PUGET SOUND HERALD.

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PUGET SOUND HERALD.

CHARLES PROSCH,
Publisher and Proprietor.

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Agriculture.

Meadows that give but Scanty Crops.

Meadows that yield less than a ton of hay per acre should not be tolerated "at all, at all." Those which yield one and a half or two tons are barely passable; and no farmer of proper ambition or enterprise will be contented until he makes his meadows yield larger crops than the highest just named. Much larger crops are produced, as those who have read the account of Major Dickinson's farm have had an opportunity of knowing; and while he and others are obtaining from their meadows crops of grass which are equal to three and even more tons of hay per acre, how can farmers of any proper spirit of ambition and enterprise rest contented until they have done everything within the limits of their knowledge and power to bring up their grass lands to a somewhat similar condition as to fertility and productiveness? We are well aware and willing to acknowledge that without the means of irrigation and some other favorable circumstances, which cannot be commanded by every farmer, crops as large as Major Dickinson's cannot be secured; but if the *high aim* of coming as near as possible to his uncommon averages in the production of grass and hay were to be kept constantly before the eye, and if this high aim were "backed up" by diligence in searching for more and more knowledge through observing and experimenting, by good judgment, and by perseverance in efforts to reach this aim, we can see no reason why this uncommonly high rate of productiveness might not be approached gradually from year to year, as the knowledge of how to do it and the means of doing it come by degrees into the possession of those making the attempt.

The foregoing considerations are submitted mainly for the purpose of kindling a desire and a determination to do better than the bulk of farmers seem contented to do, and of awakening an ambition to get up as near as possible to the heights of excellence in agricultural skill and success, which have been reached by the foremost of the farming fraternity.

Taking it for granted that such a determination and such an ambition have aroused energies which had hitherto been dormant, we propose to make a few suggestions which may assist, not those who have already entered upon a career of improvement in the management of their meadow and pasture lands, but those who have just formed a determination so to do.

1. Our first suggestion to such, and to all who are dissatisfied with the scanty crops which they obtain from their grass, is this: Endeavor to discover the cause or causes of the infertility of which you complain, or which you would remove. There may be too much stagnant water, or the ground may be hard or baked from stock treading and poaching it when wet, or it may be hide-bound, or the grasses may have been injured by being gnawed down too close in autumn or spring, or they may be suffering from want of sufficient nutriment in the soil, much more having been taken from it in the crops than has been returned to it in manurial applications of any kind. You may not be able to determine exactly to which of these or other causes the scantiness of your crops may be owing; but you must get as near as possible to the true cause; for until the causes of an evil, whether it be disease of body or social suffering, or agricultural defect, are ascertained and removed, there can be no right and successful method of cure devised or adopted.

2. The next step, after ascertaining the most probable causes of the infertility which you would cure, is the application of the remedies most appropriate to the particular condition. Thus, if it should appear to be chiefly owing to feeding your meadow too close in autumn and spring,—which is a cause of scanty crops more frequently, perhaps, than is commonly supposed—then the treatment to be adopted is very plainly indicated. Let all your stock be kept off your meadow both early and late in the season, and especially let sheep and horses be kept off, for they gnaw closer to the roots than cows and cattle. Again, if the sod is hide-bound, harrowing or dragging will be the appropriate method of treatment. But if want of plant-food is the principal cause, then give a top-dressing of what seems most needed. If you are at a loss to determine what fertilizer would be best, try to get light upon this subject by applying ashes on one plot, bonedust on another, muck or barn-yard manure on a third, and so on. Thus you will find out what it will be best to do next year.

Renovating Old Orchards.

An old apple orchard, of about thirty years growth, has recently fallen under my management. During the first twenty years of its growth, much attention was bestowed upon it by scraping off the rough bark, washing, pruning thoroughly, and manuring the ground. During the past ten years, however, it has been considerably neglected; the scrapings, washings and manurings having been omitted, while the prunings have been only lightly performed, annually. The consequence is, that the soil will bring but little grass, and the trees, though nearly all of them have a thrifty appearance, bear irregularly, some of them still bringing choice fruit to a plentiful extent, while many bear plentifully cracked and knotty fruit, and the balance rarely bear.

I am anxious to do a large amount of grafting this spring in this orchard, and to bring it into excellent condition in the least possible time, but am rather uncertain as to the proper course to pursue to most quickly and effectually renovate it. Please advise me.

ANSWER—Trees which have been lightly and properly pruned, and the soil kept fertile or previously manured, so that they have a thrifty appearance, we should regard as in good condition. If the trees are not sufficiently vigorous, however, moderate manuring and cultivation, to keep the soil constantly clean and mellow, will tend to improve them more than any scraping, washing or pruning, although these are good in their place. We should not desire the soil to bring any grass, in an orchard to be renovated, but would keep it clear by harrowing or shallow plowing. The trees which do not bear under good treatment should be re-grafted to productive varieties, such as the Baldwin, Lowell, Seek-no-further, &c. The grafting should commence at the top of each tree, and be continued for two or three years, working downwards, till the whole is replaced. This course prevents the evil of lopping off too much at a time, at the same time that the grafts have nothing above to shade them.

In relation to pruning, nothing is more erroneous and hurtful than the common practice. Large trees are commonly trimmed up, leaving long naked branches over the whole tree, with thick tufts of branches and leaves at the extreme ends. The proper course is to thin out the exterior, allowing the sun to enter the body of the tree, and keeping the head within reasonable reach. We have just seen a fine orchard lately trimmed very heavily, the effect of which has been to throw up the bearing portions a considerable distance towards the clouds. The owner did not say that he intended to gather the fruit by means of balloons, but that was the inference. Before trimming, all the central portions of the trees were carefully cut out, except the larger limbs, and these were completely cleared of all smaller shoots. The parts that should have remained were cut away, and those which should have been thinned or removed alone remained.

We much prefer a light annual pruning to any other; removing, while small, any shoots likely to form too thick a head, or to interfere with the successful growth of good, evenly distributed branches. Such a course obviates the necessity of making large wounds or checking the tree by lopping heavy limbs.

Pure phosphorus is worth from four thousand to five thousand dollars a ton; and, as it comes from the earth, it shows how scarce it is.

Clay applied to sandy land is far better than sand to clay land. One hundred tons to the acre will give an inch in depth.

Carrots consume 197 pounds of lime to the acre; turnips but 70 pounds.

The Jew and the Poet.

FROM THE GERMAN.

As a Jew once, and a Poet,
Gazed with earnest admiration
On the heavenly lights, I listened,
And overheard their conversation:

"Oh! that yonder stars—those myriads—
Real shining dollars were;
And that all the Great Jehovah
Would, unclipped, on me confer!"

"Oh! that to my ardent longings
Wings for flight sublime were given;
I would soar aloft, and hear the
Spheral harmonies of Heaven!"

As the Jew and Poet uttered
Thus their hearts' sincere confession,
Each a glance cast on the other,
Full of scorn beyond expression.

Lost.

BY ALICE CARRY.

Like a poet in the splendor
Of his genius, all complete,
In your love, so true and tender,
I am hidden, lost, my sweet.

When you leave me—all is yearning,
All is darkness, doubt and woe,
And the time of your returning
Is the only time I know.

THE STORY OF DEATH.

Reader, have you ever been dead? No! Well, I have been. I will tell you the story of my death. Dr. Benaiah W. Somes, of Essex county, New Jersey, was my physician. I shall not curse him now. Time has taught me that it is better to bless than to curse. And I feel, bitter as my malison might be, that a more miserable condition were not possible to him than the consciousness of his murderous wantonness, hardened as I fear his nature is. But let that pass.

I died at the age of twenty-three. A stalwart man, who on my father's farm mowed my swath or hoed my row with the best, in an unfortunate hour I became the victim of the practice of medicine which then prevailed, but which now, happily, is nearly disused. I had some sort of fever. No doubt I was ill enough. From my right arm one day the physician took many ounces of blood—how many I knew not; certainly in liquid measure a gallon of the red fluid flowed. I did not mend that day; at least, I suppose I did not, for on the next day he cut my left arm, and took thence a little measure—the crimson measure of half a life. I was a dead man then. But a shudder or two always must come before the conscious soul lets go its hold upon the frame. With me the shudders were in the shape of cold sweats. There were three of them. By the clock—so some one at my head whispered—the chill and sweat lasted six hours. Six dim, dark centuries they were to me. The third—its commencement, its fierce chill, its dead cold, compared with which ice were a pleasing warmth—its dread slow march I remember, but nothing more. In the midst of it I lost all sense of life and pains. The great gates of the valley of death rolled on their ponderous hinges and shut me in.

I do not recollect the circumstances of funeral and interment. In fact, I do not deem that I was buried. The weight I felt above me was no mere ten feet of earth, in a quiet nook, with daisies springing from it. The mountains were resting on me. I realized their weight. Straight up to the light—if light existed—as under the centre of the central mountain I lay, it was many miles through solid rock. I was not imbedded in the rock, like a cold toad, caught in during the formative era of the geologists. It lay upon me. I felt all its weight. Sense had gone, but consciousness was with me. Forty millions of millions of tons weight was upon me. O, how I suffocated and smothered! But, dead as I was, conciousness cruelly clung to me. I had died—why could I not cease to be? Time had passed away; there was no day, no night. But if mortal measure could indicate the period I lay alone, and dark, and suffocated, beneath that weight, centuries might have flown above my head.

There came a relief. A sense of hearing came to me, I heard their voices, distant as yet, like the wind in the leaves of ten thousand forests—like the surge of a thousand unseen oceans. I felt its beat. But it was far away. A new sense of suffocation came upon me. This suffocating force now surrounded me, came within me and pressed me out. The suffocation within was like some vast expanding force, but it did not lift the weight of the mountain that was upon me. That still held its awful pressure. But I heard the Titans breathing as they fed the fires. This state lasted—who shall say how long?

Then came—was it true?—could I believe it?—a dim sense of sight. I saw, dimly, and afar, the forms of those giants who fed the central fires of the planet. They moved silently and grim, watching their work; and when a rill of molten rock glided apart from the mass, they staid it with their feet, and scooped it back to its place with vast hands. Then the mountain began to lift and swell. It seemed slowly to rise—the hundredth part of an inch. Then, part of the way back it sank. It might have been a year in rising that little space. But at times I could feel that it was rising. Into the chinks that it made as it rose, pressed, hot and fierce, vapors of sulphur from the fires. These enveloped me more closely than even the mountain's weight. I prayed that the mountains would again shut down and press them out. Its blank, dead suffocation, with all its eternal weight, was better.

But the vapors thinned, as the mountain slightly, almost imperceptibly, lifted. Great God! I felt the touch of a human finger—a live finger. It lay beneath my arm, in the arm-pit. I felt it plainly—the artery throbbed against it. Was there life? was it life? No, no. The touch died away. I had no arteries—no human sensation. It was a dream of the sleep of death. I awoke from it—awoke to eternal death, the mountain's weight, the hot, fiery vapors. Unyielding, they pressed me still within and without.

Again—was it again a dread dream? I had a sense of light, veiled and clouded light, as through a sleeper's unopened lids. The light, dim it was, was steady and continued. I watched it long—long! Ages was the only measure, if measure beyond the grave there could be. But so dim it was that hope grew sick, and died, and rotted within me; and I fell back into the old, desolate suffocation—the eternal, unvarying pressure of the mountain's weight. More ages went by. Then all at once was light, and a voice, and a human hand. Light, sound, touch, flashed at once upon me. How they mingled and throbbed with the dead suffocation! It was too much. Now, on the eve of relief, I had my former prayer answered. Sensation passed away. I was not. Annihilation had come.

From annihilation—or from an utter blank of consciousness—I awoke with pain and fatigue. Though it was no dream, this awakening—though I knew it to be real, yet for hours I held but a state of semi-consciousness. But I knew that death was over—I knew I lived. I recognized the various members of my family in my room. I heard my father's voice, subdued but joyful, proclaiming his unwavering faith, during all, that I was alive.

Then the doctor came. He entered the room where I lay. "The boy is alive, doctor!" exclaimed my father.

"Nonsense!" was the heartless knave's reply—this devil of a doctor. At times I feel I must hate him, this doctor who had college warrant on parchment to murder and bury beneath mountains. "He does live, doctor!" persisted my father. "Feel beneath his arm!"

The doctor put his hand—his faithless, cold, skilles hand, beneath my arm! The little life there was in me recoiled from the contact, fled back to its sources, and gave no response to his murderous touch. "There is no beat there," said he contemptuously, turning to my father. "It was all your fancy."

My father put his hand beneath my arm again. Trembling, faith-shaken, wavering, his touch told all that, as he pressed the artery long and no throb responded. The little rill of life was too faint and weak to flow. Long he held his finger there, and through it I could feel his hope die away. He withdrew it at last, and he gazed on the face of his dead son! He looked long. He was a kind, good father. I know where the green grass grows above his grave. He gazed long, and turned away as one who bade farewell.

An hour passed. He came back resolute, hope dauntless in his eye, as if some inspired frenzy made him hope against hope, and bear this faith into the presence of dispair. He touched again the artery beneath my arm. He felt the throb. It was fuller and faster, as hope seized and animated me and him together. The pulse was clear—small, weak as it might be, it was still marked and clear. He felt it and knew it was no fancy. He brought wine and put a teaspoon filled with it to my lips. The palate and nostrils felt the sensation. They slightly moved. The shadow of a color came into my face. He knew I lived.

My recovery was slow. For three days my sustenance was half a teaspoonful of wine passed to my lips every two hours. After that they gave me a whole teaspoonful at the same intervals. I gained strength slowly. At length I was able to get up. But I was forever crippled. From the hour when life came back to me to this hour, I have not been able to lift my right arm from my side. Below the elbow the limb is powerless. My left arm I cannot raise above my head. I was bled in both arms.

Do not deem, reader, that the foregoing is any tale of the imagination. It is a story of the baldest fact. I live in New Jersey, between Plainfield and Westfield, in Union (formerly Essex) county. My name—I am free to impart it—is John R. Miller. Thirty-four years have passed, but the memory of death is distinct and vivid still. For often now, a thoughtless movement of either crippled limb brings their terrors bodily back, and once again—thank God it is but for a moment—I lie suffocated and pressed beneath the mountain's remorseless heart.

A London Quarterly says that it is scarcely credible how few Englishmen can *enjoy* anything. The reviewer goes on to say:

"A recent writer, to whose wisdom and honesty every one should pay a grateful tribute, tells a story of Lord Melbourne and a young guardsman going with some ladies to a theater. The next day the guardsman complained to the ladies that the evening had been dull and stupid, and that there had been nothing to see. Lord Melbourne was told of this, and exclaimed:

"*Nothing to see!* Were there not the lobsters in the fish-shops to look at as we went along?"

Lord Melbourne was one of the few men who *could* enjoy.

Make other men's shipwreck thy sea marks.

A Cawnpore in England.

On the 6th ult., a private in the Sixth Northumberland (Eng.) Fusiliers underwent the sentence of a court martial dooming him to receive 450 gashes, cut, at the rate of nine at a time, into his back. An eye-witness furnishes the *Northern Express* with the following description of this piece of ruffianism:

"The poor victim to military tyranny, a man who has seen better circumstances, and is, we hear, connected with a distinguished family in the north of Ireland, when ordered to strip, sternly and steadily refused. On this, sixteen of the strongest and most muscular men stood forward and hurled him, face downward, on the stone pavement of the racket-court. He manfully resisted this indignity, and, with a voice trembling with emotion, requestd them to take his life, but spare him this dishonor. A few moments, however, and he was stripped and tied to the triangles. And now began a scene which requires an abler pen than mine to describe. Forth stepped one of the largest drummers, armed with a 'cat,' the length of the handle of which being eight inches, the nine-tails the same length, not, as your correspondent states, armed with lead, but with pentagonal pieces of case-hardened steel, eighty-one in number.

"At the first blow of the 'cat' a piercing and unearthly shriek rung from the strong man in his agony! His lacerated flesh gaped under the blow, and lumps of flesh, at each fresh blow, were detached from his bleeding back, and hung high about the walls of the racket-court, and on the clother of those standing by. The stern colonel, compelled to be an unwilling witness, turned, and leaning on the arm of the equally affected major, covered his face with his handkerchief, while deep sighs agitated his manly bosom, and plainly showed the struggle that was going on within. The surgeon, a most humane man, was obliged to be supported by his hospital sergeant, who, from time to time, administered to him restoratives as well as to the suffering soldier. Man after man fell from the ranks, carried away fainting; tears bedewed the faces of nearly all the officers, and at length the poor sufferer was released from his torture, to linger in hospital, where he now lies, the whole of his spine being laid bare, and gangrene has ensued, leaving the tortured and lacerated wretch in such a state that every Christian can only hope that death, as it must do, will soon release him from his sufferings."

The Express adds: "At the 45th stroke of the instrument—that is, after receiving 405 gashes—the unhapy wretch, whom fortune saved from the hands of an Indian, to fall into the hands of an English Nena Sahib, positively burst his bonds in the contortions of agony, and fell in a bloody heap to the ground. He was again tied up and the other 45 wounds were inflicted. Not a single drop of Christian blood could the Shylocks of the Fusiliers be persuaded to abate. Their victim received the full tale, and was carried to the hospital delirious, in a state which rendered it doubtful whether, in the event of his physical recovery, he would not be the inmate of a madhouse for life. This is surely a horrible affair."

A Short Story by Dickens.

Dickens tells the following story of an American sea captain:

"On his last voyage home, the captain had on board a young lady of remarkable personal attractions—a phrase I use as one being entirely new, and one you never meet with in newspapers. This young lady was intensely beloved by five young gentlemen passengers, and in return she was in love with them all very ardently, but without any particular preference for either. Not knowing how to make up her determination in this dilemma, she consulted my friend the captain. The captain, being a man of an original turn of mind, says to the young lady, 'Jump overboard, and marry the man that jumps after you.' The young lady, struck with the idea, and being naturally fond of bathing, especially in warm weather, as it then was, took the advice of the captain, who had a boat manned in case of accident. Accordingly, next morning, the five lovers being on deck, and looking devotedly at the young lady, she plunged into the sea, head foremost. Four of the lovers immediately jumped in after her. When the young lady and her four lovers were got out again, she says to the captain, 'What am I to do with them now, they are so wet?' Says the captain, 'take the dry one!' And the young lady did, and married him."

Spanish robbers are very polite. An English man was once accosted on a lonely road by a ruffian. "Sir," said he, "you have my coat on; may I trouble you for it?" The Englishman drew a pistol and told the fellow he was mistaken. "Sir," said the robber, "I now perceive that I am. Will you do me the honor to communicate your name, that I may remember it in my prayers?"

"Mother," said a little girl, seven years old, "I could not understand our minister to-day, he said so many hard words. I wish he would preach so little girls could understand him. Won't he, mother?" "Yes, I think so, if we ask him." Soon after, her father saw her going to the minister's. "Where are you going, Emma?" said he. "I am going over to Mr. ——'s to ask him to preach small."

Variety.

The following is from a French paper:

"Sir! sir! you have dropped your paper!" cried a young man recently to a person passing. "Sir, I'm very much obliged to you," said the other, turning round, and picking up the bundle. "Excuse me," continued he; "but have I the honor of addressing M. P——?"

"That is my name," said the young man, with some surprise.

"Ay, I thought so. I was very lucky in meeting you. I am an officer of the tribunal of commerce, and am ordered to arrest you on a bill of exchange for one thousand five hundred francs. The paper which you were so kind as to tell me I had dropped, was the summons against you."

A young lady in one of the leading cicles at Washington was complimented by a gentleman on the simplicity and good taste of her dress at an evening party. She replied, "I am glad you like my dress, it cost just seven dollars, and I made every stitch of it myself" When young ladies pride themselves upon cheapness of their attire, instead of its expensiveness, we shall have fewer "broken" fathers and husbands.

"Bill," said one loafer to another, recently, "I's a National Reformer, I is." "Vy, is that our party?" "Vy, yes, hossy, it is that. If you puts in a vote for that party, you vote yourself a farm." "Vell, I don't go that, without they'll go a little further. I wants a farm, and somebody to work it beside."

A girl, who had become tired of single blessedness, wrote to her intended thus: "Dear Jim, come rite off, if you're cummin' at all; Ed. Kelderman is insistin' that I shall have him, and he hugs and kisses me so continually, that I can't hold out much longer."

"Jimmy, are your folks all well?" "Yes, ma'am; all, but Sally Ann." "Why, what is the matter with her?" "O, nothin' particular, only she had the whoopin' cough once, and she hain't never got over it. The cough ain't any count now, but she has got the hoop desp'rate."

A young man, meeting an acquaintance, said: "I heard that you were dead." "But," said the other, "you see me alive." "I do not know how that may be," replied he; "you are a notorious liar; but my informant was a person of credit."

"I will consent to all you desire," said a young lady to her lover, "on condition that you will give what you have not, what you never can have, and yet what you can give me." What did she ask for? A husband.

"Love not your children unequally; or, if you do, show it not, lest you make the one proud, the other envious, and both foolish. If nature has made a difference, it is the part of the tender parent to help the weakest."

Some one says it is better to die poor, than to live upon the hard earnings of the unsuspecting. Bank "suspender" will please to notice. Nonsense—they don't believe in such a doctrine!

"You need a little sun and air," said a physician to a maiden patient. "If I do," was the cute reply, "I'll wait till I get married." Bolus looked thoughtful, and thought it was best.

Snooks was advised to get his life insured. "Won't do it," said he—"it would be just my luck to live for ever, if I should." Mrs. Snooks merely said: "Well, I wouldn't, my dear."

"Sir, are you married?" "No, madam." "Do you mean to get married?" "No, madam." "But if every man followed your example, sir, the world would cease." "Oh, no, madam!"

We think it is an undeniable truth that the Africans, let them go to any part of the world they may, retain more unequivocally than any other people the odor of nationality.

A landlady is said to have made her pies so light, that her boarders could see to go to bed without a candle after eating a moderate sized piece.

I have found by experience that they who have spent all their lives in cities, contract not only an effeminacy of habit but of thinking.

Why is a lady pulling on her corsets like a man who drinks to drown his grief? Answer—because in so-*lacing* herself she is getting tight.

A jilted chemist finds love to be composed of five parts of gold, three of fame, and two of affection.

Flowers are the alphabet of angels, wherewith they write on hills and plains mysterious truth.

Were it not for the tears that fill our eyes, what an ocean would fill our hearts!

Marriage is defined by some one to be—two nods and a five dollar prayer.

Make no enemies; he is insignificant indeed that can do thee no harm.

Maids want nothing but husbands, and then they want everything.

If you are vexed, you have two troubles instead of one.

Make choice of your wife by the ears, not the eyes.

E. DETRICK,
Corner of Market and Second streets,
Is authorized to act as the Agent of this paper in receiving advertisements and subscriptions in San Francisco, and collecting and receipting for the same.
CHARLES PROSCH.

☞ We shall be pleased to furnish masters of vessels and others, outward bound, with full files of the HERALD, on application at this office.

☞ THE HERALD can be found in San Francisco at the office of our Agent, at the Merchants' Exchange, the principal Hotels, and at J. W. Sullivan's Newspaper Depot, on Washington st., near the Post Office.

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

"Pledged to no party's arbitrary sway,
We follow Truth where'er she leads the way."

STEILACOOM, W. T., FRIDAY, JUNE 4, 1858.

EVACUATION OF UTAH.

After getting the good people of the United States into a ferment, and putting Uncle Sam to considerable expense and trouble, that disgusting compound of fanaticism, sensuality and despotism,—Mormonism—has finally made up its mind to abandon Utah, and look elsewhere for an abiding place.

Never for a moment did we believe that Brigham Young would hazard a fight with the United States, however small might be the force sent against him; well knowing, as he did, that if he triumphed over the little army of Col. Johnston, a force ten times its number would speedily take the field against him. Brigham was too shrewd a man to hazard so large a stake on so feeble a chance; for the maintenance of his position as chief of Mormondom depended on the issue. Already had he tottered in that position. The deluded people whom he ruled were smarting under his despotic sway, and it needed but a conflict of arms to sever the bonds existing between the ruler and the ruled.

What course the Mormons will next pursue, and whither they will now turn their attention, with a view to permanent settlement, is matter of speculation. A very short time will solve the problem. We trust they will quietly abandon United States territory altogether. Should they not do so, Government should see to it that they are forcibly expelled. They have already given our people trouble enough, and will cont nue to be a pest and annoyance so long as they are suffered to occupy the same soil with us.

The Mormons having figured so largely in the recent history of the United States, it may not be amiss here to give a brief sketch of their origin and early records. Having personally known many of the first disciples of Joe Smith, and being familiar with some of the incidents connected with their first preachings in New York, in which State we resided at the time, we can vouch for the correctness in the main of the facts stated below, which we find in an Eastern paper of recent date.

Rev. Solomon Spaulding, a graduate of Dartmouth College, was distinguished for a lively imagination, and a love for history. He lived in a part of Ohio abounding with mounds and the ruins of old forts, and took much interest in the study of these antiquities. To beguile his hours of retirement, he conceived the idea of giving a historical sketch of the lost race, about which there was so much mystery. It was of course a fanciful undertaking, giving wide scope for the exercise of imagination, and tempting him to indulge in an antique style while describing ancient things. The Old Testament containing the most ancient books in the world, he found it convenient to imitate its style. He therefore launched out at will into the region of free historical romance. This was in 1812. His neighbors, hearing of the progress of his curious work, would come to his house, and hear portions of it read. It claimed to have been written by one of the lost nation, to have been recovered from the earth, and was christened with the title of "Manuscript Found." This self-amusing gentleman pretended to be deciphering the mysteries of the desinterred manuscript, and regularly reported progress to his neighbors. From the classics and from ancient history he introduced many uncouth and unaccustomed names, which awakened curiosity. Mr. S. removed to Pittsburg, and found a friend in the person of an editor, to whom he showed the manuscript. The editor was pleased, borrowed it, kept it, and offered to print it, if Mr. S. would make out a suitable title page. He promised also to make it a source of profit. Mr. S. declined any such use of it. Sydney Rigdon, who has since figured so largely among the Mormons, was then employed in the editor's printing office; he inspected the manuscript, and had an opportunity to copy it. It was returned to the author, who died in 1816. But the influence he had unwittingly originated did not die with him. There is no doubt that Rigdon took a copy of the whole or parts of the manuscript. He appeared in Palmyra, N. Y., in 1828, working at his trade. About this time there began to be talk of certain mysterious "plates" being found in that region. They had been discovered, it was said, by Joseph Smith, Jr., in the bank of the Erie Canal, near Palmyra. Here Smith and Rigdon conspired to start the fraud. Smith was a man of low cunning, vulgar and sensual in his habits, a fitting accomplice for Rigdon, both being ready to execute any falsehood. Joe was to be set up as a leader, and to assume the title of *Prophet*. It was given out that Joe was engaged in translating the plates. This was in 1829. Some followers were obtained, chiefly the ignorant and vicious, and the dishonest, who had no character to lose. They called themselves the Church of the Latter Day Saints, and organized at Manchester under Joe Smith, who issued an edition of 1,200 copies of the "Book of Mormon" at Palmyra. Some three or four seemingly respectable men of that region joined them, which attracted more attention. Smith and his followers selected Kirtland, Ohio, as their "city of refuge," by inspiration, as the blasphemer said —the Lord intending and directing the temple should be built there. Two hundred composed the first settlement. They called their book the "Golden Bible." Smith founded a bogus Bank, which of course failed, and he found it necessary to move farther West. Thither has been the disastrous progress of these miserable impostors, whose subsequent history is known to the world.

WHISKY'S DOINGS.

On the morning of Sunday, the 30th ult., about sunrise, a fight took place between some drunken Indians, Snoqualmi and Sinahomish, at Fort Nisqually, in which a Snoqualmi was killed on the spot, a Sinahomish mortally wounded, (since dead) and a Sinahomish man and woman severely cut with knives. The whisky, the prolific source of such quarrels, had been obtained at Steilacoom the previous evening by the Snoqualmi Indians.

It is a lamentable consideration that there are so many persons in this Territory who will stoop to the disgraceful practice of earning money by secretly doling out liquor to Indians; a traffic not only in itself degrading, but fraught with danger to the lives of whites and Indians alike. We can conceive of none save such as are totally destitute of honesty, and a regard for the peace and good order of society as well as human life, who would be guilty of thus jeoparding the lives of their fellows by putting intoxicating drinks into the hands of Indians—and for the sake of a few paltry dollars! The trade certainly is not, and never can be, sufficiently great to enrich those engaged in it. Then why continue the criminal practice, when so little profit and so much misery and wretchedness result from it?

A gentleman connected with the Indian agency, who has carefully taken note, states that within the last fourteen months no less than one hundred and nine deaths, chiefly by violence, and clearly traceable to the use by the natives of alcoholic liquors, have occurred amongst the Indians of this Territory living west of the Cascade Mountains. This is a fearful mortality from the one cause above mentioned. However much we might desire their removal from our midst, we cannot but deplore the *cause* of their diminution in numbers, and shall never cease to deprecate it as criminal in the highest degree.

DEATH OF THOMAS H. BENTON.

The most important item of news brought by the last mail from the East is the announcement of the death of the above distinguished statesman, which took place in Washington city on the 10th of April, in the 76th year of his age. We have only space sufficient for the bare announcement of this painful event in the present issue; in our next, we shall give it an extended notice.

A DOCTOR WANTED!—It is a singular thing, but nevertheless true, that there is not in the whole of Pierce county a practising physician. Dr. Tolmie, of the Hudson's Bay Company, and Dr. Webber, of the firm of Balch & Webber, are both occupied with other business, and have no time to practice; and Dr. Wirtz, of the Army, on account of his engagements at the garrison, positively refuses to attend to patients in civil life. We have a population of over eight hundred souls, exclusive of Indians; and, although our climate is comparatively healthy, there is still a large amount of sickness. Any thoroughly educated physician, who also is an adept in surgery and midwifery, can make in Steilacoom and the surrounding country from $1500 to $2000 a-year, at the very least, and an intelligent medical friend of ours tells us that he thinks the practice of the county would be worth $3000. Don't all come at once: we want only *one*, but he must be both a well-bred physician and a well-bred gentleman. The people will not support any quack who has taken up "doctoring" as a trade, and who simply wishes to "make his pile."

THE SEA BIRD.—This popular steamer left Steilacoom yesterday for Fort Langley, on Frazer's River, with a number of passengers both from this place and Olympia. By an arrangement with the Hudson Bay Company, Purser Owens is authorized to sell miners' licenses, which will prove a great convenience to miners from points on the Sound. The price of passage and license together was $25.

ABOUT THE MINES.

The steamer *Constitution*, Capt. Gove, arrived at Steilacoom on Tuesday, June 1st, bringing a repetition of the former favorable news from the gold region. From passengers and private letters we gather the following items:

Mr. Joseph T. Bush, who came passenger in the steamer, informs us that he has been at work three weeks on Frazer's River, near Sailor's Bar, during which time he made $10 a day with a rocker. He says there are parties on the river making as much as $100 a day with rockers. All of those at work, indeed, were doing well and in good spirits.

Between Fort Hope and Sailor's Diggings there were, when Mr. Bush left, about 350 miners, none of whom were making less than $10 per day, which is far below the average. Only 35 or 40 men are at work on Thompson's River.

Above Sailor's Diggings the Indians are a little troublesome; imposing a tax of a blanket or a shirt on each miner who worked on ground which the Indians claimed.

The river is represented as in a good navigable condition for canoes as high up as Fort Yale, beyond which point they cannot go with safety. The Hudson Bay Co. are actively engaged repairing the Fort.

Mr. Bush says the mines increase in richness as you ascend the river. He comes to replenish his stock, and designs returning as speedily as possible.

Two miners, of Steilacoom, returned last evening from Frazer's River in a canoe, after an absence of six weeks. They state that during a low stage of the river they made $15 per day each. Four rockers near them were making from four to nine and a half ounces each per day.

Up to the latest accounts from Frazer's River, fifteen persons in all had been drowned.

A report was current on the river that two trains with provisions had arrived from the Dalles.

Provisions are said to be abundant and cheap at Fort Langley.

Extract of a letter dated

SAILOR'S DIGGINGS, May 12th, 1858.

"Stephen Judson and partner have not made less than $12 a day, on an average, since they commenced. Day before yesterday they made $33, ($16.50 each) and yesterday $31. John Chapman, with his Indian, Wash. Downey and Benzer, commenced work yesterday. John made at least an ounce; Downey and Benzer $7.50 each. They found very coarse gold."

We learn that a man named Charles Adams, well known hereabouts, was killed by Charles McDaniels, of this place, near the mouth of Frazer's River. It seems that they were in partnership in their operations in the mines, and that Adams was making off with all the funds of the concern, when he was overtaken and shot dead. McDaniels is said to be at Whatcom awaiting requisition and trial.

Bellingham Bay.

A gentleman who came up a passenger in the *Constitution* last Tuesday has placed us in possession of the following interesting items.

The bay presents the appearance of Yerba Buena Cove in the memorable days of '49. It is constantly covered with boats of every size and description. The shores are alive with the stir and activity incident to such exciting times.

The proprietors of the town of Sehome were obliged to call in requisition considerable fortitude to resist the greedy demand for lots. Parties who came up from San Francisco in the *Panama* wanted to buy the entire plat. This did not suit the views of the proprietors. They have disposed of one half the lots at $150 each, $50 of which is to go back to the purchasers in the shape of wharfs, grading streets, &c.

Whatcom is going ahead; it is seething and boiling with excitement of every kind. The gamblers, those vultures who ever hover about when there is a carcass to prey upon, are there. Their nefarious operations are performed as in California in '49, publicly and boldly. Faro banks, monte banks and their concomitants are in full blast.

Five hundred passengers who came by the *Panama* are represented as being sterling miners from the interior of California, amply provided with means. They are daily purchasing their outfits and leaving in squads of 20 and 30 for the mines in various ways and by various routes.

We also learn that some men a short time since went up the Skadget River on a prospecting tour, and have returned. They will not impart any information relative to their exploration. They have purchased two months provisions and gone back. The natural inference is that they have discovered gold.

Gold has been found on the Lummi River, which empties into Bellingham Bay.

The work is progressing on the trail. Men at work are constantly quitting and pushing on ahead, but their places are kept supplied from the rear.

THE PACIFIC MAIL AND HUDSON BAY COMPANIES.—The announcement made in the *Herald* two weeks ago, of an arrangement between the Pacific Mail Steamship and Hudson Bay Companies, providing for the former Company placing on Frazer's River a small steamer, we have since learned, on reliable authority, was correct. The Mail Company, we are informed, will without delay purchase or have constructed a strong steamer of light draft, suitable for the navigation of the river as far up as Fort Hope, whence miners can pack to any given point beyond. This steamer will probably be placed on the river as early as the 1st of July; the Company, of course, seeing the importance of being expeditious in the matter. Our enterprising friends of Whatcom must hurry up the completion of their trail, if they hope to derive any benefit from it.

It was expected that the Atlantic telegraph cable would be all shipped on the 10th of May.

THE RUMORED BATTLE.

Up to the time of going to press, we have learned nothing further of the battle reported to have taken place on Snake river, between Col. Steptoe and the Indians. We are not inclined to give full credence to the report published in this paper last week. It is by no means certain, as yet, that a battle has taken place; if one really had occured, it is highly probable that an authentic account of it would have been received here ere this. That some trouble may have happened with the Indians is possible, but we do not believe a battle has been fought.

Correspondence of the Puget Sound Herald.

KITSAP COUNTY, May 11th, 1858.

There are in port at the present time the ship Bostonian, of 1100 tons, Capt. Burnham, loading spars for England; ship Kit Carson, of 1000 tons, Capt. Dillingham, just loaded and ready for sea with lumber for Melbourne; ship Torrent, of 650 tons, Capt. Gove, loading spars for China; also ship Wacousta, of 700 tons, Capt. Henderson, loading spars for England. The Bostonian and Wacousta are loading with spars from 28 to 40 inches in diameter.

This shows the amount of business done in spars alone at this place. The Puget Mill Co. furnishes employment to over two hundred men, and for the working man no better inducement is offered by any other establishment on this coast. The business is done on the square; men who want to leave, go to the captain's office and settle, take their scads, and leave with a lighter heart and a heavier purse.

In consequence of the increase of population at Teekalet, it has been deemed expedient by the Puget Mill Co. to have the town surveyed and laid off into lots for the accommodation of those who intend to make it a place of permanent residence.

Teekalet may not increase in size so fast as some of the neighboring towns, "at least in brick structures," for the simple reason that a very small amount of bricks are carried in hats, and, to the honor of the county, there is not a place where Minnie Rifle Whisky is sold to the knowledge of HOOD.

SENTENCES EXECUTED AT FORT STEILACOOM.—The following men received forty-nine lashes on the bare back, had their heads shaved, and were drummed out of the army, for desertion, on Monday, May 31st:

James A. Morris and James Wallace, Co. H, 9th Infantry; Patrick Wren, —— Bonnar and Timothy Molloy, Co. C, 4th Infantry. Patrick Murphy was sentenced to 6 months ball and chain, and have $7 per month of his pay ($11) retained; Francis Stine 3 months ball and chain and have $7 per month of his pay retained. Three men, who were tried at the last General Court Martial at this post, were returned to duty.

DEPARTURES FOR THE MINES.—Among those who design going to the mines from this vicinity during the ensuing week are five young men from Messrs. Balch and Webber's mill at Nisqually, named N. H. Cunningham, A. W. Webb, J. P. Adams, Wm. Z. Cates, Capt. Lovejoy. With one exception, they have so long been employed at the mill as to have become closely identified with its operations, and during this time have gained for themselves much respect and many friends who cannot but wish them every success in their new undertaking, while parting from them with deep regret.

The Steamship *Panama*, Capt. W. L. Dall, arrived at this place last Saturday, landed some passengers and the mails, and proceeded to Olympia. On Sunday she returned, discharged her freight, and sailed the same day for San Francisco. We were furnished with no memoranda of her trip, but learn that she sailed from San Francisco May 22d, with 600 passengers. An accident happened to her machinery during the passage, which caused some delay. She landed most of her passengers at Bellingham Bay. It is reported that the town site of Sehome, at Bellingham Bay, was purchased by parties who came up in the *Panama* at $100 per lot. Corner lots are now held at $1000 each.

We desire to direct attention to the notice of the Steilacoom Library Association under the head of Special Notices. A lecture is to be delivered by our fellow-townsman, Frank S. Balch, Esq. We bespeak a full attendance on the part of the ladies and gentlemen of Steilacoom to hear our young friend. This inaugurates a new phase in our history, and calls loudly for hearty and generous support and encouragement. We hope to see a full house.

THE IVES EXPEDITION.—Lieut. Ives succeeded in getting his boat about sixty miles further up the Colorado river than Capt. Johnston, of the *Gen. Jessup*, had attained. The country is represented as being rich in silver, copper, and other minerals; but not adapted to cultivation. Lieut. Ives is expected to arrive at the Pimo Villages about the 15th of June by land from a point 600 miles above Fort Yuma. The steamer has returned to the Fort.

Puget Sound Shipping List.

STEILACOOM, W. T., JUNE 4, 1858.

Arrived.

May 28th—Stmr Sea Bird, Connor, fm Olympia.
Stmr Constitution, Gove, fm Olympia.
29th—Stmr Panama, W L Dall, fm San Francisco.
June 1st—Stmr Sea Bird, Connor, fm Victoria, V I.
Stmr Constitution, Gove, fm Ports on the Sound.
Stmr Resolute, Guindon, fm Port Madison.
3d—Stmr Sea Bird, Connor, fm Olympia.

Sailed.

May 28th—Stmr Sea Bird, Connor, Ports on the Sound.
29th—Stmr Constitution, Gove, Ports on the Sound.
30th—Stmr Panama, W L Dall, San Francisco.
June 1st—Danish bque Dan, Haagensen, Valparaiso.
Stmr Sea Bird, Connor, Olympia.
Stmr Constitution, Gove, Olympia.
2d—Stmr Resolute, Guindon, Port Madison.
3d—Stmr Sea Bird, Connor, Port Langley.

Ports on the Sound.

TEEKALET—Sailed May 27th, Br ship Wacousta, Henderson, Falmouth, (England) for orders, with masts and spars; bque Nahumkeag, Reed, Seattle; sloop Frank Sherman, Smith, Whidby's Island; 29th, bque Friendship, Carlton, Honolulu; stmr Sea Bird, Connor, Port Townsend; stmr Constitution, Gove, Whatcom; stmr Panama, Dall, San Francisco; ship Torrent, Gove, Hongkong; schr J K Thorndike, Brown, Port Ludlow.

SEABECK—Arrived May 20th, bque Ella Frances, Rand, San Francisco; 29th, bque Brontes, Newell, do.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.
THE BEST REMEDY EVER KNOWN

For Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Bronchitis, Influenza, Bleeding of the Lungs, Difficult Breathing, Pain or Weakness of the Breast or Side, First Stages Consumption, &c.

In short, this Balsam is peculiarly adapted to every disease of the Lungs and Liver.

Wild Cherry has long been known to possess important medicinal properties. This fact is familiar to every matron in our land, and Physicians often prescribe it in different forms for a variety of complaints. Tar also has been equally noted for its virtues; and some physicians, whose fame is familiar to the whole country, have gone so far as to declare that even Consumption could be cured by that alone. In other hands, again, it was nearly valueless, owing, no doubt, to their ignorance in preparing and administering it; a difficulty now entirely obviated by patient experience and long experiment.

The extraordinary medicinal powers possessed by these two substances are now, for the first time, combined and embodied in DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. By a nice chemical process, everything deleterious or useless is rejected, so that what remains is the most extraordinary and truly efficacious remedy for all kinds of pulmonary and liver diseases ever known to man.

CAUTION.—As there are many *Counterfeits*, look well at the signature before purchasing; take none unless the name of Sanford & Park is engraved on the outside wrapper—all others are *base imitations*.

Sold by all Druggists and country merchants.

PARK & WHITE, Sole Agents, to whom all orders should be addressed, 132 Washington street, San Francisco. Also, Importers and Wholesale Agents for all GENUINE PATENT MEDICINES, which are offered to the trade at reduced rates for cash. 1-3m

☞ **Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters for** Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Nervous or Chronic Debility, are very pleasant in taste and smell, and can be taken under any circumstances. In cases of Dyspepsia it acts like magic, strengthening the tone of the stomach, stimulating the digestive powers, and giving ruddy health to the cheek and brightness to the eye. In all cases of diseases of the stomach, whether acute or chronic, it may be recommended for its soothing, cordial and renovating influence. Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Nervous Tremors, Relaxation, Debility, etc., are relieved by the Bitters in a very short space of time, and a perseverance in their use never fails to work a thorough cure. Every family should have Hostetter's celebrated Stomach Bitters. No article is so peculiarly adapted to our climate. Sold by Druggists, Hotels, and first-class saloons throughout California and Oregon.

CAUTION.—Buyers are particularly requested to beware of a spurious article manufactured and represented to be Hostetter's Bitters, which all who sell or use the genuine article can detect, as it is never sold by the gallon, but in square bottles containing a full quart, with the cork covered with a metallic cap, and name on cap and bottle, with directions for use.

PARK & WHITE, Sole Agents, to whom all orders should be addressed, 132 Washington st., San Francisco.
1-3m

S. McCAW & CO.
Offer for Sale, at Wholesale and Retail,
A GREAT VARIETY OF DESIRABLE
Goods at low rates, such as

Pork, Bacon, Hams, Salmon, Butter, Cheese, Flour, Beans, Rice, Peas, Potatoes, Salt, fine, Salt, coarse, Tobacco, Molasses, Syrup, Vinegar, Nails, Glass, Axes, Buckets, Brooms, White Lead, Oil, Turpentine, Lamp Oil, Olive Oil, Coffee, Tea, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Soap, Starch, Sugar, Crushed do, Adamantine Candles, Saleratus, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Mustard, Capers, Table Sauces, Can Oysters, Can Lobsters, Can Chickens, Can Beef, Can Peaches, Bottled Peaches, Brandy Peaches, Can Apples, Can Strawberries, Can Pie Fruits, Bottled Pie Fruits, Ex. Lemon, Ex. Vanilla, Ex. Orange, Ex. Rose, and other articles suited to the wants of the community.

Also, a large assortment of good Liquors. 1-1y

LAFAYETTE BALCH. J. B. WEBBER.
BALCH & WEBBER,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c.

☞ In connection with the store there is a commodious WHARF, at which vessels of any class can lay at low tide. Store corner of Chickatat and Snoqualmoo streets, Steilacoom, W. T. 1-1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNDERSIGNED was appointed by the Judge of Probate for Jefferson County, on the 21st instant, Administrator upon the Estate of CHARLES GALLAGHER, deceased, late of said county.

All persons indebted to the Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons holding claims against said Estate are requested to present the necessary vouchers within one year from date.

JOHN E. BURNS, Administrator.
Port Townsend, April 21st, 1858. 7-8

BOARDING! BOARDING!

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF MINERS AND OTHERS, the subscribers have opened a large and commodious Boarding House at Whatcom, where they keep a table constantly supplied with the best the market affords, at reasonable rates. The patronage of the public is solicited.
11-tf JONES & FITZPATRICK.

CHOPPED FEED—Nourse & Mason's Patent Hay Cutters on hand and for sale by S. McCAW & CO.

CALICOS—5000 yards of Calicos of the latest styles and fast colors, suited to the Indian trade, For sale by S. McCAW & CO.

NAILS—On hand, an assortment of Cut Nails, For sale by S. McCAW & CO.

OLD TOM—200 gallons Old Tom on hand and for sale cheap, by S. McCAW & CO.

NO. 1 FAMILY FLOUR constantly on hand.
1-3m* J. R. MEEKER & SONS, Steilacoom, W. T.

STATIONERY—A good supply of Stationery on hand and for sale by
1-3m* J. R. MEEKER & SONS.

PORK—20 bbls Eastern packed Pork; Also Domestic do do; For sale by S. McCAW & CO.

Special Notices.

☞ **Steilacoom Library Association.**—The Regular Monthly Meeting of this Association will be held on next Monday Evening, at 8 o'clock, in the M. E. Church.

A Lecture will be delivered by Mr. Frank S. Balch. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

A. P. DELIN, President.

☞ **All persons knowing themselves indebted** to the firm of BALCH & WEBBER prior to the 1st of January, 1858, are hereby notified to call and settle immediately, or their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection. 3-tf

To our Patrons.

WE would say to our patrons, that in consequence of some changes in our business, we are desirous of a settlement with all who have running accounts with us, MORE ESPECIALLY THOSE OF LONG STANDING. We propose to close all accounts up to the 25th February of the present year, and those indebted to us would confer a great favor by promptly coming to a settlement.

Grateful for past favors, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same. We are in receipt of new goods by nearly every vessel, and we will spare no endeavors to please our customers. Our prices shall be as low as practicable with the times.
1-tf S. McCAW & CO.

STEILACOOM LODGE, NO. 8,

OF Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month.

All members of the fraternity in good standing are invited to attend. S. McCAW, S. W.

OLYMPIA LODGE, NO. 5,

OF Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month.

All members of the order in good standing are invited to attend. T. F. McELROY, W. M.

I. O. O. F.

THE regular meeting of Olympia Lodge, No. 1, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is held every Saturday evening, at 6½ o'clock, in the building formerly occupied by Wm. Rutledge, two doors east of the Washington Hotel.

All members in good standing in the order, are invited to attend. G. O. BLANKENSHIP, Sec'y.

Miscellaneous.

NEW ARRIVAL.

P. KEACH,

HAVING JUST ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO, per steamer Constitution, offers for sale, at the lowest cash prices, a large and well selected

STOCK OF GOODS,

Suited to the wants of farmers, miners, and the town trade. My stock is selected with care; and, as my expenses are very small, I am determined to sell goods cheaper for coin, dust, or country produce, than any other store on Puget Sound. Miners are particularly requested to call and price my goods before purchasing elsewhere, as I intend to give them a good deal of grub for a little dust.

I have just received, per steamers Constitution, Columbia, and barque Madonna, the following articles:

Sugar, Syrup, Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Lemon Syrup, Starch, Saleratus, Tobacco, Cigars, Pipes, Fresh Flour, Pepper Sauce, Pickles, Beans, Catsup, Bacon, Brandy, French, " American, " Cherry, " Cider, " Peach, Wine, Port, " Sherry, " Hock, " Sauterne, " Cherry, " Catawba, " Champagne, Axes, Hammers, Hatchets, Planes, Rules, Spades, Picks, Hay Forks, Grindstones, Files, assorted, Bench Screws, Gun Locks, Door Knobs, Bed Castors, Sash Rollers, Brass Kettles, Sands' Sarsaparilla, Townsend's " Licorice, Sal Soda, Sulphur, Jaynes' Extract, Brandreth's Pills, Beeswax, Camphor, Castor Oil, Sponge, Bluing, Spermacetti, Glue, Sal Nitre, Annatto, Blue Mass, Pain Killer, Composition Powder, Epsom Salts, Alum, Potash, Rat Poison, Gum Shellac, Mo's Bitters, Essence Lemon, " Cloves, " Cinnamon, " Anise, " Sassafras, Caraway, Mace, Mustang Liniment, Capsules, &c, Blankets, Blue, " White, Counterpanes, Towelling, Napkins, Diaper, Silk Pocket Hdkfs, " Neckerchiefs, " Lawn, Shawls, assorted, Stockings, Gloves, Suspenders, Flutes, Pens, Ink and Paper, Pencils, assorted, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Thread, Buttons, Needles and Pins, Fish Hooks, Fish Lines, Woodenware, Oysters, Lobsters, Roast Chicken, Green Corn, Cherries, Sardines, Apples, fresh, Apples, dry, Currants, dry, Fresh Butter, Fresh Cheese, Pilot Bread, Soda Biscuit, Mace, Pineapples, Brandy Peaches, Matches, Nutmegs, Beef, Whiskey, Scotch, " Monongahela, " Rye, " Peach, " Bourbon, Ale, Bonker's Bitters, Minnie Rifle, &c, Shot, Lead, Bowie Knives, Sheath, Pocket, Chisels, Augers, Nails, Compasses, Shovels, Pick Handles, Manure Forks, Butts and Screws, Rasps, Tacks, Coat Hooks, Bed Screws, Sand Paper, Dinner Bells, &c, Willow Baskets, Nursery Chairs, Kegs, Twine, Mops, Washboards, Baby Wagons, Clothes Lines, " Pins, Market Baskets, Feather Dusters, Dust Pans, Milk, Bread, Fry, Tin Buckets, Oil Cans, Milk, Ladles, Skimmers, Wash Basins, Strainers, Teapots, Coffee Pots, Linseed Oil, Lamp, Window Glass, Putty, White Lead, Red, Green, Blue, Varnish, Turpentine, Carpeting, Border, Wall Paper, Salt, coarse, " fine, Damasks, Linings, Black Dress Silk, Curtain Calico, Ladies' Belts, Chemisettes, Habit Shirts, Undersleeves, Collars, Edgings, Artificial Flowers, Cords and Tassels, Tuck Combs, Puff, Ivory, Side, Riding, Pocket, Crockeryware, Gimblets, Buckwheat Flour, Olives, Olive Oil, Candles, Soap, Tapioca, Vermicelli, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Cloves, Cinnamon, Mustard, California, Mustard, French, Worcestershire Sauce, Maccaroni, Matches, Sperm, Hams, Macaboy Snuff, Rape, Gentleman's, Catarrh, Scotch, Gin, Holland, Porter, Schnapps, Powder, Balls, Waterproof Caps, Knives and Forks, Silver Plated Spoons, German Silver, Iron, Saws, assorted, Squares, Powder Horns, " Flasks, Rakes, Scythes and Sneaths, Whetstones, Door Locks, Pad, Chest, Till, Desk, Trunk, Cupbd's, Rocking Chairs, Dining, Bar-room, Office, Bedsteads, Side Saddles, Whips, assorted, Spurs, Olileth, Calf Boots, Kip, Rubber, Brogans, Fancy Gaiters, Ladies', Buskins, Slippers, Bootees, Misses' Shoes, Babies' Shoes, &c, Dress Coats, Frock, Business, Summer, White Vests, Black, Fancy, Black Doeskin Pants, Cassimere, Satinet, Summer, Hats in great variety, Overshirts, Blue, " Red, " Gray, Undershirts, " White, Drawers, White Linen Shirts, Fancy, Calico sas'd, French Prints, French Lawn, Prints, assorted, Chintz Prints, Oil, De Laines, Plaids, Alpacas, French Silk Bonnets, Leghorn, Straw, Merinos, Silk Irish Poplin, Barages, Carpet Bags, Glassware, Wooden Nutmegs, &c

Constantly on hand and for sale very cheap for cash. Call and see, and judge for yourselves.
11-tf P. KEACH.

GEORGE C. JOHNSON. GEORGE W. GIBBS

GEORGE C. JOHNSON & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers
OF
IRON AND STEEL,
Nos. 36 and 38 Battery street,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

AMERICAN AND ENGLISH BAR IRON; Swedish and Norwegian Bar Iron; Sanderson's and Naylor's Cast Steel;

Penn Boiler Plate; Low Moor Boiler Plate; English Sheet Iron; Shutter Iron; Pig Iron; Iron Axles; Steel Springs; Blacksmiths' Tools; Griffin Horse Nails; Band and Hoop Iron; Boiler Tubes; Borax; Boiler and Shutter Rivets; Norway Shoe Shapes; English Shoe Shapes; Plow Steel; Sheer Steel; Blister Steel; Mousehole Anvils; Wright's do; Smiths' Bellows; Wright's Solid Box Vices; Nuts and Washers; Tire Benders; Carriage Bolts; &c., &c., &c. 1-3dpm

New Advertisements.

WILBUR & BUSHMANN,
RIGGERS AND STEVEDORES,
TEEKALET, W. T.,
Will attend at all times to orders in their line of business with promptness and dispatch. 15-1y

EUREKA WHISKY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, SOLE AGENTS FOR THE MANUFACTURERS, invite the attention of consumers to the above superior brand of

WHISKY.

It is made from the finest Rye Spirits, and is a

GENUINE MONONGAHELA.

It is put up in barrels and half barrels, for the convenience of the trade.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,
For sale by the principal Liquor Houses in San Francisco.
15-3mis

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEILACOOM, W. T., JUNE 4, 1858.

ATLANTIC NEWS.

By the arrival at San Francisco of the steamer *John L. Stephens*, we have dates from the Atlantic States to April 20th. Below will be found a condensed summary of the news.

Congressional.

In Congress, on April 13th, Mr. Green offered his proposition to the Senate for a Conference Committee on the Kansas bill, and it was agreed to by a vote of thirty to twenty-four. The bill authorizing the construction of a line of telegraph to some point in the vicinity of the army in Utah was discussed, and finally postponed till December next.

The proceedings of Congress on the 14th were important. In the Senate, the memorial of the citizens of Utah was presented and read. Mr. Bigler moved, as an expression of the contempt of the Senate for the authors of the memorial, that it be laid on the table, and the motion was agreed to by a vote of thirty-two to thirteen.

Mr. Gwin's bill, providing for the construction of a railroad to the Pacific, was then taken up and discussed till the adjournment.

In the House the Kansas bill was again brought up, on a motion for the appointment of a committee to confer with the Senate with reference to the disagreeing votes. The vote on the question stood 108 yeas to 108 nays. The Speaker voted affirmatively, and the motion was carried.

Both houses of Congress have agreed to finally adjourn on the 7th of June. In the Senate, on the 15th, a resolution was offered, which was laid over, that Congress reassemble on the 1st of November. A call was made on the Secretary of War for information respecting the Utah army contracts. The Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill was passed. Mr. Houston gave notice of his intention to call up on Monday next his resolution relative to a protectorate over Mexico.

On the 16th and 17th, nothing was done in either House.

In Congress on Monday, the 19th, the Senate adopted a resolution directing inquiry as to the epidemic on board the *Susquehanna*, with the view of suitably acknowledging the courtesies of the British naval authorities at Port Royal, Jamaica. Memorials from New Orleans, asking for a line of mail steamers between New Orleans and Bordeaux, and for government aid to the Collins steamers, were presented. Nothing of importance transpired in the House. The Senate confirmed a large number of appointments.

The news from Washington is interesting. The House Committee on Foreign Affairs have instructed their chairman to report a resolution directing the President to take immediate steps for abrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

The Kansas Conference Committee met on the 19th, but adjourned without agreeing upon a report.

Miscellaneous Items.

A report prevailed in Washington, April 19th, that Vice President Breckenridge was dead. It was generally discredited. Mr. Breckenridge was at New Orleans at last accounts.

Gen. Harney left Washington on the 19th, *en route* for Utah, where he will assume command of the forces in the event of the disability of Major General P. F. Smith.

The Legislature of New York, on the 15th of April, elected William Cullen Bryant Regent of the University, in place of Mr. Greg, deceased.

Two Germans have been arrested and committed for trial in Buffalo, charged with violating the neutrality laws in enlisting men for the British army. Despatches from British officers, going to show the guilt of the accused, were produced on the examination.

A gentleman who arrived in New York on the 15th direct from New Orleans, via the Mississippi river and Memphis, gave a deplorable account of the destruction of property by the flood in that river. He stated that the river had pretty much, with few exceptions, covered the country on both sides all the way from the mouth of Lake Providence to Memphis—several hundred miles. People were seen in the upper stories of houses, while the lower rooms were filled with water. Cattle were standing half submerged, while dogs were resting on logs. In villages people were passing in boats, and moving their effects to places of greater safety. Even deer had been dislodged from their coverts, and were seen swimming in the Mississippi. One fine specimen was taken while swimming across the river in front of the bow of the boat. This flood is said to be without precedent since the year 1844, and at many points it is said to be greater than it. the extent of its damage and destruction of property cannot probably be known until the inundation has partially subsided, communications with many points having been interrupted or entirely cut off.

We learn by telegraph from New Orleans that the ship *Meridian*, of Boston, bound from New York for Panama, was abandoned at sea on the 5th of April. The captain, mate, and two seamen arrived at New Orleans in the ship *Turguin*. The balance of the crew were conveyed to Cuba.

We learn that the brig *Hurricane Bird* arrived at Baltimore at half-past three o'clock on 16th April, with the particulars of the loss of the clipper ship *John Gilpin;* but this important intelligence appears to have been kept private until after the close of business. The matter is to be investigated by the Underwriters.

The value of foreign goods imported at the port of Boston during the week ending 16th April amounted to $641,408, showing a decrease of $492,638 as compared with the corresponding week in 1857.

In the case of Jacob H. Mott, implicated in the Union Bank defalcation, Judge Davies, April 19th, denied motions to discharge the defendant or or to reduce the amount of bail, which is now fixed at $141,000.

Judge Thompson, of the Marine Court, New York, decided on the 15th that negroes may be permitted but are not entitled to seats in public conveyances, and the jury before whom a case involving the point was tried endorsed the opinion.

The number of paupers in the New York Alms-House was 7,542 on the 20th April.

The emigration at New York from foreign ports for 1858 is estimated at only 50,000, which is a great falling off.

The clipper ship *Sunny South* arrived at New York on April 16th, having on board several passengers of the ship *John Gilpin*. The latter vessel, while on the voyage from Honolulu for New Bedford, and when off Cape Horn, on the 29th of January last, at two o'clock in the morning, during a heavy gale, struck a sunken iceberg and sprung aleak. The leak gained rapidly in spite of all exertions to keep the ship free by pumping, and on the 30th she had thirteen feet of water in her hold. At this critical juncture, and just as the ship's company were completing their preparations for abandoning the vessel in the boats, the British ship *Herefordshire* hove in sight, and subsequently rescued the passengers and crew, forty-five in number. The *Herefordshire* put into Bahia, where a portion of the *Gilpin's* passengers were transferred to the brig *Hurricane Bird*, which arrived at Baltimore April 19th. The balance of the passengers and a part of the crew left Bahia in the *Herefordshire*, bound for Cork, and on the voyage fell in with the *Sunny South*, which brought them to New York.

The steam frigate *Susquehanna* arrived at New York April 15th from Kingston, Jamaica, which port she left on the 7th. She has been absent about two years, during which time she has visited the Mediterranean, taken part in the Atlantic telegraph expedition, and latterly been stationed on the coast of Central America watching the filibusters. While lying in the harbor of Greytown, on the 19th ult., the yellow fever broke out among her crew. On reaching Kingston, (Jam.) where she went to obtain coal and medical stores, she had 155 cases of yellow fever, of which number 17 died; among them Lt. Queen, of the marine corps. Shortly after her arrival at New York, several more of the sick died; the remainder, at last dates, were doing well in the Quarantine Hospital.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Our advices from Europe are to April 7th.

Lord Derby had proposed his new bill for the government of India to Parliament. It was more comprehensive than that of Lord Palmerston, but almost identical in spirit with his measure. Both houses had adjourned for the Easter holidays.

Fifteen persons were burned to death while asleep in a house in London. The cotton mill of Messrs. Lewis & Williams, of Manchester, was also burned down, and five hundred employees thrown out of work.

The biddings for the new India loan of £5,000,000 were opened on the 1st, and the tenders at and above 97—the minimum price fixed by the India House—amounted in the aggregate to £4,800,000. The new security was then negotiated on the Stock Exchange at 98.

The revenue returns of Great Britian for the quarter ended on 31st ult. show a decrease, compared with the first quarter of 1857, amounting to $12,544,150.

France remained tranquil, although a new secret society had been discovered, and some of its leading members tried and convicted. Marshal Pelissier was to be entertained by Lord Cowley in Paris previous to taking his departure for London. It was said that General McMahon, with other French Crimean officers, would accompany him to London, and be presented to Queen Victoria. The political relations existing between France and Switzerland and France and Austria were not at all satisfactory. The Paris Bourse was very flat and inanimate.

The new French passport system had been slightly modified. Our Minister at London, Mr. Dallas, had addressed a note to Mr. Baylis, United States Consul at Manchester, explaining how Americans travelling to France will be affected by the new passport system, and stating that the passport of our legation in London must bear the *vise* of the French Consul in that city to be effective, and that the applicant must pay the French Consul for the *vise*.

The publication of portions of the correspondence of Napoleon I. in the Paris *Moniteur* is said to have offended the Emperor of Austria.

It is stated that a duel had been fought in Paris by Mr. Calhoun, of South Carolina, Secretary of the American Legation, and Mr. Brevoort, of New York. The affair terminated without serious consequences.

Orders had been given in Madrid to reinforce the Spanish squadron in the gulf of Mexico with three war vessels. General Concha's government of Cuba had been briskly assailed in the Cortes, and a full statement of the revenue and expenses of the island demanded. It was asserted that the Captains-General were becoming more and more independent of the Crown, as the island became more secure from American filibusters.

The American barque *Petrea*, Capt. Osborne, bound from Havre for New York, with two hundred and seventeen passengers, was wrecked on the 5th inst. on the shoals off Chichester. The passengers and crew were rescued, but the vessel proved a total loss.

We have news from Havana to the 14th of April. Eighteen British gunboats were cruising around the island of Cuba in order, as asserted, to prevent the landing of negroes, but the search exercised by them on American vessels is reported as very insolent. A magnificent ball was given on the 11th on board the Spanish war ship Isabella II. It was a dazzling scene of female beauty, diamonds, and dress. The health of Havana remained good.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

By the arrival at Steilacoom, on Saturday night last, 29th ult., of the steamer *Panama*, Capt. W. L. Dall, we have dates from San Francisco to May 23d.

In the San Francisco *Herald* of the 22d ult., we find an account of a horrible tragedy perpetrated near Oakland about the 15th ult., in which four men were cruelly murdered by seven Mexicans. It appears that, after having been hospitably entertained and lodged in the house of two Frenchmen, named Borel and Baratier, six of the Mexicans mounted their horses and departed, leaving one of their number behind at the house of the Frenchmen. Shortly afterwards, Mons. Borel and Baratier, with two vaqueros, also left the house; the wife of the last named Frenchman staying behind to attend to her household duties. While the Frenchmen and vaqueros were in the field, about noon, they were suddenly attacked by the six Mexicans who had departed in the morning, and, without chance of escape, were all cruelly murdered. The Mexicans then joined their companion at the house, which they ransacked and plundered of $2,900 in money and jewelry. Mrs. Baratier was allowed by the robbers to escape to Oakland.

The *Alta California* devotes a large space in its columns to the recent gold discoveries on Frazer's River. It seems to apprehend a partial depopulation of California, and speculates on the probable consequences of the gold discovery here.

The government of Basle, Switzerland, has refused to admit the new consulate which the French government desired to establish there.

Miscellaneous.

MILES J. WEST. PETER RUNQUIST.

WEST & CO.,

BLACKSMITHS & HORSE-SHOERS,

Are prepared to execute with neatness and dispatch all work in their line entrusted to their charge. Both of them being experienced in their respective branches, they are enabled to guarantee all work done by them. 10-tf

FARMS FOR SALE.

TWO FARMS OF 160 ACRES OF LAND each, situated in the Puyallup bottoms, 15 miles east of Steilacoom, Pierce county, W. T., for sale. For fertility they are unsurpassed by any in Washington Territory.

The undersigned, having completed their residence and proved up, are now prepared to sell and give deeds for the same. For particulars inquire of the undersigned, or of J. R. Meeker & Sons, Steilacoom.

ISAAC LEMON.
10-4* A. S. PERHAM.

CLARKE DREW,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,

Steilacoom, W. T.,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO REPAIRing Watches, Clocks, &c.

Jewelry made to order. Having on hand a good assortment of material, he will do all work entrusted to him neatly and in the shortest time. 1-1y

STEILACOOM

LIVERY STABLE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ESTABlished himself in the above business in this place, will devote his attention exclusively to conducting it in a proper and satisfactory manner.

Good Saddle Horses will be kept in readiness for the accommodation of the public.

Also, a fine spring BUGGY, for parties wishing to enjoy a pleasant ride through the country.

STABLING furnished at moderate rates.

1-1y CHARLES STEWART.

GALLAGHER'S

HARDWARE ESTABLISHMENT,

Main street, Olympia, W. T.

GEORGE GALLAGHER,

Dealer in Stoves, Hardware, Tinware, Agricultural Implements, &c.,

HAS ON HAND, AND OFFERS FOR SALE, a large and well selected stock of the above articles at the lowest rates.

Tinware and Sheet Iron work of every description manufactured to order at short notice, and forwarded to any part of the country. All orders promptly attended to.

GEORGE GALLAGHER,
8-1y Main st, Olympia.

FOWLER & CO.,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD assortment of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY;
TINWARE,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
CROCKERYWARE,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,
FURNITURE,
SHIP CHANDLERY AND STORES,
MINING TOOLS, &c.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T. 7-tf

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

The fast-sailing schooner
I. I. STEVENS,
40 tons burden, in good order. She is about fifteen months old, and can be bought cheap for cash.

For terms apply on board, or to

W. FITZPATRICK,
11-tf Bellingham Bay.

JONES & FITZPATRICK.

Hardware, Mining Tools, Groceries,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HAVING OPENED A STORE AT WHATCOM, WITH A large and desirable assortment of goods, the subscribers are prepared to supply miners and others, in wholesale or retail quantities, with goods suited to their wants, such as

MINING TOOLS OF ALL KINDS,
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
CLOTHING,
CROCKERYWARE,
TINWARE, ETC., ETC.,

Which they will sell at the lowest prices for cash.

JONES & FITZPATRICK,
11-tf Whatcom, W. T.

HO! FOR FRAZER'S RIVER!

FOR THE CONVENIENCE OF PARTIES ON THEIR WAY to the Mines, the undersigned have established a branch store on Point Robert, at the mouth of Fraser's River, where miners can obtain everything requisite for working and subsistence in the mines.

Provisions of all descriptions constantly on hand, besides Clothing and Mining Tools in endless variety.

11-tf JONES & FITZPATRICK.

NOTICE.

THE HOSPITAL STEWARD AT FORT Steilacoom has on hand a quantity of Medicines and Drugs, which he will sell to citizens.

Prescriptions for Syphilis and Gonorrhœa carefully compounded.

Inquire at the Hospital Steward's room, Hospital building.

4-tf CHAS. J. FITZGERALD.

COARSE SALT—In bbls and for sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

PLOWS—Boston Steel Clipper and Eagle Cast Iron Plows, on hand and for sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

Shipping.

FOR BELLINGHAM BAY,

THE NEAREST AND MOST DIRECT POINT TO THE

FRAZER'S RIVER GOLD MINES!

The U. S. Mail Steamer

SEA BIRD,

FRANCIS CONNOR, Commander,

Will leave Olympia every FRIDAY, at 2 P.M., touching at Steilacoom, Seattle, Port Madison, Port Gamble, Port Ludlow, Port Townsend and Whidby's Island.

For Passage or Freight, at reduced rates, apply to the captain on board, or to

6-tf P. A. OWENS, Agent.

BALCH'S REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS BETWEEN

PUGET SOUND

AND

SAN FRANCISCO

Is composed of the following first class vessels:

Barque ORK, 250 Tons,
A. Y. TRASK, Commander;
AND
Brig CYRUS, 213 Tons,
W. H. DIGGS, Commander.

The above vessels are commanded by experienced and gentlemanly captains, well known to the trade, and will run regularly between Puget Sound (W. T.) and San Francisco.

Freight will be taken at San Francisco for all points on the Sound.

Goods from any of the Atlantic States for Puget Sound will be carefully received at San Francisco and promptly forwarded.

BALCH & WEBBER,
Steilacoom, W. T.
LAFAYETTE BALCH,
1-tf Stewart st., San Francisco.

Miscellaneous.

OLYMPIA

HARDWARE EMPORIUM.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ENTERED INTO COpartnership in the

HARDWARE, STOVE AND TIN BUSINESS,

will hereafter (at the old stand of W. N. Ayers) keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

HARDWARE,
STOVES,
TINWARE,
IRON, STEEL,
CASTINGS, &c.

Also, constantly on hand, a large and choice assortment of

Paints, Oils, Groceries, &c., &c.

All orders from a distance will be attended to with care and dispatch.

Send in your orders and give us a trial.

BARNES & AYERS.
1-tf Olympia, W. T.

ARMY NOTICE.

150 TONS OF HAY WANTED.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Hay," will be received at the office of the undersigned, at Fort Steilacoom, W. T., until TUESDAY, June 15th, 1858, for delivering at Fort Steilacoom, or at Steilacoom Creek Landing, 150 tons of the best, sound, dry Hay of the country. The deliveries may be from time to time, but the whole must be delivered on or prior to October 1st, 1858.

Each bid must be accompanied with the names of two responsible persons, as guarantors that the contract, if received, will be faithfully complied with. The right to reject all bids is reserved.

A. V. KAUTZ,
1st Lieut. 4th Infantry,
9-td A. A. Q. M.

PROPOSALS FOR MILITARY ROAD.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED IN Portland, O. T., until 12 M. of June 9th, for the performance of the following work on the Steilacoom and Bellingham Bay Military Road, viz:

1. For opening a trail from the head of Salmon Bay, near Seattle, to Whatcom, on the line of the Military Road as marked out last fall.

This line crosses the Snohomish, Stillquamish and Skagit Rivers at a distance generally of from 10 to 12 miles from their mouths. The length of the line is about 80 miles, more or less.

The portion between Salmon Bay and the Snohomish, and from thence to the Stillquamish, is in general level table land, and will not require much work.

From the Stillquamish to the Skagit the line follows the valleys of streams, and passes by two small lakes. The country is uneven, and the outlets of these lakes and some sloughs will require bridges.

From the Skagit to Whatcom the country is rough in places. There will be about half a mile of crosslaying, and a high hill to cross. Around Samish Lake, and from its head, part of the way to Whatcom, there are occasional steep side hills, which will require some grading.

An Indian trail extends from the foot of the lakes to the Skagit, and from that river to the foot of Samish Lake.

Only such work will be required as is indispensably necessary to make a trail which can be readily passed over, such as would be known as a good trail for pack animals.

Bids must be accompanied by guarantees of the good faith of the contractor. The contract is to be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War. In case of disapproval, payment to be made for work already done at contract prices.

Bidders will specify a certain sum per mile, and bonds will be required to be completed by November 1st.

Bids to be endorsed "Proposals for trail to Bellingham Bay." No bids will be considered which does not fulfil these conditions.

G. H. MENDELL,
11-3 1st Lieut. Top'l Engineers.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS;

PORTLAND, OREGON;

TAKES GREAT PLEASURE IN RETURNing his thanks to his friends and customers in Washington Territory, for their very liberal patronage.

Watches, Jewelry, &c., left with WILLIAMS'S Express will be sent over, and the charges can be collected on delivery. All orders per William's Express will meet with prompt attention, and all Watches warranted to keep good time.

On hand and for sale low,

Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, &c.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,
1-tf Watchmaker, Portland.

MINING TOOLS.

EX STEAMER COLUMBIA—
12 doz L H Shovels;
12 doz Collins' Picks;
6 doz Sluice Forks;
Tom Iron, &c.,
For sale cheap by
FOWLER & CO.,
10-tf Fort Townsend.

EX STEAMER PANAMA—
10 bbls Pork;
10 bbls Beef;
6000 lbs Bacon and Hams;
1000 lbs lard;
5000 lbs No. 1 China Sugar;
3000 lbs Beans;
2000 lbs Rice;
100 bbls flour in quarter sacks;
And everything that miners want can be found at the store of
FOWLER & CO.,
10-tf Fort Townsend.

J. W. SULLIVAN,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Washington street, adjoining the Post Office,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

WOULD call the attention of all Booksellers, Expressmen and News Agents to a large list of Newspapers and Magazines which he will furnish with despatch, together with Books, Stationery, and all the Cheap Publications of the day, at the lowest market prices, carefully packed and legibly directed. As this list can never be perfect, he will send a specimen copy of all new publications, if desired. Dealers will find it greatly to their advantage to have all their orders packed in this establishment, as they can *be supplied in advance of any other house*. All orders will be answered *promptly*.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s

OREGON, CALIFORNIA AND ATLANTIC STATES

EXPRESS COMPANY.

TREASURE, PACKAGES, PARCELS, LETTERS and FREIGHT forwarded from all parts of Washington Territory, by every steamer, to all parts of

California, and the Atlantic States,

leaving the office at Olympia about the 5th and 20th of every month.

DRAFTS procured on CALIFORNIA and all the EASTERN CITIES, and particular attention paid to the collection of Notes, Accounts, &c., in all parts of the United States.

All orders for the purchase of Merchandise, Books, &c., attended to with punctuality and dispatch.

J. E. & C. WILLIAMS, Agents,
At the store of J. B. Webber & Co.
Steilacoom, March 12, 1858. 1-tf

San Francisco.

MUSIC!

MUSIC FOR THE MILLION

AT

KOHLER'S,

No. 178 Washington st.

SONGS,
WALTZES,
POLKAS,
SCHOTTISCHES,
QUADRILLES,
MAZURKAS,
SELECTIONS FROM ALL THE OPERAS,
Etc., Etc., Etc.,
BY THE MOST EMINENT COMPOSERS.

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INSTRUCTORS—For all Instruments,
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Miscellany.

Why he did it.

Mr. Stacy left Philadelphia, for San Francisco, in 1856. He went to seek his fortune, but found the elephant. He saw the "critter," and instead of digging for gold, made up his mind to "dig out" and put for home. He arrived on Tuesday last in this city. He is well known here, and has always enjoyed a good character; and yet on Wednesday morning he was arrested for stealing a watch from Mr. Benson, his neighbor. The case was examined on Thursday before a magistrate.

'State your case, Mr. Benson.'

'Well, sir, I was at the railroad depot on Tuesday last, waiting for the cars to come in. While doing this, I felt somebody snatch my watch. I immediately turned round and seized the prisoner, who was the nearest man to me. I then called a policeman.'

'What then?'

'Who took him to the station-house, where he was searched and the watch found upon his person.'

'What is the value of the watch?'

'Some thirty-five dollars.'

'Such being the case, the offense amounts to grand larceny. What have you to say to the charge, Stacy?'

'Nothing, except that I am as innocent of the crime as you are.'

'Innocent! nonsense! How came Mr. Benson's watch in your pocket?'

'Can't say. All I know is, that it is found there.'

'And that, you must allow, is a very strong confirmation of your guilt.'

'I know it, sir; and yet I'm innocent.'

The protest, however, did not avail much. The matter appeared to be so clear and undisputed an act of felony, that the magistrate commenced making out a commitment. Just as he was putting a tail to the last Y, a green-looking customer got up and asked the magistrate if he might 'have a swear.'

'In what case?'

'This one about the watch.'

'What do you know about it?'

'Administer the oath, and you'll find out, may-be.'

The oath was administered and the examination resumed.

'What is your name?'

'William P. Brown.'

'Where do you reside?'

'In G—— street.'

'Have you ever seen that watch?'

'Yes, sir-ee! I have seen it on two occasions—the last time when it was taken from Stacy's pocket.'

'Then you saw it taken from Stacy's pocket, did you?'

'I did, sir; and I saw more than that. I saw it go in there.'

'This is very important, sir. You saw the watch taken from Benson?'

'I did, sir.'

'And placed in Stacy's pocket?'

'I did, sir.'

Here Mr. R——, the counsel for Benson, hinted to the court that the case might as well close, as the felony had been proved beyond all questioning. The magistrate viewed matters differently, and decided to let Brown have his 'swear' out.

'Well, Brown, go on with your story. You say you saw Stacy place the watch in his pocket?'

'No, sir-ee, I didn't say anything of the kind, because it was not so.'

'Not so? What do you mean?'

'Just this; that Benson placed the watch in Stacy's pocket himself, and then hollered Police!'

'Possible?'

"Yes, sir. But that ain't all, squire. I know what he did it for. Shall I tell you?'

'Do so, in as few words as possible.'

'For the last fifteen months Mr. Benson has been running a line with Stacy's wife, and he wishes to keep up the fun for the remainder of the season. To do this pleasantly, he wishes to get Stacy out of the city. To effect this, he has fastened a felony upon him, and is now striving to get him into the penitentiary.'

The testimony of Mr. Brown filled the court with astonishment. The magistrate called upon Mr. Benson for an explanation. Mr. Benson was disconcerted and did not reply. The result was, that he was held for perjury, while Stacy was honorably discharged, and all brought about by Mr. Brown having a 'swear.' The magistrate allowed that the case was one of the most infamous conspiracies ever developed before a court of justice.—[Phil. Sunday Mercury.

And The I Let Him.

A school teacher relates the following amusing incident:—One day I saw a little fellow with his arms around a little witch of a girl endeavoring, if I interpreted the manifestation right, to kiss her.

"Tommy," said I, "what are you doing there?"

"Nothing, thir," spoke the bright-eyed little witch; "he wath tryin to kith me, that he wath, thir," and eyed hm keenly.

"Why, Lucy, what prompted him to act so ungentlemanly, right here in school?" I asked, anticipating some fun.

"O, he hithed up here, and he wanted me to kith him, and I told him that I wouldn't kith such a thumthy boy ath he ith; then he thed he'd kiss me, and I told him that he darthn't, but he thed he would do it, and I told him I would tell the mathter, if he did, but he thed he didn't care a thamp for the mathter, and then tried to kith me hard;" and the little thing sighed.

"Why didn't you tell me as you said you would?" I asked in a pleasing manner.

"O," she replied, with a *naivete* I did not often see, "I didn't care much if he did kith me, and tho I let him."

Here the whole school, which had been listening attentively, broke out in an uproarious laugh, while our little hero and heroine blushed deeply.

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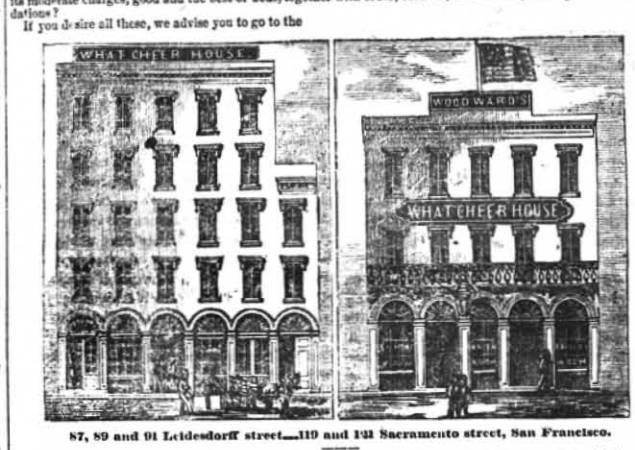

87, 89 and 91 Leidesdorff street.....119 and 121 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

This establishment is centrally located in the business part of the city, and in the immediate vicinity of the Steamship Co.'s office the Express Co.'s offices, and the United States Branch Mint.

Board, per week, $5; Board, per day, $1; Meals, 50 cents; Lodgings, 50 to 75 cents.

Single rooms, furnished complete, 75 cents per night.

Rooms or Lodgings can be had by the night or week, with or without board, to suit the convenience of all.

The beds are fitted up in the very best style, with patent French springs, and the best of curled hair matrasses, clean bedding, &c.

BATHS FREE!

By unremitting attention and untiring efforts to furnish the greatest amount of comfort and convenience at extremely low prices, the proprietor hopes to merit a continuance of the increasing patronage that the WHAT CHEER HOUSE at present enjoys.

For the accommodation of miners and others having money or valuables, there are two large safes in the office.

There is an extensive Library and Reading Room, well supplied with papers, periodicals, &c.

THE HOUSE IS OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Travelers will please to remember that there are no runners connected with this establishment.

The What Cheer House is conducted on strictly temperance principles.

1-3m R. B WOODWARD, Proprietor.

BROOKLYN HOTEL,
Corner of Broadway and Sansome streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS WELL known and old established house is still at his old tricks—of feeding the public at the low price of Six Dollars per week, and still they come to partake of his good and well furnished table; and as Mr. Kelly is one of the pioneer hotel keepers of this city, he pledges himself that there will be nothing wanting at his house to make the public comfortable.

The house is centrally located, in the vicinity of the Custom House, Post Office, and also of the up river and ocean steamers.

The house contains a number of single and family rooms, well ventilated, suitable for ladies and single gentlemen.

There is also attached to the house a Reading Room, and a Library which contains a large number of selected standard works. There is also, at the arrival of each steamer, a wagon, which belongs to the house, to convey passengers and baggage, free of charge. The public are respectfully requested to give the house a trial.

Board, per week, $6; per day, $1; Meals, 50 cents; Lodging, per night, 50 to 75 cents; Lodging, per week, $2 to $4. JOHN KELLY, Jr., Proprietor.

San Francisco, Dec. 26, 1857. 1 3m

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Corner of Main and Second streets,
OLYMPIA, W. T.
SILAS GALLIHER, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR HAS RECENTLY ERECTED, IN CONnection with and as a part of the "Washington Hotel," a large two story building, 20 by 60 feet, by which he is enabled to provide the travelling public with a larger number of capacious, comfortable and excellently ventilated apartments than can be afforded by any other public house in Washington Territory. An idea of his ability to accommodate the public may be judged from the fact that the hotel contains twenty-five private rooms, (exclusive of family apartments) six of which are large drawing rooms or parlors.

Thankful to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the proprietor, and having thus enlarged upon his former business, he feels confident he can render the sojourn of strangers with him comfortable and pleasant, and no pains shall be spared to set his table as well as any in like business. Beds and bedrooms furnished to such as may desire them.

Board by the day and week.

A good stable is attached to this establishment, which will be amply supplied with forage for the accommodation of animals of the traveling public.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
OLYMPIA, Dec. 4th, 1857 8 1y

SEED WAREHOUSE,
NO. 110 CALIFORNIA STREET.
(Established in 1850.)

THE UNDERSIGNED, SUCCESSOR TO THE late firm of J. M. Moore & Co., has constantly on hand, and receives by every express and clipper ship from the Atlantic States and Europe, additions to his already large assortment of choice

Field and Garden Seeds,
Flower Seeds,
Pinit Seeds,
Tree Seeds,
Canary, Hemp, Millet, Rape and Maw Seeds,
Herb Seeds,
French Sugar Beet Seed,
Chinese Sugar Cane Seed,
Dutch Bulbous Roots,
Other Flowering Roots,
Bulb Glasses,
Garden Tools, &c., &c.,

Which he offers to the Farmers and to the trade generally on the most liberal terms. The old and wide-spread reputation of this House, furnishing the best seeds that can be procured in the Eastern States and Europe, is a sure guarantee that every article sold will prove true to label, and will grow, if properly planted. Most of the Garden Seeds are raised and put up by the Shakers at New Lebanon, New York.

N.B.—Parties wishing small papers of Seeds for samples can have the same forwarded by mail, (postage paid) by forwarding the cash, at the rate of 25 cents per paper; also, packages of Flower Seeds forwarded through the mail at the same rates.

Catalogues furnished on application, with prices attached.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by
S. W. MOORE,
Importer and Dealer in Seeds, &c.,
1-3m No. 110 California st., San Francisco.

FRESH FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS

JUST RECEIVED, BY EXPRESS, A LARGE ASsortment of fresh Field and Garden Seeds, and will constantly receive, by every express for the season, from the best growers in the Eastern States and Europe, so that purchasers may rely with confidence on any seeds they may purchase from our store.

Among our assortments we have on hand at present—
800 lbs best White French Sugar Beet;
300 lbs Long Blood Beet;
200 lbs best Yellow D Onion; also White and Red Onion;
150 lbs Cabbage, of assorted kinds;
800 lbs Turnip, of assorted kinds;
500 lbs Carrot, of assorted kinds;
100 lbs Parsnip;
200 lbs Radish, assorted;
150 lbs Cucumber, assorted;
200 lbs Melon, assorted;
500 lbs Osage Orange, best quality;
1000 lbs best Timothy Grass;
2000 lbs best Red Clover;
50 bushels Kentucky Blue Grass, best quality;
30 bushels Red Top Grass, best quality;
20 bushels Rye Grass, best quality;
20 bushels Mixed Lawn Grass, best quality;
1500 lbs Millet, best quality, for seed;
500 lbs Canary, best quality, for seed;
500 lbs Hemp, best quality, for seed;
500 lbs Rape, best quality, for seed;
800 lbs Winter Vetches, for Cattle feed;
Garden Shears, Pruning and Budding Knives.

Also, a full collection of all kinds of Field, Fruit, Garden and Flower Seeds, ALL OF WHICH WE CAN WARRANT.

Sold wholesale and retail, in quantities to suit purchasers, at our Seed Store.

N.B.—All orders forwarded to J. P. Sweeney & Co., Seedmen and Florists, will meet with immediate attention.

J. P. SWEENEY & CO.,
1-3m 108 California st., San Francisco.

J. KINGSBURY. A. DODGE.
FRANKLIN HOUSE,
Corner of Broadway and Sansome streets,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Board per week, $5; Board and Lodging per week, $8 to $10; single meals, 50 cents; Board per day, $1; Lodgings, 50 to 75 cents.

KINGSBURY & DODGE,
Proprietors.
N.B.—The Baggage Wagon runs from the boats free of charge. 1 3m

JOHN D. ARTHUR,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Washington street, near Davis.

HAS JUST RECEIVED, BY LATE ARRIvals from the East, and will continue to receive, a large and varied assortment of

AGRICULTURAL GOODS,
Among which are the following, which will be
Sold at the Lowest Market Rates:

Ox Yokes, assorted sizes, complete;
Ox Bows, best Vermont make, in cases of 5 dozen pairs;
Grindstones, assorted sizes—a large assortment;
Ox Yokes, plain; ox bow pins; ox chains;
Churns, thermometer and cylinder, assorted sizes;
Steel Garden Rakes, assorted sizes; Potato Hooks and Spades;
Steel Spades, Ames's, square; long and short handled Shovels;
Hoes, (Tuttle No. 1) assorted sizes; California and Planters' Hoes;
Steel grain and coal Scoops; Hay Knives;
Crowbars, Sledges, Screw Wrenches, Brushes;
Hay Cutters, assorted sizes; Horse and Wool Cards;
Axes, Hunt's and Collins's; Store Trucks, assorted sizes;
Hay Forks, 2, 3 and 4 tine, Tuttle's and other kinds;
Barley Forks, large; Manure and Straw Forks;
Hay Rakes; Barley Rakes, best quality;
Seed-sowers; Cultivators, with steel and cast iron teeth;
Horse Rakes, revolving and steel teeth;
Farm Wagons, light and heavy; Harness;
Carts and Cart Harness; Harness; Horse Collars;
Canal Barrows, best quality, in cases of 12 each;
Winches, for the Mines; Double Trees, three horse do;
Plows, steel and cast iron, of all sizes and prices;
Plow Points, all kinds; Trace Chains; Post Augers;
Cheese Presses; Cheese hoops; Well buckets;
Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Grant's, extra fingers;
Axe, Pick, Sledge, Fork and Rake handles;
Corn Mills, grain Mills; Sickles; Scythe Stones;
Fanning Mills, assorted sizes; Extra Knives, Boxes;
Sections, &c., for Reapers; Extra Arms for Threshers;
Reapers, Mowers, Threshers, &c.

The subscriber, having purchased and made arrangements for a full supply of Agricultural Implements, in New York and Boston, from whence he has but recently returned, he will be

IN THE CONSTANT RECEIPT
OF
Fresh Goods, well adapted to this Market,

by clipper ships arriving during the season, which he can afford and will sell on as favorable terms as any other similar establishment on the Pacific coast. Farmers and dealers will find it for their interest to call and see the subscriber, at his agricultural warerooms

JOHN D. ARTHUR,
1-3m 3 and 4 Washington street, near Davis.

DR. GUYSOTT'S IMPROVED
Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla
IN QUART BOTTLES,

IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST Sarsaparilla made, as is certified by the wonderful cures it has performed. Remember, this is the only true and genuine article. This medicine, when used according to directions,

WILL CURE WITHOUT FAIL

Scrofula, or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, Old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Disease of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Disease arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Jaundice and Costiveness.

The Best Female Medicine known.

The Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted for females of delicate health, resulting from irregularity of menstrual discharges and other diseases peculiar to their sex. We assure the afflicted that a bottle or two of Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla will at once regulate those difficulties and renew the natural energies.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by unprincipled Druggists. Take none but the genuine, which is put up in Quart Bottles, and sold by all respectable druggists.

PARK & WHITE, Sole Agents,
132 Washington street, San Francisco.

Also, Importers and general Agents for all the genuine PATENT MEDICINE, and sell the same in quantities to suit at reduced rates. 1-3m

WHO WANTS WHITE TEETH, CLEAR SKIN, and beautiful dark hair?—One trial will satisfy any one of the superb qualities possessed by the following fine preparations:

Lafont's West India Soap Tooth Root
whitens and polishes the teeth, purifies the breath, and cleanses the tongue, mouth, etc.

Jones's Italian Soap
makes discolored, eruptive skin clear, fine and white, and is the best Shaving Soap made.

Jones's Coral Hair Restorative
forces the hair to grow dark, stops its falling, dresses and beautifies it.

Sold at greatly reduced prices by all respectable druggists in California and Oregon. 1 3m

San Francisco.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S
Grand Medical and Surgical Institute,
Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, San Francisco.

Established in 1834, for the Permanent Cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, and the suppression of quackery.

Attending and Resident Physician,
L. J. CZAPKAY, M D.

Late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War, Chief Physician to the 20th Regiment of Honveds, Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pesth, Hungary, and late Lecturer on the Diseases of Women and Children.

Communications strictly confidential. Consultations, by letter or otherwise, free.

Address DR. L. J. CZAPKAY,
San Francisco, Cal.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, digestive and genital organs, and all private diseases, viz: Syphilitic ulcers, gonorrhea, gleet, strictures, seminal weakness, and all the horrid consequences of self abuse, and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice of many years will continue to ensure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, and during the Hungarian war and campaigns, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references of unquestionable veracity from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him, by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment, and implicit secrecy.

Suffer not when a Cure is guaranteed in all stages of Secret Diseases.

Self-abuse, Nervous Debility, Syphilis in all its stages, Strictures, Gleets, Gravel, Diabetes, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Mercurial Rheumatism, Scrofula, Pains in the Bones and Ankles, Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose and Eyes, Ulcers upon the Body or Limbs, Cancers, Dropsy, Epileptic Fits, St. Vitus's Dance, and all diseases arising from a derangement of the Sexual Organs,

Such as Nervous Trembling, Loss of Memory, Loss of Power, general Weakness, Dimness of Vision with peculiar spots appearing before the eyes, Loss of Sight, Wakefulness, Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Eruption upon the Face, Pain in the Back and Head, Female Irregularities, and all improper discharges of both sexes. It matters not from what cause the disease originated, however long standing or obstinate the case, recovery is certain, and in a shorter time than a permanent cure can be effected by any other treatment, even after the disease has baffled the skill of eminent physicians and resisted all their means of cure. The medicines prescribed are pleasant, without odor, entirely vegetable, causing no sickness, and free from mercury or balsam. During fifteen years of practice, in Europe, the Atlantic States and California, I have rescued from the jaws of death many thousands, who, in the last stages of the above mentioned diseases, had been given up to die by their physicians, which warrants me in promising to the afflicted who may place themselves under my care a perfect and speedy cure. Private diseases are the greatest enemies to health, as they are the first cause of Consumption, Scrofula, and many other diseases, and should be a terror to the human family. A permanent cure is scarcely ever effected; a majority of the cases falling into the hands of incompetent persons, who not only fail to cure the disease, but ruin the constitution, filling the system with mercury, which, with the disease, hastens the sufferer into a rapid consumption.

But should the disease and treatment not cause death speedily, and the victim marries, the disease is entailed upon the children, who are born with feeble constitutions, and the current of life corrupted by a virus which betrays itself in scrofula, tetter, ulcers, eruptions, and other afflictions of the skin, eyes, throat and lungs, entailing upon them a brief existence of suffering, and consigning them to an early grave.

Self abuse is another formidable enemy to health, for nothing else in the dread catalogue of human diseases causes so destructive a drain upon the system, drawing its thousands of victims through a few years of suffering down to an untimely grave. It destroys the nervous system, rapidly wastes away the energies of life, causes mental derangement, prevents the proper development of the system, disqualifies for marriage, society, business, and all earthly happiness, and leaves the sufferer wrecked in body and mind, predisposed to consumption and a train of evils more to be dreaded than death itself. With the fullest confidence I assure the unfortunate victims of Self-abuse that a permanent and speedy cure can be effected, and, with the abandonment of ruinous practices, my patients can be restored to robust, vigorous health.

Irregularities and all diseases of males and females treated on principles established by fifteen years of practice and sanctioned by thousands of the most remarkable cures. Medicines, with full directions, sent to any part of California, Oregon and Washington Territories, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.

Address DR. L. J CZAPKAY,
Medical Institute, Sacramento street,
below Montgomery, opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Office, San Francisco.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S PRIVATE MEDICAL AND Surgical Institute is on Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s office, San Francisco. The Doctor offers free consultation, and asks no remuneration unless he effects a cure. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.

* CERTIFICATE.

I, the undersigned, Governor of Hungary, do testify hereby that Dr. L. J. Czapkay has served during the contest for Hungarian liberty, as Chief Surgeon in the Hungarian army, with faithful perseverance—whereof I have given him this certificate, and do recommend him to the sympathy, attention and protection of all those who are capable of appreciating patriotic self sacrifice and undeserved misfortune. KOSSUTH LAJOS,
Governor of Hungary.
Washington City, Jan. 6th, 1852.

SPERMATORRHŒA, or LOCAL WEAKNESS, NERVOUS Debility. Low Spirits, Lassitude, Weakness of the Limbs and back, Indisposition and Incapability for Labor and Study, Dullness of Apprehension, Loss of Memory, aversion to society, love of solitude, timidity, self-distrust, dizziness, headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the side, affections of the eyes, pimples on the face, sexual and other infirmities in man, are cured without fail by the justly celebrated Physician and Surgeon, Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY. His method of curing diseases is new, (unknown to others) and hence his great success. All consultation, by letter or otherwise, free. Address L. J. CZAPKAY, M.D., San Francisco, California. 1-3m

WASHINGTON INVALIDS.

All who feel weak, ailing and debilitated, physically or mentally, whether from disease, taking too much medicine, climate, dissipation or intemperance, read:

DO YOU FEEL PROSTRATION OF THE nerves, the body or the mind? Are your limbs continually weak and tired? Do you feel languid and exhausted, and incapable of exercise or labor? Are your nerves unstrung, your spirits low, and a general feeling of exhaustion, insalmation and weakness pervading your mental and bodily functions? If so, you are conscientiously assured that Dr. JACOB WEBBER'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL will give you strength, animation and vigor. Are you

Dyspeptic, Rheumatic, Consumptive?

If so, you will find, after taking this, that your appetite has slightly increased, your digestion eased, that you enjoy your food, the rheumatic pains departing, and a general feeling of strength in your chest, breath, lungs, stomach and body.

Exhaustion and Torpor of the Functions,

brought on by excess, debauchery, drunkenness or disease. The wretched beings who suffer from these causes are delighted at the beautiful feeling of exhilaration, buoyancy of spirits and vigor given by it.

Wakefulness, Trembling, Vague Fears,

Loss of memory, palpitation of the heart, irritability, dimness of sight, symptoms of consumption, etc., etc., and all similar ailments, find a speedy relief and a future prevention of the causes.

Weakness in Females and Aged Persons

are singularly benefitted, the dormant functions of nature are reanimated, and the blood enriched.

Dr. Jacob Webber can only, in conclusion, assure the afflicted that this Cordial is the offspring of forty-two years study and research, and it is all he represents it.

Sold by druggists generally throughout California and Oregon. 1 3m