, one horse, ammunition, &c. Immediately beyond this was a large camp of Indians under Pallone and Weyawewa, who had become alarmed and had taken refuge in a fortification on a point of rocks about 2,000 feet above us. It was very difficult getting up the plateau, but we reached it and fought them all day, and killed three more in their holes. One of our men and two horses were wounded, at dark, we withdrew to water—it being a very unfavorable place to fight them. Our movements are guided by the condition of our horses. Having recruited them somewhat, we took fifty men from both detachments, and started on another scout, as soon as it was dark enough to prevent our enemies from discovering our movements. We traveled through a terrific snowstorm till 1 o'clock, a. m. The next day we went out a reconnoitering party who returned about dark and reported favorably—having found signs one day old. At 1 o'clock we sent out a party who followed the trail and came upon the Indian camp, and at daylight attacked it, killed twelve and took three children prisoners, our main party coming on, we followed the Indian trail and came on another camp, and killed eight Indians and took three prisoners. The snow was from 14 to 18 inches deep and still snowing, one of our horses gave out, and all of them nearly exhausted, we were compelled to take our animals where they could get something to eat. Although Pallone and Weyawewa were only eight or ten miles from the last camp we attacked, our horses were so much worn down, we could not reach them. Had we been furnished with forage, as was proposed, our expedition would have been more active, as it is, we have struck a blow at Pallone he will not forget soon. The result of our scout was, twenty six killed; eight children prisoners; two mules, one horse, five rifles and guns, 4 lbs. balls, three lbs. powder, and a quantity of fur and skins.

We hold the valley and the Sashes do not come down to hunt—they are now on the point of starvation, having killed all their horses to subsist on.—Dalles Mountaineer.

**JOHNSON GOT HIS BRANDY.**—The scene of March 4, 1865, when Andrew Johnson degraded himself and almost degraded the high office he was about to assume, is a blow that will not be forgotten soon. The result of our scout was, twenty six killed; eight children prisoners; two mules, one horse, five rifles and guns, 4 lbs. balls, three lbs. powder, and a quantity of fur and skins.

We hold the valley and the Sashes do not come down to hunt—they are now on the point of starvation, having killed all their horses to subsist on.—Dalles Mountaineer.

**WRITINGS REQUIRING STAMPS.**—The following information will prove valuable to business men generally, and should be kept for reference:  
1. Instruments of writing dated before October 1, 1861, do not require a stamp.  
2. Those dated between August 1, 1862, and August 1, 1861, may be stamped either before or after the use by the Court Recorder or Register.  
3. Those dated Aug. 1, 1862, and more than twelve months old, may be stamped before the United States Collector, without payment of the penalty, \$30.  
4. Those dated after August 1, 1861, more than twenty months old, may be stamped on the payment of the penalty, \$30.  
And every assignment of note, which assignment is made since October 1, 1862, without regard to date of the note, is to be stamped at an agreement, viz: five cents, no matter how large or how small the note may be.

All persons having notes unstamped should have them stamped at once. A receipt for money or property over \$20, no matter what the amount, only requires a two cent stamp.

**A DANGEROUS COUNTERFEIT.**—A Washington dispatch of December 28th says: The officials of the Treasury Department have just succeeded in effecting the capture of the plate of one of the most dangerous and successful counterfeiters that has been palmed upon the public since the first issue of the paper currency. The note is a very fine imitation of the fifty dollar legal tender note, bearing the vignette of Alexander Hamilton, and with the exception of one or two very light errors made by the engraver, is an exact fac simile of the original. The general execution and coloring of the note is also very good, far surpassing that of any counterfeit that has been issued. Persons receiving notes of this denomination would do well to carefully scrutinize before accepting them. The easiest and quickest way to detect the counterfeit from the genuine is by observing the margin line of figures running around the back of the note. In the lower left-hand corner will be discovered the figures 550 instead of 50, as in the genuine. The mark is quite plain, and will insure the ready detection of the counterfeit, the cap of the original plate preventing any alteration. It is believed that there are large numbers of these notes in circulation, and merchants and others should be on their guard against them.

## Gambling Hells.

The New York correspondent of the Hartford Press writes:  
You read, a few days since, that they had made a descent upon a Broadway gambling house. Scores of these establishments are in full blast every night, directly under the eyes of the police, who know all about them, their proprietors and their patrons. Yet, judging from the account of the recent descent, an out-of-town reader would infer that the police had just finished one of these hells and proceeded to pounce upon it. It is generally believed that many of the policemen have an understanding with the proprietors of the gambling establishments, whereby the latter secure immunity from arrest. Stock exchanges, fancy operations, and military officers from the surrounding forts are among the frequenters of these hells. Gold and stock gamblers, who have been undergoing an artificial excitement all day down town are not content with the quiet of home, but crave additional excitement for the evening, which they find in these hells. The proprietors provide a free lunch, or rather costly banquet which all gaining admittance can partake of. The doors leading to the rooms from the hells are closed. One seeking admittance pulls a bell, when a servant takes through an aperture in the door and looks the dimensions of the applicant for admission. If judged to be "all right" he is admitted; otherwise a proprietor is called, who decides whether it is best to get to unlock the door. The statement of the recent "bout" between John Morrissey and Benjamin Wood was founded on fact. The latter won over a hundred thousand dollars of the former.

**FOREIGN LETTERS.**—Letters and printed matter of every kind posted in the United States, and addressed to Switzerland, may be transmitted to destination via Belgium in the mails made up at New York, and dispatched by means of the new line of American steamships running direct between New York and Antwerp. Correspondence for Switzerland forwarded in the mails to Belgium by direct steamers to Antwerp, will be subject to the following rates of postage, the same being in full to destination: On letters, 18 cents per single rate of half ounce, prepayment optional; on newspapers, gazettes and periodicals, 4 cents for each weight of three ounces or fraction thereof, prepayment required; on books, pamphlets and other printed matter, 3 cents for each ounce or fraction of an ounce, prepayment required.

**NEWSPAPER POSTAGES.**—By a recent order of the Postoffice Department all newspapers addressed to the following countries beyond Germany, when forwarded in the close mail to Prussia, must be fully prepaid to their destination, at the rates named:  
Russia, including Finland and Poland, 5 cents each.  
Sweden, 10 " "  
Norway, 10 " "  
Denmark, 10 " "  
Schleswig Holstein, 10 " "  
Prussia, 10 " "  
Italy, via Switzerland, 11 " "  
Papal States, via Switzerland, 12 " "  
Austria, via Switzerland, 12 " "  
Turkey, via Trieste, 11 " "  
Greece, via Trieste, 11 " "  
British East India and China, via 11 " "  
Siam, via Trieste, 11 " "  
Siam, via Trieste, 11 " "

**AN AMUSING SCENE.**—An English paper describes an amusing scene, which occurred on the 24th ult., at the Theatre Royal, Portsmouth:  
After the drama of "Faust" a piece was produced entitled "The Slave's Revenge," the two leading characters being a slave and a planter. In the course of the play the slave is turned over to the planter, who is pretty liberal in the use of the lash. A number of women belonging to her Majesty's ship Hector were seated in the pit, and it was observed that they did not appear to relish this state of things, watching the movements of the two with anxious looks and expressions of disapprobation. At length the slave is supposed to be laid insensible, and the brutal planter is about to spurn him with his foot when one of the women could stand it no longer, but leaped upon the stage, putting herself in a fighting attitude, and his appearance so startled the planter that he made his exit from the stage as quickly as possible, leaving the tar in undisturbed possession. The sailor looked upon the matter as a reality, for he loudly exclaimed, "Kick a man when he is down; not if I know it!" and taking up the astonished slave in his arms as carelessly as if he was a baby, he quitted the stage in the wings. This strange incident excited no little commotion in the well filled house. The curtain was lowered, and it was not until Jack had been appeased by the assertion of the slave that he had not been ill treated, that he retired from the stage and allowed the play to proceed.

**VERY GOOD.**—The Placer Cal., Herald is responsible for the following:  
A friend of ours who was on to Washington last winter tells us the following "good un" as "got off" by Senator Nesmith, of Oregon: "You see I took no part in my election as Senator. I was up home attending to bell, and I was elected. That night I went to bed, and in the morning when I got up I thought it was a dream. I had always had a very exalted opinion of the United States Senate, but sure enough, in the course of a few days here came my papers as Senator elect. I wondered how the people of Oregon could elect me as their representative. Well I went to Washington and took my seat, and after I had been there about a month, I was more surprised than ever to see how many d—d fools were in the same body.

**A HOLD ON THE TILTERS.**—The Smithsonian Times tells another story illustrative of the old saw that the "course of true love never did run smooth." A young couple in Smithsonian had laid a plan to outwit the vigilance of cruel parents and elope. The Times tells thus: The youth stood beneath the window; the lady attempted to climb out—when oh! horror, some one detained her from the rear! "Why dost not come, gentle Amelia?" She answered, in an agitated voice: "I can't, Bill—man's got bolt on my tilters!"

## New Orleans, December 30, 1866.

Mayor Monroe, after giving evidence before the committee regarding the riot, stated at the outbreak of the war there was, in his opinion, but one Union man in New Orleans.—This was Dr. Dostie, who left the city under Jeff. Davis' proclamation. He also stated that the first secession speech he had heard was made by Governor Hahn and King Cutler, and that the most prominent States right man, and a leading spirit of the Southern Rights Association, was W. R. Fisher.—These men are now the extreme Union men of the Brownlow clique.  
Jacob Barker testified that in the event of a war with a foreign power the people of the South would stand by the government, and the people were loyal and anxious for peace. In regard to the riot, he said that the people had nothing to do with it; that they felt very indignant at the proposition of reviving an extinct convention for the purpose of superseding the government in which they had acquiesced and under which they were living peacefully; that the people, however, had all agreed to submit the affair to the decision of the courts, and believed that the proper steps had been taken with that view when the mob came upon them like a storm.

**DIARY OF WILKES BOOTH.**—The diary of Wilkes Booth, taken from his body after his capture, is now in possession of the proper Investigating Committee, having been handed over to it by the authorities. For some reason its contents were not used on the trial. It shows that he was an agent of the Confederate Government, and received money from it, and that at one time at least the plan was to kidnap Lincoln. It is believed to implicate only Booth and Harrod in the assassination. An entry made on Friday, the 21st of April, one week after the murder, shows that it must have been written in a perfect agony of mind. It discloses his position, with a broken leg, in the midst of a swamp, alone, an outcast, an assassin, weighed down by his guilt and a feeling that God would not forgive him. It is altogether such a cry of human agony as seldom finds expression in words.

**POOL.**—Our old friend, a few nights since came home very late from a seige at pool. His wife was asleep. When she awoke in the morning, she found upon the floor a marble, which had been dropped out of her husband's pocket when he came to bed, upon which was the figure "17."  
"What is this?" she said to her lord.  
He opened his eyes, looked, blushed, was confused and stammered, "Why, why, that's a marble ain't it?"  
"Yes," said she, but what are you doing with a marble in your pocket?"  
"By my pocket? Well—all the fact is, I've had that marble in my pocket for the last forty years—ever since I used to play for keeps with Bill."  
"Indeed?" incredulously asked his wife but what are these figures on her for? What does 17 mean?"  
"17 mean," said he, hesitatingly, "Oh, 17, why, that was the number of marbles Bill owed me when we quit playing; he marked it on there so I wouldn't forget it."

**CONDITION OF THE TRADE IN NEW YORK.**  
An official statement of the condition of the various trades is published, by which the following facts are made to appear:  
House carpenters receive \$3 50 per day and are doing well, a larger number of buildings going up than has been known for five years.  
Bricklayers have plenty to do at \$4 50 per day.  
House painters are also busy at \$3 50 per day.  
Merch cutters have all they can do at \$6 to \$8 per day.  
The roofers and tinmen are also busy.  
Pay not stated.  
Plumbers rather dull, though all are employed, except ship plumbers, at \$2 50 per day.  
There is but little complaint among all trades that manufacture articles for personal wear.  
In ship building there is nothing doing, and there are not less than fifteen thousand ship builders out of employment. There are also about two thousand longshoremen and stevedores idle.  
The ship building business was undoubtedly damaged, to some extent, by the strike of the workmen last summer, when they stood out so long and suffered so much in the effort to make eight hours constitute a day's work. The business, both here and in Boston, was nearly entirely broken up, and taken to other points and distributed, so that the workmen congregated in these two cities have now lost the work which they might have secured.

**GENERAL STEELE.**—At a banquet given recently, in San Francisco in honor of the reelection of Senator Nye, sentiments and toasts given were "The Arkansas Traveler," to which General Steele was called upon to respond. He said he could not make a speech; he had been in Arkansas, and had heard of the Arkansas traveler, and did some tall traveling himself in that State in pursuit of Sterling Price. He narrated a number of incidents of the war in the south. He had been twenty years in the United States army and had not often been called upon to make speeches; his business had been fighting. [Applause.] He never voted in his life, and was no politician. He had been a brother in Congress who is a Democrat, whom Lincoln said was the best Democrat he ever saw.

**THE SECRET OF SUCCESS IN BUSINESS.**—When you find a man doing more business than you are, look at the advertisements he has in the newspapers. The business man who puts his sign in a newspaper does a wiser thing than when he fastens it over his store—and who would think of neglecting that? He who advertises, informs the public that he desires to trade, and his card in the newspapers is an invitation to his customers to come and do so. Where one person reads a sign in the street, five hundred read it in the newspaper. No matter how well a business man is known, he can always pick up new customers if he will take the pains to advertise.

## MISCELLANY.

Since the agitation has begun for the selection of members for the North German Parliament, to assemble, as it is now promised, some day in February next, at Berlin, the different communities are looking about for representatives. As the restriction of residence in the district of the representative does not prevail, some constitutionalists are looking out into almost every corner of the globe for their member of Parliament. Thus in the city of Marburg, formerly of Electoral Hesse, now Prussian, two distinct parties are now forming, one of which has put the name of the Prussian Minister, Count Bismarck, prominently before the public as a candidate for representative. The opponents of this movement, and those favoring a more liberal policy than Count Bismarck has up to this time given any signs of, propose to unite upon Colonel Frederick Hecker, now and for nearly seventeen years a resident of Illinois. Considering that Mr. Hecker is a native of the Grand Duchy of Baden, not included in the Northern Confederacy; that for nearly twelve years he has been a naturalized citizen of the United States; that he has proven his full appreciation of the duties of such citizenship, by early raising a regiment for the Union cause, it must be taken for granted that his ability, political professions and past career have found general recognition among the Liberal party of Germany.

A disgraceful scene occurred in the Common Council of New York, Jan. 10th. The Democratic Councilman Herndon called the President; Britman, a piffner and a scoundrel. Councilman Long threw an inkstand at the President, which struck the side of his face and bespattered him with ink. The President then drew a pistol, but was prevented from using it by some bystanders. A general row was made on him by a number of Councilmen, but officers Wilkinson and Halleck, of the 25th Precinct, rescued him from the infuriated mob, and took him under arrest on the charge of Councilman Long, who alleges that he attempted to take his life. The affair was carried to the Mayor, who held the party to bail.

The revolving ship theory is to be reduced to practice. It will be remembered that the invention consists of a ship so constructed as to roll over the surface of the water, instead of being forced through it.

As a recent railroad dinner, in compliment to the fraternity, the toast was given, "An honest lawyer, the noblest work of God." But an old farmer in the back part of the house rather spoiled the effect by adding in a loud voice: "And about the same!"

Broadway, New York, from the Battery to Fourteenth street, is to be paved with granite blocks, at a cost of \$5 per square yard, the entire outlay to be about \$372,000.

Mr. Chilcott, Republican, has bought a section for damages against Governor Cummings of Colorado, in the sum of \$50,000 for refusing him the certificate of election as Delegate to Congress.

It is said that Commodore Vanderbilt intends to retire from active business as he obtains a competence. His estate is now estimated at only fifty millions.

REUMATISM.—Lime-juice is said to be a sure cure for Rheumatism. Several patients in San Francisco, who have suffered for a long time, have been permanently cured by using it. It should be taken three times, daily, a wine-glass full each time.

It is rumored that the printing press of the Vatican is very busy getting out a sort of blue book containing, among other documents, letters from the Emperor of the French, most solemnly promising to maintain the temporal power.

A tailor at Crydon, England, was arrested by lending a needle with his teeth, which he suddenly snapped, and the greater portion of it passed some distance into his throat. Some inflammation followed and the injury terminated fatally.

It is alleged that the recent attempt to cultivate tea in Georgia have been highly successful. The soil and climate of portions of all the States south of Virginia are adapted to its growth; and, according to the estimates made some years ago, it may be the seed of a little simple machinery for rolling the leaves be produced at a cost from five to eight cents per pound.

It has been ascertained by an instrument called the siren, that mosquito's wings vibrate at the rate of 15,000 times a second, the pitch of the note produced being more than two octaves above the highest note of a seven octave piano. The wing of a mosquito is so thin that 50,000 placed one on top of the other would not form a heap more than 1/8 of an inch in height.

A man named Loderback, of Cincinnati, having announced that his wife had left his bed and board, etc., and warned all persons against trusting her on his account, that spirited female replies through newspapers that she had kept him in bed and board ever since they were married, and that he couldn't get himself trusted; let alone anybody else on his account, and that he didn't even buy his own shirts, but wore her old undergarments, slightly modified. So he wasn't such a shifless fellow after all.

One hundred and eleven persons have been converted in the Tabernacle Church in Philadelphia, in two weeks. Over fifty joined the church during that time.

It is related of two old Scotch ministers that the one asked the other if he were not sorely tempted at times to get fishing on the Sunday afternoons. "Oh, no," replied his fellow laborer, "I'm never tempted lang, I just gang."

The statue of Henry Clay, which was executed by Hart for the city of Louisville, has been placed on shipboard at an Italian port, and is now en route to the United States. It will be inaugurated with imposing ceremonies when it arrives at its place of destination.

**FEMALE VOTE.**—"Shall ladies have votes?" asked a stump speaker. "Certainly," replied a strong-minded woman in the audience. "Is woman made only to sew on buttons? And, if she is, it is against the law of nature to turn away the needle from the poll."

Whenever you meet a man or woman who is ashamed to be caught at any respectable employment, it is a sign there is a very tender spot somewhere about the brain.



Local Matters

HARD CASES.—Some of the men belonging to the detachment of recruits, that came up recently, are reported as being very hard cases. Their strong forte is peddling on a small scale. After dark they may be seen in the streets offering for sale to passers-by, boots, blankets, coats, drawers, watches, cans of powder, tobacco and other articles too numerous to mention. Their sales are however not accompanied by good and sufficient warranty of title. Night before last our attention was attracted in the street by an indignant John Chinaman, who uttered fierce and vehement oaths in broken English and made violent gesticulations, which were evidently intended for the rapidly retreating shadows of several "brave and gallant defenders of the Republic." It seems that John the same evening had purchased from a recruit a pair of blankets, for which he paid \$1.50. The recruit retired and informed some of his comrades, who had been waiting outside of the sale. They immediately entered John's house and seized upon the blankets as their own property, which it undoubtedly was. So John had to disgorge and the recruits went their way rejoicing, leaving John minus one pair of blankets and \$1.50. Of course they had all concocted this plan of raising the wind.

ROBBERY.—One Thomas Wilson was arrested the day before yesterday for an attempt to rob a discharged soldier named George, on the night of the 20th inst. in the streets of this town. The testimony against him showed, that he sought to intoxicate his victim, but failing in that, he followed him out of a saloon into the street and demanded "his money or his life." George happened to have no money on his person, except one dollar in silver, which he gave to Wilson. At this juncture Mr. Goldbeck happened to come along and his assistants having been invoked Wilson after making some threats desisted in making any further attempts. Wilson was examined and is now safely lodged in jail to await further proceedings against him in the District Court upon a charge of highway robbery. Wilson is a desperate character, and a fugitive from justice in Idaho, where he killed a Chinaman last September.

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.—The last steamer from California brought to this port a detachment of 123 recruits recently from the Atlantic States, who are to be assigned to the different companies of the 8th U. S. Cavalry serving in this Department. They came up under the command of Capt. Lester of the same regiment. The band of the 14th Inf., also came up and will remain here. The regimental bands in the Infantry have been disbanded by order of the Secretary of War under an act of Congress, but this band will be organized as a brigade band under the leadership of Mr. Hake, the well known leader of the 9th Infantry band.

TAKE NOTICE.—All who have children under their care too much advanced to profitably attend the district school, or who for other reasons would like to patronize a select school, are respectfully invited to meet at the Public School House for consideration this (Saturday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. The object of this movement is not to interfere with the public school, but to organize a school under the management of a first class teacher which may be developed into an Academy or College as our future interests and necessities may determine and thus supply a want that is not supply by the public school.

COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of this body was held last Monday. The following bills were ordered paid, to wit:— Jones Turnbull & Co. \$3 25. H. Cochran, \$17 44. P. O. Keane, \$15. O. W. Brady, \$7. W. B. Dolly, \$9 75. Samuel Marsh, \$5. W. Goldbeck, \$9. W. R. Anderson, \$5. N. Bateman, \$1. B. Preston, \$4 21. All of the above named bills were presented on account of work done and material furnished for suitably preparing the Fire Engine house. The bills for services of the Fire Warden and for board furnished to city prisoners were allowed and ordered paid.

JURORS.—The following named persons have been chosen as Jurors from Clarke county for the ensuing term of the District Court. Grand Jurors: J. S. Boush, Joseph Eaton, Joseph Kelly, James Reed, D. R. Fales, Joseph Gibbons, Joel Knight and S. Hawkins. Petit Jurors: John Fletcher, J. Q. Austin, Lewis Powell, C. Woolsey, O. W. Boush, Elliot Murphy, Sylvanus Mazon, Henry Shoemaker, John Pip, John H. Timmons, Joseph Wheeler, John Liney, M. Bowman, Patrick Neery, Mathias Spurgoon.

DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.—We are informed that Sister Philomena, Mother General of the Sisters of Charity, is now at the "House of Providence" in this town. She came recently from Montreal, and is making a visit of inspection to all the missions on this coast where the Sisters are stationed. She is the head of the order of the continent of North America.

BASE BALL CLUB.—Occidental Base Ball Club was organized at Vancouver this week. The following officers were chosen: E. Freeman, President; Dan. Leahy, Vice President; W. Armstrong Secretary; W. E. Turnbull Treasurer. E. Freeman, H. C. Morse and H. G. Struve, Directors. The Club numbers 18 members.

NECESSARY.—We are pleased to learn, that S. W. Brown, Esq., is making preparations to establish an extensive nursery on his tract of land adjacent to this town. He has engaged temporarily the services of Mr. Kern, an experienced horticulturist, who is grafting trees for him. This community has long felt the want of a good nursery and we are glad that this want is about to be supplied.

A Card of Thanks.—The Sisters of Charity return their most grateful thanks to the Ladies of the Garrison and Town who so kindly exerted themselves in the organization of the Bazaar, the proceeds of which were \$1050 in favor of the Orphans under their immediate care. The Sisters attribute to the charitable zeal of these Ladies the complete success of the Fair which was rendered the more agreeable by the music of the Military Band through politeness of Adjutant Hall. The generous contribution of Mr. Brant in giving the use of the Hall free of charge for the three days, merits the Sisters special acknowledgment. HOUSE OF PROVIDENCE, VANCOUVER, Feb. 19th.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—We learn that the O. S. N. Co. has determined to have the steamers resume their daily trips on the Columbia river from and after the 1st of March next. It is rumored, also, that the time of departure will be changed. They are to leave Portland at 4 o'clock p. m. and passengers are to travel without intermission, so the whole distance from Portland to Umatilla can be made within 34 hours. A reduction in the price of freight is also probable.

IMPROVEMENTS.—We notice that Captain Kelly is getting two buildings, which occupied rear positions on his premises, moved to the front of Main street. They are being thoroughly renovated and will be well suited for small stores or offices, when completed and will also greatly improve the appearance of that locality.

TOWN OF INSURRECTION.—General Steele left on the Revenue cutter Lincoln the other day to make a tour of inspection of the different military posts and stations on Puget Sound. He was accompanied by Paymaster Glenn, who took funds to pay off the troops stationed there.

VANCOUVER No. 1.—The regular monthly meeting of Vancouver Fire Engine Co. No. 1 will be held this (Saturday) evening at the Young America Hall. A full attendance is requested, as business of importance will be brought before the meeting.

EVERY DAY.—Capt. Turnbull has concluded that the business between Vancouver and Portland has revived sufficiently to warrant daily trips again. Therefore the Fannie Troop will hereafter run every day, starting at the usual hour.

The Committee of Arrangements has provided a conveyance to convey the ladies to the Fireman's Ball this evening. All desirous of availing themselves of this opportunity will please leave their orders at Crawford, Slocum & Co's. store during the day.

EARLY IN THE FIELD.—We notice in the Olympia Standard that the Democratic County Convention to elect delegates to the Territorial Convention has been called to assemble some time next month.

Some unknown person in Olympia lately sent as a copy of the Election and the Road law recently passed, for which we tender our acknowledgments with the assurance that similar favors will be duly appreciated.

APPOINTED.—A Dr. O'Brien of Port Townsend has been appointed as physician to the Indians by the Superintendent of Indian affairs of this Territory.

Mr. Peter S. Williams, for a long time Clerk in the Adjutant Gen's office at this Post has been appointed Hospital Steward.

Major Foster, C. S., returned from San Francisco on the Montana.

We are requested by a particular friend to write an article on the evils of intemperance. We advise him to join the Good Templars.

A FISH STORY.—Commander E. Simpson of the U. S. steamer Michigan, reports from Cura, Brazil, Nov. 7, the arrival of the vessel at that place. He states that on the afternoon of the 30th ult., when off the Seno Grande, one hundred miles east of Maranhau, the back of a large fish was seen about a cable's length from the ship, and inclined diagonally towards her. A few moments afterwards the engine suddenly stopped. The steam was shut off, and a hurried examination made, but no cause could be found for the remarkable result. Steam was again turned on, but the engine could not be forced ahead. At this point several pools of blood were seen to rise to the surface of the water, under the stern. After a few moments it was discovered that a large black fish or whale had been caught between the propeller and frame. The shock on the engine was very great, and rendered it necessary to stop several times during the following twenty-four hours to screw up all parts of the engine, it exhibiting the jar it had received. No further injury seemed to have been done.

The Cherokees have appropriated 250,000 acres of land and \$500,000 to help construct the railroad from Fort Bally to Fort Gibson and Smith.

The joint resolution submitted to the House January 3d, provides for four Territorial governments for the late State of Texas, to be called Braxton, Braus, Sabine and Lincoln, to be organized on principles of other Territories—the public land of the State to be declared property of the United States.

FRUIT TREES!! I HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO ESTABLISH A Nursery at this place, and to supply the market with FRUIT TREES. I shall have in a few days a good stock and variety of APPLE TREES on hand, also the genuine LAWSON BLACKBERRY, and will furnish CHESTNUT, PLUM, PEACH, &c. in order to cheaply as they can possibly be obtained at this place. S. W. BROWN, Vancouver, Feb. 21, 1867.

Lumber!! SOME 40 000 feet of rough LUMBER, of a good quality, suitable for sale at Vancouver by Feb. 9, 1867. H. O. STRUVE.

The Vancouver Athlete and Benevolent Society hold their regular monthly meetings on the 1st Thursday evening of each month at 7 o'clock.

Washington Lodge No. 2, I. O. of O. F. Holds its regular meetings at their new Hall in Durgan's Brick building, on Monday evenings at 7 o'clock. Brothers in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

REMOVAL.—THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING REMOVED their entire stock of FURNITURE!! TO THEIR OWN NEW AND COMMODIOUS SALES-ROOMS, 67 First Street, Near Salmon Street, WHERE, WITH AMPLER ROOM, THEY NOW invite the attention of the public to a Larger and Better Assortment! Than ever presented before, and although situated a little away from the center of trade, still, with convenient passage and GOODS FROM EASTERN MANUFACTURERS DIRECT, they feel confident that it will repay purchasers to give them a call. MURKIN & SHINDLER, Portland, Nov. 12th, 1866.

DAVID WALL, Druggist, is determined to sell at the lowest price any drug store at Portland. He receives his importations direct from San Francisco. PAINTS AND OILS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES and all kinds of Painting materials just received by Steamer from San Francisco by DAVID WALL, Vancouver Drug Store.

DOMESTIC BIRDS of all varieties for sale by the dozen, cheap, to which full attention is invited. DAVID WALL, Vancouver Drug Store.

NEW DRUG STORE. VANCOUVER, W. T. LAWRENCE KIDD, Proprietor. This proprietor would respectfully announce to the citizens of Vancouver and vicinity, that he has just opened a NEW DRUG STORE on Main Street opposite Chas. Brant's Store, where he offers to those who will honor him with their patronage a well assorted stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, EXTRACTS, ESSENTIAL OILS, &c. &c. and a complete assortment of all popular PATENT MEDICINES. ALL KINDS OF BITTERS. The purest Wines and Liquors for Medicinal purposes, in all articles generally kept in well ordered DRUG STORES. Special attention paid to prescriptions of Physicians which are prepared of the purest drugs and carefully put up. Vancouver, Dec. 8, 1866.

IMPORTANT NEWS.—BY THE ORIFLAMME!! MAXIMILIAN has left MEXICO, but has his baggage all packed ready to start by the first MULE TRAIN. —ALSO— SUMNER BARKER. Come up as a passenger, bringing with him a fine and well selected STOCK OF MERCHANDISE. Bought in San Francisco for Cash, and shipped to the Columbia River for one dollar per ton and is now prepared and will sell said goods, at his Store in Vancouver, on Main Street, opposite the Union Hotel, cheap—than any House in Town, let him be.

"JEW OR GENTLE." Give us a call. S. BARKER. Vancouver, Jan. 5, 1867. 16-1/2.

JONES TURNBULL & CO. Have just received from San Francisco, A full and complete assortment of STATIONERY. Consisting of LEGAL CAPS, POOLS CAPS, LETTERS and NOTE PAPER. Also all kinds of BLANKS and LEGAL FORMS, such as DEEDS, MORTGAGES, BILLS OF ATTORNEY, ACKNOWLEDGMENTS, BILLS OF SALE, PROBATE BLANKS, &c., &c. Also Form Books for practical use. The above articles have been selected with special reference to the local demands, and said Legal Blanks can be safely used under the laws of this Territory. Vancouver, Jan. 4, 1867. 16-1/2.

J. D. HEALY, Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. —DEALER IN— STOVES, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON, Wire, Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c., &c. and Manufacturer of TIN, COPPER, Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c. Jobbing Work Done to Order. He has on hand a large and well assortment of Tin Ware, and other articles in his line, suitable for the market, which he will sell at low rates, for cash. J. D. HEALY, Jan. 12, 1867. 17-1/2.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS, Take Notice, JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CHELSEA best SCOTCH TURBS for Water Engines. Also, the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from 1/2 to 4 inch (inside diameter); BRASS COCKS, TR. VALVES, RETURN BENDS, NIPPERS, RUBBER HOSE, &c. &c. Constantly on hand, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GAUGES, WATER GAUGES, GOVERNORS and STOP VALVES, SHUTTLE ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGES COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of BRASS WORK, FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS. All persons wishing anything in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco. O. H. MYERS, Plumb, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment, No. 110, First Street, Portland. 16-1/2.

New Book, Stationery AND— GROCERY STORE!! JONES, TURNBULL & CO. BOOKS, STATIONERY & NOTIONS, One door south of Crawford, Slocum & Co., Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. THIS UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the citizens of Vancouver, and the public generally, that they have just opened A NEW STORE, and will constantly keep a general assortment of STATIONERY, SCHOOL BOOKS, Blank Books, Day Books, Journals, Ledgers, & MISCELLANEOUS WORKS. We will be in receipt, by each steamer, of California and Eastern Papers, Periodicals, New Novels, and Light Reading. SPECIAL ATTENTION Is called to our STOCK OF PICTURES. We shall keep an excellent variety of FRAMES AND MOLDINGS AND— Window Shades. We have also on hand and will constantly keep A Fine Assortment of Wood & Willow Ware MATTING, WINDOW GLASS, AND WALL PAPER. —ALSO— A general assortment of Groceries, comprising Sugars, Syrups, Tea, Coffee, Flour and Cornmeal, FISH, SALT, BUTTER, BUTS, SARDINES, Wines and Liquors. Wholesale & Retail. And every thing else adapted to the trade. JONES, TURNBULL & CO.

GLORIOUS NEWS JOSEPH WISE Has come back to town again, and is at his old stand, corner of MAIN & BATEMAN STREETS, Where he will be happy to see his old customers and a great many new ones. ROOM FOR ALL WHO WANT TO BUY CHEAP GOODS! MY WAY OF SELLING IS SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK SALES. I will take in exchange all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE, the same as I used to. My stock consists of Dry Goods, Clothing Hats and Caps, GENTS FURNISHING GOODS, All kinds of Salem Goods, BOOTS AND SHOES OF ALL SORTS, GROCERIES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE, And many other things too numerous to mention. COME, ALL, AND SEE WISE AGAIN! HE HAS SOME BARGAINING TIME TO STAY. TO THE LADIES: I would say, Mrs. Wise will wait on them with all kinds of FANCY ARTICLES, LADIES' DRESS GOODS and TRIMMINGS. Remember Wise at the old Corner Store. If

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS Having Demands on the Government—PENSIONS, PRAISE MONEY, BOUNTY PATENTS, Pay for Vouchers, Scrips, Back Pay, Post and Hospital Application Claims, obtained by the undersigned—who will attend to all other business before the Department at Washington city. C. M. CARTER, Claim Agent, Office—Corner of Alder and Front streets, PORTLAND, Oregon.

Williams Bros. St. Helens, Ogn. WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRY GOODS AND— Grocery Merchants. We are receiving goods on every steamer from San Francisco, and are able to sell all goods in our line. Than any Store on the Columbia River. We are paying the highest market price IN CASH For Butter and all kinds of country produce. WILLIAMS BROS. St. Helens. 17-1/2.

CITY BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY! If you want a pair of BOOTS made of good material and good Workmanship, and a good fit, give the undersigned a call at his OLD STAND on Main Street, at the sign of the RED BOOT, and he will guarantee that you get the worth of your money. He is repairing done with neatness and dispatch. S. J. MOORE, Vancouver, Dec. 8, 1866. 13-1/2.

G. W. COOL, DENTIST. OFFICE—Corner of Front and Alder Streets. Entrance on ALDER STREET, PORTLAND, OREGON. WORK DONE AT NEW YORK PRICES.

I. L. TOBEY, M. D. Physician, Surgeon, AND— Accoucher OFFER HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the People of Vancouver and vicinity. Office on Main Street. Vancouver, W. T., Jan. 19, 1867. 18-1/2.

CRAWFORD SLOCUM & CO., IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS OF DRY GOODS. Of all Kinds and Descriptions. Ladies' Dress Goods Ready-Made Clothing For the Million, BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Linseys, AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY, HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes, And all kinds of Groceries, SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT, Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel, Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c. Flour always on Hand. In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, all of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Grockery and Glassware, HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c. PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, OAKUM, Salt, Lime, CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS or Medical Uses, ALWAYS ON HAND. We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more. CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO., Cor. Main and Third Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T. Sept. 11, 1866—14-1/2.

YOUNG AMERICA SALOON! MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER. F. O'BRIEN, PROPRIETOR. THIS POPULAR PLACE HAS NOW BECOME A First-Class Saloon, and is the gathering place of the Wines, LIQUORS, and CIGARS. PAPERS OF THE LATEST DATES ALWAYS ON HAND. The Proprietor has, at considerable expense, fitted up the Saloon for the accommodation of the Public, and as it is the largest, most central, and best Lighted Saloon in this City, he feels himself that he can offer any other Saloon—the only one will be to see him and get every detail.

SOHNS AND SCHUELE. BROS leave respectfully to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have a stand at the corner of Main Street, (near the Metropolitan Hall) Splendid assortment of goods consisting of part of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, PICKLES, PRESERVED FRUITS, &c. &c. short, everything that

Man Struck By Lightning. A JOHNSON, or "any other name." They make no charge for shaving goods, but if you buy anything else, just try one lot worth of shampoos.

Dress Goods. The undersigned have added to their stock of groceries a Splendid Assortment of DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS. PRICES TRIMMED, &c. &c. To which they invite the attention of their old customers and the public generally. JONES TURNBULL & CO.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE. TWO dwelling houses situated upon Lots Nos. 1 and 2 in Block No. 9, in the City of Vancouver, will be sold on private sale, together with the lots upon which they stand. One of the dwellings is entirely new, large and commodious, being built of brick, well arranged and possessing all the necessary conveniences, and is situated in a desirable location. The other dwelling is a neat cottage building with three rooms and a kitchen and has a good cellar on the premises. The above property will be sold cheap, the owner, Mr. Monaghan, being desirous to remove from San Francisco. The title to the above property is good in any law. For terms and further particulars inquire of the lawyer of the City of Vancouver, H. C. STRUVE. Vancouver, W. T., Jan. 19, 1867. 15-1/2.

S. KAISER Is not Dead, as was supposed, But has just returned from San Francisco with a carefully and well selected and immense Stock of MERCHANDISE! Which he is now opening and which he will sell at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES. At his Old Stand on Main Street. Adjoining Alder & Stagnor's Meat Market. He has a well selected Stock of READY MADE CLOTHING! ALL KINDS OF COATS Varying in price from \$7 to \$40, and PANTS, VESTS, AND SHIRT To suit all classes of Customers. LADIES' DRESS GOODS! OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS. Embracing the latest and most stylish styles of German, English, French, Scotch, & AMERICAN MANUFACTURE. Sheetings, Shirtings, LADIES' SHAWLS, AND AMERICAN, FRENCH, AND GERMAN PRINTS. A well selected Stock of

BOOTS & SHOES! Kip and Calf Boots OF THE VERY BEST QUALITY And Balmorals and Gaiters For the Ladies. From the best Manufacturing Houses in Philadelphia and New York. He has also a FINE ASSORTMENT of HATS AND CAPS! For Men and Boys. And a well selected Stock of GROCERIES Adapted to the wants of this Market. All of which will be sold at the LOWEST LIVING PRICES; Vancouver, Oct. 14, 1866.—4 1/2

CITY BAKERY AND— Confectionery. JOHN MANEY. Kept constantly on hand a good assortment of BREAD, CAKES, PIES and CROCKERY of all kinds. Also a good assortment of GROCERIES AND FRUITS, of all kinds. Fancy Cakes made to order, Vancouver, Nov. 15, 1866.

J. F. SMITH Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Has just returned from San Francisco with a large and excellent stock of goods, which he offers for sale here in Portland, near. Consisting of Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, Matches, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Port Monies, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, Fishing Tackle, Toys, Fly and Locomotive Books, Silk and Other Linen, Fancy Goods, Also, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Confectionery and many other articles, too numerous to mention. ALL KINDS OF FRUIT KEPT ON HAND. A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FANCY BAKING. Special attention is called to my assortment of Toys and Tobacco. Vancouver, Oct. 15, 1866.—24-1/2.

PORTLAND PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING ESTABLISHMENT. No. 110 First Street. ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY ARRIVING FROM THE EAST— Cooking Ranges, Hot Water Boilers, Copper, Tin, and Plated Bath Tubs; Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-stands; Wash Basins; Cold and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS; METHE-PLATED BATH COCKS; MARBLE WASH-BASINS; FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS; HYDRAULIC RAMPS; NON-JACKING HYDRANTS; WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c. For terms and further particulars inquire of the lawyer of the City of Vancouver, H. C. STRUVE. Vancouver, W. T., Jan. 19, 1867. 15-1/2.

Farm and Household.

Remote Antiquity. From the Philadelphia Press. It was recently announced that Dr. Hayden had arrived at the western frontier with a large amount of fossils of extinct animals...

These fossils remain were discovered in the Back Lands, not recently, but some time back and by mere accident. A fur trader named Culbertson, residing at Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, was attracted by the curious appearance of them, and took some specimens to his home as matters of interest to his family...

The rocks in which these remains are found most evidently have once been the muddy shores of some immense fresh water lake, the extent or boundaries of which cannot now be defined, and as these animals perished their bones lay undisturbed in the mud until petrification prevented their final destruction.

Next we have specimens of the fossil remains of extinct species of camel, showing that after the upheaval of the earth had destroyed the lake, the bottom of the latter was converted into one vast arid plain, upon which only such animals could exist as are found in the desert regions of the Old World.

The next specimens are of extinct species of ruminating animals, from which it appears that the once arid plains had become covered with luxuriant grass. From the number of these ruminating animals must have multiplied into herds...

BUCKWHEAT CAKES—A lady of culture, refinement, and unusual powers of observation and comparison, became a widow. Reduced from affluence to poverty, with a large family of small children dependent on her manual labor for daily food, she made a variety of experiments to ascertain what articles could be purchased for the least money...

COOKING TROUT IN OIL—Strike your knife in the back of his neck, and slash his gills the first thing. (Always bleed your fish as soon as you land him. It makes his flesh hard.) When you are ready for your supper make a small incision at the throat and draw the entrails. Then fill him up with a wedge of fat pork or bacon.

In the food department of the South Kensington Museum stands the "poor man's filter." It is an ordinary flower pot, plugged (not tightly) at the bottom with sponge. A layer of coarsely powdered charcoal, but one inch thick, is placed in the bottom of the pot, then another layer of sand of the same thickness, then pebbles, coarse gravel and stones are placed on the whole.

It is said that the bullion now in the treasury of Russia, at Moscow, greatly exceeds the sum held by the Bank of England. The estimated value of gems and jewels is almost fabulous, before which the Crown Jewels and regalia of England sink into comparative insignificance.

NATIONAL COLLEGE OF BUSINESS AND COMMERCE.

Superior Advantages! THIS COLLEGE RANKS FIRST ON THE COAST, and offers advantages of acquiring a practical Business Education superior to any other school.

THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION is conducted on the plan of the best Commercial Colleges in Europe and the Atlantic States, combining THEORY AND PRACTICE.

THE BUSINESS COURSE! Embraces Book-keeping, by Single and Double Entry, Penmanship, Commercial Calculations, Correspondence, Commercial Law, Actual Business, etc.

TERMS: Tuition, including the whole Business Course, Penmanship, and Special Lectures, \$100 per annum, payable in advance.

MARBLE'S MILL. A MILLER MARBLE WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the public that he has been prepared at his NEW MILL, six miles north of Vancouver, on Salmon Creek, to grind all grain brought to his mill, in a superior manner at the lowest rates.

DIVORCE NOTICE. In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Vancouver, W. T. Mary E. Libby, Plaintiff, vs. John W. Libby, Defendant.

DIVORCE NOTICE. In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Vancouver, W. T. Maria D. Dyer, Plaintiff, vs. Francis M. Dyer, Defendant.

DIVORCE NOTICE. In the District Court of the 2d Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Vancouver, W. T. Elizabeth Ellen Perdue, Defendant, vs. Charles W. Perdue, Plaintiff.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS OF CLARKE COUNTY. WILL law makes it my duty to call on each person named on the tax list and collect the taxes, charge of collection to be paid in advance.

CAUTION. THIS is to notify the public generally that my wife, Elizabeth Bragg, did on the 14th inst. without cause or provocation abscond with my bed and board, and all persons are hereby warned against trusting her on my account.

Dissolution. THE FIRM OF MOORE & SOYER, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been authorized according to law, to settle all matters of business pertaining to the late firm of Aird & Stegert.

BILLIARD SALOON! THE UNDERSIGNED BEARS LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has lately renovated and refitted his large BILLIARD SALOON located on Bateson Street.

WINE, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. That he has three splendid BILLIARD TABLES of the most approved and Celebrated Manufacture.

It is said that the bullion now in the treasury of Russia, at Moscow, greatly exceeds the sum held by the Bank of England.

COOKING TROUT IN OIL—Strike your knife in the back of his neck, and slash his gills the first thing.

In the food department of the South Kensington Museum stands the "poor man's filter."

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

Florence, - Massachusetts, MANUFACTURERS OF THE CELEBRATED REVERSIBLE FEED SEWING MACHINES! Making Four Distinct Stitches.

While a large number of Machines have been offered to the Public, some of which possess points of excellence and good work, we have long felt that others have experienced the necessity of a Machine more perfect in its construction...

The FLORENCE makes four different stitches with as much ease as ordinary Machines make one, and with as little machinery.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL! KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

J. T. MARONY, Military & Citizen TAILOR. REPECTFULLY INFORMS HIS FRIENDS AND the Public, that he is prepared to execute satisfaction in all his branches of Tailoring.

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, Gents' Clothing Cleaned & Repaired.

LIVERY Sale and Exchange STABLES HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS

GEO. WEEDEN HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, & Repairing Business.

W. H. McGRATH, Boot & Shoe Maker. (Two doors south of W. Minter's Store.) MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.

FLORENCE Sewing Machines! COPY OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF AWARDS AT THE FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, NEW YORK, 1865.

A New Tailor Shop, VANCOUVER, W. T. (Next door to the "Abernethys.") PETER FOX INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is prepared to give satisfaction in all branches of Tailoring.

JOHNNY'S OFFICE. 199 FRONT STREET, Opposite to the St. Michaels' Hall.

WINE, LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS, CIGARS OF THE BEST BRANDS. J. W. DOHERTY, Proprietor.

Wool! Wool!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For which the highest market price will be paid by CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

PROVIDENCE SCHOOL For Young Ladies.

THIS INSTITUTION, which was commenced in the year 1866, is delightfully situated at Vancouver, on the north bank of the Columbia River.

MALE AND FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL! KEPT BY THE SISTERS OF CHARITY, VANCOUVER, W. T.

J. T. MARONY, Military & Citizen TAILOR.

AMERICAN AND FRENCH CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, Gents' Clothing Cleaned & Repaired.

LIVERY Sale and Exchange STABLES HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS

GEO. WEEDEN HAVING ESTABLISHED HIMSELF IN THE HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, & Repairing Business.

W. H. McGRATH, Boot & Shoe Maker. (Two doors south of W. Minter's Store.) MAIN STREET, VANCOUVER.

FLORENCE Sewing Machines! COPY OF THE REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF AWARDS AT THE FAIR OF THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE, NEW YORK, 1865.

A New Tailor Shop, VANCOUVER, W. T. (Next door to the "Abernethys.") PETER FOX INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is prepared to give satisfaction in all branches of Tailoring.

JOHNNY'S OFFICE. 199 FRONT STREET, Opposite to the St. Michaels' Hall.

WINE, LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS, CIGARS OF THE BEST BRANDS. J. W. DOHERTY, Proprietor.

Wool! Wool!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For which the highest market price will be paid by CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

DOCTORS CHAPMAN & WATKINS.

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS, AND ACCOUCHEURS. Office—Cor. Front & Washington Streets, Portland, Oregon.

Union Meat Market. G. W. & J. E. C. DURGAN & CO., Proprietors.

ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES IN THEIR SEASON. INTENDING TO FURNISH OUR MARKET with the best meats and vegetables that the country affords...

STEWART & GOURLEY. Are now offering to the Public the BEST and CHEAPEST assortment of CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, IVORY AND RUBBER SETTS.

REPAIRS OF FINE WATCHES, and all kinds of JOB WORK done on short notice by an experienced Watchmaker.

NEW DRUG STORE. L. GROSS, Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

REGULAR LINE. REGULARITY, CERTAINTY AND DISPATCH. Puget Sound and Columbia RIVER U. S. MAIL AND STAGE LINE.

Portland and Victoria, CHARLES GRAINGER AND L. A. DAVIS, PROPRIETORS.

United States Mail. THE NEW STEAMER Josie McNear, CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL.

WINE, LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS, CIGARS OF THE BEST BRANDS. J. W. DOHERTY, Proprietor.

Wool! Wool!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For which the highest market price will be paid by CRAWFORD, SLOCUM & CO.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

Cor. 6th & Main Sts. VANCOUVER, W. T. Joseph Brant, Proprietor. THIS WELL KNOWN HOUSE HAS JUST BEEN enlarged and thoroughly renovated in every respect.

METROPOLIS HALL. IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE HOUSE, is held in regular session, and fitted up in separate style for Public Assemblies, Theatrical Amusements, etc.

UNION HOTEL. (FORMERLY KEPT BY M. WHELAN) J. L. BASKIN, - PROPRIETOR. THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS FULLY OPENED to the reception of guests.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS FROM 6 O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING TO 12 AT NIGHT. Board by the Day or week. The tables supplied, at all times, with the best market affords.

ALTA HOUSE! VANCOUVER, W. T. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING JUST PURCHASED the above Hotel, and repaired and renovated it in every respect...

WHAT CHEERHOUSE. No. 126, 127 & 128, Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON. M. O'CONNOR, Proprietor.

GOOD GRUB AND PLENTY OF IT AT THE BENNETT HOUSE, SALEM, OREGON. L. JAY & TURNER.

Vancouver House. Feet of Main St., opposite the Steamboat Landing, Vancouver, W. T.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.

Blacksmithing. THIS UNDERSIGNED, TAKE THIS METHOD of informing the Public generally and the rest of the world, that he has lately moved to his new shop, situated on the corner of Fifth and Main Streets, Vancouver.