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THE BREEZE IN THE CHURCH.

'Twas a sunny day, and the morning psalm
We sang in the Church together;
We felt in our hearts the joy and calm
Of the calm and joyous weather.

The slow, and sweet, and sacred strain,
Through every bosom stealing,
Checked every thought that was light and vain,
And waked each holy feeling.

We knew by its sunny gleam how clear
Was the blue sky smiling o'er us,
And in every pause of the hymn could hear
The wild birds' happy chorus.

And lo! from its haunts by cave or rill,
With a sudden start awaking,
A breeze came fluttering down the hill,
Its fragrant pinions shaking.

Through the open windows it bent its way,
And down the chancel's centre,
Like a privileged thing, that at night will stray,
And in holy places enter.

From niche to niche, from nook to nook,
With a lightsome rustle flying,
It lifted the leaves of the Holy Book
On the altar-cushion lying.

It fanned the old clerk's hoary hair,
And the children's bright young faces;
Then vanished, no one knew how or where,
Leaving its pleasant traces.

It left sweet thoughts of summer hours
Spent on the quiet mountains;
And the Church seemed full of the scent of flowers,
And the trickling fall of fountains.

The image of scenes so still and fair,
With our music sweetly blended,
While it seemed their whispered hymn took share
In the praise that to heaven ascended.

We thought of Him who had poured the rills,
And through the green mountains led them;
Whose hand, when He piled the enduring hills,
With a mantle of beauty spread them.

And a purer passion was borne above,
In a louder anthem swelling,
And we bowed to the visible spirit of love,
On those calm summits dwelling.

THE HEART—THE HEART!

BY ELIZA COOK.

The heart—the heart! oh! let it be
A true and bounteous thing;
As kindly warm, as nobly free,
As eagle's nestling wing.
Oh! keep it not, like miser's gold,
Shut in from all beside;
But let its precious stores unfold,
In mercy far and wide.
The heart—the heart that's truly blest,
Is never all its own;
No ray of glory lights the breast
That beats for self alone.

The heart—the heart! oh! let it spare
A sigh for other's pain;
The breath that soothes a brother's care
Is never spent in vain.
And though it throbs at gentlest touch,
Or sorrow's faintest call,
'Twere better it should ache too much,
Than never ache at all.
The heart—the heart that's truly blest,
Is never all its own;
No ray of glory lights the breast
That beats for self alone.

Genuine Eloquence.

Letch, in his "Travels in Ireland," says:—In my morning rambles, a man sitting on the ground leaning his back against the wall, attracted my attention by a look of squalor in his appearance, which I rarely before observed, even in Ireland. His clothes were ragged to indecency—a very common circumstance, however, with the males—and his face was pale and sickly. He did not address me, and I passed by; but having gone a few paces, my heart smote me, and I turned back.

"If you are in want," said I, with some degree of peevishness, "why do you not beg?"

"Sure its begging I am," was the reply.

"You did not utter a word."

"No! it's joking you are with me, sir? Look there," said he, holding up the tattered remnants of what had once been a coat, "do you see how the skin is speaking through my trowsers, and the bones crying out through my skin? Look at my sunken cheeks, and the famine that's staring in my eyes! Man alive! is'nt it begging with a hundred tongues?"

Rules of the Gossiping Club.

Any member of this society who shall be convicted of knowing more of his own business than another's, shall be expelled from the society without a hearing.

No member shall sit down to his own table until he has ascertained to a certainty what his neighbors, within three doors of either side of his house, have to eat—whether they have paid for the same, and if not, if they expect to.

Every member who shall see two or three persons engaged in conversation, shall place himself between them until he has heard all they have to say, and report the same accordingly.

Every member who shall see a gentleman visiting a lady more than twice, shall circulate the news that they are going to be married; and said members are forthwith required to report all manner of things about the lady to the gentleman, and ditto about the gentleman to the lady. This will break up matches and afford much good gossip.

Embalming.

The custom was invented in Egypt, to preserve the memory of the parent, a respect to whom was deemed one of the prime duties of a family—and a sound policy it was, for on that the great doctrine and chain of morality depends. When that chain is broken, every man's will becomes a law; the husband neglects the wife, the wife the child, the child the parent; the will of each is the sole rule; hence the dissipation of the present time.

MY EYES.

BY ISAAC S. REED, JR.

Horrible to tell, I am an ugly man. My features have no regularity, my form no grace, my whole self no beauty. My long, ugly colored hair will not curl, or dispose itself gracefully around my not high, my not poetical forehead. My cheeks have no color, saving when I am angry. My lips are not rosy. My nose, thanks to Heaven, is not a "snub," but it is far enough from being a fine organ. My chin is not striking or Napoleonic. My neck is long and my figure is lank.

But I am said to have two personal charms. (Charms—Heaven save the mark!) The one is a small, well-formed hand, (the girls all say my hand is all this;) the other is a pair of expressive eyes. Reader, you know I am not vain; have I not acknowledged my faults of person—my various uglinesses? Believe me, then, when I tell you what others call my beauties. My last mentioned charm is my greatest. Really, I am half inclined to think sometimes my eyes are wonderful instruments. My wife talks so much about them, and she would not exaggerate. Of course not.

My eyes are gray or hazel. My wife, who spends a considerable part of each evening looking into them, says they are sometimes of one hue, sometimes of another. Then, when I am thoughtful, they are black; when I am in a tender mood, they seem to be blue; when I am exceedingly keen, they are gray; and when I am exceedingly vexed, they are fiery. But this is impossible—my looking-glass tells me they are hazel. How often it is your looking-glass tells you one thing and your wife another.

My eyes are very large. I wonder if the size of your eyes is any measure of the depth of your feelings? It is, according to my wife. She is all the time speaking of my "large" heart, my "warm" heart, my deep affection, my true affection. Does she say all this merely because my eyes are larger and wider and more deeply set than other people's?

My eyes, too, are very restless. I have always been able to see everything in a room at once. Nothing escapes me, and simply because my eyes are everywhere at once—now glancing here, now there—now prying into this dark corner, now into that. These sort of eyes are said to belong to nervous, roving dispositions. My wife says my temperament was of this kind till—I married her; but that I am better now. And I believe the precious treasure is right.

I've mentioned my wife several times. "Who is she!" you ask. My heaven on earth, I answer. But what is her appearance, her character, her history? What was her maiden name? Well, she is sweet-faced and graceful. Well, she is loving, domestic and good. Well, her maiden name was Miss J. C., and her present name is Mrs. J. R. As to her history, "my eyes" figure largely in it.

Miss J. C. (my present wife) was a Philadelphian. The very first time we met, I was smitten and became devoted. She was asked the next day after we met what she thought of me. "He is, without doubt, the ugliest young man I have as yet been introduced to." A "mutual friend" told me all this. Oh! imagine my feelings! For a while I mused on arsenic, pistols and the Delaware. But I survived the dreadful moment, and I arrived at the determination to woo and win her with—my eyes. I became a constant visitor at the house. I spoke of the weather and the crops; I spoke of the politics, the news and the isms; I spoke of literature, science and art; I spoke of music and the opera; I spoke to her of poetry; I spoke to her of love; but, above all, I spoke to her not of but by my eyes. In my morning calls my eyes were on her. In our afternoon rides, my eyes were on her. In our evening rambles and moonlight whisperings, still my eyes were on her.

And I won her at last; in all my ugliness, I won the pretty, precious creature. And my eyes aided me much in my pursuit and my success. Did they not, my wife? I show her what I have written. She laughs, and says "yes." Therefore am I somewhat proud of them, those eyes, for they have helped to bring me bliss.

Oh! they may laugh as they will; oh! they may sneer as they may; oh! they may argue as they can at and against love—but the laughers, the sneerers, will never know, here or hereafter, such a joy as the joy of him who pens these lines, when with his loved one's hand in his, and one arm of his around his loved one's waist, he told his love and got the simple and delicious answer, "Yes."

Oh! what happy moments did we pass, my Julia and I, in the society of each other during our "engagement"—I gazing proudly at her many beauties, and she looking fondly into the only beauty that I had, or that she thought I had, the beauty of my eyes.

But alas! during our engagement we had a quarrel, my betrothed and I—we were most unhappy. Authors may write what they please of lovers' quarrels—they are fearful things. I have read in novels that they are favorable to the growth of love—I have seen in real life that they are destroyers of affection and of peace. Julia and I were wretched. Hand no longer met hand tenderly; lip no longer met lip exquisitely; and souls no longer met through eyes. At last I could endure it no further. I determined to see if love and sorrow, pleading by a look, could not reconcile us, though words could not. We crossed each other's path one night at a soiree at an intimate friend's house. I was alone in a recess, brooding over our separation, when she I loved entered. She saw me not at first. I fastened my eyes on her, and I kept them fastened. She raised hers and met mine. Instantly hers were downcast; and though she did not move away, soon her dark, eloquent orbs were raised again. Our looks met full—some pride, much sorrow, and more love in her expression—God knows what in mine. Nothing was said—but we were reconciled—thanks to my eyes, of which I am prouder than ever. We were married. We have never quarrelled since. God bless my eyes—and my wife.

Robespierre.

A popular writer gives the following account of this notorious Jacobin, who was at the head of the French government, when rivers of blood flowed through the streets of Paris:

Robespierre was an extraordinary personage. He was the very perfection, the type of triumphant mediocrity. Talents he had none—nor ideas, although by dint of exertion he acquired the semblance of the one, and purloined the other notoriously from all around him. His speeches were written for him; and the debates of the Jacobin clubs, at first philosophical and given to the discussion of principles, supplied him with a political vocabulary at least. Thus his friends, his future enemies being included in that class, lent to this hawk the feather that impelled his wing, and taught him at length to soar. He was totally without passion, unless vanity deserve the name; but his vanity was wise, and wore all the loftiness of pride. Then he had honesty and consistency, two qualities that cannot be denied him, however he might have adopted them in calculation. From his first vote in the constituent assembly, he had been the rank democrat that he ever was, professing all those extreme opinions to which others tended. His private morals were irreproachable. He held to his condition, lodged to the last with the same humble carpenter's family that at first housed him. Unlike his colleague, Danton, no bribe, no peculation, no expense, no licentiousness, considered as such in that day at least, could be laid to his charge. No petty ambition distracted his views, or blemished his character for disinterestedness. He was never minister, nor even commissary. After the fall of the Gironde, when he was all powerful, he did not become member of the sovereign committee till it pleased the convention and the Jacobins of their own accord to appoint him. With this there was no affectation in his *sansculottism*. He neither shaved his head, nor wore tattered garments, nor mounted the red night-cap. Robespierre alone wore powder, and preserved the dress and demeanor of respectability. Political courage he certainly did not want, though physically he was, with Marat, the most arrant of cowards. Ruthless as a tiger, at first reckless, then greedy of blood;—such was the tyrant of the day.

Advice to a Bride.

"Hope not for perfect happiness," said Madam de Maintenon to the princess of Savoy, on the eve of her marriage with the Duke of Burgundy; "there is no such thing on earth, and though there were, it does not consist in the possession of riches. Greatness is exposed to afflictions often more severe than those of a private station. Be neither vexed nor ashamed to depend on your husband. Let him be your dearest friend, your only confidant. Hope not for constant harmony in the married state. The best husbands and wives are those who bear occasionally from each other, sallies of ill humor with patient mildness. Be obliging without putting great value on your favors. Men are tyrants, who would be free themselves and have us confined. You need not be at any pains to examine whether their rights be well founded; it is enough if they are established. Pray God to keep you from jealousy. The affections of a husband are never to be gained by complaints, reproaches, or sullen behavior."

"Let a man sit down at the foot of a great mountain, says Dr. Johnson, to contemplate its greatness, and he will be ready to say, 'I cannot go over it; the attempt is futile.' Yet on a secondary thought, he concludes the task can be performed, not by one mighty leap, but by successive steps, and the simple process of putting one foot before the other."

Again: "The chief art," says Locke, "is to attempt but little at a time. The wildest excursions of the mind are made by short flights frequently repeated; the most lofty fabrics are formed by the accumulation of simple propositions. Drops of water constitute an ocean; sands make a mountain, and the rocks are not worn away by a sudden force, but by continual dropping."

John Paul Jones hoisted the first ensign of a regular American man-of-war, on board of the Alfred, December, 1775. On it was a device representing a pine tree with a rattlesnake coiled at its root, with the motto, "Don't tread on me."

WHAT ARE WE GOING TO MAKE?

The subjoined is the concluding portion of an erudite paper published in the *Atlantic Monthly*, of June, 1858, under the above title. Its length prevents us from giving it in full to the readers of the *Herald*:

What are we going to make? First, we are going to finish up, and carry out into all desirable species, our great idea of an iron slave, the illustrious Man Friday of modern civilization. Whether we put water, air, or ether into his aorta, as the medium of converting heat into force, we shall at last have a safe subject, available for all sorts of drudgery, that will do the work of a man without eating more than half as much weight of coal as a man eats of bread and meat. Next, carrying into all departments of human industry, in its perfect development, this new creature, which has already, as a mere infant, made so stupendous a change in some of them, we shall make the human millions all masters, from being nearly all slaves. We shall make both idleness and poverty nearly impossible. Human labor, as a general thing, is a positive pleasure only when the hand and brain work in concert. Hence, the more you increase well-devised and efficient machinery, which requires and rewards intelligent oversight and skilful direction, the more you increase the love of labor. We have already manufacturing communities so well supplied with tasks for brains and hands, that everybody works, or would do so but for Circe and her seductive hollow-ware. We are beginning to push machinery into agriculture, where it will have still greater scope. With the means we now have, in the enormously increased production of iron, our almost omnipresent and omnipotent machine-shops, our railroads leading everywhere, another century, or perhaps half of it, will see every arable rood of the earth and every rood that can be made arable, plowed, sowed, and the crops harvested by iron horses, iron oxen, or iron men, under the free and intelligent supervision of people who know how to feed, drive, doctor, and make the most of them.

One island, which would hardly be missed from the map of the world, so small that its rivers all fall into the sea mere brooks, with not more than one-thirteenth as much coal as we have in the United States, and perhaps not one-hundredth as much iron ore, by the use of steam-driven machinery produces as much iron and perhaps weaves as much cloth yearly as all the rest of the world. If it does not the latter, it would do it, if it could find enough of the raw material and paying customers. But agriculture, which supplies the raw material, though it is the first and most universal form of human labor, lags behind the world's present manufacturing power. One cause of the late, and perhaps of the previous commercial revulsion, was this disproportion. The more rapid enlargement of manufacturing industry, multiplied in power by its machinery, caused the raw material to rise in price and the manufactured article to fall, till the operations could not be supported from the profits at the same time that contracts were fulfilled with capitalists. Manufactures must pause till agriculture overtakes. Steam-machinery applied to agriculture is the only thing that can correct this disproportion, and this is what we are going to make. The world is not to be much longer dependent for its cotton on the compulsory labor of the Dark Ages, nor for its flax and corn on the blistered free hands or overworked cattle. The laborer, in either section of our country, will be transformed into an ingenious gentleman or lady, comfortably mounted on a migratory steam-cultivator to direct its gigantic energies,—or, at least, occasionally so occupied. Under this system, it must be plain enough, to all persons prophetically inclined, that the Northern valleys will greatly multiply their products, while the Southern cotton-fields will whiten with heavier crops than human chattelism ever produced, and the mountains of both latitudes, now hardly notched with civilization, will roll down the wool of sheep in clouds.

Finally, with important and fruitful mechanical ideas which the world did not have twenty years ago, with machinery which no one could have believed possible one hundred years ago, and which has, since that time, quintupled the power of every free laborer in Christendom, we are going to make man what his Creator designed him to be,—always and everywhere a sub-creator. By the press we are making the knowledge of the past the knowledge of the present—the knowledge of one the knowledge of all. By the telegraph the senses of sight and hearing are to be extended around the globe. If we do not make ships to navigate the air, for ourselves, our wives, and our little ones, it will not be because we cannot, but because, being lords of land and sea, with power to travel either with all desirable speed, we are too wise to waste force either in beating the air for buoyancy, battling with gravity like birds, on the one hand, or in paddling huge balloons against the wind, on the other. The steam-driven wheel leaves us no occasion to envy even that ubiquitous denizen of the universe, the flying-fish. We have in it the most economical means of self-transportation, as well as of mechanical production. It only remains to make the most of it. This, to be sure, will not be achieved without infinite labor and innumerable failures. The mechanical genius of the race is like the polypus anxiously stretching its tentacles in every direction, and though frustrated thousands of times, it grasps something at last.

One of the most significant structures in the world, by the way, is the United States Patent Office at Washington. No other building in that novel city means a hundredth part as much, or shows so clearly what the world's most cunning thoughts and hands are chiefly engaged with. Not that the Patent Office contains so many miracles of mechanical success; rather the contrary. Take a just appraisal of its treasures, and you will regard it rather as the chief tomb in the Pere la Chaise of human hopes. What multitudes of long-nursed and dearly-cherished inventions there repose in a common grave, useful only as warnings to future inventors! One great moral of the survey is, that inventive talent is shamefully wasted among us, for want of proper scientific direction and suitable encouragement. The mind that comprehends general principles in all their relations, and sees what needs to be done and what is possible and profitable to be done, is of necessity not the one to arrange in detail the means of doing. The man of science and the mechanical inventor are distinct persons, speaking of either in his best estate; and the maximum success of machinery depends on their acting together with a better understanding than they have hitherto had. It were less difficult than invidious to point to living examples of the want of co-operation and co-appreciation between our knowing and our doing men; but, for the sake of illustrating our idea, we will run the risk of quoting a minute from the proceedings of one of our scientific societies, premising that we know nothing more of the parties than we learn from the minute itself,—to wit, that one is, or was, an ingenious mechanic, and the other a promoter of science.

"Dr. Patterson gave an account of an automaton speaking-machine which Mr. Franklin Peale and himself had recently inspected. The machine was made to resemble as nearly as possible, in every respect, the human vocal organs; and was susceptible of varied movements by means of keys. Dr. Patterson was much struck by the distinctness with which the figure could enunciate various letters and words. The difficult combination *three* was well pronounced,—the *th* less perfectly, but astonishingly well. It also enunciated diphthongs, and numerous difficult combinations of sounds. Sixteen keys were sufficient to produce all the sounds. In enunciating the simple sounds, the movements of the mouth could be seen. The parts were made of gum elastic. The figure was made to say, with a peculiar intonation, but surprising distinctness, 'Mr. Patterson, I am glad to see you.' It sang, 'God save Victoria,' and 'Hail Columbia,'—the words and air combined. Dr. Patterson had determined to visit the maker of the machine, Mr. Faber, in private, in order to obtain further interesting information; but, on the following day, Dr. P. was distressed to learn, that, in a fit of excitement, he had destroyed every particle of a figure which had taken him seventeen years to construct.'

It is quite probable that the world lost very little by the destruction of this curious figure, whatever the nature or cause of the "excitement" that led to it. All we have to say is, that it does lose much, when the genius that can create such things is not set upon the right tasks, and encouraged to success by the "high consideration" of scientific men, who alone of all the world can appreciate the difficulties it has to contend with. It is by setting the right mechanical problems before the men who can make dumb matter talk, that we are to bring about the resurrection of the black Titan who has lain buried under the mountains for thousands of millenniums, and constitute him the efficient subgardener of the world's Paradise Regained.

Scarcity of Ugly Women.

A story is going the rounds of the papers of an eccentric gentleman, who was in the habit of complaining that, after a great deal of trouble, he had been unable to meet with an ugly woman, so that he much doubted whether, after all, such a being existed. "For my part," said he, "I almost believe such a creature to be a mere chimera of the imagination, and to be classed with those fictitious beings, whose heads are said to grow beneath their shoulders. Some years ago I made the following experiment:—I caused two advertisements to be inserted in the papers for a housekeeper; one was for a lady, who should not only be competent for such an office, but qualified also for a companion, and be a woman of education and elegant manners; the other required nothing of this; it only stipulated as a *sine qua non*, that the applicant should be ugly. In answer to the former advertisement, I was overwhelmed with letters from so many accomplished, elegant ladies, that I congratulated both the age and my own country on possessing so much female excellence. But—would you believe it?—to the latter I received not a single reply, and I have since, more than once, inserted the same advertisement, with exactly the same success."

Love is a compound of sweets and briars. Never mind the trifling display of temper, but bear in mind that the brightest steel may be tarnished by simply breathing upon it; but the moment the dimness has passed away, it leaves the polished surface brighter than before.

"Immodest words admit of no defense,
For want of decency is want of sense."

L. P. FISHER,

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CHARLES PROSCH.

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PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEILACOOM, W. T., FRIDAY, FEB. 4, 1859.

TANGIBLE RESOURCES.

While it is proper to have a correct knowledge and just appreciation of the relations existing between our Territory and the National Government, to the end that we may know our rights, and, "knowing, dare maintain;" while it is proper to pay a due regard to politics, to the end that we may cast our suffrages intelligently; while these things are enjoined upon us as duties, and are proper and right, we are convinced, thoroughly, that they occupy too much of our thoughts, and enter too largely into our calculations, when canvassing the resources of our Territory. The prominence and conspicuousness which politicians, for the purpose of furthering their own interests, give to our unsettled affairs with the general government, engenders a feeling of dependence which operates as a great check to the development of the natural resources with which we are surrounded. As long as our unsettled accounts with Congress can be made available to foist men into office, so long will they remain unsettled. When they cease to subserve that end, we shall begin to hope for a dispensation of tardy justice. We begin to tire of this eternal supplication for aid to satisfy some real, and many imaginary wants, from Washington. Self-reliance with communities, as with individuals, is the only sure and solid basis upon which to erect substantial hopes of renown and success. Then, to the winds of chance, and its legitimate level, let us commit the delusive phantom of politics, and Congressional aid and comfort, and direct our thoughts and energies to things within our grasp and control, which are real, tangible and unobscured by an impenetrable atmosphere of fog.

The resources of our Territory afford a boundless theme for investigation and discussion, and from time to time will receive our attention. At this time we only intend to touch upon one point, which promises to become the leading feature in our history the coming season. We refer to the foreign emigration to British Columbia and Vancouver's Island. The discovery of the Fraser River mines, and the subsequent demonstration of their vast extent, and remunerative richness, we can but regard as the medium through which our Territory is to assume that position before the world to which her resources and advantages entitle her. Through them the eyes of the world have been partially and are to be fully opened to the importance and advantages of this Northwestern region. The coming spring and summer are pregnant with glittering prospects. The indications are unmistakable of a large influx of population to these mines by land and sea. The barque *Orestes*, from Australia, arrived a few days since at Victoria with eighty-six passengers. The emigration from Canada and other British provinces and from England is estimated by thousands.

This intelligence is full of importance to us. A large population in these colonies, which contain such limited agricultural resources, must necessarily create a market for all of our products, which will pour into our laps the cream of their mineral wealth, and induce many of the better class to come among us and settle as tillers of the soil. It would be but a poor tribute to American institutions, not to expect of many British subjects, who will come to Vancouver's Island and British Columbia, a desire to experience their world renowned adaptability to the social and political requirements of man, especially when but an arm of the sea or an imaginary line, so to speak, only intervenes between them and the object of their desire, between Monarchy and Republicanism. But, perhaps as great an inducement to this class of emigrants is offered in the greatly reduced price at which land is to be had with us. To the man of limited means the difference between one dollar and twenty-five cents and five dollars per acre, is of such importance that but one result can be named, —to wit, that he will choose the lesser sum. Our advantages of climate, and advanced social condition, as well as our farming and grazing, lumbering and fishing advantages, will exercise their legitimate influences, and human prognostications are vain and fruitless if Washington Territory does not balance her books, at the end of 1859, by a larger gain in the operation than either of her northern neighbors.

THE BUSINESS OF A NEWSPAPER.

Annexed we present to the consideration of our readers an article on the above subject, which so completely meets our views, that they will please regard it as the platform upon which we stand. Horace Greeley never took a more manly, sound, and sensible stand than when he penned this article. It will cover a multitude of his short-comings as conductor of a public journal.

"It is the business of a newspaper to give an account of all contemporary occurrences of public interest. Those occurrences may be agreeable or revolting, gratifying or deplorable, beneficent or disastrous—with this the journalist, as such, has nothing to do. His task is to give a fair account of whatever is transpiring—to render his sheet, in truth, "a map of busy life"—leaving his readers to read or leave unread, according to their several predilections. One cares for nothing but the Market Reports and Commercial Intelligence; another is especially interested in whatever depicts or stimulates the material development of the country; a third is mainly interested in Home Politics; a fourth in Wars, Alliances, and International Relations; a fifth has a taste for accounts of disaster, casualties and crimes. Let each read and reject as he shall see fit; but it is not our business to cull out and record only such incidents as we delight in or such as we deem in good taste. Our only question is—"Is this matter properly a portion of the history of the time? Is it of sufficient interest to be chronicled? If it is, we chronicle it, leaving our readers to peruse or skip it, to rejoice or grieve over it, to glory in or execrate it, as they shall severally see fit.

Editorial strictures upon the transpiring events are, of course, entirely distinct from the terms in which those events are chronicled. We steadily opposed and condemned the war on Mexico, but did not therefore withhold from our readers the incidents of that war. We have small faith in the utility of choking men to death as a moral discipline or social lesson; but we do not therefore suppress all accounts of hangings. We have a very decided conviction that horse-racing injures the breed of men more than it improves the breed of horses; yet we do not therefore suppress all reports of horse-races. And, while we should hail with gladness any reliable assurances that there would never be another prize fight in America, we shall, nevertheless, in case there shall hereafter be one, be pretty sure to give an account of it. If we do not, the omission will be due, not to the fact that we detest prize fighting, but that we deem the parties so obscure and the whole affair so contemptible that we may justifiably let it sink at once into oblivion. In the other case, we may condemn and reprehend the fight, in our editorial columns, but we shall not undertake to suppress the material facts.

We do not argue this matter. We have considered it, decided upon it, and taken our position. Those who want an expurgated chronicle of what is going forward—an account of whatever occurs, that, according to human judgment, ought to have occurred, with whatever we may think ought not to have occurred carefully suppressed, may doubtless find journals to suit them; but the *Tribune* never will. This paper is conducted on the principle, that the world as it is, with its sins and sorrows, its frailties and aspirations, is a more instructive and profitable theme of human contemplation than any revised and corrected world that an editor could devise, and that all effort to improve it should be based on a knowledge of what it is, precedent to a consideration of what it should be. If the theory of suppression and expurgation be the true one, it would, carried to its legitimate conclusions, give us, not carefully pruned and wedded journals, but no journals at all. In truth, the advocates of the theory of expurgation ought to patronise, not the more prudish and select newspapers, but none at all—as most of them do."

THAT BELL.—We were not a little startled, the other day, on learning that it was proposed to send back to San Francisco the bell purchased for the church here, some months since, owing to the failure of the townsfolk to pay over the balance due on it. Unless the money is forthcoming before the *Ork* leaves, we were assured that it would comprise a part of her freight back. Our rapidly growing town is much in need of a bell; if it were for no other purpose than to remind the people of the homes and friends they left on the Atlantic side, it would be a good investment to pay the small amount required. It will not be so easy at a future time to obtain so good a bell; and if this is suffered to be taken away, it will be a matter of regret to all concerned.

AN OPENING BALL.—Mr. J. L. Westbrook's large and handsome saloon being finished, he took occasion, on last Friday evening, to notify the public of the fact by giving an invitation (or free) ball. The invitations were generously distributed, and the saloon well filled with ladies and gentlemen at an early hour. In addition to excellent music, (by Messrs. McFarland) the host provided a supper unequalled in variety, quantity and quality on any former like occasion. The dancing was kept up until 4 o'clock A.M.; Miss Martha Myers, at intervals, dancing the Highland Fling and Sailor's Hornpipe, amid much applause. Judging from the satisfaction visible on everybody's countenance, we should say that everybody was highly pleased with the entertainment.

THE WEATHER.—During the past week, rain and sunshine have alternated; leaving on the mind a keen appreciation of the latter, after a surfeit of the former for weeks gone by.

THANKS.—Purser Molthrop, of the steamer *Constitution*, will please accept our thanks for late Victoria papers.

THE MORTARA CASE PARALLELED.

The *Washington* (D. C.) *Globe*, of Dec. 14, contains the following article:

The retention by the Pope of the abducted child Mortara, despite the remonstrances of all the Catholic Powers of Europe, who are incensed at this indefensible violation of natural rights, has its counterpart in a case of spiritual oppression by authority of law, which lately occurred in England. A Protestant British sergeant of marines named Race, who was killed in the Russian war, left his children, by will, to the care of their mother, who was a Catholic; "feeling confident," he said, "that she would do justice to them, as a wife and mother." One of the children, named Alicia, was placed in the sailors' orphan school, at Hampstead. After a time her mother wished to remove her to a Catholic school; but the authorities of the sailors' school refused to give her up. The child was brought, at the mother's instance, before the Court of Queen's Bench, by writ of *habeas corpus*; whereupon, Lord Campbell, delivering the unanimous opinion of the Court, said: "We are bound, in the discharge of our duty, to order that the infant Alicia Race be now delivered to her mother." Notwithstanding this decision by the Chief Justice of England, a bill in Chancery was filed by the sailors' school committee, praying the Chancellor to make the girl a ward in Chancery; and on the 11th of February last, the Vice Chancellor adjudged that she should be brought up in the Protestant faith, appointed guardians over her, and ordered her to be given up to the sailors' school.

The ground on which the Powers of Europe, both Catholic and Protestant, base their protest against the abduction of Mortara, is its gross violation of parental right, which they justly regard as superior to the alleged higher law of spiritual guardianship. We regard the irrevocable parental right as not less violated in the English case just cited than in the Italian. In common with the rest of the civilized world, we protest against the unjust detention of the Mortara child by the head of the Catholic church; but we protest with like earnestness against the like unjust detention of the Race child by the head of the English church, or by the ministers of the law of her realm.

SOUTHERN CITIZEN.—John Mitchell, in his salutatory in the *Southern Citizen*, which journal he has recently removed to Washington City, lays down the following platform:

1st. Repeal of all laws prohibiting the foreign slave trade, or imposing penalties thereon.

2d. Repeal of the law abolishing the slave trade in the District of Columbia.

3d. Absolute resistance to everything in the nature of a compromise between North and South.

4th. Peremptory demand for the intervention of Congress, President, and Supreme Court, for slavery in all Territories the moment a slaveholder brings his slaves there; in other words, intervention by the authorities to sustain the law and prevent robbery. These four items include all. Up to a certain date we are willing to labor for their attainment. If Southerners arouse themselves, they can attain them all, or else dissolve the Union.

BROKE JAIL.—On last Saturday night, two prisoners confined in our new jail, named Barron and Kennedy, the former for stabbing a man named Chapin, and the latter for robbery, both awaiting trial, escaped from jail by breaking off the locks of their cells. It seems that the prison is yet in an unfinished condition; the iron cages or cells necessary to its completion not having yet arrived here, though daily expected. When these are added to the present means of safe keeping criminals, it is thought the building will be proof against the utmost ingenuity of jail-breakers.

HORRIBLE STORY.—The Victoria *Gazette* says that there was a story current on the street, February 3d, to the effect that a party of miners —numbering upwards of twenty—in three canoes, had been attacked in the Straits on the night of Feb. 1st, and all murdered by a party of Northern Indians. But little reliance was placed in the story, as it could not be traced to any creditable source, and the supposition was that it originated out of anticipated retaliation for the recent shooting of the Indian chief near Rocky Bay.

CURIOSITY.—A man in Buffalo, N. Y., wears a most rare and ancient curiosity in the shape of a wooden watch, only one hundred and fifty-six years old! It was made by Casper Glatz Stetten, in Switzerland, in 1702. The pinions and verge are of steel; the barrel, main, and scope wheels are composed of brass, and so is the balance wheel. The rest of the watch is entirely of wood, including the case.

ARRIVAL OF THE PRINCESS ROYAL FROM LONDON.—By the arrival of the steamer *Constitution* to-day, we learn that the H. B. Co.'s barque *Princess Royal*, Capt. Sinclair, arrived in Esquimalt harbor, V. I., February 2d, about 10 o'clock, in 133 days from London. She brings eight passengers—among whom is an Episcopal clergyman and family, and a full cargo of merchandise, chiefly consigned to the H. B. Co.

A SECOND BURRITT.—They have a second Burritt at Mount Vernon, Ill., named A. C. Johnson, the son of a farmer, who, without a teacher, and with such old books as he could buy or borrow, has become master of a dozen languages.

A SAFE has been invented which locks on the inside, and leaves no keyhole or other opening. A clock work within opens it at an hour regulated by being set before the door is shut.

THE H. B. CO.'S steamer *Otter* visited our waters during the present week, remaining one day at Nisqually.

THE PRINTER AND THE TYPES.

Perhaps there is no department of enterprise whose details are less understood by intelligent people than the "art preservative"—the achievement of the types.

Every day, their lives long, they are accustomed to read the newspaper, to find fault with its statements, its arrangements, its looks, to plume themselves upon the discovery of some roguish and acrobatic type that gets into a frolic and stands upon its head, or of some word with a waste letter or two in it; but of the process by which the newspaper is made, of myriads of motions and thousands of pieces necessary to its composition, they know little and think less.

They imagine they discourse of a wonder indeed, when they speak of the fair white carpet woven for thought to walk on the rags that fluttered upon the back of the beggar yesterday.

But there is something to us more wonderful still. When we look at the hundred and fifty-two little boxes, something shaded with the tofish of inky fingers, that compose a printer's "case," noiseless, except the clicking of types, as one by one they take their place in growing line—we think we have found the marvel of the art.

Strewn in those little boxes are thin parallelograms of metal, every one good for something that goes to make up written languages; the visible footprints of thought upon carpets of rags.

We think how many fragments of fancy there are in the boxes; how many atoms of poetry and eloquence the printer can make here and there, if he only has a little chart to work by; how many facts in small handsfull, how much truth in chaos.

Now he picks up the scattered elements until he holds in his hand a stanza of Gray's Elegy, monody upon a Grimes "all buttoned up before." Now he sets up "A puppy missing," and now "Paradise Lost." He arrays a bride in "small caps," and a sonnet in "Nonpareil." He announces the languishing "live," in one sentence —transposes the letters, and deplores the days that are "evil" in the next.

A poor jest ticks its way into the printer's hand, like a little clock just running down, and a strain of eloquence marches into line. We fancy we can tell the difference by hearing of the ear; but perhaps not.

The types that told a wedding yesterday announce a burial to-morrow—perhaps in the self-same letters.

They are the elements to make a word of. Those types are a world with something in it as beautiful as spring, as rich as summer, and as grand as autumn: flowers that frost cannot wilt, fruit that shall ripen for all time.

THREE BRITISH NOBLEMEN MURDERED.

The Montreal *Daily Transcript* has the following, but accounts which reached California through another source, says the Victoria (V. I.) *Gazette*, of the conflict between the Crow and Sioux Indians, create some doubt as to the melancholy result said to have attended that conflict:

It is our painful duty to announce upon authority, which too surely establishes the truth of the tale, the melancholy fate of the three young English noblemen so lately in our city, and who made so many friends and acquaintances while here. Lord Grosvenor is a son of the Marquis of Westminister; Lord Cavendish, of the Duke of Devonshire; and the Hon. Mr. Ashley, of the Earl of Shaftsbury. They came to this country with the twofold object of acquiring information and obtaining sport. With this view, they accompanied the Right Hon. M. Ellice as far as St. Paul's, Minnesota, and there left him to proceed to the prairies of the far West, on a hunting excursion.

It appears that they there joined a portion of the Sioux tribe of Indians; and that while on the tramp they were met by a hostile party of the Crow tribe, who set upon them, overpowered them, and eventually murdered the whole. This melancholy termination of a tour for pleasure is something frightful, and will cause the deepest grief and sorrow in the families of three of the oldest and proudest of England's nobility. The young men were all in the prime of life, and must have sold their lives dearly. It was, we believe, in the United States territories that the rencontre took place. What may be the result of it time will show.

THE GIRL IN BOY'S CLOTHES.—Judge Pruden, of Cincinnati, recently disposed of the case of the young girl, Jane Anderson, who was arrested for wearing boy's clothes, by sending her to the city prison for ten days. Upon hearing the sentence, she lost her customary self-possession, and shed tears for the first time. During her imprisonment it is probable that the Police Committee will procure female apparel for her, in which she can leave the prison, to be laid aside again on the first opportunity, as she appears to be entirely wedded to her masculine toggery. Previous to her arrest, she had been at work several days, together with the young chap who represents himself as her half-brother, upon a coal boat near New Richmond, and was regarded as an excellent hand. She drank nothing, but worked steadily and faithfully, and no one suspected that she was not what she appeared—an industrious boy.

Just previous to her arrest, she had been playing euchre in a coffee-house for "the drinks," and her awkward manner of handling the cards attracted attention. Having lost she invited the party to the counter to drink, herself indulging in "stomach-bitters" only, and tossed her money upon the counter with the air of a man of the world who was familiar with its *bar*-berous ways. A few minutes after she was taken into custody by an officer, and locked up.

HONAR.—It is supposed that the girls will, "to a man," quit going to school in Marietta township, Marshall county, Iowa, for the school directors have issued their official mandate that no girls attending any of the public schools of that district shall wear hoops. It is expected that crinoline will expand with indignation at this foray upon fashion.

An extraordinary trial has opened in the first civil chamber in Paris. Twelve homœopathic doctors have commenced an action for 50,000 francs damages from an allopathic medical journal, for an attack upon their system of medicine. It is the virtues of that system which they desire to establish, and not a pecuniary claim, for they promise to give the money to the poor.

Puget Sound Shipping List.

STEILACOOM, W. T., FEB. 7, 1859.

Arrived.

Jan 31st—Stmr Constitution, Gove, fm Olympia; U S Mails and pass.

Sailed.

Jan 29th—Bque Storm Bird, Gerard, San Francisco.
31st—Stmr Constitution, Gove, ports down Sound.

In Port.

Feb 4th—Bque Ork, Trask, ldg for San Francisco.

New Advertisements.

☞ **Notice.**—The regular monthly meeting of the Steilacoom Library Association will be holden at the M. E. Church, in Steilacoom, on Monday, Feb. 7th, at 7 o'clock P.M.

A full attendance of members is requested, and the public respectfully invited.

S. McCAW, President.

C. C. Shorey, Recording Sec'y.

Udolpho Wolfe's Schnapps.

A Medicinal Diet Drink, of eminently salutary qualities, manufactured by himself exclusively, at his factory at Schiedam, in Holland, and well known during the last twelve years throughout the Atlantic and Western States.

It is made from the best Barley that can be selected in Europe, with the essence of an aromatic Italian berry of acknowledged and extraordinary medicinal qualities, it has long since acquired a higher reputation, both in Europe and America, than any other diuretic beverage.

Analyzed, it is a PERFECTLY PURE LIQUOR, in its effects a mild and wholesome tonic. It is extensively used and approved by the medical faculty, the temperance people, heads of families, &c.

In Gravel, Gout and Rheumatism, in Obstructions of the Bladder and Kidneys, and in general Debility, its effects are prompt, decided, and invariably reliable. And it is not only a remedy for these maladies, but, in all cases in which they are produced by drinking bad water, which is almost universally the cause of them, it operates as a SURE PREVENTIVE.

For Fever and Ague it is one of the most efficacious preventives that can be resorted to.

The Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps

Is consequently in great demand by persons traveling, or about to settle in those parts of the country especially, as well as by many in every community where it has become known on account of its other remedial properties.

In all cases of Dropsical tendency, it is generally the only remedy required, when adopted in the early stages of the disease. In Dyspeptic maladies, when taken in proper quantities, as a diet drink, and especially at dinner, it is found, by uniform experience, to be eminently efficacious in the most obstinate cases, when even the best of the usual remedies have failed to afford more than temporary relief. In cases of Flatulency it is an immediate, invariable specific; and I may be admissibly used in diluted and proportionate quantities even to young infants, in all those paroxysms of griping pain.

Sole Importer, 22 Beaver street, New York.

Caution to the Public.

London Cordial Gin, Club House Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Medicated Schnapps, Royal Schnapps, &c., &c., &c.

Under the above and similar titles, the liquor mixers of this city are bottling large quantities of adulterated, unwholesome trash, costing but little, on which they hope to realize large profits by selling in California.

Avoid all compounds. Some are so skillfully prepared as to pass for good Liquor, except with the best judges. If you would be safe, use only the long established, renowned, genuine WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Sole Importer,
48:tf 22 Beaver street, New York.

TO ARRIVE,

PER BRIG W. D. RICE,

Ten Wagons, Carriages, and **Buggies,**

For sale by
47:tf S. McCAW & CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT.

The substantial fast-sailing barque **ORK, 250 Tons,**
A. T. TRASK, Commander,

Will be dispatched for San Francisco on or about the 5th of February.

For passage, apply to the Captain on board, or to
47:tf BALCH & WEBBER, Steilacoom, W. T.

Great Excitement in Steilacoom!

ON TUESDAY, JAN. 11th, AS THE STEAMER Constitution arrives at Balch & Webber's wharf, an unusually large crowd had assembled, so much so that many, supposing another Dall catastrophe had occurred, rushed to the spot; but, upon arriving, found their attention taken up with a Boot and Shoe manufactory, under the New England House, in full blast, and superintended by the proprietor of the above house, where all kinds of

BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS

are made and repaired with dispatch. Being stocked with as good materials and as good workmen as this coast can produce, this establishment offers facilities for all in want of the above articles.

All work executed with promptness; fits guaranteed, and work warranted. Give me a call.

45:tf J. F. SAUNDERS.

S. McCAW & CO.

Offer for Sale, at Wholesale and Retail,

A GREAT VARIETY OF DESIRABLE Goods at low rates, such as

Pork, Bacon, Hams, Salmon, Butter, Cheese, Flour, Beans, Rice, Peas, Potatoes, Salt, fine, Salt, coarse, Tobacco, Molasses, Syrup, Vinegar, Nails, Glass, Axes, Buckets, Brooms, White Lead, Oil, Turpentine, Lamp Oil, Olive Oil, Coffee, Tea, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Soap, Starch, Sugar, Crushed do, Adamantine Candles, Saleratus, Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mustard, Capers, Table Sauces, Can Oysters, Can Lobsters, Can Chickens, Can Beef, Can Peaches, Bottled Peaches, Brandy Peaches, Can Apples, Can Strawberries, Can Pie Fruits, Bottled Pie Fruits, Ex. Lemon, Ex. Vanilla, Ex. Orange, Ex. Rose, and other articles suited to the wants of the community.

Also, a large assortment of good Liquors. 1-1y

COARSE SALT—In bbls and for sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

POTATOES—1000 bushels good Potatoes from garden, on hand and for sale by
33:tf P. KEACH.

FLOUR—100 bbls Fresh Flour on hand and For sale by
35:tf P. KEACH.

CALICOS—5000 yards of Calicos of the latest styles and fast colors, suited to the Indian trade, For sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

100 BUSHELS COLLINS ONIONS, ON HAND and for sale by
39:tf P. KEACH.

Special Notices.

☞ **Dr. Guysott's Improved Extract of Yellow** Dock and Sarsaparilla, put up in quart bottles, contains more of the pure Honduras Sarsaparilla than any other preparation extant, which is chemically combined with the Extract of Yellow Dock and the Extract of Wild Cherry, thus making the remedy more thoroughly efficient than any other Sarsaparilla before the public. At the same time it is perfectly free from all mineral poisons, which cannot be said of any other of the Sarsaparilla compounds. The invalid should beware of mineral and metallic poisons, which enter into and form the active basis of most of the Sarsaparillas and Panaceas of the day. Guysott's Compound Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla does not contain a particle of these substances, as any one can ascertain by applying the necessary tests.

Let all poisonous Sarsaparilla preparations alone, and use Guysott's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, which is thoroughly efficacious, perfectly harmless, and purely vegetable. All kinds of disease yield to its genial influence.

As a purifier of the blood, and the various skin diseases, it has no equal.

Be sure and get the QUART BOTTLES, sold by druggists generally.

PARK & WHITE, General Agents, Importers and Dealers in all valuable Patent Medicines, 134 Washington street, San Francisco. 50:3m

☞ **For the Lungs, Coughs, Colds, &c., use Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.**

We regard the Wild Cherry tree as one of Nature's own physicians—a sort of Good Samaritan of the Forest—for its "medical gum" has relieved the sufferings and saved the lives of thousands. The Balsam prepared by Dr. Wistar is a pure and perfectly reliable preparation of the real Cherry essence, and it is a remedy by no means "bad to take." We speak confidently and strongly in its praise, from having witnessed its renovating influence in consumptive cases, when all other prescriptions had proved of no effect.

Sold by all respectable druggists.

Be cautious, as there are many counterfeits. Look well at the signature before purchasing. Take none unless it has the name of "Henry Wistar, M.D., Philadelphia," and "Sanford & Park," engraved on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

PARK & WHITE are the only Agents, to whom all orders should be addressed.

ALSO,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Agents

OF

ALL VALUABLE PATENT MEDICINES, WARRANTED GENUINE.

132 Washington st., opposite the Market, San Francisco.

Hostetter—The surprising effects of Hostetter's VEGETABLE STOMACH BITTERS, in removing bile, forcing an appetite, imparting health and tone to the system, and dissipating dyspeptic symptoms, are truly wonderful. Every nervous, debilitated, weak and emaciated person, male or female, should try it at once. One wine-glassfull, taken three times each day, before meals; or, if the patient should be a lady or child in a debilitated condition, half the quantity will do until sufficient strength is restored, which will be realized in a very short time, and convince the patient of the truth of the above named happy results, which have gained for these Bitters such an enviable reputation everywhere.

Sold in quantities to suit by

PARK & WHITE, Sole Agents,
39:3m 132 Washington st., San Francisco.

STEILACOOM LODGE, NO. 2,

OF Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month.

All members of the fraternity in good standing are invited to attend.

J. M. BACHELDER, W. M.

OLYMPIA LODGE, NO. 1,

OF Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month.

All members of the order in good standing are invited to attend.

T. F. McELROY, W. M.

I. O. O. F.

THE regular meeting of Olympia Lodge, No. 1, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is held every Saturday evening, at 6½ o'clock, in the building formerly occupied by Wm. Rutledge, two doors east of the Washington Hotel.

All members in good standing in the order, are invited to attend.

C. C. BLANKENSHIP, Sec'y.

FOR SALE

BY THE

PUGET MILL COMPANY.

TEEKALET, W. T.

CARGO OF THE BARQUE OAK HILL, TO arrive about the 15th of January; cargo of the brig KOLOA, to arrive about the 1st of February; and cargo of the schooner TOANDA, to arrive about the 15th of February, all direct from Boston, viz.:

COAL.

Lehigh and Cumberland.

LUMBER.

White Oak Plank	Eastern W. Pine Boards
White Ash do	Eastern W. Pine Plank

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Barrels Pitch	Coils Manila Rigging
Do Tar	Do hemp do
Do Rosin	Blocks of all sizes
Anchors from 60 to 300 lbs	Oars
Bales Oakum	Marline
Houseline	Ships' Caboozes
Mast hoops	Pitch Mops
Jib hanks	Scrub Brooms

BUILDING MATERIALS.

Plain and moulded Doors, all sizes;	Windows, from 7 to 9 to 10 x16;
Sash Doors	Kegs Nails
Window Blinds	White pine boards and plank

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES.

Bbls clear pork	Tierces hams
Half bbls clear pork	Bbls crushed sugar
Bbls mess pork	Half do do do
Do do do do	do N. O. sugar
do mess beef	Do do do do
Do do do	do brown Hav. sugar
Do do dried apples	Do do do do
Do do Carolina rice	Boxes saleratus
Cans lard	Hill's extra No. 1 soap, half and qr. boxes
Cases ground rock salt	Hill's family soap, half and qr. boxes
Kegs East Boston syrup	Do butter
Do beans	Chemical olive soap
Bbls corn meal	Eagle soap, qr boxes
Yeast powders	Winchester's extra soap, hf and qr boxes
Half bbls split peas	Do. No. 1 do, hf and qr bxs
Castile soap	Dry codfish, in boxes
Boxes candles	Do. family do, do do

DRUGS.

White lead	Paints, all colors
Linseed oil	Varnish
Spirits Turpentine	

HARDWARE.

Sheet iron	Wrought spikes, from 4 to 8 inch
Hunt's handled axes	Bar iron
Ames's shovels	Cook and house stoves
Iron safes	

TINWARE,

All kinds of extra tin and sheet iron ware,

CROCKERY.

Crates of crockeryware	Crates of stoneware

WOODENWARE.

White oak brass bound pails	Painted 3 hoop pails
Nests tubs, broops	Bedsteads

DRY GOODS.

Bales Bane sheeting	Bales Piscataqua sheeting
Do L and V sheeting	Do. Malakoff drills
Do. Staff. ik denims	Bolts cotton duck

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Long leg waterproof boots	Kennebec boots
Long grain double sole extra boots	Half welt extra boots
Men's pump wax brogans	
Half welt kip brogans	Drab foxed Congress boots
Do. calf brogans	Glove foxed do do

Purchasers wishing for any of the above goods, in large or small quantities, will please send in their orders, which will be filled at a low rate.

PUGET MILL CO.,
38:tf Teekalet, W. T.

PLOWS—Boston Steel Clippies and Eagle Cast Iron Plows on hand and for sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

HAY—500 bales of good California Hay for sale by
BALCH & WEBBER,
18:tf Steilacoom, W. T.

PORK—20 bbls Eastern packed Pork;
Also Domestic do do;
For sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEILACOOM, W. T., FEB. 4, 1859.

THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

We are indebted to the *Pioneer and Democrat* for the following:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, Jan. 17, 1859.

Mr. Tennant, of the joint committee of conference on the matter of enrolling clerk, reported two resolutions, (see Council proceedings, Jan. 17, 1859.) The Council adopted said report, and passed these resolutions as a Council joint resolution. The passage of said resolutions being reported to the House, the House proceeded to the consideration thereof. Passed the 1st, and made 2d the order of day for to-morrow.

Mr. Henness introduced a bill amendatory to the election law. By the bill the clerk of election numbers each ticket as deposited, and such number corresponds with the number and name of person on tally list.

The charter to R. C. and N. H. Smith, the special order of the day was taken up. Mr. Manning tried unsuccessfully to reduce the length of charter from five to four years. The bill was then passed.

Mr. Biles introduced a bill amending the marriage law, passed January 1855.

Mr. Chapman introduced a bill defining the boundaries of Pierce county. Adjourned.

TUESDAY, Jan. 18, 1859.

Mr. Biles, of the select committee, to whom had been referred the three Council bills respectively appointing officers for Walla-Walla, Spokane, and Skamania counties, reported amendments to the same, filling blanks and naming additional officers. The report of the committee was adopted, and the bills severally passed.

The committee on judiciary recommended the passage of the bill relative to instructions by the court in trials in the District court; and the indefinite postponement of the Council bill relating to the estates of minors and persons of unsound mind. The former was passed, and the latter was laid upon the table.

Mr. Henness, from the select committee in charge of the fence law, reported sundry amendments to the same, and recommended its passage. Report adopted and bill passed.

The committee on education reported the receipt of a revised school law from Rev. G. F. Whitworth, which was introduced.

Mr. Catlin introduced a bill amendatory of the tax laws, and relating particularly to the payment of taxes in county orders—allows the payer of county taxes to present county orders, and if the order is greater than taxes, the amount thereof shall be endorsed on the order to the credit of the county.

The memorial praying increased compensation to surveyors of the public lands was passed.

The resolutions from Council, relative to enrolling of bills, &c., was taken up. Mr. Stiles moved to strike out 2d resolution, authorizing pay of said clerk to come out of Territorial treasury. Carried,—Ayes, 17; noes, 9.

Mr. Gove, of Pierce, introduced a bill locating a Territorial road from Olympia to Steilacoom.

Mr. Purdy introduced a bill locating a Territorial road from Hood's Canal to Chehalis river.

On motion, adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 19, 1859.

No bills were passed to-day,

THURSDAY, January 20, 1859.

The following bills were passed: The bill relative to endorsing receipts for county orders; bill locating a Territorial road from Olympia to Steilacoom; bill locating Territorial road from Hood's Canal to the Chehalis river; and an act amending the marriage law, passed Jan., 1855.

Adjourned.

Joint Convention.

SATURDAY, Jan. 22, 1859.

All the members of both Houses were present except Mr. Lewis, Representative from King county.

On motion of Mr. Chapman (Representative from Pierce) the House proceeded by *viva voce* to elect the officers in the order designated in the Joint Resolution. The first officer named was the Territorial Printer.

Mr. Chapman nominated Charles Prosch, of Pierce county.

Mr. Biles, of Clarke, nominated Butler P. Anderson, Esq., of Thurston.

Mr. Tennant of Whatcom, nominated Edward Furste, Esq., of Thurston.

A ballot was taken with the following result: Whole number of votes cast, 36.

Necessary to a choice, 19.

For Edward Furste—Messrs. Fales, Maxon, Miller, Phillips, Wiley, Woodard, and the President of the Council—7.

Messrs. Briscoe, Catlin, Goddard, Gove, Hawk, Henness, Longmyre, McCall, Rutledge, Shead, Sylvester add Tennant—12, of the House of Representatives. Total 19.

For B. P. Anderson—Of the Council—none; of the House of Representatives, Messrs. Biles, Caples, Carter, Cline, Daniels, Judson, Mannen, Purdy, Smith, Stiles, 10. Total—10.

For Charles Prosch—Of the Council—Messrs. Denny and Wallace—2. Of the House—Messrs. Chapman, Howe, Savage, Weed, and the Speaker—5. Total—7.

Edward Furste, Esq., having received a majority of all the votes cast, was duly elected Territorial Printer.

Territorial Librarian.

Messrs. Fales, Maxon, Miller, Phillips, Wiley, Woodard, and the President—7, (of the Council;) and Messrs. Briscoe, Catlin, Goddard, Gove, Hawk, Henness, Longmyre, McCall, Rutledge, Savage, Shead, Sylvester, Tennant, Weed, and the Speaker, (15 of the house of Representatives.) Total—22 voted for Andrew J. Moses.

For James C. Head—Mr. Wallace, (1) of the Council; and Messrs. Biles, Caples, Carter, Cline, Daniels, Howe, Judson, Mannen, Purdy, Stiles, (10) of the House of Representatives. Total—11.

Blank—Denny of the Council, 1; Messrs. Chapman and Smith of the House. Total, 3.

Andrew J. Moses, Esq., having received a majority of the votes cast, was declared duly elected Territorial Librarian.

Wm. Rutledge, Esq., was elected Territorial Treasurer, receiving 29 votes.

Blank and Scattering—Messrs. Denny and Wallace of the Council, 2, and Messrs. Chapman, Howe, Mannen, Rutledge, and Savage, 5, Total—7.

H. J. G. Maxon was, on motion of Mr. Wiley, declared elected by acclamation as Brigadier General.

By about the same vote the present Board of Capitol Commissioners were re-elected. The gentlemen holding those offices are James Biles, Benjamin Harned, and R. M. Walker, Esquires. The business for which the Joint Convention assembled being completed, the Council retired to their chamber, and then adjourned.

The house of Rothschild has formed a branch establishment at St. Petersburg.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

A NEW DISCOVERY IN LIGHT.—The London correspondent of the New York *Commercial Advertiser* writes that a new discovery in light is about to be introduced, which, if it realizes the averments of the patentees, will revolutionize all our existing methods of illumination. It was first publicly exhibited during the visit of the Queen to Cherbourg, while her Majesty was passing at night from her own ship to that of the Emperor. The raw material may be a cheap gas, made from the most common materials, and the increase of brilliancy is obtained by passing it through a new medium, which is said to have all the advantages of lime without its destructibility. The calculations put forth are, that a light equal to that of 500 street lamps, and lasting twelve hours, can be obtained at a cost equal to 87½ cents, or 3s. 6d. sterling; while for "domestic purposes" one jet equalling in effect 18 pounds of candles, and costing only 4d. (8 cents) for 12 hours, will give a light fully double that of any ordinary gas burner. It is asserted, also, that the requisite apparatus is cheap, perfectly portable, and capable of being managed even by a child; that the light is free from smell, very white, extremely pure, and characterized by the property of burning steadily, continuously, and without diminution. The patentee is the Hon. W. E. Fitzmaurice, and the statements made are so far endorsed by respectable and competent persons as to lead to the hope that the discovery may prove what it is represented to be.

HUNTING WITH ARTILLERY.—Albert Pike went out recently with Major Rector, Indian superintendent, to assist in the payment of the Indian annuities among the tribes west of Arkansas. A correspondent of the Fort Smith *Herald*, writing from the Creek agency, describes Col. Pike's method of hunting the grouse or prairie hen: "Knowing how wild they are, he came prepared to outwit them. He hunts with a piece of artillery, a six-pounder. This he hauls out on the prairie, and when he discovers a flock he unlimbers, sights the gun, and touches her off. He rarely misses. It is very exciting to see a dozen grouse fluttering with broken wings among twice as many dead ones, and the Colonel chasing them around and catching them. His usual charge is a pound of powder and a quarter of a bag of turkey or swan shot. He generally shoots at about two hundred yards. He killed, in John Sell's field, below here, the other day, 38 grouse at a single fire. Major Rector, who accompanied him, thinks he must have crippled 1,000, that got off among the cornstalks and cockle burrs."

CALIFORNIAN VICTIMIZED.—A returned Californian at Albany, almost immediately on his arrival a few nights since, made the acquantance of a young lady with blue eyes and a fur cape. Young lady invited him to see her home, and take tea with her. He took tea with the young lady and started for hotel. Arriving at hotel, he found that a wallet containing $860 was missing. He also admits that he "has seen the elephant," and does not wish a partner.

Mr. M. King, of Fort Wayne, Indiana, the crack shot and probably the best marksman on the wing in this country, shot a match of $5,000 aside, recently. The bet was that he could not shoot 40 out of the 50 double birds. He shot 46 of the birds, which fell within the prescribed distance, and three others which fell beyond, leaving only one missed.

LARGE WESTERN CROP.—We have had wonderful accounts of all sorts of crops from the West, but believe there is none equal to this. A paper out that way states that the wife of Mr. Jacob Abbot, living ten miles west of Goleonda, in Pope county, Ill., some time ago presented her husband with (8) eight children at one birth.

BILLIARD MATCH.—Michael Phelan, of New York city, proposes, through *Porter's Spirit*, to accept the challenge of Roberts, the English billiard champion, for a stake of not less than $5,000, and $10,000 if Roberts desires it; the play to take place in New York; the game to be the three-ball French carrom.

A SCAMP entered the vestibule of a church in Cincinnati, while the lads and lasses of the congregation were engaged in choir practice inside, and carried off forty umbrellas belonging to the party. The rain was pouring "right down" when the deed was done, yet the wretch escaped.

A young English gentleman from Oxford, who passed through Chicago a few days ago, gave Volk, the sculptor, an order for a portrait cameo bracelet, to contain likenesses of six of America's great men. The names selected were Washington, Jefferson, Franklin, Webster, Clay and Scott.

HOW FOLKS DIFFER! We chew tobacco; the Hindoo takes to lime. The children of this country delight in candy, those of Africa in rock salt. A Frenchman "goes his length" on fried frogs, while an Esquimaux Indian thinks tallow the climax of luxuries.

Some of the farmers of northern Ohio, and on the borders of Indiana, have commenced the breeding and raising of deer, and they bring them to market; hence the plenitude of venison.

BEAVERS, which were once so much valued for their furs, and were hunted almost to extermination, are increasing in Canada, and are quite plenty within ten miles of Toronto.

It is said that a German named Schneider, who used to keep a lager-beer drink-hole at 311 Broadway, N. Y., now owns an entire village near Catskill.

Two men in Cincinnati have made a match to eat mush and milk for $10 "and the championship." The one who bursts first loses.

PUGET SOUND HERALD

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING

STEILACOOM, W. T.

Having on hand a large assortment of **Book, Card, Job and Fancy Printing Material**, we are prepared to to execute all kinds of Job work with neatness and despatch—such as, **Blanks of all kinds, Pamphlets, Cards Circulars, Bill-heads, &c., &c.**

NEW FIRM.

RABBESON & BARNES,

THE NEW FIRM WILL SUPPLY ALL DEmands for work in their line on as good terms as such articles can be obtained in this section of country.

They offer for sale Stoves of different patterns—Cooking, Parlor, Tin Plate and Box Stoves.

Roofing, Spouting, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper work done at the shortest notice.

Steilacoom, Oct. 14th. 32:tf

OLD TOM—200 gallons Old Tom on hand and for sale cheap, by S. McCAW & CO.

OATS—2000 bushels Oats for sale by 35:tf P. KEACH.

CHOPPED FEED—Nourse & Mason's Patent Hay Cutters on hand and for sale by S. McCAW & CO.

Shipping.

BALCH & WEBBER'S

REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS

BETWEEN

Puget Sound

AND

San Francisco

Is composed of the following first class vessels:

Barque ORIC, 250 Tons, A. Y. TRASK, Commander;

Brig W. D. RICE, 238 Tons, W. H. DIGGS, Commander;

AND

Brig CYRUS, 243 Tons, R. C. MITCHELL, Commander.

The above vessels are commanded by experienced and gentlemanly captains, well known in the trade, and will run regularly between Puget Sound (W. T.) and San Francisco.

Freight will be taken at San Francisco for all points on the Sound.

Goods from any of the Atlantic States for Puget Sound will be carefully received at San Francisco and promptly forwarded.

BALCH & WEBBER, Steilacoom, W. T.
LAFAYETTE BALCH, Stewart st., San Francisco.

1-tf

Miscellaneous.

STEILACOOM

DRUG STORE

A large assortment of Drugs and Chemicals constantly on hand, next door to the Puget Sound Herald office. 29:tf

STEILACOOM

LIVERY STABLE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ESTABlished himself in the above business in this place, will devote his attention exclusively to conducting it in a proper and satisfactory manner.

Good Saddle Horses will be kept in readiness for the accommodation of the public.

Also, a fine spring BUGGY, for parties wishing to enjoy a pleasant ride through the country.

STABLING furnished at moderate rates.

1-1y CHARLES STEWART.

MILES J. WEST,

BLACKSMITH.

HAVING purchased the interest of his late partner in the Blacksmithing business, the undersigned is prepared to execute satisfactorily all work in that line entrusted to his care. Wagon tires, bolts, and all work pertaining to his line, guaranteed.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

16-tf MILES J. WEST.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED, THIS DAY,

EX BRIG W. D. RICE, A LARGE INVOICE of goods, consisting of

DRY GOODS, (every variety)
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
CLOTHING,
WINES,
LIQUORS, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold at reduced prices. Call and examine our stock.

BALCH & WEBBER.

Steilacoom, Nov. 19th, 1858. 37:tf

LAFAYETTE BALCH. J. B. WEBBER.

BALCH & WEBBER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c.

☞ In connection with the store there is a commodious WHARF, at which vessels of any class can lay at low tide.

Store corner of Clickatat and Snoqualmoo streets, Steilacoom, W. T. 1-1y

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED, PER STEAMER Republic—

HAMS, BACON,
SMOKED BEEF, CORNED BEEF,
SARDINES, DRIED APPLES,
FRESH CHEESE, SYRUP,
SUGAR, TEA,
COFFEE, OYSTERS,
LOBSTERS,

And a general variety of Groceries of all kinds, suited to the country and Mining trade, all for sale on the most reasonable terms for cash or country produce.

15-tf P. KEACH.

ADOLPH SUTRO & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Fine Havana CIGARS,

CHEWING AND SMOKING

TOBACCO,

GENUINE MEERSCHAUM PIPES, ETC.,

Cor. of Montgomery and Sacramento sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

And cor. of Yates and Wharf sts.,

VICTORIA, V. I.

☞ All Cigars bought in bond. 40:tf

WILLIAM JORRES,

SUCCESSOR TO

JACOB STRAHLE & BROTHER,

BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURER,

No. 123 Sacramento street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

ALWAYS ON HAND, A LARGE ASSORTment of BILLIARD TABLES of all styles, manufactured of Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut and Citron Wood. Slate, Marble or Wooden Beds, always on hand. All necessary

FIXTURES FOR BILLIARD SALOONS

Constantly on hand and for sale at the lowest prices. Fresh supplies received from the East by every steamer. All goods purchased at my establishment warranted of the best quality.

☞ Orders from the interior, or from any portion of the Pacific Coast, promptly attended to.

REPAIRING OF TABLES AND UTENSILS Done in the neatest manner. Attention is particularly requested to my large assortment of BILLIARD INDIA RUBBER CUSHIONS—a new invention. Persons requiring them can have them sent to any part of the State by forwarding old cushions, or sending exact measures.

☞ I would inform the public, that having employed Mr. GOTTLIEB STRAHLE, (formerly of the firm of J. Strahle & Bro.) I am able to compete with any other Billiard Manufacturer in the State. 1-tf

Miscellaneous.

HUGHES'S HOTEL,

Corner of Commercial and Balch streets,

STEILACOOM, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING FITTED UP this Hotel in a comfortable manner, is prepared to accommodate transient and regular boarders with bed and board.

His table will be furnished with the best the country affords. The sleeping apartments will be found clean and comfortable; there are several pleasant rooms in the house for families and single persons.

The Bar is furnished with the best of Liquors and Cigars.

The house is convenient to the steamboat landing at Balch & Webber's wharf, and travelers will be received at any hour of the night.

☞ A good Stable is attached to the Hotel.

Terms moderate. JAMES HUGHES,

38:1y Proprietor.

NEW ENGLAND HOUSE,

STEILACOOM, W. T.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING FITTED up and opened the above establishment, desires to call the attention of the traveling public on Puget Sound thereto, and solicit their patronage.

The house is kept on the Restaurant principle; Meals can be had at all hours of the day and night at moderate rates, and always comprising the very best the market affords.

In connection with the Eating department, private apartments have been fitted up expressly for Lodgings, where the weary traveler cannot only refresh the inner man, but refresh the body in clean linen and comfortable quarters. Parties traveling on the Sound, and arriving after hours, need only knock to be admitted.

The subscriber hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

25:tf JAMES F. SAUNDERS.

REMOVAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNcing to his friends and the public that he has removed the above establishment to his new building, adjoining Balch & Webber's wharf, where he will be happy to receive his friends and patrons with as good cheer as the market affords.

☞ The Bars will be stocked with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Thanking them for their heretofore liberal patronage, he solicits a continuance of the same.

45:tf J. F. SAUNDERS.

The Washington NURSERY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM his friends, patrons, and those intending purchases, that notwithstanding all the great excitement about Frazer's River, Roads, Passes and Trails, he has withstood the temptation for the purpose of supplying the wants of the people with as good a selection of

Fruit Trees,

and the LARGEST TREES, ever offered to the public on the Pacific coast. I say the BEST TREES—no gas about that—Forty Thousand trees, from one to three years growth from the graft. For particulars see catalogues.

So now have your Orchard grounds ready; if you have not, you had better begin, for I intend to open the sale of Trees on the first day of November.

Catalogues can be had by applying to the undersigned, by letter, (post paid) or at any of the stores in Steilacoom.

N.B.—Nursery six miles east of Steilacoom.

HUGH PATTISON,

29:6m Washington Plains, W. T.

ANOTHER

New Arrival,

Per CLIPPER W. D. RICE, DIGGS, Master.

EAGLE PLOWS, NOS. 19½, 20, 21 AND 22, extra points; sugar cured Hams, crushed Sugar, 50 boxes Colgate's Soap, Castile Soap, Rice, Tea, Coffee, ground and green, Beans, Sweet Oil, Syrup, Bacon, Pork, Sardines, Codfish, California Cheese, fresh, &c.

ALSO,

Glass and Crockeryware, viz:

Tea cups and saucers,	Coffee cups and saucers,
Meat dishes,	Plates, assorted;
Bowls, assorted;	Water Pitchers,
Cream Pitchers,	Soap Dishes,
Soup Tureens,	Marine Clocks,
Glass Lamps, assorted;	Salt sellers,
Tumblers, assorted;	Goblets,
Spittoons,	Trays,
Glass and Earthen Sugar Bowls,	
Glass and Earthen Butter Dishes, &c., &c.	

ALSO,

Heavy Boots,	Ladies Rubber Shoes,
Caps,	Vests,
Coats,	Pants,
Shirts,	Socks, Gloves, &c.,

Together with a choice selection of

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Ale, Porter, Raspberry, Lemon, Strawberry

And other Syrups, calculated to suit the most fastidious palate. All for sale, wholesale or retail, on the most reasonable terms, by

8:tf P. KEACH.

Livery Stable.

Balch street, near Commercial,

STEILACOOM, W. T.

33:1y JAMES HUGHES, Proprietor.

GALLAGHER'S

HARDWARE ESTABLISHMENT,

Main street, Olympia, W. T.

GEORGE GALLAGHER,

Dealer in Stoves, Hardware, Tinware, Agricultural Implements, &c.,

HAS ON HAND, AND OFFERS FOR SALE, a large and well selected stock of the above articles at the lowest rates.

Tinware and Sheet Iron work of every description manufactured to order at short notice, and forwarded to any part of the country. All orders promptly attended to.

GEORGE GALLAGHER.

8-1y Main st., Olympia.

MARINE HOSPITAL,

Port Townsend, June 22, 1858.

DR. P. M. O'BRIEN, LATE RESIDENT PHYsician and Surgeon of the County Hospital, San Francisco, and of the hospital of the Sisters of Mercy, is now in charge of the Marine Hospital at Port Townsend.

DR. O'BRIEN is also prepared to receive private patients. He flatters himself, too, with the hope that an experience of sixteen years in the pratice of his profession, both private and hospital, together with a thorough medico chirurgical education, as evidenced by the proper guarantee of a diploma to that effect, will obtain for him the confidence of the citizens on Puget Sound.

Letters addressed

P. M. O'BRIEN, M.D.,
Port Townsend,

will be duly acknowledged. 47 tf

DOORS AND WINDOWS.

ASSORTED SIZES OF DOORS, PINE AND Walnut;

Assorted sizes of Windows;

For sale by PUGET MILL CO., At Teekalet, W. T.

All orders promptly attended to. 28:tf

Cattle for Sale.

120 HEAD OF PRIME CATTLE, CONSISTing of Cows, Calves, Yearling Heifers and work oxen, in good condition. For sale by

B. H. BYRD.

Apply at Byrd's M.D. 34:tf

WANTED—By the Puget Mill Co., at Teekalet, W. T., good Choppers, Sawyers, Teamsters, and Contractors for getting logs. J. P. KELLER,

16-tf Agent for Puget Mill Co.

NAILS—60 kegs assorted Nails For sale cheap by

28:tf P. KEACH.

San Francisco.

JONAS G. CLARK & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE,

128 Washington st.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

☞ We are now manufacturing our FINEST FURNITURE, and would invite the attention of the public to our present stock, the largest ever offered on the Pacific coast.

20:tf JONAS G. CLARK & CO.

Nets, Seines,

COTTON AND LINEN SEINE TWINE,

Shoe Thread, Gelling Thread, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE IN STORE, AND FOR SALE at low rates, the following:

Seines from 5 fathoms to 100 fathoms long, corked, leaded, and hung ready for use;

Shoe Thread, Barbour's Standard, #9, 10, 3 and 12;

Cotton Seine Twine, from 6 to 40 thread;

Linen Seine Twine, from 18 to 36;

Together with a full assortment of

Gelling Nets,	Fikes,
Perch Traps,	Dip Nets,
Bird Nets,	&c., &c., &c.

Also, the largest assortment of Wood and Willowware, Cordage, Brooms, Mops, &c., in the city.

For sale in lots to suit purchasers, by

ELAM & HOWES, No. 84 Clay st.,

One door from the N W cor Front st., San Francisco.

26:3mis

VERPLANCK & McMULLIN,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

Corner of Sacramento and Front sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

OFFER FOR SALE, AT THE LOWEST market rates,

3000 boxes Adamantine Candles;
2000 do new Layer Raisins;
500 do Dr Fruits and Preserves;
200 do Oysters, best brands;
200 cases Leaf Lard;
100 bbls Extra Clear Pork;
300 firkins new June Butter;
200 bf bbls Family Mackerel;
200 kitts do do;
500 chests Green and Black Teas.

ALSO,

A choice assortment of Case Goods. 47:3mis

Patent Medicines.

P. KEACH

HAS JUST RECEIVED, PER STEAMER NORTHERNER, a well selected stock of PATENT MEDICINES, which he intends to keep constantly on hand, adding new varieties to his stock as the demand requires it.

At present he offers for sale the following articles:

Sands' Sarsaparilla,	Wright's Pills,	Arsenic,
Graefenburg "	Brandreth's "	Lobelin,
Townsend's "	Graefenburg "	Elm Bark,
Pressed Hops,	Ayers' "	Gum Arabic,
Sulphur,	Borax,	Sponge,
Epsom Salts,	Pain Killer,	Saltpetre,
Extract Licorice,	Gum Camphor,	Beeswax,
Glue,	Soda Ash,	Alcohol,
Sal Soda,	Chalk,	Opium,
Bluestone,	Castor Oil,	Russia Salve,
Mustang Liniment,	Arabic Potash,	Strychnine,
Blue Mass,	Oil of Lemon,	Snuff, Scotch
Spirits of Nitre,	Oil of Orange,	" Macaboy,
Balsam Copaiba,	Capsules,	" Rape,
Potash,	Paregoric,	" Gentleman
Jayne's Ague Pills,	Holloway's Pills,	" Catarrh
Ayers' Cherry Pectoral,		Ayers' Expectorant,
Ayers' Alterative,		Jayne's Sanative Pills,
Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge,		Jayne's Cormorative Balsam,
Essence of Jamaica Ginger,		Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry

Vials, Corks, &c, &c, &c.

ALSO,

Also, per recent arrivals,

A good assortment of Gents' Calf, Kip, and India Rubber Boots, Frock, Dress, and Business Coats, Black Doeskin, French Cassimere and Satinet Pants, White and Fancy Shirts, Overshirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Cravats, Socks, Shoes, Jumpers, Overalls, &c, together with a general variety of Hats, Caps, Pocket Cutlery, &c.

Also, constantly on hand, a good variety of Hardware, Tinware, Woodenware, Crockeryware, Stoneware, Groceries, Liquors, Dry Goods, &c. 35:tf

WANTED.

A PARTNER IN A PUBLIC HOUSE, WELL established. The capital required is not less than one thousand dollars. Unquestionable references given and required.

Inquire or direct Puget Sound Herald. All correspondence strictly confidential. 46:tf

For Sale,

MILK COWS AND HEIFERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ON HAND AND FOR SALE, at moderate prices, a large number of Milk Cows and Heifers. Apply at his Farm, near Gravelly Lake, 1½ miles from Fort Steilacoom. 43:tf ABIAL MORRISON.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby cautioned against trusting or giving credit to any one in my name without an order from my hand, as I will pay no debts so contracted.

25:tf THOS. TOLLENTIRE.

NOTICE—The public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or trading in any manner for the large frame house on Lot 2, Block 2, in the town of Steilacoom, (Balch's portion) generally known as Slaughter's large house on the hill, as the said house and lot are claimed as belonging to the estate of the late W. A. Slaughter, deceased, and the matter is now the subject of judicial investigation.

41:tf J. M. BACHELDER, Adm'r.

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CHARLES T. JACKSON, M.D., State Assayer.

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Dear Sir—Your "Aromatic Valley Whisky" is received, and, after careful examination, I find it to be a pure article, entirely free from the adulterating ingredients so frequently used. JAMES J. MAPES, Chemist.

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Agriculture.

Diseases of the Pear and Apple.

There is no branch of fruit culture which demands a more careful investigation than the causes and probable remedies of the disease by which our popular fruits are affected. There is little hope of success in this inquiry, unless care and perseverance, with a sufficient amount of scientific knowledge, be brought to bear on the subject. It is enough for us to know, that annually a great number of valuable fruit trees are destroyed by an undefined malady, and besides a large amount of valuable fruit injured by a similar cause, both hitherto merely alluded to in books and discussions, without any decision being arrived at as to their nature, development, or cure. Probably it is beyond limited human intelligence to arrive at any satisfactory decision in the matter.

Much is known and has been published, which has not been brought before the notice of our cultivators, and until our means of information and research become exhausted, I think we should pursue the inquiry. A member of the Western New York Fruit Growers' Society has lately presented some ideas to the public in a cotemporary agricultural journal, and desires a further discussion of the topic. Two of the diseases which attack the pear, he states, are beyond his comprehension; one of them, the "Fire Blight," so called, "one of the most inscrutable diseases in vegetable life." This conclusion is certainly just, when we consider the conflicting opinions and multifarious theories which have been promulgated for the past ten years in reference to it. The other, "Leaf Blight," he is also unable to elucidate—and this is precisely the result of all the talking and writing hitherto. Shall we progress in the investigation or abandon it? L. B. L., of Greece, infers that the "Rust on the leaf, which has recently appeared," has more the appearance of a Lichen, which he seems to think synonymous with moss, than of a fungus, which he translates by the use of the term toadstool. I wish to take exception to these two substituted terms for moss and Lichen and toad stool for fungus, as likely to mislead. Lichen does not mean moss, nor fungus toadstool, in a scientific sense; no more than vine mildew, or odium, means toadstool. Moss is only the popular term for a large group of vegetable forms, and has really no definite meaning unless those plants included in the natural order of Musci or Mosses; while the Lichens belong to the natural order of Lichenes or Lichens, and the latter is the popular term. If this subject is to be thoroughly investigated, let it be done in a sensible manner, using correct terms to represent certain things, or we shall only confuse the reader and arrive at no result.

Alfalfa—Chile Clover.

The Alfafa is clearly a clover, not a grass. All clovers root differently from grasses, the latter with fibrous roots running near the surface, the clovers with surface roots and also sending down a tap-root that will reach to moisture—if the soil will admit of it—sufficient to maintain the plant in a green state, through the driest summer of an Atlantic clime. But in California it is different; our long protracted season of uninterrupted sunshine, without a shower to moisten the vegetation of our hills, is a little too much for the red and white clovers to endure, they generally succumb to the drouth months before the autumnal rains set in, unless occupying grounds naturally subirrigated or artificially upon the surface.

Not so with the alfalfa; and yet we would not be understood as saying that it can be grown satisfactorily upon all the driest hills or plains of our State; but so far as numerous experiments, upon a great variety of soils, tend to establish the fact of its entire adaptedness to the wants of our stock growers for green summer pasturage, the clearest evidence is not wanting.

A large number of farmers and stock growers in different parts of the State attest to its superiority over every other clover, or any of the artificial grasses yet introduced. The truthfulness of this remark, however, holds good only in reference to such localities as are not subject to severe frost. It seems to be a clover of more delicate tissue than the common red or white, and more susceptible to the influences of cold; in fact, an exotic clover perfectly adapted to a hot and dry climate; its habit of rooting deeply serving to sustain it where all other clovers or grasses would perish. That it has this habit we have proof, in the fact that through a field where, in consequence of a break in a mining ditch, a deep gully was cut, the roots of the alfalfa, of two years from the seed, could be distinctly traced a depth of twenty feet perpendicularly, and almost filling both soil and subsoil with its masses of smaller horizontal rootlets.

It sends its roots deep into almost any soil that is not a stiff clay, supporting a permanent green pasture through the entire season; or it may be cut three times during the summer for hay. In proof we instance the fields of John Brophy's Ranch, six miles Marysville, from which three cuttings have been obtained the present year, of two tuns to the acre of dry hay each cutting. The quality of the hay is unequaled, its close and vigorous growth, when properly occupying the land, choking out all weeds and other less valuable vegetation.

It would be easy to enlarge upon the advantages likely to accrue to California from the introduction of the alfalfa; but we defer further comment until the season arrives for preparing the ground and sowing the seed for an alfalfa crop, when the subject will be renewed.—*California Culturist.*

Seed Potatoes.

We have invariably ignored the practice of cutting potatoes to plant, supposing that nature put them in her favorite form for reproduction, and to nourish the young plant; and that by cutting them we opened the vessels for the evaporation of nutritive qualities, and lessened the means of nourishment which young plants draw from the seed.

The experience of last season has brought us results in this matter, which, if continued success attends it, will prove of some importance.

Early in May last we turned over a piece of sod, and towards the close of the month planted it with whole potatoes. When this was planted, having a few bushels left, we plowed another piece adjoining the one already planted; this was done in June. The seed potatoes for this piece were cut into such small pieces that less than one half the quantity was used than in the former case. The same variety of potatoes were planted on each piece, and the same tillage given. No manure was given, only a table spoonful of plaster in each hill.

When the potatoes were dug, late in October, full one-third of those on the ground where the seed was planted whole, were made worthless by the rot. Where they were cut for planting, the potatoes were of good size, with scarcely any appearance of rot.

Such are the ways of management and the results; and there we leave the matter, for if we would we cannot tell whether the same course will lead to the same end in a second trial. Atmospheric and other causes which we cannot control, might change the whole result. One thing, however, if cut potatoes are as good for seed, vast quantities that would otherwise be planted, may be saved for other purposes each year. A careful following out of the experiment is the only true way to reach facts available in practice.

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For Rheumatism, Paralys's, Stiff Joints, Neuralgia, including Tic Doloreux, Painters' Cholic and Lame Wrist; all affections arising from working in metals and poisons. Also, Fever and Ague; Intermittent, Typhus and Typhoid Fevers; Isthmus Fever; Jaundice; Diseased Liver and Kidneys; Indolent Ulcers; Scrofula; Cancerous Affections; Cancer of the Womb; Blotches and Pimples on the Face; Diseases of the Sexual Organs; Diseases of the Eye, and for the

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Of Calomel and Mercury in all its forms, Iron, Lead, Zinc, and all other Metallic and Mineral Poisons, the almost universal cause of Rheumatism, Paralysis, Stiff Joints, &c., &c.; thus proving the iniquity of medical practice, which employs ruinous and deadly poisons in a pretence to cure disease. Also, Poison from Oaks cured.

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By which the most wonderful and quickest cures are effected without a particle of nasty and poisonous medicine of any kind; and he makes very moderate charges, though he does not attempt to swindle any man into the idea that he does it all

Without Pay!

☞ These Baths improve the complexion, rendering the skin soft and smooth, and are adapted to all Female Difficulties. Ladies are requested to accompany each other, and every facility is offered for their enjoyment. They may be taken by persons in perfect health, being the most luxurious Bath ever devised. 21:tf

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PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND OCULIST,

Office next door to Pacific House, Main street, Olympia.

DR. M. P. BURNS RETURNS THANKS TO the citizens of Washington Territory and Vancouver's Island for the liberal patronage which he has received during the past five years. Dr. Burns offers his services to all who are afflicted with chronic disease of the Urethra and Bladder, and for that formidable disease, stricture of the Urethra, and chronic diseases of the Eye and Ear. He can be consulted gratis every Friday in his office: office hours from 8 to 12 M. Persons consulting him from a distance will be faithfully attended to.

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Drugs and Patent Medicines Wholesale and Retail.

Thorn's Compound Extract of Copaiba and Sarsaparilla, for the cure of Gleets, Gonorrhœa, Strictures and Whites.

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Miscellaneous.

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.—PROSPECTUS.

Volume Fourteen begins Sept. 11, 1858.

MECHANICS, INVENTORS, MANUFACTURERS and Farmers—The Scientific American has now reached its Fourteenth Year, and will enter upon a new volume on the 11th of September. It is the only weekly publication of the kind now issued in this country, and it has a very extensive circulation in all the States of the Union. It is not, as some might suppose from its title, a dry abstruse work on technical science; on the contrary, it so deals with the great events going on in the scientific, mechanical and industrial worlds as to please and instruct every one. If the Mechanic or Artizan wishes to know the best machine in use, or how to make any substance employed in his business—if the housewife wishes to get a recipe for making a good color, &c.—if the inventor wishes to know what is going on in the way of improvements—if the manufacturer wishes to keep posted with the times, and to employ the best facilities in his business—if the man of leisure and study wishes to keep himself familiar with the progress made in the chemical laboratory, or in the construction of telegraphs, steamships, railroads, reapers, mowers, and a thousand other machines and appliances, both of peace and war—all these desiderata can be found in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, and not elsewhere. They are here presented in a reliable and interesting form, adapted to the comprehension of minds unlearned in the higher branches of science and art.

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10 cases 6-4, 8-4 and 10-4 bleached shirtings;
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10 cases blue denims;
10 bales hickory stripes;
20 bales 3, 7 and 4-4 tickings;
10 bales scarlet, blue and gray flannels;
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5 cases Cobargs and Merinos;
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3 cases French Merinos;
1000 Bay State plaid shawls;
1000 cashmere and plain wool shawls; black and colored silks; plain, figured and plaid silks;
And a large assortment of other Dress Goods.

BLANKETS.

1000 pairs white, green and blue Mackinaw;
1000 pairs BB, TBB and SBG Blankets;
1000 pairs cheap grey English Blankets;
1000 pairs cheap blue English Blankets;
500 pairs scarlet English Blankets;
600 pairs 9-4, 10-4, 11-4 and 12-4 white Bed Blankets.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS.

1000 dozen grey, blue and scarlet flannel shirts;
1000 dozen grey and white Merino Undershirts and Drawers;
1000 dozen Merino and all wool socks;
500 dozen satinet and jean pants;
500 dozen duck and cottonade pants;
500 dozen hickory and check shirts;
500 dozen calico and white dress shirts;
500 dozen overalls and jumpers;
Black and fancy silk cravats, neckties, silk handkerchiefs, suspenders, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. For sale low by

JANSON, BOND & CO.,

33:tf Cor. Battery and Clay sts., San Francisco.

ATWILL & CO.,

172 Washington street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

MUSIC,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

AND

MERCHANDISE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

TOYS, FANCY GOODS,

AND

YANKEE NOTIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Orders punctually attended to at the same prices as by personal application, by addressing

ATWILL & CO.,

16-tf San Francisco.

Quincy Hall

CLOTHING EMPORIUM,

149 and 151 Washington street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

THIS IS THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE ON THE Pacific coast, and Clothing of every description is sold as cheap as in any of the Eastern States. 27:3m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

TAKES GREAT PLEASURE IN RETURNing his thanks to his friends and customers in Washington Territory, for their very liberal patronage.

Watches, Jewelry, &c., left with WILLIAMS'S Express will be sent over, and the charges can be collected on delivery. All orders per Williams's Express will meet with prompt attention, and all Watches warranted to keep good time.

On hand and for sale low,

JOHN DEWAR, San Francisco,

Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, &c.

East street, near Commercial.

Orders will be received at the office of this paper for the above work. 1 3m

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,

1-tf Watchmaker, Portland.

San Francisco.

Great Reduction in Board

AT THE

WHAT-CHEER HOUSE,

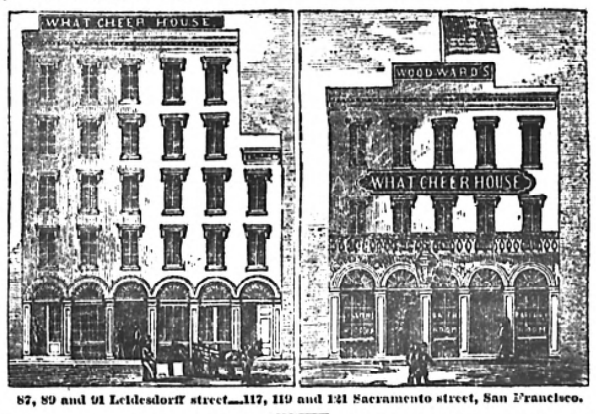
SAN FRANCISCO.

If you have business of any kind to transact, is it not important that you should endeavor to get as near as possible to where business of all kinds is known to centre?

Do you want to patronise a house conducted on strictly temperate principles?

Do you want to stop at an establishment favorably known throughout California, Oregon, and all other places for its moderate charges, good and the best of beds, together with order, comfort, convenience, and superior accommodations?

If you desire all these, we advise you to go to the



87, 89 and 91 Leidesdorff street....117, 119 and 121 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

This establishment is centrally located in the business part of the city, and in the immediate vicinity of the Steamship Co.'s office the Express Co.'s offices, and the United States Branch Mint.

Board, per week, $5; Board, per day, $1; Meals, 50 cents; Lodgings, 50 to 75 cents.

Single rooms, furnished comptete, 75 cents per night.

Rooms or Lodgings can be had by the night or week, with or without board, to suit the convenience of all.

The beds are fitted up in the very best style, with patent French springs, and the best of curled hair matrasses, clean beddings, &c.

Superior Bathing accommodations also connected with the house.

SHOWER BATHS FREE!

Free passage in the Omnibus to and from the Boats. Look to the Name on the Omnibus to avoid imposition.

There is an extensive Library and Reading Room, well supplied with papers, periodicals, &c.

THE HOUSE IS OPEN ALL NIGHT.

Travelers will please to remember that there are no runners connected with this establishment.

The What Cheer House is conducted on strictly temperance principles. 1-tf

R. B WOODWARD, Proprietor.

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

Corner of Broadway and Sansome streets,

SAN FRANCISCO.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS WELL known and old established house is still at his old tricks—of feeding the public at the low price of Six Dollars per week, and still they come to partake of his good and well furnished table; and as Mr. Kelly is one of the pioneer hotel keepers of this city, he pledges himself that there will be nothing wanting at his house to make the public comfortable.

The house is centrally located, in the vicinity of the Custom House, Post Office, and also of the up river and ocean steamers.

The house contains a number of single and family rooms, well ventilated, suitable for ladies and single gentlemen.

There is also attached to the house a READING ROOM, and a LIBRARY which contains a large number of selected standard works. There is also, at the arrival of each steamer,

A WAGON,

which belongs to the house, to convey passengers and baggage, free of charge. The public are respectfully requested to give the house a trial.

Board, per week, $6; per day, $1; Meals, 50 cents; Lodging, per night, 50 to 75 cents; Lodging, per week, $2 to $4. JOHN KELLY, Jr., Proprietor.

San Francisco, Dec. 26, 1857. 1-tf

FORDHAM, JENNINGS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

Flour,

Teas,

Wines,

Liquors,

Tobacco, &c.

Ship Stores Put up.

☞ Orders promptly attended to, and goods packed in the most careful manner for shipping.

FORDHAM, JENNINGS & CO.,

STEAMBOAT BLOCK,

Corner Front and Jackson streets,

26:3m San Francisco.

PLOWS! PLOWS!

X-8 Boston Clipper Steel Plow, cuts 12 inch furrow;
X-4½ Boston Clipper Steel Plow, cuts 14 inches;
X-8½ Boston Clipper Plow, cuts 14 inches, stubble Plow;
X-1 and 1½ Clipper Plow, 10 inches.

Cast Plows,

ALL SIZES.

Nos. 18, 19, 19½, 20 and 22 Eagle Plows, cutting from 16 to 16 inches.

2 B Plow, (12 inch) two extra points with each, Cast Plow.

The above Plows come direct from the manufacturers, and are for sale, wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices.

J. D. ARTHUR,

26:6m **Washington street, near Davis.**

JOHN D. ARTHUR,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER

OF

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

HAS JUST RECEIVED, BY LATE ARRIVALS from the East, and will continue to receive, a large and varied assortment of

AGRICULTURAL GOODS,

Among which are the following—

Ox Yokes, assorted sizes, complete;
Ox Bows, best Vermont make, in cases of 5 dozen pairs;
Grindstones, assorted sizes—a large assortment;
Ox Yokes, plain; ox bow-pins; ox chains;
Churns, thermometer and cylinder, assorted sizes;
Steel gram and coal Scoops; hay Knives;
Crowbars, Sledges, Screw Wrenches, Brushes;
Hay Cutters, assorted sizes; horse and Wool Cards;
Axes, Hunt's and Collins's; Store Trucks, assorted sizes;
Hay Forks, 2, 3 and 4 tine, Tuttle's and other kinds;
Barley Forks, large; Manure and Straw Forks;
Hay Rakes; Barley Rakes, best quality;
Seed-sowers; Cultivators, with steel and cast iron teeth;
Horse Rakes, revolving and steel teeth;
Farm Wagons, light and heavy; Harness;
Carts and Cart Harness; hames; horse Collars;
Canal Barrows best quality, in cases of 12 each;
Winches, for the Mines; Double Trees, three horse do;
Plows, steel and cast iron, of all sizes and prices;
Plow Points, all kinds; Trace Chains; Post Augers;
Cheese Presses; Cheese hoops; Well buckets;
Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Grant's, extra fingers;
Axe, Pick, Sledge, Fork and Rake handles;
Corn Mills, grain Mills; Sickles; Scythe Stones;
Fanning Mills, assorted sizes; Extra Knives, Boxes;
Sections, &c., for Reapers; Extra Arms for Threshers;
Reapers, Mowers, Threshers, &c.

JOHN D. ARTHUR,

23:3m 3 and 4 Washington street, near Davis.

J. KINGSBURY. A. DODGE.

FRANKLIN HOUSE,

Corner of Broadway and Sansome streets,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Board per week, $6; Board and Lodging per week, $8 to $10; single meals, 50 cents; Board per day, $1; Lodgings, 50 to 75 cents.

KINGSBURY & DODGE,

Proprietors.

N.B.—The Baggage Wagon runs from the boats free of charge. 1-tf

M. JORDAN,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,

DEALER IN

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY and SILVERWARE,

165 Montgomery street,

Southwest corner of Montgomery and Washington.

ALL KINDS OF QUARTZ WORK ON HAND and manufactured to order.

Watches Repaired and Warranted.

☞ Persons in the interior desirous of purchasing articles of Jewelry, by forwarding a description, accompanied by the cash, can obtain them, and depend on their being of the best quality, and selected with care; and there is little doubt that this mode will prove as satisfactory to the purchasers as if the articles had been selected under their own supervision. 1-tf

DR. GUYSOTT'S IMPROVED

Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla

IN QUART BOTTLES,

IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST Sarsaparilla made, as is certified by the wonderful cures it has performed. Remember, this is the only true and genuine article. This medicine, when used according to directions,

WILL CURE WITHOUT FAIL

Scrofula, or King's Evil, Cancers, Tumors, Eruptions of the Skin, Erysipelas, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ringworm or Tetter, Scald Head, Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones and Joints, Old Sores and Ulcers, Swelling of the Glands, Dyspepsia, Salt Rheum, Disease of the Kidneys, Loss of Appetite, Disease arising from the use of Mercury, Pain in the Side and Shoulders, General Debility, Jaundice and Costiveness.

The Best Female Medicine known.

The Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is peculiarly adapted for females of delicate health, resulting from irregularity of menstrual discharges and other diseases peculiar to their sex. We assure the afflicted that a bottle or two of Dr. Guysott's Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla will at once regulate those difficulties and renew the natural energies.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by unprincipled Druggists. Take none but the genuine, which is put up in Quart Bottles, and sold by all respectable druggists.

PARK & WHITE, Sole Agents,

132 Washington street, San Francisco.

Also, Importers and general Agents for all the genuine PATENT MEDICINE, and sell the same in quantities to suit at reduced rates. 14*

PACIFIC FOUNDRY

AND

Machine Shop,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Established in 1850.

THE ABOVE ESTABLISHMENT IS BELIEVED to have facilities for the manufacture of every description of

CASTINGS AND MACHINERY

superior to any other on the Pacific coast. Every kind of SAW and FLOUR MILL MACHINERY, STEAM ENGINES, &c., &c., made at short notice and in the most workmanlike manner.

We manufacture a style of

Shingle Machine

at moderate cost which we believe to be more efficient than any other in use.

Orders are particularly solicited from Oregon and Washington Territories, which will have the same authority as though the parties were personally present.

GODDARD, HANSCOM & RANKIN,

Late RANKIN & CO.,

24:6m San Francisco.

DALY'S AROMATIC

Valley Whisky!!!

This Whisky is manufactured expressly for us by one of the oldest Distillers in the Valley of the Monongahela, from the finest quality of Rye, prepared by a process known only to him.

Consumers can depend upon getting a pure article when they buy the

VALLEY WHISKY.

It is put up in cases containing one dozen bottles each. It is recommended by the first physicians for its medicinal qualities.

J. T. & W. H. DALY,

Sole Proprietors, New York.

☞ For sale by all the principal Liquor houses in San Francisco. 20:tf

NOTICE.

THE HOSPITAL STEWARD AT FORT Steilacoom has on hand a quantity of Medicines and Drugs, which he will sell to citizens.

Prescriptions for Syphilis and Gonorrhœa carefully compounded.

Inquire at the Hospital Steward's room, Hospital building. 4-tf CHAS. J. FITZGERALD.